

STATE OF MINNESOTA

EIGHTY-SIXTH SESSION — 2009

 FORTY-SEVENTH DAY

SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA, TUESDAY, MAY 5, 2009

The House of Representatives convened at 9:30 a.m. and was called to order by Margaret Anderson Kelliher, Speaker of the House.

Prayer was offered by the Reverend Dennis J. Johnson, House Chaplain.

The members of the House gave the pledge of allegiance to the flag of the United States of America.

The roll was called and the following members were present:

Abeler	Demmer	Hausman	Kohls	Newton	Severson
Anderson, B.	Dettmer	Haws	Laine	Nornes	Shimanski
Anderson, P.	Dill	Hayden	Lenczewski	Norton	Simon
Anderson, S.	Dittrich	Hilstrom	Lesch	Obermueller	Slawik
Anzels	Doepke	Hilty	Liebling	Olin	Slocum
Atkins	Doty	Holberg	Lieder	Otremba	Smith
Beard	Downey	Hoppe	Lillie	Paymar	Solberg
Benson	Drazkowski	Hornstein	Loeffler	Pelowski	Sterner
Bigham	Eastlund	Hortman	Loon	Peppin	Swails
Bly	Eken	Hosch	Mahoney	Persell	Thao
Brod	Emmer	Howes	Mariani	Peterson	Thissen
Brown	Falk	Huntley	Marquart	Poppe	Tillberry
Brynaert	Faust	Jackson	Masin	Reinert	Torkelson
Buesgens	Fritz	Johnson	McFarlane	Rosenthal	Urdahl
Bunn	Gardner	Juhnke	McNamara	Rukavina	Wagenius
Carlson	Garofalo	Kahn	Morgan	Ruud	Ward
Champion	Gottwalt	Kalin	Morrow	Sailer	Welti
Clark	Greiling	Kath	Mullery	Sanders	Westrom
Cornish	Gunther	Kelly	Murdock	Scalze	Winkler
Davids	Hackbarth	Kiffmeyer	Murphy, E.	Scott	Zellers
Davnie	Hamilton	Knuth	Murphy, M.	Seifert	Spk. Kelliher
Dean	Hansen	Koenen	Nelson	Sertich	

A quorum was present.

Lanning, Mack and Magnus were excused.

The Chief Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding day. Mahoney moved that further reading of the Journal be dispensed with and that the Journal be approved as corrected by the Chief Clerk. The motion prevailed.

REPORTS OF CHIEF CLERK

S. F. No. 341 and H. F. No. 454, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

SUSPENSION OF RULES

Murphy, E., moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 341 be substituted for H. F. No. 454 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 431 and H. F. No. 388, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

SUSPENSION OF RULES

Bigham moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 431 be substituted for H. F. No. 388 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 492 and H. F. No. 571, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical.

Sailer moved that S. F. No. 492 be substituted for H. F. No. 571 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 574 and H. F. No. 1038, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

SUSPENSION OF RULES

Jackson moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 574 be substituted for H. F. No. 1038 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 863 and H. F. No. 1083, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

SUSPENSION OF RULES

Mullery moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 863 be substituted for H. F. No. 1083 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 908 and H. F. No. 980, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

SUSPENSION OF RULES

Lieder moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 908 be substituted for H. F. No. 980 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 910 and H. F. No. 813, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

SUSPENSION OF RULES

Johnson moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 910 be substituted for H. F. No. 813 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1009 and H. F. No. 1213, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

SUSPENSION OF RULES

Hortman moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 1009 be substituted for H. F. No. 1213 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1302 and H. F. No. 995, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

SUSPENSION OF RULES

Mullery moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 1302 be substituted for H. F. No. 995 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1447 and H. F. No. 1750, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

SUSPENSION OF RULES

Abeler moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 1447 be substituted for H. F. No. 1750 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1476 and H. F. No. 1678, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical.

Nelson moved that S. F. No. 1476 be substituted for H. F. No. 1678 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1494 and H. F. No. 1713, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

SUSPENSION OF RULES

Abeler moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 1494 be substituted for H. F. No. 1713 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1611 and H. F. No. 1789, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical with certain exceptions.

SUSPENSION OF RULES

Fritz moved that the rules be so far suspended that S. F. No. 1611 be substituted for H. F. No. 1789 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1887 and H. F. No. 1448, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be identical.

Mullery moved that S. F. No. 1887 be substituted for H. F. No. 1448 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES AND DIVISIONS

Solberg from the Committee on Ways and Means to which was referred:

H. F. No. 8, A bill for an act relating to state government; establishing the Minnesota False Claims Act; assessing penalties; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 15C.

Reported the same back with the recommendation that the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Carlson from the Committee on Finance to which was referred:

H. F. No. 696, A bill for an act relating to state lands; providing for certain private sales to resolve trespass issues; authorizing acquisition of certain easements; modifying management authority for tax-forfeited lands; adding to and deleting from certain state parks; removing land from the Minnesota wild and scenic rivers program; authorizing public and private sales of surplus state land; modifying previous sales authorization and land description; requiring location of sites for veterans cemetery; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 84.0273; 282.04, subdivision 1; Laws 2007, chapter 131, article 2, section 38; Laws 2008, chapter 368, article 1, sections 21, subdivisions 4, 5; 34; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 84.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Page 17, after line 5, insert:

"Sec. 9. **WIND ENERGY LEASE.**

By June 30, 2009, the commissioner of natural resources must enter a 30-year lease of state land, according to Minnesota Statutes, section 92.502, paragraph (b), with the Mt. Iron Economic Development Authority for installation of up to four wind turbines and access roads. The land covered by the lease is located in St. Louis County and is described as: the South Half of Section 16, Township 59 North, Range 15 West.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 10. **LAKE VERMILION EASEMENTS.**

By July 30, 2009, the commissioner of natural resources shall grant easements across state land administered by the commissioner to private landowners on Bass Bay on the north shore of Lake Vermilion to access Mud Creek Road (County Highway 408).

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment."

Page 35, after line 4, insert:

"Sec. 27. **PRIVATE SALE OF TAX-FORFEITED LAND BORDERING PUBLIC WATER; ST. LOUIS COUNTY.**

(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 92.45 and 282.018, subdivision 1, and the public sale provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282, St. Louis County shall sell by private sale the tax-forfeited land bordering public water that is described in paragraph (c), under the remaining provisions of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 282.

(b) The conveyance must be in a form approved by the attorney general. The attorney general may make changes to the land description to correct errors and ensure accuracy.

(c) The land to be sold is located in St. Louis County and is described as: the easterly 200 feet of the Northwest Quarter of the Southeast Quarter, Section 21, Township 58 North, Range 15 West, except that part North of the St. Louis River.

(d) The county shall sell the land to the adjoining landowner to remedy an inadvertent trespass."

Page 35, line 23, after the semicolon, insert "and"

Page 35, delete lines 24 to 27

Page 35, line 28, delete "(6)" and insert "(5)"

Page 38, line 12, delete "32" and insert "33"

Renumber the sections in sequence

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 6, after the semicolon, insert "providing for certain leases;"

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

The report was adopted.

Solberg from the Committee on Ways and Means to which was referred:

H. F. No. 1221, A bill for an act relating to transportation; bridges; establishing Stillwater lift bridge endowment account; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 165.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Page 2, line 18, after "other" insert "Minnesota"

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Solberg from the Committee on Ways and Means to which was referred:

H. F. No. 1237, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; modifying wild rice season and harvest authority; modifying certain definitions; modifying state park permit requirements; modifying authority to establish secondary units; eliminating liquor service at John A. Latsch State Park; providing for establishment of boater waysides; modifying watercraft and off-highway motorcycle operation requirements; expanding snowmobile grant-in-aid program; modifying state trails; modifying Water Law; providing for appeals and enforcement of certain civil penalties; providing for taking wild animals to protect public safety; modifying Board of Water and Soil Resources membership; modifying local water program; modifying Reinvest in Minnesota Resources Law; modifying certain easement authority; providing for notice of changes to public waters inventory; modifying critical habitat plate eligibility; modifying cost-share program; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 84.105; 84.66, subdivision 2; 84.793, subdivision 1; 84.83, subdivision 3; 84.92, subdivision 8; 85.015, subdivisions 13, 14; 85.053, subdivision 3; 85.054, by adding subdivisions; 86A.05, by adding a subdivision; 86A.08, subdivision 1; 86A.09, subdivision 1; 86B.311, by adding a subdivision; 97A.321; 103B.101, subdivisions 1, 2; 103B.3355; 103B.3369, subdivision 5; 103C.501, subdivisions 2, 4, 5, 6; 103F.505; 103F.511, subdivisions 5, 8a, by adding a subdivision; 103F.515, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, 5, 6; 103F.521, subdivision 1; 103F.525; 103F.526; 103F.531; 103F.535, subdivision 5; 103G.201; 168.1296, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 97B; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 85.0505, subdivision 2; 103B.101, subdivision 11; 103F.511, subdivision 4; 103F.521, subdivision 2; Minnesota Rules, parts 8400.3130; 8400.3160; 8400.3200; 8400.3230; 8400.3330; 8400.3360; 8400.3390; 8400.3500; 8400.3530, subparts 1, 2, 2a; 8400.3560.

Reported the same back with the recommendation that the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Solberg from the Committee on Ways and Means to which was referred:

H. F. No. 1511, A bill for an act relating to lawful gambling; modifying lawful purpose and other definitions; establishing a rating system for annual lawful purpose expenditures and imposing civil penalties; modifying provisions relating to licensing and permits and providing for fees; regulating conduct of bingo and other games; modifying lease requirements; regulating who may participate in lawful gambling; providing for expenditures of gross profits; providing for local approval; changing annual audit requirements; making clarifying, technical, and conforming changes to lawful gambling provisions; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 297E.06, subdivision 4; 349.11; 349.12, subdivisions 3a, 7, 7a, 12a, 18, 19, 21, 25, 32a, 33; 349.15, subdivisions 1, 1a; 349.151, subdivision 4; 349.154, subdivision 1; 349.155, subdivisions 3, 4a; 349.16, subdivisions 2, 3, 6, 8, 11, by adding subdivisions; 349.162, subdivision 6; 349.1635, subdivision 3; 349.1641; 349.165, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, by adding a subdivision; 349.166, subdivision 2; 349.167, subdivision 2; 349.168, subdivision 8; 349.169, subdivisions 1, 3; 349.17, subdivisions 3, 5, 6, 7; 349.173; 349.18, subdivision 1; 349.19, subdivisions 2, 2a, 3, 9, 10; 349.191, subdivisions 1, 1a, 1b, 2, 3, 4; 349.2127, subdivision 7; 349.213, subdivisions 1, 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 349; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 349.15, subdivisions 4, 5; 349.154, subdivision 2; 349.155, subdivision 7; 349.16, subdivisions 9, 10; 349.166, subdivision 3; 349.168, subdivisions 4, 6, 7, 10; 349.18, subdivisions 2, 3; 349.2127, subdivision 8.

Reported the same back with the recommendation that the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Solberg from the Committee on Ways and Means to which was referred:

H. F. No. 1665, A bill for an act relating to state government; allowing creation of a clearinghouse for procurement and shared services examples; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 6.74.

Reported the same back with the recommendation that the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Solberg from the Committee on Ways and Means to which was referred:

H. F. No. 1849, A bill for an act relating to local government; removing, extending, or modifying certain mandates upon local governmental units; changing appropriations for certain costs of Office of Administrative Hearings; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 10A.31, subdivision 4; 16C.28, subdivision 1a; 211B.37; 306.243, by adding a subdivision; 326B.145; 344.18; 365.28; 375.055, subdivision 1; 375.12, subdivision 2; 382.265; 383B.021; 384.151, subdivision 1a; 385.373, subdivision 1a; 386.015, subdivision 2; 387.20, subdivisions 1, 2; 415.11, by adding a subdivision; 429.041, subdivisions 1, 2; 469.015; 473.862; 641.12, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 14; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 373.42; 384.151, subdivisions 1, 3; 385.373, subdivisions 1, 3; 386.015, subdivisions 1, 4; 387.20, subdivision 4.

Reported the same back with the recommendation that the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Solberg from the Committee on Ways and Means to which was referred:

H. F. No. 2038, A bill for an act relating to the budget reserve; requiring periodic review of the formula used for the budget reserve percentage; requiring reports; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 16A.152, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 16B.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Page 2, lines 18 and 22, delete "must" and insert "may"

Page 2, line 31, delete "should" and insert "must"

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

Solberg from the Committee on Ways and Means to which was referred:

S. F. No. 99, A bill for an act relating to traffic regulations; requiring restraint of child under age eight and shorter than four feet nine inches while passenger in motor vehicle and modifying seat belt requirements accordingly; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 169.685, subdivision 5; 169.686, subdivision 1.

Reported the same back with the recommendation that the unofficial engrossment pass.

The report was adopted.

SECOND READING OF HOUSE BILLS

H. F. Nos. 8, 1221, 1237, 1511, 1665, 1849 and 2038 were read for the second time.

SECOND READING OF SENATE BILLS

S. F. Nos. 341, 431, 492, 574, 863, 908, 910, 1009, 1302, 1447, 1476, 1494, 1611, 1887 and 99 were read for the second time.

INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING OF HOUSE BILLS

The following House Files were introduced:

Greiling, Hilty, Mariani, Hausman, Johnson, Scalze, Slawik, Gardner, Lesch, Lillie, Mahoney, Thao, Tillberry and Paymar introduced:

H. F. No. 2368, A bill for an act relating to elections; authorizing a pilot program for conducting certain elections in certain cities and school districts entirely by mail; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 204B.45, by adding a subdivision.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on State and Local Government Operations Reform, Technology and Elections.

Bunn introduced:

H. F. No. 2369, A bill for an act relating to energy; appropriating money to city of Oak Park Heights for cost-sharing purchase and construction of geothermal heating and cooling system.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Finance.

Garofalo introduced:

H. F. No. 2370, A bill for an act relating to gambling enforcement; preventing enforcement of certain federal laws without prior legislative authorization; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 299A.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Commerce and Labor.

Brod introduced:

H. F. No. 2371, A bill for an act relating to education; offering licensed kindergarten through grade 12 teachers a multiyear employment contract and performance-based compensation as an alternative to continuing employment; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 122A.40, subdivision 7, by adding a subdivision; 122A.41, subdivision 4, by adding a subdivision.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on K-12 Education Policy and Oversight.

Sertich moved that the House recess subject to the call of the Chair. The motion prevailed.

RECESS

RECONVENED

The House reconvened and was called to order by Speaker pro tempore Sertich.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

The following messages were received from the Senate:

Madam Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 2123, A bill for an act relating to state government; environment, natural resources, and energy finance; appropriating money for environment and natural resources; authorizing sale of gift cards and certificates; establishing composting competitive grant program; modifying regulation of storm water discharges; modifying waste management reporting requirements and creating a work group; requiring nonresident all-terrain vehicle state trail pass; modifying horse trail and state park pass requirements; requiring disclosure of certain chemicals in children's products by manufacturers; requiring plastic yard waste bags to be compostable and establishing labeling standards; authorizing uses of the Hennepin County solid and hazardous waste fund; modifying greenhouse gas emissions provisions and requiring a registry; establishing and authorizing fees; providing for disposition of certain fees; modifying and establishing assessments for certain regulatory expenses; providing for fish consumption advisories in different languages; limiting use of certain funds; requiring reports; appropriating money to Department of Commerce and Public Utilities Commission to finance activities related to commerce and energy; modifying provisions related to Telecommunications Access Minnesota assessments, insurance audits, insurers and insurance products, certain financial institutions, regulated activities related to certain mortgage transactions and professionals, and debt management and debt settlement services; providing penalties and remedies; appropriating and allocating federal stimulus money for various energy programs; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 45.011, subdivision 1; 45.027, subdivision 1; 46.04, subdivision 1; 46.05; 46.131, subdivision 2; 47.58, subdivision 1; 47.60, subdivisions 1, 3, 6; 48.21; 58.05, subdivision 3; 58.06, subdivision 2; 58.126; 58.13, subdivision 1; 60A.124; 60A.14, subdivision 1; 60B.03, subdivision 15; 60L.02, subdivision 3; 61B.19, subdivision 4; 61B.28, subdivisions 4, 8; 67A.01; 67A.06; 67A.07; 67A.14, subdivisions 1, 7; 67A.18, subdivision 1; 84.0835, subdivision 3; 84.415, subdivision 5, by adding a subdivision; 84.63; 84.631; 84.632; 84.788, subdivision 3; 84.922, subdivision 1a; 85.015, subdivision 1b; 85.053, subdivision 10; 85.46, subdivisions 3, 4, 7; 93.481, subdivisions 1, 3, 5, 7; 97A.075, subdivision 1; 103G.301, subdivisions 2, 3; 115.03, subdivision 5c; 115.073; 115.56, subdivision 4; 115.77, subdivision 1; 115A.1314, subdivision 2; 115A.557, subdivision 3; 115A.931; 116.07, subdivision 4d; 116.41, subdivision 2; 116C.834, subdivision 1; 116D.045; 216B.62, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, by adding a subdivision; 216H.10, subdivision 7; 216H.11; 325E.311, subdivision 6; 332A.02, subdivisions 5, 8, 9, 10, 13, by adding a subdivision; 332A.04, subdivision 6; 332A.08; 332A.10; 332A.11, subdivision 2; 332A.14; Laws 2002, chapter 220, article 8, section 15; Laws 2007, chapter 57, article 1, section 4, subdivision 2; Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 5, section 4, subdivision 7; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 60A; 61A; 67A; 84; 93; 115A; 116; 216H; 325E; 383B; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 332B; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 60A.129; 61B.19, subdivision 6; 67A.14, subdivision 5; 67A.17; 67A.19; Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 5, section 30; Minnesota Rules, parts 2675.2180; 2675.7100; 2675.7110; 2675.7120; 2675.7130; 2675.7140.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

COLLEEN J. PACHECO, First Assistant Secretary of the Senate

Madam Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendments the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 1242, A bill for an act relating to public safety; establishing Brandon's Law; implementing procedures for investigating missing person cases; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 299C.51; 299C.52; 299C.53; 299C.54, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 3a; 299C.55; 299C.56; 299C.565; 390.25, subdivision 2; 626.8454, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 299C.

COLLEEN J. PACHECO, First Assistant Secretary of the Senate

CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Seifert moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 1242 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1242, A bill for an act relating to public safety; establishing Brandon's law; implementing procedures for investigating missing person cases; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 299C.51; 299C.52; 299C.53; 299C.54, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 3a; 299C.55; 299C.56; 299C.565; 390.25, subdivision 2; 626.8454, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 299C.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 131 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Demmer	Hausman	Kohls	Newton	Severson
Anderson, B.	Dettmer	Haws	Laine	Nornes	Shimanski
Anderson, P.	Dill	Hayden	Lenczewski	Norton	Simon
Anderson, S.	Dittrich	Hilstrom	Lesch	Obermueller	Slawik
Anzelc	Doepke	Hilty	Liebling	Olin	Slocum
Atkins	Doty	Holberg	Lieder	Otremba	Smith
Beard	Downey	Hoppe	Lillie	Paymar	Solberg
Benson	Drazkowski	Hornstein	Loeffler	Pelowski	Sterner
Bigham	Eastlund	Hortman	Loon	Peppin	Swails
Bly	Eken	Hosch	Mahoney	Persell	Thao
Brod	Emmer	Howes	Mariani	Peterson	Thissen
Brown	Falk	Huntley	Marquart	Poppe	Tillberry
Brynaert	Faust	Jackson	Masin	Reinert	Torkelson
Buesgens	Fritz	Johnson	McFarlane	Rosenthal	Urdahl
Bunn	Gardner	Juhnke	McNamara	Rukavina	Wagenius
Carlson	Garofalo	Kahn	Morgan	Ruud	Ward
Champion	Gottwalt	Kalin	Morrow	Sailer	Welti
Clark	Greiling	Kath	Mullery	Sanders	Westrom
Cornish	Gunther	Kelly	Murdock	Scalze	Winkler
Davids	Hackbarth	Kiffmeyer	Murphy, E.	Scott	Zellers
Davnie	Hamilton	Knuth	Murphy, M.	Seifert	Spk. Kelliher
Dean	Hansen	Koenen	Nelson	Sertich	

The bill was repassed, as amended by the Senate, and its title agreed to.

Madam Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 2081.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

COLLEEN J. PACHECO, First Assistant Secretary of the Senate

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 2081

A bill for an act relating to economic development and housing; establishing and modifying certain programs; providing for regulation of certain activities and practices; amending certain unemployment insurance provisions; providing for accounts, assessments, and fees; changing codes and licensing provisions; amending Iron Range resources provisions; regulating debt management and debt settlement services; increasing certain occupation license fees; making technical changes; providing penalties; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 15.75, subdivision 5; 16B.54, subdivision 2; 45.011, subdivision 1; 45.027, subdivision 1; 46.04, subdivision 1; 46.05; 46.131, subdivision 2; 84.94, subdivision 3; 115C.08, subdivision 4; 116J.035, subdivisions 1, 6; 116J.401, subdivision 2; 116J.424; 116J.435, subdivisions 2, 3; 116J.68, subdivision 2; 116J.8731, subdivisions 2, 3; 116L.03, subdivision 5; 116L.05, subdivision 5; 116L.871, subdivision 1; 116L.96; 123A.08, subdivision 1; 124D.49, subdivision 3; 129D.13, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 129D.14, subdivisions 4, 5, 6; 129D.155; 154.44, subdivision 1; 160.16, by adding a subdivision; 160.276, subdivision 8; 241.27, subdivision 1; 248.061, subdivision 3; 248.07, subdivisions 7, 8; 256J.626, subdivision 4; 256J.66, subdivision 1; 268.031; 268.035, subdivisions 2, 17, by adding subdivisions; 268.042, subdivision 3; 268.043; 268.044, subdivision 2; 268.047, subdivisions 1, 2; 268.051, subdivisions 1, 4; 268.052, subdivision 2; 268.053, subdivision 1; 268.057, subdivisions 4, 5; 268.0625, subdivision 1; 268.066; 268.067; 268.069, subdivision 1; 268.07, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 3b; 268.084; 268.085, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 3a, 4, 5, 6, 15; 268.095, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, 10, 11; 268.101, subdivisions 1, 2; 268.103, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 268.105, subdivisions 1, 2, 3a, 4; 268.115, subdivision 5; 268.125, subdivision 5; 268.135, subdivision 4; 268.145, subdivision 1; 268.18, subdivisions 1, 2, 4a; 268.186; 268.196, subdivisions 1, 2; 268.199; 268.211; 268A.06, subdivision 1; 270.97; 298.22, subdivisions 2, 5a, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11; 298.221; 298.2211, subdivision 3; 298.2213, subdivision 4; 298.2214, by adding a subdivision; 298.223; 298.227; 298.28, subdivision 9d; 298.292, subdivision 2; 298.294; 298.296, subdivision 2; 298.2961; 325E.115, subdivision 1; 325E.1151, subdivisions 1, 3, 4; 325E.311, subdivision 6; 326B.33, subdivisions 13, 19; 326B.46, subdivision 4; 326B.475, subdivisions 4, 7; 326B.49, subdivision 1; 326B.56, subdivision 4; 326B.58; 326B.815, subdivision 1; 326B.821, subdivision 2; 326B.86, subdivision 1; 326B.885, subdivision 2; 326B.89, subdivisions 3, 16; 326B.94, subdivision 4; 326B.972; 326B.986, subdivisions 2, 5, 8; 327B.04, subdivisions 7, 8, by adding a subdivision; 327C.03, by adding a subdivision; 327C.095, subdivision 12; 332A.02, subdivisions 5, 8, 9, 10, 13, by adding subdivisions; 332A.04, subdivision 6; 332A.08; 332A.10; 332A.11, subdivision 2; 332A.14; 469.169, subdivision 3; Laws 1998, chapter 404, section 23, subdivision 6, as amended; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 1; 116J; 137; 161; 268; 298; 326B; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 332B; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 116J.402; 116J.413; 116J.58, subdivision 1; 116J.59; 116J.61; 116J.656; 116L.16; 116L.88; 116U.65; 129D.13, subdivision 4; 176.135, subdivision 1b; 268.085, subdivision 14; 268.086; Minnesota Rules, part 1350.8300.

May 3, 2009

The Honorable James P. Metzen
President of the Senate

The Honorable Margaret Anderson Kelliher
Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 2081 report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendments and that S. F. No. 2081 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"ARTICLE 1

JOBS AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT APPROPRIATIONS

Section 1. JOBS AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT APPROPRIATIONS.

The amounts shown in this section summarize direct appropriations, by fund, made in this article.

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>General</u>	\$133,947,000	\$133,136,000	\$267,083,000
<u>Workforce Development</u>	17,976,000	17,876,000	35,852,000
<u>Remediation</u>	700,000	700,000	1,400,000
<u>Workers' Compensation</u>	22,574,000	22,574,000	45,148,000
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$175,197,000</u>	<u>\$174,286,000</u>	<u>\$349,483,000</u>

Sec. 2. JOBS AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.

The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2010" and "2011" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, or June 30, 2011, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2010. "The second year" is fiscal year 2011. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2010 and 2011.

<u>APPROPRIATIONS</u>	
<u>Available for the Year</u>	
<u>Ending June 30</u>	
<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>

Sec. 3. DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

<u>Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation</u>	<u>\$58,277,000</u>	<u>\$57,877,000</u>
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Appropriations by Fund

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>
<u>General</u>	40,630,000	40,330,000
<u>Remediation</u>	700,000	700,000
<u>Workforce Development</u>	16,947,000	16,847,000

The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

<u>Subd. 2. Business and Community Development</u>	<u>8,980,000</u>	<u>8,980,000</u>
<u>Appropriations by Fund</u>		
<u>General</u>	<u>7,941,000</u>	<u>7,941,000</u>
<u>Remediation</u>	<u>700,000</u>	<u>700,000</u>
<u>Workforce Development</u>	<u>339,000</u>	<u>339,000</u>

(a) \$700,000 the first year and \$700,000 the second year are from the remediation fund for contaminated site cleanup and development grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.554. This appropriation is available until expended.

(b) \$200,000 each year is from the general fund for a grant to WomenVenture for women's business development programs and for programs that encourage and assist women to enter nontraditional careers in the trades; manual and technical occupations; science, technology, engineering, and mathematics-related occupations; and green jobs. This appropriation may be matched dollar for dollar with any resources available from the federal government for these purposes with priority given to initiatives that have a goal of increasing by at least ten percent the number of women in occupations where women currently comprise less than 25 percent of the workforce. The appropriation is available until expended.

(c) \$105,000 each year is from the general fund and \$50,000 each year is from the workforce development fund for a grant to the Metropolitan Economic Development Association for continuing minority business development programs in the metropolitan area. This appropriation must be used for the sole purpose of providing free or reduced fee business consulting services to minority entrepreneurs and contractors.

(d)(1) \$500,000 each year is from the general fund for a grant to BioBusiness Alliance of Minnesota for bioscience business development programs to promote and position the state as a global leader in bioscience business activities. This appropriation is added to the department's base. These funds may be used to create, recruit, retain, and expand biobusiness activity in Minnesota; implement the destination 2025 statewide plan; update a statewide assessment of the bioscience industry and the competitive position of Minnesota-based bioscience businesses relative to other states and other nations; and develop and implement business and scenario-planning models to create, recruit, retain, and expand biobusiness activity in Minnesota.

(2) The BioBusiness Alliance must report each year by February 15 to the committees of the house of representatives and the senate having jurisdiction over bioscience industry activity in Minnesota on the use of funds; the number of bioscience businesses and jobs created, recruited, retained, or expanded in the state since the last reporting period; the competitive position of the biobusiness industry; and utilization rates and results of the business and scenario-planning models and outcomes resulting from utilization of the business and scenario-planning models.

(e)(1) Of the money available in the Minnesota Investment Fund, Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.8731, to the commissioner of the Department of Employment and Economic Development, up to \$3,000,000 is appropriated in fiscal year 2010 for a loan to an aircraft manufacturing and assembly company, associated with the aerospace industry, for equipment utilized to establish an aircraft completion center at the Minneapolis-St. Paul International Airport. The finishing center must use the state's vocational training programs designed specifically for aircraft maintenance training, and to the extent possible, work to recruit employees from these programs. The center must create at least 200 new manufacturing jobs within 24 months of receiving the loan, and create not less than 500 new manufacturing jobs over a five-year period in Minnesota.

(2) This loan is not subject to loan limitations under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.8731, subdivision 5. Any match requirements under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.8731, subdivision 3, may be made from current resources. This is a onetime appropriation and is effective the day following final enactment.

(f) \$65,000 each year is from the general fund for a grant to the Minnesota Inventors Congress, of which at least \$6,500 must be used for youth inventors.

(g) \$200,000 the first year and \$200,000 the second year are for the Office of Science and Technology. This is a onetime appropriation.

(h) \$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 the second year are for a grant to Enterprise Minnesota, Inc., for the small business growth acceleration program under Minnesota Statutes, section 116O.115. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until expended.

(i)(1) \$100,000 each year is from the workforce development fund for a grant under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.421, to the Rural Policy and Development Center at St. Peter, Minnesota. The grant shall be used for research and policy analysis on emerging economic and social issues in rural Minnesota, to serve as a policy resource center for rural Minnesota communities, to encourage collaboration across higher education institutions, to provide interdisciplinary team approaches to research and problem-solving in rural communities, and to administer overall operations of the center.

(2) The grant shall be provided upon the condition that each state-appropriated dollar be matched with a nonstate dollar. Acceptable matching funds are nonstate contributions that the center has received and have not been used to match previous state grants. Any funds not spent the first year are available the second year.

(j) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 268.18, subdivision 2, \$414,000 of funds collected for unemployment insurance administration under this subdivision is appropriated as follows: \$250,000 to Lake County for ice storm damage; \$64,000 is for the city of Green Isle for reimbursement of fire relief efforts and other expenses incurred as a result of the fire in the city of Green Isle; and \$100,000 is to develop the construction mitigation pilot program to make grants for up to five projects statewide available to local government units to mitigate the impacts of transportation construction on local small business. These are onetime appropriations and are available until expended.

(k) Up to \$10,000,000 is appropriated from the Minnesota minerals 21st century fund to the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation to make a grant or forgivable loan to a manufacturer of windmill blades at a facility to be located within the taconite tax relief area defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 273.134.

(l) \$1,000,000 is appropriated from the Minnesota minerals 21st century fund to the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities for a grant to the Northeast Higher Education District for planning, design, and construction of classrooms and housing facilities for upper division students in the engineering program.

(m)(1) \$189,000 each year is appropriated from the workforce development fund for grants of \$63,000 to eligible organizations each year to assist in the development of entrepreneurs and small businesses. Each state grant dollar must be matched with \$1 of nonstate funds. Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

(2) Three grants must be awarded to continue or to develop a program. One grant must be awarded to the Riverbend Center for Entrepreneurial Facilitation in Blue Earth County, and two to other organizations serving Faribault and Martin Counties. Grant recipients must report to the commissioner by February 1 of each year that the organization receives a grant with the number of customers served; the number of businesses started, stabilized, or expanded; the number of jobs created and retained; and business success rates. The commissioner must report to the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over economic development finance on the effectiveness of these programs for assisting in the development of entrepreneurs and small businesses.

Subd. 3. Workforce Development46,871,00046,471,000Appropriations by Fund

<u>General</u>	<u>30,263,000</u>	<u>29,963,000</u>
<u>Workforce Development</u>	<u>16,608,000</u>	<u>16,508,000</u>

(a) \$4,562,000 each year is from the general fund for the Minnesota job skills partnership program under Minnesota Statutes, sections 116L.01 to 116L.17. If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available. This appropriation is available until spent.

(b) \$8,800,000 each year is from the general fund for the state's vocational rehabilitation program under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 268A.

(c) \$5,986,000 each year is from the general fund for the state services for the blind activities.

(d) \$2,380,000 each year is from the general fund for grants to centers for independent living under Minnesota Statutes, section 268A.11.

(e) \$350,000 each year is from the general fund and \$105,000 each year is from the workforce development fund for a grant under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.8747, to Twin Cities RISE! to provide training to hard-to-train individuals. Funds unexpended in the first year are available for expenditure in the second year.

(f) \$150,000 each year is from the general fund and \$50,000 each year is from the workforce development fund for a grant to Northern Connections in Perham to implement and operate a workforce program that provides one-stop supportive services to individuals as they transition into the workforce.

(g) \$100,000 each year is from the workforce development fund for a grant to the Ramsey County Workforce Investment Board for the development of the building lives program. This is a onetime appropriation.

(h) \$150,000 each year is from the general fund for a grant to Advocating Change Together for training, technical assistance, and resource materials for persons with developmental and mental illness disabilities.

(i) \$5,627,000 each year is from the general fund and \$6,830,000 each year is from the workforce development fund for extended employment services for persons with severe disabilities or related conditions under Minnesota Statutes, section 268A.15. Of the general fund appropriation, \$125,000 each year is to supplement funds paid for wage incentives for the community support fund established in Minnesota Rules, part 3300.2045.

(j) \$250,000 the first year and \$100,000 the second year are for grants to Minnesota Diversified Industries, Inc., to provide progressive development and employment opportunities for people with disabilities. This appropriation is available in either year of the biennium. The budget base for Minnesota Diversified Industries, Inc., is \$175,000 each year in the 2012-2013 biennium.

(k) Of the money available to Minnesota from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Public Law 111-5, and allocated to the Department of Employment and Economic Development for activities authorized under Title 1 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 as amended and Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, part 361, of its implementing regulations, \$250,000 is for a grant to Minnesota Diversified Industries, Inc. to assist individuals with disabilities to obtain employment outcomes as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, part 361.5 (B) (16). Funds expended must be used for activities allowed under section 103 (a) of the Rehabilitation Act and Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, part 361.48.

(l) \$1,613,000 each year is from the general fund for grants to programs that provide employment support services to persons with mental illness under Minnesota Statutes, sections 268A.13 and 268A.14. Grants may be used for special projects for young people with mental illness transitioning from school to work and people with serious mental illness receiving services through a mental health court or civil commitment court. Special projects must demonstrate interagency collaboration. Up to \$77,000 each year may be used for administrative expenses.

(m) \$75,000 each year is from the workforce development fund for a grant to MN WORKS!, a nonprofit organization. The nonprofit organization must work on behalf of all licensed vendors to coordinate their efforts to respond to solicitations or other requests from private and governmental units as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 471.59, subdivision 1, in order to increase employment opportunities for persons with disabilities. This is a onetime appropriation and is available in either year of the biennium. Any funds unexpended in the first year are available for expenditure in the second year.

(n) \$145,000 each year is from the general fund and \$175,000 each year is from the workforce development fund for a grant under Minnesota Statutes, section 268A.03, to Rise, Inc. for the Minnesota Employment Center for People Who are Deaf or Hard of Hearing. Money not expended the first year is available the second year.

(o) \$100,000 each year is from the general fund and \$200,000 each year is from the workforce development fund for a grant to Lifetrack Resources for its immigrant and refugee collaborative program, including those related to job-seeking skills and workplace orientation, intensive job development, functional work English, and on-site job coaching. This appropriation may also be used in Rochester.

(p) \$3,500,000 each year is from the workforce development fund for the Minnesota youth program under Minnesota Statutes, sections 116L.56 and 116L.561.

(q) \$1,375,000 each year is from the workforce development fund for the Opportunities Industrialization Center programs.

(r) \$1,200,000 each year is from the workforce development fund for grants for the Minneapolis summer youth employment program. The grants shall be used to fund up to 500 jobs for youth each summer. Of this appropriation, \$300,000 each year is for a grant to the learn-to-earn summer youth employment program. The commissioner shall establish criteria for awarding the grants. This appropriation is available in either year of the biennium and is available until spent.

(s) \$750,000 each year is from the workforce development fund for a grant to the Minnesota Alliance of Boys and Girls Clubs to administer a statewide project of youth jobs skills development. This project, which may have career guidance components, including health and life skills, is to encourage, train, and assist youth in job-seeking skills, workplace orientation, and job-site knowledge through coaching. This grant requires a 25 percent match from nonstate resources.

(t) \$558,000 the first year and \$558,000 the second year are from the workforce development fund for grants to fund summer youth employment in St. Paul. The grants shall be used to fund up to 500 jobs for youth each summer. The commissioner shall establish criteria for awarding the grants. This appropriation is available in either year of the biennium and is available until spent.

(u) \$1,000,000 each year is from the workforce development fund for the youthbuild program under Minnesota Statutes, sections 116L.361 to 116L.366.

(v) \$100,000 each year is from the workforce development fund for grants for the indigenous earthkeepers program for American Indian youth environmental education and training. Funds must be used to provide programming for up to 80 American Indian youth ages 14 to 19. The indigenous earthkeepers program must use the environment, with native language as its primary core, to develop student academic skills and knowledge at Center School and Healthy Nations Program of the Minneapolis American Indian Center. The program must foster a sense of civic and environmental responsibility by providing youth the opportunity to serve on small, natural, and urban resource crews in the Twin Cities metropolitan area and outside of the metropolitan area. In addition, it must build the capacity of these youths to improve their lives in an indigenous-inspired and culturally relevant manner. At a minimum, the program curriculum must include water studies, identification of waterway cleanup sites, cleanup of waterways significant to indigenous culture and education, plant identification, gardening, and indigenous language components. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until expended.

(w) \$340,000 each year is from the workforce development fund for grants to provide interpreters for a regional transition program that specializes in providing culturally appropriate transition services leading to employment for deaf, hard-of-hearing, and deaf-blind students.

(x) \$150,000 the first year is for a grant to Lutheran Social Service of Minnesota to increase capacity statewide for budget and debt counseling, debt management planning, and other debt management services. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until expended.

(y) The first \$1,450,000 deposited in each year of the biennium into the contingent account created under Minnesota Statutes, section 268.199, shall be transferred before the closing of each fiscal year to the workforce development fund created under Minnesota Statutes, section 116L.20. Deposits in excess of \$1,450,000 shall be transferred before the closing of each fiscal year to the general fund.

(z) \$100,000 the first year is from the workforce development fund for a grant to a Southeast Asian mutual assistance nonprofit organization for an intensive intervention transitional employment training project to move refugee and immigrant welfare recipients into unsubsidized employment leading to economic self-sufficiency. An organization may apply for a grant in the form and manner established by the commissioner of employment and economic development. The organization that is awarded the grant must have experience providing the services required under this paragraph. The primary effort must be on intensive employment skills training, including workplace English and overcoming cultural barriers, and on specialized training in fields of work which involve a credit-based curriculum. For recipients without a high school diploma or a GED, extra effort shall be made to help the recipient meet the ability to benefit test so the recipient can receive financial aid for further training. During the specialized training, efforts should be made to involve the recipients with an internship program and retention specialist. This appropriation is not available until the commissioner of finance has determined that at least an equal amount has been committed from nonstate funds. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until expended.

(aa) \$1,000,000 each year is from reserve funds allocated to the Department of Employment and Economic Development under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Public Law 111-5, for Workforce Investment Act adult and displaced worker programs for on-the-job training for eligible persons in counties with high unemployment. This is a onetime appropriation.

(bb)(1) \$150,000 each year is from the workforce development fund for a grant to the nonprofit organization selected to administer the demonstration project for high-risk adults under Laws 2007, chapter 54, article 1, section 19, in order to continue the project for a second biennium. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until expended.

(2) The commissioners of the Housing Finance Agency and employment and economic development are directed to work with the commissioner of public safety to seek federal stimulus money available through the Office of Justice to continue the demonstration project under Laws 2007, chapter 54, article 1, section 19, at a level sufficient to reduce the rate per participant.

(cc) All Wagner-Peyser funds available to the state for job seeker services under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Public Law 111-5, must be allocated to workforce development centers for universal job seeker services.

(dd)(1) All Workforce Investment Act discretionary funds available to the commissioner for workforce development under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Public Law 111-5, must first be allocated to replace reductions in state general fund or workforce development fund resources for employment and training or youth programs.

(2) The commissioner shall not use any unallocated discretionary funds available to the department under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act, Public Law 111-5, to hire full-time or part-time staff or enter into professional or technical contracts for any purpose other than administration of the unemployment insurance program or to provide services to job seekers, including assistance in filing for unemployment benefits.

Subd. 4. State-Funded Administration

2,426,000

2,426,000

The transfer of funds to the governor's office for the Washington, D.C. office function is \$20,000 each year.

Sec. 4. PUBLIC FACILITIES AUTHORITY

\$93,000

\$93,000

For the small community wastewater treatment program under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 446A.

Sec. 5. EXPLORE MINNESOTA TOURISM

\$10,717,000

\$10,717,000

(a) Of this amount, \$12,000 each year is for a grant to the Upper Minnesota Film Office.

(b)(1) To develop maximum private sector involvement in tourism, \$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 the second year must be matched by Explore Minnesota Tourism from nonstate sources. Each \$1 of state incentive must be matched with \$3 of private sector funding. Cash match is defined as revenue to the state or documented cash expenditures directly expended to support Explore Minnesota Tourism programs. Up to one-half of the private sector contribution may be in-kind or soft match. The incentive in the first year shall be based on fiscal year 2009 private sector contributions. The incentive in the second year will be based on fiscal year 2010 private sector contributions. This incentive is ongoing.

(2) Funding for the marketing grants is available either year of the biennium. Unexpended grant funds from the first year are available in the second year.

(3) Unexpended money from the general fund appropriations made under this section does not cancel but must be placed in a special marketing account for use by Explore Minnesota Tourism for additional marketing activities.

(c) \$325,000 the first year and \$325,000 the second year are for the Minnesota Film and TV Board. The appropriation in each year is available only upon receipt by the board of \$1 in matching contributions of money or in-kind contributions from nonstate sources for every \$3 provided by this appropriation, except that each year up to \$50,000 is available on July 1 even if the required matching contribution has not been received by that date.

(d) \$1,225,000 the first year and \$1,225,000 the second year are appropriated for a grant to the Minnesota Film and TV Board for the film jobs production program under Minnesota Statutes, section 116U.26. These appropriations are available in either year of the biennium and are available until expended.

Sec. 6. **HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY**

Subdivision 1. **Total Appropriation**

\$43,384,000

\$43,384,000

The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

This appropriation is for transfer to the housing development fund for the programs specified. Except as otherwise indicated, this transfer is part of the agency's permanent budget base.

Subd. 2. **Challenge Program**

7,393,000

7,393,000

For the economic development and housing challenge program under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.33. Of this amount, \$1,395,000 each year shall be made available during the first 11 months of the fiscal year exclusively for housing projects for American Indians. Any funds not committed to housing projects for American Indians in the first 11 months of the fiscal year shall be available for any eligible activity under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.33. The base funding for this program is \$9,393,000 each year in the 2012-2013 biennium.

Subd. 3. **Housing Trust Fund**

10,555,000

10,555,000

For deposit in the housing trust fund account created under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.201, and used for the purposes provided in that section. The base funding for this program is \$8,555,000 each year in the 2012-2013 biennium.

Subd. 4. Rental Assistance for Mentally Ill2,638,0002,638,000

For a rental housing assistance program for persons with a mental illness or families with an adult member with a mental illness under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.2097.

Subd. 5. Family Homeless Prevention7,465,0007,465,000

For the family homeless prevention and assistance programs under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.204.

Subd. 6. Home Ownership Assistance Fund860,000860,000

For the home ownership assistance program under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.21, subdivision 8. In fiscal years 2012 and 2013, the base shall be \$885,000 each year.

Subd. 7. Affordable Rental Investment Fund8,821,0008,821,000

(a) For the affordable rental investment fund program under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.21, subdivision 8b. The appropriation is to finance the acquisition, rehabilitation, and debt restructuring of federally assisted rental property and for making equity take-out loans under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.05, subdivision 39.

(b) The owner of federally assisted rental property must agree to participate in the applicable federally assisted housing program and to extend any existing low-income affordability restrictions on the housing for the maximum term permitted. The owner must also enter into an agreement that gives local units of government, housing and redevelopment authorities, and nonprofit housing organizations the right of first refusal if the rental property is offered for sale. Priority must be given among comparable federally assisted rental properties to properties with the longest remaining term under an agreement for federal assistance. Priority must also be given among comparable rental housing developments to developments that are or will be owned by local government units, a housing and redevelopment authority, or a nonprofit housing organization.

(c) The appropriation also may be used to finance the acquisition, rehabilitation, and debt restructuring of existing supportive housing properties. For purposes of this subdivision, "supportive housing" means affordable rental housing with links to services necessary for individuals, youth, and families with children to maintain housing stability.

(d) For the affordable rental investment fund program under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.21, subdivision 8b, in fiscal years 2012 and 2013, the base is \$8,996,000 each year.

Subd. 8. Housing Rehabilitation4,287,0004,287,000

For the housing rehabilitation program under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.05, subdivision 14, for rental housing developments.

Subd. 9. Homeownership Education, Counseling, and Training865,000865,000

For the homeownership education, counseling, and training program under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.209.

Subd. 10. Capacity Building Grants250,000250,000

For nonprofit capacity building grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.21, subdivision 3b.

Subd. 11. Transfer of Disaster Relief Contingency Funds

\$1,500,000 of the amount unobligated and unencumbered in the disaster relief contingency fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.21, subdivision 29, is transferred to the housing trust fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.201, for grants for temporary rental assistance for families with children who are homeless and in need of or utilizing an emergency shelter facility. This is a onetime transfer and is not added to the agency's permanent budget base.

Subd. 12. Demonstration Project for High-Risk Adults250,000250,000

\$250,000 in fiscal year 2010 and \$250,000 in fiscal year 2011 are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of the Housing Finance Agency for grants to the nonprofit organization selected to administer the demonstration project for high-risk adults under Laws 2007, chapter 54, article 1, section 19, in order to continue the project for a second biennium. This is a onetime appropriation.

Sec. 7. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY**Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation****\$22,780,000****\$22,780,000**Appropriations by Fund

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>
<u>General</u>	<u>880,000</u>	<u>880,000</u>
<u>Workers' Compensation</u>	<u>20,871,000</u>	<u>20,871,000</u>
<u>Workforce Development</u>	<u>1,029,000</u>	<u>1,029,000</u>

The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Workers' Compensation 14,890,000 14,890,000

This appropriation is from the workers' compensation fund.

\$200,000 each year is for grants to the Vinland Center for rehabilitation services. Grants shall be distributed as the department refers injured workers to the Vinland Center for rehabilitation services.

Subd. 3. Labor Standards/Apprenticeship 1,909,000 1,909,000

Appropriations by Fund

<u>General</u>	<u>880,000</u>	<u>880,000</u>
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<u>Workforce</u>		
<u>Development</u>	<u>1,029,000</u>	<u>1,029,000</u>

(a) \$879,000 each year is appropriated from the workforce development fund for the apprenticeship program under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 178, and includes \$100,000 each year for labor education and advancement program grants and to expand and promote registered apprenticeship training in nonconstruction trade programs.

(b) \$150,000 each year is from the workforce development fund for prevailing wage enforcement.

(c) \$200,000 the first year and \$200,000 the second year are from the assigned risk safety account for independent contractor investigator services to ensure compliance with the state's independent contractor exemption certificate program under Minnesota Statutes, section 181.723.

Subd. 4. General Support 5,981,000 5,981,000

This appropriation is from the workers' compensation fund.

Sec. 8. BUREAU OF MEDIATION SERVICES

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation **\$1,683,000** **\$1,683,000**

The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Mediation Services 1,583,000 1,583,000

Subd. 3. Labor Management Cooperation Grants 100,000 100,000

\$100,000 each year is for grants to area labor management committees. Grants may be awarded for a 12-month period beginning July 1 each year. Any unencumbered balance remaining at the end of the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year.

Sec. 9. <u>WORKERS' COMPENSATION COURT OF APPEALS</u>	<u>\$1,703,000</u>	<u>\$1,703,000</u>
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This appropriation is from the workers' compensation fund.

Sec. 10. **MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY**

Subdivision 1. <u>Total Appropriation</u>	<u>\$23,037,000</u>	<u>\$22,921,000</u>
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The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. <u>Education and Outreach</u>	<u>12,972,000</u>	<u>12,972,000</u>
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Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 138.668, the Minnesota Historical Society may not charge a fee for its general tours at the Capitol, but may charge fees for special programs other than general tours.

Subd. 3. <u>Preservation and Access</u>	<u>9,703,000</u>	<u>9,703,000</u>
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Subd. 4. **Fiscal Agent**

(a) <u>Minnesota International Center</u>	<u>43,000</u>	<u>43,000</u>
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(b) <u>Minnesota Air National Guard Museum</u>	<u>16,000</u>	<u>0</u>
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(c) <u>Minnesota Military Museum</u>	<u>100,000</u>	<u>0</u>
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(d) <u>Farmamerica</u>	<u>128,000</u>	<u>128,000</u>
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(e) \$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the second year are for a grant to the city of Eveleth to be used for the support of the Hockey Hall of Fame Museum provided that it continues to operate in the city. This grant is in addition to and must not be used to supplant funding under Minnesota Statutes, section 298.28, subdivision 9c. This appropriation is added to the society's budget base.

(f) Balances Forward

Any unencumbered balance remaining in this subdivision the first year does not cancel but is available for the second year of the biennium.

Subd. 5. Fund Transfer

The Minnesota Historical Society may reallocate funds appropriated in and between subdivisions 2 and 3 for any program purposes and the appropriations are available in either year of the biennium.

Sec. 11. BOARD OF THE ARTS**Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation****\$8,624,000****\$8,624,000**

The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Operations and Services651,000651,000**Subd. 3. Grants Program**5,515,0005,515,000**Subd. 4. Regional Arts Councils**2,458,0002,458,000**Sec. 12. MINNESOTA HUMANITIES CENTER****\$250,000****\$250,000****Sec. 13. PUBLIC BROADCASTING****\$2,295,000****\$2,015,000**

(a) The appropriations under this section are to the commissioner of administration for the purposes specified.

(b) \$280,000 is for a grant to Minnesota Public Radio to assist with conversion to a digital broadcast signal. This is a onetime appropriation.

(c) \$1,161,000 the first year and \$1,161,000 the second year are for matching grants for public television.

(d) \$200,000 the first year and \$200,000 the second year are for public television equipment grants. Equipment or matching grant allocations shall be made after considering the recommendations of the Minnesota Public Television Association.

(e) \$17,000 the first year and \$17,000 the second year are for grants to the Twin Cities regional cable channel.

(f) \$287,000 the first year and \$287,000 the second year are for community service grants to public educational radio stations.

(g) \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the second year are for equipment grants to public educational radio stations.

(h) The grants in paragraphs (f) and (g) must be allocated after considering the recommendations of the Association of Minnesota Public Educational Radio Stations under Minnesota Statutes, section 129D.14.

(i) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the second year are for equipment grants to Minnesota Public Radio, Inc.

(j) Any unencumbered balance remaining the first year for grants to public television or radio stations does not cancel and is available for the second year.

Sec. 14. <u>BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY</u>	<u>\$505,000</u>	<u>\$505,000</u>
Sec. 15. <u>BOARD OF ARCHITECTURE, ENGINEERING, LAND SURVEYING, LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE, GEOSCIENCE, AND INTERIOR DESIGN</u>	<u>\$815,000</u>	<u>\$815,000</u>
Sec. 16. <u>BOARD OF COSMETOLOGIST EXAMINERS</u>	<u>\$691,000</u>	<u>\$651,000</u>
Sec. 17. <u>BOARD OF BARBER EXAMINERS</u>	<u>\$193,000</u>	<u>\$188,000</u>
Sec. 18. <u>COMBATIVE SPORTS COMMISSION</u>	<u>\$80,000</u>	<u>\$80,000</u>

This is a onetime appropriation. The Combative Sports Commission expires on July 1, 2011, unless the commissioner of finance determines that the commission's projected expenditures for the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 2013, will not exceed the commission's projected revenues for the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 2013, from fees and penalties authorized in Minnesota Statutes 2008, chapter 341.

Sec. 19. **TRANSFERS**

By June 30, 2010, the commissioner of finance shall transfer \$2,500,000, and by June 30, 2011, \$2,500,000 of the unencumbered balance in the workforce development fund to the general fund.

Sec. 20. <u>LEGISLATIVE COORDINATING COMMISSION</u>	<u>\$70,000</u>	<u>\$0</u>
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From the general fund to the Legislative Coordinating Commission under Minnesota Statutes, section 3.303, for fiscal year 2010 for the economic development strategy working group established in article 2, section 41.

ARTICLE 2

EMPLOYMENT AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
RELATED PROVISIONS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 15.75, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Agreements with Department of Employment and Economic Development.** The commissioner of employment and economic development may enter into agreements with regional entities established under subdivision 4 to prepare plans to ensure coordination of the department's business development, community development, workforce development, and trade functions with programs of local units of government and other public and private development agencies in the regions. The plans will identify regional development priorities and serve as a guide for the implementation of the department's programs in the regions.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 16B.54, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Vehicles.** (a) The commissioner may direct an agency to make a transfer of a passenger motor vehicle or truck currently assigned to it. The transfer must be made to the commissioner for use in the central motor pool. The commissioner shall reimburse an agency whose motor vehicles have been paid for with funds dedicated by the Constitution for a special purpose and which are assigned to the central motor pool. The amount of reimbursement for a motor vehicle is its average wholesale price as determined from the midwest edition of the National Automobile Dealers Association official used car guide.

(b) To the extent that funds are available for the purpose, the commissioner may purchase or otherwise acquire additional passenger motor vehicles and trucks necessary for the central motor pool. The title to all motor vehicles assigned to or purchased or acquired for the central motor pool is in the name of the Department of Administration.

(c) On the request of an agency, the commissioner may transfer to the central motor pool any passenger motor vehicle or truck for the purpose of disposing of it. The department or agency transferring the vehicle or truck must be paid for it from the motor pool revolving account established by this section in an amount equal to two-thirds of the average wholesale price of the vehicle or truck as determined from the midwest edition of the National Automobile Dealers Association official used car guide.

(d) The commissioner shall provide for the uniform marking of all motor vehicles. Motor vehicle colors must be selected from the regular color chart provided by the manufacturer each year. The commissioner may further provide for the use of motor vehicles without marking by:

- (1) the governor;
- (2) the lieutenant governor;
- (3) the Division of Criminal Apprehension, the Division of Alcohol and Gambling Enforcement, and arson investigators of the Division of Fire Marshal in the Department of Public Safety;
- (4) the Financial Institutions Division and investigative staff of the Department of Commerce;
- (5) the Division of Disease Prevention and Control of the Department of Health;
- (6) the State Lottery;
- (7) criminal investigators of the Department of Revenue;
- (8) state-owned community service facilities in the Department of Human Services;
- ~~(9) the investigative staff of the Department of Employment and Economic Development;~~
- ~~(4)~~ (9) the Office of the Attorney General; and
- ~~(11)~~ (10) the investigative staff of the Gambling Control Board.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 84.94, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Identification and classification.** The Department of Natural Resources, with the cooperation of the state Geological Survey, ~~Departments~~ the Department of Transportation, and Energy, Planning and Development ~~the Department of Employment and Economic Development~~, outside of the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, shall conduct a program of identification and classification of potentially valuable publicly or privately owned aggregate lands located outside of urban or developed areas where aggregate mining is restricted, without consideration of their present land use. The program shall give priority to identification and classification in areas of the state where urbanization or other factors are or may be resulting in a loss of aggregate resources to development. Lands shall be classified as:

- (1) identified resources, being those containing significant aggregate deposits;
- (2) potential resources, being those containing potentially significant deposits and meriting further evaluation; or
- (3) subeconomic resources, being those containing no significant deposits.

As lands are classified, the information on the classification shall be transmitted to each of the departments and agencies named in this subdivision, to the planning authority of the appropriate county and municipality, and to the appropriate county engineer. The county planning authority shall notify owners of land classified under this subdivision by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the county or by mail.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116J.035, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Powers.** (a) The commissioner may:

- (1) apply for, receive, and expend money from municipal, county, regional, and other government agencies;
- (2) apply for, accept, and disburse grants and other aids from other public or private sources;
- (3) contract for professional services if such work or services cannot be satisfactorily performed by employees of the department or by any other state agency;
- (4) enter into interstate compacts to jointly carry out such research and planning with other states or the federal government where appropriate;
- (5) distribute informational material at no cost to the public upon reasonable request; and
- (6) enter into contracts necessary for the performance of the commissioner's duties with federal, state, regional, metropolitan, local, and other agencies or units of government; educational institutions, including the University of Minnesota. Contracts made pursuant to this section shall not be subject to the competitive bidding requirements of chapter 16C.

(b) The commissioner may apply for, receive, and expend money made available from federal or other sources for the purpose of carrying out the duties and responsibilities of the commissioner pursuant to this chapter.

(c) All moneys received by the commissioner pursuant to this chapter shall be deposited in the state treasury and, subject to section 3.3005, are appropriated to the commissioner for the purpose for which the moneys have been received. The money shall not cancel and shall be available until expended.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116J.035, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Receipt of gifts, money; appropriation.** ~~(a) The commissioner may accept gifts, bequests, grants, payments for services, and other public and private money to help finance the activities of the department.;~~

(1) apply for, accept, and disburse gifts, bequests, grants, payments for services, loans, or other property from the United States, the state, private foundations, or any other source;

(2) enter into an agreement required for the gifts, grants, or loans; and

(3) hold, use, and dispose of its assets according to the terms of the gift, grant, loan, or agreement.

(b) Money received by the commissioner under this subdivision must be deposited in a separate account in the state treasury and invested by the State Board of Investment. The amount deposited, including investment earnings, is appropriated to the commissioner to carry out duties under this section.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116J.401, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Duties; authorizations; limitations.** (a) The commissioner of employment and economic development shall:

(1) provide regional development commissions, the Metropolitan Council, and units of local government with information, technical assistance, training, and advice on using federal and state programs;

(2) receive and administer the Small Cities Community Development Block Grant Program authorized by Congress under the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended;

(3) receive and administer the section 107 technical assistance program grants authorized by Congress under the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended;

(4) receive, administer, and supervise other state and federal grants and grant programs for planning, community affairs, community development purposes, employment and training services, and other state and federal programs assigned to the department by law or by the governor in accordance with section 4.07;

(5) receive applications for state and federal grants and grant programs for planning, community affairs, and community development purposes, and other state and federal programs assigned to the department by law or by the governor in accordance with section 4.07;

(6) act as the agent of, and cooperate with, the federal government in matters of mutual concern, including the administration of any federal funds granted to the state to aid in the performance of functions of the commissioner;

(7) provide consistent, integrated employment and training services across the state;

(8) administer the Wagner-Peyser Act, the Workforce Investment Act, and other federal employment and training programs;

(9) establish the standards for all employment and training services administered under this chapter and chapters 116L, 248, 268, and 268A;

(10) administer the aspects of the Minnesota family investment program, general assistance, and food stamps that relate to employment and training services, subject to the contract under section 116L.86, subdivision 1;

(11) obtain reports from local service units and service providers for the purpose of evaluating the performance of employment and training services;

(12) as requested, certify employment and training services, and decertify services that fail to comply with performance criteria according to standards established by the commissioner;

(13) develop standards for the contents and structure of the local service unit plans and plans for Indian tribe employment and training services, review and comment on those plans, and approve or disapprove the plans;

(14) supervise the county boards of commissioners, local service units, and any other units of government designated in federal or state law as responsible for employment and training programs;

(15) establish administrative standards and payment conditions for providers of employment and training services;

(16) enter into agreements with Indian tribes as necessary to provide employment and training services as appropriate funds become available;

(17) cooperate with the federal government and its employment and training agencies in any reasonable manner as necessary to qualify for federal aid for employment and training services and money;

(18) administer and supervise all forms of unemployment insurance provided for under federal and state laws;

(19) provide current state and substate labor market information and forecasts, in cooperation with other agencies;

(20) require all general employment and training programs that receive state funds to make available information about opportunities for women in nontraditional careers in the trades and technical occupations;

(21) consult with the Rehabilitation Council for the Blind on matters pertaining to programs and services for the blind and visually impaired;

(22) enter into agreements with other departments of the state and local units of government as necessary; ~~and~~

(23) establish and maintain administrative units necessary to perform administrative functions common to all divisions of the department;

(24) investigate, study, and undertake ways and means of promoting and encouraging the prosperous development and protection of the legitimate interest and welfare of Minnesota business, industry, and commerce, within and outside the state;

(25) locate markets for manufacturers and processors and aid merchants in locating and contacting markets;

(26) as necessary or useful for the proper execution of the powers and duties of the commissioner in promoting and developing Minnesota business, industry, and commerce, both within and outside the state, investigate and study conditions affecting Minnesota business, industry, and commerce; collect and disseminate information; and engage in technical studies, scientific investigations, statistical research, and educational activities;

(27) plan and develop an effective business information service both for the direct assistance of business and industry of the state and for the encouragement of business and industry outside the state to use economic facilities within the state;

(28) compile, collect, and develop periodically, or otherwise make available, information relating to current business conditions;

(29) conduct or encourage research designed to further new and more extensive uses of the natural and other resources of the state and designed to develop new products and industrial processes;

(30) study trends and developments in the industries of the state and analyze the reasons underlying the trends;

(31) study costs and other factors affecting successful operation of businesses within the state;

(32) make recommendations regarding circumstances promoting or hampering business and industrial development;

(33) serve as a clearing house for business and industrial problems of the state;

(34) advise small business enterprises regarding improved methods of accounting and bookkeeping;

(35) cooperate with interstate commissions engaged in formulating and promoting the adoption of interstate compacts and agreements helpful to business, industry, and commerce;

(36) cooperate with other state departments and with boards, commissions, and other state agencies in the preparation and coordination of plans and policies for the development of the state and for the use and conservation of its resources insofar as the use, conservation, and development may be appropriately directed or influenced by a state agency;

(37) in connection with state, county, and municipal public works projects, assemble and coordinate information relative to the status, scope, cost, and employment possibilities and availability of materials, equipment, and labor, and recommend limitations on the public works;

(38) gather current progress information with reference to public and private works projects of the state and its political subdivisions with reference to conditions of employment;

(39) inquire into and report to the governor, when requested by the governor, with respect to any program of public state improvements and its financing; and request and obtain information from other state departments or agencies as may be needed for the report;

(40) study changes in population and current trends and prepare plans and suggest policies for the development and conservation of the resources of the state;

(41) confer and cooperate with the executive, legislative, or planning authorities of the United States, neighboring states and provinces, and the counties and municipalities of neighboring states, for the purpose of bringing about a coordination between the development of neighboring provinces, states, counties, and municipalities and the development of this state;

(42) generally gather, compile, and make available statistical information relating to business, trade, commerce, industry, transportation, communication, natural resources, and other like subjects in this state, with authority to call upon other state departments for statistical data and results obtained by them and to arrange and compile that statistical information in a reasonable manner;

(43) publish documents and annually convene regional meetings to inform businesses, local government units, assistance providers, and other interested persons of changes in state and federal law related to economic development;

(44) annually convene conferences of providers of economic development-related financial and technical assistance for the purposes of exchanging information on economic development assistance, coordinating economic development activities, and formulating economic development strategies;

(45) provide business with information on the economic benefits of energy conservation and on the availability of energy conservation assistance;

(46) as part of the biennial budget process, prepare performance measures for each business loan or grant program within the jurisdiction of the commissioner. Measures include source of funds for each program, number of jobs proposed or promised at the time of application and the number of jobs created, estimated number of jobs retained, the average salary and benefits for the jobs resulting from the program, and the number of projects approved;

(47) provide a continuous program of education for business people;

(48) publish, disseminate, and distribute information and statistics;

(49) promote and encourage the expansion and development of markets for Minnesota products;

(50) promote and encourage the location and development of new businesses in the state as well as the maintenance and expansion of existing businesses and for that purpose cooperate with state and local agencies and individuals, both within and outside the state;

(51) advertise and disseminate information as to natural resources, desirable locations, and other advantages for the purpose of attracting businesses to locate in this state;

(52) aid the various communities in this state in attracting business to their communities;

(53) advise and cooperate with municipal, county, regional, and other planning agencies and planning groups within the state for the purpose of promoting coordination between the state and localities as to plans and development in order to maintain a high level of gainful employment in private profitable production and achieve commensurate advancement in social and cultural welfare;

(54) coordinate the activities of statewide and local planning agencies, correlate information secured from them and from state departments and disseminate information and suggestions to the planning agencies;

(55) encourage and assist in the organization and functioning of local planning agencies where none exist; and

(56) adopt measures calculated to promote public interest in and understanding of the problems of planning and, to that end, may publish and distribute copies of any plan or any report and may employ other means of publicity and education that will give full effect to the provisions of sections 116J.58 to 116J.63.

