STATE OF MINNESOTA

EIGHTY-SIXTH SESSION — 2009

FIFTY-THIRD DAY

SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA, WEDNESDAY, MAY 13, 2009

The House of Representatives convened at 9:30 a.m. and was called to order by Al Juhnke, Speaker pro tempore.

Prayer was offered by the Reverend Rob Ketterling, River Valley Church, Apple Valley, Minnesota.

The members of the House gave the pledge of allegiance to the flag of the United States of America.

The roll was called and the following members were present:

Abeler	Dettmer	Haws	Laine	Nelson	Sertich
Anderson, B.	Dill	Hayden	Lanning	Newton	Severson
Anderson, P.	Dittrich	Hilstrom	Lenczewski	Nornes	Shimanski
Anderson, S.	Doepke	Hilty	Lesch	Norton	Simon
Anzelc	Doty	Holberg	Liebling	Obermueller	Slawik
Atkins	Downey	Hoppe	Lieder	Olin	Slocum
Beard	Drazkowski	Hornstein	Lillie	Otremba	Smith
Benson	Eastlund	Hortman	Loeffler	Paymar	Solberg
Bigham	Eken	Hosch	Loon	Pelowski	Sterner
Bly	Emmer	Howes	Mack	Peppin	Swails
Brod	Falk	Huntley	Magnus	Persell	Thao
Brown	Faust	Jackson	Mahoney	Peterson	Thissen
Brynaert	Fritz	Johnson	Marquart	Poppe	Tillberry
Buesgens	Gardner	Juhnke	Masin	Reinert	Torkelson
Bunn	Garofalo	Kahn	McFarlane	Rosenthal	Urdahl
Carlson	Gottwalt	Kalin	McNamara	Rukavina	Wagenius
Champion	Greiling	Kath	Morgan	Ruud	Ward
Cornish	Gunther	Kelly	Morrow	Sailer	Welti
Davids	Hackbarth	Kiffmeyer	Mullery	Sanders	Westrom
Davnie	Hamilton	Knuth	Murdock	Scalze	Winkler
Dean	Hansen	Koenen	Murphy, E.	Scott	Zellers
Demmer	Hausman	Kohls	Murphy, M.	Seifert	Spk. Kelliher

A quorum was present.

Mariani was excused until 11:20 a.m. Clark was excused until 12:25 p.m.

The Chief Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding day. Lanning moved that further reading of the Journal be dispensed with and that the Journal be approved as corrected by the Chief Clerk. The motion prevailed.

INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING OF HOUSE BILLS

The following House Files were introduced:

Huntley introduced:

H. F. No. 2382, A bill for an act relating to capital improvements; appropriating money for the Duluth Children's Museum; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Finance.

Champion introduced:

H. F. No. 2383, A bill for an act relating to education; creating a grant program for community arts education; appropriating money.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Finance.

Scott, Drazkowski, Scalze and Brod introduced:

H. F. No. 2384, A bill for an act relating to human services; MFIP; changing provisions for nonpublic assistance IV-D services; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 256J.08, by adding a subdivision; 256J.09, subdivision 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 256J.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Health Care and Human Services Policy and Oversight.

Torkelson, Hamilton, Magnus, Morrow and Koenen introduced:

H. F. No. 2385, A bill for an act relating to capital improvements; appropriating money for flood hazard mitigation in Area II of the Minnesota River Basin; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Finance.

Hortman introduced:

H. F. No. 2386, A bill for an act relating to health; establishing an education and research program related to complex regional pain syndrome; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 145.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Health Care and Human Services Policy and Oversight.

Sertich moved that the House recess subject to the call of the chair. The motion prevailed.

RECESS

RECONVENED

The House reconvened and was called to order by Speaker pro tempore Juhnke.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

The following message was received from the Senate:

Madam Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendments the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 111, A bill for an act relating to the State Board of Investment; requiring divestment from certain investments relating to Iran; requiring a report; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 11A.

COLLEEN J. PACHECO, First Assistant Secretary of the Senate

CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Winkler moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 111 and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Senate. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 111, A bill for an act relating to the State Board of Investment; requiring divestment from certain investments relating to Iran; requiring a report; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 11A.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by the Senate, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 106 yeas and 22 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler Anderson, P. Anderson, S. Anzelc Atkins Beard Benson Bigham Bly Brod Brown	Demmer Dettmer Dill Dittrich Doepke Doty Downey Eken Emmer Faust Fritz Gordner	Hayden Hilstrom Holberg Hoppe Hornstein Hortman Hosch Howes Jackson Johnson Juhnke	Lesch Liebling Lieder Lillie Loon Mack Magnus Mahoney Marquart Masin McFarlane	Nornes Norton Obermueller Olin Otremba Peppin Persell Peterson Reinert Rosenthal Rukavina	Slawik Slocum Smith Solberg Swails Thao Tillberry Torkelson Urdahl Wagenius Ward
Beard	Doty	Hortman	Mack	Peppin	Thao
	Downey	Hosch	Magnus	Persell	Tillberry
Bigham	Eken	Howes	Mahoney	Peterson	Torkelson
Bly	Emmer	Jackson	Marquart	Reinert	Urdahl
Brod	Faust	Johnson	Masin	Rosenthal	Wagenius
Brown	Fritz	Juhnke	McFarlane	Rukavina	Ward
Brynaert	Gardner	Kahn	McNamara	Sailer	Welti
Bunn	Garofalo	Kalin	Morgan	Sanders	Westrom
Carlson	Greiling	Kath	Morrow	Scalze	Winkler
Champion	Gunther	Knuth	Mullery	Scott	Zellers
Cornish	Hamilton	Koenen	Murphy, M.	Seifert	Spk. Kelliher
Davids	Hansen	Kohls	Nelson	Sertich	
Dean	Haws	Lenczewski	Newton	Simon	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, B.	Gottwalt	Huntley	Lanning	Pelowski	Shimanski
Buesgens	Hackbarth	Kelly	Murdock	Poppe	Sterner
Drazkowski	Hausman	Kiffmeyer	Murphy, E.	Ruud	
Eastlund	Hilty	Laine	Paymar	Severson	

The bill was repassed as amended by the Senate and its title agreed to.

REPORT FROM THE COMMITTEE ON RULES AND LEGISLATIVE ADMINISTRATION

Sertich from the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration, pursuant to rule 1.21, designated the following bills to be placed on the Supplemental Calendar for the Day for Wednesday, May 13, 2009:

H. F. No. 1053; S. F. Nos. 1331 and 2141; H. F. No. 17; and S. F. No. 1028.

CALENDAR FOR THE DAY

- S. F. No. 2141 was reported to the House.
- S. F. No. 2141 was read for the third time.

Seifert moved that S. F. No. 2141 be re-referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Seifert motion and the roll was called. There were 46 yeas and 86 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Davids	Emmer	Kelly	McNamara	Shimanski
Anderson, B.	Dean	Garofalo	Kiffmeyer	Murdock	Smith
Anderson, P.	Demmer	Gottwalt	Kohls	Nornes	Torkelson
Anderson, S.	Dettmer	Gunther	Lanning	Peppin	Urdahl
Beard	Doepke	Hackbarth	Loon	Sanders	Westrom
Brod	Downey	Hamilton	Mack	Scott	Zellers
Buesgens	Drazkowski	Holberg	Magnus	Seifert	
Cornish	Eastlund	Hoppe	McFarlane	Severson	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anzelc	Bigham	Brynaert	Champion	Dittrich	Falk
Atkins	Bly	Bunn	Davnie	Doty	Faust
Benson	Brown	Carlson	Dill	Eken	Fritz

Gardner	Huntley	Liebling	Nelson	Rosenthal	Thao
Greiling	Jackson	Lieder	Newton	Rukavina	Thissen
Hansen	Johnson	Lillie	Norton	Ruud	Tillberry
Hausman	Juhnke	Loeffler	Obermueller	Sailer	Wagenius
Haws	Kahn	Mahoney	Olin	Scalze	Ward
Hayden	Kalin	Marquart	Otremba	Sertich	Welti
Hilstrom	Kath	Masin	Paymar	Simon	Winkler
Hilty	Knuth	Morgan	Pelowski	Slawik	Spk. Kelliher
Hornstein	Koenen	Morrow	Persell	Slocum	-
Hortman	Laine	Mullery	Peterson	Solberg	
Hosch	Lenczewski	Murphy, E.	Poppe	Sterner	
Howes	Lesch	Murphy, M.	Reinert	Swails	

The motion did not prevail.

CALL OF THE HOUSE

On the motion of Smith and on the demand of 10 members, a call of the House was ordered. The following members answered to their names:

Anderson, B.	Dittrich	Hayden	Lesch	Nornes	Severson
Anderson, P.	Doepke	Hilstrom	Liebling	Norton	Shimanski
Anderson, S.	Doty	Hilty	Lieder	Obermueller	Simon
Anzelc	Downey	Holberg	Lillie	Olin	Slawik
Atkins	Drazkowski	Hornstein	Loeffler	Otremba	Slocum
Beard	Eastlund	Hortman	Loon	Paymar	Smith
Bigham	Eken	Huntley	Mack	Pelowski	Solberg
Bly	Emmer	Jackson	Magnus	Peppin	Sterner
Brod	Falk	Johnson	Mahoney	Persell	Swails
Brown	Faust	Juhnke	Mariani	Peterson	Thao
Brynaert	Fritz	Kahn	Marquart	Poppe	Thissen
Buesgens	Gardner	Kalin	Masin	Reinert	Tillberry
Bunn	Garofalo	Kath	McFarlane	Rosenthal	Torkelson
Carlson	Gottwalt	Kelly	McNamara	Rukavina	Urdahl
Champion	Greiling	Kiffmeyer	Morgan	Ruud	Wagenius
Cornish	Gunther	Knuth	Morrow	Sailer	Ward
Davids	Hackbarth	Koenen	Mullery	Sanders	Welti
Davnie	Hamilton	Kohls	Murdock	Scalze	Westrom
Dean	Hansen	Laine	Murphy, M.	Scott	Winkler
Dettmer	Hausman	Lanning	Nelson	Seifert	Zellers
Dill	Haws	Lenczewski	Newton	Sertich	Spk. Kelliher

Sertich moved that further proceedings of the roll call be suspended and that the Sergeant at Arms be instructed to bring in the absentees. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

S. F. No. 2141, A bill for an act relating to finance; appropriating money to continue operations of a state agency if the major appropriation bill to fund that agency has not been enacted by July 1, 2009.

The bill was placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken of the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 88 yeas and 46 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anzelc	Eken	Howes	Lillie	Olin	Slawik
Atkins	Falk	Huntley	Loeffler	Otremba	Slocum
Benson	Faust	Jackson	Mahoney	Paymar	Solberg
Bigham	Fritz	Johnson	Mariani	Pelowski	Sterner
Bly	Gardner	Juhnke	Marquart	Persell	Swails
Brown	Greiling	Kahn	Masin	Peterson	Thao
Brynaert	Hansen	Kalin	Morgan	Poppe	Thissen
Bunn	Hausman	Kath	Morrow	Reinert	Tillberry
Carlson	Haws	Knuth	Mullery	Rosenthal	Wagenius
Champion	Hayden	Koenen	Murphy, E.	Rukavina	Ward
Clark	Hilstrom	Laine	Murphy, M.	Ruud	Welti
Davnie	Hilty	Lenczewski	Nelson	Sailer	Winkler
Dill	Hornstein	Lesch	Newton	Scalze	Spk. Kelliher
Dittrich	Hortman	Liebling	Norton	Sertich	-
Doty	Hosch	Lieder	Obermueller	Simon	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Abeler	Davids	Emmer	Kelly	McNamara	Shimanski
Anderson, B.	Dean	Garofalo	Kiffmeyer	Murdock	Smith
Anderson, P.	Demmer	Gottwalt	Kohls	Nornes	Torkelson
Anderson, S.	Dettmer	Gunther	Lanning	Peppin	Urdahl
Beard	Doepke	Hackbarth	Loon	Sanders	Westrom
Brod	Downey	Hamilton	Mack	Scott	Zellers
Buesgens	Drazkowski	Holberg	Magnus	Seifert	
Cornish	Eastlund	Hoppe	McFarlane	Severson	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

Speaker pro tempore Juhnke called Sertich to the chair.

CALL OF THE HOUSE LIFTED

Thissen moved that the call of the House be lifted. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

The following Conference Committee reports were received:

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 1122

A bill for an act relating to appropriations; appropriating money for agriculture, the Board of Animal Health, Rural Finance Authority, veterans, and the military; changing certain agricultural and animal health requirements and programs; establishing a program; eliminating a sunset; requiring certain studies and reports; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 3.737, subdivision 1; 3.7371, subdivision 3; 13.643, by adding a subdivision;

17.115, subdivision 2; 18.75; 18.76; 18.77, subdivisions 1, 3, 5, by adding subdivisions; 18.78, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 18.79; 18.80, subdivision 1; 18.81, subdivision 3, by adding subdivisions; 18.82, subdivisions 1, 3; 18.83; 18.84, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 18.86; 18.87; 18.88; 18B.01, subdivision 8, by adding subdivisions; 18B.065, subdivisions 1, 2, 2a, 3, 7, by adding subdivisions; 18B.26, subdivisions 1, 3; 18B.31, subdivisions 3, 4; 18B.37, subdivision 1; 18C.415, subdivision 3; 18C.421; 18C.425, subdivisions 4, 6; 18E.03, subdivisions 2, 4; 18E.06; 18H.02, subdivision 12a, by adding subdivisions; 18H.07, subdivisions 2, 3; 18H.09; 18H.10; 28A.085, subdivision 1; 28A.21, subdivision 5; 31.94; 32.394, subdivision 8; 41A.09, subdivisions 2a, 3a; 41B.039, subdivision 2; 41B.04, subdivision 8; 41B.042, subdivision 4; 41B.043, subdivision 1b; 41B.045, subdivision 2; 43A.11, subdivision 7; 43A.23, subdivision 1; 97A.045, subdivision 1; 171.06, subdivision 3; 171.07, by adding a subdivision; 171.12, by adding a subdivision; 197.455, subdivision 1; 197.46; 198.003, by adding subdivisions; 239.791, subdivisions 1, 1a; 336.9-601; 343.11; 550.365, subdivision 2; 559.209, subdivision 2; 582.039, subdivision 2; 583.215; 626.8517; Laws 2008, chapter 297, article 2, section 26, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 17; 18; 18B; 31; 41A; 192; 198; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 17.49, subdivision 3; 18G.12, subdivision 5; 38.02, subdivisions 3, 4; 41.51; 41.52; 41.53; 41.55; 41.56; 41.57; 41.58, subdivisions 1, 2; 41.59, subdivision 1; 41.60; 41.61, subdivision 1; 41.62; 41.63; 41.65; Minnesota Rules, part 1505.0820.

May 12, 2009

The Honorable Margaret Anderson Kelliher Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable James P. Metzen President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 1122 report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendments and that H. F. No. 1122 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"ARTICLE 1

AGRICULTURE

Section 1. SUMMARY OF APPROPRIATIONS.

The amounts shown in this section summarize direct appropriations, by fund, made in this article.

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>General</u>	\$45,139,000	\$43,949,000	\$89,088,000
<u>Agricultural</u>	\$800,000	\$800,000	\$1,600,000
Remediation	<u>\$388,000</u>	<u>\$388,000</u>	<u>\$776,000</u>
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$46,327,000</u>	<u>\$45,137,000</u>	<u>\$91,464,000</u>

Sec. 2. AGRICULTURE APPROPRIATIONS.

The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this act. The appropriations are from the general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2010" and "2011" used in this act mean that the appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, or June 30, 2011, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2010. "The second year" is fiscal year 2011. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2010 and 2011.

APPROPRIATIONS
Available for the Year
Ending June 30
2010 2011

Sec. 3. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation

\$38,205,000

\$37,015,000

Appropriations by Fund

2010 2011

<u>General</u> <u>37,017,000</u> <u>35,827,000</u>

<u>Remediation</u> <u>388,000</u> <u>388,000</u>

Agricultural 800,000 800,000

The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Protection Services

13,078,000

13,028,000

Appropriations by Fund

<u>General</u> <u>12,690,000</u> <u>12,640,000</u>

<u>Remediation</u> <u>388,000</u> <u>388,000</u>

\$388,000 the first year and \$388,000 the second year are from the remediation fund for administrative funding for the voluntary cleanup program.

\$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the second year are for compensation for destroyed or crippled animals under Minnesota Statutes, section 3.737. If the amount in the first year is insufficient, the amount in the second year is available in the first year.

\$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the second year are for compensation for crop damage under Minnesota Statutes, section 3.7371. If the amount in the first year is insufficient, the amount in the second year is available in the first year.

If the commissioner determines that claims made under Minnesota Statutes, section 3.737 or 3.7371, are unusually high, amounts appropriated for either program may be transferred to the appropriation for the other program.

\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the second year are for plant pest surveys.

\$50,000 in the first year is for additional duties under the noxious weed law changes in this article. This is a onetime appropriation.

Subd. 3. Agricultural Marketing and Development

\$186,000 the first year and \$186,000 the second year are for transfer to the Minnesota grown account and may be used as grants for Minnesota grown promotion under Minnesota Statutes, section 17.102. Grants may be made for one year. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, the appropriations encumbered under contract on or before June 30, 2011, for Minnesota grown grants in this paragraph are available until June 30, 2013. \$50,000 of the appropriation in each year is for efforts that identify and promote Minnesota grown products in retail food establishments including but not limited to restaurants, grocery stores, and convenience stores.

\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the second year are for grants to farmers for demonstration projects involving sustainable agriculture as authorized in Minnesota Statutes, section 17.116. Of the amount for grants, up to \$20,000 may be used for dissemination of information about the demonstration projects. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, the appropriations encumbered under contract on or before June 30, 2011, for sustainable agriculture grants in this paragraph are available until June 30, 2013.

\$103,000 the first year and \$103,000 the second year are to provide training and technical assistance to county and town officials relating to livestock siting issues and local zoning and land use planning, including maintenance of the checklist template clarifying the federal, state, and local government requirements for consideration of an animal agriculture modernization or expansion project. For the training and technical assistance program, the commissioner shall continue to seek guidance, advice, and support of livestock producer organizations, general agricultural organizations, local government associations, academic institutions, other government agencies, and others with expertise in land use and agriculture.

\$77,000 the first year and \$77,000 the second year are for integrated pest management activities.

4,782,000

4,782,000

\$10,000 the first year and \$10,000 the second year are for annual cost-share payments to resident farmers or persons who sell, process, or package agricultural products in this state for the costs of organic certification. Annual cost-share payments per farmer must be two-thirds of the cost of the certification or \$350, whichever is less. In any year that a resident farmer or person who sells, processes, or packages agricultural products in this state receives a federal organic certification cost-share payment, that resident farmer or person is not eligible for state cost-share payments. A certified farmer is eligible to receive annual certification cost-share payments for up to five years. The commissioner may allocate any excess appropriation in either fiscal year for organic market and program development including organic producer education efforts, assistance for persons transitioning from conventional to organic agriculture, or sustainable agriculture demonstration grants authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section 17.116, and pertaining to organic research or demonstration. Any unencumbered balance does not cancel at the end of the first year and is available for the second year.

Subd. 4. Bioenergy and Value-Added Agriculture

\$12,168,000 each year is for ethanol producer payments under Minnesota Statutes, section 41A.09. The annual reduction of \$3,000,000 is a onetime reduction. If the total amount for which all producers are eligible in a quarter exceeds the amount available for payments, the commissioner shall make payments on a pro rata basis. If the appropriation exceeds the total amount for which all producers are eligible in a fiscal year for scheduled payments and for deficiencies in payments during previous fiscal years, the balance in the appropriation is available to the commissioner for value-added agricultural programs, including the value-added agricultural product processing and marketing grant program under Minnesota Statutes, section 17.101, subdivision 5. The appropriation remains available until spent.

Subd. 5. Administration and Financial Assistance

Appropriations by Fund

<u>2010</u> <u>2011</u>

<u>General</u> <u>7,377,000</u> <u>6,237,000</u>

Agricultural 800,000 800,000

\$780,000 the first year and \$755,000 the second year are for continuation of the dairy development and profitability enhancement and dairy business planning grant programs established under Laws 1997, chapter 216, section 7, subdivision 2, and Laws 2001, First Special Session chapter 2, section 9,

8,177,000 7,037,000

subdivision 2. The commissioner may allocate the available sums among permissible activities, including efforts to improve the quality of milk produced in the state in the proportions that the commissioner deems most beneficial to Minnesota's dairy farmers. The commissioner must submit a work plan detailing plans for expenditures under this program to the chairs of the house of representatives and senate committees dealing with agricultural policy and budget on or before the start of each fiscal year. If significant changes are made to the plans in the course of the year, the commissioner must notify the chairs.

\$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the second year are for the Northern Crops Institute. These appropriations may be spent to purchase equipment.

\$19,000 the first year and \$19,000 the second year are for a grant to the Minnesota Livestock Breeders Association.

\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the second year are for grants to the Minnesota Agricultural Education and Leadership Council for programs of the council under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 41D.

\$474,000 the first year and \$474,000 the second year are for payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations under Minnesota Statutes, section 38.02, subdivision 1. Aid payments to county and district agricultural societies and associations shall be disbursed no later than July 15 of each year. These payments are the amount of aid from the state for an annual fair held in the previous calendar year.

\$1,000 the first year and \$1,000 the second year are for grants to the Minnesota State Poultry Association.

\$65,000 the first year and \$65,000 the second year are for annual grants to the Minnesota Turf Seed Council for basic and applied research on the improved production of forage and turf seed related to new and improved varieties. The grant recipient may subcontract with a qualified third party for some or all of the basic and applied research.

\$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the second year are for annual grants to the Minnesota Turf Seed Council for basic and applied agronomic research on native plants, including plant breeding, nutrient management, pest management, disease management, yield, and viability. The grant recipient may subcontract with a qualified third party for some or all of the basic or applied research. The grant recipient must actively participate in the Agricultural Utilization Research Institute's Renewable Energy Roundtable and no later than February 1, 2011, must report to the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over agriculture finance.

\$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 the second year are for grants to Second Harvest Heartland on behalf of Minnesota's six Second Harvest food banks for the purchase of milk for distribution to Minnesota's food shelves and other charitable organizations that are eligible to receive food from the food banks. Milk purchased under the grants must be acquired from Minnesota milk processors and based on low-cost bids. The milk must be allocated to each Second Harvest food bank serving Minnesota according to the formula used in the distribution of United States Department of Agriculture commodities under The Emergency Food Assistance Program (TEFAP). Second Harvest Heartland must submit quarterly reports to the commissioner on forms prescribed by the commissioner. The reports must include, but are not limited to, information on the expenditure of funds, the amount of milk purchased, and the organizations to which the milk was distributed. Second Harvest Heartland may enter into contracts or agreements with food banks for shared funding or reimbursement of the direct purchase of milk. Each food bank receiving money from this appropriation may use up to two percent of the grant for administrative expenses.

\$1,000,000 the first year is for the agricultural growth, research, and innovation program in Minnesota Statutes, section 41A.12. Priority must be given to livestock programs under Minnesota Statutes, section 17.118. Priority for livestock grants shall be given to persons who are beginning livestock producers and livestock producers who are rebuilding after a disaster that was due to natural or other unintended conditions. The commissioner may use up to 4.5 percent of this appropriation for costs incurred to administer the program. Any unencumbered balance does not cancel at the end of the first year and is available in the second year.

\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the second year are for transfer to the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities for mental health counseling support to farm families and business operators through farm business management programs at Central Lakes College and Ridgewater College.

\$18,000 the first year and \$18,000 the second year are for grants to the Minnesota Horticultural Society.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 18C.131, \$800,000 the first year and \$800,000 the second year are from the fertilizer account in the agricultural fund for grants for fertilizer research as awarded by the Minnesota Agricultural Fertilizer Research and Education Council under Minnesota Statutes, section 18C.71. The amount appropriated in either fiscal year must not exceed 57 percent of the inspection fee revenue collected under Minnesota Statutes, section 18C.425, subdivision 6, during the previous fiscal year. No later than February 1, 2011, the commissioner shall

report to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over agriculture finance. The report must include the progress and outcome of funded projects as well as the sentiment of the council concerning the need for additional research funds.

\$60,000 the first year is for a transfer to the University of Minnesota Extension Service for farm-to-school grants to school districts in Minneapolis, Moorhead, White Earth, and Willmar.

\$30,000 is for star farms program development. The commissioner, in consultation with other state and local agencies, farm groups, conservation groups, legislators, and other interested persons, shall develop a proposal for a star farms program. By January 15, 2010, the commissioner shall submit the proposal to the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over agriculture and environmental policy and finance. This is a onetime appropriation.

\$25,000 the first year is for the administration of the Feeding Minnesota Task Force, under new Minnesota Statutes, section 31.97. This is a onetime appropriation.

Sec. 4. **BOARD OF ANIMAL HEALTH**

\$2,531,000 the first year and \$2,531,000 the second year are for bovine tuberculosis eradication efforts in cattle herds.

\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the second year are for a program to control paratuberculosis (Johne's disease) in domestic bovine herds.

\$40,000 the first year and \$40,000 the second year are for a program to investigate the avian pneumovirus disease and to identify the infected flocks. This appropriation must be matched on a dollar-for-dollar or in-kind basis with nonstate sources and is in addition to money currently designated for turkey disease research. Costs of blood sample collection, handling, and transportation, in addition to costs associated with early diagnosis tests and the expenses of vaccine research trials, may be credited to the match.

\$400,000 the first year and \$400,000 the second year are for the purposes of cervidae inspection as authorized in Minnesota Statutes, section 35.155.

Sec. 5. <u>AGRICULTURAL UTILIZATION RESEARCH</u> <u>INSTITUTE</u>

Money in this appropriation is available for technical assistance and technology transfer to bioenergy crop producers and users.

\$5,239,000 \$5,239,000

<u>\$2,883,000</u> <u>\$2,883,000</u>

- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 3.737, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Compensation required.** (a) Notwithstanding section 3.736, subdivision 3, paragraph (e), or any other law, a livestock owner shall be compensated by the commissioner of agriculture for livestock that is destroyed by a gray wolf or is so crippled by a gray wolf that it must be destroyed. Except as provided in this section, the owner is entitled to the fair market value of the destroyed livestock as determined by the commissioner, upon recommendation of a university extension agent or a conservation officer. In any fiscal year, a livestock owner may not be compensated for a destroyed animal claim that is less than \$100 in value and may be compensated up to \$20,000, as determined under this section. In any fiscal year, the commissioner may provide compensation for claims filed under this section and section 3.7371 up to a total of \$100,000 for both programs combined the amount expressly appropriated for this purpose.
- (b) Either the agent or the conservation officer must make a personal inspection of the site. The agent or the conservation officer must take into account factors in addition to a visual identification of a carcass when making a recommendation to the commissioner. The commissioner, upon recommendation of the agent or conservation officer, shall determine whether the livestock was destroyed by a gray wolf and any deficiencies in the owner's adoption of the best management practices developed in subdivision 5. The commissioner may authorize payment of claims only if the agent or the conservation officer has recommended payment. The owner shall file a claim on forms provided by the commissioner and available at the university extension agent's office.
 - Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 3.7371, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Compensation.** The crop owner is entitled to the target price or the market price, whichever is greater, of the damaged or destroyed crop plus adjustments for yield loss determined according to agricultural stabilization and conservation service programs for individual farms, adjusted annually, as determined by the commissioner, upon recommendation of the county extension agent for the owner's county. The commissioner, upon recommendation of the agent, shall determine whether the crop damage or destruction is caused by elk and, if so, the amount of the crop that is damaged or destroyed. In any fiscal year, a crop owner may not be compensated for a damaged or destroyed crop that is less than \$100 in value and may be compensated up to \$20,000, as determined under this section, if normal harvest procedures for the area are followed. In any fiscal year, the commissioner may provide compensation for claims filed under this section and section 3.737 up to a total of \$100,000 for both programs combined the amount expressly appropriated for this purpose.
 - Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 13.643, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 7. Research, monitoring, or assessment data. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), the following data created, collected, and maintained by the Department of Agriculture during research, monitoring, or the assessment of farm practices and related to natural resources, the environment, agricultural facilities, or agricultural practices are classified as private or nonpublic:
 - (1) names, addresses, telephone numbers, and e-mail addresses of study participants or cooperators; and
 - (2) location of research, study site, and global positioning system data.
 - (b) The following data is public:
- (1) location data and unique well numbers for wells and springs unless protected under section 18B.10 or another statute or rule; and
 - (2) data from samples collected from a public water supply as defined in section 144.382, subdivision 4.

- (c) The Department of Agriculture may disclose data collected under paragraph (a) if the Department of Agriculture determines that there is a substantive threat to human health and safety or to the environment, or to aid in the law enforcement process. The Department of Agriculture may also disclose data with written consent of the subject of the data.
 - Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 17.03, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
- Subd. 12. **Contracts; appropriation.** The commissioner may accept money as part of a contract with any public or private entity to provide statutorily prescribed services by the department. A contract must specify the services to be provided by the department and the amount and method of reimbursement. Money generated in a contractual agreement under this section must be deposited in a special revenue fund and is appropriated to the department for purposes of providing services specified in the contracts. Contracts under this section must be processed in accordance with section 16C.05. The commissioner must report revenues collected and expenditures made under this section to the chairs of the Environment and Natural Resources Finance Committee in the house of representatives and the Environment and Agriculture Budget Division in the senate by January 15 of each odd-numbered year.
 - Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 17.114, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 3. **Duties.** (a) The commissioner shall:
- (1) establish a clearinghouse and provide information, appropriate educational opportunities and other assistance to individuals, producers, and groups about sustainable agricultural techniques, practices, and opportunities;
- (2) survey producers and support services and organizations to determine information and research needs in the area of sustainable agricultural practices;
 - (3) demonstrate the on-farm applicability of sustainable agriculture practices to conditions in this state;
 - (4) coordinate the efforts of state agencies regarding activities relating to sustainable agriculture;
 - (5) direct the programs of the department so as to work toward the sustainability of agriculture in this state;
 - (6) inform agencies of how state or federal programs could utilize and support sustainable agriculture practices;
- (7) work closely with farmers, the University of Minnesota, and other appropriate organizations to identify opportunities and needs as well as assure coordination and avoid duplication of state agency efforts regarding research, teaching, and extension work relating to sustainable agriculture; and
- (8) work cooperatively with local governments and others to strengthen the connection between farmers who practice sustainable farming methods and urban, rural, and suburban consumers, including, but not limited to, promoting local farmers' markets and community-supported agriculture; and
- (9) report to the Environmental Quality Board for review and then to the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over the environment, natural resources, and agriculture every even-numbered year.
 - (b) The report under paragraph (a), clause (8), must include:
- (1) the presentation and analysis of findings regarding the current status and trends regarding the economic condition of producers; the status of soil and water resources utilized by production agriculture; the magnitude of off-farm inputs used; and the amount of nonrenewable resources used by Minnesota farmers;

- (2) a description of current state or federal programs directed toward sustainable agriculture including significant results and experiences of those programs;
- (3) a description of specific actions the Department of Agriculture is taking in the area of sustainable agriculture, including, but not limited to, specific actions to strengthen the connection between sustainable farmers and consumers under paragraph (a), clause (8);
 - (4) a description of current and future research needs at all levels in the area of sustainable agriculture; and
- (5) suggestions for changes in existing programs or policies or enactment of new programs or policies that will affect farm profitability, maintain soil and water quality, reduce input costs, or lessen dependence upon nonrenewable resources.
 - Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 17.115, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Loan criteria.** (a) The shared savings loan program must provide loans for purchase of new or used machinery and installation of equipment for projects that make environmental improvements of and enhance farm profitability. Eligible loan uses do not include seed, fertilizer, or fuel.
- (b) Loans may not exceed \$25,000 \$40,000 per individual applying for a loan and may not exceed \$100,000 \$160,000 for loans to four or more individuals on joint projects. The loan repayment period may be up to seven years as determined by project cost and energy savings. The interest rate on the loans must not exceed six percent. For loans made from May 1, 2004, to June 30, 2007, the interest rate must not exceed three percent.
 - (c) Loans may only be made to residents of this state engaged in farming.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 17.118, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings given them.
- (b) "Livestock" means beef cattle, dairy cattle, swine, poultry, goats, mules, farmed cervidae, ratitae, bison, sheep, horses, and llamas.
 - (c) "Qualifying expenditures" means the amount spent for:
- (1) the acquisition, construction, or improvement of buildings or facilities for the production of livestock or livestock products;
- (2) the development of pasture for use by livestock including, but not limited to, the acquisition, development, or improvement of:
 - (i) lanes used by livestock that connect pastures to a central location;
 - (ii) watering systems for livestock on pasture including water lines and, booster pumps, and well installations;
 - (iii) livestock stream crossing stabilization; and
 - (iv) fences; or

but	not limited to, the following:
	(i) freestall barns;
	(ii) watering facilities;
	(iii) feed storage and handling equipment;
	(iv) milking parlors;
	(v) robotic equipment;
	(vi) scales;
	(vii) milk storage and cooling facilities;
	(viii) bulk tanks;
of :	(ix) computer hardware and software and associated equipment used to monitor the productivity and feeding livestock;
	(x) manure pumping and storage facilities;
	(xi) swine farrowing facilities;
	(xii) swine and cattle finishing barns;
	(xiii) calving facilities;
	(xiv) digesters;
	(xv) equipment used to produce energy;
	(xvi) on-farm processing facilities equipment;
	(xvii) fences; and

Except for qualifying pasture development expenditures under clause (2), qualifying expenditures only include amounts that are allowed to be capitalized and deducted under either section 167 or 179 of the Internal Revenue Code in computing federal taxable income. Qualifying expenditures do not include an amount paid to refinance existing debt.

- (d) "Qualifying period" means, for a grant awarded during a fiscal year, that full calendar year of which the first six months precede the first day of the current fiscal year. For example, an eligible person who makes qualifying expenditures during calendar year 2008 is eligible to receive a livestock investment grant between July 1, 2008, and June 30, 2009.
 - Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 17.118, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

(xviii) livestock pens and corrals and sorting, restraining, and loading chutes.

Subd. 4. **Process.** The commissioner, in consultation with the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over agriculture finance, shall develop competitive eligibility criteria and may allocate grants on a needs basis. The commissioner shall certify eligible applications up

to the amount appropriated for a fiscal year. The commissioner must shall place any additional eligible unfunded applications on a waiting list and, notwithstanding subdivision 2, paragraph (e) (d), give them priority consideration during the next fiscal year in which program funding is available. The commissioner shall notify in writing any applicant who applies for a grant and is ineligible under the provisions of this section as well as any applicant whose application is received or reviewed after the fiscal year funding limit has been reached.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.75, is amended to read:

18.75 PURPOSE.

It is the policy of the legislature that residents of the state be protected from the injurious effects of noxious weeds on public health, the environment, public roads, crops, livestock, and other property. Sections 18.76 to 18.88 18.91 contain procedures for controlling and eradicating noxious weeds on all lands within the state.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.76, is amended to read:

18.76 CITATION.

Sections 18.76 to 18.88 18.91 may be cited as the "Minnesota Noxious Weed Law."

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.77, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Scope.** The definitions in this section apply to sections 18.76 to 18.88 18.91.

- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.77, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 2a. Certified noxious weed free. "Certified noxious weed free" means that the material being certified has been inspected, tested, or processed to devitalize or remove the noxious weed propagating parts in order to verify that viable noxious weed propagating parts are not present in the material.
 - Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.77, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
 - <u>Subd. 2b.</u> <u>Commissioner.</u> "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agriculture.
 - Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.77, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Control.** "Control" means to destroy <u>all or part of</u> the aboveground growth of noxious weeds by a lawful method that <u>does not cause unreasonable adverse effects on the environment as defined in section 18B.01, subdivision 31, and prevents the maturation and spread of noxious weed propagating parts from one area to another.</u>
 - Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.77, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 3a. County-designated employee. "County-designated employee" means a person designated by a county board to oversee the responsibilities in section 18.81, subdivision 1a.
 - Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.77, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Growing crop.** "Growing crop" means an agricultural, horticultural, or forest crop that has been planted or regularly maintained and intended for harvest. <u>It does not mean a permanent pasture, hay meadow, woodlot, or other noncrop area that contains native or seeded perennial plants used for grazing or hay purposes, and that is not harvested on a regular basis.</u>

- Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.77, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 5a. <u>Inspector.</u> "Inspector" means the commissioner, agent of the commissioner, county agricultural inspector, local weed inspector, or assistant weed inspector.
 - Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.77, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 8a. Noxious weed management plan. "Noxious weed management plan" means controlling or eradicating noxious weeds in the manner designated in a management plan developed for the area or site where the infestations are found using specific strategies or methods that are to be used singly or in combination to achieve control or eradication.
 - Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.77, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 13. Weed management area. "Weed management area" means a designated area where special or unique noxious weed control or eradication strategies or methods are used according to a specific management plan developed for each management area established.
 - Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.78, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Generally.** A person owning land, a person occupying land, or a person responsible for the maintenance of public land shall control or eradicate all noxious weeds on the land at a time and in a manner ordered by the county agricultural inspector or a local weed an inspector or county-designated employee.
 - Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.78, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 3. Cooperative weed control agreement. The commissioner, municipality, or county agricultural inspector or county-designated employee may enter into a cooperative weed control agreement with a landowner or weed management area group to establish a mutually agreed upon noxious weed management plan for up to three years duration, whereby a noxious weed problem will be controlled without additional enforcement action. If a property owner fails to comply with the noxious weed management plan, an individual notice may be served.
 - Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.79, is amended to read:

18.79 DUTIES OF COMMISSIONER.

- Subdivision 1. **Enforcement.** The commissioner of agriculture shall administer and enforce sections 18.76 to 18.88 18.91.
- Subd. 2. **Authorized agents.** County agricultural inspectors may administer and enforce sections 18.76 to 18.88 18.91. A county-designated employee may enforce sections 18.78, 18.82, 18.83, 18.84, 18.86, and 18.87. A county must make the identity of a county-designated employee described by this subdivision available to the public.
- Subd. 3. **Entry upon land.** To administer and enforce sections 18.76 to <u>18.88</u> 18.91, county agricultural inspectors and local weed inspectors an inspector or county-designated employee may enter upon land without consent of the owner and without being subject to an action for trespass or any damages.
- Subd. 4. **Rules.** The commissioner may adopt necessary rules under chapter 14 for the proper enforcement of sections 18.76 to <u>18.88 18.91</u>.
- Subd. 5. **Order for control or eradication of noxious weeds.** A county agricultural inspector or a local weed <u>An</u> inspector <u>or county-designated employee</u> may order the control or eradication of noxious weeds on any land within the <u>state</u> inspector's or county-designated employee's jurisdiction. A county must make the identity of a county-designated employee described by this subdivision available to the public.

- Subd. 6. Initial Training for control or eradication of noxious weeds. The commissioner shall conduct initial training considered necessary for weed inspectors and county-designated employees in the enforcement of the Minnesota Noxious Weed Law. The director of the Minnesota Extension Service may conduct educational programs for the general public that will aid compliance with the Minnesota Noxious Weed Law. Upon request, the commissioner may provide information and other technical assistance to the county agricultural inspector or county-designated employee to aid in the performance of responsibilities specified by the county board under section 18.81, subdivisions 1a and 1b.
- Subd. 7. **Meetings and reports.** The commissioner shall designate by rule the reports that are required to be made and the meetings that must be attended by weed inspectors.
- Subd. 8. **Prescribed forms.** The commissioner shall prescribe the forms to be used by weed inspectors and county-designated employees in the enforcement of sections 18.76 to 18.88 18.91.
- Subd. 9. **Injunction.** If the county agricultural inspector <u>or county-designated employee</u> applies to a court for a temporary or permanent injunction restraining a person from violating or continuing to violate sections 18.76 to 18.88 18.91, the injunction may be issued without requiring a bond.
- Subd. 10. **Prosecution.** On finding that a person has violated sections 18.76 to <u>18.88</u> <u>18.91</u>, the county agricultural inspector <u>or county-designated employee</u> may start court proceedings in the locality in which the violation occurred. The county attorney may prosecute actions under sections 18.76 to <u>18.88</u> <u>18.91</u> within the county attorney's jurisdiction.
- Subd. 12. **Noxious-weed-free forage and mulch certification agency.** The official certification agency for noxious-weed-free forage and, mulch shall, soil, gravel, and other material must be determined by the commissioner of agriculture in consultation with the director of the Minnesota agricultural experiment station. The commissioner may also certify forage, mulch, soil, gravel, or other material as noxious weed free.
- Subd. 13. Noxious weed designation. The commissioner, in consultation with the Noxious Weed Advisory Committee, shall determine which plants are noxious weeds subject to control under sections 18.76 to 18.91. The commissioner shall prepare, publish, and revise as necessary, but at least once every three years, a list of noxious weeds and their designated classification. The list must be distributed to the public by the commissioner who may request the help of the University of Minnesota Extension, the county agricultural inspectors, and any other organization the commissioner considers appropriate to assist in the distribution. The commissioner may, in consultation with the Noxious Weed Advisory Committee, accept and consider noxious weed designation petitions from Minnesota citizens or Minnesota organizations or associations.
- <u>Subd. 14.</u> <u>County petition.</u> A county may petition the commissioner to designate specific noxious weeds which are a control problem in the county.
- <u>Subd. 15.</u> <u>Noxious weed management.</u> <u>The commissioner, in consultation with the Noxious Weed Advisory Committee, shall develop management strategies and criteria for each noxious weed category.</u>
- Subd. 16. Gifts; grants; contracts; funds. The commissioner, counties, and municipalities may apply for and accept any gift, grant, contract, or other funds or grants-in-aid from the federal government or other public and private sources for noxious weed control purposes.
- Subd. 17. Noxious weed investigation. The commissioner shall investigate the subject of noxious weeds and conduct investigations outside this state to protect the interest of the agricultural industry, forests, or the environment of this state from noxious weeds not generally growing in Minnesota.

- Subd. 18. Noxious weed education. The commissioner shall disseminate information and conduct educational campaigns with respect to control of noxious weeds or invasive plants to enhance regulatory compliance and voluntary efforts to eliminate or manage these plants. The commissioner shall call and attend meetings and conferences dealing with the subject of noxious weeds. The commissioner shall maintain on the department's Web site noxious weed management information including but not limited to the roles and responsibilities of citizens and government entities under sections 18.76 to 18.91 and specific guidance as to whom a person should contact to report a noxious weed issue.
- <u>Subd. 19.</u> <u>State and federal lands.</u> <u>The commissioner shall inform and direct state and federal agencies regarding their responsibility to manage and control noxious weeds on land that those agencies own, control, or manage.</u>
- Subd. 20. <u>Interagency cooperation.</u> The commissioner shall cooperate with agencies of federal, state, and local governments and other persons in carrying out duties under sections 18.76 to 18.91.
- Subd. 21. Weed management area. The commissioner, in consultation with the Noxious Weed Advisory Committee, may establish a weed management area to include a part of one or more counties or all of one or more counties of this state and shall include all the land within the boundaries of the area established. Weed management plans developed for a weed management area must be reviewed and approved by the commissioner and the Noxious Weed Advisory Committee. Weed management areas may seek funding under section 18.90.
 - Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.80, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. County agricultural inspectors; and county-designated employees. The county board shall either appoint at least one or more county agricultural inspectors that meet the qualifications prescribed by rule. The appointment must be for a period of time which is sufficient to accomplish the duties assigned to this position inspector to carry out the duties specified under section 18.81, subdivisions 1a and 1b, or a county-designated employee to carry out the duties specified under section 18.81, subdivision 1a. A notice of the appointment of either a county agricultural inspector or county-designated employee must be delivered to the commissioner within ten 30 days of the appointment and it must establish the initial number of hours to be worked annually.
 - Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.81, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- <u>Subd. 1a.</u> <u>Duties; county agricultural inspectors and county-designated employees.</u> <u>The county agricultural inspector or county-designated employee shall be responsible for:</u>
 - (1) the enforcement provisions under sections 18.78, 18.82, 18.83, 18.84, 18.86 and 18.87; and
 - (2) providing a point of contact within the county for noxious weed issues.
 - Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.81, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 1b. County agricultural inspectors. In addition to the mandatory duties specified in subdivision 1a, the county board must specify the responsibilities of the county agricultural inspector in the annual work plan. The responsibilities may include:
- (1) to see that sections 18.76 to 18.91 and rules adopted under those sections are carried out within the inspector's jurisdiction;
- (2) to see that sections 21.80 to 21.92 and rules adopted under those sections are carried out within the inspector's jurisdiction;

- (3) to see that sections 21.71 to 21.78 and rules adopted under those sections are carried out within the inspector's jurisdiction;
- (4) to participate in the control programs for invasive plant species, feed, fertilizer, pesticide, and plant and insect pests when requested, in writing, to do so by the commissioner;
- (5) to participate in other agricultural programs under the control of the commissioner when requested, in writing, by the commissioner to do so;
- (6) to administer the distribution of funds allocated by the county board to the county agricultural inspector for noxious weed control and eradication within the county;
 - (7) to submit reports and attend meetings that the commissioner requires;
- (8) to publish a general weed notice of the legal duty to control noxious weeds in one or more legal newspapers of general circulation throughout the county; and
 - (9) to be the primary contact in the county for all plant biological control agents.
 - Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.81, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Nonperformance by inspectors; reimbursement for expenses. If local weed inspectors neglect or fail to do their duty as prescribed in this section, the county agricultural inspector shall or county-designated employee, in consultation with the commissioner, may issue a notice to the inspector providing instructions on how and when to do their duty. If, after the time allowed in the notice, the local weed inspector has not complied as directed, the county agricultural inspector or county-designated employee may consult with the commissioner to perform the duty for the local weed inspector. A claim for the expense of doing the local weed inspector's duty is a legal charge against the municipality in which the inspector has jurisdiction. The county agricultural inspector doing or county-designated employee overseeing the work may file an itemized statement of costs with the clerk of the municipality in which the work was performed. The municipality shall immediately issue proper warrants to the county for the work performed. If the municipality fails to issue the warrants, the county auditor may include the amount contained in the itemized statement of costs as part of the next annual tax levy in the municipality and withhold that amount from the municipality in making its next apportionment.
 - Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.82, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Permits.** Except as provided in section 21.74, if a person wants to transport along a public highway materials or equipment containing the propagating parts of weeds designated as noxious by the commissioner, the person must secure a written permit for transportation of the material or equipment from a local weed inspector or county agricultural an inspector or county-designated employee. Inspectors or county-designated employees may issue permits to persons residing or operating within their jurisdiction. If the noxious weed propagating parts are removed from materials and equipment or devitalized before being transported, a permit is not needed.
 - Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.82, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Duration of permit; revocation.** A permit under subdivision 1 is valid for up to one year after the date it is issued unless otherwise specified by the weed inspector <u>or county-designated employee</u> issuing the permit. The permit may be revoked if a county agricultural inspector or local weed <u>an inspector or county-designated employee</u> determines that the applicant has not complied with this section.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.83, is amended to read:

18.83 CONTROL; ERADICATION; NOTICES; EXPENSES.

Subdivision 1. **General weed notice.** A general notice for noxious weed control or eradication must be published on or before May 15 of each year and at other times the commissioner directs. Failure of the county agricultural weed inspector or county-designated employee to publish the general notice does not relieve a person from the necessity of full compliance with sections 18.76 to 18.88 18.91 and related rules. The published notice is legal and sufficient notice when an individual notice cannot be served.

- Subd. 2. **Individual notice.** A weed <u>An inspector or county-designated employee</u> may find it necessary to secure more prompt or definite control or eradication of noxious weeds than is accomplished by the published general notice. In these special or individual instances, involving one or a limited number of persons, the weed inspector or county-designated employee having jurisdiction shall serve individual notices in writing upon the person who owns the land and the person who occupies the land, or the person responsible for or charged with the maintenance of public land, giving specific instructions on when and how named noxious weeds are to be controlled or eradicated. Individual notices provided for in this section must be served in the same manner as a summons in a civil action in the district court or by certified mail. Service on a person living temporarily or permanently outside of the weed inspector's or county-designated employee's jurisdiction may be made by sending the notice by certified mail to the last known address of the person, to be ascertained, if necessary, from the last tax list in the county treasurer's office.
- Subd. 3. **Appeal of individual notice; appeal committee.** (1) A recipient of an individual notice may appeal, in writing, the order for control or eradication of noxious weeds. This appeal must be filed with a member of the appeal committee in the county where the land is located within two working days of the time the notice is received. The committee must inspect the land specified in the notice and report back to the recipient and the inspector or county-designated employee who issued the notice within five working days, either agreeing, disagreeing, or revising the order. The decision may be appealed in district court. If the committee agrees or revises the order, the control or eradication specified in the order, as approved or revised by the committee, may be carried out.
- (2) The county board of commissioners shall appoint members of the appeal committee. The membership must include a county commissioner or municipal official and a landowner residing in the county. The expenses of the members may be reimbursed by the county upon submission of an itemized statement to the county auditor. At its option, the county board of commissioners, by resolution, may delegate the duties of the appeal committee to its board of adjustment established pursuant to section 394.27. When carrying out the duties of the appeal committee, the zoning board of adjustment shall comply with all of the procedural requirements of this section.
- Subd. 4. **Control or eradication by inspector or county-designated employee.** If a person does not comply with an individual notice served on the person or an individual notice cannot be served, the weed inspector or county-designated employee having jurisdiction shall have the noxious weeds controlled or eradicated within the time and in the manner the weed inspector or county-designated employee designates.
- Subd. 5. Control or eradication by inspector or county-designated employee in growing crop. A weed An inspector or county-designated employee may consider it necessary to control or eradicate noxious weeds along with all or a part of a growing crop to prevent the maturation and spread of noxious weeds within the inspector's or county-designated employee's jurisdiction. If this situation exists, the weed inspector or county-designated employee may have the noxious weeds controlled or eradicated together with the crop after the appeal committee has reviewed the matter as outlined in subdivision 3 and reported back agreement with the order.
- Subd. 6. **Authorization for person hired to enter upon land.** The <u>weed</u> inspector <u>or county-designated employee</u> may hire a person to control or eradicate noxious weeds if the person who owns the land, the person who occupies the land, or the person responsible for the maintenance of public land has failed to comply with an individual notice or with the published general notice when an individual notice cannot be served. The person hired must have authorization, in writing, from the <u>weed</u> inspector <u>or county-designated employee</u> to enter upon the land.

Subd. 7. **Expenses; reimbursements.** A claim for the expense of controlling or eradicating noxious weeds, which may include the costs of serving notices, is a legal charge against the county in which the land is located. The officers having the work done must file with the county auditor a verified and itemized statement of cost for all services rendered on each separate tract or lot of land. The county auditor shall immediately issue proper warrants to the persons named on the statement as having rendered services. To reimburse the county for its expenditure in this regard, the county auditor shall certify the total amount due and, unless an appeal is made in accordance with section 18.84, enter it on the tax roll as a tax upon the land and it must be collected as other real estate taxes are collected.

If public land is involved, the amount due must be paid from funds provided for maintenance of the land or from the general revenue or operating fund of the agency responsible for the land. Each claim for control or eradication of noxious weeds on public lands must first be approved by the commissioner of agriculture.

- Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.84, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Counties and municipalities.** Counties and municipalities are not liable for damages from the noxious weed control program for actions conducted in accordance with sections 18.76 to 18.88 18.91.
 - Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.84, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Appeal of charges to county board.** A person who is ordered to control noxious weeds under sections 18.76 to 18.88 18.91 and is charged for noxious weed control may appeal the cost of noxious weed control to the county board of the county where the noxious weed control measures were undertaken within 30 days after being charged. The county board shall determine the amount and approve the charge and filing of a lien against the property if it determines that the owner, or occupant if other than the owner, responsible for controlling noxious weeds did not comply with the order of the inspector or county-designated employee.
 - Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.84, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Court Appeal of costs to district court; petition. (a) A landowner who has appealed person who is ordered to control noxious weeds under sections 18.76 to 18.91 and is charged for the cost of noxious weed control measures under subdivision 2 may petition for judicial review of the charges. The petition must be filed within 30 days after the conclusion of the hearing before the county board being charged. The petition must be filed with the court administrator in the county in which the land where the noxious weed control measures were undertaken is located, together with proof of service of a copy of the petition on the county auditor. No responsive pleadings may be required of the county, and no court fees may be charged for the appearance of the county in this matter.
- (b) The petition must be captioned in the name of the person making the petition as petitioner and respective county as respondents. The petition must include the petitioner's name, the legal description of the land involved, a copy of the notice to control noxious weeds, and the date or dates on which appealed control measures were undertaken.
- (c) The petition must state with specificity the grounds upon which the petitioner seeks to avoid the imposition of a lien for the cost of noxious weed control measures.
 - Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.86, is amended to read:

18.86 UNLAWFUL ACTS.

No person may:

(1) hinder or obstruct in any way the county agricultural inspectors or local weed inspectors an inspector or county-designated employee in the performance of their duties as provided in under sections 18.76 to 18.88 18.91 or related rules;

- (2) neglect, fail, or refuse to comply with section 18.82 or related rules in the transportation and use of material or equipment infested with noxious weed propagating parts;
- (3) sell material containing noxious weed propagating parts to a person who does not have a permit to transport that material or to a person who does not have a screenings permit issued in accordance with section 21.74; or
- (4) neglect, fail, or refuse to comply with a general notice or an individual notice to control or eradicate noxious weeds.
 - Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.87, is amended to read:

18.87 PENALTY.

A violation of section 18.86 or a rule adopted under that section is a misdemeanor. County agricultural inspectors, local weed Inspectors, county-designated employees, or their appointed assistants are not subject to the penalties of this section for failure, neglect, or refusal to perform duties imposed on them by sections 18.76 to 18.88 18.91.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18.88, is amended to read:

18.88 NOXIOUS WEED PROGRAM FUNDING.

Subdivision 1. **County.** The county board shall pay, from the general revenue or other fund for the county, the expenses for the county agricultural inspector position or county-designated employee, for noxious weed control or eradication on all land owned by the county or on land that for which the county is responsible for the its maintenance of, and for the expenses of the appeal committee, and for necessary expenses as required for quarantines within the county. Use of funding from grants and other sources for the administration and enforcement of the Minnesota Noxious Weed Law must be approved by the county board.

- Subd. 2. **Municipality.** The municipality shall pay, from the general revenue or other fund for the municipality, the necessary expenses of the local weed inspector in the performance of duties required for quarantines within the municipality, and for noxious weed control or eradication on land owned by the municipality or on land for which the municipality is responsible for its maintenance. Use of funding from grants and other sources for the administration and enforcement of the Minnesota Noxious Weed Law must be approved by the town board or city mayor.
- Subd. 3. Funding. Funding in the form of grants or cost sharing may be provided to the counties for the performance of their activities under section 18.81, subdivisions 1a and 1b.

Sec. 41. [18.89] NOXIOUS WEED AND INVASIVE PLANT SPECIES ASSISTANCE ACCOUNT.

The noxious weed and invasive plant species assistance account is created in the agricultural fund. The account may be used to carry out the purposes of section 18.90. Any money transferred or appropriated to the account and any money received by the account as gifts or grants or other private or public funds obtained for the purposes in section 18.91 must be credited to the account. The money in the account is annually appropriated to the commissioner to implement section 18.90.

Sec. 42. [18.90] GRANT PROGRAM.

(a) From funds available in the noxious weed and invasive plant species assistance account established in section 18.89, the commissioner shall administer a grant program to assist counties and municipalities and other weed management entities in the cost of implementing and maintaining noxious weed control programs and in addressing

special weed control problems. The commissioner shall receive applications by counties, municipalities, weed management areas, and weed management entities for assistance under this section and, in consultation with the Noxious Weed Advisory Committee, award grants for any of the following eligible purposes:

- (1) to conduct applied research to solve locally significant weed management problems;
- (2) to demonstrate innovative control methods or land management practices which have the potential to reduce landowner costs to control noxious weeds or improve the effectiveness of noxious weed control;
 - (3) to encourage the ongoing support of weed management areas;
- (4) to respond to introductions or infestations of invasive plants that threaten or potentially threaten the productivity of cropland and rangeland over a wide area;
- (5) to respond to introductions or infestations of invasive plant species that threaten or potentially threaten the productivity of biodiversity of wildlife and fishery habitats on public and private lands;
- (6) to respond to special weed control problems involving weeds not included in the list of noxious weeds published and distributed by the commissioner;
- (7) to conduct monitoring or surveillance activities to detect, map, or determine the distribution of invasive plant species and to determine susceptible locations for the introduction or spread of invasive plant species; and
 - (8) to conduct educational activities.
- (b) The commissioner shall select and prioritize applications for assistance under this section based on the following considerations:
 - (1) the seriousness of the noxious weed or invasive plant problem or potential problem addressed by the project;
- (2) the ability of the project to provide timely intervention to save current and future costs of control and eradication;
- (3) the likelihood that the project will prevent or resolve the problem or increase knowledge about resolving similar problems in the future;
 - (4) the extent to which the project will leverage federal funds and other nonstate funds;
 - (5) the extent to which the applicant has made progress in addressing noxious weed or invasive plant problems;
- (6) the extent to which the project will provide a comprehensive approach to the control or eradication of noxious weeds;
 - (7) the extent to which the project will reduce the total population or area of infestation of a noxious weed;
- (8) the extent to which the project uses the principles of integrated vegetation management and sound science; and
 - (9) other factors that the commissioner determines to be relevant.
- (c) Nothing in this section may be construed to relieve a person of the duty or responsibility to control the spread of noxious weeds on lands owned and controlled by the person.

Sec. 43. [18.91] ADVISORY COMMITTEE; MEMBERSHIP.

Subdivision 1. **Duties.** The commissioner shall consult with the Noxious Weed Advisory Committee to advise the commissioner concerning responsibilities under the noxious weed control program. The committee shall also evaluate species for invasiveness, difficulty of control, cost of control, benefits, and amount of injury caused by them. For each species evaluated, the committee shall recommend to the commissioner on which noxious weed list or lists, if any, the species should be placed. Species currently designated as prohibited or restricted noxious weeds must be reevaluated every three years for a recommendation on whether or not they need to remain on the noxious weed lists. Members of the committee are not entitled to reimbursement of expenses nor payment of per diem. Members shall serve two-year terms with subsequent reappointment by the commissioner.

- Subd. 2. <u>Membership.</u> The commissioner shall appoint members, which shall include representatives from the following:
 - (1) horticultural science, agronomy, and forestry at the University of Minnesota;
 - (2) the nursery and landscape industry in Minnesota;
 - (3) the seed industry in Minnesota;
 - (4) the Department of Agriculture;
 - (5) the Department of Natural Resources;
 - (6) a conservation organization;
 - (7) an environmental organization;
 - (8) at least two farm organizations;
 - (9) the county agricultural inspectors;
 - (10) city, township, and county governments;
 - (11) the Department of Transportation;
 - (12) the University of Minnesota Extension;
 - (13) the timber and forestry industry in Minnesota;
 - (14) the Board of Water and Soil Resources; and
 - (15) soil and water conservation districts.
- Subd. 3. Additional duties. The committee shall conduct evaluations of terrestrial plant species to recommend if they need to be designated as noxious weeds and into which noxious weed classification they should be designated, advise the commissioner on the implementation of the Minnesota Noxious Weed Law, and assist the commissioner in the development of management criteria for each noxious weed category.
- Subd. 4. <u>Organization.</u> The committee shall select a chair from its membership. Meetings of the committee may be called by or at the direction of the commissioner or upon direction of the chair.

- Subd. 5. Expiration. Notwithstanding section 15.059, subdivision 5, the committee expires June 30, 2013.
- Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18B.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- <u>Subd. 1a.</u> <u>Agricultural pesticide.</u> "Agricultural pesticide" means a pesticide that bears labeling that meets federal worker protection agricultural use requirements established in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, parts 156 and 170.
 - Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18B.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 1b. Agricultural pesticide dealer. "Agricultural pesticide dealer" means a person who distributes an agricultural pesticide in the state or into the state to an end user. This action would commonly be described as a retail sale.
 - Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18B.01, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. **Distribute.** "Distribute" means offer for sale, sell, barter, ship, deliver for shipment, receive and deliver, and offer to deliver pesticides in this state or into this state.
 - Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18B.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 14b. Nonagricultural pesticide. "Nonagricultural pesticide" means a pesticide that does not bear labeling that meets federal worker protection agricultural use requirements established in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, parts 156 and 170.
 - Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18B.065, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Collection and disposal.** The commissioner of agriculture shall establish and operate a program to collect and dispose of waste pesticides. The program must be made available to agricultural and residential nonagricultural pesticide end users whose waste generating activity occurs in this state. Waste pesticide generated in another state is not eligible for collection under this section.
 - Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18B.065, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Implementation.** (a) The commissioner may obtain a United States Environmental Protection Agency hazardous waste identification number to manage the waste pesticides collected.
- (b) The commissioner may not limit the type and quantity of waste pesticides accepted for collection and may not assess pesticide end users for portions of the costs incurred.
 - Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18B.065, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2a. **Disposal site requirement.** (a) For agricultural waste pesticides, the commissioner must designate a place in each county of the state that is available at least every <u>other</u> year for persons to dispose of unused portions of agricultural pesticides. The commissioner shall consult with the person responsible for solid waste management and disposal in each county to determine an appropriate location and to advertise each collection event. <u>The commissioner may provide a collection opportunity in a county more frequently if the commissioner determines that a collection is warranted.</u>
- (b) For <u>residential nonagricultural</u> waste pesticides, the commissioner must provide <u>periodic a</u> disposal opportunities <u>opportunity</u> each year in each county.

- (c) As provided under subdivision 7, the commissioner may enter into <u>cooperative</u> agreements with <u>county or regional solid waste management entities local units of government</u> to provide <u>these the</u> collections <u>required under paragraph (a) or (b)</u> and shall provide <u>these entities a local unit of government</u>, as part of the cooperative agreement, with funding for reasonable costs incurred including, but not limited to, related supplies, transportation, advertising, and disposal costs as well as reasonable overhead costs.
- (e) (d) A person who collects waste pesticide under paragraph (a) or (b) this section shall, on a form provided or in a method approved by the commissioner, record information on each waste pesticide product collected including, but not limited to, the quantity collected and either the product name, and its active ingredient or ingredients, quantity, and or the United States Environmental Protection Agency registration number, on a form provided by the commissioner. The person must submit this information to the commissioner at least annually by January 30.
 - Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18B.065, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Information and**: education; report. (a) The commissioner shall provide informational and educational materials regarding waste pesticides and the proper management of waste pesticides to the public.
- (b) No later than March 15 each year, the commissioner must report the following to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over agriculture finance:
- (1) each instance of a refusal to collect waste pesticide or the assessment of a fee to a pesticide end user as authorized in subdivision 2, paragraph (b); and
- (2) waste pesticide collection information including a discussion of the type and quantity of waste pesticide collected by the commissioner and any entity collecting waste pesticide under subdivision 7 during the previous calendar year, a summary of waste pesticide collection trends, and any corresponding program recommendations.
 - Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18B.065, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. Cooperative agreements. (a) The commissioner may enter into cooperative agreements with state agencies and local units of government for administration of the waste pesticide collection program. The commissioner shall ensure that the program is carried out in all counties. If the commissioner cannot contract with another party to administer the program in a county, the commissioner shall perform collections according to the provisions of this section.
- (b) The commissioner, according to the terms of a cooperative agreement between the commissioner and a local unit of government, may establish limits for unusual types or excessive quantities of waste pesticide offered by pesticide end users to the local unit of government.
 - Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18B.065, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 8. Waste pesticide program surcharge. The commissioner shall annually collect a waste pesticide program surcharge of \$50 on each pesticide product registered in the state as part of a pesticide product registration application under section 18B.26, subdivision 3.
 - Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18B.065, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 9. Waste pesticide cooperative agreement account. (a) A waste pesticide cooperative agreement account is created in the agricultural fund. Notwithstanding section 18B.05, the proceeds of surcharges imposed under subdivision 8 must be deposited in the agricultural fund and credited to the waste pesticide cooperative agreement account.

- (b) Money in the waste pesticide cooperative agreement account, including interest, is appropriated to the commissioner and may only be used for costs incurred under a cooperative agreement pursuant to this section.
- (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), if the amount available in the waste pesticide cooperative agreement account in any fiscal year exceeds the amount obligated to local units of government under subdivision 7, the excess is appropriated to the commissioner to perform waste pesticide collections under this section.
 - Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18B.26, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Requirement.** (a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) to (d), a person may not use or distribute a pesticide in this state unless it is registered with the commissioner. Pesticide registrations expire on December 31 of each year and may be renewed on or before that date for the following calendar year.
- (b) Registration is not required if a pesticide is shipped from one plant or warehouse to another plant or warehouse operated by the same person and used solely at the plant or warehouse as an ingredient in the formulation of a pesticide that is registered under this chapter.
- (c) An unregistered pesticide that was previously registered with the commissioner may be used for a period of two years following the cancellation of the registration of the pesticide, unless the commissioner determines that the continued use of the pesticide would cause unreasonable adverse effects on the environment, or with the written permission of the commissioner. To use the unregistered pesticide at any time after the two-year period, the pesticide end user must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the commissioner, if requested, that the pesticide has been continuously registered under a different brand name or by a different manufacturer and has similar composition, or, the pesticide end user obtains the written permission of the commissioner.
- (d) The commissioner may allow specific pesticide products that are not registered with the commissioner to be distributed in this state for use in another state.
- (e) Each pesticide with a unique United States Environmental Protection Agency pesticide registration number or a unique brand name must be registered with the commissioner.
- (f) It is unlawful for a person to distribute or use a pesticide in the state, or to sell into the state for use in the state, any pesticide product that has not been registered by the commissioner and for which the applicable pesticide registration application fee, gross sales fee, or waste pesticide program surcharge is not paid pursuant to subdivisions 3 and 4.
- (g) Every person who sells for use in the state a pesticide product that has been registered by the commissioner shall pay to the commissioner the applicable registration application fees, sales fees, and waste pesticide program surcharges. These sales expressly include all sales made electronically, telephonically, or by any other means that result in a pesticide product being shipped to or used in the state. There is a rebuttable presumption that pesticide products that are sold or distributed in or into the state by any person are sold or distributed for use in the state.
 - Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18B.26, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. <u>Registration application and gross sales fee.</u> (a) <u>For an agricultural pesticide,</u> a registrant shall pay an annual <u>registration application</u> fee for each <u>agricultural pesticide to be registered, and this fee is set at 0.4 percent of annual gross sales within the state and annual gross sales of pesticides used in the state, with a minimum nonrefundable fee of \$250 \[\frac{\$350.}{} \] The fee is due by December 31 preceding the year for which the application for registration is made. The fee is nonrefundable.</u>

The registrant shall determine when and which pesticides are sold or used in this state. (b) For a nonagricultural pesticide, a registrant shall pay a minimum annual registration application fee for each nonagricultural pesticide of \$350. The fee is due by December 31 preceding the year for which the application for registration is made. The fee is nonrefundable. The registrant of a nonagricultural pesticide shall pay, in addition to the \$350 minimum fee, a fee

- of 0.5 percent of annual gross sales of the nonagricultural pesticide in the state and the annual gross sales of the nonagricultural pesticide sold into the state for use in this state. The commissioner may not assess a fee under this paragraph if the amount due based on percent of annual gross sales is less than \$10. The registrant shall secure sufficient sales information of nonagricultural pesticides distributed into this state from distributors and dealers, regardless of distributor location, to make a determination. Sales of nonagricultural pesticides in this state and sales of nonagricultural pesticides for use in this state by out-of-state distributors are not exempt and must be included in the registrant's annual report, as required under paragraph (e) (g), and fees shall be paid by the registrant based upon those reported sales. Sales of nonagricultural pesticides in the state for use outside of the state are exempt from the application gross sales fee in this paragraph if the registrant properly documents the sale location and distributors. A registrant paying more than the minimum fee shall pay the balance due by March 1 based on the gross sales of the nonagricultural pesticide by the registrant for the preceding calendar year. The fee for disinfectants and sanitizers shall be the minimum. The minimum fee is due by December 31 preceding the year for which the application for registration is made. In each fiscal year, the commissioner shall allocate from the pesticide regulatory account a sum sufficient to collect and dispose of waste pesticides under section 18B.065. However, notwithstanding section 18B.065, if the commissioner determines that the balance in the pesticide regulatory account at the end of the fiscal year will be less than \$500,000, the commissioner may suspend waste pesticide collections or provide partial payment to a person for waste pesticide collection. The commissioner must notify as soon as possible and no later than August 1 a person under contract to collect waste pesticides of an anticipated suspension or payment reduction. A pesticide determined by the commissioner to be a sanitizer or disinfectant is exempt from the gross sales fee.
- (c) For agricultural pesticides, a licensed agricultural pesticide dealer or licensed pesticide dealer shall pay a gross sales fee of 0.55 percent of annual gross sales of the agricultural pesticide in the state and the annual gross sales of the agricultural pesticide sold into the state for use in this state.
- (d) In those cases where a registrant first sells an agricultural pesticide in or into the state to a pesticide end user, the registrant must first obtain an agricultural pesticide dealer license and is responsible for payment of the annual gross sales fee under paragraph (c), record keeping under paragraph (i), and all other requirements of section 18B.316.
- (e) If the total annual revenue from fees collected in fiscal year 2011, 2012, or 2013, by the commissioner on the registration and sale of pesticides is less than \$6,600,000, the commissioner, after a public hearing, may increase proportionally the pesticide sales and product registration fees under this chapter by the amount necessary to ensure this level of revenue is achieved. The authority under this section expires on June 30, 2014. The commissioner shall report any fee increases under this paragraph 60 days before the fee change is effective to the senate and house of representatives agriculture budget divisions.
- (b) (f) An additional fee of \$100 50 percent of the registration application fee must be paid by the applicant for each pesticide to be registered if the application is a renewal application that is submitted after December 31.
- (e) (g) A registrant must annually report to the commissioner the amount and, type and annual gross sales of each registered nonagricultural pesticide sold, offered for sale, or otherwise distributed in the state. The report shall be filed by March 1 for the previous year's registration. The commissioner shall specify the form of the report or approve the method for submittal of the report and may require additional information deemed necessary to determine the amount and type of pesticides nonagricultural pesticide annually distributed in the state. The information required shall include the brand name, United States Environmental Protection Agency registration number and amount, and formulation of each nonagricultural pesticide sold, offered for sale, or otherwise distributed in the state, but the information collected, if made public, shall be reported in a manner which does not identify a specific brand name in the report.
- (h) A licensed agricultural pesticide dealer or licensed pesticide dealer must annually report to the commissioner the amount, type, and annual gross sales of each registered agricultural pesticide sold, offered for sale, or otherwise distributed in the state or into the state for use in the state. The report must be filed by January 31 for the previous year's sales. The commissioner shall specify the form, contents, and approved electronic method for submittal of the

report and may require additional information deemed necessary to determine the amount and type of agricultural pesticide annually distributed within the state or into the state. The information required must include the brand name, United States Environmental Protection Agency registration number, and amount of each agricultural pesticide sold, offered for sale, or otherwise distributed in the state or into the state.

- (i) A person who registers a pesticide with the commissioner under paragraph (b), or a registrant under paragraph (d), shall keep accurate records for five years detailing all distribution or sales transactions into the state or in the state and subject to a fee and surcharge under this section.
- (j) The records are subject to inspection, copying, and audit by the commissioner and must clearly demonstrate proof of payment of all applicable fees and surcharges for each registered pesticide product sold for use in this state. A person who is located outside of this state must maintain and make available records required by this subdivision in this state or pay all costs incurred by the commissioner in the inspecting, copying, or auditing of the records.
- (k) The commissioner may adopt by rule regulations that require persons subject to audit under this section to provide information determined by the commissioner to be necessary to enable the commissioner to perform the audit.
- (d) (1) A registrant who is required to pay more than the minimum fee for any pesticide under paragraph (a) (b) must pay a late fee penalty of \$100 for each pesticide application fee paid after March 1 in the year for which the license is to be issued.

EFFECTIVE DATE. The pesticide registration fee changes apply to pesticides registered on or after July 1, 2009. The remaining provisions of this section apply to pesticide sales that occur on or after January 1, 2010.

- Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18B.31, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. License. A pesticide dealer license:
- (1) is issued by the commissioner upon receipt and review of a complete initial or renewal application;
- (2) is valid for one year and expires on December January 31 of each year unless it is suspended or revoked before that date:
 - (2) (3) is not transferable to another location; and
 - (3) (4) must be prominently displayed to the public in the pesticide dealer's place of business.
 - Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18B.31, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Application.** (a) A person must apply to the commissioner for a pesticide dealer license on the forms and in the manner required by the commissioner.
- (b) The commissioner may require an additional demonstration of dealer qualification if the dealer has had a license suspended or revoked, or has otherwise had a history of violations of this chapter.
- (c) An application for renewal of a pesticide dealer license is not complete until the commissioner receives the report and applicable fees required under section 18B.316, subdivision 8.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2010.

Sec. 59. [18B.316] AGRICULTURAL PESTICIDE DEALER LICENSE AND REPORTING.

<u>Subdivision 1.</u> Requirement. (a) A person must not distribute or sell an agricultural pesticide in the state or into the state without first obtaining an agricultural pesticide dealer license.

- (b) Each location or place of business from which an agricultural pesticide is distributed or sold in the state or into the state is required to have a separate agricultural pesticide dealer license.
- (c) A person who is a licensed pesticide dealer under section 18B.31 is not required to also be licensed under this subdivision.
- Subd. 2. Exemption. A person who is a pesticide registrant under provisions of this chapter is exempt from the requirement of subdivision 1, except in those cases where a registrant first sells an agricultural pesticide in or into the state to a pesticide end user, the registrant must first obtain an agricultural pesticide dealer license.
- Subd. 3. Resident agent. A person required to be licensed under subdivisions 1 and 2, or a person licensed as a pesticide dealer pursuant to section 18B.31 and who operates from a location or place of business outside the state and who distributes or sells an agricultural pesticide into the state, must continuously maintain in this state the following:
 - (1) a registered office; and
- (2) a registered agent, who may be either a resident of this state whose business office or residence is identical with the registered office under clause (1), a domestic corporation or limited liability company, or a foreign corporation of limited liability company authorized to transact business in this state and having a business office identical with the registered office.

A person licensed under this section or section 18B.31 shall annually file with the commissioner, either at the time of initial licensing or as part of license renewal, the name, address, telephone number, and e-mail address of the licensee's registered agent.

For licensees under section 18B.31 who are located in the state, the licensee is the registered agent.

- Subd. 4. Responsibility. The resident agent is responsible for the acts of a licensed agricultural pesticide dealer, or of a licensed pesticide dealer under section 18B.31 who operates from a location or place of business outside the state and who distributes or sells an agricultural pesticide into the state, as well as the acts of the employees of those licensees.
- Subd. 5. **Records.** A person licensed as an agricultural pesticide dealer, or a person licensed as a pesticide dealer pursuant to section 18B.31, must maintain for five years at the person's principal place of business accurate records of purchases, sales, and distributions of agricultural pesticides in and into this state, including those of its branch locations. The records shall be made available for audit under provisions of this chapter and chapter 18D.
- Subd. 6. Agricultural pesticide sales invoices. Sales invoices for agricultural pesticides sold in or into this state by a licensed agricultural pesticide dealer or a pesticide dealer under this section must show the percent of gross sales fee rate assessed and the gross sales fee paid under section 18B.26, subdivision 3, paragraph (c). Only the person who actually will pay the gross sales fee may show the rate or the amount of the fee as a line item on the sales invoice.
 - Subd. 7. License. An agricultural pesticide dealer license:
 - (1) is issued by the commissioner upon receipt and review of a complete initial or renewal application;
 - (2) is valid for one year and expires on January 31 of each year;
 - (3) is not transferable from one location or place of business to another location or place of business; and

- (4) must be prominently displayed to the public in the agricultural pesticide dealer's place of business and in the registered office of the resident agent.
- Subd. 8. Report of sales and payment to the commissioner. A person who is an agricultural pesticide dealer, or is a licensed pesticide dealer under section 18B.31, who distributes or sells an agricultural pesticide in or into the state, and a pesticide registrant pursuant to section 18B.26, subdivision 3, paragraph (d), shall no later than January 31 of each year report and pay applicable fees on annual gross sales of agricultural pesticides to the commissioner pursuant to requirements under section 18B.26, subdivision 3, paragraphs (c) and (h).
- Subd. 9. Application. (a) A person must apply to the commissioner for an agricultural pesticide dealer license on forms and in a manner approved by the commissioner.
- (b) The applicant must be the person in charge of each location or place of business from which agricultural pesticides are distributed or sold in or into the state.
- (c) The commissioner may require that the applicant provide information regarding the applicant's proposed operations and other information considered pertinent by the commissioner.
- (d) The commissioner may require additional demonstration of licensee qualification if the licensee has had a license suspended or revoked, or has otherwise had a history of violations in another state or violations of this chapter.
- (e) A licensed agricultural pesticide dealer who changes the dealer's address or place of business must immediately notify the commissioner of the change.
- (f) Beginning January 1, 2011, an application for renewal of an agricultural pesticide dealer license is complete only when a report and any applicable payment of fees under subdivision 8 are received by the commissioner.
- Subd. 10. Application fee. (a) An application for an agricultural pesticide dealer license, or a renewal of an agricultural pesticide dealer license, must be accompanied by a nonrefundable fee of \$150.
- (b) If an application for renewal of an agricultural pesticide dealer license is not filed before January of the year for which the license is to be issued, an additional fee of 50 percent of the application fee must be paid by the applicant before the commissioner may issue the license.

Sec. 60. [18B.346] PESTICIDE APPLICATION ON RAILROAD PROPERTY.

- Subdivision 1. **Applicability.** This section applies only to common carrier railroads.
- Subd. 2. Safety information. (a) In coordination with common carrier railroad companies operating in this state, the commissioner shall provide annual pesticide safety outreach opportunities for railroad employees.
- (b) A common carrier railroad that operates in this state must provide annual employee pesticide safety training opportunities.
- <u>Subd. 3.</u> <u>Pesticide applications.</u> (a) A person may not directly apply a restricted use pesticide to occupied or unoccupied locomotives, track repair equipment, or on-track housing units unless the pesticide is specifically labeled for that use.
- (b) Employees of common carrier railroads must not be required to work in affected areas in a manner that is inconsistent with the pesticide label.

- Subd. 4. Misuse reporting. A common carrier railroad or a commercial applicator hired by the common carrier railroad to apply pesticide must report to the commissioner within four hours, or as soon as practicable, any pesticide misuse known to the railroad company or commercial applicator that occurred on railroad property or to other property under the control of the railroad company. For the purposes of this section, "misuse" means a pesticide application that violates subdivision 3 or any provision in section 18B.07.
 - Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18B.37, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Pesticide dealer.** (a) A pesticide dealer must maintain records of all sales of restricted use pesticides as required by the commissioner. Records must be kept at the time of sale on forms supplied by the commissioner or on the pesticide dealer's forms if they are approved by the commissioner.
- (b) Records must be submitted annually with the renewal application for a pesticide dealer license or upon request of the commissioner.
- (c) Copies of records required under this subdivision must be maintained by the pesticide dealer for a period of five years after the date of the pesticide sale.
 - Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18C.415, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Effective period.** Other Licenses are for the period from January 1 to the following December 31 and must be renewed annually by the licensee before January 1. A license is not transferable from one person to another, from the ownership to whom issued to another ownership, or from one location to another location.
 - Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18C.421, is amended to read:

18C.421 DISTRIBUTOR'S TONNAGE REPORT.

- Subdivision 1. Semiannual statement Annual tonnage report. (a) Each licensed distributor of fertilizer and each registrant of a specialty fertilizer, soil amendment, or plant amendment must file a semiannual statement for the periods ending December 31 and June 30 with the commissioner on forms furnished by the commissioner stating the number of net tons and grade of each raw fertilizer material distributed or the number of net tons of each brand or grade of fertilizer, soil amendment, or plant amendment registrant under section 18C.411 and licensee under section 18C.415 shall file an annual tonnage report for the previous year ending June 30 with the commissioner, on forms provided or approved by the commissioner, stating the number of net tons of each brand or grade of fertilizer, soil amendment, or plant amendment distributed in this state or the number of net tons and grade of each raw fertilizer material distributed in this state during the reporting period.
- (b) A tonnage reports are report is not required to be filed with submitted and an inspection fee under section 18C.425, subdivision 6, is not required to be paid to the commissioner from licensees by a licensee who distributed distributes fertilizer solely by custom application.
- (c) A report from a licensee who sells to an ultimate consumer must be accompanied by records or invoice copies indicating the name of the distributor who paid the inspection fee, the net tons received, and the grade or brand name of the products received.
- (d) (c) The <u>annual tonnage</u> report is due <u>must be submitted to the commissioner</u> on or before the <u>last day of the month following the close of each reporting period July 31</u> of each <u>calendar</u> year.
 - (e) (d) The inspection fee at the rate stated in section 18C.425, subdivision 6, must accompany the statement.

- Subd. 2. **Additional reports.** The commissioner may by rule require additional reports for the purpose of gathering statistical data relating to fertilizer, soil amendments, and plant amendments distribution in the state.
- Subd. 3. Late <u>annual report and inspection fee penalty</u>. (a) If a <u>distributor does not file the semiannual statement registrant or licensee fails to submit an annual tonnage report or pay the inspection fees fee under section 18C.425, subdivision 6, by 31 days after the end of the reporting period July 31, the commissioner shall assess the registrant or licensee a penalty of the greater of \$25 \$50 or ten percent of the amount due against the licensee or registrant.</u>
 - (b) The fees due, plus the penalty, may be recovered in a civil action against the licensee or registrant.
- (c) The assessment of the penalty does not prevent the commissioner from taking other actions as provided in this chapter and sections 18D.301 to 18D.331.
- Subd. 4. Responsibility for inspection fees. If more than one person is involved in the distribution of a fertilizer, soil amendment, or plant amendment, the distributor who imports, manufactures, or produces the fertilizer or who has the specialty fertilizer, soil amendment, or plant amendment registered is responsible for the inspection fee on products produced or brought into this state. The distributor must separately list the inspection fee on the invoice to the licensee. The last licensee must retain the invoices showing proof of inspection fees paid for three years and must pay the inspection fee on products brought into this state before July 1, 1989, unless the reporting and paying of fees have been made by a prior distributor of the fertilizer.
- Subd. 5. **Verification of statements annual tonnage report.** The commissioner may verify the records on which the statement of annual tonnage report is based.
 - Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18C.425, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Fee for late application.** If an application for renewal of a fertilizer license or registration of a specialty fertilizer, soil amendment, or plant amendment under section 18C.411 or a license under section 18C.415 is not filed before January 1 or July 1 of a year, as required submitted to the commissioner after December 31, an additional application late fee of one-half of the amount due must be paid in addition to the application fee before the renewal license or registration may be issued.
 - Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18C.425, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. <u>Payment of inspection fees fee.</u> (a) The person who registers and distributes in the state a specialty fertilizer, soil amendment, or plant amendment under section 18C.411 shall pay the inspection fee to the commissioner.
- (b) The person licensed under section 18C.415 who distributes a fertilizer to a person not required to be so licensed shall pay the inspection fee to the commissioner, except as exempted under section 18C.421, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).
- (c) The person responsible for payment of the inspection fees for fertilizers, soil amendments, or plant amendments sold and used in this state must pay an inspection fee of 30 cents per ton, and until June 30, 2019, an additional 40 cents per ton, of fertilizer, soil amendment, and plant amendment sold or distributed in this state, with a minimum of \$10 on all tonnage reports. Products sold or distributed to manufacturers or exchanged between them are exempt from the inspection fee imposed by this subdivision if the products are used exclusively for manufacturing purposes.
- (d) A registrant or licensee must retain invoices showing proof of fertilizer, plant amendment, or soil amendment distribution amounts and inspection fees paid for a period of three years.

- Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18E.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Expenditures.** (a) Money in the agricultural chemical response and reimbursement account may only be used:
- (1) to pay for the commissioner's responses to incidents under chapters 18B, 18C, and 18D that are not eligible for payment under section 115B.20, subdivision 2;
 - (2) to pay for emergency responses that are otherwise unable to be funded;
 - (3) to reimburse and pay corrective action costs under section 18E.04; and
- (4) by the board to reimburse the commissioner for board staff and other administrative costs and the commissioner's incident response program costs related to eligible incident sites, up to \$225,000 \$450,000 per fiscal year.
- (b) Money in the agricultural chemical response and reimbursement account is appropriated to the commissioner to make payments as provided in this subdivision.
 - Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18E.03, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Fee.** (a) The response and reimbursement fee consists of the surcharges and any adjustments made by the commissioner in this subdivision and shall be collected by the commissioner. The amount of the response and reimbursement fee shall be determined and imposed annually by the commissioner as required to satisfy the requirements in subdivision 3. The commissioner shall adjust the amount of the surcharges imposed in proportion to the amount of the surcharges listed in this subdivision. License application categories under paragraph (d) must be charged in proportion to the amount of surcharges imposed up to a maximum of 50 percent of the license fees set under chapters 18B and 18C.
- (b) The commissioner shall impose a surcharge on pesticides registered under chapter 18B to be collected as a surcharge on the registration application fee gross sales under section 18B.26, subdivision 3, that is equal to 0.1 percent of sales of the pesticide in the state and sales of pesticides for use in the state during the previous calendar year, except the surcharge may not be imposed on pesticides that are sanitizers or disinfectants as determined by the commissioner. No surcharge is required if the surcharge amount based on percent of annual gross sales is less than \$10. The registrant shall determine when and which pesticides are sold or used in this state. The registrant shall secure sufficient sales information of pesticides distributed into this state from distributors and dealers, regardless of distributor location, to make a determination. Sales of pesticides in this state and sales of pesticides for use in this state by out of state distributors are not exempt and must be included in the registrant's annual report, as required under section 18B.26, subdivision 3, paragraph (c), and fees shall be paid by the registrant based upon those reported sales. Sales of pesticides in the state for use outside of the state are exempt from the surcharge in this paragraph if the registrant, agricultural pesticide dealer, or pesticide dealer properly documents the sale location and the distributors.
- (c) The commissioner shall impose a ten cents per ton surcharge on the inspection fee under section 18C.425, subdivision 6, for fertilizers, soil amendments, and plant amendments.
- (d) The commissioner shall impose a surcharge on the license application of persons licensed under chapters 18B and 18C consisting of:
- (1) a \$75 surcharge for each site where pesticides are stored or distributed, to be imposed as a surcharge on pesticide dealer application fees under section 18B.31, subdivision 5, and the agricultural pesticide dealer application fee under section 18B.316, subdivision 10;

- (2) a \$75 surcharge for each site where a fertilizer, plant amendment, or soil amendment is distributed, to be imposed on persons licensed under sections 18C.415 and 18C.425;
- (3) a \$50 surcharge to be imposed on a structural pest control applicator license application under section 18B.32, subdivision 6, for business license applications only;
- (4) a \$20 surcharge to be imposed on commercial applicator license application fees under section 18B.33, subdivision 7; and
- (5) a \$20 surcharge to be imposed on noncommercial applicator license application fees under section 18B.34, subdivision 5, except a surcharge may not be imposed on a noncommercial applicator that is a state agency, political subdivision of the state, the federal government, or an agency of the federal government.
- (e) A \$1,000 fee shall be imposed on each site where pesticides are stored and sold for use outside of the state unless:
- (1) the distributor properly documents that it has less than \$2,000,000 per year in wholesale value of pesticides stored and transferred through the site; or
- (2) the registrant pays the surcharge under paragraph (b) and the registration fee under section 18B.26, subdivision 3, for all of the pesticides stored at the site and sold for use outside of the state.
- (f) Paragraphs (c) to (e) apply to sales, licenses issued, applications received for licenses, and inspection fees imposed on or after July 1, 1990.

EFFECTIVE DATE. The change to paragraph (b) is effective January 1, 2010.

Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18E.06, is amended to read:

18E.06 REPORT.

- By December 1 of each year, the Agricultural Chemical Response Compensation Board and the commissioner shall submit to the house of representatives Committee on Ways and Means, the senate Committee on Finance, the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over the environment, natural resources, and agriculture, and the Environmental Quality Board a report detailing the <u>board's</u> activities and reimbursements <u>and the expenditures and activities associated with the commissioner's incident response program</u> for which money from the account has been spent during the previous year.
 - Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18H.02, subdivision 12a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 12a. Individual Dormant. "Individual" means a human being "Dormant" means nursery stock without etiolated growth.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18H.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 12b. Etiolated growth. "Etiolated growth" means bleached and unnatural growth resulting from the exclusion of sunlight.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18H.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 12c. Individual. "Individual" means a human being.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18H.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 24a. Packaged stock. "Packaged stock" means bare root nursery stock packed with the roots in moisture-retaining material encased in plastic film or other material designed to hold the moisture-retaining material in place.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18H.07, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Nursery stock grower certificate.** (a) A nursery stock grower must pay an annual fee based on the area of all acreage on which nursery stock is grown for certification as follows:
 - (1) less than one-half acre, \$150;
 - (2) from one-half acre to two acres, \$200;
 - (3) over two acres up to five acres, \$300;
 - (4) over five acres up to ten acres, \$350;
 - (5) over ten acres up to 20 acres, \$500;
 - (6) over 20 acres up to 40 acres, \$650;
 - (7) over 40 acres up to 50 acres, \$800;
 - (8) over 50 acres up to 200 acres, \$1,100;
 - (9) over 200 acres up to 500 acres, \$1,500; and
 - (10) over 500 acres, \$1,500 plus \$2 for each additional acre.
- (b) In addition to the fees in paragraph (a), a penalty of ten percent of the fee due must be charged for each month, or portion thereof, that the fee is delinquent up to a maximum of 30 percent for any application for renewal not received by January 1 postmarked by December 31 of the current year following expiration of a certificate.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18H.07, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Nursery stock dealer certificate.** (a) A nursery stock dealer must pay an annual fee based on the dealer's gross sales of certified nursery stock per location during the most recent certificate year. A certificate applicant operating for the first time must pay the minimum fee. The fees per sales location are:
 - (1) gross sales up to \$5,000, \$150;

- (2) gross sales over \$5,000 up to \$20,000, \$175;
- (3) gross sales over \$20,000 up to \$50,000, \$300;
- (4) gross sales over \$50,000 up to \$75,000, \$425;
- (5) gross sales over \$75,000 up to \$100,000, \$550;
- (6) gross sales over \$100,000 up to \$200,000, \$675; and
- (7) gross sales over \$200,000, \$800.
- (b) In addition to the fees in paragraph (a), a penalty of ten percent of the fee due must be charged for each month, or portion thereof, that the fee is delinquent up to a maximum of 30 percent for any application for renewal not received by January 1 postmarked by December 31 of the current year following expiration of a certificate.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18H.09, is amended to read:

18H.09 NURSERY STOCK CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.

- (a) All nursery stock growing at sites identified by <u>nursery stock dealers or</u> nursery stock growers and submitted for inspection must be inspected by the commissioner within the previous 12 months prior to sale and found apparently free from quarantine and regulated nonquarantine pests as well as significantly dangerous or potentially damaging plant pests. The commissioner may waive a site inspection under the following conditions:
 - (1) the nursery stock is not going to be sold within 12 months;
 - (2) the nursery stock will not be moved out of Minnesota; and
- (3) the nursery site or stock is not subject to certification requirements associated with a state or federally regulated or quarantined plant pest.

All nursery stock originating from out of state and offered for sale in Minnesota must have been inspected by the appropriate state or federal agency during the previous 12 months and found free from quarantine and regulated nonquarantine pests as well as significantly dangerous or potentially damaging plant pests. A nursery stock certificate is valid from January 1 to December 31.

- (b) Nursery stock must be accessible to the commissioner for inspection during regular business hours. Weeds or other growth that hinder a proper inspection are grounds to suspend or withhold a certificate or require a reinspection.
- (c) Inspection reports issued to growers must contain a list of the plant pests found at the time of inspection. Withdrawal-from-distribution orders are considered part of the inspection reports. A withdrawal-from-distribution order must contain a list of plants withdrawn from distribution and the location of the plants.
- (d) The commissioner may post signs to delineate sections withdrawn from distribution. These signs must remain in place until the commissioner removes them or grants written permission to the grower to remove the signs.

- (e) Inspection reports issued to dealers must outline the violations involved and corrective actions to be taken including withdrawal-from-distribution orders which would specify nursery stock that could not be distributed from a certain area.
- (f) Optional inspections of plants may be conducted by the commissioner upon request by any persons desiring an inspection. A fee as provided in section 18H.07 must be charged for such an inspection.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 18H.10, is amended to read:

18H.10 STORAGE OF NURSERY STOCK.

All nursery stock must be kept and displayed under conditions of temperature, light, and moisture sufficient to maintain the viability and vigor of the nursery stock. <u>Packaged dormant nursery stock must be stored under conditions that retard growth, prevent etiolated growth, and protect its viability.</u>

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 28A.085, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Violations; prohibited acts.** The commissioner may charge a reinspection fee for each reinspection of a food handler that:
- (1) is found with a major violation of requirements in chapter 28, 29, 30, 31, 31A, 32, 33, or 34, or rules adopted under one of those chapters;
- (2) is found with a violation of section 31.02, 31.161, or 31.165, and requires a follow-up inspection after an administrative meeting held pursuant to section 31.14; or
- (3) fails to correct equipment and facility deficiencies as required in rules adopted under chapter 28, 29, 30, 31, 31A, 32, or 34. The first reinspection of a firm with gross food sales under \$1,000,000 must be assessed at \$75 \$150. The fee for a firm with gross food sales over \$1,000,000 is \$100 \$200. The fee for a subsequent reinspection of a firm for the same violation is 50 percent of their current license fee or \$200 \$300, whichever is greater. The establishment must be issued written notice of violations with a reasonable date for compliance listed on the notice. An initial inspection relating to a complaint is not a reinspection.
 - Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 28A.21, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 5. **Duties.** The task force shall:
 - (1) coordinate educational efforts regarding food safety and defense;
 - (2) provide advice and coordination to state agencies as requested by the agencies;
- (3) serve as a source of information and referral for the public, news media, and others concerned with food safety and defense; and
- (4) make recommendations to Congress, the legislative committees with jurisdiction over agriculture finance and policy, the legislature, and others about appropriate action to improve food safety <u>and defense</u> in the state.

Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 31.94, is amended to read:

31.94 COMMISSIONER DUTIES.

- (a) In order to promote opportunities for organic agriculture in Minnesota, the commissioner shall:
- (1) survey producers and support services and organizations to determine information and research needs in the area of organic agriculture practices;
- (2) work with the University of Minnesota to demonstrate the on-farm applicability of organic agriculture practices to conditions in this state;
 - (3) direct the programs of the department so as to work toward the promotion of organic agriculture in this state;
 - (4) inform agencies of how state or federal programs could utilize and support organic agriculture practices; and
- (5) work closely with producers, the University of Minnesota, the Minnesota Trade Office, and other appropriate organizations to identify opportunities and needs as well as ensure coordination and avoid duplication of state agency efforts regarding research, teaching, marketing, and extension work relating to organic agriculture.
- (b) By November 15 of each even-numbered year the commissioner, in conjunction with the task force created in paragraph (c), shall report on the status of organic agriculture in Minnesota to the legislative policy and finance committees and divisions with jurisdiction over agriculture. The report must include:
- (1) a description of current state or federal programs directed toward organic agriculture, including significant results and experiences of those programs;
- (2) a description of specific actions the department of agriculture is taking in the area of organic agriculture, including the proportion of the department's budget spent on organic agriculture;
 - (3) a description of current and future research needs at all levels in the area of organic agriculture;
- (4) suggestions for changes in existing programs or policies or enactment of new programs or policies that will affect organic agriculture;
 - (5) a description of market trends and potential for organic products;
- (6) available information, using currently reliable data, on the price received, yield, and profitability of organic farms, and a comparison with data on conventional farms; and
- (7) available information, using currently reliable data, on the positive and negative impacts of organic production on the environment and human health.
- (c) The commissioner shall appoint A Minnesota Organic Advisory Task Force to shall advise the commissioner and the University of Minnesota on policies and practices to programs that will improve organic agriculture in Minnesota, including how available resources can most effectively be used for outreach, education, research, and technical assistance that meet the needs of the organic agriculture community. The task force must consist of the following residents of the state:
 - (1) three farmers using organic agriculture methods;
 - (2) two organic food wholesalers, retailers, or distributors one wholesaler or distributor of organic products;

- (3) one representative of organic food certification agencies;
- (4) two organic food processors;
- (5) one representative from the University of Minnesota Extension Service;
- (6) one representative from a University of Minnesota postsecondary research institution faculty member;
- (7) one representative from a nonprofit organization representing producers;
- (8) one two at large public member members;
- (9) one representative from the United States Department of Agriculture; and
- (10) one retailer of organic products; and
- (10) (11) one organic consumer representative.

The commissioner, in consultation with the director of the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station; the dean and director of University of Minnesota Extension; and the dean of the College of Food, Agricultural and Natural Resource Sciences shall appoint members to serve staggered two-year terms.

Terms, Compensation, and removal of members are governed by section 15.059, subdivision 6. The task force must meet at least twice each year and expires on June 30, 2009 2013.

- (d) For the purposes of expanding, improving, and developing production and marketing of the organic products of Minnesota agriculture, the commissioner may receive funds from state and federal sources and spend them, including through grants or contracts, to assist producers and processors to achieve certification, to conduct education or marketing activities, to enter into research and development partnerships, or to address production or marketing obstacles to the growth and well-being of the industry.
- (e) The commissioner may facilitate the registration of state organic production and handling operations including those exempt from organic certification according to Code of Federal Regulations, title 7, section 205.101, and certification agents operating within the state.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 30, 2009.

Sec. 80. [31.97] FEEDING MINNESOTA TASK FORCE.

Subdivision 1. Establishment; purpose. The commissioner of agriculture must establish the Feeding Minnesota Task Force to study the consumption of Minnesota grown produce and livestock by facilitating the donation of harvested products to charities that provide food for hungry people. "Hungry people" must be specifically defined by the task force by its second meeting.

- Subd. 2. Members. The commissioner must appoint task force members as follows:
- (1) one member representing a food bank organization;
- (2) two members representing food producer and grower organizations;
- (3) one member representing the Minnesota Farmers Market Association;

- (4) one member representing Minnesota higher education institutions;
- (5) one member representing the food transportation industry;
- (6) two members representing statewide agricultural organizations; and
- (7) one member representing food processors.
- Subd. 3. No compensation. Task force members may not be compensated under section 15.059, subdivision 3.
- Subd. 4. Report. The commissioner must convene the task force no later than January 31, 2010. The commissioner must make policy recommendations to the chairs of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over agriculture finance by November 1, 2010.
 - Subd. 5. Expiration. This section expires November 1, 2010.
 - Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 32.394, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. **Grade A inspection fees.** A processor or marketing organization of milk, milk products, sheep milk, or goat milk who wishes to market Grade A milk or use the Grade A label must apply for Grade A inspection service from the commissioner. A pasteurization plant requesting Grade A inspection service must hold a Grade A permit and pay an annual inspection fee of no more than \$500. For Grade A farm inspection service, the fee must be no more than \$50 per farm, paid annually by the processor or by the marketing organization on behalf of its patrons. For a farm requiring a reinspection in addition to the required biannual inspections, an additional fee of \$45 per reinspection must be paid by the processor or by the marketing organization on behalf of its patrons. The fee for reinspection of a farm with fewer than 100 cows is \$60 per reinspection. The fee for reinspection of a farm with 100 or more cows is \$150 per reinspection.
 - Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 41A.09, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3a. Ethanol producer payments. (a) The commissioner shall make cash payments to producers of ethanol located in the state that have begun production at a specific location by June 30, 2000. For the purpose of this subdivision, an entity that holds a controlling interest in more than one ethanol plant is considered a single producer. The amount of the payment for each producer's annual production, except as provided in paragraph (c), is 20 cents per gallon for each gallon of ethanol produced at a specific location on or before June 30, 2000, or ten years after the start of production, whichever is later. Annually, within 90 days of the end of its fiscal year, an ethanol producer receiving payments under this subdivision must file a disclosure statement on a form provided by the commissioner. The initial disclosure statement must include a summary description of the organization of the business structure of the claimant, a listing of the percentages of ownership by any person or other entity with an ownership interest of five percent or greater, and a copy of its annual audited financial statements, including the auditor's report and footnotes. The disclosure statement must include information demonstrating what percentage of the entity receiving payments under this section is owned by farmers or other entities eligible to farm or own agricultural land in Minnesota under the provisions of section 500.24. Subsequent annual reports must reflect noncumulative changes in ownership of ten percent or more of the entity. Subsequent annual reports must affirm that majority ownership of the entity is held by farmers or other entities eligible to farm or own agricultural land under section 500.24 or individuals residing within 30 miles of the plant. The report need not disclose the identity of the persons or entities eligible to farm or own agricultural land with ownership interests, individuals residing within 30 miles of the plant, or of any other entity with less than ten percent ownership interest, but the claimant must retain information within its files confirming the accuracy of the data provided. This data must be made available to the commissioner upon request. Not later than the 15th day of February in each year the commissioner shall deliver to the chairs of the standing committees of the senate and the house of representatives that deal with agricultural policy and agricultural finance issues an annual report summarizing aggregated data from plants

receiving payments under this section during the preceding calendar year. Audited financial statements and notes and disclosure statements submitted to the commissioner are nonpublic data under section 13.02, subdivision 9. Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 13 relating to nonpublic data, summaries of the submitted audited financial reports and notes and disclosure statements will be contained in the report to the committee chairs and will be public data.

- (b) No payments shall be made for ethanol production that occurs after June 30, 2010. A producer of ethanol shall not transfer the producer's eligibility for payments under this section to an ethanol plant at a different location.
- (c) If the level of production at an ethanol plant increases due to an increase in the production capacity of the plant, the payment under paragraph (a) applies to the additional increment of production until ten years after the increased production began. Once a plant's production capacity reaches 15,000,000 gallons per year, no additional increment will qualify for the payment.
 - (d) Total payments under paragraphs (a) and (c) to a producer in a fiscal year may not exceed \$3,000,000.
- (e) By the last day of October, January, April, and July, each producer shall file a claim for payment for ethanol production during the preceding three calendar months. A producer that files a claim under this subdivision shall include a statement of the producer's total ethanol production in Minnesota during the quarter covered by the claim. For each claim and statement of total ethanol production filed under this subdivision, the volume of ethanol production must be examined by an independent certified public accountant in accordance with standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.
- (f) Payments shall be made November 15, February 15, May 15, and August 15. A separate payment shall be made for each claim filed. Except as provided in paragraph (g), the total quarterly payment to a producer under this paragraph may not exceed \$750,000.
- (g) Notwithstanding the quarterly payment limits of paragraph (f), the commissioner shall make an additional payment in the fourth quarter of each fiscal year to ethanol producers for the lesser of: (1) 20 cents per gallon of production in the fourth quarter of the year that is greater than 3,750,000 gallons; or (2) the total amount of payments lost during the first three quarters of the fiscal year due to plant outages, repair, or major maintenance. Total payments to an ethanol producer in a fiscal year, including any payment under this paragraph, must not exceed the total amount the producer is eligible to receive based on the producer's approved production capacity. The provisions of this paragraph apply only to production losses that occur in quarters beginning after December 31, 1999.
- (h) The commissioner shall reimburse ethanol producers for any deficiency in payments during earlier quarters if the deficiency occurred because of unallotment or because appropriated money was insufficient to make timely payments in the full amount provided in paragraph (a). Notwithstanding the quarterly or annual payment limitations in this subdivision, the commissioner shall begin making payments for earlier deficiencies in each fiscal year that appropriations for ethanol payments exceed the amount required to make eligible scheduled payments. Payments for earlier deficiencies must continue until the deficiencies for each producer are paid in full, except the commissioner shall not make a deficiency payment to an entity that no longer produces ethanol on a commercial scale at the location for which the entity qualified for producer payments, or to an assignee of the entity, or an entity that is not majority owned by farmers or other entities eligible to farm or own agricultural land under section 500.24 or individuals residing within 30 miles of the plant.
- (i) The commissioner may make direct payments to producers of rural economic infrastructure provide financial assistance under the agricultural growth, research, and innovation program in section 41A.12 with any amount of the annual appropriation for ethanol producer payments and rural economic infrastructure that is in excess of the amount required to make scheduled ethanol producer payments and deficiency payments under paragraphs (a) to (h).

Sec. 83. [41A.12] AGRICULTURAL GROWTH, RESEARCH, AND INNOVATION PROGRAM.

- <u>Subdivision 1.</u> **Establishment.** The agricultural growth, research, and innovation program is established in order to promote the advancement of the state's agricultural and renewable energy industries.
- Subd. 2. Activities authorized. For the purposes of this program, the commissioner may issue grants, loans, or other forms of financial assistance. Eligible activities include, but are not limited to, grants to livestock producers under the livestock investment grant program under section 17.118, bioenergy awards made by the NextGen Energy Board under section 41A.105, and financial assistance to support other rural economic infrastructure activities.
- Subd. 3. Oversight. The commissioner, in consultation with the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over agriculture finance, must allocate available funds among eligible uses, develop competitive eligibility criteria, and award funds on a needs basis.
 - Subd. 4. Sunset. This section expires on June 30, 2013.
 - Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 41B.039, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **State participation.** The state may participate in a new real estate loan with an eligible lender to a beginning farmer to the extent of 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$200,000 \(\) \$300,000, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may be different than the interest rates and repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 41B.04, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. State's State participation. With respect to loans that are eligible for restructuring under sections 41B.01 to 41B.23 and upon acceptance by the authority, the authority shall enter into a participation agreement or other financial arrangement whereby it shall participate in a restructured loan to the extent of 45 percent of the primary principal or \$225,000 \$400,000, whichever is less. The authority's portion of the loan must be protected during the authority's participation by the first mortgage held by the eligible lender to the extent of its participation in the loan.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 41B.042, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Participation limit; interest.** The authority may participate in new seller-sponsored loans to the extent of 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$200,000 \$300,000, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may be different than the interest rates and repayment terms of the seller's retained portion of the loan.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 41B.043, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:
- Subd. 1b. **Loan participation.** The authority may participate in an agricultural improvement loan with an eligible lender to a farmer who meets the requirements of section 41B.03, subdivision 1, clauses (1) and (2), and who is actively engaged in farming. Participation is limited to 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$200,000 \$300,000, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may be different than the interest rates and repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 41B.045, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Loan participation.** The authority may participate in a livestock expansion loan with an eligible lender to a livestock farmer who meets the requirements of section 41B.03, subdivision 1, clauses (1) and (2), and who are actively engaged in a livestock operation. A prospective borrower must have a total net worth, including assets and liabilities of the borrower's spouse and dependents, of less than \$660,000 in 2004 and an amount in subsequent years which is adjusted for inflation by multiplying that amount by the cumulative inflation rate as determined by the United States All-Items Consumer Price Index.

Participation is limited to 45 percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$275,000 \$400,000, whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's participation interest may be different from the interest rates and repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 89. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 97A.045, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Duties; generally.** (a) The commissioner shall do all things the commissioner determines are necessary to preserve, protect, and propagate desirable species of wild animals. The commissioner shall make special provisions for the management of fish and wildlife to ensure recreational opportunities for anglers and hunters. The commissioner shall acquire wild animals for breeding or stocking and may dispose of or destroy undesirable or predatory wild animals and their dens, nests, houses, or dams.
- (b) Notwithstanding chapters 17 and 35, the commissioner, in consultation with the commissioner of agriculture and the executive director of the Board of Animal Health, may capture or control nonnative or domestic animals that are released, have escaped, or are otherwise running at large and causing damage to natural resources or agricultural lands, or that are posing a threat to wildlife, domestic animals, or human health. The commissioner may work with other agencies to assist in the capture or control and may authorize persons to take such animals.
 - Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 239.791, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Minimum ethanol content required.** (a) Except as provided in subdivisions 10 to 14, a person responsible for the product shall ensure that all gasoline sold or offered for sale in Minnesota must contain at least the quantity of ethanol required by clause (1) or (2), whichever is greater:
 - (1) 10.0 percent denatured ethanol by volume; or
- (2) the maximum percent of denatured ethanol by volume authorized in a waiver granted by the United States Environmental Protection Agency under section 211(f)(4) of the Clean Air Act, United States Code, title 42, section 7545, subsection (f), paragraph (4).
- (b) For purposes of enforcing the minimum ethanol requirement of paragraph (a), clause (1), a gasoline/ethanol blend will be construed to be in compliance if the ethanol content, exclusive of denaturants and permitted contaminants, comprises not less than 9.2 percent by volume and not more than 10.0 percent by volume of the blend as determined by an appropriate United States Environmental Protection Agency or American Society of Testing Materials standard method of analysis of alcohol/ether content in engine fuels.
- (c) The provisions of this subdivision are suspended during any period of time that subdivision 1a, paragraph (a), is in effect.
 - Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 239.791, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 1a. **Minimum ethanol content required.** (a) Except as provided in subdivisions 10 to 14, on August 30, 2013, and thereafter, a person responsible for the product shall ensure that all gasoline sold or offered for sale in Minnesota must contain at least the quantity of ethanol required by clause (1) or (2), whichever is greater:

- (1) 20 percent denatured ethanol by volume; or
- (2) the maximum percent of denatured ethanol by volume authorized in a waiver granted by the United States Environmental Protection Agency under section 211(f)(4) of the Clean Air Act, United States Code, title 42, section 7545, subsection (f), paragraph (4).
- (b) For purposes of enforcing the minimum ethanol requirement of paragraph (a), <u>clause (1)</u>, a gasoline/ethanol blend will be construed to be in compliance if the ethanol content, exclusive of denaturants and permitted contaminants, comprises not less than 18.4 percent by volume and not more than 20 percent by volume of the blend as determined by an appropriate United States Environmental Protection Agency or American Society of Testing Materials standard method of analysis of alcohol content in motor fuels.
- (c) No motor fuel shall be deemed to be a defective product by virtue of the fact that the motor fuel is formulated or blended pursuant to the requirements of paragraph (a) under any theory of liability except for simple or willful negligence or fraud. This paragraph does not preclude an action for negligent, fraudulent, or willful acts. This paragraph does not affect a person whose liability arises under chapter 115, water pollution control; 115A, waste management; 115B, environmental response and liability; 115C, leaking underground storage tanks; or 299J, pipeline safety; under public nuisance law for damage to the environment or the public health; under any other environmental or public health law; or under any environmental or public health ordinance or program of a municipality as defined in section 466.01.
 - (d) This subdivision expires on December 31, 2010, if by that date:
- (1) the commissioner of agriculture certifies and publishes the certification in the State Register that at least 20 percent of the volume of gasoline sold in the state is denatured ethanol; or
- (2) federal approval has not been granted for the use of E20 as gasoline under paragraph (a), clause (1). The United States Environmental Protection Agency's failure to act on an application shall not be deemed approval of the use of E20 under paragraph (a), clause (1), or a waiver under section 211(f)(4) of the Clean Air Act, United States Code, title 42, section 7545, subsection (f), paragraph (4).
 - Sec. 92. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 336.9-601, is amended to read:

336.9-601 RIGHTS AFTER DEFAULT; JUDICIAL ENFORCEMENT; CONSIGNOR OR BUYER OF ACCOUNTS, CHATTEL PAPER, PAYMENT INTANGIBLES, OR PROMISSORY NOTES.

- (a) **Rights of secured party after default.** After default, a secured party has the rights provided in this part and, except as otherwise provided in section 336.9-602, those provided by agreement of the parties. A secured party:
- (1) may reduce a claim to judgment, foreclose, or otherwise enforce the claim, security interest, or agricultural lien by any available judicial procedure; and
 - (2) if the collateral is documents, may proceed either as to the documents or as to the goods they cover.
- (b) **Rights and duties of secured party in possession or control.** A secured party in possession of collateral or control of collateral under section 336.7-106, 336.9-104, 336.9-105, 336.9-106, or 336.9-107 has the rights and duties provided in section 336.9-207.
- (c) **Rights cumulative; simultaneous exercise.** The rights under subsections (a) and (b) are cumulative and may be exercised simultaneously.

- (d) **Rights of debtor and obligor.** Except as otherwise provided in subsection (g) and section 336.9-605, after default, a debtor and an obligor have the rights provided in this part and by agreement of the parties.
- (e) **Lien of levy after judgment.** If a secured party has reduced its claim to judgment, the lien of any levy that may be made upon the collateral by virtue of an execution based upon the judgment relates back to the earliest of:
 - (1) the date of perfection of the security interest or agricultural lien in the collateral;
 - (2) the date of filing a financing statement covering the collateral; or
 - (3) any date specified in a statute under which the agricultural lien was created.
- (f) **Execution sale.** A sale pursuant to an execution is a foreclosure of the security interest or agricultural lien by judicial procedure within the meaning of this section. A secured party may purchase at the sale and thereafter hold the collateral free of any other requirements of this article.
- (g) **Consignor or buyer of certain rights to payment.** Except as otherwise provided in section 336.9-607(c), this part imposes no duties upon a secured party that is a consignor or is a buyer of accounts, chattel paper, payment intangibles, or promissory notes.
- (h) **Security interest in collateral that is agricultural property; enforcement.** A person may not begin to enforce a security interest in collateral that is agricultural property subject to sections 583.20 to 583.32 that has secured a debt of more than \$5,000 unless: a mediation notice under subsection (i) is served on the debtor after a condition of default has occurred in the security agreement and a copy served on the director of the agricultural extension service; and the debtor and creditor have completed mediation under sections 583.20 to 583.32; or as otherwise allowed under sections 583.20 to 583.32.
- (i) **Mediation notice.** A mediation notice under subsection (h) must contain the following notice with the blanks properly filled in.

"TO: ...(Name of Debtor)...

YOU HAVE DEFAULTED ON THE ...(Debt in Default)... SECURED BY AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY DESCRIBED AS ...(Reasonable Description of Agricultural Property Collateral)..... THE AMOUNT OF THE OUTSTANDING DEBT IS ...(Amount of Debt)...

AS A SECURED PARTY, ...(Name of Secured Party)... INTENDS TO ENFORCE THE SECURITY AGREEMENT AGAINST THE AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY DESCRIBED ABOVE BY REPOSSESSING, FORECLOSING ON, OR OBTAINING A COURT JUDGMENT AGAINST THE PROPERTY.

YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO HAVE THE DEBT REVIEWED FOR MEDIATION. IF YOU REQUEST MEDIATION, A DEBT THAT IS IN DEFAULT WILL BE MEDIATED ONLY ONCE. IF YOU DO NOT REQUEST MEDIATION, THIS DEBT WILL NOT BE SUBJECT TO FUTURE MEDIATION IF THE SECURED PARTY ENFORCES THE DEBT.

IF YOU PARTICIPATE IN MEDIATION, THE DIRECTOR OF THE AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION SERVICE WILL PROVIDE AN ORIENTATION MEETING AND A FINANCIAL ANALYST TO HELP YOU TO PREPARE FINANCIAL INFORMATION. IF YOU DECIDE TO PARTICIPATE IN MEDIATION, IT WILL BE TO YOUR ADVANTAGE TO ASSEMBLE YOUR FARM FINANCE AND OPERATION RECORDS AND TO CONTACT A COUNTY EXTENSION OFFICE AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. MEDIATION WILL ATTEMPT TO ARRIVE AT AN AGREEMENT FOR HANDLING FUTURE FINANCIAL RELATIONS.

TO HAVE THE DEBT REVIEWED FOR MEDIATION YOU MUST FILE A MEDIATION REQUEST WITH THE DIRECTOR WITHIN 14 DAYS AFTER YOU RECEIVE THIS NOTICE. THE MEDIATION REQUEST FORM IS AVAILABLE AT ANY COUNTY RECORDER'S OR COUNTY EXTENSION OFFICE.

FROM: ...(Name and Address of Secured Party)..."

Sec. 93. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 343.11, is amended to read:

343.11 ACQUISITION OF PROPERTY, APPROPRIATIONS.

Every county and district society for the prevention of cruelty to animals may acquire, by purchase, gift, grant, or devise, and hold, use, or convey, real estate and personal property, and lease, mortgage, sell, or use the same in any manner conducive to its interest, to the same extent as natural persons. The county board of any county, or the council of any city, in which such societies exist, may, in its discretion, appropriate for the maintenance and support of such societies in the transaction of the work for which they are organized, any sums of money not otherwise appropriated, not to exceed in any one year the sum of \$4,800 or the sum of \$1 per capita based upon the county's or eity's population as of the most recent federal census, whichever is greater; provided, that no part of the appropriation shall be expended for the payment of the salary of any officer of the society.

Sec. 94. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 550.365, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Contents. A mediation notice must contain the following notice with the blanks properly filled in.

"TO:(Name of Judgment Debtor)....

A JUDGMENT WAS ORDERED AGAINST YOU BY(Name of Court).... ON(Date of Judgment).

AS A JUDGMENT CREDITOR,(Name of Judgment Creditor).... INTENDS TO TAKE ACTION AGAINST THE AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY DESCRIBED AS(Description of Agricultural Property).... TO SATISFY THE JUDGMENT IN THE AMOUNT OF(Amount of Debt)....

YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO HAVE THE DEBT REVIEWED FOR MEDIATION. IF YOU REQUEST MEDIATION, A DEBT THAT IS IN DEFAULT WILL BE MEDIATED ONLY ONCE. IF YOU DO NOT REQUEST MEDIATION, THIS DEBT WILL NOT BE SUBJECT TO FUTURE MEDIATION IF THE SECURED PARTY ENFORCES THE DEBT.

IF YOU PARTICIPATE IN MEDIATION, THE DIRECTOR OF THE AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION SERVICE WILL PROVIDE AN ORIENTATION MEETING AND A FINANCIAL ANALYST TO HELP YOU PREPARE FINANCIAL INFORMATION. IF YOU DECIDE TO PARTICIPATE IN MEDIATION, IT WILL BE TO YOUR ADVANTAGE TO ASSEMBLE YOUR FARM FINANCE AND OPERATION RECORDS AND TO CONTACT A COUNTY EXTENSION OFFICE AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. MEDIATION WILL ATTEMPT TO ARRIVE AT AN AGREEMENT FOR HANDLING FUTURE FINANCIAL RELATIONS.

TO HAVE THE DEBT REVIEWED FOR MEDIATION YOU MUST FILE A MEDIATION REQUEST WITH THE DIRECTOR WITHIN 14 DAYS AFTER YOU RECEIVE THIS NOTICE. THE MEDIATION REQUEST FORM IS AVAILABLE AT ANY COUNTY RECORDER'S OR COUNTY EXTENSION OFFICE.

FROM:(Name and Address of Judgment Creditor)...."

Sec. 95. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 559.209, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Contents. A mediation notice must contain the following notice with the blanks properly filled in.

"TO:(Name of Contract for Deed Purchaser)....

YOU HAVE DEFAULTED ON THE CONTRACT FOR DEED OF THE AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY DESCRIBED AS(Size and Reasonable Location of Property, Not Legal Description)...... THE AMOUNT OF THE OUTSTANDING DEBT IS(Amount of Debt)....

AS THE CONTRACT FOR DEED VENDOR,(Contract for Deed Vendor).... INTENDS TO TERMINATE THE CONTRACT AND TAKE BACK THE PROPERTY.

YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO HAVE THE CONTRACT FOR DEED DEBT REVIEWED FOR MEDIATION. IF YOU REQUEST MEDIATION, A DEBT THAT IS IN DEFAULT WILL BE MEDIATED ONLY ONCE. IF YOU DO NOT REQUEST MEDIATION, THIS DEBT WILL NOT BE SUBJECT TO FUTURE MEDIATION IF THE CONTRACT FOR DEED VENDOR BEGINS REMEDIES TO ENFORCE THE DEBT.

IF YOU PARTICIPATE IN MEDIATION, THE DIRECTOR OF THE AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION SERVICE WILL PROVIDE AN ORIENTATION MEETING AND A FINANCIAL ANALYST TO HELP YOU PREPARE FINANCIAL INFORMATION. IF YOU DECIDE TO PARTICIPATE IN MEDIATION, IT WILL BE TO YOUR ADVANTAGE TO ASSEMBLE YOUR FARM FINANCE AND OPERATION RECORDS AND TO CONTACT A COUNTY EXTENSION OFFICE AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. MEDIATION WILL ATTEMPT TO ARRIVE AT AN AGREEMENT FOR HANDLING FUTURE FINANCIAL RELATIONS.

TO HAVE THE CONTRACT FOR DEED DEBT REVIEWED FOR MEDIATION YOU MUST FILE A MEDIATION REQUEST WITH THE DIRECTOR WITHIN 14 DAYS AFTER YOU RECEIVE THE NOTICE. THE MEDIATION REQUEST FORM IS AVAILABLE AT ANY COUNTY EXTENSION OFFICE.

FROM:(Name and Address of Contract for Deed Vendor)...."

Sec. 96. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 582.039, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Contents. A mediation notice must contain the following notice with the blanks properly filled in.

"TO:(Name of Record Owner)....

AS HOLDER OF THE MORTGAGE,(Name of Holder of Mortgage).... INTENDS TO FORECLOSE ON THE PROPERTY DESCRIBED ABOVE.

YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO HAVE THE MORTGAGE DEBT REVIEWED FOR MEDIATION. IF YOU REQUEST MEDIATION, A DEBT THAT IS IN DEFAULT WILL BE MEDIATED ONLY ONCE. IF YOU DO NOT REQUEST MEDIATION, THIS DEBT WILL NOT BE SUBJECT TO FUTURE MEDIATION IF THE SECURED PARTY ENFORCES THE DEBT.

IF YOU PARTICIPATE IN MEDIATION, THE DIRECTOR OF THE AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION SERVICE WILL PROVIDE AN ORIENTATION MEETING AND A FINANCIAL ANALYST TO HELP YOU PREPARE FINANCIAL INFORMATION. IF YOU DECIDE TO PARTICIPATE IN MEDIATION, IT WILL BE TO YOUR ADVANTAGE TO ASSEMBLE YOUR FARM FINANCE AND OPERATION RECORDS AND TO CONTACT A COUNTY EXTENSION OFFICE AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. MEDIATION WILL ATTEMPT TO ARRIVE AT AN AGREEMENT FOR HANDLING FUTURE FINANCIAL RELATIONS.

TO HAVE THE MORTGAGE DEBT REVIEWED FOR MEDIATION YOU MUST FILE A MEDIATION REQUEST WITH THE DIRECTOR WITHIN 14 DAYS AFTER YOU RECEIVE THIS NOTICE. THE MEDIATION REQUEST FORM IS AVAILABLE AT ANY COUNTY RECORDER'S OR COUNTY EXTENSION OFFICE.

FROM:(Name and Address of Holder of Mortgage)...."

Sec. 97. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 583.215, is amended to read:

583.215 EXPIRATION.

(a) Sections 336.9-601, subsections (h) and (i); 550.365; 559.209; 582.039; and 583.20 to 583.32, expire June 30, 2009 2013.

(b) Laws 1986, chapter 398, article 1, section 18, as amended, is repealed.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 98. Laws 2008, chapter 274, section 5, is amended to read:

Sec. 5. BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS CONTROL ASSESSMENT; TEMPORARY ASSESSMENT; APPROPRIATION.

- (a) From January 1, 2009, to December 31, 2009, a person who purchases a beef cow, heifer, or steer in cattle that were raised or fed within this state shall collect a bovine tuberculosis control assessment of \$1 per head from the seller and shall submit all assessments collected to the commissioner of agriculture at least once every 30 days. If cattle that were raised or fed within this state are sold outside of the state and the assessment is not collected by the purchaser, the seller is responsible for submitting the assessment to the commissioner. For the purposes of this section, "a person who purchases a beef cow, heifer, or steer in cattle that were raised or fed within this state" includes the first purchaser, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 17.53, subdivision 8, paragraph (a), and any subsequent purchaser of the living animal.
- (b) Money collected under this section shall be deposited in an account in the special revenue fund and is appropriated to the Board of Animal Health for bovine tuberculosis control activities.
- (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a person may not collect a bovine tuberculosis control assessment from a person whose cattle operation is located within a modified accredited zone established under Minnesota Statutes, section 35.244, unless the cattle owner voluntarily pays the assessment. The commissioner of agriculture shall publish and make available a list of cattle producers exempt under this paragraph.
 - (d) This section may be enforced under Minnesota Statutes, sections 17.982 to 17.984.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies retroactively to cattle purchased on January 1, 2009, and thereafter.

Sec. 99. INTERAGENCY STAFF.

For fiscal years 2010 and 2011, the Department of Agriculture, Board of Animal Health, and Agricultural Utilization Research Institute must not use funds appropriated in this article or statutorily appropriated from the agricultural fund to directly or indirectly pay for the services of staff in the Office of the Governor.

Sec. 100. GREEN JOBS FOOD PRODUCTION STUDY; REPORT.

The Agricultural Utilization Research Institute shall prepare a detailed study of this state's food production sector in coordination with the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities; urban, rural, and tribal community-based agriculture and food security organizations; members of the legislature with service on committees created by the Green Jobs Task Force; and other interested stakeholders. The study shall define the size of the employment base and identify opportunities to increase the number of green jobs in each of the following sector segments: organics and organic value-added processing and local, conventional, natural, traditional, and urban farming. No later than January 15, 2010, the Agricultural Utilization Research Institute shall report its findings to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over employment and economic development policy or finance or agriculture finance.

Sec. 101. **FEDERAL STIMULUS FUNDING.**

The commissioner of agriculture shall apply for funding available to the state through the federal American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Public Law 111-5, for areas under the purview of the commissioner including but not limited to agriculture and rural development, bioenergy, food safety, farm-to-school and related nutrition programs, and the development of local and regional food systems.

Sec. 102. REPORT ON MINNESOTA PROCESSED FOODS LABELING.

- (a) The commissioner of agriculture shall consult with Minnesota food processors and retailers regarding the development of labeling that identifies food products processed in this state. The commissioner shall consult with interested parties including, but not limited to, the following organizations:
- (1) the food processor industry, including representatives who represent different business sizes and product categories;
- (2) the food retailer industry, including at least one representative with retail store locations located outside of the Twin Cities metropolitan area;
 - (3) the Agricultural Utilization Research Institute; and
 - (4) statewide agricultural producer groups.
- (b) No later than March 31, 2010, the commissioner shall report findings and recommendations to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over agriculture policy and finance. The report shall include an assessment of the level of food processor interest in developing a trademarked logo or labeling statement as well as recommendations regarding program funding options, product eligibility criteria, and coordination with existing labeling and promotion programs and resources.

Sec. 103. FERAL SWINE REPORT.

The commissioner of natural resources, in coordination with the commissioner of agriculture and the executive director of the Board of Animal Health, shall develop a report and recommend any necessary changes to state policies, authorities, and penalties related to feral swine and other nonnative or domestic animals released, that have escaped, or that are otherwise running at large. The agencies shall consult with interested stakeholders. No later than January 15, 2010, the commissioner of natural resources shall submit the report to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over natural resources or agriculture policy or finance.

Sec. 104. **DEADLINE FOR APPOINTMENTS.**

(a) The commissioner of agriculture shall complete the new appointments required by Minnesota Statutes, section 31.94, paragraph (c), no later than September 1, 2009.

- (b) The commissioner of agriculture shall complete the appointments required under Minnesota Statutes, section 31.97, by September 1, 2009. The commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall convene the first meeting of the Feeding Minnesota Task Force no later than October 1, 2009.
- (c) The commissioner of agriculture shall complete the appointments required under Minnesota Statutes, section 18.91, by September 1, 2009. The commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall convene the first meeting of the committee no later than October 1, 2009.

Sec. 105. APPROPRIATION MODIFICATION.

- (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 35.085, the Board of Animal Health may make onetime grants to certain beef cattle producers participating in the bovine tuberculosis herd buyout authorized in Minnesota Statutes, section 35.086, from the \$100,000 appropriation for reimbursements in Laws 2007, chapter 45, article 1, section 4.
- (b) A buyout participant is eligible for payment under this section if the Board of Animal Health quarantined the participant's herd and required the participant to sell young cattle at slaughter rather than as feeder cattle.
- (c) For each head of cattle sold at slaughter under paragraph (b), the Board of Animal Health must pay the difference between the fair market feeder cattle value at the time of sale, as determined by the Board of Animal Health, and the documented slaughter price received by the participant.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 106. UNUSED OFFICE SPACE.

The commissioner of agriculture, in consultation with the commissioner of administration, shall actively seek tenants to rent vacant or unused space in the Freeman Building. The commissioner of agriculture shall notify entities that receive state funding of the amount and type of space available, the rental rate, and other lease terms. No later than February 1, 2011, the commissioner of agriculture shall report actions taken and outcomes achieved under this section to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over agriculture finance. Any revenue raised under this section is appropriated to the commissioner of agriculture to award grants to livestock producers under Minnesota Statutes, section 41A.12.

Sec. 107. REPEALER.

Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 17.49, subdivision 3; 18.81, subdivision 1; 18G.12, subdivision 5; 38.02, subdivisions 3 and 4; 41.51; 41.52; 41.53; 41.55; 41.56; 41.57; 41.58, subdivisions 1 and 2; 41.59, subdivision 1; 41.60; 41.61, subdivision 1; 41.62; 41.63; and 41.65, and Minnesota Rules, part 1505.0820, are repealed.

ARTICLE 2

RURAL FINANCE AUTHORITY

Section 1. **RURAL FINANCE AUTHORITY.**

Subdivision 1. Appropriation. \$35,000,000 is appropriated from the bond proceeds fund for the purposes set forth in the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, section 5, clause (h), to the Rural Finance Authority to purchase participation interests in or to make direct agricultural loans to farmers under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 41B. This appropriation is for the beginning farmer program under Minnesota Statutes, section 41B.039; the loan restructuring program under Minnesota Statutes, section 41B.042; the agricultural improvement loan program under Minnesota Statutes, section 41B.043; and the livestock

expansion loan program under Minnesota Statutes, section 41B.045. All debt service on bond proceeds used to finance this appropriation must be repaid by the Rural Finance Authority under Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.643. Loan participations must be priced to provide full interest and principal coverage and a reserve for potential losses. Priority for loans must be given first to basic beginning farmers loans; second, to seller-sponsored loans; and third, to agricultural improvement loans. The authority may use a portion of this appropriation to pay bond sales expenses under Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.641, subdivision 8.

- Subd. 2. **Bond sale.** To provide the money appropriated in this section from the bond proceeds fund, the commissioner of finance shall sell and issue bonds of the state in an amount up to \$35,000,000 in the manner, upon the terms, and with the effect prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, sections 16A.631 to 16A.675, and by the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, sections 4 to 7.
- <u>Subd. 3.</u> <u>Notice.</u> <u>If the appropriations in this section are enacted more than once in the 2009 regular legislative session, these appropriations must be given effect only once.</u>

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

ARTICLE 3

VETERANS AFFAIRS

Section 1. **VETERANS AFFAIRS.**

The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2010" and "2011" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, or June 30, 2011, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2010. "The second year" is fiscal year 2011. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2010 and 2011.

APPROPRIATIONS
Available for the Year
Ending June 30
2010 2011

Sec. 2. VETERANS AFFAIRS

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation

\$58,325,000 \$58,568,000

The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Veterans Services

<u>14,652,000</u> <u>14,652,000</u>

\$250,000 each year is for a grant to the Minnesota Assistance Council for Veterans. This appropriation is in addition to the existing agency base appropriation and must be added to the agency appropriation base for fiscal years 2012 and later.

Of this amount, \$500,000 in fiscal year 2010 and \$500,000 in fiscal year 2011 are to be used to continue working on the merger of the Department of Veterans Affairs computer system and the former Veterans Homes Board computer system.

\$100,000 each year is for the costs of administering the Minnesota GI Bill program under Minnesota Statutes, section 197.791.

\$353,000 each year is for grants to the following congressionally chartered veterans service organizations, as designated by the commissioner: Disabled American Veterans, Military Order of the Purple Heart, the American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars, Vietnam Veterans of America, AMVETS, and Paralyzed Veterans of America. This funding must be allocated in direct proportion to the funding currently being provided by the commissioner to these organizations.

Subd. 3. Veterans Homes

programs.

Veterans Homes Special Revenue Account. The general fund appropriations made to the department may be transferred to a veterans homes special revenue account in the special revenue fund in the same manner as other receipts are deposited according

43,673,000

43,916,000

Repair and Betterment. Of this appropriation, \$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2010 and \$500,000 in fiscal year 2011 are to be used for repair, maintenance, rehabilitation, and betterment activities at facilities statewide.

to Minnesota Statutes, section 198.34, and are appropriated to the department for the operation of veterans homes facilities and

<u>Hastings Veterans Home.</u> \$220,000 each year is for increases in the mental health program at the Hastings Veterans Home.

Food. \$92,000 in fiscal year 2010 and \$189,000 in fiscal year 2011 are for increases in food costs at the Minnesota veterans homes.

Pharmaceuticals. \$287,000 in fiscal year 2010 and \$617,000 in fiscal year 2011 are for increases in pharmaceutical costs.

<u>Fuel and Utilities.</u> \$277,000 in fiscal year 2010 and \$593,000 in fiscal year 2011 are for increases in fuel and utility costs at the Minnesota veterans homes.

Medicare Part D. \$141,000 in fiscal year 2010 and \$141,000 in fiscal year 2011 are for implementation of Minnesota Statutes, section 198.003, subdivision 7.

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 16C.16, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 6a. Veteran-owned small businesses. (a) The commissioner shall award up to a six percent preference, but no less than the percentage awarded to any other group under this section, in the amount bid on state procurement to certified small businesses that are majority-owned and operated either:
- (1) by veterans, as indicated by the person's United States Department of Defense form DD-214 or by the commissioner of veterans affairs; or

- (2) by veterans having service-connected disabilities, as determined at any time by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs.
- (b) The purpose of this designation is to facilitate the transition of veterans from military to civilian life, and to help compensate veterans for their sacrifices, including but not limited to their sacrifice of health and time, to the state and nation during their military service, as well as to enhance economic development within Minnesota.
 - (c) For purposes of this section and section 16C.19, the following terms have the meanings given them:
 - (1) "veteran" has the meaning given in section 197.447; and
- (2) "service-connected disability" has the meaning given in United States Code, title 38, section 101(16), as determined by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009, and applies to procurement contract bid solicitations issued on and after that date.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 16C.19, is amended to read:

16C.19 ELIGIBILITY; RULES.

- (a) A small business wishing to participate in the programs under section 16C.16, subdivisions 4 to 7, must be certified by the commissioner. The commissioner shall adopt by rule standards and procedures for certifying that small businesses, small targeted group businesses, and small businesses located in economically disadvantaged areas are eligible to participate under the requirements of sections 16C.16 to 16C.21. The commissioner shall adopt by rule standards and procedures for hearing appeals and grievances and other rules necessary to carry out the duties set forth in sections 16C.16 to 16C.21.
- (b) The commissioner may make rules which exclude or limit the participation of nonmanufacturing business, including third-party lessors, brokers, franchises, jobbers, manufacturers' representatives, and others from eligibility under sections 16C.16 to 16C.21.
- (c) The commissioner may make rules that set time limits and other eligibility limits on business participation in programs under sections 16C.16 to 16C.21.
- (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), for purposes of sections 16C.16 to 16C.21, a veteran-owned small business or service-disabled veteran-owned small business, the principal place of business of which is in Minnesota, is certified if it has been verified by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs as being a veteran-owned small business or service disabled veteran-owned small business in accordance with Public Law 109-461 and Code of Federal Regulations, title 38, part 74.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009, and applies to procurement contract bid solicitations issued on and after that date.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 16C.20, is amended to read:

16C.20 CERTIFICATION.

A business that is certified by the commissioner of administration as a small business, small targeted group business, of a small business located in an economically disadvantaged area, or a veteran-owned small business is eligible to participate under the requirements of sections 137.31 and 161.321 and, if certified as a small business, of small targeted group business, or veteran-owned small business, under section 473.142 without further certification by the contracting agency.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009, and applies to procurement contract bid solicitations issued on and after that date.

- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 43A.11, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Ranking of veterans.** Applicants who meet the minimum qualifications for a vacant position and claim disabled veteran's preference shall be listed in the applicant pool ahead of all other applicants. Applicants who meet the minimum qualifications for a vacant position and claim nondisabled veteran's preference shall be listed in the applicant pool after those claiming disabled veteran's preference and ahead of nonveterans. <u>Each recently separated veteran who meets minimum qualifications for a vacant position and has claimed a veterans or disabled veterans preference must be considered for the position. The top five recently separated veterans must be granted an interview for the position by the hiring authority.</u>

The term "recently separated veteran" means a veteran, as defined in section 197.447, who has served in active military service, at any time on or after September 11, 2001, and who has been honorably discharged from active service, as shown by the person's form DD-214.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009, and applies to all vacancies posted on or after that date.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 43A.23, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

- Subdivision 1. **General.** (a) The commissioner is authorized to request proposals or to negotiate and to enter into contracts with parties which in the judgment of the commissioner are best qualified to provide service to the benefit plans. Contracts entered into are not subject to the requirements of sections 16C.16 to 16C.19. The commissioner may negotiate premium rates and coverage. The commissioner shall consider the cost of the plans, conversion options relating to the contracts, service capabilities, character, financial position, and reputation of the carriers, and any other factors which the commissioner deems appropriate. Each benefit contract must be for a uniform term of at least one year, but may be made automatically renewable from term to term in the absence of notice of termination by either party. A carrier licensed under chapter 62A is exempt from the taxes imposed by chapter 297I on premiums paid to it by the state.
- (b) All self-insured hospital and medical service products must comply with coverage mandates, data reporting, and consumer protection requirements applicable to the licensed carrier administering the product, had the product been insured, including chapters 62J, 62M, and 62Q. Any self-insured products that limit coverage to a network of providers or provide different levels of coverage between network and nonnetwork providers shall comply with section 62D.123 and geographic access standards for health maintenance organizations adopted by the commissioner of health in rule under chapter 62D.
- (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), a self-insured hospital and medical product offered under sections 43A.22 to 43A.30 is not required to extend dependent coverage to an eligible employee's unmarried child under the age of 25 to the full extent required under chapters 62A and 62L. Dependent coverage must, at a minimum, extend to an eligible employee's unmarried child who is under the age of 19 or an unmarried child under the age of 25 who is a full-time student. A person who is at least 19 years of age but who is under the age of 25 and who is not a full-time student must be permitted to be enrolled as a dependent of an eligible employee until age 25 if the person:
- (1) was a full-time student immediately prior to being ordered into active military service, as defined in section 190.05, subdivision 5b or 5c;
 - (2) has been separated or discharged from active military service; and

(3) would be eligible to enroll as a dependent of an eligible employee, except that the person is not a full-time student.

The definition of "full-time student" for purposes of this paragraph includes any student who by reason of illness, injury, or physical or mental disability as documented by a physician is unable to carry what the educational institution considers a full-time course load so long as the student's course load is at least 60 percent of what otherwise is considered by the institution to be a full-time course load. Any notice regarding termination of coverage due to attainment of the limiting age must include information about this definition of "full-time student."

(d) Beginning January 1, 2010, the health insurance benefit plans offered in the commissioner's plan under section 43A.18, subdivision 2, and the managerial plan under section 43A.18, subdivision 3, must include an option for a health plan that is compatible with the definition of a high-deductible health plan in section 223 of the United States Internal Revenue Code.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to persons separated or discharged from active military service before, on, or after that date.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 161.321, is amended to read:

161.321 SMALL BUSINESS CONTRACTS.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For purposes of this section the following terms have the meanings given them, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning is intended.

- (a) "Award" means the granting of a contract in accordance with all applicable laws and rules governing competitive bidding except as otherwise provided in this section.
- (b) "Contract" means an agreement entered into between a business entity and the state of Minnesota for the construction of transportation improvements.
- (c) "Subcontractor" means a business entity which enters into a legally binding agreement with another business entity which is a party to a contract as defined in paragraph (b).
 - (d) "Targeted group business" means a business designated under section 16C.16, subdivision 5.
 - (e) "Veteran-owned small business" means a business designated under section 16C.16, subdivision 6a.
- Subd. 2. **Small business set-asides.** (a) The commissioner may award up to a six percent preference in the amount bid for specified construction work to small targeted group businesses and veteran-owned small businesses.
- (b) The commissioner may designate a contract for construction work for award only to small targeted group businesses if the commissioner determines that at least three small targeted group businesses are likely to bid. The commissioner may designate a contract for construction work for award only to veteran-owned small businesses if the commissioner determines that at least three veteran-owned small businesses are likely to bid.
- (c) The commissioner, as a condition of awarding a construction contract, may set goals that require the prime contractor to subcontract a portion of the contract to small targeted group businesses and veteran-owned small businesses. The commissioner must establish a procedure for granting waivers from the subcontracting requirement when qualified small targeted group businesses and veteran-owned small businesses are not reasonably available. The commissioner may establish financial incentives for prime contractors who exceed the goals for use of subcontractors and financial penalties for prime contractors who fail to meet goals under this paragraph. The subcontracting requirements of this paragraph do not apply to prime contractors who are small targeted group businesses or veteran-owned small businesses.

- (d) The commissioner may award up to a four percent preference in the amount bid on procurement to small businesses located in an economically disadvantaged area as defined in section 16C.16, subdivision 7.
- Subd. 3. **Awards to small businesses.** At least 75 percent of subcontracts awarded to small targeted group businesses must be performed by the business to which the subcontract is awarded or another small targeted group business. At least 75 percent of subcontracts awarded to veteran-owned small businesses must be performed by the business to which the subcontract is awarded or another veteran-owned small business.
- Subd. 4. **Awards, limitations.** Contracts awarded pursuant to this section are subject to all limitations contained in rules adopted by the commissioner of administration.
- Subd. 5. **Recourse to other businesses.** If the commissioner is unable to award a contract pursuant to the provisions of subdivisions 2 and 3, the award may be placed pursuant to the normal solicitation and award provisions set forth in this chapter and chapter 16C.
- Subd. 6. **Rules.** The rules adopted by the commissioner of administration to define small businesses and to set time and other eligibility requirements for participation in programs under sections 16C.16 to 16C.19 apply to this section. The commissioner may promulgate other rules necessary to carry out this section.
- Subd. 7. **Noncompetitive bids.** The commissioner is encouraged to purchase from small targeted group businesses and veteran-owned small businesses designated under section 16C.16 when making purchases that are not subject to competitive bidding procedures.
- Subd. 8. **Report by commissioner.** The commissioner of transportation shall report to the commissioner of administration on compliance with this section. The information must be reported at the time and in the manner requested by the commissioner.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2009, and applies to procurement contract bid solicitations issued on and after that date.

Sec. 9. [168.1253] GOLD STAR LICENSE PLATE.

- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) The terms used in this section have the meanings given them in this subdivision.
- (b) "Active service" has the meaning given in section 190.05, subdivision 5.
- (c) "Eligible person" means a surviving spouse or parent of a person who has died while serving honorably in active service.
- (d) "Motor vehicle" means a vehicle for personal use, not used for commercial purposes, and may include a passenger automobile, motorcycle, recreational vehicle, pickup truck, or van.
- Subd. 2. <u>Issuance</u>; <u>eligibility</u>. <u>Beginning October 1, 2009</u>, the commissioner shall issue special plates bearing the inscription "GOLD STAR" to an applicant who:
 - (1) is an owner or joint owner of a motor vehicle;
 - (2) is an eligible person; and
 - (3) complies with all laws relating to the registration and licensing of motor vehicles and drivers.

- Subd. 3. No fee. The commissioner shall issue a set of Gold Star plates, or a single plate for a motorcycle, to an eligible person free of charge, and shall replace the plate or plates without charge if they become damaged.
- Subd. 4. <u>Design.</u> The special plates issued under this section must be of a design and size determined by the commissioner, in consultation with the commissioner of veterans affairs. The commissioner may design the plates in accordance with section 168.1291, subdivision 2.
- <u>Subd. 5.</u> <u>Transfer.</u> On payment of a fee of \$5 and notification to the commissioner, special plates issued under this section may be transferred to another motor vehicle owned or jointly owned by the eligible person.
- Subd. 6. Costs of production. The commissioner of finance may transfer money in the "Support Our Troops" account under section 190.19, subdivision 2a, to the driver and vehicle services account under section 299A.705, subdivision 1, to pay for the cost of production of the license plates authorized under this section. The commissioner of veterans affairs and the commissioner of public safety must agree on a payment schedule before any money may be transferred under this subdivision.
 - Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 171.06, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 3. Contents of application; other information. (a) An application must:
- (1) state the full name, date of birth, sex, and either (i) the residence address of the applicant, or (ii) designated address under section 5B.05;
- (2) as may be required by the commissioner, contain a description of the applicant and any other facts pertaining to the applicant, the applicant's driving privileges, and the applicant's ability to operate a motor vehicle with safety;
 - (3) state:
 - (i) the applicant's Social Security number; or
- (ii) if the applicant does not have a Social Security number and is applying for a Minnesota identification card, instruction permit, or class D provisional or driver's license, that the applicant certifies that the applicant does not have a Social Security number;
- (4) contain a space where the applicant may indicate a desire to make an anatomical gift according to paragraph (b); and
- (5) contain a notification to the applicant of the availability of a living will/health care directive designation on the license under section 171.07, subdivision 7; and
- (6) contain a space where the applicant may request a veteran designation on the license under section 171.07, subdivision 15, and the driving record under section 171.12, subdivision 5a.
- (b) If the applicant does not indicate a desire to make an anatomical gift when the application is made, the applicant must be offered a donor document in accordance with section 171.07, subdivision 5. The application must contain statements sufficient to comply with the requirements of the Darlene Luther Revised Uniform Anatomical Gift Act, chapter 525A, so that execution of the application or donor document will make the anatomical gift as provided in section 171.07, subdivision 5, for those indicating a desire to make an anatomical gift. The application must be accompanied by information describing Minnesota laws regarding anatomical gifts and the need for and benefits of anatomical gifts, and the legal implications of making an anatomical gift, including the law governing revocation of anatomical gifts. The commissioner shall distribute a notice that must accompany all applications for and renewals of a driver's license or Minnesota identification card. The notice must be prepared in conjunction with a Minnesota organ procurement organization that is certified by the federal Department of Health and Human Services and must include:

- (1) a statement that provides a fair and reasonable description of the organ donation process, the care of the donor body after death, and the importance of informing family members of the donation decision; and
- (2) a telephone number in a certified Minnesota organ procurement organization that may be called with respect to questions regarding anatomical gifts.
 - (c) The application must be accompanied also by information containing relevant facts relating to:
 - (1) the effect of alcohol on driving ability;
 - (2) the effect of mixing alcohol with drugs;
- (3) the laws of Minnesota relating to operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance; and
 - (4) the levels of alcohol-related fatalities and accidents in Minnesota and of arrests for alcohol-related violations.
 - Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 171.07, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 15. **Veteran designation.** (a) At the request of the applicant and on payment of the required fee, the department shall issue, renew, or reissue a driver's license or Minnesota identification card bearing the designation "Veteran" to an applicant who is a veteran, as defined in section 197.447.
- (b) At the time of the initial application for the designation provided under this subdivision, the applicant must have a certified copy of the veteran's discharge papers.
- (c) The commissioner of public safety is required to issue drivers' licenses and Minnesota identification cards with the veteran designation only after entering a new contract or in coordination with producing a new card design with modifications made as required by law.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2009, and applies to drivers' licenses and Minnesota identification cards issued as stated in paragraph (c).
 - Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 171.12, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 5a. **Veteran designation.** When an applicant for a driver's license, instruction permit, or Minnesota identification card requests a veteran designation under section 171.06, subdivision 3, the commissioner shall maintain a computer record of veteran designations. The veteran designation may be removed from the computer record only upon written notice to the department. The veteran designation is classified as private data on individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12, except that this information is available to the commissioner of veterans affairs for the purpose of administering veterans benefits.
 - Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 190.19, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2a. **Uses; veterans.** Money appropriated to the Department of Veterans Affairs from the Minnesota "Support Our Troops" account may be used for:
 - (1) grants to veterans service organizations; and
 - (2) outreach to underserved veterans; and
 - (3) transfers to the vehicle services account for gold star license plates under section 168.1253.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 197.455, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Application.** (a) This section shall govern preference of a veteran under the civil service laws, charter provisions, ordinances, rules or regulations of a county, city, town, school district, or other municipality or political subdivision of this state. Any provision in a law, charter, ordinance, rule or regulation contrary to the applicable provisions of this section is void to the extent of such inconsistency.

(b) Sections 197.46 to 197.48 shall not 197.481 also apply to state civil service. a veteran who is an incumbent in a classified appointment in the state civil service and has completed the probationary period for that position, as defined under section 43A.16. In matters of dismissal from such a position, a qualified veteran has the irrevocable option of using the procedures described in sections 197.46 to 197.481, or the procedures provided in the collective bargaining agreement applicable to the person, but not both. For a qualified veteran electing to use the procedures of sections 197.46 to 197.481, the matters governed by those sections must not be considered grievances under a collective bargaining agreement, and if a veteran elects to appeal the dispute through those sections, the veteran is precluded from making an appeal under the grievance procedure of the collective bargaining agreement.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009, and applies to appointments to state and local government positions of employment made on or after that date.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 197.46, is amended to read:

197.46 VETERANS PREFERENCE ACT; REMOVAL FORBIDDEN; RIGHT OF MANDAMUS.

Any person whose rights may be in any way prejudiced contrary to any of the provisions of this section, shall be entitled to a writ of mandamus to remedy the wrong. No person holding a position by appointment or employment in the several counties, cities, towns, school districts and all other political subdivisions in the state, who is a veteran separated from the military service under honorable conditions, shall be removed from such position or employment except for incompetency or misconduct shown after a hearing, upon due notice, upon stated charges, in writing.

Any veteran who has been notified of the intent to discharge the veteran from an appointed position or employment pursuant to this section shall be notified in writing of such intent to discharge and of the veteran's right to request a hearing within 60 days of receipt of the notice of intent to discharge. The failure of a veteran to request a hearing within the provided 60-day period shall constitute a waiver of the right to a hearing. Such failure shall also waive all other available legal remedies for reinstatement.

Request for a hearing concerning such a discharge shall be made in writing and submitted by mail or personal service to the employment office of the concerned employer or other appropriate office or person.

In all governmental subdivisions having an established civil service board or commission, or merit system authority, such hearing for removal or discharge shall be held before such civil service board or commission or merit system authority. Where no such civil service board or commission or merit system authority exists, such hearing shall be held by a board of three persons appointed as follows: one by the governmental subdivision, one by the veteran, and the third by the two so selected. In the event the two persons so selected do not appoint the third person within ten days after the appointment of the last of the two, then the judge of the district court of the county wherein the proceeding is pending, or if there be more than one judge in said county then any judge in chambers, shall have jurisdiction to appoint, and upon application of either or both of the two so selected shall appoint, the third person to the board and the person so appointed by the judge with the two first selected shall constitute the board. The veteran may appeal from the decision of the board upon the charges to the district court by causing written notice of appeal, stating the grounds thereof, to be served upon the governmental subdivision or officer making the charges within 15 days after notice of the decision and by filing the original notice of appeal with proof of service thereof in the office of the court administrator of the district court within ten days after service thereof. Nothing in section 197.455 or this section shall be construed to apply to the position of private secretary, teacher, superintendent of schools, or one

chief deputy of any elected official or head of a department, or to any person holding a strictly confidential relation to the appointing officer. The burden of establishing such relationship shall be upon the appointing officer in all proceedings and actions relating thereto.

All officers, boards, commissions, and employees shall conform to, comply with, and aid in all proper ways in carrying into effect the provisions of section 197.455 and this section notwithstanding any laws, charter provisions, ordinances or rules to the contrary. Any willful violation of such sections by officers, officials, or employees is a misdemeanor.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009.

- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 197.791, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Insufficient Appropriation.** If The amount appropriated is determined by the commissioner to be insufficient necessary to pay the benefit amounts in subdivision 5, is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner must reduce the amounts specified in subdivision 5, paragraph (c), clauses (1) and (2). During any fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2013, the amount paid under this subdivision must not exceed \$6,000,000.
 - Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 198.003, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 4a. **Federal funding.** The commissioner is authorized to apply for and accept federal funding for purposes of this section.
 - Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 198.003, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 7. Use of Medicare Part D for pharmacy costs. (a) The commissioner shall maximize the use of Medicare Part D to pay pharmacy costs for eligible veterans residing at the veterans homes.
- (b) The commissioner shall encourage eligible veterans to participate in the Medicare Part D program and assist veterans in obtaining Medicare Part D coverage.
- (c) The commissioner shall take any necessary steps to prevent an eligible veteran participating in Medicare Part D from receiving fewer benefits under Medicare Part D than they would have received under their existing Veterans Administration benefits.
 - Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 473.142, is amended to read:

473.142 SMALL BUSINESSES.

- (a) The Metropolitan Council and agencies specified in section 473.143, subdivision 1, may award up to a six percent preference in the amount bid for specified goods or services to small targeted group businesses and veteranowned small businesses designated under section 16C.16.
- (b) The council and each agency specified in section 473.143, subdivision 1, may designate a purchase of goods or services for award only to small targeted group businesses designated under section 16C.16 if the council or agency determines that at least three small targeted group businesses are likely to bid. The council and each agency specified in section 473.143, subdivision 1, may designate a purchase of goods or services for award only to veteranowned small businesses designated under section 16C.16 if the council or agency determines that at least three veteran-owned small businesses are likely to bid.
- (c) The council and each agency specified in section 473.143, subdivision 1, as a condition of awarding a construction contract or approving a contract for consultant, professional, or technical services, may set goals that require the prime contractor to subcontract a portion of the contract to small targeted group businesses and veteranowned small businesses designated under section 16C.16. The council or agency must establish a procedure for

granting waivers from the subcontracting requirement when qualified small targeted group businesses and veteranowned small businesses are not reasonably available. The council or agency may establish financial incentives for prime contractors who exceed the goals for use of subcontractors and financial penalties for prime contractors who fail to meet goals under this paragraph. The subcontracting requirements of this paragraph do not apply to prime contractors who are small targeted group businesses and veteran-owned small businesses. At least 75 percent of the value of the subcontracts awarded to small targeted group businesses under this paragraph must be performed by the business to which the subcontract is awarded or by another small targeted group businesses. At least 75 percent of the value of the subcontracts awarded to veteran-owned small businesses under this paragraph must be performed by the business to which the subcontract is awarded or another veteran-owned small businesses.

- (d) The council and each agency listed in section 473.143, subdivision 1, are encouraged to purchase from small targeted group businesses and veteran-owned small businesses designated under section 16C.16 when making purchases that are not subject to competitive bidding procedures.
 - (e) The council and each agency may adopt rules to implement this section.
- (f) Each council or agency contract must require the prime contractor to pay any subcontractor within ten days of the prime contractor's receipt of payment from the council or agency for undisputed services provided by the subcontractor. The contract must require the prime contractor to pay interest of 1-1/2 percent per month or any part of a month to the subcontractor on any undisputed amount not paid on time to the subcontractor. The minimum monthly interest penalty payment for an unpaid balance of \$100 or more is \$10. For an unpaid balance of less than \$100, the prime contractor shall pay the actual penalty due to the subcontractor. A subcontractor who prevails in a civil action to collect interest penalties from a prime contractor must be awarded its costs and disbursements, including attorney fees, incurred in bringing the action.
- (g) This section does not apply to procurement financed in whole or in part with federal funds if the procurement is subject to federal disadvantaged, minority, or women business enterprise regulations. The council and each agency shall report to the commissioner of administration on compliance with this section. The information must be reported at the time and in the manner requested by the commissioner.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009, and applies to procurement contract bid solicitations issued on and after that date.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 626.8517, is amended to read:

626.8517 ELIGIBILITY FOR RECIPROCITY EXAMINATION BASED ON RELEVANT MILITARY EXPERIENCE.

- (a) For purposes of this section;
- (1) "active service" has the meaning given in section 190.05, subdivision 5; and
- (2) "relevant military experience" means five years of active duty military police service.:
- (i) five years' active service experience in a military law enforcement occupational specialty;
- (ii) three years' active service experience in a military law enforcement occupational specialty, and completion of a two-year or more degree from a regionally accredited postsecondary education institution; or
- (iii) five years' cumulative experience as a full-time peace officer in another state combined with active service experience in a military law enforcement occupational specialty.

- (b) A person who has relevant military experience and who has been honorably discharged from the military active service as evidenced by a form DD-214 is eligible to take the reciprocity examination.
 - Sec. 21. Laws 2008, chapter 297, article 2, section 26, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Administrative provisions.** (a) The commissioner of veterans affairs, or the commissioner's designee, must convene the initial meeting of the working group. Upon request of the working group, the commissioner must provide meeting space and administrative services for the group. The members of the working group must elect a chair or co-chairs from the legislative members of the working group at the initial meeting. Each subsequent meeting is at the call of the chair or co-chairs.
- (b) Public members of the working group serve without special compensation or special payment of expenses from the working group.
 - (c) The working group expires on June 30, 2009 2010, unless an extension is authorized by law by that date.

Sec. 22. REPORTING REQUIRED.

- (a) The commissioner of finance must collect the following data annually from each cabinet-level state agency, with the exception of the Metropolitan Council, and must report those data, by agency, by the second week of each legislative session, beginning in 2011, to the chairs and leading minority members of each of the house of representatives and senate committees having responsibility for veterans policy and finance issues:
 - (1) the total number of persons employed in full-time positions by the state agency;
 - (2) the total number of employees identified in clause (1) who are veterans;
- (3) the total number of vacant full-time positions in the agency filled by hiring or appointment during the designated fiscal year;
 - (4) the total number of applications received for the positions identified in clause (3);
- (5) the total number of applications identified in clause (4) for which veterans preference was elected by the applicant;
- (6) the total number of applications identified in clause (5) for which the veteran applicant was judged by the hiring authority as meeting minimum requirements for the open positions of employment;
- (7) the total number of veteran applicants identified in clause (6) who were interviewed by the hiring authority for the open positions of employment in the agency;
- (8) the total number of veteran applicants identified in clause (7) who were selected for and offered employment within the open positions of employment in the agency;
- (9) the total number of veteran applicants identified in clause (8) who were hired into the open positions of employment in the agency;
- (10) the total number of veteran applicants identified in clause (6) who were sent a rejection letter, in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 43A.11, subdivision 9; and
- (11) any other data or information deemed important by the commissioner of administration and reflecting on the efforts of the subject agency to recruit and hire veterans.

- (b) The data must reflect one full fiscal year or one full calendar year, as determined by the commissioner of finance.
 - (c) The term "veteran" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 197.447.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009.

Sec. 23. CONSTRUCTION PROJECT PRIORITY LISTING STATUS.

In accordance with completed predesign documents, veterans population surveys, and the 2008 department construction project priority listing, the commissioner of veterans affairs shall continue to plan, develop, and pursue federal funding and other resources for the construction of projects on the listing. In consultation with the Veterans Affairs Strategic Planning Group and the Veterans Health Care Advisory Council, the commissioner must consider possible options for treatment, including, but not limited to, traumatic brain injury, posttraumatic stress disorder, and psycho-geriatric care. By January 15, 2010, the commissioner shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over veterans homes policy and finance regarding the status of the department construction project priority listing and the activities required under this section. Priority for future Minnesota Department of Veterans Affairs building projects shall be given to proposals for which state money has previously been appropriated.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 24. VETERANS CEMETERY SITING.

The commissioner of veterans affairs shall work with veterans groups, local government officials, and community groups, and in consultation with the commissioner of natural resources, to identify suitable locations for a state veterans cemetery in both northeastern and southwestern Minnesota. Redwood County shall be a priority location for a state veterans cemetery in southwestern Minnesota. State land and land donated for cemetery purposes shall be examined first before examining land acquisition opportunities. The commissioner shall provide notice to local units of government to request land donations for this purpose.

Sec. 25. INTERAGENCY STAFF.

For fiscal years 2010 and 2011, the Department of Veterans Affairs must not use funds appropriated in this article directly or indirectly to pay for the services of staff in the Office of the Governor.

ARTICLE 4

MILITARY AFFAIRS

Section 1. MILITARY APPROPRIATIONS.

The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2010" and "2011" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, or June 30, 2011, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2010. "The second year" is fiscal year 2011. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2010 and 2011.

APPROPRIATIONS
Available for the Year
Ending June 30
2010
2011

Sec. 2. MILITARY AFFAIRS

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation

\$22,374,000

\$19,374,000

The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Maintenance of Training Facilities	<u>6,660,000</u>	<u>6,660,000</u>
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Subd. 3. **General Support** 2,366,000 2,366,000

To the extent practicable, the adjutant general may provide transportation assistance to a nonprofit organization to support morale of deployed service personnel.

Subd. 4. **Enlistment Incentives** 13,348,000 10,348,000

\$3,000,000 the first year is for additional costs of enlistment incentives. This is a onetime appropriation.

If appropriations for either year of the biennium are insufficient, the appropriation from the other year is available. The appropriations for enlistment incentives are available until expended.

Sec. 3. [190.161] UNCOMPENSATED AND VOLUNTARY SERVICES; EXPENSES.

To assist in the discharge of the functions of the department, the adjutant general may accept uncompensated and voluntary services and enter into written agreements with private or public agencies or persons for uncompensated and voluntary services as may be practical. Persons rendering voluntary uncompensated services may be reimbursed for travel expenses incurred in the performance of official duties at the same rate per mile as state employees.

Sec. 4. [192.525] POSTDEPLOYMENT HEALTH ASSESSMENTS.

The adjutant general must establish a program of postdeployment comprehensive health and wellness assessments for members of the National Guard who have been called into active military service and deployed outside the state. There must be at least one health and wellness assessment conducted between approximately six months and not later than one year after the end of a member's deployment. The adjutant general may call on other state agencies, the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, county veteran service officers, and other appropriate resources in administering this program.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 523.131, is amended to read:

523.131 QUALIFICATION OF SUCCESSOR ATTORNEY-IN-FACT IN STATUTORY SHORT FORM POWER OF ATTORNEY.

If two or more attorneys-in-fact are originally appointed and one dies, resigns, or is unable to serve, a successor attorney-in-fact named in a power of attorney executed in conformity with section 523.23 or a form prepared under section 523.231 replaces the attorney-in-fact who dies, resigns, or is unable to serve. If the original attorneys-in-fact were required to act jointly, the attorneys-in-fact acting at any time must act jointly. If the original attorneys-in-fact were allowed to act individually, the attorneys-in-fact acting at any time may act individually. If attorneys-in-fact acting at any time are required to act jointly, and there is only one remaining attorney-in-fact because of the death, resignation, or inability to serve of all other original and successor attorneys-in-fact, the remaining attorney-in-fact may act alone.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 523.16, is amended to read:

523.16 AFFIDAVIT AS PROOF OF AUTHORITY OF ATTORNEY-IN-FACT.

<u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>Multiple attorneys-in-fact.</u> If the attorney-in-fact exercising a power pursuant to a power of attorney has authority to act as a result of the death, incompetency, or resignation of one or more attorneys-in-fact named in the power of attorney, an affidavit executed by the attorney-in-fact setting forth the conditions precedent to the attorney-in-fact's authority to act under the power of attorney and stating that those conditions have occurred is conclusive proof as to any party relying on the affidavit of the occurrence of those conditions.

- Subd. 2. Attorney-in-fact for member of military. If an attorney-in-fact is exercising a power pursuant to a power of attorney executed by a member of the military in a form prepared under section 523.231, an affidavit executed by the attorney-in-fact setting forth the conditions precedent to the authority to act and stating the existence of those conditions is conclusive proof as to any party relying on the affidavit of the existence of those conditions.
 - Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 523.20, is amended to read:

523,20 LIABILITY OF PARTIES REFUSING AUTHORITY OF ATTORNEY-IN-FACT TO ACT ON PRINCIPAL'S BEHALF.

Any party refusing to accept the authority of an attorney-in-fact to exercise a power granted by a power of attorney which (1) is executed in conformity with section 523.23 or a form prepared under section 523.231; (2) contains a specimen signature of the attorney-in-fact authorized to act; (3) with regard to the execution or delivery of any recordable instrument relating to real property, is accompanied by affidavits that satisfy the provisions of section 523.17; (4) with regard to any other transaction, is signed by the attorney-in-fact in a manner conforming to section 523.18; and (5) when applicable, is accompanied by an affidavit and any other document required by section 523.16, is liable to the principal and to the principal's heirs, assigns, and representative of the estate of the principal in the same manner as the party would be liable had the party refused to accept the authority of the principal to act on the principal's own behalf unless: (1) the party has actual notice of the revocation of the power of attorney prior to the exercise of the power; (2) the duration of the power of attorney specified in the power of attorney itself has expired; or (3) the party has actual knowledge of the death of the principal or, if the power of attorney is not a durable power of attorney, actual notice of a judicial determination that the principal is legally incompetent. This provision does not negate any liability which a party would have to the principal or to the attorney-in-fact under any other form of power of attorney under the common law or otherwise.

- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 523.23, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Failure to check or "X" a power.** Any of the powers of the form in subdivision 1 <u>or a form prepared under section 523.231</u> which is not checked or X-ed is withheld by the principal from the attorney-in-fact unless the power of (N) of the form in subdivision 1 <u>or a comparable provision in a form prepared under section 523.231</u> is checked or X-ed.
 - Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 523.23, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Requirements.** Except for a form prepared under section 523.231, to constitute a "statutory short form power of attorney," as this phrase is used in this chapter the wording and content of the form in subdivision 1 must be duplicated exactly and with no modifications, parts First, Second, and Third must be properly completed, and the signature of the principal must be acknowledged. Failure to name a successor attorney-in-fact, to provide an expiration date, or to complete part Fourth does not invalidate the power as a statutory short form power of attorney. A power of attorney that does not satisfy the requirements of this subdivision or a form prepared under section 523.231, but purports to be a statutory short form power of attorney, may constitute a common law power of attorney that incorporates by reference the definitions of powers contained in section 523.24; however, a party refusing to accept the authority of the common law attorney-in-fact is not liable under section 523.20.

Sec. 10. [523.231] ALTERNATIVE SHORT FORMS FOR GENERAL POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR MILITARY MEMBERS IN ACTIVE SERVICE.

The commissioner of military affairs may prepare alternative short forms for a general power of attorney for military members in active service, as defined in section 190.05. A form prepared by the commissioner is an alternative to the statutory short form in section 523.23.

Sec. 11. INTERAGENCY STAFF.

For fiscal years 2010 and 2011, the adjutant general must not use funds appropriated in this article directly or indirectly to pay for the services of staff in the Office of the Governor."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to appropriations; appropriating money for agriculture, the Board of Animal Health, Rural Finance Authority, veterans, and the military; changing certain requirements and programs; establishing a program; eliminating a sunset; requiring certain studies and reports; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 3.737, subdivision 1; 3.7371, subdivision 3; 13.643, by adding a subdivision; 16C.16, by adding a subdivision; 16C.19; 16C.20; 17.03, subdivision 12; 17.114, subdivision 3; 17.115, subdivision 2; 17.118, subdivisions 2, 4; 18.75; 18.76; 18.77, subdivisions 1, 3, 5, by adding subdivisions; 18.78, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 18.79; 18.80, subdivision 1; 18.81, subdivision 3, by adding subdivisions; 18.82, subdivisions 1, 3; 18.83; 18.84, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 18.86; 18.87; 18.88; 18B.01, subdivision 8, by adding subdivisions; 18B.065, subdivisions 1, 2, 2a, 3, 7, by adding subdivisions; 18B.26, subdivisions 1, 3; 18B.31, subdivisions 3, 4; 18B.37, subdivision 1; 18C.415, subdivision 3; 18C.421; 18C.425, subdivisions 4, 6; 18E.03, subdivisions 2, 4; 18E.06; 18H.02, subdivision 12a, by adding subdivisions; 18H.07, subdivisions 2, 3; 18H.09; 18H.10; 28A.085, subdivision 1; 28A.21, subdivision 5; 31.94; 32.394, subdivision 8; 41A.09, subdivision 3a; 41B.039, subdivision 2; 41B.04, subdivision 8; 41B.042, subdivision 4; 41B.043, subdivision 1b; 41B.045, subdivision 2; 43A.11, subdivision 7; 43A.23, subdivision 1; 97A.045, subdivision 1; 161.321; 171.06, subdivision 3; 171.07, by adding a subdivision; 171.12, by adding a subdivision; 190.19, subdivision 2a; 197.455, subdivision 1; 197.46; 197.791, subdivision 6; 198.003, by adding subdivisions; 239.791, subdivisions 1, 1a; 336.9-601; 343.11; 473.142; 523.131; 523.16; 523.20; 523.23, subdivisions 2, 3; 550.365, subdivision 2; 559.209, subdivision 2; 582.039, subdivision 2; 583.215; 626.8517; Laws 2008, chapter 274, section 5; Laws 2008, chapter 297, article 2, section 26, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 18; 18B; 31; 41A; 168; 190; 192; 523; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 17.49, subdivision 3; 18.81, subdivision 1; 18G.12, subdivision 5; 38.02, subdivisions 3, 4; 41.51; 41.52; 41.53; 41.55; 41.56; 41.57; 41.58, subdivisions 1, 2; 41.59, subdivision 1; 41.60; 41.61, subdivision 1; 41.62; 41.63; 41.65; Minnesota Rules, part 1505.0820."

We request the adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

HOUSE CONFERES: AL JUHNKE, MARY ELLEN OTREMBA, KENT EKEN, TIM FAUST and RON SHIMANSKI.

Senate Conferees: JIM VICKERMAN, STEVE DILLE, DAN SKOGEN, SHARON ERICKSON ROPES and LISA FOBBE.