(b) At the request of any governmental subdivision in paragraph (a), clause (53), the commissioner may provide planning assistance, which includes but is not limited to surveys, land use studies, urban renewal plans, technical services and other planning work to any city or other municipality in the state or perform similar planning work in any county, metropolitan, or regional area in the state. The commissioner must not perform the planning work with respect to a metropolitan or regional area which is under the jurisdiction for planning purposes of a county, metropolitan, regional, or joint planning body, except at the request or with the consent of the respective county, metropolitan, regional, or joint planning body.

(c) The commissioner is authorized to:

(1) receive and expend money from municipal, county, regional, and other planning agencies;

(2) accept and disburse grants and other aids for planning purposes from the federal government and from other public or private sources;

(3) utilize money received under clause (2) for the employment of consultants and other temporary personnel to assist in the supervision or performance of planning work supported by money other than state-appropriated money;

(4) enter into contracts with agencies of the federal government, units of local government or combinations thereof, and with private persons that are necessary in the performance of the planning assistance function of the commissioner; and

(5) assist any local government unit in filling out application forms for the federal grants-in-aid.

(d) In furtherance of its planning functions, any city or town, however organized, may expend money and contract with agencies of the federal government, appropriate departments of state government, other local units of government, and with private persons.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116J.431, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Grant program established; purpose.** (a) The commissioner shall make grants to counties or cities to provide up to 50 percent of the capital costs of public infrastructure necessary for an eligible economic development project. The county or city receiving a grant must provide for the remainder of the costs of the project, either in cash or in kind. In-kind contributions may include the value of site preparation other than the public infrastructure needed for the project.

~~For purposes of this section, "city" means a statutory or home rule charter city located outside the metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2.~~

~~"Public infrastructure" means publicly owned physical infrastructure necessary to support economic development projects, including, but not limited to, sewers, water supply systems, utility extensions, streets, wastewater treatment systems, stormwater management systems, and facilities for pretreatment of wastewater to remove phosphorus.~~

(b) The purpose of the grants made under this section is to keep or enhance jobs in the area, increase the tax base, or to expand or create new economic development.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116J.431, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1a. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.

(b) "City" means a statutory or home rule charter city located outside the metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2.

(c) "County" means a county located outside the metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2.

(d) "Public infrastructure" means publicly owned physical infrastructure necessary to support economic development projects, including, but not limited to, sewers, water supply systems, utility extensions, streets, wastewater treatment systems, storm water management systems, and facilities for pretreatment of wastewater to remove phosphorus.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116J.431, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Eligible projects.** An economic development project for which a county or city may be eligible to receive a grant under this section includes:

(1) manufacturing;

(2) technology;

(3) warehousing and distribution;

(4) research and development;

(5) agricultural processing, defined as transforming, packaging, sorting, or grading livestock or livestock products into goods that are used for intermediate or final consumption, including goods for nonfood use; or

(6) industrial park development that would be used by any other business listed in this subdivision.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116J.431, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Application.** (a) The commissioner must develop forms and procedures for soliciting and reviewing applications for grants under this section. At a minimum, a county or city must include in its application a resolution of the county or city council certifying that the required local match is available. The commissioner must evaluate complete applications for eligible projects using the following criteria:

(1) the project is an eligible project as defined under subdivision 2;

(2) the project will result in substantial public and private capital investment and provide substantial economic benefit to the county or city in which the project would be located;

(3) the project is not relocating substantially the same operation from another location in the state, unless the commissioner determines the project cannot be reasonably accommodated within the county or city in which the business is currently located, or the business would otherwise relocate to another state; and

(4) the project will create or maintain full-time jobs.

(b) The determination of whether to make a grant for a site is within the discretion of the commissioner, subject to this section. The commissioner's decisions and application of the priorities are not subject to judicial review, except for abuse of discretion.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116J.431, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Maximum grant amount.** A county or city may receive no more than \$1,000,000 in two years for one or more projects.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116J.435, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Grant program established.** (a) The commissioner shall make competitive grants to local governmental units to acquire and prepare land on which public infrastructure required to support an eligible project will be located, including demolition of structures and remediation of any hazardous conditions on the land, or to predesign, design, acquire, construct, furnish, and equip public infrastructure required to support an eligible project. The local governmental unit receiving a grant must provide for the remainder of the public infrastructure costs. The commissioner may waive the requirements related to an eligible project under subdivision 2 if a project would be eligible under this section but for the fact that its location requires infrastructure improvements to residential development.

(b) The amount of a grant may not exceed the lesser of the cost of the public infrastructure or 50 percent of the sum of the cost of the public infrastructure plus the cost of the completed eligible project.

(c) The purpose of the program is to keep or enhance jobs in the area, increase the tax base, or to expand or create new economic development through the growth of new bioscience businesses and organizations.

Sec. 13. **[116J.438] MINNESOTA GREEN ENTERPRISE ASSISTANCE.**

(a) The commissioner of employment and economic development in consultation with the commissioner of commerce, shall lead a multiagency project to advise, promote, market, and coordinate state agency collaboration on green enterprise and green economy projects, as defined in section 116J.437. The multiagency project must include the commissioners of employment and economic development, natural resources, agriculture, transportation, and commerce, and the Pollution Control Agency. The project must involve collaboration with the chairs and ranking minority members of legislative committees overseeing energy policy and energy finance, state agencies, local governments, representatives from business and agriculture, and other interested stakeholders. The objective of the project is to utilize existing state resources to expedite the delivery of grants, licenses, permits, and other state authorizations and approvals for green economy projects. The commissioner shall appoint a lead person to coordinate green enterprise assistance activities.

(b) The commissioner of employment and economic development shall seek out and may select persons from the business community to assist the commissioner in project activities.

(c) The commissioner may accept gifts, contributions, and in-kind services for the purposes of this section, under the authority provided in section 116J.035, subdivision 1. Any funds received must be placed in a special revenue account for the purposes of this section.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116J.554, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Authority.** (a) The commissioner may make a grant to an applicant development authority to pay for up to 75 percent of the project costs for a qualifying site.

(b) The commissioner may also make a grant to an applicant development authority to pay up to 75 percent or \$50,000, whichever is less, toward the cost of performing contaminant investigations and the development of a response action plan for a qualifying site.

(c) The commissioner may also make a grant to an applicant to fill a site that would represent more than 50 percent of the remaining land in a city suitable for industrial development if it were properly filled.

(d) The determination of whether to make a grant for a qualifying site is within the sole discretion of the commissioner, subject to the process provided by this section, and available unencumbered money in the appropriation. The commissioner's decisions and application of the priorities under section 116J.555 are not subject to judicial review, except for abuse of discretion.

(e) The total amount of money provided in grants under paragraph (b) may not exceed ~~\$250,000~~ \$500,000 per fiscal year.

(f) In making grants under paragraph (b), the commissioner shall give priority to applicants that have not received a grant under paragraph (a) or section 473.252 during the year ending on the date of application.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116J.555, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Priorities.** (a) The legislature expects that applications for grants will exceed the available appropriations and the agency will be able to provide grants to only some of the applicant development authorities.

(b) If applications for grants for qualified sites exceed the available appropriations, the agency shall make grants for sites that, in the commissioner's judgment, provide the highest return in public benefits for the public costs incurred and that meet all the requirements provided by law. In making this judgment, the commissioner shall consider the following factors:

(1) the recommendations or ranking of projects by the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency regarding the potential threat to public health and the environment that would be reduced or eliminated by completion of each of the response action plans;

(2) the potential increase in the property tax base of the local taxing jurisdictions, considered relative to the fiscal needs of the jurisdictions, that will result from developments that will occur because of completion of each of the response action plans;

(3) the social value to the community of the cleanup and redevelopment of the site, including the importance of development of the proposed public facilities on each of the sites;

(4) the probability that each site will be cleaned up without use of government money in the reasonably foreseeable future by considering but not limited to the current market value of the site versus the cleanup cost;

(5) the amount of cleanup costs for each site; and

(6) the amount of the commitment of municipal or other local resources to pay for the cleanup costs.

The factors are not listed in a rank order of priority; rather the commissioner may weigh each factor, depending upon the facts and circumstances, as the commissioner considers appropriate. The commissioner may consider other factors that affect the net return of public benefits for completion of the response action plan. The commissioner, notwithstanding the listing of priorities and the goal of maximizing the return of public benefits, shall make grants that distribute available money to sites both within and outside of the metropolitan area. The commissioner shall provide a written statement of the supporting reasons for each grant. Unless sufficient applications are not received for qualifying sites outside of the metropolitan area, at least ~~25~~ 35 percent of the money provided as grants must be made for sites located outside of the metropolitan area.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 16. **[116J.6581] MINNESOTA SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROJECT.**

(a) The commissioner of employment and economic development shall lead a public-private project with science and technology experts from public, academic, and private sectors to advise state agency collaboration to design, coordinate, and administer a strategic science and technology program for the state designed to promote the welfare of the people of the state, maximize the economic growth of the state, and create and retain jobs in the state's industrial base through enhancement of Minnesota's:

(1) high technology research and development capabilities;

(2) product and process innovation and commercialization;

(3) high technology manufacturing capabilities;

(4) science and technology business environment; and

(5) science and technology workforce preparation.

(b) Project membership shall consist of science and technology experts from public, academic, and private sectors. A member must have a background in science or technology in order to serve on the project. The project members shall consist of at least 13 members as follows:

(1) a representative of the University of Minnesota;

(2) a representative of Minnesota State Colleges and Universities;

(3) the chief executive officer of Mayo Clinic or a designee; and

(4) six chief executive officers or designees from science- or technology-oriented companies and four representatives from science- and technology-oriented trade organizations.

(c) The commissioner of employment and economic development must report by January 15, 2010, to the legislative committees having jurisdiction over science and technology and economic development policy and finance on the activities of the project and must recommend changes or additions to its organization, including specific recommendations for necessary legislation.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116J.68, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Duties.** The bureau shall:

~~(a)~~ (1) provide information and assistance with respect to all aspects of business planning and business management related to the start-up, operation, or expansion of a small business in Minnesota;

~~(b)~~ (2) refer persons interested in the start-up, operation, or expansion of a small business in Minnesota to assistance programs sponsored by federal agencies, state agencies, educational institutions, chambers of commerce, civic organizations, community development groups, private industry associations, and other organizations ~~or to the business assistance referral system established by the Minnesota Project Outreach Corporation;~~

~~(c)~~ (3) plan, develop, and implement a master file of information on small business assistance programs of federal, state, and local governments, and other public and private organizations so as to provide comprehensive, timely information to the bureau's clients;

~~(d)~~ (4) employ staff with adequate and appropriate skills and education and training for the delivery of information and assistance;

~~(e)~~ (5) seek out and utilize, to the extent practicable, contributed expertise and services of federal, state, and local governments, educational institutions, and other public and private organizations;

~~(f)~~ (6) maintain a close and continued relationship with the director of the procurement program within the Department of Administration so as to facilitate the department's duties and responsibilities under sections 16C.16 to 16C.19 relating to the small targeted group business and economically disadvantaged business program of the state;

~~(g)~~ (7) develop an information system which will enable the commissioner and other state agencies to efficiently store, retrieve, analyze, and exchange data regarding small business development and growth in the state. All executive branch agencies of state government and the secretary of state shall to the extent practicable, assist the bureau in the development and implementation of the information system;

~~(h)~~ (8) establish and maintain a toll free telephone number so that all small business persons anywhere in the state can call the bureau office for assistance. An outreach program shall be established to make the existence of the bureau well known to its potential clientele throughout the state. If the small business person requires a referral to another provider the bureau may use the business assistance referral system established by the Minnesota Project Outreach Corporation;

~~(9)~~ (9) conduct research and provide data as required by the state legislature;

~~(10)~~ (10) develop and publish material on all aspects of the start-up, operation, or expansion of a small business in Minnesota;

~~(11)~~ (11) collect and disseminate information on state procurement opportunities, including information on the procurement process;

~~(12)~~ (12) develop a public awareness program through the use of newsletters, personal contacts, and electronic and print news media advertising about state assistance programs for small businesses, including those programs specifically for socially disadvantaged small business persons;

~~(13)~~ (13) enter into agreements with the federal government and other public and private entities to serve as the statewide coordinator or host agency for the federal small business development center program under United States Code, title 15, section 648; and

~~(14)~~ (14) assist providers in the evaluation of their programs and the assessment of their service area needs. The bureau may establish model evaluation techniques and performance standards for providers to use.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116J.8731, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Administration.** The commissioner shall administer the fund as part of the Small Cities Development Block Grant Program. Funds shall be made available to local communities and recognized Indian tribal governments in accordance with the rules adopted for economic development grants in the small cities community development block grant program, except that all units of general purpose local government are eligible applicants for Minnesota investment funds. The commissioner may also make funds available within the department for eligible expenditures under subdivision 3, clause (2). A home rule charter or statutory city, county, or town may loan or grant money received from repayment of funds awarded under this section to a regional development commission, other regional entity, or statewide community capital fund as determined by the commissioner, to capitalize or to provide the local match required for capitalization of a regional or statewide revolving loan fund.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116J.8731, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Eligible expenditures.** The money appropriated for this section may be used to ~~provide fund:~~

(1) grants for infrastructure, loans, loan guarantees, interest buy-downs, and other forms of participation with private sources of financing, provided that a loan to a private enterprise must be for a principal amount not to exceed one-half of the cost of the project for which financing is sought; ~~and~~

(2) strategic investments in renewable energy market development, such as low interest loans for renewable energy equipment manufacturing, training grants to support renewable energy workforce, development of a renewable energy supply chain that represents and strengthens the industry throughout the state, and external marketing to garner more national and international investment into Minnesota's renewable sector. Expenditures in external marketing for renewable energy market development are not subject to the limitations in clause (1).

Sec. 20. **[116J.997] PROGRAM ACCOUNTABILITY REQUIREMENTS.**

Subdivision 1. **Accountability measurement.** By October 1, 2009, the commissioner of employment and economic development shall develop a uniform accountability report for economic development or workforce related programs funded in whole or in part by state or federal funds. The commissioner shall also develop a formula for measuring the return on investment for each program and a comparison of the return on investment of all programs funded in whole or in part by state or federal funds. The requirements of this section apply to programs administered directly by the commissioner or administered by other employment organizations under a grant made by the department. The report and formula required by this subdivision shall be submitted to the chairs and ranking minority members of the committees of the house of representatives and senate having jurisdiction over economic development and workforce policy and finance by October 15, 2009, for review and comment.

Subd. 2. **Report to the legislature.** By December 31 of each even-numbered year the commissioner must report to the chairs and the ranking minority members of the committees of the house of representatives and the senate having jurisdiction over economic development and workforce policy and finance the following information for each program subject to the requirements of subdivision 1:

(1) the target population;

(2) the number of jobs affected by the program, including the number of net new jobs created in the state and the average annual wage per job;

(3) the number of individuals leaving the unemployment compensation program as a result of the program;

(4) the number of individuals leaving the Minnesota Family Investment Program support as a result of the program;

(5) the region of the state in which the program operated;

(6) the amount of state or federal funds allocated to the program;

(7) the return on investment as calculated by the formula developed by the commissioner; and

(8) the dollar amount and percentage of the total grant used for administrative expenses.

Subd. 3. **Report to the commissioner.** A recipient of a grant made by or through the department must report to the commissioner by September 1 of each even-numbered year on each of the items in subdivision 2 for each program it administers. The report must be in a format prescribed by the commissioner.

Beginning November 1, 2009, the commissioner shall provide notice to grant applicants and recipients regarding the data collection and reporting requirements under this subdivision and must provide technical assistance to applicants and recipients to assist in complying with the requirements of this subdivision.

Subd. 4. **Biennial budget request.** The information collected and reported under subdivisions 2 and 3 shall be included in budgets submitted to the legislature under section 16A.11.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116L.03, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Terms.** ~~The terms of appointed members shall be for four years except for the initial appointments. The initial appointments of the governor shall have the following terms: two members each for one, two, three, and four years.~~ The terms of appointed members shall be for four years. No member shall serve more than two terms, and no person shall be appointed after December 31, 2001, for any term that would cause that person to serve a total of more than eight years on the board. Compensation for board members is as provided in section 15.0575, subdivision 3.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116L.05, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Use of workforce development funds.** After March 1 of any fiscal year, the board may use workforce development funds for the purposes outlined in sections 116L.02, 116L.04, and 116L.10 to 116L.14, or to provide incumbent worker training services under section 116L.18 if the following conditions have been met:

(1) the board examines relevant economic indicators, including the projected number of layoffs for the remainder of the fiscal year and the next fiscal year, evidence of declining and expanding industries, the number of initial applications for and the number of exhaustions of unemployment benefits, job vacancy data, and any additional relevant information brought to the board's attention;

(2) the board accounts for all allocations made in section 116L.17, subdivision 2;

(3) based on the past expenditures and projected revenue, the board estimates future funding needs for services under section 116L.17 for the remainder of the current fiscal year and the next fiscal year;

(4) the board determines there will be unspent funds after meeting the needs of dislocated workers in the current fiscal year and there will be sufficient revenue to meet the needs of dislocated workers in the next fiscal year; and

(5) the board reports its findings in clauses (1) to (4) to the chairs of legislative committees with jurisdiction over the workforce development fund, to the commissioners of revenue and finance, and to the public.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116L.20, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Determination and collection of special assessment.** (a) In addition to amounts due from an employer under the Minnesota unemployment insurance program, each employer, except an employer making reimbursements is liable for a special assessment levied at the rate of .10 percent per year on all taxable wages, as defined in section 268.035, subdivision 24, except that effective July 1, 2009, until June 30, 2011, the special assessment shall be levied at a rate of .12 percent per year on all taxable wages as defined in section 268.035, subdivision 24. The assessment shall become due and be paid by each employer on the same schedule and in the same manner as other amounts due from an employer under section 268.051, subdivision 1.

(b) The special assessment levied under this section shall be subject to the same requirements and collection procedures as any amounts due from an employer under the Minnesota unemployment insurance program.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116L.362, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Generally.** (a) The commissioner shall make grants to eligible organizations for programs to provide education and training services to targeted youth. The purpose of these programs is to provide specialized training and work experience for targeted youth who have not been served effectively by the current educational system. The programs are to include a work experience component with work projects that result in the rehabilitation, improvement, or construction of (1) residential units for the homeless, ~~or~~; (2) improvements to the energy efficiency and environmental health of residential units and other green jobs purposes; (3) facilities to support community garden projects; or (4) education, social service, or health facilities which are owned by a public agency or a private nonprofit organization.

(b) Eligible facilities must principally provide services to homeless or very low income individuals and families, and include the following:

(1) Head Start or day care centers;

(2) homeless, battered women, or other shelters;

(3) transitional housing;

(4) youth or senior citizen centers; ~~and~~

(5) community health centers; ~~and~~

(6) community garden facilities.

Two or more eligible organizations may jointly apply for a grant. The commissioner shall administer the grant program.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116L.364, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Work experience component.** A work experience component must be included in each program. The work experience component must provide vocational skills training in an industry where there is a viable expectation of job opportunities. A training subsidy, living allowance, or stipend, not to exceed an amount equal to 100 percent of the poverty line for a family of two as defined in United States Code, title 42, section 673, paragraph (2), may be provided to program participants. The wage or stipend must be provided to participants who are recipients of public assistance in a manner or amount which will not reduce public assistance benefits. The work experience component must be designed so that work projects result in (1) the expansion or improvement of residential units for homeless persons and very low income families; ~~or;~~ (2) improvements to the energy efficiency and environmental health of residential units; (3) facilities to support community garden projects; or (4) rehabilitation, improvement, or construction of eligible education, social service, or health facilities that principally serve homeless or very low income individuals and families. Any work project must include direct supervision by individuals skilled in each specific vocation. Program participants may earn credits toward the completion of their secondary education from their participation in the work experience component.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116L.871, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Responsibility and certification.** (a) Unless prohibited by federal law or otherwise determined by state law, a local service unit is responsible for the delivery of employment and training services. ~~As of July 1, 1998,~~ Employment and training services may be delivered by certified employment and training service providers.

(b) The local service unit's employment and training service provider must meet the certification standards in this subdivision if the county requests that they be certified to deliver any of the following employment and training services and programs: wage subsidies; general assistance grant diversion; food stamp employment and training programs; community work experience programs; and MFIP employment services.

(c) The commissioner shall certify a local service unit's service provider to provide these employment and training services and programs if the commissioner determines that the provider has:

(1) past experience in direct delivery of the programs specified in paragraph (b);

(2) staff capabilities and qualifications, including adequate staff to provide timely and effective services to clients, and proven staff experience in providing specific services such as assessments, career planning, job development, job placement, support services, and knowledge of community services and educational resources;

(3) demonstrated effectiveness in providing services to public assistance recipients and other economically disadvantaged clients; and

(4) demonstrated administrative capabilities, including adequate fiscal and accounting procedures, financial management systems, participant data systems, and record retention procedures.

(d) When the only service provider that meets the criterion in paragraph (c), clause (1), has been decertified, according to subdivision 1a, in that local service unit, the following criteria shall be substituted: past experience in direct delivery of multiple, coordinated, nonduplicative services, including outreach, assessments, identification of client barriers, employability development plans, and provision or referral to support services.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116L.96, is amended to read:

116L.96 DISPLACED HOMEMAKER PROGRAMS.

The commissioner of ~~economic security~~ employment and economic development may enter into arrangements with existing private or nonprofit organizations and agencies with experience in dealing with displaced homemakers to provide counseling and training services. The commissioner shall assist displaced homemakers in applying for appropriate welfare programs and shall take welfare allowances received into account in setting the stipend level. Income received as a stipend under these programs shall be totally disregarded for purposes of determining eligibility for and the amount of a general assistance grant.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116O.115, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Qualified company.** A company is qualified to receive assistance under the small business growth acceleration program if ~~it~~ the company is a manufacturing company or a manufacturing-related service company that employs ~~400~~ 250 or fewer full-time equivalent employees.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116O.115, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Fund awards; use of funds.** (a) The corporation shall establish procedures for determining which applicants for assistance under the small business growth acceleration program will receive program funding. Funding shall be awarded only to accelerate a qualified company's adoption of needed technology or business improvements when the corporation concludes that it is unlikely the improvements could be accomplished in any other way.

(b) The maximum amount of funds awarded to a qualified company under the small business growth acceleration program for a particular project must not exceed ~~50~~ 75 percent of the total cost of a project and must not under any circumstances exceed \$25,000 during a calendar year. The corporation shall not award to a qualified company small business growth acceleration program funds in excess of \$50,000 per year.

(c) Any funds awarded to a qualified company under the small business growth acceleration program must be used for business services and products that will enhance the operation of the company. These business services and products must come either directly from the corporation or from a network of expert providers identified and approved by the corporation. No company receiving small business growth acceleration program funds may use the funds for refinancing, overhead costs, new construction, renovation, equipment, or computer hardware.

(d) Any funds awarded must be disbursed to the qualified company as reimbursement documented according to requirements of the corporation.

(e) Receipt of funds from an award under this section is contingent upon a contribution of funds by the qualified company to the project, as follows:

(1) a company with under 50 employees must contribute one dollar for every three dollars of program assistance awarded;

(2) a company with 50 to 100 employees must contribute one dollar for every one dollar of program assistance awarded; and

(3) a company with 101 to 250 employees must contribute three dollars for every one dollar of program assistance awarded.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123A.08, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Outside sources for resources and services.** A center may accept:

(1) resources and services from postsecondary institutions serving center pupils;

(2) resources from ~~Job Training Partnership Act~~ Workforce Investment Act of 1998, Public Law 105-220 programs, including funding for jobs skills training for various groups and the percentage reserved for education;

(3) resources from the Department of Human Services and county welfare funding;

(4) resources from a local education and employment transitions partnership; or

(5) private resources, foundation grants, gifts, corporate contributions, and other grants.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.49, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Local education and employment transitions systems.** A local education and employment transitions partnership must assess the needs of employers, employees, and learners, and develop a plan for implementing and achieving the objectives of a local or regional education and employment transitions system. The plan must provide for a comprehensive local system for assisting learners and workers in making the transition from school to work or for retraining in a new vocational area. The objectives of a local education and employment transitions system include:

(1) increasing the effectiveness of the educational programs and curriculum of elementary, secondary, and postsecondary schools and the work site in preparing students in the skills and knowledge needed to be successful in the workplace;

(2) implementing learner outcomes for students in grades kindergarten through 12 designed to introduce the world of work and to explore career opportunities, including nontraditional career opportunities;

(3) eliminating barriers to providing effective integrated applied learning, service-learning, or work-based curriculum;

(4) increasing opportunities to apply academic knowledge and skills, including skills needed in the workplace, in local settings which include the school, school-based enterprises, postsecondary institutions, the workplace, and the community;

(5) increasing applied instruction in the attitudes and skills essential for success in the workplace, including cooperative working, leadership, problem-solving, and respect for diversity;

(6) providing staff training for vocational guidance counselors, teachers, and other appropriate staff in the importance of preparing learners for the transition to work, and in methods of providing instruction that incorporate applied learning, work-based learning, and service-learning experiences;

(7) identifying and enlisting local and regional employers who can effectively provide work-based or service-learning opportunities, including, but not limited to, apprenticeships, internships, and mentorships;

(8) recruiting community and workplace mentors including peers, parents, employers and employed individuals from the community, and employers of high school students;

(9) identifying current and emerging educational, training, and employment needs of the area or region, especially within industries with potential for job growth;

(10) improving the coordination and effectiveness of local vocational and job training programs, including vocational education, adult basic education, tech prep, apprenticeship, service-learning, youth entrepreneur, youth training and employment programs administered by the commissioner of employment and economic development, and local job training programs under the ~~Job Training Partnership Act, United States Code, title 29, section 1501, et seq.~~ Workforce Investment Act of 1998, Public Law 105-220;

(11) identifying and applying for federal, state, local, and private sources of funding for vocational or applied learning programs;

(12) providing students with current information and counseling about career opportunities, potential employment, educational opportunities in postsecondary institutions, workplaces, and the community, and the skills and knowledge necessary to succeed;

(13) providing educational technology, including interactive television networks and other distance learning methods, to ensure access to a broad variety of work-based learning opportunities;

(14) including students with disabilities in a district's vocational or applied learning program and ways to serve at-risk learners through collaboration with area learning centers under sections 123A.05 to 123A.09, or other alternative programs; and

(15) providing a warranty to employers, postsecondary education programs, and other postsecondary training programs, that learners successfully completing a high school work-based or applied learning program will be able to apply the knowledge and work skills included in the program outcomes or graduation requirements. The warranty shall require education and training programs to continue to work with those learners that need additional skill development until they can demonstrate achievement of the program outcomes or graduation requirements.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 160.276, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. **Revenue.** The agreement may provide that the vendor pay a portion of the gross revenues derived from advertising. These revenues must be paid to the state for deposit in the safety rest area account established in section 160.2745. The commissioner of transportation and director of ~~the Office of~~ Explore Minnesota Tourism may enter into an interagency agreement to define the distribution of the revenues generated in this subdivision and subdivisions 2a and 3a.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 241.27, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Establishment of Minnesota correctional industries; MINNCOR industries.** For the purpose of providing adequate, regular and suitable employment, educational training, and to aid the inmates of state correctional facilities, the commissioner of corrections may establish, equip, maintain and operate at any correctional facility under the commissioner's control such industrial and commercial activities as may be deemed necessary and suitable to the profitable employment, educational training and development of proper work habits of the inmates of state correctional facilities. The industrial and commercial activities authorized by this section are designated MINNCOR industries and shall be for the primary purpose of sustaining and ensuring MINNCOR industries' self-sufficiency, providing educational training, meaningful employment and the teaching of proper work habits to the inmates of correctional facilities under the control of the commissioner of corrections, and not solely as competitive business ventures. The net profits from these activities shall be used for the benefit of the inmates as it relates to education, self-sufficiency skills, and transition services and not to fund non-inmate-related activities or mandates. Prior to the establishment of any industrial and commercial activity, the commissioner of corrections may consult with representatives of business, industry, organized labor, the state Department of Education, the state Apprenticeship Council, the state Department of Labor and Industry, the Department of Employment ~~Security and~~ Economic Development, the Department of Administration, and such other persons and bodies as the commissioner may feel are qualified to determine the quantity and nature of the goods, wares, merchandise and services to be made or provided, and the types of processes to be used in their manufacture, processing, repair, and production consistent with the greatest opportunity for the reform and educational training of the inmates, and with the best interests of the state, business, industry and labor.

The commissioner of corrections shall, at all times in the conduct of any industrial or commercial activity authorized by this section, utilize inmate labor to the greatest extent feasible, provided, however, that the commissioner may employ all administrative, supervisory and other skilled workers necessary to the proper instruction of the inmates and the profitable and efficient operation of the industrial and commercial activities authorized by this section.

Additionally, the commissioner of corrections may authorize the director of any correctional facility under the commissioner's control to accept work projects from outside sources for processing, fabrication or repair, provided that preference shall be given to the performance of such work projects for state departments and agencies.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 248.061, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Eligible individual.** "Eligible individual" means an individual who is eligible for library loan services through the Library of Congress and the ~~State Library for the Blind and Physically Handicapped~~ Minnesota Braille and Talking Book Library under Code of Federal Regulations, title 36, section 701.10, subsection (b).

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 248.07, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Blind, vending stands and machines on governmental property; liability limited.** (a) Notwithstanding any other law, for the rehabilitation of blind persons the commissioner shall have exclusive authority to establish and to operate vending stands and vending machines in all buildings and properties owned or rented exclusively by the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities at a state university, a community college, a consolidated community technical college, or a technical college served by the commissioner before January 1, 1996, or by any department or agency of the state of Minnesota except the Department of Natural Resources properties operated directly by the Division of State Parks and not subject to private leasing. ~~The merchandise to be dispensed by such~~ Vending stands and machines authorized under this subdivision may include dispense nonalcoholic beverages, food, candies, tobacco, souvenirs, notions and related items. ~~Such vending stands and vending machines herein authorized shall~~ and must be operated on the same basis as other vending stands for the blind established and supervised by the commissioner under federal law. The commissioner shall waive this authority to displace any present private individual concessionaire in any state-owned or rented building or property who is operating under a contract with a specific renewal or termination date, until the renewal or termination date. With the consent of the governing body of a governmental subdivision of the state, the commissioner may establish and supervise vending stands and vending machines for the blind in any building or property exclusively owned or rented by the governmental subdivision.

(b) The Department of Employment and Economic Development is not liable under chapter 176 for any injury sustained by a blind vendor's employee or agent. The Department of Employment and Economic Development, its officers, and its agents are not liable for the acts or omissions of a blind vendor or of a blind vendor's employee or agent that may result in the blind vendor's liability to third parties. The Department of Employment and Economic Development, its officers, and its agents are not liable for negligence based on any theory of liability for claims arising from the relationship created under this subdivision with the blind vendor.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 248.07, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. **Use of revolving fund, licenses for operation of vending machines stands.** (a) The revolving fund created by Laws 1947, chapter 535, section 5, is continued as provided in this subdivision and shall be known as the revolving fund for vocational rehabilitation of the blind. It shall be used for the purchase of equipment and supplies for establishing and operating of vending stands by blind persons. All income, receipts, earnings, and federal ~~grants~~ vending machine income due to the operation ~~thereof~~ of vending stands operated under this subdivision shall also be paid into the fund. All interest earned on money accrued in the fund must be credited to the fund by the commissioner of finance. All equipment, supplies, and expenses for setting up these stands shall be paid for from the fund.

~~(b) Authority is hereby given to~~ The commissioner is authorized to use the money available in the revolving fund that originated as operational charges to individuals licensed under this subdivision for the establishment, operation, and supervision of vending stands by blind persons for the following purposes:

- (1) purchase, upkeep and replacement of equipment;
- (2) expenses incidental to the setting up of new stands and improvement of old stands;
- (3) reimbursement under section 15.059 to individual blind vending operators for reasonable expenses incurred in attending supervisory meetings as called by the commissioner and other expenditures for management services consistent with federal law; and
- (4) purchase of fringe benefits for blind vending operators and their employees such as group health insurance, retirement program, vacation or sick leave assistance provided that the purchase of any fringe benefit is approved by a majority vote of blind vending operators licensed pursuant to this subdivision after the commissioner provides to each blind vending operator information on all matters relevant to the fringe benefits. "Majority vote" means a majority of blind vending operators voting. Fringe benefits shall be paid only from assessments of operators for specific benefits, gifts to the fund for fringe benefit purposes, and vending income which is not assignable to an individual stand.

(c) Money originally deposited as merchandise and supplies repayments by individuals licensed under this subdivision may be expended for initial and replacement stocks of supplies and merchandise. Money originally deposited from vending income on federal property must be spent consistent with federal law.

(d) All other deposits may be used for the purchase of general liability insurance or any other expense related to the operation and supervision of vending stands.

(e) The commissioner shall issue each license for the operation of a vending stand or vending machine for an indefinite period but may terminate any license in the manner provided. In granting licenses for new or vacated stands preference on the basis of seniority of experience in operating stands under the control of the commissioner shall be given to capable operators who are deemed competent to handle the enterprise under consideration. Application of this preference shall not prohibit the commissioner from selecting an operator from the community in which the stand is located.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 256J.626, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. County and tribal biennial service agreements. (a) Effective January 1, 2004, and each two-year period thereafter, each county and tribe must have in place an approved biennial service agreement related to the services and programs in this chapter. In counties with a city of the first class with a population over 300,000, the county must consider a service agreement that includes a jointly developed plan for the delivery of employment services with the city. Counties may collaborate to develop multicounty, multitribal, or regional service agreements.

(b) The service agreements will be completed in a form prescribed by the commissioner. The agreement must include:

- (1) a statement of the needs of the service population and strengths and resources in the community;
- (2) numerical goals for participant outcomes measures to be accomplished during the biennial period. The commissioner may identify outcomes from section 256J.751, subdivision 2, as core outcomes for all counties and tribes;

(3) strategies the county or tribe will pursue to achieve the outcome targets. Strategies must include specification of how funds under this section will be used and may include community partnerships that will be established or strengthened;

(4) strategies the county or tribe will pursue under family stabilization services; and

(5) other items prescribed by the commissioner in consultation with counties and tribes.

(c) The commissioner shall provide each county and tribe with information needed to complete an agreement, including: (1) information on MFIP cases in the county or tribe; (2) comparisons with the rest of the state; (3) baseline performance on outcome measures; and (4) promising program practices.

(d) The service agreement must be submitted to the commissioner by October 15, 2003, and October 15 of each second year thereafter. The county or tribe must allow a period of not less than 30 days prior to the submission of the agreement to solicit comments from the public on the contents of the agreement.

(e) The commissioner must, within 60 days of receiving each county or tribal service agreement, inform the county or tribe if the service agreement is approved. If the service agreement is not approved, the commissioner must inform the county or tribe of any revisions needed prior to approval.

~~(f) The service agreement in this subdivision supersedes the plan requirements of section 116L.88.~~

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 256J.66, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Establishing the on-the-job training program.** (a) County agencies may develop on-the-job training programs for MFIP caregivers who are participating in employment and training services. A county agency that chooses to provide on-the-job training may make payments to employers for on-the-job training costs that, during the period of the training, must not exceed 50 percent of the wages paid by the employer to the participant. The payments are deemed to be in compensation for the extraordinary costs associated with training participants under this section and in compensation for the costs associated with the lower productivity of the participants during training.

(b) Provision of an on-the-job training program under the ~~Job Training Partnership Act~~ Workforce Investment Act of 1998, Public Law 105-220, in and of itself, does not qualify as an on-the-job training program under this section.

(c) ~~Employers must compensate~~ participants in on-the-job training ~~shall be compensated by the employer~~ at the same rates, including periodic increases, as similarly situated employees or trainees and in accordance with applicable law, but in no event less than the federal or applicable state minimum wage, whichever is higher.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268A.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Application.** Any city, town, county, nonprofit corporation, regional treatment center, or any combination thereof, may apply to the commissioner for assistance in establishing or operating a community rehabilitation facility. Application for assistance ~~shall~~ must be on forms prescribed by the commissioner. ~~Each applicant shall annually submit to the commissioner its plan and budget for the next fiscal year. No~~ An applicant shall be is not eligible for a grant hereunder under this section unless its plan and budget audited financial statements of the prior fiscal year have been approved by the commissioner.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 469.169, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Evaluation of applications.** (a) The commissioner shall review and evaluate the applications submitted pursuant to subdivision 2 and shall determine whether each area is eligible for designation as an enterprise zone. In determining whether an area is eligible under section 469.168, subdivision 4, paragraph (a), if unemployment, employment, income, or other necessary data are not available for the area from the federal departments of labor or commerce or the state demographer, the commissioner may rely upon other data submitted by the municipality if the commissioner determines it is statistically reliable or accurate. The commissioner, together with the commissioner of revenue, shall prepare an estimate of the amount of state tax revenue which will be foregone for each application if the area is designated as a zone.

(b) By October 1 of each year, the commissioner shall submit to the Legislative Advisory Commission a list of the areas eligible for designation as enterprise zones, along with recommendations for designation and supporting documentation. In making recommendations for designation, the commissioner shall consider and evaluate the applications pursuant to the following criteria:

- (1) the pervasiveness of poverty, unemployment, and general distress in the area;
- (2) the extent of chronic abandonment, deterioration, or reduction in value of commercial, industrial, or residential structures in the area and the extent of property tax arrearages in the area;
- (3) the prospects for new investment and economic development in the area with the tax reductions proposed in the application relative to the state and local tax revenue which would be foregone;
- (4) the competing needs of other areas of the state;
- (5) the municipality's proposed use of other state and federal development funds or programs to increase the probability of new investment and development occurring;
- (6) the extent to which the projected development in the zone will provide employment to residents of the economic hardship area, and particularly individuals who are unemployed or who are economically disadvantaged as defined in the federal Job Training Partnership Act of 1982, Volume 96, Statutes at Large, page 1322 Workforce Investment Act of 1998, Public Law 105-220;
- (7) the funds available pursuant to subdivision 7; and
- (8) other relevant factors that the commissioner specifies in the commissioner's recommendations.

(c) The commissioner shall submit a separate list of the areas entitled to designation as federally designated zones and border city zones along with recommendations for the amount of funds to be allocated to each area.

Sec. 41. **ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY WORKING GROUP.**

(a) An 18-member bipartisan working group with members from all geographic areas of the state to develop an economic development strategy to guide job and business growth in Minnesota and to strengthen the state's economy is established. The working group consists of six members of the house of representatives and three members of the public appointed by the speaker of the house and six members of the senate and three members of the public appointed by the subcommittee on committees of the senate. The working group is responsible to review and analyze Minnesota's current economic development strategy and make recommendations on improvements according to this section. The Legislative Coordinating Commission under Minnesota Statutes, section 3.303, must provide staff support for the working group.

(b) The working group must conduct an academic and practitioner led effort to:

- (1) perform best practices research on economic development principles to apply to Minnesota;

(2) assess Minnesota's current economic development strategies, including tax incentives and appropriation funded programs and grants to determine how well these strategies are working and how they compare to best practices;

(3) develop a comprehensive strategy to move Minnesota's economy forward;

(4) develop a set of benchmarks to measure Minnesota's investments in economic development strategies; and

(5) recommend the best structure to govern and lead Minnesota's economic development strategy.

(c) Appointments to the working group shall be made by June 1, 2009, and the first meeting shall be convened no later than July 1, 2009. The task force shall elect a chair from among its members at the first meeting. The working group may contract for research studies and assistance necessary to fulfill its responsibilities. The working group must report to the committees of the legislature with responsibility for economic development by February 15, 2010.

Sec. 42. **APPROPRIATION; GREEN ENTERPRISE ASSISTANCE.**

The remaining balance of the fiscal year 2009 special revenue fund appropriation for the Green Jobs Task Force under Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 6, section 3, subdivision 4, is transferred and appropriated to the commissioner of employment and economic development for the purposes of green enterprise assistance under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.438. This appropriation is available until spent.

Sec. 43. **REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.**

The revisor of statutes shall renumber Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.58, subdivision 2, as Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.035, subdivision 1a, and shall revise statutory cross-references consistent with that renumbering.

Sec. 44. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 116J.402; 116J.413; 116J.431, subdivision 5; 116J.58, subdivision 1; 116J.59; 116J.61; 116J.656; 116L.16; 116L.88; and 116U.65, are repealed.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

ARTICLE 3

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE POLICY

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.052, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Election by state or political subdivision to be a taxpaying employer.** (a) The state or political subdivision may elect to be a taxpaying employer for any calendar year if a notice of election is filed within 30 calendar days following January 1 of that calendar year. Upon election, the state or political subdivision must be assigned the new employer tax rate under section 268.051, subdivision 5, for the calendar year of the election and unless or until it qualifies for an experience rating under section 268.051, subdivision 3.

(b) An election is for a minimum period of two calendar years following the effective date of the election and continue unless a notice terminating the election is filed not later than 30 calendar days before the beginning of the calendar year. The termination is effective at the beginning of the next calendar year. ~~Upon election, the commissioner shall establish a reimbursable account for the state or political subdivision. A termination of election is allowed only if the state or political subdivision has, since the beginning of the experience rating period under~~

~~section 268.051, subdivision 3, paid taxes equal to or more than 125 percent of the unemployment benefits used in computing the experience rating. In addition, any unemployment benefits paid after the experience rating period are transferred to the new reimbursable account of the state or political subdivision. If the amount of taxes paid since the beginning of the experience rating period exceeds 125 percent of the amount of unemployment benefits paid during the experience rating period, that amount in excess is applied against any unemployment benefits paid after the experience rating period.~~

(c) The method of payments to the trust fund under subdivisions 3 and 4 applies to all taxes paid by or due from the state or political subdivision that elects to be taxpaying employers under this subdivision.

(d) A notice of election or a notice terminating election must be filed by electronic transmission in a format prescribed by the commissioner.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.053, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Election.** (a) Any nonprofit organization that has employees in covered employment must pay taxes on a quarterly basis in accordance with section 268.051 unless it elects to make reimbursements to the trust fund the amount of unemployment benefits charged to its reimbursable account under section 268.047.

The organization may elect to make reimbursements for a period of not less than two calendar years beginning with the date that the organization was determined to be an employer with covered employment by filing a notice of election not later than 30 calendar days after the date of the determination.

(b) Any nonprofit organization that makes an election will continue to be liable for reimbursements until it files a notice terminating its election not later than 30 calendar days before the beginning of the calendar year the termination is to be effective.

(c) A nonprofit organization that has been making reimbursements that files a notice of termination of election must be assigned the new employer tax rate under section 268.051, subdivision 5, for the calendar year of the termination of election and unless or until it qualifies for an experience rating under section 268.051, subdivision 3.

~~(d) Any nonprofit organization that has been paying taxes may elect to make reimbursements by filing no less than 30 calendar days before January 1 of any calendar year a notice of election. Upon election, the commissioner shall establish a reimbursable account for the nonprofit organization. An election is allowed only if the nonprofit organization has, since the beginning of the experience rating period under section 268.051, subdivision 3, paid taxes equal to or more than 125 percent of the unemployment benefits used in computing the experience rating. In addition, any unemployment benefits paid after the experience rating period are transferred to the new reimbursable account of the nonprofit organization. If the amount of taxes paid since the beginning of the experience rating period exceeds 125 percent of the amount of unemployment benefits paid during the experience rating period, that amount in excess is applied against any unemployment benefits paid after the experience rating period. The election is not terminable by the organization for that and the next calendar year.~~

(e) The commissioner may for good cause extend the period that a notice of election, or a notice of termination, must be filed and may permit an election to be retroactive.

(f) A notice of election or notice terminating election must be filed by electronic transmission in a format prescribed by the commissioner.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.066, is amended to read:

268.066 CANCELLATION OF AMOUNTS DUE FROM AN EMPLOYER.

(a) The commissioner ~~shall~~ must cancel as uncollectible any amounts due from an employer under this chapter or section 116L.20, that remain unpaid six years after the amounts have been first determined due, except where the delinquent amounts are secured by a notice of lien, a judgment, are in the process of garnishment, or are under a payment plan.

(b) The commissioner may cancel at any time as uncollectible any amount due, or any portion of an amount due, from an employer under this chapter or section 116L.20, that (1) are uncollectible due to death or bankruptcy, or (2) the Collection Division of the Department of Revenue under section 16D.04 was unable to collect, ~~or~~ ~~(3)~~.

(c) The commissioner may cancel at any time any interest, penalties, or fees due from an employer, or any portions due, if the commissioner determines that it is not in the public interest to pursue collection of the amount due. This paragraph does not apply to unemployment insurance taxes or reimbursements due.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.067, is amended to read:

268.067 COMPROMISE.

(a) The commissioner may compromise in whole or in part any action, determination, or decision that affects only an employer and not an applicant, ~~and that has occurred during the prior 24 months~~. This paragraph ~~may apply~~ applies if it is determined by a court of law, or a confession of judgment, that an applicant, while employed, wrongfully took from the employer \$500 or more in money or property.

(b) The commissioner may at any time compromise any ~~amount~~ unemployment insurance tax or reimbursement due from an employer under this chapter or section 116L.20.

(c) Any compromise involving an amount over ~~\$2,500~~ \$10,000 must be authorized by an attorney licensed to practice law in Minnesota who is an employee of the department designated by the commissioner for that purpose.

(d) Any compromise must be in the best interest of the state of Minnesota.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.069, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Unemployment benefits paid from state funds.** Unemployment benefits are paid from state funds and are not considered paid from any special insurance plan, nor as paid by an employer. An application for unemployment benefits is not considered a claim against an employer but is considered a request for unemployment benefits from the trust fund. The commissioner has the responsibility for the proper payment of unemployment benefits regardless of the level of interest or participation by an applicant or an employer in any determination or appeal. An applicant's entitlement to unemployment benefits must be determined based upon that information available ~~without regard to any burden of proof~~, and any agreement between an applicant and an employer is not binding on the commissioner in determining an applicant's entitlement. There is no presumption of entitlement or nonentitlement to unemployment benefits.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.07, subdivision 3b, is amended to read:

Subd. 3b. **Limitations on applications and benefit accounts.** (a) An application for unemployment benefits is effective the Sunday of the calendar week that the application was filed. ~~Upon specific request of an applicant,~~ An application for unemployment benefits may be backdated one calendar week before the Sunday of the week the application was actually filed if the applicant requests the backdating at the time the application is filed. An application may be backdated only if the applicant ~~was unemployed throughout~~ had no employment during the period of the backdating. If an individual attempted to file an application for unemployment benefits, but was prevented from filing an application by the department, the application is effective the Sunday of the calendar week the individual first attempted to file an application.

(b) A benefit account established under subdivision 2 is effective the date the application for unemployment benefits was effective.

(c) A benefit account, once established, may later be withdrawn only if:

(1) the applicant has not been paid any unemployment benefits on that benefit account; and

(2) a new application for unemployment benefits is filed and a new benefit account is established at the time of the withdrawal; and

~~(2) the applicant has not served the nonpayable waiting week under section 268.085, subdivision 1, clause (5).~~

A determination or amended determination of eligibility or ineligibility issued under section 268.101, that was ~~issued~~ sent before the withdrawal of the benefit account, remains in effect and is not voided by the withdrawal of the benefit account. A determination of ineligibility requiring subsequent earnings to satisfy the period of ineligibility under section 268.095, subdivision 10, applies to the weekly unemployment benefit amount on the new benefit account.

(d) An application for unemployment benefits is not allowed before the Sunday following the expiration of the benefit year on a prior benefit account. Except as allowed under paragraph ~~(b)~~ (c), an applicant may establish only one benefit account each 52 calendar weeks.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.085, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Payments that delay unemployment benefits.** (a) An applicant is not eligible to receive unemployment benefits for any week with respect to which the applicant is receiving, has received, or has filed for payment, equal to or in excess of the applicant's weekly unemployment benefit amount, in the form of:

(1) vacation pay paid upon temporary, indefinite, or seasonal separation. This clause does not apply to (i) vacation pay paid upon a permanent separation from employment, or (ii) vacation pay paid from a vacation fund administered by a union or a third party not under the control of the employer;

(2) severance pay, bonus pay, sick pay, and any other payments, except earnings under subdivision 5, and back pay under subdivision 6, paid by an employer because of, upon, or after separation from employment, but only if the payment is considered wages at the time of payment under section 268.035, subdivision 29; or

(3) pension, retirement, or annuity payments from any plan contributed to by a base period employer including the United States government, except Social Security benefits that are provided for in subdivision 4. The base period employer is considered to have contributed to the plan if the contribution is excluded from the definition of wages under section 268.035, subdivision 29, clause (1).

If the pension, retirement, or annuity payment is paid in a lump sum, an applicant is not considered to have received the lump sum a payment if (i) the applicant immediately deposits that payment in a qualified pension plan or account, or (ii) that payment is an early distribution for which the applicant paid an early distribution penalty under the Internal Revenue Code, United States Code, title 26, section 72(t)(1).

(b) This subdivision applies to all the weeks of payment. Payments under paragraph (a), ~~clauses (1) and (2)~~ clause (1), are applied to the period immediately following the last day of employment. The number of weeks of payment is determined as follows:

(1) if the payments are made periodically, the total of the payments to be received is divided by the applicant's last level of regular weekly pay from the employer; or

(2) if the payment is made in a lump sum, that sum is divided by the applicant's last level of regular weekly pay from the employer.

(c) If the payment is less than the applicant's weekly unemployment benefit amount, unemployment benefits are reduced by the amount of the payment. ~~If the computation of reduced unemployment benefits is not a whole dollar, it is rounded down to the next lower whole dollar.~~

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and is retroactive to December 1, 2008.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.085, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Receipt of back pay.** (a) Back pay received by an applicant within 24 months of the establishment of the benefit account with respect to any week occurring ~~in the 104 weeks before the payment of the back pay during the benefit year~~ must be deducted from unemployment benefits paid for that week.

If the back pay is not paid with respect to a specific period, the back pay must be applied to the period immediately following the last day of employment.

(b) If the back pay is reduced by the amount of unemployment benefits that have been paid, the amount of back pay withheld must be:

(1) paid by the employer to the trust fund within 30 calendar days and subject to the same collection procedures that apply to past due taxes;

(2) applied to unemployment benefit overpayments resulting from the payment of the back pay; and

(3) credited to the maximum amount of unemployment benefits available to the applicant in a benefit year that includes the weeks for which back pay was deducted.

(c) Unemployment benefits paid the applicant must be removed from the computation of the tax rate for taxpaying employers and removed from the reimbursable account for nonprofit and government employers that have elected to be liable for reimbursements in the calendar quarter the trust fund receives payment.

(d) Payments to the trust fund under this subdivision are considered as made by the applicant.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.085, subdivision 15, is amended to read:

Subd. 15. **Available for suitable employment defined.** (a) "Available for suitable employment" means an applicant is ready and willing to accept suitable employment ~~in the labor market area~~. The attachment to the work force must be genuine. An applicant may restrict availability to suitable employment, but there must be no other restrictions, either self-imposed or created by circumstances, temporary or permanent, that prevent accepting suitable employment.

(b) To be considered "available for suitable employment," a student must be willing to quit school to accept suitable employment.

(c) An applicant who is absent from the labor market area for personal reasons, other than to search for work, is not "available for suitable employment."

(d) An applicant who has restrictions on the hours of the day or days of the week that the applicant can or will work, that are not normal for the applicant's usual occupation or other suitable employment, is not "available for suitable employment." An applicant must be available for daytime employment, if suitable employment is performed during the daytime, even though the applicant previously worked the night shift.

~~(e) An applicant must have transportation throughout the labor market area to be considered "available for suitable employment."~~

Sec. 10. **[268.088] BENEFITS PAID DURING CERTAIN VOLUNTARY UNEMPLOYMENT.**

(a) An applicant who elects to become temporarily unemployed in order to avoid the layoff of another employee with the applicant's employer due to lack of work is not ineligible for benefits under the leave of absence provisions of section 268.085, subdivision 13a, nor ineligible under the quit provisions of section 268.095, if:

(1) the election is authorized under a collective bargaining agreement or written employer policy;

(2) the employer has accepted the applicant's election;

(3) the employer provides a written certification that is provided to the department that the applicant's election prevented another employee with the employer from being laid off due to lack of work; and

(4) both the applicant and the employer, at the time of the election, expect the applicant's unemployment from the employer to be temporary.

(b) In addition to the requirements of paragraph (a), for unemployment benefits to be payable, an applicant must meet all the other benefit eligibility requirements under this chapter, including being available for suitable employment with a different employer.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.095, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Quit.** An applicant who quit employment is ineligible for all unemployment benefits according to subdivision 10 except when:

(1) the applicant quit the employment because of a good reason caused by the employer as defined in subdivision 3;

(2) the applicant quit the employment to accept other covered employment that provided substantially better terms and conditions of employment, but the applicant did not work long enough at the second employment to have sufficient subsequent earnings to satisfy the period of ineligibility that would otherwise be imposed under subdivision 10 for quitting the first employment;

(3) the applicant quit the employment within 30 calendar days of beginning the employment because the employment was unsuitable for the applicant;

(4) the employment was unsuitable for the applicant and the applicant quit to enter reemployment assistance training;

(5) the employment was part time and the applicant also had full-time employment in the base period, from which full-time employment the applicant separated because of reasons for which the applicant was held not to be ineligible, and the wage credits from the full-time employment are sufficient to meet the minimum requirements to establish a benefit account under section 268.07;

(6) the applicant quit because the employer notified the applicant that the applicant was going to be laid off because of lack of work within 30 calendar days. An applicant who quit employment within 30 calendar days of a notified date of layoff because of lack of work is ineligible for unemployment benefits through the end of the week that includes the scheduled date of layoff;

(7) the applicant quit the employment because the applicant's serious illness or injury made it medically necessary that the applicant quit, provided that the applicant inform the employer of the serious illness or injury and request accommodation and no reasonable accommodation is made available.

If the applicant's serious illness is chemical dependency, this exception does not apply if the applicant was previously diagnosed as chemically dependent or had treatment for chemical dependency, and since that diagnosis or treatment has failed to make consistent efforts to control the chemical dependency.

This exception raises an issue of the applicant's ~~being able to work~~ availability being available for suitable employment under section 268.085, subdivision 1, that the commissioner ~~shall~~ must determine;

(8) the applicant's loss of child care for the applicant's minor child caused the applicant to quit the employment, provided the applicant made reasonable effort to obtain other child care and requested time off or other accommodation from the employer and no reasonable accommodation is available.

This exception raises an issue of the applicant's ~~availability being available~~ availability being available for suitable employment under section 268.085, subdivision 1, that the commissioner ~~shall~~ must determine; or

(9) domestic abuse of the applicant or the applicant's minor child, necessitated the applicant's quitting the employment. Domestic abuse must be shown by one or more of the following:

(i) a district court order for protection or other documentation of equitable relief issued by a court;

(ii) a police record documenting the domestic abuse;

(iii) documentation that the perpetrator of the domestic abuse has been convicted of the offense of domestic abuse;

(iv) medical documentation of domestic abuse; or

(v) written statement that the applicant or the applicant's minor child is a victim of domestic abuse, provided by a social worker, member of the clergy, shelter worker, attorney at law, or other professional who has assisted the applicant in dealing with the domestic abuse.

Domestic abuse for purposes of this clause is defined under section 518B.01.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.095, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Quit defined.** (a) A quit from employment occurs when the decision to end the employment was, at the time the employment ended, the employee's.

(b) An employee who has been notified that the employee will be discharged in the future, who chooses to end the employment while employment in any capacity is still available, is considered to have quit the employment.

(c) An employee who seeks to withdraw a previously submitted notice of quitting is considered to have quit the employment if the employer does not agree that the notice may be withdrawn.

(d) An applicant who, within five calendar days after completion of a suitable temporary job assignment from a staffing service employer, (1) fails without good cause to affirmatively request an additional job assignment, ~~or~~ (2) refuses without good cause an additional suitable job assignment offered, or (3) accepts employment with the client of the staffing service, is considered to have quit employment with the staffing service. Accepting employment with the client of the staffing service meets the requirements of the exception to ineligibility under subdivision 1, clause (2).

This paragraph applies only if, at the time of beginning of employment with the staffing service employer, the applicant signed and was provided a copy of a separate document written in clear and concise language that informed the applicant of this paragraph and that unemployment benefits may be affected.

For purposes of this paragraph, "good cause" is a reason that is significant and would compel an average, reasonable worker, who would otherwise want an additional temporary job assignment with the staffing service employer, (1) to fail to contact the staffing service employer, or (2) to refuse an offered assignment.

For purposes of this paragraph, a "staffing service employer" is an employer whose business involves employing individuals directly for the purpose of furnishing temporary job assignment workers to clients of the staffing service.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.103, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2a. **Employer-agent appeals filed online.** (a) If an agent files an appeal on behalf of an employer, the appeal must be filed online. The appeal must be filed through the electronic address provided on the determination being appealed. Use of another method of filing does not constitute an appeal. This paragraph does not apply to an employee filing an appeal on behalf of an employer.

(b) All information requested when the appeal is filed must be supplied or the communication does not constitute an appeal.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.18, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:

Subd. 4a. **Court fees; collection fees.** (a) If the commissioner is required to pay any court fees in an attempt to enforce collection of overpaid unemployment benefits, penalties, or interest, the commissioner may add the amount of the court fees to the total amount due.

(b) If an applicant who has been determined overpaid unemployment benefits because of fraud seeks to have any portion of the debt discharged under the federal bankruptcy code, and the commissioner files an objection in bankruptcy court to the discharge, the commissioner may add the commissioner's cost of any court fees to the debt if the bankruptcy court does not discharge the debt.

(c) If the Internal Revenue Service assesses the commissioner a fee for offsetting from a federal tax refund the amount of any fraud overpayment, including penalties and interest, the amount of the fee may be added to the total amount due. The offset amount must be put in the trust fund and that amount credited to the total amount due from the applicant.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.186, is amended to read:

268.186 RECORDS; AUDITS.

(a) Each employer must keep true and accurate records for the periods of time and containing the information the commissioner may require by rule. For the purpose of administering this chapter, the commissioner has the power to audit, examine, or cause to be supplied or copied, any books, correspondence, papers, records, or memoranda that are relevant, whether the books, correspondence, papers, records, or memoranda are the property of or in the possession of the employer or any other person at any reasonable time and as often as may be necessary.