Juhnke moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 1122 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 1122, A bill for an act relating to appropriations; appropriating money for agriculture, the Board of Animal Health, Rural Finance Authority, veterans, and the military; changing certain agricultural and animal health requirements and programs; establishing a program; eliminating a sunset; requiring certain studies and reports;

amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 3.737, subdivision 1; 3.7371, subdivision 3; 13.643, by adding a subdivision; 17.115, subdivision 2; 18.75; 18.76; 18.77, subdivisions 1, 3, 5, by adding subdivisions; 18.78, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 18.79; 18.80, subdivision 1; 18.81, subdivision 3, by adding subdivisions; 18.82, subdivisions 1, 3; 18.83; 18.84, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 18.86; 18.87; 18.88; 18B.01, subdivision 8, by adding subdivisions; 18B.065, subdivisions 1, 2, 2a, 3, 7, by adding subdivisions; 18B.26, subdivisions 1, 3; 18B.31, subdivisions 3, 4; 18B.37, subdivision 1; 18C.415, subdivision 3; 18C.421; 18C.425, subdivisions 4, 6; 18E.03, subdivisions 2, 4; 18E.06; 18H.02, subdivision 12a, by adding subdivisions; 18H.07, subdivisions 2, 3; 18H.09; 18H.10; 28A.085, subdivision 1; 28A.21, subdivision 5; 31.94; 32.394, subdivision 8; 41B.049, subdivisions 2a, 3a; 41B.039, subdivision 2; 41B.04, subdivision 8; 41B.042, subdivision 4; 41B.043, subdivision 1b; 41B.045, subdivision 2; 43A.11, subdivision 7; 43A.23, subdivision 1; 97A.045, subdivision 1; 171.06, subdivision 3; 171.07, by adding a subdivision; 171.12, by adding a subdivision; 197.455, subdivision 1; 197.46; 198.003, by adding subdivisions; 239.791, subdivisions 1, 1a; 336.9-601; 343.11; 550.365, subdivision 2; 559.209, subdivision 2; 582.039, subdivision 2; 583.215; 626.8517; Laws 2008, chapter 297, article 2, section 26, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 17; 18; 18B; 31; 41A; 192; 198; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 17.49, subdivision 3; 18G.12, subdivision 5; 38.02, subdivisions 3, 4; 41.51; 41.52; 41.53; 41.55; 41.56; 41.57; 41.58, subdivisions 1, 2; 41.59, subdivision 1; 41.60; 41.61, subdivision 1; 41.62; 41.63; 41.65; Minnesota Rules, part 1505.0820.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 133 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Dettmer	Hayden	Lenczewski	Nornes	Slawik
Anderson, B.	Dill	Hilstrom	Lesch	Norton	Slocum
Anderson, P.	Dittrich	Hilty	Liebling	Obermueller	Smith
Anderson, S.	Doepke	Holberg	Lieder	Olin	Solberg
Anzelc	Doty	Hoppe	Lillie	Otremba	Sterner
Atkins	Downey	Hornstein	Loeffler	Pelowski	Swails
Beard	Drazkowski	Hortman	Loon	Peppin	Thao
Benson	Eastlund	Hosch	Mack	Persell	Thissen
Bigham	Eken	Howes	Magnus	Peterson	Tillberry
Bly	Emmer	Huntley	Mahoney	Poppe	Torkelson
Brod	Falk	Jackson	Mariani	Reinert	Urdahl
Brown	Faust	Johnson	Marquart	Rosenthal	Wagenius
Brynaert	Fritz	Juhnke	Masin	Rukavina	Ward
Buesgens	Gardner	Kahn	McFarlane	Ruud	Welti
Bunn	Garofalo	Kalin	McNamara	Sailer	Westrom
Carlson	Gottwalt	Kath	Morgan	Sanders	Winkler
Champion	Greiling	Kelly	Morrow	Scalze	Zellers
Clark	Gunther	Kiffmeyer	Mullery	Scott	Spk. Kelliher
Cornish	Hackbarth	Knuth	Murdock	Seifert	
Davids	Hamilton	Koenen	Murphy, E.	Sertich	
Davnie	Hansen	Kohls	Murphy, M.	Severson	
Dean	Hausman	Laine	Nelson	Shimanski	
Demmer	Haws	Lanning	Newton	Simon	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 855

A bill for an act relating to capital improvements; authorizing spending to acquire and better public land and buildings and other improvements of a capital nature with certain conditions; establishing new programs and modifying existing programs; authorizing the sale of state bonds; repealing and modifying previous appropriations;

appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 16A.641, subdivisions 4, 7; 16A.66, subdivision 2; 16A.86, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 85.015, by adding a subdivision; 134.45, by adding a subdivision; 135A.046, subdivision 2; 174.03, subdivision 1b; 174.88, subdivision 2; Laws 2005, chapter 20, article 1, section 23, subdivision 16, as amended; Laws 2006, chapter 258, sections 20, subdivision 7; 21, subdivisions 5, 6, as amended; 23, subdivision 3, as amended; Laws 2008, chapter 179, section 3, subdivisions 12, as amended, 21, 25; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 16A; 84; 174; 473; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 16A.86, subdivision 3; 116.156; 473.399, subdivision 4; Laws 2008, chapter 179, section 8, subdivision 3.

May 12, 2009

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The Honorable Margaret Anderson Kelliher Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable James P. Metzen President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 855 report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 855 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"ARTICLE 1

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS

Section 1. CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT APPROPRIATIONS.

The sums shown in the column under "Appropriations" are appropriated from the bond proceeds fund, or another named fund, to the state agencies or officials indicated, to be spent for public purposes. Appropriations of bond proceeds must be spent as authorized by the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, section 5, paragraph (a), to acquire and better public land and buildings and other public improvements of a capital nature, or as authorized by the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, section 5, paragraphs (b) to (j), or article XIV. Unless otherwise specified, the appropriations in this act are available until the project is completed or abandoned subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.642.

SUMMARY

University of Minnesota	\$51,500,000
Minnesota State Colleges and Universities	<u>78,875,000</u>
Education	5,780,000
Natural Resources	54,800,000
Board of Water and Soil Resources	500,000
Rural Finance Authority	35,000,000

Zoological Garden	3,000,000
Amateur Sports Commission	1,000,000
Military Affairs	3,602,000
<u>Transportation</u>	54,600,000
Metropolitan Council	22,600,000
<u>Human Services</u>	4,000,000
Veterans Affairs	<u>2,500,000</u>
Corrections	4,000,000
Employment and Economic Development	17,250,000
Housing Finance Agency	<u>2,000,000</u>
Minnesota Historical Society	<u>2,165,000</u>
Bond Sale Expenses	343,000
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>\$343,515,000</u>
Bond Proceeds Fund (General Fund Debt Service)	279,777,000
Bond Proceeds Fund (User Financed Debt Service)	47,958,000
Maximum Effort School Loan Fund	<u>5,780,000</u>
State Transportation Fund	10,000,000
	APPROPRIATIONS
Sec. 2. <u>UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA</u>	
Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$51,500,000</u>
To the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota for the purposes specified in this section.	
Subd. 2. Higher Education Asset Preservation and Replacement (HEAPR)	25,000,000
To be spent in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 135A.046.	
Subd. 3. Twin Cities Campus	
D HAE CALL LIVE	24,000,000

Wednesday, May 13, 2009

5933

24,000,000

53RD DAY]

Bell Museum of Natural History

5934	JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE	[53rd Day

To complete design and to construct, furnish, and equip a new Bell Museum of Natural History on the St. Paul campus.

National Solar Rating and Certification Laboratory

2,150,000

To design, engineer, construct, furnish, and equip a solar rating and certification laboratory in the mechanical engineering building on the Minneapolis campus. The project includes installation and upgrading of utilities for the laboratory, acquisition and installation of a testing chamber, and accreditation of the laboratory.

Subd. 4. West Central Research and Outreach Center, Morris

350,000

To acquire and install at the West Central Research and Outreach Center in Morris demonstration solar thermal and photo voltaic systems, including system monitoring equipment.

Sec. 3. <u>MINNESOTA STATE COLLEGES AND</u> UNIVERSITIES

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation

\$78,875,000

To the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities for the purposes specified in this section.

Subd. 2. <u>Higher Education Asset Preservation And</u> Replacement (HEAPR)

40,000,000

For the purposes specified in Minnesota Statutes, section 135A.046, including safety and statutory compliance, building envelope integrity, mechanical systems, and space restoration.

Subd. 3. Lake Superior Community and Technical College

Health and Science Center Addition

11,000,000

To complete design of and to construct, furnish, and equip an addition to the Health and Science Center and to renovate existing spaces.

Subd. 4. Mesabi Range Community and Technical College, Eveleth

Carpentry and Industrial Mechanical Technology and Shops

5,250,000

5,700,000

To construct, furnish, and equip shop space for the industrial mechanical technology and carpentry programs. This appropriation includes funding for renovation of existing space for ADA compliance.

Subd. 5. Metropolitan State University

Smart Classroom Center

To construct, furnish, and equip renovation of two floors of technology-enhanced classrooms and academic offices in the power plant building. This appropriation includes money to demolish the power plant annex to enable the new construction.

<u>Subd. 6.</u> <u>Minnesota State College, Southeast Technical -</u> Aviation Training Center

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 136F.60, subdivision 5, the net proceeds of the sale or disposition of the Aviation Training Center in Winona operated by Minnesota State College - Southeast Technical, after paying all expenses incurred in selling the property and retiring any remaining debt attributable to the project, are appropriated to the board of trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities for use in a capital project at the Winona campus and need not be paid to the commissioner of finance, as would otherwise be required by Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.695, subdivision 3.

When the sale is complete and the sale proceeds have been applied as provided in this subdivision, Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.695, no longer applies to the property and the property is no longer state bond financed property.

Subd. 7. North Hennepin Community College

Center for Business and Technology

13,300,000

To construct, furnish, and equip an addition to the Center for Business and Technology and to renovate the center for classrooms and related space.

Subd. 8. Systemwide Initiatives

Classroom Renovation

3,625,000

To design, construct, furnish, and equip renovation of classroom and academic space. Excluding revenue from student tuition and fees, campuses may use nonstate money to increase the size of the projects. This appropriation may be used only at the following campuses: Central Lakes College, Brainerd; Minnesota State Community Technical College, Moorhead and Wadena; Minnesota West Community Technical College, Pipestone; Northland Community Technical College, Thief River Falls; Pine Technical College, Pine City; and Rochester Community Technical College, Rochester.

Subd. 9. **Debt Service**

(a) The board shall pay the debt service on one-third of the principal amount of state bonds sold to finance projects authorized by this section, except for higher education asset preservation and

replacement, and except that, where a nonstate match is required, the debt service is due on a principal amount equal to one-third of the total project cost, less the match committed before the bonds are sold. After each sale of general obligation bonds, the commissioner of finance shall notify the board of the amounts assessed for each year for the life of the bonds.

(b) The commissioner shall reduce the board's assessment each year by one-third of the net income from investment of general obligation bond proceeds in proportion to the amount of principal and interest otherwise required to be paid by the board. The board shall pay its resulting net assessment to the commissioner of finance by December 1 each year. If the board fails to make a payment when due, the commissioner of finance shall reduce allotments for appropriations from the general fund otherwise available to the board and apply the amount of the reduction to cover the missed debt service payment. The commissioner of finance shall credit the payments received from the board to the bond debt service account in the state bond fund each December 1 before money is transferred from the general fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.641, subdivision 10.

Subd. 10. Unspent Appropriations

- (a) Upon substantial completion of a project authorized in this section and after written notice to the commissioner of finance, the Board of Trustees must use any money remaining in the appropriation for that project for HEAPR under Minnesota Statutes, section 135A.046. The Board of Trustees must report by February 1 of each even-numbered year to the chairs of the house and senate committees with jurisdiction over capital investment and higher education finance, and to the chairs of the house Ways and Means Committee and the senate Finance Committee, on how the remaining money has been allocated or spent.
- (b) The unspent portion of an appropriation for a project in this section that is complete, is available for higher education asset preservation and replacement under this subdivision, at the same campus as the project for which the original appropriation was made and the debt service requirement under subdivision 9 is reduced accordingly. Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.642, applies from the date of the original appropriation to the unspent amount transferred.

Sec. 4. **EDUCATION**

Independent School District No. 38, Red Lake

From the maximum effort school loan fund to the commissioner of education for a capital loan to Independent School District No. 38, Red Lake, as provided in Minnesota Statutes, sections 126C.60 to 126C.72, to design, construct, furnish, and equip renovation of existing facilities and construction of new facilities.

\$5,780,000

The project paid for with this appropriation includes a portion of the renovation and construction identified as Phase 4 in the review and comment performed by the commissioner of education under the capital loan provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 126C.69. This portion includes renovation and construction of a single kitchen and cafeteria to serve the high school and middle school, a receiving area and dock and adjacent drives, utilities, and grading.

Before any capital loan contract is approved under this authorization, the district must provide documentation acceptable to the commissioner on how the capital loan will be used.

Sec. 5. NATURAL RESOURCES

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation

\$54,800,000

To the commissioner of natural resources for the purposes specified in this section. The commissioner must allocate money appropriated in this section so as to maximize the use of all available federal money from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Public Law 111-5, and any other federal funding.

The appropriations in this section are subject to the requirements of the natural resources capital improvement program under Minnesota Statutes, section 86A.12, unless this section or the statutes referred to in this section provide more specific standards, criteria, or priorities for projects than Minnesota Statutes, section 86A.12.

To the extent possible, a person conducting prairie restoration with state money must plant vegetation or sow seed only of ecotypes native to Minnesota, and preferably of the local ecotype, using a high diversity of species originating from as close to the restoration site as possible, and protect existing native prairies from genetic contamination.

Subd. 2. Statewide Asset Preservation

1,000,000

For the renovation of state-owned facilities operated by the commissioner of natural resources that can be substantially completed in calendar year 2009, as determined by the commissioner of natural resources, to be spent in accordance with new Minnesota Statutes, section 84.946, including renovation of buildings for energy efficiency, roof replacements, replacement of well and water treatment systems, road resurfacing, major culvert replacement and erosion control, water access rehabilitation, trail resurfacing and widening, and bridge replacement and rehabilitation. The commissioner may use this appropriation to replace buildings if, considering the embedded energy in the building, that is the most energy-efficient and carbon-reducing method of renovation.

Subd. 3. Flood Hazard Mitigation Grants

53,800,000

For the state share of flood hazard mitigation grants for publicly owned capital improvements to prevent or alleviate flood damage under Minnesota Statutes, section 103F.161.

This appropriation includes money to maximize federal funds for projects in Ada, Breckenridge, and Roseau. Any money remaining from this appropriation is for the following projects as prioritized by the commissioner based on need:

- (a) Ada
- (b) Agassiz Valley
- (c) Albert Lea
- (d) Argyle
- (e) Austin
- (f) Bois de Sioux Watershed District, North Ottawa project
- (g) Breckenridge
- (h) Browns Valley
- (i) Crookston
- (j) Granite Falls
- (k) Hay Creek-Norland
- (1) Inver Grove Heights
- (m) Manston Slough
- (n) Moorhead
- (o) Oakport Township
- \$12,000,000 is for the Oakport Township project.
- (p) Red Path
- (q) Roseau
- (r) Shell Rock River Watershed
- (s) Spring Brook
- (t) Stillwater
- (u) St. Paul

\$3,800,000 is for a grant to the City of St. Paul to acquire land for and to predesign, design, construct, furnish, and equip river park development and redevelopment infrastructure in National Great River Park along the Mississippi River in St. Paul. This appropriation is not subject to the match requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 103F.161, but it is not available until the commissioner determines that at least \$2,500,000 is committed to the project from nonstate sources.

(v) St. Vincent

(w) Two Rivers

(x) Any other project in a community in the Red River basin affected by the 2009 flood

For any project listed in this subdivision that the commissioner determines is not ready to proceed or does not expend all the money allocated to it, the commissioner may allocate that project's money to a project on the commissioner's priority list.

To the extent that the cost of a project in Ada, Breckenridge, Browns Valley, Crookston, Granite Falls, Moorhead, Oakport Township, Roseau, St. Vincent, or any other community affected by the April 2009 flooding in the Red River basin exceeds two percent of the median household income in the municipality multiplied by the number of households in the municipality, this appropriation is also for the local share of the project.

Sec. 6. BOARD OF WATER AND SOIL RESOURCES

RIM Conservation Reserve

\$500,000

To the Board of Water and Soil Resources to acquire conservation easements from landowners to preserve, restore, create, and enhance wetlands, restore and enhance rivers and streams, riparian lands, and associated uplands in order to protect soil and water quality, support fish and wildlife habitat, reduce flood damages, and other public benefits. The board must allocate money appropriated in this section so as to maximize the use of available federal funds. The provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 103F.515, apply to this appropriation, except that the board may establish alternative payment rates for easements and practices to establish restored native prairies and to protect uplands. To the extent possible, prairie restorations conducted with money appropriated in this section must plant vegetation or sow seed only of ecotypes native to Minnesota, and preferably of the local ecotype, using a high diversity of species originating from as close to the restoration site as possible, and protect existing native prairies from genetic contamination. Of this appropriation, up to ten percent may be used to implement the program.

Sec. 7. RURAL FINANCE AUTHORITY.

\$35,000,000

For the purposes set forth in the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, section 5, paragraph (h). To the Rural Finance Authority to purchase participation interests in or to make direct agricultural loans to farmers under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 41B. This appropriation is for the beginning farmer program under Minnesota Statutes, section 41B.039; the loan restructuring program under Minnesota Statutes, section 41B.04; the seller-sponsored program under Minnesota Statutes, section 41B.042; the agricultural improvement loan program under Minnesota Statutes, section 41B.043; and the livestock expansion loan program under Minnesota Statutes, section 41B.045. All debt service on bond proceeds used to finance this appropriation must be repaid by the Rural Finance Authority under Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.643. Loan participations must be priced to provide full interest and principal coverage and a reserve for potential losses. Priority for loans must be given first to basic beginning farmer loans, second to seller-sponsored loans, and third to agricultural improvement loans.

Sec. 8. MINNESOTA ZOOLOGICAL GARDEN

Asset Preservation and Improvement

\$3,000,000

To the Minnesota Zoological Garden to design and construct capital asset preservation improvements and betterments to infrastructure and exhibits at the Minnesota Zoo.

Sec. 9. AMATEUR SPORTS COMMISSION

National Sports Center - Blaine

\$1,000,000

To the Minnesota Amateur Sports Commission for asset preservation at the National Sports Center in Blaine, to be spent in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.307.

Sec. 10. MILITARY AFFAIRS

Asset Preservation \$3,602,000

To the adjutant general for asset preservation improvements and betterments of a capital nature at military affairs facilities, to be spent in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.307. The adjutant general must allocate money appropriated in this section so as to maximize the use of all available federal funding.

This appropriation may be used for life safety improvements, to correct code deficiencies, for Americans with Disabilities Act alterations, and to improve energy efficiency at existing National Guard Training and Community Centers at Hastings, Hutchinson,

Red Wing, and Winona; and to match federal stimulus money for backup heating and electricity improvements at Bemidji, Brainerd, Duluth, Inver Grove Heights, Jackson, Northeast Minneapolis, Rosemount, and St. Peter.

Sec. 11. TRANSPORTATION

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation

\$54,600,000

To the commissioner of transportation for the purposes specified in this section. The commissioner must allocate money appropriated in this section so as to maximize the use of all available federal money from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Public Law 111-5, and any other federal funding.

Subd. 2. Local Bridge Replacement and Rehabilitation

10,000,000

This appropriation is from the bond proceeds account in the state transportation fund to match federal money and to replace or rehabilitate local deficient bridges as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 174.50.

Political subdivisions may use grants made under this subdivision to construct or reconstruct bridges, including but not limited to:

- (1) matching federal-aid grants to construct or reconstruct key bridges;
- (2) paying the costs of preliminary engineering and environmental studies authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section 174.50, subdivision 6a;
- (3) paying the costs to abandon an existing bridge that is deficient and in need of replacement, but where no replacement will be made;
- (4) paying the costs to construct a road or street to facilitate the abandonment of an existing bridge determined by the commissioner to be deficient, if the commissioner determines that construction of the road or street is more economical than replacement of the existing bridge; and
- (5) paying up to \$300,000 of the cost to construct a bridge over both a trunk highway and rail corridor in a city of less than 5,000 population when the commissioner determines a bridge is needed to improve safety.

Subd. 3. Rail Service Improvement

3,000,000

For the rail service improvement program to be spent for the purposes set forth in Minnesota Statutes, section 222.50, subdivision 7.

Subd. 4. Minnesota Valley Railroad Track Rehabilitation

4,000,000

For a grant to the Minnesota Valley Regional Railroad Authority to rehabilitate up to 95 miles of railroad track from Norwood-Young America to Hanley Falls. A grant under this subdivision is in addition to any grant, loan, or loan guarantee for this project made by the commissioner under Minnesota Statutes, sections 222.46 to 222.62.

Subd. 5. Intercity Passenger Rail Projects

26,000,000

To implement capital improvements and betterments for intercity passenger rail projects as identified in the statewide freight and passenger rail plan under Minnesota Statutes, section 174.03, subdivision 1b, which are determined to be eligible for USDOT funding. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a portion or phase of an intercity passenger rail project may be accomplished with one or more state appropriations, and an intercity passenger rail project need not be completed with any one appropriation. Capital improvements and betterments include preliminary engineering, design, engineering, environmental analysis and mitigation, acquisition of land and right-of-way, and construction.

Subd. 6. Port Development Assistance

3,000,000

For grants under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 457A. Any improvements made with the proceeds of these grants must be publicly owned.

Subd. 7. Alexandria Aircraft Surveillance Facility

2,000,000

To acquire land for, and to design and construct, a surveillance tower and associated equipment, an emergency backup power system, and a structure to house equipment.

Subd. 8. Bigfork Airport Runway

1,700,000

For a grant to the city of Bigfork to extend and reconstruct a runway.

Subd. 9. **Duluth Airport Terminal**

4,900,000

For a grant to the city of Duluth to predesign, design, construct, furnish, and equip phase one of the new terminal facilities at the Duluth International Airport as that phase of the terminal facilities project is described for purposes of grant funding received from the Federal Aviation Administration.

Sec. 12. METROPOLITAN COUNCIL

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation

\$22,600,000

To the Metropolitan Council for the purposes specified in this section.

Subd. 2. Transit Capital Improvement Program

21,000,000

- (a) To the Metropolitan Council. \$8,500,000 is for the state's share of costs for the Central Corridor light rail line for one or more of the following activities: preliminary engineering, final design, property acquisition, including improvements and betterments of a capital nature, relocation of utilities owned by public entities, and construction.
- (b) Any remaining money from this appropriation is to implement one or more of the following capital improvements, which are not listed in a ranked order of priority. The council shall determine project priorities after consultation with the Counties Transit Improvement Board, and other stakeholders, as appropriate. The council shall seek geographic balance in the allotment of this appropriation where possible and maximize the use of all available federal money from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Public Law 111-5, and any other available federal money.

(1) Bottineau Boulevard Transit Way

For a grant to the Hennepin County Regional Railroad Authority for environmental work for Bottineau Transit Way corridor from the Hiawatha light rail and Northstar intermodal transit station in downtown Minneapolis to the vicinity of the Target development in northern Brooklyn Park or the Arbor Lakes retail area in Maple Grove.

(2) Cedar Avenue Bus Rapid Transit

For a grant to the Dakota County Regional Rail Authority to acquire real property and construct roadway improvements for shoulder running bus lanes on County State-Aid Highway 23 in Apple Valley and Lakeville for the Cedar Avenue Bus Rapid Transit Way (BRT) in Dakota County.

(3) I-94 Corridor Transit Way

- (i) For a grant to Washington County Regional Rail Authority for environmental work and preliminary engineering of transportation and transit improvements, including busways, park-and-rides, or rail transit, in the marked Interstate Highway 94 corridor.
- (ii) To acquire property and construct transportation and transit improvements, including busways, park-and-rides, or rail transit, in the marked Interstate Highway 94 corridor.

(4) Red Rock Corridor Transit Way

To design, construct, and furnish park-and-ride lots for the Red Rock Corridor Transit Way between Hastings and Minneapolis via St. Paul, and any extension between Hastings and Red Wing.

(5) Riverview Corridor Transit Way

For a grant to the Ramsey County Regional Railroad Authority for environmental work and preliminary engineering for bus rapid transit in the Riverview corridor between the east side of St. Paul and the Minneapolis-St. Paul International Airport and the Mall of America.

(6) Robert Street Corridor Transit Way

To design and construct new passenger shelters and a bus layover facility, including rest rooms, break areas, and a passenger shelter, in the Robert Street Corridor Transit Way along or parallel to U.S. Highway 52 and Robert Street from within the city of St. Paul to Dakota County Road 42 in Rosemount.

(7) Rush Line Corridor Transit Way

For a grant to the Ramsey County Regional Railroad Authority to acquire land for, design, and construct park-and-ride or park-and-pool lots located along the Rush Line Corridor along I-35E/I-35 and Highway 61 from the Union Depot in downtown St. Paul to Hinckley.

(8) Southwest Corridor Transit Way

To prepare an environmental impact statement (EIS) and for preliminary engineering for the Southwest Transit Way Corridor, from the Hiawatha light rail in downtown Minneapolis to the vicinity of the Southwest Station transit hub in Eden Prairie. The Metropolitan Council may grant a portion of this appropriation to the Hennepin County Regional Railroad Authority for the EIS work.

(9) Union Depot

For a grant to the Ramsey County Regional Railroad Authority to acquire land and structures, to renovate structures, and for design, engineering, and construction to revitalize Union Depot for use as a multimodal transit center in St. Paul. The center must be designed so that it facilitates a potential future connection of high-speed rail to Minneapolis.

(c) Of this amount, \$313,000 is for preliminary engineering and final design for betterments in the State Capitol area related to the Central Corridor light rail transit project. This money is not included in the Central Corridor light rail transit project budget.

Subd. 3. Metropolitan Regional Parks Capital Improvements

(a) Northtown Rail Yard Bridge

For a grant to the city of Minneapolis to acquire land for, and to predesign and design a bridge for, St. Anthony Parkway over the Northtown Rail Yard.

(b) Veterans Victory Memorial Parkway

1,000,000

For a grant to the city of Minneapolis to better the Veterans of World War I Victory Memorial Parkway portion of the Grand Rounds Scenic Byway.

Sec. 13. HUMAN SERVICES

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation

\$4,000,000

To the commissioner of administration, or another named agency, for the purposes specified in this section. The commissioner must allocate money appropriated in this section so as to maximize the use of all available federal funding.

Subd. 2. Asset Preservation

2,000,000

For asset preservation improvements and betterments of a capital nature at Department of Human Services facilities statewide, in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.307. The commissioner may give first priority to installing a summer boiler system for the Minnesota sex offender program at Moose Lake and to making capital improvements at the St. Peter Regional Treatment Center that will increase energy efficiency and reduce operating costs.

Subd. 3. Early Childhood Learning and Child Protection Facilities

2,000,000

To the commissioner of human services for grants to construct and rehabilitate facilities for programs under Minnesota Statutes, section 256E.37.

Sec. 14. VETERANS AFFAIRS

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation

\$2,500,000

To the commissioner of administration for the purposes specified in this section. The commissioner must allocate money appropriated in this section so as to maximize the use of all available federal funding.

Subd. 2. Asset Preservation

1,000,000

For asset preservation improvements and betterments of a capital nature at veterans homes statewide, to be spent in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.307. Of this, \$600,000 is for

HVAC replacement and foundation waterproofing in building 4 at the Minneapolis Veterans Home, and \$350,000 is for roof replacement projects at the Hastings Veterans Home.

Subd. 3. Veterans Cemeteries

1,500,000

Of this amount, up to \$500,000 is to acquire land located in Redwood County and northeastern Minnesota for publicly owned veterans cemeteries, to be operated by the commissioner of veterans affairs. The commissioner also must seek donations of land for the cemeteries. The balance of the appropriation is to predesign and design the cemeteries. Federal reimbursement of predesign and design costs is appropriated to the commissioner for asset preservation of veterans homes statewide, to be spent in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.307.

Sec. 15. CORRECTIONS

Asset Preservation \$4,000,000

To the commissioner of administration for improvements and betterments of a capital nature at Minnesota correctional facilities statewide, in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.307.

Sec. 16. <u>EMPLOYMENT AND ECONOMIC</u> **DEVELOPMENT**

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation

\$17,250,000

To the commissioner of employment and economic development or other named agency for the purposes specified in this section.

Subd. 2. Redevelopment Account

750,000

For the purposes of the redevelopment account in Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.571, for a grant to St. Louis County to design, construct, and install public water and sewer and related infrastructure from the city of Chisholm to the regional competition and exhibit center notwithstanding the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, sections 116J.571 to 116J.575, relating to eligible costs. This appropriation is not available until the commissioner determines that at least an equal amount is committed to the project.

Subd. 3. Mankato - Civic Center Expansion

6,500,000

For a grant to the city of Mankato for its Civic Center expansion, including to prepare a site for and to design, construct, furnish, and equip the Southern Minnesota Women's Hockey Exposition Center for use by Minnesota State University, Mankato. The Minnesota State Colleges and Universities may lease land on the campus of Minnesota State University, Mankato, to the city of Mankato on which to construct the Exposition Center.

This appropriation is not available until the commissioner has determined that at least an equal amount has been committed to the project from nonstate sources.

Subd. 4. Minneapolis - Shubert Performing Arts and Education Center

2,000,000

For a grant to the city of Minneapolis to construct, furnish, and equip the Shubert Theater and an associated atrium to create the Minnesota Shubert Performing Arts and Education Center. This appropriation is added to the appropriation in Laws 2006, chapter 258, section 21, subdivision 17, paragraph (b).

Subd. 5. Olmsted County - Steam Line Extension

5,000,000

For a grant to Olmsted County to design and construct approximately 1.25 miles of a new steam pipeline from the Olmsted Waste-to-Energy Facility to the Rochester Community and Technical College Campus, supplying steam heat and cooling from a renewable energy source.

This appropriation is not available until the commissioner has determined that at least an equal amount has been committed from Olmsted County.

Subd. 6. St. Cloud - Civic Center Expansion

3,000,000

For a grant to the city of St. Cloud to acquire land for and to design, construct, furnish, and equip phase 1 of an expansion of the St. Cloud Civic Center. The expansion includes approximately 66,000 square feet of new space and a 300-stall parking ramp. This appropriation is added to the appropriation in Laws 2008, chapter 179, section 21, subdivision 14.

This appropriation is not available until the commissioner of finance determines that at least \$3,000,000 is committed to the project from nonstate sources.

Sec. 17. HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

\$2,000,000

To the Housing Finance Agency to finance the rehabilitation of public housing under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.202, subdivision 3a. "Public housing" means housing for low-income persons and households financed by the federal government and owned and operated by cities and counties. Eligible cities and counties must have a public housing assessment system rating of standard or above. The priority in Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.202, subdivision 3a, for projects that increase the supply of affordable housing does not apply to this appropriation. Priority must be given to proposals that maximize federal or local resources to finance the capital costs.

Sec. 18. MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Historic Sites Asset Preservation

\$2,165,000

To the Minnesota Historical Society for capital improvements and betterments at state historic sites, buildings, landscaping at historic buildings, exhibits, markers, and monuments, to be spent in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.307. Notwithstanding that section, up to \$527,000 may be used to design projects eligible for future funding and up to \$100,000 may be used for a grant to the city of Inver Grove Heights to design and renovate the west bank bridge and bridge approach to historic Mississippi River bridge JAR 5600, commonly known as the Rock Island Bridge, located between Inver Grove Heights and St. Paul Park in Dakota and Washington Counties. The design for utilizing the bridge infrastructure along the west bank of the Mississippi River must require connections with any local, regional, or state trails, and incorporate walking trails and fishing pier concepts, along with any park development in the area.

The society shall determine other project priorities as appropriate based on need.

Sec. 19. **BOND SALE EXPENSES**

\$343,000

To the commissioner of finance for bond sale expenses under Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.641, subdivision 8.

Sec. 20. **BOND SALE SCHEDULE.**

The commissioner of finance shall schedule the sale of state general obligation bonds so that, during the biennium ending June 30, 2011, no more than \$1,085,281,000 will need to be transferred from the general fund to the state bond fund to pay principal and interest due and to become due on outstanding state general obligation bonds. During the biennium, before each sale of state general obligation bonds, the commissioner of finance shall calculate the amount of debt service payments needed on bonds previously issued and shall estimate the amount of debt service payments that will be needed on the bonds scheduled to be sold. The commissioner shall adjust the amount of bonds scheduled to be sold so as to remain within the limit set by this section. The amount needed to make the debt service payments is appropriated from the general fund as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.641.

Sec. 21. **BOND SALE AUTHORIZATION.**

Subdivision 1. **Bond proceeds fund.** To provide the money appropriated in this act from the bond proceeds fund, the commissioner of finance shall sell and issue bonds of the state in an amount up to \$327,735,000 in the manner, upon the terms, and with the effect prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, sections 16A.631 to 16A.675, and by the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, sections 4 to 7.

Subd. 2. Maximum effort school loan fund. To provide the money appropriated in this act from the maximum effort school loan fund, the commissioner of finance shall sell and issue bonds of the state in an amount up to \$5,780,000 in the manner, upon the terms, and with the effect prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, sections 16A.631 to 16A.675, and by the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, sections 4 to 7. The proceeds of the bonds, except accrued interest and any premium received on the sale of the bonds, must be credited to a bond proceeds account in the maximum effort school loan fund.

- Subd. 3. Transportation fund bond proceeds account. To provide the money appropriated in this act from the state transportation fund, the commissioner of finance shall sell and issue bonds of the state in an amount up to \$10,000,000 in the manner, upon the terms, and with the effect prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, sections 16A.631 to 16A.675, and by the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, sections 4 to 7. The proceeds of the bonds, except accrued interest and any premium received on the sale of the bonds, must be credited to a bond proceeds account in the state transportation fund.
 - Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 16A.641, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 4a. Negotiated sales; temporary authority. Notwithstanding the public sale requirements of subdivision 4 and section 16A.66, subdivision 2, from June 1, 2009, until June 30, 2011, the commissioner may sell bonds, including refunding bonds, at negotiated sale.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and expires July 1, 2011.

- Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 16A.86, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Budget request.** A political subdivision that requests an appropriation of state money for a local capital improvement project is encouraged to submit the request to the commissioner of finance by July 15 of an odd-numbered year to ensure its full consideration. The requests must be submitted in the form and with the supporting documentation required by the commissioner of finance. All requests timely received by the commissioner must be <u>forwarded submitted</u> to the legislature, along with <u>agency requests the governor's recommendations</u>, whether or not the governor recommends that a request be <u>funded</u>, by the deadline established in section 16A.11, subdivision 1.
 - Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 16A.86, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- <u>Subd. 3a.</u> <u>Information provided.</u> <u>All requests for state assistance under this section must include the following information:</u>
- (1) the name of the political subdivision that will own the capital project for which state assistance is being requested;
 - (2) the public purpose of the project;
- (3) the extent to which the political subdivision has or expects to provide local, private, user financing, or other nonstate funding for the project;
- (4) a list of the bondable activities that the project encompasses; examples of bondable activities are public improvements of a capital nature for land acquisition, predesign, design, construction, and furnishing and equipping for occupancy;
 - (5) whether the project will require new or additional state operating subsidies;
- (6) whether the governing body of the political subdivision requesting the project has passed a resolution in support of the project and has established priorities for all projects within its jurisdiction for which bonding appropriations are requested when submitting multiple requests; and
- (7) if the project requires a predesign under section 16B.335, whether the predesign has been completed at the time the capital project request is submitted, and whether the political subdivision has submitted the project predesign to the commissioner of administration for review and approval.

Sec. 25. [84.946] NATURAL RESOURCES ASSET PRESERVATION AND REPLACEMENT (NRAPR).

- Subdivision 1. Purpose. The legislature recognizes that the Department of Natural Resources owns and operates capital assets that in number, size, and programmatic use differ significantly from the capital assets owned and operated by other state departments and agencies. However, the legislature recognizes the need for standards to aid in categorizing and funding capital projects. The purpose of this section is to provide standards for those natural resource projects that are intended to preserve and replace existing facilities.
- Subd. 2. **Standards.** (a) An appropriation for asset preservation may be used only for a capital expenditure on a capital asset previously owned by the state, within the meaning of generally accepted accounting principles as applied to public expenditures. The commissioner of natural resources will consult with the commissioner of finance to the extent necessary to ensure this and will furnish the commissioner of finance a list of projects to be financed from the account in order of their priority. The legislature assumes that many projects for preservation and replacement of portions of existing capital assets will constitute betterments and capital improvements within the meaning of the Constitution and capital expenditures under generally accepted accounting principles, and will be financed more efficiently and economically under this section than by direct appropriations for specific projects.
- (b) An appropriation for asset preservation must not be used to acquire land or to acquire or construct buildings or other facilities.
- (c) Capital budget expenditures for natural resource asset preservation and replacement projects must be for one or more of the following types of capital projects that support the existing programmatic mission of the department: code compliance including health and safety, Americans with Disabilities Act requirements, hazardous material abatement, access improvement, or air quality improvement; building energy efficiency improvements using current best practices; building or infrastructure repairs necessary to preserve the interior and exterior of existing buildings; or renovation of other existing improvements to land, including but not limited to trails and bridges.
- (d) Up to ten percent of an appropriation awarded under this section may be used for design costs for projects eligible to be funded from this account in anticipation of future funding from the account.
- Subd. 3. **Reporting priorities.** The commissioner of natural resources must establish priorities within its natural resource asset preservation and replacement projects. By January 15 of each year, the commissioner must submit to the commissioner of finance and to the chairs of the house and senate committees with jurisdiction over environment and natural resources finance and capital investment a list of the projects that have been paid for with money from a natural resource asset preservation and replacement appropriation during the preceding calendar year as well as a list of those priority projects for which natural resource asset preservation and replacement appropriations will be sought in that year's legislative session.
 - Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 134.45, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 8. Sale of public library funded with state bond proceeds. If the commissioner of education and the local or regional governmental entity that owns a public library that has been improved with state bond proceeds under this section determines that the library is no longer usable or needed for the purposes for which the grant of state bond funds was made, the owner of the public library may sell the property in the manner authorized by law for the sale of other property owned by that jurisdiction for its fair market value. The sale must be approved by the commissioner of finance. Notwithstanding section 16A.695, subdivision 3, clause (2), the net proceeds must be applied as follows: first, to pay the state the amount of state bond proceeds used to acquire or better the property; and second, any remaining amount must be paid to the local or regional governmental owner of the property sold. When the sale is complete and the sale proceeds have been applied as provided in this subdivision, section 16A.695 no longer applies to the property and the property is no longer state bond financed property.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to the sale of public library property on or after that date.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 135A.046, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Standards.** Capital budget expenditures for Higher Education Asset Preservation and Replacement (HEAPR) projects must be for one or more of the following: code compliance including health and safety, Americans with Disabilities Act requirements, hazardous material abatement, access improvement, or air quality improvement; <u>building energy efficiency improvements using current best practices</u>; or building or infrastructure repairs necessary to preserve the interior and exterior of existing buildings; or renewal to support the existing programmatic mission of the campuses. Up to ten percent of an appropriation awarded under this section may be used for design costs for projects eligible to be funded from this account in anticipation of future funding from the account.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 136F.98, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Issuance of bonds.** The Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities or a successor may issue revenue bonds under sections 136F.90 to 136F.97 whose aggregate principal amount at any time may not exceed \$200,000,000, and payable from the revenue appropriated to the fund established by section 136F.94, and use the proceeds together with other public or private money that may otherwise become available to acquire land, and to acquire, construct, complete, remodel, and equip structures or portions thereof to be used for dormitory, residence hall, student union, food service, parking purposes, or for any other similar revenue-producing building or buildings of such type and character as the board finds desirable for the good and benefit of the state colleges and universities. Before issuing the bonds or any part of them, the board shall consult with and obtain the advisory recommendations of the chairs of the house of representatives Ways and Means Committee and the senate Finance Committee about the facilities to be financed by the bonds.

Sec. 29. Laws 2000, chapter 492, article 1, section 5, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. Minnesota Planetarium

1,000,000

For a grant to the city of Minneapolis Hennepin County to predesign and design a new Minnesota planetarium located in conjunction with the Minneapolis downtown library, and to update the design as necessary. Any remaining money may be used for construction. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.642, the bond authorization and appropriation of bond proceeds for this project are available until December 31, 2012.

Sec. 30. Laws 2005, chapter 20, article 1, section 23, subdivision 16, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 179, section 58, is amended to read:

Subd. 16. Minneapolis

(a) Minnesota Planetarium

22,000,000

For a grant to Hennepin County to complete design and to construct, furnish, and equip a new Minnesota planetarium and space discovery center in conjunction with the Minneapolis downtown library. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.642, the bond authorization and appropriation of bond proceeds for this project are available until December 31, 2012.

(b) Heritage Park

Any unspent balance remaining on December 31, 2004, in the appropriation made by Laws 2000, chapter 492, article 1, section 22, subdivision 10, for a grant to the city of Minneapolis, may be used by the city for improvements to the Heritage Park project.

(c) Minnesota Shubert Center

1,000,000

For a grant to the city of Minneapolis to predesign and design and provide for related capital costs for an associated atrium to create the Minnesota Shubert Center.

Sec. 31. Laws 2006, chapter 258, section 7, subdivision 7, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 179, section 60, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Lake Superior safe harbors

3,000,000

To design and construct capital improvements to public accesses and small craft harbors on Lake Superior in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, sections 86A.20 to 86A.24, and in cooperation with the United States Army Corps of Engineers.

This appropriation may be used to develop the harbor of refuge, public access, and marina at Two Harbors and is added to the appropriations in Laws 1998, chapter 404, section 7, subdivision 24; and Laws 2000, chapter 492, article 1, section 7, subdivision 21, as amended by Laws 2005, chapter 20, article 1, section 42. Notwithstanding those laws, the commissioner may shall proceed with construction of the Two Harbors project by providing up to \$1,500,000 to complete the design specifications and environmental work currently underway. The commissioner may spend the remaining money for the project upon securing an agreement with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers that commits federal expenditures of at least \$4,000,000 to the project.

Sec. 32. Laws 2006, chapter 258, section 8, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Closed Landfill Program

10,800,000

To design and construct remedial systems and acquire land at landfills throughout the state in accordance with the closed landfill program under Minnesota Statutes, section 115B.39 to 115B.42.

\$3,650,000 is to design and construct remedial systems at the Albert Lea Landfill, including relocating and incorporating waste from the former Albert Lea Dump owned by the City of Albert Lea pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 115B.403, which action may be taken by the Pollution Control Agency notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 115B.403, paragraphs (a)

and (b). Any money remaining after completion of the remedial system may be used by the city of Albert Lea to provide sewer and water service to the site and to replace the public park betterments and improvements that were removed to construct the remedial system.

Sec. 33. Laws 2006, chapter 258, section 20, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Minnesota correctional facility - Stillwater

Segregation Unit 19,580,000

To complete design and to construct, furnish, and equip a <u>new</u> 150-bed segregation unit <u>and reconstruct the old segregation unit</u>.

Sec. 34. Laws 2006, chapter 258, section 21, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Central Iron Range Sanitary Sewer District Hibbing Wastewater Treatment Facilities

2,500,000

To the Public Facilities Authority for a grant to the Central Iron Range Sanitary Sewer District to design, construct, and equip an expansion of wastewater treatment at Hibbing's South Wastewater Treatment Plant, city of Hibbing for mercury treatment facilities at the south wastewater treatment plant, and sanitary sewer lines to connect Hibbing, Chisholm, and Buhl to use the upgrades at the plant and wastewater infrastructure improvements. This appropriation is not available until the authority determines that at least an equal amount is committed to the project from nonstate sources.

Sec. 35. Laws 2006, chapter 258, section 21, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Greater Minnesota Business Development Infrastructure Grant Program

7,750,000

For grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.431.

\$250,000 is for a grant to Polk County to build approximately one mile of ten-ton road to provide access to a new_proposed ethanol plant outside of the city of Erskine.

\$1,400,000 is for a grant to the city of LaCrescent for public infrastructure made necessary by the reconstruction of a highway and a bridge.

Sec. 36. Laws 2006, chapter 258, section 21, subdivision 6, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 179, section 65, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Redevelopment Account

9,000,000

For purposes of the redevelopment account under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.571.

\$800,000 is for a grant to the city of Worthington to remediate contaminated soil and redevelop the site of the former Campbell Soup factory. This grant is exempt from the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, sections 116J.572 to 116J.575. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.642, the bond authorization and appropriation of the bond proceeds for this project are available until December 31, 2012.

\$250,000 is for a grant to the city of Winona to predesign facilities for a multipurpose events center and arena to be used for the Shakespeare Festival, Beethoven Festival, and Winona State University events. This grant is exempt from the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, sections 116J.572 to 116J.575.

Sec. 37. Laws 2006, chapter 258, section 23, subdivision 3, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 179, section 68, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Historic Fort Snelling Museum and Visitor Center

1,100,000

To <u>predesign and design</u> the historic Fort Snelling Museum and Visitor Center and other site improvements to revitalize historic Fort Snelling.

Sec. 38. Laws 2008, chapter 179, section 3, subdivision 12, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 365, section 17, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. Metropolitan State University

(a) Smart Classroom Center

4,980,000

To construct, furnish, and equip renovation of two floors of technology-enhanced classrooms and academic offices in the power plant building. This appropriation includes money to demolish the power plant annex to enable the new construction. * (The preceding text beginning "(a) Smart Classroom Center" was indicated as vetoed by the governor.)

(b) Law Enforcement Training Center

13,900,000

To compete design of and to construct, furnish, and equip, in cooperation with Minneapolis Community and Technical College, a colocated Law Enforcement Training Center on the campus of Hennepin Technical College in Brooklyn Park. Excluding revenue from student tuition and fees, the board may use up to \$2,000,000 of funds from each college or university, or other nonstate money for the remainder of the cost of design and construction of this project.

Sec. 39. Laws 2008, chapter 179, section 3, subdivision 21, is amended to read:

Subd. 21. Owatonna College and University Center

Property Acquisition 3,500,000

To acquire the Owatonna College and University Center Building in Steele County, including the purchase of adjacent vacant land and for capital improvements to the property.

Sec. 40. Laws 2008, chapter 179, section 3, subdivision 25, is amended to read:

Subd. 25. St. Cloud State University

(a) Brown Science Hall Renovation

14,800,000

To complete design of and to construct, furnish, and equip a renovation of Brown Hall for classrooms, science laboratories, and other instructional and ancillary spaces. This appropriation includes funding to reglaze the existing skyway from the building and to construct a new skyway to Centennial Hall.

This appropriation may also be used to complete design and construction drawings for the Science and Engineering Lab authorized in paragraph (b) and to demolish building number 801.

(b) Science and Engineering Lab

900,000

To design an integrated science and engineering laboratory and student and academic support building.

Sec. 41. Laws 2008, chapter 179, section 7, subdivision 29, is amended to read:

Subd. 29. Trail Connections

697,000

For matching grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 85.019, subdivision 4c.

\$225,000 is for a grant to Clara City to design and construct a walking path in Clara City.

\$100,000 is for a grant to the city of Mora for construction of pedestrian and bicycle trails, bridge restoration and renovation, and other improvements of a capital nature for the Spring Lake Trail, located in the city of Mora.

\$372,000 is for a grant to the city of Rockville Stearns County to design and construct the Rocori Trail from Richmond through Cold Spring to Rockville, connecting with the Glacial Lakes Trail, the Beaver Island Trail, and the Lake Wobegon Trail.

For any project listed in this subdivision that the commissioner determines is not ready to proceed, the commissioner may allocate that project's money to another trail connection project in this subdivision. The chairs of the house and senate committees with jurisdiction over the environment and natural resources and legislators from the affected legislative districts must be notified of any changes.

Sec. 42. Laws 2008, chapter 179, section 8, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Albert Lea Landfill

2,500,000

For a grant to the city of Albert Lea to construct remedial systems at the Albert Lea landfill. This includes relocating and incorporating waste from the former Albert Lea dump owned by the city of Albert Lea under Minnesota Statutes, section 115B.403, which action may be taken by the Pollution Control Agency notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 115B.403, paragraphs (a) and (b).

The appropriation in this subdivision is added to the amounts for the city of Albert Lea landfill funding in Laws 2006, chapter 258, section 8, subdivision 2. Any money remaining after completion of the remedial system may be used by the city of Albert Lea to provide sewer and water service to the site and to replace the public park betterments and improvements that were removed to construct the remedial system.

Sec. 43. Laws 2008, chapter 179, section 15, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Marshall - Minnesota Emergency Response and Industry Training Center

300,000

For a grant to the city of Marshall to predesign Phase 2 of the Minnesota Emergency Response and Industry Training (MERIT) Center, including a wind energy training area, an ethanol fuels training area, and other training facilities, and to design, construct, and equip the wind energy and ethanol fuel training facilities.

This appropriation is not available until the commissioner has determined that at least an equal amount has been committed from nonstate sources. The match may include in-kind contributions.

Sec. 44. Laws 2008, chapter 179, section 21, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

Subd. 14. St. Cloud Civic Center Expansion

2,000,000

For a grant to the city of St. Cloud to acquire land for, prepare a site, demolish existing structures, and for pre-engineering, engineering, to pre-engineer, engineer, and design for an expansion of the St. Cloud Civic Center. The expansion includes approximately 66,000 square feet of new space and a 300-stall parking ramp. This appropriation is not available until the commissioner of finance determines that at least \$2,000,000 is committed to the project from nonstate sources.

Sec. 45. **DEMOLITION OF ROCK ISLAND BRIDGE PROHIBITED FOR TWO YEARS.**

The Department of Transportation, Dakota County, or any other public body is prohibited from demolishing or otherwise removing all or any portion of JAR 5600, commonly known as the Rock Island Bridge, or causing its demolition or removal.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and expires two years following its effective date.

Sec. 46. APPROPRIATIONS MADE ONLY ONCE.

If any appropriation made in this act is also enacted finally in another act during the 2009 regular session, the appropriation must be given effect only once.

Sec. 47. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 16A.86, subdivision 3; 116.156; and 473.399, subdivision 4, and Laws 2008, chapter 179, section 8, subdivision 3, are repealed.

Sec. 48. **EFFECTIVE DATE.**

Except as otherwise provided, this article is effective the day following final enactment.

ARTICLE 2

DISASTER RELIEF

Section 1. **DISASTER RELIEF APPROPRIATION SUMMARY.**

The amounts shown in this section summarize direct appropriations made in this article.

SUMMARY

Public Safety	<u>\$9,180,000</u>
Board of Water and Soil Resources	2,000,000
<u>Education</u>	<u>173,000</u>
Employment and Economic Development	200,000
Housing Finance	2,700,000
Revenue	<u>250,000</u>
<u>Human Services</u>	200,000
<u>Transportation</u>	2,900,000
Bond Sale Expenses	10,000
<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>\$17,613,000</u>
General Fund	10,303,000
Bond Proceeds Fund	4,405,000

Trunk Highway Fund Bond Proceeds Account

2,705,000

Trunk Highway Fund 200,000

Sec. 2. DISASTER RELIEF APPROPRIATIONS.

Subdivision 1. Appropriations. The sums shown in the column under "Appropriations" are appropriated from the bond proceeds fund to be spent to acquire and to better publicly owned land and buildings and other public improvements of a capital nature, and from other named funds, for relief as specified in this article from the flooding and storms that occurred on or after March 16, 2009, in the areas in Minnesota designated under presidential Declaration of an Emergency FEMA-3304-EM and Presidential Declaration of a Major Disaster FEMA-1830-DR, whether included in the original declarations or added later by federal government action, referred to in this article as "the area included in DR-1830." The appropriations included in this article are available through June 30, 2011, except that appropriations of bond proceeds or for capital improvements are available until the project is completed or abandoned, subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.642. The appropriations in this article are onetime.

Subd. 2. Transfers. If there is a shortage of money for a program funded in this article, for the flood hazard mitigation program under Minnesota Statutes, section 103F.161, or in the money available for state and local match under Minnesota Statutes, section 12.221, unused general fund money appropriated for any other program or project in this article may be transferred for assistance in the disaster area, to another program or project funded in this article or in article 1, section 5, subdivision 3. Appropriation transfers must be used to cover unmet needs in a program or project under this article or article 1, section 5, subdivision 3. The commissioner of finance must approve all transfers under this section and must report each transfer to the chairs of the senate Finance Committee and house of representatives Ways and Means Committee.

APPROPRIATIONS

Sec. 3. PUBLIC SAFETY

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriations

\$9,180,000

To the commissioner of public safety. The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. State Match for Individual Assistance

26,000

For the state match for federal disaster assistance to individuals under Minnesota Statutes, section 12.221. This appropriation is from the general fund.

Subd. 3. State and Local Match

9,154,000

Appropriations by Fund

<u>General</u> <u>5,254,000</u>

Bond Proceeds 3,900,000

For the state and local match for federal disaster assistance to state agencies and other eligible applicants under Minnesota Statutes, section 12.221.

The appropriation from the bond proceeds fund is available to fund 100 percent of the state and local match obligations for publicly owned capital improvement projects incurred through the receipt of federal disaster assistance.

Sec. 4. BOARD OF WATER AND SOIL RESOURCES

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation

\$2,000,000

To the Board of Water and Soil Resources. The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

The board may transfer appropriations within this section and may adjust the technical and administrative assistance portion of the appropriation to leverage federal or other nonstate money or to address high priority needs identified in local water management, emergency preparedness, or hazard mitigation plans.

Subd. 2. Reinvest in Minnesota (RIM) Conservation Easements

500,000

To acquire conservation easements from landowners on marginal lands in the area included in DR-1830 that were damaged by the storms and floods of March and April 2009 to restore wetlands and protect soil and water quality and to support fish and wildlife habitat as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 103F.515.

Subd. 3. Erosion, Sediment, and Water Quality Control Cost - Share Program

1,000,000

From the general fund to install, repair, or rehabilitate erosion and sediment control projects in the area included in DR-1830 that were damaged by the storms and floods of March and April 2009 to restore and protect soil and water quality and to support fish and wildlife habitat.

Subd. 4. Red River Basin Commission Grant

500,000

(a) From the general fund for grants, contracts, or agreements with the Red River Basin Commission or its members to develop, in consultation and cooperation with all boards and commissions involved with water management and flood prevention and control in the Red River basin, a comprehensive plan of action to address, mitigate, and respond to flooding and related water quality and land conservation issues in the Red River watershed. The plan must take into account previous federal, state, provincial, regional, and local assessments and make specific recommendations for floodplain management goals and outcomes for the Red River basin including structural and nonstructural measures, wetland restoration, water storage allocations by major watershed, and

designation of roles and responsibilities and time frames for implementation. The commission shall report progress on goals and outcomes to the legislature by January 15, 2010.

- (b) Any remaining money may be used to implement the plan. Up to five percent of this appropriation may be used by the board for technical and administrative oversight.
- (c) This appropriation is contingent on the state of North Dakota contributing at least an equal amount in a grant to the Red River Basin Commission.

Subd. 5. Waivers Authorized

- (a) The board may waive the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, sections 103B.3369 and 103C.501, and Minnesota Rules, chapter 8400, in the area included in DR-1830 on land damaged by the disaster. The waiver applies to all existing and future contracts to address critical conservation problems resulting from the disaster that are funded in whole or in part with state money, to the extent that combined federal and state funding does not exceed 100 percent. All existing state grant agreements in the disaster area are extended, as provided in law.
- (b) The payment maximums for improvements to the land under Minnesota Statutes, section 103F.515, subdivision 6, paragraph (a), clause (1), are waived for easements acquired in the area included in DR-1830 on land damaged by the disaster.

Sec. 5. EDUCATION

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation

\$173,000

From the general fund to the commissioner of education for additional costs and loss of pupil units relating to the floods of March and April 2009. The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Disaster Enrollment Impact Aid

127,000

For disaster enrollment impact aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 12A.06, subdivision 1, calculated at a rate of \$5,946 per pupil in average daily membership lost during fiscal year 2009.

Subd. 3. Disaster Relief Facilities Grants

15,000

For disaster relief facilities grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 12A.06, subdivision 2.

Subd. 4. Disaster Relief Operating Grants

13,000

For disaster relief operating grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 12A.06, subdivision 3.

Subd. 5. Pupil Transportation Grants

18,000

For pupil transportation grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 12A.06, subdivision 4.

Sec. 6. EMPLOYMENT AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Minnesota Investment Fund

\$200,000

From the general fund to the commissioner of employment and economic development for transfer to the Minnesota investment fund for grants to local units of government for locally administered grant or loan programs for businesses and nonprofit organizations directly and adversely affected by the flood. Assistance under this section is not limited to businesses. Payments may be made for property damage and cleanup.

Criteria and requirements must be locally established with the approval of the commissioner. For the purposes of this appropriation, Minnesota Statutes, sections 116J.8731, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, and 7; 116J.993; 116J.994; and 116J.995, are waived. Businesses that receive grants or loans from this appropriation must set goals for jobs retained and wages paid within the area included in DR-1830.

Before any grants under this section are awarded to a local unit of government, the commissioner of employment and economic development shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate Finance Committee and house of representatives Ways and Means Committee the criteria and requirements to be used by local units of government in the grant or loan programs they will administer.

Sec. 7. HOUSING FINANCE

Economic Development and Housing Challenge Program

\$2,700,000

From the general fund to the Housing Finance Agency for transfer to the housing development fund for the economic development and housing challenge program under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.33, for assistance in the area included in DR-1830, Individual Assistance Declaration. The maximum loan amount per housing structure is \$30,000. Within the limits of available appropriations, the agency may increase the maximum amount if the cost of repair or replacement of the residential property exceeds the total of the maximum loan amount and any assistance available from FEMA, other federal government agencies including the Small Business Administration, and private insurance and flood insurance benefits.

For assistance under this section, the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.33, subdivisions 3 and 5, and Minnesota Rules, part 4900.3632, are waived.

Sec. 8. **REVENUE**

City Flood Loss Aid \$250,000

From the general fund to the commissioner of revenue to pay flood loss aid to cities under section 16.

Sec. 9. **HUMAN SERVICES**

Medical Assistance Providers \$200,000

From the general fund to the commissioner of human services for payments to medical assistance providers under Minnesota Statutes, section 12A.10.

Sec. 10. TRANSPORTATION

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation \$2,900,000

To the commissioner of transportation. The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Infrastructure Operation and Maintenance

200,000

From the trunk highway fund.

Subd. 3. State Trunk Highways and Bridges

2,700,000

From the bond proceeds account in the trunk highway fund for the reconstruction and repair of trunk highways and trunk highway bridges that are located in the area included in DR-1830 and that suffered flood-related damage in 2009.

Sec. 11. NATURAL RESOURCES

Any existing state grant agreement of the commissioner of natural resources in the disaster area may be extended for up to two years.

Sec. 12. **BOND SALE EXPENSES**

\$10,000

To the commissioner of finance for bond sale expenses under Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.641, subdivision 8.

Appropriations by Fund

Bond proceeds 5,000

<u>Trunk highway bond proceeds</u> 5,000

Sec. 13. **BOND SALE AUTHORIZATIONS.**

Subdivision 1. **Bond proceeds fund.** To provide the money appropriated in this article from the bond proceeds fund, the commissioner of finance, at the request of the commissioner of public safety, shall sell and issue bonds of the state in an amount up to \$4,405,000 in the manner, upon the terms, and with the effect prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, sections 16A.631 to 16A.675, and by the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, sections 4 to 7.

Subd. 2. **Trunk highway fund.** To provide the money appropriated in this article from the bond proceeds account in the trunk highway fund, the commissioner of finance shall sell and issue bonds of the state in an amount up to \$2,705,000 in the manner, upon the terms, and with the effect prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, sections 167.50 to 167.52, and by the Minnesota Constitution, article XIV, section 11, at the times and in the amount requested by the commissioner of transportation. The proceeds of the bonds, except accrued interest and any premium received on the sale of the bonds, must be credited to a bond proceeds account in the trunk highway fund.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 12A.10, is amended to read:

12A.10 HUMAN SERVICES.

Subdivision 1. Costs eligible for payment. Notwithstanding the limitations of section 12A.01 and the requirement in section 12A.03 that all appropriations must be used to assist with recovery, the commissioner may pay parties under contract, provider agreement, or other arrangement with the commissioner as of the date of the a natural disaster, or the date when action was taken in anticipation of a possible natural disaster or other event that threatens the health and safety of individuals served by a program that receives funding from medical assistance for the costs of evacuation, transportation, or medical or, remedial, or personal care services provided to vulnerable residents. Costs eligible for payment under this section are those necessary to ensure the health and safety of medical assistance recipients during and up to 60 days following the disaster. To the extent allowed under the state's Medicaid state plan, the commissioner shall pay these costs from the medical assistance account. Only costs that are not already paid for by another source are eligible. The commissioner may make payments for documented incremental costs incurred by a party, may determine an estimate of the costs at the sole discretion of the commissioner, or may use a combination of these two methods. If after receiving payment from the commissioner for a documented cost, the provider is able to acquire payment from another source for that cost, the provider shall reimburse the commissioner in the amount paid.

- Subd. 2. Payment in residential program. In a residential program, the commissioner shall make payment under this section based on an allocation of costs as determined under subdivision 1 between medical assistance recipients and all other residents. The allocation must not be done in a nursing facility. In a nursing facility the commissioner shall pay all of the costs determined under subdivision 1.
- Subd. 3. Source of payment. The commissioner shall pay costs under this section using money appropriated for medical assistance and shall seek federal cost sharing to the extent permitted under the Medicaid state plan or under waivers granted by the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.
 - Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 12A.15, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 3. Waiver of Contract Approval Procedures. State and federal disaster assistance distributed by the commissioner of public safety is not subject to the contract approval procedures of chapter 16A, 16B, or 16C, or any other law. The commissioner of public safety may adopt internal procedures to administer and monitor these aids and grants.

Sec. 16. 2009 FLOOD LOSS; CITY REPLACEMENT AID.

Subdivision 1. **Flood net tax capacity loss.** The county assessor of each qualified county shall compute a hypothetical city taxable net tax capacity for each city in the county based upon market values for assessment year 2010 and the class rates that were in effect for assessment year 2009. The amount, if any, by which the assessment year 2009 total taxable net tax capacity of the city exceeds the hypothetical taxable net tax capacity of the city is the city's "flood net tax capacity loss." A county assessor of a qualified county that contains a city that has a flood net tax capacity loss that exceeds five percent of its assessment year 2009 total taxable net tax capacity shall certify the city's flood net tax capacity loss to the commissioner of revenue by August 1, 2009.

As used in this section, a "qualified county" is a county located within the area included in DR-1830.

- Subd. 2. Flood loss aid. In 2010, each city with a flood net tax capacity loss equal to or greater than five percent of its assessment year 2009 total taxable net tax capacity is entitled to flood loss aid equal to the flood net tax capacity loss times the city's average local tax rate for taxes payable in 2009.
- Subd. 3. <u>Duties of commissioner.</u> The commissioner of revenue shall determine each city's aid amount under this section. The commissioner shall notify each eligible city of its flood loss aid amount by August 15, 2009. The commissioner shall make payments to each city after July 1, and before July 20, 2010.
- Subd. 4. Optional city expenditure. A city that receives aid under this section may choose to expend a portion of the aid received for repair of county roads located within the city.
- Subd. 5. Appropriation. The amount necessary to pay the aid amounts under this section in fiscal year 2011, for calendar year 2010, is appropriated to the commissioner of revenue from the general fund.

Sec. 17. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This article is effective the day following final enactment.

ARTICLE 3

HUGO TORNADO RELIEF

Section 1. **GRANT.**

The sum of \$350,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of employment and economic development for a grant to the city of Hugo for the cost of debris clearance and other disaster costs resulting from damage caused by the May 25, 2008, tornado. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until expended.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

ARTICLE 4

ST. CHARLES SCHOOL DISTRICT RELIEF

Section 1. DECLINING PUPIL AID; ST. CHARLES SCHOOL DISTRICT.

For fiscal years 2010 and 2011 only, Independent School District No. 858, St. Charles, is eligible for declining pupil unit aid equal to the lesser of \$242,000 or the product of \$5,124 and the number of adjusted pupil units lost during that year as a result of the April 2009 fire. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 126C.13, the amounts required under this section are included in the general education aid payments for the district. The district must provide the commissioner of education documentation of the students lost as a result of the fire."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to capital improvements; authorizing spending to acquire and better public land and buildings and for other improvements of a capital nature with certain conditions; establishing new programs and modifying existing programs; authorizing the sale of state bonds; repealing and modifying previous appropriations; providing money to match and supplement federal disaster assistance; providing aid to local governments and individuals and for other disaster relief for damage caused by flooding, tornado, and fire in the state; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 12A.10; 12A.15, by adding a subdivision; 16A.641, by adding a subdivision; 16A.86, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 134.45, by adding a subdivision; 135A.046, subdivision 2; 136F.98, subdivision 1; Laws 2000, chapter 492, article 1, section 5, subdivision 10; Laws 2005, chapter 20, article 1, section 23, subdivision 16, as amended; Laws 2006, chapter 258, sections 7, subdivision 7, as amended; 8, subdivision 2; 20, subdivision 7; 21, subdivisions 4, 5, 6, as amended; 23, subdivision 3, as amended; Laws 2008, chapter 179, sections 3, subdivision 14; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 84; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 16A.86, subdivision 3; 116.156; 473.399, subdivision 4; Laws 2008, chapter 179, section 8, subdivision 3."

We request the adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: ALICE HAUSMAN, BEV SCALZE, JEAN WAGENIUS, TOM RUKAVINA and LARRY HOWES.

Senate Conferees: KEITH LANGSETH, DICK DAY, DAVID TOMASSONI, ANN LYNCH and KATIE SIEBEN.

Hausman moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 855 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

The Speaker assumed the Chair.

CALL OF THE HOUSE

On the motion of Seifert and on the demand of 10 members, a call of the House was ordered. The following members answered to their names:

Abeler	Champion	Falk	Hornstein	Lanning	Morgan
Anderson, B.	Clark	Faust	Hortman	Lenczewski	Morrow
Anderson, P.	Cornish	Fritz	Hosch	Lesch	Murdock
Anderson, S.	Davids	Gardner	Howes	Liebling	Murphy, E.
Anzelc	Davnie	Gottwalt	Huntley	Lieder	Nelson
Atkins	Dean	Gunther	Jackson	Lillie	Newton
Beard	Demmer	Hackbarth	Johnson	Loeffler	Nornes
Benson	Dettmer	Hamilton	Juhnke	Loon	Norton
Bigham	Dill	Hansen	Kalin	Mack	Obermueller
Bly	Dittrich	Hausman	Kath	Magnus	Olin
Brod	Doepke	Haws	Kelly	Mahoney	Otremba
Brown	Doty	Hayden	Kiffmeyer	Mariani	Paymar
Brynaert	Downey	Hilstrom	Knuth	Marquart	Pelowski
Buesgens	Drazkowski	Hilty	Koenen	Masin	Peppin
Bunn	Eastlund	Holberg	Kohls	McFarlane	Persell
Carlson	Emmer	Hoppe	Laine	McNamara	Peterson

Spk. Kelliher

Poppe	Sanders	Shimanski	Sterner	Urdahl
Reinert	Scalze	Simon	Swails	Wagenius
Rosenthal	Scott	Slawik	Thao	Ward
Rukavina	Seifert	Slocum	Thissen	Welti
Ruud	Sertich	Smith	Tillberry	Winkler
Sailer	Severson	Solberg	Torkelson	Zellers

Sertich moved that further proceedings of the roll call be suspended and that the Sergeant at Arms be instructed to bring in the absentees. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

H. F. No. 855, A bill for an act relating to capital improvements; authorizing spending to acquire and better public land and buildings and other improvements of a capital nature with certain conditions; establishing new programs and modifying existing programs; authorizing the sale of state bonds; repealing and modifying previous appropriations; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 16A.641, subdivisions 4, 7; 16A.66, subdivision 2; 16A.86, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 85.015, by adding a subdivision; 134.45, by adding a subdivision; 135A.046, subdivision 2; 174.03, subdivision 1b; 174.88, subdivision 2; Laws 2005, chapter 20, article 1, section 23, subdivision 16, as amended; Laws 2006, chapter 258, sections 20, subdivision 7; 21, subdivisions 5, 6, as amended; 23, subdivision 3, as amended; Laws 2008, chapter 179, section 3, subdivisions 12, as amended, 21, 25; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 16A; 84; 174; 473; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 16A.86, subdivision 3; 116.156; 473.399, subdivision 4; Laws 2008, chapter 179, section 8, subdivision 3.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 109 year and 25 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, P.DittrichHoschLoefflerObermuellerSolbergAnzelcDotyHowesMackOlinSternerAtkinsDrazkowskiHuntleyMagnusOtrembaSwailsBeardEkenJacksonMahoneyPaymarThaoBensonFalkJohnsonMarianiPelowskiThissenBighamFaustJuhnkeMarquartPersellTillberryBlyFritzKahnMasinPetersonUrdahlBrownGardnerKalinMcFarlanePoppeWageniusBrynaertGottwaltKathMcNamaraReinertWardBunnGreilingKellyMorganRosenthalWeltiCarlsonHamiltonKnuthMorrowRukavinaWestromChampionHansenKoenenMulleryRuudWinklerClarkHausmanLaineMurdockSailerSpk. Kelliher	Abeler	Dill	Hortman	Lillie	Norton	Slocum
AtkinsDrazkowskiHuntleyMagnusOtrembaSwailsBeardEkenJacksonMahoneyPaymarThaoBensonFalkJohnsonMarianiPelowskiThissenBighamFaustJuhnkeMarquartPersellTillberryBlyFritzKahnMasinPetersonUrdahlBrownGardnerKalinMcFarlanePoppeWageniusBrynaertGottwaltKathMcNamaraReinertWardBunnGreilingKellyMorganRosenthalWeltiCarlsonHamiltonKnuthMorrowRukavinaWestromChampionHansenKoenenMulleryRuudWinklerClarkHausmanLaineMurdockSailerSpk. Kelliher	Anderson, P.	Dittrich	Hosch	Loeffler	Obermueller	Solberg
BeardEkenJacksonMahoneyPaymarThaoBensonFalkJohnsonMarianiPelowskiThissenBighamFaustJuhnkeMarquartPersellTillberryBlyFritzKahnMasinPetersonUrdahlBrownGardnerKalinMcFarlanePoppeWageniusBrynaertGottwaltKathMcNamaraReinertWardBunnGreilingKellyMorganRosenthalWeltiCarlsonHamiltonKnuthMorrowRukavinaWestromChampionHansenKoenenMulleryRuudWinklerClarkHausmanLaineMurdockSailerSpk. Kelliher	Anzelc	Doty	Howes	Mack	Olin	Sterner
BensonFalkJohnsonMarianiPelowskiThissenBighamFaustJuhnkeMarquartPersellTillberryBlyFritzKahnMasinPetersonUrdahlBrownGardnerKalinMcFarlanePoppeWageniusBrynaertGottwaltKathMcNamaraReinertWardBunnGreilingKellyMorganRosenthalWeltiCarlsonHamiltonKnuthMorrowRukavinaWestromChampionHansenKoenenMulleryRuudWinklerClarkHausmanLaineMurdockSailerSpk. Kelliher	Atkins	Drazkowski	Huntley	Magnus	Otremba	Swails
BighamFaustJuhnkeMarquartPersellTillberryBlyFritzKahnMasinPetersonUrdahlBrownGardnerKalinMcFarlanePoppeWageniusBrynaertGottwaltKathMcNamaraReinertWardBunnGreilingKellyMorganRosenthalWeltiCarlsonHamiltonKnuthMorrowRukavinaWestromChampionHansenKoenenMulleryRuudWinklerClarkHausmanLaineMurdockSailerSpk. Kelliher	Beard	Eken	Jackson	Mahoney	Paymar	Thao
Bly Fritz Kahn Masin Peterson Urdahl Brown Gardner Kalin McFarlane Poppe Wagenius Brynaert Gottwalt Kath McNamara Reinert Ward Bunn Greiling Kelly Morgan Rosenthal Welti Carlson Hamilton Knuth Morrow Rukavina Westrom Champion Hansen Koenen Mullery Ruud Winkler Clark Hausman Laine Murdock Sailer Spk. Kelliher	Benson	Falk	Johnson	Mariani	Pelowski	Thissen
Brown Gardner Kalin McFarlane Poppe Wagenius Brynaert Gottwalt Kath McNamara Reinert Ward Bunn Greiling Kelly Morgan Rosenthal Welti Carlson Hamilton Knuth Morrow Rukavina Westrom Champion Hansen Koenen Mullery Ruud Winkler Clark Hausman Laine Murdock Sailer Spk. Kelliher	Bigham	Faust	Juhnke	Marquart	Persell	Tillberry
Brynaert Gottwalt Kath McNamara Reinert Ward Bunn Greiling Kelly Morgan Rosenthal Welti Carlson Hamilton Knuth Morrow Rukavina Westrom Champion Hansen Koenen Mullery Ruud Winkler Clark Hausman Laine Murdock Sailer Spk. Kelliher	Bly	Fritz	Kahn	Masin	Peterson	Urdahl
Bunn Greiling Kelly Morgan Rosenthal Welti Carlson Hamilton Knuth Morrow Rukavina Westrom Champion Hansen Koenen Mullery Ruud Winkler Clark Hausman Laine Murdock Sailer Spk. Kelliher	Brown	Gardner	Kalin	McFarlane	Poppe	Wagenius
CarlsonHamiltonKnuthMorrowRukavinaWestromChampionHansenKoenenMulleryRuudWinklerClarkHausmanLaineMurdockSailerSpk. Kelliher	Brynaert	Gottwalt	Kath	McNamara	Reinert	Ward
ChampionHansenKoenenMulleryRuudWinklerClarkHausmanLaineMurdockSailerSpk. Kelliher	Bunn	Greiling	Kelly	Morgan	Rosenthal	Welti
Clark Hausman Laine Murdock Sailer Spk. Kelliher	Carlson	Hamilton	Knuth	Morrow	Rukavina	Westrom
ı.	Champion	Hansen	Koenen	Mullery	Ruud	Winkler
	Clark	Hausman	Laine	Murdock	Sailer	Spk. Kelliher
Cornish Haws Lanning Murphy, E. Sanders	Cornish	Haws	Lanning	Murphy, E.	Sanders	
Davids Hayden Lenczewski Murphy, M. Scalze	Davids	Hayden	Lenczewski	Murphy, M.	Scalze	
Davnie Hilstrom Lesch Nelson Sertich	Davnie	Hilstrom	Lesch	Nelson	Sertich	
Dean Hilty Liebling Newton Simon	Dean	Hilty	Liebling	Newton	Simon	
Dettmer Hornstein Lieder Nornes Slawik	Dettmer	Hornstein	Lieder	Nornes	Slawik	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, B.	Doepke	Gunther	Kohls	Severson
Anderson, S.	Downey	Hackbarth	Loon	Shimanski
Brod	Eastlund	Holberg	Peppin	Smith
Buesgens	Emmer	Hoppe	Scott	Torkelson
Demmer	Garofalo	Kiffmeyer	Seifert	Zellers

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

Sertich moved that the House recess subject to the call of the Chair. The motion prevailed.

RECESS

RECONVENED

The House reconvened and was called to order by the Speaker.

There being no objection, the order of business reverted to Reports of Standing Committees and Divisions.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES AND DIVISIONS

Sertich from the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration to which was referred:

H. F. No. 2380, A bill for an act relating to legislative enactments; correcting miscellaneous oversights, inconsistencies, ambiguities, unintended results, and technical errors; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 169.865, subdivision 1.

Reported the same back with the recommendation that the bill pass.

The report was adopted.

SECOND READING OF HOUSE BILLS

H. F. No. 2380 was read for the second time.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

The following messages were received from the Senate:

Madam Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House Files, herewith returned:

- H. F. No. 420, A bill for an act relating to real estate; requiring that existing statutory implied residential construction warranties be made as express warranties and be provided to the buyer in writing; prohibiting waivers of the warranty; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 327A.04; 327A.06; 327A.07; 327A.08.
- H. F. No. 988, A bill for an act relating to drivers' licenses; prohibiting commissioner of public safety from complying with Real ID Act.

COLLEEN J. PACHECO, First Assistant Secretary of the Senate

Madam Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 855, A bill for an act relating to capital improvements; authorizing spending to acquire and better public land and buildings and other improvements of a capital nature with certain conditions; establishing new programs and modifying existing programs; authorizing the sale of state bonds; repealing and modifying previous appropriations; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 16A.641, subdivisions 4, 7; 16A.66, subdivision 2; 16A.86, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 85.015, by adding a subdivision; 135A.046, subdivision 2; 174.03, subdivision 1b; 174.88, subdivision 2; Laws 2005, chapter 20, article 1, section 23, subdivision 16, as amended; Laws 2006, chapter 258, sections 20, subdivision 7; 21, subdivisions 5, 6, as amended; 23, subdivision 3, as amended; Laws 2008, chapter 179, section 3, subdivisions 12, as amended, 21, 25; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 16A; 84; 174; 473; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 16A.86, subdivision 3; 116.156; 473.399, subdivision 4; Laws 2008, chapter 179, section 8, subdivision 3.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

COLLEEN J. PACHECO, First Assistant Secretary of the Senate

Madam Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 1122, A bill for an act relating to appropriations; appropriating money for agriculture, the Board of Animal Health, Rural Finance Authority, veterans, and the military; changing certain agricultural and animal health requirements and programs; establishing a program; eliminating a sunset; requiring certain studies and reports; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 3.737, subdivision 1; 3.7371, subdivision 3; 13.643, by adding a subdivision; 17.115, subdivision 2; 18.75; 18.76; 18.77, subdivisions 1, 3, 5, by adding subdivisions; 18.78, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 18.79; 18.80, subdivision 1; 18.81, subdivision 3, by adding subdivisions; 18.82, subdivisions 1, 3; 18.83; 18.84, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 18.86; 18.87; 18.88; 18B.01, subdivision 8, by adding subdivisions; 18B.065, subdivisions 1, 2, 2a, 3, 7, by adding subdivisions; 18B.26, subdivisions 1, 3; 18B.31, subdivisions 3, 4; 18B.37, subdivision 1; 18C.415, subdivision 3; 18C.421; 18C.425, subdivisions 4, 6; 18E.03, subdivisions 2, 4; 18E.06; 18H.02, subdivision 12a, by adding subdivisions; 18H.07, subdivisions 2, 3; 18H.09; 18H.10; 28A.085, subdivision 1; 28A.21, subdivision 5; 31.94; 32.394, subdivision 8; 41A.09, subdivision 2a, 3a; 41B.039, subdivision 2; 43A.11, subdivision 7; 43A.23, subdivision 1; 97A.045, subdivision 1; 171.06, subdivision 3; 171.07, by adding a subdivision; 171.12, by adding a subdivision; 197.455, subdivision 1; 197.46; 198.003, by adding subdivisions; 239.791, subdivisions 1, 1a; 336.9-601; 343.11; 550.365, subdivision 2; 559.209, subdivision 2;

582.039, subdivision 2; 583.215; 626.8517; Laws 2008, chapter 297, article 2, section 26, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 17; 18; 18B; 31; 41A; 192; 198; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 17.49, subdivision 3; 18G.12, subdivision 5; 38.02, subdivisions 3, 4; 41.51; 41.52; 41.53; 41.55; 41.56; 41.57; 41.58, subdivisions 1, 2; 41.59, subdivision 1; 41.60; 41.61, subdivision 1; 41.62; 41.63; 41.65; Minnesota Rules, part 1505.0820.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

COLLEEN J. PACHECO, First Assistant Secretary of the Senate

Madam Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendments the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 1760, A bill for an act relating to human services; changing provisions for long-term care, adverse health care events, suicide prevention, doula services, developmental disabilities, mental health commitment, alternative care services, self-directed options, nursing facilities, ICF/MR facilities, and data management; requiring a safe patient handling plan; establishing a health department work group and an Alzheimer's disease work group; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 43A.318, subdivision 2; 62Q.525, subdivision 2; 144.7065, subdivisions 8, 10; 145.56, subdivisions 1, 2; 148.995, subdivisions 2, 4; 182.6551; 182.6552, by adding a subdivision; 252.27, subdivision 1a; 252.282, subdivisions 3, 5; 253B.095, subdivision 1; 256B.0657, subdivision 5; 256B.0913, subdivisions 4, 5a, 12; 256B.0915, subdivision 2; 256B.431, subdivision 10; 256B.433, subdivision 1; 256B.441, subdivisions 5, 11; 256B.5011, subdivision 2; 256B.5012, subdivisions 6, 7; 256B.5013, subdivisions 1, 6; 256B.69, subdivision 9b; 403.03; 626.557, subdivision 12b; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 182; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 256B.5013, subdivisions 2, 3, 5.

COLLEEN J. PACHECO, First Assistant Secretary of the Senate

Thissen moved that the House refuse to concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 1760, that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 5 members of the House, and that the House requests that a like committee be appointed by the Senate to confer on the disagreeing votes of the two houses. The motion prevailed.

Madam Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendments the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 2251, A bill for an act relating to state government finance; providing federal stimulus oversight funding for certain state agencies; establishing a fiscal stabilization account; appropriating money.

COLLEEN J. PACHECO, First Assistant Secretary of the Senate

Solberg moved that the House refuse to concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 2251, that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 5 members of the House, and that the House requests that a like committee be appointed by the Senate to confer on the disagreeing votes of the two houses. The motion prevailed.

Madam Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate refuses to concur in the House amendments to the following Senate file:

S. F. No. 489, A bill for an act relating to reverse mortgages; eliminating the requirement that a reverse mortgage becomes due when committed principal has been fully paid; mandating counseling by an independent housing agency; regulating lender default; imposing liability on a subsequent purchaser of a reverse mortgage; providing for a right of recission; defining suitability; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 47.58, subdivisions 1, 3, 8, by adding subdivisions; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 58; 60A; 60K.

The Senate respectfully requests that a Conference Committee be appointed thereon. The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Senators Clark, Fobbe and Vandeveer.

Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House with the request that the House appoint a like committee.

COLLEEN J. PACHECO, First Assistant Secretary of the Senate

Davnie moved that the House accede to the request of the Senate and that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 3 members of the House to meet with a like committee appointed by the Senate on the disagreeing votes of the two houses on S. F. No. 489. The motion prevailed.

Madam Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate refuses to concur in the House amendments to the following Senate file:

S. F. No. 1447, A bill for an act relating to human services; making changes to licensing provisions, including data practices, disqualifications, and background study requirements; providing alternate supervision technology for adult foster care licensing; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 13.46, subdivisions 3, 4; 147C.01; 147C.05; 147C.10; 147C.15; 147C.20; 147C.25; 147C.30; 147C.35; 147C.40; 245A.03, subdivision 2; 245A.04, subdivisions 5, 7; 245A.05; 245A.06, subdivision 8; 245A.07, subdivisions 1, 3, 5; 245A.11, by adding a subdivision; 245A.1435; 245A.16, subdivision 1; 245A.50, subdivision 5; 245C.03, subdivision 4; 245C.04, subdivision 1; 245C.07; 245C.08; 245C.13, subdivision 2; 245C.14, subdivision 2; 245C.15, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4; 245C.22, subdivision 7; 245C.24, subdivisions 2, 3; 245C.25; 245C.27, subdivision 1; 245C.301; 256.045, subdivisions 3, 3b; 299C.61, subdivision 6; 299C.62, subdivisions 3, 4; 626.556, subdivisions 2, 10e, 10f; 626.557, subdivisions 9c, 12b; 626.5572, subdivision 13; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 245C.10, subdivision 1.

The Senate respectfully requests that a Conference Committee be appointed thereon. The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Senators Lourey; Olson, G., and Olseen.

Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House with the request that the House appoint a like committee.

COLLEEN J. PACHECO, First Assistant Secretary of the Senate

Abeler moved that the House accede to the request of the Senate and that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 3 members of the House to meet with a like committee appointed by the Senate on the disagreeing votes of the two houses on S. F. No. 1447. The motion prevailed.

Madam Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate refuses to concur in the House amendments to the following Senate file:

S. F. No. 1477, A bill for an act relating to construction codes; providing a limited exemption.

The Senate respectfully requests that a Conference Committee be appointed thereon. The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Senators Frederickson, Kubly and Vickerman.

Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House with the request that the House appoint a like committee.

COLLEEN J. PACHECO, First Assistant Secretary of the Senate

Seifert moved that the House accede to the request of the Senate and that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 3 members of the House to meet with a like committee appointed by the Senate on the disagreeing votes of the two houses on S. F. No. 1477. The motion prevailed.

Madam Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following House File, herewith returned, as amended by the Senate, in which amendments the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested:

H. F. No. 417, A bill for an act relating to commerce; prohibiting certain claims processing practices by third-party administrators of health coverage plans; regulating health claims clearinghouses; providing recovery of damages and attorney fees for breach of an insurance policy; permitting a deceased professional's surviving spouse to retain ownership of a professional firm that was solely owned by the decedent for up to one year after the death; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 60A.23, subdivision 8; 319B.02, by adding a subdivision; 319B.07, subdivision 1; 319B.08; 319B.09, subdivision 1; 471.982, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 60A; 62Q.

COLLEEN J. PACHECO, First Assistant Secretary of the Senate

Atkins moved that the House refuse to concur in the Senate amendments to H. F. No. 417, that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 3 members of the House, and that the House requests that a like committee be appointed by the Senate to confer on the disagreeing votes of the two houses. The motion prevailed.