(b) Any employer that refuses to allow an audit of its records by the department, or that fails to make all necessary records available for audit in Minnesota upon request of the commissioner, may be assessed an administrative penalty of \$500. An employer that fails to provide a weekly breakdown of money earned by an applicant upon request of the commissioner, information necessary for the detection of applicant fraud under section 268.18, subdivision 2, may be assessed an administrative penalty of \$100. Any notice requesting a weekly breakdown must clearly state that a \$100 penalty may be assessed for failure to provide the information. The penalty collected is credited to the ~~administration account to be used by the commissioner to ensure integrity in the administration of the unemployment insurance program trust fund.~~

(c) The commissioner may make summaries, compilations, photographs, duplications, or reproductions of any records, or reports that the commissioner considers advisable for the preservation of the information contained therein. Any summaries, compilations, photographs, duplications, or reproductions is admissible in any proceeding under this chapter. The commissioner may duplicate records, reports, summaries, compilations, instructions, determinations, or any other written or recorded matter pertaining to the administration of this chapter.

(d) Regardless of any law to the contrary, the commissioner may provide for the destruction of any records, reports, or reproductions, or other papers that are no longer necessary for the administration of this chapter, including any required audit. In addition, the commissioner may provide for the destruction or disposition of any record, report, or other paper from which the information has been electronically captured and stored, or that has been photographed, duplicated, or reproduced.

Sec. 16. **ENTREPRENEURSHIP FOR DISLOCATED WORKERS.**

Subdivision 1. **Authorization.** Minnesota has been awarded a federal grant by the United States Department of Labor under the Project GATE (Growing America Through Entrepreneurship) program to assist certain dislocated workers in starting a business. Providing unemployment benefits while the dislocated worker is receiving services such as entrepreneurial training, business counseling, and technical assistance will assist in the success of this pilot project. In order to provide unemployment benefits, the commissioner of employment and economic development is authorized to waive the availability for suitable employment requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 268.085, subdivision 1, as well as the earnings deductibility provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 268.085, subdivision 5, for individuals enrolled in this pilot project.

Subd. 2. **Limitations.** A maximum of 500 applicants for unemployment benefits are authorized to receive a waiver.

Subd. 3. **Expiration date.** The authorization under subdivision 1 expires June 30, 2012.

Sec. 17. **EFFECTIVE DATE.**

Sections 1 to 6, 8 to 12, 14, and 15 are effective August 2, 2009, and apply to all department determinations and unemployment law judge decisions issued on or after that date. Section 13 is effective April 1, 2010, and applies to all department determinations and unemployment law judge decisions issued on or after that date. Section 7 is effective retroactively from December 1, 2008. Section 16 is effective the day following final enactment.

ARTICLE 4

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE TECHNICAL CHANGES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.031, is amended to read:

268.031 STANDARD OF PROOF.

Subdivision 1. **Standard of proof.** All issues of fact under the Minnesota Unemployment Insurance Law are determined by a preponderance of the evidence. ~~Preponderance of the evidence means evidence in substantiation of a fact that, when weighed against the evidence opposing the fact, is more convincing and has a greater probability of truth.~~

Subd. 2. **Statutory application.** This chapter is remedial in nature and must be applied in favor of awarding unemployment benefits. Any legal conclusion that results in an applicant being ineligible for unemployment benefits must be fully supported by the facts. In determining eligibility or ineligibility for benefits, any statutory provision that would preclude an applicant from receiving benefits must be narrowly construed.

Sec. 2. **[268.034] COMPUTATIONS OF MONEY ROUNDED DOWN.**

Computations of money required under this chapter that do not result in a whole dollar are rounded down to the next lower whole dollar, unless specifically provided otherwise by law.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.035, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Agricultural employment.** "Agricultural employment" means services:

(1) on a farm, in the employ of any person or family farm corporation in connection with cultivating the soil, or in connection with raising or harvesting any agricultural or horticultural commodity, including the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training, and management of livestock, bees, poultry, fur-bearing animals, and wildlife;

(2) in the employ of the owner or tenant or other operator of a farm, in connection with the operation, management, conservation, improvement, or maintenance of the farm and its tools and equipment, or in salvaging timber or clearing land of brush and other debris left by a tornado-like storm, if the major part of the employment is performed on a farm;

(3) in connection with the production or harvesting of any commodity defined as an agricultural product in United States Code, title 7, section 1626 of the Agricultural Marketing Act, or in connection with cotton ginning, or in connection with the operation or maintenance of ditches, canals, reservoirs, or waterways, not owned or operated for profit, used exclusively for supplying and storing water for farming purposes;

(4) in the employ of the operator of a farm in handling, planting, drying, packing, packaging, processing, freezing, grading, storing, or delivering to storage or to market or to a carrier for transportation to market, in its unmanufactured state, any agricultural or horticultural commodity; but only if the operator produced more than one-half of the commodity with respect to which the employment is performed, or in the employ of a group of operators of farms or a cooperative organization of which the operators are members, but only if the operators produced more than one-half of the commodity with respect to which the employment is performed; however, this clause ~~shall~~ is not be applicable to employment performed in connection with commercial canning or commercial freezing or in connection with any agricultural or horticultural commodity after its delivery to a terminal market for distribution for consumption; or

(5) on a farm operated for profit if the employment is not in the course of the employer's trade or business.

For purposes of this subdivision, the term "farm" includes stock, dairy, poultry, fruit, fur-bearing animals, and truck farms, plantations, ranches, nurseries, orchards, ranges, greenhouses, or other similar structures used primarily for the raising of agricultural or horticultural commodities.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.035, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 9a. **Construction; independent contractor.** For purposes of this chapter, section 181.723 determines whether a worker is an independent contractor or an employee when performing public or private sector commercial or residential building construction or improvement services.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.035, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 12c. **Determination.** "Determination" means a document sent to an applicant or employer by mail or electronic transmission that is an initial department ruling on a specific issue. All documents that are determinations under this chapter use that term in the title of the document and are appealable to an unemployment law judge under section 268.105, subdivision 1.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.035, subdivision 17, is amended to read:

Subd. 17. **Filing; filed.** "Filing" or "filed" means the personal delivery of any document an application, appeal, or other required action to the commissioner or any of the commissioner's agents, or ~~the depositing of the document if done by mail, deposited in~~ the United States mail properly addressed to the department with postage prepaid, in which case ~~the document~~ it is considered filed on the day indicated by the cancellation mark of the United States Postal Service.

~~If, where allowed,~~ an application, appeal, or other required action is made by electronic transmission, it is considered filed on the day received by the department.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.035, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 20a. **Preponderance of the evidence.** "Preponderance of the evidence" means evidence in substantiation of a fact that, when weighed against the evidence opposing the fact, is more convincing and has a greater probability of truth.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.042, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Election to have noncovered employment considered covered employment.** (a) Any employer that has employment performed for it that is noncovered employment under section 268.035, subdivision 20, may file with the commissioner, by electronic transmission in a format prescribed by the commissioner, an election that all employees in that class of employment, in one or more distinct establishments or places of business, is considered covered employment for not less than two calendar years. The commissioner has discretion on the approval of any election. Upon the approval of the commissioner, sent by mail or electronic transmission, the employment constitutes covered employment beginning the calendar quarter after the date of approval or beginning a later calendar quarter if requested by the employer. The employment ceases to be considered covered employment as of the first day of January of any calendar year only if at least 30 calendar days before the first day of January the employer has filed with the commissioner, by electronic transmission in a format prescribed by the commissioner, a notice to that effect.

(b) The commissioner must terminate any election agreement under this subdivision upon 30 calendar days' notice sent by mail or electronic transmission, if the employer is delinquent on any taxes due or reimbursements due the trust fund.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.043, is amended to read:

268.043 DETERMINATIONS OF COVERAGE.

(a) The commissioner, upon the commissioner's own motion or upon application of a person, ~~shall~~ must determine if that person is an employer or whether services performed for it constitute employment and covered employment, or whether ~~the~~ any compensation for services constitutes wages, and notify the person of the determination. The determination is final unless the person, files an appeal within 20 calendar days after ~~sending of the determination~~ the commissioner sends the determination by mail or electronic transmission, ~~files an appeal~~. Proceedings on the appeal are conducted in accordance with section 268.105.

(b) No person may be initially determined an employer, or that services performed for it were in employment or covered employment, for periods more than four years before the year in which the determination is made, unless the commissioner finds that there was fraudulent action to avoid liability under this chapter.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.044, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Failure to timely file report; late fees.** (a) Any employer that fails to submit the quarterly wage detail report when due must pay a late fee of \$10 per employee, computed based upon the highest of:

- (1) the number of employees reported on the last wage detail report submitted;
- (2) the number of employees reported in the corresponding quarter of the prior calendar year; or
- (3) if no wage detail report has ever been submitted, the number of employees listed at the time of employer registration.

The late fee is ~~waived~~ canceled if the wage detail report is received within 30 calendar days after a demand for the report is sent to the employer by mail or electronic transmission. A late fee assessed an employer may not be ~~waived~~ canceled more than twice each 12 months. The amount of the late fee assessed may not be less than \$250.

(b) If the wage detail report is not received in a manner and format prescribed by the commissioner within 30 calendar days after demand is sent under paragraph (a), the late fee assessed under paragraph (a) doubles and a renewed demand notice and notice of the increased late fee will be sent to the employer by mail or electronic transmission.

(c) Late fees due under this subdivision may be ~~compromised~~ canceled, in whole or in part, under section ~~268.067~~ 268.066 where good cause for late submission is found by the commissioner.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.047, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **General rule.** Unemployment benefits paid to an applicant, including extended and shared work benefits, will be used in computing the future tax rate of a taxpaying base period employer or charged to the reimbursable account of a base period nonprofit or government employer that has elected to be liable for reimbursements except as provided in subdivisions 2 and 3. The amount of unemployment benefits used in computing the future tax rate of taxpaying employers or charged to the reimbursable account of a nonprofit or government employer that has elected to be liable for reimbursements is the same percentage of the total amount of unemployment benefits paid as the percentage of wage credits from the employer is of the total amount of wage credits from all the applicant's base period employers.

~~In making computations under this subdivision, the amount of wage credits, if not a whole dollar, must be computed to the nearest whole dollar.~~

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.047, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Exceptions for all employers.** Unemployment benefits paid will not be used in computing the future tax rate of a taxpaying base period employer or charged to the reimbursable account of a base period nonprofit or government employer that has elected to be liable for reimbursements when:

(1) the applicant was discharged from the employment because of aggravated employment misconduct as determined under section 268.095. This exception applies only to unemployment benefits paid for periods after the applicant's discharge from employment;

(2) an applicant's discharge from that employment occurred because a law required removal of the applicant from the position the applicant held;

~~(3) the employer is in the tourist or recreation industry and is in active operation of business less than 15 calendar weeks each year and the applicant's wage credits from the employer are less than 600 times the applicable state or federal minimum wage;~~

(4) (3) the employer provided regularly scheduled part-time employment to the applicant during the applicant's base period and continues to provide the applicant with regularly scheduled part-time employment during the benefit year of at least 90 percent of the part-time employment provided in the base period, and is an involved employer because of the applicant's loss of other employment. This exception terminates effective the first week that the employer fails to meet the benefit year employment requirements. This exception applies to educational institutions without consideration of the period between academic years or terms;

(5) (4) the employer is a fire department or firefighting corporation or operator of a life-support transportation service, and continues to provide employment for the applicant as a volunteer firefighter or a volunteer ambulance service personnel during the benefit year on the same basis that employment was provided in the base period. This exception terminates effective the first week that the employer fails to meet the benefit year employment requirements;

(6) (5) the applicant's unemployment from this employer was a direct result of the condemnation of property by a governmental agency, a fire, flood, or act of nature, where 25 percent or more of the employees employed at the affected location, including the applicant, became unemployed as a result. This exception does not apply where the unemployment was a direct result of the intentional act of the employer or a person acting on behalf of the employer;

(7) (6) the unemployment benefits were paid by another state as a result of the transferring of wage credits under a combined wage arrangement provided for in section 268.131;

(8) (7) the applicant stopped working because of a labor dispute at the applicant's primary place of employment if the employer was not a party to the labor dispute;

(9) (8) the unemployment benefits were determined overpaid unemployment benefits under section 268.18;

(10) (9) the applicant was employed as a replacement worker, for a period of six months or longer, for an employee who is in the military reserve and was called for active duty during the time the applicant worked as a replacement, and the applicant was laid off because the employee returned to employment after active duty; or

(11) (10) the trust fund was reimbursed for the unemployment benefits by the federal government.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.051, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Payments.** (a) Unemployment insurance taxes and any special assessments, fees, or surcharges accrue and become payable by each employer for each calendar year on the taxable wages that the employer paid to employees in covered employment, except for:

(1) nonprofit organizations that elect to make reimbursements as provided in section 268.053; and

(2) the state of Minnesota and political subdivisions that make reimbursements, unless they elect to pay taxes as provided in section 268.052.

Each employer must pay taxes quarterly, at the employer's assigned tax rate under subdivision 6, on the taxable wages paid to each employee. The commissioner must compute the tax due from the wage detail report required under section 268.044 and notify the employer of the tax due. The taxes and any special assessments, fees, or surcharges must be paid to the trust fund and must be received by the department on or before the last day of the month following the end of the calendar quarter.

(b) ~~The tax amount computed, if not a whole dollar, is rounded down to the next lower whole dollar.~~

(e) If for any reason the wages on the wage detail report under section 268.044 are adjusted for any quarter, the commissioner must recompute the taxes due for that quarter and assess the employer for any amount due or credit the employer as appropriate.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.051, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Experience rating history transfer.** (a) When:

(1) a taxpaying employer acquires all of the organization, trade or business, or workforce of another taxpaying employer; and

(2) there is 25 percent or more common ownership or there is substantially common management or control between the predecessor and successor, the experience rating history of the predecessor employer is transferred to the successor employer.

(b) When:

(1) a taxpaying employer acquires a portion, but less than all, of the organization, trade or business, or workforce of another taxpaying employer; and

(2) there is 25 percent or more common ownership or there is substantially common management or control between the predecessor and successor, the successor employer acquires, as of the date of acquisition, the experience rating history attributable to the portion it acquired, and the predecessor employer retains the experience rating history attributable to the portion that it has retained. If the commissioner determines that sufficient information is not available to substantiate that a distinct severable portion was acquired and to assign the appropriate distinct severable portion of the experience rating history, the commissioner ~~shall~~ must assign the successor employer that percentage of the predecessor employer's experience rating history equal to that percentage of the employment positions it has obtained, and the predecessor employer retains that percentage of the experience rating history equal to the percentage of the employment positions it has retained.

(c) The term "common ownership" for purposes of this subdivision includes ownership by a spouse, parent, grandparent, child, grandchild, brother, sister, aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, or first cousin, by birth or by marriage.

(d) Each successor employer that is subject to paragraph (a) or (b) must notify the commissioner of the acquisition by electronic transmission, in a format prescribed by the commissioner, within 30 calendar days of the date of acquisition. Any successor employer that fails to notify the commissioner is subject to the penalties under section 268.184, subdivision 1a, if the successor's ~~experience rating assigned tax rate under subdivision 2 or 5~~ assigned tax rate is lower than the predecessor's ~~experience rating assigned tax rate~~ assigned tax rate at the time of the acquisition. Payments made toward the penalties are credited to the administration account to be used to ensure integrity in the unemployment insurance program.

(e) If the successor employer under paragraphs (a) and (b) had an experience rating at the time of the acquisition, the transferred experience rating history of the predecessor is combined with the successor's experience rating history for purposes of recomputing a tax rate.

(f) If there has been a transfer of an experience rating history under paragraph (a) or (b), employment with a predecessor employer is not considered to have been terminated if similar employment is offered by the successor employer and accepted by the employee.

(g) The commissioner, upon notification of an employer, or upon the commissioner's own motion if the employer fails to provide the required notification, ~~shall~~ must determine if an employer is a successor within the meaning of this subdivision. The commissioner ~~shall~~ must, after determining the issue of succession or nonsuccession, recompute the tax rate under subdivision 6 of all employers affected. The commissioner ~~shall~~ must send the recomputed tax rate to all affected employers by mail or electronic transmission. Any affected employer may appeal the recomputed tax rate in accordance with the procedures in subdivision 6, paragraph (c).

(h) The "experience rating history" for purposes of this subdivision and subdivision 4a means the amount of unemployment benefits paid and the taxable wages that are being used and would be used in computing the current and any future experience rating.

For purposes of this chapter, an "acquisition" means anything that results in the obtaining by the successor employer, in any way or manner, of the organization, trade or business, or workforce of the predecessor employer.

A "distinct severable portion" in paragraph (b) means a location or unit separately identifiable within the employer's wage detail report under section 268.044.

(i) Regardless of the ownership, management, or control requirements of paragraph (a), if there is an acquisition or merger of a publicly held corporation by or with another publicly held corporation the experience rating histories of the corporations are combined as of the date of acquisition or merger for the purpose of recomputing a tax rate.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.057, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Costs.** ~~(a) Any person employer, and any applicant subject to section 268.18, subdivision 2,~~ that fails to pay any amount when due under this chapter is liable for any filing fees, recording fees, sheriff fees, costs incurred by referral to any public or private collection agency, or litigation costs, including attorney fees, incurred in the collection of the amounts due.

~~(b) If any tendered payment of any amount due is not honored when presented to a financial institution for payment, any costs assessed the department by the financial institution and a fee of \$25 must be assessed to the person.~~

~~(c) Costs and fees collected under this subdivision are credited to the administration account to be used by the commissioner to ensure integrity in the administration of the unemployment insurance program.~~

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.057, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Interest on amounts past due.** If any amounts due from an employer under this chapter or section 116L.20, except late fees under section 268.044, are not received on the date due the unpaid balance bears interest at the rate of one and one-half percent per month or any part thereof. ~~Interest assessed, if not a whole dollar amount, is rounded down to the next lower whole dollar.~~ Interest collected is credited to the contingent account. ~~Interest may be compromised under section 268.067.~~

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.0625, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Notice of debt to licensing authority.** The state of Minnesota or a political subdivision may not issue, transfer, or renew, and must revoke a license for the conduct of any profession, trade, or business, if the commissioner notifies the licensing authority that the licensee, applicant, or employer owes any amount due under this chapter or section 116L.20, of \$500 or more. A licensing authority that has received ~~such~~ a notice may issue, transfer, renew, or not revoke the license only if the licensing authority has received a copy of the debt clearance certificate issued by the commissioner.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.069, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Requirements.** The commissioner ~~shall~~ must pay unemployment benefits from the trust fund to an applicant who has met each of the following requirements:

(1) the applicant has filed an application for unemployment benefits and established a benefit account in accordance with section 268.07;

(2) the applicant has not been held ineligible for unemployment benefits under section 268.095 because of a quit or discharge;

(3) the applicant has met all of the ongoing eligibility requirements under ~~sections~~ section 268.085 and 268.086;

(4) the applicant does not have an outstanding overpayment of unemployment benefits, including any penalties or interest; and

(5) the applicant has not been held ineligible for unemployment benefits under section 268.182 because of a false representation or concealment of facts.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.07, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Application for unemployment benefits; determination of benefit account.** (a) An application for unemployment benefits may be filed in person, by mail, or by electronic transmission as the commissioner may require. The applicant must be unemployed at the time the application is filed and must provide all requested information in the manner required. If the applicant is not unemployed at the time of the application or fails to provide all requested information, the communication is not considered an application for unemployment benefits.

(b) The commissioner ~~shall~~ must examine each application for unemployment benefits to determine the base period and the benefit year, and based upon all the covered employment in the base period the commissioner shall determine the weekly unemployment benefit amount available, if any, and the maximum amount of unemployment benefits available, if any. The determination is known as the, which is a document separate and distinct from a document titled a determination of eligibility or determination of ineligibility issued under section 268.101, must be titled determination of benefit account. A determination of benefit account must be sent to the applicant and all base period employers, by mail or electronic transmission.

(c) If a base period employer did not provide wage information for the applicant as provided for in section 268.044, or provided erroneous information, the commissioner may accept an applicant certification as to wage credits, based upon the applicant's records, and issue a determination of benefit account.

(d) The commissioner may, at any time within 24 months from the establishment of a benefit account, reconsider any determination of benefit account and make an amended determination if the commissioner finds that the determination was incorrect for any reason. An amended determination of benefit account must be promptly sent to the applicant and all base period employers, by mail or electronic transmission. This subdivision does not apply to documents titled determinations of eligibility or determinations of ineligibility issued under section 268.101.

(e) If an amended determination of benefit account reduces the weekly unemployment benefit amount or maximum amount of unemployment benefits available, any unemployment benefits that have been paid greater than the applicant was entitled is considered an overpayment of unemployment benefits. A determination or amended determination issued under this section that results in an overpayment of unemployment benefits must set out the amount of the overpayment and the requirement under section 268.18, subdivision 1, that the overpaid unemployment benefits must be repaid.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.07, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Benefit account requirements and weekly unemployment benefit amount and maximum amount of unemployment benefits.** (a) To establish a benefit account, an applicant must have:

(1) high quarter wage credits of \$1,000 or more; and

(2) wage credits, in other than the high quarter, of \$250 or more.

(b) If an applicant has established a benefit account, the weekly unemployment benefit amount available during the benefit year is the higher of:

(1) 50 percent of the applicant's average weekly wage during the base period, to a maximum of 66-2/3 percent of the state's average weekly wage; or

(2) 50 percent of the applicant's average weekly wage during the high quarter, to a maximum of 43 percent of the state's average weekly wage.

The applicant's average weekly wage under clause (1) is computed by dividing the total wage credits by 52. The applicant's average weekly wage under clause (2) is computed by dividing the high quarter wage credits by 13.

(c) ~~The state's maximum weekly unemployment benefit amount and an applicant's weekly unemployment benefit amount and maximum amount of unemployment benefits available is rounded down to the next lower whole dollar.~~ The state's maximum weekly benefit amount, computed in accordance with section 268.035, subdivision 23, applies to a benefit account established effective on or after the last Sunday in October. Once established, an applicant's weekly unemployment benefit amount is not affected by the last Sunday in October change in the state's maximum weekly unemployment benefit amount.

(d) The maximum amount of unemployment benefits available on any benefit account is the lower of:

(1) 33-1/3 percent of the applicant's total wage credits; or

(2) 26 times the applicant's weekly unemployment benefit amount.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.07, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Second benefit account requirements.** To establish a second benefit account following the expiration of a benefit year on a prior benefit account, an applicant must ~~have sufficient wage credits to establish a benefit account under~~ meet the requirements of subdivision 2 and must have performed services in covered employment after the effective date of the prior benefit account. The wages paid for ~~that employment~~ those services must ~~equal or not less than~~ be at least eight times the weekly unemployment benefit amount of the prior benefit account. ~~Part of the purpose of~~ reason for this subdivision is to prevent an applicant from establishing more than one benefit account as a result of one loss of employment.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.084, is amended to read:

268.084 PERSONAL IDENTIFICATION NUMBER; PRESUMPTION.

(a) Each applicant must be issued a personal identification number (PIN) for the purpose of filing continued requests for unemployment benefits, accessing information, and engaging in other transactions with the department.

(b) If a PIN assigned to an applicant is used in the filing of a continued request for unemployment benefits under section ~~268.086~~ 268.0865 or any other type of transaction, the applicant is presumed to have been the individual using that PIN and presumed to have received any unemployment benefit payment issued. This presumption may be rebutted by a preponderance of the evidence showing that the applicant assigned the PIN was not the individual who used that PIN in the transaction.

(c) The commissioner ~~shall~~ must notify each applicant of this section.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.085, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Eligibility conditions.** An applicant may be eligible to receive unemployment benefits for any week if:

(1) the applicant has ~~an active benefit account and has~~ filed a continued request for unemployment benefits for that week under section ~~268.086~~ 268.0865;

(2) the week for which unemployment benefits are requested is in the applicant's benefit year;

(3) the applicant was unemployed as defined in section 268.035, subdivision 26;

(4) the applicant was ~~able to work and was~~ available for suitable employment, ~~and was actively seeking suitable employment as defined in subdivision 15~~. The applicant's weekly unemployment benefit amount is reduced one-fifth for each day the applicant is ~~unable to work or is~~ unavailable for suitable employment. ~~If the computation of the reduced unemployment benefits is not a whole dollar, it is rounded down to the next lower whole dollar~~. This clause does not apply to an applicant who is in reemployment assistance training, or each day the applicant is on jury duty or serving as an election judge;

(5) the applicant was actively seeking suitable employment as defined in subdivision 16. This clause does not apply to an applicant who is in reemployment assistance training or who was on jury duty throughout the week;

(6) the applicant has served a nonpayable waiting period of one week that the applicant is otherwise entitled to some amount of unemployment benefits. This clause does not apply if the applicant would have been entitled to federal disaster unemployment assistance because of a disaster in Minnesota, but for the applicant's establishment of a benefit account under section 268.07; and

~~(6)~~ (7) the applicant has been participating in reemployment assistance services, such as job search and resume writing classes, if the applicant has been determined in need of reemployment assistance services by the commissioner, unless the applicant has good cause for failing to participate.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.085, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Not eligible.** An applicant is ineligible for unemployment benefits for any week:

(1) that occurs before the effective date of a benefit account;

(2) that the applicant, at the beginning of the week, has an outstanding fraud overpayment balance under section 268.18, subdivision 2, including any penalties and interest;

(3) that occurs in a period when the applicant is a student in attendance at, or on vacation from a secondary school including the period between academic years or terms;

(4) that the applicant is incarcerated or performing ~~court-ordered~~ court-ordered community service. The applicant's weekly unemployment benefit amount is reduced by one-fifth for each day the applicant is incarcerated or performing ~~court-ordered~~ court-ordered community service. ~~If the computation of the reduced unemployment benefits is not a whole dollar, it is rounded down to the next lower whole dollar;~~

(5) that the applicant fails or refuses to provide information on an issue of ineligibility required under section 268.101;

(6) that the applicant is performing services 32 hours or more, in employment, covered employment, noncovered employment, volunteer work, or self-employment regardless of the amount of any earnings; or

(7) with respect to which the applicant is receiving, has received, or has filed an application for unemployment benefits under any federal law or the law of any other state. If the appropriate agency finally determines that the applicant is not entitled to the unemployment benefits, this clause does not apply.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.085, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. **Workers' compensation and disability insurance offset.** (a) An applicant is not eligible to receive unemployment benefits for any week in which the applicant is receiving or has received compensation for loss of wages equal to or in excess of the applicant's weekly unemployment benefit amount under:

- (1) the workers' compensation law of this state;
- (2) the workers' compensation law of any other state or similar federal law; or
- (3) any insurance or trust fund paid in whole or in part by an employer.

(b) This subdivision does not apply to an applicant who has a claim pending for loss of wages under paragraph (a); however, before unemployment benefits may be paid when a claim is pending, the issue of the applicant being ~~able to work available for suitable employment~~, as required under subdivision 1, clause ~~(2)~~ (4), is determined under section 268.101, subdivision ~~3.2~~. If the applicant later receives compensation as a result of the pending claim, the applicant is subject to the provisions of paragraph (a) and the unemployment benefits paid are subject to recoupment by the commissioner to the extent that the compensation constitutes overpaid unemployment benefits.

(c) If the amount of compensation described under paragraph (a) for any week is less than the applicant's weekly unemployment benefit amount, unemployment benefits requested for that week are reduced by the amount of that compensation payment.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.085, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Social Security benefits.** (a) Any applicant aged 62 or over is required to state when filing an application for unemployment benefits and when filing continued requests for unemployment benefits if the applicant is receiving, has filed for, or intends to file for, primary Social Security old age benefits for any week during the benefit year.

~~If the effective date of the applicant's Social Security claim for old age benefits is, or will be, after the start of the base period, there must be deducted from an applicant's weekly unemployment benefit amount~~ Unless paragraph (b) applies, 50 percent of the weekly equivalent of the primary Social Security old age benefit the applicant has received, has filed for, or intends to file for, with respect to that week must be deducted from an applicant's weekly unemployment benefit amount.

~~(b) If the effective date~~ all of the applicant's wage credits were earned while the applicant was claiming Social Security claim for old age benefits is before the start of the base period, there is no deduction from the applicant's weekly unemployment benefit amount. The purpose of this paragraph is to ensure that an applicant who is claiming Social Security benefits has demonstrated a desire and ability to work.

~~(c)~~ (c) An applicant who is receiving, has received, or has filed for primary Social Security disability benefits for any week during the benefit year must be determined ~~unable to work and~~ unavailable for suitable employment for that week, unless:

- (1) the Social Security Administration approved the collecting of primary Social Security disability benefits each month the applicant was employed during the base period; or

- (2) the applicant provides a statement from an appropriate health care professional who is aware of the applicant's Social Security disability claim and the basis for that claim, certifying that the applicant is ~~able to work and~~ available for suitable employment.

If an applicant meets the requirements of clause (1) there is no deduction from the applicant's weekly benefit amount for any Social Security disability benefits. If only clause (2) applies, then there must be deducted from the applicant's weekly unemployment benefit amount 50 percent of the weekly equivalent of the primary Social Security disability benefits the applicant is receiving, has received, or has filed for, with respect to that week; provided, however, that if the Social Security Administration determines that an individual is not entitled to receive primary Social Security disability benefits for any week the applicant has applied for those benefits, the 50 percent deduction does not apply to that week.

(~~e~~) (d) Information from the Social Security Administration is considered conclusive, absent specific evidence showing that the information was erroneous.

~~(d) If the computation of the reduced unemployment benefits is not a whole dollar, it is rounded down to the next lower whole dollar.~~

(e) This subdivision does not apply to Social Security survivor benefits.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.085, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Deductible earnings.** (a) If the applicant has earnings, including holiday pay, with respect to any week, from employment, covered employment, noncovered employment, self-employment, or volunteer work, equal to or in excess of the applicant's weekly unemployment benefit amount, the applicant is ineligible for unemployment benefits for that week.

(b) If the applicant has earnings, with respect to any week, that is less than the applicant's weekly unemployment benefit amount, from employment, covered employment, noncovered employment, self-employment, or volunteer work, 55 percent of the earnings are deducted from the weekly unemployment benefit amount.

~~The resulting unemployment benefit, if not a whole dollar, is rounded down to the next lower whole dollar.~~

(c) No deduction is made from an applicant's weekly unemployment benefit amount for earnings from service in the National Guard or a United States military reserve unit or from direct service as a volunteer firefighter or volunteer ambulance service personnel. This exception to paragraphs (a) and (b) does not apply to on-call or standby pay provided to a volunteer firefighter or volunteer ambulance service personnel. No deduction is made for jury duty pay or for pay as an election judge.

(d) The applicant may report deductible earnings on continued requests for unemployment benefits at the next lower whole dollar amount.

(e) Deductible earnings does not include any money considered a deductible payment under subdivision 3, but includes all compensation considered wages under section 268.035, subdivision 29, and any other compensation considered earned income under state and federal law for income tax purposes.

Sec. 28. **[268.0865] CONTINUED REQUEST FOR UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS.**

Subdivision 1. Continued request for unemployment benefits defined. A continued request for unemployment benefits is a certification by an applicant, done on a weekly basis, that the applicant is unemployed and meets the ongoing eligibility requirements for unemployment benefits under section 268.085. A continued request must include information on possible issues of ineligibility in accordance with section 268.101, subdivision 1, paragraph (c).

Subd. 2. Filing continued requests for unemployment benefits. (a) The commissioner must designate to each applicant one of the following methods for filing a continued request:

(1) by electronic transmission under subdivision 3; or

(2) by mail under subdivision 4.

(b) The method designated by the commissioner is the only method allowed for filing a continued request by that applicant. An applicant may ask that the other allowed method be designated and the commissioner must consider inconvenience to the applicant as well as administrative capacity in determining whether to allow an applicant to change the designated method for filing a continued request for unemployment benefits.

Subd. 3. Continued request for unemployment benefits by electronic transmission. (a) A continued request for unemployment benefits by electronic transmission must be filed to that electronic mail address, telephone number, or Internet address prescribed by the commissioner for that applicant. In order to constitute a continued request, all information asked for, including information authenticating that the applicant is sending the transmission, must be provided in the format required. If all of the information asked for is not provided, the communication does not constitute a continued request for unemployment benefits.

(b) The electronic transmission communication must be filed on the date and during the time of day designated for the applicant for filing a continued request by electronic transmission.

(c) If the electronic transmission continued request is not filed on the date and during the time of day designated, a continued request by electronic transmission must be accepted if the applicant files the continued request by electronic transmission within two calendar weeks following the week in which the date designated occurred. If the continued request by electronic transmission is not filed within two calendar weeks following the week in which the date designated occurred, the electronic continued request will not be accepted and the applicant is ineligible for unemployment benefits for the period covered by the continued request, unless the applicant shows good cause for failing to file the continued request by electronic transmission within the time period required.

Subd. 4. Continued request for unemployment benefits by mail. (a) A continued request for unemployment benefits by mail must be on a form prescribed by the commissioner. The form, in order to constitute a continued request, must be totally completed and signed by the applicant. The form must be filed on the date required for the applicant for filing a continued request by mail, in an envelope with postage prepaid, and sent to the address designated.

(b) If the mail continued request for unemployment benefits is not filed on the date designated, a continued request must be accepted if the form is filed by mail within two calendar weeks following the week in which the date designated occurred. If the form is not filed within two calendar weeks following the week in which the date designated occurred, the form will not be accepted and the applicant is ineligible for unemployment benefits for the period covered by the continued request for unemployment benefits, unless the applicant shows good cause for failing to file the form by mail within the time period required.

(c) If the applicant has been designated to file a continued request for unemployment benefits by mail, an applicant may submit the form by facsimile transmission on the day otherwise required for mailing, or within two calendar weeks following the week in which the date designated occurred. A form submitted by facsimile transmission must be sent only to the telephone number assigned for that purpose.

(d) An applicant who has been designated to file a continued request by mail may personally deliver a continued request form only to the location to which the form was otherwise designated to be mailed.

Subd. 5. Good cause defined. (a) "Good cause" for purposes of this section is a compelling substantial reason that would have prevented a reasonable person acting with due diligence from filing a continued request for unemployment benefits within the time periods required.

(b) "Good cause" does not include forgetfulness, loss of the continued request form if filing by mail, having returned to work, having an appeal pending, or inability to file a continued request for unemployment benefits by the method designated if the applicant was aware of the inability and did not make diligent effort to have the method of filing a continued request changed by the commissioner. "Good cause" does not include having previously made an attempt to file a continued request for unemployment benefits but where the communication was not considered a continued request because the applicant failed to submit all required information.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.095, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. **Ineligibility duration.** (a) Ineligibility from the payment of all unemployment benefits under subdivisions 1 and 4 is for the duration of the applicant's unemployment and until the end of the calendar week that the applicant had total earnings in subsequent covered employment of eight times the applicant's weekly unemployment benefit amount.

(b) Ineligibility imposed under subdivisions 1 and 4 begins on the Sunday of the week that the applicant became separated from employment.

(c) In addition to paragraph (a), if the applicant was discharged from employment because of aggravated employment misconduct, wage credits from that employment are canceled and cannot be used for purposes of a benefit account under section 268.07, subdivision 2.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.095, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. **Application.** (a) This section and section 268.085, subdivision 13c, ~~and this section~~ apply to all covered employment, full time or part time, temporary or of limited duration, permanent or of indefinite duration, that occurred in Minnesota during the base period, the period between the end of the base period and the effective date of the benefit account, or the benefit year, ~~except as provided for in subdivision 1, clause (5).~~

(b) Paragraph (a) also applies to employment covered under an unemployment insurance program of any other state or established by an act of Congress.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.101, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Notification.** (a) In an application for unemployment benefits, each applicant must report the name and the reason for no longer working for the applicant's most recent employer, as well as the names of all employers and the reasons for no longer working for all employers during the six calendar months before the date of the application. If the reason reported for no longer working for any of those employers is other than a layoff because of lack of work, that raises an issue of ineligibility that the department must determine. An applicant must report any offers of employment refused during the eight calendar weeks before the date of the application for unemployment benefits and the name of the employer that made the offer. An applicant's failure to report the name of an employer, or giving an incorrect reason for no longer working for an employer, or failing to disclose an offer of employment that was refused, is a violation of section 268.182, subdivision 2.

In an application, the applicant must also provide all information necessary to determine the applicant's eligibility for unemployment benefits under this chapter. If the applicant fails or refuses to provide information necessary to determine the applicant's eligibility for unemployment benefits, the applicant is ineligible for unemployment benefits under section 268.085, subdivision 2, until the applicant provides this required information.

(b) Upon establishment of a benefit account under section 268.07, subdivision 2, the commissioner shall notify, by mail or electronic transmission, all employers the applicant was required to report on the application and all base period employers and determined successors to those employers under section 268.051, subdivision 4, in order to provide the employer an opportunity to raise, in a manner and format prescribed by the commissioner, any issue of ineligibility. An employer must be informed of the effect that failure to raise an issue of ineligibility as a result of a quit or discharge of the applicant, ~~within ten calendar days after sending of the notice,~~ as provided for under subdivision 2, paragraph (b), may have on the employer under section 268.047.

(c) Each applicant must report any employment, and loss of employment, and offers of employment refused, during those weeks the applicant filed continued requests for unemployment benefits under section ~~268.086~~ 268.0865. Each applicant who stops filing continued requests during the benefit year and later begins filing

continued requests during that same benefit year must report the name of any employer the applicant worked for during the period between the filing of continued requests and the reason the applicant stopped working for the employer. The applicant must report any offers of employment refused during the period between the filing of continued requests for unemployment benefits. Those employers from which the applicant has reported a loss of employment under this paragraph must be notified by mail or electronic transmission and provided an opportunity to raise, in a manner prescribed by the commissioner, any issue of ineligibility. An employer must be informed of the effect that failure to raise an issue of ineligibility as a result of a quit or a discharge of the applicant may have on the employer under section 268.047.

(d) The purpose for requiring the applicant to report the name of employers and the reason for no longer working for those employers, or offers of employment refused, under paragraphs (a) and (c) is for the commissioner to obtain information from an applicant raising all issues that may result in the applicant being ineligible for unemployment benefits under section 268.095, because of a quit or discharge, or the applicant being ineligible for unemployment benefits under section 268.085, subdivision 13c. If the reason given by the applicant for no longer working for an employer is other than a layoff because of lack of work, that raises an issue of ineligibility and the applicant is required, as part of the determination process under subdivision 2, paragraph (a), to state all the facts about the cause for no longer working for the employer, if known. If the applicant fails or refuses to provide any required information, the applicant is ineligible for unemployment benefits under section 268.085, subdivision 2, until the applicant provides this required information.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.101, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Determination.** (a) The commissioner ~~shall~~ must determine any issue of ineligibility raised by information required from an applicant under subdivision 1, paragraph (a) or (c), and send to the applicant and any involved employer, by mail or electronic transmission, a document titled a determination of eligibility or a determination of ineligibility, as is appropriate. The determination on an issue of ineligibility as a result of a quit or a discharge of the applicant must state the effect on the employer under section 268.047. A determination must be made in accordance with this paragraph even if a notified employer has not raised the issue of ineligibility.

(b) The commissioner ~~shall~~ must determine any issue of ineligibility raised by an employer and send to the applicant and that employer, by mail or electronic transmission, a document titled a determination of eligibility or a determination of ineligibility as is appropriate. The determination on an issue of ineligibility as a result of a quit or discharge of the applicant must state the effect on the employer under section 268.047.

If a base period employer:

- (1) was not the applicant's most recent employer before the application for unemployment benefits;
- (2) did not employ the applicant during the six calendar months before the application for unemployment benefits; and
- (3) did not raise an issue of ineligibility as a result of a quit or discharge of the applicant within ten calendar days of notification under subdivision 1, paragraph (b);

then any exception under section 268.047, subdivisions 2 and 3, begins the Sunday two weeks following the week that the issue of ineligibility as a result of a quit or discharge of the applicant was raised by the employer.

A communication from an employer must specifically set out why the applicant should be determined ineligible for unemployment benefits for that communication to be considered to have raised an issue of ineligibility for purposes of this section. A statement of "protest" or a similar term without more information does not constitute raising an issue of ineligibility for purposes of this section.

(c) Subject to section 268.031, an issue of ineligibility is determined based upon that information required of an applicant, any information that may be obtained from an applicant or employer, and information from any other source, ~~without regard to any burden of proof.~~

(d) Regardless of the requirements of this subdivision, the commissioner is not required to send to an applicant a copy of the determination where the applicant has satisfied a period of ineligibility because of a quit or a discharge under section 268.095, subdivision 10.

(e) The commissioner may issue a determination on an issue of ineligibility at any time within 24 months from the establishment of a benefit account based upon information from any source, even if the issue of ineligibility was not raised by the applicant or an employer. This paragraph does not prevent the imposition of a penalty on an applicant under section 268.18, subdivision 2, or 268.182.

(f) A determination of eligibility or determination of ineligibility is final unless an appeal is filed by the applicant or notified employer within 20 calendar days after sending. The determination must contain a prominent statement indicating the consequences of not appealing. Proceedings on the appeal are conducted in accordance with section 268.105.

(g) An issue of ineligibility required to be determined under this section includes any question regarding the denial or allowing of unemployment benefits under this chapter except for issues under section 268.07. An issue of ineligibility for purposes of this section includes any question of effect on an employer under section 268.047.

(h) Except for issues of ineligibility as a result of a quit or discharge of the applicant, the employer will be (1) sent a copy of the determination of eligibility or a determination of ineligibility, or (2) considered an involved employer for purposes of an appeal under section 268.105, only if the employer raised the issue of ineligibility.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.103, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **In commissioner's discretion.** ~~(a) The commissioner shall have the discretion to~~ may allow an appeal to be filed by electronic transmission. If the commissioner allows an appeal to be filed by electronic transmission, that must be clearly set out on the determination or decision subject to appeal.

~~(b) The commissioner may restrict the manner, and format, and conditions under which an appeal by electronic transmission may be filed. Any Restrictions as to days, hours, a specific telephone number, or electronic address, or other conditions, must be clearly set out on the determination or decision subject to appeal.~~

~~(c) All information requested by the commissioner when an appeal is filed by electronic transmission must be supplied or the communication does not constitute an appeal.~~

~~(d) Subject to subdivision 2, this section applies to requests for reconsideration under section 268.105, subdivision 2.~~

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.105, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Evidentiary hearing by unemployment law judge.** (a) Upon a timely appeal having been filed, the department must send, by mail or electronic transmission, a notice of appeal to all involved parties that an appeal has been filed, and that a de novo due process evidentiary hearing will be scheduled, and that the parties have certain. The notice must set out the parties' rights and responsibilities regarding the hearing. The notice must explain that the facts will be determined by the unemployment law judge based upon a preponderance of the evidence. The notice must explain in clear and simple language the meaning of the term "preponderance of the evidence." The department must set a time and place for a de novo due process evidentiary hearing and send notice to any involved applicant and any involved employer, by mail or electronic transmission, not less than ten calendar days before the date of the hearing.

(b) The evidentiary hearing is conducted by an unemployment law judge ~~without regard to any burden of proof as an evidence gathering inquiry and not an adversarial proceeding.~~ At the beginning of the hearing the unemployment law judge must fully explain how the hearing will be conducted, that the applicant has the right to request that the hearing be rescheduled so that documents or witnesses can be subpoenaed, that the facts will be determined based on a preponderance of the evidence, and, in clear and simple language, the meaning of the term "preponderance of the evidence." The unemployment law judge must ensure that all relevant facts are clearly and fully developed. The department may adopt rules on evidentiary hearings. The rules need not conform to common law or statutory rules of evidence and other technical rules of procedure. The department has discretion regarding the method by which the evidentiary hearing is conducted. A report of any employee of the department, except a determination, made in the regular course of the employee's duties, is competent evidence of the facts contained in it. An affidavit or written statement based on personal knowledge and signed under penalty of perjury is competent evidence of the facts contained in it; however, the veracity of statements contained within the document or the credibility of the witness making the statement may be disputed with other documents or testimony and production of such documents or testimony may be compelled by subpoena.

(c) After the conclusion of the hearing, upon the evidence obtained, the unemployment law judge must make findings of fact and decision and send those, by mail or electronic transmission, to all involved parties. When the credibility of an involved party or witness testifying in an evidentiary hearing has a significant effect on the outcome of a decision, the unemployment law judge must set out the reason for crediting or discrediting that testimony. The unemployment law judge's decision is final unless a request for reconsideration is filed under subdivision 2.

(d) Regardless of paragraph (c), if the appealing party fails to participate in the evidentiary hearing, the unemployment law judge has the discretion to dismiss the appeal by summary order. By failing to participate, the appealing party is considered to have failed to exhaust available administrative remedies unless the appealing party files a request for reconsideration under subdivision 2 and establishes good cause for failing to participate in the evidentiary hearing under subdivision 2, paragraph (d). Submission of a written statement does not constitute participation. The applicant must participate personally and appearance solely by a representative does not constitute participation.

(e) Only employees of the department who are attorneys licensed to practice law in Minnesota may serve as the chief unemployment law judge, senior unemployment law judges who are supervisors, or unemployment law judges. The commissioner must designate a chief unemployment law judge. The chief unemployment law judge may transfer to another unemployment law judge any proceedings pending before an unemployment law judge.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.105, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Request for reconsideration.** (a) Any involved applicant, involved employer, or the commissioner may, within 20 calendar days of the sending of the unemployment law judge's decision under subdivision 1, file a request for reconsideration asking the unemployment law judge to reconsider that decision. Section 268.103 applies to a request for reconsideration. If a request for reconsideration is timely filed, the unemployment law judge must issue an order:

- (1) modifying the findings of fact and decision issued under subdivision 1;
- (2) setting aside the ~~findings of fact and~~ decision issued under subdivision 1 and directing that an additional evidentiary hearing be conducted under subdivision 1; or
- (3) affirming the findings of fact and decision issued under subdivision 1.

(b) Upon a timely request for reconsideration having been filed, the department must send a notice, by mail or electronic transmission, to all involved parties that a request for reconsideration has been filed. The notice must inform the involved parties:

(1) of the opportunity to provide comment on the request for reconsideration, and the right under subdivision 5 to obtain a copy of any recorded testimony and exhibits offered or received into evidence at the evidentiary hearing;

(2) that providing specific comments as to a perceived factual or legal error in the decision, or a perceived error in procedure during the evidentiary hearing, will assist the unemployment law judge in deciding the request for reconsideration;

(3) of the right to obtain any comments and submissions provided by the other involved party regarding the request for reconsideration; and

(4) of the provisions of paragraph (c) regarding additional evidence.

This paragraph does not apply if paragraph (d) is applicable.

(c) In deciding a request for reconsideration, the unemployment law judge must not, except for purposes of determining whether to order an additional evidentiary hearing, consider any evidence that was not submitted at the evidentiary hearing conducted under subdivision 1.

The unemployment law judge must order an additional evidentiary hearing if an involved party shows that evidence which was not submitted at the evidentiary hearing: (1) would likely change the outcome of the decision and there was good cause for not having previously submitted that evidence; or (2) would show that the evidence that was submitted at the evidentiary hearing was likely false and that the likely false evidence had an effect on the outcome of the decision.

(d) If the involved applicant or involved employer who filed the request for reconsideration failed to participate in the evidentiary hearing conducted under subdivision 1, an order setting aside the ~~findings of fact and~~ decision and directing that an additional evidentiary hearing be conducted must be issued if the party who failed to participate had good cause for failing to do so. In the notice that a request for reconsideration has been filed, the party who failed to participate must be informed of the requirement, and provided the opportunity, to show good cause for failing to participate. If the unemployment law judge determines that good cause for failure to participate has not been shown, the unemployment law judge must state that in the order issued under paragraph (a).

Submission of a written statement at the evidentiary hearing under subdivision 1 does not constitute participation for purposes of this paragraph.

All involved parties must be informed of this paragraph with the notice of appeal and notice of hearing provided for in subdivision 1.

"Good cause" for purposes of this paragraph is a reason that would have prevented a reasonable person acting with due diligence from participating at the evidentiary hearing.

(e) A request for reconsideration must be decided by the unemployment law judge who issued the ~~findings of fact and~~ decision under subdivision 1 unless that unemployment law judge: (1) is no longer employed by the department; (2) is on an extended or indefinite leave; (3) has been disqualified from the proceedings on the judge's own motion; or (4) has been removed from the proceedings ~~as provided for under subdivision 1 or applicable rule by~~ the chief unemployment law judge.

(f) The unemployment law judge must send to any involved applicant or involved employer, by mail or electronic transmission, the order issued under this subdivision. An order modifying the previously issued findings of fact and decision or an order affirming the previously issued findings of fact and decision is the final department decision on the matter and is final and binding on the involved applicant and involved employer unless judicial review is sought under subdivision 7.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.105, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. **Decisions.** (a) If an unemployment law judge's decision or order allows unemployment benefits to an applicant, the unemployment benefits must be paid regardless of any request for reconsideration or any appeal to the Minnesota Court of Appeals having been filed.

(b) If an unemployment law judge's decision or order modifies or reverses a determination, or prior decision of the unemployment law judge, allowing unemployment benefits to an applicant, any benefits paid in accordance with the determination, or prior decision of the unemployment law judge, is considered an overpayment of those unemployment benefits. A decision or order issued under this section that results in an overpayment of unemployment benefits must set out the amount of the overpayment and the requirement under section 268.18, subdivision 1, that the overpaid unemployment benefits must be repaid.

(c) If an unemployment law judge's order under subdivision 2 allows unemployment benefits to an applicant under section 268.095 because of a quit or discharge and the unemployment law judge's decision is reversed by the Minnesota Court of Appeals or the Supreme Court of Minnesota, the applicant cannot be held ineligible for any of the unemployment benefits paid the applicant and it is not considered an overpayment of those unemployment benefits under section 268.18, subdivision 1. The effect of the court's reversal is the application of section 268.047, subdivision 3, in computing the future tax rate of the employer.

(d) If an unemployment law judge, under subdivision 2, orders the taking of additional evidence, the unemployment law judge's prior decision must continue to be enforced until new findings of fact and decision are made by the unemployment law judge.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.105, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Oaths; subpoenas.** An unemployment law judge has authority to administer oaths and affirmations, take depositions, and issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents and other personal property considered necessary as evidence in connection with the subject matter of an evidentiary hearing.

The unemployment law judge must give full consideration to a request for a subpoena and must not unreasonably deny a request for a subpoena. If a subpoena request is initially denied, the unemployment law judge must, on the unemployment law judge's own motion, reconsider that request during the evidentiary hearing and rule on whether the request was properly denied. If the request was not properly denied, the evidentiary hearing must be continued for issuance of the subpoena. The subpoenas are enforceable through the district court in Ramsey County. Witnesses subpoenaed, other than an involved applicant or involved employer or officers and employees of an involved employer, must be paid by the department the same witness fees as in a civil action in district court.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.105, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Use of evidence; data privacy.** (a) All testimony at any evidentiary hearing conducted under subdivision 1 must be recorded. A copy of any recorded testimony and exhibits offered or received into evidence at the hearing must, upon request, be furnished to a party at no cost during the time period for filing a request for reconsideration or while a request for reconsideration is pending.

(b) Regardless of any provision of law to the contrary, if recorded testimony and exhibits received into evidence at the evidentiary hearing are not requested during the time period for filing a request for reconsideration, ~~or~~ while a request for reconsideration is pending, during the time for filing any appeal under subdivision 7, or during the pendency thereof, that testimony and other evidence may later be made available only under a district court order. A subpoena is not considered a district court order.

(c) Testimony obtained under subdivision 1, may not be used or considered for any purpose, including impeachment, in any civil, administrative, or contractual proceeding, except by a local, state, or federal human rights agency with enforcement powers, unless the proceeding is initiated by the department.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.115, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Maximum amount of extended unemployment benefits.** The maximum amount of extended unemployment benefits available to an applicant is 50 percent of the maximum amount of regular unemployment benefits available in the benefit year, ~~rounded down to the next lower whole dollar.~~ If the total rate of unemployment computed under subdivision 1, clause (2)(ii), equaled or exceeded eight percent, the maximum amount of extended unemployment benefits available is 80 percent of the maximum amount of regular unemployment benefits available in the benefit year.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.125, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Maximum amount of unemployment benefits.** The maximum amount of additional unemployment benefits available in the applicant's benefit year is one-half of the applicant's maximum amount of regular unemployment benefits available under section 268.07, subdivision 2, ~~rounded down to the next lower whole dollar.~~ Extended unemployment benefits paid and unemployment benefits paid under any federal law other than regular unemployment benefits must be deducted from the maximum amount of additional unemployment benefits available.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.135, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Weekly benefit amount.** (a) An applicant who is eligible for shared work benefits is paid an amount equal to the regular weekly unemployment benefit amount multiplied by the nearest full percentage of reduction of the applicant's regular weekly hours of work as set in the plan. ~~The benefit payment, if not a whole dollar must be rounded down to the next lower whole dollar.~~

(b) The deductible earnings provisions of section 268.085, subdivision 5, must not apply to earnings from the shared work employer of an applicant eligible for shared work benefits unless the resulting amount would be less than the regular weekly unemployment benefit amount the applicant would otherwise be eligible for without regard to shared work benefits.

(c) An applicant is not eligible for shared work benefits for any week that employment is performed for the shared work employer in excess of the reduced hours set forth in the plan.

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.145, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Notification.** (a) Upon filing an application for unemployment benefits, the applicant must be informed that:

- (1) unemployment benefits are subject to federal and state income tax;
- (2) there are requirements for filing estimated tax payments;
- (3) the applicant may elect to have federal income tax withheld from unemployment benefits;
- (4) if the applicant elects to have federal income tax withheld, the applicant may, in addition, elect to have Minnesota state income tax withheld; and
- (5) at any time during the benefit year the applicant may change a prior election.

(b) If an applicant elects to have federal income tax withheld, the commissioner ~~shall~~ must deduct ten percent for federal income tax, ~~rounded down to the next lower whole dollar.~~ If an applicant also elects to have Minnesota state income tax withheld, the commissioner ~~shall~~ must make an additional five percent deduction for state income tax; ~~rounded down to the next lower whole dollar.~~ Any amounts deducted or offset under sections 268.155, 268.18, and 268.184 have priority over any amounts deducted under this section. Federal income tax withholding has priority over state income tax withholding.

(c) An election to have income tax withheld may not be retroactive and only applies to unemployment benefits paid after the election.

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.18, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Nonfraud overpayment.** (a) Any applicant who (1) because of a determination or amended determination issued under section 268.07 or 268.101, or any other section of this chapter, or (2) because of an appeal decision or order under section 268.105, has received any unemployment benefits that the applicant was held not entitled to, must promptly repay the unemployment benefits to the trust fund.

(b) If the applicant fails to repay the unemployment benefits overpaid, the commissioner may offset from any future unemployment benefits otherwise payable the amount of the overpayment. Except when the overpayment resulted because the applicant failed to report deductible earnings or deductible or benefit delaying payments, no single offset may exceed 50 percent of the amount of the payment from which the offset is made. The overpayment may also be collected by the ~~same methods as delinquent payments from an employer~~ allowed under state and federal law.

(c) If an applicant has been overpaid unemployment benefits under the law of another state, because of a reason other than fraud, and that state certifies that the applicant is liable under its law to repay the unemployment benefits and requests the commissioner to recover the overpayment, the commissioner may offset from future unemployment benefits otherwise payable the amount of overpayment, except that no single offset may exceed 50 percent of the amount of the payment from which the offset is made.

~~(d) If under paragraph (b) or (c) the reduced unemployment benefits as a result of a 50 percent offset is not a whole dollar amount, it is rounded down to the next lower whole dollar.~~

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.18, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Overpayment because of fraud.** (a) Any applicant who receives unemployment benefits by knowingly misrepresenting, misstating, or failing to disclose any material fact, or who makes a false statement or representation without a good faith belief as to the correctness of the statement or representation, has committed fraud. After the discovery of facts indicating fraud, the commissioner ~~shall~~ must make a determination that the applicant obtained unemployment benefits by fraud and that the applicant must promptly repay the unemployment benefits to the trust fund. In addition, the commissioner ~~shall~~ must assess a penalty equal to 40 percent of the amount fraudulently obtained. This penalty is in addition to penalties under section 268.182.

(b) Unless the applicant files an appeal within 20 calendar days after the sending of the determination of overpayment by fraud to the applicant by mail or electronic transmission, the determination is final. Proceedings on the appeal are conducted in accordance with section 268.105.

(c) If the applicant fails to repay the unemployment benefits, penalty, and interest assessed, the total due may be collected by the ~~same methods as delinquent payments from an employer~~ allowed under state and federal law. A determination of overpayment by fraud must state the methods of collection the commissioner may use to recover the overpayment. Money received in repayment of fraudulently obtained unemployment benefits, penalties, and interest is first applied to the unemployment benefits overpaid, then to the penalty amount due, then to any interest due. 62.5 percent of the payments made toward the penalty are credited to the contingent account and 37.5 percent credited to the administration account ~~for deterring, detecting, or collecting overpayments.~~

(d) If an applicant has been overpaid unemployment benefits under the law of another state because of fraud and that state certifies that the applicant is liable to repay the unemployment benefits and requests the commissioner to recover the overpayment, the commissioner may offset from future unemployment benefits otherwise payable the amount of overpayment.

(e) Unemployment benefits paid for weeks more than four years before the date of a determination of overpayment by fraud issued under this subdivision are not considered overpaid unemployment benefits.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.196, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Administration account.** (a) There is created in the state treasury a special account to be known as the administration account. All money that is deposited ~~or paid~~ into this account is continuously available to the commissioner for expenditure to administer the Minnesota unemployment insurance program, and does not lapse at any time. The administration account consists of:

(1) all money received from the federal government to administer the Minnesota unemployment insurance program, any federal unemployment insurance program, or assistance provided to any other state to administer that state's unemployment insurance program;

(2) five percent of any money recovered on overpaid unemployment benefits as provided for in section 268.194, subdivision 1, clause (7), which must be used for deterring, detecting, and collecting overpaid unemployment benefits;

(3) any money received as compensation for services or facilities supplied to the federal government or any other state;

(4) any money credited to this account under this chapter;

~~(5)~~ any amounts received for losses sustained by this account or by reason of damage to equipment or supplies; and

~~(5)~~ (6) any proceeds from the sale or disposition of any equipment or supplies that may no longer be necessary for the proper administration of those sections.

(b) All money in this account must be deposited, administered, and disbursed in the same manner and under the same conditions and requirements as are provided by law for the other special accounts in the state treasury. The commissioner of finance, as treasurer and custodian of this account, is liable for the faithful performance of duties in connection with this account.

(c) All money in this account must be spent for the purposes and in the amounts found necessary by the United States Secretary of Labor for the proper and efficient administration of the Minnesota unemployment insurance program.

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.196, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **State to replace money wrongfully used.** If any money received under United States Code, title 42, section 501 of the Social Security Act ~~or the Wagner-Peyser Act~~, is found by the United States Secretary of Labor to have been spent for purposes other than, ~~or in amounts in excess of, those necessary~~ for the proper administration of the Minnesota unemployment insurance program, ~~the commissioner may replace the money from the contingent account. If the money is not replaced from the contingent account, it is the policy of this state that the money be replaced by money appropriated for that purpose from the general funds of this state. If not replaced from the contingent account,~~ the commissioner ~~shall~~ must, at the earliest opportunity, submit to the legislature a request for the appropriation of that amount.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.199, is amended to read:

268.199 CONTINGENT ACCOUNT.

(a) There is created in the state treasury a special account, to be known as the contingent account, that does not lapse nor revert to any other fund or account. This account consists of ~~all money appropriated by the legislature, all money collected under this chapter that is required to be placed in this account; and any interest earned on the account. All money in this account is supplemental to all federal money available to the commissioner. Money in this account is appropriated to the commissioner and is available to the commissioner~~ for administration of the Minnesota unemployment insurance program unless otherwise appropriated by session law.

(b) All money in this account must be deposited, administered, and disbursed in the same manner and under the same conditions and requirements as is provided by law for the other special accounts in the state treasury. ~~On June 30 of each year, all amounts in excess of \$300,000 in this account must be paid over to the trust fund.~~

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 268.211, is amended to read:

268.211 UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE BENEFITS TELEPHONE SYSTEM.

The commissioner must ensure that ~~the~~ any automated telephone system used for unemployment insurance benefits provides an option for any caller to speak to an unemployment insurance specialist. An individual who calls any of the publicized telephone numbers seeking information about applying for unemployment benefits or on the status of a ~~claim benefit account~~ must have the option to speak on the telephone to a specialist who can provide direct assistance or can direct the caller to the ~~person~~ individual or office that is able to respond to the caller's needs.

Sec. 49. **UNEMPLOYMENT LAW JUDGES.**

It is in the public interest, as well as the interest of applicants and employees, that an unemployment law judge conducting contested unemployment insurance hearings should be an experienced attorney with a background in civil, criminal, or administrative proceedings. An unemployment law judge should have a level of skill equal to that of a workers' compensation judge. In order to recruit and retain individuals with the appropriate skills, the pay of an unemployment law judge should be commensurate with that of a workers' compensation judge, but should also take into account the less formal nature of an unemployment insurance hearing. Before October 1, 2009, the commissioner of finance is directed, in consultation with the deputy commissioner of employment and economic development and the chief unemployment law judge, to determine and implement the appropriate pay level, with no more than two pay steps, for unemployment law judges, giving consideration only to the pay level provided to workers' compensation judges, but taking into account the less formal nature of an unemployment insurance hearing.