Madam Speaker:

I hereby announce the passage by the Senate of the following Senate Files:

S. F. Nos. 79, 763, 1369, 82, 107, 805, 1284 and 1679.

COLLEEN J. PACHECO, First Assistant Secretary of the Senate

FIRST READING OF SENATE BILLS

S. F. No. 79, A bill for an act relating to local government; authorizing the Central Iron Range Sanitary Sewer District; amending Laws 2006, chapter 258, section 21, subdivision 4.

The bill was read for the first time.

Sertich moved that S. F. No. 79 and H. F. No. 17, now on the Calendar for the Day, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 763, A bill for an act relating to elections; requiring notice of restoration of civil rights; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 201; 243; 630.

The bill was read for the first time.

Champion moved that S. F. No. 763 and H. F. No. 545, now on the Calendar for the Day, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1369, A bill for an act relating to health; consolidating and relocating nursing facility beds to a new site in Goodhue County; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 144A.071, subdivision 4c.

The bill was read for the first time.

Kelly moved that S. F. No. 1369 and H. F. No. 1565, now on the Calendar for the Day, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 82, A bill for an act relating to state government; establishing the Minnesota False Claims Act; assessing penalties; establishing a false claims account; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 15C.

The bill was read for the first time.

Simon moved that S. F. No. 82 and H. F. No. 8, now on the Calendar for the Day, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 107, A bill for an act relating to state government; clarifying and strengthening laws prohibiting misuse of state funds; prescribing criminal penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 3.971, subdivision 6; 16A.139; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 43A.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Finance.

S. F. No. 805, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; directing the commissioner of natural resources to increase timber sales based on appraised value only; authorizing a forest management lease pilot project.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration.

S. F. No. 1284, A bill for an act relating to lawful gambling; modifying lawful purpose and other definitions; establishing a rating system for annual lawful purpose expenditures and imposing civil penalties; modifying provisions relating to licensing and permits and providing for fees; regulating conduct of bingo and other games; modifying lease requirements; regulating who may participate in lawful gambling; providing for expenditures of gross profits; prohibiting the use of debit cards for certain gambling purposes; providing for local approval; making clarifying, technical, and conforming changes to lawful gambling provisions; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 297E.06, subdivision 4; 349.11; 349.12, subdivisions 3a, 7, 7a, 12a, 18, 19, 21, 25, 29, 32a, 33; 349.15, subdivisions 1, 1a; 349.151, subdivision 4; 349.154, subdivision 1; 349.155, subdivisions 3, 4a; 349.164, subdivisions 2, 3, 6, 8, 11, by adding subdivisions; 349.162, subdivision 6; 349.1635, subdivision 3; 349.1641; 349.165, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, by adding a subdivision; 349.166, subdivision 2; 349.167, subdivision 1; 349.168, subdivisions 2, 2a, 3, 9, 10; 349.191, subdivisions 1, 1a, 1b, 2, 3, 4; 349.2127, subdivision 7; 349.213, subdivisions 1, 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 349; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 349.15, subdivisions 4, 5; 349.154, subdivision 2; 349.155, subdivision 7; 349.16, subdivisions 9, 10; 349.166, subdivision 3; 349.168, subdivisions 4, 6, 7, 10; 349.18, subdivisions 2, 3; 349.2127, subdivision 8.

The bill was read for the first time.

Atkins moved that S. F. No. 1284 and H. F. No. 1511, now on the Calendar for the Day, be referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 1679, A bill for an act relating to public employment; authorizing retirement incentives.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Finance.

There being no objection, the order of business reverted to Messages from the Senate.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

The following message was received from the Senate:

Madam Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 2083.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

COLLEEN J. PACHECO, First Assistant Secretary of the Senate

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 2083

A bill for an act relating to higher education; classifying data; amending postsecondary education provisions; setting deadlines; allowing certain advertising; establishing the Minnesota P-20 education partnership; regulating course equivalency guides; requiring notice to prospective students; requiring lists of enrolled students; amending Minnesota Office of Higher Education responsibilities; establishing programs; defining terms; regulating grants, scholarships, and work-study; requiring an annual certificate; regulating certain board membership provisions; requiring job placement impact reviews; regulating oral health care practitioner provisions; establishing fees;

providing criminal penalties; requiring reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 13.3215; 124D.09, subdivision 9; 135A.08, subdivision 1; 135A.17, subdivision 2; 135A.25, subdivision 4; 136A.08, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 136A.101, subdivision 5a; 136A.121, by adding subdivisions; 136A.127, subdivisions 2, 4, 9, 10, 12, 14, by adding a subdivision; 136A.1701, subdivision 10; 136A.87; 136F.02, subdivision 1; 136F.03, subdivision 4; 136F.04, subdivision 4; 136F.045; 136F.19, subdivision 1; 136F.31; 137.0245, subdivision 2; 137.0246, subdivision 2; 137.025, subdivision 1; 150A.01, by adding subdivisions; 150A.05, subdivision 2, by adding subdivisions; 150A.06, subdivisions 2d, 5, 6, by adding subdivisions; 150A.08, subdivisions 1, 3a, 5; 150A.09, subdivisions 1, 3; 150A.091, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, 8, 10; 150A.10, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4; 150A.11, subdivision 4; 150A.12; 150A.21, subdivisions 1, 4; 151.01, subdivision 23; 151.37, subdivision 2; 201.061, subdivision 3; 299A.45, subdivision 1; Laws 2007, chapter 144, article 1, section 4, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 127A; 135A; 136A; 136F; 150A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 136A.127, subdivisions 8, 13; 150A.061.

May 13, 2009

The Honorable James P. Metzen President of the Senate

The Honorable Margaret Anderson Kelliher Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 2083 report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendments and that S. F. No. 2083 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"ARTICLE 1

HIGHER EDUCATION APPROPRIATIONS

Section 1. **SUMMARY OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

Subdivision 1. Summary By Fund. The amounts shown in this subdivision summarize direct appropriations, by fund, made in this article.

SUMMARY BY FUND

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	Total
General	<u>\$1,426,422,000</u>	\$1,532,467,000	\$2,958,889,000
Health Care Access	<u>2,157,000</u>	<u>2,157,000</u>	<u>4,314,000</u>
<u>Federal</u>	137,943,000	<u>0</u>	137,943,000
State Government Special Revenue	93,000	<u>17,000</u>	<u>110,000</u>
<u>Total</u>	\$1,566,615,000	\$1,534,641,000	\$3,101,256,000

Subd. 2. Summary By Agency - All Funds. The amounts shown in this subdivision summarize direct appropriations, by agency, made in this article.

SUMMARY BY AGENCY - ALL FUNDS

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	Total
Minnesota Office of Higher Education	\$187,753,000	\$187,547,000	\$375,300,000
Mayo Medical Foundation	1,300,000	<u>1,351,000</u>	<u>2,651,000</u>
Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities	677,845,000	666,258,000	1,344,103,000
Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota	699,624,000	679,468,000	1,379,092,000
Board of Dentistry	93,000	<u>17,000</u>	110,000
<u>Total</u>	\$1,566,615,000	\$1,534,641,000	\$3,101,256,000

Sec. 2. HIGHER EDUCATION APPROPRIATIONS.

The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2010" and "2011" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, or June 30, 2011, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2010. "The second year" is fiscal year 2011. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2010 and 2011.

APPROPRIATIONS
Available for the Year
Ending June 30
2010
2011

Sec. 3. MINNESOTA OFFICE OF HIGHER EDUCATION

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$187,753,000</u>	<u>\$187,547,000</u>
The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.		

<u>Subd. 2.</u> <u>State Grants</u> <u>144,138,000</u> <u>144,138,000</u>

<u>If the appropriation in this subdivision for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.</u>

The legislature intends that the Office of Higher Education make full grant awards in each year of the biennium.

For the biennium, the tuition maximum is \$10,488 in each year for students in four-year programs, and \$5,808 for students in two-year programs.

This appropriation sets the living and miscellaneous expense allowance at \$7,000 each year.

<u>Up to \$75,000 of this appropriation may be used to complete computer programming changes necessary to implement new Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.121, subdivision 9b.</u>

Subd. 3. Safety Officers' Survivors

100,000 100,000

This appropriation is to provide educational benefits under Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.45, to eligible dependent children and to the spouses of public safety officers killed in the line of duty.

<u>If the appropriation in this subdivision for either year is</u> insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

Subd. 4. Child Care Grants	<u>6,684,000</u>	<u>6,684,000</u>
Subd. 5. State Work-Study	14,944,000	14,944,000
Subd. 6. Achieve Scholarship Program	4,350,000	4,350,000
For scholarships under Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.127.		

Subd. 7. Indian Scholarships

2,000,000 2,000,000

The director must contract with at least one person with demonstrated competence in American Indian culture and residing in or near the city of Bemidji to assist students with the scholarships under Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.126, and with other information about financial aid for which the students may be eligible. Bemidji State University must provide office space at no cost to the Minnesota Office of Higher Education for purposes of administering the American Indian scholarship program under Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.126.

Subd. 8. TEACH Program

250,000

250,000

For a grant under Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.128.

Subd. 9. <u>Intervention for College Attendance Program</u> **Grants**

746,000

746,000

For grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.861. Up to \$50,000 of this appropriation each year may be used for administrative expenses.

To provide continuity in program services and facilitate data collection that measures Intervention for College Attendance Program outcomes, the director must give priority in selecting grant recipients for the 2010-2011 biennium to 2008-2009 grantees that provide up-to-date annual program participation and outcome data regarding their success in increasing high school graduation,

college participation, and college graduation of students served by the program; and other information requested by the director. Projects whose funding is renewed, must:

- (1) retain an emphasis on enhancing academic readiness for college attendance and success in college for participants in grades 6 to 12; or
- (2) if the program's participants are college students, document that they are providing academic support services to participants that ensure success in college.

Grantees must submit data to the director about the number of students in the project's service area that would be eligible for the program, but are not being served and a plan for providing services to those students.

In the report under Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.861, the office must make recommendations on which aspects of the programs and services delivered through grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.861, are most effective in improving college readiness and/or retention and have the potential to be expanded to provide services to a regional or statewide population.

Subd. 10. Midwest Higher Education Compact

95,000 95,000

Subd. 11. Power of You

1,000,000 1,000,000

For transfer to MnSCU for the existing Power of You program and for pilot sites. A onetime appropriation of \$500,000 each year is for pilot sites.

Subd. 12. **Technical and Community College Emergency Grants**

150,000

150,000

For transfer to the financial aid offices at each of the colleges of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities to provide emergency aid grants to technical and community college students who are experiencing extraordinary economic circumstances that may result in the students dropping out of school without completing the term or their program.

Subd. 13. Veterinary Loan Forgiveness

225,000

For the large animal loan forgiveness program under Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.1795. This appropriation is available until expended.

Subd. 14. United Family Medicine Residency Program

448,000

467,000

For a grant to the United Family Medicine residency program. This appropriation shall be used to support up to 18 resident physicians each year in family practice at United Family Medicine

residency programs and shall prepare doctors to practice family care medicine in underserved rural and urban areas of the state. It is intended that this program will improve health care in underserved communities, provide affordable access to appropriate medical care, and manage the treatment of patients in a cost-effective manner.

Subd. 15. Interstate Tuition Reciprocity

<u>2,750,000</u> <u>2,750,000</u>

If the appropriation in this subdivision for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available to meet reciprocity contract obligations.

The base funding for this program is \$3,150,000 in fiscal year 2012 and \$3,250,000 in fiscal year 2013.

Subd. 16.	Minnesota	College	Savings Plan	

700,000 700,000

Subd. 17. MnLINK Gateway and Minitex

<u>6,031,000</u> <u>6,031,000</u>

Subd. 18. Other Programs

357,000 357,000

This appropriation includes \$125,000 each year for student and parent information, \$184,000 each year for the get ready outreach program, and \$48,000 each year for a grant to the Minnesota Minority Education Partnership.

Subd. 19. Agency Administration

2,785,000

2,785,000

This appropriation includes \$100,000 each year to administer the Achieve Scholarship Program and \$75,000 each year to administer the Indian Scholarship Program.

Subd. 20. Balances Forward

A balance in the first year under this section does not cancel, but is available for the second year.

Subd. 21. Transfers

The Minnesota Office of Higher Education may transfer unencumbered balances from the appropriations in this section to the state grant appropriation, the interstate tuition reciprocity appropriation, the child care grant appropriation, the Indian scholarship appropriation, the state work-study appropriation, the achieve scholarship appropriation, the public safety officers' survivors appropriation, and the Minnesota college savings plan appropriation. Transfers from the child care or state work-study appropriations may only be made to the extent there is a projected surplus in the appropriation. A transfer may be made only with prior written notice to the chairs of the senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction over higher education finance.

0

Subd. 22. TANF Work-Study

Notwithstanding any rule to the contrary, work-study jobs funded by a TANF appropriation do not require employer matching funds.

Subd. 23. Accreditation

The office must work with small institutions to identify costeffective methods to achieve accreditation necessary to be an eligible institution for state and federal financial aid.

Sec. 4. <u>BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE MINNESOTA</u> STATE COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

<u>Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation</u> \$677,845,000 \$666,258,000

Appropriations by Fund

2010 2011

<u>General</u> <u>613,952,000</u> <u>666,258,000</u>

<u>Federal</u> <u>63,893,000</u> <u>0</u>

The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

(a) This appropriation is from the fiscal stabilization account in the

Subd. 2. American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009

63,893,000

federal fund and may be used for modernization, renovation, or repair of facilities that are primarily used for instruction, research, or student housing but may not be used for maintenance of systems, equipment, or facilities. Amounts in this subdivision must not be allocated to modernization, renovation, or repair of stadiums or other facilities primarily used for athletic contests or exhibitions or other events for which admission is charged to the general public and must not be allocated to any facility used for sectarian instruction or religious worship or in which a substantial portion of the functions of the facilities are subsumed in a religious

mission. No amount from this appropriation may be allocated to increase endowment funds.

(b) Appropriations under this subdivision must be used as a bridge for budget reductions in the biennium ending June 30, 2013. These appropriations may be used for, but are not limited to the following purposes: education and general expenses; to retain faculty and staff jobs; to provide severance and for early retirement incentives; to mitigate the rising costs of attendance through minimizing tuition increases; and for the support of student employment opportunities.

(c) The legislature intends that the tuition increase for a Minnesota resident undergraduate student in the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, must not exceed five percent per year for the biennium ending June 30, 2011. Federal stimulus money under this subdivision must be used to buy down the tuition increase to no more than three percent per year for a net increase of six percent.

(d) An additional \$15,273,000 is appropriated in fiscal year 2009 from the fiscal stabilization account in the federal fund.

Subd. 3. Central Office and Shared Services Unit

<u>47,328,000</u> <u>47,328,000</u>

For the Office of the Chancellor and the Shared Services Division.

Subd. 4. **Operations and Maintenance**

561,824,000 614,130,000

- (a) It is the intention of the legislature to increase the amount of funding distributed to colleges and universities through the allocation model to provide direct support of instruction and related functions necessary to protect the core mission of educating students.
- (b) The Board of Trustees shall submit expenditure reduction plans by March 15, 2010, to the committees of the legislature with responsibility for higher education finance to achieve the 2012-2013 base established in this section at the central office and at each institution. The plan submitted by the board must be based on plans developed at each institution detailing reductions to achieve lower base allocations at that institution. Each plan must focus on protecting direct instruction.
- (c) For the biennium ending June 30, 2011, expenditures under this subdivision must not exceed \$40,000,000 for technology initiatives, including technology infrastructure improvements.
- (d) \$40,000 each year is for the Cook County Higher Education Board to provide educational programs and academic support services.
- (e) \$1,000,000 each year is for the Northeast Minnesota Higher Education District and high schools in its area. Students from area high schools may also access the facilities and faculty of the Northeast Minnesota Higher Education District for state-of-the-art technical education opportunities, including MnSCU's 2+2 Pathways initiative.
- (f) \$225,000 each year is to enhance eFolio Minnesota and for a center to provide on-site and Internet-based support and technical assistance to users of the state's eFolio Minnesota system to promote workforce and economic development and to enable access to workforce information generated through the eFolio Minnesota system.

(g) For fiscal years 2012 and 2013 the base for operations and maintenance is \$602,759,000 each year.

Subd. 5. Learning Network of Minnesota

4,800,000

4,800,000

Subd. 6. System Improvements

To increase efficiencies and equity for faculty and staff, the Board of Trustees is encouraged to place a priority on identifying and implementing measures to improve the human resources system used by the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities. One of the goals of improving the human resources system is to provide seamless information on faculty and employees to facilitate transfers between institutions.

EFFECTIVE DATE. Subdivision 2 is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 5. **BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA**

Subdivision 1. To	otal Appropriatio	<u>on</u>	<u>\$699,624,000</u>	\$679,468,000
	Appropriations b	by Fund		
	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>		
<u>General</u>	623,417,000	677,311,000		
Health Care Access	<u>2,157,000</u>	<u>2,157,000</u>		
<u>Federal</u>	74,050,000	<u>0</u>		
The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.				

Subd. 2. Operations and Maintenance

- <u>550,345,000</u> <u>604,239,000</u>
- (a) This appropriation includes funding for operation and maintenance of the system.
- (b) The Board of Regents shall submit expenditure reduction plans by March 15, 2010, to the committees of the legislature with responsibility for higher education finance to achieve the 2012-2013 base established in this section. The plan must focus on protecting direct instruction.
- (c) Appropriations under this subdivision may be used for a new scholarship under Minnesota Statutes, section 137.0225, to complement the University's Founders scholarship.
- (d) This appropriation includes amounts for an Ojibwe Indian language program on the Duluth campus.

- (e) This appropriation includes money for the Dakota language teacher training immersion program on the Twin Cities campus to prepare teachers to teach in Dakota language immersion programs.
- (f) This appropriation includes money for the Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory to preserve accreditation.
- (g) This appropriation includes money in fiscal year 2010 for a onetime grant to the Minnesota Wildlife Rehabilitation Center for their uncompensated expenses.
- (h) For fiscal years 2012 and 2013, the base for operations and maintenance is \$596,930,000 each year.

Subd. 3. Primary Care Education Initiatives

2,157,000 2,157,000

This appropriation is from the health care access fund.

Subd. 4. American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009

74,050,000

0

- (a) This appropriation is from the fiscal stabilization account in the federal fund and may be used for modernization, renovation, or repair of facilities that are primarily used for instruction, research, or student housing but may not be used for maintenance of systems, equipment, or facilities. Amounts in this subdivision must not be allocated to modernization, renovation, or repair of stadiums or other facilities primarily used for athletic contests or exhibitions or other events for which admission is charged to the general public and must not be allocated to any facility used for sectarian instruction or religious worship or in which a substantial portion of the functions of the facilities are subsumed in a religious mission. No amount from this appropriation may be allocated to increase endowment funds.
- (b) Appropriations under this subdivision must be used as a bridge for budget reductions in the biennium ending June 30, 2013. These appropriations may be used for, but are not limited to the following purposes: education and general expenses; to retain faculty and staff jobs; to provide severance and for early retirement incentives; to mitigate the rising costs of attendance through minimizing tuition increases; and for the support of student employment opportunities.
- (c) The legislature intends that the net tuition increase for a Minnesota resident undergraduate student at the University of Minnesota must not exceed \$300 per year for the biennium ending June 30, 2011. Appropriations of federal stimulus money under this subdivision must be used toward accomplishing this goal.
- (d) An additional \$15,273,000 is appropriated in fiscal year 2009 from the stabilization account in the federal fund.

Subd. 5. Special Appropriations

(a) Agriculture and Extension Service

<u>52,255,000</u> <u>52,255,000</u>

- (1) For the Agricultural Experiment Station and the Minnesota Extension Service. This appropriation includes the same appropriation as in the biennium ending June 30, 2009, for bovine tuberculosis research. This appropriation also includes the same appropriation as in the biennium ending June 30, 2009, to promote alternative livestock research and outreach, and for an ongoing organic research and education program.
- (2) The Agricultural Experiment Stations and Minnesota Extension Service must convene agricultural advisory groups to focus research, education, and extension activities on producer needs and implement an outreach strategy that more effectively and rapidly transfers research results and best practices to producers throughout the state.
- (3) This appropriation includes funding for research and outreach on the production of renewable energy from Minnesota biomass resources, including agronomic crops, plant and animal wastes, and native plants or trees. The following areas should be prioritized and carried out in consultation with Minnesota producers, renewable energy, sustainable agriculture, and bioenergy organizations:
- (i) biofuel and other energy production from perennial crops, small grains, row crops, and forestry products in conjunction with the Natural Resources Research Institute (NRRI):
- (ii) alternative bioenergy crops and cropping systems; and
- (iii) biofuel coproducts used for livestock feed.
- (4) This appropriation includes funding for the college of food, agricultural, and natural resources sciences to establish and maintain a statewide organic research and education initiative to provide leadership for organic agronomic, horticultural, livestock, and food systems research, education, and outreach and for the purchase of state-of-the-art laboratory, planting, tilling, harvesting, and processing equipment necessary for this project.
- (5) This appropriation includes funding for research efforts that demonstrate a renewed emphasis on the needs of the state's agriculture community. The following areas should be prioritized and carried out in consultation with Minnesota farm organizations:
- (i) vegetable crop research with priority for extending the Minnesota vegetable growing season;

- (ii) fertilizer and soil fertility research and development;
- (iii) soil, groundwater, and surface water conservation practices and contaminant reduction research;
- (iv) discovering and developing plant varieties that use nutrients more efficiently;
- (v) breeding and development of turf seed and other biomass resources in all three Minnesota biomes;
- (vi) development of new disease-resistant and pest-resistant varieties of turf and agronomic crops;
- (vii) utilizing plant and livestock cells to treat and cure human diseases;
- (viii) the development of dairy coproducts;
- (ix) a rapid agricultural response fund for current or emerging animal, plant, and insect problems affecting production or food safety;
- (x) crop pest and animal disease research;
- (xi) developing animal agriculture that is capable of sustainably feeding the world;
- (xii) consumer food safety education and outreach;
- (xiii) programs to meet the research and outreach needs of sustainable and organic livestock and crop farmers; and
- (xiv) alternative bioenergy crops and cropping systems; and growing, harvesting, and transporting biomass plant material.
- (6) This appropriation includes funding for analysis of ethanol production in Minnesota:
- (i) water use trends as compared to other industries and activities;
- (ii) the carbon balance of ethanol production;
- (iii) the effect of ethanol blending requirements on transportation fuel prices; and
- (iv) the economic impacts of ethanol production and use including such measures as employment, economic output, and state and local tax revenues.

1,387,000

8,000,000

(7) This appropriation may be used to retain current faculty levels for poultry research currently conducted at UMore Park, develop and implement a dairy producer continuing education program and for scoping a new dairy research and teaching facility.

(8) By February 1, 2011, the Board of Regents must submit a report to the legislative committees with responsibility for agriculture and higher education finance on the status and outcomes of research and initiatives funded in this paragraph.

(b) Health Sciences 5,275,000 5,275,000

\$346,000 each year is to support up to 12 resident physicians in the St. Cloud Hospital family practice residency program. The program must prepare doctors to practice primary care medicine in the rural areas of the state. The legislature intends this program to improve health care in rural communities, provide affordable access to appropriate medical care, and manage the treatment of patients in a more cost-effective manner.

The remainder of this appropriation is for the rural physicians associates program, the Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory, health sciences research, dental care, and the Biomedical Engineering Center.

(c) Institute of Technology

For the Geological Survey and the talented youth mathematics program.

(d) System Special 6,155,000 6,155,000

1,387,000

For general research, industrial relations education, Natural Resources Research Institute, Center for Urban and Regional Affairs, Bell Museum of Natural History, and the Humphrey exhibit.

(e) University of Minnesota and Mayo Foundation Partnership 8,000,000

For the direct and indirect expenses of the collaborative research partnership between the University of Minnesota and the Mayo Foundation for research in biotechnology and medical genomics. This appropriation is available until expended. All parties to the partnership and chairs of the senate and house of representatives committees responsible for higher education finance must be consulted before the Board of Regents reduces the amount allocated to the partnership under this paragraph during the biennium ending June 30, 2011. An annual report on the expenditure of these funds must be submitted to the governor and the chairs of the senate and house of representatives committees responsible for higher education and economic development by June 30 of each fiscal year.

Subd. 6. Academic Health Center

The appropriation for Academic Health Center funding under Minnesota Statutes, section 297F.10, is \$22,250,000 each year.

Subd. 7. Human Cloning Prohibited

An appropriation in this section must not be used to either support human cloning or to pay for any expenses incidental to human cloning. For the purposes of this subdivision, "cloning" means generating a genetically identical copy of an organism at any stage of development by combining an enucleated egg and the nucleus of a somatic cell to make an embryo.

Subd. 8. NRRI Research

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 137.022, subdivision 4, the board may use up to \$150,000 of the income credited to the permanent university fund from royalties from mining under state mineral leases to fund research at the Coleraine Minerals Research Laboratory of the Natural Resources Research Institute by taconite engineers who have been laid off by the mining industry.

This appropriation is from the state government special revenue fund for the purpose of licensing dental therapists. The base appropriation of the Board of Dentistry must be decreased by \$11,000 in fiscal year 2012 and \$11,000 in fiscal year 2013.

EFFECTIVE DATE. Subdivision 4 is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 6. MAYO MEDICAL FOUNDATION

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$1,300,000</u>	<u>\$1,351,000</u>
The amounts that may be spent for the purposes are specified in the <u>following subdivisions.</u>		
Subd. 2. Medical School	<u>640,000</u>	665,000
The state of Minnesota must pay a capitation each year for each student who is a resident of Minnesota. The appropriation may be transferred between years of the biennium to accommodate enrollment fluctuations.		
It is intended that during the biennium the Mayo Clinic use the capitation money to increase the number of doctors practicing in rural areas in need of doctors.		
Subd. 3. Family Practice and Graduate Residency Program	660,000	<u>686,000</u>
The state of Minnesota must pay stipend support for up to 27 residents each year.		
Sec. 7. BOARD OF DENTISTRY	<u>\$93,000</u>	<u>\$17,000</u>

Sec. 8. **DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH**

The base appropriation for the Department of Health from the state government special revenue fund is increased by \$48,000 in fiscal year 2012 and by \$141,000 in fiscal year 2013 for the purpose of the evaluation process for assessing the impact of dental therapists. This appropriation must not be added to the department's base after fiscal year 2014.

ARTICLE 2

RELATED HIGHER EDUCATION PROVISIONS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 135A.08, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Course equivalency.** The <u>Board of</u> Regents of the University of Minnesota and the <u>Board of</u> Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities shall develop and maintain course equivalency guides for use between institutions that have a high frequency of transfer. The course equivalency guides must include information on the course equivalency and awarding of credit for learning acquired as a result of the successful completion of formal military courses and occupational training. Course equivalency guides <u>shall</u> are not be required for vocational technical programs that have not been divided into identifiable courses. The governing boards of private institutions that grant associate and baccalaureate degrees and that have a high frequency of transfer students are requested to participate in developing these guides.

Sec. 2. [135A.157] NOTICE TO STUDENTS REGARDING POSSIBLE IMPACT OF CRIMINAL RECORDS.

- (a) A public or private postsecondary educational institution located in this state shall give notice under this section to each person accepted for admission to be a student at the institution. This notice shall be given at or before the time of acceptance for admission to the institution and at or before the time students select a major.
- (b) A notice provided under this section must inform students that arrests, charges, or convictions of criminal offenses may limit employment possibilities in specific careers and occupations and may limit their ability to obtain federal, state, and other financial aid, and must encourage students to investigate these possibilities. The notice must not discourage students from applying for federal, state, or other financial aid.
 - (c) A postsecondary educational institution is not liable for failing to provide the notice required by this section.
 - Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 135A.25, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Minnesota Office of Higher Education responsibilities.** (a) For private postsecondary institutions, the Minnesota Office of Higher Education must develop educational materials considering the recommendations by the Minnesota Office of Higher Education and others and at least annually convene and sponsor meetings and workshops and provide educational strategies for faculty, students, administrators, institutions, and bookstores to inform all interested parties on strategies for reducing the costs of course materials for students attending postsecondary institutions.
- (b) The Minnesota Office of Higher Education must identify methods to compile and distribute information on publishers that sell or distribute course material for classroom use in postsecondary institutions in a manner that meets the requirements and complies with subdivision 2. The Minnesota Office of Higher Education must also evaluate ways to make this information available for use by students and faculty in postsecondary institutions.

Sec. 4. [135A.26] AMERICAN MADE CLOTHING IN COLLEGE BOOKSTORES.

To the extent possible, a bookstore located on the campus of a public college or university in Minnesota must offer for sale clothing or articles of apparel that are manufactured in the United States of America. The college or university must make a report to the legislature on the results of efforts made to comply with this section.

Sec. 5. [135A.61] HIGH SCHOOL-TO-COLLEGE DEVELOPMENTAL TRANSITION PROGRAMS.

Subdivision 1. High school-to-college developmental transition programs. All public higher education systems and other higher education institutions in Minnesota are encouraged to offer research-based high school-to-college developmental transition programs to prepare students for college-level academic coursework. A program under this section must, at a minimum, include instruction to develop the skills and abilities necessary to be ready for college-level coursework when the student enrolls in a degree, diploma, or certificate program and must address the academic skills identified as needing improvement by a college readiness assessment completed by the student. A program offered under this section must not constitute more than the equivalent of one semester of full-time study occurring in the summer following high school graduation. The courses completed in a program under this section must be identified on the student's transcript with a unique identifier to distinguish it from other developmental education courses or programs.

- Subd. 2. High school-to-college developmental transition programs evaluation report. (a) Institutions that offer a high school-to-college developmental transition program and enroll students that receive a grant under section 136A.121, subdivision 9b, must annually submit data and information about the services provided and program outcomes to the director of the Office of Higher Education.
- (b) The director must establish and convene a data working group to develop: (1) the data methodology to be used in evaluating the effectiveness of the programs implemented to improve the academic performance of participants, including the identification of appropriate comparison groups; and (2) a timeline for institutions to submit data and information to the director. The data working group must develop procedures that ensure consistency in the data collected by each institution. Data group members must have expertise in data collection processes and the delivery of academic programs to students, and represent the types of institutions that offer a program under this section. The data group must assist the director in analyzing and synthesizing institutional data and information to be included in the evaluation report submitted to the legislature under subdivision 3.
- (c) Participating institutions must specify both program and student outcome goals and the activities implemented to achieve the goals. The goals must be clearly stated and measurable, and data collected must enable the director to verify the program has met the outcome goals established for the program.
 - (d) The data and information submitted must include, at a minimum, the following:
 - (1) demographic information about program participants;
 - (2) names of the high schools from which the students graduated;
 - (3) the college readiness test used to determine the student was not ready for college-level academic coursework;
 - (4) the academic content areas assessed and the scores received by the students on the college readiness test;
- (5) a description of the services, including any supplemental noncredit academic support services, provided to students;
 - (6) data on the registration load, courses completed, and grades received by students;

- (7) the retention of students from the term they participated in the program to the fall term immediately following graduation from high school;
 - (8) information about the student's enrollment in subsequent terms; and
 - (9) other information specified by the director or the data group that facilitates the evaluation process.
- Subd. 3. Report to legislature. By March 15 of each year, beginning in 2011, the director shall submit a report to the committees of the legislature with jurisdiction over higher education finance and policy that evaluates the effectiveness of programs in improving the academic performance of students who participated in the transition programs.
 - Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 136A.01, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 2. **Responsibilities.** The Minnesota Office of Higher Education is responsible for:
- (1) necessary state level administration of financial aid programs, including accounting, auditing, and disbursing state and federal financial aid funds, and reporting on financial aid programs to the governor and the legislature;
- (2) approval, registration, licensing, and financial aid eligibility of private collegiate and career schools, under sections 136A.61 to 136A.71 and chapter 141;
 - (3) administering the Learning Network of Minnesota;
 - (4) negotiating and administering reciprocity agreements;
- (5) (4) publishing and distributing financial aid information and materials, and other information and materials under section 136A.87, to students and parents;
- (6) (5) collecting and maintaining student enrollment and financial aid data and reporting data on students and postsecondary institutions to develop and implement a process to measure and report on the effectiveness of postsecondary institutions;
 - (7) (6) administering the federal programs that affect students and institutions on a statewide basis; and
- (8) (7) prescribing policies, procedures, and rules under chapter 14 necessary to administer the programs under its supervision.
 - Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 136A.06, is amended to read:

136A.06 FEDERAL FUNDS.

The Minnesota Office of Higher Education is designated the state agency to apply for, receive, accept, and disburse to both public and private institutions of higher education all federal funds which are allocated to the state of Minnesota to support higher education programs, construction, or other activities and which require administration by a state higher education agency under the Higher Education Facilities Act of 1963, and any amendments thereof, the Higher Education Act of 1965, and any amendments thereof, and any other law which provides funds for higher education and requires administration by a state higher education agency as enacted or may be enacted by the Congress of the United States; provided that no commitment shall be made that shall bind the legislature to make appropriations beyond current allocations of funds. The office may apply for, receive, accept, and disburse all administrative funds available to the office for administering federal funds to support higher

education programs, construction, or other activities. The office also may apply for, receive, accept, and disburse any research, planning, or program funds which are available for purposes consistent with the provisions of this chapter. In making application for and administering federal funds the office may comply with any and all requirements of federal law and federal rules and regulations to enable it to receive and accept such funds. The expenditure of any such funds received shall be governed by the laws of the state, except insofar as federal regulations may otherwise provide. The office may contract with both public and private institutions in administering federal funds, and such contracts shall not be subject to the provisions of chapter 16C. All such money received by the office shall be deposited in the state treasury and, subject to section 3.3005, are hereby appropriated to it annually for the purpose for which such funds are received. None of such moneys shall cancel but shall be available until expended.

- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 136A.08, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the <u>following</u> terms <u>have the meanings</u> given them.
 - (b) "Province" and "provincial" mean the Canadian province of Manitoba.
 - (c) "Resident of this state" means a resident student as defined in section 136A.101, subdivision 8.
 - Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 136A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 9. Appeal; resident status. A student who does not meet the definition of resident after residing in Minnesota for 12 months may appeal to the director by providing documentation on the student's reasons for residing in Minnesota. The director may grant resident status for the purpose of this section to the student upon determining the documentation establishes that postsecondary education was not the student's principal reason for residing in Minnesota.
 - Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 136A.101, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Eligible institution.** "Eligible institution" means a postsecondary educational institution located in this state or in a state with which the office has entered into a higher education reciprocity agreement on state student aid programs that (1) is operated by this state or the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota, or (2) is operated privately and, as determined by the office, meets all of the following: (i) maintains academic standards substantially equivalent to those of comparable institutions operated in this state; (ii) is licensed or registered as a postsecondary institution by the office or another state agency; and (iii) by July 1, 2011, is participating in the federal Pell Grant program under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended.

Sec. 11. [136A.1201] MINNESOTA PROMISE.

- Subdivision 1. Financial aid policy. It is the policy of the legislature to provide sufficient financial aid funding so that tuition and required fees to attend a public two-year college for a student from a low-income family are covered by state financial aid when combined with federal and other sources of aid.
- Subd. 2. Informational materials. The Office of Higher Education must prepare and distribute materials under section 136A.87 to promote the Minnesota Promise, the availability of financial aid, and the benefits of higher education.
 - Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 136A.121, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. **Awards.** An undergraduate student who meets the office's requirements is eligible to apply for and receive a grant in any year of undergraduate study unless the student has obtained a baccalaureate degree or previously has been enrolled full time or the equivalent for eight nine semesters or the equivalent, excluding courses taken from a Minnesota school or postsecondary institution which is not participating in the state grant program and

from which a student transferred no credit. A student who withdraws from enrollment for active military service, or for a major illness, while under the care of a medical professional, that substantially limits the student's ability to complete the term is entitled to an additional semester or the equivalent of grant eligibility. A student enrolled in a two-year program at a four-year institution is only eligible for the tuition and fee maximums established by law for two-year institutions.

- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 136A.121, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 9b. Onetime grant for high school-to-college developmental transition program. (a) A student who enrolls in a program under section 135A.61 is eligible for a onetime grant to help pay expenses to attend the program. The amount of the grant must be determined according to subdivision 5, except as modified by paragraph (b). The requirement in subdivision 9a that subtracts a federal Pell Grant award for which a student would be eligible, even if the student has exhausted the federal Pell Grant award, does not apply to a student who receives a grant under this subdivision in the award year in which the grant is received. The maximum grant under this subdivision must be reduced by the average amount a student would earn working in an on-campus work-study position for ten hours per week during a summer term. The office must determine an amount for student earnings in a summer term, using available data about earnings, before determining the amount awarded under this subdivision.
- (b) For a student with an expected family contribution of zero, the maximum amount of the grant is the cost of attendance under subdivision 6.
- (c) A grant under this subdivision counts as one of the nine semesters of eligibility under subdivision 9. A grant under this subdivision must not be awarded for the same term for which another grant is awarded under this section.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for students who graduate from high school after December 31, 2009.
 - Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 136A.121, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 12a. Free application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) compliance. All eligible institutions must implement policies and procedures that ensure that applicants are aware that they must annually complete the FAFSA to be eligible for financial aid.
 - Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 136A.127, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Definition; qualifying program.** For the purposes of this section, a "qualifying program" means a rigorous secondary school program of study defined by the Department of Education under agreement with the Secretary of Education for the purposes of determining eligibility for the federal Academic Competitiveness Grant Program under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended. <u>If a qualifying program includes a foreign language requirement, the foreign language requirement is waived for a student whose first language is not English and who attains English language proficiency.</u>
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to students who graduate on or after January 1, 2009.
 - Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 136A.127, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Student eligibility.** To be eligible to receive a scholarship under this section, in addition to the requirements listed under section 136A.121, a student must:
 - (1) submit a Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA);

- (2) take and receive at least a grade of C for courses that comprise a rigorous secondary school complete a qualifying program of study in a high school or in a home-school setting under section 120A.22, and graduate from a Minnesota high school, and graduate with an unweighted grade point average of 2.5 or higher;
- (3) have a family adjusted gross income of less than \$75,000 in the last complete calendar year prior to the academic year of postsecondary attendance in which the scholarship is used qualify for a federal Pell Grant or state grant under section 136A.121;
- (4) be a United States citizen or eligible noncitizen, as defined in section 484 of the Higher Education Act, United States Code, title 20, sections 1091 et seq., as amended, and Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, section 668.33;
 - (5) be a Minnesota resident, as defined in section 136A.101, subdivision 8; and
- (6) be enrolled for at least three credits per quarter or semester or the equivalent enroll full-time in a degree, diploma, or certificate program during the academic year immediately following high school graduation at an eligible institution as defined under section 136A.101, subdivision 4.
 - Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 136A.127, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. **Scholarship awards.** A student may not receive more than \$1,200 in Minnesota achieve scholarships, which must be for enrollment during the four-year availability period described in subdivision 12. The amount of the scholarship is equal to the maximum assigned student responsibility for a four-year program, as defined in section 136A.121, subdivision 5, minus the assigned family responsibility as defined in section 136A.101, subdivision 5a, multiplied by 0.50. The minimum scholarship is \$1,200 per academic year based on the institution's academic calendar and the student's continued eligibility. The scholarships scholarship may be used to pay for qualifying expenses at eligible institutions.
 - Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 136A.127, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 9b. Additional award for online course completion. An eligible student who has completed at least one online course while in high school or in a home-school setting under section 120A.22 may receive an additional award of up to \$150 to be used in conjunction with the award in subdivision 9. The additional award is available to new applicants for terms of enrollment beginning on or after July 1, 2009. The online course must be offered by a provider certified by the Minnesota Department of Education under section 124D.095 or by an eligible postsecondary institution as defined under section 136A.101, subdivision 4. If the official high school transcript is not sufficient to document the completion of the online course, the student may be required to submit further documentation as required by the office.
 - Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 136A.127, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- <u>Subd. 10a.</u> <u>Student investment.</u> A student investment is required in an amount equal to the remainder of the assigned student responsibility as defined in section 136A.121, subdivision 5, after deducting the Achieve <u>Scholarship.</u>
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to students who graduate on or after January 1, 2009.
 - Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 136A.127, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
- Subd. 14. **Evaluation report.** By January 15 of each odd-numbered year, the Office of Higher Education shall submit a report, to the committees of the legislature with jurisdiction over higher education finance and policy, regarding the success of the program in increasing the enrollment of students in rigorous high school courses, including, at a minimum, the following information:

- (1) the demographics of individuals participating in the program;
- (2) the grades scholarship recipients received for courses in the qualifying program under subdivision 2;
- (3) the number of scholarship recipients who persisted at a postsecondary institution for a second year;
- (4) (3) the high schools attended by the program participants;
- (5) (4) the postsecondary institutions attended by the program participants;
- (6) (5) the academic performance of the students after enrolling in a postsecondary institution; and
- (7) (6) other information as identified determined by the director.
- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 136A.1701, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
- Subd. 10. **Prohibition on use of state money.** Except as provided in section 136A.1787, paragraph (a), no money originating from state sources in the state treasury shall be made available for student loans under this section and all student loans shall be made from money originating from nonstate sources.

Sec. 22. [136A.1787] SELF LOAN REVENUE BONDS ANNUAL CERTIFICATE OF NEED.

- (a) In order to ensure the payment of the principal of and interest on bonds and notes of the office and the continued maintenance of the loan capital fund under section 136A.1785, the office shall annually determine and certify to the governor, on or before December 1, the amount, if any:
- (1) needed to restore the loan capital fund to the minimum amount required by a resolution or indenture relating to any bonds or notes of the office, not exceeding the maximum amount of principal and interest to become due and payable in any subsequent year on all bonds or notes which are then outstanding:
- (2) determined by the office to be needed in the immediately ensuing fiscal year, with other funds pledged and estimated to be received during that year, for the payment of the principal and interest due and payable in that year on all outstanding bonds and notes; and
- (3) needed to restore any debt service reserve fund securing any outstanding bonds or notes of the office to the amount required in a resolution or indenture relating to such outstanding bonds or notes.
- (b) The governor shall include and submit the amounts certified by the office in accordance with this section to the legislature in the governor's budget for the following fiscal year, or in a governor's supplemental budget if the regular budget for that year has previously been approved.

Sec. 23. [136A.1795] LARGE ANIMAL VETERINARIAN LOAN FORGIVENESS PROGRAM.

- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.
- (b) "Veterinarian" means an individual who has been awarded a doctor of veterinary medicine degree from the College of Veterinary Medicine, University of Minnesota.
- (c) "Designated rural area" means an area in Minnesota outside the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington, excluding the cities of Duluth, Mankato, Moorhead, Rochester, and St. Cloud.

- (d) "Emergency circumstances" means those conditions that make it impossible for the participant to fulfill the service commitment, including death, total and permanent disability, or temporary disability lasting more than two years.
- (e) "Qualified educational loan" means a government, commercial, or foundation loan for actual costs paid for tuition, reasonable education expenses, and reasonable living expenses related to the education of a veterinarian.
- Subd. 2. Establishment; administration. (a) The director of the Minnesota Office of Higher Education shall establish and administer a loan forgiveness program for large animal veterinarians who:
 - (1) agree to practice in designated rural areas that are considered underserved; and
 - (2) work full time in a practice that is at least 50 percent involved with the care of food animals.
 - (b) Appropriations made to the program do not cancel and are available until expended.
 - Subd. 3. Eligibility. (a) To be eligible to participate in the loan forgiveness program, an individual must:
- (1) be a veterinarian who has been awarded a veterinary medicine degree within three years of submitting an application under this section, or be enrolled in the veterinarian degree program and making satisfactory progress in the College of Veterinary Medicine, University of Minnesota; and
- (2) submit an application to the director of the Minnesota Office of Higher Education in the form and manner prescribed by the director.
- (b) An applicant selected to participate must sign a contract agreeing to complete a five-year service obligation to practice as required under subdivision 2, paragraph (a).
- Subd. 4. Loan forgiveness. (a) The director of the Minnesota Office of Higher Education may select a maximum of five applicants each year for participation in the loan forgiveness program, within the limits of available funding. Applicants are responsible for securing their own qualified educational loans.
- (b) The director must select participants based on their suitability for practice serving the designated rural area, as indicated by experience or training. The director must give preference to applicants closest to completing their training.
- (c) The director must make annual disbursements directly to the participant of \$15,000 or the balance of the participant's qualifying educational loans, whichever is less, for each year that a participant meets the service obligation required under subdivision 3, paragraph (b), up to a maximum of five years.
- (d) Before receiving loan repayment disbursements and as requested, the participant must complete and return to the director an affidavit of practice form provided by the director verifying that the participant is practicing as required under subdivision 2, paragraph (a). The participant must provide the director with verification that the full amount of loan repayment disbursement received by the participant has been applied toward the designated loans. After each disbursement, verification must be received by the director and approved before the next loan repayment disbursement is made.
- (e) Participants who move their practice remain eligible for loan repayment as long as they practice as required under subdivision 2, paragraph (a).
- Subd. 5. Penalty for nonfulfillment. If a participant does not fulfill the required minimum commitment of service required under subdivision 3, paragraph (b), the director of the Minnesota Office of Higher Education must collect from the participant the total amount paid to the participant under the loan forgiveness program plus interest

at a rate established according to section 270C.40. The director must deposit the money collected in the state general fund. The director must allow waivers of all or part of the money owed the director as a result of a nonfulfillment penalty if emergency circumstances prevented fulfillment of the service obligation.

- Subd. 6. **Rules.** The director may adopt rules to implement this section.
- Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 136A.87, is amended to read:

136A.87 PLANNING INFORMATION FOR POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION.

The office shall make available to all residents from 8th beginning in 7th grade through adulthood information about planning and preparing for postsecondary opportunities. Information must be provided to all 8th 7th grade students and their parents annually by January 1 of each year September 30 about the need to plan planning for their postsecondary education. The office may also provide information to high school students and their parents, to adults, and to out-of-school youth. The information provided may include the following:

- (1) the need to start planning early;
- (2) the availability of assistance in educational planning from educational institutions and other organizations;
- (3) suggestions for studying effectively during high school;
- (4) high school courses necessary to be adequately prepared for postsecondary education;
- (5) encouragement to involve parents actively in planning for all phases of education;
- (6) information about <u>post-high school postsecondary</u> education and training opportunities existing in the state, their respective missions and expectations for students, their preparation requirements, admission requirements, and student placement;
 - (7) ways to evaluate and select postsecondary institutions;
 - (8) the process of transferring credits among Minnesota postsecondary institutions and systems;
- (9) the costs of postsecondary education and the availability of financial assistance in meeting these costs, including specific information about the Minnesota promise and achieve scholarship program;
- (10) the interrelationship of assistance from student financial aid, public assistance, and job training programs; and
 - (11) financial planning for postsecondary education beyond high school.
 - Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 136F.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Membership.** The board consists of 15 members appointed by the governor, including three members who are students who have attended an institution for at least one year and are currently enrolled at least half time in a degree, diploma, or certificate program in an institution governed by the board. The student members shall include one member from a community college, one member from a state university, and one member from a technical college. One member representing labor must be appointed after considering the recommendations made under section 136F.045. The governor is not bound by the recommendations. Appointments to the board are with the advice and consent of the senate. At least one member of the board must be a resident of each congressional

district. All other members must be appointed to represent the state at large. In selecting appointees, the governor must consider the needs of the board of trustees and the balance of the board membership with respect to labor and business representation and racial, gender, geographic, and ethnic composition.

A commissioner of a state agency may not serve as a member of the board.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment, except that a commissioner serving on the board of trustees on the effective date may continue to serve for the remainder of a current term of appointment to the board.

- Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 136F.03, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Recommendations.** Except for seats filled under sections 136F.04 and 136F.045, the advisory council shall recommend at least two and not more than four candidates for each seat. By April 15 of each even-numbered year in which the governor makes appointments to the board, the advisory council shall submit its recommendations to the governor and to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with primary jurisdiction over higher education policy and finance. The governor is not bound by these recommendations.
 - Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 136F.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Recommendations.** Each student association shall recommend at least two and not more than four candidates for its student member. By April 15 of the year in which its members' term expires, each student association shall submit its recommendations to the governor and to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with primary jurisdiction over higher education policy and finance. The governor is not bound by these recommendations.
 - Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 136F.045, is amended to read:

136F.045 LABOR ORGANIZATION BOARD MEMBER SELECTION PROCESS.

The Minnesota AFL-CIO shall recruit and screen qualified labor candidates to be recommended to the governor for appointment to the board. The organization must develop a process for selecting candidates, and a statement of selection criteria for board membership that is consistent with the requirements under section 136F.02, subdivision 1. The organization must recommend at least two and no more than four candidates to the governor beginning in 2010 and every six years thereafter. Recommendations must be made to the governor and to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with primary jurisdiction over higher education policy and finance by April 15 of the year in which the governor makes appointments to the board. The governor is not bound by the recommendations.

Sec. 29. [136F.37] JOB PLACEMENT IMPACT ON PROGRAM REVIEW; INFORMATION TO STUDENTS.

The board must assess labor market data when conducting college program reviews. Colleges must provide prospective students with the job placement rate for graduates of technical and occupational programs offered at the colleges.

- Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 136F.46, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Solicitation.** Efforts to secure payroll deductions authorized in subdivision 1 may not interfere with, require a modification of, nor be conducted during the period of a payroll deduction fund drive for employees authorized by section 309.501 43A.50.

Sec. 31. [137.0225] UNIVERSITY SCHOLARSHIP.

The Board of Regents may establish a scholarship to help offset the impact of rising tuition for Minnesota students from middle-income families. To be eligible for a scholarship under this section, a student must be a Minnesota resident undergraduate from a family that is not Pell eligible with an annual adjusted gross income not to exceed \$100,000.

- Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 137.0245, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Membership.** The Regent Candidate Advisory Council shall consist of 24 members. Twelve members shall be appointed by the Subcommittee on Committees of the Committee on Rules and Administration of the senate. Twelve members shall be appointed by the speaker of the house. Each appointing authority must appoint one member who is a student enrolled in a degree program at the University of Minnesota at the time of appointment. No more than one-third of the members appointed by each appointing authority may be current or former legislators. No more than two-thirds of the members appointed by each appointing authority may belong to the same political party; however, political activity or affiliation is not required for the appointment of any member. Geographical representation must be taken into consideration when making appointments. Section 15.0575 shall govern the advisory council, except that:
 - (1) the members shall be appointed to six-year terms with one-third appointed each even-numbered year; and
 - (2) student members are appointed to two-year terms with two students appointed each even-numbered year.

A member may not serve more than two full terms.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to members serving on the council on that date, although those members may serve out the remainder of their current terms.

- Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 137.0246, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Regent nomination joint committee.** (a) The joint legislative committee consists of the members of the higher education budget and policy divisions in each house of the legislature. The chairs of the divisions from each body shall be cochairs of the joint legislative committee. A majority of the members from each house is a quorum of the joint committee.
- (b) By February 28 of each odd-numbered year, or at a date agreed to by concurrent resolution, the joint legislative committee shall meet to consider the advisory council's recommendations for regent of the University of Minnesota for possible presentation to a joint convention of the legislature.
- (c) The joint committee may recommend to the joint convention candidates recommended by the advisory council and the other candidates nominated by the joint committee. A candidate other than those recommended by the advisory council may be nominated for consideration by the joint committee only if the nomination receives the support of at least three house of representatives members of the committee and two senate members of the committee. A candidate must receive a majority vote of members from the house of representatives and from the senate on the joint committee to be recommended to the joint convention. The joint committee may recommend no more than one candidate for each vacancy. In recommending nominees, the joint committee must consider the needs of the board of regents and the balance of the board membership with respect to gender, racial, and ethnic composition.
- (d) The joint committee must meet twice, approximately one week apart. The first meeting is for the purpose of interviewing candidates and recommending candidates for the joint committee to consider. The second meeting is for the purpose of voting for candidates for recommendation to the joint convention.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 137.025, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Appropriations not for buildings.** The commissioner of finance shall pay no money to the University of Minnesota pursuant to a direct appropriation, other than an appropriation for buildings, until the university first certifies to the commissioner of finance that its aggregate balances in the temporary investment pool, eash, or separate investments, resulting from all state maintenance and special appropriations do not exceed \$7,000,000, or any other amount specified in the act making the appropriation, plus one third of all tuition and fee payments from the previous fiscal year. Upon this certification, 1/12 of the annual appropriation to the university shall be paid at the beginning University of Minnesota on the 21st day of each month. Additional payments shall be made by the commissioner of finance whenever the state appropriations and tuition aggregate balances in the temporary investment pool, cash, or separate investments are reduced below the indicated levels If the 21st day of the month falls on a Saturday or Sunday, the monthly payment must be made on the first business day immediately following the 21st day of the month.

- Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 179A.03, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
- Subd. 14. **Public employee or employee.** "Public employee" or "employee" means any person appointed or employed by a public employer except:
 - (a) elected public officials;
 - (b) election officers;
 - (c) commissioned or enlisted personnel of the Minnesota National Guard;
 - (d) emergency employees who are employed for emergency work caused by natural disaster;
- (e) part-time employees whose service does not exceed the lesser of 14 hours per week or 35 percent of the normal work week in the employee's appropriate unit;
- (f) employees whose positions are basically temporary or seasonal in character and: (1) are not for more than 67 working days in any calendar year; or (2) are not for more than 100 working days in any calendar year and the employees are under the age of 22, are full-time students enrolled in a nonprofit or public educational institution prior to being hired by the employer, and have indicated, either in an application for employment or by being enrolled at an educational institution for the next academic year or term, an intention to continue as students during or after their temporary employment;
- (g) employees providing services for not more than two consecutive quarters to the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities under the terms of a professional or technical services contract as defined in section 16C.08, subdivision 1;
 - (h) employees of charitable hospitals as defined by section 179.35, subdivision 3;
- (i) full-time undergraduate students employed by the school which they attend under a work-study program or in connection with the receipt of financial aid, irrespective of number of hours of service per week;
- (j) an individual who is employed for less than 300 hours in a fiscal year as an instructor in an adult vocational education program;
- (k) an individual hired by the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities to teach one course for three or fewer credits for one semester in a year;

- (l) with respect to court employees:
- (1) personal secretaries to judges;
- (2) law clerks;
- (3) managerial employees;
- (4) confidential employees; and
- (5) supervisory employees;
- (m) with respect to employees of Hennepin Healthcare System, Inc., managerial, supervisory, and confidential employees.

The following individuals are public employees regardless of the exclusions of clauses (e) and (f):

- (i) An employee hired by a school district or the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities except at the university established in section 136F.13 the Twin Cities metropolitan area under section 136F.10 or for community services or community education instruction offered on a noncredit basis: (A) to replace an absent teacher or faculty member who is a public employee, where the replacement employee is employed more than 30 working days as a replacement for that teacher or faculty member; or (B) to take a teaching position created due to increased enrollment, curriculum expansion, courses which are a part of the curriculum whether offered annually or not, or other appropriate reasons;
- (ii) An employee hired for a position under clause (f)(1) if that same position has already been filled under clause (f)(1) in the same calendar year and the cumulative number of days worked in that same position by all employees exceeds 67 calendar days in that year. For the purpose of this paragraph, "same position" includes a substantially equivalent position if it is not the same position solely due to a change in the classification or title of the position; and
 - (iii) an early childhood family education teacher employed by a school district.
 - Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 299A.45, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. Eligibility. A person is eligible to receive educational benefits under this section if the person:
- (1) is certified under section 299A.44 and in compliance with this section and rules of the commissioner of public safety and the Minnesota Office of Higher Education;
- (2) is enrolled in an undergraduate degree or certificate program after June 30, 1990, at an eligible Minnesota institution as provided in section 136A.101, subdivision 4;
- (3) has not received a baccalaureate degree or been enrolled full time for ten nine semesters or the equivalent, except that a student who withdraws from enrollment for active military service is entitled to an additional semester or the equivalent of eligibility; and
- (4) is related in one of the following ways to a public safety officer killed in the line of duty on or after January 1, 1973:
 - (i) as a dependent child less than 23 years of age;

- (ii) as a surviving spouse; or
- (iii) as a dependent child less than 30 years of age who has served on active military duty 181 consecutive days or more and has been honorably discharged or released to the dependent child's reserve or National Guard unit.
 - Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 340A.404, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4a. **State-owned recreation; entertainment facilities.** Notwithstanding any other law, local ordinance, or charter provision, the commissioner may issue on-sale intoxicating liquor licenses:
- (1) to the state agency administratively responsible for, or to an entity holding a concession or facility management contract with such agency for beverage sales at, the premises of any Giants Ridge Recreation Area building or recreational improvement area owned by the state in the town of White city of Biwabik, St. Louis County;
- (2) to the state agency administratively responsible for, or to an entity holding a concession or facility management contract with such agency for beverage sales at, the premises of any Ironworld Discovery Center building or facility owned by the state at Chisholm; and
- (3) to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota for events at Northrop Auditorium, the intercollegiate football stadium, or at no more than seven other locations within the boundaries of the University of Minnesota, provided that the Board of Regents has approved an application for a license for the specified location and provided that a license for an arena or stadium location is void unless it requires the sale of intoxicating liquor throughout the arena or stadium if intoxicating liquor is sold anywhere in the arena or stadium.

The commissioner shall charge a fee for licenses issued under this subdivision in an amount comparable to the fee for comparable licenses issued in surrounding cities.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to applications for an on-sale liquor license made after December 1, 2008.

Sec. 38. IMPLEMENTATION OF TEXTBOOK INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS.

The Minnesota Office of Higher Education must report to the committees of the legislature responsible for higher education finance by January 15, 2010, on the implementation of textbook information requirements under United States Code, title 20, section 1015b, effective July 1, 2010. In preparing the report, the office must work with representatives of textbook publishers, the Student Advisory Council, Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, the University of Minnesota, and the Private College Council. At a minimum, the report must include a template that publishers may use to provide the required information in a consistent format to all Minnesota campuses, and make recommendations for methods to disseminate pricing information to support students and faculty in making well informed decisions about course materials.

Sec. 39. ACHIEVE SCHOLARSHIP FOR STUDENTS ELIGIBLE PRIOR TO JANUARY 1, 2009.

A student who met the requirements to receive an Achieve Scholarship prior to January 1, 2009, but did not receive the scholarship award, may be awarded a onetime scholarship of \$1,200. This section expires on December 31, 2012.

Sec. 40. TEACHER EDUCATION REPORT.

The Minnesota Office of Higher Education and Minnesota Department of Education must report to the committees of the legislature with jurisdiction over teacher education on best practices in innovative teacher education programs and teacher education research. The report must include, at a minimum, information on:

- (1) teacher education preparation program curricula that will prepare prospective teachers to teach an increasingly diverse student population;
- (2) opportunities for mid-career professionals employed in professions in which there is a shortage of teachers to pursue a teaching career; and
 - (3) enhancing the ability of teachers to use technology in the classroom.

The report must be submitted by June 15, 2010.

Sec. 41. FISCAL STABILIZATION ACCOUNT; PRIMARY PAYEE.

- (a) The fiscal stabilization account is created in the federal fund in the state treasury. All money received by the state under title XIV of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Public Law 111-5, division A, must be credited to the fiscal stabilization account. Money in the account must not be spent except pursuant to a direct appropriation by law. When all money credited and to be credited to the account from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 has been spent, the commissioner of finance shall close the account.
- (b) The commissioner of finance may designate a primary payee for each state fiscal stabilization award. The primary payee must transfer the amount of stabilization funds appropriated by law to the state agencies and higher education institutions designated to receive these funds in law.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 42. MINNESOTA STATE COLLEGE - SOUTHEAST TECHNICAL; AVIATION TRAINING CENTER.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 136F.60, subdivision 5, the net proceeds of the sale or disposition of the Aviation Training Center in Winona operated by Minnesota State College - Southeast Technical, after paying all expenses incurred in selling the property and retiring any remaining debt attributable to the project, are appropriated to the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities for use in a capital project at the Winona campus and need not be paid to the commissioner of finance, as would otherwise be required by Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.695, subdivision 3.

When the sale is complete and the sale proceeds have been applied as provided in this section, Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.695, no longer applies to the property and the property is no longer state bond financed property.

Sec. 43. POWER OF YOU PILOT PROGRAMS.

- Subdivision 1. Power of you pilot programs. The Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities shall establish power of you pilot programs in suburban and rural sites. The pilots shall comply with Minnesota Statutes, section 136F.19.
- Subd. 2. Suburban pilot selection. By July 1, 2009, the board of trustees shall select one technical college and one community college or community-technical college in the Minneapolis-St. Paul suburban area to develop a new power of you pilot program in conjunction with Metropolitan State University. Each college in the pilot program must work with a high school partner selected by the board in the Minneapolis-St. Paul suburban area.
- Subd. 3. Rural pilot selection. By July 1, 2009, the Board of Trustees shall select two rural colleges to participate in the power of you pilot programs. One of the pilot programs must be a multicampus college in an agricultural part of the state and the other a multicampus college in a nonagricultural part of the state dependent on natural resources. Each college in the pilot program must work with a high school partner selected by the board.

Subd. 4. Match. Pilot programs established under this section must match each state dollar with an equal amount of nonstate money or an in-kind contribution.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 44. MINNESOTA STATE COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES DEGREE REQUIREMENTS.

Until July 2, 2012, an associate of applied science degree offered by a college in the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities system is exempt from the 60-semester credit length limit for an associate degree specified in the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities Board Policy number 3.36, part 3, subpart C. The chancellor may consider criteria for waiving the credit length limits under this board policy for emerging or innovative programs. By January 2, 2012, the Minnesota State College Faculty and the Minnesota State College Student Association must present a joint report to the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over higher education policy on a process for reviewing the credit requirements for an associate of applied science degree.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to associate of applied science degrees whether first offered before, on, or after that date.

Sec. 45. FAFSA REPORT.

By March 15, 2011, the Office of Higher Education must report to the committees of the legislature with primary jurisdiction over higher education on the policies and procedures adopted by institutions eligible for the state grant program to increase student awareness of the need to complete a FAFSA application with a preliminary assessment of the effectiveness of the policies and procedures.

Sec. 46. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 136A.127, subdivisions 8, 12, and 13, are repealed.

ARTICLE 3

DENTAL THERAPISTS

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- <u>Subd. 6b.</u> <u>Dental therapist.</u> "Dental therapist" means a person licensed under this chapter to perform the services authorized under section 150A.105 or any other services authorized under this chapter.
 - Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 6c. Advanced dental therapist. "Advanced dental therapist" means a person licensed as a dental therapist under this chapter and who has been certified by the board to practice as an advanced dental therapist under section 150A.106.
 - Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.05, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- <u>Subd. 1b.</u> <u>Practice of dental therapy.</u> A person shall be deemed to be practicing as a dental therapist within the meaning of this chapter who:
- (1) works under the supervision of a Minnesota-licensed dentist under a collaborative management agreement as specified under section 150A.105;

- (2) practices in settings that serve low-income, uninsured, and underserved patients or are located in dental health professional shortage areas; and
- (3) provides oral health care services, including preventive, oral evaluation and assessment, educational, palliative, therapeutic, and restorative services as authorized under sections 150A.105 and 150A.106 and within the context of a collaborative management agreement.
 - Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.05, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Exemptions and exceptions of certain practices and operations.** Sections 150A.01 to 150A.12 do not apply to:
- (1) the practice of dentistry or dental hygiene in any branch of the armed services of the United States, the United States Public Health Service, or the United States Veterans Administration;
- (2) the practice of dentistry, dental hygiene, or dental assisting by undergraduate dental students, <u>dental therapy students</u>, dental hygiene students, and dental assisting students of the University of Minnesota, schools of dental hygiene, <u>schools with a dental therapy education program</u>, or schools of dental assisting approved by the board, when acting under the direction and supervision of a licensed dentist, <u>a licensed dental therapist</u>, or a licensed dental hygienist acting as an instructor;
- (3) the practice of dentistry by licensed dentists of other states or countries while appearing as clinicians under the auspices of a duly approved dental school or college, or a reputable dental society, or a reputable dental study club composed of dentists;
- (4) the actions of persons while they are taking examinations for licensure or registration administered or approved by the board pursuant to sections 150A.03, subdivision 1, and 150A.06, subdivisions 1, 2, and 2a;
- (5) the practice of dentistry by dentists and dental hygienists licensed by other states during their functioning as examiners responsible for conducting licensure or registration examinations administered by regional and national testing agencies with whom the board is authorized to affiliate and participate under section 150A.03, subdivision 1, and the practice of dentistry by the regional and national testing agencies during their administering examinations pursuant to section 150A.03, subdivision 1;
- (6) the use of X-rays or other diagnostic imaging modalities for making radiographs or other similar records in a hospital under the supervision of a physician or dentist or by a person who is credentialed to use diagnostic imaging modalities or X-ray machines for dental treatment, roentgenograms, or dental diagnostic purposes by a credentialing agency other than the Board of Dentistry; or
- (7) the service, other than service performed directly upon the person of a patient, of constructing, altering, repairing, or duplicating any denture, partial denture, crown, bridge, splint, orthodontic, prosthetic, or other dental appliance, when performed according to a written work order from a licensed dentist or a licensed advanced dental therapist in accordance with section 150A.10, subdivision 3.
 - Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 1d. Dental therapists. A person of good moral character who has graduated with a baccalaureate degree or a master's degree from a dental therapy education program that has been approved by the board or accredited by the American Dental Association Commission on Dental Accreditation or another board-approved national accreditation organization may apply for licensure.

The applicant must submit an application and fee as prescribed by the board and a diploma or certificate from a dental therapy education program. Prior to being licensed, the applicant must pass a comprehensive, competency-based clinical examination that is approved by the board and administered independently of an institution providing dental therapy education. The applicant must also pass an examination testing the applicant's knowledge of the Minnesota laws and rules relating to the practice of dentistry. An applicant who has failed the clinical examination twice is ineligible to retake the clinical examination until further education and training are obtained as specified by the board. A separate, nonrefundable fee may be charged for each time a person applies. An applicant who passes the examination in compliance with subdivision 2b, abides by professional ethical conduct requirements, and meets all the other requirements of the board shall be licensed as a dental therapist.

- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 1e. **Resident dental providers.** A person who is a graduate of an undergraduate program and is an enrolled graduate student of an advanced dental education program shall obtain from the board a license to practice as a resident dental hygienist or dental therapist. The license must be designated "resident dental provider license" and authorizes the licensee to practice only under the supervision of a licensed dentist or licensed dental therapist. A resident dental provider license must be renewed annually by the board. An applicant for a resident dental provider license shall pay a nonrefundable fee set by the board for issuing and renewing the license. The requirements of sections 150A.01 to 150A.21 apply to resident dental providers except as specified in rules adopted by the board. A resident dental provider license does not qualify a person for licensure under subdivision 1d or 2.
 - Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.06, subdivision 2d, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2d. **Continuing education and professional development waiver.** (a) The board shall grant a waiver to the continuing education requirements under this chapter for a licensed dentist, a licensed dental therapist, licensed dental hygienist, or registered dental assistant who documents to the satisfaction of the board that the dentist, a dental therapist, dental hygienist, or registered dental assistant has retired from active practice in the state and limits the provision of dental care services to those offered without compensation in a public health, community, or tribal clinic or a nonprofit organization that provides services to the indigent or to recipients of medical assistance, general assistance medical care, or MinnesotaCare programs.
- (b) The board may require written documentation from the volunteer and retired dentist, <u>a dental therapist</u>, dental hygienist, or registered dental assistant prior to granting this waiver.
- (c) The board shall require the volunteer and retired dentist, <u>dental therapist</u>, dental hygienist, or registered dental assistant to meet the following requirements:
- (1) a licensee or registrant seeking a waiver under this subdivision must complete and document at least five hours of approved courses in infection control, medical emergencies, and medical management for the continuing education cycle; and
- (2) provide documentation of certification in advanced or basic cardiac life support recognized by the American Heart Association, the American Red Cross, or an equivalent entity.
 - Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.06, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Fraud in securing licenses or registrations.** Every person implicated in employing fraud or deception in applying for or securing a license or registration to practice dentistry, dental hygiene, or dental assisting, or in annually renewing a license or registration under sections 150A.01 to 150A.12 is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.06, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Display of name and certificates.** The initial license and subsequent renewal, or current registration certificate, of every dentist, <u>a dental therapist</u>, dental hygienist, or dental assistant shall be conspicuously displayed in every office in which that person practices, in plain sight of patients. Near or on the entrance door to every office where dentistry is practiced, the name of each dentist practicing there, as inscribed on the current license certificate, shall be displayed in plain sight.
 - Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.08, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Grounds.** The board may refuse or by order suspend or revoke, limit or modify by imposing conditions it deems necessary, any the license to practice dentistry or dental hygiene of a dentist, dental therapist, or dental hygienist, or the registration of any dental assistant upon any of the following grounds:
- (1) fraud or deception in connection with the practice of dentistry or the securing of a license or registration certificate;
- (2) conviction, including a finding or verdict of guilt, an admission of guilt, or a no contest plea, in any court of a felony or gross misdemeanor reasonably related to the practice of dentistry as evidenced by a certified copy of the conviction;
- (3) conviction, including a finding or verdict of guilt, an admission of guilt, or a no contest plea, in any court of an offense involving moral turpitude as evidenced by a certified copy of the conviction;
 - (4) habitual overindulgence in the use of intoxicating liquors;
- (5) improper or unauthorized prescription, dispensing, administering, or personal or other use of any legend drug as defined in chapter 151, or of any controlled substance as defined in chapter 152;
- (6) conduct unbecoming a person licensed to practice dentistry, <u>dental therapy</u>, or dental hygiene or registered as a dental assistant, or conduct contrary to the best interest of the public, as such conduct is defined by the rules of the board:
 - (7) gross immorality;
- (8) any physical, mental, emotional, or other disability which adversely affects a dentist's, <u>dental therapist's</u>, dental hygienist's, or registered dental assistant's ability to perform the service for which the person is licensed or registered;
- (9) revocation or suspension of a license, registration, or equivalent authority to practice, or other disciplinary action or denial of a license or registration application taken by a licensing, registering, or credentialing authority of another state, territory, or country as evidenced by a certified copy of the licensing authority's order, if the disciplinary action or application denial was based on facts that would provide a basis for disciplinary action under this chapter and if the action was taken only after affording the credentialed person or applicant notice and opportunity to refute the allegations or pursuant to stipulation or other agreement;
- (10) failure to maintain adequate safety and sanitary conditions for a dental office in accordance with the standards established by the rules of the board;
 - (11) employing, assisting, or enabling in any manner an unlicensed person to practice dentistry;

- (12) failure or refusal to attend, testify, and produce records as directed by the board under subdivision 7;
- (13) violation of, or failure to comply with, any other provisions of sections 150A.01 to 150A.12, the rules of the Board of Dentistry, or any disciplinary order issued by the board, sections 144.291 to 144.298 or 595.02, subdivision 1, paragraph (d), or for any other just cause related to the practice of dentistry. Suspension, revocation, modification or limitation of any license shall not be based upon any judgment as to therapeutic or monetary value of any individual drug prescribed or any individual treatment rendered, but only upon a repeated pattern of conduct;
- (14) knowingly providing false or misleading information that is directly related to the care of that patient unless done for an accepted therapeutic purpose such as the administration of a placebo; or
- (15) aiding suicide or aiding attempted suicide in violation of section 609.215 as established by any of the following:
- (i) a copy of the record of criminal conviction or plea of guilty for a felony in violation of section 609.215, subdivision 1 or 2;
- (ii) a copy of the record of a judgment of contempt of court for violating an injunction issued under section 609.215, subdivision 4;
 - (iii) a copy of the record of a judgment assessing damages under section 609.215, subdivision 5; or
- (iv) a finding by the board that the person violated section 609.215, subdivision 1 or 2. The board shall investigate any complaint of a violation of section 609.215, subdivision 1 or 2.
 - Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.08, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3a. Costs; additional penalties. (a) The board may impose a civil penalty not exceeding \$10,000 for each separate violation, the amount of the civil penalty to be fixed so as to deprive a licensee or registrant of any economic advantage gained by reason of the violation, to discourage similar violations by the licensee or registrant or any other licensee or registrant, or to reimburse the board for the cost of the investigation and proceeding, including, but not limited to, fees paid for services provided by the Office of Administrative Hearings, legal and investigative services provided by the Office of the Attorney General, court reporters, witnesses, reproduction of records, board members' per diem compensation, board staff time, and travel costs and expenses incurred by board staff and board members.
 - (b) In addition to costs and penalties imposed under paragraph (a), the board may also:
 - (1) order the dentist, dental therapist, dental hygienist, or dental assistant to provide unremunerated service;
 - (2) censure or reprimand the dentist, dental therapist, dental hygienist, or dental assistant; or
 - (3) any other action as allowed by law and justified by the facts of the case.
 - Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.08, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Medical examinations.** If the board has probable cause to believe that a dentist, <u>dental therapist</u>, dental hygienist, registered dental assistant, or applicant engages in acts described in subdivision 1, clause (4) or (5), or has a condition described in subdivision 1, clause (8), it shall direct the dentist, <u>dental therapist</u>, dental hygienist, assistant, or applicant to submit to a mental or physical examination or a chemical dependency assessment. For the purpose of this subdivision, every dentist, <u>dental therapist</u>, hygienist, or assistant licensed or registered under this

chapter or person submitting an application for a license or registration is deemed to have given consent to submit to a mental or physical examination when directed in writing by the board and to have waived all objections in any proceeding under this section to the admissibility of the examining physician's testimony or examination reports on the ground that they constitute a privileged communication. Failure to submit to an examination without just cause may result in an application being denied or a default and final order being entered without the taking of testimony or presentation of evidence, other than evidence which may be submitted by affidavit, that the licensee, registrant, or applicant did not submit to the examination. A dentist, dental therapist, dental hygienist, registered dental assistant, or applicant affected under this section shall at reasonable intervals be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate ability to start or resume the competent practice of dentistry or perform the duties of a dental therapist, dental hygienist, or registered dental assistant with reasonable skill and safety to patients. In any proceeding under this subdivision, neither the record of proceedings nor the orders entered by the board is admissible, is subject to subpoena, or may be used against the dentist, dental therapist, dental hygienist, registered dental assistant, or applicant in any proceeding not commenced by the board. Information obtained under this subdivision shall be classified as private pursuant to the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Registration information and procedure.** On or before the license or registration certificate expiration date every licensed dentist, <u>dental therapist</u>, dental hygienist, and registered dental assistant shall transmit to the executive secretary of the board, pertinent information required by the board, together with the fee established by the board. At least 30 days before a license or registration certificate expiration date, the board shall send a written notice stating the amount and due date of the fee and the information to be provided to every licensed dentist, dental therapist, dental hygienist, and registered dental assistant.

- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.09, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Current address, change of address.** Every dentist, <u>dental therapist</u>, dental hygienist, and registered dental assistant shall maintain with the board a correct and current mailing address. For dentists engaged in the practice of dentistry, the address shall be that of the location of the primary dental practice. Within 30 days after changing addresses, every dentist, <u>dental therapist</u>, dental hygienist, and registered dental assistant shall provide the board written notice of the new address either personally or by first class mail.
 - Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.091, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Application fees.** Each applicant for licensure or registration shall submit with a license or registration application a nonrefundable fee in the following amounts in order to administratively process an application:
 - (1) dentist, \$140;
 - (2) limited faculty dentist, \$140;
 - (3) resident dentist, \$55;
 - (4) dental therapist, \$100;
 - (5) dental hygienist, \$55;
 - (5) (6) registered dental assistant, \$35; and
 - (6) (7) dental assistant with a limited registration, \$15.

- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.091, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Initial license or registration fees.** Along with the application fee, each of the following licensees or registrants shall submit a separate prorated initial license or registration fee. The prorated initial fee shall be established by the board based on the number of months of the licensee's or registrant's initial term as described in Minnesota Rules, part 3100.1700, subpart 1a, not to exceed the following monthly fee amounts:
 - (1) dentist, \$14 times the number of months of the initial term;
 - (2) dental therapist, \$10 times the number of months of initial term;
 - (3) dental hygienist, \$5 times the number of months of the initial term;
 - (3) (4) registered dental assistant, \$3 times the number of months of initial term; and
 - (4) (5) dental assistant with a limited registration, \$1 times the number of months of the initial term.
 - Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.091, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Biennial license or registration fees.** Each of the following licensees or registrants shall submit with a biennial license or registration renewal application a fee as established by the board, not to exceed the following amounts:
 - (1) dentist, \$336;
 - (2) dental therapist, \$180;
 - (3) dental hygienist, \$118;
 - (3) (4) registered dental assistant, \$80; and
 - (4) (5) dental assistant with a limited registration, \$24.
 - Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.091, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. **Duplicate license or registration fee.** Each licensee or registrant shall submit, with a request for issuance of a duplicate of the original license or registration, or of an annual or biennial renewal of it, a fee in the following amounts:
 - (1) original dentist, dental therapist, or dental hygiene license, \$35; and
 - (2) initial and renewal registration certificates and license renewal certificates, \$10.
 - Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.091, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
- Subd. 10. **Reinstatement fee.** No dentist, <u>dental therapist</u>, dental hygienist, or registered dental assistant whose license or registration has been suspended or revoked may have the license or registration reinstated or a new license or registration issued until a fee has been submitted to the board in the following amounts:
 - (1) dentist, \$140;

- (2) dental therapist, \$85;
- (3) dental hygienist, \$55; and
- (3) (4) registered dental assistant, \$35.
- Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.10, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Dental hygienists.** Any licensed dentist, <u>licensed dental therapist</u>, public institution, or school authority may obtain services from a licensed dental hygienist. <u>Such The</u> licensed dental hygienist may provide those services defined in section 150A.05, subdivision 1a. <u>Such The</u> services <u>provided</u> shall not include the establishment of a final diagnosis or treatment plan for a dental patient. <u>Such All</u> services shall be provided under supervision of a licensed dentist. Any licensed dentist who shall permit any dental service by a dental hygienist other than those authorized by the Board of Dentistry, shall be deemed to be violating the provisions of sections 150A.01 to 150A.12, and any <u>such</u> unauthorized dental service by a dental hygienist shall constitute a violation of sections 150A.01 to 150A.12.

- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.10, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Dental assistants.** Every licensed dentist <u>and dental therapist</u> who uses the services of any unlicensed person for the purpose of assistance in the practice of dentistry <u>or dental therapy</u> shall be responsible for the acts of such unlicensed person while engaged in such assistance. Such <u>The dentist or dental therapist</u> shall permit such the unlicensed assistant to perform only those acts which are authorized to be delegated to unlicensed assistants by the Board of Dentistry. Such <u>The acts</u> shall be performed under supervision of a licensed dentist <u>or dental therapist. A licensed dental therapist shall not supervise more than four registered dental assistants at any one practice setting. The board may permit differing levels of dental assistance based upon recognized educational standards, approved by the board, for the training of dental assistants. The board may also define by rule the scope of practice of registered and nonregistered dental assistants. The board by rule may require continuing education for differing levels of dental assistants, as a condition to their registration or authority to perform their authorized duties. Any licensed dentist <u>or dental therapist</u> who shall permit such permits an unlicensed assistant to perform any dental service other than that authorized by the board shall be deemed to be enabling an unlicensed person to practice dentistry, and commission of such an act by such <u>an unlicensed assistant</u> shall constitute a violation of sections 150A.01 to 150A.12.</u>
 - Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.10, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Dental technicians.** Every licensed dentist and dental therapist who uses the services of any unlicensed person, other than under the dentist's <u>or dental therapist's</u> supervision and within such dentist's own office the same practice setting, for the purpose of constructing, altering, repairing or duplicating any denture, partial denture, crown, bridge, splint, orthodontic, prosthetic or other dental appliance, shall be required to furnish such unlicensed person with a written work order in such form as shall be prescribed by the rules of the board; said. The work order shall be made in duplicate form, a duplicate copy to be retained in a permanent file in <u>of</u> the dentist's office dentist or dental therapist at the practice setting for a period of two years, and the original to be retained in a permanent file for a period of two years by such the unlicensed person in that person's place of business. Such The permanent file of work orders to be kept by such the dentist, dental therapist, or by such the unlicensed person shall be open to inspection at any reasonable time by the board or its duly constituted agent.
 - Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.10, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Restorative procedures.** (a) Notwithstanding subdivisions 1, 1a, and 2, a licensed dental hygienist or a registered dental assistant may perform the following restorative procedures:

- (1) place, contour, and adjust amalgam restorations;
- (2) place, contour, and adjust glass ionomer;
- (3) adapt and cement stainless steel crowns; and
- (4) place, contour, and adjust class I and class V supragingival composite restorations where the margins are entirely within the enamel.
 - (b) The restorative procedures described in paragraph (a) may be performed only if:
- (1) the licensed dental hygienist or the registered dental assistant has completed a board-approved course on the specific procedures;
- (2) the board-approved course includes a component that sufficiently prepares the dental hygienist or registered dental assistant to adjust the occlusion on the newly placed restoration;
 - (3) a licensed dentist or licensed advanced dental therapist has authorized the procedure to be performed; and
- (4) a licensed dentist <u>or licensed advanced dental therapist</u> is available in the clinic while the procedure is being performed.
- (c) The dental faculty who teaches the educators of the board-approved courses specified in paragraph (b) must have prior experience teaching these procedures in an accredited dental education program.

Sec. 24. [150A.105] DENTAL THERAPIST.

- <u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>General.</u> A dental therapist licensed under this chapter shall practice under the supervision of a <u>Minnesota-licensed dentist and under the requirements of this chapter.</u>
- Subd. 2. <u>Limited practice settings.</u> A dental therapist licensed under this chapter is limited to primarily practicing in settings that serve low-income, uninsured, and underserved patients or in a dental health professional shortage area.
- Subd. 3. Collaborative management agreement. (a) Prior to performing any of the services authorized under this chapter, a dental therapist must enter into a written collaborative management agreement with a Minnesotalicensed dentist. A collaborating dentist is limited to entering into a collaborative agreement with no more than five dental therapists or advanced dental therapists at any one time. The agreement must include:
 - (1) practice settings where services may be provided and the populations to be served;
- (2) any limitations on the services that may be provided by the dental therapist, including the level of supervision required by the collaborating dentist;
- (3) age and procedure specific practice protocols, including case selection criteria, assessment guidelines, and imaging frequency;
- (4) a procedure for creating and maintaining dental records for the patients that are treated by the dental therapist;
 - (5) a plan to manage medical emergencies in each practice setting where the dental therapist provides care;

- (6) a quality assurance plan for monitoring care provided by the dental therapist, including patient care review, referral follow-up, and a quality assurance chart review;
- (7) protocols for administering and dispensing medications authorized under subdivision 5, and section 150A.106, including the specific conditions and circumstance under which these medications are to be dispensed and administered;
- (8) criteria relating to the provision of care to patients with specific medical conditions or complex medication histories, including requirements for consultation prior to the initiation of care;
 - (9) supervision criteria of dental assistants; and
- (10) a plan for the provision of clinical resources and referrals in situations which are beyond the capabilities of the dental therapist.
- (b) A collaborating dentist must be licensed and practicing in Minnesota. The collaborating dentist shall accept responsibility for all services authorized and performed by the dental therapist pursuant to the management agreement. Any licensed dentist who permits a dental therapist to perform a dental service other than those authorized under this section or by the board, or any dental therapist who performs an unauthorized service, violates sections 150A.01 to 150A.12.
- (c) Collaborative management agreements must be signed and maintained by the collaborating dentist and the dental therapist. Agreements must be reviewed, updated, and submitted to the board on an annual basis.
- <u>Subd. 4.</u> <u>Scope of practice.</u> (a) A licensed dental therapist may perform dental services as authorized under this section within the parameters of the collaborative management agreement.
- (b) The services authorized to be performed by a licensed dental therapist include the oral health services, as specified in paragraphs (c) and (d), and within the parameters of the collaborative management agreement.
- (c) A licensed dental therapist may perform the following services under general supervision, unless restricted or prohibited in the collaborative management agreement:
- (1) oral health instruction and disease prevention education, including nutritional counseling and dietary analysis;
 - (2) preliminary charting of the oral cavity;
 - (3) making radiographs;
 - (4) mechanical polishing;
- (5) application of topical preventive or prophylactic agents, including fluoride varnishes and pit and fissure sealants;
 - (6) pulp vitality testing;
 - (7) application of desensitizing medication or resin;
 - (8) fabrication of athletic mouthguards;

- (9) placement of temporary restorations; (10) fabrication of soft occlusal guards; (11) tissue conditioning and soft reline; (12) atraumatic restorative therapy; (13) dressing changes; (14) tooth reimplantation; (15) administration of local anesthetic; and (16) administration of nitrous oxide. (d) A licensed dental therapist may perform the following services under indirect supervision: (1) emergency palliative treatment of dental pain; (2) the placement and removal of space maintainers; (3) cavity preparation; (4) restoration of primary and permanent teeth; (5) placement of temporary crowns; (6) preparation and placement of preformed crowns; and (7) pulpotomies on primary teeth; (8) indirect and direct pulp capping on primary and permanent teeth; (9) stabilization of reimplanted teeth; (10) extractions of primary teeth; (11) suture removal; (12) brush biopsies; (13) repair of defective prosthetic devices; and
- (e) For purposes of this section and section 150A.106, "general supervision" and "indirect supervision" have the meanings given in Minnesota Rules, part 3100.0100, subpart 21.

(14) recementing of permanent crowns.

Subd. 5. Dispensing authority. (a) A licensed dental therapist may dispense and administer the following drugs within the parameters of the collaborative management agreement and within the scope of practice of the dental therapist: analgesics, anti-inflammatories, and antibiotics.

- (b) The authority to dispense and administer shall extend only to the categories of drugs identified in this subdivision, and may be further limited by the collaborative management agreement.
- (c) The authority to dispense includes the authority to dispense sample drugs within the categories identified in this subdivision if dispensing is permitted by the collaborative management agreement.
- (d) A licensed dental therapist is prohibited from dispensing or administering a narcotic drug as defined in section 152.01, subdivision 10.
- Subd. 6. Application of other laws. A licensed dental therapist authorized to practice under this chapter is not in violation of section 150A.05 as it relates to the unauthorized practice of dentistry if the practice is authorized under this chapter and is within the parameters of the collaborative management agreement.
- Subd. 7. Use of dental assistants. (a) A licensed dental therapist may supervise dental assistants to the extent permitted in the collaborative management agreement and according to section 150A.10, subdivision 2.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a licensed dental therapist is limited to supervising no more than four registered dental assistants or nonregistered dental assistants at any one practice setting.
 - Subd. 8. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the following definitions apply.
 - (b) "Practice settings that serve the low-income and underserved" mean:
- (1) critical access dental provider settings as designated by the commissioner of human services under section 256B.76, subdivision 4;
- (2) dental hygiene collaborative practice settings identified in section 150A.10, subdivision 1a, paragraph (e), and including medical facilities, assisted living facilities, federally qualified health centers, and organizations eligible to receive a community clinic grant under section 145.9268, subdivision 1;
 - (3) military and veterans administration hospitals, clinics, and care settings;
- (4) a patient's residence or home when the patient is home-bound or receiving or eligible to receive home care services or home and community-based waivered services, regardless of the patient's income;
 - (5) oral health educational institutions; or
- (6) any other clinic or practice setting, including mobile dental units, in which at least 50 percent of the total patient base of the dental therapist or advanced dental therapist consists of patients who:
 - (i) are enrolled in a Minnesota health care program;
 - (ii) have a medical disability or chronic condition that creates a significant barrier to receiving dental care;
- (iii) do not have dental health coverage, either through a public health care program or private insurance, and have an annual gross family income equal to or less than 200 percent of the federal poverty guidelines; or
- (iv) do not have dental health coverage either through a state public health care program or private insurance, and whose family gross income is equal to or less than 200 percent of the federal poverty guidelines.
- (c) "Dental health professional shortage area" means an area that meets the criteria established by the secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services and is designated as such under United States Code, title 42, section 254e.

Sec. 25. [150A.106] ADVANCED PRACTICE DENTAL THERAPIST.

- <u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>General.</u> <u>In order to be certified by the board to practice as an advanced dental therapist, a person must:</u>
 - (1) complete a dental therapy education program;
 - (2) pass an examination to demonstrate competency under the dental therapy scope of practice;
 - (3) be licensed as a dental therapist;
 - (4) complete 2,000 hours of dental therapy clinical practice under direct or indirect supervision;
 - (5) graduate from a master's advanced dental therapy education program;
- (6) pass a board-approved certification examination to demonstrate competency under the advanced scope of practice; and
 - (7) submit an application for certification as prescribed by the board.
- Subd. 2. Scope of practice. (a) An advanced dental therapist certified by the board under this section may perform the following services and procedures pursuant to the written collaborative management agreement:
- (1) an oral evaluation and assessment of dental disease and the formulation of an individualized treatment plan authorized by the collaborating dentist;
 - (2) the services and procedures described under section 150A.105, subdivision 4, paragraphs (c) and (d); and
 - (3) nonsurgical extractions of permanent teeth as limited in subdivision 3, paragraph (b).
 - (b) The services and procedures described under this subdivision may be performed under general supervision.
- Subd. 3. **Practice limitation.** (a) An advanced practice dental therapist shall not perform any service or procedure described in subdivision 2 except as authorized by the collaborating dentist.
- (b) An advanced dental therapist may perform nonsurgical extractions of periodontally diseased permanent teeth with tooth mobility of +3 to +4 under general supervision if authorized in advance by the collaborating dentist. The advanced dental therapist shall not extract a tooth for any patient if the tooth is unerupted, impacted, fractured, or needs to be sectioned for removal.
- (c) The collaborating dentist is responsible for directly providing or arranging for another dentist or specialist to provide any necessary advanced services needed by the patient.
- (d) An advanced dental therapist in accordance with the collaborative management agreement must refer patients to another qualified dental or health care professional to receive any needed services that exceed the scope of practice of the advanced dental therapist.
- (e) In addition to the collaborative management agreement requirements described in section 150A.105, a collaborative management agreement entered into with an advanced dental therapist must include specific written protocols to govern situations in which the advanced dental therapist encounters a patient who requires treatment that exceeds the authorized scope of practice of the advanced dental therapist. The collaborating dentist must ensure

that a dentist is available to the advanced dental therapist for timely consultation during treatment if needed and must either provide or arrange with another dentist or specialist to provide the necessary treatment to any patient who requires more treatment than the advanced dental therapist is authorized to provide.

- Subd. 4. Medications. (a) An advanced dental therapist may provide, dispense, and administer the following drugs within the parameters of the collaborative management agreement, within the scope of practice of the advanced dental therapist practitioner, and with the authorization of the collaborating dentist: analgesics, anti-inflammatories, and antibiotics.
- (b) The authority to provide, dispense, and administer shall extend only to the categories of drugs identified in this subdivision, and may be further limited by the collaborative management agreement.
- (c) The authority to dispense includes the authority to dispense sample drugs within the categories identified in this subdivision if dispensing is permitted by the collaborative management agreement.
- (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), an advanced dental therapist is prohibited from providing, dispensing, or administering a narcotic drug as defined in section 152.01, subdivision 10.
 - Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.11, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Dividing fees.** It shall be unlawful for any dentist to divide fees with or promise to pay a part of the dentist's fee to, or to pay a commission to, any dentist or other person who calls the dentist in consultation or who sends patients to the dentist for treatment, or operation, but nothing herein shall prevent licensed dentists from forming a bona fide partnership for the practice of dentistry, nor to the actual employment by a licensed dentist of, a licensed dental therapist, a licensed dental hygienist, or another licensed dentist.
 - Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.12, is amended to read:

150A.12 VIOLATION AND DEFENSES.

Every person who violates any of the provisions of sections 150A.01 to 150A.12 for which no specific penalty is provided herein, shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor; and, upon conviction, punished by a fine of not more than \$3,000 or by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than one year or by both such fine and imprisonment. In the prosecution of any person for violation of sections 150A.01 to 150A.12, it shall not be necessary to allege or prove lack of a valid license to practice dentistry or, dental hygiene, or dental therapy but such matter shall be a matter of defense to be established by the defendant.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.21, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Patient's name and Social Security number.** Every complete upper and lower denture and removable dental prosthesis fabricated by a dentist licensed under section 150A.06, or fabricated pursuant to the dentist's <u>or dental therapist's</u> work order, shall be marked with the name and Social Security number of the patient for whom the prosthesis is intended. The markings shall be done during fabrication and shall be permanent, legible and cosmetically acceptable. The exact location of the markings and the methods used to apply or implant them shall be determined by the dentist or dental laboratory fabricating the prosthesis. If in the professional judgment of the dentist or dental laboratory, this identification is not practicable, identification shall be provided as follows:

- (a) The Social Security number of the patient may be omitted if the name of the patient is shown;
- (b) The initials of the patient may be shown alone, if use of the name of the patient is impracticable;
- (c) The identification marks may be omitted in their entirety if none of the forms of identification specified in clauses (a) and (b) are practicable or clinically safe.

- Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.21, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Failure to comply.** Failure of any dentist <u>or dental therapist</u> to comply with this section shall be deemed to be a violation for which the dentist <u>or dental therapist</u> may be subject to proceedings pursuant to section 150A.08, provided the dentist is charged with the violation within two years of initial insertion of the dental prosthetic device.
 - Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 151.01, subdivision 23, is amended to read:
- Subd. 23. **Practitioner.** "Practitioner" means a licensed doctor of medicine, licensed doctor of osteopathy duly licensed to practice medicine, licensed doctor of dentistry, licensed doctor of optometry, licensed podiatrist, or licensed veterinarian. For purposes of sections 151.15, subdivision 4, 151.37, subdivision 2, paragraphs (b), (e), and (f), and 151.461, "practitioner" also means a physician assistant authorized to prescribe, dispense, and administer under chapter 147A, or an advanced practice nurse authorized to prescribe, dispense, and administer under section 148.235. For purposes of sections 151.15, subdivision 4; 151.37, subdivision 2, paragraph (b); and 151.461, "practitioner" also means a dental therapist authorized to dispense and administer under chapter 150A.

Sec. 31. **IMPACT OF DENTAL THERAPISTS.**

- (a) The Board of Dentistry shall evaluate the impact of the use of dental therapists on the delivery of and access to dental services. The board shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health care by January 15, 2014:
 - (1) the number of dental therapists annually licensed by the board beginning in 2011;
 - (2) the settings where licensed dental therapists are practicing and the populations being served;
 - (3) the number of complaints filed against dental therapists and the basis for each complaint; and
 - (4) the number of disciplinary actions taken against dental therapists.
- (b) The board, in consultation with the Department of Human Services, shall also include the number and type of dental services that were performed by dental therapists and reimbursed by the state under the Minnesota state health care programs for the 2013 fiscal year.
- (c) The Board of Dentistry, in consultation with the Department of Health, shall develop an evaluation process that focuses on assessing the impact of dental therapists in terms of patient safety, cost-effectiveness, and access to dental services. The process shall focus on the following outcome measures:
 - (1) number of new patients served;
 - (2) reduction in waiting times for needed services;
 - (3) decreased travel time for patients;
 - (4) impact on emergency room usage for dental care; and
 - (5) costs to the public health care system.
- (d) The evaluation process shall be used by the board in the report required in paragraph (a) and shall expire January 1, 2014.

Sec. 32. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.061, is repealed."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to higher education; amending postsecondary education provisions; regulating course equivalency guides; requiring notice to prospective students; requiring certain information be provided; providing for sale of American made clothing; amending Minnesota Office of Higher Education responsibilities and provisions; providing for a resident stating appeal; establishing programs; defining terms; regulating grants, scholarships, and work-study; requiring an annual certificate; regulating certain board and council membership provisions; requiring job placement impact reviews; regulating state-owned facilities; regulating dental therapists; establishing fees; providing criminal penalties; requiring reports; regulating certain appropriations; establishing an account; providing for proceeds of certain sale of property; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 135A.08, subdivision 1; 135A.25, subdivision 4; 136A.01, subdivision 2; 136A.06; 136A.08, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 136A.101, subdivision 4; 136A.121, subdivision 9, by adding subdivisions; 136A.127, subdivisions 2, 4, 9, 14, by adding subdivisions; 136A.1701, subdivision 10; 136A.87; 136F.02, subdivision 1; 136F.03, subdivision 4; 136F.04, subdivision 4; 136F.045; 136F.46, subdivision 3; 137.0245, subdivision 2; 137.0246, subdivision 2; 137.025, subdivision 1; 150A.01, by adding subdivisions; 150A.05, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 150A.06, subdivisions 2d, 5, 6, by adding subdivisions; 150A.08, subdivisions 1, 3a, 5; 150A.09, subdivisions 1, 3; 150A.091, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, 8, 10; 150A.10, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4; 150A.11, subdivision 4; 150A.12; 150A.21, subdivisions 1, 4; 151.01, subdivision 23; 179A.03, subdivision 14; 299A.45, subdivision 1; 340A.404, subdivision 4a; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 135A; 136A; 136F; 137; 150A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 136A.127, subdivisions 8, 12, 13; 150A.061."

We request the adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: SANDRA PAPPAS, CLAIRE ROBLING, ANN LYNCH, RON LATZ and SHARON ERICKSON ROPES.

House Conferees: Tom Rukavina, Linda Slocum, Larry Haws, David Bly and Carol McFarlane.

Rukavina moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 2083 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

The Speaker called Sertich to the Chair.

CALL OF THE HOUSE LIFTED

Morrow moved that the call of the House be lifted. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

Speaker pro tempore Sertich called Thissen to the Chair.

S. F. No. 2083, A bill for an act relating to higher education; classifying data; amending postsecondary education provisions; setting deadlines; allowing certain advertising; establishing the Minnesota P-20 education partnership; regulating course equivalency guides; requiring notice to prospective students; requiring lists of enrolled students;

amending Minnesota Office of Higher Education responsibilities; establishing programs; defining terms; regulating grants, scholarships, and work-study; requiring an annual certificate; regulating certain board membership provisions; requiring job placement impact reviews; regulating oral health care practitioner provisions; establishing fees; providing criminal penalties; requiring reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 13.3215; 124D.09, subdivision 9; 135A.08, subdivision 1; 135A.17, subdivision 2; 135A.25, subdivision 4; 136A.08, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 136A.101, subdivision 5a; 136A.121, by adding subdivisions; 136A.127, subdivisions 2, 4, 9, 10, 12, 14, by adding a subdivision; 136A.1701, subdivision 10; 136A.87; 136F.02, subdivision 1; 136F.03, subdivision 4; 136F.04, subdivision 4; 136F.045; 136F.19, subdivision 1; 136F.31; 137.0245, subdivision 2; 137.0246, subdivision 2; 137.025, subdivision 1; 150A.01, by adding subdivisions; 150A.05, subdivision 2, by adding subdivisions; 150A.06, subdivisions 2d, 5, 6, by adding subdivisions; 150A.08, subdivisions 1, 3a, 5; 150A.09, subdivisions 1, 3; 150A.091, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, 8, 10; 150A.10, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4; 150A.11, subdivision 4; 150A.12; 150A.21, subdivisions 1, 4; 151.01, subdivision 23; 151.37, subdivision 2; 201.061, subdivision 3; 299A.45, subdivision 1; Laws 2007, chapter 144, article 1, section 4, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 127A; 135A; 136A; 136F; 150A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 136A.127, subdivisions 8, 13; 150A.061.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

Hornstein

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 103 yeas and 31 nays as follows:

Lieder

Mornes

Slocum

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Doenke

Abeler

Abeler	роерке	Hornstein	Lieder	Nornes	Siocum
Anderson, P.	Doty	Hortman	Lillie	Norton	Solberg
Anzelc	Downey	Hosch	Loeffler	Obermueller	Sterner
Atkins	Eken	Howes	Loon	Olin	Swails
Benson	Falk	Huntley	Mack	Otremba	Thao
Bigham	Faust	Jackson	Mahoney	Pelowski	Tillberry
Bly	Fritz	Johnson	Mariani	Persell	Urdahl
Brown	Gardner	Juhnke	Marquart	Peterson	Wagenius
Brynaert	Garofalo	Kahn	Masin	Poppe	Ward
Bunn	Gottwalt	Kalin	McFarlane	Reinert	Welti
Carlson	Greiling	Kath	Morgan	Rosenthal	Westrom
Champion	Gunther	Knuth	Morrow	Rukavina	Winkler
Clark	Hansen	Koenen	Mullery	Ruud	Spk. Kelliher
Cornish	Hausman	Laine	Murdock	Sailer	_
Davnie	Haws	Lanning	Murphy, E.	Scalze	
Demmer	Hayden	Lenczewski	Murphy, M.	Sertich	
Dill	Hilstrom	Lesch	Nelson	Simon	
Dittrich	Hilty	Liebling	Newton	Slawik	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, B.	Dean	Hamilton	Magnus	Seifert	Zellers
Anderson, S.	Dettmer	Holberg	McNamara	Severson	
Beard	Drazkowski	Hoppe	Paymar	Shimanski	
Brod	Eastlund	Kelly	Peppin	Smith	
Buesgens	Emmer	Kiffmeyer	Sanders	Thissen	
Davids	Hackbarth	Kohls	Scott	Torkelson	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

The following Conference Committee report was received:

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 2

A bill for an act relating to education; providing for policy and funding for family, adult, and prekindergarten through grade 12 education including general education, education excellence, special programs, facilities and technology, libraries, nutrition, accounting, self-sufficiency and lifelong learning, state agencies, pupil transportation, school finance system changes, forecast adjustments, and technical corrections; providing for advisory groups; requiring reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 6.74; 13.32, by adding a subdivision; 16A.06, subdivision 11; 120A.22, subdivision 7; 120A.40; 120B.02; 120B.021, subdivision 1; 120B.022, subdivision 1; 120B.023, subdivision 2; 120B.11, subdivision 5; 120B.13; 120B.132; 120B.30; 120B.31; 120B.35; 120B.36; 121A.15, subdivision 8; 121A.41, subdivisions 7, 10; 121A.43; 122A.07, subdivisions 2, 3; 122A.18, subdivision 4; 122A.31, subdivision 4; 122A.40, subdivisions 6, 8; 122A.41, subdivisions 3, 5; 122A.413, subdivision 2; 122A.414, subdivisions 2, 2b; 122A.60, subdivisions 1a, 2; 122A.61, subdivision 1; 123A.05; 123A.06; 123A.08; 123B.02, subdivision 21; 123B.03, subdivisions 1, 1a; 123B.10, subdivision 1; 123B.14, subdivision 7; 123B.143, subdivision 1; 123B.36, subdivision 1; 123B.49, subdivision 4; 123B.51, by adding a subdivision; 123B.53, subdivision 5; 123B.57, subdivision 1; 123B.59, subdivisions 2, 3, 3a; 123B.70, subdivision 1; 123B.71, subdivisions 8, 9, 12; 123B.75, subdivision 5; 123B.76, subdivision 3; 123B.77, subdivision 3; 123B.79, subdivision 7; 123B.81, subdivisions 3, 4, 5; 123B.83, subdivision 3; 123B.92, subdivisions 1, 5; 124D.095, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 7, 10; 124D.10; 124D.11, subdivisions 4, 9; 124D.111, subdivision 3; 124D.128, subdivisions 2, 3; 124D.42, subdivision 6, by adding a subdivision; 124D.4531; 124D.59, subdivision 2; 124D.65, subdivision 5; 124D.68, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5; 124D.83, subdivision 4; 124D.86, subdivisions 1, 1a, 1b; 125A.02; 125A.07; 125A.08; 125A.091; 125A.11, subdivision 1; 125A.15; 125A.28; 125A.51; 125A.56; 125A.57, subdivision 2; 125A.62, subdivision 8; 125A.63, subdivisions 2, 4; 125A.76, subdivisions 1, 5; 125A.79, subdivision 7; 125B.26; 126C.01, by adding subdivisions; 126C.05, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 8, 15, 16, 17, 20; 126C.10, subdivisions 1, 2, 2a, 3, 4, 6, 13, 14, 18, 24, 34, by adding subdivisions; 126C.13, subdivisions 4, 5; 126C.15, subdivisions 2, 4; 126C.17, subdivisions 1, 5, 6, 9; 126C.20; 126C.40, subdivisions 1, 6; 126C.41, subdivision 2; 126C.44; 127A.08, by adding a subdivision; 127A.441; 127A.45, subdivisions 2, 3, 13, by adding a subdivision; 127A.47, subdivisions 5, 7; 127A.51; 134.31, subdivision 4a, by adding a subdivision; 169.011, subdivision 71; 169.443, subdivision 9; 169.4501, subdivision 1; 169.4503, subdivision 20, by adding a subdivision; 169.454, subdivision 13; 169A.03, subdivision 23; 171.01, subdivision 22; 171.02, subdivisions 2, 2a, 2b; 171.05, subdivision 2; 171.17, subdivision 1; 171.22, subdivision 1; 171.321, subdivisions 1, 4, 5; 181A.05, subdivision 1; 275.065, subdivisions 3, 6; 299A.297; 471.975; 475.58, subdivision 1; Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 1, section 24, subdivisions 2, as amended, 6, as amended, 8, as amended; article 2, section 46, subdivision 6, as amended; article 3, section 24, subdivision 4, as amended; article 4, section 16, subdivisions 2, as amended, 6, as amended; article 5, section 13, subdivisions 2, as amended, 3, as amended; article 9, section 17, subdivisions 2, as amended, 13, as amended; Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 2, section 46, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 120B; 123B; 125A; 126C; 127A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 120B.362; 120B.39; 121A.27; 121A.66; 121A.67, subdivision 1; 122A.628; 122A.75; 123B.54; 123B.57, subdivisions 3, 4, 5; 123B.591; 124D.091; 125A.03; 125A.05; 125A.18; 125A.76, subdivision 4; 125A.79, subdivision 6; 126C.10, subdivisions 2b, 13a, 13b, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 31a, 31b, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36; 126C.12; 126C.126; 127A.50; 275.065, subdivisions 5a, 6b, 6c, 8, 9, 10; Minnesota Rules, parts 3525.0210, subparts 5, 6, 9, 13, 17, 29, 30, 34, 43, 46, 47; 3525.0400; 3525.1100, subpart 2, item F; 3525.2445; 3525.2900, subpart 5; 3525.4220.

May 13, 2009

The Honorable Margaret Anderson Kelliher Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable James P. Metzen President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 2 report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendment and that H. F. No. 2 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"ARTICLE 1

GENERAL EDUCATION

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 16A.06, subdivision 11, is amended to read:
- Subd. 11. **Permanent school fund reporting.** The commissioner shall biannually annually report to the Permanent School Fund Advisory Committee and the legislature on the management of the permanent school trust fund that shows how the commissioner the amount of the permanent school fund transfer and information about the investment of the permanent school fund provided by the State Board of Investment. The State Board of Investment shall provide information about how they maximized the long-term economic return of the permanent school trust fund.
 - Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 120A.40, is amended to read:

120A.40 SCHOOL CALENDAR.

- (a) Except for learning programs during summer, flexible learning year programs authorized under sections 124D.12 to 124D.127, and learning year programs under section 124D.128, a district must not commence an elementary or secondary school year before Labor Day, except as provided under paragraph (b). Days devoted to teachers' workshops may be held before Labor Day. Districts that enter into cooperative agreements are encouraged to adopt similar school calendars.
 - (b) A district may begin the school year on any day before Labor Day:
 - (1) to accommodate a construction or remodeling project of \$400,000 or more affecting a district school facility;
- (2) if the district has an agreement under section 123A.30, 123A.32, or 123A.35 with a district that qualifies under clause (1); or

A school (3) if the district that agrees to the same schedule with a school district in an adjoining state also may begin the school year before Labor Day as authorized under this paragraph.

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123A.73, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Consolidation; maximum authorized referendum revenues.** (a) As of the effective date of a consolidation pursuant to section 123A.48, if the plan for consolidation so provides, or if the plan for consolidation makes no provision concerning referendum revenues, the authorization for all referendum revenues previously approved by the voters of all affected districts for those districts pursuant to section 126C.17, subdivision 9, or its predecessor provision shall be recalculated as provided in this subdivision. The referendum revenue authorization for the newly created district shall be the revenue per resident marginal cost pupil unit that would raise an amount equal to the combined dollar amount of the referendum revenues authorized by each of the component districts for the year preceding the consolidation, unless the referendum revenue authorization of the newly created district is subsequently modified pursuant to section 126C.17, subdivision 9.
- (b) The referendum allowance for a consolidated district in the years following consolidation equals the average of the consolidating districts' existing authorities for those years, weighted by the districts' resident marginal cost pupil units in the year preceding consolidation. For purposes of this calculation, the referendum authorities used for

individual districts shall not decrease from year to year until such time as all existing authorities for all the consolidating districts have fully expired, but shall increase if they were originally approved with consumer price index-based or other annual increases.

(c) The referendum revenue authorization for the newly created district shall continue for a period of time equal to the longest period authorized for any component district.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue for fiscal years 2010 and later.

- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123A.73, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Alternative method.** (a) As of the effective date of a consolidation pursuant to section 123A.48, if the plan for consolidation so provides, the authorization for all referendum revenues previously approved by the voters of all affected districts for those districts pursuant to section 126C.17, subdivision 9, or its predecessor provision shall be combined as provided in this subdivision. The referendum revenue authorization for the newly created district may be any allowance per resident marginal cost pupil unit provided in the plan for consolidation, but may not exceed the allowance per resident marginal cost pupil unit that would raise an amount equal to the combined dollar amount of the referendum revenues authorized by each of the component districts for the year preceding the consolidation.
- (b) The referendum allowance for a consolidated district in the years following consolidation equals the average of the consolidating districts' existing authorities for those years, weighted by the districts' resident marginal cost pupil units in the year preceding consolidation. For purposes of this calculation, the referendum authorities used for individual districts shall not decrease from year to year until such time as all existing authorities for all the consolidating districts have fully expired, but shall increase if they were originally approved with consumer price index-based or other annual increases.
- (c) The referendum revenue authorization for the newly created district shall continue for a period of time equal to the longest period authorized for any component district. The referendum revenue authorization for the newly created district may be modified pursuant to section 126C.17, subdivision 9.
 - Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.02, subdivision 21, is amended to read:
- Subd. 21. Wind energy conversion system. The board, or more than one board acting jointly under the authority granted by section 471.59, may construct, acquire, own in whole or in part, operate, and sell and retain and spend the payment received from selling energy from a wind energy conversion system, as defined in section 216C.06, subdivision 19. The An individual school board's share of the installed capacity of the wind energy conversion systems authorized by this subdivision must not exceed 3.3 megawatts of nameplate capacity, provided that if more than one board is acting jointly, each board may have a separate share of no more than 3.3 megawatts of nameplate capacity. A board owning, operating, or selling energy from a wind energy conversion system must integrate information about wind energy conversion systems in its educational programming. The board, or more than one board acting jointly under the authority granted by section 471.59, may be a limited partner in a partnership, a member of a limited liability company, or a shareholder in a corporation, established for the sole purpose of constructing, acquiring, owning in whole or in part, financing, or operating a wind energy conversion system for the benefit of the district or districts in accordance with this section. A board individually, or acting jointly, or an entity of which a board is a limited partner, member, or shareholder, may not sell, transmit, or distribute the electrical energy at retail or provide for end use of the electrical energy at an off-site facility of the board or entity. Nothing in this subdivision modifies the exclusive service territories or exclusive right to serve as provided in sections 216B.37 to 216B.43.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.77, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Statement for comparison and correction.** (a) By November 30 of the calendar year of the submission of the unaudited financial data, the district must provide to the commissioner audited financial data for the preceding fiscal year. The audit must be conducted in compliance with generally accepted governmental auditing standards, the federal Single Audit Act, and the Minnesota legal compliance guide issued by the Office of the State Auditor. An audited financial statement prepared in a form which will allow comparison with and correction of material differences in the unaudited financial data shall be submitted to the commissioner and the state auditor by December 31. The audited financial statement must also provide a statement of assurance pertaining to uniform financial accounting and reporting standards compliance and a copy of the management letter submitted to the district by the school district's auditor.
- (b) By <u>January February</u> 15 of the calendar year following the submission of the unaudited financial data, the commissioner shall convert the audited financial data required by this subdivision into the consolidated financial statement format required under subdivision 1a and publish the information on the department's Web site.
 - Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.83, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Failure to limit expenditures.** If a district does not limit its expenditures in accordance with this section, the commissioner may so notify the appropriate committees of the legislature by no later than January 1 <u>February 15</u> of the year following the end of that fiscal year.
 - Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 125A.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Nonresident tuition rate; other costs. (a) For fiscal year 2006, when a school district provides instruction and services outside the district of residence, board and lodging, and any tuition to be paid, shall be paid by the district of residence. The tuition rate to be charged for any child with a disability, excluding a pupil for whom tuition is calculated according to section 127A.47, subdivision 7, paragraph (d), must be the sum of (1) the actual cost of providing special instruction and services to the child including a proportionate amount for special transportation and unreimbursed building lease and debt service costs for facilities used primarily for special education, plus (2) the amount of general education revenue and referendum aid attributable to the pupil, minus (3) the amount of special education aid for children with a disability received on behalf of that child, minus (4) if the pupil receives special instruction and services outside the regular classroom for more than 60 percent of the school day, the amount of general education revenue and referendum aid, excluding portions attributable to district and school administration, district support services, operations and maintenance, capital expenditures, and pupil transportation, attributable to that pupil for the portion of time the pupil receives special instruction and services outside of the regular classroom. If the boards involved do not agree upon the tuition rate, either board may apply to the commissioner to fix the rate. Notwithstanding chapter 14, the commissioner must then set a date for a hearing or request a written statement from each board, giving each board at least ten days' notice, and after the hearing or review of the written statements the commissioner must make an order fixing the tuition rate, which is binding on both school districts. General education revenue and referendum equalization aid attributable to a pupil must be calculated using the resident district's average general education revenue and referendum equalization aid per adjusted pupil unit.

(b) For fiscal year 2007 and later, when a school district provides special instruction and services for a pupil with a disability as defined in section 125A.02 outside the district of residence, excluding a pupil for whom an adjustment to special education aid is calculated according to section 127A.47, subdivision 7, paragraph (e), special education aid paid to the resident district must be reduced by an amount equal to (1) the actual cost of providing special instruction and services to the pupil, including a proportionate amount for special transportation and unreimbursed building lease and debt service costs for facilities used primarily for special education, plus (2) the amount of general education revenue and referendum equalization aid attributable to that pupil, calculated using the resident

district's average general education revenue and referendum equalization aid per adjusted pupil unit excluding basic skills revenue, elementary sparsity revenue and secondary sparsity revenue, minus (3) the amount of special education aid for children with a disability received on behalf of that child, minus (4) if the pupil receives special instruction and services outside the regular classroom for more than 60 percent of the school day, the amount of general education revenue and referendum equalization aid, excluding portions attributable to district and school administration, district support services, operations and maintenance, capital expenditures, and pupil transportation, attributable to that pupil for the portion of time the pupil receives special instruction and services outside of the regular classroom, calculated using the resident district's average general education revenue and referendum equalization aid per adjusted pupil unit excluding basic skills revenue, elementary sparsity revenue and secondary sparsity revenue and the serving district's basic skills revenue, elementary sparsity revenue and secondary sparsity revenue per adjusted pupil unit. Notwithstanding clauses (1) and (4), for pupils served by a cooperative unit without a fiscal agent school district, the general education revenue and referendum equalization aid attributable to a pupil must be calculated using the resident district's average general education revenue and referendum equalization aid excluding compensatory revenue, elementary sparsity revenue, and secondary sparsity revenue. Special education aid paid to the district or cooperative providing special instruction and services for the pupil must be increased by the amount of the reduction in the aid paid to the resident district. Amounts paid to cooperatives under this subdivision and section 127A.47, subdivision 7, shall be recognized and reported as revenues and expenditures on the resident school district's books of account under sections 123B.75 and 123B.76. If the resident district's special education aid is insufficient to make the full adjustment, the remaining adjustment shall be made to other state aid due to the district.

- (c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b) and section 127A.47, subdivision 7, paragraphs (d) and (e), a charter school where more than 30 percent of enrolled students receive special education and related services, a site approved under section 125A.515, an intermediate district, a special education cooperative, or a school district that served as the applicant agency for a group of school districts for federal special education aids for fiscal year 2006 may apply to the commissioner for authority to charge the resident district an additional amount to recover any remaining unreimbursed costs of serving pupils with a disability. The application must include a description of the costs and the calculations used to determine the unreimbursed portion to be charged to the resident district. Amounts approved by the commissioner under this paragraph must be included in the tuition billings or aid adjustments under paragraph (a) or (b), or section 127A.47, subdivision 7, paragraph (d) or (e), as applicable.
- (d) For purposes of this subdivision and section 127A.47, subdivision 7, paragraphs (d) and (e), "general education revenue and referendum equalization aid" means the sum of the general education revenue according to section 126C.10, subdivision 1, excluding alternative teacher compensation revenue, plus the referendum equalization aid according to section 126C.17, subdivision 7, as adjusted according to section 127A.47, subdivision 7, paragraphs (a) to (c).
 - Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 126C.05, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Foreign exchange pupils.** Notwithstanding section 124D.02, subdivision 3, or any other law to the contrary, a foreign exchange pupil enrolled in a district under a cultural exchange program <u>registered with the Office of the Secretary of State under section 5A.02</u> may be counted as a resident pupil for the purposes of this chapter and chapters 120B, 122A, 123A, 123B, 124D, 125A, and 127A, even if the pupil has graduated from high school or the equivalent.
 - Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 126C.10, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 8a. Sparsity revenue for school districts that close facilities. A school district that closes a school facility is eligible for elementary and secondary sparsity revenue equal to the greater of the amounts calculated under subdivisions 6, 7, and 8 or the total amount of sparsity revenue for the previous fiscal year if the school board of the district has adopted a written resolution stating that the district intends to close the school facility, but cannot

proceed with the closure without the adjustment to sparsity revenue authorized by this subdivision. The written resolution must be filed with the commissioner of education at least 60 days prior to the start of the fiscal year for which aid under this subdivision is first requested.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment for revenue for fiscal years 2010 and later.

- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 126C.10, subdivision 34, is amended to read:
- Subd. 34. **Basic alternative teacher compensation aid.** (a) For fiscal years 2007 and later, 2008, and 2009, the basic alternative teacher compensation aid for a school district with a plan approved under section 122A.414, subdivision 2b, equals 65 73.1 percent of the alternative teacher compensation revenue under section 122A.415, subdivision 1. The basic alternative teacher compensation aid for an intermediate school district or charter school with a plan approved under section 122A.414, subdivisions 2a and 2b, if the recipient is a charter school, equals \$260 times the number of pupils enrolled in the school on October 1 of the previous fiscal year, or on October 1 of the current fiscal year for a charter school in the first year of operation, times the ratio of the sum of the alternative teacher compensation aid and alternative teacher compensation levy for all participating school districts to the maximum alternative teacher compensation revenue for those districts under section 122A.415, subdivision 1.
- (b) For fiscal years 2010 and later, the basic alternative teacher compensation aid for a school with a plan approved under section 122A.414, subdivision 2b, equals 65 percent of the alternative teacher compensation revenue under section 122A.415, subdivision 1. The basic alternative teacher compensation aid for an intermediate school district or charter school with a plan approved under section 122A.414, subdivisions 2a and 2b, if the recipient is a charter school, equals \$260 times the number of pupils enrolled in the school on October 1 of the previous year, or on October 1 of the current year for a charter school in the first year of operation, times the ratio of the sum of the alternative teacher compensation aid and alternative teacher compensation levy for all participating school districts to the maximum alternative teacher compensation revenue for those districts under section 122A.415, subdivision 1.
- (b) (c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b) and section 122A.415, subdivision 1, the state total basic alternative teacher compensation aid entitlement must not exceed \$75,636,000 for fiscal year 2007 and later. The commissioner must limit the amount of alternative teacher compensation aid approved under section 122A.415 so as not to exceed these limits.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 126C.15, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Building allocation.** (a) A district must allocate its compensatory revenue to each school building in the district where the children who have generated the revenue are served unless the school district has received permission under Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 5, article 1, section 50, to allocate compensatory revenue according to student performance measures developed by the school board.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a district may allocate up to five percent of the amount of compensatory revenue that the district receives to school sites according to a plan adopted by the school board. The money reallocated under this paragraph must be spent for the purposes listed in subdivision 1, but may be spent on students in any grade, including students attending school readiness or other prekindergarten programs.
- (c) For the purposes of this section and section 126C.05, subdivision 3, "building" means education site as defined in section 123B.04, subdivision 1.

- (d) If the pupil is served at a site other than one owned and operated by the district, the revenue shall be paid to the district and used for services for pupils who generate the revenue Notwithstanding section 123A.26, subdivision 1, compensatory revenue generated by students served at a cooperative unit shall be paid to the cooperative unit.
- (e) A district with school building openings, school building closings, changes in attendance area boundaries, or other changes in programs or student demographics between the prior year and the current year may reallocate compensatory revenue among sites to reflect these changes. A district must report to the department any adjustments it makes according to this paragraph and the department must use the adjusted compensatory revenue allocations in preparing the report required under section 123B.76, subdivision 3, paragraph (c).
 - Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 126C.15, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Separate accounts.** Each district <u>and cooperative unit</u> that receives basic skills revenue shall maintain separate accounts to identify expenditures for salaries and programs related to basic skills revenue.
 - Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 126C.17, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. Referendum revenue. (a) The revenue authorized by section 126C.10, subdivision 1, may be increased in the amount approved by the voters of the district at a referendum called for the purpose. The referendum may be called by the board or shall be called by the board upon written petition of qualified voters of the district. The referendum must be conducted one or two calendar years before the increased levy authority, if approved, first becomes payable. Only one election to approve an increase may be held in a calendar year. Unless the referendum is conducted by mail under subdivision 11, paragraph (a), the referendum must be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November. The ballot must state the maximum amount of the increased revenue per resident marginal cost pupil unit. The ballot may state a schedule, determined by the board, of increased revenue per resident marginal cost pupil unit that differs from year to year over the number of years for which the increased revenue is authorized or may state that the amount shall increase annually by the rate of inflation. For this purpose, the rate of inflation shall be the annual inflationary increase calculated under subdivision 2, paragraph (b). The ballot may state that existing referendum levy authority is expiring. In this case, the ballot may also compare the proposed levy authority to the existing expiring levy authority, and express the proposed increase as the amount, if any, over the expiring referendum levy authority. The ballot must designate the specific number of years, not to exceed ten, for which the referendum authorization applies. The ballot, including a ballot on the question to revoke or reduce the increased revenue amount under paragraph (c), must abbreviate the term "per resident marginal cost pupil unit" as "per pupil." The notice required under section 275.60 may be modified to read, in cases of renewing existing levies at the same amount per pupil as in the previous year:

"BY VOTING "YES" ON THIS BALLOT QUESTION, YOU ARE VOTING TO EXTEND AN EXISTING PROPERTY TAX REFERENDUM THAT IS SCHEDULED TO EXPIRE."

The ballot may contain a textual portion with the information required in this subdivision and a question stating substantially the following:

"Shall the increase in the revenue proposed by (petition to) the board of, School District No. .., be approved?"

If approved, an amount equal to the approved revenue per resident marginal cost pupil unit times the resident marginal cost pupil units for the school year beginning in the year after the levy is certified shall be authorized for certification for the number of years approved, if applicable, or until revoked or reduced by the voters of the district at a subsequent referendum.

(b) The board must prepare and deliver by first class mail at least 15 days but no more than 30 days before the day of the referendum to each taxpayer a notice of the referendum and the proposed revenue increase. The board need not mail more than one notice to any taxpayer. For the purpose of giving mailed notice under this subdivision, owners must be those shown to be owners on the records of the county auditor or, in any county where tax statements are mailed by the county treasurer, on the records of the county treasurer. Every property owner whose name does not appear on the records of the county auditor or the county treasurer is deemed to have waived this mailed notice unless the owner has requested in writing that the county auditor or county treasurer, as the case may be, include the name on the records for this purpose. The notice must project the anticipated amount of tax increase in annual dollars for typical residential homesteads, agricultural homesteads, apartments, and commercial-industrial property within the school district.

The notice for a referendum may state that an existing referendum levy is expiring and project the anticipated amount of increase over the existing referendum levy in the first year, if any, in annual dollars for typical residential homesteads, agricultural homesteads, apartments, and commercial-industrial property within the district.

The notice must include the following statement: "Passage of this referendum will result in an increase in your property taxes." However, in cases of renewing existing levies, the notice may include the following statement: "Passage of this referendum extends an existing operating referendum at the same amount per pupil as in the previous year."

- (c) A referendum on the question of revoking or reducing the increased revenue amount authorized pursuant to paragraph (a) may be called by the board and shall be called by the board upon the written petition of qualified voters of the district. A referendum to revoke or reduce the revenue amount must state the amount per resident marginal cost pupil unit by which the authority is to be reduced. Revenue authority approved by the voters of the district pursuant to paragraph (a) must be available to the school district at least once before it is subject to a referendum on its revocation or reduction for subsequent years. Only one revocation or reduction referendum may be held to revoke or reduce referendum revenue for any specific year and for years thereafter.
- (d) A petition authorized by paragraph (a) or (c) is effective if signed by a number of qualified voters in excess of 15 percent of the registered voters of the district on the day the petition is filed with the board. A referendum invoked by petition must be held on the date specified in paragraph (a).
- (e) The approval of 50 percent plus one of those voting on the question is required to pass a referendum authorized by this subdivision.
- (f) (e) At least 15 days before the day of the referendum, the district must submit a copy of the notice required under paragraph (b) to the commissioner and to the county auditor of each county in which the district is located. Within 15 days after the results of the referendum have been certified by the board, or in the case of a recount, the certification of the results of the recount by the canvassing board, the district must notify the commissioner of the results of the referendum.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for petitions filed after July 1, 2009.

- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 126C.40, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Lease purchase; installment buys.** (a) Upon application to, and approval by, the commissioner in accordance with the procedures and limits in subdivision 1, paragraphs (a) and (b), a district, as defined in this subdivision, may:
- (1) purchase real or personal property under an installment contract or may lease real or personal property with an option to purchase under a lease purchase agreement, by which installment contract or lease purchase agreement title is kept by the seller or vendor or assigned to a third party as security for the purchase price, including interest, if any; and

- (2) annually levy the amounts necessary to pay the district's obligations under the installment contract or lease purchase agreement.
- (b) The obligation created by the installment contract or the lease purchase agreement must not be included in the calculation of net debt for purposes of section 475.53, and does not constitute debt under other law. An election is not required in connection with the execution of the installment contract or the lease purchase agreement.
- (c) The proceeds of the levy authorized by this subdivision must not be used to acquire a facility to be primarily used for athletic or school administration purposes.
 - (d) For the purposes of this subdivision, "district" means:
- (1) a school district required to have a comprehensive plan for the elimination of segregation which is eligible for revenue under section 124D.86, subdivision 3, clause (1), (2), or (3), and whose plan has been determined by the commissioner to be in compliance with Department of Education rules relating to equality of educational opportunity and school desegregation and, for a district eligible for revenue under section 124D.86, subdivision 3, clause (4) or (5), where the acquisition of property under this subdivision is determined by the commissioner to contribute to the implementation of the desegregation plan; or
- (2) a school district that participates in a joint program for interdistrict desegregation with a district defined in clause (1) if the facility acquired under this subdivision is to be primarily used for the joint program and the commissioner determines that the joint programs are being undertaken to implement the districts' desegregation plan.
- (e) Notwithstanding subdivision 1, the prohibition against a levy by a district to lease or rent a district-owned building to itself does not apply to levies otherwise authorized by this subdivision.
- (f) For the purposes of this subdivision, any references in subdivision 1 to building or land shall include personal property.
 - Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 126C.41, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Retired employee health benefits.** (a) A district may levy an amount up to the amount the district is required by the collective bargaining agreement in effect on March 30, 1992, to pay for health insurance or unreimbursed medical expenses for licensed and nonlicensed employees who have terminated services in the employing district and withdrawn from active teaching service or other active service, as applicable, before July 1, 1992, and to pay for health insurance or unreimbursed medical expenses for licensed and nonlicensed employees who have terminated services in the employing district and withdrawn from active teaching service or other active service, as applicable before July 1, 1998, if a sunset clause is in effect for the current collective bargaining agreement. The total amount of the levy each year may not exceed \$600,000.
- (b) In addition to the levy authority granted under paragraph (a), a school district may levy for other postemployment benefits expenses. For purposes of this subdivision "postemployment benefits" means benefits giving rise to a liability under Statement No. 45 of the Government Accounting Standards Board. A district seeking levy authority under this subdivision must:
- (1) create or have created an actuarial liability to pay postemployment benefits to employees or officers after their termination of service;
- (2) have a sunset clause in effect for the current collective bargaining agreement as required by paragraph (a); and

(3) apply for the authority in the form and manner required by the commissioner of education.

If the total levy authority requested under this paragraph exceeds the amount established in paragraph (c), the commissioner must proportionately reduce each district's maximum levy authority under this subdivision.

- (c) The maximum levy authority under paragraph (b) must not exceed the following amounts:
- (1) \$9,242,000 for taxes payable in 2010;
- (2) \$29,863,000 for taxes payable in 2011; and
- (3) for taxes payable in 2012 and later, the maximum levy authority must not exceed the sum of the previous year's authority and \$14,000,000.
 - Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 126C.44, is amended to read:

126C.44 SAFE SCHOOLS LEVY.

- (a) Each district may make a levy on all taxable property located within the district for the purposes specified in this section. The maximum amount which may be levied for all costs under this section shall be equal to \$30 multiplied by the district's adjusted marginal cost pupil units for the school year. The proceeds of the levy must be reserved and used for directly funding the following purposes or for reimbursing the cities and counties who contract with the district for the following purposes: (1) to pay the costs incurred for the salaries, benefits, and transportation costs of peace officers and sheriffs for liaison in services in the district's schools; (2) to pay the costs for a drug abuse prevention program as defined in section 609.101, subdivision 3, paragraph (e), in the elementary schools; (3) to pay the costs for a gang resistance education training curriculum in the district's schools; (4) to pay the costs for security in the district's schools and on school property; (5) to pay the costs for other crime prevention, drug abuse, student and staff safety, voluntary opt-in suicide prevention tools, and violence prevention measures taken by the school district; or (6) to pay costs for licensed school counselors, licensed school nurses, licensed school social workers, licensed school psychologists, and licensed alcohol and chemical dependency counselors to help provide early responses to problems. For expenditures under clause (1), the district must initially attempt to contract for services to be provided by peace officers or sheriffs with the police department of each city or the sheriff's department of the county within the district containing the school receiving the services. If a local police department or a county sheriff's department does not wish to provide the necessary services, the district may contract for these services with any other police or sheriff's department located entirely or partially within the school district's boundaries.
- (b) A school district that is a member of an intermediate school district may include in its authority under this section the costs associated with safe schools activities authorized under paragraph (a) for intermediate school district programs. This authority must not exceed \$10 times the adjusted marginal cost pupil units of the member districts. This authority is in addition to any other authority authorized under this section. Revenue raised under this paragraph must be transferred to the intermediate school district.
- (c) A school district must set aside at least \$3 per adjusted marginal cost pupil unit of the safe schools levy proceeds for the purposes authorized under paragraph (a), clause (6). The district must annually certify either that: (1) its total spending on services provided by the employees listed in paragraph (a), clause (6), is not less than the sum of its expenditures for these purposes, excluding amounts spent under this section, in the previous year plus the amount spent under this section; or (2) that the district's full-time equivalent number of employees listed in paragraph (a), clause (6), is not less than the number for the previous year.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue for fiscal years 2010 and later.

- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 127A.47, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Alternative attendance programs.** The general education aid and special education aid for districts must be adjusted for each pupil attending a nonresident district under sections 123A.05 to 123A.08, 124D.03, 124D.08, and 124D.68. The adjustments must be made according to this subdivision.
- (a) General education aid paid to a resident district must be reduced by an amount equal to the referendum equalization aid attributable to the pupil in the resident district.
- (b) General education aid paid to a district serving a pupil in programs listed in this subdivision must be increased by an amount equal to the greater of (1) the referendum equalization aid attributable to the pupil in the nonresident district; or (2) the product of the district's open enrollment concentration index, the maximum amount of referendum revenue in the first tier, and the district's net open enrollment pupil units for that year. A district's open enrollment concentration index equals the greater of: (i) zero, or (ii) the lesser of 1.0, or the difference between the district's ratio of open enrollment pupil units served to its resident pupil units for that year and 0.2. This clause does not apply to a school district where more than 50 percent of the open enrollment students are enrolled solely in online learning courses.
- (c) If the amount of the reduction to be made from the general education aid of the resident district is greater than the amount of general education aid otherwise due the district, the excess reduction must be made from other state aids due the district.
- (d) For fiscal year 2006, the district of residence must pay tuition to a district or an area learning center, operated according to paragraph (f), providing special instruction and services to a pupil with a disability, as defined in section 125A.02, or a pupil, as defined in section 125A.51, who is enrolled in a program listed in this subdivision. The tuition must be equal to (1) the actual cost of providing special instruction and services to the pupil, including a proportionate amount for special transportation and unreimbursed building lease and debt service costs for facilities used primarily for special education, minus (2) if the pupil receives special instruction and services outside the regular classroom for more than 60 percent of the school day, the amount of general education revenue and referendum aid attributable to that pupil for the portion of time the pupil receives special instruction and services outside of the regular classroom, excluding portions attributable to district and school administration, district support services, operations and maintenance, capital expenditures, and pupil transportation, minus (3) special education aid attributable to that pupil, that is received by the district providing special instruction and services. For purposes of this paragraph, general education revenue and referendum equalization aid attributable to a pupil must be calculated using the serving district's average general education revenue and referendum equalization aid per adjusted pupil unit.
- (e) For fiscal year 2007 and later, special education aid paid to a resident district must be reduced by an amount equal to (1) the actual cost of providing special instruction and services, including special transportation and unreimbursed building lease and debt service costs for facilities used primarily for special education, for a pupil with a disability, as defined in section 125A.02, or a pupil, as defined in section 125A.51, who is enrolled in a program listed in this subdivision, minus (2) if the pupil receives special instruction and services outside the regular classroom for more than 60 percent of the school day, the amount of general education revenue and referendum equalization aid attributable to that pupil for the portion of time the pupil receives special instruction and services outside of the regular classroom, excluding portions attributable to district and school administration, district support services, operations and maintenance, capital expenditures, and pupil transportation, minus (3) special education aid attributable to that pupil, that is received by the district providing special instruction and services. For purposes of this paragraph, general education revenue and referendum equalization aid attributable to a pupil must be calculated using the serving district's average general education revenue and referendum equalization aid per adjusted pupil unit. Special education aid paid to the district or cooperative providing special instruction and services for the pupil, or to the fiscal agent district for a cooperative, must be increased by the amount of the reduction in the aid paid to the resident district. If the resident district's special education aid is insufficient to make the full adjustment, the remaining adjustment shall be made to other state aids due to the district.

- (f) An area learning center operated by a service cooperative, intermediate district, education district, or a joint powers cooperative may elect through the action of the constituent boards to charge the resident district tuition for pupils rather than to have the general education revenue paid to a fiscal agent school district. Except as provided in paragraph (d) or (e), the district of residence must pay tuition equal to at least 90 percent of the district average general education revenue per pupil unit minus an amount equal to the product of the formula allowance according to section 126C.10, subdivision 2, times .0485, calculated without basic skills compensatory revenue and transportation sparsity revenue, times the number of pupil units for pupils attending the area learning center, plus the amount of compensatory revenue generated by pupils attending the area learning center.
- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 475.58, subdivision 1, as amended by 2009 H. F. No. 1298, article 2, section 36, if enacted, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Approval by electors; exceptions.** Obligations authorized by law or charter may be issued by any municipality upon obtaining the approval of a majority of the electors voting on the question of issuing the obligations, but an election shall not be required to authorize obligations issued:
 - (1) to pay any unpaid judgment against the municipality;
 - (2) for refunding obligations;
- (3) for an improvement or improvement program, which obligation is payable wholly or partly from the proceeds of special assessments levied upon property specially benefited by the improvement or by an improvement within the improvement program, or from tax increments, as defined in section 469.174, subdivision 25, including obligations which are the general obligations of the municipality, if the municipality is entitled to reimbursement in whole or in part from the proceeds of such special assessments or tax increments and not less than 20 percent of the cost of the improvement or the improvement program is to be assessed against benefited property or is to be paid from the proceeds of federal grant funds or a combination thereof, or is estimated to be received from tax increments;
 - (4) payable wholly from the income of revenue producing conveniences;
- (5) under the provisions of a home rule charter which permits the issuance of obligations of the municipality without election;
 - (6) under the provisions of a law which permits the issuance of obligations of a municipality without an election;
- (7) to fund pension or retirement fund liabilities of a municipality or postemployment benefit liabilities of a school district pursuant to section 475.52, subdivision 6;
 - (8) under a capital improvement plan under section 373.40;
- (9) under sections 469.1813 to 469.1815 (property tax abatement authority bonds), if the proceeds of the bonds are not used for a purpose prohibited under section 469.176, subdivision 4g, paragraph (b);
- (10) to fund postemployment benefit liabilities pursuant to section 475.52, subdivision 6, of a municipality, other than a school district, if the liabilities are limited to:
 - (i) satisfying the requirements of section 471.61, subdivision 2b; and
- (ii) other postemployment benefits, which the municipality no longer provides to employees hired after a date before the obligations are issued; and

(11) under section 475.755.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment, except that the changes made to clause (7) are effective for obligations sold after October 1, 2009.

Sec. 20. ST. LOUIS COUNTY SCHOOL CLOSING.

Independent School District No. 2142, St. Louis County, is eligible for sparsity revenue calculated under Minnesota Statutes, section 126C.10, subdivision 8a, for fiscal years 2010 and later if the board has adopted the required written resolution at any time prior to the start of the 2009-2010 school year.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 21. <u>ONETIME GENERAL EDUCATION REVENUE REDUCTION REPLACED WITH</u> FEDERAL FUNDS FROM THE FISCAL STABILIZATION ACCOUNT.

Subdivision 1. General education reduction. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 126C.13 and 126C.20, the state total general education aid for fiscal year 2010 is reduced by \$500,000,000. The aid reduction must be allocated among school districts and charter schools in proportion to the school district or charter school's general education revenue for fiscal year 2008 under Minnesota Statutes, section 126C.10, or Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.11, subdivisions 1 and 2.

- Subd. 2. Allocation of federal fiscal stabilization funds. The commissioner must offset the onetime general education aid reduction for each school district and charter school under subdivision 1 with an equal amount of federal aid from the fiscal stabilization account in the federal fund.
- <u>Subd. 3.</u> <u>Primary payee.</u> The commissioner of finance may designate a primary payee for each state fiscal stabilization award. The primary payee must transfer the amount of stabilization funds appropriated by law to the state agencies and higher education institutions designated to receive these funds in law.

Sec. 22. FISCAL STABILIZATION ACCOUNT.

The fiscal stabilization account is created in the federal fund in the state treasury. All money received by the state under title XIV of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Public Law 111-5, division A, must be credited to the fiscal stabilization account. Money in the account must not be spent except pursuant to a direct appropriation by law. When all money credited and to be credited to the account from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 has been spent, the commissioner of finance shall close the account.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 23. **EQUALIZING FACTORS.**

The commissioner shall adjust each referendum market value equalizing factor established under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 126C, by dividing the equalizing factor by the ratio of the statewide referendum market value as calculated using the definition of referendum market value that was in effect prior to the 2009 legislative session for assessment year 2009 to the statewide referendum market value that is in effect after the 2009 legislative session for that assessment year.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxes payable in 2010 and later.

Sec. 24. APPROPRIATIONS; STATE.

Subdivision 1. **Department of Education.** The sums indicated in this section are appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years designated.

<u>Subd. 2.</u>	<u>General</u>	education a	<u>id.</u> I	or	general	education	aid	under	Minnesota	Statutes,	section	126C.13,
subdivision 4:												

\$5,195,504,000 2010 \$5,626,994,000 2011

The 2010 appropriation includes \$555,864,000 for 2009 and \$4,639,640,000 for 2010.

The 2011 appropriation includes \$500,976,000 for 2010 and \$5,126,018,000 for 2011.

Subd. 3. Enrollment options transportation. For transportation of pupils attending postsecondary institutions under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.09, or for transportation of pupils attending nonresident districts under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.03:

> \$48,000 2010 \$52,000 2011

Subd. 4. Abatement revenue. For abatement aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 127A.49:

2010 \$1,175,000 \$1,034,000 2011

The 2010 appropriation includes \$140,000 for 2009 and \$1,035,000 for 2010.

The 2011 appropriation includes \$115,000 for 2010 and \$919,000 for 2011.

Subd. 5. Consolidation transition. For districts consolidating under Minnesota Statutes, section 123A.485:

\$854,000 2010 \$927,000 2011

The 2010 appropriation includes \$0 for 2009 and \$854,000 for 2010.

The 2011 appropriation includes \$94,000 for 2010 and \$833,000 for 2011.

Subd. 6. Nonpublic pupil education aid. For nonpublic pupil education aid under Minnesota Statutes, sections 123B.40 to 123B.43 and 123B.87:

> \$17,250,000 2010 \$17,889,000 2011

<u>.</u>

The 2010 appropriation includes \$1,647,000 for 2009 and \$15,603,000 for 2010	<u>0.</u>
The 2011 appropriation includes \$1,733,000 for 2010 and \$16,156,000 for 201	1.

Subd. 7. Nonpublic pupil transportation.	For nonpublic	pupil	transportation	aid	under	Minnesota	Statutes,
section 123B.92, subdivision 9:							

\$22,159,000 2010 \$22,712,000 2011

The 2010 appropriation includes \$2,077,000 for 2009 and \$20,082,000 for 2010.

The 2011 appropriation includes \$2,231,000 for 2010 and \$20,481,000 for 2011.

<u>Subd. 8.</u> <u>One-room schoolhouse.</u> For a grant to Independent School District No. 690, Warroad, to operate the Angle Inlet School:

\$65,000 2010 \$65,000 2011

<u>Subd. 9.</u> <u>Independent School District No. 239, Rushford-Peterson.</u> For school district flood enrollment impact aid as a result of the floods of August 2007:

<u>\$158,000</u> <u>2010</u>

The base appropriation for later fiscal years is \$0.

<u>Subd. 10.</u> <u>Lancaster.</u> For a grant to Independent School District No. 356, Lancaster, to replace the loss of sparsity revenue:

\$100,000 2010 \$100,000 2011

The base appropriation for later fiscal years is \$0.

Subd. 11. Compensatory revenue pilot project. For grants for participation in the compensatory revenue pilot program under Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 5, article 1, section 50:

\$2,175,000 2010 \$2,175,000 2011

Of this amount, \$1,500,000 in each year is for a grant to Independent School District No. 11, Anoka-Hennepin; \$210,000 in each year is for a grant to Independent School District No. 279, Osseo; \$160,000 in each year is for a grant to Independent School District No. 281, Robbinsdale; \$75,000 in each year is for a grant to Independent School District No. 286, Brooklyn Center; \$165,000 in each year is for a grant to Independent School District No. 535, Rochester; and \$65,000 in each year is for a grant to Independent School District No. 833, South Washington.

If a grant to a specific school district is not awarded, the commissioner may increase the aid amounts to any of the remaining participating school districts.

This appropriation is part of the base budget for subsequent fiscal years.

Sec. 25. APPROPRIATIONS; FEDERAL FUND.

Subdivision 1. **Department of Education.** The sums indicated in this section are appropriated from the fiscal stabilization account in the federal fund to the commissioner of education for the fiscal years designated.

Subd. 2. General education offset. To offset the onetime general education revenue reduction under section 23:

\$500,000,000 2010

Any balance does not cancel but is available for obligation until September 30, 2011.

ARTICLE 2

EDUCATION EXCELLENCE

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 13.32, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 10a. Access to student records; school conferences. (a) A parent or guardian of a student may designate an individual, defined under paragraph (c), to participate in a school conference involving the child of the parent or guardian. The parent or guardian must provide the school with prior written consent allowing the significant individual to participate in the conference and to receive any data on the child of the consenting parent or guardian that are necessary and relevant to the conference discussions. The consenting parent or guardian may withdraw consent, in writing, at any time.

(b) A school may accept the following form, or another consent to release student data form, as sufficient to meet the requirements of this subdivision:

"CONSENT TO PARTICIPATE IN CONFERENCES AND RECEIVE STUDENT DATA

<u>I,</u>	(Name of pare	nt or guardian), as parer	it or gu	ardian of		
(Name of child).	, consent to allow	(Name	of an	individual) to	o participate in	school
conferences and	receive student data relating to	the above-named child,	consis	tent with Min	nesota Statutes	, section
13.32, subdivision	on 10a. I understand that I may	withdraw my consent, up	on wri	itten request, a	nt any time.	

(Signature of parent or guardian)

(Date)"

(c) For purposes of this section, "an individual" means one additional adult designated by a child's parent or guardian to attend school-related activities and conferences.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2009-2010 school year and later.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 120A.22, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
- Subd. 12. **Legitimate exemptions.** A parent, guardian, or other person having control of a child may apply to a school district to have the child excused from attendance for the whole or any part of the time school is in session during any school year. Application may be made to any member of the board, a truant officer, a principal, or the

superintendent. The school district may state in its school attendance policy that it may ask the student's parent or legal guardian to verify in writing the reason for the child's absence from school. A note from a physician or a licensed mental health professional stating that the child cannot attend school is a valid excuse. The board of the district in which the child resides may approve the application upon the following being demonstrated to the satisfaction of that board:

- (1) that the child's <u>bodily physical</u> or mental <u>condition</u> <u>health</u> is such as to prevent attendance at school or application to study for the period required, which includes:
 - (i) child illness, medical, dental, orthodontic, or counseling appointments;
 - (ii) family emergencies;
 - (iii) the death or serious illness or funeral of an immediate family member;
 - (iv) active duty in any military branch of the United States; or
 - (v) the child has a condition that requires ongoing treatment for a mental health diagnosis; or
 - (vi) other exemptions included in the district's school attendance policy;
 - (2) that the child has already completed state and district standards required for graduation from high school; or
- (3) that it is the wish of the parent, guardian, or other person having control of the child, that the child attend for a period or periods not exceeding in the aggregate three hours in any week, a school for religious instruction conducted and maintained by some church, or association of churches, or any Sunday school association incorporated under the laws of this state, or any auxiliary thereof. This school for religious instruction must be conducted and maintained in a place other than a public school building, and it must not, in whole or in part, be conducted and maintained at public expense. However, a child may be absent from school on such days as the child attends upon instruction according to the ordinances of some church.
 - Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 120B.02, is amended to read:

120B.02 EDUCATIONAL EXPECTATIONS FOR MINNESOTA'S STUDENTS.

- (a) The legislature is committed to establishing rigorous academic standards for Minnesota's public school students. To that end, the commissioner shall adopt in rule statewide academic standards. The commissioner shall not prescribe in rule or otherwise the delivery system, classroom assessments, or form of instruction that school sites must use. For purposes of this chapter, a school site is a separate facility, or a separate program within a facility that a local school board recognizes as a school site for funding purposes.
 - (b) All commissioner actions regarding the rule must be premised on the following:
 - (1) the rule is intended to raise academic expectations for students, teachers, and schools;
 - (2) any state action regarding the rule must evidence consideration of school district autonomy; and
- (3) the Department of Education, with the assistance of school districts, must make available information about all state initiatives related to the rule to students and parents, teachers, and the general public in a timely format that is appropriate, comprehensive, and readily understandable.

- (c) When fully implemented, the requirements for high school graduation in Minnesota must require students to satisfactorily complete, as determined by the school district, the course credit requirements under section 120B.24, all state academic standards or local academic standards where state standards do not apply, and: successfully pass graduation examinations as required under section 120B.30.
- (1) for students enrolled in grade 8 before the 2005-2006 school year, to pass the basic skills test requirements; and
- (2) for students enrolled in grade 8 in the 2005-2006 school year and later, to pass the Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments Second Edition (MCA IIs).
 - (d) The commissioner shall periodically review and report on the state's assessment process.
 - (e) School districts are not required to adopt specific provisions of the federal School-to-Work programs.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2012, and applies to students entering the 9th grade in the 2012-2013 school year and later.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 120B.022, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Elective standards.** (a) A district must establish its own standards in the following subject areas:

- (1) vocational and technical education; and
- (2) world languages.

A school district must offer courses in all elective subject areas.

- (b) World languages teachers and other school staff should develop and implement world languages programs that acknowledge and reinforce the language proficiency and cultural awareness that non-English language speakers already possess, and encourage students' proficiency in multiple world languages. Programs under this paragraph must encompass indigenous American Indian languages and cultures, among other world languages and cultures. The department shall consult with postsecondary institutions in developing related professional development opportunities.
- (c) Any Minnesota public, charter, or nonpublic school may award Minnesota World Language Proficiency Certificates or Minnesota World Language Proficiency High Achievement Certificates, consistent with this subdivision.

The Minnesota World Language Proficiency Certificate recognizes students who demonstrate listening, speaking, reading, and writing language skills at the American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages' Intermediate-Low level on a valid and reliable assessment tool. For languages listed as Category 3 by the United States Foreign Service Institute or Category 4 by the United States Defense Language Institute, the standard is Intermediate-Low for listening and speaking and Novice-High for reading and writing.

The Minnesota World Language Proficiency High Achievement Certificate recognizes students who demonstrate listening, speaking, reading, and writing language skills at the American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages' Pre-Advanced level for K-12 learners on a valid and reliable assessment tool. For languages listed as Category 3 by the United States Foreign Service Institute or Category 4 by the United States Defense Language Institute, the standard is Pre-Advanced for listening and speaking and Intermediate-Mid for reading and writing.

- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 120B.023, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Revisions and reviews required.** (a) The commissioner of education must revise and appropriately embed technology and information literacy standards consistent with recommendations from school media specialists into the state's academic standards and graduation requirements and implement a review cycle for state academic standards and related benchmarks, consistent with this subdivision. During each review cycle, the commissioner also must examine the alignment of each required academic standard and related benchmark with the knowledge and skills students need for college readiness and advanced work in the particular subject area.
- (b) The commissioner in the 2006-2007 school year must revise and align the state's academic standards and high school graduation requirements in mathematics to require that students satisfactorily complete the revised mathematics standards, beginning in the 2010-2011 school year. Under the revised standards:
 - (1) students must satisfactorily complete an algebra I credit by the end of eighth grade; and
- (2) students scheduled to graduate in the 2014-2015 school year or later must satisfactorily complete an algebra II credit or its equivalent.

The commissioner also must ensure that the statewide mathematics assessments administered to students in grades 3 through 8 and 11 beginning in the 2010 2011 school year are aligned with the state academic standards in mathematics, consistent with section 120B.30, subdivision 1, paragraph (b). The statewide 11th grade mathematics test administered to students under clause (2) beginning in the 2013-2014 school year must include algebra II test items that are aligned with corresponding state academic standards in mathematics.—The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and related benchmarks in mathematics beginning in the 2015-2016 school year.

- (c) The commissioner in the 2007-2008 school year must revise and align the state's academic standards and high school graduation requirements in the arts to require that students satisfactorily complete the revised arts standards beginning in the 2010-2011 school year. The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and related benchmarks in arts beginning in the 2016-2017 school year.
- (d) The commissioner in the 2008-2009 school year must revise and align the state's academic standards and high school graduation requirements in science to require that students satisfactorily complete the revised science standards, beginning in the 2011-2012 school year. Under the revised standards, students scheduled to graduate in the 2014-2015 school year or later must satisfactorily complete a chemistry or physics credit. The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and related benchmarks in science beginning in the 2017-2018 school year.
- (e) The commissioner in the 2009-2010 school year must revise and align the state's academic standards and high school graduation requirements in language arts to require that students satisfactorily complete the revised language arts standards beginning in the 2012-2013 school year. The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and related benchmarks in language arts beginning in the 2018-2019 school year.
- (f) The commissioner in the 2010-2011 school year must revise and align the state's academic standards and high school graduation requirements in social studies to require that students satisfactorily complete the revised social studies standards beginning in the 2013-2014 school year. The commissioner must implement a review of the academic standards and related benchmarks in social studies beginning in the 2019-2020 school year.
- (g) School districts and charter schools must revise and align local academic standards and high school graduation requirements in health, physical education, world languages, and career and technical education to require students to complete the revised standards beginning in a school year determined by the school district or

charter school. School districts and charter schools must formally establish a periodic review cycle for the academic standards and related benchmarks in health, physical education, world languages, and career and technical education.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 120B.11, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Report.** (a) By October 1 of each year, the school board shall use standard statewide reporting procedures the commissioner develops and adopt a report that includes the following:
 - (1) student achievement goals for meeting state academic standards;
 - (2) results of local assessment data, and any additional test data;
 - (3) the annual school district improvement plans including staff development goals under section 122A.60;
 - (4) information about district and learning site progress in realizing previously adopted improvement plans; and
 - (5) the amount and type of revenue attributed to each education site as defined in section 123B.04.
- (b) The school board shall publish a summary of the report in the local newspaper with the largest circulation in the district, by mail, or by electronic means such as the district Web site. If electronic means are used, school districts must publish notice of the report in a periodical of general circulation in the district. School districts must make copies of the report available to the public on request. The board shall make a copy of the report available to the public for inspection. The board shall send a copy of the report to the commissioner of education by October 15 of each year.
- (c) The title of the report shall contain the name and number of the school district and read "Annual Report on Curriculum, Instruction, and Student Achievement." The report must include at least the following information about advisory committee membership:
 - (1) the name of each committee member and the date when that member's term expires;
 - (2) the method and criteria the school board uses to select committee members; and
 - (3) the date by which a community resident must apply to next serve on the committee.

Sec. 7. [120B.299] DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** The definitions in this section apply to this chapter.

- <u>Subd. 2.</u> <u>Growth.</u> "Growth" compares the difference in a student's achievement score at two or more distinct points in time.
- <u>Subd. 3.</u> <u>Value added.</u> "Value added" is the amount of achievement a student demonstrates above an established baseline. The difference between the student's score and the baseline defines value added.
- Subd. 4. Value-added growth. "Value-added growth" is based on a student's growth score. In a value-added growth system, the student's first test is the baseline, and the difference between the student's first and next test scores within a defined period is the measure of value added. Value-added growth models use student-level data to measure what portion of a student's growth can be explained by inputs related to the educational environment.

- Subd. 5. Adequate yearly progress. A school or district makes "adequate yearly progress" if, for every student subgroup under the federal 2001 No Child Left Behind Act in the school or district, its proficiency index or other approved adjustments for performance, based on statewide assessment scores, meets or exceeds federal expectations. To make adequate yearly progress, the school or district also must satisfy applicable federal requirements related to student attendance, graduation, and test participation rates.
- Subd. 6. State growth target. (a) "State growth target" is the average year-two assessment scores for students with similar year-one assessment scores.
- (b) The state growth targets for each grade and subject are benchmarked as follows until the assessment scale changes:
- (1) beginning in the 2008-2009 school year, the state growth target for grades 3 to 8 is benchmarked to 2006-2007 and 2007-2008 school year data;
- (2) beginning in the 2008-2009 school year the state growth target for grade 10 is benchmarked to 2005-2006 and 2006-2007 school year data;
- (3) for the 2008-2009 school year, the state growth target for grade 11 is benchmarked to 2005-2006 school year data; and
- (4) beginning in the 2009-2010 school year, the state growth target for grade 11 is benchmarked to 2005-2006 and 2006-2007 school year data.
- (c) Each time before the assessment scale changes, a stakeholder group that includes assessment and evaluation directors and staff and researchers must recommend a new state growth target that the commissioner must consider when revising standards under section 120B.023, subdivision 2.
- Subd. 7. Low growth. "Low growth" is an assessment score one-half standard deviation below the state growth target.
- Subd. 8. Medium growth. "Medium growth" is an assessment score within one-half standard deviation above or below the state growth target.
- Subd. 9. <u>High growth.</u> "High growth" is an assessment score one-half standard deviation or more above the state growth target.
- Subd. 10. **Proficiency.** "Proficiency" for purposes of reporting growth on school performance report cards under section 120B.36, subdivision 1, means those students who, in the previous school year, scored at or above "meets standards" on the statewide assessments under section 120B.30. Each year, school performance report cards must separately display: (1) the numbers and percentages of students who achieved low growth, medium growth, and high growth and achieved proficiency in the previous school year; and (2) the numbers and percentages of students who achieved low growth, medium growth, and high growth and did not achieve proficiency in the previous school year.
- Subd. 11. Growth and progress toward proficiency. The categories of low growth, medium growth, and high growth shall be used to indicate both (1) growth and (2) progress toward grade-level proficiency that is consistent with subdivision 10.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 120B.30, is amended to read:

120B.30 STATEWIDE TESTING AND REPORTING SYSTEM.

Subdivision 1. **Statewide testing.** (a) The commissioner, with advice from experts with appropriate technical qualifications and experience and stakeholders, consistent with subdivision 1a, shall include in the comprehensive assessment system, for each grade level to be tested, state-constructed tests developed from and aligned with the state's required academic standards under section 120B.021, include multiple choice questions, and be administered annually to all students in grades 3 through 8 and at the high school level. A State-developed test high school tests aligned with the state's required academic standards under section 120B.021 and administered to all high school students in a subject other than writing, developed after the 2002-2003 school year, must include both machine-secreable and constructed response multiple choice questions. The commissioner shall establish one or more months during which schools shall administer the tests to students each school year. For students enrolled in grade 8 before the 2005-2006 school year, only Minnesota basic skills tests in reading, mathematics, and writing shall fulfill students' basic skills testing requirements for a passing state notation. The passing scores of basic skills tests in reading and mathematics are the equivalent of 75 percent correct for students entering grade 9 in 1997 and thereafter, as based on the first uniform test administration of administered in February 1998. Students who have not successfully passed a Minnesota basic skills test by the end of the 2011-2012 school year must pass the graduation-required assessments for diploma under paragraph (b).

- (b) The state assessment system must be aligned to the most recent revision of academic standards as described in section 120B.023 in the following manner:
 - (1) mathematics;
 - (i) grades 3 through 8 beginning in the 2010-2011 school year; and
 - (ii) high school level beginning in the 2013-2014 school year;
 - (2) science; grades 5 and 8 and at the high school level beginning in the 2011-2012 school year; and
 - (3) language arts and reading; grades 3 through 8 and high school level beginning in the 2012-2013 school year.
- (b) (c) For students enrolled in grade 8 in the 2005-2006 school year and later, only the following options shall fulfill students' state graduation test requirements:
 - (1) for reading and mathematics:
- (i) obtaining an achievement level equivalent to or greater than proficient as determined through a standard setting process on the Minnesota comprehensive assessments in grade 10 for reading and grade 11 for mathematics or achieving a passing score as determined through a standard setting process on the graduation-required assessment for diploma in grade 10 for reading and grade 11 for mathematics or subsequent retests;
- (ii) achieving a passing score as determined through a standard setting process on the state-identified language proficiency test in reading and the mathematics test for English language learners or the graduation-required assessment for diploma equivalent of those assessments for students designated as English language learners;
- (iii) achieving an individual passing score on the graduation-required assessment for diploma as determined by appropriate state guidelines for students with an individual education plan or 504 plan;

- (iv) obtaining achievement level equivalent to or greater than proficient as determined through a standard setting process on the state-identified alternate assessment or assessments in grade 10 for reading and grade 11 for mathematics for students with an individual education plan; or
- (v) achieving an individual passing score on the state-identified alternate assessment or assessments as determined by appropriate state guidelines for students with an individual education plan; and
 - (2) for writing:
 - (i) achieving a passing score on the graduation-required assessment for diploma;
- (ii) achieving a passing score as determined through a standard setting process on the state-identified language proficiency test in writing for students designated as English language learners;
- (iii) achieving an individual passing score on the graduation-required assessment for diploma as determined by appropriate state guidelines for students with an individual education plan or 504 plan; or
- (iv) achieving an individual passing score on the state-identified alternate assessment or assessments as determined by appropriate state guidelines for students with an individual education plan.
- (d) Students enrolled in grade 8 in any school year from the 2005-2006 school year to the 2009-2010 school year who do not pass the mathematics graduation-required assessment for diploma under paragraph (b) are eligible to receive a high school diploma with a passing state notation if they:
- (1) complete with a passing score or grade all state and local coursework and credits required for graduation by the school board granting the students their diploma;
 - (2) participate in district-prescribed academic remediation in mathematics; and
- (3) fully participate in at least two retests of the mathematics GRAD test or until they pass the mathematics GRAD test, whichever comes first. A school, district, or charter school must place a student's highest assessment score for each of the following assessments on the student's high school transcript: the mathematics Minnesota Comprehensive Assessment, reading Minnesota Comprehensive Assessment, and writing Graduation-Required Assessment for Diploma, and when applicable, the mathematics Graduation-Required Assessment for Diploma and reading Graduation-Required Assessment for Diploma.

In addition, the school board granting the students their diplomas may formally decide to include a notation of high achievement on the high school diplomas of those graduating seniors who, according to established school board criteria, demonstrate exemplary academic achievement during high school.

- (e) (e) The 3rd through 8th grade and high school level test results shall be available to districts for diagnostic purposes affecting student learning and district instruction and curriculum, and for establishing educational accountability. The commissioner must disseminate to the public the high school test results upon receiving those results.
- (d) State (f) The 3rd through 8th grade and high school tests must be constructed and aligned with state academic standards. The commissioner shall determine the testing process and the order of administration shall be determined by the commissioner. The statewide results shall be aggregated at the site and district level, consistent with subdivision 1a.

- (e) (g) In addition to the testing and reporting requirements under this section, the commissioner shall include the following components in the statewide public reporting system:
- (1) uniform statewide testing of all students in grades 3 through 8 and at the high school level that provides appropriate, technically sound accommodations, or alternate assessments, or exemptions consistent with applicable federal law, only with parent or guardian approval, for those very few students for whom the student's individual education plan team under sections 125A.05 and 125A.06 determines that the general statewide test is inappropriate for a student, or for a limited English proficiency student under section 124D.59, subdivision 2;
- (2) educational indicators that can be aggregated and compared across school districts and across time on a statewide basis, including average daily attendance, high school graduation rates, and high school drop-out rates by age and grade level;
 - (3) state results on the American College Test; and
- (4) state results from participation in the National Assessment of Educational Progress so that the state can benchmark its performance against the nation and other states, and, where possible, against other countries, and contribute to the national effort to monitor achievement.
- Subd. 1a. **Statewide and local assessments; results.** (a) For purposes of conforming with existing federal educational accountability requirements, the commissioner must develop reading, and mathematics, and science assessments for grades 3 through 8, state-developed high school reading and mathematics tests aligned with state academic standards, and science assessments under clause (2) that districts and sites must use to monitor student growth toward achieving those standards. The commissioner must not develop statewide assessments for academic standards in social studies, health and physical education, and the arts. The commissioner must require:
- (1) annual reading and mathematics assessments in grades 3 through 8, and at the high school level for the 2005-2006 school year and later high school reading and mathematics tests; and
- (2) annual science assessments in one grade in the grades 3 through 5 span, the grades 6 through 9 8 span, and a life sciences assessment in the grades 10 9 through 12 span for the 2007 2008 school year and later, and the commissioner must not require students to achieve a passing score on high school science assessments as a condition of receiving a high school diploma.
- (b) The commissioner must ensure that all statewide tests administered to elementary and secondary students measure students' academic knowledge and skills and not students' values, attitudes, and beliefs.
 - (c) Reporting of assessment results must:
- (1) provide timely, useful, and understandable information on the performance of individual students, schools, school districts, and the state;
- (2) include, by no later than the 2008 2009 school year, a value-added component that is in addition to a measure for student achievement growth over time growth indicator of student achievement under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b); and
- (3)(i) for students enrolled in grade 8 before the 2005-2006 school year, determine whether students have met the state's basic skills requirements; and
- (ii) for students enrolled in grade 8 in the 2005-2006 school year and later, determine whether students have met the state's academic standards.

- (d) Consistent with applicable federal law and subdivision 1, paragraph (d), clause (1), the commissioner must include appropriate, technically sound accommodations or alternative assessments for the very few students with disabilities for whom statewide assessments are inappropriate and for students with limited English proficiency.
- (e) A school, school district, and charter school must administer statewide assessments under this section, as the assessments become available, to evaluate student progress in achieving the proficiency in the context of the state's grade level academic standards. If a state assessment is not available, a school, school district, and charter school must determine locally if a student has met the required academic standards. A school, school district, or charter school may use a student's performance on a statewide assessment as one of multiple criteria to determine grade promotion or retention. A school, school district, or charter school may use a high school student's performance on a statewide assessment as a percentage of the student's final grade in a course, or place a student's assessment score on the student's transcript.
- Subd. 2. **Department of Education assistance.** The Department of Education shall contract for professional and technical services according to competitive bidding procedures under chapter 16C for purposes of this section.
- Subd. 3. **Reporting.** The commissioner shall report test data publicly and to stakeholders, including the performance achievement levels developed from students' unweighted test scores in each tested subject and a listing of demographic factors that strongly correlate with student performance. The commissioner shall also report data that compares performance results among school sites, school districts, Minnesota and other states, and Minnesota and other nations. The commissioner shall disseminate to schools and school districts a more comprehensive report containing testing information that meets local needs for evaluating instruction and curriculum.
- Subd. 4. **Access to tests.** The commissioner must adopt and publish a policy to provide public and parental access for review of basic skills tests, Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments, or any other such statewide test and assessment. Upon receiving a written request, the commissioner must make available to parents or guardians a copy of their student's actual responses to the test questions to be reviewed by the parent for their review.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. Subdivision 1, paragraph (d), applies to the 2009-2010 through 2013-2014 school years only. Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.30, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), clause (1), item (ii), is not effective until July 1, 2010, and the legislature specifically authorizes the number, subject area, grade level, and consequence of a high school mathematics assessment program; if the legislature does not authorize the assessment program by July 1, 2010, the graduation-required assessment for diploma in grade 11 for mathematics under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.30, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), remains in effect.
 - Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 120B.31, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Educational accountability and public reporting.** Consistent with the <u>process direction to</u> adopt a results oriented graduation rule <u>statewide academic standards</u> under section 120B.02, the department, in consultation with education and other system stakeholders, must establish a coordinated and comprehensive system of educational accountability and public reporting that promotes <u>higher greater</u> academic achievement, <u>preparation for higher academic education</u>, <u>preparation for the world of work, citizenship under sections 120B.021</u>, subdivision 1, clause (4), and 120B.024, paragraph (a), clause (4), and the arts.
 - Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 120B.31, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Educational accountability.** (a) The Independent Office of Educational Accountability, as authorized by Laws 1997, First Special Session chapter 4, article 5, section 28, subdivision 2, is established, and shall be funded through the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota. The office shall advise the education committees of the legislature and the commissioner of education, at least on a biennial basis, on the degree to which the statewide

educational accountability and reporting system includes a comprehensive assessment framework that measures school accountability for students achieving the goals described in the state's results oriented high school graduation rule. The office shall determine and annually report to the legislature whether and how effectively:

- (1) the statewide system of educational accountability <u>utilizes</u> <u>uses</u> multiple indicators to provide valid and reliable comparative and contextual data on students, schools, districts, and the state, and if not, recommend ways to improve the accountability reporting system;
- (2) the commissioner makes statistical adjustments when reporting student data over time, consistent with clause (4):
- (3) the commissioner uses indicators of student achievement growth a value-added growth indicator of student achievement over time and a value added assessment model that estimates the effects of the school and school district on student achievement to measure and measures school performance, consistent with section 120B.36, subdivision 1 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b);
- (4) the commissioner makes (3) data <u>are available</u> on students who do not pass one or more of the state's required GRAD tests and do not receive a diploma as a consequence, and <u>eategorizes</u> these data <u>are categorized</u> according to gender, race, eligibility for free or reduced lunch, and English language proficiency; and
 - (5) the commissioner fulfills (4) the requirements under section 127A.095, subdivision 2, are met.
 - (b) When the office reviews the statewide educational accountability and reporting system, it shall also consider:
 - (1) the objectivity and neutrality of the state's educational accountability system; and
 - (2) the impact of a testing program on school curriculum and student learning.
 - Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 120B.31, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Statistical adjustments**; **student performance data**. In developing policies and assessment processes to hold schools and districts accountable for high levels of academic standards under section 120B.021, the commissioner shall aggregate student data over time to report student performance and growth levels measured at the <u>school</u>, school district, <u>regional</u>, <u>or and</u> statewide level. When collecting and reporting the <u>performance</u> data, the commissioner shall: (1) acknowledge the impact of significant demographic factors such as residential instability, the number of single parent families, parents' level of education, and parents' income level on school outcomes; and (2) organize and report the data so that state and local policy makers can understand the educational implications of changes in districts' demographic profiles over time. Any report the commissioner disseminates containing summary data on student performance must integrate student performance and the demographic factors that strongly correlate with that performance.
 - Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 120B.35, is amended to read:

120B.35 STUDENT ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT AND PROGRESS GROWTH.

Subdivision 1. Adequate yearly progress of schools and students School and student indicators of growth and achievement. The commissioner must develop and implement a system for measuring and reporting academic achievement and individual student progress growth, consistent with the statewide educational accountability and reporting system. The system components of the system must measure and separately report the adequate yearly progress of schools and the growth of individual students: students' current achievement in schools under subdivision 2; and individual students' educational progress growth over time under subdivision 3. The system also

must include statewide measures of student academic achievement growth that identify schools with high levels of achievement growth, and also schools with low levels of achievement growth that need improvement. When determining a school's effect, the data must include both statewide measures of student achievement and, to the extent annual tests are administered, indicators of achievement growth that take into account a student's prior achievement. Indicators of achievement and prior achievement must be based on highly reliable statewide or districtwide assessments. Indicators that take into account a student's prior achievement must not be used to disregard a school's low achievement or to exclude a school from a program to improve low achievement levels. The commissioner by January 15, 2002, must submit a plan for integrating these components to the chairs of the legislative committees having policy and budgetary responsibilities for elementary and secondary education.