Sec. 50. **REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.**

In Minnesota Statutes, chapter 268, the revisor shall change "shall" to "must," except in Minnesota Statutes, sections 268.035 and 268.103.

Sec. 51. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 268.085, subdivision 14; and 268.086, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9, are repealed.

Sec. 52. **EFFECTIVE DATE.**

Sections 1 to 48 and 50 are effective August 2, 2009, and apply to all department determinations and unemployment law judge decisions issued on or after that date.

ARTICLE 5

LABOR STANDARDS AND WAGES; LICENSING AND FEES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 16C.28, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. **Contract awards.** When prevailing wage laws apply, an agency shall not be liable for costs under section 177.43, subdivision 3, if it has included language in its contracts which requires vendors and contractors to comply with prevailing wage laws and the contract also contains the following elements:

- (1) a description of the prevailing wage laws and a citation to relevant statutes;
- (2) contact details for further information from the Department of Labor and Industry; and
- (3) a statement of contractor and subcontractor liability for failure to adhere to prevailing wage laws.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 177.27, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Compliance orders.** The commissioner may issue an order requiring an employer to comply with sections 177.21 to 177.435, 181.02, 181.03, 181.031, 181.032, 181.101, 181.11, 181.12, 181.13, 181.14, 181.145, 181.15, 181.275, subdivision 2a, and 181.79, or with any rule promulgated under section 177.28. The commissioner shall issue an order requiring an employer to comply with sections 177.41 to 177.435 if the violation is repeated. For purposes of this subdivision only, a violation is repeated if at any time during the two years that preceded the date of violation, the commissioner issued an order to the employer for violation of sections 177.41 to 177.435 and the order is final or the commissioner and the employer have entered into a settlement agreement that required the employer to pay back wages that were required by sections 177.41 to 177.435. The department shall serve the order upon the employer or the employer's authorized representative in person or by certified mail at the employer's place of business. An employer who wishes to contest the order must file written notice of objection to the order with the commissioner within 15 calendar days after being served with the order. A contested case proceeding must then be held in accordance with sections 14.57 to 14.69. If, within 15 calendar days after being served with the order, the employer fails to file a written notice of objection with the commissioner, the order becomes a final order of the commissioner.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 177.30, is amended to read:

177.30 KEEPING RECORDS; PENALTY.

(a) Every employer subject to sections 177.21 to 177.44 must make and keep a record of:

- (1) the name, address, and occupation of each employee;
- (2) the rate of pay, and the amount paid each pay period to each employee;
- (3) the hours worked each day and each workweek by the employee;

(4) for each employer subject to sections 177.41 to 177.44, and while performing work on public works projects funded in whole or in part with state funds, the employer shall furnish under oath signed by an owner or officer of an employer to the contracting authority and the project owner every two weeks, a certified payroll report with respect to the wages and benefits paid each employee during the preceding weeks specifying for each employee: name; identifying number; prevailing wage master job classification of each employee working on the project for each hour; hours worked each day; total hours; rate of pay; gross amount earned; each deduction for taxes; total deductions; net pay for week; dollars contributed per hour for each benefit, including name and address of administrator; benefit account number; and telephone number for health and welfare, vacation or holiday, apprenticeship training, pension, and other benefit programs; and

(5) other information the commissioner finds necessary and appropriate to enforce sections 177.21 to ~~177.35~~ 177.435. The records must be kept for three years in or near the premises where an employee works except each employer subject to sections 177.41 to 177.44, and while performing work on public works projects funded in whole or in part with state funds, the records must be kept for three years after the contracting authority has made final payment on the public works project.

(b) The commissioner may fine an employer up to \$1,000 for each failure to maintain records as required by this section. This penalty is in addition to any penalties provided under section 177.32, subdivision 1. In determining the amount of a civil penalty under this subdivision, the appropriateness of such penalty to the size of the employer's business and the gravity of the violation shall be considered.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 177.31, is amended to read:

177.31 POSTING OF LAW AND RULES; PENALTY.

Every employer subject to sections 177.21 to ~~177.35~~ 177.44 must obtain and keep a summary of those sections, approved by the department, and copies of any applicable rules adopted under those sections, or a summary of the rules. The employer must post the summaries in a conspicuous and accessible place in or about the premises in which any person covered by sections 177.21 to ~~177.35~~ 177.44 is employed. The department shall furnish copies of the summaries and rules to employers without charge.

The commissioner may fine an employer up to \$200 for each failure to comply with this section. This penalty is in addition to any penalties provided by section 177.32, subdivision 1.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 177.32, is amended to read:

177.32 PENALTIES.

Subdivision 1. **Misdemeanors.** An employer who does any of the following is guilty of a misdemeanor:

(1) hinders or delays the commissioner in the performance of duties required under sections 177.21 to ~~177.35~~ 177.435;

(2) refuses to admit the commissioner to the place of business or employment of the employer, as required by section 177.27, subdivision 1;

(3) repeatedly fails to make, keep, and preserve records as required by section 177.30;

(4) falsifies any record;

(5) refuses to make any record available, or to furnish a sworn statement of the record or any other information as required by section 177.27;

(6) repeatedly fails to post a summary of sections 177.21 to ~~177.35~~ 177.44 or a copy or summary of the applicable rules as required by section 177.31;

(7) pays or agrees to pay wages at a rate less than the rate required under sections 177.21 to ~~177.35~~ 177.44;

(8) refuses to allow adequate time from work as required by section 177.253; or

(9) otherwise violates any provision of sections 177.21 to ~~177.35~~ 177.44.

Subd. 2. **Fine.** An employer shall be fined not less than \$700 nor more than \$3,000 if convicted of discharging or otherwise discriminating against any employee because:

(1) the employee has complained to the employer or to the department that wages have not been paid in accordance with sections 177.21 to ~~177.35~~ 177.435;

(2) the employee has instituted or will institute a proceeding under or related to sections 177.21 to ~~177.35~~ 177.435; or

(3) the employee has testified or will testify in any proceeding.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 177.42, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Prevailing wage rate.** "Prevailing wage rate" means the hourly basic rate of pay plus the contribution ~~for health and welfare benefits, vacation benefits, pension benefits, and any other economic benefit~~ paid to or for the largest number of workers engaged in the same class of labor within the area ~~and~~ for medical or hospital care, pensions on retirement or death, compensation for injuries or illness resulting from occupational activity, or insurance to provide any of the foregoing, for unemployment benefits, life insurance, disability and sickness insurance, or accident insurance, for vacation and holiday pay, for defraying the costs of apprenticeship or other similar programs, or for other bona fide fringe benefits, but only where the contractor or subcontractor is not required by other federal, state, or local law to provide any of those benefits, the amount of:

(1) the rate of contribution irrevocably made by a contractor or subcontractor to a trustee or to a third person under a fund, plan, or program; and

(2) the rate of costs to the contractor or subcontractor that may be reasonably anticipated in providing benefits to laborers and mechanics pursuant to an enforceable commitment to carry out a financially responsible plan or program which was communicated in writing to the laborers and mechanics affected.

"Prevailing wage rate" includes, for the purposes of section 177.44, rental rates for truck hire paid to those who own and operate the truck.

The prevailing wage rate may not be less than a reasonable and living wage.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 177.42, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7. **Employer.** "Employer" means an individual, partnership, association, corporation, business trust, or other business entity that hires a laborer, worker, or mechanic.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 177.43, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Contract requirements.** The contract must specifically state the prevailing wage rates, prevailing hours of labor, and hourly basic rates of pay. The contracting authority shall incorporate into its proposals and all contracts the applicable wage determinations for the contract along with contract language provided by the commissioner of labor and industry to notify the contractor and all subcontractors of the applicability of sections 177.41 to 177.44. Failure to incorporate the determination or provided contract language into the contracts shall make the contracting authority liable for making whole the contractor or subcontractor for any increases in the wages paid, including employment taxes and reasonable administrative costs based on the appropriate prevailing wage due to the laborers or mechanics working on the project. The contract must also provide that the contracting agency shall demand, and the contractor and subcontractor shall furnish to the contracting agency, copies of any or all payrolls not more than 14 days after the end of each pay period. The payrolls must contain all the data required by section 177.30. The contracting authority may examine all records relating to wages paid laborers or mechanics on work to which sections 177.41 to 177.44 apply.

Sec. 9. **[181.986] REQUIRED EQUIPMENT AND APPAREL.**

(a) Notwithstanding any other law or rule to the contrary, a public employer is prohibited from knowingly purchasing or acquiring, furnishing, or requiring an employee to purchase or acquire for wear or use while on duty, any of the following items if the item is not manufactured in the United States of America:

(1) any uniform or other item of wearing apparel over which an employee has no discretion in selecting except for selecting the proper size; or

(2) safety equipment or protective accessories.

(b) Preference must be given to purchases from manufacturers who pay an average annual income, including wages and benefits, equal to at least 150 percent of the federal poverty guideline adjusted for a family size of four. For purposes of this section, "public employer" means a county, home rule charter or statutory city, town, school district, metropolitan or regional agency, public corporation, political subdivision, special district as defined in section 6.465, subdivision 3, municipal fire department, independent nonprofit firefighting corporation, the University of Minnesota, the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, and the state of Minnesota and its agencies.

(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a public employer may purchase or acquire, furnish, or require an employee to purchase or acquire items listed in paragraph (a) manufactured outside of the United States if similar items are not manufactured or available for purchase in the United States.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2010, or upon expiration of valid contracts for such equipment and apparel entered into by public employers prior to June 1, 2009, whichever is later.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 270.97, is amended to read:

270.97 DEPOSIT OF REVENUES.

The commissioner shall deposit all revenues derived from the tax, interest, and penalties received from the county in the contaminated site cleanup and development account in the general fund and is annually appropriated to the commissioner of the Department of Employment and Economic Development, for the purposes of section 116J.551.

Sec. 11. **[326B.153] BUILDING PERMIT FEES.**

Subdivision 1. **Building permits.** (a) Fees for building permits submitted as required in section 326B.106 include:

(1) the fee as set forth in the fee schedule in paragraph (b) or as adopted by a municipality; and

(2) the surcharge required by section 326B.148.

(b) The total valuation and fee schedule is:

(1) \$1 to \$500, \$29.50;

(2) \$501 to \$2,000, \$28 for the first \$500 plus \$3.70 for each additional \$100 or fraction thereof, to and including \$2,000;

(3) \$2,001 to \$25,000, \$83.50 for the first \$2,000 plus \$16.55 for each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof, to and including \$25,000;

(4) \$25,001 to \$50,000, \$464.15 for the first \$25,000 plus \$12 for each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof, to and including \$50,000;

(5) \$50,001 to \$100,000, \$764.15 for the first \$50,000 plus \$8.45 for each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof, to and including \$100,000;

(6) \$100,001 to \$500,000, \$1,186.65 for the first \$100,000 plus \$6.75 for each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof, to and including \$500,000;

(7) \$500,001 to \$1,000,000, \$3,886.65 for the first \$500,000 plus \$5.50 for each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof, to and including \$1,000,000; and

(8) \$1,000,001 and up, \$6,636.65 for the first \$1,000,000 plus \$4.50 for each additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof.

(c) Other inspections and fees are:

(1) inspections outside of normal business hours (minimum charge two hours), \$63.25 per hour;

(2) reinspection fees, \$63.25 per hour;

(3) inspections for which no fee is specifically indicated (minimum charge one-half hour), \$63.25 per hour; and

(4) additional plan review required by changes, additions, or revisions to approved plans (minimum charge one-half hour), \$63.25 per hour.

(d) If the actual hourly cost to the jurisdiction under paragraph (c) is greater than \$63.25, then the greater rate shall be paid. Hourly cost includes supervision, overhead, equipment, hourly wages, and fringe benefits of the employees involved.

Subd. 2. **Plan review.** Fees for the review of building plans, specifications, and related documents submitted as required by section 326B.106 must be paid based on 65 percent of the building permit fee required in subdivision 1.

Subd. 3. **Surcharge.** Surcharge fees are required for permits issued on all buildings including public buildings and state licensed facilities as required by section 326B.148.

Subd. 4. **Distribution.** (a) This subdivision establishes the fee distribution between the state and municipalities contracting for plan review and inspection of public buildings and state licensed facilities.

(b) If plan review and inspection services are provided by the state building official, all fees for those services must be remitted to the state.

(c) If plan review services are provided by the state building official and inspection services are provided by a contracting municipality:

(1) the state shall charge 75 percent of the plan review fee required by the state's fee schedule in subdivision 2; and

(2) the municipality shall charge 25 percent of the plan review fee required by the municipality's adopted fee schedule, for orientation to the plans, in addition to the permit and other customary fees charged by the municipality.

(d) If plan review and inspection services are provided by the contracting municipality, all fees for those services must be remitted to the municipality in accordance with their adopted fee schedule.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.33, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. **Registration of unlicensed individuals.** Unlicensed individuals performing electrical work for a contractor or employer shall register with the department in the manner prescribed by the commissioner. Experience credit for electrical work performed in Minnesota after January 1, ~~2008~~ 2009, by an applicant for a license identified in this section shall not be granted where the applicant has not registered with or is not licensed by the department.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.33, subdivision 19, is amended to read:

Subd. 19. **License, registration, and renewal fees; expiration.** (a) Unless revoked or suspended under this chapter, all licenses issued or renewed under this section expire on the date specified in this subdivision. Master licenses expire March 1 of each odd-numbered year after issuance or renewal. Electrical contractor licenses expire March 1 of each even-numbered year after issuance or renewal. Technology system contractor licenses expire August 1 of each even-numbered year after issuance or renewal. All other personal licenses expire two years from the date of original issuance and every two years thereafter. Registrations of unlicensed individuals expire one year from the date of original issuance and every year thereafter.

(b) Fees for application and examination, and for the original issuance and each subsequent renewal, are:

(1) For each personal license application and examination: \$35;

(2) For original issuance and each subsequent renewal of:

Class A Master or master special electrician, including master elevator constructor: \$40 per year;

Class B Master: \$25 per year;

Power Limited Technician: \$15 per year;

Class A Journeyman, Class B Journeyman, Installer, Elevator Constructor, Lineman, or Maintenance Electrician other than master special electrician: \$15 per year;

Contractor: \$100 per year;

Unlicensed individual registration: \$15 per year.

(c) If any new license is issued in accordance with this subdivision for less than two years, the fee for the license shall be prorated on an annual basis.

(d) A license fee may not be refunded after a license is issued or renewed. However, if the fee paid for a license was not prorated in accordance with this subdivision, the amount of the overpayment shall be refunded.

(e) Any contractor who seeks reissuance of a license after it has been revoked or suspended under this chapter shall submit a reissuance fee of \$100 before the license is reinstated.

(f) ~~The fee for the issuance of each duplicate license is \$15.~~

~~(g)~~ An individual or contractor who fails to renew a license before 30 days after the expiration or registration of the license must submit a late fee equal to one year's license fee in addition to the full renewal fee. Fees for renewed licenses or registrations are not prorated. An individual or contractor that fails to renew a license or registration by the expiration date is unlicensed until the license or registration is renewed.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.46, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Fee.** (a) Each person giving bond to the state under subdivision 2 shall pay the department an annual a bond registration fee of \$40 for one year or \$80 for two years.

(b) The commissioner shall in a manner determined by the commissioner, without the need for any rulemaking under chapter 14, phase in the bond registration from one year to two years so that the expiration of bond registration corresponds with the expiration of the license issued under section 326B.475 or 326B.49, subdivision 1.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.475, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Renewal; use period for license.** (a) A restricted master plumber and restricted journeyman plumber license must be renewed annually for as long as that licensee engages in the plumbing trade. Failure to renew a restricted master plumber and restricted journeyman plumber license within 12 months after the expiration date will result in permanent forfeiture of the restricted master plumber and restricted journeyman plumber license.

(b) The commissioner shall in a manner determined by the commissioner, without the need for any rulemaking under chapter 14, phase in the renewal of restricted master plumber and restricted journeyman plumber licenses from one year to two years. By June 30, 2011, all restricted master plumber and restricted journeyman plumber licenses shall be two-year licenses.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.475, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Fee.** The annual renewal fee for the restricted master plumber and restricted journeyman plumber licenses is the same fee as for a master or journeyman plumber license, respectively.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.49, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Application.** (a) Applications for plumber's license shall be made to the commissioner, with fee. Unless the applicant is entitled to a renewal, the applicant shall be licensed by the commissioner only after passing a satisfactory examination developed and administered by the commissioner, based upon rules adopted by the Plumbing Board, showing fitness. Examination fees for both journeyman and master plumbers shall be \$50 for each examination. Upon being notified of having successfully passed the examination for original license the applicant shall submit an application, with the license fee herein provided. The license fee for each initial and renewal master plumber's license shall be \$120 \$240. The license fee for each initial and renewal journeyman plumber's license shall be \$55 \$110. The commissioner may by rule prescribe for the expiration and renewal of licenses.

(b) All initial master and journeyman plumber's licenses shall be effective for more than one calendar year and shall expire on December 31 of the year after the year in which the application is made. The license fee for each renewal master plumber's license shall be \$120 for one year or \$240 for two years. The license fee for each renewal journeyman plumber's license shall be \$55 for one year or \$110 for two years. The commissioner shall in a manner determined by the commissioner, without the need for any rulemaking under chapter 14, phase in the renewal of master and journeyman plumber's licenses from one year to two years. By June 30, 2011, all renewed master and journeyman plumber's licenses shall be two-year licenses.

(c) Any licensee who does not renew a license within two years after the license expires is no longer eligible for renewal. Such an individual must retake and pass the examination before a new license will be issued. A journeyman or master plumber who submits a license renewal application after the time specified in rule but within two years after the license expired must pay all past due renewal fees plus a late fee of \$25.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.56, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Fee.** (a) The commissioner shall collect a \$40 bond registration fee for one year or \$80 for two years from each applicant for issuance or renewal of a water conditioning contractor or installer license who elects to proceed under subdivisions 1 and 2.

(b) The commissioner shall in a manner determined by the commissioner, without the need for any rulemaking under chapter 14, phase in the bond registration from one year to two years so that the expiration of bond registration corresponds with the expiration of the license issued under section 326B.55.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.58, is amended to read:

326B.58 FEES.

(a) Examination fees for both water conditioning contractors and water conditioning installers shall be \$50 for each examination. Each initial water conditioning contractor and installer license shall be effective for more than one calendar year and shall expire on December 31 of the year for which it was issued after the year in which the application is made. The license fee for each initial water conditioning contractor's license shall be \$70 \$140, except that the license fee shall be \$35 \$105 if the application is submitted during the last three months of the calendar year. The license fee for each renewal water conditioning contractor's license shall be \$70 for one year or \$140 for two years. The license fee for each initial water conditioning installer license shall be \$35 \$70, except that the license fee shall be \$17.50 \$52.50 if the application is submitted during the last three months of the calendar year. The license fee for each renewal water conditioning installer license shall be \$35 for one year or \$70 for two years.

(b) The commissioner shall in a manner determined by the commissioner, without the need for any rulemaking under chapter 14, phase in the renewal of water conditioning contractor and installer licenses from one year to two years. By June 30, 2011, all renewed water conditioning contractor and installer licenses shall be two-year licenses. The commissioner may by rule prescribe for the expiration and renewal of licenses.

(c) Any licensee who does not renew a license within two years after the license expires is no longer eligible for renewal. Such an individual must retake and pass the examination before a new license will be issued. A water conditioning contractor or water conditioning installer who submits a license renewal application after the time specified in rule but within two years after the license expired must pay all past due renewal fees plus a late fee of \$25.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.815, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Licensing fee.** (a) The licensing fee for persons licensed pursuant to sections 326B.802 to 326B.885, except for manufactured home installers, is \$100 per year \$200 for a two-year period. The licensing fee for manufactured home installers under section 327B.041 is \$300 for a three-year period.

(b) All initial licenses, except for manufactured home installer licenses, shall be effective for two years and shall expire on March 31 of the year after the year in which the application is made. The license fee for each renewal of a residential contractor, residential remodeler, or residential roofer license shall be \$100 for one year and \$200 for two years.

(c) The commissioner shall in a manner determined by the commissioner, without the need for any rulemaking under chapter 14, phase in the renewal of residential contractor, residential remodeler, and residential roofer licenses from one year to two years. By June 30, 2011, all renewed residential contractor, residential remodeler, and residential roofer licenses shall be two-year licenses.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.821, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Hours.** A qualifying person of a licensee must provide proof of completion of ~~seven~~ 14 hours of continuing education per ~~year~~ two-year licensure period in the regulated industry in which the licensee is licensed.

Credit may not be earned if the licensee has previously obtained credit for the same course as either a student or instructor during the same licensing period.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.86, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Bond.** (a) Licensed manufactured home installers and licensed residential roofers must post a surety bond in the name of the licensee with the commissioner, conditioned that the applicant shall faithfully perform the duties and in all things comply with all laws, ordinances, and rules pertaining to the license or permit applied for and all contracts entered into. ~~The annual~~ bond must be continuous and maintained for so long as the licensee remains licensed. The aggregate liability of the surety on the bond to any and all persons, regardless of the number of claims made against the bond, may not exceed the amount of the bond. The bond may be canceled as to future liability by the surety upon 30 days' written notice mailed to the commissioner by regular mail.

(b) A licensed residential roofer must post a bond of at least \$15,000.

(c) A licensed manufactured home installer must post a bond of at least \$2,500.

Bonds issued under sections 326B.802 to 326B.885 are not state bonds or contracts for purposes of sections 8.05 and 16C.05, subdivision 2.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.885, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Annual Renewal period.** ~~Any license issued or renewed after August 1, 1993, must be renewed annually except for~~ (a) A residential contractor, residential remodeler, and residential roofer license shall have a renewal period of two years. The commissioner shall in a manner determined by the commissioner, without the need for any rulemaking under chapter 14, phase in the renewal of residential contractor, residential remodeler, and residential roofer licenses from one year to two years. By June 30, 2011, all renewed residential contractor, residential remodeler, and residential roofer licenses shall be two-year licenses.

(b) A manufactured home installer's license which shall have a renewal period of three years, effective for all renewals and new licenses issued after December 31, 2008.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.89, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Fund fees.** In addition to any other fees, a person who applies for or renews a license under sections 326B.802 to 326B.885 shall pay a fee to the fund. The person shall pay, in addition to the appropriate application or renewal fee, the following additional fee that shall be deposited in the fund. The amount of the fee shall be based on the person's gross annual receipts for the person's most recent fiscal year preceding the application or renewal, on the following scale:

Fee	Gross Annual Receipts
\$160 <u>\$320</u>	under \$1,000,000
\$210 <u>\$420</u>	\$1,000,000 to \$5,000,000
\$260 <u>\$520</u>	over \$5,000,000

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.89, subdivision 16, is amended to read:

Subd. 16. **Additional assessment.** If the balance in the fund is at any time less than the commissioner determines is necessary to carry out the purposes of this section, every licensee, when renewing a license, shall pay, in addition to the annual renewal fee and the fee set forth in subdivision 3, an assessment not to exceed ~~\$100~~ \$200. The commissioner shall set the amount of assessment based on a reasonable determination of the amount that is necessary to restore a balance in the fund adequate to carry out the purposes of this section.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.94, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Examinations, licensing.** The commissioner shall develop and administer an examination for all masters of boats carrying passengers for hire on the inland waters of the state as to their qualifications and fitness. If found qualified and competent to perform their duties as a master of a boat carrying passengers for hire, they shall be issued a license authorizing them to act as such on the inland waters of the state. ~~The license shall be renewed annually.~~ All initial master's licenses shall be for two years. The commissioner shall in a manner determined by the commissioner, without the need for any rulemaking under chapter 14, phase in the renewal of master's licenses from one year to two years. By June 30, 2011, all renewed master's licenses shall be two-year licenses. Fees for the original issue and renewal of the license authorized under this section shall be pursuant to section 326B.986, subdivision 2.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.972, is amended to read:

326B.972 LICENSE REQUIREMENT.

(a) To operate a boiler, steam engine, or turbine an individual must have received a license for the grade covering that boiler, steam engine, or turbine. ~~The license must be renewed annually, except as provided~~ Except for licenses described in section 326B.956 and except for provisional licenses described in paragraphs (d) to (g);

(1) all initial licenses shall be for two years;

(2) the commissioner shall in a manner determined by the commissioner, without the need for any rulemaking under chapter 14, phase in the renewal of licenses from one year to two years; and

(3) by June 30, 2011, all licenses shall be two-year licenses.

(b) For purposes of sections 326B.952 to 326B.998, "operation" does not include monitoring of an automatic boiler, either through on premises inspection of the boiler or by remote electronic surveillance, provided that no operations are performed upon the boiler other than emergency shut down in alarm situations.

(c) No individual under the influence of illegal drugs or alcohol may operate a boiler, steam engine, or turbine or monitor an automatic boiler.

(d) The commissioner may issue a provisional license to allow an employee of a high pressure boiler plant to operate boilers greater than 500 horsepower at only that boiler plant if:

(1) the boiler plant has a designated chief engineer in accordance with Minnesota Rules, part 5225.0410;

(2) the boiler plant employee holds a valid license as a second-class engineer, Grade A or B;

(3) the chief engineer in charge of the boiler plant submits an application to the commissioner on a form prescribed by the commissioner to elicit information on whether the requirements of this paragraph have been met;

(4) the chief engineer in charge of the boiler plant and an authorized representative of the owner of the boiler plant both sign the application for the provisional license;

(5) the owner of the boiler plant has a documented training program with examination for boilers and equipment at the boiler plant to train and test the boiler plant employee; and

(6) if the application were to be granted, the total number of provisional licenses for employees of the boiler plant would not exceed the total number of properly licensed first-class engineers and chief engineers responsible for the safe operation of the boilers at the boiler plant.

(e) A public utility, cooperative electric association, generation and transmission cooperative electric association, municipal power agency, or municipal electric utility that employs licensed boiler operators who are subject to an existing labor contract may use a provisional licensee as an operator only if using the provisional licensee does not violate the labor contract.

(f) Each provisional license expires 36 months after the date of issuance unless revoked less than 36 months after the date of issuance. A provisional license may not be renewed.

(g) The commissioner may issue no more than two provisional licenses to any individual within a four-year period.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.986, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Fee amounts; master's.** The license and application fee for ~~a~~ an initial master's license is ~~\$50~~ \$70, or ~~\$20~~ \$40 if the applicant possesses a valid, unlimited, current United States Coast Guard master's license. ~~The annual renewal fee for a master's license is \$20 for one year or \$40 for two years. The annual renewal~~ If the renewal fee is paid later than 30 days after expiration is \$35. The fee for replacement of a current, valid license is \$20, then a late fee of \$15 will be added to the renewal fee.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.986, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Boiler engineer license fees.** (a) For the following licenses, the nonrefundable license and application fee is:

- (1) chief engineer's license, ~~\$50~~ \$70;
- (2) first class engineer's license, ~~\$50~~ \$70;
- (3) second class engineer's license, ~~\$50~~ \$70;
- (4) special engineer's license, ~~\$20~~ \$40;
- (5) traction or hobby boiler engineer's license, \$50; and
- (6) provisional license, \$50.

(b) An engineer's license, except a provisional license, may be renewed upon application and payment of ~~an annual~~ a renewal fee of \$20 for one year or \$40 for two years. ~~The annual renewal,~~ If the renewal fee is paid later than 30 days after expiration, is \$35. The fee for replacement of a current, valid license is \$20 then a late fee of \$15 will be added to the renewal fee.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 326B.986, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. **Certificate of competency.** The fee for issuance of the original state of Minnesota certificate of competency for inspectors is ~~\$50. This fee is waived~~ \$85 for inspectors who did not pay the examination fee or \$35 for inspectors who paid the examination fee. All initial certificates of competency shall be effective for more than one calendar year and shall expire on December 31 of the year after the year in which the application is made. The commissioner shall in a manner determined by the commissioner, without the need for any rulemaking under chapter 14, phase in the renewal of certificates of competency from one calendar year to two calendar years. By June 30, 2011, all renewed certificates of competency shall be valid for two calendar years. The fee for ~~an annual~~ renewal of the state of Minnesota certificate of competency is \$35 for one year or \$70 for two years, and is due ~~January 1 of each year. The fee for replacement of a current, valid license is \$35 the day after the certificate expires.~~

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 327B.04, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. ~~Fees; Licenses; when granted.~~ Each application for a license or license renewal must be accompanied by a fee in an amount established by ~~the commissioner by rule pursuant to section 327B.10 subdivision 7a.~~ The fees shall be set in an amount which over the fiscal biennium will produce revenues approximately equal to the expenses which the commissioner expects to incur during that fiscal biennium while administering and enforcing sections 327B.01 to 327B.12. The commissioner shall grant or deny a license application or a renewal application within 60 days of its filing. If the license is granted, the commissioner shall license the applicant as a dealer or manufacturer for the remainder of the ~~calendar year~~ licenseure period. Upon application by the licensee, the commissioner shall renew the license for a two year period, if:

~~(a)~~ (1) the renewal application satisfies the requirements of subdivisions 3 and 4;

~~(b)~~ (2) the renewal applicant has made all listings, registrations, notices and reports required by the commissioner during the preceding ~~year~~ licenseure period; and

~~(c)~~ (3) the renewal applicant has paid all fees owed pursuant to sections 327B.01 to 327B.12 and all taxes, arrearages, and penalties owed to the state.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 327B.04, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7a. **Fees.** (a) Fees for licenses issued pursuant to this section are as follows:

(1) initial dealer license for principal location, \$400. Fee is not refundable;

(2) initial dealer license for subagency location, \$80;

(3) dealer license biennial renewal, principal location, \$400; dealer subagency location biennial renewal, \$160. Subagency license renewal must coincide with the principal license date;

(4) initial limited dealer license, \$200;

(5) change of bonding company, \$10;

(6) reinstatement of bond after cancellation notice has been received, \$10;

(7) checks returned without payment, \$15; and

(8) change of address, \$10.

(b) All initial limited dealer licenses shall be effective for more than one calendar year and shall expire on December 31 of the year after the year in which the application is made.

(c) The license fee for each renewed limited dealer license shall be \$100 for one year and \$200 for two years. The commissioner shall in a manner determined by the commissioner, without the need for any rulemaking under chapter 14, phase in the renewal of limited dealer licenses from one year to two years. By June 30, 2011, all renewed limited dealer licenses shall be two-year licenses.

(d) All fees are not refundable.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 327B.04, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. **Limited dealer's license.** The commissioner shall issue a limited dealer's license to an owner of a manufactured home park authorizing the licensee as principal only to engage in the sale, offering for sale, soliciting, or advertising the sale of used manufactured homes located in the owned manufactured home park. The licensee must be the title holder of the homes and may engage in no more than ten sales annually during each year of the two-year licensure period. An owner may, upon payment of the applicable fee and compliance with this subdivision, obtain a separate license for each owned manufactured home park and is entitled to sell up to ~~ten~~ 20 homes per license period provided that only one limited dealer license may be issued for each park. The license shall be issued after:

(1) receipt of an application on forms provided by the commissioner containing the following information:

(i) the identity of the applicant;

(ii) the name under which the applicant will be licensed and do business in this state;

(iii) the name and address of the owned manufactured home park, including a copy of the park license, serving as the basis for the issuance of the license;

(iv) the name, home, and business address of the applicant;

(v) the name, address, and telephone number of one individual that is designated by the applicant to receive all communications and cooperate with all inspections and investigations of the commissioner pertaining to the sale of manufactured homes in the manufactured home park owned by the applicant;

(vi) whether the applicant or its designated individual has been convicted of a crime within the previous ten years that is either related directly to the business for which the license is sought or involved fraud, misrepresentation or misuse of funds, or has suffered a judgment in a civil action involving fraud, misrepresentation, or conversion within the previous five years or has had any government license or permit suspended or revoked as a result of an action brought by a federal or state governmental agency in this or any other state within the last five years; and

(vii) the applicant's qualifications and business history, including whether the applicant or its designated individual has ever been adjudged bankrupt or insolvent, or has any unsatisfied court judgments outstanding against it or them;

(2) payment of ~~a \$100 annual~~ the license fee established by subdivision 7a; and

(3) provision of a surety bond in the amount of \$5,000. A separate surety bond must be provided for each limited license.

The applicant need not comply with section 327B.04, subdivision 4, paragraph (e). The holding of a limited dealer's license does not satisfy the requirement contained in section 327B.04, subdivision 4, paragraph (e), for the licensee or salespersons with respect to obtaining a dealer license. The commissioner may, upon application for a renewal of a license, require only a verification that copies of sales documents have been retained and payment of ~~a \$100~~ the renewal fee established by subdivision 7a. "Sales documents" mean only the safety feature disclosure form defined in section 327C.07, subdivision 3a, title of the home, financing agreements, and purchase agreements.

The license holder shall, upon request of the commissioner, make available for inspection during business hours sales documents required to be retained under this subdivision.

Sec. 34. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Rules, part 1350.8300, is repealed.

ARTICLE 6

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Section 1. **[1.1499] STATE SPORT.**

Ice hockey is adopted as the official sport of the state of Minnesota.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 41A.02, subdivision 17, is amended to read:

Subd. 17. **Small business development loan.** "Small business development loan" means a loan to a business that is an "eligible small business" to finance;

(1) capital expenditures on an interim or long-term basis to acquire or improve land, acquire, construct, rehabilitate, remove, or improve buildings, or to acquire and install fixtures and equipment useful to conduct a small business, including facilities of a capital nature useful or suitable for a business engaged in an enterprise promoting employment including, without limitation, facilities included within the meaning of the term "project" as defined in sections 469.153, subdivision 2, and 469.155, subdivision 4;

(2) working capital; and

(3) intangible property, such as any patent, copyright, formula, process, design, pattern, know-how, format, or other similar item.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 41A.036, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Exemption from limitation.** If the board determines that ~~a revenue-producing enterprise~~ an eligible small business is eligible for special assistance, the \$1,000,000 limitation established in subdivision 1 does not apply.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 41A.036, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Designation; criteria.** ~~A revenue-producing enterprise~~ An eligible small business is not eligible to receive special assistance unless the board has passed a resolution designating the ~~revenue-producing enterprise~~ eligible small business as being in need of special assistance. The resolution must include findings that the designation and receipt of the special assistance will be of exceptional benefit to the state of Minnesota in that at least three of the following criteria are met:

(1) to expand or remain in Minnesota, the ~~revenue-producing enterprise~~ eligible small business has demonstrated that it cannot obtain suitable financing from other sources;

(2) special assistance will enable ~~a revenue-producing enterprise~~ an eligible small business not currently located in Minnesota to locate a facility in Minnesota that directly increases the number of jobs in the state;

(3) the ~~revenue-producing enterprise~~ eligible small business will create or retain significant numbers of jobs in a Minnesota community;

(4) the ~~revenue-producing enterprise eligible small business~~ has a significant potential for growth in jobs or economic activities in Minnesota during the ensuing five-year period; and

(5) the ~~revenue-producing enterprise eligible small business~~ will maintain a significant level of productivity in Minnesota during the ensuing five-year period.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 85.0146, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Advisory council created.** The Cuyuna Country State Recreation Area Citizens Advisory Council is established. Notwithstanding section 15.059, the council does not expire. Membership on the advisory council shall include:

- (1) a representative of the Cuyuna Range Mineland Recreation Area Joint Powers Board;
- (2) a representative of the Croft Mine Historical Park Joint Powers Board;
- (3) a designee of the Cuyuna Range Mineland Reclamation Committee who has worked as a miner in the local area;
- (4) a representative of the Crow Wing County Board;
- (5) an elected state official;
- (6) a representative of the Grand Rapids regional office of the Department of Natural Resources;
- (7) a designee of the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board;
- (8) a designee of the local business community selected by the area chambers of commerce;
- (9) a designee of the local environmental community selected by the Crow Wing County District 5 commissioner;
- (10) a designee of a local education organization selected by the Crosby-Ironton School Board;
- (11) a designee of one of the recreation area user groups selected by the Cuyuna Range Chamber of Commerce; and
- (12) a member of the Cuyuna Country Heritage Preservation Society.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 89A.08, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** The council shall appoint a Forest Resources Research Advisory Committee. Notwithstanding section 15.059, the council does not expire. The committee must consist of representatives of:

- (1) the College of Natural Resources, University of Minnesota;
- (2) the Natural Resources Research Institute, University of Minnesota;
- (3) the department;
- (4) the North Central Forest Experiment Station, United States Forest Service; and

(5) other organizations as deemed appropriate by the council.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 115C.08, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Expenditures.** (a) Money in the fund may only be spent:

(1) to administer the petroleum tank release cleanup program established in this chapter;

(2) for agency administrative costs under sections 116.46 to 116.50, sections 115C.03 to 115C.06, and costs of corrective action taken by the agency under section 115C.03, including investigations;

(3) for costs of recovering expenses of corrective actions under section 115C.04;

(4) for training, certification, and rulemaking under sections 116.46 to 116.50;

(5) for agency administrative costs of enforcing rules governing the construction, installation, operation, and closure of aboveground and underground petroleum storage tanks;

(6) for reimbursement of the environmental response, compensation, and compliance account under subdivision 5 and section 115B.26, subdivision 4;

(7) for administrative and staff costs as set by the board to administer the petroleum tank release program established in this chapter;

(8) for corrective action performance audits under section 115C.093;

(9) for contamination cleanup grants, as provided in paragraph (c); and

(10) to assess and remove abandoned underground storage tanks under section 115C.094 and, if a release is discovered, to pay for the specific consultant and contractor services costs necessary to complete the tank removal project, including, but not limited to, excavation soil sampling, groundwater sampling, soil disposal, and completion of an excavation report.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), money in the fund is appropriated to the board to make reimbursements or payments under this section.

(c) \$6,200,000 is annually appropriated from the fund to the commissioner of employment and economic development for contamination cleanup grants under section 116J.554. Of this amount, the commissioner may spend up to \$180,000 annually for administration of the contamination cleanup grant program. The appropriation does not cancel and is available until expended. The appropriation shall not be withdrawn from the fund nor the fund balance reduced until the funds are requested by the commissioner of employment and economic development. The commissioner shall schedule requests for withdrawals from the fund to minimize the necessity to impose the fee authorized by subdivision 2. Unless otherwise provided, the appropriation in this paragraph may be used for:

(1) project costs at a qualifying site if a portion of the cleanup costs are attributable to petroleum contamination or new and used tar and tar-like substances, including but not limited to bitumen and asphalt, but excluding bituminous or asphalt pavement, that consist primarily of hydrocarbons and are found in natural deposits in the earth or are distillates, fractions, or residues from the processing of petroleum crude or petroleum products as defined in section 296A.01; and

(2) the costs of performing contamination investigation if there is a reasonable basis to suspect the contamination is attributable to petroleum or new and used tar and tar-like substances, including but not limited to bitumen and asphalt, but excluding bituminous or asphalt pavement, that consist primarily of hydrocarbons and are found in natural deposits in the earth or are distillates, fractions, or residues from the processing of petroleum crude or petroleum products as defined in section 296A.01.

Sec. 8. **[137.701] UNIVERSITY NEIGHBORHOOD DEVELOPMENT.**

Subdivision 1. **Purpose.** In order to support and create an environment surrounding the campuses of the University of Minnesota in Minneapolis and Duluth, that is conducive to the purposes of higher education and a vital community, the Board of Regents and the cities of Minneapolis and Duluth shall create with the Marcy Holmes, Southeast Como, Prospect Park, and Cedar-Riverside neighborhood and business associations, an appropriate organization so that they cooperate in the development of those neighborhoods. The organization shall include representatives from the Marcy Holmes, Southeast Como, Prospect Park, and Cedar-Riverside neighborhood and business associations. The purpose of the organization is to improve the university's Minneapolis and Duluth campus area neighborhoods including, but not limited to, the following:

(1) providing and supporting the development of good quality university neighborhood housing, including housing for students, faculty, employees, alumni, and others who may wish to live in the university area neighborhoods;

(2) encouraging and assisting university faculty, staff, students, and others to live in the neighborhood as long-term residents;

(3) supporting and assisting appropriate business development in commercial areas of the neighborhood; and

(4) cooperating and coordinating planning and development in all matters affecting the neighborhood with local government, businesses, residents, and other stakeholders in the neighborhood.

Subd. 2. **Membership.** The organization created by the Board of Regents and the city of Minneapolis shall include representatives from the organizations currently represented on the University District Alliance Steering Committee. The Board of Regents and the city of Duluth may establish the membership of an organization for the purposes of subdivision 1.

Subd. 3. **Report.** The Board of Regents and the cities of Minneapolis and Duluth shall report by January 15, 2010, to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with primary jurisdiction over higher education policy and finance and economic development and housing finance on the status and activities of the organization that is created.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 154.001, is amended to read:

154.001 BOARD OF BARBER AND COSMETOLOGIST EXAMINERS CREATED; TERMS.

Subdivision 1. **Definition.** For the purposes of this chapter, "board" means the Board of Barber Examiners.

Subd. 2. **Board of Barber Examiners.** (a) A Board of Barber and Cosmetologist Examiners is established to consist of three barber members, ~~three cosmetologist members,~~ and one public member, as defined in section 214.02, appointed by the governor.

(b) The barber members shall be persons who have practiced as registered barbers in this state for at least five years immediately prior to their appointment; shall be graduates from the 12th grade of a high school or have equivalent education, and shall have knowledge of the matters to be taught in registered barber schools, as set forth in section 154.07. One of the barber members shall be a member of, or recommended by, a union of journeymen barbers that has existed at least two years, and one barber member shall be a member of, or recommended by, a professional organization of barbers.

~~(c) All cosmetologist members must be currently licensed in the field of cosmetology in Minnesota, have practiced in the licensed occupation for at least five years immediately prior to their appointment, be graduates from the 12th grade of high school or have equivalent education, and have knowledge of sections 154.40 to 154.54 and Minnesota Rules, chapters 2642 and 2644. The cosmetologist members shall be members of, or recommended by, a professional organization of cosmetologists, manicurists, or estheticians.~~

~~(d)~~ **Subd. 3. Membership terms.** (a) Membership terms, compensation of members, removal of members, the filling of membership vacancies, and fiscal year and reporting requirements shall be as provided in sections 214.07 to 214.09. The provision of staff, administrative services and office space; the review and processing of complaints; the setting of board fees; and other provisions relating to board operations shall be as provided in chapter 214.

~~(e)~~ (b) Members appointed to fill vacancies caused by death, resignation, or removal shall serve during the unexpired term of their predecessors.

~~(f) The barber members of the board shall separately oversee administration, enforcement, and regulation of, and adoption of rules under, sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.161, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26. The cosmetologist members of the board shall separately oversee administration, enforcement, and regulation of, and adoption of rules under, sections 154.40 to 154.54. Staff hired by the board, including inspectors, shall serve both professions.~~

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 154.003, is amended to read:

154.003 FEES.

(a) The fees collected, as required in this chapter, chapter 214, and the rules of the board, shall be paid to the executive secretary of the board. The executive secretary shall deposit the fees in the general fund in the state treasury.

(b) The board shall charge the following fees:

- (1) examination and certificate, registered barber, \$65;
- (2) examination and certificate, apprentice, \$60;
- (3) examination, instructor, \$160;
- (4) certificate, instructor, \$45;
- (5) temporary teacher or apprentice permit, ~~\$50~~ \$60;
- (6) renewal of license, registered barber, ~~\$50~~ \$60;
- (7) renewal of license, apprentice, ~~\$45~~ \$50;
- (8) renewal of license, instructor, \$60;
- (9) renewal of temporary teacher permit, ~~\$35~~ \$45;
- (10) student permit, \$25;
- (11) initial shop registration, ~~\$60~~ \$65;
- (12) initial school registration, \$1,010;
- (13) renewal shop registration, ~~\$60~~ \$65;
- (14) renewal school registration, \$260;
- (15) restoration of registered barber license, \$75;

- (16) restoration of apprentice license, \$70;
- (17) restoration of shop registration, \$85;
- (18) change of ownership or location, \$35;
- (19) duplicate license, \$20;
- (20) home study course, \$75; and
- (21) registration of hair braiders, \$20 per year.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 154.19, is amended to read:

154.19 VIOLATIONS.

Each of the following constitutes a misdemeanor:

- (1) The violation of any of the provisions of section 154.01;
- (2) Permitting any person in one's employ, supervision, or control to practice as a registered barber or registered apprentice unless that person has a certificate of registration as a registered barber or registered apprentice;
- (3) Obtaining or attempting to obtain a certificate of registration for money other than the required fee, or any other thing of value, or by fraudulent misrepresentation;
- (4) Practicing or attempting to practice by fraudulent misrepresentation;
- (5) The willful failure to display a certificate of registration as required by section 154.14;
- (6) The use of any room or place for barbering which is also used for residential or business purposes, except the sale of hair tonics, lotions, creams, cutlery, toilet articles, cigars, tobacco, candies in original package, and such commodities as are used and sold in barber shops, and except that shoeshining and an agency for the reception and delivery of laundry, or either, may be conducted in a barber shop without the same being construed as a violation of this section, unless a substantial partition of ceiling height separates the portion used for residential or business purposes, and where a barber shop is situated in a residence, poolroom, confectionery, store, restaurant, garage, clothing store, liquor store, hardware store, or soft drink parlor, there must be an outside entrance leading into the barber shop independent of any entrance leading into such business establishment, except that this provision as to an outside entrance shall not apply to barber shops in operation at the time of the passage of this section and except that a barber shop and beauty parlor may be operated in conjunction, without the same being separated by partition of ceiling height;
- (7) The failure or refusal of any barber or other person in charge of any barber shop, or any person in barber schools or colleges doing barber service work, to use separate and clean towels for each customer or patron, or to discard and launder each towel after once being used;
- (8) The failure or refusal by any barber or other person in charge of any barber shop or barber school or barber college to supply clean hot and cold water in such quantities as may be necessary to conduct such shop, or the barbering service of such school or college, in a sanitary manner, or the failure or refusal of any such person to have water and sewer connections from such shop, or barber school or college, with municipal water and sewer systems where the latter are available for use, or the failure or refusal of any such person to maintain a receptacle for hot water of a capacity of not less than five gallons;

(9) For the purposes of ~~sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.161, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26~~ this section, barbers, students, apprentices, or the proprietor or manager of a barber shop, or barber school or barber college, shall be responsible for all violations of the sanitary provisions of ~~sections 154.001, 154.002, 154.003, 154.01 to 154.161, 154.19 to 154.21, and 154.24 to 154.26~~ this section, and if any barber shop, or barber school or barber college, upon inspection, shall be found to be in an unsanitary condition, the person making such inspection shall immediately issue an order to place the barber shop, or barber school, or barber college, in a sanitary condition, in a manner and within a time satisfactory to the Board of Barber and Cosmetologist Examiners, and for the failure to comply with such order the board shall immediately file a complaint for the arrest of the persons upon whom the order was issued, and any registered barber who shall fail to comply with the rules adopted by the Board of Barber and Cosmetologist Examiners, with the approval of the state commissioner of health, or the violation or commission of any of the offenses described in this section and section 154.16 154.161, subdivision 4, paragraph (a), clauses (1), (2), (3), and (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9) to (12), and of clauses (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), and (9) of this section, shall be fined not less than \$10 or imprisoned for ten days and not more than \$100 or imprisoned for 90 days.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 154.44, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Schedule.** The fee schedule for licensees is as follows:

(a) Three-year license fees:

- (1) cosmetologist, manicurist, esthetician, \$90 for each initial license, and \$60 for each renewal;
- (2) instructor, manager, \$120 for each initial license, and \$90 for each renewal;
- (3) salon, \$130 for each initial license, and \$100 for each renewal; and
- (4) school, \$1,500.

(b) Penalties:

- (1) reinspection fee, variable; ~~and~~
- (2) manager and owner with lapsed practitioner, ~~\$25~~ \$150 each;
- (3) expired cosmetologist, manicurist, esthetician, manager, school manager, and instructor license, \$45; and
- (4) expired salon or school license, \$50.

(c) Administrative fees:

- (1) certificate of identification, \$20; ~~and~~
- (2) school original application, \$150;
- (3) name change, \$20;
- (4) letter of license verification, \$30;
- (5) duplicate license, \$20;
- (6) processing fee, \$10; and

(7) special event permit, \$75 per year.

(d) All fees established in this subdivision must be paid to the executive secretary of the board. The executive secretary of the board shall deposit the fees in the general fund in the state treasury.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 154.51, is amended to read:

154.51 ENFORCEMENT.

Subdivision 1. **Proceedings.** The provisions of section 154.161 apply to the administration of sections 154.40 to 154.54. If the board, or a complaint committee if authorized by the board, has a reasonable basis for believing that a person has engaged in or is about to engage in a violation of a statute, rule, or order that the board has adopted or issued or is empowered to enforce, the board or complaint committee may proceed as provided in subdivision 2 or 3. Except as otherwise provided in this section, all hearings must be conducted in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act.

Subd. 2. **Legal actions.** (a) When necessary to prevent an imminent violation of a statute, rule, or order that the board has adopted or issued or is empowered to enforce, the board, or a complaint committee if authorized by the board, may bring an action in the name of the state in the District Court of Ramsey County in which jurisdiction is proper to enjoin the act or practice and to enforce compliance with the statute, rule, or order. On a showing that a person has engaged in or is about to engage in an act or practice that constitutes a violation of a statute, rule, or order that the board has adopted or issued or is empowered to enforce, the court shall grant a permanent or temporary injunction, restraining order, or other appropriate relief.

(b) For purposes of injunctive relief under this subdivision, irreparable harm exists when the board shows that a person has engaged in or is about to engage in an act or practice that constitutes violation of a statute, rule, or order that the board has adopted or issued or is empowered to enforce.

(c) Injunctive relief granted under paragraph (a) does not relieve an enjoined person from criminal prosecution by a competent authority, or from action by the board under subdivision 3, 4, 5, or 6 with respect to the person's license or registration, or application for examination, license, registration, or renewal.

Subd. 3. **Cease and desist orders.** (a) The board, or complaint committee if authorized by the board, may issue and have served upon an unlicensed or unregistered person, or a holder of a license or registration, an order requiring the person to cease and desist from an act or practice that constitutes a violation of a statute, rule, or order that the board has adopted or issued or is empowered to enforce. The order must (1) give reasonable notice of the rights of the person named in the order to request a hearing, and (2) state the reasons for the entry of the order. No order may be issued under this subdivision until an investigation of the facts has been conducted under section 214.10.

(b) Service of the order under this subdivision is effective when the order is personally served on the person or counsel of record, or served by certified mail to the most recent address provided to the board for the person or counsel of record.

(c) The board must hold a hearing under this subdivision not later than 30 days after the board receives the request for the hearing, unless otherwise agreed between the board, or complaint committee if authorized by the board, and the person requesting the hearing.

(d) Notwithstanding any rule to the contrary, the administrative law judge must issue a report within 30 days of the close of the contested case hearing. Within 30 days after receiving the report and subsequent exceptions and argument, the board shall issue a further order vacating, modifying, or making permanent the cease and desist order. If no hearing is requested within 30 days of service of the order, the order becomes final and remains in effect until modified or vacated by the board.

Subd. 4. **Licensing and registration actions.** (a) With respect to a person who is a holder of or applicant for a license or registration under this chapter, the board may by order deny, refuse to renew, suspend, temporarily suspend, or revoke the application, license, or registration, censure or reprimand the person, refuse to permit the person to sit for examination, or refuse to release the person's examination grades, if the board finds that such an order is in the public interest and that, based on a preponderance of the evidence presented, the person has:

(1) violated a statute, rule, or order that the board has adopted or issued or is empowered to enforce;

(2) engaged in conduct or acts that are fraudulent, deceptive, or dishonest, whether or not the conduct or acts relate to the practice of a profession regulated by this chapter, if the fraudulent, deceptive, or dishonest conduct or acts reflect adversely on the person's ability or fitness to engage in the practice of the profession;

(3) engaged in conduct or acts that constitute malpractice, are negligent, demonstrate incompetence, or are otherwise in violation of the standards in the rules of the board, where the conduct or acts relate to the practice of a profession regulated by this chapter;

(4) employed fraud or deception in obtaining a license, registration, renewal, or reinstatement, or in passing all or a portion of the examination;

(5) had a license, registration, right to examine, or other similar authority revoked in another jurisdiction;

(6) failed to meet any requirement for issuance or renewal of the person's license or registration;

(7) practiced in a profession regulated by this chapter while having an infectious or contagious disease;

(8) advertised by means of false or deceptive statements;

(9) demonstrated intoxication or indulgence in the use of drugs, including but not limited to narcotics as defined in section 152.01 or in United States Code, title 26, section 4731, barbiturates, amphetamines, Benzedrine, Dexedrine, or other sedatives, depressants, stimulants, or tranquilizers;

(10) demonstrated unprofessional conduct or practice;

(11) permitted an employee or other person under the person's supervision or control to practice as a licensee, registrant, or instructor of a profession regulated by this chapter unless that person has (i) a current license or registration issued by the board, (ii) a temporary apprentice permit, or (iii) a temporary permit as an instructor of a profession regulated by the board;

(12) practices, offered to practice, or attempted to practice by misrepresentation;

(13) failed to display a license or registration as required by rules adopted by the board;

(14) used any room or place of practice of a profession regulated by the board that is also used for any other purpose, or used any room or place of practice of a profession regulated by the board that violates the board's rules governing sanitation;

(15) failed to use separate and clean towels for each customer or patron, or to discard and launder each towel after being used once;

(16) in the case of a licensee, registrant, or other person in charge of any school or place of practice of a profession regulated by the board, (i) failed to supply in a sanitary manner clean hot and cold water in quantities necessary to conduct the service or practice of the profession regulated by the board, (ii) failed to have water and sewer connections from the place of practice or school with municipal water and sewer systems where they are available for use, or (iii) failed or refused to maintain a receptacle for hot water of a capacity of at least five gallons;

(17) refused to permit the board to make an inspection permitted or required by this chapter, or failed to provide the board or the attorney general on behalf of the board with any documents or records they request;

(18) failed promptly to renew a license or registration when remaining in practice, pay the required fee, or issue a worthless check;

(19) failed to supervise an apprentice, or permitted the practice of a profession regulated by the board by a person not registered or licensed with the board or not holding a temporary permit;

(20) refused to serve a customer because of race, color, creed, religion, disability, national origin, or sex;

(21) failed to comply with a provision of chapter 141 or a provision of another chapter that relates to schools; or

(22) with respect to temporary suspension orders, has committed an act, engaged in conduct, or committed practices that the board, or complaint committee if authorized by the board, has determined may result or may have resulted in an immediate threat to the public.

(b) In lieu of or in addition to any remedy under paragraph (a), the board may, as a condition of continued licensure or registration, termination of suspension, reinstatement of licensure or registration, examination, or release of examination results, require that the person:

(1) submit to a quality review of the person's ability, skills, or quality of work, conducted in a manner and by a person or entity that the board determines; or

(2) completes to the board's satisfaction continuing education as the board requires.

(c) Service of an order under this subdivision is effective if the order is served in person, or is served by certified mail to the most recent address provided to the board by the licensee, registrant, applicant, or counsel of record. The order must state the reason for the entry of the order.

(d) Except as provided in subdivision 5, paragraph (c), all hearings under this subdivision must be conducted in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act.

Subd. 5. **Temporary suspension.** (a) When the board, or complaint committee if authorized by the board, issues a temporary suspension order, the suspension provided for in the order is effective on service of a written copy of the order on the licensee, registrant, or counsel of record. The order must specify the statute, rule, or order violated by the licensee or registrant. The order remains in effect until the board issues a final order in the matter after a hearing, or on agreement between the board and the licensee or registrant.

(b) An order under this subdivision may (1) prohibit the licensee or registrant from engaging in the practice of a profession regulated by the board in whole or in part, as the facts require, and (2) condition the termination of the suspension on compliance with a statute, rule, or order that the board has adopted or issued or is empowered to enforce. The order must state the reasons for entering the order and must set forth the right to a hearing as provided in this subdivision.

(c) Within ten days after service of an order under this subdivision, the licensee or registrant may request a hearing in writing. The board must hold a hearing before its own members within five working days of the request for a hearing. The sole issue at the hearing must be whether there is a reasonable basis to continue, modify, or terminate the temporary suspension. The hearing is not subject to the Administrative Procedure Act. Evidence presented to the board or the licensee or registrant may be in affidavit form only. The licensee, registrant, or counsel of record may appear for oral argument.

(d) Within five working days after the hearing, the board shall issue its order and, if the order continues the suspension, shall schedule a contested case hearing within 30 days of the issuance of the order. Notwithstanding any rule to the contrary, the administrative law judge shall issue a report within 30 days after the closing of the contested case hearing record. The board shall issue a final order within 30 days of receiving the report.

Subd. 6. **Violations; penalties; costs.** (a) The board may impose a civil penalty of up to \$2,000 per violation on a person who violates a statute, rule, or order that the board has adopted or issued or is empowered to enforce.

(b) In addition to any penalty under paragraph (a), the board may impose a fee to reimburse the board for all or part of the cost of (1) the proceedings resulting in disciplinary action authorized under this section, (2) the imposition of a civil penalty under paragraph (a), or (3) the issuance of a cease and desist order. The board may impose a fee under this paragraph when the board shows that the position of the person who has violated a statute, rule, or order that the board has adopted or issued or is empowered to enforce is not substantially justified unless special circumstances make such a fee unjust, notwithstanding any rule to the contrary. Costs under this paragraph include, but are not limited to, the amount paid by the board for services from the Office of Administrative Hearings, attorney fees, court reporter costs, witness costs, reproduction of records, board members' compensation, board staff time, and expenses incurred by board members and staff.

(c) All hearings under this subdivision must be conducted in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act.

Subd. 7. **Reinstatement.** Upon petition of the former or suspended licensee or registrant, the board may reinstate a suspended, revoked, or surrendered license or registration. The board may in its sole discretion place any conditions on reinstatement of a suspended, revoked, or surrendered license or registration that it finds appropriate and necessary to ensure that the purposes of this chapter are met. No license or registration may be reinstated until the former licensee or registrant has completed at least one-half of the suspension period.

Sec. 14. [155A.20] BOARD OF COSMETOLOGIST EXAMINERS CREATED; TERMS.

(a) A Board of Cosmetologist Examiners is established to consist of three cosmetologist members and one public member, as defined in section 214.02, appointed by the governor.

(b) All cosmetologist members must be currently licensed in the field of cosmetology, manicuring, or esthetics, in Minnesota, have practiced in the licensed occupation for at least five years immediately prior to their appointment, be graduates from grade 12 of high school or have equivalent education, and have knowledge of sections 154.40 to 154.54 and Minnesota Rules, chapters 2105 and 2110. The cosmetologist members shall be members of, or recommended by, a professional organization of cosmetologists, manicurists, or estheticians.

(c) Membership terms, compensation of members, removal of members, the filling of membership vacancies, and fiscal year and reporting requirements shall be as provided in sections 214.07 to 214.09. The provision of staff, administrative services, and office space; the review and processing of complaints; the setting of board fees; and other provisions relating to board operations shall be as provided in chapter 214.

(d) Members appointed to fill vacancies caused by death, resignation, or removal shall serve during the unexpired term of their predecessors.

Sec. 15. [155A.21] SPECIAL EVENTS.

Subdivision 1. **Special event services.** For purposes of this section, "special event services" means services rendered for compensation and performed at a location other than a licensed salon. These services include, but are not limited to, the practice of nonpermanent manipulation of the hair, such as styling, setting, reinforcing, or extending the hair; the application of nail polish to the nails; and the application of makeup to the skin.

Subd. 2. **Special event services permit.** (a) No person shall perform special event services without first obtaining a special event services permit from the board. To be eligible for a special event services permit, a person must have a valid manager's license issued by the board under the authority of section 154.46.

(b) An individual applying for a special event services permit must submit to the board, on a form approved by the board, an application for a special event services permit.

(c) An individual providing services under a special event services permit may only perform services within the individual's specific field of licensure and as defined by the permit. The services provided pursuant to the special event services permit must comply with the requirements of this chapter and all federal, state, and local laws.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 160.16, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. **Business signs.** A road or transit authority, before entering into a contract for construction, reconstruction, or improvement of a street or highway, shall identify any business that will experience access, parking, or visibility impacts during construction. The road or transit authority shall consult with affected businesses before and during construction to plan signage that will mitigate adverse effects on businesses during project construction.

Sec. 17. **[161.2415] MITIGATION OF TRANSPORTATION CONSTRUCTION IMPACTS ON BUSINESS.**

Subdivision 1. **Definition.** For the purposes of this section, "project" means road work to maintain, construct, or improve a street or highway, or for a transit improvement, if the work is anticipated by the road or transit authority to impair road access to one or more business establishments for a minimum period of one month.

Subd. 2. **Business liaison.** (a) Before the beginning of project construction work, the road or transit authority shall identify businesses that are adjacent to the construction area or whose access to the business premises or parking will be impaired by the project and designate an individual to serve as business liaison between the road or transit authority and the affected businesses.

(b) The business liaison shall provide information to the identified businesses, before and during construction, concerning project duration and timetables, lane and road closures, detours, access impacts, customer parking impacts, visibility, noise, dust, vibration, and public participation opportunities.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 178.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Terms.** The board shall not expire, and The terms, compensation, and removal of appointed members shall be as provided in section 15.059.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 181.723, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 17. **Advisory task force on employee misclassification.** (a) The commissioner of the Department of Labor and Industry shall appoint an advisory task force on employee misclassification and "off-the-books" payment of workers in the construction industry. The advisory task force shall consist of the following members:

(1) the commissioner of the Department of Labor and Industry or designee;

(2) the commissioner of the Department of Employment and Economic Development or designee;

(3) the commissioner of the Department of Revenue or designee;

(4) the attorney general or designee;

(5) a representative appointed by the Minnesota County Attorneys Association;

(6) two members who are members of a labor organization that represents members who perform public or private sector commercial or residential building construction or improvement services;

(7) one member who is a general contractor or a representative of general contractors that performs public or private sector commercial building construction or improvement services;

(8) one member who is a general contractor or a representative of general contractors that performs public or private sector residential building construction or improvement services;

(9) one member who is a subcontractor or a representative of subcontractors that performs public or private sector commercial building construction or improvement services;

(10) one member who is a subcontractor or a representative of subcontractors that performs public or private sector residential building construction or improvement services; and

(11) up to three additional members who perform public or private sector commercial or residential building and construction or improvement services including one member who is an independent contractor with a current independent contractor certificate; one member who is a limited liability corporation; and one member who is an employee.

The commissioner of the Department of Labor and Industry or designee shall serve as the advisory task force chair. The advisory task force shall meet on a regular basis.

(b) The advisory task force shall have the following duties:

(1) advise the commissioner on the development, implementation, and coordination of enforcement activities, including information sharing and joint investigation and prosecution of persons who violate laws under the jurisdiction of the Department of Labor and Industry, Department of Employment and Economic Development, and the Department of Revenue; and

(2) advise the commissioner on the development and adoption of necessary legislation, regulations, policies, and procedures.

(c) The advisory task force shall expire and the terms, compensation, and removal of members shall be as provided in section 15.059, subdivision 6.

(d) The advisory task force shall, prior to its expiration, report to the legislature a summary of the advice it provided to the commissioner.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 182.656, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. ~~Meetings; expiration of council.~~ A majority of the council members constitutes a quorum. The council shall meet at the call of its chair, or upon request of any six members. A tape recording of the meeting with the tape being retained for a one-year period will be available upon the request and payment of costs to any interested party. The council shall expire and the terms, compensation, and removal of members shall be as provided in section 15.059, except that the council shall not expire ~~before June 30, 2003.~~

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 214.01, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Non-health-related licensing board.** "Non-health-related licensing board" means the Board of Teaching established pursuant to section 122A.07, the Board of Barber Examiners established pursuant to section 154.001, the Board of Cosmetologist Examiners established pursuant to section 155A.20, the Board of Assessors established pursuant to section 270.41, the Board of Architecture, Engineering, Land Surveying, Landscape Architecture, Geoscience, and Interior Design established pursuant to section 326.04, the Private Detective and Protective Agent Licensing Board established pursuant to section 326.33, the Board of Accountancy established pursuant to section 326A.02, and the Peace Officer Standards and Training Board established pursuant to section 626.841.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 214.04, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Officers; staff.** The executive director of each health-related board and the executive secretary of each non-health-related board shall be the chief administrative officer for the board but shall not be a member of the board. The executive director or executive secretary shall maintain the records of the board, account for all fees received by it, supervise and direct employees servicing the board, and perform other services as directed by the board. The executive directors, executive secretaries, and other employees of the following boards shall be hired by the board, and the executive directors or executive secretaries shall be in the unclassified civil service, except as provided in this subdivision:

- (1) Dentistry;
- (2) Medical Practice;
- (3) Nursing;
- (4) Pharmacy;
- (5) Accountancy;
- (6) Architecture, Engineering, Land Surveying, Landscape Architecture, Geoscience, and Interior Design;
- (7) Barber Examiners;
- (8) ~~Cosmetology~~ Cosmetologist Examiners;
- (9) Teaching;
- (10) Peace Officer Standards and Training;
- (11) Social Work;
- (12) Marriage and Family Therapy;
- (13) Dietetics and Nutrition Practice;
- (14) Licensed Professional Counseling; and
- (15) Combative Sports Commission.

The executive directors or executive secretaries serving the boards are hired by those boards and are in the unclassified civil service, except for part-time executive directors or executive secretaries, who are not required to be in the unclassified service. Boards not requiring full-time executive directors or executive secretaries may employ them on a part-time basis. To the extent practicable, the sharing of part-time executive directors or executive secretaries by boards being serviced by the same department is encouraged. Persons providing services to

those boards not listed in this subdivision, except executive directors or executive secretaries of the boards and employees of the attorney general, are classified civil service employees of the department servicing the board. To the extent practicable, the commissioner shall ensure that staff services are shared by the boards being serviced by the department. If necessary, a board may hire part-time, temporary employees to administer and grade examinations.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 216B.1612, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) The terms used in this section have the meanings given them in this subdivision.

(b) "C-BED tariff" or "tariff" means a community-based energy development tariff.

(c) "Qualifying owner" means:

(1) a Minnesota resident;

(2) a limited liability company that is organized under chapter 322B and that is made up of members who are Minnesota residents;

(3) a Minnesota nonprofit organization organized under chapter 317A;

(4) a Minnesota cooperative association organized under chapter 308A or 308B, including a rural electric cooperative association or a generation and transmission cooperative on behalf of and at the request of a member distribution utility;

(5) a Minnesota political subdivision or local government including, but not limited to, a municipal electric utility, or a municipal power agency on behalf of and at the request of a member distribution utility, the office of the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation, a county, statutory or home rule charter city, town, school district, or public or private higher education institution or any other local or regional governmental organization such as a board, commission, or association; or

(6) a tribal council.

(d) "Net present value rate" means a rate equal to the net present value of the nominal payments to a project divided by the total expected energy production of the project over the life of its power purchase agreement.

(e) "Standard reliability criteria" means:

(1) can be safely integrated into and operated within the utility's grid without causing any adverse or unsafe consequences; and

(2) is consistent with the utility's resource needs as identified in its most recent resource plan submitted under section 216B.2422.

(f) "Renewable" refers to a technology listed in section 216B.1691, subdivision 1, paragraph (a).

(g) "Community-based energy development project" or "C-BED project" means a new renewable energy project that either as a stand-alone project or part of a partnership under subdivision 8:

(1) has no single qualifying owner owning more than 15 percent of a C-BED wind energy project unless: (i) the C-BED wind energy project consists of only one or two turbines; or (ii) the qualifying owner is a public entity listed under paragraph (c), clause (5), that is not a municipal utility;

(2) demonstrates that at least 51 percent of the gross revenues from a power purchase agreement over the life of the project will flow to qualifying owners and other local entities; and

(3) has a resolution of support adopted by the county board of each county in which the project is to be located, or in the case of a project located within the boundaries of a reservation, the tribal council for that reservation.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 298.2213, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Advisory committees.** Before submission to the board of a proposal for a project for expenditure of money appropriated under this section, the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation shall appoint a technical advisory committee consisting of at least seven persons who are knowledgeable in areas related to the objectives of the proposal. If the project involves investment in a scientific research proposal, at least four of the committee members must be knowledgeable in the specific scientific research area relating to the project. Members of the committees must be compensated as provided in section 15.059, subdivision 3. The board shall not act on a proposal until it has received the evaluation and recommendations of the technical advisory committee. Notwithstanding section 15.059, the committees do not expire.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 298.2214, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Creation of committee; purpose.** A committee is created to advise the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation on providing higher education programs in the taconite assistance area defined in section 273.1341. The committee is subject to section 15.059 but does not expire.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 298.297, is amended to read:

298.297 ADVISORY COMMITTEES.

Before submission of a project to the board, the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation shall appoint a technical advisory committee consisting of one or more persons who are knowledgeable in areas related to the objectives of the proposal. Members of the committees shall be compensated as provided in section 15.059, subdivision 3. The board shall not act on a proposal until it has received the evaluation and recommendations of the technical advisory committee or until 15 days have elapsed since the proposal was transmitted to the advisory committee, whichever occurs first. Notwithstanding section 15.059, the committees do not expire.

Sec. 27. Laws 1998, chapter 404, section 23, subdivision 6, as amended by Laws 2002, chapter 220, article 10, section 35, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **St. Paul RiverCentre Arena**

65,000,000

This appropriation is from the general fund to the commissioner of finance for a loan to the city of St. Paul to demolish the existing St. Paul RiverCentre Arena and to design, construct, furnish, and equip a new arena. This appropriation is not available until the lessee to whom the city has leased the arena has agreed to make rental or other payments to the city under the terms set forth in this subdivision. The loan is repayable solely from and secured by the payments made to the city by the lessee. The loan is not a public debt and the full faith, credit, and taxing powers of the city are not pledged for its repayment.

(a) ~~\$48,000,000~~ \$15,250,000 of the loan must be repaid to the commissioner, without interest, within ~~20~~ 12 years from the date of substantial completion of the arena in accordance with the following schedule:

(1) no repayments are due in the first two years from the date of substantial completion;

(2) in each of the years three to five, the lessee must pay \$1,250,000;

(3) in each of the years six to ten, the lessee must pay \$1,500,000; and

(4) in each of the years 11 to ~~13~~ 12, the lessee must pay \$2,000,000;

~~(5) in year 14, the lessee must pay \$3,000,000;~~

~~(6) in year 15, the lessee must pay \$4,000,000; and~~

~~(7) in each of the years 16 to 20, the lessee must pay \$4,750,000.~~

(b) The commissioner must deposit the repayments in the state treasury and credit them to the general fund.

(c) The loan may not be made until the commissioner has entered into an agreement with the city of St. Paul identifying the rental or other payments that will be made and establishing the dates on and the amounts in which the payments will be made to the city and by the city to the commissioner. The payments may include operating revenues and additional payments to be made by the lessee under agreements to be negotiated between the commissioner, the city, and the lessee. Those agreements may include, but are not limited to, an agreement whereby the lessee pledges to provide each year a letter of credit sufficient to guarantee the payment of the amount due for the next succeeding year; an agreement whereby the lessee agrees to maintain a net worth, certified each year by a financial institution or accounting firm satisfactory to the commissioner, that is greater than the balance due under the payment schedule in paragraph (a); and any other agreements the commissioner may deem necessary to ensure that the payments are made as scheduled. Payments made by the lessee under the lease in amounts equal to the amount of the loan forgiven after year 12 must be used solely by the city to pay for or finance the design, acquisition, construction, and equipping of a public facility to be located within the block 39/arena tax increment district.

(d) The agreements must provide that the failure of the lessee to make a payment due to the city under the agreement is an event of default under the lease between the city and the lessee and that the state is entitled to enforce the remedies of the lessor under the lease in the event of default. Those remedies must include, but need not be limited to, the obligation of the lessee to pay the balance due for the remainder of the payment schedule in the event the lessee ceases to operate a National Hockey League team in the arena.

(e) By January 1, 1999, the commissioner shall report to the chair of the senate committee on state government finance and the chair of the house committee on ways and means the terms of an agreement between the lessee and the amateur sports commission whereby the lessee agrees to make the facilities of the arena available to the commission on terms satisfactory to the commission for amateur sports activities consistent with the purposes of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 240A, each year during the time the loan is outstanding. The amateur sports commission must negotiate in good faith and may be required to pay no more than actual out-of-pocket expenses for the time it uses the arena. The agreement may not become effective before February 1, 1999. During any calendar year after 1999 that an agreement under this paragraph is not in effect and a payment is due under the schedule, the lessee must pay to the commissioner a penalty of \$750,000 for that year. If the amateur sports commission has not negotiated in good faith, no penalty is due.

EFFECTIVE DATE; LOCAL APPROVAL. This section is effective the day after the Saint Paul city council and its chief clerical officer comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

Sec. 28. **TRANSFER OF AUTHORITY AND STAFF.**

Subdivision 1. Transfer of authority. (a) The responsibilities of the Board of Barber and Cosmetologist Examiners covered in Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 154.001 to 154.26, are transferred under Minnesota Statutes, section 15.039, to the Board of Barber Examiners.

(b) The responsibilities of the Board of Barber and Cosmetologist Examiners covered in Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 154.40 to 154.54, are transferred under Minnesota Statutes, section 15.039, to the Board of Cosmetologist Examiners.

Subd. 2. Rulemaking. Rulemaking authority pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 154.001 to 154.26, of the Board of Barber and Cosmetologist Examiners is transferred to the Board of Barber Examiners. Rulemaking authority pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 154.40 to 154.54, of the Board of Barber and Cosmetologist Examiners is transferred to the Board of Cosmetologist Examiners. All rules adopted by the Board of Barber and Cosmetologist Examiners in Minnesota Rules, chapter 2100, remain in effect and shall be enforced until amended or repealed according to law by the Board of Barber Examiners. All rules adopted by the Board of Barber and Cosmetologist Examiners in Minnesota Rules, chapters 2105 and 2110, remain in effect and shall be enforced until amended or repealed according to law by the Board of Cosmetologist Examiners.

Subd. 3. Transfer of board members. The board members serving in unexpired terms appointed to the Board of Barber and Cosmetologist Examiners pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 154.001, paragraph (b), shall be appointed to serve the remainder of their terms as members of the Board of Barber Examiners, notwithstanding the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 154.001, subdivision 2. The board members serving in unexpired terms appointed to the Board of Barber and Cosmetologist Examiners pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 154.001, paragraph (c), shall be appointed to serve the remainder of their terms as members of the Board of Cosmetologist Examiners, notwithstanding the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 155A.20.

Subd. 4. Transfer of staff. (a) The staff of the Board of Barber and Cosmetologist Examiners is transferred to the Board of Barber Examiners and the Board of Cosmetologist Examiners under Minnesota Statutes, section 15.039, according to the requirements of paragraph (b). In addition to any other protection, no employee shall suffer job loss, have a salary reduced, or have employment benefits reduced as a result of the transfer of authority from the Board of Barber and Cosmetologist Examiners recommended or mandated by this section. No action taken after January 1, 2010, shall be considered a result of the transfer of authority for the purposes of this section.

(b) On or before June 1, 2009, the Board of Barber and Cosmetologist Examiners must designate to which board each employee will transfer to under paragraph (a), and the board must notify each affected employee of the designation in writing.

Subd. 5. **Exemption from hiring freeze.** Notwithstanding any law, policy, or executive order that restricts the hiring of new employees or institutes a hiring freeze, the Board of Barber Examiners and the Board of Cosmetologist Examiners may hire staff necessary to accomplish their statutory duties. This exemption expires on December 31, 2009.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009, except that the requirements of subdivision 4, paragraph (b), are effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 29. **REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.**

(a) The revisor of statutes shall delete "Board of Barber and Cosmetologist Examiners" and substitute "board" or "Board of Barber Examiners," as appropriate, wherever it appears in Minnesota Statutes, sections 154.001 to 154.26, and Minnesota Rules, chapter 2100.

(b) The revisor of statutes shall delete "Board of Barber and Cosmetologist Examiners" and substitute "board" or "Board of Cosmetologist Examiners," as appropriate, wherever it appears in Minnesota Statutes, sections 154.40 to 154.54, and Minnesota Rules, chapters 2105 and 2110.

(c) The revisor of statutes shall renumber each section of Minnesota Statutes listed in column A with the number listed in column B. The revisor shall also make necessary cross-reference changes in Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules consistent with the renumbering.

<u>Column A</u>	<u>Column B</u>
<u>154.40</u>	<u>155A.21</u>
<u>154.41</u>	<u>155A.22</u>
<u>154.42</u>	<u>155A.23</u>
<u>154.43</u>	<u>155A.24</u>
<u>154.44</u>	<u>155A.25</u>
<u>154.45</u>	<u>155A.26</u>
<u>154.46</u>	<u>155A.27</u>
<u>154.465</u>	<u>155A.28</u>
<u>154.47</u>	<u>155A.29</u>
<u>154.48</u>	<u>155A.30</u>
<u>154.49</u>	<u>155A.31</u>
<u>154.50</u>	<u>155A.32</u>
<u>154.51</u>	<u>155A.33</u>
<u>154.52</u>	<u>155A.34</u>
<u>154.53</u>	<u>155A.35</u>
<u>154.54</u>	<u>155A.36</u>

Sec. 30. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 176.135, subdivision 1b, is repealed.

ARTICLE 7

IRON RANGE RESOURCES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 116J.424, is amended to read:

116J.424 IRON RANGE RESOURCES AND REHABILITATION BOARD CONTRIBUTION.

The commissioner of the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board with approval ~~of the board~~ by at least seven Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members, shall provide an equal match for any loan or equity investment made for a facility located in the tax relief area defined in section 273.134, paragraph (b), by the Minnesota minerals 21st century fund created by section 116J.423. The match may be in the form of a loan or equity investment, notwithstanding whether the fund makes a loan or equity investment. The state shall not acquire an equity interest because of an equity investment or loan by the board and the board at its sole discretion shall decide what interest it acquires in a project. The commissioner of employment and economic development may require a commitment from the board to make the match prior to disbursing money from the fund.

Sec. 2. **[298.217] IRON RANGE RESOURCES AND REHABILITATION; EARLY SEPARATION INCENTIVE PROGRAM AUTHORIZATION.**

(a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation, in consultation with the commissioner of management and budget, may offer a targeted early separation incentive program for employees of the commissioner who have attained the age of 60 years or who have received credit for at least 30 years of allowable service under the provisions of chapter 352.

(b) The early separation incentive program may include one or more of the following:

(1) employer-paid postseparation health, medical, and dental insurance until age 65; and

(2) cash incentives that may, but are not required to be, used to purchase additional years of service credit through the Minnesota State Retirement System, to the extent that the purchases are otherwise authorized by law.

(c) The commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation shall establish eligibility requirements for employees to receive an incentive.

(d) The commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation, consistent with the established program provisions under paragraph (b), and with the eligibility requirements under paragraph (c), may designate specific programs or employees as eligible to be offered the incentive program.

(e) Acceptance of the offered incentive must be voluntary on the part of the employee and must be in writing. The incentive may only be offered at the sole discretion of the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation.

(f) The cost of the incentive is payable solely by funds made available to the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation by law, but only on prior approval of the expenditures by a majority of the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board.

(g) This section and section 298.218 are repealed June 30, 2011.

Sec. 3. **[298.218] APPLICATION OF OTHER LAWS.**

Unilateral implementation of section 298.217 by the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation is not an unfair labor practice under chapter 179A.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 298.22, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board.** There is hereby created the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board, consisting of 13 members, five of whom are state senators appointed by the Subcommittee on Committees of the Rules Committee of the senate, and five of whom are representatives, appointed by the speaker of the house. The remaining members shall be appointed one each by the senate majority leader, the speaker of the house, and the governor and must be nonlegislators who reside in a taconite assistance area as defined in section 273.1341. The members shall be appointed in January of every odd-numbered year, except that the initial

nonlegislator members shall be appointed by July 1, 1999, and shall serve until January of the next odd-numbered year. Vacancies on the board shall be filled in the same manner as the original members were chosen. At least a majority of the legislative members of the board shall be elected from state senatorial or legislative districts in which over 50 percent of the residents reside within a taconite assistance area as defined in section 273.1341. All expenditures and projects made by the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation shall be consistent with the priorities established in subdivision 8 and shall first be submitted to the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board for approval of expenditures and projects for rehabilitation purposes as provided by this section, and the method, manner, and time of payment of all funds proposed to be disbursed, by a majority of the board of expenditures and projects for rehabilitation purposes as provided by this section, and the method, manner, and time of payment of all funds proposed to be disbursed shall be first approved or disapproved by the board at least seven Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members. The board shall biennially make its report to the governor and the legislature on or before November 15 of each even-numbered year. The expenses of the board shall be paid by the state from the funds raised pursuant to this section. Members of the board who are legislators may be reimbursed for expenses in the manner provided in sections 3.099, subdivision 1, and 3.101, and may receive per diem payments during the interims between legislative sessions in the manner provided in section 3.099, subdivision 1. Members of the board who are not legislators may receive per diem payments and be reimbursed for expenses at the lowest rate provided for legislative members.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 298.22, subdivision 5a, is amended to read:

Subd. 5a. **Forest trust.** The commissioner, upon the affirmative vote ~~of a majority of the members of the board, of at least seven Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members,~~ may purchase forest lands in the taconite assistance area defined in under section 273.1341 with funds specifically authorized for the purchase. The acquired forest lands must be held in trust for the benefit of the citizens of the taconite assistance area as the Iron Range Miners' Memorial Forest. The forest trust lands shall be managed and developed for recreation and economic development purposes. The commissioner, upon the affirmative vote ~~of a majority of the members of the board, of at least seven Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members,~~ may sell forest lands purchased under this subdivision if the board finds that the sale advances the purposes of the trust. Proceeds derived from the management or sale of the lands and from the sale of timber or removal of gravel or other minerals from these forest lands shall be deposited into an Iron Range Miners' Memorial Forest account that is established within the state financial accounts. Funds may be expended from the account upon approval ~~of a majority of the members of the board by at least seven Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members,~~ to purchase, manage, administer, convey interests in, and improve the forest lands. ~~By majority an affirmative vote of the members of the board, of at least seven Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members,~~ money in the Iron Range Miners' Memorial Forest account may be transferred into the corpus of the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection trust fund established under sections 298.291 to 298.294. The property acquired under the authority granted by this subdivision and income derived from the property or the operation or management of the property are exempt from taxation by the state or its political subdivisions while held by the forest trust.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 298.22, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Private entity participation.** The board may acquire an equity interest in any project for which it provides funding. The commissioner may establish, participate in the management of, and dispose of the assets of charitable foundations, nonprofit limited liability companies, and nonprofit corporations associated with any project for which it provides funding, including specifically, but without limitation, a corporation within the meaning of section 317A.011, subdivision 6.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 298.22, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Project area development authority.** (a) In addition to the other powers granted in this section and other law and notwithstanding any limitations contained in subdivision 5, the commissioner, for purposes of fostering economic development and tourism within the Giants Ridge Recreation Area or the Ironworld Discovery Center area, may spend any money made available to the agency under section 298.28 to acquire real or personal property or interests therein by gift, purchase, or lease and may convey by lease, sale, or other means of conveyance or commitment any or all property interests owned or administered by the commissioner within such areas.

(b) In furtherance of development of the Giants Ridge Recreation Area or the Ironworld Discovery Center area, the commissioner may establish and participate in charitable foundations, nonprofit limited liability companies, and nonprofit corporations, including a corporation within the meaning of section 317A.011, subdivision 6.

(c) The term "Giants Ridge recreation area" refers to an economic development project area established by the commissioner in furtherance of the powers delegated in this section within St. Louis County in the ~~western~~ following portions of the town of White and ~~in the eastern portion of the westerly, adjacent, unorganized township.~~ city of Biwabik:

Township 59 North, Range 15 West, Sections 7, 8, 17-20 and 29-32;

Township 59 North, Range 16 West, Sections 12, 13, 24, 25, and 36;

Township 58 North, Range 16 West, Section 1; and

Township 58 North, Range 15 West, Sections 5 and 6.

(d) ~~The term~~ "Ironworld Discovery Center area" ~~refers to~~ means an economic development and tourism promotion project area established by the commissioner in furtherance of the powers delegated in this section within St. Louis County in the south portion of the town of Balkan.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 298.22, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. **Spending priority.** In making or approving any expenditures on programs or projects, the commissioner and the board shall give the highest priority to programs and projects that target relief to those areas of the taconite assistance area as defined in section 273.1341, that have the largest percentages of job losses and population losses directly attributable to the economic downturn in the taconite industry since the 1980s. The commissioner and the board shall compare the 1980 population and employment figures with the 2000 population and employment figures, and shall specifically consider the job losses in 2000 and 2001 resulting from the closure of LTV Steel Mining Company, in making or approving expenditures consistent with this subdivision, as well as the areas of residence of persons who suffered job loss for which relief is to be targeted under this subdivision. The commissioner may lease, for a term not exceeding 50 years and upon the terms determined by the commissioner and approved by ~~the board~~ at least seven Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members, surface and mineral interests owned or acquired by the state of Minnesota acting by and through the office of the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation within those portions of the taconite assistance area affected by the closure of the LTV Steel Mining Company facility near Hoyt Lakes. The payments and royalties from these leases must be deposited into the fund established in section 298.292. This subdivision supersedes any other conflicting provisions of law and does not preclude the commissioner and the board from making expenditures for programs and projects in other areas.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 298.22, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. **Sale or privatization of functions.** The commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation may not sell or privatize the Ironworld Discovery Center or Giants Ridge Golf and Ski Resort without prior approval by ~~a majority vote of the board~~ at least seven Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 298.22, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. **Budgeting.** The commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation shall annually prepare a budget for operational expenditures, programs, and projects, and submit it to the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board and the governor ~~for approval~~. After the budget is approved by ~~the board~~ at least seven Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members and the governor, the commissioner may spend money in accordance with the approved budget.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 298.221, is amended to read:

298.221 RECEIPTS FROM CONTRACTS; APPROPRIATION.

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (c), all money paid to the state of Minnesota pursuant to the terms of any contract entered into by the state under authority of section 298.22 and any fees which may, in the discretion of the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation, be charged in connection with any project pursuant to that section as amended, shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board account in the special revenue fund and are hereby appropriated for the purposes of section 298.22.

(b) Notwithstanding section 16A.013, merchandise may be accepted by the commissioner of the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board for payment of advertising contracts if the commissioner determines that the merchandise can be used for special event prizes or mementos at facilities operated by the board. Nothing in this paragraph authorizes the commissioner or a member of the board to receive merchandise for personal use.

(c) All fees charged by the commissioner in connection with public use of the state-owned ski and golf facilities at the Giants Ridge Recreation Area and all other revenues derived by the commissioner from the operation or lease of those facilities and from the lease, sale, or other disposition of undeveloped lands at the Giants Ridge Recreation Area must be deposited into an Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board account that is created within the state enterprise fund. All funds deposited in the enterprise fund account are appropriated to the commissioner to be expended, subject to approval ~~of a majority of the board~~, by at least seven Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members, as follows:

(1) to pay costs associated with the construction, equipping, operation, repair, or improvement of the Giants Ridge Recreation Area facilities or lands;

(2) to pay principal, interest and associated bond issuance, reserve, and servicing costs associated with the financing of the facilities; and

(3) to pay the costs of any other project authorized under section 298.22.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 298.2211, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Project approval.** All projects authorized by this section shall be submitted by the commissioner to the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board, ~~which shall recommend approval or disapproval or modification of the projects~~ for approval by at least seven Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members. Prior to the commencement of a project involving the exercise by the commissioner of any authority of sections 469.174 to 469.179, the governing body of each municipality in which any part of the project is located and the county board of any county containing portions of the project not located in an incorporated area shall by majority vote approve or disapprove the project. Any project, ~~as so approved by the board~~ at least seven Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members and the applicable governing bodies, if any, together with detailed information concerning the project, its costs, the sources of its funding, and the amount of any bonded indebtedness to be incurred in connection with the project, shall be transmitted to the governor, who shall approve, disapprove, or return the proposal for additional consideration within 30 days of receipt. No project authorized under this section shall be undertaken, and no obligations shall be issued and no tax increments shall be expended for a project authorized under this section until the project has been approved by the governor.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 298.2213, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Project approval.** The board and commissioner shall by August 1 each year prepare a list of projects to be funded from the money appropriated in this section with necessary supporting information including descriptions of the projects, plans, and cost estimates. A project must not be approved by the board unless it finds that:

- (1) the project will materially assist, directly or indirectly, the creation of additional long-term employment opportunities;
- (2) the prospective benefits of the expenditure exceed the anticipated costs; and
- (3) in the case of assistance to private enterprise, the project will serve a sound business purpose.

Each project must be approved by ~~a majority of the~~ at least seven Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members and the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation. The list of projects must be submitted to the governor, who shall, by November 15 of each year, approve, disapprove, or return for further consideration, each project. The money for a project may be spent only upon approval of the project by the governor. The board may submit supplemental projects for approval at any time.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 298.2214, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. **Per diem.** Members of the committee may be reimbursed for expenses in the manner provided in section 298.22, subdivision 2.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 298.223, is amended to read:

298.223 TACONITE AREA ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION FUND.

Subdivision 1. **Creation; purposes.** A fund called the taconite environmental protection fund is created for the purpose of reclaiming, restoring and enhancing those areas of northeast Minnesota located within the taconite assistance area defined in section 273.1341, that are adversely affected by the environmentally damaging operations involved in mining taconite and iron ore and producing iron ore concentrate and for the purpose of promoting the economic development of northeast Minnesota. The taconite environmental protection fund shall be used for the following purposes:

~~(a)~~ (1) to initiate investigations into matters the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board determines are in need of study and which will determine the environmental problems requiring remedial action;

~~(b)~~ (2) reclamation, restoration, or reforestation of mine lands not otherwise provided for by state law;

~~(c)~~ (3) local economic development projects but only if those projects are approved by ~~the board~~, at least seven Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members, and public works, including construction of sewer and water systems located within the taconite assistance area defined in section 273.1341;

~~(d)~~ (4) monitoring of mineral industry related health problems among mining employees;

(5) local public works projects under section 298.227, paragraph (c); and

(6) local public works projects as provided under this clause. The following amounts shall be distributed in 2009 based upon the taxable tonnage of production in 2008:

(i) .4651 cents per ton to the city of Aurora for street repair and renovation;

(ii) .4264 cent per ton to the city of Biwabik for street and utility infrastructure improvements to the south side industrial site;

(iii) .6460 cent per ton to the city of Buhl for street repair;

(iv) 1.0336 cents per ton to the city of Hoyt Lakes for public utility improvements;

(v) 1.1628 cents per ton to the city of Eveleth for water and sewer infrastructure upgrades;

(vi) 1.0336 cents per ton to the city of Gilbert for water and sewer infrastructure upgrades;

(vii) .7752 cent per ton to the city of Mountain Iron for water and sewer infrastructure;

(viii) 1.2920 cents per ton to the city of Virginia for utility upgrades and accessibility modifications for the miners' memorial;

(ix) .6460 cent per ton to the town of White for Highway 135 road upgrades;

(x) 1.9380 cents per ton to the city of Hibbing for public infrastructure projects;

(xi) 1.1628 cents per ton to the city of Chisholm for water and sewer repair;

(xii) .6460 cent per ton to the town of Balkan for community center repairs;

(xiii) .9044 cent per ton to the city of Babbitt for city garage construction;

(xiv) .5168 cent per ton to the city of Cook for replacement of a water tower;

(xv) .5168 cent per ton to the city of Ely for reconstruction of 2cnd Avenue West;

- (xvi) .6460 cent per ton to the city of Tower for water infrastructure upgrades;
- (xvii) .1292 cent per ton to the city of Orr for water infrastructure upgrades;
- (xviii) .1292 cent per ton to the city of Silver Bay for emergency cleanup;
- (xvix) .3230 cent per ton to Lake County for trail construction;
- (xx) .1292 cent per ton to Cook County for construction of tennis courts in Grand Marais;
- (xxi) .3101 cent per ton to the city of Two Harbors for water infrastructure improvements;
- (xxii) .1938 cent per ton for land acquisition for phase one of Cook Airport project;
- (xxiii) 1.0336 cents per ton to the city of Coleraine for water and sewer improvements along Gayley Avenue;
- (xxiv) .3876 cent per ton to the city of Marble for construction of a city administration facility;
- (xxv) .1292 cent per ton to the city of Calumet for repairs at city hall and the community center;
- (xxvi) .6460 cent per ton to the city of Nashwauk for electrical infrastructure upgrades;
- (xxvii) 1.0336 cents per ton to the city of Keewatin for water and sewer upgrades along Depot Street;
- (xxviii) .2584 cent per ton to the city of Aitkin for water, sewer, street, and gutter improvements;
- (xxix) 1.1628 cents per ton to the city of Grand Rapids for water and sewer infrastructure upgrades at Pokegama Golf Course and Park Place;
- (xxx) .1809 cent per ton to the city of Grand Rapids for water and sewer upgrades for 1st Avenue from River Road to 3rd Street SE; and
- (xxxi) .9044 cent per ton to the city of Cohasset for upgrades to the railroad crossing at Highway 2 and County Road 62.

Subd. 2. **Administration.** (a) The taconite area environmental protection fund shall be administered by the commissioner of the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board. The commissioner shall by September 1 of each year submit to the board a list of projects to be funded from the taconite area environmental protection fund, with such supporting information including description of the projects, plans, and cost estimates as may be necessary.

(b) Each year no less than one-half of the amounts deposited into the taconite environmental protection fund must be used for public works projects, including construction of sewer and water systems, as specified under subdivision 1, ~~paragraph (e) clause (3).~~ The Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board with ~~a majority vote of the members,~~ approval by at least seven Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members, may waive the requirements of this paragraph.

(c) Upon approval by ~~a majority of the members of the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board,~~ at least seven Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members, the list of projects approved under this subdivision shall be submitted to the governor by November 1 of each year. By December 1 of each year, the governor shall approve or disapprove, or return for further consideration, each project. Funds for a project may be expended only upon approval of the project by ~~the board~~ at least seven Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members, and ~~the~~ the governor. The commissioner may submit supplemental projects to the board and governor for approval at any time.

Subd. 3. **Appropriation.** There is annually appropriated to the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation taconite area environmental protection funds necessary to carry out approved projects and programs and the funds necessary for administration of this section. Annual administrative costs, not including detailed engineering expenses for the projects, shall not exceed five percent of the amount annually expended from the fund.

Funds for the purposes of this section are provided by section 298.28, subdivision 11, relating to the taconite area environmental protection fund.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 298.227, is amended to read:

298.227 TACONITE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND.

(a) An amount equal to that distributed pursuant to each taconite producer's taxable production and qualifying sales under section 298.28, subdivision 9a, shall be held by the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board in a separate taconite economic development fund for each taconite and direct reduced ore producer. Money from the fund for each producer shall be released by the commissioner after review by a joint committee consisting of an equal number of representatives of the salaried employees and the nonsalaried production and maintenance employees of that producer. The District 11 director of the United States Steelworkers of America, on advice of each local employee president, shall select the employee members. In nonorganized operations, the employee committee shall be elected by the nonsalaried production and maintenance employees. The review must be completed no later than six months after the producer presents a proposal for expenditure of the funds to the committee. The funds held pursuant to this section may be released only for workforce development and associated public facility improvement, or for acquisition of plant and stationary mining equipment and facilities for the producer or for research and development in Minnesota on new mining, or taconite, iron, or steel production technology, but only if the producer provides a matching expenditure to be used for the same purpose of at least 50 percent of the distribution based on 14.7 cents per ton beginning with distributions in 2002. Effective for proposals for expenditures of money from the fund beginning May 26, 2007, the commissioner may not release the funds before the next scheduled meeting of the board. If the board rejects a proposed expenditure is not approved by at least seven Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members, the funds must be deposited in the Taconite Environmental Protection Fund under sections 298.222 to 298.225. If a producer uses money which has been released from the fund prior to May 26, 2007 to procure haulage trucks, mobile equipment, or mining shovels, and the producer removes the piece of equipment from the taconite tax relief area defined in section 273.134 within ten years from the date of receipt of the money from the fund, a portion of the money granted from the fund must be repaid to the taconite economic development fund. The portion of the money to be repaid is 100 percent of the grant if the equipment is removed from the taconite tax relief area within 12 months after receipt of the money from the fund, declining by ten percent for each of the subsequent nine years during which the equipment remains within the taconite tax relief area. If a taconite production facility is sold after operations at the facility had ceased, any money remaining in the fund for the former producer may be released to the purchaser of the facility on the terms otherwise applicable to the former producer under this section. If a producer fails to provide matching funds for a proposed expenditure within six months after the commissioner approves release of the funds, the funds are available for release to another producer in proportion to the distribution provided and under the conditions of this section. Any portion of the fund which is not released by the commissioner within one year of its deposit in the fund shall be divided between the taconite environmental protection fund created in section 298.223 and the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection trust fund created in section 298.292 for placement in their respective special accounts. Two-thirds of the unreleased funds shall be distributed to the taconite environmental protection fund and one-third to the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection trust fund.

(b)(i) Notwithstanding the requirements of paragraph (a), setting the amount of distributions and the review process, an amount equal to ten cents per taxable ton of production in 2007, for distribution in 2008 only, that would otherwise be distributed under paragraph (a), may be used for a loan for the cost of construction of a biomass energy

facility. This amount must be deducted from the distribution under paragraph (a) for which a matching expenditure by the producer is not required. The granting of the loan is subject to approval by ~~the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board~~ at least seven Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members; interest must be payable on the loan at the rate prescribed in section 298.2213, subdivision 3. (ii) Repayments of the loan and interest must be deposited in the ~~northeast Minnesota economic development~~ taconite environment protection fund established in section 298.2213 under sections 298.222 to 298.225. If a loan is not made under this paragraph by July 1, 2009, the amount that had been made available for the loan under this paragraph must be transferred to the ~~northeast Minnesota economic development~~ taconite environment protection fund under sections 298.222 to 298.225. (iii) Money distributed in 2008 to the fund established under this section that exceeds ten cents per ton is available to qualifying producers under paragraph (a) on a pro rata basis.

If 2008 H. F. No. 1812 is enacted and includes a provision that amends this section in a manner that is different from the amendment in this section, the amendment in this section supersedes the amendment in 2008 H. F. No. 1812, notwithstanding section 645.26.

(c) Repayment or transfer of money to the taconite environmental protection fund under paragraph (b), item (ii), must be allocated by the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board for public works projects in house legislative districts in the same proportion as taxable tonnage of production in 2007 in each house legislative district, for distribution in 2008, bears to total taxable tonnage of production in 2007, for distribution in 2008. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, expenditures under this paragraph do not require approval by the governor. For purposes of this paragraph, "house legislative districts" means the legislative districts in existence on the effective date of this section.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 298.28, subdivision 9d, is amended to read:

Subd. 9d. **Iron Range higher education account.** Five cents per taxable ton must be allocated to the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board to be deposited in an Iron Range higher education account that is hereby created, to be used for higher education programs conducted at educational institutions in the taconite assistance area defined in section 273.1341. The Iron Range Higher Education committee under section 298.2214, and the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board by an affirmative vote of at least seven Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members, must approve all expenditures from the account.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 298.292, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Use of money.** Money in the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection trust fund may be used for the following purposes:

(1) to provide loans, loan guarantees, interest buy-downs and other forms of participation with private sources of financing, but a loan to a private enterprise shall be for a principal amount not to exceed one-half of the cost of the project for which financing is sought, and the rate of interest on a loan to a private enterprise shall be no less than the lesser of eight percent or an interest rate three percentage points less than a full faith and credit obligation of the United States government of comparable maturity, at the time that the loan is approved;

(2) to fund reserve accounts established to secure the payment when due of the principal of and interest on bonds issued pursuant to section 298.2211;

(3) to pay in periodic payments or in a lump-sum payment any or all of the interest on bonds issued pursuant to chapter 474 for the purpose of constructing, converting, or retrofitting heating facilities in connection with district heating systems or systems utilizing alternative energy sources;

(4) to invest in a venture capital fund or enterprise that will provide capital to other entities that are engaging in, or that will engage in, projects or programs that have the purposes set forth in subdivision 1. No investments may be made in a venture capital fund or enterprise unless at least two other unrelated investors make investments of at least \$500,000 in the venture capital fund or enterprise, and the investment by the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection trust fund may not exceed the amount of the largest investment by an unrelated investor in the venture capital fund or enterprise. For purposes of this subdivision, an "unrelated investor" is a person or entity that is not related to the entity in which the investment is made or to any individual who owns more than 40 percent of the value of the entity, in any of the following relationships: spouse, parent, child, sibling, employee, or owner of an interest in the entity that exceeds ten percent of the value of all interests in it. For purposes of determining the limitations under this clause, the amount of investments made by an investor other than the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection trust fund is the sum of all investments made in the venture capital fund or enterprise during the period beginning one year before the date of the investment by the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection trust fund; and

(5) to purchase forest land in the taconite assistance area defined in section 273.1341 to be held and managed as a public trust for the benefit of the area for the purposes authorized in section 298.22, subdivision 5a. Property purchased under this section may be sold by the commissioner upon approval ~~by a majority vote of the board~~ by at least seven Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members. The net proceeds must be deposited in the trust fund for the purposes and uses of this section.

Money from the trust fund shall be expended only in or for the benefit of the taconite assistance area defined in section 273.1341.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 19. **[298.293] TRANSFER OF FUNDS.**

The amount deposited in the Douglas J. Johnson Economic Protection Trust Fund in 2009 in repayment of a loan for the Mesabi Nugget, LLC project at Silver Bay shall be transferred to the taconite environmental protection fund and deposited in a special account to be used as provided under section 298.223, subdivision 1, clause (6).

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 298.294, is amended to read:

298.294 INVESTMENT OF FUND.

(a) The trust fund established by section 298.292 shall be invested pursuant to law by the State Board of Investment and the net interest, dividends, and other earnings arising from the investments shall be transferred, except as provided in paragraph (b), on the first day of each month to the trust and shall be included and become part of the trust fund. The amounts transferred, including the interest, dividends, and other earnings earned prior to July 13, 1982, together with the additional amount of \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 1983, which is appropriated April 21, 1983, are appropriated from the trust fund to the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation for deposit in a separate account for expenditure for the purposes set forth in section 298.292. Amounts appropriated pursuant to this section shall not cancel but shall remain available unless expended.

(b) For fiscal years 2010 and 2011 only, \$1,000,000 of the net interest, dividends, and other earnings under paragraph (a) shall be transferred to a special account. Funds in the special account are available for loans or grants to businesses, with priority given to businesses with 25 or fewer employees. Funds may be used for wage subsidies of up to \$5 per hour or other activities that will create additional jobs in the taconite assistance area under section 273.1341. Expenditures from the special account must be approved by at least seven Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members.

(c) To qualify for a grant or loan, a business must be currently operating and have been operating for one year immediately prior to its application for a loan or grant, and its corporate headquarters must be located in the taconite assistance area.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 298.296, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Expenditure of funds.** (a) Before January 1, 2028, funds may be expended on projects and for administration of the trust fund only from the net interest, earnings, and dividends arising from the investment of the trust at any time, including net interest, earnings, and dividends that have arisen prior to July 13, 1982, plus \$10,000,000 made available for use in fiscal year 1983, except that any amount required to be paid out of the trust fund to provide the property tax relief specified in Laws 1977, chapter 423, article X, section 4, and to make school bond payments and payments to recipients of taconite production tax proceeds pursuant to section 298.225, may be taken from the corpus of the trust.

(b) Additionally, upon recommendation by the board, up to \$13,000,000 from the corpus of the trust may be made available for use as provided in subdivision 4, and up to \$10,000,000 from the corpus of the trust may be made available for use as provided in section 298.2961.

(c) Additionally, an amount equal to 20 percent of the value of the corpus of the trust on May 18, 2002, not including the funds authorized in paragraph (b), plus the amounts made available under section 298.28, subdivision 4, and Laws 2002, chapter 377, article 8, section 17, may be expended on projects. Funds may be expended for projects under this paragraph only if the project:

(1) is for the purposes established under section 298.292, subdivision 1, clause (1) or (2); and

(2) is approved by the board upon an affirmative vote of at least ten of its members.

No money made available under this paragraph or paragraph (d) can be used for administrative or operating expenses of the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board or expenses relating to any facilities owned or operated by the board on May 18, 2002.

(d) Upon recommendation by a unanimous vote of all members of the board, amounts in addition to those authorized under paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) may be expended on projects described in section 298.292, subdivision 1.

(e) Annual administrative costs, not including detailed engineering expenses for the projects, shall not exceed five percent of the net interest, dividends, and earnings arising from the trust in the preceding fiscal year.

(f) Principal and interest received in repayment of loans made pursuant to this section, and earnings on other investments made under section 298.292, subdivision 2, clause (4), shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the trust. These receipts are appropriated to the board for the purposes of sections 298.291 to 298.298.

(g) Additionally, notwithstanding section 298.293, upon ~~the affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the board,~~ of at least seven Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members, money from the corpus of the trust may be expended to purchase forest lands within the taconite assistance area as provided in sections 298.22, subdivision 5a, and 298.292, subdivision 2, clause (5).

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 298.2961, is amended to read:

298.2961 PRODUCER GRANTS.

Subdivision 1. **Appropriation.** (a) \$10,000,000 is appropriated from the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection trust fund to a special account in the taconite area environmental protection fund for grants to producers on a project-by-project basis as provided in this section.

(b) The proceeds of the tax designated under section 298.28, subdivision 9b, are appropriated for grants to producers on a project-by-project basis as provided in this section.

Subd. 2. **Projects; approval.** (a) Projects funded must be for:

(1) environmentally unique reclamation projects; or

(2) pit or plant repairs, expansions, or modernizations other than for a value added iron products plant.

(b) To be proposed by the board, a project must be approved by at least eight Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members. The money for a project may be spent only upon approval of the project by the governor. The board may submit supplemental projects for approval at any time.

(c) The board may require that it receive an equity percentage in any project to which it contributes under this section.

Subd. 3. **Redistribution.** (a) If a taconite production facility is sold after operations at the facility had ceased, any money remaining in the taconite environmental fund for the former producer may be released to the purchaser of the facility on the terms otherwise applicable to the former producer under this section.

(b) Any portion of the taconite environmental fund that is not released by the commissioner within three years of its deposit in the taconite environmental fund shall be divided between the taconite environmental protection fund created in section 298.223 and the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection trust fund created in section 298.292 for placement in their respective special accounts. Two-thirds of the unreleased funds must be distributed to the taconite environmental protection fund and one-third to the Douglas J. Johnson economic protection trust fund.

Subd. 4. **Grant and loan fund.** (a) A fund is established to receive distributions under section 298.28, subdivision 9b, and to make grants or loans as provided in this subdivision. Any grant or loan made under this subdivision must be approved by ~~a majority of the members of the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board,~~ at least seven Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members, established under section 298.22.

(b) Distributions received in calendar year 2005 are allocated to the city of Virginia for improvements and repairs to the city's steam heating system.

(c) Distributions received in calendar year 2006 are allocated to a project of the public utilities commissions of the cities of Hibbing and Virginia to convert their electrical generating plants to the use of biomass products, such as wood.

(d) Distributions received in calendar year 2007 must be paid to the city of Tower to be used for the East Two Rivers project in or near the city of Tower.

(e) For distributions received in 2008, the first \$2,000,000 of the 2008 distribution must be paid to St. Louis County for deposit in its county road and bridge fund to be used for relocation of St. Louis County Road 715, commonly referred to as Pike River Road. The remainder of the 2008 distribution must be paid to St. Louis County for a grant to the city of Virginia for connecting sewer and water lines to the St. Louis County maintenance garage on Highway 135, further extending the lines to interconnect with the city of Gilbert's sewer and water lines. All distributions received in 2009 and subsequent years are allocated for projects under section 298.223, subdivision 1.

Subd. 5. **Public works and local economic development fund.** For distributions in 2007 only, a special fund is established to receive 38.4 cents per ton that otherwise would be allocated under section 298.28, subdivision 6. The following amounts are allocated to St. Louis County acting as the fiscal agent for the recipients for the specific purposes:

(1) 13.4 cents per ton for the Central Iron Range Sanitary Sewer District for construction of a combined wastewater facility and notwithstanding section 298.28, subdivision 11, paragraph (a), or any other law, interest accrued on this money while held by St. Louis County shall also be distributed to the recipient;

(2) six cents per ton to the city of Eveleth to redesign and design and construct improvements to renovate its water treatment facility;

(3) one cent per ton for the East Range Joint Powers Board to acquire land for and to design a central wastewater collection and treatment system;

(4) 0.5 cents per ton to the city of Hoyt Lakes to repair Leeds Road;

(5) 0.7 cents per ton to the city of Virginia to extend Eighth Street South;

(6) 0.7 cents per ton to the city of Mountain Iron to repair Hoover Road;

(7) 0.9 cents per ton to the city of Gilbert for alley repairs between Michigan and Indiana Avenues and for repayment of a loan to the Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development;

(8) 0.4 cents per ton to the city of Keewatin for a new city well;

(9) 0.3 cents per ton to the city of Grand Rapids for planning for a fire and hazardous materials center;

(10) 0.9 cents per ton to Aitkin County Growth for an economic development project for peat harvesting;

(11) 0.4 cents per ton to the city of Nashwauk to develop a comprehensive city plan;

(12) 0.4 cents per ton to the city of Taconite for development of a city comprehensive plan;

(13) 0.3 cents per ton to the city of Marble for water and sewer infrastructure;

(14) 0.8 cents per ton to Aitkin County for improvements to the Long Lake Environmental Learning Center;

(15) 0.3 cents per ton to the city of Coleraine for the Coleraine Technology Center;

(16) 0.5 cents per ton to the Economic Development Authority of the city of Grand Rapids for planning for the North Central Research and Technology Laboratory;

(17) 0.6 cents per ton to the city of Bovey for sewer and water extension;

(18) 0.3 cents per ton to the city of Calumet for infrastructure improvements; and

(19) ten cents per ton to the commissioner of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation for deposit in a Highway 1 Corridor Account established by the commissioner, to be distributed by the commissioner to any of the cities of Babbitt, Cook, Ely, or Tower, for economic development projects approved by ~~the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board~~ at least seven Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board members; notwithstanding section 298.28, subdivision 11, paragraph (a), or any other law, interest accrued on this money while held by St. Louis County or the commissioner shall also be distributed to the recipient.

Subd. 6. **Renewable energy.** For distributions in 2009 only, a special account is established in the taconite environmental protection fund to receive 15.5 cents per ton that otherwise would be allocated under section 298.28, subdivision 6. The funds are available for cooperative projects between the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board and local governments for renewable energy initiatives.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

ARTICLE 8

HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 327C.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. **Payment to the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund.** In the event a park owner has been assessed under section 327C.095, subdivision 12, paragraph (c), the park owner may collect the \$12 annual payment required by section 327C.095, subdivision 12, for participation in the relocation trust fund, as a lump sum or, along with monthly lot rent, a fee of no more than \$1 per month to cover the cost of participating in the relocation trust fund. The \$1 fee must be separately itemized and clearly labeled "Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund."

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 327C.095, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. Payment to the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund. (a) If a manufactured home owner is required to move due to the conversion of all or a portion of a manufactured home park to another use, the closure of a park, or cessation of use of the land as a manufactured home park, the manufactured park owner shall, upon the change in use, pay to the commissioner of finance for deposit in the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund under section 462A.35, the lesser amount of the actual costs of moving or purchasing the manufactured home approved by the neutral third party and paid by the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency under subdivision 13, paragraph (a) or (e), or \$3,250 for each single section manufactured home, and \$6,000 for each multisection manufactured home, for which a manufactured home owner has made application for payment of relocation costs under subdivision 13, paragraph (c). The manufactured home park owner shall make payments required under this section to the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund within 60 days of receipt of invoice from the neutral third party.

(b) A manufactured home park owner is not required to make the payment prescribed under paragraph (a), nor is a manufactured home owner entitled to compensation under subdivision 13, paragraph (a) or (e), if:

(1) the manufactured home park owner relocates the manufactured home owner to another space in the manufactured home park or to another manufactured home park at the park owner's expense;

(2) the manufactured home owner is vacating the premises and has informed the manufactured home park owner or manager of this prior to the mailing date of the closure statement under subdivision 1;

(3) a manufactured home owner has abandoned the manufactured home, or the manufactured home owner is not current on the monthly lot rental, personal property taxes, ~~or has failed to pay the annual \$12 payments to the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund when due;~~

(4) the manufactured home owner has a pending eviction action for nonpayment of lot rental amount under section 327C.09, which was filed against the manufactured home owner prior to the mailing date of the closure statement under subdivision 1, and the writ of recovery has been ordered by the district court;

(5) the conversion of all or a portion of a manufactured home park to another use, the closure of a park, or cessation of use of the land as a manufactured home park is the result of a taking or exercise of the power of eminent domain by a governmental entity or public utility; or

(6) the owner of the manufactured home is not a resident of the manufactured home park, as defined in section 327C.01, subdivision 9, or the owner of the manufactured home is a resident, but came to reside in the manufactured home park after the mailing date of the closure statement under subdivision 1.

~~(c) Owners of manufactured homes who rent lots in a manufactured home park shall make annual payments to the park owner, to be deposited in the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund under section 462A.35, in the amount of \$12 per year, per manufactured home, payable on August 15 of each year. On or before July 15 of each year, the commissioner of finance shall prepare and post on the department's Web site a generic invoice and cover letter explaining the purpose of the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund, the obligation of each manufactured home owner to make an annual \$12 payment into the fund, the due date, and the need to pay to the park owner for collection, and a warning, in 14 point font, that if the annual payments are not made when due, the manufactured home owner will not be eligible for compensation from the fund if the manufactured home park closes. The park owner shall receive, record, and commingle the payments and forward the payments to the commissioner of finance by September 15 of each year, with a summary by the park owner, certifying the name, address, and payment amount of each remitter, and noting the names and address of manufactured home owners who did not pay the \$12 annual payment, sent to both the commissioner of finance and the commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency. The commissioner of finance shall deposit the payments in the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund. The commissioner of finance shall annually assess each manufactured home park owner by mail the total amount of \$12 for each licensed lot in their park, payable on or before September 15 of each year. The commissioner of finance shall deposit the payments in the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund. On or before July 15 of each year, the commissioner of finance shall prepare and distribute to park owners a letter explaining the collection, an invoice for all licensed lots, and a sample form for the park owners to collect information on which park residents have been accounted for. The park owner may recoup the cost of the \$12 assessment as a lump sum or as a monthly fee of no more than \$1 collected from park residents together with monthly lot rent as provided in section 327C.03, subdivision 6. Park owners may adjust payment for lots in their park that are vacant or otherwise not eligible for contribution to the trust fund under section 327C.095, subdivision 12, paragraph (b), and deduct from the assessment, accordingly.~~

(d) This subdivision and subdivision 13, paragraph (c), clause (5), are enforceable by the neutral third party, on behalf of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, or by action in a court of appropriate jurisdiction. The court may award a prevailing party reasonable attorney fees, court costs, and disbursements.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 327C.095, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. Change in use, relocation expenses; payments by park owner. (a) If a manufactured home owner is required to relocate due to the conversion of all or a portion of a manufactured home park to another use, the closure of a manufactured home park, or cessation of use of the land as a manufactured home park under subdivision 1, and the manufactured home owner complies with the requirements of this section, the manufactured home owner is entitled to payment from the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund equal to the manufactured home owner's actual relocation costs for relocating the manufactured home to a new location within a 25-mile radius of the park that is being closed, up to a maximum of \$4,000 for a single-section and \$8,000 for a multisection manufactured home. The actual relocation costs must include the reasonable cost of taking down, moving, and setting up the manufactured home, including equipment rental, utility connection and disconnection charges, minor repairs, modifications necessary for transportation of the home, necessary moving permits and insurance, moving costs for any appurtenances, which meet applicable local, state, and federal building and construction codes.

(b) A manufactured home owner is not entitled to compensation under paragraph (a) if the manufactured home park owner is not required to make a payment to the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund under subdivision 12, paragraph (b).

(c) Except as provided in paragraph (e), in order to obtain payment from the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund, the manufactured home owner shall submit to the neutral third party and the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, with a copy to the park owner, an application for payment, which includes:

- (1) a copy of the closure statement under subdivision 1;
- (2) a copy of the contract with a moving or towing contractor, which includes the relocation costs for relocating the manufactured home;
- (3) a statement with supporting materials of any additional relocation costs as outlined in subdivision 1;
- (4) a statement certifying that none of the exceptions to receipt of compensation under subdivision 12, paragraph (b), apply to the manufactured home owner;
- (5) a statement from the manufactured park owner that the lot rental is current and that the annual \$12 payments to the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund have been paid when due; and
- (6) a statement from the county where the manufactured home is located certifying that personal property taxes for the manufactured home are paid through the end of that year.

(d) If the neutral third party has acted reasonably and does not approve or deny payment within 45 days after receipt of the information set forth in paragraph (c), the payment is deemed approved. Upon approval and request by the neutral third party, the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency shall issue two checks in equal amount for 50 percent of the contract price payable to the mover and towing contractor for relocating the manufactured home in the amount of the actual relocation cost, plus a check to the home owner for additional certified costs associated with third-party vendors, that were necessary in relocating the manufactured home. The moving or towing contractor shall receive 50 percent upon execution of the contract and 50 percent upon completion of the relocation and approval by the manufactured home owner. The moving or towing contractor may not apply the funds to any other purpose other than relocation of the manufactured home as provided in the contract. A copy of the approval must be forwarded by the neutral third party to the park owner with an invoice for payment of the amount specified in subdivision 12, paragraph (a).

(e) In lieu of collecting a relocation payment from the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund under paragraph (a), the manufactured home owner may collect an amount from the fund after reasonable efforts to relocate the manufactured home have failed due to the age or condition of the manufactured home, or because there are no manufactured home parks willing or able to accept the manufactured home within a 25-mile radius. A manufactured home owner may tender title of the manufactured home in the manufactured home park to the manufactured home park owner, and collect an amount to be determined by an independent appraisal. The appraiser must be agreed to by both the manufactured home park owner and the manufactured home owner. The amount that may be reimbursed under the fund is a maximum of \$5,000 for a single section and \$9,000 for a multisection manufactured home. The manufactured home owner shall deliver to the manufactured home park owner the current certificate of title to the manufactured home duly endorsed by the owner of record, and valid releases of all liens shown on the certificate of title, and a statement from the county where the manufactured home is located evidencing that the personal property taxes have been paid. The manufactured home owner's application for funds under this paragraph must include a document certifying that the manufactured home cannot be relocated, that the lot rental is current, that the annual \$12 payments to the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund have been paid when due, that the manufactured home owner has chosen to tender title under this section, and that the park owner agrees to make a payment to the commissioner of finance in the amount established in subdivision 12, paragraph (a), less any documented costs submitted to the neutral third party, required for demolition and removal of the home, and any debris or refuse left on the lot, not to exceed \$1,000. The manufactured home owner must also provide a copy of the certificate of title endorsed by the owner of record, and certify to the neutral third party, with a copy to the park owner, that none of the exceptions to receipt of compensation under subdivision 12, paragraph (b), clauses (1) to (6), apply to the manufactured home owner, and that the home owner will vacate the home within 60 days after receipt of payment or the date of park closure, whichever is earlier, provided that the monthly lot rent is kept current.

(f) The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency must make a determination of the amount of payment a manufactured home owner would have been entitled to under a local ordinance in effect on May 26, 2007. Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the manufactured home owner's compensation for relocation costs from the fund under section 462A.35, is the greater of the amount provided under this subdivision, or the amount under the local ordinance in effect on May 26, 2007, that is applicable to the manufactured home owner. Nothing in this paragraph is intended to increase the liability of the park owner.

(g) Neither the neutral third party nor the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency shall be liable to any person for recovery if the funds in the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund are insufficient to pay the amounts claimed. The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency shall keep a record of the time and date of its approval of payment to a claimant.

(h) The agency shall report to the chairs of the senate Finance Committee and house of representatives Ways and Means Committee by January 15 of each year on the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund, including the account balance, payments to claimants, the amount of any advances to the fund, ~~and~~ the amount of any insufficiencies encountered during the previous calendar year, and any administrative charges or expenses deducted from the trust fund balance. If sufficient funds become available, the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency shall pay the manufactured home owner whose unpaid claim is the earliest by time and date of approval.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 462A.05, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

Subd. 14. **Rehabilitation loans.** It may agree to purchase, make, or otherwise participate in the making, and may enter into commitments for the purchase, making, or participation in the making, of eligible loans for rehabilitation, with terms and conditions as the agency deems advisable, to persons and families of low and moderate income, and to owners of existing residential housing for occupancy by such persons and families, for the rehabilitation of existing residential housing owned by them. The loans may be insured or uninsured and may be made with security, or may be unsecured, as the agency deems advisable. The loans may be in addition to or in combination with long-term eligible mortgage loans under subdivision 3. They may be made in amounts sufficient to refinance existing indebtedness secured by the property, if refinancing is determined by the agency to be necessary to permit the owner to meet the owner's housing cost without expending an unreasonable portion of the owner's income thereon. No loan for rehabilitation shall be made unless the agency determines that the loan will be used primarily to make the housing more desirable to live in, to increase the market value of the housing, for compliance with state, county or municipal building, housing maintenance, fire, health or similar codes and standards applicable to housing, or to accomplish energy conservation related improvements. In unincorporated areas and municipalities not having codes and standards, the agency may, solely for the purpose of administering the provisions of this chapter, establish codes and standards. Except for accessibility improvements under this subdivision and subdivisions 14a and 24, clause (1), no secured loan for rehabilitation of any owner-occupied property shall be made in an amount which, with all other existing indebtedness secured by the property, would exceed 110 percent of its market value, as determined by the agency. No loan under this subdivision for the rehabilitation of owner-occupied housing shall be denied solely because the loan will not be used for placing the owner-occupied residential housing in full compliance with all state, county, or municipal building, housing maintenance, fire, health, or similar codes and standards applicable to housing. Rehabilitation loans shall be made only when the agency determines that financing is not otherwise available, in whole or in part, from private lenders upon equivalent terms and conditions. Accessibility rehabilitation loans authorized under this subdivision may be made to eligible persons and families without limitations relating to the maximum incomes of the borrowers if:

(1) the borrower or a member of the borrower's family requires a level of care provided in a hospital, skilled nursing facility, or intermediate care facility for persons with developmental disabilities;

(2) home care is appropriate; and

(3) the improvement will enable the borrower or a member of the borrower's family to reside in the housing.