- Subd. 2. <u>Federal expectations for student academic achievement.</u> (a) Each school year, a school district must determine if the student achievement levels at each school site meet <u>state and local federal</u> expectations. If student achievement levels at a school site do not meet <u>state and local federal</u> expectations and the site has not made adequate yearly progress for two consecutive school years, beginning with the 2001-2002 school year, the district must work with the school site to adopt a plan to raise student achievement levels to meet <u>state and local federal</u> expectations. The commissioner of education shall establish student academic achievement levels to comply with this paragraph.
- (b) School sites identified as not meeting <u>federal</u> expectations must develop continuous improvement plans in order to meet <u>state and local federal</u> expectations for student academic achievement. The department, at a district's request, must assist the district and the school site in developing a plan to improve student achievement. The plan must include parental involvement components.
 - (c) The commissioner must:
 - (1) provide assistance to assist school sites and districts identified as not meeting federal expectations; and
- (2) provide technical assistance to schools that integrate student <u>progress_achievement</u> measures <u>under subdivision 3 in into the school continuous improvement plan.</u>
- (d) The commissioner shall establish and maintain a continuous improvement Web site designed to make data on every school and district available to parents, teachers, administrators, community members, and the general public.
- Subd. 3. Student progress assessment State growth target; other state measures. (a) The state's educational assessment system component measuring individual students' educational progress must be growth is based, to the extent annual tests are administered, on indicators of achievement growth that show an individual student's prior achievement. Indicators of achievement and prior achievement must be based on highly reliable statewide or districtwide assessments.
- (b) The commissioner, in consultation with a stakeholder group that includes assessment and evaluation directors and staff and researchers must identify effective models for measuring individual student progress that enable a school district or school site to perform gains-based analysis, including evaluating the effects of the teacher, school, and school district on student achievement over time. At least one model must be a "value added" assessment model that reliably estimates those effects for classroom settings where a single teacher teaches multiple subjects to the same group of students, for team teaching arrangements, and for other teaching circumstances, implement a model that uses a value-added growth indicator and includes criteria for identifying schools and school districts that demonstrate medium and high growth under section 120B.299, subdivisions 8 and 9, and may recommend other value-added measures under section 120B.299, subdivision 3. The model may be used to advance educators' professional development and replicate programs that succeed in meeting students' diverse learning needs. Data on individual teachers generated under the model are personnel data under section 13.43. The model must allow users to:

- (1) report student growth consistent with this paragraph; and
- (2) for all student categories, report and compare aggregated and disaggregated state growth data using the nine student categories identified under the federal 2001 No Child Left Behind Act and two student gender categories of male and female, respectively, following appropriate reporting practices to protect nonpublic student data.

The commissioner must report separate measures of student growth and proficiency, consistent with this paragraph.

- (c) If a district has an accountability plan that includes gains-based analysis or "value-added" assessment, the commissioner shall, to the extent practicable, incorporate those measures in determining whether the district or school site meets expectations. The department must coordinate with the district in evaluating school sites and continuous improvement plans, consistent with best practices. When reporting student performance under section 120B.36, subdivision 1, the commissioner annually, beginning July 1, 2011, must report two core measures indicating the extent to which current high school graduates are being prepared for postsecondary academic and career opportunities:
- (1) a preparation measure indicating the number and percentage of high school graduates in the most recent school year who completed course work important to preparing them for postsecondary academic and career opportunities, consistent with the core academic subjects required for admission to Minnesota's public colleges and universities as determined by the Office of Higher Education under chapter 136A; and
- (2) a rigorous coursework measure indicating the number and percentage of high school graduates in the most recent school year who successfully completed one or more college-level advanced placement, international baccalaureate, postsecondary enrollment options including concurrent enrollment, other rigorous courses of study under section 120B.021, subdivision 1a, or industry certification courses or programs.

When reporting the core measures under clauses (1) and (2), the commissioner must also analyze and report separate categories of information using the nine student categories identified under the federal 2001 No Child Left Behind Act and two student gender categories of male and female, respectively following appropriate reporting practices to protect nonpublic student data.

- (d) When reporting student performance under section 120B.36, subdivision 1, the commissioner annually, beginning July 1, 2014, must report summary data on school safety and students' engagement and connection at school. The summary data under this paragraph are separate from and must not be used for any purpose related to measuring or evaluating the performance of classroom teachers. The commissioner, in consultation with qualified experts on student engagement and connection and classroom teachers, must identify highly reliable variables that generate summary data under this paragraph. The summary data may be used at school, district, and state levels only. Any data on individuals received, collected, or created that are used to generate the summary data under this paragraph are nonpublic data under section 13.02, subdivision 9.
- Subd. 4. **Improving schools.** Consistent with the requirements of this section, <u>beginning June 20, 2012</u>, the commissioner of education must <u>establish a second achievement benchmark to identify improving schools</u>. The <u>commissioner must recommend to annually report to the public and</u> the legislature <u>by February 15, 2002</u>, indicators in addition to the achievement benchmark for identifying improving schools, including an indicator requiring a <u>school to demonstrate ongoing successful use of best teaching practices</u> the organizational and curricular practices implemented in those schools that demonstrate medium and high growth compared to the state growth target.
- Subd. 5. **Improving graduation rates for students with emotional or behavioral disorders.** (a) A district must develop strategies in conjunction with parents of students with emotional or behavioral disorders and the county board responsible for implementing sections 245.487 to 245.4889 to keep students with emotional or behavioral disorders in school, when the district has a drop-out rate for students with an emotional or behavioral disorder in grades 9 through 12 exceeding 25 percent.

(b) A district must develop a plan in conjunction with parents of students with emotional or behavioral disorders and the local mental health authority to increase the graduation rates of students with emotional or behavioral disorders. A district with a drop-out rate for children with an emotional or behavioral disturbance in grades 9 through 12 that is in the top 25 percent of all districts shall submit a plan for review and oversight to the commissioner.

EFFECTIVE DATE. Subdivision 3, paragraph (b), applies to students in the 2008-2009 school year and later. Subdivision 3, paragraph (c), applies to students in the 2010-2011 school year and later. Subdivision 3, paragraph (d), applies to data that are collected in the 2012-2013 school year and later and reported annually beginning July 1, 2014, consistent with advice the commissioner receives from recognized and qualified experts on student engagement and connection and classroom teachers. Subdivision 4 applies in the 2011-2012 school year and later.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 120B.36, is amended to read:

120B.36 SCHOOL ACCOUNTABILITY; APPEALS PROCESS.

Subdivision 1. School performance report cards. (a) The commissioner shall use objective criteria based on levels of student performance to report at least student academic performance under section 120B.35, subdivision 2, the percentages of students showing low, medium, and high growth under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), school safety and student engagement and connection under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (d), rigorous coursework under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (c), two separate student-to-teacher ratios that clearly indicate the definition of teacher consistent with sections 122A.06 and 122A.15 for purposes of determining these ratios, and staff characteristics excluding salaries, with a value added component added no later than the 2008 2009 school year student enrollment demographics, district mobility, and extracurricular activities. The report also must indicate a school's adequate yearly progress status, and must not set any designations applicable to high- and low-performing schools due solely to adequate yearly progress status.

- (b) The commissioner shall develop, annually update, and post on the department Web site school performance report cards.
- (c) The commissioner must make available the first performance report cards by November 2003, and during the beginning of each school year thereafter.
- (d) A school or district may appeal its adequate yearly progress status in writing to the commissioner within 30 days of receiving the notice of its status. The commissioner's decision to uphold or deny an appeal is final.
- (e) School performance report <u>eards card</u> data are nonpublic data under section 13.02, subdivision 9, until not later than ten days after the appeal procedure described in paragraph (d) concludes. The department shall annually post school performance report cards to its public Web site no later than September 1.
- Subd. 2. Adequate yearly progress and other data. All data the department receives, collects, or creates for purposes of determining to determine adequate yearly progress designations status under Public Law 107-110, section 1116, set state growth targets, and determine student growth are nonpublic data under section 13.02, subdivision 9, until not later than ten days after the appeal procedure described in subdivision 1, paragraph (d), concludes. Districts must provide parents sufficiently detailed summary data to permit parents to appeal under Public Law 107-110, section 1116(b)(2). The department shall annually post federal adequate yearly progress data and state student growth data to its public Web site no later than September 1.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 122A.06, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Comprehensive**, scientifically based scientifically based reading instruction. (a) "Comprehensive, scientifically based reading instruction" includes a program or collection of instructional practices that is based on reliable, valid, replicable evidence showing that when these programs or practices are used, students can be expected to achieve, at a minimum, satisfactory reading progress. The program or collection of practices must include, at a minimum, effective, balanced instruction in all five areas of reading: phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary development, and text reading comprehension.

Comprehensive, scientifically based reading instruction also includes and integrates instructional strategies for continuously assessing, evaluating, and communicating the student's reading progress and needs in order to design and implement ongoing interventions so that students of all ages and proficiency levels can read and comprehend text and apply higher level thinking skills.

- (b) "Fluency" is the ability of students to read text with speed, accuracy, and proper expression.
- (c) "Phonemic awareness" is the ability of students to notice, think about, and manipulate individual sounds in spoken syllables and words.
- (d) "Phonics" is the understanding that there are systematic and predictable relationships between written letters and spoken words. Phonics instruction is a way of teaching reading that stresses learning how letters correspond to sounds and how to apply this knowledge in reading and spelling.
- (e) "Reading comprehension" is an active process that requires intentional thinking during which meaning is constructed through interactions between text and reader. Comprehension skills are taught explicitly by demonstrating, explaining, modeling, and implementing specific cognitive strategies to help beginning readers derive meaning through intentional, problem-solving thinking processes.
- (f) "Vocabulary development" is the process of teaching vocabulary both directly and indirectly, with repetition and multiple exposures to vocabulary items. Learning in rich contexts, incidental learning, and use of computer technology enhance the acquiring of vocabulary.
- (g) Nothing in this subdivision limits the authority of a school district to select a school's reading program or curriculum.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 122A.07, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Eligibility; board composition.** Except for the representatives of higher education and the public, to be eligible for appointment to the Board of Teaching a person must be a teacher currently teaching in a Minnesota school and fully licensed for the position held and have at least five years teaching experience in Minnesota, including the two years immediately preceding nomination and appointment. Each nominee, other than a public nominee, must be selected on the basis of professional experience and knowledge of teacher education, accreditation, and licensure. The board must be composed of:
- (1) six teachers who are currently teaching in a Minnesota school or who were teaching at the time of the appointment and who do not qualify under clause (2) or (3) of this subdivision, at least four of whom must be teaching in a public school;
 - (2) one higher education representative, who must be a faculty member preparing teachers;

- (3) one school administrator; and
- (4) three members of the public, two of whom must be present or former members of school boards.
- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 122A.07, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Vacant position.** With the exception of a teacher who retires from teaching during the course of completing a board term, the position of a member who leaves Minnesota or whose employment status changes to a category different from that from which appointed is deemed vacant.
 - Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 122A.09, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **License and rules.** (a) The board must adopt rules to license public school teachers and interns subject to chapter 14.
- (b) The board must adopt rules requiring a person to successfully complete a skills examination in reading, writing, and mathematics as a requirement for initial teacher licensure. Such rules must require college and universities offering a board-approved teacher preparation program to provide remedial assistance to persons who did not achieve a qualifying score on the skills examination, including those for whom English is a second language.
- (c) The board must adopt rules to approve teacher preparation programs. The board, upon the request of a postsecondary student preparing for teacher licensure or a licensed graduate of a teacher preparation program, shall assist in resolving a dispute between the person and a postsecondary institution providing a teacher preparation program when the dispute involves an institution's recommendation for licensure affecting the person or the person's credentials. At the board's discretion, assistance may include the application of chapter 14.
- (d) The board must provide the leadership and shall adopt rules for the redesign of teacher education programs to implement a research based, results-oriented curriculum that focuses on the skills teachers need in order to be effective. The board shall implement new systems of teacher preparation program evaluation to assure program effectiveness based on proficiency of graduates in demonstrating attainment of program outcomes.
- (e) The board must adopt rules requiring successful completion of candidates for initial licenses to successfully complete an examination of general pedagogical knowledge and examinations of licensure-specific teaching skills. The rules shall be effective on the dates determined by the board but not later than by September 1, 2001. The rules under this paragraph also must require candidates for initial licenses to teach prekindergarten or elementary students to successfully complete, as part of the examination of licensure-specific teaching skills, test items assessing the candidates' knowledge, skill, and ability in comprehensive, scientifically based reading instruction under section 122A.06, subdivision 4, and their knowledge and understanding of the foundations of reading development, the development of reading comprehension, and reading assessment and instruction, and their ability to integrate that knowledge and understanding.
- (f) The board must adopt rules requiring teacher educators to work directly with elementary or secondary school teachers in elementary or secondary schools to obtain periodic exposure to the elementary or secondary teaching environment.
 - (g) The board must grant licenses to interns and to candidates for initial licenses.
- (h) The board must design and implement an assessment system which requires a candidate for an initial license and first continuing license to demonstrate the abilities necessary to perform selected, representative teaching tasks at appropriate levels.

- (i) The board must receive recommendations from local committees as established by the board for the renewal of teaching licenses.
- (j) The board must grant life licenses to those who qualify according to requirements established by the board, and suspend or revoke licenses pursuant to sections 122A.20 and 214.10. The board must not establish any expiration date for application for life licenses.
- (k) The board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers who are renewing their continuing license to include in their renewal requirements further preparation in the areas of using positive behavior interventions and in accommodating, modifying, and adapting curricula, materials, and strategies to appropriately meet the needs of individual students and ensure adequate progress toward the state's graduation rule.
- (l) In adopting rules to license public school teachers who provide health-related services for disabled children, the board shall adopt rules consistent with license or registration requirements of the commissioner of health and the health-related boards who license personnel who perform similar services outside of the school.
- (m) The board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers who are renewing their continuing license to include in their renewal requirements further reading preparation, consistent with section 122A.06, subdivision 4. The rules do not take effect until they are approved by law. Teachers who do not provide direct instruction including, at least, counselors, school psychologists, school nurses, school social workers, audiovisual directors and coordinators, and recreation personnel are exempt from this section.
- (n) The board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers who are renewing their continuing license to include in their renewal requirements further preparation in understanding the key warning signs of early-onset mental illness in children and adolescents.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to teacher candidates beginning February 1, 2012.

- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 122A.09, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Commissioner's assistance; board money.** The commissioner shall provide all necessary materials and assistance for the transaction of the business of the Board of Teaching and all moneys received by the Board of Teaching shall be paid into the state treasury as provided by law. The expenses of administering sections 122A.01, 122A.05 to 122A.09, 122A.15, 122A.16, 122A.17, 122A.18, 122A.20, 122A.21, 122A.22, 122A.23, 122A.26, 122A.30, 122A.32, 122A.40, 122A.41, 122A.42, 122A.45, 122A.49, 122A.52, 122A.53, 122A.54, 122A.55, 122A.56, 122A.57, and 122A.58 which are incurred by the Board of Teaching shall be paid for from appropriations made to the Board of Teaching.
 - Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 122A.18, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2a. **Reading strategies.** (a) All colleges and universities approved by the Board of Teaching to prepare persons for classroom teacher licensure must include in their teacher preparation programs research-based best practices in reading, consistent with section 122A.06, subdivision 4, that enable the licensure candidate to know how to teach reading in the candidate's content areas. These colleges and universities also must prepare candidates for initial licenses to teach prekindergarten or elementary students for the assessment of reading instruction portion of the examination of licensure-specific teaching skills under section 122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraph (e).
- (b) Board-approved teacher preparation programs for teachers of elementary education must require instruction in the application of comprehensive, scientifically based, and balanced reading instruction programs that:

- (1) teach students to read using foundational knowledge, practices, and strategies consistent with section 122A.06, subdivision 4, so that all students will achieve continuous progress in reading; and
- (2) teach specialized instruction in reading strategies, interventions, and remediations that enable students of all ages and proficiency levels to become proficient readers.
- (c) Nothing in this section limits the authority of a school district to select a school's reading program or curriculum.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 122A.18, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Expiration and renewal.** (a) Each license the Department of Education issues through its licensing section must bear the date of issue. Licenses must expire and be renewed according to the respective rules the Board of Teaching, the Board of School Administrators, or the commissioner of education adopts. Requirements for renewing a license must include showing satisfactory evidence of successful teaching or administrative experience for at least one school year during the period covered by the license in grades or subjects for which the license is valid or completing such additional preparation as the Board of Teaching prescribes. The Board of School Administrators shall establish requirements for renewing the licenses of supervisory personnel except athletic coaches. The State Board of Teaching shall establish requirements for renewing the licenses of athletic coaches.
- (b) Relicensure applicants who have been employed as a teacher during the renewal period of their expiring license, as a condition of relicensure, must present to their local continuing education and relicensure committee or other local relicensure committee evidence of work that demonstrates professional reflection and growth in best teaching practices. The applicant must include a reflective statement of professional accomplishment and the applicant's own assessment of professional growth showing evidence of:
 - (1) support for student learning;
 - (2) use of best practices techniques and their applications to student learning;
- (3) collaborative work with colleagues that includes examples of collegiality such as attested-to committee work, collaborative staff development programs, and professional learning community work; or
- (4) continual professional development that may include (i) job-embedded or other ongoing formal professional learning or (ii) for teachers employed for only part of the renewal period of their expiring license, other similar professional development efforts made during the relicensure period.

The Board of Teaching must ensure that its teacher relicensing requirements also include this paragraph.

(b) (c) The Board of Teaching shall offer alternative continuing relicensure options for teachers who are accepted into and complete the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards certification process, and offer additional continuing relicensure options for teachers who earn National Board for Professional Teaching Standards certification. Continuing relicensure requirements for teachers who do not maintain National Board for Professional Teaching Standards certification are those the board prescribes, consistent with this section.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to licensees seeking relicensure beginning July 1, 2012.

- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 122A.40, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. <u>Peer review Mentoring</u> for probationary teachers. A school board and an exclusive representative of the teachers in the district must develop a probationary teacher peer review process through joint agreement. <u>The process may include having trained observers serve as mentors or coaches or having teachers participate in professional learning communities.</u>

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2009-2010 school year and later.

- Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 122A.40, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. **Peer <u>review coaching</u> for continuing contract teachers.** A school board and an exclusive representative of the teachers in the district shall develop a peer review process for continuing contract teachers through joint agreement. The process may include having trained observers serve as peer coaches or having teachers participate in professional learning communities.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2009-2010 school year and later.

- Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 122A.41, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. <u>Peer review Mentoring</u> for probationary teachers. A board and an exclusive representative of the teachers in the district must develop a probationary teacher peer review process through joint agreement. <u>The process may include having trained observers serve as mentors or coaches or having teachers participate in professional learning communities.</u>

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2009-2010 school year and later.

- Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 122A.41, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Peer <u>review coaching</u> for continuing contract teachers.** A school board and an exclusive representative of the teachers in the district must develop a peer review process for nonprobationary teachers through joint agreement. The process may include having trained observers serve as peer coaches or having teachers participate in professional learning communities.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2009-2010 school year and later.

- Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 122A.413, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Plan components.** The educational improvement plan must be approved by the school board and have at least these elements:
 - (1) assessment and evaluation tools to measure student performance and progress;
 - (2) performance goals and benchmarks for improvement;
 - (3) measures of student attendance and completion rates;
- (4) a rigorous research and practice-based professional development system, based on national and state standards of effective teaching practice and consistent with section 122A.60, that is aligned with educational improvement, and designed to achieve ongoing and schoolwide progress and growth in teaching quality improvement, and consistent with clearly defined research based standards practice;

- (5) measures of student, family, and community involvement and satisfaction;
- (6) a data system about students and their academic progress that provides parents and the public with understandable information;
- (7) a teacher induction and mentoring program for probationary teachers that provides continuous learning and sustained teacher support; and
 - (8) substantial participation by the exclusive representative of the teachers in developing the plan.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to plans developed in the 2009-2010 school year and later.

- Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 122A.414, subdivision 2b, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2b. Approval process. (a) Consistent with the requirements of this section and sections 122A.413 and 122A.415, the department must prepare and transmit to interested school districts, intermediate school districts, school sites, and charter schools a standard form for applying to participate in the alternative teacher professional pay system. The commissioner annually must establish three dates as deadlines by which interested applicants must submit an application to the commissioner under this section. An interested school district, intermediate school district, school site, or charter school must submit to the commissioner a completed application executed by the district superintendent and the exclusive bargaining representative of the teachers if the applicant is a school district, intermediate school district, or school site, or executed by the charter school board of directors if the applicant is a charter school. The application must include the proposed alternative teacher professional pay system agreement under subdivision 2. The department must convene a review committee that at least includes teachers and administrators a completed application within 30 days of receiving a completed application to the most recent application deadline and recommend to the commissioner whether to approve or disapprove the application. The commissioner must approve applications on a first-come, first-served basis. The applicant's alternative teacher professional pay system agreement must be legally binding on the applicant and the collective bargaining representative before the applicant receives alternative compensation revenue. The commissioner must approve or disapprove an application based on the requirements under subdivisions 2 and 2a.
- (b) If the commissioner disapproves an application, the commissioner must give the applicant timely notice of the specific reasons in detail for disapproving the application. The applicant may revise and resubmit its application and related documents to the commissioner within 30 days of receiving notice of the commissioner's disapproval and the commissioner must approve or disapprove the revised application, consistent with this subdivision. Applications that are revised and then approved are considered submitted on the date the applicant initially submitted the application.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to all applications submitted after that date.

Sec. 27. [122A.4155] ALTERNATIVE COMPENSATION RURAL DISTRICT APPLICATION ASSISTANCE.

Subdivision 1. Eligibility. School districts located in greater Minnesota that submit a letter of intent and begin the transitional planning year, under section 122A.414, subdivision 1a, are eligible for alternative compensation application assistance. For the purposes of this section, an eligible school district is any school district located in the rural equity region under section 126C.10, subdivision 28.

- Subd. 2. <u>Multidistrict technical assistance</u>. The department shall provide technical assistance in the form of, but not limited to, networking, training, and professional development to a rural district or groups of rural districts in developing applications for the alternative compensation program.
- <u>Subd. 3.</u> <u>Model plans.</u> The department shall develop and disseminate alternative compensation model plans based on the unique needs and characteristics of rural districts.
- Subd. 4. Multidistrict consortia. The department may promote the development of multidistrict consortia to optimize opportunities for rural districts to participate in and implement alternative compensation programs. A multidistrict consortium shall develop and implement a collaborative alternative compensation plan that includes the program components outlined in section 122A.414, subdivision 2. A multidistrict consortium shall provide opportunities to share best practices, professional development training and expertise, training of teacher observers, or the purchase of programmatic resources.
 - Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 122A.60, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Contents of the plan.** The plan must include the staff development outcomes under subdivision 3, the means to achieve the outcomes, and procedures for evaluating progress at each school site toward meeting education outcomes-, consistent with relicensure requirements under section 122A.18, subdivision 2, paragraph (b). The plan also must:
- (1) support stable and productive professional communities achieved through ongoing and schoolwide progress and growth in teaching practice;
- (2) emphasize coaching, professional learning communities, classroom action research, and other job-embedded models:
 - (3) maintain a strong subject matter focus premised on students' learning goals;
- (4) ensure specialized preparation and learning about issues related to teaching students with special needs and limited English proficiency; and
 - (5) reinforce national and state standards of effective teaching practice.
 - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2009-2010 school year and later.
 - Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123A.05, is amended to read:

123A.05 AREA LEARNING CENTER STATE-APPROVED ALTERNATIVE PROGRAM ORGANIZATION.

- Subdivision 1. **Governance.** (a) A district may establish an area learning center either by itself or in cooperation with other districts, alternative learning program, or contract alternative in accordance with sections 124D.68, subdivision 3, paragraph (d), and 124D.69.
- (b) An area learning center is encouraged to cooperate with a service cooperative, an intermediate school district, a local education and employment transitions partnership, public and private secondary and postsecondary institutions, public agencies, businesses, and foundations. Except for a district located in a city of the first class, a area learning center must be established in cooperation with other districts and must serve the geographic area of at least two districts. An area learning center must provide comprehensive educational services to enrolled secondary students throughout the year, including a daytime school within a school or separate site for both high school and middle school level students.

- (c) An alternative learning program may serve the students of one or more districts, may designate which grades are served, and may make program hours and a calendar optional.
- (d) A contract alternative is an alternative learning program operated by a private organization that has contracted with a school district to provide educational services for students under section 124D.68, subdivision 2.
- Subd. 2. **Reserve revenue.** Each district that is a member of an area learning center <u>or alternative learning program</u> must reserve revenue in an amount equal to the sum of (1) at least 90 percent of the district average general education revenue per pupil unit minus an amount equal to the product of the formula allowance according to section 126C.10, subdivision 2, times .0485, calculated without basic skills revenue and transportation sparsity revenue, times the number of pupil units attending an area learning center <u>or alternative learning program</u> under this section, plus (2) the amount of basic skills revenue generated by pupils attending the area learning center <u>or alternative learning program</u>. The amount of reserved revenue under this subdivision may only be spent on program costs associated with the area learning center or alternative learning program.
- Subd. 3. Access to services. A <u>center state-approved alternative program</u> shall have access to the district's regular education programs, special education programs, technology facilities, and staff. It may contract with individuals or postsecondary institutions. It shall seek the involvement of community education programs, postsecondary institutions, interagency collaboratives, culturally based organizations, mutual assistance associations, and other community resources, businesses, and other federal, state, and local public agencies.
- Subd. 4. **Nonresident pupils.** A pupil who does not reside in the district may attend a <u>center state-approved</u> alternative program without consent of the school board of the district of residence.
 - Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123A.06, is amended to read:

123A.06 CENTER STATE-APPROVED ALTERNATIVE PROGRAMS AND SERVICES.

- Subdivision 1. **Program focus.** (a) The programs and services of a <u>center state-approved alternative program</u> must focus on academic and learning skills, applied learning opportunities, trade and vocational skills, work-based learning opportunities, work experience, youth service to the community, transition services, and English language and literacy programs for children whose primary language is a language other than English. Applied learning, work-based learning, and service learning may best be developed in collaboration with a local education and transitions partnership, culturally based organizations, mutual assistance associations, or other community resources. In addition to offering programs, the <u>center state-approved alternative program</u> shall coordinate the use of other available educational services, special education services, social services, health services, and postsecondary institutions in the community and services area.
- (b) Consistent with the requirements of sections 121A.40 to 121A.56, a school district may provide an alternative education program for a student who is within the compulsory attendance age under section 120A.20, and who is involved in severe or repeated disciplinary action.
- Subd. 2. **People to be served.** A <u>eenter state-approved alternative program</u> shall provide programs for secondary pupils and adults. A center may also provide programs and services for elementary and secondary pupils who are not attending the <u>eenter state-approved alternative program</u> to assist them in being successful in school. A center shall use research-based best practices for serving limited English proficient students and their parents. An individual education plan team may identify a <u>center state-approved alternative program</u> as an appropriate placement to the extent a <u>center state-approved alternative program</u> can provide the student with the appropriate special education services described in the student's plan. Pupils eligible to be served are those who qualify under the graduation incentives program in section 124D.68, subdivision 2, those enrolled under section 124D.02, subdivision 2, or those pupils who are eligible to receive special education services under sections 125A.03 to 125A.24, and 125A.65.

- Subd. 3. **Hours of instruction exemption.** Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the <u>area learning</u> center programs must be available throughout the entire year. A center may petition the state board under Minnesota Rules, part 3500.1000, for exemption from other rules.
- Subd. 4. **Granting a diploma.** Upon successful completion of the <u>area learning</u> center program, a pupil is entitled to receive a high school diploma. The pupil may elect to receive a diploma from either the district of residence or the district in which the <u>area learning</u> center is located.
 - Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123A.08, is amended to read:

123A.08 CENTER STATE-APPROVED ALTERNATIVE PROGRAM FUNDING.

Subdivision 1. **Outside sources for resources and services.** A eenter state-approved alternative program may accept:

- (1) resources and services from postsecondary institutions serving <u>center</u> <u>state-approved alternative</u> <u>program</u> pupils;
- (2) resources from Job Training Partnership Workforce Investment Act programs, including funding for jobs skills training for various groups and the percentage reserved for education;
 - (3) resources from the Department of Human Services and county welfare funding;
 - (4) resources from a local education and employment transitions partnership; or
 - (5) private resources, foundation grants, gifts, corporate contributions, and other grants.
- Subd. 2. **General education aid.** Payment of general education aid for nonresident pupils enrolled in the center area learning centers and alternative learning programs must be made according to section 127A.47, subdivision 7.
- Subd. 3. **Special education revenue.** Payment of special education revenue for nonresident pupils enrolled in the <u>center state-approved alternative program</u> must be made according to section <u>125A.15</u> <u>127A.47</u>, <u>subdivision 7</u>.
 - Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Background check required. (a) A school hiring authority shall request a criminal history background check from the superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension on all individuals who are offered employment in a school and on all individuals, except enrolled student volunteers, who are offered the opportunity to provide athletic coaching services or other extracurricular academic coaching services to a school, regardless of whether any compensation is paid. In order for an individual to be eligible for employment or to provide the services, the individual must provide an executed criminal history consent form and a money order or check payable to either the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension or the school hiring authority, at the discretion of the school hiring authority, in an amount equal to the actual cost to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension and the school district of conducting the criminal history background check. A school hiring authority deciding to receive payment may, at its discretion, accept payment in the form of a negotiable instrument other than a money order or check and shall pay the superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension directly to conduct the background check. The superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall conduct the background check by retrieving criminal history data maintained in the criminal justice information system computers. A school hiring authority, at its discretion, may decide not to request a criminal history background check on an individual who holds an initial entrance license issued by the State Board of Teaching or the commissioner of education within the 12 months preceding an offer of employment.

- (b) A school hiring authority may use the results of a criminal background check conducted at the request of another school hiring authority if:
- (1) the results of the criminal background check are on file with the other school hiring authority or otherwise accessible;
 - (2) the other school hiring authority conducted a criminal background check within the previous 12 months;
- (3) the individual who is the subject of the criminal background check executes a written consent form giving a school hiring authority access to the results of the check; and
- (4) there is no reason to believe that the individual has committed an act subsequent to the check that would disqualify the individual for employment.
- (c) A school hiring authority may, at its discretion, request a criminal history background check from the superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension on any individual who seeks to enter a school or its grounds for the purpose of serving as a school volunteer or working as an independent contractor or student employee. In order for an individual to enter a school or its grounds under this paragraph when the school hiring authority decides to request a criminal history background check on the individual, the individual first must provide an executed criminal history consent form and a money order, check, or other negotiable instrument payable to the school district in an amount equal to the actual cost to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension and the school district of conducting the criminal history background check. Notwithstanding section 299C.62, subdivision 1, the cost of the criminal history background check under this paragraph is the responsibility of the individual-unless a school hiring authority decides to pay the costs of conducting a background check under this paragraph. If the school hiring authority pays the costs, the individual who is the subject of the background check need not pay for it.
- (d) For all nonstate residents who are offered employment in a school, a school hiring authority shall request a criminal history background check on such individuals from the superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension and from the government agency performing the same function in the resident state or, if no government entity performs the same function in the resident state, from the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Such individuals must provide an executed criminal history consent form and a money order, check, or other negotiable instrument payable to the school hiring authority in an amount equal to the actual cost to the government agencies and the school district of conducting the criminal history background check. Notwithstanding section 299C.62, subdivision 1, the cost of the criminal history background check under this paragraph is the responsibility of the individual.
- (e) At the beginning of each school year or when a student enrolls, a school hiring authority must notify parents and guardians about the school hiring authority's policy requiring a criminal history background check on employees and other individuals who provide services to the school, and identify those positions subject to a background check and the extent of the hiring authority's discretion in requiring a background check. The school hiring authority may include the notice in the student handbook, a school policy guide, or other similar communication. Nothing in this paragraph affects a school hiring authority's ability to request a criminal history background check on an individual under paragraph (c).

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 33. [123B.045] DISTRICT-CREATED SITE-GOVERNED SCHOOLS.

Subdivision 1. Authority. (a) A school board may approve site-governed schools under this section by requesting site-governing school proposals. The request for proposals must include what types of schools or education innovations the board intends to create. A current site may submit a proposal to create a different model

for the site if 60 percent or more of the teachers at the site support the proposal. A group of licensed district professionals from one or multiple district sites may submit a proposal. The group submitting the proposal must include parents or other community members in the development of the proposal. A proposal may request approval for a model of a school not included in the request for proposal of the board.

- (b) The school board and the applicable bargaining unit representing district employees must enter into memoranda of understanding specifying how applicable sections of current contracts will enable the provisions of subdivision 2, clauses (7) and (8), to be implemented.
- (c) Within 60 days of receipt of the application, the school board shall determine whether to approve, deny, or return the application to the applicants for further information or development.
- (d) Upon approval of the proposal, an agreement between the district and the site council shall be developed identifying the powers and duties delegated to the site and outlining the details of the proposal including the provisions of subdivisions 2, 3, and 5. Any powers or duties not specifically delegated to the school site in the agreement remains with the school board.
- Subd. 2. Roles and responsibilities of site-governed schools. (a) Site-governed schools approved by the school board have the following autonomy and responsibilities at the discretion of the site:
- (1) to create the site-governing council of the school. The council shall include teachers, administrators, parents, students if appropriate, community members, and other representatives of the community as determined by the site-governing council. Teachers may comprise a majority of the site-governing council at the option of a majority of the teachers at the site. The number of members on the site-governing council and the composition shall be included in the proposal approved by the school board;
- (2) to determine the leadership model for the site including: selecting a principal, operating as a teacher professional practices model with school leadership functions performed by one or more teachers or administrators at the school or other model determined by the site;
- (3) to determine the budget for the site and the allocation and expenditure of the revenue based on provisions of subdivision 3;
- (4) to determine the learning model and organization of the school consistent with the application approved by the school board;
 - (5) to select and develop its curriculum and determine formative and summative assessment practices;
- (6) to set policies for the site including student promotion, attendance, discipline, graduation requirements which may exceed the school board standards, and other such rules as approved by the school board consistent with the mission, goals, and learning program of the school site;
- (7) to determine the length of the school day and year and employee work rules covered by the terms and conditions of the employment contract;
- (8) to select teachers and other staff consistent with current law and collective bargaining agreements and memoranda of understanding provided for in subdivision 1, paragraph (b). At least 70 percent of the teachers must be selected by the site prior to final approval of the agreement. Prior to requesting the district to employ staff not currently employed by the district, the site must first select current district staff including those on requested and unrequested leave as provided for in sections 122A.40 and 122A.41. The school board shall be the legal employer of all staff at the site and all teachers and other staff members of the applicable bargaining units. Teachers and other

employees may be required to sign an individual work agreement with the site-governing council committing themselves to the mission and learning program of the school and the requirements of the site-governing council; and

- (9) to fulfill other provisions as agreed to by the district and site-governing council.
- (b) If a self-governed school created under this section is supervised by a principal, that principal must be licensed, consistent with section 123B.147, subdivision 2.
- Subd. 3. Revenue to self-governed school. (a) The revenue that shall be allocated by the site includes the general education revenue generated by the students at the site from state, local, and private sources, referendum revenue, federal revenue from the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Carl Perkins Act, and other federal programs as agreed to by the school board and site council.
- (b) The district may retain an administrative fee for managing the federal programs, private revenues, and general administrative functions including school board, superintendent, district legal counsel, finance, accountability and self-governed school contract oversight, facilities maintenance, districtwide special education programs, and other such services as agreed to by the site and school board. The administrative fee shall be included in the agreement.
- (c) As part of the agreement, the district may provide specific services for the site and may specify the amount to be paid for each service and retain the revenues for that amount. The formula or procedures for determining the amount of revenue to be allocated to the site each year shall be consistent with this subdivision and incorporated in the site budget annually following a timeline and process that is included in the agreement with the school board. The site is responsible for allocating revenue for all staff at the site and for the other provisions of the agreement with the district board.
 - (d) All unspent revenue shall be carried over to following years for the sole use of the site.
- Subd. 4. **Exemption from statutes and rules.** Except as outlined in this section, site-governed schools established under this section are exempt from and subject to the same laws and rules as are chartered schools under section 124D.10, except that the schools shall be subject to chapters 13, 13D, and 179A, and sections 122A.40, 122A.41, 122A.50, and 122A.51.
- <u>Subd. 5.</u> <u>Performance standards.</u> (a) The school board and the site council shall include in the agreement performance standards and expectations that shall include at least the following:
- (1) student achievement targets on multiple indicators including either a growth model or value-added growth model;
- (2) the criteria and process to be followed if it is determined that the site failed to comply with district oversight and accountability requirements as outlined in the agreement; and
 - (3) other performance provisions as agreed to.
- (b) All agreements shall be filed with the commissioner. The initial agreement shall be for up to three years, shall be reviewed annually, and may be renewed by the district board for additional terms of up to five years based on the performance of the school.
- Subd. 6. Board termination of self-governed school authority. (a) The district board may terminate the agreement for one or more of the following reasons:

- (1) failure of the site to meet the provisions specified in the agreement in subdivision 5;
- (2) violations of law; or
- (3) other good cause shown.
- (b) Site-governed schools that are terminated or not renewed for reasons other than cause may request to convert to charter school status as provided for in section 124D.10 and, if chartered by the board, shall become the owner of all materials, supplies, and equipment purchased during the period the school was a site-governed school.
 - Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.143, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Contract; duties. All districts maintaining a classified secondary school must employ a superintendent who shall be an ex officio nonvoting member of the school board. The authority for selection and employment of a superintendent must be vested in the board in all cases. An individual employed by a board as a superintendent shall have an initial employment contract for a period of time no longer than three years from the date of employment. Any subsequent employment contract must not exceed a period of three years. A board, at its discretion, may or may not renew an employment contract. A board must not, by action or inaction, extend the duration of an existing employment contract. Beginning 365 days prior to the expiration date of an existing employment contract, a board may negotiate and enter into a subsequent employment contract to take effect upon the expiration of the existing contract. A subsequent contract must be contingent upon the employee completing the terms of an existing contract. If a contract between a board and a superintendent is terminated prior to the date specified in the contract, the board may not enter into another superintendent contract with that same individual that has a term that extends beyond the date specified in the terminated contract. A board may terminate a superintendent during the term of an employment contract for any of the grounds specified in section 122A.40, subdivision 9 or 13. A superintendent shall not rely upon an employment contract with a board to assert any other continuing contract rights in the position of superintendent under section 122A.40. Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 122A.40, subdivision 10 or 11, 123A.32, 123A.75, or any other law to the contrary, no individual shall have a right to employment as a superintendent based on order of employment in any district. If two or more districts enter into an agreement for the purchase or sharing of the services of a superintendent, the contracting districts have the absolute right to select one of the individuals employed to serve as superintendent in one of the contracting districts and no individual has a right to employment as the superintendent to provide all or part of the services based on order of employment in a contracting district. The superintendent of a district shall perform the following:
- (1) visit and supervise the schools in the district, report and make recommendations about their condition when advisable or on request by the board;
 - (2) recommend to the board employment and dismissal of teachers;
 - (3) superintend school grading practices and examinations for promotions;
 - (4) make reports required by the commissioner; and
- (5) by January 10, submit an annual report to the commissioner in a manner prescribed by the commissioner, in consultation with school districts, identifying the expenditures that the district requires to ensure an 80 percent student passage rate on the MCA IIs taken in the eighth grade, identifying the highest student passage rate the district expects it will be able to attain on the MCA-IIs by grade 12, and the amount of expenditures that the district requires to attain the targeted student passage rate; and
 - (6) perform other duties prescribed by the board.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to the 2009-2010 school year and later.

- Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.51, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 5a. **Temporary closing.** A school district that proposes to temporarily close a schoolhouse or that intends to lease the facility to another entity for use as a schoolhouse for three or fewer years is not subject to subdivision 5 if the school board holds a public meeting and allows public comment on the schoolhouse's future.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.095, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Definitions.** For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given them.
- (a) "Online learning" is an interactive course or program that delivers instruction from a teacher to a student by computer; is combined with other traditional delivery methods that include frequent student assessment and may include actual teacher contact time; and meets or exceeds state academic standards.
- (b) "Online learning provider" is a school district, an intermediate school district, an organization of two or more school districts operating under a joint powers agreement, or a charter school located in Minnesota that provides online learning to students.
- (c) "Student" is a Minnesota resident enrolled in a school under section 120A.22, subdivision 4, in kindergarten through grade 12.
- (d) "Online learning student" is a student enrolled in an online learning course or program delivered by an online provider under paragraph (b).
- (e) "Enrolling district" means the school district or charter school in which a student is enrolled under section 120A.22, subdivision 4, for purposes of compulsory attendance.
- (f) "Supplemental online learning" means an online course taken in place of a course period during the regular school day at a local district school.
- (g) "Full-time online provider" means an enrolling school authorized by the department to deliver comprehensive public education at any or all of the elementary, middle, or high school levels.
- (h) "Online course syllabus" is a written document that an online learning provider transmits to the enrolling district using a format prescribed by the commissioner to identify the state academic standards embedded in an online course, the course content outline, required course assessments, expectations for actual teacher contact time and other student-to-teacher communications, and the academic support available to the online learning student.
 - Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.095, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Authorization; notice; limitations on enrollment.** (a) A student may apply for full-time enrollment in an approved online learning program under section 124D.03, 124D.08 or 124D.10, or for supplemental online learning. Notwithstanding sections 124D.03, 124D.08, and 124D.10, procedures for enrolling in supplemental online learning shall be are as provided in this subdivision. A student age 17 or younger must have the written consent of a parent or guardian to apply. No school district or charter school may prohibit a student from applying to enroll in online learning. In order that a student may to enroll in online learning, the student and the student's parents must submit an application to the online learning provider and identify the student's reason for enrolling in online learning. The An online learning provider that accepts a student under this section must within ten days notify the student and the enrolling district in writing within ten days if the enrolling district is not the online

learning provider. The student and family the student's parent must notify the online learning provider of their the student's intent to enroll in online learning within ten days of acceptance being accepted, at which time the student and the student's parent must sign a statement of assurance indicating that they have reviewed the online course or program and understand the expectations of enrolling in online learning enrollment. The online learning provider must use a form provided by the department to notify the enrolling district of the student's enrollment application to enroll in online learning in writing on a form provided by the department.

- (b) The supplemental online learning notification notice to the enrolling district upon when a student enrollment in applies to the online learning provider will include the courses or program, credits to be awarded, and the start date of the online enrollment, and confirmation that the courses will meet the student's graduation plan course or program. An online learning provider must make available the supplemental online course syllabus to the enrolling district. Within 15 days after the online learning provider makes information in this paragraph available to the enrolling district, the enrolling district must notify the online provider whether the student, the student's parent, and the enrolling district agree or disagree that the course meets the enrolling district's graduation requirements. A student may enroll in a supplemental online learning courses course up to the midpoint of the enrolling district's term. The enrolling district may waive this requirement for special circumstances and upon acceptance by with the agreement of the online provider. An online learning course or program that meets or exceeds a graduation standard or the grade progression requirement of the enrolling district as described in the provider's online course syllabus meets the corresponding graduation requirements applicable to the student in the enrolling district. If the enrolling district does not agree that the course or program meets its graduation requirements, then:
- (1) the enrolling district must make available an explanation of its decision to the student, the student's parent, and the online provider; and
- (2) the online provider may make available a response to the enrolling district, showing how the course or program meets the graduation requirements of the enrolling district.
- (c) An online learning provider must notify the commissioner that it is delivering online learning and report the number of online learning students it is accepting accepts and the online learning courses and programs it is delivering delivers.
- (d) An online learning provider may limit enrollment if the provider's school board or board of directors adopts by resolution specific standards for accepting and rejecting students' applications.
- (e) An enrolling district may reduce an online learning student's regular classroom instructional membership in proportion to the student's membership in online learning courses.
- (f) The online provider must report or make available information on an individual student's progress and accumulated credit to the student, the student's parent, and the enrolling district in a manner specified by the commissioner unless the enrolling district and the online provider agree to a different form of notice and notify the commissioner. The enrolling district must designate a contact person to help facilitate and monitor the student's academic progress and accumulated credits towards graduation.
 - Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.095, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Online learning parameters.** (a) An online learning student must receive academic credit for completing the requirements of an online learning course or program. Secondary credits granted to an online learning student must be counted count toward the graduation and credit requirements of the enrolling district. An online learning provider must make available to the enrolling district the course syllabus, standard alignment, content outline, assessment requirements, and contact information for supplemental online courses taken by students in the enrolling district. The enrolling district must apply the same graduation requirements to all students,

including online learning students, and must continue to provide nonacademic services to online learning students. If a student completes an online learning course or program that meets or exceeds a graduation standard or the grade progression requirement at the enrolling district, that standard or requirement is met. The enrolling district must use the same criteria for accepting online learning credits or courses as it does for accepting credits or courses for transfer students under section 124D.03, subdivision 9. The enrolling district may reduce the course schedule of an online learning student in proportion to the number of online learning courses the student takes from an online learning provider that is not the enrolling district.

- (b) An online learning student may:
- (1) enroll in supplemental online learning courses during a single school year equal to a maximum of 50 percent of the student's full schedule of courses per term. A during a single school year and the student may exceed the supplemental online learning registration limit if the enrolling district grants permission for permits supplemental online learning enrollment above the limit, or if an agreement is made between the enrolling district and the online learning provider for agree to the instructional services;
 - (2) complete course work at a grade level that is different from the student's current grade level; and
- (3) enroll in additional courses with the online learning provider under a separate agreement that includes terms for paying any tuition or course fees.
- (c) An online learning student has the same access to the computer hardware and education software available in a school as all other students in the enrolling district. An online learning provider must assist an online learning student whose family qualifies for the education tax credit under section 290.0674 to acquire computer hardware and educational software for online learning purposes.
- (d) An enrolling district may offer online learning to its enrolled students. Such online learning does not generate online learning funds under this section. An enrolling district that offers online learning only to its enrolled students is not subject to the reporting requirements or review criteria under subdivision 7, unless the enrolling district is a full-time online provider. A teacher with a Minnesota license must assemble and deliver instruction to enrolled students receiving online learning from an enrolling district. The delivery of instruction occurs when the student interacts with the computer or the teacher and receives ongoing assistance and assessment of learning. The instruction may include curriculum developed by persons other than a teacher with holding a Minnesota license.
- (e) An Both full-time and supplemental online learning provider that is not the enrolling district is providers are subject to the reporting requirements and review criteria under subdivision 7. A teacher with holding a Minnesota license must assemble and deliver instruction to online learning students. The delivery of instruction occurs when the student interacts with the computer or the teacher and receives ongoing assistance and assessment of learning. The instruction may include curriculum developed by persons other than a teacher with holding a Minnesota license. Unless the commissioner grants a waiver, a teacher providing online learning instruction must not instruct more than 40 students in any one online learning course or program.
- (f) To enroll in more than 50 percent of the student's full schedule of courses per term in online learning, the student must qualify to exceed the supplemental online learning registration limit under paragraph (b) or apply for enrollment to enroll in an approved full-time online learning program following appropriate procedures in consistent with subdivision 3, paragraph (a). Full-time online learning students may enroll in classes at a local school per under a contract for instructional services between the online learning provider and the school district.
 - Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.095, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Department of Education.** (a) The department must review and <u>certify approve</u> online learning providers. The online learning courses and programs must be rigorous, aligned with state academic standards, and contribute to grade progression in a single subject. Online learning providers must demonstrate to the commissioner

that online learning courses have equivalent standards or instruction, curriculum, and assessment requirements as other courses offered to enrolled students. The online learning provider must also demonstrate expectations for actual teacher contact time or other student to teacher communication. The online provider must give the commissioner written assurance that: (1) all courses meet state academic standards; and (2) the online learning curriculum, instruction, and assessment, expectations for actual teacher-contact time or other student-to-teacher communication, and academic support meet nationally recognized professional standards and are described as such in an online course syllabus that meets the commissioner's requirements. Once an online learning provider is approved under this paragraph, all of its online learning course offerings are eligible for payment under this section unless a course is successfully challenged by an enrolling district or the department under paragraph (b).

- (b) An enrolling district may challenge the validity of a course offered by an online learning provider. The department must review such challenges based on the certification procedures under paragraph (a). The department may initiate its own review of the validity of an online learning course offered by an online learning provider.
- (c) The department may collect a fee not to exceed \$250 for certifying online learning providers or \$50 per course for reviewing a challenge by an enrolling district.
- (d) The department must develop, publish, and maintain a list of approved online learning providers and online learning courses and programs that it has reviewed and certified.
 - Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.095, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
- Subd. 10. **Online Learning Advisory Council.** (a) An Online Learning Advisory Council is established under section 15.059, except that. The term for each council member shall be three years. The advisory council is composed of 12 members from throughout the state who have demonstrated experience with or interest in online learning. The members of the council shall be appointed by the commissioner. The advisory council shall bring to the attention of the commissioner any matters related to online learning and provide input to the department in matters related, but not restricted, to:
 - (1) quality assurance;
 - (2) teacher qualifications;
 - (3) program approval;
 - (4) special education;
 - (5) attendance;
 - (6) program design and requirements; and
 - (7) fair and equal access to programs.
 - (b) The Online Learning Advisory Council under this subdivision expires June 30, 2008 2013.

EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraph (b) is effective retroactively from June 30, 2008.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.10, is amended to read:

124D.10 CHARTER SCHOOLS.

Subdivision 1. **Purposes.** (a) The purpose of this section is to:

(1) improve pupil learning and student achievement;

- (2) increase learning opportunities for pupils;
- (3) encourage the use of different and innovative teaching methods;
- (4) require the measurement of measure learning outcomes and create different and innovative forms of measuring outcomes;
 - (5) establish new forms of accountability for schools; or and
- (6) create new professional opportunities for teachers, including the opportunity to be responsible for the learning program at the school site.
- (b) This section does not provide a means to keep open a school that otherwise would be closed or to reestablish a school that has been closed. Applicants in these circumstances bear the burden of proving that conversion to a charter school or establishment of a new charter school fulfills a purpose the purposes specified in this subdivision, independent of the school's closing.

An authorizer shall not approve an application submitted by a charter school developer under subdivision 4, paragraph (a), if the application does not comply with this subdivision. The commissioner shall not approve an affidavit submitted by an authorizer under subdivision 4, paragraph (b), if the affidavit does not comply with this subdivision.

- Subd. 2. **Applicability.** This section applies only to charter schools formed and operated under this section.
- Subd. 2a. Charter School Advisory Council. (a) A Charter School Advisory Council is established under section 15.059 except that the term for each council member shall be three years. The advisory council is composed of seven members from throughout the state who have demonstrated experience with or interest in charter schools. The members of the council shall be appointed by the commissioner. The advisory council shall bring to the attention of the commissioner any matters related to charter schools that the council deems necessary and shall:
 - (1) encourage school boards to make full use of charter school opportunities;
 - (2) encourage the creation of innovative schools;
- (3) provide leadership and support for charter school sponsors to increase the innovation in and the effectiveness, accountability, and fiscal soundness of charter schools;
 - (4) serve an ombudsman function in facilitating the operations of new and existing charter schools;
- (5) promote timely financial management training for newly elected members of a charter school board of directors and ongoing training for other members of a charter school board of directors; and
- (6) facilitate compliance with auditing and other reporting requirements. The advisory council shall refer all its proposals to the commissioner who shall provide time for reports from the council.
 - (b) The Charter School Advisory Council under this subdivision expires June 30, 2007.
- Subd. 3. **Sponsor Authorizer.** (a) For purposes of this section, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings given them.

- "Application" to receive approval as an authorizer means the proposal an eligible authorizer submits to the commissioner under paragraph (c) before that authorizer is able to submit any affidavit to charter to a school.
- "Application" under subdivision 4 means the charter school business plan a school developer submits to an authorizer for approval to establish a charter school that documents the school developer's mission statement, school purposes, program design, financial plan, governance and management structure, and background and experience, plus any other information the authorizer requests. The application also shall include a "statement of assurances" of legal compliance prescribed by the commissioner.
- "Affidavit" means a written statement the authorizer submits to the commissioner for approval to establish a charter school under subdivision 4 attesting to its review and approval process before chartering a school.
- "Affidavit" means the form an authorizer submits to the commissioner that is a precondition to a charter school organizing an affiliated nonprofit building corporation under subdivision 17a.
 - (b) The following organizations may authorize one or more charter schools:
- (1) a school board; intermediate school district school board; education district organized under sections 123A.15 to 123A.19;
- (2) a charitable organization under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, excluding a nonpublic sectarian or religious institution, any person other than a natural person that directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the nonpublic sectarian or religious institution, and any other charitable organization under this clause that in the federal IRS Form 1023, Part IV, describes activities indicating a religious purpose, that:
 - (i) is a member of the Minnesota Council of Nonprofits or the Minnesota Council on Foundations;
 - (ii) is registered with the attorney general's office, and;
 - (iii) reports an end-of-year fund balance of at least \$2,000,000; and
 - (iv) is incorporated in the state of Minnesota;
- (3) a Minnesota private college, notwithstanding clause (2), that grants two- or four-year degrees and is registered with the Minnesota Office of Higher Education under chapter 136A; community college, state university, or technical college, governed by the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities; or the University of Minnesota may sponsor one or more charter schools.; or
- (b) (4) a nonprofit corporation subject to chapter 317A, described in section 317A.905, and exempt from federal income tax under section 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, may sponsor_authorize one or more charter schools if the charter school has operated for at least three years under a different sponsor_authorize and if the nonprofit corporation has existed for at least 25 years.
- (5) no more than three single-purpose sponsors that are charitable, nonsectarian organizations formed under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and incorporated in the state of Minnesota whose sole purpose is to charter schools. Eligible organizations interested in being approved as a sponsor under this paragraph must submit a proposal to the commissioner that includes the provisions of paragraph (c) and a five-year financial plan. Such authorizers shall consider and approve applications using the criteria provided in subdivision 4 and shall not limit the applications it solicits, considers, or approves to any single curriculum, learning program, or method.

- (c) An eligible authorizer under this subdivision must apply to the commissioner for approval as an authorizer before submitting any affidavit to the commissioner to charter a school. The application for approval as a charter school authorizer must demonstrate the applicant's ability to implement the procedures and satisfy the criteria for chartering a school under this section. The commissioner must approve or disapprove an application within 60 business days of the application deadline. If the commissioner disapproves the application, the commissioner must notify the applicant of the deficiencies and the applicant then has 20 business days to address the deficiencies to the commissioner's satisfaction. Failing to address the deficiencies to the commissioner's satisfaction makes an applicant ineligible to be an authorizer. The commissioner, in establishing criteria for approval, must consider the applicant's:
 - (1) capacity and infrastructure;
 - (2) application criteria and process;
 - (3) contracting process;
 - (4) ongoing oversight and evaluation processes; and
 - (5) renewal criteria and processes.
 - (d) The affidavit to be submitted to and evaluated by the commissioner must include at least the following:
 - (1) how chartering schools is a way for the organization to carry out its mission;
- (2) a description of the capacity of the organization to serve as a sponsor, including the personnel who will perform the sponsoring duties, their qualifications, the amount of time they will be assigned to this responsibility, and the financial resources allocated by the organization to this responsibility;
- (3) a description of the application and review process the authorizer will use to make decisions regarding the granting of charters, which will include at least the following:
 - (i) how the statutory purposes defined in subdivision 1 are addressed;
 - (ii) the mission, goals, program model, and student performance expectations;
- (iii) an evaluation plan for the school that includes criteria for evaluating educational, organizational, and fiscal plans;
 - (iv) the school's governance plan;
 - (v) the financial management plan; and
 - (vi) the administration and operations plan;
- (4) a description of the type of contract it will arrange with the schools it charters that meets the provisions of subdivision 6 and defines the rights and responsibilities of the charter school for governing its educational program, controlling its funds, and making school management decisions:
- (5) the process to be used for providing ongoing oversight of the school consistent with the contract expectations specified in clause (4) that assures that the schools chartered are complying with both the provisions of applicable law and rules, and with the contract;

- (6) the process for making decisions regarding the renewal or termination of the school's charter based on evidence that demonstrates the academic, organizational, and financial competency of the school, including its success in increasing student achievement and meeting the goals of the charter school agreement; and
 - (7) an assurance specifying that the organization is committed to serving as a sponsor for the full five-year term.
 - A disapproved applicant under this paragraph may resubmit an application during a future application period.
 - (e) The authorizer must participate in department-approved training.
- (f) An authorizer that chartered a school before August 1, 2009, must apply by June 30, 2011, to the commissioner for approval, under paragraph (c), to continue as an authorizer under this section. For purposes of this paragraph, an authorizer that fails to submit a timely application is ineligible to charter a school.
- (g) The commissioner shall review an authorizer's performance every five years in a manner and form determined by the commissioner and may review an authorizer's performance more frequently at the commissioner's own initiative or at the request of a charter school operator, charter school board member, or other interested party. The commissioner, after completing the review, shall transmit a report with findings to the authorizer. If, consistent with this section, the commissioner finds that an authorizer has not fulfilled the requirements of this section, the commissioner may subject the authorizer to corrective action, which may include terminating the contract with the charter school board of directors of a school it chartered. The commissioner must notify the authorizer in writing of any findings that may subject the authorizer to corrective action and the authorizer then has 15 business days to request an informal hearing before the commissioner takes corrective action.
- (h) The commissioner may at any time take corrective action against an authorizer, including terminating an authorizer's ability to charter a school for:
- (1) failing to demonstrate the criteria under paragraph (c) under which the commissioner approved the authorizer;
 - (2) violating a term of the chartering contract between the authorizer and the charter school board of directors; or
 - (3) unsatisfactory performance as an approved authorizer.
- Subd. 4. **Formation of school.** (a) A sponsor An authorizer, after receiving an application from a school developer, may authorize charter a licensed teacher under section 122A.18, subdivision 1, or a group of individuals that includes one or more licensed teachers under section 122A.18, subdivision 1, to operate a charter school subject to the commissioner's approval by the commissioner of the authorizer's affidavit under paragraph (b). A board must vote on charter school application for sponsorship no later than 90 days after receiving the application.—The school must be organized and operated as a cooperative under chapter 308A or nonprofit corporation under chapter 317A and the provisions under the applicable chapter shall apply to the school except as provided in this section.

Notwithstanding sections 465.717 and 465.719, a school district, subject to this section and section 124D.11, may create a corporation for the purpose of <u>creating establishing</u> a charter school.

(b) Before the operators may <u>form_establish</u> and operate a school, the <u>sponsor_authorizer</u> must file an affidavit with the commissioner stating its intent to <u>authorize a charter a school</u>. <u>An authorizer must file a separate affidavit for each school it intends to charter.</u> The affidavit must state the terms and conditions under which the <u>sponsor authorizer</u> would <u>authorize a charter a school</u> and how the <u>sponsor authorizer</u> intends to oversee the fiscal and student performance of the charter school and to comply with the terms of the written contract between the <u>sponsor authorizer</u> and the charter school board of directors under subdivision 6. The commissioner must approve or

disapprove the sponsor's proposed authorization authorizer's affidavit within 90 60 business days of receipt of the affidavit. If the commissioner disapproves the affidavit, the commissioner shall notify the authorizer of the deficiencies in the affidavit and the authorizer then has 20 business days to address the deficiencies. If the authorizer does not address deficiencies to the commissioner's satisfaction, the commissioner's disapproval is final. Failure to obtain commissioner approval precludes a sponsor an authorizer from authorizing chartering the charter school that was is the subject of the this affidavit.

- (c) The authorizer may prevent an approved charter school from opening for operation if, among other grounds, the charter school violates this section or does not meet the ready-to-open standards that are part of the authorizer's oversight and evaluation process or are stipulated in the charter school contract.
- (d) The operators authorized to organize and operate a school, before entering into a contract or other agreement for professional or other services, goods, or facilities, must incorporate as a cooperative under chapter 308A or as a nonprofit corporation under chapter 317A and must establish a board of directors composed of at least five members who are not related parties until a timely election for members of the ongoing charter school board of directors is held according to the school's articles and bylaws under paragraph (f). A charter school board of directors must be composed of at least five members who are not related parties. Any Staff members who are employed at the school, including teachers providing instruction under a contract with a cooperative, and all parents or legal guardians of children enrolled in the school may participate in the election for are the voters eligible to elect the members of the school's board of directors. Licensed teachers employed at the school, including teachers providing instruction under a contract with a cooperative, must be a majority of the members of the board of directors before the school completes its third year of operation, unless the commissioner waives the requirement for a majority of licensed teachers on the board. A charter school must notify eligible voters of the school board election dates at least 30 days before the election. Board of director meetings must comply with chapter 13D.
- (d) (e) Upon the request of an individual, the charter school must make available in a timely fashion the minutes of meetings of the board of directors, and of members and committees having any board-delegated authority; financial statements showing all operations and transactions affecting income, surplus, and deficit during the school's last annual accounting period; and a balance sheet summarizing assets and liabilities on the closing date of the accounting period. A charter school also must post on its official Web site information identifying its authorizer and indicate how to contact that authorizer and include that same information about its authorizer in other school materials that it makes available to the public.
- (f) Every charter school board member shall attend department-approved training on board governance, the board's role and responsibilities, employment policies and practices, and financial management. A board member who does not begin the required training within six months of being seated and complete the required training within 12 months of being seated on the board is ineligible to continue to serve as a board member.
- (g) The ongoing board must be elected before the school completes its third year of operation. Board elections must be held during a time when school is in session. The charter school board of directors shall be composed of at least five nonrelated members and include: (i) at least one licensed teacher employed at the school or a licensed teacher providing instruction under a contact between the charter school and a cooperative; (ii) the parent or legal guardian of a student enrolled in the charter school; and (iii) an interested community member who is not employed by the charter school and does not have a child enrolled in the school. The board may be a teacher majority board composed of teachers described in this paragraph. The chief financial officer and the chief administrator are exofficio nonvoting board members. Board bylaws shall outline the process and procedures for changing the board's governance model, consistent with chapter 317A. A board may change its governance model only:
- (1) by a majority vote of the board of directors and the licensed teachers employed by the school, including licensed teachers providing instruction under a contract between the school and a cooperative; and

- (2) with the authorizer's approval.
- Any change in board governance must conform with the board structure established under this paragraph.
- (h) The granting or renewal of a charter by a sponsoring entity an authorizer must not be conditioned upon the bargaining unit status of the employees of the school.
- (e) A sponsor (i) The granting or renewal of a charter school by an authorizer must not be contingent on the charter school being required to contract, lease, or purchase services from the authorizer. Any potential contract, lease, or purchase of service from an authorizer must be disclosed to the commissioner, accepted through an open bidding process, and be a separate contract from the charter contract. The school must document the open bidding process. An authorizer must not enter into a contract to provide management and financial services for a school that it authorizes, unless the school documents that it received at least two competitive bids.
- (j) An authorizer may authorize permit the operators board of directors of a charter school to expand the operation of the charter school to additional sites or to add additional grades at the school beyond those described in the sponsor's application authorizer's original affidavit as approved by the commissioner only after submitting a supplemental application affidavit for approval to the commissioner in a form and manner prescribed by the commissioner. The supplemental application affidavit must provide evidence show that:
 - (1) the expansion of proposed by the charter school is supported by need and projected enrollment;
- (2) the charter school expansion is warranted, at a minimum, by longitudinal data demonstrating students' improved academic performance and growth on statewide assessments under chapter 120B;
- (2) (3) the charter school is fiscally sound and has the financial capacity to implement the proposed expansion; and
- (3) (4) the sponsor supports the authorizer finds that the charter school has the management capacity to carry out its expansion; and.
 - (4) the building of the additional site meets all health and safety requirements to be eligible for lease aid.
- (f) The commissioner annually must provide timely financial management training to newly elected members of a charter school board of directors and ongoing training to other members of a charter school board of directors. Training must address ways to:
 - (1) proactively assess opportunities for a charter school to maximize all available revenue sources;
 - (2) establish and maintain complete, auditable records for the charter school;
 - (3) establish proper filing techniques;
 - (4) document formal actions of the charter school, including meetings of the charter school board of directors;
 - (5) properly manage and retain charter school and student records;
 - (6) comply with state and federal payroll record keeping requirements; and
- (7) address other similar factors that facilitate establishing and maintaining complete records on the charter school's operations.

- (k) The commissioner shall have 30 business days to review and comment on the supplemental affidavit. The commissioner shall notify the authorizer of any deficiencies in the supplemental affidavit and the authorizer then has 30 business days to address, to the commissioner's satisfaction, any deficiencies in the supplemental affidavit. The school may not expand grades or add sites until the commissioner has approved the supplemental affidavit. The commissioner's approval or disapproval of a supplemental affidavit is final.
- Subd. 4a. **Conflict of interest.** (a) A member of a charter school board of directors An individual is prohibited from serving as a member of the charter school board of directors or as if the individual, an immediate family member, or the individual's partner is an owner, employee or agent of or a contractor with a for-profit or nonprofit entity with whom the charter school contracts, directly or indirectly, for professional services, goods, or facilities. A violation of this prohibition renders a contract voidable at the option of the commissioner or the charter school board of directors. A member of a charter school board of directors who violates this prohibition shall be is individually liable to the charter school for any damage caused by the violation.
- (b) No member of the board of directors, employee, officer, or agent of a charter school shall participate in selecting, awarding, or administering a contract if a conflict of interest exists. A conflict exists when:
 - (1) the board member, employee, officer, or agent;
 - (2) the immediate family of the board member, employee, officer, or agent;
 - (3) the partner of the board member, employee, officer, or agent; or
 - (4) an organization that employs, or is about to employ any individual in clauses (1) to (3),
- has a financial or other interest in the entity with which the charter school is contracting. A violation of this prohibition renders the contract void.
- (c) Any employee, agent, or board member of the authorizer who participates in the initial review, approval, ongoing oversight, evaluation, or the charter renewal or nonrenewal process or decision is ineligible to serve on the board of directors of a school chartered by that authorizer.
- (b) (d) An individual may serve as a member of the board of directors if no conflict of interest under paragraph (a) exists.
- (c) A member of a charter school board of directors that serves as a member of the board of directors or as an employee or agent of or a contractor with a nonprofit entity with whom the charter school contracts, directly or indirectly, for professional services, goods, or facilities, must disclose all potential conflicts to the commissioner.
- (d) (e) The conflict of interest provisions under this subdivision do not apply to compensation paid to a teacher employed by the charter school who also serves as a member of the board of directors.
- (e) (f) The conflict of interest provisions under this subdivision do not apply to a teacher who provides services to a charter school through a cooperative formed under chapter 308A when the teacher also serves on the charter school board of directors.
- Subd. 5. **Conversion of existing schools.** A board <u>of an independent or special school district</u> may convert one or more of its existing schools to charter schools under this section if 60 percent of the full-time teachers at the school sign a petition seeking conversion. The conversion must occur at the beginning of an academic year.

- Subd. 6. <u>Charter contract</u>. The <u>sponsor's</u> authorization for a charter school must be in the form of a written contract signed by the <u>sponsor authorizer</u> and the board of directors of the charter school. The contract must be completed within <u>90 45 business</u> days of the commissioner's approval of the <u>sponsor's proposed authorization authorizer's affidavit</u>. The authorizer shall submit to the commissioner a copy of the signed charter contract within <u>ten business days of its execution</u>. The contract for a charter school must be in writing and contain at least the following:
- (1) a description of a program that carries out one or more of the purposes declaration of the purposes in subdivision 1 that the school intends to carry out and how the school will report its implementation of those purposes;
- (2) <u>a description of the school program and the specific academic and nonacademic outcomes that pupils are to must achieve under subdivision 10;</u>
 - (3) a statement of admission policies and procedures;
 - (4) a governance, management, and administration of plan for the school;
- (5) <u>signed agreements from charter school board members to comply with all federal and state laws governing organizational, programmatic, and financial requirements and procedures for program and financial audits applicable to charter schools;</u>
- (6) how the school will comply with subdivisions 8, 13, 16, and 23 the criteria, processes, and procedures that the authorizer will use for ongoing oversight of operational, financial, and academic performance;
- (7) assumption of liability by the charter school the performance evaluation that is a prerequisite for reviewing a charter contract under subdivision 15;
 - (8) types and amounts of insurance <u>liability</u> coverage to be obtained by the charter school;
- (9) the term of the contract, which may be up to three years for an initial contract plus an additional preoperational planning year, and up to five years for a renewed contract if warranted by the school's academic, financial, and operational performance;
- (10) <u>if how</u> the board of directors or the operators of the charter school <u>will</u> provide special instruction and services for children with a disability under sections 125A.03 to 125A.24, and 125A.65, a description of the financial parameters within which the charter school will operate to provide the special instruction and services to children with a disability; and
- (11) the process and criteria the sponsor authorizer intends to use to monitor and evaluate the fiscal and student performance of the charter school, consistent with subdivision 15-: and
- (12) the plan for an orderly closing of the school under chapter 308A or 317A, if the closure is a termination for cause, a voluntary termination, or a nonrenewal of the contract, and that includes establishing the responsibilities of the school board of directors and the authorizer and notifying the commissioner, authorizer, school district in which the charter school is located, and parents of enrolled students about the closure, the transfer of student records to students' resident districts, and procedures for closing financial operations.
- Subd. 6a. **Audit report.** (a) The charter school must submit an audit report to the commissioner and its authorizer by December 31 each year.

- (b) The charter school, with the assistance of the auditor conducting the audit, must include with the report a copy of all charter school agreements for corporate management services. If the entity that provides the professional services to the charter school is exempt from taxation under section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, that entity must file with the commissioner by February 15 a copy of the annual return required under section 6033 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
- (c) If the commissioner receives as part of the an audit report a management letter indicating that a material weakness exists in the financial reporting systems of a charter school, the charter school must submit a written report to the commissioner explaining how the material weakness will be resolved.

Upon the request of an individual, the charter school must make available in a timely fashion the minutes of meetings of members, the board of directors, and committees having any of the authority of the board of directors, and statements showing the financial result of all operations and transactions affecting income and surplus during the school's last annual accounting period and a balance sheet containing a summary of its assets and liabilities as of the closing date of the accounting period.

- Subd. 7. **Public status; exemption from statutes and rules.** A charter school is a public school and is part of the state's system of public education. Except as provided in this section, a charter school is exempt from all statutes and rules applicable to a school, a board, or a district, although it may elect to comply with one or more provisions of statutes or rules. A charter school is exempt from all statutes and rules applicable to a school, school board, or school district unless a statute or rule is made specifically applicable to a charter school or is included in this section.
- Subd. 8. <u>Federal, state, and local requirements.</u> (a) A charter school shall meet all <u>applicable federal,</u> state, and local health and safety requirements <u>applicable to school districts</u>.
- (b) A school must comply with statewide accountability requirements governing standards and assessments in chapter 120B.
- (c) A school sponsored by a school board may be located in any district, unless the school board of the district of the proposed location disapproves by written resolution.
- (e) (d) A charter school must be nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies, employment practices, and all other operations. A sponsor may not authorize a charter school or program that is affiliated with a nonpublic sectarian school or a religious institution. A charter school student must be released for religious instruction, consistent with section 120A.22, subdivision 12, clause (3).
- (d) (e) Charter schools must not be used as a method of providing education or generating revenue for students who are being home-schooled.
- (e) (f) The primary focus of a charter school must be to provide a comprehensive program of instruction for at least one grade or age group from five through 18 years of age. Instruction may be provided to people younger than five years and older than 18 years of age.
 - (f) (g) A charter school may not charge tuition.
 - (g) (h) A charter school is subject to and must comply with chapter 363A and section 121A.04.
- (h) (i) A charter school is subject to and must comply with the Pupil Fair Dismissal Act, sections 121A.40 to 121A.56, and the Minnesota Public School Fee Law, sections 123B.34 to 123B.39.

- (i) (j) A charter school is subject to the same financial audits, audit procedures, and audit requirements as a district. Audits must be conducted in compliance with generally accepted governmental auditing standards, the Federal Single Audit Act, if applicable, and section 6.65. A charter school is subject to and must comply with sections 15.054; 118A.01; 118A.02; 118A.03; 118A.04; 118A.05; 118A.06; 123B.52, subdivision 5; 471.38; 471.391; 471.392; and 471.425; 471.87; 471.88, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 12, 13, and 15; 471.881; and 471.89. The audit must comply with the requirements of sections 123B.75 to 123B.83, except to the extent deviations are necessary because of the program at the school. Deviations must be approved by the commissioner and authorizer. The Department of Education, state auditor, or legislative auditor or authorizer may conduct financial, program, or compliance audits. A charter school determined to be in statutory operating debt under sections 123B.81 to 123B.83 must submit a plan under section 123B.81, subdivision 4.
 - (i) (k) A charter school is a district for the purposes of tort liability under chapter 466.
- (k) (l) A charter school must comply with sections 13.32 chapters 13 and 13D; and sections 120A.22, subdivision 7; 121A.75; and 260B.171, subdivisions 3 and 5.
 - (1) (m) A charter school is subject to the Pledge of Allegiance requirement under section 121A.11, subdivision 3.
 - (n) A charter school offering online courses or programs must comply with section 124D.095.
 - (o) A charter school and charter school board of directors are subject to chapter 181.
- (p) A charter school must comply with section 120A.22, subdivision 7, governing the transfer of students' educational records and sections 138.163 and 138.17 governing the management of local records.
- <u>Subd. 8a.</u> <u>Aid reduction.</u> <u>The commissioner may reduce a charter school's state aid under section 127A.42 or 127A.43 if the charter school board fails to correct a violation under this section.</u>
- Subd. 8b. Aid reduction for violations. The commissioner may reduce a charter school's state aid by an amount not to exceed 60 percent of the charter school's basic revenue for the period of time that a violation of law occurs.
 - Subd. 9. Admission requirements. A charter school may limit admission to:
 - (1) pupils within an age group or grade level;
 - (2) people pupils who are eligible to participate in the graduation incentives program under section 124D.68; or
- (3) residents of a specific geographic area where the percentage of the population of non Caucasian people of that area is greater than the percentage of the non Caucasian population in the congressional district in which the geographic area is located, and as long as the school reflects the racial and ethnic diversity of the specific area in which the school is located when the majority of students served by the school are members of underserved populations in which the school is located when the majority of students served by the school are members of underserved populations.

A charter school shall enroll an eligible pupil who submits a timely application, unless the number of applications exceeds the capacity of a program, class, grade level, or building. In this case, pupils must be accepted by lot. If a charter school is the only school located in a town serving pupils within a particular grade level, then pupils that are residents of the town must be given preference for enrollment before accepting pupils by lot. If a pupil lives within two miles of a charter school and the next closest public school is more than five miles away, the charter school must give those pupils preference for enrollment before accepting other pupils by lot. The charter school must develop and publish a lottery policy and process that it must use when accepting pupils by lot.

A charter school shall give preference for enrollment to a sibling of an enrolled pupil and to a foster child of that pupil's parents and may give preference for enrolling children of the school's teachers before accepting other pupils by lot.

A charter school may not limit admission to pupils on the basis of intellectual ability, measures of achievement or aptitude, or athletic ability and may not establish any criteria or requirements for admission that are inconsistent with this subdivision.

The charter school shall not distribute any services or goods of value to students, parents or guardians as an inducement, term, or condition of enrolling a student in a charter school.

- Subd. 10. **Pupil performance.** A charter school must design its programs to at least meet the outcomes adopted by the commissioner for public school students. In the absence of the commissioner's requirements, the school must meet the outcomes contained in the contract with the <u>sponsor authorizer</u>. The achievement levels of the outcomes contained in the contract may exceed the achievement levels of any outcomes adopted by the commissioner for public school students.
- Subd. 11. **Employment and other operating matters.** (a) A charter school must employ or contract with necessary teachers, as defined by section 122A.15, subdivision 1, who hold valid licenses to perform the particular service for which they are employed in the school. The charter school's state aid may be reduced under section 127A.42 127A.43 if the school employs a teacher who is not appropriately licensed or approved by the board of teaching. The school may employ necessary employees who are not required to hold teaching licenses to perform duties other than teaching and may contract for other services. The school may discharge teachers and nonlicensed employees. The charter school board is subject to section 181.932. When offering employment to a prospective employee, a charter school must give that employee a written description of the terms and conditions of employment and the school's personnel policies.
- (b) A person, without holding a valid administrator's license, may perform administrative, supervisory, or instructional leadership duties. The board of directors shall establish qualifications for persons that hold administrative, supervisory, or instructional leadership roles. The qualifications shall include at least the following areas: instruction and assessment; human resource and personnel management; financial management; legal and compliance management; effective communication; and board, authorizer, and community relationships. The board of directors shall use those qualifications as the basis for job descriptions, hiring, and performance evaluations of those who hold administrative, supervisory, or instructional leadership roles. The board of directors and an individual who does not hold a valid administrative license and who serves in an administrative, supervisory, or instructional leadership position shall develop a professional development plan. Documentation of the implementation of the professional development plan of these persons shall be included in the school's annual report.
- (c) The board of directors also shall decide matters related to the operation of the school, including budgeting, curriculum and operating procedures.
- Subd. 12. **Pupils with a disability.** A charter school must comply with sections 125A.02, 125A.03 to 125A.24, and 125A.65 and rules relating to the education of pupils with a disability as though it were a district.
- Subd. 13. **Length of school year.** A charter school must provide instruction each year for at least the number of days required by section 120A.41. It may provide instruction throughout the year according to sections 124D.12 to 124D.127 or 124D.128.
- Subd. 14. **Annual public reports.** A charter school must <u>publish an annual</u> report at least annually to its sponsor and the commissioner the information required by the sponsor or the commissioner approved by the board of directors. The annual report must at least include information on school enrollment, student attrition, governance

and management, staffing, finances, academic performance, operational performance, innovative practices and implementation, and future plans. A charter school must distribute the annual report by publication, mail, or electronic means to the commissioner, sponsor, school employees, and parents and legal guardians of students enrolled in the charter school and must also post the report on the charter school's official Web site. The reports are public data under chapter 13.

- Subd. 15. **Review and comment.** (a) The department must review and comment on the evaluation, by the sponsor, of the performance of a charter school before the charter school's contract is renewed for another contract term. The sponsor must submit to the commissioner timely information for the review and comment The authorizer shall provide a formal written evaluation of the school's performance before the authorizer renews the charter contract. The department must review and comment on the authorizer's evaluation process at the time the sponsor submits its application for approval and each time the authorizer undergoes its five-year review under subdivision 3, paragraph (e).
- (b) A sponsor shall monitor and evaluate the fiscal, operational, and student performance of the school, and may for this purpose annually assess a charter school: (1) in its first, second, or third year of operation up to \$30 per student up to a maximum of \$10,000; and (2) in its fourth or a subsequent year of operation up to \$10 per student up to a maximum of \$3,500 a fee according to paragraph (c). The agreed upon fee structure must be stated in the charter school contract.
 - (c) The fee that each charter school pays to an authorizer each year is the greater of:
 - (1) the basic formula allowance for that year; or
 - (2) the lesser of:
 - (i) the maximum fee factor times the basic formula allowance for that year; or
- (ii) the fee factor times the basic formula allowance for that year times the charter school's adjusted marginal cost pupil units for that year. The fee factor equals .005 in fiscal year 2010, .01 in fiscal year 2011, .013 in fiscal year 2012, and .015 in fiscal years 2013 and later. The maximum fee factor equals 1.5 in fiscal year 2010, 2.0 in fiscal year 2011, 3.0 in fiscal year 2012, and 4.0 in fiscal years 2013 and later.
 - (d) The department and any charter school it charters must not assess or pay a fee under paragraphs (b) and (c).
- (e) For the preoperational planning period, the authorizer may assess a charter school a fee equal to the basic formula allowance.
- (f) By September 30 of each year, an authorizer shall submit to the commissioner a statement of expenditures related to chartering activities during the previous school year ending June 30. A copy of the statement shall be given to all schools chartered by the authorizer.
- Subd. 16. **Transportation.** (a) A charter school after its first fiscal year of operation by March 1 of each fiscal year and a charter school by July 1 of its first fiscal year of operation must notify the district in which the school is located and the Department of Education if it will provide its own transportation or use the transportation services of the district in which it is located for the fiscal year.
- (b) If a charter school elects to provide transportation for pupils, the transportation must be provided by the charter school within the district in which the charter school is located. The state must pay transportation aid to the charter school according to section 124D.11, subdivision 2.

For pupils who reside outside the district in which the charter school is located, the charter school is not required to provide or pay for transportation between the pupil's residence and the border of the district in which the charter school is located. A parent may be reimbursed by the charter school for costs of transportation from the pupil's residence to the border of the district in which the charter school is located if the pupil is from a family whose income is at or below the poverty level, as determined by the federal government. The reimbursement may not exceed the pupil's actual cost of transportation or 15 cents per mile traveled, whichever is less. Reimbursement may not be paid for more than 250 miles per week.

At the time a pupil enrolls in a charter school, the charter school must provide the parent or guardian with information regarding the transportation.

- (c) If a charter school does not elect to provide transportation, transportation for pupils enrolled at the school must be provided by the district in which the school is located, according to sections 123B.88, subdivision 6, and 124D.03, subdivision 8, for a pupil residing in the same district in which the charter school is located. Transportation may be provided by the district in which the school is located, according to sections 123B.88, subdivision 6, and 124D.03, subdivision 8, for a pupil residing in a different district. If the district provides the transportation, the scheduling of routes, manner and method of transportation, control and discipline of the pupils, and any other matter relating to the transportation of pupils under this paragraph shall be within the sole discretion, control, and management of the district.
- Subd. 17. **Leased space.** A charter school may lease space from a an independent or special school board eligible to be a sponsor or an authorizer, other public or organization, private, nonprofit nonsectarian organization, private property owner, or a sectarian organization if the leased space is constructed as a school facility. The department must review and approve or disapprove leases in a timely manner. If a charter school is unable to lease appropriate space from an eligible board or other public or private nonprofit nonsectarian organization, the school may lease space from another nonsectarian organization if the Department of Education, in consultation with the Department of Administration, approves the lease. If the school is unable to lease appropriate space from public or private nonsectarian organizations, the school may lease space from a sectarian organization if the leased space is constructed as a school facility and the Department of Education, in consultation with the Department of Administration, approves the lease.
- Subd. 17a. Affiliated nonprofit building corporation. (a) Before a charter school may organize an affiliated nonprofit building corporation (i) to renovate or purchase an existing facility to serve as a school or (ii) to construct a new school facility, an authorizer must submit an affidavit to the commissioner for approval in the form and manner the commissioner prescribes, and consistent with paragraphs (b) and (c) or (d).
 - (b) An affiliated nonprofit building corporation under this subdivision must:
 - (1) be incorporated under section 317A and comply with applicable Internal Revenue Service regulations;
- (2) submit to the commissioner each fiscal year a list of current board members and a copy of its annual audit; and
 - (3) comply with government data practices law under chapter 13.

An affiliated nonprofit building corporation must not serve as the leasing agent for property or facilities it does not own. A charter school that leases a facility from an affiliated nonprofit building corporation that does not own the leased facility is ineligible to receive charter school lease aid. The state is immune from liability resulting from a contract between a charter school and an affiliated nonprofit building corporation.

- (c) A charter school may organize an affiliated nonprofit building corporation to renovate or purchase an existing facility to serve as a school if the charter school:
- (1) has been operating for at least five consecutive school years and the school's charter has been renewed for a five-year term;
 - (2) has had a net positive unreserved general fund balance as of June 30 in the preceding five fiscal years;
 - (3) has a long-range strategic and financial plan;
 - (4) completes a feasibility study of available buildings; and
- (5) documents sustainable enrollment projections and the need to use an affiliated building corporation to renovate or purchase an existing facility to serve as a school.
- (d) A charter school may organize an affiliated nonprofit building corporation to construct a new school facility if the charter school:
 - (1) demonstrates the lack of facilities available to serve as a school;
 - (2) has been operating for at least eight consecutive school years;
 - (3) has had a net positive unreserved general fund balance as of June 30 in the preceding eight fiscal years;
 - (4) completes a feasibility study of facility options;
- (5) has a long-range strategic and financial plan that includes sustainable enrollment projections and demonstrates the need for constructing a new school facility; and
 - (6) a positive review and comment from the commissioner under section 123B.71.
- Subd. 18. Authority to raise initial working capital. A sponsor may authorize a charter school before the applicant has secured its space, equipment, facilities, and personnel if the applicant indicates the authority is necessary for it to raise working capital. A sponsor may not authorize a school before the commissioner has approved the authorization.
- Subd. 19. **Disseminate information.** (a) The sponsor authorizer, the operators, and the Department of Education department must disseminate information to the public on how to form and operate a charter school and. Charter schools must disseminate information about how to utilize use the offerings of a charter school. Particular Targeted groups to be targeted include low-income families and communities, and students of color, and students who are at risk of academic failure.
- (b) Authorizers, operators, and the department also may disseminate information about the successful best practices in teaching and learning demonstrated by charter schools.
- Subd. 20. **Leave to teach in a charter school.** If a teacher employed by a district makes a written request for an extended leave of absence to teach at a charter school, the district must grant the leave. The district must grant a leave not to exceed a total of five years. Any request to extend the leave shall be granted only at the discretion of the school board. The district may require that the request for a leave or extension of leave be made up to 90 days before the teacher would otherwise have to report for duty before February 1 in the school year preceding the school year in which the teacher intends to leave, or February 1 of the calendar year in which the teacher's leave is

scheduled to terminate. Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision and except for section 122A.46, subdivision 7, the leave is governed by section 122A.46, including, but not limited to, reinstatement, notice of intention to return, seniority, salary, and insurance.