The agency may waive any requirement that the housing units in a residential housing development be rented to persons of low and moderate income if the development consists of four or less dwelling units, one of which is occupied by the owner.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 462A.05, subdivision 14a, is amended to read:

Subd. 14a. **Rehabilitation loans; existing owner occupied residential housing.** It may make loans to persons and families of low and moderate income to rehabilitate or to assist in rehabilitating existing residential housing owned and occupied by those persons or families. No loan shall be made unless the agency determines that the loan will be used primarily for rehabilitation work necessary for health or safety, essential accessibility improvements, or to improve the energy efficiency of the dwelling. No loan for rehabilitation of owner occupied residential housing shall be denied solely because the loan will not be used for placing the residential housing in full compliance with all state, county or municipal building, housing maintenance, fire, health or similar codes and standards applicable to housing. The amount of any loan shall not exceed the lesser of (a) a maximum loan amount determined under rules adopted by the agency not to exceed ~~\$20,000~~ \$27,000, or (b) the actual cost of the work performed, or (c) that portion of the cost of rehabilitation which the agency determines cannot otherwise be paid by the person or family without the expenditure of an unreasonable portion of the income of the person or family. Loans made in whole or in part with federal funds may exceed the maximum loan amount to the extent necessary to comply with federal lead abatement requirements prescribed by the funding source. In making loans, the agency shall determine the circumstances under which and the terms and conditions under which all or any portion of the loan will be repaid and shall determine the appropriate security for the repayment of the loan. Loans pursuant to this subdivision may be made with or without interest or periodic payments.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 469.201, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **City.** "City" means a city of the first class as defined in section 410.01 ~~and~~ a city of the second class that is designated as an economically depressed area by the United States Department of Commerce, and a statutory or home rule charter city, town, or township. For each city, a port authority, housing and redevelopment authority, or other agency or instrumentality, the jurisdiction of which is the territory of the city, is included within the meaning of city.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 469.201, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **City matching money.** (a) "City matching money" means the money of a city specified in a targeted revitalization program. The sources of city matching money may include:

- (1) money from the general fund or a special fund of a city used to implement a targeted revitalization program;
- (2) money paid or repaid to a city from the proceeds of a grant that a city has received from the federal government, a profit or nonprofit corporation, or another entity or individual, that is to be used to implement a targeted revitalization program;
- (3) tax increments received by a city under sections 469.174 to 469.179 or other law, if eligible, to be spent in the targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community;
- (4) the greater of the fair market value or the cost to the city of acquiring land, buildings, equipment, or other real or personal property that a city contributes, grants, leases, or loans to a profit or nonprofit corporation or other entity or individual, in connection with the implementation of a targeted revitalization program;
- (5) city money to be used to acquire, install, reinstall, repair, or improve the infrastructure facilities of a targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community;

(6) money contributed by a city to pay issuance costs, fund bond reserves, or to otherwise provide financial support for revenue bonds or obligations issued by a city for a project or program related to the implementation of a targeted revitalization program;

(7) money derived from fees received by a city in connection with its community development activities that are to be used in implementing a targeted revitalization program;

(8) money derived from the apportionment to the city under section 162.14 or by special law, and expended in a targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community for an activity related to the targeted revitalization program;

(9) administrative expenses of the city that are incurred in connection with the planning, implementation, or reporting requirements of sections 469.201 to 469.207.

(b) City matching money does not include:

(1) city money used to provide a service or to exercise a function that is ordinarily provided throughout the city, unless an increased level of the service or function is to be provided in a targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community in accordance with a targeted revitalization program;

(2) the proceeds of bonds issued by the city under chapter 462C or 469 and payable solely from repayments made by one or more nongovernmental persons in consideration for the financing provided by the bonds; or

(3) money given by the state to fund any part of the targeted revitalization program.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 469.201, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Housing activities.** "Housing activities" include any work or undertaking to provide housing and related services and amenities primarily for persons and families of low or moderate income. This work or undertaking may include the planning of buildings and improvements; the acquisition of real property, which may be needed ~~immediately to address vacancies, foreclosures, and preservation of housing now or in the future for housing purposes and the~~ demolition of any existing improvements; activities to address lead abatement, energy efficiencies, or other activities related to the health of a building; and the construction, reconstruction, alteration, and repair of new and existing buildings. Housing activities also include the provision of a housing rehabilitation and energy improvement loan and grant program with respect to any residential property located within the targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community, the cost of relocation relating to acquiring property for housing activities, and programs authorized by chapter 462C.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 469.201, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Lost unit.** "Lost unit" means a rental housing unit that has been vacant for more than six months or has been condemned for code violations, that is lost as a result of revitalization activities because it is demolished, converted to an owner-occupied unit that is not a cooperative, or converted to a nonresidential use, or because the gross rent to be charged exceeds 125 percent of the gross rent charged for the unit six months before the start of rehabilitation.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 469.201, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. **Targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community.** "Targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community" means an area including one or more census tracts, as determined and measured by the Bureau of Census of the United States Department of Commerce, that a city council determines in a resolution adopted under section 469.202, subdivision 1, meets the criteria of section 469.202, subdivision 2, and any additional area designated under section 469.202, subdivision 3.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 469.201, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. **Targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community money.** "Targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community money" means the money designated in the targeted revitalization program to be used to implement the targeted revitalization program.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 469.201, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. **Targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community revitalization and financing program.** "Targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community revitalization and financing program," "revitalization program," or "program" means the targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community revitalization and financing program adopted in accordance with section 469.203.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 469.202, is amended to read:

469.202 DESIGNATION OF TARGETED NEIGHBORHOODS COMMUNITIES.

Subdivision 1. **City authority.** A city may by resolution designate a targeted neighborhoods community within its borders after adopting detailed findings that the designated ~~neighborhoods~~ communities meet the eligibility requirements in subdivision 2 or 3.

Subd. 2. **Eligibility requirements for targeted ~~neighborhood~~ communities.** An area within a city is eligible for designation as a targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community if the area meets ~~two~~ three of the following ~~three~~ four criteria:

(a) The area had an unemployment rate that was twice the unemployment rate for the Minneapolis and Saint Paul standard metropolitan statistical area as determined by the most recent federal decennial census.

(b) The median household income in the area was no more than ~~half~~ 80 percent of the median household income for the Minneapolis and Saint Paul standard metropolitan statistical area as determined by the most recent federal decennial census.

(c) The area is characterized by residential dwelling units in need of substantial rehabilitation. An area qualifies under this paragraph if 25 percent or more of the residential dwelling units are in substandard condition as determined by the city, or if 70 percent or more of the residential dwelling units in the area were built before ~~1940~~ 1960 as determined by the most recent federal decennial census.

(d) The area is characterized by having a disproportionate number of vacant residential buildings and mortgage foreclosures. An area qualifies under this paragraph if it has either:

(1) a foreclosure rate of at least 1.5 percent in 2008; or

(2) a foreclosure rate in 2008 in the city or in a zip code area of the city that is at least 50 percent higher than the average foreclosure rate in the metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2. For purposes of this paragraph, "foreclosure rate" means the number of foreclosures, as indicated by sheriff sales records, divided by the number of households in the city in 2007.

Subd. 3. **Additional area eligible for inclusion in targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community.** (a) A city may add to the area designated as a targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community under subdivision 2 additional area extending up to four contiguous city blocks in all directions from the designated targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community. For the purpose of this subdivision, "city block" has the meaning determined by the city; or

(b) The city may enlarge the targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community to include portions of a census tract that is contiguous to a targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community, provided that the city council first determines the additional area satisfies ~~two three~~ of the ~~three four~~ criteria in subdivision 2.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 469.203, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Requirements.** For each targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community for which a city requests state financial assistance under section 469.204, the city must prepare a comprehensive revitalization and financing program that includes the following:

- (1) the revitalization objectives of the city for the targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community;
- (2) the specific activities or means by which the city intends to pursue and implement the revitalization objectives;
- (3) the extent to which the activities identified in clause (2) will benefit low- and moderate-income families, will alleviate the blighted condition of the targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community, or will otherwise assist in the revitalization of the targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community;
- (4) a statement of the intended outcomes to be achieved by implementation of the targeted revitalization program, how the outcomes will be measured both qualitatively and quantitatively, and the estimated time over which they will occur; and
- (5) a financing program and budget that identifies the financial resources necessary to implement the targeted revitalization program, including:
 - (i) the estimated total cost to implement the targeted revitalization program;
 - (ii) the estimated cost to implement each activity in the revitalization program identified in clause (2);
 - (iii) the estimated amount of financial resources that will be available from all sources other than from the appropriation available under section 469.204 to implement the revitalization program, including the amount of private investment expected to result from the use of public money in the targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community;
 - (iv) the estimated amount of the appropriation available under section 469.204 that will be necessary to implement the targeted revitalization program;
 - (v) a description of the activities identified in the targeted revitalization program for which the state appropriation will be committed or spent; and
 - (vi) a statement of how the city intends to meet the requirement for a financial contribution from city matching money ~~in accordance with section 469.204, subdivision 3.~~

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 469.203, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community participation in preparing revitalization program.** A city requesting state financial assistance under section 469.204 shall ~~adopt~~ follow a process to involve the residents of targeted ~~neighborhoods~~ communities in the development, drafting, and implementation of the targeted revitalization program. The process shall include the use of a citizen participation process established by the city. A description of the process must be included in the program. The process to involve residents of the targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community must include at least one public hearing. ~~The city of Minneapolis shall establish the community-based process as outlined in subdivision 3. The city of St. Paul shall use the same community-based process the city used in planning, developing, drafting, and implementing the revitalization program required under Laws 1987, chapter 386, article 6, section 6. The city of Duluth shall use the same citizen participation process the city used in planning, developing, and implementing the federal funded community development program meeting in the targeted community.~~

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 469.203, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **City approval of program.** (a) Before ~~or after~~ adoption of a revitalization program under paragraph (b), the city must submit a preliminary program to the commissioner and the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency for their comments. ~~The city may not adopt the revitalization program until comments have been received from the state agencies or 30 days have elapsed without response after the program was sent to them.~~ Comments received by the city from the state agencies within the 30-day period 30 days after submission of the preliminary program must be responded to in writing by the city before adoption of the program by the city.

(b) The city may adopt a targeted revitalization program ~~only after holding a public hearing after the program has been prepared.~~ Notice of the hearing must be provided in a newspaper of general circulation in the city and in the most widely circulated community newspaper in the targeted neighborhoods not less than ten days nor more than 30 days before the date of the hearing subject to any local public notification requirements and consistent with citizen participation process established for identifying targeted communities.

(c) A certification by the city that a targeted revitalization program has been approved by the city council for the targeted neighborhood community must be provided to the commissioner together with a copy of the program. A copy of the program must also be provided to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency ~~and the commissioner of employment and economic development.~~

(d) A targeted revitalization program for the city may be modified at any time by the city council after a public hearing, notice of which is published in a newspaper of general circulation in the city ~~and in the targeted neighborhood~~ at least ten days nor more than 30 days before the date of the hearing. If the city council determines that the proposed modification is a significant modification to the program originally certified under paragraph (c), the city council shall implement the targeted revitalization program approval and certification process of this subdivision for the proposed modification.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 469.204, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Payment of state money.** Upon receipt from a city of a certification that a revitalization program has been adopted or modified, the commissioner shall, within 30 days, pay to the city the amount of state money identified as necessary to implement the revitalization program or program modification. ~~State money may be paid to the city only to the extent that the appropriation limit for the city specified in subdivision 2 is not exceeded.~~ Once the state money has been paid to the city, it becomes targeted neighborhood community money for use by the city in accordance with an adopted revitalization program and subject only to the restrictions on its use in sections 469.201 to 469.207.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 469.204, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. **Revolving fund.** A targeted community revitalization revolving fund is established in the state treasury. The fund consists of all money appropriated to the commissioner for the purposes of sections 469.201 to 469.207 and all proceeds received by the commissioner as the result of housing activities related to a targeted community revitalization program.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 469.205, is amended to read:

469.205 CITY POWERS; USES OF TARGETED NEIGHBORHOOD COMMUNITY MONEY.

Subdivision 1. **Consolidation of existing powers in targeted neighborhoods communities.** A city may exercise any of its corporate powers within a targeted neighborhood community. Those powers shall include, but not be limited to, all of the powers enumerated and granted to any city by chapters 462C, 469, and 474A. For the purposes of sections 469.048 to 469.068, a targeted neighborhood community is considered an industrial development district. A city may exercise the powers of sections 469.048 to 469.068 in conjunction with, and in addition to, exercising the powers granted by sections 469.001 to 469.047 and chapter 462C, in order to promote and assist housing construction and rehabilitation within a targeted neighborhood community. For the purposes of section 462C.02, subdivision 9, a targeted neighborhood community is considered a "targeted area."

Subd. 2. **Grants and loans.** In addition to the authority granted by other law, a city may make grants, loans, and other forms of public assistance to individuals, for-profit and nonprofit corporations, and other organizations to implement a targeted revitalization program. The public assistance must contain the terms the city considers proper to implement a targeted revitalization program.

Subd. 3. **Eligible uses of targeted neighborhood community money.** The city may spend targeted ~~neighborhood community~~ money for any purpose authorized by subdivision 1 or 2, except that an amount equal to at least 50 percent of the state payment under section 469.204 made to the city must be used for housing activities. Use of ~~target neighborhood~~ targeted community money must be authorized in a targeted revitalization program.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 469.207, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Annual report.** A city that begins to implement a revitalization program in a calendar year must, by March 1 of the succeeding calendar year, provide a detailed report on the revitalization program or programs being implemented in the city. The report must describe the status of the program implementation and analyze whether the intended outcomes identified in section 469.203, subdivision 1, clause (4), are being achieved. The report must include at least the following:

(1) the number of housing units, including lost units, removed, created, lost, replaced, relocated, and assisted as a result of the program. The level of rent of the units and the income of the households affected must be included in the report;

(2) the number and type of commercial establishments removed, created, and assisted as a result of a revitalization program. The report must include information regarding the number of new jobs created by category, whether the jobs are full time or part time, and the salary or wage levels of both new and expanded jobs in the affected commercial establishments;

(3) a description of a statement of the cost of the public improvement projects that are part of the program and the number of jobs created for each \$20,000 of money spent on commercial projects and applicable public improvement projects;

(4) the increase in the tax capacity for the city as a result of the assistance to commercial and housing assistance; and

(5) the amount of private investment that is a result of the use of public money in a targeted ~~neighborhood~~ community.

The report must be submitted to the commissioner, the Minnesota housing finance agency, and the legislative audit commission, and must be available to the public.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 580.07, is amended to read:

580.07 POSTPONEMENT.

Subdivision 1. Postponement by mortgagee. The sale may be postponed, from time to time, by the party conducting the foreclosure, by inserting a notice of the postponement, as soon as practicable, in the newspaper in which the original advertisement was published, at the expense of the party requesting the postponement. The notice shall be published only once.

Subd. 2. **Postponement by mortgagor or owner.** (a) If all or a part of the property to be sold is classified as homestead under section 273.124 and contains one to four dwelling units, the mortgagor or owner may postpone the sale to the first date that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday and is five months after the originally scheduled date of sale in the manner provided in this subdivision. To postpone a foreclosure sale pursuant to this subdivision, at any time after the first publication of the notice of mortgage foreclosure sale under section 580.03 but at least 15

days prior to the scheduled sale date specified in that notice, the mortgagor shall: (1) execute a sworn affidavit in the form set forth in subdivision 3, (2) record the affidavit in the office of each county recorder and registrar of titles where the mortgage was recorded, and (3) file with the sheriff conducting the sale and deliver to the attorney foreclosing the mortgage, a copy of the recorded affidavit, showing the date and office in which the affidavit was recorded. Recording of the affidavit and postponement of the foreclosure sale pursuant to this subdivision shall automatically reduce the mortgagor's redemption period under section 580.23 to five weeks. The postponement of a foreclosure sale pursuant to this subdivision does not require any change in the contents of the notice of sale, service of the notice of sale if the occupant was served with the notice of sale prior to postponement under this subdivision, or publication of the notice of sale if publication was commenced prior to postponement under this subdivision, notwithstanding the service and publication time periods specified in section 580.03, but the sheriff's certificate of sale shall indicate the actual date of the foreclosure sale and the actual length of the mortgagor's redemption period. No notice of postponement need be published. An affidavit complying with subdivision 3 shall be prima facie evidence of the facts stated therein, and shall be entitled to be recorded. The right to postpone a foreclosure sale pursuant to this subdivision may be exercised only once, regardless whether the mortgagor reinstates the mortgage prior to the postponed mortgage foreclosure sale.

(b) If the automatic stay under United States Code, title 11, section 362, applies to the mortgage foreclosure after a mortgagor or owner requests postponement of the sheriff's sale under this section, then when the automatic stay is no longer applicable, the mortgagor's or owner's election to shorten the redemption period to five weeks under this section remains applicable to the mortgage foreclosure.

Subd. 3. **Affidavit form.** The affidavit referred to in subdivision 2 shall be in substantially the following form and shall contain all of the following information.

STATE OF _____

COUNTY OF _____

_____ (whether one or more, "Owner"), being first duly sworn on oath, states as follows:

1. (He is) (She is) (They are) the owner(s) or mortgagor(s) of the real property (the "Property") situated in _____ (Name of) County, Minnesota, legally described in the attached published Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale (the "Notice"), and make this affidavit for the purpose of postponing the foreclosure sale of the Property pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 580.07, subdivision 2, for five months from the date scheduled in the attached Notice.

2. The Property is classified as homestead under Minnesota Statutes, section 273.124, is occupied by Owner as a homestead, and is improved with not more than four dwelling units.

3. Owner has elected to shorten Owner's redemption period from any foreclosure sale of the Property to five weeks in exchange for the postponement of the foreclosure sale for five months.

_____ (signature(s) of owner)

Signed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me on (date) by (name(s) of person(s) making statement),

_____ (signature of notary public)

Notary Public

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective one month after the date of final enactment, and applies to foreclosure sales scheduled to occur on or after said effective date.

Sec. 22. **CONSTRUCTION MITIGATION PILOT PROGRAM.**

Subdivision 1. **Purpose.** The purpose of the construction mitigation grant program is to mitigate the impacts of transportation construction on local small businesses, to promote the retention of jobs in transportation construction areas, and to provide outreach to the public and small businesses to minimize interruption to local commerce. The Department of Transportation, Department of Employment and Economic Development, and local government units shall work together to ensure that the recommendations of the Department of Transportation's 2009 report to the legislature on transportation construction impacts and any statutory changes resulting from the report recommendations are applied when implementing the grant program.

Subd. 2. **Establishment.** The commissioner of employment and economic development shall develop and implement a construction mitigation grant program to make grants available to local government units to mitigate the impacts of transportation construction on local small businesses.

Subd. 3. **Definitions.** For purposes of this section:

(1) "applicant" means a local government unit;

(2) "commissioner" means the commissioner of the Department of Employment and Economic Development;

(3) "eligible transportation project entirely or partially funded by state or federal funds" means a project that will affect one or more small businesses as a result of transportation work because the work is anticipated to impair road access for a minimum period of one month;

(4) "local government unit" means a county, statutory or home rule charter city, town, special district, or other political subdivision;

(5) "project" has the meaning given it in Minnesota Statutes, section 161.2415; and

(6) "small business" means a business that employs ten or fewer employees and is located in an area that is adjacent to an eligible project.

Subd. 4. **Applications.** A grant applicant shall prepare and submit to the commissioner a written proposal detailing a construction mitigation plan and strategies on how the applicant will implement the plan to meet the purpose of the grant program as provided in subdivision 1. An applicant shall identify any nonstate funding sources available to match state funds distributed under subdivision 5.

Subd. 5. **Fund distribution.** In distributing funds, the commissioner shall consider the types of businesses affected by the eligible transportation project and shall balance funding between eligible transportation projects within the seven-county metropolitan area and eligible transportation projects outside of the seven-county metropolitan area.

Subd. 6. **Expiration.** This section expires on July 1, 2011.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 23. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 469.203, subdivision 3; and 469.204, subdivisions 2 and 3, are repealed.

ARTICLE 9

MINNESOTA HERITAGE

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 129D.13, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Distribution.** The commissioner shall distribute the money provided by sections 129D.11 to 129D.13. ~~Twice~~ Annually the commissioner shall make block grants which shall be distributed in equal amounts to public stations for operational costs. The commissioner shall allocate money appropriated for the purposes of sections 129D.11 to 129D.13 in such a manner that each eligible public station receives a block grant. In addition, the commissioner shall make matching grants to public stations. Matching grants shall be used for operational costs and shall be allocated using the procedure developed for distribution of state money under this section for grants made in fiscal year 1979. No station's matching grant in any fiscal year shall exceed the amount of Minnesota-based contributions received by that station in the previous fiscal year. Grants made pursuant to this subdivision may only be given to those federally licensed stations that are certified as eligible for community service grants through the Corporation for Public Broadcasting. Grant funds not expended by a station during the first year of the biennium do not cancel and may be carried over into the second fiscal year.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 129D.13, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Exclusions from contribution amount.** In calculating the amount of contributions received by a public station pursuant to subdivision 1, there shall be excluded: contributions, whether monetary or in kind, from the Corporation for Public Broadcasting; tax generated funds, including payments by public or private elementary and secondary schools; that portion of any foundation or corporation donation in excess of ~~\$500~~ \$2,500 from any one contributor in ~~a calendar~~ the previous station fiscal year; contributions from any source if made for the purpose of capital expenditures; and contributions from all sources based outside the state.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 129D.13, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Report.** Each ~~educational~~ station receiving a grant shall ~~annually~~ report ~~by July 1 annually by August 1~~ to the commissioner the purposes for which the money was used in the past ~~fiscal~~ year and the anticipated use of the money in the next ~~fiscal~~ year. ~~The report shall be certified by an independent auditor or a certified public accountant. This report shall be submitted along with a new grant request submission. If the report is not submitted by September 1, the commissioner may withhold from the educational station 45 percent of the amount to which it was entitled based upon the contribution of the previous fiscal year, and may redistribute that money to other educational stations.~~

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 129D.14, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Application.** To be eligible for a grant under this section, a licensee shall submit an application to the commissioner ~~within the deadline prescribed by the commissioner according to state grant policies.~~ Each noncommercial radio station receiving a grant shall report annually ~~within the deadline prescribed by August 1 to the commissioner the purposes for which the money was used in the past fiscal year and the anticipated use of the money for the next fiscal year.~~ This report shall be submitted along with a new grant request submission. If the application and report are not submitted within the deadline prescribed by the commissioner, the grant may be redistributed to the other noncommercial radio stations eligible for a grant under this section.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 129D.14, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **State community service block grants.** (a) The commissioner shall determine eligibility for block grants and the allocation of block grant money on the basis of audited financial records of the station to receive the block grant funds for the station's fiscal year preceding the year in which the grant is made, as well as on the basis of the other requirements set forth in this section. The commissioner shall annually distribute block grants equally to all stations that comply with the eligibility requirements and for which a licensee applies for a block grant. Grant funds not expended by a station during the first year of the biennium do not cancel and may be carried over into the second fiscal year. The commissioner may promulgate rules to implement this section.

(b) A station may use grant money under this section for any radio station expenses.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 129D.14, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Audit.** A station that receives a grant under this section shall have an audit of its financial records made by an independent auditor or Corporation for Public Broadcasting accepted audit ~~at the end of~~ for the fiscal year for which it received the grant. ~~The audit shall include a review of station promotion, operation, and management and an analysis of the station's use of the grant money.~~ A copy of the most recent audit shall be filed with the commissioner. ~~If neither is available,~~ The commissioner may accept a letter of negative assurance from an independent auditor or a certified public accountant.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 129D.155, is amended to read:

129D.155 REPAYMENT OF FUNDS.

State funds distributed to public television or noncommercial radio stations and used to purchase equipment assets must be repaid to the state, without interest, if the assets purchased with these funds are sold within five years or otherwise converted to a person other than a nonprofit or municipal corporation. The amount due to the state shall be the net amount realized from the sale of the assets, but shall not exceed the amount of state funds advanced for the purchase of the asset. ~~Public television and noncommercial radio stations receiving state funds must report biennially to the legislature on the location and usage of assets purchased with state funds.~~

Sec. 8. **COLOCATION REPORT.**

The Management Analysis Division of the Department of Finance must study and report to the legislature by January 15, 2010, on possible colocation of the offices of the Council on Black Minnesotans, the Council on Affairs of Chicano/Latino People, the Council on Asian-Pacific Minnesotans, and the metropolitan area office of the Indian Affairs Council. The report must include analysis of potential cost savings, when those savings could be realized, and the effect of potential colocation on operations of the councils.

Sec. 9. **REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.**

In Minnesota Statutes, the revisor of statutes shall change the term "commission" to "center" wherever the term appears as part of or in reference to "Minnesota Humanities Commission."

Sec. 10. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 129D.13, subdivision 4, is repealed."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to state government; amending certain employment and economic development provisions; establishing and modifying certain projects, grants, and programs; making technical changes; regulating certain activities and practices; defining terms; providing penalties; establishing working groups; regulating unemployment insurance; regulating labor standards and wages; providing for licensing and fees; amending Iron Range resources provisions; regulating certain facilities; regulating certain boards and committees; modifying certain Housing Finance Authority provisions; modifying Heritage Finance provisions; requiring certain reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 15.75, subdivision 5; 16B.54, subdivision 2; 16C.28, by adding a subdivision; 41A.02, subdivision 17; 41A.036, subdivisions 4, 5; 84.94, subdivision 3; 85.0146, subdivision 1; 89A.08, subdivision 1; 115C.08, subdivision 4; 116J.035, subdivisions 1, 6; 116J.401, subdivision 2; 116J.424; 116J.431, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, 6, by adding a subdivision; 116J.435, subdivision 3; 116J.554, subdivision 1; 116J.555, subdivision 1; 116J.68, subdivision 2; 116J.8731, subdivisions 2, 3; 116L.03, subdivision 5; 116L.05, subdivision 5; 116L.20, subdivision 1; 116L.362, subdivision 1; 116L.364, subdivision 3; 116L.871, subdivision 1; 116L.96; 116O.115, subdivisions 2, 4; 123A.08, subdivision 1; 124D.49, subdivision 3; 129D.13, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 129D.14, subdivisions 4, 5, 6; 129D.155; 154.001; 154.003; 154.19; 154.44, subdivision 1; 154.51; 160.16, by

adding a subdivision; 160.276, subdivision 8; 177.27, subdivision 4; 177.30; 177.31; 177.32; 177.42, subdivision 6, by adding a subdivision; 177.43, subdivision 3; 178.02, subdivision 2; 181.723, by adding a subdivision; 182.656, subdivision 3; 214.01, subdivision 3; 214.04, subdivision 3; 216B.1612, subdivision 2; 241.27, subdivision 1; 248.061, subdivision 3; 248.07, subdivisions 7, 8; 256J.626, subdivision 4; 256J.66, subdivision 1; 268.031; 268.035, subdivisions 2, 17, by adding subdivisions; 268.042, subdivision 3; 268.043; 268.044, subdivision 2; 268.047, subdivisions 1, 2; 268.051, subdivisions 1, 4; 268.052, subdivision 2; 268.053, subdivision 1; 268.057, subdivisions 4, 5; 268.0625, subdivision 1; 268.066; 268.067; 268.069, subdivisions 1, 2; 268.07, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 3b; 268.084; 268.085, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 3a, 4, 5, 6, 15; 268.095, subdivisions 1, 2, 10, 11; 268.101, subdivisions 1, 2; 268.103, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 268.105, subdivisions 1, 2, 3a, 4, 5; 268.115, subdivision 5; 268.125, subdivision 5; 268.135, subdivision 4; 268.145, subdivision 1; 268.18, subdivisions 1, 2, 4a; 268.186; 268.196, subdivisions 1, 2; 268.199; 268.211; 268A.06, subdivision 1; 270.97; 298.22, subdivisions 2, 5a, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11; 298.221; 298.2211, subdivision 3; 298.2213, subdivisions 4, 5; 298.2214, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 298.223; 298.227; 298.28, subdivision 9d; 298.292, subdivision 2; 298.294; 298.296, subdivision 2; 298.2961; 298.297; 326B.33, subdivisions 13, 19; 326B.46, subdivision 4; 326B.475, subdivisions 4, 7; 326B.49, subdivision 1; 326B.56, subdivision 4; 326B.58; 326B.815, subdivision 1; 326B.821, subdivision 2; 326B.86, subdivision 1; 326B.885, subdivision 2; 326B.89, subdivisions 3, 16; 326B.94, subdivision 4; 326B.972; 326B.986, subdivisions 2, 5, 8; 327B.04, subdivisions 7, 8, by adding a subdivision; 327C.03, by adding a subdivision; 327C.095, subdivisions 12, 13; 462A.05, subdivisions 14, 14a; 469.169, subdivision 3; 469.201, subdivisions 2, 4, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12; 469.202; 469.203, subdivisions 1, 2, 4; 469.204, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 469.205; 469.207, subdivision 2; 580.07; Laws 1998, chapter 404, section 23, subdivision 6, as amended; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 1; 116J; 137; 155A; 161; 181; 268; 298; 326B; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 116J.402; 116J.413; 116J.431, subdivision 5; 116J.58, subdivision 1; 116J.59; 116J.61; 116J.656; 116L.16; 116L.88; 116U.65; 129D.13, subdivision 4; 176.135, subdivision 1b; 268.085, subdivision 14; 268.086, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9; 469.203, subdivision 3; 469.204, subdivisions 2, 3; Minnesota Rules, part 1350.8300."

We request the adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: DAVID TOMASSONI, JAMES METZEN, DAN SPARKS and KENNETH KELASH.

House Conferees: TOM RUKAVINA, MARY MURPHY, KAREN CLARK and TIM MAHONEY.

Rukavina moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 2081 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee.

CALL OF THE HOUSE

On the motion of Seifert and on the demand of 10 members, a call of the House was ordered. The following members answered to their names:

Abeler	Brynaert	Doepke	Gottwalt	Hornstein	Knuth
Anderson, B.	Buesgens	Doty	Greiling	Hortman	Koenen
Anderson, P.	Bunn	Downey	Gunther	Hosch	Kohls
Anderson, S.	Carlson	Drazkowski	Hackbarth	Howes	Laine
Anzelc	Cornish	Eastlund	Hamilton	Jackson	Lenczewski
Atkins	Davids	Eken	Hansen	Johnson	Lesch
Beard	Davnie	Emmer	Hausman	Juhnke	Liebling
Benson	Dean	Falk	Haws	Kahn	Lieder
Bigham	Demmer	Faust	Hilstrom	Kalin	Lillie
Bly	Dettmer	Fritz	Hilty	Kath	Loeffler
Brod	Dill	Gardner	Holberg	Kelly	Loon
Brown	Dittrich	Garofalo	Hoppe	Kiffmeyer	Mahoney

Marquart	Murphy, M.	Pelowski	Sailer	Slawik	Urdahl
Masin	Nelson	Peppin	Sanders	Slocum	Wagenius
McFarlane	Newton	Persell	Scalze	Smith	Ward
McNamara	Nornes	Peterson	Scott	Solberg	Welti
Morgan	Norton	Poppe	Seifert	Sterner	Westrom
Morrow	Obermueller	Reinert	Sertich	Swails	Winkler
Mullery	Olin	Rosenthal	Severson	Thissen	Zellers
Murdock	Otremba	Rukavina	Shimanski	Tillberry	Spk. Kelliher
Murphy, E.	Paymar	Ruud	Simon	Torkelson	

Seifert moved that further proceedings of the roll call be suspended and that the Sergeant at Arms be instructed to bring in the absentees. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

Seifert moved that the House refuse to adopt the Conference Committee report on S. F. No. 2081 and that the bill be returned to the Conference Committee for further consideration.

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Seifert motion and the roll was called. There were 59 yeas and 72 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Dean	Gottwalt	Kiffmeyer	Peppin	Smith
Anderson, B.	Demmer	Greiling	Kohls	Peterson	Sterner
Anderson, P.	Dettmer	Gunther	Liebling	Poppe	Swails
Anderson, S.	Dittrich	Hackbarth	Loon	Rosenthal	Thissen
Beard	Doepke	Hamilton	Masin	Ruud	Torkelson
Brod	Downey	Holberg	McFarlane	Sanders	Urdahl
Brown	Draskowski	Hoppe	McNamara	Scott	Welti
Buesgens	Eastlund	Howes	Murdock	Seifert	Westrom
Bunn	Emmer	Kath	Nornes	Severson	Zellers
Davids	Garofalo	Kelly	Pelowski	Shimanski	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anzelc	Doty	Hornstein	Lenczewski	Murphy, M.	Scalze
Atkins	Eken	Hortman	Lesch	Nelson	Sertich
Benson	Falk	Hosch	Lieder	Newton	Simon
Bigham	Faust	Huntley	Lillie	Norton	Slawik
Bly	Fritz	Jackson	Loeffler	Obermueller	Slocum
Brynaert	Gardner	Johnson	Mahoney	Olin	Solberg
Carlson	Hansen	Juhnke	Mariani	Otremba	Thao
Champion	Hausman	Kahn	Marquart	Paymar	Tillberry
Clark	Haws	Kalin	Morgan	Persell	Wagenius
Cornish	Hayden	Knuth	Morrow	Reinert	Ward
Davnie	Hilstrom	Koenen	Mullery	Rukavina	Winkler
Dill	Hilty	Laine	Murphy, E.	Sailer	Spk. Kelliher

The motion did not prevail.

The question recurred on the Rukavina motion that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 2081 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 2081, A bill for an act relating to economic development and housing; establishing and modifying certain programs; providing for regulation of certain activities and practices; amending certain unemployment insurance provisions; providing for accounts, assessments, and fees; changing codes and licensing provisions; amending Iron Range resources provisions; regulating debt management and debt settlement services; increasing certain occupation license fees; making technical changes; providing penalties; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 15.75, subdivision 5; 16B.54, subdivision 2; 45.011, subdivision 1; 45.027, subdivision 1; 46.04, subdivision 1; 46.05; 46.131, subdivision 2; 84.94, subdivision 3; 115C.08, subdivision 4; 116J.035, subdivisions 1, 6; 116J.401, subdivision 2; 116J.424; 116J.435, subdivisions 2, 3; 116J.68, subdivision 2; 116J.8731, subdivisions 2, 3; 116L.03, subdivision 5; 116L.05, subdivision 5; 116L.871, subdivision 1; 116L.96; 123A.08, subdivision 1; 124D.49, subdivision 3; 129D.13, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 129D.14, subdivisions 4, 5, 6; 129D.155; 154.44, subdivision 1; 160.16, by adding a subdivision; 160.276, subdivision 8; 241.27, subdivision 1; 248.061, subdivision 3; 248.07, subdivisions 7, 8; 256J.626, subdivision 4; 256J.66, subdivision 1; 268.031; 268.035, subdivisions 2, 17, by adding subdivisions; 268.042, subdivision 3; 268.043; 268.044, subdivision 2; 268.047, subdivisions 1, 2; 268.051, subdivisions 1, 4; 268.052, subdivision 2; 268.053, subdivision 1; 268.057, subdivisions 4, 5; 268.0625, subdivision 1; 268.066; 268.067; 268.069, subdivision 1; 268.07, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 3b; 268.084; 268.085, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 3a, 4, 5, 6, 15; 268.095, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, 10, 11; 268.101, subdivisions 1, 2; 268.103, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 268.105, subdivisions 1, 2, 3a, 4; 268.115, subdivision 5; 268.125, subdivision 5; 268.135, subdivision 4; 268.145, subdivision 1; 268.18, subdivisions 1, 2, 4a; 268.186; 268.196, subdivisions 1, 2; 268.199; 268.211; 268A.06, subdivision 1; 270.97; 298.22, subdivisions 2, 5a, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11; 298.221; 298.2211, subdivision 3; 298.2213, subdivision 4; 298.2214, by adding a subdivision; 298.223; 298.227; 298.28, subdivision 9d; 298.292, subdivision 2; 298.294; 298.296, subdivision 2; 298.2961; 325E.115, subdivision 1; 325E.1151, subdivisions 1, 3, 4; 325E.311, subdivision 6; 326B.33, subdivisions 13, 19; 326B.46, subdivision 4; 326B.475, subdivisions 4, 7; 326B.49, subdivision 1; 326B.56, subdivision 4; 326B.58; 326B.815, subdivision 1; 326B.821, subdivision 2; 326B.86, subdivision 1; 326B.885, subdivision 2; 326B.89, subdivisions 3, 16; 326B.94, subdivision 4; 326B.972; 326B.986, subdivisions 2, 5, 8; 327B.04, subdivisions 7, 8, by adding a subdivision; 327C.03, by adding a subdivision; 327C.095, subdivision 12; 332A.02, subdivisions 5, 8, 9, 10, 13, by adding subdivisions; 332A.04, subdivision 6; 332A.08; 332A.10; 332A.11, subdivision 2; 332A.14; 469.169, subdivision 3; Laws 1998, chapter 404, section 23, subdivision 6, as amended; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 1; 116J; 137; 161; 268; 298; 326B; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 332B; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 116J.402; 116J.413; 116J.58, subdivision 1; 116J.59; 116J.61; 116J.656; 116L.16; 116L.88; 116U.65; 129D.13, subdivision 4; 176.135, subdivision 1b; 268.085, subdivision 14; 268.086; Minnesota Rules, part 1350.8300.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 74 yeas and 57 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anzelc	Champion	Fritz	Hornstein	Kahn	Lillie
Atkins	Clark	Gardner	Hortman	Kalin	Loeffler
Benson	Davnie	Hansen	Hosch	Knuth	Mahoney
Bigham	Dill	Hausman	Howes	Koenen	Mariani
Bly	Doty	Haws	Huntley	Laine	Marquart
Brown	Eken	Hayden	Jackson	Lenczewski	Morgan
Brynaert	Falk	Hilstrom	Johnson	Lesch	Morrow
Carlson	Faust	Hilty	Juhnke	Lieder	Mullery

Murphy, E.	Obermueller	Reinert	Simon	Thissen	Spk. Kelliher
Murphy, M.	Olin	Rukavina	Slawik	Tillberry	
Nelson	Paymar	Sailer	Slocum	Wagenius	
Newton	Persell	Scalze	Solberg	Ward	
Norton	Poppe	Sertich	Thao	Winkler	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Abeler	Dean	Gottwalt	Kohls	Peppin	Sterner
Anderson, B.	Demmer	Greiling	Liebling	Peterson	Swails
Anderson, P.	Dettmer	Gunther	Loon	Rosenthal	Torkelson
Anderson, S.	Dittrich	Hackbarth	Masin	Ruud	Urdahl
Beard	Doepke	Hamilton	McFarlane	Sanders	Welti
Brod	Downey	Holberg	McNamara	Scott	Westrom
Buesgens	Drazkowski	Hoppe	Murdock	Seifert	Zellers
Bunn	Eastlund	Kath	Nornes	Severson	
Cornish	Emmer	Kelly	Otremba	Shimanski	
Davids	Garofalo	Kiffmeyer	Pelowski	Smith	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

CALL OF THE HOUSE LIFTED

Simon moved that the call of the House be lifted. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

The following Conference Committee Reports were received:

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 936

A bill for an act relating to human services; specifying criteria for communities for a lifetime; requiring the Minnesota Board on Aging to study and report on communities for a lifetime; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 256.975, by adding a subdivision.

April 30, 2009

The Honorable Margaret Anderson Kelliher
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable James P. Metzen
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 936 report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 936 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 256.975, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 10. **Communities for a lifetime.** (a) For purposes of this subdivision, "communities for a lifetime" means partnerships of small cities, counties, municipalities, statutory or home rule charter cities, or towns, whose citizens seek to affirmatively extend to persons ages 65 and older the opportunities, supports, and services that will enable them to continue to be contributing, civically engaged residents.

(b) The opportunities extended within a reasonable distance to senior residents by communities for a lifetime must include, but not be limited to:

(1) the opportunity to contribute time and talents through volunteer community service;

(2) the opportunity to participate in the paid workforce, with flexibility of hours and scheduling;

(3) the opportunity for socializing, recreation, and wellness activities, including both physical exercise and mental stimulation;

(4) the opportunity to "age in place" and choose among a variety of affordable, accessible housing options, including single-family housing, independent congregate senior housing, and senior housing with services;

(5) the opportunity to access quality long-term care in the setting of the senior's own choice; and

(6) the opportunity for community-wide mobility and to access public transportation, including door-to-door assistance and weekend and evening access.

(c) Communities for a lifetime must demonstrate the availability of supports and services for senior residents that include, but are not limited to:

(1) an array of home and community-based services to support seniors' options to remain in an independent living setting as they age and become more frail;

(2) access to contemporary remote medical technology for cost-effective home-based monitoring of medical conditions;

(3) access to nutrition programs, including congregate meal and home-delivered meal opportunities;

(4) access to a comprehensive caregiver support system for family members and volunteer caregivers, including:

(i) technological support for caregivers remaining in the paid workforce to manage caregiver responsibilities effectively; and

(ii) respite care that offers temporary substitute care and supervision for frail seniors;

(5) personal assistance in accessing services and supports, and in seeking financing for these services and supports;

(6) high-quality assisted living facilities within a senior's geographic setting of choice;

(7) high-quality nursing care facilities within a senior's geographic setting of choice; and

(8) the protection offered to vulnerable seniors by a publicly operated adult protective service.

(d) Communities for a lifetime must also:

(1) establish an ongoing local commission to advise the community for a lifetime on its provision of the opportunities, services, and supports identified in paragraphs (b) and (c);

(2) offer training and learning opportunities for businesses, civic groups, fire and police personnel, and others frequently interacting with seniors on appropriate methods of interacting with seniors; and

(3) incorporate into its local plan, developed in accordance with sections 366.10, 394.232, and 462.353, elements that address the impact of the forecast change in population age structure on land use, housing, public facilities, transportation, capital improvement, and other areas addressed by local plans; provisions addressing the availability of the opportunities, supports, and services identified in paragraphs (b) and (c); and strategies to develop physical infrastructure responsive to the needs of the projected population.

(e) In implementing this subdivision, the Minnesota Board on Aging shall:

(1) consult with, and when appropriate work through, the area agencies on aging;

(2) consult with the commissioners of human services, health, and employment and economic development, and the League of Minnesota Cities and other organizations representing local units of government; and

(3) review models of senior-friendly community initiatives from other states and organizations.

(f) The Board on Aging shall report to the legislature by February 28, 2010, with recommendations on (1) a process for communities to request and receive the designation of community for a lifetime, and (2) funding sources to implement these communities."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to human services; specifying criteria for communities for a lifetime; requiring the Minnesota Board on Aging to report on communities for a lifetime; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 256.975, by adding a subdivision."

We request the adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: PAUL THISSEN, LARRY HOSCH and MICHAEL BEARD.

Senate Conferees: KATHY SHERAN, DAVID SENJEM and SHARON ERICKSON ROPES.

Thissen moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 936 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 936, A bill for an act relating to human services; specifying criteria for communities for a lifetime; requiring the Minnesota Board on Aging to study and report on communities for a lifetime; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 256.975, by adding a subdivision.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 105 yeas and 26 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Demmer	Hilstrom	Liebling	Nornes	Slawik
Anderson, S.	Dill	Hilty	Lieder	Norton	Slocum
Anzelc	Dittrich	Hornstein	Lillie	Obermueller	Solberg
Atkins	Doty	Hortman	Loeffler	Olin	Sterner
Beard	Downey	Hosch	Loon	Otremba	Swails
Benson	Eken	Howes	Mahoney	Paymar	Thao
Bigham	Falk	Huntley	Mariani	Pelowski	Thissen
Bly	Faust	Jackson	Marquart	Persell	Tillberry
Brod	Fritz	Johnson	Masin	Peterson	Torkelson
Brown	Gardner	Juhnke	McFarlane	Poppe	Urdahl
Brynaert	Gottwalt	Kahn	McNamara	Reinert	Wagenius
Bunn	Greiling	Kalin	Morgan	Rosenthal	Ward
Carlson	Gunther	Kath	Morrow	Rukavina	Welti
Champion	Hamilton	Knuth	Mullery	Ruud	Winkler
Clark	Hansen	Koenen	Murphy, E.	Sailer	Spk. Kelliher
Cornish	Hausman	Laine	Murphy, M.	Scalze	
Davids	Haws	Lenczewski	Nelson	Sertich	
Davnie	Hayden	Lesch	Newton	Simon	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, B.	Doepke	Hackbarth	Kohls	Seifert	Zellers
Anderson, P.	Drazkowski	Holberg	Murdock	Severson	
Buesgens	Eastlund	Hoppe	Peppin	Shimanski	
Dean	Emmer	Kelly	Sanders	Smith	
Dettmer	Garofalo	Kiffmeyer	Scott	Westrom	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 1301

A bill for an act relating to public safety; providing for public safety, courts, and corrections including requirements for predatory offenders regarding registration, computer access, electronic solicitation, and special license plates; crime victims of criminal sexual conduct and domestic abuse; domestic fatality review teams; public defenders eligibility for representation, appointment, and reimbursement; courts regarding judges' evidence from recording equipment in a law enforcement vehicle; driver's license reinstatement diversion pilot program; driver's license records; corrections regarding probation, pretrial release, and correctional officers, sentencing, and evidence-based practices for community supervision; sentencing guidelines; emergency response team; controlled substances; financial crimes; unsafe recalled toys; animal fighting; public employer consideration of criminal records in hiring; peace officer and public safety dispatcher employment; assault on public utility workers; trespass in police cordoned-off areas; peace officer education; communications regarding criminal history, background checks, warrant information, CIBRS data, criminal justice data, and Statewide Radio Board; authorizing requests for proposals to replace alcohol concentration breath testing devices; providing for boards, task forces, and programs; providing for reports; providing for penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 12.03, by adding a subdivision; 13.87, subdivision 1; 122A.18, subdivision 8; 123B.03, subdivision 1; 152.02, subdivisions 6, 12; 152.027, by adding a subdivision; 169.71, subdivision 1; 243.166, subdivisions 1a, 4, 4b, 6; 244.05, subdivision 6; 244.052, subdivision 1; 246.13, subdivision 2; 253B.141, subdivision 1; 299A.681; 299C.115; 299C.17; 299C.21;

299C.40, subdivisions 1, 2; 299C.46, subdivision 1; 299C.52, subdivisions 1, 3, 4; 299C.53, subdivision 1; 299C.62, subdivision 1; 299C.65, subdivisions 1, 5; 299C.68, subdivision 2; 343.31, subdivision 1; 357.021, subdivision 6; 388.24, subdivision 4; 401.025, subdivision 1; 401.065, subdivision 3a; 403.36, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 471.59, by adding subdivisions; 480.23; 484.91, subdivision 1; 491A.03, subdivision 1; 518.165, subdivision 5; 518B.01, subdivisions 2, 20; 524.5-118, subdivision 2; 609.131, subdivision 1; 609.2231, by adding a subdivision; 609.352, subdivision 2a; 609.605, subdivision 1; 611.17; 611.18; 611.20, subdivision 3; 611.21; 611.272; 611A.0315, subdivision 1; 626.843, subdivisions 1, 3; 626.845, subdivision 1; 626.863; 628.69, subdivision 6; 629.34, subdivision 1; 629.341, subdivision 1; Laws 1999, chapter 216, article 2, section 27, subdivisions 1, as amended, 3c, as added, 4; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 12; 168; 169A; 244; 260B; 325F; 364; 634; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 260B.199, subdivision 2; 260B.201, subdivision 3; 299C.61, subdivision 8; 299C.67, subdivision 3; 383B.65, subdivision 2; 403.36, subdivision 1f; Laws 2002, chapter 266, section 1, as amended.

May 4, 2009

The Honorable Margaret Anderson Kelliher
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable James P. Metzen
President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 1301 report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 1301 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"ARTICLE 1

PREDATORY OFFENDERS AND SEX OFFENSES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 243.166, subdivision 4b, is amended to read:

Subd. 4b. **Health care facility; notice of status.** (a) For the purposes of this subdivision, "health care facility" means a facility ~~licensed by~~:

(1) ~~licensed by~~ the commissioner of health as a hospital, boarding care home or supervised living facility under sections 144.50 to 144.58, or a nursing home under chapter 144A;

~~(2) registered by the commissioner of health as a housing with services establishment as defined in section 144D.01; or~~

~~(2) (3) licensed by~~ the commissioner of human services as a residential facility under chapter 245A to provide adult foster care, adult mental health treatment, chemical dependency treatment to adults, or residential services to persons with developmental disabilities.

(b) Prior to admission to a health care facility, a person required to register under this section shall disclose to:

(1) the health care facility employee processing the admission the person's status as a registered predatory offender under this section; and

(2) the person's corrections agent, or if the person does not have an assigned corrections agent, the law enforcement authority with whom the person is currently required to register, that inpatient admission will occur.

(c) A law enforcement authority or corrections agent who receives notice under paragraph (b) or who knows that a person required to register under this section is planning to be admitted and receive, or has been admitted and is receiving health care at a health care facility shall notify the administrator of the facility and deliver a fact sheet to the administrator containing the following information: (1) name and physical description of the offender; (2) the offender's conviction history, including the dates of conviction; (3) the risk level classification assigned to the offender under section 244.052, if any; and (4) the profile of likely victims.

(d) Except for a hospital licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.58, if a health care facility receives a fact sheet under paragraph (c) that includes a risk level classification for the offender, and if the facility admits the offender, the facility shall distribute the fact sheet to all residents at the facility. If the facility determines that distribution to a resident is not appropriate given the resident's medical, emotional, or mental status, the facility shall distribute the fact sheet to the patient's next of kin or emergency contact.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2010, and applies to predatory offenders who are required to register before, on, or after that date.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 244.05, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Intensive supervised release.** (a) The commissioner may order that an inmate be placed on intensive supervised release for all or part of the inmate's supervised release or parole term if the commissioner determines that the action will further the goals described in section 244.14, subdivision 1, clauses (2), (3), and (4). In addition, the commissioner may order that an inmate be placed on intensive supervised release for all of the inmate's conditional or supervised release term if the inmate was convicted of a sex offense under section 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, 609.345, or 609.3453 or was sentenced under the provisions of section 609.3455, subdivision 3a. The commissioner shall order that all level III predatory offenders be placed on intensive supervised release for the entire supervised release, conditional release, or parole term.

(b) The commissioner may impose appropriate conditions of release on the inmate including but not limited to unannounced searches of the inmate's person, vehicle, ~~or~~ premises, computer, or other electronic devices capable of accessing the Internet by an intensive supervision agent; compliance with court-ordered restitution, if any; random drug testing; house arrest; daily curfews; frequent face-to-face contacts with an assigned intensive supervision agent; work, education, or treatment requirements; and electronic surveillance. In addition, any sex offender placed on intensive supervised release may be ordered to participate in an appropriate sex offender program as a condition of release.

(c) As a condition of release for an inmate required to register under section 243.166 who is placed on intensive supervised release under this subdivision, the commissioner shall prohibit the inmate from accessing, creating, or maintaining a personal Web page, profile, account, password, or user name for: (1) a social networking Web site, or (2) an instant messaging or chat room program, which permits persons under the age of 18 to become a member or to create or maintain a personal Web page. An intensive supervised release agent may modify the prohibition described in this paragraph if doing so does not jeopardize public safety and the modification is specifically described and agreed to in advance by the agent.

(d) If the inmate violates the conditions of the intensive supervised release, the commissioner shall impose sanctions as provided in subdivision 3 and section 609.3455.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2010, and applies to persons who are on intensive supervised release on or after that date.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 244.052, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** As used in this section:

- (1) "confinement" means confinement in a state correctional facility or a state treatment facility;
- (2) "immediate household" means any and all individuals who live in the same household as the offender;
- (3) "law enforcement agency" means the law enforcement agency having primary jurisdiction over the location where the offender expects to reside upon release;
- (4) "residential facility" means a regional treatment center operated by the commissioner of human services or a facility that is licensed as a residential program, as defined in section 245A.02, subdivision 14, by the commissioner of human services under chapter 245A, or the commissioner of corrections under section 241.021, whose staff are trained in the supervision of sex offenders; and
- (5) "predatory offender" and "offender" mean a person who is required to register as a predatory offender under section 243.166. However, the terms do not include persons required to register based solely on a delinquency adjudication.

Sec. 4. **[244.0521] TRAINING MATERIALS ON THE DANGERS OF PREDATORY OFFENDERS.**

By October 1, 2010, the commissioner of corrections, in consultation with the commissioner of public safety, shall develop training materials on the dangers of predatory offenders for programs and officials who care for and educate children and vulnerable adults. The training materials must include information on the predatory offender community notice requirements under section 244.052, the predatory offender registration requirements under section 243.166, and the dangers that predatory offenders pose to children and vulnerable adults. The training materials shall be developed in a format that permits self-study or facilitator-assisted training that can be completed in approximately one hour. Upon development of these training materials, the commissioner of corrections shall provide notice of completion and electronic access to the training to the commissioner of human services and the commissioner of health. Training materials required by this section must be developed by the Department of Corrections.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 609.341, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. **Sexual contact.** (a) "Sexual contact," for the purposes of sections 609.343, subdivision 1, clauses (a) to (f), and 609.345, subdivision 1, clauses (a) to (e), and (h) to (o), includes any of the following acts committed without the complainant's consent, except in those cases where consent is not a defense, and committed with sexual or aggressive intent:

- (i) the intentional touching by the actor of the complainant's intimate parts, or
- (ii) the touching by the complainant of the actor's, the complainant's, or another's intimate parts effected by a person in a position of authority, or by coercion, or by inducement if the complainant is under 13 years of age or mentally impaired, or
- (iii) the touching by another of the complainant's intimate parts effected by coercion or by a person in a position of authority, or
- (iv) in any of the cases above, the touching of the clothing covering the immediate area of the intimate parts, or

(v) the intentional touching with seminal fluid or sperm by the actor of the complainant's body or the clothing covering the complainant's body.

(b) "Sexual contact," for the purposes of sections 609.343, subdivision 1, clauses (g) and (h), and 609.345, subdivision 1, clauses (f) and (g), includes any of the following acts committed with sexual or aggressive intent:

(i) the intentional touching by the actor of the complainant's intimate parts;

(ii) the touching by the complainant of the actor's, the complainant's, or another's intimate parts;

(iii) the touching by another of the complainant's intimate parts; ~~or~~

(iv) in any of the cases listed above, touching of the clothing covering the immediate area of the intimate parts; or

(v) the intentional touching with seminal fluid or sperm by the actor of the complainant's body or the clothing covering the complainant's body.

(c) "Sexual contact with a person under 13" means the intentional touching of the complainant's bare genitals or anal opening by the actor's bare genitals or anal opening with sexual or aggressive intent or the touching by the complainant's bare genitals or anal opening of the actor's or another's bare genitals or anal opening with sexual or aggressive intent.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2009, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 609.352, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. ~~Internet or computer~~ **Electronic solicitation of children.** A person 18 years of age or older who uses the Internet ~~or~~ a computer, computer program, computer network, ~~or~~ computer system, an electronic communications system, or a telecommunications, wire, or radio communications system, or other electronic device capable of electronic data storage or transmission to commit any of the following acts, with the intent to arouse the sexual desire of any person, is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced as provided in subdivision 4:

(1) soliciting a child or someone the person reasonably believes is a child to engage in sexual conduct;

(2) engaging in communication ~~relating to or describing sexual conduct~~ with a child or someone the person reasonably believes is a child, relating to or describing sexual conduct; or

(3) distributing any material, language, or communication, including a photographic or video image, that relates to or describes sexual conduct to a child or someone the person reasonably believes is a child.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2009, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

ARTICLE 2

CRIME VICTIMS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 611A.0315, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Notice of decision not to prosecute.** (a) A prosecutor shall make every reasonable effort to notify a victim of domestic assault, a criminal sexual conduct offense, or harassment that the prosecutor has decided to decline prosecution of the case or to dismiss the criminal charges filed against the defendant. Efforts to notify the victim should include, in order of priority: (1) contacting the victim or a person designated by the victim by telephone; and (2) contacting the victim by mail. If a suspect is still in custody, the notification attempt shall be made before the suspect is released from custody.

(b) Whenever a prosecutor dismisses criminal charges against a person accused of domestic assault, a criminal sexual conduct offense, or harassment, a record shall be made of the specific reasons for the dismissal. If the dismissal is due to the unavailability of the witness, the prosecutor shall indicate the specific reason that the witness is unavailable.

(c) Whenever a prosecutor notifies a victim of domestic assault, criminal sexual conduct, or harassment under this section, the prosecutor shall also inform the victim of the method and benefits of seeking an order for protection under section 518B.01 or a restraining order under section 609.748 and that the victim may seek an order without paying a fee.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009.

Sec. 2. **[611A.203] DOMESTIC FATALITY REVIEW TEAMS.**

Subdivision 1. Domestic fatality review teams; purpose. A judicial district may establish a domestic fatality review team to review domestic violence deaths that have occurred in the district. The team may review cases in which prosecution has been completed or the prosecutorial authority has decided not to pursue the case. The purpose of the review team is to assess domestic violence deaths in order to develop recommendations for policies and protocols for community prevention and intervention initiatives to reduce and eliminate the incidence of domestic violence and resulting fatalities.

Subd. 2. Definition of domestic violence death. "Domestic violence death" means a homicide or suicide under any of the following circumstances:

- (1) the alleged perpetrator and victim resided together at any time;
- (2) the alleged perpetrator and victim have a child in common, regardless of whether they were married or lived together at any time;
- (3) the alleged perpetrator and victim were married, separated, or divorced;
- (4) the alleged perpetrator and victim had a sexual relationship or a significant romantic relationship;
- (5) the alleged perpetrator had been stalking the victim;
- (6) the homicide victim lived in the same household, was present in the workplace of, was in proximity of, or was related by blood or affinity to a victim who experienced or was threatened with domestic abuse by the alleged perpetrator;
- (7) the victim or the perpetrator was a child of a person in a relationship that is described within this definition; or
- (8) any other circumstances that the domestic fatality review team decides fall within the parameters of its mission.

"Domestic violence death" must be interpreted broadly to give the domestic fatality review team discretion to review fatalities that have occurred both directly and peripherally to domestic relationships.

Subd. 3. **Membership.** (a) The chief judge, in consultation with the family violence coordinating council, shall appoint the members of the domestic fatality review team. Membership must reflect a commitment to diversity and relevant professional experience. The review team members must include:

- (1) the medical examiner;
- (2) a judicial court officer (judge or referee);
- (3) a county and city attorney and a public defender;
- (4) the county sheriff and a peace officer;
- (5) a representative from family court services and the Department of Corrections;
- (6) a physician familiar with domestic violence issues;
- (7) a representative from district court administration and the domestic abuse service center;
- (8) a public citizen representative or a representative from a civic organization;
- (9) a mental health professional; and
- (10) domestic violence advocates or shelter workers.

(b) There must be at least three domestic violence advocates or shelter workers on the domestic fatality review team. No two members may represent the same agency. Members representing advocates or shelters must be selected by the advocacy community. At least one position must be designated for a minority representative and one position must rotate in order to include an advocate from the community in which the fatality under review took place.

(c) The domestic fatality review team may also invite other relevant persons to serve on an ad hoc basis and participate as full members of the review team for a particular review. These persons may include, but are not limited to:

- (1) individuals with particular expertise that would be helpful to the review panel; or
- (2) representatives of organizations or agencies that had contact with or provided services to the homicide victim, or to the alleged perpetrator, a victim who experienced or was threatened with domestic abuse by the alleged perpetrator, or a family member of one of those individuals.

Subd. 4. **Duties; access to data.** (a) The domestic fatality review team shall collect, review, and analyze death certificates and death data, including investigative reports, medical and counseling records, victim service records, employment records, child abuse reports, or other information concerning domestic violence deaths, survivor interviews and surveys, and other information deemed by the team as necessary and appropriate concerning the causes and manner of domestic violence deaths.

(b) The review team has access to the following not public data, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 8a, relating to a case being reviewed by the team: inactive law enforcement investigative data under section 13.82; autopsy records and coroner or medical examiner investigative data under section 13.83; hospital, public health, or

other medical records of the victim under section 13.384; records under section 13.46, created by social service agencies that provided services to the victim, the alleged perpetrator, or another victim who experienced or was threatened with domestic abuse by the perpetrator; and child maltreatment records under section 626.556, relating to the victim or a family or household member of the victim. Access to medical records under this paragraph also includes records governed by sections 144.291 to 144.298.

(c) As part of any review, the domestic fatality review team may compel the production of other records by applying to the district court for a subpoena, which will be effective throughout the state according to the Rules of Civil Procedure.

Subd. 5. **Confidentiality; data privacy.** A person attending a domestic fatality review team meeting may not disclose what transpired at the meeting, except to carry out the purposes of the review team or as otherwise provided in this subdivision. The review team may disclose the names of the victims in the cases it reviewed. The proceedings and records of the review team are confidential data as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 3, or protected nonpublic data as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 13, regardless of their classification in the hands of the person who provided the data, and are not subject to discovery or introduction into evidence in a civil or criminal action against a professional, the state or a county agency, arising out of the matters the team is reviewing. Information, documents, and records otherwise available from other sources are not immune from discovery or use in a civil or criminal action solely because they were presented during proceedings of the review team. This section does not limit a person who presented information before the review team or who is a member of the panel from testifying about matters within the person's knowledge. However, in a civil or criminal proceeding, a person may not be questioned about the person's good faith presentation of information to the review team or opinions formed by the person as a result of the review team meetings.

Subd. 6. **Immunity.** Members of the domestic fatality advisory board, members of the domestic fatality review team, and members of each review panel, as well as their agents or employees, are immune from claims and are not subject to any suits, liability, damages, or any other recourse, civil or criminal, arising from any act, proceeding, decision, or determination undertaken or performed or recommendation made by the domestic fatality review team, provided they acted in good faith and without malice in carrying out their responsibilities. Good faith is presumed until proven otherwise and the complainant has the burden of proving malice or a lack of good faith. No organization, institution, or person furnishing information, data, testimony, reports, or records to the domestic fatality review team as part of an investigation is civilly or criminally liable or subject to any other recourse for providing the information.

Subd. 7. **Evaluation and report.** (a) Each domestic fatality review team shall develop a system for evaluating the effectiveness of its program and shall focus on identifiable goals and outcomes. An evaluation must include data components as well as input from individuals involved in the review process.

(b) Each fatality review team shall issue an annual report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house committees with jurisdiction over public safety issues. The report must consist of the written aggregate recommendations of the domestic fatality review team without reference to specific cases. The report must be available upon request and distributed to the governor, attorney general, supreme court, county board, and district court.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 629.341, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Arrest.** Notwithstanding section 629.34 or any other law or rule, a peace officer may arrest a person anywhere without a warrant, including at the person's residence, if the peace officer has probable cause to believe that within the preceding ~~12~~ 24 hours the person has committed domestic abuse, as defined in section 518B.01, subdivision 2. The arrest may be made even though the assault did not take place in the presence of the peace officer.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009.

ARTICLE 3

COURTS

Section 1. **[260B.002] POLICY ON DISPROPORTIONATE MINORITY CONTACT.**

It is the policy of the state of Minnesota to identify and eliminate barriers to racial, ethnic, and gender fairness within the criminal justice, juvenile justice, corrections, and judicial systems, in support of the fundamental principle of fair and equitable treatment under law.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 484.91, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** Misdemeanor violations bureaus in the Fourth Judicial District shall be established in Minneapolis, a southern suburb location, and at any other northern and western suburban locations dispersed throughout the county as may be designated by a majority of the judges of the court.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 491A.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Judges; referees.** The judges of district court ~~shall~~ may serve as judges of conciliation court. ~~In the Second and Fourth Judicial Districts, a majority of the judges~~ The chief judge of the district may appoint one or more suitable persons to act as referees in conciliation court; ~~a majority of the judges~~ the chief judge of the district shall establish qualifications for the office, specify the duties and length of service of referees, and fix their compensation ~~not to exceed an amount per day determined by the chief judge of the judicial district.~~

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 4. **LICENSE REINSTATEMENT DIVERSION PILOT PROGRAM.**

Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** An eligible city may establish a license reinstatement diversion pilot program for holders of class D drivers' licenses who have been charged with violating Minnesota Statutes, section 171.24, subdivision 1 or 2, but have not yet entered a plea in the proceedings. An individual charged with driving after revocation under Minnesota Statutes, section 171.24, subdivision 2, is eligible for diversion only if the revocation was due to a violation of Minnesota Statutes, section 169.791; 169.797; 169A.52; 169A.54; or 171.17, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (6). An individual who is a holder of a commercial driver's license or who has committed an offense in a commercial motor vehicle is ineligible for participation in the diversion pilot program.

Subd. 2. **Eligible cities.** Each of the cities of Duluth, St. Paul, South St. Paul, West St. Paul, and Inver Grove Heights is eligible to establish the license reinstatement diversion pilot program within its city. The commissioner of public safety may permit other cities to establish license reinstatement diversion pilot programs within their cities.

Subd. 3. **Contract.** Notwithstanding any law or ordinance to the contrary, an eligible city may contract with a third party to create and administer the diversion program.

Subd. 4. **Diversion of individual.** A prosecutor for a participating city may determine whether to accept an individual for diversion, and in doing so shall consider:

(1) whether the individual has a record of driving without a valid license or other criminal record, or has previously participated in a diversion program;

(2) the strength of the evidence against the individual, along with any mitigating factors; and

(3) the apparent ability and willingness of the individual to participate in the diversion program and comply with its requirements.

Subd. 5. **Diversion driver's license.** (a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the commissioner of public safety may issue a diversion driver's license to a person who is a participant in a pilot program for diversion, following receipt of an application and payment of:

(1) the reinstatement fee under Minnesota Statutes, section 171.20, subdivision 4, by a participant whose driver's license has been suspended;

(2) the reinstatement fee under Minnesota Statutes, section 171.29, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), by a participant whose driver's license has been revoked under Minnesota Statutes, section 169.791; 169.797; or 171.17, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (6); or

(3) the reinstatement fee under Minnesota Statutes, section 171.29, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), by a participant whose driver's license has been revoked under Minnesota Statutes, section 169A.52 or 169A.54. The reinstatement fee and surcharge, both of which are provided under Minnesota Statutes, section 171.29, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), also must be paid during the course of, and as a condition of, the diversion program.

The diversion driver's license may bear restrictions imposed by the commissioner suitable to the licensee's driving ability or other restrictions applicable to the licensee as the commissioner may determine to be appropriate to assure the safe operation of a motor vehicle by the licensee.

(b) Payments by participants in the diversion program of the reinstatement fee and surcharge under Minnesota Statutes, section 171.29, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), must be applied first toward payment of the reinstatement fee, and after the reinstatement fee has been fully paid, toward payment of the surcharge. Each payment that is applied toward the reinstatement fee must be credited as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 171.29, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), and each payment that is applied toward the surcharge must be credited as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 171.29, subdivision 2, paragraphs (c) and (d).

Subd. 6. **Components of program.** (a) At a minimum, the diversion program must require individuals to:

(1) successfully attend and complete, at the individual's expense, educational classes that provide, among other things, information on drivers' licensure;

(2) pay, according to a schedule approved by the prosecutor, all required fees, fines, and charges, including applicable statutory license reinstatement fees and costs of participation in the program;

(3) comply with all traffic laws; and

(4) demonstrate compliance with vehicle insurance requirements.

(b) An individual who is accepted into the pilot program is eligible to apply for a diversion driver's license.

Subd. 7. **Termination of participation in diversion program.** (a) An individual's participation in the diversion program may terminate when:

(1) during participation in the program, the individual is guilty of a moving traffic violation or failure to provide vehicle insurance;

(2) the third-party administrator of the diversion program informs the court and the commissioner of public safety that the individual is no longer satisfying the conditions of the diversion; or

(3) the third-party administrator informs the court, the prosecutor, and the commissioner of public safety that the individual has met all conditions of the diversion program, including, at a minimum, satisfactory fulfillment of the components in subdivision 6, whereupon the court shall dismiss the charge or the prosecutor shall decline to prosecute.

(b) Upon termination of an individual's participation in the diversion program, the commissioner shall cancel the individual's diversion driver's license.

(c) The original charge against the individual of violation of Minnesota Statutes, section 171.24, may be reinstated against an individual whose participation in the diversion program terminates under paragraph (a), clause (1) or (2).

(d) The commissioner shall reinstate the driver's license of an individual whose participation in the diversion program terminates under paragraph (a), clause (3).

Subd. 8. **Report.** (a) By February 1, 2011, the commissioner of public safety and each eligible city that participates in the diversion program shall report to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over transportation and the judiciary concerning the results of the program. The report must be made electronically and available in print only upon request. The report must include, without limitation, the effect of the program on:

(1) recidivism rates for participants in the diversion pilot program;

(2) the number of unlicensed drivers who continue to drive in violation of Minnesota Statutes, section 171.24;

(3) payment of the fees and fines collected in the diversion pilot program to cities, counties, and the state;

(4) educational support provided to participants in the diversion pilot program; and

(5) the total number of participants in the diversion pilot program and the number of participants who have terminated from the pilot program under subdivision 7, paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (3).

(b) The report must include recommendations regarding the future of the program and any necessary legislative changes.

Subd. 9. **Sunset.** The pilot project under this section expires June 30, 2011.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009.

Sec. 5. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 383B.65, subdivision 2, is repealed.

ARTICLE 4

CORRECTIONS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 244.195, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Detention pending hearing.** When it appears necessary to enforce discipline or to prevent a person on conditional release from escaping or absconding from supervision, a court services director has the authority to issue a written order directing any peace officer ~~in the county~~ or any ~~county~~ probation officer in the state serving the

district and juvenile courts ~~of the county~~ to detain and bring the person before the court or the commissioner, whichever is appropriate, for disposition. This written order is sufficient authority for the peace officer or probation officer to detain the person for not more than 72 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, pending a hearing before the court or the commissioner.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 244.195, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Release before hearing.** A court services director has the authority to issue a written order directing a ~~county~~ any peace officer or probation officer serving the district and juvenile courts ~~of the county~~ in the state to release a person detained under subdivision 2 within 72 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, without an appearance before the court or the commissioner. This written order is sufficient authority for the ~~county~~ peace officer or probation officer to release the detained person.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 244.195, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Detention of pretrial release.** A court services director has the authority to issue a written order directing any peace officer ~~in the county~~ or any probation officer serving the district and juvenile courts ~~of the county~~ in the state to detain any person on court-ordered pretrial release who absconds from pretrial release or fails to abide by the conditions of pretrial release. A written order issued under this subdivision is sufficient authority for the peace officer or probation officer to detain the person.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 357.021, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Surcharges on criminal and traffic offenders.** (a) Except as provided in this paragraph, the court shall impose and the court administrator shall collect a \$75 surcharge on every person convicted of any felony, gross misdemeanor, misdemeanor, or petty misdemeanor offense, other than a violation of a law or ordinance relating to vehicle parking, for which there shall be a \$4 surcharge. In the Second Judicial District, the court shall impose, and the court administrator shall collect, an additional \$1 surcharge on every person convicted of any felony, gross misdemeanor, misdemeanor, or petty misdemeanor offense, including a violation of a law or ordinance relating to vehicle parking, if the Ramsey County Board of Commissioners authorizes the \$1 surcharge. The surcharge shall be imposed whether or not the person is sentenced to imprisonment or the sentence is stayed. The surcharge shall not be imposed when a person is convicted of a petty misdemeanor for which no fine is imposed.

(b) If the court fails to impose a surcharge as required by this subdivision, the court administrator shall show the imposition of the surcharge, collect the surcharge, and correct the record.

(c) The court may not waive payment of the surcharge required under this subdivision. Upon a showing of indigency or undue hardship upon the convicted person or the convicted person's immediate family, the sentencing court may authorize payment of the surcharge in installments.

(d) The court administrator or other entity collecting a surcharge shall forward it to the commissioner of finance.

(e) If the convicted person is sentenced to imprisonment and has not paid the surcharge before the term of imprisonment begins, the chief executive officer of the correctional facility in which the convicted person is incarcerated shall collect the surcharge from any earnings the inmate accrues from work performed in the facility or while on conditional release. The chief executive officer shall forward the amount collected to the ~~commissioner of finance~~ court administrator or other entity collecting the surcharge imposed by the court.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009, and applies to surcharges collected by the chief executive officer of a correctional facility on or after that date.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 401.025, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Peace officers and probation officers serving CCA counties.** (a) When it appears necessary to enforce discipline or to prevent a person on conditional release from escaping or absconding from supervision, the chief executive officer or designee of a community corrections agency in a CCA county has the authority to issue a written order directing any peace officer ~~in the county~~ or any probation officer in the state serving the district and juvenile courts ~~of the county~~ to detain and bring the person before the court or the commissioner, whichever is appropriate, for disposition. This written order is sufficient authority for the peace officer or probation officer to detain the person for not more than 72 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, pending a hearing before the court or the commissioner.

(b) The chief executive officer or designee of a community corrections agency in a CCA county has the authority to issue a written order directing a peace officer or probation officer serving the district and juvenile courts ~~of the county~~ to release a person detained under paragraph (a) within 72 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, without an appearance before the court or the commissioner. This written order is sufficient authority for the peace officer or probation officer to release the detained person.

(c) The chief executive officer or designee of a community corrections agency in a CCA county has the authority to issue a written order directing any peace officer ~~in the county~~ or any probation officer serving the district and juvenile courts ~~of the county~~ to detain any person on court-ordered pretrial release who absconds from pretrial release or fails to abide by the conditions of pretrial release. A written order issued under this paragraph is sufficient authority for the peace officer or probation officer to detain the person.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 471.59, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 12b. **Correctional officers.** If there is an agreement, merger, or consolidation between two or more local correctional or detention facilities, a correctional officer who becomes employed by a new entity created by the agreement, merger, or consolidation must receive credit for accumulated vacation and sick leave time earned by the correctional officer during the officer's employment with a governmental unit immediately preceding the creation of the new entity. If a correctional officer working pursuant to an agreement, merger, or consolidation becomes employed by the new entity, the correctional officer is considered to have begun employment with the new entity on the first day of employment with the governmental unit employing the correctional officer immediately preceding the creation of the new entity and must be credited with all previously accumulated vacation and sick leave time.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 629.34, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Peace officers.** (a) A peace officer, as defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, clause (c), who is on or off duty within the jurisdiction of the appointing authority, or on duty outside the jurisdiction of the appointing authority pursuant to section 629.40, may arrest a person without a warrant as provided under paragraph (c).

(b) A part-time peace officer, as defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, clause (d), who is on duty within the jurisdiction of the appointing authority, or on duty outside the jurisdiction of the appointing authority pursuant to section 629.40 may arrest a person without a warrant as provided under paragraph (c).

(c) A peace officer or part-time peace officer who is authorized under paragraph (a) or (b) to make an arrest without a warrant may do so under the following circumstances:

(1) when a public offense has been committed or attempted in the officer's presence;

(2) when the person arrested has committed a felony, although not in the officer's presence;

(3) when a felony has in fact been committed, and the officer has reasonable cause for believing the person arrested to have committed it;

(4) upon a charge based upon reasonable cause of the commission of a felony by the person arrested;

(5) under the circumstances described in clause (2), (3), or (4), when the offense is a gross misdemeanor violation of section 609.52, 609.595, 609.631, 609.749, or 609.821; ~~or~~

(6) under circumstances described in clause (2), (3), or (4), when the offense is a nonfelony violation of a restraining order or no contact order previously issued by a court; or

(7) under the circumstances described in clause (2), (3), or (4), when the offense is a gross misdemeanor violation of section 609.485 and the person arrested is a juvenile committed to the custody of the commissioner of corrections.

(d) To make an arrest authorized under this subdivision, the officer may break open an outer or inner door or window of a dwelling house if, after notice of office and purpose, the officer is refused admittance.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2009, and applies to persons escaping from custody on or after that date.

Sec. 8. **STUDY OF EVIDENCE-BASED PRACTICES IN MINNESOTA; REPORT TO THE LEGISLATURE.**

Subdivision 1. **Direction.** The Department of Correction's Minnesota Information and Supervision Services Committee's Evidence-Based Practices Policy Team shall undertake an assessment of the use of evidence-based practices for community supervision in Minnesota and opportunities for greater implementation of evidence-based practices.

Subd. 2. **Subject matter.** (a) The policy team must review, assess, and make specific recommendations with regard to the following areas:

(1) implementation of evidence-based practices intended to reduce recidivism;

(2) improvement of policies and practices for crime victims;

(3) establishment of an earned compliance credit program;

(4) performance measures for community supervision agencies;

(5) potential performance incentives for community supervision agencies; and

(6) any other topic related to evidence-based practices that the committee deems appropriate for inclusion.

(b) In assessing the topics listed in paragraph (a), the policy team must address the following:

(1) the extent to which evidence-based practices are currently used in Minnesota;

(2) fiscal barriers to further implementation of evidence-based practices;

(3) structural barriers to further implementation of evidence-based practices;

(4) statutory barriers to further implementation of evidence-based practices;

(5) potential solutions that address the identified barriers; and

(6) any other factor that the committee deems necessary to fully assess the state of evidence-based practices in Minnesota.

Subd. 3. **Report to legislature.** The policy team shall report its findings and recommendations to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees and divisions with jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and funding by January 15, 2011.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009.

Sec. 9. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 244.195, subdivision 5; 260B.199, subdivision 2; and 260B.201, subdivision 3, are repealed.

ARTICLE 5

PUBLIC SAFETY

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 12.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 9b. **Specialized emergency response team.** "Specialized emergency response team" means a team that has been approved by the state director of the Division of Homeland Security and Emergency Management for the purpose of supplementing state or local resources for responding to an emergency or disaster.

Sec. 2. **[12.351] SPECIALIZED EMERGENCY RESPONSE TEAM.**

The state director of the Division of Homeland Security and Emergency Management shall determine if, in response to an emergency or disaster, activation of a specialized emergency response team for deployment to any political subdivision is in the public interest. If so, the state director may activate a team. When activated by the state director, team members not employed by any political subdivision struck by the emergency or disaster are deemed employees of the state for purposes of workers' compensation and tort claim defense and indemnification. The provisions of chapter 176 and other applicable statutes must be followed for purposes of calculating workers' compensation benefits.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 152.02, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Schedule V; restrictions on methamphetamine precursor drugs.** (a) As used in this subdivision, the following terms have the meanings given:

(1) "methamphetamine precursor drug" means any compound, mixture, or preparation intended for human consumption containing ephedrine or pseudoephedrine as its sole active ingredient or as one of its active ingredients; and

(2) "over-the-counter sale" means a retail sale of a drug or product but does not include the sale of a drug or product pursuant to the terms of a valid prescription.

(b) The following items are listed in Schedule V:

(1) any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following limited quantities of narcotic drugs, which shall include one or more nonnarcotic active medicinal ingredients in sufficient proportion to confer upon the compound, mixture or preparation valuable medicinal qualities other than those possessed by the narcotic drug alone:

(i) not more than 100 milligrams of dihydrocodeine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams;

(ii) not more than 100 milligrams of ethylmorphine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams;

(iii) not more than 2.5 milligrams of diphenoxylate and not less than 25 micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit; or

(iv) not more than 15 milligrams of anhydrous morphine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams; and

(2) any compound, mixture, or preparation containing ephedrine or pseudoephedrine as its sole active ingredient or as one of its active ingredients.

(c) No person may sell in a single over-the-counter sale more than two packages of a methamphetamine precursor drug or a combination of methamphetamine precursor drugs or any combination of packages exceeding a total weight of six grams, calculated as the base.

(d) Over-the-counter sales of methamphetamine precursor drugs are limited to:

(1) packages containing not more than a total of three grams of one or more methamphetamine precursor drugs, calculated in terms of ephedrine base or pseudoephedrine base; or

(2) for nonliquid products, sales in blister packs, where each blister contains not more than two dosage units, or, if the use of blister packs is not technically feasible, sales in unit dose packets or pouches.

(e) A business establishment that offers for sale methamphetamine precursor drugs in an over-the-counter sale shall ensure that all packages of the drugs are displayed behind a checkout counter where the public is not permitted and are offered for sale only by a licensed pharmacist, a registered pharmacy technician, or a pharmacy clerk. The establishment shall ensure that the person making the sale requires the buyer:

(1) to provide photographic identification showing the buyer's date of birth; and

(2) to sign a written or electronic document detailing the date of the sale, the name of the buyer, and the amount of the drug sold.

A document described under clause (2) must be retained by the establishment for at least three years and must at all reasonable times be open to the inspection of any law enforcement agency.

Nothing in this paragraph requires the buyer to obtain a prescription for the drug's purchase.

(f) No person may acquire through over-the-counter sales more than six grams of methamphetamine precursor drugs, calculated as the base, within a 30-day period.

(g) No person may sell in an over-the-counter sale a methamphetamine precursor drug to a person under the age of 18 years. It is an affirmative defense to a charge under this paragraph if the defendant proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant reasonably and in good faith relied on proof of age as described in section 340A.503, subdivision 6.

(h) A person who knowingly violates paragraph (c), (d), (e), (f), or (g) is guilty of a misdemeanor and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than 90 days, or to payment of a fine of not more than \$1,000, or both.

(i) An owner, operator, supervisor, or manager of a business establishment that offers for sale methamphetamine precursor drugs whose employee or agent is convicted of or charged with violating paragraph (c), (d), (e), (f), or (g) is not subject to the criminal penalties for violating any of those paragraphs if the person:

(1) did not have prior knowledge of, participate in, or direct the employee or agent to commit the violation; and

(2) documents that an employee training program was in place to provide the employee or agent with information on the state and federal laws and regulations regarding methamphetamine precursor drugs.

(j) Any person employed by a business establishment that offers for sale methamphetamine precursor drugs who sells such a drug to any person in a suspicious transaction shall report the transaction to the owner, supervisor, or manager of the establishment. The owner, supervisor, or manager may report the transaction to local law enforcement. A person who reports information under this subdivision in good faith is immune from civil liability relating to the report.

(k) Paragraphs (b) to (j) do not apply to:

(1) pediatric products labeled pursuant to federal regulation primarily intended for administration to children under 12 years of age according to label instructions;

(2) methamphetamine precursor drugs that are certified by the Board of Pharmacy as being manufactured in a manner that prevents the drug from being used to manufacture methamphetamine;

(3) methamphetamine precursor drugs in gel capsule or liquid form; or

(4) compounds, mixtures, or preparations in powder form where pseudoephedrine constitutes less than one percent of its total weight and is not its sole active ingredient.

(l) The Board of Pharmacy, in consultation with the Department of Public Safety, shall certify methamphetamine precursor drugs that meet the requirements of paragraph (k), clause (2), and publish an annual listing of these drugs.

(m) Wholesale drug distributors licensed and regulated by the Board of Pharmacy pursuant to sections 151.42 to 151.51 and registered with and regulated by the United States Drug Enforcement Administration are exempt from the methamphetamine precursor drug storage requirements of this section.

(n) This section preempts all local ordinances or regulations governing the sale by a business establishment of over-the-counter products containing ephedrine or pseudoephedrine. All ordinances enacted prior to the effective date of this act are void.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 152.02, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. **Coordination of controlled substance regulation with federal law and state statute.** If any substance is designated, rescheduled, or deleted as a controlled substance under federal law and notice thereof is given to the state Board of Pharmacy, the state Board of Pharmacy shall similarly control the substance under this chapter, after the expiration of 30 days from publication in the Federal Register of a final order designating a substance as a controlled substance or rescheduling or deleting a substance. Such order shall be filed with the secretary of state. If within that 30-day period, the state Board of Pharmacy objects to inclusion, rescheduling, or deletion, it shall publish the reasons for objection and afford all interested parties an opportunity to be heard. At the conclusion of the hearing, the state Board of Pharmacy shall publish its decision, which shall be subject to the provisions of chapter 14.

In exercising the authority granted by this chapter, the state Board of Pharmacy shall be subject to the provisions of chapter 14. The state Board of Pharmacy shall provide copies of any proposed rule under this chapter to the advisory council on controlled substances at least 30 days prior to any hearing required by section 14.14, subdivision 1. The state Board of Pharmacy shall consider the recommendations of the advisory council on controlled substances, which may be made prior to or at the hearing.

The state Board of Pharmacy shall annually submit a report to the legislature on or before December 1 that specifies what changes the board made to the controlled substance schedules maintained by the board in Minnesota Rules, parts 6800.4210 to 6800.4250, in the preceding 12 months. The report must include specific recommendations for amending the controlled substance schedules contained in subdivisions 2 to 6, so that they conform with the controlled substance schedules maintained by the board in Minnesota Rules, parts 6800.4210 to 6800.4250.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 169.71, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Prohibitions generally; exceptions.** (a) A person shall not drive or operate any motor vehicle with:

(1) a windshield cracked or discolored to an extent to limit or obstruct proper vision;

(2) any objects suspended between the driver and the windshield, other than:

(i) sun visors ~~and~~;

(ii) rearview mirrors;

(iii) global positioning systems or navigation systems when mounted or located near the bottommost portion of the windshield; and

(iv) electronic toll collection devices; or

(3) any sign, poster, or other nontransparent material upon the front windshield, sidewings, or side or rear windows of the vehicle, other than a certificate or other paper required to be so displayed by law or authorized by the state director of the Division of Emergency Management or the commissioner of public safety.

(b) Paragraph (a), clauses (2) and (3), do not apply to law enforcement vehicles.

(c) Paragraph (a), clause (2), does not apply to authorized emergency vehicles.

Sec. 6. **[181.986] EMPLOYMENT OF INDIVIDUAL WITH CRIMINAL HISTORY; LIMITATION ON ADMISSIBILITY OF EVIDENCE.**

Subdivision 1. **Limitation on admissibility of criminal history.** Information regarding a criminal history record of an employee or former employee may not be introduced as evidence in a civil action against a private employer or its employees or agents that is based on the conduct of the employee or former employee, if:

(1) the duties of the position of employment did not expose others to a greater degree of risk than that created by the employee or former employee interacting with the public outside of the duties of the position or that might be created by being employed in general;

(2) before the occurrence of the act giving rise to the civil action, a court order sealed any record of the criminal case or the employee or former employee received a pardon; or

(3) the record is of an arrest or charge that did not result in a criminal conviction.

Subd. 2. **Relation to other law.** This section does not supersede a statutory requirement to conduct a criminal history background investigation or consider criminal history records in hiring for particular types of employment.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2009, and applies to actions commenced on or after that date.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 240.08, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2a. **Certain occupational licenses.** The commission may issue a license to an applicant otherwise disqualified pursuant to subdivision 2, clause (b), for an occupation that does not involve gaming operations, security, surveillance, or the handling of pari-mutuel or card club revenues provided that the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or a crime involving fraud or misrepresentation within ten years of application, has never been convicted of a gambling-related offense, does not have a felony charge pending, has been discharged from any supervision related to the disqualifying offense for a period of at least five years, and is not required to register pursuant to section 243.166.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 244.10, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5a. **Aggravating factors.** (a) As used in this section, "aggravating factors" include, but are not limited to, situations where:

(1) the victim was particularly vulnerable due to age, infirmity, or reduced physical or mental capacity, which was known or should have been known to the offender;

(2) the victim was treated with particular cruelty for which the offender should be held responsible;

(3) the current conviction is for a criminal sexual conduct offense or an offense in which the victim was otherwise injured and there is a prior felony conviction for a criminal sexual conduct offense or an offense in which the victim was otherwise injured;

(4) the offense was a major economic offense, identified as an illegal act or series of illegal acts committed by other than physical means and by concealment or guile to obtain money or property, to avoid payment or loss of money or property, or to obtain business or professional advantage. The presence of two or more of the circumstances listed below are aggravating factors with respect to the offense:

(i) the offense involved multiple victims or multiple incidents per victim;

(ii) the offense involved an attempted or actual monetary loss substantially greater than the usual offense or substantially greater than the minimum loss specified in the statutes;

(iii) the offense involved a high degree of sophistication or planning or occurred over a lengthy period of time;

(iv) the offender used the offender's position or status to facilitate the commission of the offense, including positions of trust, confidence, or fiduciary relationships; or

(v) the offender had been involved in other conduct similar to the current offense as evidenced by the findings of civil or administrative law proceedings or the imposition of professional sanctions;

(5) the offense was a major controlled substance offense, identified as an offense or series of offenses related to trafficking in controlled substances under circumstances more onerous than the usual offense. The presence of two or more of the circumstances listed below are aggravating factors with respect to the offense:

(i) the offense involved at least three separate transactions in which controlled substances were sold, transferred, or possessed with intent to do so;

(ii) the offense involved an attempted or actual sale or transfer of controlled substances in quantities substantially larger than for personal use;

(iii) the offense involved the manufacture of controlled substances for use by other parties;

(iv) the offender knowingly possessed a firearm during the commission of the offense;

(v) the circumstances of the offense reveal the offender to have occupied a high position in the drug distribution hierarchy;

(vi) the offense involved a high degree of sophistication or planning or occurred over a lengthy period of time or involved a broad geographic area of disbursement; or

(vii) the offender used the offender's position or status to facilitate the commission of the offense, including positions of trust, confidence, or fiduciary relationships;

(6) the offender committed, for hire, a crime against the person;

(7) the offender is sentenced according to section 609.3455, subdivision 3a;

(8) the offender is a dangerous offender who committed a third violent crime, as described in section 609.1095, subdivision 2;

(9) the offender is a career offender as described in section 609.1095, subdivision 4;

(10) the offender committed the crime as part of a group of three or more persons who all actively participated in the crime;

(11) the offender intentionally selected the victim or the property against which the offense was committed, in whole or in part, because of the victim's, the property owner's, or another's actual or perceived race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, disability, age, or national origin;

(12) the offender used another's identity without authorization to commit a crime. This aggravating factor may not be used when the use of another's identity is an element of the offense;

(13) the offense was committed in the presence of a child; and

(14) the offense was committed in a location in which the victim had an expectation of privacy.

(b) Notwithstanding section 609.04 or 609.035, or other law to the contrary, when a court sentences an offender for a felony conviction, the court may order an aggravated sentence beyond the range specified in the sentencing guidelines grid based on any aggravating factor arising from the same course of conduct.

(c) Nothing in this section limits a court from ordering an aggravated sentence based on an aggravating factor not described in paragraph (a).

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2009, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 299A.681, is amended to read:

299A.681 FINANCIAL CRIMES ~~OVERSIGHT COUNCIL~~ ADVISORY BOARD AND TASK FORCE.

Subdivision 1. ~~Oversight Council~~ **Advisory board.** The Minnesota Financial Crimes ~~Oversight Council~~ **Advisory Board** shall provide ~~guidance~~ **advice to the commissioner of public safety** related to the investigation and prosecution of identity theft and financial crime.

Subd. 2. **Membership.** The ~~Oversight Council~~ **advisory board** consists of the following individuals, or their designees:

- (1) the commissioner of public safety;
- (2) the attorney general;
- (3) two chiefs of police, selected by the Minnesota Chiefs of Police Association ~~from police departments that participate in the Minnesota Financial Crimes Task Force;~~
- (4) two sheriffs, selected by the Minnesota Sheriffs Association ~~from sheriff departments that participate in the task force;~~
- (5) the United States attorney for the district of Minnesota;
- (6) a county attorney, selected by the Minnesota County Attorneys Association;
- ~~(7) a representative from the United States Postal Inspector's Office, selected by the oversight council;~~
- ~~(8) a representative from a not for profit retail merchants industry, selected by the oversight council;~~
- ~~(9) a representative from a not for profit banking and credit union industry, selected by the oversight council;~~
- ~~(10) a representative from a not for profit association representing senior citizens, selected by the oversight council;~~
- ~~(11) (7) a representative from the Board of Public Defense, selected by that board;~~
- (8) a representative from a federal law enforcement agency, selected by the advisory board;
- (9) a representative from the retail merchants industry, selected by the advisory board;
- (10) a representative from the banking and credit union industry, selected by the advisory board;
- (11) a representative on behalf of senior citizens, selected by the advisory board;
- (12) the statewide commander of the task force;

(12) ~~a representative from the Board of Public Defense, selected by the board;~~

(13) two additional members selected by the ~~oversight council~~ advisory board;

(14) a senator who serves on the committee having jurisdiction over criminal justice policy, chosen by the Subcommittee on Committees of the senate Committee on Rules and Administration; and

(15) a representative who serves on the committee having jurisdiction over criminal justice policy, chosen by the speaker of the house.

The ~~oversight council~~ advisory board may adopt procedures to govern its conduct and shall select a chair from among its members. The legislative members of the ~~council~~ advisory board may not vote on matters before the ~~council~~ board.

Subd. 3. **Duties.** The ~~oversight council shall develop~~ advisory board shall offer advice to the commissioner on the development of an overall strategy to ameliorate the harm caused to the public by identity theft and financial crime within Minnesota. The strategy may include the development of protocols and procedures to investigate financial crimes and a structure for best addressing these issues on a statewide basis and in a multijurisdictional manner. ~~Additionally, the oversight council~~ The commissioner shall:

(1) establish a multijurisdictional statewide Minnesota Financial Crimes Task Force to investigate major financial crimes;

(2) with advice from the advisory board, select a statewide commander of the task force who serves at the pleasure of the ~~oversight council~~ commissioner;

(3) ~~assist the Department of Public Safety in developing~~ develop an objective grant review application process that is free from conflicts of interest;

(4) ~~make funding recommendations to the commissioner of public safety on~~ with advice from the advisory board, issue grants to support efforts to combat identity theft and financial crime;

(5) with advice from the advisory board, assist law enforcement agencies and victims in developing a process to collect and share information to improve the investigation and prosecution of identity theft and financial crime;

(6) with advice from the advisory board, develop and approve an operational budget for the office of the statewide commander and the ~~oversight council~~ Minnesota Financial Crimes Task Force; and

(7) enter into any contracts necessary to establish and maintain a relationship with retailers, financial institutions, and other businesses to deal effectively with identity theft and financial crime.

The task force described in clause (1) may consist of members from local law enforcement agencies, federal law enforcement agencies, state and federal prosecutors' offices, ~~the Board of Public Defense,~~ and representatives from ~~elderly victims,~~ retail businesses, financial institutions, and not-for-profit organizations.

Subd. 4. **Statewide commander.** (a) ~~The Minnesota Financial Crimes Task Force commander under Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 299A.68, shall oversee the transition of that task force into the task force described in subdivision 3 and remain in place as its commander until July 1, 2008. On that date,~~ The commissioner of public safety shall appoint as a statewide commander ~~the individual selected by the oversight council under subdivision 3.~~

(b) The commander shall:

- (1) coordinate and monitor all multijurisdictional identity theft and financial crime enforcement activities;
- (2) facilitate local efforts and ensure statewide coordination with efforts to combat identity theft and financial crime;
- (3) facilitate training for law enforcement and other personnel;
- (4) monitor compliance with investigative protocols;
- (5) implement an outcome evaluation and data quality control process;
- (6) be responsible for the selection and for cause removal of assigned task force investigators who are designated participants under a memorandum of understanding or who receive grant funding;
- (7) provide supervision of assigned task force investigators;
- (8) submit a task force operational budget to the ~~oversight council~~ commissioner of public safety for approval; and
- (9) submit quarterly task force activity reports to the ~~oversight council~~ advisory board.

Subd. 5. **Participating officers; employment status.** All law enforcement officers selected to participate in the task force must be licensed peace officers as defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, or qualified federal law enforcement officers as defined in section 626.8453. Participating officers remain employees of the same entity that employed them before joining any multijurisdictional entity established under this section. Participating officers are not employees of the state.

Subd. 6. **Jurisdiction and powers.** Law enforcement officers participating in any multijurisdictional entity established under this section have statewide jurisdiction to conduct criminal investigations and have the same powers of arrest as those possessed by a sheriff. ~~The task force shall retain from its predecessor the assigned originating reporting number for case reporting purposes.~~

Subd. 7. **Grants authorized.** The commissioner of public safety, ~~upon recommendation of the oversight council~~ with advice from the advisory board, shall make grants to state and local units of government to combat identity theft and financial crime. The commander, as funding permits, may prepare a budget to establish four regional districts and funding grant allocations programs outside the counties of Hennepin, Ramsey, Anoka, Washington, and Dakota. The budget must be reviewed and approved by the ~~oversight council and recommended to~~ the commissioner to support these efforts.

Subd. 8. **Victims assistance program.** (a) The ~~oversight council~~ commissioner may establish a victims' assistance program to assist victims of economic crimes and provide prevention and awareness programs. The ~~oversight council~~ commissioner may retain the services of not-for-profit organizations to assist in the development and delivery systems in aiding victims of financial crime. The program may not provide any financial assistance to victims, but may assist victims in obtaining police assistance and advise victims in how to protect personal accounts and identities. Services may include a victim toll-free telephone number, fax number, Web site, Monday through Friday telephone service, e-mail response, and interfaces to other helpful Web sites. Victims' information compiled are governed under chapter 13.

(b) The ~~oversight council~~ commissioner may post or communicate through public service announcements in newspapers, radio, television, cable access, billboards, Internet, Web sites, and other normal advertising channels, a financial reward of up to \$2,000 for tips leading to the apprehension and successful prosecution of individuals committing economic crime. All rewards must ~~meet the oversight council's standards~~ be approved by the commissioner. The release of funds must be made to an individual whose information leads to the apprehension and prosecution of offenders committing economic or financial crimes against citizens or businesses in Minnesota. All rewards paid to an individual must be reported to the Department of Revenue along with the individual's Social Security number.

Subd. 9. **~~Oversight council~~ Advisory board and task force are permanent.** Notwithstanding section 15.059, this section does not expire.

Subd. 10. **Funding.** The ~~oversight council~~ commissioner may accept lawful grants and in-kind contributions from any federal, state, or local source or legal business or individual not funded by this section for general operation support, including personnel costs. These grants or in-kind contributions are not to be directed toward the case of a particular victim or business. The ~~oversight council's~~ task force's fiscal agent shall handle all funds approved by the ~~oversight council~~ commissioner, including in-kind contributions.

Subd. 11. **Forfeiture.** Property seized by the task force is subject to forfeiture pursuant to sections 609.531, 609.5312, 609.5313, and 609.5315 if ownership cannot be established. The ~~council~~ task force shall receive the proceeds from the sale of all property properly seized and forfeited.

~~Subd. 12. **Transfer equipment from current task force.** All equipment possessed by the task force described in Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 299A.68, is transferred to the oversight council for use by the task force described in this section.~~

Subd. 13. **Report required.** By February 1 of each year, the ~~oversight council~~ commissioner shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees and divisions having jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and funding on the activities of the ~~council~~ and task force. At a minimum, this annual report must include:

- (1) a description of the ~~council's~~ and task force's goals for the previous year and for the coming year;
- (2) a description of the outcomes the ~~council~~ and task force achieved or did not achieve during the preceding year and a description of the outcomes they will seek to achieve during the coming year;
- (3) any legislative recommendations the ~~council or task force~~ advisory board or commissioner has including, where necessary, a description of the specific legislation needed to implement the recommendations;
- (4) a detailed accounting of how appropriated money, grants, and in-kind contributions were spent; and
- (5) a detailed accounting of the grants awarded under this section.

Sec. 10. **[325F.135] UNSAFE RECALLED TOYS; PROHIBITION ON SALE.**

(a) No commercial retailer shall sell in this state a toy that the commercial retailer knows at the time of the sale has been recalled for any safety-related reason by an agency of the federal government or by the toy's manufacturer, wholesaler, distributor, or importer.

(b) For purposes of this section, "toy" means an item designed primarily for the purpose of play activity by children under the age of 12 years and "recalled" excludes corrective actions that involve safety alerts, parts replacement, or consumer repairs.

(c) This section shall be enforced under sections 325F.14 to 325F.16.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2009, and applies to violations occurring on or after that date.

Sec. 11. **[364.021] PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT; CONSIDERATION OF CRIMINAL RECORDS.**

(a) A public employer may not inquire into or consider the criminal record or criminal history of an applicant for public employment until the applicant has been selected for an interview by the employer.

(b) This section does not apply to the Department of Corrections or to public employers who have a statutory duty to conduct a criminal history background check or otherwise take into consideration a potential employee's criminal history during the hiring process.

(c) This section does not prohibit a public employer from notifying applicants that law or the employer's policy will disqualify an individual with a particular criminal history background from employment in particular positions.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 403.36, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1g. **State Interoperability Executive Committee.** (a) In addition to responsibilities provided for in subdivision 1e, the Statewide Radio Board is designated as Minnesota's State Interoperability Executive Committee.

(b) As Minnesota's State Interoperability Executive Committee, the Statewide Radio Board shall:

(1) develop and maintain a statewide plan for local and private public safety communications interoperability that integrates with the Minnesota emergency operation plan;

(2) develop and adopt guidelines and operational standards for local and private public safety communications interoperability within Minnesota;

(3) promote coordination and cooperation among local, state, federal, and tribal public safety agencies in addressing statewide public safety communications interoperability within Minnesota;

(4) advise the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety on public safety communications interoperability and on the allocation and use of funds made available to Minnesota to support public safety communications interoperability;

(5) to the extent permitted by federal law, Federal Communications Commission regulations, and the National Telecommunications and Information Administration, develop guidelines and standards for the efficient use of interoperability frequencies on all frequency spectrums assigned to public safety users; and

(6) to the extent permitted by federal law and treaties with Canada, develop guidelines and standards that support interoperability with adjoining states and provinces of Canada along Minnesota's northern border.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 403.36, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Plan contents.** (a) The statewide, shared radio and communication system project plan must include:

(1) standards, guidelines, and comprehensive design for the system, including use and integration of existing public and private communications infrastructure;

(2) proposed project implementation schedule, phases, and estimated costs for each phase of the plan;

(3) recommended statutory changes required for effective implementation and administration of the statewide, shared trunked radio and communication system; ~~and~~

(4) an interoperability committee to make recommendations on the statewide plan for local and private public safety communications interoperability and on guidelines and operational standards necessary to promote public safety communications interoperability within Minnesota; and

~~(4)~~ (5) a policy for the lease of excess space or capacity on systems constructed under the project plan, consistent with section 174.70, subdivision 2, with priority given first to local units of government for public safety communication transmission needs and second to any other communications transmission needs of either the public or private sector.

(b) The Statewide Radio Board must ensure that generally accepted project management techniques are utilized for each project or phase of the backbone of the statewide, shared radio and communication system consistent with guidelines of the Project Management Office of the Office of Enterprise Technology:

- (1) clear sponsorship;
- (2) scope management;
- (3) project planning, control, and execution;
- (4) continuous risk assessment and mitigation;
- (5) cost management;
- (6) quality management reviews;
- (7) communications management; and
- (8) proven methodology.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 471.59, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 12a. **Joint exercise of police power; employees.** If an agreement, merger, or consolidation authorizes the exercise of peace officer or police powers by an officer appointed by one of the governmental units within the jurisdiction of the other governmental unit, a peace officer or public safety dispatcher, working pursuant to or as a result of that agreement, merger, or consolidation, must receive credit for accumulated vacation and sick leave time earned within the governmental unit employing the peace officer or public safety dispatcher immediately preceding the agreement, merger, or consolidation. If a peace officer or public safety dispatcher working pursuant to an agreement, merger, or consolidation becomes employed by the new entity, that peace officer or public safety dispatcher is considered to have begun employment with the new entity on the first day of employment by the governmental unit employing the peace officer or public safety dispatcher immediately preceding the creation of the new entity and must be credited with all previously accumulated vacation and sick leave time.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 609.605, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Misdemeanor.** (a) The following terms have the meanings given them for purposes of this section.

(1) "Premises" means real property and any appurtenant building or structure.

(2) "Dwelling" means the building or part of a building used by an individual as a place of residence on either a full-time or a part-time basis. A dwelling may be part of a multidwelling or multipurpose building, or a manufactured home as defined in section 168.002, subdivision 16.

(3) "Construction site" means the site of the construction, alteration, painting, or repair of a building or structure.

(4) "Owner or lawful possessor," as used in paragraph (b), clause (9), means the person on whose behalf a building or dwelling is being constructed, altered, painted, or repaired and the general contractor or subcontractor engaged in that work.

(5) "Posted," as used:

(i) in paragraph (b), clause (9), means the placement of a sign at least 11 inches square in a conspicuous place on the exterior of the building that is under construction, alteration, or repair, and additional signs in at least two conspicuous places for each ten acres being protected. The sign must carry an appropriate notice and the name of the person giving the notice, followed by the word "owner" if the person giving the notice is the holder of legal title to the land on which the construction site is located or by the word "occupant" if the person giving the notice is not the holder of legal title but is a lawful occupant of the land; and

(ii) in paragraph (b), clause (10), means the placement of signs that:

(A) state "no trespassing" or similar terms;

(B) display letters at least two inches high;

(C) state that Minnesota law prohibits trespassing on the property; and

(D) are posted in a conspicuous place and at intervals of 500 feet or less.

(6) "Business licensee," as used in paragraph (b), clause (9), includes a representative of a building trades labor or management organization.

(7) "Building" has the meaning given in section 609.581, subdivision 2.

(b) A person is guilty of a misdemeanor if the person intentionally:

(1) permits domestic animals or fowls under the actor's control to go on the land of another within a city;

(2) interferes unlawfully with a monument, sign, or pointer erected or marked to designate a point of a boundary, line or a political subdivision, or of a tract of land;

(3) trespasses on the premises of another and, without claim of right, refuses to depart from the premises on demand of the lawful possessor;

(4) occupies or enters the dwelling or locked or posted building of another, without claim of right or consent of the owner or the consent of one who has the right to give consent, except in an emergency situation;

(5) enters the premises of another with intent to take or injure any fruit, fruit trees, or vegetables growing on the premises, without the permission of the owner or occupant;

(6) enters or is found on the premises of a public or private cemetery without authorization during hours the cemetery is posted as closed to the public;

(7) returns to the property of another with the intent to abuse, disturb, or cause distress in or threaten another, after being told to leave the property and not to return, if the actor is without claim of right to the property or consent of one with authority to consent;

(8) returns to the property of another within one year after being told to leave the property and not to return, if the actor is without claim of right to the property or consent of one with authority to consent;

(9) enters the locked or posted construction site of another without the consent of the owner or lawful possessor, unless the person is a business licensee; or

(10) enters the locked or posted aggregate mining site of another without the consent of the owner or lawful possessor, unless the person is a business licensee; or

(11) crosses into or enters any public or private area lawfully cordoned off by or at the direction of a peace officer engaged in the performance of official duties. As used in this clause: (i) an area may be "cordoned off" through the use of tape, barriers, or other means conspicuously placed and identifying the area as being restricted by a peace officer and identifying the responsible authority; and (ii) "peace officer" has the meaning given in section 626.84, subdivision 1. It is an affirmative defense to a charge under this clause that a peace officer permitted entry into the restricted area.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2009, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 626.843, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Rules required.** The board shall adopt rules with respect to:

(1) the certification of ~~peace officer training schools, programs, or courses including training schools for the Minnesota State Patrol. Such schools, programs and courses shall include those administered by the state, county, school district, municipality, or joint or contractual combinations thereof, and shall include preparatory instruction in law enforcement and minimum basic training courses~~ postsecondary schools to provide programs of professional peace officer education;

(2) minimum courses of study, ~~attendance requirements,~~ and equipment and facilities to be required at each certified ~~peace officers training school located~~ within the state;

(3) minimum qualifications for coordinators and instructors at certified peace officer training schools offering a program of professional peace officer education located within this state;

(4) minimum standards of physical, mental, and educational fitness which shall govern the ~~recruitment admission to professional peace officer education programs and the licensing of peace officers~~ within the state, by any state, county, municipality, or joint or contractual combination thereof, including members of the Minnesota State Patrol;

(5) board-approved continuing education courses that ensure professional competence of peace officers and part-time peace officers;

(6) minimum standards of conduct which would affect the individual's performance of duties as a peace officer. These standards shall be established and published. The board shall review the minimum standards of conduct described in this clause for possible modification in 1998 and every three years after that time;

~~(6) minimum basic training which peace officers appointed to temporary or probationary terms shall complete before being eligible for permanent appointment, and the time within which such basic training must be completed following any such appointment to a temporary or probationary term;~~

~~(7) minimum specialized training which part time peace officers shall complete in order to be eligible for continued employment as a part time peace officer or permanent employment as a peace officer, and the time within which the specialized training must be completed;~~

~~(8) content of minimum basic training courses required of graduates of certified law enforcement training schools or programs. Such courses shall not duplicate the content of certified academic or general background courses completed by a student but shall concentrate on practical skills deemed essential for a peace officer. Successful completion of such a course~~ (7) a set of educational learning objectives that must be met within a certified school's professional peace officer education program. These learning objectives must concentrate on the knowledge, skills, and abilities deemed essential for a peace officer. Education in these learning objectives shall be deemed satisfactory for the completion of the minimum basic training requirement;

~~(9) grading, reporting, attendance and other records, and certificates of attendance or accomplishment;~~

~~(10) the procedures to be followed by a part time peace officer for notifying the board of intent to pursue the specialized training for part time peace officers who desire to become peace officers pursuant to clause (7), and section 626.845, subdivision 1, clause (7);~~

~~(11) (8) the establishment and use by any political subdivision or state law enforcement agency which that employs persons licensed by the board of procedures for investigation and resolution of allegations of misconduct by persons licensed by the board. The procedures shall be in writing and shall be established on or before October 1, 1984;~~

~~(12) (9) the issues that must be considered by each political subdivision and state law enforcement agency that employs persons licensed by the board in establishing procedures under section 626.5532 to govern the conduct of peace officers who are in pursuit of a vehicle being operated in violation of section 609.487, and requirements for the training of peace officers in conducting pursuits. The adoption of specific procedures and requirements is within the authority of the political subdivision or agency;~~

~~(13) (10) supervision of part-time peace officers and requirements for documentation of hours worked by a part-time peace officer who is on active duty. These rules shall be adopted by December 31, 1993;~~

~~(14) (11) citizenship requirements for full-time peace officers and part-time peace officers;~~

~~(15) (12) driver's license requirements for full-time peace officers and part-time peace officers; and~~

~~(16) (13) such other matters as may be necessary consistent with sections 626.84 to 626.863. Rules promulgated by the attorney general with respect to these matters may be continued in force by resolution of the board if the board finds the rules to be consistent with sections 626.84 to 626.863.~~

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 626.843, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Board authority.** The board may, in addition:

(1) recommend studies, surveys, and reports to be made by the executive director regarding the carrying out of the objectives and purposes of sections 626.841 to 626.863;

(2) visit and inspect any peace officer training certified school approved by the executive director that offers the professional peace officer education program or for which application for such approval certification has been made;

(3) make recommendations, from time to time, to the executive director, attorney general, and the governor regarding the carrying out of the objectives and purposes of sections 626.841 to 626.863;

(4) perform such other acts as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the powers and duties of the board ~~as set forth in~~ under sections 626.841 to 626.863; and

(5) cooperate with and receive financial assistance from and join in projects or enter into contracts with the federal government or its agencies for the furtherance of the purposes of Laws 1977, chapter 433.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 626.845, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Powers and duties.** The board shall have the following powers and duties:

(1) ~~to certify peace officers' training schools or programs administered by state, county and municipalities located within this state in whole or in part no later than 90 days after receipt of an application for certification. The reasons for noncertification of any school or program or part thereof shall be transmitted to the school within 90 days and shall contain a detailed explanation of the reasons for which the school or program was disapproved and an explanation of what supporting material or other requirements are necessary for the board to reconsider. Disapproval of a school or program shall not preclude the reapplication for certification for the school or program postsecondary schools to provide programs of professional peace officer education based on a set of board-approved professional peace officer education learning objectives;~~

(2) to issue certificates to postsecondary schools, and to revoke ~~such~~ certification when necessary to maintain the objectives and purposes of sections 626.841 to 626.863;

(3) ~~to certify, as qualified, instructors at peace officer training schools, and to issue appropriate certificates to such instructors;~~

(4) to license peace officers who have satisfactorily completed certified basic training programs, met the education and experience requirements and passed examinations as required by the board;

(4) to develop and administer licensing examinations based on the board's learning objectives;

(5) ~~to cause studies and surveys to be made relating to the establishment, operation, and approval of state, county, and municipal peace officer training schools;~~

(6) to consult and cooperate with state, county, and municipal peace officer training schools continuing education providers for the development of in-service training programs for peace officers;

(7) (6) to consult and cooperate with universities, colleges, and technical colleges postsecondary schools for the development of specialized courses of instruction and study in the state for peace officers and part time peace officers in police science and police administration and improvement of professional peace officer education;

~~(8)~~ (7) to consult and cooperate with other departments and agencies of the state and federal government concerned with peace officer standards and training;

~~(9)~~ (8) to perform such other acts as may be necessary and appropriate to carry out the powers and duties as set forth in the provisions of sections 626.841 to 626.863;

~~(10)~~ to coordinate the provision, on a regional basis, of skills-oriented basic training courses to graduates of certified law enforcement training schools or programs;

~~(11)~~ (9) to obtain criminal conviction data for persons seeking a license to be issued or possessing a license issued by the board. The board shall have authority to obtain criminal conviction data to the full extent that any other law enforcement agency, as that term is defined by state or federal law, has to obtain the data;

~~(12)~~ (10) to prepare and transmit annually to the governor a report of its activities with respect to allocation of moneys money appropriated to it for peace officers training, including the name ~~and address~~ of each recipient of money for that purpose; and the amount awarded; and the purpose of the award; and

~~(13)~~ (11) to assist and cooperate with any political subdivision or state law enforcement agency ~~which that~~ employs persons licensed by the board to establish written ~~procedures for the investigation and resolution of allegations of misconduct of policies as mandated by the state pertaining to persons licensed by the board,~~ and to enforce licensing sanctions for failure to implement ~~such procedures~~ these policies.

In addition, the board may maintain data received from law enforcement agencies under section 626.87, subdivision 5, provide the data to requesting law enforcement agencies who are conducting background investigations, and maintain data on applicants and licensees as part of peace officer license data. The data that may be maintained include the name of the law enforcement agency conducting the investigation and data on the candidate provided under section 626.87, subdivision 5, clauses (1) and (2).

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 626.863, is amended to read:

626.863 UNAUTHORIZED PRACTICE.

(a) A person who is not a peace officer or part-time peace officer is guilty of a misdemeanor if the person: (1) makes a representation of being a peace officer or part-time peace officer, or (2) performs or attempts to perform an act, duty, or responsibility reserved by law for licensed peace officers and part-time peace officers.

(b) A peace officer who authorizes or knowingly allows a person to violate paragraph (a) is guilty of a misdemeanor.

(c) The board shall designate the appropriate law enforcement agency to investigate violations of this section. The attorney general shall prosecute violations of this section.

(d) A person who violates this section and who has previously been convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2009, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 628.26, is amended to read:

628.26 LIMITATIONS.

(a) Indictments or complaints for any crime resulting in the death of the victim may be found or made at any time after the death of the person killed.

(b) Indictments or complaints for a violation of section 609.25 may be found or made at any time after the commission of the offense.

(c) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.282 may be found or made at any time after the commission of the offense if the victim was under the age of 18 at the time of the offense.

(d) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.282 where the victim was 18 years of age or older at the time of the offense, or 609.42, subdivision 1, clause (1) or (2), shall be found or made and filed in the proper court within six years after the commission of the offense.

(e) Indictments or complaints for violation of sections 609.342 to 609.345 if the victim was under the age of 18 years at the time the offense was committed, shall be found or made and filed in the proper court within the later of nine years after the commission of the offense or, ~~if the victim failed to report the offense within this limitation period, within~~ three years after the offense was reported to law enforcement authorities.

(f) Notwithstanding the limitations in paragraph (e), indictments or complaints for violation of sections 609.342 to 609.344 may be found or made and filed in the proper court at any time after commission of the offense, if physical evidence is collected and preserved that is capable of being tested for its DNA characteristics. If this evidence is not collected and preserved and the victim was 18 years old or older at the time of the offense, the prosecution must be commenced within nine years after the commission of the offense.

(g) Indictments or complaints for violation of sections 609.466 and 609.52, subdivision 2, clause (3), item (iii), shall be found or made and filed in the proper court within six years after the commission of the offense.

(h) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.52, subdivision 2, clause (3), items (i) and (ii), (4), (15), or (16), 609.631, or 609.821, where the value of the property or services stolen is more than \$35,000, shall be found or made and filed in the proper court within five years after the commission of the offense.

(i) Except for violations relating to false material statements, representations or omissions, indictments or complaints for violations of section 609.671 shall be found or made and filed in the proper court within five years after the commission of the offense.

(j) Indictments or complaints for violation of sections 609.561 to 609.563, shall be found or made and filed in the proper court within five years after the commission of the offense.

(k) In all other cases, indictments or complaints shall be found or made and filed in the proper court within three years after the commission of the offense.

(l) The limitations periods contained in this section shall exclude any period of time during which the defendant was not an inhabitant of or usually resident within this state.

(m) The limitations periods contained in this section for an offense shall not include any period during which the alleged offender participated under a written agreement in a pretrial diversion program relating to that offense.

(n) The limitations periods contained in this section shall not include any period of time during which physical evidence relating to the offense was undergoing DNA analysis, as defined in section 299C.155, unless the defendant demonstrates that the prosecuting or law enforcement agency purposefully delayed the DNA analysis process in order to gain an unfair advantage.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2009, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date, and to crimes committed before that date if the limitations period for the crime did not expire before August 1, 2009.

Sec. 21. **FINANCIAL CRIMES TASK FORCE TRANSITION.**

(a) The appointing authorities under Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.681, subdivision 2, shall complete the new appointments required under that section by August 1, 2009.

(b) The members of the Minnesota Financial Crimes Task Force appointed to the task force by the Financial Crimes Oversight Council as provided in 2008 Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.681, subdivision 3, shall continue to serve on the task force until their successors have been appointed by the commissioner of public safety.

Sec. 22. **STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY; REPORT TO THE LEGISLATURE.**

As part of the 2009 report to the legislature mandated by Minnesota Statutes, section 152.02, subdivision 12, the state Board of Pharmacy shall specify all instances where the controlled substance schedules contained in Minnesota Rules, parts 6800.4210 to 6800.4250, differ from the controlled substance schedules contained in Minnesota Statutes, section 152.02, subdivisions 2 to 6.

Sec. 23. **WORKING GROUP ON IMPAIRED DRIVING OFFENDERS.**

The chairs of the house Public Safety Policy Committee and the senate Judiciary Committee shall consider jointly appointing a working group to review and potentially propose changes to the state's policies and laws regarding impaired driving offenders.

Sec. 24. **POLICIES ON HIRING PRACTICES.**

The commissioner of administration, the Board of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, the Regents of the University of Minnesota, and statutory and home rule charter cities may adopt policies that address the goal of improving employment for local residents or former criminal offenders.

Sec. 25. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 403.36, subdivision 1f, is repealed.

ARTICLE 6

BCA INFORMATION SERVICE DIVISION MODIFICATIONS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 13.87, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Criminal history data.** (a) **Definition.** For purposes of this subdivision, "criminal history data" means all data maintained in criminal history records compiled by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension ~~and disseminated through the criminal justice information system~~, including, but not limited to fingerprints, photographs, identification data, arrest data, prosecution data, criminal court data, custody and supervision data.

(b) **Classification.** Criminal history data maintained by agencies, political subdivisions and statewide systems are classified as private, pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 12, except that data created, collected, or maintained by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension that identify an individual who was convicted of a crime, the offense of which the individual was convicted, associated court disposition and sentence information, controlling agency, and confinement information are public data for 15 years following the discharge of the sentence imposed for the offense. If an individual's name or other identifying information is erroneously associated with a criminal history and a determination is made through a fingerprint verification that the individual is not the subject of the criminal history, the name or other identifying information must be redacted from the public criminal history data. The name and other identifying information must be retained in the criminal history and are classified as private data.

The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall provide to the public at the central office of the bureau the ability to inspect in person, at no charge, through a computer monitor the criminal conviction data classified as public under this subdivision.

(c) **Limitation.** Nothing in paragraph (a) or (b) shall limit public access to data made public by section 13.82.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 84.027, subdivision 17, is amended to read:

Subd. 17. **Background checks for volunteer instructors.** (a) The commissioner may conduct background checks for volunteer instructor applicants for department safety training and education programs, including the programs established under sections 84.791 (youth off-highway motorcycle safety education and training), 84.86 and 84.862 (youth and adult snowmobile safety training), 84.925 (youth all-terrain vehicle safety education and training), 97B.015 (youth firearms safety training), and 97B.025 (hunter and trapper education and training).

(b) The commissioner shall perform the background check by retrieving criminal history data as defined in section 13.87 maintained in the criminal justice information system (CJIS) by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension in the Department of Public Safety and other data sources.

(c) The commissioner shall develop a standardized form to be used for requesting a background check, which must include:

(1) a notification to the applicant that the commissioner will conduct a background check under this section;

(2) a notification to the applicant of the applicant's rights under paragraph (d); and

(3) a signed consent by the applicant to conduct the background check expiring one year from the date of signature.

(d) The volunteer instructor applicant who is the subject of a background check has the right to:

(1) be informed that the commissioner will request a background check on the applicant;

(2) be informed by the commissioner of the results of the background check and obtain a copy of the background check;

(3) obtain any record that forms the basis for the background check and report;

(4) challenge the accuracy and completeness of the information contained in the report or a record; and

(5) be informed by the commissioner if the applicant is rejected because of the result of the background check.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 122A.18, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. **Background checks.** (a) The Board of Teaching and the commissioner of education must request a criminal history background check from the superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension on all applicants for initial licenses under their jurisdiction. An application for a license under this section must be accompanied by:

(1) an executed criminal history consent form, including fingerprints; and

(2) a money order or cashier's check payable to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension for the fee for conducting the criminal history background check.

(b) The superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall perform the background check required under paragraph (a) by retrieving criminal history data ~~maintained in the criminal justice information system computers as defined in section 13.87~~ and shall also conduct a search of the national criminal records repository, ~~including the criminal justice data communications network~~. The superintendent is authorized to exchange fingerprints with the Federal Bureau of Investigation for purposes of the criminal history check. The superintendent shall recover the cost to the bureau of a background check through the fee charged to the applicant under paragraph (a).