During a leave, the teacher may continue to aggregate benefits and credits in the Teachers' Retirement Association account by paying both the employer and employee contributions based upon the annual salary of the teacher for the last full pay period before the leave began. The retirement association may impose reasonable requirements to efficiently administer this subdivision under chapters 354 and 354A, consistent with subdivision 22.

- Subd. 21. **Collective bargaining.** Employees of the board of directors of a charter school may, if otherwise eligible, organize under chapter 179A and comply with its provisions. The board of directors of a charter school is a public employer, for the purposes of chapter 179A, upon formation of one or more bargaining units at the school. Bargaining units at the school must be separate from any other units within the sponsoring an authorizing district, except that bargaining units may remain part of the appropriate unit within the sponsoring an authorizing district, if the employees of the school, the board of directors of the school, the exclusive representative of the appropriate unit in the sponsoring authorizing district, and the board of the sponsoring authorizing district agree to include the employees in the appropriate unit of the sponsoring authorizing district.
- Subd. 22. **Teacher and other employee retirement.** (a) Teachers in a charter school must be public school teachers for the purposes of chapters 354 and 354a.
- (b) Except for teachers under paragraph (a), employees in a charter school must be public employees for the purposes of chapter 353.
- Subd. 23. Causes for nonrenewal or termination of charter school contract. (a) The duration of the contract with a sponsor authorizer must be for the term contained in the contract according to subdivision 6. The sponsor authorizer may or may not renew a contract at the end of the term for any ground listed in paragraph (b). A sponsor authorizer may unilaterally terminate a contract during the term of the contract for any ground listed in paragraph (b). At least 60 days before not renewing or terminating a contract, the sponsor authorizer shall notify the board of directors of the charter school of the proposed action in writing. The notice shall state the grounds for the proposed action in reasonable detail and that the charter school's board of directors may request in writing an informal hearing before the sponsor authorizer within 14 15 business days of receiving notice of nonrenewal or termination of the contract. Failure by the board of directors to make a written request for a hearing within the 14day 15-business-day period shall be treated as acquiescence to the proposed action. Upon receiving a timely written request for a hearing, the sponsor authorizer shall give reasonable ten business days' notice to the charter school's board of directors of the hearing date. The sponsor authorizer shall conduct an informal hearing before taking final action. The sponsor authorizer shall take final action to renew or not renew a contract by the last day of classes in the school year. If the sponsor is a local board, the school's board of directors may appeal the sponsor's decision to the commissioner no later than 20 business days before the proposed date for terminating the contract or the end date of the contract.
 - (b) A contract may be terminated or not renewed upon any of the following grounds:
 - (1) failure to meet the requirements for pupil performance contained in the contract;
 - (2) failure to meet generally accepted standards of fiscal management;
 - (3) violations of law; or
 - (4) other good cause shown.

If a contract is terminated or not renewed under this paragraph, the school must be dissolved according to the applicable provisions of chapter 308A or 317A, except when the commissioner approves the decision of a different eligible sponsor to authorize the charter school.

- (c) If at the end of a contract term, either the sponsor or and the charter school board of directors wants mutually agree to voluntarily terminate or not renew the contract, a change in sponsors is allowed if the commissioner approves the decision of transfer to a different eligible sponsor authorizer to authorize the charter school. The party intending to terminate the contract must notify the other party and the commissioner of its intent at least 90 days before the date on which the contract ends Both parties must jointly submit their intent in writing to the commissioner to mutually terminate the contract. The sponsor that is a party to the existing contract at least must inform the approved different eligible sponsor about the fiscal and operational status and student performance of the school. Before the commissioner determines whether to approve a transfer of authorizer, the commissioner first must determine whether the charter school and prospective new authorizer can identify and effectively resolve those circumstances causing the previous authorizer and the charter school to mutually agree to terminate the contract. If no different eligible transfer of sponsor is approved, the school must be dissolved according to applicable law and the terms of the contract.
- (d) The commissioner, after providing reasonable notice to the board of directors of a charter school and the existing sponsor_authorizer, and after providing an opportunity for a public hearing, may terminate the existing sponsorial relationship contract between the authorizer and the charter school board if the charter school has a history of:
 - (1) failure to meet pupil performance requirements contained in the contract;
 - (2) financial mismanagement or failure to meet generally accepted standards of fiscal management; or
 - (2) (3) repeated or major violations of the law.
- (e) If the commissioner terminates a charter school contract under subdivision 3, paragraph (g), the commissioner shall provide the charter school with information about other eligible authorizers.
- Subd. 23a. **Related party lease costs.** (a) A charter school is prohibited from entering a lease of real property with a related party as defined in subdivision 26, unless the lessor is a nonprofit corporation under chapter 317A or a cooperative under chapter 308A, and the lease cost is reasonable under section 124D.11, subdivision 4, clause (1).
 - (b) For purposes of this section and section 124D.11:
- (1) "related party" means an affiliate or immediate relative of the other party in question, an affiliate of an immediate relative, or an immediate relative of an affiliate;
- (2) "affiliate" means a person that directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with another person;
- (3) "immediate family" means an individual whose relationship by blood, marriage, adoption, or partnering is no more remote than first cousin;
 - (4) "person" means an individual or entity of any kind; and
- (5) "control" means the ability to affect the management, operations, or policy actions or decisions of a person, whether through ownership of voting securities, by contract, or otherwise.

- (c) A lease of real property to be used for a charter school, not excluded in paragraph (a), must contain the following statement: "This lease is subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.10, subdivision 23a."
- (e) (d) If a charter school enters into as lessee a lease with a related party and the charter school subsequently closes, the commissioner has the right to recover from the lessor any lease payments in excess of those that are reasonable under section 124D.11, subdivision 4, clause (1).
- Subd. 24. **Pupil enrollment upon nonrenewal or termination of charter school contract.** If a contract is not renewed or is terminated according to subdivision 23, a pupil who attended the school, siblings of the pupil, or another pupil who resides in the same place as the pupil may enroll in the resident district or may submit an application to a nonresident district according to section 124D.03 at any time. Applications and notices required by section 124D.03 must be processed and provided in a prompt manner. The application and notice deadlines in section 124D.03 do not apply under these circumstances. The closed charter school must transfer the student's educational records within ten business days of closure to the student's school district of residence where the records must be retained or transferred under section 120A.22, subdivision 7.
- Subd. 25. **Extent of specific legal authority.** (a) The board of directors of a charter school may sue and be sued.
 - (b) The board may not levy taxes or issue bonds.
- (c) The commissioner, a sponsor, members of the board of a sponsor in their official capacity, and employees of a sponsor are immune from civil or criminal liability with respect to all activities related to a charter school they approve or sponsor. The board of directors shall obtain at least the amount of and types of insurance required by the contract, according to subdivision 6 up to the applicable tort liability limits under chapter 466. The charter school board must submit a copy of the insurance policy to its authorizer and the commissioner before starting operations. The charter school board must submit changes in its insurance carrier or policy to its authorizer and the commissioner within 20 business days of the change.

Subd. 26. Definitions. For purposes of this section and section 124D.11:

- (1) A "Related party" is an affiliate or close relative of the other party in question, an affiliate of a close relative, or a close relative of an affiliate.
- (2) "Affiliate" means a person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with, another person.
- (3) "Close relative" means an individual whose relationship by blood, marriage, or adoption to another individual is no more remote than first cousin.
 - (4) "Person" means an individual or entity of any kind.
- (5) "Control" includes the terms "controlling," "controlled by," and "under common control with" and means the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management, operations, or policies of a person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract, or otherwise.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** (a) This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to all contracts and affidavits approved and contracts entered into or modified beginning August 1, 2009, unless otherwise specified in this effective date.

- (b) Subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), applies to an authorizer seeking approval to charter a school after the effective date of this act. The changes in subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), shall not apply to a sponsor under Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.10, that is a party to a charter contract on the effective date of this act except that subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), item (iv), applies to such sponsors beginning July 1, 2011.
- (c) The changes in subdivision 9 are effective the day following final enactment and apply to the 2010-2011 school year and later.
 - Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.11, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. **Payment of aids to charter schools.** (a) Notwithstanding section 127A.45, subdivision 3, aid payments for the current fiscal year to a charter school not in its first year of operation shall be of an equal amount on each of the 23 24 payment dates. A charter school in its first year of operation shall receive, on its first payment date, ten percent of its cumulative amount guaranteed for the year and 22 payments of an equal amount thereafter the sum of which shall equal the current year aid payment percentage multiplied by the cumulative amount guaranteed.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) and section 127A.45, for a charter school ceasing operation on or prior to the end of a school year, the current year aid payment percentage multiplied by the amount due for the school year may be paid to the school after audit of prior fiscal year and current fiscal year pupil counts. June 30 of a school year, for the payment periods occurring after the school ceases serving students, the commissioner shall withhold the estimated state aid owed the school. The charter school board of directors and authorizer must submit to the commissioner a closure plan under chapter 308A or 317A, and financial information about the school's liabilities and assets. After receiving the closure plan, financial information, an audit of pupil counts, documentation of lease expenditures, and monitoring of special education expenditures, the commissioner may release cash withheld and may continue regular payments up to the current year payment percentages if further amounts are owed. If, based on audits and monitoring, the school received state aid in excess of the amount owed, the commissioner shall retain aid withheld sufficient to eliminate the aid overpayment. For a charter school ceasing operations prior to, or at the end of, a school year, notwithstanding section 127A.45, subdivision 3, preliminary final payments may be made after receiving the closure plan, audit of pupil counts, monitoring of special education expenditures, and documentation of lease expenditures, and school submission of Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards (UFARS) financial data for the final year of operation. Final payment may be made upon receipt of audited financial statements under section 123B.77, subdivision 3.
- (c) If a charter school fails to comply with the commissioner's directive to return, for cause, federal or state funds administered by the department, the commissioner may withhold an amount of state aid sufficient to satisfy the directive.
- (d) If, within the timeline under section 471.425, a charter school fails to pay the state of Minnesota, a school district, intermediate school district, or service cooperative after receiving an undisputed invoice for goods and services, the commissioner may withhold an amount of state aid sufficient to satisfy the claim and shall distribute the withheld aid to the interested state agency, school district, intermediate school district, or service cooperative. An interested state agency, school district, intermediate school district, or education cooperative shall notify the commissioner when a charter school fails to pay an undisputed invoice within 75 business days of when it received the original invoice.
- (e) Notwithstanding section 127A.45, subdivision 3, and paragraph (a), 80 percent of the start-up cost aid under subdivision 8 shall be paid within 45 days after the first day of student attendance for that school year.
- (d) (f) In order to receive state aid payments under this subdivision, a charter school in its first three years of operation must submit a school calendar in the form and manner requested by the department and a quarterly report to the Department of Education. The report must list each student by grade, show the student's start and end dates, if

any, with the charter school, and for any student participating in a learning year program, the report must list the hours and times of learning year activities. The report must be submitted not more than two weeks after the end of the calendar quarter to the department. The department must develop a Web-based reporting form for charter schools to use when submitting enrollment reports. A charter school in its fourth and subsequent year of operation must submit a school calendar and enrollment information to the department in the form and manner requested by the department.

- (e) (g) Notwithstanding sections 317A.701 to 317A.791, upon closure of a charter school and satisfaction of creditors, cash and investment balances remaining shall be returned to the state.
 - Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.128, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Commissioner designation.** (a) An area learning center A state-approved alternative program designated by the state must be a site. An area learning center A state-approved alternative program must provide services to students who meet the criteria in section 124D.68 and who are enrolled in:
 - (1) a district that is served by the center state-approved alternative program; or
- (2) a charter school located within the geographic boundaries of a district that is served by the <u>center state-</u> approved alternative program.
- (b) A school district or charter school may be approved biennially by the state to provide additional instructional programming that results in grade level acceleration. The program must be designed so that students make grade progress during the school year and graduate prior to the students' peers.
- (c) To be designated, a district, charter school, or <u>eenter state-approved alternative program</u> must demonstrate to the commissioner that it will:
 - (1) provide a program of instruction that permits pupils to receive instruction throughout the entire year; and
- (2) develop and maintain a separate record system that, for purposes of section 126C.05, permits identification of membership attributable to pupils participating in the program. The record system and identification must ensure that the program will not have the effect of increasing the total average daily membership attributable to an individual pupil as a result of a learning year program. The record system must include the date the pupil originally enrolled in a learning year program, the pupil's grade level, the date of each grade promotion, the average daily membership generated in each grade level, the number of credits or standards earned, and the number needed to graduate.
- (d) A student who has not completed a school district's graduation requirements may continue to enroll in courses the student must complete in order to graduate until the student satisfies the district's graduation requirements or the student is 21 years old, whichever comes first.
 - Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.128, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Student planning.** A district, charter school, or <u>area learning center state-approved alternative program</u> must inform all pupils and their parents about the learning year program and that participation in the program is optional. A continual learning plan must be developed at least annually for each pupil with the participation of the pupil, parent or guardian, teachers, and other staff; each participant must sign and date the plan. The plan must specify the learning experiences that must occur during the entire fiscal year and are necessary for grade progression or, for secondary students, graduation. The plan must include:

- (1) the pupil's learning objectives and experiences, including courses or credits the pupil plans to complete each year and, for a secondary pupil, the graduation requirements the student must complete;
 - (2) the assessment measurements used to evaluate a pupil's objectives;
 - (3) requirements for grade level or other appropriate progression; and
- (4) for pupils generating more than one average daily membership in a given grade, an indication of which objectives were unmet.

The plan may be modified to conform to district schedule changes. The district may not modify the plan if the modification would result in delaying the student's time of graduation.

- Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.42, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Program training.** The commission must, within available resources:
- (1) orient each grantee organization in the nature, philosophy, and purpose of the program; and
- (2) build an ethic of community service through general community service training; and.
- (3) provide additional training as it determines necessary, which may include training in evaluating early literacy skills and teaching reading to preschool children through the St. Croix River Education District under Laws 2001, First Special Session chapter 6, article 2, section 70, to assist local Head Start organizations in establishing and evaluating Head Start programs for developing children's early literacy skills.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.42, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 6a. Minnesota reading corps program. (a) A Minnesota reading corps program is established to provide Americorps members with a data-based problem-solving model of literacy instruction to use in helping to train local Head Start program providers, other prekindergarten program providers, and staff in schools with students in kindergarten through grade 3 to evaluate and teach early literacy skills to children age 3 to grade 3.
- (b) Literacy programs under this subdivision must comply with the provisions governing literacy program goals and data use under section 119A.50, subdivision 3, paragraph (b).
 - Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.68, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Eligible pupils.** A pupil under the age of 21 or who meets the requirements of section 120A.20, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), is eligible to participate in the graduation incentives program, if the pupil:
- (1) performs substantially below the performance level for pupils of the same age in a locally determined achievement test;
 - (2) is at least one year behind in satisfactorily completing coursework or obtaining credits for graduation;
 - (3) is pregnant or is a parent;
 - (4) has been assessed as chemically dependent;

- (5) has been excluded or expelled according to sections 121A.40 to 121A.56;
- (6) has been referred by a school district for enrollment in an eligible program or a program pursuant to section 124D.69;
 - (7) is a victim of physical or sexual abuse;
 - (8) has experienced mental health problems;
- (9) has experienced homelessness sometime within six months before requesting a transfer to an eligible program;
 - (10) speaks English as a second language or has limited English proficiency; or
 - (11) has withdrawn from school or has been chronically truant; or
- (12) is being treated in a hospital in the seven-county metropolitan area for cancer or other life threatening illness or is the sibling of an eligible pupil who is being currently treated, and resides with the pupil's family at least 60 miles beyond the outside boundary of the seven-county metropolitan area.
 - Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.68, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Eligible programs.** (a) A pupil who is eligible according to subdivision 2 may enroll in area learning centers a state-approved alternative program under sections 123A.05 to 123A.08.
- (b) A pupil who is eligible according to subdivision 2 and who is between the ages of 16 and 21 a high school junior or senior may enroll in postsecondary courses under section 124D.09.
- (c) A pupil who is eligible under subdivision 2, may enroll in any public elementary or secondary education program.
- (d) A pupil who is eligible under subdivision 2, may enroll in any nonpublic, nonsectarian school that has contracted with the serving school district to provide educational services. However, notwithstanding other provisions of this section, only a pupil who is eligible under subdivision 2, clause (12), may enroll in a contract alternative school that is specifically structured to provide educational services to such a pupil.
- (e) A pupil who is between the ages of 16 and 21 may enroll in any adult basic education programs approved under section 124D.52 and operated under the community education program contained in section 124D.19.
 - Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.68, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Additional eligible program.** A pupil who is at least 16 years of age, who is eligible under subdivision 2, clause (a), and who has been enrolled only in a public school, if the pupil has been enrolled in any school, during the year immediately before transferring under this subdivision, may transfer to any nonpublic school that has contracted with the serving school district to provide nonsectarian educational services. The school must enroll every eligible pupil who seeks to transfer to the school under this program subject to available space.
 - Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.68, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Pupil enrollment.** (a) Any eligible pupil may apply to enroll in an eligible program. Approval of the resident district is not required for:

- (1) an eligible pupil to enroll in any eligible program in a nonresident district under subdivision 3 or 4 or an area learning center a state-approved alternative program established under section 123A.05; or
- (2) an eligible pupil under subdivision 2, to enroll in an adult basic education program approved under section 124D.52.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a nonresident district must first approve the enrollment application of any eligible pupil who was expelled under section 121A.45 for a reason stated in section 124D.03, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2009-2010 school year and later.

- Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.83, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Early childhood family education revenue.** A school receiving aid under this section is eligible may apply annually to the commissioner to receive an early childhood family education revenue grant to provide early childhood family education programs for parents and children who are enrolled or eligible for enrollment in a federally recognized tribe. The revenue equals 1.5 times the statewide average expenditure per participant under section 124D.135, times the number of children and parents participating full time in the program. The program must grant must be used for programs and services that comply with section 124D.13, except that the school is not required to provide a community education program or establish a community education advisory council. The program must be designed to improve the skills of parents and promote American Indian history, language, and culture. The school must make affirmative efforts to encourage participation by fathers. Admission may not be limited to those enrolled in or eligible for enrollment in a federally recognized tribe.
 - Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.86, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Use of revenue.** <u>Districts must use</u> integration revenue under this section <u>must be used</u> for programs established under a desegregation plan filed with the Department of Education according to Minnesota Rules, parts 3535.0100 to 3535.0180, or under court order. The revenue must be used to create or enhance learning opportunities which are designed to provide opportunities for students to have increased <u>and sustained</u> interracial contacts <u>and improved educational opportunities and outcomes designed to close the academic achievement gap between white students and protected students as defined in <u>Minnesota Rules</u>, <u>part 3535.0110</u>, <u>subpart 4</u>, through classroom experiences, staff initiatives, and other educationally related programs, <u>consistent with subdivision 1b</u>.</u>

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2010-2011 school year and later.

- Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.86, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 1a. **Budget approval process.** Each year before a district receives any revenue under subdivision 3, elause (4), (5), or (6), the district by March 15 must submit to the Department of Education, for its review and approval by May 15 a budget detailing the costs of the desegregation/integration plan filed under Minnesota Rules, parts 3535.0100 to 3535.0180. Notwithstanding chapter 14, the department may develop criteria for budget approval, consistent with subdivision 1b. The department shall consult with the Desegregation Advisory Board in developing these criteria. The criteria developed by the department should must address, at a minimum, the following:
- (1) budget items cannot be approved unless they are part of any overall desegregation plan approved by the district for isolated sites or by the Multidistrict Collaboration Council and participation participating individual members:

- (2) the budget must indicate how revenue expenditures will be used specifically to support increased opportunities for and sustained interracial contacts and improved educational opportunities and outcomes designed to close the academic achievement gap between white students and protected students as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 3535.0110, subpart 4, consistent with subdivision 1b;
- (3) components of the budget to be considered by the department, including staffing, curriculum, transportation, facilities, materials, and equipment and reasonable planning costs, as determined by the department; and
- (4) if plans are proposed to enhance existing programs, the total budget being appropriated to the program must be included, indicating what part is to be funded using integration revenue and what part is to be funded using other revenues.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2010-2011 school year and later.

- Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.86, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:
- Subd. 1b. **Plan components.** Each year a district's board must approve the plans submitted by each district under Minnesota Rules, parts 3535.0160 and 3535.0170, must be approved by the district's board each year before integration revenue will be is awarded. If a district is applying for revenue for a plan that is part of a multidistrict council, the individual district shall not receive revenue unless it ratifies the plan adopted by its multidistrict council or approves a modified plan with a written explanation of any modifications. Each plan shall eontain:
- (1) an identification of identify the integration issues at the sites or districts covered by Minnesota Rules, parts 3535.0100 to 3535.0180;
- (2) a description of describe the community outreach that preceded the integration plan, such that the commissioner can determine whether the membership of the planning councils complied with the requirements of Minnesota Rules, parts 3535.0100 to 3535.0180; and
- (3) the identify specific goals of the integration plan that is premised on valid and reliable measures, effective and efficient use of resources, and continuous adaptation of best practices;
- (4) provide for implementing innovative and practical strategies and programs such as magnet schools, transportation, research-based programs to improve the performance of protected students with lower measured achievement on state or local assessments, staff development for teachers in cultural competency, formative assessments, and increased numbers of teachers of color that enable the district to achieve annual progress in realizing the goals in its plan; and
- (5) establish valid and reliable longitudinal measures for the district to use in demonstrating to the commissioner the amount of progress it has achieved in realizing the goals in its plan.

By June 30 of the subsequent fiscal year, each district shall report to the commissioner in writing about the extent to which the integration goals identified in the plan were met.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2010-2011 school year and later.

Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 125A.61, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **State schools at Faribault.** The Minnesota State Academy for the Deaf and the Minnesota State Academy for the Blind are residential schools in Faribault. They are public schools under sections 122A.15, and 122A.16, and 122A.32 and state educational institutions.

- Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 126C.05, subdivision 15, is amended to read:
- Subd. 15. Learning year pupil units. (a) When a pupil is enrolled in a learning year program under section 124D.128, an area learning center or an alternative learning program approved by the commissioner under sections 123A.05 and 123A.06, an alternative program approved by the commissioner, or a contract alternative program under section 124D.68, subdivision 3, paragraph (d), or subdivision 3a, for more than 1,020 hours in a school year for a secondary student, more than 935 hours in a school year for an elementary student, or more than 425 hours in a school year for a kindergarten student without a disability, that pupil may be counted as more than one pupil in average daily membership for purposes of section 126C.10, subdivision 2a. The amount in excess of one pupil must be determined by the ratio of the number of hours of instruction provided to that pupil in excess of: (i) the greater of 1,020 hours or the number of hours required for a full-time secondary pupil in the district to 1,020 for a secondary pupil; (ii) the greater of 935 hours or the number of hours required for a full-time elementary pupil in the district to 935 for an elementary pupil in grades 1 through 6; and (iii) the greater of 425 hours or the number of hours required for a full-time kindergarten student without a disability in the district to 425 for a kindergarten student without a disability. Hours that occur after the close of the instructional year in June shall be attributable to the following fiscal year. A kindergarten student must not be counted as more than 1.2 pupils in average daily membership under this subdivision. A student in grades 1 through 12 must not be counted as more than 1.2 pupils in average daily membership under this subdivision.
- (b)(i) To receive general education revenue for a pupil in an <u>area learning center or</u> alternative <u>learning program</u> that has an independent study component, a district must meet the requirements in this paragraph. The district must develop, for the pupil, a continual learning plan consistent with section 124D.128, subdivision 3. Each school district that has a <u>state approved public</u> an area learning center or alternative <u>learning program</u> must reserve revenue in an amount equal to at least 90 percent of the district average general education revenue per pupil unit <u>less compensatory revenue per pupil unit</u>, minus an amount equal to the product of the formula allowance according to section 126C.10, subdivision 2, times .0485, calculated without basic skills and transportation sparsity revenue, times the number of pupil units generated by students attending a <u>state approved public</u> an area learning center or alternative <u>learning program</u>. The amount of reserved revenue available under this subdivision may only be spent for program costs associated with the <u>state-approved public</u> area learning center or alternative <u>learning program</u>. Compensatory revenue must be allocated according to section 126C.15, subdivision 2. <u>Basic skills revenue generated according to section 126C.10</u>, subdivision 4, by pupils attending the eligible program must be allocated to the program.
- (ii) General education revenue for a pupil in <u>an approved a state-approved</u> alternative program without an independent study component must be prorated for a pupil participating for less than a full year, or its equivalent. The district must develop a continual learning plan for the pupil, consistent with section 124D.128, subdivision 3. Each school district that has <u>a state-approved public an area learning center or</u> alternative <u>learning program must</u> reserve revenue in an amount equal to at least 90 percent of the district average general education revenue per pupil unit <u>less compensatory revenue per pupil unit, minus an amount equal to the product of the formula allowance according to section 126C.10, subdivision 2, times .0485, calculated without basic skills and transportation sparsity revenue, times the number of pupil units generated by students attending <u>a state approved public an area learning center or</u> alternative <u>learning program</u>. The amount of reserved revenue available under this subdivision may only be spent for program costs associated with the <u>state approved public area learning center or</u> alternative <u>learning program</u>. Compensatory revenue must be allocated according to section 126C.15, subdivision 2. <u>Basic skills revenue generated according to section 126C.10</u>, subdivision 4, by pupils attending the eligible program must be allocated to the program.</u>
- (iii) General education revenue for a pupil in <u>an approved</u> a state-approved alternative program that has an independent study component must be paid for each hour of teacher contact time and each hour of independent study time completed toward a credit or graduation standards necessary for graduation. Average daily membership for a pupil shall equal the number of hours of teacher contact time and independent study time divided by 1,020.

- (iv) For <u>an a state-approved</u> alternative program having an independent study component, the commissioner shall require a description of the courses in the program, the kinds of independent study involved, the expected learning outcomes of the courses, and the means of measuring student performance against the expected outcomes.
 - Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 126C.05, subdivision 20, is amended to read:
- Subd. 20. **Project-based average daily membership.** (a) <u>Project-based is an instructional program where students complete coursework for credit at an individual pace that is primarily student-led and may be completed on site, in the community, or online. A project-based program may be made available to all or designated students and grades in a school. To receive general education revenue for a pupil enrolled in a public school with a project-based program, a school must meet the requirements in this paragraph. The school must:</u>
- (1) register with the commissioner as a project-based program by May 30 of the preceding fiscal year apply and receive approval from the commissioner as a project-based program at least 90 days prior to starting the program;
 - (2) provide a minimum teacher contact of no less than one hour per week per project-based credit for each pupil;
- (3) ensure that the program will not increase the total average daily membership generated by the student and that there will be the expectation that the students will be making typical progression towards high school graduation;
- (3) (4) maintain a record system that shows when each credit or portion thereof was reported for membership for each pupil; and
 - (4) (5) report pupil membership consistent with paragraph (b).
- (b) The commissioner must develop a formula for reporting pupil membership to compute average daily membership for each registered approved project-based school program. Average daily membership for a pupil in a registered an approved project-based program is the lesser of:
 - (1) 1.0; or
- (2) the ratio of (i) the number of membership hours generated by project-based credits completed during the school year plus membership hours generated by credits completed in a seat-based setting to (ii) the annual required instructional hours at that grade level. Membership hours for a partially completed project-based credit must be prorated. General education revenue for a pupil in a project-based program must be prorated for a pupil participating for less than a full year, or its equivalent.
- (c) For a program that has not been approved by the commissioner for project-based learning but an auditor or other site visit deems that any portion or credits awarded by the school are project-based, student membership must be computed according to paragraph (b).

Sec. 58. [127A.70] MINNESOTA P-20 EDUCATION PARTNERSHIP.

Subdivision 1. **Establishment; membership.** A P-20 education partnership is established to create a seamless system of education that maximizes achievements of all students, from early childhood through elementary, secondary, and postsecondary education, while promoting the efficient use of financial and human resources. The partnership shall consist of major statewide educational groups or constituencies or noneducational statewide organizations with a stated interest in P-20 education. The initial membership of the partnership includes the members serving on the Minnesota P-16 Education Partnership and four legislators appointed as follows:

- (1) one senator from the majority party and one senator from the minority party, appointed by the Subcommittee on Committees of the Committee on Rules and Administration; and
- (2) one member of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house and one member appointed by the minority leader of the house of representatives.

The chair of the P-16 education partnership must convene the first meeting of the P-20 partnership. Prospective members may be nominated by any partnership member and new members will be added with the approval of a two-thirds majority of the partnership. The partnership will also seek input from nonmember organizations whose expertise can help inform the partnership's work.

Partnership members shall be represented by the chief executives, presidents, or other formally designated leaders of their respective organizations, or their designees. The partnership shall meet at least three times during each calendar year.

- Subd. 2. Powers and duties; report. The partnership shall develop recommendations to the governor and the legislature designed to maximize the achievement of all P-20 students while promoting the efficient use of state resources, thereby helping the state realize the maximum value for its investment. These recommendations may include, but are not limited to, strategies, policies, or other actions focused on:
 - (1) improving the quality of and access to education at all points from preschool through graduate education;
 - (2) improving preparation for, and transitions to, postsecondary education and work; and
- (3) ensuring educator quality by creating rigorous standards for teacher recruitment, teacher preparation, induction and mentoring of beginning teachers, and continuous professional development for career teachers.
- By January 15 of each year, the partnership shall submit a report to the governor and to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over P-20 education policy and finance that summarizes the partnership's progress in meeting its goals and identifies the need for any draft legislation when necessary to further the goals of the partnership to maximize student achievement while promoting efficient use of resources.
- Subd. 3. Expiration. Notwithstanding section 15.059, subdivision 5, the partnership is permanent and does not expire.
 - Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 471.975, is amended to read:

471.975 MAY PAY DIFFERENTIAL OF RESERVE ON ACTIVE DUTY.

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), a statutory or home rule charter city, county, town, or other political subdivision may pay to each eligible member of the National Guard or other reserve component of the armed forces of the United States an amount equal to the difference between the member's basic base active duty military salary and the salary the member would be paid as an active political subdivision employee, including any adjustments the member would have received if not on leave of absence. This payment may be made only to a person whose basic base active duty military salary is less than the salary the person would be paid as an active political subdivision employee. Back pay authorized by this section may be paid in a lump sum. Payment under this section must not extend beyond four years from the date the employee reported for active service, plus any additional time the employee may be legally required to serve.

- (b) Subject to the limits under paragraph (g), each school district shall pay to each eligible member of the National Guard or other reserve component of the armed forces of the United States an amount equal to the difference between the member's basic base active duty military salary and the salary the member would be paid as an active school district employee, including any adjustments the member would have received if not on leave of absence. The pay differential must be based on a comparison between the member's daily base rate of active duty pay, calculated by dividing the member's base military monthly salary by the number of paid days in the month, and the member's daily rate of pay for the member's school district salary, calculated by dividing the member's total school district salary by the number of contract days. The member's salary as a school district employee must include the member's basic salary and any additional salary the member earns from the school district for cocurricular and extracurricular activities. The differential payment under this paragraph must be the difference between the daily base rates of military pay times the number of school district contract days the member misses because of military active duty. This payment may be made only to a person whose basic active duty military salary daily base rate of active duty pay is less than the salary the person would be paid person's daily rate of pay as an active school district employee. Payments may be made at the intervals at which the member received pay as a school district employee. Payment under this section must not extend beyond four years from the date the employee reported for active service, plus any additional time the employee may be legally required to serve.
- (c) An eligible member of the reserve components of the armed forces of the United States is a reservist or National Guard member who was an employee of a political subdivision at the time the member reported for active service on or after May 29, 2003, or who is on active service on May 29, 2003.
- (d) Except as provided in paragraph (e) and elsewhere in Minnesota Statutes, a statutory or home rule charter city, county, town, or other political subdivision has total discretion regarding employee benefit continuation for a member who reports for active service and the terms and conditions of any benefit.
- (e) A school district must continue the employee's enrollment in health and dental coverage, and the employer contribution toward that coverage, until the employee is covered by health and dental coverage provided by the armed forces. If the employee had elected dependent coverage for health or dental coverage as of the time that the employee reported for active service, a school district must offer the employee the option to continue the dependent coverage at the employee's own expense. A school district must permit the employee to continue participating in any pretax account in which the employee participated when the employee reported for active service, to the extent of employee pay available for that purpose.
- (f) For purposes of this section, "active service" has the meaning given in section 190.05, subdivision 5, but excludes service performed exclusively for purposes of:
 - (1) basic combat training, advanced individual training, annual training, and periodic inactive duty training;
 - (2) special training periodically made available to reserve members; and
 - (3) service performed in accordance with section 190.08, subdivision 3.
- (g) A school district making payments under paragraph (b) shall place a sum equal to any difference between the amount of salary that would have been paid to the employee who is receiving the payments and the amount of salary being paid to substitutes for that employee into a special fund that must be used to pay or partially pay the deployed employee's payments under paragraph (b). A school district is required to pay only this amount to the deployed school district employee.

<u>EFFECTIVE DATE.</u> This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to members of the National Guard and other reserve components of the United States armed forces serving in active military service on or after that date.

Sec. 60. <u>IMPLEMENTING RIGOROUS COURSEWORK MEASURES RELATED TO STUDENT PERFORMANCE.</u>

To implement the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (c), clauses (1) and (2), and to help parents and members of the public better understand the reported data, the commissioner of education must convene a group of recognized and qualified experts and interested stakeholders, including parents and teachers among other stakeholders, to develop a model projecting anticipated performance of each high school on preparation and rigorous coursework measures that compares the school with similar schools. The model must use information about entering high school students based on particular background characteristics that are predictive of differing rates of college readiness. These characteristics include grade 8 achievement levels, high school student mobility, high school student attendance, and the size of each entering ninth grade class. The group of experts and stakeholders may examine other characteristics not part of the prediction model including the nine student categories identified under the federal 2001 No Child Left Behind Act, and two student gender categories of male and female, respectively. The commissioner annually must use the predicted level of entering students' performance to provide a context for interpreting graduating students' actual performance. The group convened under this section expires June 30, 2011.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to school report cards beginning July 1, 2011.

Sec. 61. <u>IMPLEMENTING MEASURES FOR ASSESSING SCHOOL SAFETY AND STUDENTS' ENGAGEMENT AND CONNECTION AT SCHOOL.</u>

- (a) To implement the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (d), the commissioner of education, in consultation with interested stakeholders, including parents and teachers among other stakeholders, must convene a group of recognized and qualified experts on student engagement and connection and classroom teachers currently teaching in Minnesota schools to:
- (1) identify highly reliable variables of student engagement and connection that may include student attendance, home support for learning, and student participation in out-of-school activities, among other variables; and
 - (2) determine how to report "safety" in order to comply with federal law.
- (b) The commissioner must submit a written report and all the group's working papers to the education committees of the house of representatives and senate by February 15, 2010, presenting the group's responses to paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2). The commissioner must submit a second, related report to the education committees of the legislature by February 15, 2013, indicating the content and analysis of and the format for reporting any data collected under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (d). The group convened under this section expires December 31, 2013.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to school report cards beginning July 1, 2014.

Sec. 62. HIGH SCHOOL ASSESSMENT SYSTEM; RECOMMENDATIONS.

- A college and career-readiness workgroup on a comprehensive high school assessment and accountability system that aligns to college and career readiness headed jointly by the Minnesota Department of Education and the University of Minnesota must evaluate and make recommendations on:
- (1) the design of Minnesota's high school assessment system for ensuring that students are college and career ready upon graduation from high school;

- (2) the levels of accountability that will be incorporated into this assessment system for the state, district, school, and student;
- (3) the statewide mechanism for accountability at these various levels. The accountability system must be consistent and coherent enough to ensure that all students are moving toward college and career readiness, but also flexible enough to recognize the varied needs of different students;
- (4) a plan for Minnesota postsecondary institutions to evaluate these assessments for possible use in admissions, placement, and scholarship opportunities as the system is implemented; and
- (5) the implementation timeline that will ensure that this college and career-ready anchor assessment system is put in place in Minnesota.

This workgroup must report its recommendations to the commissioner of education by December 31, 2009. The commissioner must provide this report and any related commentary on these findings to the legislative committees having jurisdiction over E-12 and higher education by February 15, 2010.

Sec. 63. <u>LEGISLATIVE REPORT ON DISTRICTS' USE OF AND NEED FOR INTEGRATION</u> REVENUE.

The commissioner must analyze the substance of school district integration plans under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.86, subdivision 1b, to identify the elements of and trends in district strategies and programs, the amount of success districts achieved in realizing the specific goals contained in their plans, and the estimated funds districts need to fully implement those plans. The commissioner must include in the analysis the impact of demographic changes experienced at school sites and school districts involving students of color, students with limited English proficiency, and students who are homeless or highly mobile, as well as changes in immigration patterns and housing patterns experienced by schools and districts, and the availability of and districts' participation in interdistrict integration opportunities. The commissioner must submit a report on the substance of the analysis and any resulting recommendations to the K-12 education policy and finance committees of the legislature by February 1, 2011.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 64. RESERVED REVENUE FOR STAFF DEVELOPMENT; TEMPORARY SUSPENSION.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.61, subdivision 1, for fiscal years 2010 and 2011 only, a school district or charter school may use revenue reserved for staff development under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.61, subdivision 1, according to the requirements of general education revenue under Minnesota Statutes, section 126C.13, subdivision 5.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009.

Sec. 65. INNOVATIVE SCHOOL ADVISORY COUNCIL.

- (a) A nine-member Innovative School Advisory Council is established. Council members serve a three-year term and shall include individuals experienced with innovation in school districts and charter schools. At least one member must be experienced with innovation in noneducation sectors. The commissioner shall appoint the council members by August 1, 2009, and shall consider geographic balance when making the appointments.
 - (b) The advisory council shall advise and make recommendations to the commissioner on such matters as:

- (1) disseminating information on site-governed schools under Minnesota Statutes, chapters 123B and 124D;
- (2) supporting innovation that includes new models of schools, accountability, and funding designed to sustain innovation in charter schools and school districts;
- (3) identifying ways to improve communication, cooperation, and the exchange of ideas between and among school sites, charter schools, and school districts regarding how to use current law to foster innovative new schools; and
 - (4) identifying ways for schools to learn from innovators in noneducation sectors.
- (c) Council members are not subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 15.059. The commissioner may not reimburse council members for council activities.
- (d) The advisory council shall recommend to the commissioner and the legislature, by December 1, 2009, an organizational model for planning the development, start-up, and operation of new, innovative schools for both school districts and charter schools. The council, as part of its recommendation, may suggest legislation to implement this organizational model, including how to capture nonstate and nonpublic funds for planning new, innovative schools.
 - (e) The Innovative School Advisory Council under this section expires June 30, 2011.

Sec. 66. ASSESSMENT OF READING INSTRUCTION.

- (a) By February 1, 2012, the Board of Teaching shall administer the assessment of reading instruction portion of the examination of licensure-specific teaching skills for all candidates for initial licenses to teach prekindergarten or elementary students, consistent with Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraph (e).
- (b) The Board of Teaching shall report to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over prekindergarten through grade 12 education policy by March 15, 2011, on the assessment of reading instruction portion of the examination of licensure-specific teaching skills under paragraph (a).
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to teacher candidates beginning February 1, 2012.

Sec. 67. APPROPRIATIONS.

<u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>Department of Education.</u> <u>The sums indicated in this section are appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years designated.</u>

<u>Subd. 2.</u> <u>Charter school building lease aid.</u> For building lease aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.11, <u>subdivision 4:</u>

<u>\$40,453,000</u> <u>2010</u>

<u>\$44,775,000</u> <u>.....</u> <u>2011</u>

The 2010 appropriation includes \$3,704,000 for 2009 and \$36,749,000 for 2010.

The 2011 appropriation includes \$4,083,000 for 2010 and \$40,692,000 for 2011.

Subd. 3. Charter school startup aid. section 124D.11:	For charter school	startup cost aid under	Minnesota Statutes,		
<u>\$1,488,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2010</u>			
<u>\$1,064,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2011</u>			
The 2010 appropriation includes \$202,000 for	or 2009 and \$1,286,00	0 for 2010.			
The 2011 appropriation includes \$142,000 for	or 2010 and \$922,000	for 2011.			
Subd. 4. Integration aid. For integration ai	d under Minnesota Sta	atutes, section 124D.86,	subdivision 5:		
<u>\$65,358,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2010</u>			
<u>\$65,484,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2011</u>			
The 2010 appropriation includes \$6,110,000 for 2009 and \$59,248,000 for 2010.					
The 2011 appropriation includes \$6,583,000 for 2010 and \$58,901,000 for 2011.					
Subd. 5. Magnet school grants. For section 124D.88:	magnet school and	program grants under	r Minnesota Statutes		
<u>\$750,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2010</u>			
<u>\$750,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2011</u>			
<u>Subd. 6.</u> <u>Interdistrict desegregation or integration transportation grants.</u> <u>For interdistrict desegregation or integration transportation grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.87:</u>					
<u>\$14,468,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2010</u>			
<u>\$17,582,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2011</u>			
Subd. 7. Success for the future. For Ame section 124D.81:	erican Indian success f	or the future grants und	er Minnesota Statutes,		
<u>\$2,137,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2010</u>			
<u>\$2,137,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2011</u>			
The 2010 appropriation includes \$213,000 for	or 2009 and \$1,924,00	0 for 2010.			
The 2011 appropriation includes \$213,000 for	or 2010 and \$1,924,00	0 for 2011.			
Subd. 8. American Indian teacher prepar become teachers under Minnesota Statutes, secti		int grants to assist Ame	rican Indian people to		
<u>\$190,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2010</u>			
<u>\$190,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2011</u>			

Subd. 9. Tribal	contract schools. For	tribal contract school	l aid under Minnesot	ta Statutes, section 124D.83:
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\$2,030,000 2010 \$2,211,000 2011

The 2010 appropriation includes \$191,000 for 2009 and \$1,839,000 for 2010.

The 2011 appropriation includes \$204,000 for 2010 and \$2,007,000 for 2011.

Subd. 10. Early childhood programs at tribal schools. For early childhood family education programs at tribal contract schools under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.83, subdivision 4:

\$68,000 2010 \$68,000 2011

Subd. 11. Statewide testing and reporting system. For the statewide testing and reporting system under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.30:

\$15,150,000 2010 \$15,150,000 2011

None of the amounts appropriated under this subdivision shall be used for contract costs associated with hand-scoring of constructed-response items of the Minnesota Comprehensive Assessment-Series II in reading, science, and mathematics, with the exception of mathematics grades 3 to 8 of the 2009-2010 school year. Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. Any amount generated as a result of the savings from foregoing hand-scoring shall be, to the extent possible, redirected into the development of computerized statewide testing.

Subd. 12. Examination fees; teacher training and support programs. (a) For students' advanced placement and international baccalaureate examination fees under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.13, subdivision 3, and the training and related costs for teachers and other interested educators under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.13, subdivision 1:

\$4,500,000 2010 \$4,500,000 2011

- (b) The advanced placement program shall receive 75 percent of the appropriation each year and the international baccalaureate program shall receive 25 percent of the appropriation each year. The department, in consultation with representatives of the advanced placement and international baccalaureate programs selected by the Advanced Placement Advisory Council and IBMN, respectively, shall determine the amounts of the expenditures each year for examination fees and training and support programs for each program.
- (c) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.13, subdivision 1, at least \$500,000 each year is for teachers to attend subject matter summer training programs and follow-up support workshops approved by the advanced placement or international baccalaureate programs. The commissioner shall determine the payment process and the amount of the subsidy.

(d) The commissioner shall pay all examination fees for all students of low-income families under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.13, subdivision 3, and to the extent of available appropriations shall also pay examination fees for students sitting for an advanced placement examination, international baccalaureate examination, or both.

Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

<u>Subd. 13.</u> <u>Concurrent enrollment programs.</u> <u>For concurrent enrollment programs under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.091:</u>

<u>\$2,000,000</u> <u>2010</u>

<u>\$2,000,000</u> <u>2011</u>

If the appropriation is insufficient, the commissioner must proportionately reduce the aid payment to each district.

Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

Subd. 14. Collaborative urban educator. For the collaborative urban educator grant program:

\$528,000 <u>....</u> 2010

<u>\$528,000</u> <u>....</u> <u>2011</u>

Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

<u>Subd. 15.</u> **Youth works program.** For funding youth works programs under Minnesota Statutes, sections 124D.37 to 124D.45:

\$900,000 2010

<u>\$900,000</u> <u>2011</u>

A grantee organization may provide health and child care coverage to the dependents of each participant enrolled in a full-time youth works program to the extent such coverage is not otherwise available.

<u>Subd. 16.</u> <u>Student organizations.</u> <u>For student organizations:</u>

\$725,000 2010

<u>\$725,000</u> <u>2011</u>

\$40,000 each year is for student organizations serving health occupations.

\$38,000 each year is for student organizations serving service occupations.

\$88,000 each year is for student organizations serving trade and industry occupations.

\$84,000 each year is for student organizations serving business occupations.

\$131,000 each year is for student organizations serving agriculture occupations.

\$125,000 each year is for student organizations serving family and consumer science occupations.

\$95,000 each year is for student organizations serving marketing occupations.

Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

Subd. 17. Education Planning and Assessment System (EPAS) program. For the Educational Planning and Assessment System (EPAS) program under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.128:

\$829,000	<u></u>	<u>2010</u>
\$829,000		2011

Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

<u>Subd. 18.</u> <u>Early childhood literacy programs.</u> For early childhood literacy programs under Minnesota Statutes, section 119A.50, subdivision 3:

\$1,375,000	<u></u>	<u>2010</u>
\$1.375.000		2011

Up to \$1,375,000 each year is for leveraging federal and private funding to support AmeriCorps members serving in the Minnesota Reading Corps program established by Serve Minnesota, including costs associated with the training and teaching of early literacy skills to children age three to grade 3 and the evaluation of the impact of the program under Minnesota Statutes, sections 124D.38, subdivision 2, and 124D.42, subdivision 6.

Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

<u>Subd. 19.</u> <u>Math and science teacher centers.</u> <u>For math and science teacher centers under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.72:</u>

<u>\$750,000</u> <u>2010</u>

Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. This is a onetime appropriation.

Sec. 68. REPEALER.

Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 120B.362; 120B.39; 122A.32; 122A.628; and 122A.75, are repealed.

ARTICLE 3

SPECIAL PROGRAMS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 121A.41, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Pupil.** (a) "Pupil" means any student:

(1) without a disability under 21 years of age; or

- (2) with a disability until September 1 after the child with a disability becomes 22 years of age under 21 years old who has not received a regular high school diploma or for a child with a disability who becomes 21 years old during the school year but has not received a regular high school diploma, until the end of that school year; and
 - (3) and who remains eligible to attend a public elementary or secondary school.
- (b) A "student with a disability" or a "pupil with a disability" has the same meaning as a "child with a disability" under section 125A.02.
 - Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 121A.41, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
- Subd. 10. Suspension. "Suspension" means an action by the school administration, under rules promulgated by the school board, prohibiting a pupil from attending school for a period of no more than ten school days. If a suspension is longer than five days, the suspending administrator must provide the superintendent with a reason for the longer suspension. This definition does not apply to dismissal from school for one school day or less, except as provided in federal law for a student with a disability. Each suspension action may include a readmission plan. The readmission plan shall include, where appropriate, a provision for implementing alternative educational services upon readmission and may not be used to extend the current suspension. Consistent with section 125A.091, subdivision 5, the readmission plan must not obligate a parent to provide a sympathomimetic medication for the parent's child as a condition of readmission. The school administration may not impose consecutive suspensions against the same pupil for the same course of conduct, or incident of misconduct, except where the pupil will create an immediate and substantial danger to self or to surrounding persons or property, or where the district is in the process of initiating an expulsion, in which case the school administration may extend the suspension to a total of 15 school days. In the case of a student with a disability, the student's individual education plan team must meet immediately but not more than ten school days after the date on which the decision to remove the student from the student's current education placement is made. The individual education plan team and other qualified personnel shall at that meeting: conduct a review of the relationship between the child's disability and the behavior subject to disciplinary action; and determine the appropriateness of the child's education plan.

The requirements of the individual education plan team meeting apply when:

- (1) the parent requests a meeting;
- (2) the student is removed from the student's current placement for five or more consecutive days; or
- (3) the student's total days of removal from the student's placement during the school year exceed ten cumulative days in a school year. The school administration shall implement alternative educational services when the suspension exceeds five days. A separate administrative conference is required for each period of suspension.
 - Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 121A.43, is amended to read:

121A.43 EXCLUSION AND EXPULSION OF PUPILS WITH A DISABILITY.

(a) Consistent with federal law governing days of removal and section 121A.46, school personnel may suspend a child with a disability. When a child with a disability has been suspended for more than five consecutive school days or 10 cumulative school days in the same school year, and that suspension does not involve a recommendation for expulsion or exclusion or other change of placement under federal law, relevant members of the child's individualized education program team, including at least one of the child's teachers, shall meet and determine the extent to which the child needs services in order to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting, and to progress toward meeting the goals in the child's individualized education program. That meeting must occur as soon as possible, but no more than 10 days after the sixth consecutive day of suspension or the tenth cumulative day of suspension has elapsed.

- (b) A dismissal for one school day or less is a day or a partial day of suspension if the child with a disability does not receive regular or special education instruction during that dismissal period. The notice requirements under section 121A.46 do not apply to a dismissal of one day or less.
- (c) A child with a disability shall be provided alternative educational services to the extent a suspension exceeds five consecutive school days.
- (d) Before initiating an expulsion or exclusion under sections 121A.40 to 121A.56, the district, relevant members of the child's individualized education program team, and the child's parent shall, consistent with federal law, determine whether the child's behavior was caused by or had a direct and substantial relationship to the child's disability and whether the child's conduct was a direct result of a failure to implement the child's individualized education program. When a pupil child with a disability who has an individual individualized education plan program is excluded or expelled under sections 121A.40 to 121A.56 for misbehavior that is not a manifestation of the pupil's child's disability, the district shall continue to provide special education and related services after a period of suspension, if suspension is imposed. The district shall initiate a review of the pupil's individual education plan and conduct a review of the relationship between the pupil's disability and the behavior subject to disciplinary action and determine the appropriateness of the pupil's education plan before commencing an expulsion or exclusion during the exclusion or expulsion.
 - Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 122A.31, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Reimbursement.** (a) For purposes of revenue under section <u>125A.78</u> <u>125A.76</u>, the Department of Education must only reimburse school districts for the services of those interpreters/transliterators who satisfy the standards of competency under this section.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a district shall be reimbursed for the services of interpreters with a nonrenewable provisional certificate, interpreters/transliterators employed to mentor the provisional certified interpreters, and persons for whom a time-limited extension has been granted under subdivision 1, paragraph (d), or subdivision 2, paragraph (c).
 - Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 125A.02, is amended to read:

125A.02 CHILD WITH A DISABILITY DEFINED.

- Subdivision 1. **Child with a disability.** Every child who has "Child with a disability" means a child identified under federal and state special education law as having a hearing impairment, blindness, visual disability, speech or language impairment, physical disability, other health impairment, mental disability, emotional/behavioral disorder, specific learning disability, autism, traumatic brain injury, multiple disabilities, or deaf/blind deafblind disability and who needs special instruction and education and related services, as determined by the standards rules of the commissioner, is a child with a disability. A licensed physician, an advanced practice nurse, or a licensed psychologist is qualified to make a diagnosis and determination of attention deficit disorder or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder for purposes of identifying a child with a disability.
- <u>Subd. 1a.</u> <u>Children ages three through seven experiencing developmental delays.</u> In addition, every child under age three, and at local district discretion from age three to age seven, who needs special instruction and services, as determined by the <u>standards rules</u> of the commissioner, because the child has a substantial delay or has an identifiable physical or mental condition known to hinder normal development is a child with a disability.
- Subd. 2. **Not a child with a disability.** A child with a short-term or temporary physical or emotional illness or disability, as determined by the standards rules of the commissioner, is not a child with a disability.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 125A.07, is amended to read:

125A.07 RULES OF COMMISSIONER RULEMAKING.

- (a) As defined in Consistent with this paragraph section, the commissioner must shall adopt new rules and amend existing rules relative to qualifications of essential personnel, courses of study, methods of instruction, pupil eligibility, size of classes, rooms, equipment, supervision, parent consultation, and other necessary rules for instruction of children with a disability. These rules must provide standards and procedures appropriate for the implementation of and within the limitations of sections 125A.08 and 125A.091. These rules must also provide standards for the discipline, control, management, and protection of children with a disability. The commissioner must not adopt rules for pupils served primarily in the regular classroom establishing either case loads or the maximum number of pupils that may be assigned to special education teachers. The commissioner, in consultation with the Departments of Health and Human Services, must adopt permanent rules for instruction and services for children under age five and their families. These rules are binding on state and local education, health, and human services agencies. The commissioner must adopt rules to determine eligibility for special education services. The rules must include procedures and standards by which to grant variances for experimental eligibility criteria. The commissioner must, according to section 14.05, subdivision 4, notify a district applying for a variance from the rules within 45 calendar days of receiving the request whether the request for the variance has been granted or denied. If a request is denied, the commissioner must specify the program standards used to evaluate the request and the reasons for denying the request related to children with disabilities only under specific authority and consistent with the requirements of chapter 14 and paragraph (c).
- (b) As provided in this paragraph, the state's regulatory scheme should support schools by assuring that all state special education rules adopted by the commissioner result in one or more of the following outcomes:
- (1) increased time available to teachers and, where appropriate, to support staff including school nurses for educating students through direct and indirect instruction;
- (2) consistent and uniform access to effective education programs for students with disabilities throughout the state;
- (3) reduced inequalities and conflict, appropriate due process hearing procedures and reduced court actions related to the delivery of special education instruction and services for students with disabilities;
 - (4) clear expectations for service providers and for students with disabilities;
- (5) increased accountability for all individuals and agencies that provide instruction and other services to students with disabilities;
 - (6) greater focus for the state and local resources dedicated to educating students with disabilities; and
- (7) clearer standards for evaluating the effectiveness of education and support services for students with disabilities.
- (c) Subject to chapter 14, the commissioner may adopt, amend, or rescind a rule related to children with disabilities if such action is specifically required by federal law.
 - Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 125A.08, is amended to read:

125A.08 SCHOOL DISTRICT OBLIGATIONS INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAMS.

(a) At the beginning of each school year, each school district shall have in effect, for each child with a disability, an individualized education program.

- (b) As defined in this section, every district must ensure the following:
- (1) all students with disabilities are provided the special instruction and services which are appropriate to their needs. Where the individual education plan team has determined appropriate goals and objectives based on the student's needs, including the extent to which the student can be included in the least restrictive environment, and where there are essentially equivalent and effective instruction, related services, or assistive technology devices available to meet the student's needs, cost to the district may be among the factors considered by the team in choosing how to provide the appropriate services, instruction, or devices that are to be made part of the student's individual education plan. The individual education plan team shall consider and may authorize services covered by medical assistance according to section 256B.0625, subdivision 26. The student's needs and the special education instruction and services to be provided must be agreed upon through the development of an individual education plan. The plan must address the student's need to develop skills to live and work as independently as possible within the community. The individual education plan team must consider positive behavioral interventions, strategies, and supports that address behavior for children with attention deficit disorder or attention deficit hyperactivity disorder. By During grade 9 or age 14, the plan must address the student's needs for transition from secondary services to postsecondary education and training, employment, community participation, recreation, and leisure and home living. In developing the plan, districts must inform parents of the full range of transitional goals and related services that should be considered. The plan must include a statement of the needed transition services, including a statement of the interagency responsibilities or linkages or both before secondary services are concluded;
- (2) children with a disability under age five and their families are provided special instruction and services appropriate to the child's level of functioning and needs;
- (3) children with a disability and their parents or guardians are guaranteed procedural safeguards and the right to participate in decisions involving identification, assessment including assistive technology assessment, and educational placement of children with a disability;
- (4) eligibility and needs of children with a disability are determined by an initial assessment or reassessment, which may be completed using existing data under United States Code, title 20, section 33, et seq.;
- (5) to the maximum extent appropriate, children with a disability, including those in public or private institutions or other care facilities, are educated with children who are not disabled, and that special classes, separate schooling, or other removal of children with a disability from the regular educational environment occurs only when and to the extent that the nature or severity of the disability is such that education in regular classes with the use of supplementary services cannot be achieved satisfactorily;
- (6) in accordance with recognized professional standards, testing and evaluation materials, and procedures used for the purposes of classification and placement of children with a disability are selected and administered so as not to be racially or culturally discriminatory; and
- (7) the rights of the child are protected when the parents or guardians are not known or not available, or the child is a ward of the state.
- (b) (c) For paraprofessionals employed to work in programs for students with disabilities, the school board in each district shall ensure that:
- (1) before or immediately upon employment, each paraprofessional develops sufficient knowledge and skills in emergency procedures, building orientation, roles and responsibilities, confidentiality, vulnerability, and reportability, among other things, to begin meeting the needs of the students with whom the paraprofessional works;

- (2) annual training opportunities are available to enable the paraprofessional to continue to further develop the knowledge and skills that are specific to the students with whom the paraprofessional works, including understanding disabilities, following lesson plans, and implementing follow-up instructional procedures and activities; and
- (3) a districtwide process obligates each paraprofessional to work under the ongoing direction of a licensed teacher and, where appropriate and possible, the supervision of a school nurse.
 - Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 125A.091, is amended to read:

125A.091 ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION AND DUE PROCESS HEARINGS.

Subdivision 1. **District obligation.** A school district must use the procedures in federal law and state law and rule to reach decisions about the identification, evaluation, educational placement, manifestation determination, interim alternative educational placement, or the provision of a free appropriate public education to a child with a disability.

- Subd. 2. **Prior written notice.** A parent must receive prior written notice a reasonable time before the district proposes or refuses to initiate or change the identification, evaluation, educational placement, or the provision of a free appropriate public education to a child with a disability.
 - Subd. 3. Content of notice. The notice under subdivision 2 must:
 - (1) describe the action the district proposes or refuses;
 - (2) explain why the district proposes or refuses to take the action;
 - (3) describe any other option the district considered and the reason why it rejected the option;
- (4) describe each evaluation procedure, test, record, or report the district used as a basis for the proposed or refused action;
 - (5) describe any other factor affecting the proposal or refusal of the district to take the action;
- (6) state that the parent of a child with a disability is protected by procedural safeguards and, if this notice is not an initial referral for evaluation, how a parent can get a description of the procedural safeguards; and
 - (7) identify where a parent can get help in understanding this law.
- <u>Subd. 3a.</u> <u>Additional requirements for prior written notice.</u> <u>In addition to federal law requirements, a prior written notice shall:</u>
- (1) inform the parent that except for the initial placement of a child in special education, the school district will proceed with its proposal for the child's placement or for providing special education services unless the child's parent notifies the district of an objection within 14 days of when the district sends the prior written notice to the parent; and
- (2) state that a parent who objects to a proposal or refusal in the prior written notice may request a conciliation conference under subdivision 7 or another alternative dispute resolution procedure under subdivision 8 or 9.

- Subd. 4. Understandable notice. (a) The written notice under subdivision 2 must be understandable to the general public and available in the parent's native language or by another communication form, unless it is clearly not feasible to do so.
- (b) If the parent's native language or other communication form is not written, the district must take steps to ensure that:
- (1) the notice is translated orally or by other means to the parent in the parent's native language or other communication form:
 - (2) the parent understands the notice; and
 - (3) written evidence indicates the requirements in subdivision 2 are met.
- Subd. 5. **Initial action; parent consent.** (a) The district must not proceed with the initial evaluation of a child, the initial placement of a child in a special education program, or the initial provision of special education services for a child without the prior written consent of the child's parent. A district may not override the written refusal of a parent to consent to an initial evaluation or reevaluation.
- (b) A parent, after consulting with health care, education, or other professional providers, may agree or disagree to provide the parent's child with sympathomimetic medications unless section 144.344 applies.
- Subd. 6. **Dispute resolution processes; generally.** Parties are encouraged to resolve disputes over the identification, evaluation, educational placement, manifestation determination, interim alternative educational placement, or the provision of a free appropriate public education to a child with a disability through conciliation, mediation, facilitated team meetings, or other alternative process. All dispute resolution options are voluntary on the part of the parent and must not be used to deny or delay the right to a due process hearing. All dispute resolution processes under this section are provided at no cost to the parent.
- Subd. 7. **Conciliation conference.** A parent must have an opportunity to meet with appropriate district staff in at least one conciliation conference if the parent objects to any proposal of which the parent receives notice under subdivision 2 3a. If the parent refuses district efforts to conciliate the dispute, the conciliation requirement is satisfied. Following a conciliation conference A district must hold a conciliation conference within ten calendar days from the date the district receives a parent's objection to a proposal or refusal in the prior written notice. Except as provided in this section, all discussions held during a conciliation conference are confidential and are not admissible in a due process hearing. Within five school days after the final conciliation conference, the district must prepare and provide to the parent a conciliation conference memorandum that describes the district's final proposed offer of service. This memorandum is admissible in evidence in any subsequent proceeding.
- Subd. 8. **Voluntary dispute resolution options.** In addition to offering at least one conciliation conference, a district must inform a parent of other dispute resolution processes, including at least mediation and facilitated team meetings. The fact that an alternative dispute resolution process was used is admissible in evidence at any subsequent proceeding. State-provided mediators and team meeting facilitators shall not be subpoenaed to testify at a due process hearing or civil action under federal special education law nor are any records of mediators or state-provided team meeting facilitators accessible to the parties.
- Subd. 9. **Mediation.** Mediation is a dispute resolution process that involves a neutral party provided by the state to assist a parent and a district in resolving disputes over the identification, evaluation, educational placement, manifestation determination, interim alternative educational placement, or the provision of a free appropriate public education to a child with a disability. A mediation process is available as an informal alternative to a due process hearing but must not be used to deny or postpone the opportunity of a parent or district to obtain a due process hearing. Mediation is voluntary for all parties. All mediation discussions are confidential and inadmissible in evidence in any subsequent proceeding, unless the:

- (1) parties expressly agree otherwise;
- (2) evidence is otherwise available; or
- (3) evidence is offered to prove bias or prejudice of a witness.
- Subd. 10. **Mediated agreements.** Mediated agreements are not admissible unless the parties agree otherwise or a party to the agreement believes the agreement is not being implemented, in which case the aggrieved party may enter the agreement into evidence at a due process hearing. The parties may request another mediation to resolve a dispute over implementing the mediated agreement. After a due process hearing is requested, a party may request mediation and the commissioner must provide a mediator who conducts a mediation session no later than the third business day after the mediation request is made to the commissioner. If the parties resolve all or a portion of the dispute, or agree to use another procedure to resolve the dispute, the mediator shall ensure that the resolution or agreement is in writing and signed by the parties and each party is given a copy of the document. The written resolution or agreement shall state that all discussions that occurred during mediation are confidential and may not be used as evidence in any hearing or civil proceeding. The resolution or agreement is legally binding upon the parties and is enforceable in the state or federal district court. A party may request another mediation to resolve a dispute over implementing the mediated agreement.
- Subd. 11. **Facilitated team meeting.** A facilitated team meeting is an IEP, IFSP, or IIIP team meeting led by an impartial state-provided facilitator to promote effective communication and assist a team in developing an individualized education plan.
- Subd. 12. **Impartial due process hearing.** (a) A parent or a district is entitled to an impartial due process hearing conducted by the state when a dispute arises over the identification, evaluation, educational placement, manifestation determination, interim alternative educational placement, or the provision of a free appropriate public education to a child with a disability. The hearing must be held in the district responsible for ensuring that a free appropriate public education is provided according to state and federal law. The proceedings must be recorded and preserved, at state expense, pending ultimate disposition of the action. The parent and the district shall receive, at state expense, a copy of the hearing transcript or recording and the hearing officer's findings of fact, conclusion of law, and decisions.
 - (b) The due process hearing must be conducted according to the rules of the commissioner and federal law.
- Subd. 13. **Hearing officer qualifications.** The commissioner must appoint an individual who is qualified under this subdivision to serve as a hearing officer. The commissioner shall maintain a list of qualified hearing officers. The list shall include a statement of the qualifications of each person listed. Upon receipt of a written request for a hearing, the commissioner shall appoint a hearing officer from the list. The hearing officer must:
 - (1) be knowledgeable and impartial;
 - (2) have no personal interest in or specific involvement with the student who is a party to the hearing;
 - (3) not have been employed as an administrator by the district that is a party to the hearing;
 - (4) not have been involved in selecting the district administrator who is a party to the hearing;
- (5) have no personal, economic, or professional interest in the outcome of the hearing other than properly administering federal and state laws, rules, and policies;
 - (6) have no substantial involvement in developing state or local policies or procedures challenged in the hearing;

- (7) not be a current employee or board member of a Minnesota public school district, education district, intermediate unit or regional education agency, or the department if the department is the service provider; and
 - (8) not be a current employee or board member of a disability advocacy organization or group.;
 - (9) not otherwise be under contract with the department or the school district;
- (10) know and understand state and federal special education laws, rules, and regulations, and legal interpretations by federal and state courts; and
- (11) have the knowledge and ability to conduct hearings and render and write decisions according to appropriate, standard legal practice.
 - Subd. 14. Request for hearing. A request for a due process hearing must:
 - (1) be in writing;
- (2) describe the nature of the dispute about providing special education services to the student including facts relating to the dispute; and
 - (3) state, to the extent known, the relief sought.

Any school district administrator receiving a request for a due process hearing must immediately forward the request to the commissioner. Within two business days of receiving a request for a due process hearing, the commissioner must appoint a hearing officer. The commissioner must not deny a request for hearing because the request is incomplete. A party may disqualify a hearing officer only by affirmatively showing prejudice or bias to the commissioner or to the chief administrative law judge if the hearing officer is an administrative law judge. If a party affirmatively shows prejudice against a hearing officer, the commissioner must assign another hearing officer to hear the matter. (a) A parent or a school district may file a written request for a due process hearing regarding a proposal or refusal to initiate or change that child's evaluation, individualized education program, or educational placement, or to provide a free appropriate public education.

- (b) The parent shall include in the hearing request the name of the child, the address of the child's residence, the name of the school the child attends, a description of the child's problem relating to the proposed or refused initiation or change, including facts relating to the problem, and a proposed resolution of the problem to the extent known and available to the parents at the time.
- (c) A parent or a school district may file a written request for a hearing under United States Code, title 20, section 1415, paragraph (k).
- (d) A parent or school district filing a request for a hearing under this subdivision must provide the request to the other party and a copy of the request to the department. Upon receiving a request for a hearing, the department shall give to the child's parent a copy of the procedural safeguards notice available to a parent under federal regulations.
- (e)(1) If the parent of a child with a disability files a written request for a hearing, and the school district has not previously sent a written notice to the parent under subdivision 3a, regarding the subject matter of the hearing request, the school district shall, within ten days of receiving the hearing request, send to the child's parent a written explanation of why the school district proposed or refused to take the action raised in the hearing request. The explanation must include a description of other options that the individualized education program team considered and the reason why those options were rejected; a description of each evaluation procedure, assessment, record, or report that the school district used as the basis for the proposed or refused action; and a description of the factors that

are relevant to the school district's proposal or refusal. A response by a school district under this subdivision does not preclude the school district from asserting that the parent's request for a hearing is insufficient under clause (2) of this paragraph; and

- (2) a hearing may not occur until the party requesting the hearing files a request that meets the requirements of paragraph (b). The request under paragraph (b) is considered sufficient unless the party receiving the request notifies the hearing officer and the other party in writing within 15 days of receiving the request that the receiving party believes the request does not meet the requirements of paragraph (b). Within five days of receiving a notice under this subdivision, the hearing officer shall determine whether the request meets the requirements under paragraph (b) and notify the parties.
- (f) Except as provided in paragraph (e), clause (1), the party receiving a request for a hearing shall send to the party requesting the hearing a written response that addresses the issues raised in the hearing request within ten days of receiving the request.
- Subd. 15. **Prehearing conference.** A prehearing conference must be held within five business days of the date the commissioner appoints the hearing officer. The hearing officer must initiate the prehearing conference which may be conducted in person, at a location within the district, or by telephone. The hearing officer must create a written verbatim record of the prehearing conference which is available to either party upon request. At the prehearing conference, the hearing officer must:
- (1) identify the questions that must be answered to resolve the dispute and eliminate claims and complaints that are without merit;
 - (2) set a scheduling order for the hearing and additional prehearing activities;
- (3) determine if the hearing can be disposed of without an evidentiary hearing and, if so, establish the schedule and procedure for doing so; and
- (4) establish the management, control, and location of the hearing to ensure its fair, efficient, and effective disposition.
- Subd. 16. **Burden of proof.** The burden of proof at a due process hearing is on the district to demonstrate, by a preponderance of the evidence, that it is complying with the law and offered or provided a free appropriate public education to the child in the least restrictive environment. If the district has not offered or provided a free appropriate public education in the least restrictive environment and the parent wants the district to pay for a private placement, the burden of proof is on the parent to demonstrate, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the private placement is appropriate party seeking relief.
- Subd. 17. **Admissible evidence.** The hearing officer may admit all evidence that possesses probative value, including hearsay, if it is the type of evidence on which reasonable, prudent persons are accustomed to rely in conducting their serious affairs. The hearing officer must give effect to the rules of privilege recognized by law and exclude evidence that is incompetent, irrelevant, immaterial, or unduly repetitious.
- Subd. 18. **Hearing officer authority.** (a) A hearing officer must limit an impartial due process hearing to the time sufficient for each party to present its case.
- (b) A hearing officer must establish and maintain control and manage the hearing. This authority includes, but is not limited to:
- (1) requiring attorneys representing parties at the hearing, after notice and an opportunity to be heard, to pay court reporting and hearing officer costs, or fines payable to the state, for failing to: (i) obey scheduling or prehearing orders, (ii) appear, (iii) be prepared, or (iv) participate in the hearing process in good faith;

- (2) administering oaths and affirmations;
- (3) issuing subpoenas;
- (4) determining the responsible and providing districts and joining those districts, if not already notified, in the proceedings;
- (5) making decisions involving identification, evaluation, educational placement, manifestation determination, interim alternative educational placement, or the provision of a free appropriate public education to a child with a disability; and
 - (6) ordering an independent educational evaluation of a child at district expense; and
 - (7) extending the hearing decision timeline if the hearing officer determines that good cause exists.
- (c) Good cause includes, but is not limited to, the time required for mediation or other settlement discussions, independent educational evaluation, complexity and volume of issues, or finding or changing counsel.
- Subd. 19. Expedited due process hearings. Consistent with federal law, a parent has the right to or a school district may file a written request for an expedited due process hearing when there is a dispute over a manifestation determination or a proposed or actual placement in an interim alternative educational setting. A district has the right to an expedited due process hearing when proposing or seeking to maintain placement in an interim alternative educational setting. A hearing officer must hold an expedited due process hearing within 20 school days of the date the expedited due process request is filed and must issue a decision within ten ealendar school days of after the request for a hearing. A hearing officer may extend by up to five additional calendar days the time for issuing a decision in an expedited due process hearing. All policies in this section apply to expedited due process hearings to the extent they do not conflict with federal law. A resolution meeting must occur within seven days of receiving the request for an expedited due process hearing unless the parent and the school district agree in writing either to waive the resolution meeting or use the mediation process. The expedited due process hearing may proceed unless the matter has been resolved to the satisfaction of both parties within 15 days of receiving the expedited due process hearing request.
- Subd. 20. **Hearing officer's decision; time period.** (a) The hearing officer must issue a decision within 45 calendar days of the date on which the commissioner receives the request for a due process hearing ensure that not later than 45 days after the 30-day period or the adjusted time periods under federal regulations expire, the hearing officer reaches a final decision in the due process hearing and transmits a copy of the decision to each party. A hearing officer, at the request of either party, may grant specific extensions of time beyond the 45-day period under subdivision 18. The hearing officer must conduct the oral arguments in a hearing at a time and place that is reasonably convenient to the parents and child involved. A hearing officer is encouraged to accelerate the time line to 30 days for a child under the age of three whose needs change rapidly and who requires quick resolution of a dispute. A hearing officer may not extend the time beyond the 45 day period unless requested by either party for good cause shown on the record. Extensions of time must not exceed a total of 30 calendar days unless both parties and the hearing officer agree or time is needed to complete an independent educational evaluation. Good cause includes, but is not limited to, the time required for mediation or other settlement discussions, independent educational evaluation, complexity and volume of issues, or finding or changing counsel.
- (b) The hearing officer's decision must: Once the hearing officer has issued a final decision, the hearing officer lacks authority to amend the decision except for clerical or mathematical errors.
- (c) Nothing in this subdivision precludes a hearing officer from ordering a school district to comply with federal procedural safeguards under the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act.

- (1) be in writing;
- (2) state the controlling and material facts upon which the decision is made in order to apprise the reader of the basis and reason for the decision; and
 - (3) be based on local standards, state statute, the rules of the commissioner, and federal law.
- Subd. 21. **Compensatory educational services.** The hearing officer may require the resident or responsible district to provide compensatory educational services to the child if the hearing officer finds that the district has not offered or made available to the child a free appropriate public education in the least restrictive environment and the child suffered a loss of educational benefit. Such services take the form of direct and indirect special education and related services designed to address any loss of educational benefit that may have occurred. The hearing officer's finding must be based on a present determination of whether the child has suffered a loss of educational benefit.
- Subd. 22. Child's educational placement during due process hearing. (a) Until a due process hearing under this section is completed or the district and the parent agree otherwise, the child must remain in the child's current educational placement and must not be denied initial admission to school.
- (b) Until an expedited due process hearing challenging an interim alternative educational placement is completed, the child must remain in the interim alternative educational setting until the decision of the hearing officer or the expiration of the 45 days permitted for an interim alternative educational setting, whichever occurs first, unless the parent and district agree otherwise.
- Subd. 23. Implementation of hearing officer order. (a) That portion of a hearing officer's decision granting relief requested by the parent must be implemented upon issuance.
- (b) Except as provided under paragraph (a) or the district and parent agree otherwise, following a hearing officer's decision granting relief requested by the district, the child must remain in the current educational placement until the time to request judicial review under subdivision 24 expires or, if judicial review is requested, at the time the Minnesota Court of Appeals or the federal district court issues its decision, whichever is later.
- Subd. 24. **Review of hearing officer decisions.** The parent or district may seek review of the hearing officer's decision in the Minnesota Court of Appeals or in the federal district court, consistent with federal law. A party must appeal to the Minnesota Court of Appeals within 60 days of receiving the hearing officer's decision or must appeal to federal district court within 90 days of receiving the hearing officer's decision.
- Subd. 25. **Enforcement of orders.** The commissioner must monitor final hearing officer decisions and ensure enforcement of hearing officer orders decisions.
- Subd. 26. **Hearing officer and person conducting alternative dispute resolution are state employees.** A hearing officer or person conducting alternative dispute resolution under this section is an employee of the state under section 3.732 for purposes of section 3.736 only.
- Subd. 27. **Hearing officer training.** A hearing officer must participate in training and follow procedures established offered by the commissioner.
- Subd. 28. **District liability.** A district is not liable for harmless technical violations of this section or rules implementing this section federal or state laws, rules, or regulations governing special education if the school district can demonstrate on a case by case basis that the violations did not harm a student's educational progress or the parent's right to notice, participation, or due process. This subdivision is applicable to due process hearings and special education complaints filed with the department.

Sec. 9. [125A.094] RESTRICTIVE PROCEDURES FOR CHILDREN WITH DISABILITIES.

The use of restrictive procedures for children with disabilities is governed by sections 125A.0941 and 125A.0942.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2011.

Sec. 10. [125A.0941] DEFINITIONS.

- (a) The following terms have the meanings given them.
- (b) "Emergency" means a situation where immediate intervention is needed to protect a child or other individual from physical injury or to prevent serious property damage.
- (c) "Physical holding" means physical intervention intended to hold a child immobile or limit a child's movement and where body contact is the only source of physical restraint. The term physical holding does not mean physical contact that:
 - (1) helps a child respond or complete a task;
 - (2) assists a child without restricting the child's movement;
 - (3) is needed to administer an authorized health-related service or procedure; or
 - (4) is needed to physically escort a child when the child does not resist or the child's resistance is minimal.
- (d) "Positive behavioral interventions and supports" means interventions and strategies to improve the school environment and teach children the skills to behave appropriately.
 - (e) "Restrictive procedures" means the use of physical holding or seclusion in an emergency.
- (f) "Seclusion" means confining a child alone in a room from which egress is barred. Removing a child from an activity to a location where the child cannot participate in or observe the activity is not seclusion.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2011.

Sec. 11. [125A.0942] STANDARDS FOR RESTRICTIVE PROCEDURES.

- Subdivision 1. Restrictive procedures plan. Schools that intend to use restrictive procedures shall maintain and make publicly accessible a restrictive procedures plan for children that includes at least the following:
 - (1) the list of restrictive procedures the school intends to use;
- (2) how the school will monitor and review the use of restrictive procedures, including conducting post-use debriefings and convening an oversight committee; and
 - (3) a written description and documentation of the training staff completed under subdivision 5.
- Subd. 2. Restrictive procedures. (a) Restrictive procedures may be used only by a licensed special education teacher, school social worker, school psychologist, behavior analyst certified by the National Behavior Analyst Certification Board, a person with a master's degree in behavior analysis, other licensed education professional, paraprofessional under section 120B.363, or mental health professional under section 245.4871, subdivision 27, who has completed the training program under subdivision 5.

- (b) A school shall make reasonable efforts to notify the parent on the same day a restrictive procedure is used on the child, or if the school is unable to provide same-day notice, notice is sent within two days by written or electronic means or as otherwise indicated by the child's parent under paragraph (d).
- (c) When restrictive procedures are used twice in 30 days or when a pattern emerges and restrictive procedures are not included in a child's individualized education program or behavior intervention plan, the district must hold a meeting of the individualized education plan team, conduct or review a functional behavioral analysis, review data, consider developing additional or revised positive behavioral interventions and supports, consider actions to reduce the use of restrictive procedures, and modify the individualized education plan or behavior intervention plan as appropriate. At the meeting, the team must review any known medical or psychological limitations that contraindicate the use of a restrictive procedure, consider whether to prohibit that restrictive procedure, and document any prohibition in the individualized education program or behavior intervention plan.
- (d) An individualized education plan team may plan for using restrictive procedures and may include these procedures in a child's individualized education program or behavior intervention plan; however, the restrictive procedures may be used only in response to behavior that constitutes an emergency, consistent with this section. The individualized education program or behavior intervention plan shall indicate how the parent wants to be notified when a restrictive procedure is used.
- Subd. 3. Physical holding or seclusion. Physical holding or seclusion may be used only in an emergency. A school that uses physical holding or seclusion shall meet the following requirements:
- (1) the physical holding or seclusion must be the least intrusive intervention that effectively responds to the emergency;
- (2) physical holding or seclusion must end when the threat of harm ends and the staff determines that the child can safely return to the classroom or activity;
 - (3) staff must directly observe the child while physical holding or seclusion is being used;
- (4) each time physical holding or seclusion is used, the staff person who implements or oversees the physical holding or seclusion shall document, as soon as possible after the incident concludes, the following information:
 - (i) a description of the incident that led to the physical holding or seclusion;
 - (ii) why a less restrictive measure failed or was determined by staff to be inappropriate or impractical;
 - (iii) the time the physical holding or seclusion began and the time the child was released; and
 - (iv) a brief record of the child's behavioral and physical status;
 - (5) the room used for seclusion must:
 - (i) be at least six feet by five feet;
 - (ii) be well lit, well ventilated, adequately heated, and clean;
 - (iii) have a window that allows staff to directly observe a child in seclusion;
 - (iv) have tamperproof fixtures, electrical switches located immediately outside the door, and secure ceilings;

- (v) have doors that open out and are unlocked, locked with keyless locks that have immediate release mechanisms, or locked with locks that have immediate release mechanisms connected with a fire and emergency system; and
 - (vi) not contain objects that a child may use to injure the child or others; and
 - (6) before using a room for seclusion, a school must:
- (i) receive written notice from local authorities that the room and the locking mechanisms comply with applicable building, fire, and safety codes; and
 - (ii) register the room with the commissioner, who may view that room.
 - <u>Subd. 4.</u> **Prohibitions.** The following actions or procedures are prohibited:
 - (1) engaging in conduct prohibited under section 121A.58;
- (2) requiring a child to assume and maintain a specified physical position, activity, or posture that induces physical pain;
 - (3) totally or partially restricting a child's senses as punishment;
- (4) presenting an intense sound, light, or other sensory stimuli using smell, taste, substance, or spray as punishment;
- (5) denying or restricting a child's access to equipment and devices such as walkers, wheelchairs, hearing aids, and communication boards that facilitate the child's functioning, except when temporarily removing the equipment or device is needed to prevent injury to the child or others or serious damage to the equipment or device, in which case the equipment or device shall be returned to the child as soon as possible;
- (6) interacting with a child in a manner that constitutes sexual abuse, neglect, or physical abuse under section 626.556;
 - (7) withholding regularly scheduled meals or water;
 - (8) denying access to bathroom facilities; and
 - (9) physical holding that restricts or impairs a child's ability to breathe.
- Subd. 5. Training for staff. (a) To meet the requirements of subdivision 1, staff who use restrictive procedures shall complete training in the following skills and knowledge areas:
 - (1) positive behavioral interventions;
 - (2) communicative intent of behaviors;
 - (3) relationship building;
- (4) alternatives to restrictive procedures, including techniques to identify events and environmental factors that may escalate behavior;

- (5) de-escalation methods;
- (6) standards for using restrictive procedures;
- (7) obtaining emergency medical assistance;
- (8) the physiological and psychological impact of physical holding and seclusion;
- (9) monitoring and responding to a child's physical signs of distress when physical holding is being used; and
- (10) recognizing the symptoms of and interventions that may cause positional asphyxia when physical holding is used.
- (b) The commissioner, after consulting with the commissioner of human services, must develop and maintain a list of training programs that satisfy the requirements of paragraph (a). The district shall maintain records of staff who have been trained and the organization or professional that conducted the training. The district may collaborate with children's community mental health providers to coordinate trainings.
- <u>Subd. 6.</u> <u>Behavior supports.</u> <u>School districts are encouraged to establish effective schoolwide systems of positive behavior interventions and supports. Nothing in this section or section 125A.0941 precludes the use of reasonable force under sections 121A.582; 609.06, subdivision 1; and 609.379.</u>

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2011.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 125A.15, is amended to read:

125A.15 PLACEMENT IN ANOTHER DISTRICT; RESPONSIBILITY.

The responsibility for special instruction and services for a child with a disability temporarily placed in another district for care and treatment shall be determined in the following manner:

- (a) The district of residence of a child shall be the district in which the child's parent resides, if living, or the child's guardian, or the district designated by the commissioner if neither parent nor guardian is living within the state.
- (b) If a district other than the resident district places a pupil for care and treatment, the district placing the pupil must notify and give the resident district an opportunity to participate in the placement decision. When an immediate emergency placement of a pupil is necessary and time constraints foreclose a resident district from participating in the emergency placement decision, the district in which the pupil is temporarily placed must notify the resident district of the emergency placement within 15 days. The resident district has up to five business days after receiving notice of the emergency placement to request an opportunity to participate in the placement decision, which the placing district must then provide.
- (c) When a child is temporarily placed for care and treatment in a day program located in another district and the child continues to live within the district of residence during the care and treatment, the district of residence is responsible for providing transportation to and from the care and treatment facility program and an appropriate educational program for the child. The resident district may establish reasonable restrictions on transportation, except if a Minnesota court or agency orders the child placed at a day care and treatment program and the resident district receives a copy of the order, then the resident district must provide transportation to and from the program unless the court or agency orders otherwise. Transportation shall only be provided by the resident district during regular operating hours of the resident district. The resident district may provide the educational program at a school within the district of residence, at the child's residence, or in the district in which the day treatment center is located by paying tuition to that district.

(e) (d) When a child is temporarily placed in a residential program for care and treatment, the nonresident district in which the child is placed is responsible for providing an appropriate educational program for the child and necessary transportation while the child is attending the educational program; and must bill the district of the child's residence for the actual cost of providing the program, as outlined in section 125A.11, except as provided in paragraph (d) (e). However, the board, lodging, and treatment costs incurred in behalf of a child with a disability placed outside of the school district of residence by the commissioner of human services or the commissioner of corrections or their agents, for reasons other than providing for the child's special educational needs must not become the responsibility of either the district providing the instruction or the district of the child's residence. For the purposes of this section, the state correctional facilities operated on a fee-for-service basis are considered to be residential programs for care and treatment.

(d) (e) A privately owned and operated residential facility may enter into a contract to obtain appropriate educational programs for special education children and services with a joint powers entity. The entity with which the private facility contracts for special education services shall be the district responsible for providing students placed in that facility an appropriate educational program in place of the district in which the facility is located. If a privately owned and operated residential facility does not enter into a contract under this paragraph, then paragraph (e) (d) applies.

(e) (f) The district of residence shall pay tuition and other program costs, not including transportation costs, to the district providing the instruction and services. The district of residence may claim general education aid for the child as provided by law. Transportation costs must be paid by the district responsible for providing the transportation and the state must pay transportation aid to that district.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 125A.28, is amended to read:

125A.28 STATE INTERAGENCY COORDINATING COUNCIL.