(c) The Board of Teaching or the commissioner of education may issue a license pending completion of a background check under this subdivision, but must notify the individual that the individual's license may be revoked based on the result of the background check.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Background check required.** (a) A school hiring authority shall request a criminal history background check from the superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension on all individuals who are offered employment in a school and on all individuals, except enrolled student volunteers, who are offered the opportunity to provide athletic coaching services or other extracurricular academic coaching services to a school, regardless of whether any compensation is paid. In order for an individual to be eligible for employment or to provide the services, the individual must provide an executed criminal history consent form and a money order or check payable to either the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension or the school hiring authority, at the discretion of the school hiring authority, in an amount equal to the actual cost to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension and the school district of conducting the criminal history background check. A school hiring authority deciding to receive payment may, at its discretion, accept payment in the form of a negotiable instrument other than a money order or check and shall pay the superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension directly to conduct the background check. The superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall conduct the background check by retrieving criminal history data ~~maintained in the criminal justice information system computers as defined in section 13.87~~. A school hiring authority, at its discretion, may decide not to request a criminal history background check on an individual who holds an initial entrance license issued by the State Board of Teaching or the commissioner of education within the 12 months preceding an offer of employment.

(b) A school hiring authority may use the results of a criminal background check conducted at the request of another school hiring authority if:

(1) the results of the criminal background check are on file with the other school hiring authority or otherwise accessible;

(2) the other school hiring authority conducted a criminal background check within the previous 12 months;

(3) the individual who is the subject of the criminal background check executes a written consent form giving a school hiring authority access to the results of the check; and

(4) there is no reason to believe that the individual has committed an act subsequent to the check that would disqualify the individual for employment.

(c) A school hiring authority may, at its discretion, request a criminal history background check from the superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension on any individual who seeks to enter a school or its grounds for the purpose of serving as a school volunteer or working as an independent contractor or student employee. In order for an individual to enter a school or its grounds under this paragraph when the school hiring authority decides to request a criminal history background check on the individual, the individual first must provide an executed criminal history consent form and a money order, check, or other negotiable instrument payable to the school district

in an amount equal to the actual cost to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension and the school district of conducting the criminal history background check. Notwithstanding section 299C.62, subdivision 1, the cost of the criminal history background check under this paragraph is the responsibility of the individual.

(d) For all nonstate residents who are offered employment in a school, a school hiring authority shall request a criminal history background check on such individuals from the superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension and from the government agency performing the same function in the resident state or, if no government entity performs the same function in the resident state, from the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Such individuals must provide an executed criminal history consent form and a money order, check, or other negotiable instrument payable to the school hiring authority in an amount equal to the actual cost to the government agencies and the school district of conducting the criminal history background check. Notwithstanding section 299C.62, subdivision 1, the cost of the criminal history background check under this paragraph is the responsibility of the individual.

(e) At the beginning of each school year or when a student enrolls, a school hiring authority must notify parents and guardians about the school hiring authority's policy requiring a criminal history background check on employees and other individuals who provide services to the school, and identify those positions subject to a background check and the extent of the hiring authority's discretion in requiring a background check. The school hiring authority may include the notice in the student handbook, a school policy guide, or other similar communication. Nothing in this paragraph affects a school hiring authority's ability to request a criminal history background check on an individual under paragraph (c).

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 246.13, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Definitions; risk assessment and management.** (a) As used in this section:

(1) "appropriate and necessary medical and other records" includes patient medical records and other protected health information as defined by Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 164.501, relating to a patient in a state-operated services facility including, but not limited to, the patient's treatment plan and abuse prevention plan that is pertinent to the patient's ongoing care, treatment, or placement in a community-based treatment facility or a health care facility that is not operated by state-operated services, and includes information describing the level of risk posed by a patient when the patient enters the facility;

(2) "community-based treatment" means the community support services listed in section 253B.02, subdivision 4b;

(3) "criminal history data" means those data maintained or used by the Departments of Corrections and Public Safety and by the supervisory authorities listed in section 13.84, subdivision 1, that relate to an individual's criminal history or propensity for violence, including data in the Corrections Offender Management System (COMS) and Statewide Supervision System (S3) maintained by the Department of Corrections; ~~the Criminal Justice Information System (CJIS)~~ and criminal history data as defined in section 13.87, Integrated Search Service as defined in section 13.873, and the Predatory Offender Registration (POR) system maintained by the Department of Public Safety; ~~and the CriMNet system;~~

(4) "designated agency" means the agency defined in section 253B.02, subdivision 5;

(5) "law enforcement agency" means the law enforcement agency having primary jurisdiction over the location where the offender expects to reside upon release;

(6) "predatory offender" and "offender" mean a person who is required to register as a predatory offender under section 243.166; and

(7) "treatment facility" means a facility as defined in section 253B.02, subdivision 19.

(b) To promote public safety and for the purposes and subject to the requirements of this paragraph, the commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall have access to, and may review and disclose, medical and criminal history data as provided by this section, as necessary to comply with Minnesota Rules, part 1205.0400:

(1) to determine whether a patient is required under state law to register as a predatory offender according to section 243.166;

(2) to facilitate and expedite the responsibilities of the special review board and end-of-confinement review committees by corrections institutions and state treatment facilities;

(3) to prepare, amend, or revise the abuse prevention plans required under section 626.557, subdivision 14, and individual patient treatment plans required under section 253B.03, subdivision 7;

(4) to facilitate the custody, supervision, and transport of individuals transferred between the Department of Corrections and the Department of Human Services; or

(5) to effectively monitor and supervise individuals who are under the authority of the Department of Corrections, the Department of Human Services, and the supervisory authorities listed in section 13.84, subdivision 1.

(c) The state-operated services treatment facility must make a good faith effort to obtain written authorization from the patient before releasing information from the patient's medical record.

(d) If the patient refuses or is unable to give informed consent to authorize the release of information required above, the chief executive officer for state-operated services shall provide the appropriate and necessary medical and other records. The chief executive officer shall comply with the minimum necessary requirements.

(e) The commissioner may have access to the National Crime Information Center (NCIC) database, through the Department of Public Safety, in support of the law enforcement functions described in paragraph (b).

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 253B.141, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Report of absence.** (a) If a patient committed under this chapter or detained under a judicial hold is absent without authorization, and either: (1) does not return voluntarily within 72 hours of the time the unauthorized absence began; or (2) is considered by the head of the treatment facility to be a danger to self or others, then the head of the treatment facility shall report the absence to the local law enforcement agency. The head of the treatment facility shall also notify the committing court that the patient is absent and that the absence has been reported to the local law enforcement agency. The committing court may issue an order directing the law enforcement agency to transport the patient to an appropriate facility.

(b) Upon receiving a report that a patient subject to this section is absent without authorization, the local law enforcement agency shall enter information on the patient ~~through the criminal justice information system~~ into the missing persons file of the National Crime Information Center computer according to the missing persons practices.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 299C.115, is amended to read:

299C.115 WARRANT INFORMATION PROVIDED TO STATE.

(a) By January 1, 1996, every county shall, in the manner provided in either clause (1) or (2), make warrant information available to other users of the ~~Minnesota criminal justice information system~~ criminal justice data communications network as defined in section 299C.46:

(1) the county shall enter the warrant information in the warrant file ~~of the Minnesota criminal justice information system~~ maintained by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension in the Department of Public Safety; or

(2) the county, at no charge to the state, shall make the warrant information that is maintained in the county's computer accessible by means of a single query ~~to the Minnesota criminal justice information system~~ made through the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension in the Department of Public Safety.

(b) As used in this section, "warrant information" means information on all outstanding felony, gross misdemeanor, and misdemeanor warrants for adults and juveniles that are issued within the county.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 299C.40, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section.

(b) "CIBRS" means the Comprehensive Incident-Based Reporting System, located in the Department of Public Safety and managed by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, ~~Criminal Justice Information Systems Section~~. A reference in this section to "CIBRS" includes the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension.

(c) "Law enforcement agency" means a Minnesota municipal police department, the Metropolitan Transit Police, the Metropolitan Airports Police, the University of Minnesota Police Department, the Department of Corrections Fugitive Apprehension Unit, a Minnesota county sheriff's department, the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, or the Minnesota State Patrol.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 299C.46, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Establishment; interconnection.** The commissioner of public safety shall establish a criminal justice data communications network which will enable the interconnection of the criminal justice agencies within the state ~~into a unified criminal justice information system~~. The commissioner of public safety is authorized to lease or purchase facilities and equipment as may be necessary to establish and maintain the data communications network.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 299C.52, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** As used in sections 299C.52 to 299C.56, the following terms have the meanings given them:

(a) "Child" means any person under the age of 18 years or any person certified or known to be mentally incompetent.

(b) ~~"CJIS" means Minnesota criminal justice information system.~~

(~~e~~) "Missing" means the status of a child after a law enforcement agency that has received a report of a missing child has conducted a preliminary investigation and determined that the child cannot be located.

(~~d~~) (c) "NCIC" means National Crime Information Center.

(~~e~~) (d) "Endangered" means that a law enforcement official has received sufficient evidence that the child is with a person who presents a threat of immediate physical injury to the child or physical or sexual abuse of the child.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 299C.52, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Computer equipment and programs.** The commissioner shall provide the necessary computer hardware and computer programs to enter, modify, and cancel information on missing children in the NCIC computer ~~through the CJS~~. These programs must provide for search and retrieval of information using the following identifiers: physical description, name and date of birth, name and Social Security number, name and driver's license number, vehicle license number, and vehicle identification number. The commissioner shall also provide a system for regional, statewide, multistate, and nationwide broadcasts of information on missing children. These broadcasts shall be made by local law enforcement agencies where possible or, in the case of statewide or nationwide broadcasts, by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension upon request of the local law enforcement agency.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 299C.52, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Authority to enter or retrieve information.** Only law enforcement agencies may enter missing child information ~~through the CJS~~ into the NCIC computer or retrieve information ~~through the CJS~~ from the NCIC computer.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 299C.53, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Investigation and entry of information.** Upon receiving a report of a child believed to be missing, a law enforcement agency shall conduct a preliminary investigation to determine whether the child is missing. If the child is initially determined to be missing and endangered, the agency shall immediately consult the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension during the preliminary investigation, in recognition of the fact that the first two hours are critical. If the child is determined to be missing, the agency shall immediately enter identifying and descriptive information about the child ~~through the CJS~~ into the NCIC computer. Law enforcement agencies having direct access to ~~the CJS and~~ the NCIC computer shall enter and retrieve the data directly and shall cooperate in the entry and retrieval of data on behalf of law enforcement agencies which do not have direct access to the systems.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 299C.62, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Generally.** The superintendent shall develop procedures to enable a children's service provider to request a background check to determine whether a children's service worker is the subject of any reported conviction for a background check crime. The superintendent shall perform the background check by retrieving and reviewing data on background check crimes ~~maintained in the CJS computers~~. The superintendent is authorized to exchange fingerprints with the Federal Bureau of Investigation for purposes of a criminal history check. The superintendent shall recover the cost of a background check through a fee charged the children's service provider.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 299C.65, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Membership, duties.** (a) The Criminal and Juvenile Justice Information Policy Group consists of the commissioner of corrections, the commissioner of public safety, the state chief information officer, the commissioner of finance, four members of the judicial branch appointed by the chief justice of the Supreme Court, and the chair and first vice-chair of the Criminal and Juvenile Justice Information Task Force. The policy group may appoint additional, nonvoting members as necessary from time to time.

(b) The commissioner of public safety is designated as the chair of the policy group. The commissioner and the policy group have overall responsibility for the ~~successful completion~~ integration of statewide criminal justice information ~~system integration (CriMNet)~~ systems. This integration effort shall be known as CriMNet. The policy group may hire an executive director to manage the CriMNet projects and to be responsible for the day-to-day operations of CriMNet. The executive director shall serve at the pleasure of the policy group in unclassified service.

The policy group must ensure that generally accepted project management techniques are utilized for each CriMNet project, including:

- (1) clear sponsorship;
- (2) scope management;
- (3) project planning, control, and execution;
- (4) continuous risk assessment and mitigation;
- (5) cost management;
- (6) quality management reviews;
- (7) communications management;
- (8) proven methodology; and
- (9) education and training.

(c) Products and services for CriMNet project management, system design, implementation, and application hosting must be acquired using an appropriate procurement process, which includes:

- (1) a determination of required products and services;
- (2) a request for proposal development and identification of potential sources;
- (3) competitive bid solicitation, evaluation, and selection; and
- (4) contract administration and close-out.

(d) The policy group shall study and make recommendations to the governor, the Supreme Court, and the legislature on:

(1) a framework for integrated criminal justice information systems, including the development and maintenance of a community data model for state, county, and local criminal justice information;

(2) the responsibilities of each entity within the criminal and juvenile justice systems concerning the collection, maintenance, dissemination, and sharing of criminal justice information with one another;

(3) actions necessary to ensure that information maintained in the criminal justice information systems is accurate and up-to-date;

(4) the development of an information system containing criminal justice information on gross misdemeanor-level and felony-level juvenile offenders that is part of the integrated criminal justice information system framework;

(5) the development of an information system containing criminal justice information on misdemeanor arrests, prosecutions, and convictions that is part of the integrated criminal justice information system framework;

(6) comprehensive training programs and requirements for all individuals in criminal justice agencies to ensure the quality and accuracy of information in those systems;

(7) continuing education requirements for individuals in criminal justice agencies who are responsible for the collection, maintenance, dissemination, and sharing of criminal justice data;

(8) a periodic audit process to ensure the quality and accuracy of information contained in the criminal justice information systems;

(9) the equipment, training, and funding needs of the state and local agencies that participate in the criminal justice information systems;

(10) the impact of integrated criminal justice information systems on individual privacy rights;

(11) the impact of proposed legislation on the criminal justice system, including any fiscal impact, need for training, changes in information systems, and changes in processes;

(12) the collection of data on race and ethnicity in criminal justice information systems;

(13) the development of a tracking system for domestic abuse orders for protection;

(14) processes for expungement, correction of inaccurate records, destruction of records, and other matters relating to the privacy interests of individuals; and

(15) the development of a database for extended jurisdiction juvenile records and whether the records should be public or private and how long they should be retained.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 299C.65, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Review of funding and grant requests.** (a) The Criminal and Juvenile Justice Information Policy Group shall review the funding requests for criminal justice information systems from state, county, and municipal government agencies. The policy group shall review the requests for compatibility to statewide criminal justice information system standards. The review shall be forwarded to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees and divisions with jurisdiction over criminal justice funding and policy.

(b) The ~~CriMNet program office executive director~~, in consultation with the Criminal and Juvenile Justice Information Task Force and with the approval of the policy group, shall create the requirements for any grant request and determine the integration priorities for the grant period. The ~~CriMNet program office executive director~~ shall also review the requests submitted for compatibility to statewide criminal justice information systems standards.

(c) The task force shall review funding requests for criminal justice information systems grants and make recommendations to the policy group. The policy group shall review the recommendations of the task force and shall make a final recommendation for criminal justice information systems grants to be made by the commissioner of public safety. Within the limits of available state appropriations and federal grants, the commissioner of public safety shall make grants for projects that have been recommended by the policy group.

(d) The policy group may approve grants only if the applicant provides an appropriate share of matching funds as determined by the policy group to help pay up to one-half of the costs of the grant request. The matching requirement must be constant for all applicants within each grant offering. The policy group shall adopt policies

concerning the use of in-kind resources to satisfy the match requirement and the sources from which matching funds may be obtained. Local operational or technology staffing costs may be considered as meeting this match requirement. Each grant recipient shall certify to the policy group that it has not reduced funds from local, county, federal, or other sources which, in the absence of the grant, would have been made available to the grant recipient to improve or integrate criminal justice technology.

(e) All grant recipients shall submit to the ~~CrimNet program office~~ executive director all requested documentation including grant status, financial reports, and a final report evaluating how the grant funds improved the agency's criminal justice integration priorities. The ~~CrimNet program office~~ executive director shall establish the recipient's reporting dates at the time funds are awarded.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 299C.68, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Procedures.** The superintendent shall develop procedures to enable an owner to request a background check to determine whether a manager is the subject of a reported conviction for a background check crime. The superintendent shall perform the background check by retrieving and reviewing data on background check crimes ~~maintained in the CJIS computers~~. The superintendent shall notify the owner in writing of the results of the background check. If the manager has resided in Minnesota for less than ten years or upon request of the owner, the superintendent shall also either: (1) conduct a search of the national criminal records repository, including the criminal justice data communications network; or (2) conduct a search of the criminal justice data communications network records in the state or states where the manager has resided for the preceding ten years. The superintendent is authorized to exchange fingerprints with the Federal Bureau of Investigation for purposes of the criminal history check. The superintendent shall recover the cost of a background check through a fee charged to the owner.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 388.24, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Reporting of data to ~~eriminal justice information system (CJIS)~~ Bureau of Criminal Apprehension.** Effective August 1, 1997, every county attorney who establishes a diversion program under this section shall report the following information to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension:

- (1) the name and date of birth of each diversion program participant and any other identifying information the superintendent considers necessary;
- (2) the date on which the individual began to participate in the diversion program;
- (3) the date on which the individual is expected to complete the diversion program;
- (4) the date on which the individual successfully completed the diversion program, where applicable; and
- (5) the date on which the individual was removed from the diversion program for failure to successfully complete the individual's goals, where applicable.

The superintendent shall cause the information described in this subdivision to be entered into and maintained in the criminal history file ~~of the Minnesota Criminal Justice Information System~~ as defined in section 13.87.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 401.065, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. **Reporting of data to ~~eriminal justice information system (CJIS)~~ Bureau of Criminal Apprehension.** (a) Every county attorney who establishes a diversion program under this section shall report the following information to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension:

(1) the name and date of birth of each diversion program participant and any other identifying information the superintendent considers necessary;

(2) the date on which the individual began to participate in the diversion program;

(3) the date on which the individual is expected to complete the diversion program;

(4) the date on which the individual successfully completed the diversion program, where applicable; and

(5) the date on which the individual was removed from the diversion program for failure to successfully complete the individual's goals, where applicable.

The superintendent shall cause the information described in this subdivision to be entered into and maintained in the criminal history file ~~of the Minnesota criminal justice information system~~ as defined in section 13.87.

(b) Effective August 1, 1997, the reporting requirements of this subdivision shall apply to misdemeanor offenses.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 480.23, is amended to read:

480.23 COMPUTER ACQUISITION BY COURTS.

In order to facilitate the effective management and coordination of the Minnesota courts system, an appropriate official of any court or of a local governmental unit in providing services to any court, if authorized by the state court administrator and with the concurrence of the contracting vendor, may acquire electronic data processing equipment or services through an existing contract originated by the Supreme Court. The state court administrator shall grant this authority only pursuant to the implementation of justice information systems compatible with systems ~~participating on the Minnesota Criminal Justice Information Systems Communications Network~~ administered by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension in the Department of Public Safety.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 518.165, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Procedure, criminal history, and maltreatment records background study.** (a) When the court requests a background study under subdivision 4, paragraph (a), the request shall be submitted to the Department of Human Services through the department's electronic online background study system.

(b) When the court requests a search of the National Criminal Records Repository, the court must provide a set of classifiable fingerprints of the subject of the study on a fingerprint card provided by the commissioner of human services.

(c) The commissioner of human services shall provide the court with ~~information~~ criminal history data as defined in section 13.87 from the Bureau of Criminal ~~Apprehension's Criminal Justice Information System~~ Apprehension in the Department of Public Safety, other criminal history data held by the commissioner of human services, and data regarding substantiated maltreatment of a minor under section 626.556, and substantiated maltreatment of a vulnerable adult under section 626.557, within 15 working days of receipt of a request. If the subject of the study has been determined by the Department of Human Services or the Department of Health to be the perpetrator of substantiated maltreatment of a minor or vulnerable adult in a licensed facility, the response must include a copy of the public portion of the investigation memorandum under section 626.556, subdivision 10f, or the public portion of the investigation memorandum under section 626.557, subdivision 12b. When the background study shows that the subject has been determined by a county adult protection or child protection agency to have been responsible for maltreatment, the court shall be informed of the county, the date of the finding, and the nature of the maltreatment that was substantiated. The commissioner shall provide the court with information from the

National Criminal Records Repository within three working days of the commissioner's receipt of the data. When the commissioner finds no criminal history or substantiated maltreatment on a background study subject, the commissioner shall make these results available to the court electronically through the secure online background study system.

(d) Notwithstanding section 626.556, subdivision 10f, or 626.557, subdivision 12b, if the commissioner or county lead agency has information that a person on whom a background study was previously done under this section has been determined to be a perpetrator of maltreatment of a minor or vulnerable adult, the commissioner or the county may provide this information to the court that requested the background study.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 524.5-118, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Procedure; criminal history and maltreatment records background check.** (a) The court shall request the commissioner of human services to complete a background study under section 245C.32. The request must be accompanied by the applicable fee and the signed consent of the subject of the study authorizing the release of the data obtained to the court. If the court is requesting a search of the National Criminal Records Repository, the request must be accompanied by a set of classifiable fingerprints of the subject of the study. The fingerprints must be recorded on a fingerprint card provided by the commissioner of human services.

(b) The commissioner of human services shall provide the court with ~~information~~ criminal history data as defined in section 13.87 from the Bureau of Criminal ~~Apprehension's criminal justice information system~~ Apprehension in the Department of Public Safety, other criminal history data held by the commissioner of human services, and data regarding substantiated maltreatment of vulnerable adults under section 626.557 and substantiated maltreatment of minors under section 626.556 within 15 working days of receipt of a request. If the subject of the study has been the perpetrator of substantiated maltreatment of a vulnerable adult or minor, the response must include a copy of the public portion of the investigation memorandum under section 626.557, subdivision 12b, or the public portion of the investigation memorandum under section 626.556, subdivision 10f. If the court did not request a search of the National Criminal Records Repository and information from the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension indicates that the subject is a multistate offender or that multistate offender status is undetermined, the response must include this information. The commissioner shall provide the court with information from the National Criminal Records Repository within three working days of the commissioner's receipt of the data.

(c) Notwithstanding section 626.557, subdivision 12b, or 626.556, subdivision 10f, if the commissioner of human services or a county lead agency has information that a person on whom a background study was previously done under this section has been determined to be a perpetrator of maltreatment of a vulnerable adult or minor, the commissioner or the county may provide this information to the court that requested the background study. The commissioner may also provide the court with additional criminal history or substantiated maltreatment information that becomes available after the background study is done.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 611.272, is amended to read:

611.272 ACCESS TO GOVERNMENT DATA.

The district public defender, the state public defender, or an attorney working for a public defense corporation under section 611.216 has access to the criminal justice data communications network described in section 299C.46, as provided in this section. Access to data under this section is limited to data necessary to prepare criminal cases in which the public defender has been appointed as follows:

(1) access to data about witnesses in a criminal case shall be limited to records of criminal convictions; and

(2) access to data regarding the public defender's own client which includes, but is not limited to, criminal history data under section 13.87; juvenile offender data under section 299C.095; warrant information data under section 299C.115; incarceration data under section 299C.14; conditional release data under section 241.065; and diversion program data under section 299C.46, subdivision 5.

The public defender has access to data under this section, whether accessed via ~~CrimNet~~ the integrated search service as defined in section 13.873 or other methods. The public defender does not have access to law enforcement active investigative data under section 13.82, subdivision 7; data protected under section 13.82, subdivision 17; confidential arrest warrant indices data under section 13.82, subdivision 19; or data systems maintained by a prosecuting attorney. The public defender has access to the data at no charge, except for the monthly network access charge under section 299C.46, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), and a reasonable installation charge for a terminal. Notwithstanding section 13.87, subdivision 3; 299C.46, subdivision 3, paragraph (b); 299C.48, or any other law to the contrary, there shall be no charge to public defenders for Internet access to the criminal justice data communications network.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 628.69, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Reporting of data to ~~criminal justice information system (CJIS)~~ Bureau of Criminal Apprehension.** Every county attorney who has established a pretrial diversion program under this section shall report the following information to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension:

(1) the name and date of birth of each diversion program participant, and any other identifying information the superintendent considers necessary;

(2) the date on which the individual began to participate in the diversion program;

(3) the date on which the individual is expected to complete the diversion program;

(4) the date on which the individual successfully completed the diversion program, where applicable; and

(5) the date on which the individual was removed from the diversion program for failure to successfully complete the individual's goals, where applicable.

The superintendent shall cause the information described in this subdivision to be entered into and maintained in the criminal history file ~~of the Minnesota Criminal Justice Information System~~ as defined in section 13.87.

Sec. 25. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 299C.61, subdivision 8; and 299C.67, subdivision 3, are repealed."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to public safety; providing for public safety, courts, and corrections, including predatory offenders regarding computer access, electronic solicitation, and training materials on dangers of predatory offenders; sex offenses; crime victims; domestic fatality review teams; courts; driver's license reinstatement diversion pilot program; corrections; study of evidence-based practices for community supervision; emergency response team; controlled substances; employment of persons with criminal records; financial crimes; unsafe recalled toys; peace officer and public safety dispatcher employment; trespass in peace officer cordoned-off areas; peace officer education; and Bureau of Criminal Apprehension Information Services; providing for boards, task forces, and programs; providing for reports; providing for penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 12.03, by adding a subdivision; 13.87, subdivision 1; 84.027, subdivision 17; 122A.18, subdivision 8;

123B.03, subdivision 1; 152.02, subdivisions 6, 12; 169.71, subdivision 1; 240.08, by adding a subdivision; 243.166, subdivision 4b; 244.05, subdivision 6; 244.052, subdivision 1; 244.10, by adding a subdivision; 244.195, subdivisions 2, 3, 4; 246.13, subdivision 2; 253B.141, subdivision 1; 299A.681; 299C.115; 299C.40, subdivision 1; 299C.46, subdivision 1; 299C.52, subdivisions 1, 3, 4; 299C.53, subdivision 1; 299C.62, subdivision 1; 299C.65, subdivisions 1, 5; 299C.68, subdivision 2; 357.021, subdivision 6; 388.24, subdivision 4; 401.025, subdivision 1; 401.065, subdivision 3a; 403.36, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 471.59, by adding subdivisions; 480.23; 484.91, subdivision 1; 491A.03, subdivision 1; 518.165, subdivision 5; 524.5-118, subdivision 2; 609.341, subdivision 11; 609.352, subdivision 2a; 609.605, subdivision 1; 611.272; 611A.0315, subdivision 1; 626.843, subdivisions 1, 3; 626.845, subdivision 1; 626.863; 628.26; 628.69, subdivision 6; 629.34, subdivision 1; 629.341, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 12; 181; 244; 260B; 325F; 364; 611A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 244.195, subdivision 5; 260B.199, subdivision 2; 260B.201, subdivision 3; 299C.61, subdivision 8; 299C.67, subdivision 3; 383B.65, subdivision 2; 403.36, subdivision 1f."

We request the adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: DEBRA HILSTROM, KARLA BIGHAM, MICHAEL PAYMAR, GAIL KULICK JACKSON and TIM KELLY.

Senate Conferees: MEE MOUA, MARY OLSON, JULIANNE ORTMAN, LINDA HIGGINS and DON BETZOLD.

Hilstrom moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 1301 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1301, A bill for an act relating to public safety; providing for public safety, courts, and corrections including requirements for predatory offenders regarding registration, computer access, electronic solicitation, and special license plates; crime victims of criminal sexual conduct and domestic abuse; domestic fatality review teams; public defenders eligibility for representation, appointment, and reimbursement; courts regarding judges' evidence from recording equipment in a law enforcement vehicle; driver's license reinstatement diversion pilot program; driver's license records; corrections regarding probation, pretrial release, and correctional officers, sentencing, and evidence-based practices for community supervision; sentencing guidelines; emergency response team; controlled substances; financial crimes; unsafe recalled toys; animal fighting; public employer consideration of criminal records in hiring; peace officer and public safety dispatcher employment; assault on public utility workers; trespass in police cordoned-off areas; peace officer education; communications regarding criminal history, background checks, warrant information, CIBRS data, criminal justice data, and Statewide Radio Board; authorizing requests for proposals to replace alcohol concentration breath testing devices; providing for boards, task forces, and programs; providing for reports; providing for penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 12.03, by adding a subdivision; 13.87, subdivision 1; 122A.18, subdivision 8; 123B.03, subdivision 1; 152.02, subdivisions 6, 12; 152.027, by adding a subdivision; 169.71, subdivision 8; 243.166, subdivisions 1a, 4, 4b, 6; 244.05, subdivision 6; 244.052, subdivision 1; 246.13, subdivision 2; 253B.141, subdivision 1; 299A.681; 299C.115; 299C.17; 299C.21; 299C.40, subdivisions 1, 2; 299C.46, subdivision 1; 299C.52, subdivisions 1, 3, 4; 299C.53, subdivision 1; 299C.62, subdivision 1; 299C.65, subdivisions 1, 5; 299C.68, subdivision 2; 343.31, subdivision 1; 357.021, subdivision 6; 388.24, subdivision 4; 401.025, subdivision 1; 401.065, subdivision 3a; 403.36, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 471.59, by adding subdivisions; 480.23; 484.91, subdivision 1; 491A.03, subdivision 1; 518.165, subdivision 5; 518B.01, subdivisions 2, 20; 524.5-118, subdivision 2; 609.131, subdivision 1; 609.2231, by adding a subdivision; 609.352, subdivision 2a; 609.605, subdivision 1; 611.17; 611.18; 611.20, subdivision 3; 611.21; 611.272; 611A.0315, subdivision 1; 626.843, subdivisions 1, 3; 626.845, subdivision 1; 626.863; 628.69, subdivision 6; 629.34, subdivision 1; 629.341, subdivision 1; Laws 1999, chapter 216, article 2, section 27, subdivisions 1, as amended, 3c, as added, 4; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 12; 168;

169A; 244; 260B; 325F; 364; 634; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 260B.199, subdivision 2; 260B.201, subdivision 3; 299C.61, subdivision 8; 299C.67, subdivision 3; 383B.65, subdivision 2; 403.36, subdivision 1f; Laws 2002, chapter 266, section 1, as amended.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 130 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Demmer	Hausman	Kohls	Nornes	Shimanski
Anderson, B.	Dettmer	Haws	Laine	Norton	Simon
Anderson, P.	Dill	Hayden	Lenczewski	Obermueller	Slawik
Anderson, S.	Dittrich	Hilstrom	Lesch	Olin	Slocum
Anzelc	Doepke	Hilty	Liebling	Otremba	Smith
Atkins	Doty	Holberg	Lieder	Paymar	Solberg
Beard	Downey	Hoppe	Lillie	Pelowski	Sterner
Benson	Drazkowski	Hornstein	Loeffler	Peppin	Swails
Bigham	Eastlund	Hortman	Loon	Persell	Thao
Bly	Eken	Hosch	Mahoney	Peterson	Thissen
Brod	Emmer	Howes	Mariani	Poppe	Tillberry
Brown	Falk	Huntley	Marquart	Reinert	Torkelson
Brynaert	Faust	Jackson	Masin	Rosenthal	Urdahl
Buesgens	Fritz	Johnson	McFarlane	Rukavina	Wagenius
Bunn	Gardner	Juhnke	McNamara	Ruud	Ward
Carlson	Garofalo	Kahn	Morgan	Sailer	Welti
Champion	Gottwalt	Kalin	Morrow	Sanders	Westrom
Clark	Greiling	Kath	Murdock	Scalze	Winkler
Cornish	Gunther	Kelly	Murphy, E.	Scott	Zellers
Davids	Hackbarth	Kiffmeyer	Murphy, M.	Seifert	Spk. Kelliher
Davnie	Hamilton	Knuth	Nelson	Sertich	
Dean	Hansen	Koenen	Newton	Severson	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

REPORT FROM THE COMMITTEE ON RULES AND LEGISLATIVE ADMINISTRATION

Sertich from the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration, pursuant to rule 1.21, designated the following bills to be placed on the Supplemental Calendar for the Day for Tuesday, May 5, 2009:

H. F. No. 1678; S. F. Nos. 122 and 275; H. F. Nos. 519 and 1250; S. F. Nos. 1876, 1467, 615, 1810 and 1539; H. F. No. 1677; S. F. Nos. 298, 1172 and 1569; H. F. Nos. 1880 and 127; and S. F. No. 1910.

CALENDAR FOR THE DAY

S. F. No. 247, A bill for an act relating to public health; protecting the health of children; prohibiting bisphenol-A in products for young children; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 325F.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 126 yeas and 5 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Dettmer	Hayden	Laine	Newton	Sertich
Anderson, P.	Dill	Hilstrom	Lenczewski	Nornes	Severson
Anderson, S.	Dittrich	Hilty	Lesch	Norton	Simon
Anzelc	Doepke	Holberg	Liebling	Obermueller	Slawik
Atkins	Doty	Hoppe	Lieder	Olin	Slocum
Beard	Downey	Hornstein	Lillie	Otremba	Smith
Benson	Eastlund	Hortman	Loeffler	Paymar	Solberg
Bigham	Eken	Hosch	Loon	Pelowski	Sterner
Bly	Falk	Howes	Mahoney	Peppin	Swails
Brod	Faust	Huntley	Mariani	Persell	Thao
Brown	Fritz	Jackson	Marquart	Peterson	Thissen
Brynaert	Gardner	Johnson	Masin	Poppe	Tillberry
Bunn	Garofalo	Juhnke	McFarlane	Reinert	Torkelson
Carlson	Gottwalt	Kahn	McNamara	Rosenthal	Urdahl
Champion	Greiling	Kalin	Morgan	Rukavina	Wagenius
Clark	Gunther	Kath	Morrow	Ruud	Ward
Cornish	Hackbarth	Kelly	Mullery	Sailer	Welti
Davids	Hamilton	Kiffmeyer	Murdock	Sanders	Westrom
Davnie	Hansen	Knuth	Murphy, E.	Scalze	Winkler
Dean	Hausman	Koenen	Murphy, M.	Scott	Zellers
Demmer	Haws	Kohls	Nelson	Seifert	Spk. Kelliher

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, B.	Buesgens	Draskowski	Emmer	Shimanski
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The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 1462, A bill for an act relating to health; modifying isolation and quarantine provisions and provisions for mass dispensing of medications; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 144.4195, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5; 144.4197; 145A.06, subdivision 7; 151.37, subdivisions 2, 10; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 144.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 122 yeas and 8 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Bigham	Champion	Dettmer	Falk	Gunther
Anderson, P.	Bly	Clark	Dill	Faust	Hackbarth
Anderson, S.	Brod	Cornish	Dittrich	Fritz	Hamilton
Anzelc	Brown	Davids	Doty	Gardner	Hansen
Atkins	Brynaert	Davnie	Downey	Garofalo	Hausman
Beard	Bunn	Dean	Eastlund	Gottwalt	Haws
Benson	Carlson	Demmer	Eken	Greiling	Hayden

Hilstrom	Kelly	Mariani	Norton	Sanders	Tillberry
Hilty	Kiffmeyer	Marquart	Obermueller	Scalze	Torkelson
Hoppe	Knuth	Masin	Olin	Scott	Urdahl
Hornstein	Koenen	McFarlane	Otremba	Seifert	Wagenius
Hortman	Kohls	McNamara	Pelowski	Sertich	Ward
Hosch	Laine	Morgan	Peppin	Severson	Welti
Howes	Lenczewski	Morrow	Persell	Simon	Westrom
Huntley	Lesch	Mullery	Peterson	Slawik	Winkler
Jackson	Liebling	Murdock	Poppe	Slocum	Zellers
Johnson	Lieder	Murphy, E.	Reinert	Solberg	Spk. Kelliher
Juhnke	Lillie	Murphy, M.	Rosenthal	Sterner	
Kahn	Loeffler	Nelson	Rukavina	Swails	
Kalin	Loon	Newton	Ruud	Thao	
Kath	Mahoney	Nornes	Sailer	Thissen	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, B.	Doepke	Emmer	Shimanski
Buesgens	Drazkowski	Holberg	Smith

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 1486, A bill for an act relating to solid waste; amending reporting requirements for manufacturers and retailers of video display devices; limiting the amount of recycled electronics products that can be applied to future recycling obligations; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 115A.1314, subdivision 1; 115A.1316, subdivision 1; 115A.1318, subdivision 3.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 112 yeas and 19 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Dill	Hilstrom	Lesch	Newton	Sertich
Anderson, P.	Dittrich	Hilty	Liebling	Nornes	Simon
Anderson, S.	Doepke	Hornstein	Lieder	Norton	Slawik
Anzels	Doty	Hortman	Lillie	Obermueller	Slocum
Atkins	Downey	Hosch	Loeffler	Olin	Solberg
Beard	Eken	Howes	Loon	Otremba	Sterner
Benson	Falk	Huntley	Mahoney	Paymar	Swails
Bigham	Faust	Jackson	Mariani	Pelowski	Thao
Bly	Fritz	Johnson	Marquart	Persell	Thissen
Brown	Gardner	Juhnke	Masin	Peterson	Tillberry
Brynaert	Garofalo	Kahn	McFarlane	Poppe	Torkelson
Bunn	Gottwalt	Kalin	McNamara	Reinert	Urdahl
Carlson	Greiling	Kath	Morgan	Rosenthal	Wagenius
Champion	Gunther	Kelly	Morrow	Rukavina	Ward
Clark	Hamilton	Kiffmeyer	Mullery	Ruud	Welti
Cornish	Hansen	Knuth	Murdock	Sailer	Winkler
Davids	Hausman	Koenen	Murphy, E.	Sanders	Spk. Kelliher
Davnie	Haws	Laine	Murphy, M.	Scalze	
Demmer	Hayden	Lenczewski	Nelson	Seifert	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, B.	Dettmer	Hackbarth	Peppin	Smith
Brod	Drazkowski	Holberg	Scott	Westrom
Buesgens	Eastlund	Hoppe	Severson	Zellers
Dean	Emmer	Kohls	Shimanski	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 1960, A bill for an act relating to powers of attorney; creating an alternative statutory short form for military members who are in active service; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 523.02; 523.131; 523.16; 523.20; 523.21; 523.23, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 523.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 131 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Demmer	Hausman	Kohls	Newton	Severson
Anderson, B.	Dettmer	Haws	Laine	Nornes	Shimanski
Anderson, P.	Dill	Hayden	Lenczewski	Norton	Simon
Anderson, S.	Dittrich	Hilstrom	Lesch	Obermueller	Slawik
Anzelc	Doepke	Hilty	Liebling	Olin	Slocum
Atkins	Doty	Holberg	Lieder	Otremba	Smith
Beard	Downey	Hoppe	Lillie	Paymar	Solberg
Benson	Drazkowski	Hornstein	Loeffler	Pelowski	Sterner
Bigham	Eastlund	Hortman	Loon	Peppin	Swails
Bly	Eken	Hosch	Mahoney	Persell	Thao
Brod	Emmer	Howes	Mariani	Peterson	Thissen
Brown	Falk	Huntley	Marquart	Poppe	Tillberry
Brynaert	Faust	Jackson	Masin	Reinert	Torkelson
Buesgens	Fritz	Johnson	McFarlane	Rosenthal	Urdahl
Bunn	Gardner	Juhnke	McNamara	Rukavina	Wagenius
Carlson	Garofalo	Kahn	Morgan	Ruud	Ward
Champion	Gottwalt	Kalin	Morrow	Sailer	Welti
Clark	Greiling	Kath	Mullery	Sanders	Westrom
Cornish	Gunther	Kelly	Murdock	Scalze	Winkler
Davids	Hackbarth	Kiffmeyer	Murphy, E.	Scott	Zellers
Davnie	Hamilton	Knuth	Murphy, M.	Seifert	Spk. Kelliher
Dean	Hansen	Koenen	Nelson	Sertich	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 1754, A bill for an act relating to religious corporations; permitting a church benefits board to act as a trustee of a trust; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 317A.909.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 131 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Demmer	Hausman	Kohls	Newton	Severson
Anderson, B.	Dettmer	Haws	Laine	Nornes	Shimanski
Anderson, P.	Dill	Hayden	Lenczewski	Norton	Simon
Anderson, S.	Dittrich	Hilstrom	Lesch	Obermueller	Slawik
Anzelc	Doepke	Hilty	Liebling	Olin	Slocum
Atkins	Doty	Holberg	Lieder	Otremba	Smith
Beard	Downey	Hoppe	Lillie	Paymar	Solberg
Benson	Drazkowski	Hornstein	Loeffler	Pelowski	Sterner
Bigham	Eastlund	Hortman	Loon	Peppin	Swails
Bly	Eken	Hosch	Mahoney	Persell	Thao
Brod	Emmer	Howes	Mariani	Peterson	Thissen
Brown	Falk	Huntley	Marquart	Poppe	Tillberry
Brynaert	Faust	Jackson	Masin	Reinert	Torkelson
Buesgens	Fritz	Johnson	McFarlane	Rosenthal	Urdahl
Bunn	Gardner	Juhnke	McNamara	Rukavina	Wagenius
Carlson	Garofalo	Kahn	Morgan	Ruud	Ward
Champion	Gottwalt	Kalin	Morrow	Sailer	Welti
Clark	Greiling	Kath	Mullery	Sanders	Westrom
Cornish	Gunther	Kelly	Murdock	Scalze	Winkler
Davids	Hackbarth	Kiffmeyer	Murphy, E.	Scott	Zellers
Davnie	Hamilton	Knuth	Murphy, M.	Seifert	Spk. Kelliher
Dean	Hansen	Koenen	Nelson	Sertich	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 534, A bill for an act relating to insurance; authorizing and regulating the issuance of certificates of insurance; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 60K.46, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 60A.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 131 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Brynaert	Dill	Gardner	Hilty	Kalin
Anderson, B.	Buesgens	Dittrich	Garofalo	Holberg	Kath
Anderson, P.	Bunn	Doepke	Gottwalt	Hoppe	Kelly
Anderson, S.	Carlson	Doty	Greiling	Hornstein	Kiffmeyer
Anzelc	Champion	Downey	Gunther	Hortman	Knuth
Atkins	Clark	Drazkowski	Hackbarth	Hosch	Koenen
Beard	Cornish	Eastlund	Hamilton	Howes	Kohls
Benson	Davids	Eken	Hansen	Huntley	Laine
Bigham	Davnie	Emmer	Hausman	Jackson	Lenczewski
Bly	Dean	Falk	Haws	Johnson	Lesch
Brod	Demmer	Faust	Hayden	Juhnke	Liebling
Brown	Dettmer	Fritz	Hilstrom	Kahn	Lieder

Lillie	Morrow	Olin	Rukavina	Simon	Torkelson
Loeffler	Mullery	Otremba	Ruud	Slawik	Urdahl
Loon	Murdock	Paymar	Sailer	Slocum	Wagenius
Mahoney	Murphy, E.	Pelowski	Sanders	Smith	Ward
Mariani	Murphy, M.	Peppin	Scalze	Solberg	Welti
Marquart	Nelson	Persell	Scott	Sterner	Westrom
Masin	Newton	Peterson	Seifert	Swails	Winkler
McFarlane	Nornes	Poppe	Sertich	Thao	Zellers
McNamara	Norton	Reinert	Severson	Thissen	Spk. Kelliher
Morgan	Obermueller	Rosenthal	Shimanski	Tillberry	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 1489, A bill for an act relating to the Central Lakes Region Sanitary District; exempting certain bonds from elector approval; authorizing special charges; authorizing dissolution of the district; amending Laws 2003, chapter 127, article 9, section 9, by adding subdivisions.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 131 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Demmer	Hausman	Kohls	Newton	Severson
Anderson, B.	Dettmer	Haws	Laine	Nornes	Shimanski
Anderson, P.	Dill	Hayden	Lenczewski	Norton	Simon
Anderson, S.	Dittrich	Hilstrom	Lesch	Obermueller	Slawik
Anzelc	Doepke	Hilty	Liebling	Olin	Slocum
Atkins	Doty	Holberg	Lieder	Otremba	Smith
Beard	Downey	Hoppe	Lillie	Paymar	Solberg
Benson	Drazkowski	Hornstein	Loeffler	Pelowski	Sterner
Bigham	Eastlund	Hortman	Loon	Peppin	Swails
Bly	Eken	Hosch	Mahoney	Persell	Thao
Brod	Emmer	Howes	Mariani	Peterson	Thissen
Brown	Falk	Huntley	Marquart	Poppe	Tillberry
Brynaert	Faust	Jackson	Masin	Reinert	Torkelson
Buesgens	Fritz	Johnson	McFarlane	Rosenthal	Urdahl
Bunn	Gardner	Juhnke	McNamara	Rukavina	Wagenius
Carlson	Garofalo	Kahn	Morgan	Ruud	Ward
Champion	Gottwalt	Kalin	Morrow	Sailer	Welti
Clark	Greiling	Kath	Mullery	Sanders	Westrom
Cornish	Gunther	Kelly	Murdock	Scalze	Winkler
Davids	Hackbarth	Kiffmeyer	Murphy, E.	Scott	Zellers
Davnie	Hamilton	Knuth	Murphy, M.	Seifert	Spk. Kelliher
Dean	Hansen	Koenen	Nelson	Sertich	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 122 was reported to the House.

S. F. No. 122 was read for the third time.

Speaker pro tempore Sertich called Hortman to the chair.

CALL OF THE HOUSE

On the motion of Westrom and on the demand of 10 members, a call of the House was ordered. The following members answered to their names:

Abeler	Demmer	Hansen	Laine	Newton	Severson
Anderson, B.	Dettmer	Hausman	Lenczewski	Nornes	Shimanski
Anderson, P.	Dill	Haws	Lesch	Norton	Simon
Anderson, S.	Dittrich	Hilstrom	Liebling	Obermueller	Slawik
Atkins	Doepke	Hilty	Lieder	Olin	Slocum
Beard	Doty	Holberg	Lillie	Otremba	Smith
Benson	Downey	Hoppe	Loeffler	Paymar	Solberg
Bigham	Drazkowski	Hornstein	Loon	Pelowski	Sterner
Bly	Eastlund	Hortman	Mahoney	Peppin	Swails
Brod	Eken	Hosch	Mariani	Persell	Thao
Brown	Emmer	Howes	Marquart	Peterson	Tillberry
Buesgens	Falk	Jackson	Masin	Poppe	Torkelson
Bunn	Faust	Johnson	McFarlane	Rosenthal	Urdahl
Carlson	Fritz	Juhnke	McNamara	Ruud	Wagenius
Champion	Gardner	Kath	Morgan	Sailer	Ward
Clark	Garofalo	Kelly	Morrow	Sanders	Welti
Cornish	Gottwalt	Kiffmeyer	Murdock	Scalze	Westrom
Davids	Gunther	Knuth	Murphy, E.	Scott	Winkler
Davnie	Hackbarth	Koenen	Murphy, M.	Seifert	Zellers
Dean	Hamilton	Kohls	Nelson	Sertich	

Seifert moved that further proceedings of the roll call be suspended and that the Sergeant at Arms be instructed to bring in the absentees. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

Speaker pro tempore Hortman called Sertich to the chair.

S. F. No. 122, A bill for an act relating to pet animals; requiring a notice for retail sales of unprocessed cocoa bean shell mulch; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 325E.

The bill was placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called.

Seifert moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion did not prevail.

There were 68 yeas and 63 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Bly	Champion	Dittrich	Fritz	Hansen
Atkins	Brynaert	Clark	Doty	Gardner	Hausman
Benson	Carlson	Davnie	Faust	Greiling	Haws

Hayden	Juhnke	Loeffler	Murphy, M.	Sertich	Urdahl
Hilstrom	Kahn	Mahoney	Nelson	Simon	Wagenius
Hilty	Knuth	Mariani	Newton	Slawik	Ward
Hornstein	Koenen	Marquart	Norton	Slocum	Winkler
Hortman	Laine	Masin	Paymar	Solberg	Spk. Kelliher
Hosch	Lenczewski	Morgan	Persell	Swails	
Huntley	Lesch	Morrow	Reinert	Thao	
Jackson	Liebling	Mullery	Rosenthal	Thissen	
Johnson	Lillie	Murphy, E.	Ruud	Tillberry	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, B.	Davids	Falk	Kelly	Otremba	Severson
Anderson, P.	Dean	Garofalo	Kiffmeyer	Pelowski	Shimanski
Anderson, S.	Demmer	Gottwalt	Kohls	Peppin	Smith
Anzelc	Dettmer	Gunther	Lieder	Peterson	Sterner
Beard	Dill	Hackbarth	Loon	Poppe	Torkelson
Bigham	Doepke	Hamilton	McFarlane	Rukavina	Welti
Brod	Downey	Holberg	McNamara	Sailer	Westrom
Brown	Drazkowski	Hoppe	Murdock	Sanders	Zellers
Buesgens	Eastlund	Howes	Nornes	Scalze	
Bunn	Eken	Kalin	Obermueller	Scott	
Cornish	Emmer	Kath	Olin	Seifert	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

CALL OF THE HOUSE LIFTED

Hortman moved that the call of the House be lifted. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

S. F. No. 275, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; renaming the Minnesota River Basin Joint Powers Board; clarifying the duties and membership of board; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 103F.378.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 118 yeas and 13 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Brynaert	Dittrich	Greiling	Hornstein	Kelly
Anderson, P.	Bunn	Doty	Gunther	Hortman	Kiffmeyer
Anderson, S.	Carlson	Downey	Hamilton	Hosch	Knuth
Anzelc	Champion	Eastlund	Hansen	Howes	Kohls
Atkins	Clark	Eken	Hausman	Huntley	Laine
Beard	Cornish	Falk	Haws	Jackson	Lenczewski
Benson	Davids	Faust	Hayden	Johnson	Lesch
Bigham	Davnie	Fritz	Hilstrom	Juhnke	Liebling
Bly	Dean	Gardner	Hilty	Kahn	Lieder
Brod	Demmer	Garofalo	Holberg	Kalin	Lillie
Brown	Dill	Gottwalt	Hoppe	Kath	Loeffler

Loon	Mullery	Olin	Rukavina	Slawik	Urdahl
Mahoney	Murdock	Otremba	Ruud	Slocum	Wagenius
Mariani	Murphy, E.	Paymar	Sailer	Solberg	Ward
Marquart	Murphy, M.	Pelowski	Sanders	Sterner	Welti
Masin	Nelson	Persell	Scalze	Swails	Winkler
McFarlane	Newton	Peterson	Scott	Thao	Zellers
McNamara	Nornes	Poppe	Sertich	Thissen	Spk. Kelliher
Morgan	Norton	Reinert	Severson	Tillberry	
Morrow	Obermueller	Rosenthal	Simon	Torkelson	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, B.	Doepke	Hackbarth	Seifert	Westrom
Buesgens	Drazkowski	Koenen	Shimanski	
Dettmer	Emmer	Peppin	Smith	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 519 was reported to the House.

Dill, Brod and McNamara moved to amend H. F. No. 519, the first engrossment, as follows:

Page 2, line 2, delete "must" and insert "may"

Page 2, line 3, delete "may be" and insert "are"

Page 2, line 4, before the period, insert "and agreed to in writing by the property owner"

Page 3, line 28, delete "must" and insert "may"

Page 3, line 29, delete "may be" and insert "are"

Page 3, line 30, before the period, insert "and agreed to in writing by the property owner"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

H. F. No. 519, A bill for an act relating to local government; regulating nonconforming lots in shoreland areas; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 394.36, subdivision 4, by adding a subdivision; 462.357, subdivision 1e.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 130 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Anderson, S.	Beard	Bly	Brynaert	Carlson
Anderson, B.	Anzelc	Benson	Brod	Buesgens	Champion
Anderson, P.	Atkins	Bigham	Brown	Bunn	Clark

Cornish	Garofalo	Jackson	Mahoney	Pelowski	Slocum
Davids	Gottwalt	Johnson	Mariani	Peppin	Smith
Davnie	Greiling	Juhnke	Marquart	Persell	Solberg
Dean	Gunther	Kahn	Masin	Peterson	Sterner
Demmer	Hackbarth	Kalin	McFarlane	Poppe	Swails
Dettmer	Hamilton	Kath	McNamara	Reinert	Thao
Dill	Hansen	Kelly	Morgan	Rosenthal	Thissen
Dittrich	Hausman	Kiffmeyer	Morrow	Rukavina	Tillberry
Doepke	Haws	Knuth	Murdock	Ruud	Torkelson
Doty	Hayden	Koenen	Murphy, E.	Sailer	Urdahl
Downey	Hilstrom	Kohls	Murphy, M.	Sanders	Wagenius
Drazkowski	Hilty	Laine	Nelson	Scalze	Ward
Eastlund	Holberg	Lenczewski	Newton	Scott	Walti
Eken	Hoppe	Lesch	Nornes	Seifert	Westrom
Emmer	Hornstein	Liebling	Norton	Sertich	Winkler
Falk	Hortman	Lieder	Obermueller	Severson	Zellers
Faust	Hosch	Lillie	Olin	Shimanski	Spk. Kelliher
Fritz	Howes	Loeffler	Otremba	Simon	
Gardner	Huntley	Loon	Paymar	Slawik	

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 615 was reported to the House.

Zellers, Westrom, Peppin and Dean moved to amend S. F. No. 615 as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 144.551, is repealed."

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 2, delete "providing an exception to" and insert "repealing"

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Zellers et al amendment and the roll was called. There were 42 yeas and 89 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Cornish	Drazkowski	Hoppe	McNamara	Shimanski
Anderson, B.	Davids	Emmer	Howes	Murdock	Smith
Anderson, P.	Dean	Garofalo	Kelly	Nornes	Swails
Anderson, S.	Demmer	Gunther	Kiffmeyer	Peppin	Torkelson
Beard	Dettmer	Hackbarth	Kohls	Sanders	Urdahl
Brod	Doepke	Hamilton	Loon	Scott	Westrom
Buesgens	Downey	Holberg	McFarlane	Seifert	Zellers

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anzelc	Eastlund	Hortman	Lieder	Obermueller	Severson
Atkins	Eken	Hosch	Lillie	Olin	Simon
Benson	Falk	Huntley	Loeffler	Otremba	Slawik
Bigham	Faust	Jackson	Mahoney	Paymar	Slocum
Bly	Fritz	Johnson	Mariani	Pelowski	Solberg
Brown	Gardner	Juhnke	Marquart	Persell	Sterner
Brynaert	Gottwalt	Kahn	Masin	Peterson	Thao
Bunn	Greiling	Kalin	Morgan	Poppe	Thissen
Carlson	Hansen	Kath	Morrow	Reinert	Tillberry
Champion	Hausman	Knuth	Mullery	Rosenthal	Wagenius
Clark	Haws	Koenen	Murphy, E.	Rukavina	Ward
Davnie	Hayden	Laine	Murphy, M.	Ruud	Welti
Dill	Hilstrom	Lenczewski	Nelson	Sailer	Winkler
Dittrich	Hilty	Lesch	Newton	Scalze	Spk. Kelliher
Doty	Hornstein	Liebling	Norton	Sertich	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

Anderson, S.; McFarlane; Zellers; Scalze and Peppin moved to amend S. F. No. 615 as follows:

Page 5, line 4, delete "western" and insert "the metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2,"

Page 5, line 5, delete "Hennepin County"

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

S. F. No. 615, A bill for an act relating to health; providing an exception to the hospital construction moratorium; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 144.551, subdivision 1.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 117 yeas and 13 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Buesgens	Doty	Gunther	Howes	Kohls
Anderson, B.	Bunn	Downey	Hackbarth	Huntley	Laine
Anderson, P.	Champion	Drazkowski	Hamilton	Jackson	Lenczewski
Anderson, S.	Clark	Eastlund	Hansen	Johnson	Lesch
Anzelc	Cornish	Eken	Hausman	Juhnke	Liebling
Atkins	Davids	Emmer	Haws	Kahn	Lieder
Beard	Dean	Faust	Hilstrom	Kalin	Lillie
Benson	Demmer	Fritz	Hilty	Kath	Loon
Bigham	Dettmer	Gardner	Holberg	Kelly	Mahoney
Bly	Dill	Garofalo	Hoppe	Kiffmeyer	Mariani
Brod	Dittrich	Gottwalt	Hornstein	Knuth	Marquart
Brown	Doepke	Greiling	Hortman	Koenen	Masin

McFarlane	Norton	Poppe	Sertich	Sterner	Welti
McNamara	Obermueller	Rosenthal	Severson	Swails	Westrom
Morgan	Olin	Rukavina	Shimanski	Thao	Winkler
Morrow	Otremba	Sailer	Simon	Tillberry	Zellers
Murdock	Paymar	Sanders	Slawik	Torkelson	Spk. Kelliher
Murphy, M.	Pelowski	Scalze	Slocum	Urdahl	
Nelson	Persell	Scott	Smith	Wagenius	
Nornes	Peterson	Seifert	Solberg	Ward	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Brynaert	Falk	Loeffler	Peppin	Thissen
Carlson	Hayden	Murphy, E.	Reinert	
Davnie	Hosch	Newton	Ruud	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 1467 was reported to the House.

Scott moved to amend S. F. No. 1467 as follows:

Page 1, line 22, before "street" insert "city"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

S. F. No. 1467, A bill for an act relating to traffic regulations; amending provisions related to speed limits; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 169.011, subdivisions 64, 90, by adding a subdivision; 169.14, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 126 yeas and 5 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Buesgens	Dittrich	Gottwalt	Hoppe	Kelly
Anderson, B.	Bunn	Doepke	Greiling	Hornstein	Kiffmeyer
Anderson, P.	Carlson	Doty	Gunther	Hortman	Knuth
Anderson, S.	Champion	Downey	Hackbarth	Hosch	Kohls
Anzelc	Clark	Drazkowski	Hamilton	Howes	Laine
Atkins	Cornish	Eastlund	Hansen	Huntley	Lenczewski
Benson	Dauids	Eken	Hausman	Jackson	Lesch
Bigham	Davnie	Emmer	Haws	Johnson	Liebling
Bly	Dean	Faust	Hayden	Juhnke	Lieder
Brod	Demmer	Fritz	Hilstrom	Kahn	Lillie
Brown	Dettmer	Gardner	Hilty	Kalin	Loeffler
Brynaert	Dill	Garofalo	Holberg	Kath	Loon

Mahoney	Murdock	Paymar	Ruud	Simon	Torkelson
Mariani	Murphy, E.	Pelowski	Sailer	Slawik	Urdahl
Marquart	Murphy, M.	Peppin	Sanders	Slocum	Wagenius
Masin	Nelson	Persell	Scalze	Smith	Ward
McFarlane	Newton	Peterson	Scott	Solberg	Welti
McNamara	Nornes	Poppe	Seifert	Swails	Westrom
Morgan	Norton	Reinert	Sertich	Thao	Winkler
Morrow	Obermueller	Rosenthal	Severson	Thissen	Zellers
Mullery	Olin	Rukavina	Shimanski	Tillberry	Spk. Kelliher

Those who voted in the negative were:

Beard	Falk	Koenen	Otremba	Sterner
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The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 1677, A bill for an act relating to the safe at home program; specifying applicability; eliminating certain persons from eligibility; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 5B.01; 5B.02.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 131 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Demmer	Hausman	Kohls	Newton	Severson
Anderson, B.	Dettmer	Haws	Laine	Nornes	Shimanski
Anderson, P.	Dill	Hayden	Lenczewski	Norton	Simon
Anderson, S.	Dittrich	Hilstrom	Lesch	Obermueller	Slawik
Anzelc	Doepke	Hilty	Liebling	Olin	Slocum
Atkins	Doty	Holberg	Lieder	Otremba	Smith
Beard	Downey	Hoppe	Lillie	Paymar	Solberg
Benson	Drazkowski	Hornstein	Loeffler	Pelowski	Sterner
Bigham	Eastlund	Hortman	Loon	Peppin	Swails
Bly	Eken	Hosch	Mahoney	Persell	Thao
Brod	Emmer	Howes	Mariani	Peterson	Thissen
Brown	Falk	Huntley	Marquart	Poppe	Tillberry
Brynaert	Faust	Jackson	Masin	Reinert	Torkelson
Buesgens	Fritz	Johnson	McFarlane	Rosenthal	Urdahl
Bunn	Gardner	Juhnke	McNamara	Rukavina	Wagenius
Carlson	Gotfalo	Kahn	Morgan	Ruud	Ward
Champion	Gottwalt	Kalin	Morrow	Sailer	Welti
Clark	Greiling	Kath	Mullery	Sanders	Westrom
Cornish	Gunther	Kelly	Murdock	Scalze	Winkler
Davids	Hackbarth	Kiffmeyer	Murphy, E.	Scott	Zellers
Davnie	Hamilton	Knuth	Murphy, M.	Seifert	Spk. Kelliher
Dean	Hansen	Koenen	Nelson	Sertich	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

Hortman moved that the remaining bills on the Calendar for the Day be continued. The motion prevailed.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS

Norton moved that the name of Sterner be added as an author on H. F. No. 823. The motion prevailed.

Marquart moved that the name of Lieder be added as an author on H. F. No. 2367. The motion prevailed.

ADJOURNMENT

Hortman moved that when the House adjourns today it adjourn until 9:30 a.m., Wednesday, May 6, 2009. The motion prevailed.

Hortman moved that the House adjourn. The motion prevailed, and Speaker pro tempore Sertich declared the House stands adjourned until 9:30 a.m., Wednesday, May 6, 2009.

ALBIN A. MATHIOWETZ, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