An Interagency Coordinating Council of at least 17, but not more than 25 members is established, in compliance with Public Law 108-446, section 641. The members must be appointed by the governor. Council members must elect the council chair. The representative of the commissioner may not serve as the chair. The council must be composed of at least five parents, including persons of color, of children with disabilities under age 12, including at least three parents of a child with a disability under age seven, five representatives of public or private providers of services for children with disabilities under age five, including a special education director, county social service director, local Head Start director, and a community health services or public health nursing administrator, one member of the senate, one member of the house of representatives, one representative of teacher preparation programs in early childhood-special education or other preparation programs in early childhood intervention, at least one representative of advocacy organizations for children with disabilities under age five, one physician who cares for young children with special health care needs, one representative each from the commissioners of commerce, education, health, human services, a representative from the state agency responsible for child care, foster care, mental health, homeless coordinator of education of homeless children and youth, and a representative from Indian health services or a tribal council. Section 15.059, subdivisions 2 to 5, apply to the council. The council must meet at least quarterly.

The council must address methods of implementing the state policy of developing and implementing comprehensive, coordinated, multidisciplinary interagency programs of early intervention services for children with disabilities and their families.

The duties of the council include recommending policies to ensure a comprehensive and coordinated system of all state and local agency services for children under age five with disabilities and their families. The policies must address how to incorporate each agency's services into a unified state and local system of multidisciplinary

assessment practices, individual intervention plans, comprehensive systems to find children in need of services, methods to improve public awareness, and assistance in determining the role of interagency early intervention committees.

On the date that Minnesota Part C Annual Performance Report is submitted to the federal Office of Special Education, the council must recommend to the governor and the commissioners of education, health, human services, commerce, and employment and economic development policies for a comprehensive and coordinated system.

Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the State Interagency Coordinating Council expires on June 30, 2009 2014.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 125A.51, is amended to read:

125A.51 PLACEMENT OF CHILDREN WITHOUT DISABILITIES; EDUCATION AND TRANSPORTATION.

The responsibility for providing instruction and transportation for a pupil without a disability who has a short-term or temporary physical or emotional illness or disability, as determined by the standards of the commissioner, and who is temporarily placed for care and treatment for that illness or disability, must be determined as provided in this section.

- (a) The school district of residence of the pupil is the district in which the pupil's parent or guardian resides.
- (b) When parental rights have been terminated by court order, the legal residence of a child placed in a residential or foster facility for care and treatment is the district in which the child resides.
- (c) Before the placement of a pupil for care and treatment, the district of residence must be notified and provided an opportunity to participate in the placement decision. When an immediate emergency placement is necessary and time does not permit resident district participation in the placement decision, the district in which the pupil is temporarily placed, if different from the district of residence, must notify the district of residence of the emergency placement within 15 days of the placement. When a nonresident district makes an emergency placement without first consulting with the resident district, the resident district has up to five business days after receiving notice of the emergency placement to request an opportunity to participate in the placement decision, which the placing district must then provide.
- (d) When a pupil without a disability is temporarily placed for care and treatment in a day program and the pupil continues to live within the district of residence during the care and treatment, the district of residence must provide instruction and necessary transportation to and from the <u>care and</u> treatment <u>facility program</u> for the pupil. <u>The resident district may establish reasonable restrictions on transportation, except if a Minnesota court or agency orders the child placed at a day care and treatment program and the resident district receives a copy of the order, then the resident district must provide transportation to and from the program unless the court or agency orders otherwise. Transportation shall only be provided by the <u>resident</u> district during regular operating hours of the <u>resident</u> district. The <u>resident</u> district may provide the instruction at a school within the district of residence, at the pupil's residence, or in the case of a placement outside of the resident district, in the district in which the day treatment program is located by paying tuition to that district. The district of placement may contract with a facility to provide instruction by teachers licensed by the state Board of Teaching.</u>
- (e) When a pupil without a disability is temporarily placed in a residential program for care and treatment, the district in which the pupil is placed must provide instruction for the pupil and necessary transportation while the pupil is receiving instruction, and in the case of a placement outside of the district of residence, the nonresident district must bill the district of residence for the actual cost of providing the instruction for the regular school year and for summer school, excluding transportation costs.

- (f) Notwithstanding paragraph (e), if the pupil is homeless and placed in a public or private homeless shelter, then the district that enrolls the pupil under section 127A.47, subdivision 2, shall provide the transportation, unless the district that enrolls the pupil and the district in which the pupil is temporarily placed agree that the district in which the pupil is temporarily placed shall provide transportation. When a pupil without a disability is temporarily placed in a residential program outside the district of residence, the administrator of the court placing the pupil must send timely written notice of the placement to the district of residence. The district of placement may contract with a residential facility to provide instruction by teachers licensed by the state Board of Teaching. For purposes of this section, the state correctional facilities operated on a fee-for-service basis are considered to be residential programs for care and treatment.
- (g) The district of residence must include the pupil in its residence count of pupil units and pay tuition as provided in section 123A.488 to the district providing the instruction. Transportation costs must be paid by the district providing the transportation and the state must pay transportation aid to that district. For purposes of computing state transportation aid, pupils governed by this subdivision must be included in the disabled transportation category if the pupils cannot be transported on a regular school bus route without special accommodations.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 125A.57, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Assistive technology device.** "Assistive technology device" means any item, piece of equipment, software, or product system, whether acquired commercially off the shelf, modified, or customized, that is used to increase, maintain, or improve functional capabilities of ehildren with disabilities a child with a disability. It does not mean a medical device that is surgically implanted or a replacement of such a device.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 125A.63, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Programs.** The resource centers must offer summer institutes and like programs or other training programs throughout the state for deaf or hard of hearing hard-of-hearing, blind or visually impaired, and multiply disabled pupils. The resource centers must also offer workshops for teachers, and leadership development for teachers.

A program offered through the resource centers must promote and develop education programs offered by school districts or other organizations. The program must assist school districts or other organizations to develop innovative programs.

- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 125A.63, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Advisory committees.** (a) The commissioner shall establish an advisory committee for each resource center. The advisory committees shall develop recommendations regarding the resource centers and submit an annual report to the commissioner on the form and in the manner prescribed by the commissioner.
- (b) The advisory committee for the Resource Center for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing shall meet periodically at least four times per year and submit an annual report to the commissioner, the education policy and finance committees of the legislature, and the Commission of Deaf, DeafBlind, and Hard of Hearing Minnesotans. The report must, at least:

- (1) identify and report the aggregate, data-based education outcomes for children with the primary disability classification of deaf and hard of hearing, consistent with the commissioner's child count reporting practices, the commissioner's state and local outcome data reporting system by district and region, and the school performance report cards under section 120B.36, subdivision 1; and
- (2) describe the implementation of a data-based plan for improving the education outcomes of deaf and hard of hearing children that is premised on evidence-based best practices, and provide a cost estimate for ongoing implementation of the plan.
 - Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 125A.744, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Implementation. Consistent with section 256B.0625, subdivision 26, school districts may enroll as medical assistance providers or subcontractors and bill the Department of Human Services under the medical assistance fee for service claims processing system for special education services which are covered services under chapter 256B, which are provided in the school setting for a medical assistance recipient, and for whom the district has secured informed consent consistent with section 13.05, subdivision 4, paragraph (d), and section 256B.77, subdivision 2, paragraph (p), to bill for each type of covered service. School districts shall be reimbursed by the commissioner of human services for the federal share of individual education plan health-related services that qualify for reimbursement by medical assistance, minus up to five percent retained by the commissioner of human services for administrative costs, not to exceed \$350,000 per fiscal year. The commissioner may withhold up to five percent of each payment to a school district. Following the end of each fiscal year, the commissioner shall settle up with each school district in order to ensure that collections from each district for departmental administrative costs are made on a pro rata basis according to federal earnings for these services in each district. A school district is not eligible to enroll as a home care provider or a personal care provider organization for purposes of billing home care services under sections 256B.0651 and 256B.0653 to 256B.0656 until the commissioner of human services issues a bulletin instructing county public health nurses on how to assess for the needs of eligible recipients during school hours. To use private duty nursing services or personal care services at school, the recipient or responsible party must provide written authorization in the care plan identifying the chosen provider and the daily amount of services to be used at school.
 - Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 125A.76, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For the purposes of this section, the definitions in this subdivision apply.
- (a) "Basic revenue" has the meaning given it in section 126C.10, subdivision 2. For the purposes of computing basic revenue pursuant to this section, each child with a disability shall be counted as prescribed in section 126C.05, subdivision 1.
- (b) "Essential personnel" means teachers, cultural liaisons, related services, and support services staff providing direct services to students. Essential personnel may also include special education paraprofessionals or clericals providing support to teachers and students by preparing paperwork and making arrangements related to special education compliance requirements, including parent meetings and individual education plans. Essential personnel does not include administrators and supervisors.
 - (c) "Average daily membership" has the meaning given it in section 126C.05.
 - (d) "Program growth factor" means 1.046 for fiscal year 2012 and later.
 - Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 127A.47, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Notification of resident district.** A district educating a pupil who is a resident of another district must notify the district of residence within 60 days of the date the pupil is determined by the district to be a nonresident, but not later than August 1 following the end of the school year in which the pupil is educated. If the district of residence does not receive a notification from the providing district pursuant to this subdivision, it is not liable to that district for any tuition billing received after August 1 of the next school year.

Sec. 21. APPROPRIATIONS.

Subdivision 1. **Department of Education.** The sums indicated in this section are appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years designated.

Subd. 2. Special education; regula	For special education	aid under Minnesota Statutes	s, section 125A.75:
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<u>\$734,071,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2010</u>
<u>\$781,497,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2011</u>

The 2010 appropriation includes \$71,947,000 for 2009 and \$662,124,000 for 2010.

The 2011 appropriation includes \$73,569,000 for 2010 and \$707,928,000 for 2011.

Subd. 3. Aid for children with disabilities. For aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.75, subdivision 3, for children with disabilities placed in residential facilities within the district boundaries for whom no district of residence can be determined:

\$1,717,000	<u></u>	<u>2010</u>
\$1,895,000		2011

If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available.

Subd. 4. <u>Travel for home-based services.</u> For aid for teacher travel for home-based services under Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.75, subdivision 1:

\$258,000	<u></u>	<u>2010</u>
\$282,000	<u></u>	<u>2011</u>

The 2010 appropriation includes \$24,000 for 2009 and \$234,000 for 2010.

The 2011 appropriation includes \$26,000 for 2010 and \$256,000 for 2011.

Subd. 5. Special education; excess costs. For excess cost aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.79, subdivision 7:

\$110,871,000	<u></u>	<u>2010</u>
\$110,877,000	<u></u>	<u>2011</u>

The 2010 appropriation includes \$37,046,000 for 2009 and \$73,825,000 for 2010.

The 2011 appropriation includes \$37,022,000 for 2010 and \$73,855,000 for 2011.

<u>Subd. 6.</u> <u>Court-placed special education revenue.</u> For reimbursing serving school districts for unreimbursed <u>eligible expenditures attributable to children placed in the serving school district by court action under Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.79, subdivision 4:</u>

<u>\$76,000</u> <u>2010</u>

<u>\$78,000</u> <u>2011</u>

<u>Subd. 7.</u> <u>Special education out-of-state tuition.</u> <u>For special education out-of-state tuition according to Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.79, subdivision 8:</u>

\$250,000 2010

<u>\$250,000</u> <u>2011</u>

Sec. 22. REPEALER.

- (a) Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 125A.05, is repealed.
- (b) Minnesota Rules, parts 3525.0210, subparts 34 and 43; 3525.0400; 3525.2445; and 3525.4220, are repealed.
- (c) Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 121A.66; and 121A.67, subdivision 1, are repealed effective August 1, 2011.
- (d) Minnesota Rules, parts 3525.0210, subparts 5, 6, 9, 13, 17, 29, 30, 46, and 47; 3525.1100, subpart 2, item F; and 3525.2900, subpart 5, are repealed effective August 1, 2011.

ARTICLE 4

FACILITIES AND TECHNOLOGY

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.54, is amended to read:

123B.54 DEBT SERVICE APPROPRIATION.

- (a) \$14,814,000 in fiscal year 2008, \$9,109,000 in fiscal year 2009, \$7,286,000 \$7,948,000 in fiscal year 2010, and \$6,878,000 \$9,275,000 in fiscal year 2011, \$9,574,000 in fiscal year 2012, and \$8,904,000 in fiscal year 2013 and later are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of education for payment of debt service equalization aid under section 123B.53.
- (b) The appropriations in paragraph (a) must be reduced by the amount of any money specifically appropriated for the same purpose in any year from any state fund.
 - Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.57, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Health and safety program.** (a) To receive health and safety revenue for any fiscal year a district must submit to the commissioner an application for aid and levy by the date determined by the commissioner. The application may be for hazardous substance removal, fire and life safety code repairs, labor and industry regulated facility and equipment violations, and health, safety, and environmental management, including indoor air quality management. The application must include a health and safety program adopted by the school district board. The program must include the estimated cost, per building, of the program by fiscal year. Upon

approval through the adoption of a resolution by each of an intermediate district's member school district boards and the approval of the Department of Education, a school district may include its proportionate share of the costs of health and safety projects for an intermediate district in its application.

(b) Health and safety projects with an estimated cost of \$500,000 or more per site, approved after February 1, 2003, are not eligible for health and safety revenue. Health and safety projects with an estimated cost of \$500,000 or more per site, approved after February 1, 2003, that meet all other requirements for health and safety funding, are eligible for alternative facilities bonding and levy revenue according to section 123B.59. A school board shall not separate portions of a single project into components to qualify for health and safety revenue, and shall not combine unrelated projects into a single project to qualify for alternative facilities bonding and levy revenue.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009.

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.59, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Facility plan.** (a) A district qualifying under subdivision 1, paragraph (a), must have a ten-year facility plan approved by the commissioner that includes an inventory of projects and costs that would be eligible for:
 - (1) health and safety revenue, without restriction as to project size;
 - (2) disabled access levy; and
 - (3) deferred capital expenditures and maintenance projects necessary to prevent further erosion of facilities.
- (b) A district qualifying under subdivision 1, paragraph (b), must have a five-year plan approved by the commissioner that includes an inventory of projects and costs for health and safety projects with an estimated cost of \$500,000 or more per site that would qualify for health and safety revenue except for the project size limitation in section 123B.57, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).
 - (c) The school district must:
 - (1) annually update the plans;
 - (2) biennially submit a facility maintenance plan; and
 - (3) indicate whether the district will issue bonds to finance the plan or levy for the costs.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009.

- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.59, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Bond authorization.** (a) A school district may issue general obligation bonds under this section to finance facilities plans approved by its board and the commissioner. Chapter 475, except sections 475.58 and 475.59, must be complied with. The district may levy under subdivision 5 for the debt service revenue. The authority to issue bonds under this section is in addition to any bonding authority authorized by this chapter, or other law. The amount of bonding authority authorized under this section must be disregarded in calculating the bonding or net debt limits of this chapter, or any other law other than section 475.53, subdivision 4.
- (b) At least 20 days before the earliest of solicitation of bids, the issuance of bonds, or the final certification of levies under subdivision 5, the district must publish notice of the intended projects, the amount of the bond issue, and the total amount of district indebtedness, and the commissioner's review and comment, if applicable.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009.

- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.59, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3a. **Levy authorization.** (a) A school district may levy under this section to finance the portion of facilities plans approved by its board and the commissioner that are not financed through bond issues according to subdivision 3.
- (b) At least 20 days before a final district certification of levies under subdivision 5, the district must publish notice of the intended projects, including the total estimated project cost, and the commissioner's review and comment, if applicable.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009.

- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.70, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Commissioner approval.** (a) In determining whether to give a school facility a positive, negative, or unfavorable review and comment, the commissioner must evaluate the proposals for facilities using the information provided under section 123B.71, subdivision 9.
- (b) In the case of a proposal for a new school, the local school board retains the authority to determine the minimum acreage needed to accommodate the school and related facilities. The commissioner may evaluate the proposals but must not issue a negative or unfavorable review and comment under this section for a school facility solely based on too little acreage of the proposed school site.
- (c) In the case of a proposal to renovate an existing school, the local school board retains the authority to determine whether to renovate an existing school or to build a new school regardless of the acreage of the current school site or the cost of the renovation relative to the cost of building a new school. The commissioner's evaluation of whether to replace a facility must not be solely based upon the ratio of renovation costs to replacement costs.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for review and comments issued after July 1, 2009.

- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.71, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Consultation.** A school district shall consult with the commissioner of education before developing any plans and specifications to construct, remodel, or improve the building or site of an educational facility for which the estimated cost exceeds \$250,000 \$500,000. This consultation shall occur before a referendum for bonds, solicitation for bids, or use of capital expenditure facilities revenue according to section 126C.10, subdivision 14, clause (2). The commissioner may require the district to participate in a management assistance plan before conducting a review and comment on the project.
 - Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.71, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. **Review and comment.** A school district, a special education cooperative, or a cooperative unit of government, as defined in section 123A.24, subdivision 2, must not initiate an installment contract for purchase or a lease agreement, hold a referendum for bonds, nor solicit bids for new construction, expansion, or remodeling of an educational facility that requires an expenditure in excess of \$500,000 per school site <u>if it has a capital loan outstanding</u>, or \$1,400,000 per school site <u>if it does not have a capital loan outstanding</u>, prior to review and comment by the commissioner. The commissioner may exempt a facility maintenance project funded with general education aid and levy, alternative facilities bonding and levy program, or health and safety revenue from this provision after reviewing a written request from a school district describing the scope of work. A school board shall not separate portions of a single project into components to avoid the requirements of this subdivision.

- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.71, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. **Information required.** A school board proposing to construct a facility described in subdivision 8 shall submit to the commissioner a proposal containing information including at least the following:
- (1) the geographic area and population to be served, preschool through grade 12 student enrollments for the past five years, and student enrollment projections for the next five years;
- (2) a list of existing facilities by year constructed, their uses, and an assessment of the extent to which alternate facilities are available within the school district boundaries and in adjacent school districts;
- (3) a list of the specific deficiencies of the facility that demonstrate the need for a new or renovated facility to be provided, and a list of the specific benefits that the new or renovated facility will provide to the students, teachers, and community users served by the facility;
- (4) the relationship of the project to any priorities established by the school district, educational cooperatives that provide support services, or other public bodies in the service area;
- (5) a description of the pedestrian, bicycle, and transit connections between the school and nearby residential areas that make it easier for children, teachers, and parents to get to the school by walking, bicycling, and taking transit;
- (5) (6) a specification of how the project will increase community use of the facility maximizes the opportunity for cooperative use of existing park, recreation, and other public facilities and whether and how the project will increase collaboration with other governmental or nonprofit entities;
- (6) (7) a description of the project, including the specification of site and outdoor space acreage and square footage allocations for classrooms, laboratories, and support spaces; estimated expenditures for the major portions of the project; and the dates the project will begin and be completed;
- (7) (8) a specification of the source of financing the project; the scheduled date for a bond issue or school board action; a schedule of payments, including debt service equalization aid; and the effect of a bond issue on local property taxes by the property class and valuation;
- (8) (9) an analysis of how the proposed new or remodeled facility will affect school district operational or administrative staffing costs, and how the district's operating budget will cover any increased operational or administrative staffing costs;
- (9) (10) a description of the consultation with local or state road and transportation officials on multimodal school site access and safety issues, and the ways that the project will address those issues;
- (10) (11) a description of how indoor air quality issues have been considered and a certification that the architects and engineers designing the facility will have professional liability insurance;
- (11) (12) as required under section 123B.72, for buildings coming into service after July 1, 2002, a certification that the plans and designs for the extensively renovated or new facility's heating, ventilation, and air conditioning systems will meet or exceed code standards; will provide for the monitoring of outdoor airflow and total airflow of ventilation systems; and will provide an indoor air quality filtration system that meets ASHRAE standard 52.1;
 - (12) (13) a specification of any desegregation requirements that cannot be met by any other reasonable means;

- (13) (14) a specification, if applicable, of how the facility will utilize environmentally sustainable school facility design concepts; and
- (14) (15) a description of how the architects and engineers have considered the American National Standards Institute Acoustical Performance Criteria, Design Requirements and Guidelines for Schools of the maximum background noise level and reverberation times; and
- (16) any existing information from the relevant local unit of government about the cumulative costs to provide infrastructure to serve the school, such as utilities, sewer, roads, and sidewalks.
 - Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.71, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
- Subd. 12. **Publication.** (a) At least 20 days but not more than 60 days before a referendum for bonds or solicitation of bids for a project that has received a positive or unfavorable review and comment under section 123B.70, the school board shall publish a summary of the commissioner's review and comment of that project in the legal newspaper of the district. Supplementary information shall be available to the public.
- (b) The publication requirement in paragraph (a) does not apply to alternative facilities projects approved under section 123B.59. Publication for alternative facilities projects shall be as specified in section 123B.59, subdivisions 3 and 3a.
 - Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 125B.26, is amended to read:

125B.26 TELECOMMUNICATIONS/INTERNET ACCESS EQUITY AID.

- Subdivision 1. **Costs to be submitted.** (a) A district <u>of</u> charter school, <u>or intermediate school district</u> shall submit its actual telecommunications/Internet access costs for the previous fiscal year, adjusted for any e-rate revenue received, to the department by August 15 of each year as prescribed by the commissioner. Costs eligible for reimbursement under this program are limited to the following:
- (1) ongoing or recurring telecommunications/Internet access costs associated with Internet access, data lines, and video links providing:
- (i) the equivalent of one data line, video link, or integrated data/video link that relies on a transport medium that operates at a minimum speed of 1.544 megabytes per second (T1) for each elementary school, middle school, or high school under section 120A.05, subdivisions 9, 11, and 13, including the recurring telecommunications line lease costs and ongoing Internet access service fees; or
- (ii) the equivalent of one data line or video circuit, or integrated data/video link that relies on a transport medium that operates at a minimum speed of 1.544 megabytes per second (T1) for each district, including recurring telecommunications line lease costs and ongoing Internet access service fees;
- (2) recurring costs of contractual or vendor-provided maintenance on the school district's wide area network to the point of presence at the school building up to the router, codec, or other service delivery equipment located at the point of presence termination at the school or school district;
- (3) recurring costs of cooperative, shared arrangements for regional delivery of telecommunications/Internet access between school districts, postsecondary institutions, and public libraries including network gateways, peering points, regional network infrastructure, Internet2 access, and network support, maintenance, and coordination; and
 - (4) service provider installation fees for installation of new telecommunications lines or increased bandwidth.

- (b) Costs not eligible for reimbursement under this program include:
- (1) recurring costs of school district staff providing network infrastructure support;
- (2) recurring costs associated with voice and standard telephone service;
- (3) costs associated with purchase of network hardware, telephones, computers, or other peripheral equipment needed to deliver telecommunications access to the school or school district;
 - (4) costs associated with laying fiber for telecommunications access;
 - (5) costs associated with wiring school or school district buildings;
 - (6) costs associated with purchase, installation, or purchase and installation of Internet filtering; and
- (7) costs associated with digital content, including online learning or distance learning programming, and information databases.
- Subd. 2. **E-rates.** To be eligible for aid under this section, a district of, charter school, or intermediate school district is required to file an e-rate application either separately or through its telecommunications access cluster and have a current technology plan on file with the department. Discounts received on telecommunications expenditures shall be reflected in the costs submitted to the department for aid under this section.
- Subd. 3. **Reimbursement criteria.** The commissioner shall develop criteria for approving costs submitted by organized school districts and, charter schools, and intermediate school districts under subdivision 1.
- Subd. 4. **District aid.** For fiscal year 2006 and later, a district of charter school, or intermediate school district's Internet access equity aid equals the district of charter school's school, or intermediate school district's approved cost for the previous fiscal year according to subdivision 1 exceeding \$15 times the district's adjusted marginal cost pupil units for the previous fiscal year or no reduction if the district is part of an organized telecommunications access cluster. Equity aid must be distributed to the telecommunications access cluster for districts, charter schools, or intermediate school districts that are members of the cluster or to individual districts and, charter schools, or intermediate school districts not part of a telecommunications access cluster.
- Subd. 5. **Telecommunications/Internet access services for nonpublic schools.** (a) Districts shall provide each year upon formal request by or on behalf of a nonpublic school, not including home schools, located in that district or area, ongoing or recurring telecommunications access services to the nonpublic school either through existing district providers or through separate providers.
- (b) The amount of district aid for telecommunications access services for each nonpublic school under this subdivision equals the lesser of:
- (1) 90 percent of the nonpublic school's approved cost for the previous fiscal year according to subdivision 1 exceeding \$10 for fiscal year 2006 and later times the number of weighted pupils enrolled at the nonpublic school as of October 1 of the previous school year; or
- (2) the product of the district's aid per pupil unit according to subdivision 4 times the number of weighted pupils enrolled at the nonpublic school as of October 1 of the previous school year.
- (c) For purposes of this subdivision, nonpublic school pupils shall be weighted by grade level using the weighting factors defined in section 126C.05, subdivision 1.

- (d) Each year, a district providing services under paragraph (a) may claim up to five percent of the aid determined in paragraph (b) for costs of administering this subdivision. No district may expend an amount for these telecommunications access services which exceeds the amount allocated under this subdivision. The nonpublic school is responsible for the Internet access costs not covered by this section.
- (e) At the request of a nonpublic school, districts may allocate the amount determined in paragraph (b) directly to the nonpublic school to pay for or offset the nonpublic school's costs for telecommunications access services; however, the amount allocated directly to the nonpublic school may not exceed the actual amount of the school's ongoing or recurring telecommunications access costs.
- Subd. 6. **Severability.** If any portion of this section is found by a court to be unconstitutional, the remaining portions of the section shall remain in effect.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 12. APPROPRIATIONS.

Subdivision 1. **Department of Education.** The sums indicated in this section are appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years designated.

<u>Subd. 2.</u> **Health and safety revenue.** For health and safety aid according to Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.57, subdivision 5:

\$161,000 2010 \$160,000 2011

The 2010 appropriation includes \$10,000 for 2009 and \$151,000 for 2010.

The 2011 appropriation includes \$16,000 for 2010 and \$144,000 for 2011.

<u>Subd. 3.</u> <u>**Debt service equalization.**</u> <u>For debt service aid according to Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.53, subdivision 6:</u>

\$7,948,000 2010 \$9,275,000 2011

The 2010 appropriation includes \$851,000 for 2009 and \$7,097,000 for 2010.

The 2011 appropriation includes \$788,000 for 2010 and \$8,487,000 for 2011.

Subd. 4. <u>Alternative facilities bonding aid.</u> For alternative facilities bonding aid, according to Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.59, subdivision 1:

\$19,287,000 2010 \$19,287,000 2011

The 2010 appropriation includes \$1,928,000 for 2009 and \$17,359,000 for 2010.

The 2011 appropriation includes \$1,928,000 for 2010 and \$17,359,000 for 2011.

Subd. 5. Equity in telecommunications access. For equity in telecommunications access:

<u>\$3,750,000</u> <u>2010</u>

<u>\$3,750,000</u> <u>2011</u>

If the appropriation amount is insufficient, the commissioner shall reduce the reimbursement rate in Minnesota Statutes, section 125B.26, subdivisions 4 and 5, and the revenue for fiscal years 2010 and 2011 shall be prorated.

Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

<u>Subd. 6.</u> **Deferred maintenance aid.** For deferred maintenance aid, according to Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.591, subdivision 4:

<u>\$2,302,000</u> <u>2010</u>

<u>\$2,073,000</u> <u>2011</u>

The 2010 appropriation includes \$260,000 for 2009 and \$2,042,000 for 2010.

The 2011 appropriation includes \$226,000 for 2010 and \$1,847,000 for 2011.

ARTICLE 5

LIBRARIES, NUTRITION, AND ACCOUNTING

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.10, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Budgets; form of notification.** (a) Every board must publish revenue and expenditure budgets for the current year and the actual revenues, expenditures, fund balances for the prior year and projected fund balances for the current year in a form prescribed by the commissioner within one week of the acceptance of the final audit by the board, or November 30, whichever is earlier. The forms prescribed must be designed so that year to year comparisons of revenue, expenditures and fund balances can be made.

- (b) A school board annually must notify the public of its revenue, expenditures, fund balances, and other relevant budget information. The board must include the budget information required by this section in the materials provided as a part of its truth in taxation hearing, post the materials in a conspicuous place on the district's official Web site, including a link to the district's school report card on the Department of Education's Web site, and publish a summary of the information and the address of the district's official Web site where the information can be found in a qualified newspaper of general circulation in the district.
 - Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.14, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Clerk records.** The clerk shall keep a record of all meetings of the district and the board in books provided by the district for that purpose. The clerk shall, within three days after an election, notify all persons elected of their election. By <u>August September 15</u> of each year the clerk shall file with the board a report of the revenues, expenditures and balances in each fund for the preceding fiscal year. The report together with vouchers and supporting documents shall subsequently be examined by a public accountant or the state auditor, either of whom shall be paid by the district, as provided in section 123B.77, subdivision 3. The board shall by resolution approve the report or require a further or amended report. By <u>August September 15</u> of each year, the clerk shall make and transmit to the commissioner certified reports, showing:

- (1) The condition and value of school property;
- (2) the revenues and expenditures in detail, and such other financial information required by law, rule, or as may be called for by the commissioner;
 - (3) (2) the length of school term and the enrollment and attendance by grades; and
 - (4) (3) such other items of information as may be called for by the commissioner.

The clerk shall enter in the clerk's record book copies of all reports and of the teachers' term reports, as they appear in the registers, and of the proceedings of any meeting as furnished by the clerk pro tem, and keep an itemized account of all the expenses of the district. The clerk shall furnish to the auditor of the proper county, by October 10 September 30 of each year, an attested copy of the clerk's record, showing the amount of money proposed property tax voted by the district or the board for school purposes; draw and sign all orders upon the treasurer for the payment of money for bills allowed by the board for salaries of officers and for teachers' wages and all claims, to be countersigned by the chair. Such orders must state the consideration, payee, and the fund and the clerk shall take a receipt therefor. Teachers' wages shall have preference in the order in which they become due, and no money applicable for teachers' wages shall be used for any other purpose, nor shall teachers' wages be paid from any fund except that raised or apportioned for that purpose.

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.79, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. Account transfer for certain severance pay designated separation and retirement benefits. A district may separately maintain in a reserve for certain severance pay designated for separation and retirement benefit account not more than 50 percent of the amount necessary to meet the obligations for the portion of severance pay that constitutes compensation for accumulated sick leave to be used for payment of premiums for group insurance provided for former employees by the district separation and retirement benefits, including compensated absences, termination benefits, pension benefits, and other postemployment benefits, not accounted for elsewhere. The amount necessary must be calculated according to standards established by the department.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.81, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Debt verification.** The commissioner shall establish a uniform auditing or other verification procedure for districts to determine whether a statutory operating debt exists in any Minnesota school district as of June 30, 1977. This procedure must identify all interfund transfers made during fiscal year 1977 from a fund included in computing statutory operating debt. The standards for this uniform auditing or verification procedure must be promulgated by the state board pursuant to chapter 14 commissioner. If a district applies to the commissioner for a statutory operating debt verification or if the unaudited financial statement for the school year ending June 30, 1977 reveals that a statutory operating debt might exist, the commissioner shall require a verification of the amount of the statutory operating debt which actually does exist.
 - Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.81, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Debt elimination.** If an audit or other verification procedure conducted pursuant to subdivision 3 determines that a statutory operating debt exists, a district must follow the procedures set forth in this section 123B.83 to eliminate this statutory operating debt.
 - Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.81, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Certification of debt.** The commissioner shall certify the amount of statutory operating debt for each district. Prior to June 30, 1979, the commissioner may, on the basis of corrected figures, adjust the total amount of statutory operating debt certified for any district.

- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 134.31, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4a. Services to the blind and physically handicapped people with visual and physical disabilities. The Minnesota Department of Education shall provide specialized services to the blind and physically handicapped people with visual and physical disabilities through the Minnesota Braille and Talking Book Library for the Blind and Physically Handicapped under a cooperative plan with the National Library Services for the Blind and Physically Handicapped of the Library of Congress.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 134.31, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 7. <u>Telephone or electronic meetings.</u> (a) Notwithstanding section 13D.01, the Advisory Committee for the Minnesota Braille and Talking Book Library may conduct a meeting of its members by telephone or other electronic means so long as the following conditions are met:
- (1) all members of the committee participating in the meeting, wherever their physical locations, can hear one another and can hear all discussion and testimony;
- (2) members of the public present at the regular meeting location of the committee can hear all discussion, testimony, and votes of the members of the committee;
 - (3) at least one member of the committee is physically present at the regular meeting location; and
 - (4) all votes are conducted by roll call, so each member's vote on each issue can be identified and recorded.
- (b) Each member of the committee participating in a meeting by telephone or other electronic means is considered present at the meeting for purposes of determining quorum and participating in all proceedings.
- (c) If telephone or other electronic means is used to conduct a meeting, to the extent practical, the committee shall allow a person to monitor the meeting electronically from a remote location. The committee may require the person making the connection to pay for the documented additional costs that the committee incurs as a result of the additional connection.
- (d) If telephone or other electronic means is used to conduct a regular, special, or emergency meeting, the committee shall provide notice of the regular meeting location, the fact that some members may participate by telephone or other electronic means, and the provisions of paragraph (c). The timing and method of providing notice is governed by section 13D.04.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 134.34, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Local support levels.** (a) A regional library basic system support grant shall be made to any regional public library system where there are at least three participating counties and where each participating city and county is providing for public library service support the lesser of (a) an amount equivalent to .82 percent of the average of the adjusted net tax capacity of the taxable property of that city or county, as determined by the commissioner of revenue for the second, third, and fourth year preceding that calendar year in 1991 and later years or (b) a per capita amount calculated under the provisions of this subdivision. The per capita amount is established for calendar year 1993 as \$7.62. In succeeding calendar years, the per capita amount shall be increased by a percentage equal to one-half of the percentage by which the total state adjusted net tax capacity of property as determined by the commissioner of revenue for the second year preceding that calendar year increases over that total adjusted net tax capacity for the third year preceding that calendar year.

- (b) The minimum level of support specified under this subdivision or subdivision 4 shall be certified annually to the participating cities and counties by the Department of Education. If a city or county chooses to reduce its local support in accordance with subdivision 4, paragraphs (b) or (c), it shall notify its regional public library system. The regional public library system shall notify the Department of Education that a revised certification is required. The revised minimum level of support shall be certified to the city or county by the Department of Education.
- (c) A city which is a part of a regional public library system shall not be required to provide this level of support if the property of that city is already taxable by the county for the support of that regional public library system. In no event shall the Department of Education require any city or county to provide a higher level of support than the level of support specified in this section in order for a system to qualify for a regional library basic system support grant. This section shall not be construed to prohibit a city or county from providing a higher level of support for public libraries than the level of support specified in this section.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for calendar years 2009 and later, except that the change in paragraph (a) is effective for calendar years 2011 and later.

- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 134.34, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Limitation.** (a) For calendar year 2010 and later, a regional library basic system support grant shall not be made to a regional public library system for a participating city or county which decreases the dollar amount provided for support for operating purposes of public library service below the amount provided by it for the second, or third preceding year, whichever is less. For purposes of this subdivision and subdivision 1, any funds provided under section 473.757, subdivision 2, for extending library hours of operation shall not be considered amounts provided by a city or county for support for operating purposes of public library service. This subdivision shall not apply to participating cities or counties where the adjusted net tax capacity of that city or county has decreased, if the dollar amount of the reduction in support is not greater than the dollar amount by which support would be decreased if the reduction in support were made in direct proportion to the decrease in adjusted net tax capacity.
- (b) For calendar year 2009 and later, in any calendar year in which a city's or county's aid under sections 477A.011 to 477A.014 or credits under section 273.1384 is reduced after the city or county has certified its levy payable in that year, it may reduce its local support by the lesser of:
 - (1) ten percent; or
- (2) a percent equal to the ratio of the aid and credit reductions to the city's or county's revenue base, based on aids certified for the current calendar year. For calendar year 2009 only, the reduction under this paragraph shall be based on 2008 aid and credit reductions under the December 2008 unallotment, as well as any aid and credit reductions in calendar year 2009. For pay 2009 only, the commissioner of revenue will calculate the reductions under this paragraph and certify them to the commissioner of education within 15 days of this provision becoming law.
- (c) For taxes payable in 2010 and later, in any payable year in which the total amounts certified for city or county aids under sections 477A.011 to 477A.014 are less than the total amounts paid under those sections in the previous calendar year, a city or county may reduce its local support by the lesser of:
 - (1) ten percent; or
 - (2) a percent equal to the ratio of:
- (i) the difference between (A) the sum of the aid it was paid under sections 477A.011 to 477A.014 and the credits it received under section 273.1398 in the previous calendar year and (B) the sum of the aid it is certified to be paid in the current calendar year under sections 477A.011 to 477A.014 and the credits estimated to be paid under section 273.1398; to

- (ii) its revenue base for the previous year, based on aids actually paid in the previous calendar year. The commissioner of revenue shall calculate the percent aid cut for each county and city under this paragraph and certify the percentage cuts to the commissioner of education by August 1 of the year prior to the year in which the reduced aids and credits are to be paid. The percentage of reduction related to reductions to credits under section 273.1384, shall be based on the best estimation available as of July 30.
- (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), (b), or (c), no city or county shall reduce its support for public libraries below the minimum level specified in subdivision 1.
 - (e) For purposes of this subdivision, "revenue base" means the sum of:
- (1) its levy for taxes payable in the current calendar year, including the levy on the fiscal disparities distribution under section 276A.06, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), or 473F.08, subdivision 3, paragraph (a);
 - (2) its aid under sections 477A.011 to 477A.014 in the current calendar year; and
 - (3) its taconite aid in the current calendar year under sections 298.28 and 298.282.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for support in calendar year 2009 and thereafter and for library grants paid in fiscal year 2010 and thereafter, except that the changes in paragraph (a) are effective for support in calendar year 2010 and thereafter.
 - Sec. 11. Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 2, section 46, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Capital account transfers.** Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, on June 30_{7} of 2008, 2009, and 2010, a school district may transfer money from its reserved for operating capital account to its undesignated balance in the general fund. The amount transferred by any school district must not exceed \$51 times the district's adjusted marginal cost pupil units for the second preceding fiscal year 2007. This transfer annually may occur only after the school board has adopted a written resolution stating the amount of the transfer and declaring that the school district's operating capital needs are being met.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 12. FUND TRANSFERS.

- Subdivision 1. Lac Qui Parle Valley. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sections 123B.79; 123B.80; and 475.61, subdivision 4, on June 30, 2009, Independent School District No. 2853, Lac qui Parle Valley, may permanently transfer up to \$221,000 from its debt redemption fund to its reserved for capital account without making a levy reduction.
- Subd. 2. Mankato. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.79, 123B.80, or 475.61, subdivision 4, on June 30, 2009, Independent School District No. 77, Mankato, may permanently transfer up to \$250,000 from its debt redemption fund to its undesignated general fund balance without making a levy reduction.
- Subd. 3. Ortonville. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.79, 123B.80, or 475.61, subdivision 4, on June 30, 2009, Independent School District No. 62, Ortonville, may permanently transfer up to \$200,000 from its debt redemption fund to its reserved for operating capital account without making a levy reduction.
- Subd. 4. St. Anthony-New Brighton. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.79 or 123B.80, on June 30, 2009, Independent School District No. 282, St. Anthony-New Brighton, may permanently transfer up to \$400,000 from its reserved for operating capital account to its undesignated general fund balance.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 13. APPROPRIATIONS.

Subdivision 1. Department of Educat	tion. The sums indicated	in this section are appropriately	priated from the general
fund to the Department of Education for th	ne fiscal years designated.		

Subd. 2. School lunch. For school lunch aid according to Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.111, and Code of Federal Regulations, title 7, section 210.17:

<u>\$12,688,000</u> <u>2010</u>

<u>\$13,069,000</u> <u>2011</u>

Subd. 3. School breakfast. For traditional school breakfast aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.1158:

<u>\$4,978,000</u> <u>2010</u>

<u>\$5,147,000</u> <u>2011</u>

Subd. 4. Kindergarten milk. For kindergarten milk aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.118:

<u>\$1,098,000</u> <u>....</u> <u>2010</u>

<u>\$1,120,000</u> <u>2011</u>

Subd. 5. <u>Summer school service replacement aid.</u> For summer food service replacement aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.119:

<u>\$150,000</u> <u>2010</u>

\$150,000 2011

Subd. 6. Basic system support. For basic system support grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 134.355:

\$13,570,000 <u>2010</u>

<u>\$13,570,000</u> <u>2011</u>

The 2010 appropriation includes \$1,357,000 for 2009 and \$12,213,000 for 2010.

The 2011 appropriation includes \$1,357,000 for 2010 and \$12,213,000 for 2011.

<u>Subd. 7.</u> <u>Multicounty, multitype library systems.</u> For grants under Minnesota Statutes, sections 134.353 and 134.354, to multicounty, multitype library systems:

<u>\$1,300,000</u> <u>2010</u>

\$1,300,000 2011

The 2010 appropriation includes \$130,000 for 2009 and \$1,170,000 for 2010.

The 2011 appropriation includes \$130,000 for 2010 and \$1,170,000 for 2011.

<u>Subd. 8.</u> <u>Electronic library for Minnesota.</u> For statewide licenses to online databases selected in cooperation with the Minnesota Office of Higher Education for school media centers, public libraries, state government agency libraries, and public or private college or university libraries:

\$900,000 2010 \$900,000 2011

Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

Subd. 9. Regional library telecommunications aid. For regional library telecommunications aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 134.355:

\$2,300,000 2010 \$2,300,000 2011

The 2010 appropriation includes \$230,000 for 2009 and \$2,070,000 for 2010.

The 2011 appropriation includes \$230,000 for 2010 and \$2,070,000 for 2011.

ARTICLE 6

EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION, PREVENTION, SELF-SUFFICIENCY, AND LIFELONG LEARNING

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 119A.52, is amended to read:

119A.52 DISTRIBUTION OF APPROPRIATION.

- (a) The commissioner of education must distribute money appropriated for that purpose to federally designated Head Start programs to expand services and to serve additional low-income children. Migrant and Indian reservation programs must be initially allocated money based on the programs' share of federal funds. The remaining money must be initially allocated to the remaining local agencies based equally on the agencies' share of federal funds and on the proportion of eligible children in the agencies' service area who are not currently being served. A Head Start program must be funded at a per child rate equal to its contracted, federally funded base level at the start of the fiscal year. For all agencies without a federal Early Head Start rate, the state average federal cost per child for Early Head Start applies. In allocating funds under this paragraph, the commissioner of education must assure that each Head Start program in existence in 1993 is allocated no less funding in any fiscal year than was allocated to that program in fiscal year 1993. Before paying money to the programs, the commissioner must notify each program of its initial allocation, and how the money must be used, and the number of low income children to be served with the allocation based upon the federally funded per child rate. Each program must present a plan under section 119A.535. For any program that cannot utilize its full allocation at the beginning of the fiscal year, the commissioner must reduce the allocation proportionately. Money available after the initial allocations are reduced must be redistributed to eligible programs.
- (b) The commissioner must develop procedures to make payments to programs based upon the number of children reported to be enrolled during the required time period of program operations. Enrollment is defined by federal Head Start regulations. The procedures must include a reporting schedule, corrective action plan requirements, and financial consequences to be imposed on programs that do not meet full enrollment after the period of corrective action. Programs reporting chronic underenrollment, as defined by the commissioner, will have their subsequent program year allocation reduced proportionately. Funds made available by prorating payments and allocations to programs with reported underenrollment will be made available to the extent funds exist to fully enrolled Head Start programs through a form and manner prescribed by the department.

- (c) Programs with approved innovative initiatives that target services to high-risk populations, including homeless families and families living in homeless shelters and transitional housing, are exempt from the procedures in paragraph (b). This exemption does not apply to entire programs. The exemption applies only to approved innovative initiatives that target services to high-risk populations, including homeless families and families living in homeless shelters, transitional housing, and permanent supportive housing.
 - Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.13, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
- Subd. 13. Plan and Program data submission requirements. (a) An early childhood family education program must submit a biennial plan addressing the requirements of subdivision 2 for approval by the commissioner. The plan must also describe how the program provides parenting education and ensures participation of families representative of the school district. A school district must submit the plan for approval by the commissioner in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner. One half of districts, as determined by the commissioner, must first submit a biennial plan by April 1, 2009, and the remaining districts must first submit a plan by April 1, 2010.
- (b) Districts receiving early childhood family education revenue under section 124D.135 must submit annual program data to the department by July 15 in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner.
- (c) Beginning with levies for fiscal year 2011, a school district must submit its annual program data to the department before it may certify a levy under section 124D.135. Districts selected by the commissioner to submit a biennial plan by April 1, 2009, must also have an approved plan on file with the commissioner before certifying a levy under section 124D.135 for fiscal year 2011. Beginning with levies for fiscal year 2012, all districts must submit annual program data and have an approved biennial plan on file with the commissioner before certifying a levy under section 124D.135.
 - Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.135, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Early childhood family education levy.** (a) By September 30 of each year, the commissioner shall establish a tax rate for early childhood family education revenue that raises \$22,135,000 in each fiscal year. If the amount of the early childhood family education levy would exceed the early childhood family education revenue, the early childhood family education levy must equal the early childhood family education revenue. Beginning with levies for fiscal year 2011, A district may not certify an early childhood family education levy unless it has met the annual program data reporting and biennial plan requirements under section 124D.13, subdivision 13.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), for fiscal year 2009 only, the commissioner shall establish a tax rate for early education revenue that raises \$13,565,000.

Sec. 4. [124D.142] QUALITY RATING AND IMPROVEMENT SYSTEM.

- (a) There is established a quality rating and improvement system (QRIS) framework to ensure that Minnesota's children have access to high-quality early learning and care programs in a range of settings so that they are fully ready for kindergarten by 2020. Creation of a standards-based voluntary quality rating and improvement system includes:
- (1) quality opportunities in order to improve the educational outcomes of children so that they are ready for school. The framework shall be based on the Minnesota quality rating system rating tool and a common set of child outcome and program standards and informed by evaluation results:
- (2) a tool to increase the number of publicly funded and regulated early learning and care services in both public and private market programs that are high quality. If a program or provider chooses to participate, the program or provider will be rated and may receive public funding associated with the rating. The state shall develop a plan to link future early learning and care state funding to the framework in a manner that complies with federal requirements; and

- (3) tracking progress toward statewide access to high-quality early learning and care programs, progress toward the number of low-income children whose parents can access quality programs, and progress toward increasing the number of children who are fully prepared to enter kindergarten.
- (b) In planning a statewide quality rating and improvement system framework in paragraph (a), the state shall use evaluation results of the Minnesota quality rating system rating tool in use in fiscal year 2008 to recommend:
- (1) a framework of a common set of child outcome and program standards for a voluntary statewide quality rating and improvement system;
 - (2) a plan to link future funding to the framework described in paragraph (a), clause (2); and
- (3) a plan for how the state will realign existing state and federal administrative resources to implement the voluntary quality rating and improvement system framework. The state shall provide the recommendation in this paragraph to the early childhood education finance committees of the legislature by March 15, 2011.
- (c) Prior to the creation of a statewide quality rating and improvement system in paragraph (a), the state shall employ the Minnesota quality rating system rating tool in use in fiscal year 2008 in the original Minnesota Early Learning Foundation pilot areas and additional pilot areas supported by private or public funds with its modification as a result of the evaluation results of the pilot project.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009.

- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.15, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Program requirements.** A school readiness program provider must:
- (1) assess each child's cognitive skills <u>with a comprehensive child assessment instrument</u> when the child enters and again before the child leaves the program to inform program planning <u>and parents</u> and promote kindergarten readiness:
- (2) provide comprehensive program content <u>and intentional instructional practice aligned with the state early childhood learning guidelines and kindergarten standards and based on early childhood research and professional practice that is focused on children's cognitive, <u>social</u>, <u>emotional</u>, <u>and physical</u> skills and development and prepares children for the transition to kindergarten, including early literacy skills;</u>
 - (3) coordinate appropriate kindergarten transition with parents and kindergarten teachers;
 - (3) (4) arrange for early childhood screening and appropriate referral;
 - (4) (5) involve parents in program planning and decision making;
 - (5) (6) coordinate with relevant community-based services; and
 - (6) (7) cooperate with adult basic education programs and other adult literacy programs.
- (8) ensure staff-child ratios of one-to-ten and maximum group size of 20 children with the first staff required to be a teacher; and
 - (9) have teachers knowledgeable in early childhood curriculum content, assessment, and instruction.

- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.19, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
- Subd. 10. **Youth service programs.** (a) A school board may offer, as part of a community education program with a youth development program, a youth service program that provides young people with meaningful opportunities to become involved in their community, develop individual capabilities, make career connections, seek support networks and services, become active citizens, and address community needs through youth service. The board may award up to one credit, or the equivalent, toward graduation for a pupil who completes the youth service requirements of the district. The community education advisory council, after considering the results of the commissioner's study under section 124D.50, subdivision 1, must design the program in cooperation with the district planning, evaluating and reporting committee and local organizations that train volunteers or need volunteers' services.
 - (b) Programs must include:
- (1) preliminary training for pupil volunteers conducted, when possible, by organizations experienced in such training;
 - (2) supervision of the pupil volunteers to ensure appropriate placement and adequate learning opportunity;
- (3) sufficient opportunity, in a positive setting for human development, for pupil volunteers to develop general skills in preparation for employment, to enhance self-esteem and self-worth, and to give genuine service to their community;
 - (4) integration of academic learning with the service experience; and
 - (5) integration of youth community service with elementary and secondary curriculum.
 - (c) Youth service projects include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - (1) human services for the elderly, including home care and related services;
 - (2) tutoring and mentoring;
 - (3) training for and providing emergency services;
 - (4) services at extended day programs;
 - (5) environmental services; and
- (6) service-learning programs in which schools, including postsecondary schools, and employers work together with young people to provide them with meaningful opportunities for community service and with the academic and technical skills that employers require.
- (d) The commissioner shall maintain a list of acceptable projects with a description of each project. A project that is not on the list must be approved by the commissioner.
- (e) A youth service project must have a community sponsor that may be a governmental unit or nonprofit organization. To assure that pupils provide additional services, each sponsor must assure that pupil services do not displace employees or reduce the workload of any employee.

- (f) (e) The commissioner shall assist districts in planning youth service programs, implementing programs, and developing recommendations for obtaining community sponsors.
 - Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.19, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
- Subd. 14. **Community education; annual report.** Each district offering a community education program under this section must annually report to the department information regarding the cost per participant and cost per contact hour for each community education program, including youth after-school enrichment programs, that receives aid or levy. The department must include cost per participant and cost per contact hour information by program in the community education annual report.
 - Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 124D.522, is amended to read:

124D.522 ADULT BASIC EDUCATION SUPPLEMENTAL SERVICE GRANTS.

- (a) The commissioner, in consultation with the policy review task force under section 124D.521, may make grants to nonprofit organizations to provide services that are not offered by a district adult basic education program or that are supplemental to either the statewide adult basic education program, or a district's adult basic education program. The commissioner may make grants for: staff development for adult basic education teachers and administrators; training for volunteer tutors; training, services, and materials for serving disabled students through adult basic education programs; statewide promotion of adult basic education services and programs; development and dissemination of instructional and administrative technology for adult basic education programs; programs which primarily serve communities of color; adult basic education distance learning projects, including television instruction programs; and other supplemental services to support the mission of adult basic education and innovative delivery of adult basic education services.
- (b) The commissioner must establish eligibility criteria and grant application procedures. Grants under this section must support services throughout the state, focus on educational results for adult learners, and promote outcome-based achievement through adult basic education programs. Beginning in fiscal year 2002, the commissioner may make grants under this section from the state total adult basic education aid set aside for supplemental service grants under section 124D.531. Up to one-fourth of the appropriation for supplemental service grants must be used for grants for adult basic education programs to encourage and support innovations in adult basic education instruction and service delivery. A grant to a single organization cannot exceed \$100,000 20 percent of the total supplemental services aid. Nothing in this section prevents an approved adult basic education program from using state or federal aid to purchase supplemental services.
 - Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 299A.297, is amended to read:

299A.297 OTHER DUTIES.

The commissioner of public safety, in consultation with the Chemical Abuse and Violence Prevention Council, shall:

- (1) provide information and assistance upon request to school preassessment teams established under section 121A.26 and school and community advisory teams established under section 121A.27;
- (2) provide information and assistance upon request to the State Board of Pharmacy with respect to the board's enforcement of chapter 152;
- (3) cooperate with and provide information and assistance upon request to the Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Section in the Department of Human Services;

- (4) coordinate the policy of the office with that of the Narcotic Enforcement Unit in the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension; and
- (5) coordinate the activities of the regional drug task forces, provide assistance and information to them upon request, and assist in the formation of task forces in areas of the state in which no task force operates.

Sec. 10. EARLY LEARNING STUDY.

The Department of Human Services, in conjunction with the Department of Education, shall develop a study to:

- (1) determine how to effectively transition basic sliding fee child care, MFIP child care, and child care development grants from the Department of Human Services to the Department of Education; and
 - (2) determine how to create an early learning system with one common set of standards.

The Department of Human Services and Department of Education must report the results of this study by February 15, 2010, to the legislative committees having jurisdiction over health and human services, early education, and K-12 education.

Sec. 11. APPROPRIATIONS.

<u>Subdivision 1.</u> **Department of Education.** The sums indicated in this section are appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years designated.

<u>Subd. 2.</u> <u>School readiness.</u> <u>For revenue for school readiness programs under Minnesota Statutes, sections 124D.15 and 124D.16:</u>

<u>\$10,095,000</u> <u>2010</u>

\$10,095,000 2011

The 2010 appropriation includes \$1,009,000 for 2009 and \$9,086,000 for 2010.

The 2011 appropriation includes \$1,009,000 for 2010 and \$9,086,000 for 2011.

<u>Subd. 3.</u> <u>Early childhood family education aid.</u> <u>For early childhood family education aid under Minnesota</u> Statutes, section 124D.135:

<u>\$22,955,000</u> <u>2010</u>

\$22,547,000 2011

The 2010 appropriation includes \$3,020,000 for 2009 and \$19,935,000 for 2010.

The 2011 appropriation includes \$2,214,000 for 2010 and \$20,333,000 for 2011.

Subd. 4. **Health and developmental screening aid.** For health and developmental screening aid under Minnesota Statutes, sections 121A.17 and 121A.19:

<u>\$3,694,000</u> <u>....</u> <u>2010</u>

<u>\$3,800,000</u> <u>2011</u>

The 20	The 2010 appropriation includes \$367,000 for 2009 and \$3,327,000 for 2010.				
The 20	11 appropriation includes \$369,000 for	2010 and \$3,431,000 f	<u>for 2011.</u>		
Subd. 5	5. Head Start program. For Head Star	t programs under Min	nesota Statutes, section 119	A.52:	
	\$20,100,000	<u></u>	<u>2010</u>		
	<u>\$20,100,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2011</u>		
Any ba	lance in the first year does not cancel bu	ut is available in the se	cond year.		
	6. Educate parents partnership. For	the educate parents pa	artnership under Minnesota	Statutes, section	
124D.129:					
	<u>\$50,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2010</u>		
	<u>\$50,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2011</u>		
Any ba	lance in the first year does not cancel bu	ıt is available in the se	cond year.		
	7. Kindergarten entrance assessmen				
entrance a	ssessment initiative and intervention pro	gram under Minnesota	Statutes, section 124D.162	<u>):</u>	
	<u>\$287,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2010</u>		
	<u>\$287,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2011</u>		
Any ba	lance in the first year does not cancel bu	ut is available in the se	cond year.		
Subd. 8	B. Community education aid. For com	nmunity education aid	under Minnesota Statutes, s	section 124D.20:	
	<u>\$585,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2010</u>		
	<u>\$467,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2011</u>		
The 2010 appropriation includes \$73,000 for 2009 and \$512,000 for 2010.					
The 2011 appropriation included \$56,000 for 2010 and \$411,000 for 2011.					
Subd. 9. Adults with disabilities program aid. For adults with disabilities programs under Minnesota Statutes,					
<u>section 124D.56:</u>					
	<u>\$710,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2010</u>		
	<u>\$710,000</u>	<u></u>	<u>2011</u>		
The 2010 appropriation includes \$71,000 for 2009 and \$639,000 for 2010.					
The 20	The 2011 appropriation includes \$71,000 for 2010 and \$639,000 for 2011.				

Subd. 10. Hearing-impaired adults.	For programs	for he	earing-impaired	adults	under	Minnesota	Statutes,
section 124D.57:							

<u>\$70,000</u> <u>....</u> <u>2010</u>

\$70,000 2011

Subd. 11. School-age care revenue. For extended day aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.22:

<u>\$1,000</u> <u>2010</u>

<u>\$1,000</u> <u>2011</u>

The 2010 appropriation includes \$0 for 2009 and \$1,000 for 2010.

The 2011 appropriation includes \$0 for 2010 and \$1,000 for 2011.

Subd. 12. Adult basic education aid. For adult basic education aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.531:

<u>\$42,975,000</u> <u>2010</u>

<u>\$44,258,000</u> <u>2011</u>

The 2010 appropriation includes \$4,187,000 for 2009 and \$38,788,000 for 2010.

The 2011 appropriation includes \$4,309,000 for 2010 and \$39,949,000 for 2011.

Subd. 13. **GED tests.** For payment of 60 percent of the costs of GED tests under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.55:

\$125,000 <u>....</u> 2010

\$125,000 <u>....</u> 2011

Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

Sec. 12. REPEALER.

Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 121A.27, is repealed.

ARTICLE 7

STATE AGENCIES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 125A.62, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. **Grants** and gifts. The board, through the chief administrators of the academies, may apply for all competitive grants administered by agencies of the state and other government or nongovernment sources. Application may not be made for grants over which the board has discretion. Any funds received under this subdivision are appropriated and dedicated for the purpose for which they are granted. The board must annually by February 1 report to the education policy and finance committees of the legislature the amount of money it received under this subdivision and the purpose for which it was granted.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 127A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 5. Grants and gifts. The commissioner may apply for and receive grants and gifts administered by agencies of the state and other government or nongovernment sources. Any money received is hereby appropriated and dedicated for the purpose for which it is granted.

The commissioner must annually report to the education policy and finance committees of the legislature by February 15 a list of all grants and gifts received and applied for under this subdivision.

Sec. 3. APPROPRIATIONS.

<u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>Department of Education.</u> <u>Unless otherwise indicated, the sums indicated in this section are appropriated from the general fund to the Department of Education for the fiscal years designated.</u>

Subd. 2. **Department.** (a) For the Department of Education:

\$20,943,000	<u></u>	<u>2010</u>
\$20,943,000		2011

Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

- (b) \$260,000 each year is for the Minnesota Children's Museum.
- (c) \$41,000 each year is for the Minnesota Academy of Science.
- (d) \$632,000 each year is for the Board of Teaching. Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.
- (e) \$171,000 each year is for the Board of School Administrators. Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.
- (f) \$40,000 each year is for an early hearing loss intervention coordinator under Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.63, subdivision 5. If the department expends federal funds to employ a hearing loss coordinator under Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.63, subdivision 5, then the appropriation under this paragraph is reallocated for purposes of employing a world languages coordinator.
 - (g) \$50,000 each year is for the Duluth Children's Museum.
- (h) None of the amounts appropriated under this subdivision may be used for Minnesota's Washington, D.C., office.
- (i) The expenditures of federal grants and aids as shown in the biennial budget document and its supplements are approved and appropriated and shall be spent as indicated. The commissioner must provide, to the K-12 Education Finance Division in the house of representatives and the E-12 Budget Division in the senate, details about the distribution of state incentive grants, education technology state grants, teacher incentive funds, and statewide data system funds as outlined in the supplemental federal funds submission dated March 25, 2009.

Subd. 3. Board of Teaching; licensure by portfolio. For the Board of Teaching for licensure by portfolio:

\$30,000	<u></u>	<u>2010</u>
\$30.000		2011

This appropriation is from the education licensure portfolio account of the special revenue fund.

Sec. 4. APPROPRIATIONS; MINNESOTA STATE ACADEMIES.

The sums indicated in this section are appropriated from the general fund to the Minnesota State Academies for the Deaf and the Blind for the fiscal years designated:

<u>\$11,912,000</u> <u>.....</u> <u>2010</u>

\$11,912,000 <u>2011</u>

Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

Sec. 5. APPROPRIATIONS; PERPICH CENTER FOR ARTS EDUCATION.

The sums indicated in this section are appropriated from the general fund to the Perpich Center for Arts Education for the fiscal years designated:

<u>\$7,087,000</u> <u>2010</u>

<u>\$7,087,000</u> <u>2011</u>

Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

ARTICLE 8

PUPIL TRANSPORTATION

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 123B.92, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For purposes of this section and section 125A.76, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings given to them.

- (a) "Actual expenditure per pupil transported in the regular and excess transportation categories" means the quotient obtained by dividing:
 - (1) the sum of:
- (i) all expenditures for transportation in the regular category, as defined in paragraph (b), clause (1), and the excess category, as defined in paragraph (b), clause (2), plus
- (ii) an amount equal to one year's depreciation on the district's school bus fleet and mobile units computed on a straight line basis at the rate of 15 percent per year for districts operating a program under section 124D.128 for grades 1 to 12 for all students in the district and 12-1/2 percent per year for other districts of the cost of the fleet, plus
- (iii) an amount equal to one year's depreciation on the district's type three school buses III vehicles, as defined in section 169.011, subdivision 71, elause (5), which must be used a majority of the time for pupil transportation purposes, computed on a straight line basis at the rate of 20 percent per year of the cost of the type three school buses by:
- (2) the number of pupils eligible for transportation in the regular category, as defined in paragraph (b), clause (1), and the excess category, as defined in paragraph (b), clause (2).

- (b) "Transportation category" means a category of transportation service provided to pupils as follows:
- (1) Regular transportation is:
- (i) transportation to and from school during the regular school year for resident elementary pupils residing one mile or more from the public or nonpublic school they attend, and resident secondary pupils residing two miles or more from the public or nonpublic school they attend, excluding desegregation transportation and noon kindergarten transportation; but with respect to transportation of pupils to and from nonpublic schools, only to the extent permitted by sections 123B.84 to 123B.87:
 - (ii) transportation of resident pupils to and from language immersion programs;
- (iii) transportation of a pupil who is a custodial parent and that pupil's child between the pupil's home and the child care provider and between the provider and the school, if the home and provider are within the attendance area of the school;
- (iv) transportation to and from or board and lodging in another district, of resident pupils of a district without a secondary school; and
- (v) transportation to and from school during the regular school year required under subdivision 3 for nonresident elementary pupils when the distance from the attendance area border to the public school is one mile or more, and for nonresident secondary pupils when the distance from the attendance area border to the public school is two miles or more, excluding desegregation transportation and noon kindergarten transportation.

For the purposes of this paragraph, a district may designate a licensed day care facility, school day care facility, respite care facility, the residence of a relative, or the residence of a person chosen by the pupil's parent or guardian as the home of a pupil for part or all of the day, if requested by the pupil's parent or guardian, and if that facility or residence is within the attendance area of the school the pupil attends.

- (2) Excess transportation is:
- (i) transportation to and from school during the regular school year for resident secondary pupils residing at least one mile but less than two miles from the public or nonpublic school they attend, and transportation to and from school for resident pupils residing less than one mile from school who are transported because of extraordinary traffic, drug, or crime hazards; and
- (ii) transportation to and from school during the regular school year required under subdivision 3 for nonresident secondary pupils when the distance from the attendance area border to the school is at least one mile but less than two miles from the public school they attend, and for nonresident pupils when the distance from the attendance area border to the school is less than one mile from the school and who are transported because of extraordinary traffic, drug, or crime hazards.
- (3) Desegregation transportation is transportation within and outside of the district during the regular school year of pupils to and from schools located outside their normal attendance areas under a plan for desegregation mandated by the commissioner or under court order.
 - (4) "Transportation services for pupils with disabilities" is:
- (i) transportation of pupils with disabilities who cannot be transported on a regular school bus between home or a respite care facility and school;

- (ii) necessary transportation of pupils with disabilities from home or from school to other buildings, including centers such as developmental achievement centers, hospitals, and treatment centers where special instruction or services required by sections 125A.03 to 125A.24, 125A.26 to 125A.48, and 125A.65 are provided, within or outside the district where services are provided;
- (iii) necessary transportation for resident pupils with disabilities required by sections 125A.12, and 125A.26 to 125A.48;
 - (iv) board and lodging for pupils with disabilities in a district maintaining special classes;
- (v) transportation from one educational facility to another within the district for resident pupils enrolled on a shared-time basis in educational programs, and necessary transportation required by sections 125A.18, and 125A.26 to 125A.48, for resident pupils with disabilities who are provided special instruction and services on a shared-time basis or if resident pupils are not transported, the costs of necessary travel between public and private schools or neutral instructional sites by essential personnel employed by the district's program for children with a disability;
- (vi) transportation for resident pupils with disabilities to and from board and lodging facilities when the pupil is boarded and lodged for educational purposes; and
- (vii) services described in clauses (i) to (vi), when provided for pupils with disabilities in conjunction with a summer instructional program that relates to the pupil's individual education plan or in conjunction with a learning year program established under section 124D.128.

For purposes of computing special education initial aid under section 125A.76, subdivision 2, the cost of providing transportation for children with disabilities includes (A) the additional cost of transporting a homeless student from a temporary nonshelter home in another district to the school of origin, or a formerly homeless student from a permanent home in another district to the school of origin but only through the end of the academic year; and (B) depreciation on district-owned school buses purchased after July 1, 2005, and used primarily for transportation of pupils with disabilities, calculated according to paragraph (a), clauses (ii) and (iii). Depreciation costs included in the disabled transportation category must be excluded in calculating the actual expenditure per pupil transported in the regular and excess transportation categories according to paragraph (a).

- (5) "Nonpublic nonregular transportation" is:
- (i) transportation from one educational facility to another within the district for resident pupils enrolled on a shared-time basis in educational programs, excluding transportation for nonpublic pupils with disabilities under clause (4);
- (ii) transportation within district boundaries between a nonpublic school and a public school or a neutral site for nonpublic school pupils who are provided pupil support services pursuant to section 123B.44; and
- (iii) late transportation home from school or between schools within a district for nonpublic school pupils involved in after-school activities.
- (c) "Mobile unit" means a vehicle or trailer designed to provide facilities for educational programs and services, including diagnostic testing, guidance and counseling services, and health services. A mobile unit located off nonpublic school premises is a neutral site as defined in section 123B.41, subdivision 13.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2010.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 169.011, subdivision 71, is amended to read:
- Subd. 71. **School bus.** (a) "School bus" means a motor vehicle used to transport pupils to or from a school defined in section 120A.22, or to or from school-related activities, by the school or a school district, or by someone under an agreement with the school or a school district. A school bus does not include a motor vehicle transporting children to or from school for which parents or guardians receive direct compensation from a school district, a motor coach operating under charter carrier authority, a transit bus providing services as defined in section 174.22, subdivision 7, a multifunction school activity bus as defined by federal motor vehicle safety standards, or a vehicle otherwise qualifying as a type III vehicle under paragraph (5) clause (6), when the vehicle is properly registered and insured and being driven by an employee or agent of a school district for nonscheduled or nonregular transportation.
- (b) A school bus may be type A, type B, type C, or type D, <u>multifunction school activity bus</u>, or type III as follows: provided in paragraphs (c) to (h).
- (1) (c) A "type A school bus" is a van conversion or bus constructed utilizing a cutaway front section vehicle with a left-side driver's door. The entrance door is behind the front wheels. This definition includes two classifications: type A-I, with a gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR) less than or equal to 10,000 14,500 pounds; and type A-II, with a GVWR greater than 10,000 14,500 pounds and less than or equal to 21,500 pounds.
- (2) (d) A "type B school bus" is constructed utilizing a stripped chassis. The entrance door is behind the front wheels. This definition includes two classifications: type B-I, with a GVWR less than or equal to 10,000 pounds; and type B-II, with a GVWR greater than 10,000 pounds.
- (3) (e) A "type C school bus" is constructed utilizing a chassis with a hood and front fender assembly. The entrance door is behind the front wheels. A "type C school bus" also includes a cutaway truck chassis or truck chassis with cab, with or without a left side door, and with a GVWR greater than 21,500 pounds.
- (4) (f) A "type D school bus" is constructed utilizing a stripped chassis. The entrance door is ahead of the front wheels.
- (5) (g) A "multifunction school activity bus" is a school bus that meets the definition of a multifunction school activity bus in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 571.3. A vehicle that meets the definition of a type III vehicle is not a multifunction school activity bus.
- (h) A "Type III vehicles are vehicle" is restricted to passenger cars, station wagons, vans, and buses having a maximum manufacturer's rated seating capacity of ten or fewer people, including the driver, and a gross vehicle weight rating of 10,000 pounds or less. In this subdivision, "gross vehicle weight rating" means the value specified by the manufacturer as the loaded weight of a single vehicle.—A "type III vehicle" must not be outwardly equipped and identified as a type A, B, C, or D school bus or type A, B, C, or D Head Start bus. A van or bus converted to a seating capacity of ten or fewer and placed in service on or after August 1, 1999, must have been originally manufactured to comply with the passenger safety standards.
- (i) In this subdivision, "gross vehicle weight rating" means the value specified by the manufacturer as the loaded weight of a single vehicle.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009.

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 169.443, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. **Personal cellular phone call prohibition.** (a) As used in this subdivision, "school bus" has the meaning given in section 169.011, subdivision 71. In addition, the term includes type III vehicles as described defined in section 169.011, subdivision 71, elause (5), when driven by employees or agents of school districts.

- (b) A school bus driver may not operate a school bus while communicating over, or otherwise operating, a cellular phone for personal reasons, whether handheld or hands free, when the vehicle is in motion.
 - Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 169.4501, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **National standards adopted.** Except as provided in sections 169.4502 and 169.4503, the construction, design, equipment, and color of types A, B, C, D and multifunctional school buses and multifunction school activity bus school buses used for the transportation of school children shall meet the requirements of the "bus chassis standards" and "bus body standards" in the 2005 edition of the "National School Transportation Specifications and Procedures" adopted by the National Congress on School Transportation. Except as provided in section 169.4504, the construction, design, and equipment of types A, B, C, D and multifunctional school buses and multifunction school activity bus school buses used for the transportation of students with disabilities also shall meet the requirements of the "specially equipped school bus standards" in the 2005 National School Transportation Specifications and Procedures. The "bus chassis standards," "bus body standards," and "specially equipped school bus standards," and "specially equipped school bu
 - Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 169.4503, subdivision 20, is amended to read:
- Subd. 20. **Seat and crash barriers.** (a) All restraining barriers and passenger seats shall be covered with a material that has fire retardant or fire block characteristics.
- (b) All seats must have a minimum cushion depth of 15 inches and a seat back height of at least 20 inches above the seating reference point, and beginning October 21, 2009, must also conform to the Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 571.222.
 - Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 169.4503, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 27. <u>Tailpipe.</u> (a) The tailpipe must not extend more than two inches beyond the perimeter of the body for a side-exit pipe or beyond the bumper for a rear-exit pipe.
- (b) The tailpipe must exit either in the rear of the vehicle or to the left side of the bus in front of or behind the rear drive axle. The tailpipe exit location on all type A-I or B-I buses must be in accordance with the manufacturer's standards. The tailpipe must not exit beneath any fuel filler location or beneath any emergency door.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies retroactive to December 31, 2007, through January 1, 2012.
 - Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 169.454, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
- Subd. 13. **Exemption.** When a vehicle otherwise qualifying as a type III vehicle under section 169.011, subdivision 71, elause (5), whether owned and operated by a school district or privately owned and operated, is used to transport school children in a nonscheduled situation, it shall be exempt from the vehicle requirements of this section and the licensing requirements of section 171.321, if the vehicle is properly registered and insured and operated by an employee or agent of a school district with a valid driver's license.
 - Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 169A.03, subdivision 23, is amended to read:
- Subd. 23. **School bus.** "School bus" has the meaning given in section 169.011, subdivision 71. In addition, the term includes type III vehicles as <u>described defined</u> in section 169.011, subdivision 71, <u>clause (5)</u>, when driven by employees or agents of school districts.

- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 171.01, subdivision 22, is amended to read:
- Subd. 22. **Commercial motor vehicle.** "Commercial motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle or combination of motor vehicles used to transport passengers or property if the motor vehicle:
 - (1) has a gross vehicle weight of more than 26,000 pounds;
- (2) has a towed unit with a gross vehicle weight of more than 10,000 pounds and the combination of vehicles has a combined gross vehicle weight of more than 26,000 pounds;
 - (3) is a bus:
- (4) is of any size and is used in the transportation of hazardous materials that are required to be placarded under Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, parts 100-185; or
- (5) is outwardly equipped and identified as a school bus, except for type III vehicles defined in section 169.011, subdivision 71, clause (5).
 - Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 171.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Driver's license classifications, endorsements, exemptions.** (a) Drivers' licenses are classified according to the types of vehicles that may be driven by the holder of each type or class of license. The commissioner may, as appropriate, subdivide the classes listed in this subdivision and issue licenses classified accordingly.
- (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), clauses (1) and (2), and subdivision 2a, no class of license is valid to operate a motorcycle, school bus, tank vehicle, double-trailer or triple-trailer combination, vehicle transporting hazardous materials, or bus, unless so endorsed. There are four general classes of licenses as described in paragraphs (c) through (f).
 - (c) Class D drivers' licenses are valid for:
 - (1) operating all farm trucks if the farm truck is:
- (i) controlled and operated by a farmer, including operation by an immediate family member or an employee of the farmer:
- (ii) used to transport agricultural products, farm machinery, or farm supplies, including hazardous materials, to or from a farm;
- (iii) not used in the operations of a common or contract motor carrier as governed by Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, part 365; and
 - (iv) used within 150 miles of the farm;
- (2) notwithstanding paragraph (b), operating an authorized emergency vehicle, as defined in section 169.011, subdivision 3, whether or not in excess of 26,000 pounds gross vehicle weight;
- (3) operating a recreational vehicle as defined in section 168.002, subdivision 27, that is operated for personal use;

- (4) operating all single-unit vehicles except vehicles with a gross vehicle weight of more than 26,000 pounds, vehicles designed to carry more than 15 passengers including the driver, and vehicles that carry hazardous materials;
- (5) notwithstanding paragraph (d), operating a type A school bus or a <u>multifunctional multifunction</u> school activity bus without a school bus endorsement if:
 - (i) the bus has a gross vehicle weight of 10,000 pounds or less;
 - (ii) the bus is designed to transport 15 or fewer passengers, including the driver; and
 - (iii) the requirements of subdivision 2a are satisfied, as determined by the commissioner;
- (6) operating any vehicle or combination of vehicles when operated by a licensed peace officer while on duty; and
 - (7) towing vehicles if:
 - (i) the towed vehicles have a gross vehicle weight of 10,000 pounds or less; or
- (ii) the towed vehicles have a gross vehicle weight of more than 10,000 pounds and the combination of vehicles has a gross vehicle weight of 26,000 pounds or less.
 - (d) Class C drivers' licenses are valid for:
 - (1) operating class D motor vehicles;
 - (2) with a hazardous materials endorsement, operating class D vehicles to transport hazardous materials;
 - (3) with a passenger endorsement, operating buses; and
 - (4) with a passenger endorsement and school bus endorsement, operating school buses.
 - (e) Class B drivers' licenses are valid for:
- (1) operating all class C motor vehicles, class D motor vehicles, and all other single-unit motor vehicles including, with a passenger endorsement, buses; and
 - (2) towing only vehicles with a gross vehicle weight of 10,000 pounds or less.
 - (f) Class A drivers' licenses are valid for operating any vehicle or combination of vehicles.
 - Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 171.02, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2a. **Exception for certain school bus drivers.** Notwithstanding subdivision 2, paragraph (e) (b), the holder of a class D driver's license, without a school bus endorsement, may operate a type A school bus described in subdivision 2, paragraph (b), or a multifunction school activity bus under the following conditions:
- (a) The operator is an employee of the entity that owns, leases, or contracts for the school bus and is not solely hired to provide transportation services under this subdivision.

- (b) The operator drives the school bus only from points of origin to points of destination, not including home-to-school trips to pick up or drop off students.
 - (c) The operator is prohibited from using the eight-light system. Violation of this paragraph is a misdemeanor.
- (d) The operator's employer has adopted and implemented a policy that provides for annual training and certification of the operator in:
 - (1) safe operation of the type of school bus the operator will be driving;
 - (2) understanding student behavior, including issues relating to students with disabilities;
 - (3) encouraging orderly conduct of students on the bus and handling incidents of misconduct appropriately;
 - (4) knowing and understanding relevant laws, rules of the road, and local school bus safety policies;
 - (5) handling emergency situations; and
 - (6) safe loading and unloading of students.
- (e) A background check or background investigation of the operator has been conducted that meets the requirements under section 122A.18, subdivision 8, or 123B.03 for teachers; section 144.057 or chapter 245C for day care employees; or section 171.321, subdivision 3, for all other persons operating a type A school bus under this subdivision.
 - (f) Operators shall submit to a physical examination as required by section 171.321, subdivision 2.
- (g) The operator's driver's license is verified annually by the entity that owns, leases, or contracts for the school bus.
- (h) A person who sustains a conviction, as defined under section 609.02, of violating section 169A.25, 169A.26, 169A.27, 169A.31, 169A.51, or 169A.52, or a similar statute or ordinance of another state is precluded from operating a school bus for five years from the date of conviction.
- (i) A person who has ever been convicted of a disqualifying offense as defined in section 171.3215, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), may not operate a school bus under this subdivision.
- (j) A person who sustains a conviction, as defined under section 609.02, of a fourth moving offense in violation of chapter 169 is precluded from operating a school bus for one year from the date of the last conviction.
 - (k) Students riding the school bus must have training required under section 123B.90, subdivision 2.
- (l) An operator must be trained in the proper use of child safety restraints as set forth in the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration's "Guideline for the Safe Transportation of Pre-school Age Children in School Buses," if child safety restraints are used by the passengers.
- (m) Annual certification of the requirements listed in this subdivision must be maintained under separate file at the business location for each operator licensed under this subdivision and subdivision 2, paragraph (b), clause (5). The business manager, school board, governing body of a nonpublic school, or any other entity that owns, leases, or contracts for the school bus operating under this subdivision is responsible for maintaining these files for inspection.

- (n) The school bus must bear a current certificate of inspection issued under section 169.451.
- (o) <u>If</u> the word "School" <u>appears</u> on the front and rear of the bus, the word "School" must be covered by a sign that reads "Activities" when the bus is being operated under authority of this subdivision.
- (p) The type A-I school bus or multifunction school activity bus is designed to transport 15 or fewer passengers, including the driver.
- (q) The school bus or multifunction school activity bus has a gross vehicle weight rating of 14,500 pounds or less.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2010.

- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 171.321, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Endorsement.** No person shall drive a school bus when transporting school children to or from school or upon a school-related trip or activity without having a valid class A, class B, or class C driver's license with a school bus endorsement except that a person possessing a valid driver's license but not a school bus endorsement may drive a type III vehicle or a school bus, subject to the requirements of section 171.02, subdivisions 2, 2a, and 2b.
 - Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 171.321, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Training.** (a) No person shall drive a class A, B, C, or D school bus when transporting school children to or from school or upon a school-related trip or activity without having demonstrated sufficient skills and knowledge to transport students in a safe and legal manner.
- (b) A bus driver must have training or experience that allows the driver to meet at least the following competencies:
 - (1) safely operate the type of school bus the driver will be driving;
 - (2) understand student behavior, including issues relating to students with disabilities;
 - (3) encourage orderly conduct of students on the bus and handle incidents of misconduct appropriately;
 - (4) know and understand relevant laws, rules of the road, and local school bus safety policies;
 - (5) handle emergency situations; and
 - (6) safely load and unload students.
- (c) The commissioner of public safety shall develop a comprehensive model school bus driver training program and model assessments for school bus driver training competencies, which are not subject to chapter 14. A school district, nonpublic school, or private contractor may use alternative assessments for bus driver training competencies with the approval of the commissioner of public safety. A driver may receive at least eight hours of school bus inservice training any year, as an alternative to being assessed for bus driver competencies after the initial year of being assessed for bus driver competencies. The employer shall keep the assessment or a record of the in-service training for the current period available for inspection by representatives of the commissioner.

- (d) A school district, nonpublic school, or private contractor shall provide in-service training annually to each school bus driver.
 - Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 171.321, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Annual evaluation and license verification.** (a) A school district, nonpublic school, or private contractor shall provide in-service training annually to each school bus driver. For purposes of this section, "annually" means at least once every 380 days from the initial or previous evaluation and at least once every 380 days from the initial or previous license verification.
- (b) A school district, nonpublic school, or private contractor shall annually verify with the National Driver Register or with the Department of Public Safety the validity of the driver's license of each employee who regularly transports students for the district in: (1) a type A school bus, a type B school bus, a type C school bus, or type D school bus; (2) a multifunction school activity bus; or regularly transports students for the district in (3) a type III vehicle with the National Driver Register or with the Department of Public Safety.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2010.

ARTICLE 9

FORECAST ADJUSTMENTS

A. GENERAL EDUCATION

Section 1. Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 1, section 24, subdivision 2, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 3, section 1, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **General education aid.** For general education aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 126C.13, subdivision 4:

\$5,600,647,000 2008 \$ 5,649,098,000 <u>5,644,263,000</u> 2009

The 2008 appropriation includes \$536,251,000 for 2007 and \$5,064,396,000 for 2008.

The 2009 appropriation includes \$543,752,000 \$533,760,000 for 2008 and \$5,105,346,000 \$5,110,503,000 for 2009.

- Sec. 2. Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 1, section 24, subdivision 4, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 3, section 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Enrollment options transportation.** For transportation of pupils attending postsecondary institutions under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.09, or for transportation of pupils attending nonresident districts under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.03:

\$48,000 2008 \$ 50,000 45,000 2009

Sec. 3. Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 1, section 24, subdivision 5, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 3, section 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Abatement revenue. For abatement air	d under Minnesota St	atutes, section 127A.49:
\$1,333,000		2008
\$ 1,629,000 <u>1,407,000</u>		2009
The 2008 appropriation includes \$76,000 for 200	o7 and \$1,257,000 for	2008.

The 2009 appropriation includes \$139,000 for 2008 and \$1,490,000 \$1,268,000 for 2009.

Sec. 4. Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 1, section 24, subdivision 6, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 3, section 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Consolidation transition. For districts consolidating under Minnesota Statutes, section 123A.485:

\$240,000	• • • • •	2008
\$ 339,000 <u>21,000</u>		2009

The 2008 appropriation includes \$43,000 for 2007 and \$197,000 for 2008.

The 2009 appropriation includes \$21,000 for 2008 and \$318,000 \$\frac{\$0}{3}\$ for 2009.

Sec. 5. Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 1, section 24, subdivision 7, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 3, section 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Nonpublic pupil education aid.** For nonpublic pupil education aid under Minnesota Statutes, sections 123B.40 to 123B.43, and 123B.87:

\$15,601,000	 2008
\$ 16,608,000 <u>16,271,000</u>	 2009

The 2008 appropriation includes \$1,214,000 for 2007 and \$14,387,000 for 2008.

The 2009 appropriation includes \$1,598,000 \$1,439,000 for 2008 and \$15,010,000 \$14,832,000 for 2009.

Sec. 6. Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 1, section 24, subdivision 8, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 3, section 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. **Nonpublic pupil transportation.** For nonpublic pupil transportation aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.92, subdivision 9:

\$20,755,000	• • • • •	2008
\$ 21,007,000 20,739,000		2009

The 2008 appropriation includes \$2,124,000 for 2007 and \$18,631,000 for 2008.

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The 2009 appropriation includes \$2,070,000 \$2,037,000 for 2008 and \$18,937,000 \$18,702,000 for 2009.

B. EDUCATION EXCELLENCE

- Sec. 7. Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 2, section 46, subdivision 2, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 3, section 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Charter school building lease aid.** For building lease aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.11, subdivision 4:

\$32,817,000 2008 \$ 37,527,000 36,605,000 2009

The 2008 appropriation includes \$2,814,000 for 2007 and \$30,003,000 for 2008.

The 2009 appropriation includes \$3,333,000 \$3,264,000 for 2008 and \$34,194,000 \$33,341,000 for 2009.

- Sec. 8. Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 2, section 46, subdivision 3, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 3, section 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Charter school startup cost aid.** For charter school startup cost aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.11:

\$1,801,000 2008

\$ 1,987,000 <u>1,982,000</u> 2009

The 2008 appropriation includes \$239,000 for 2007 and \$1,562,000 for 2008.

The 2009 appropriation includes \$173,000 \$162,000 for 2008 and \$1,814,000 \$1,820,000 for 2009.

- Sec. 9. Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 2, section 46, subdivision 4, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 3, section 10, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 4. Integration aid. For integration aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.86, subdivision 5:

\$59,036,000 2008

\$ 62,448,000 <u>60,826,000</u> 2009

The 2008 appropriation includes \$5,824,000 for 2007 and \$53,212,000 for 2008.

The 2009 appropriation includes \$5,912,000 \$5,833,000 for 2008 and \$56,536,000 \$54,993,000 for 2009.

- Sec. 10. Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 2, section 46, subdivision 6, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 3, section 11, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Interdistrict desegregation or integration transportation grants.** For interdistrict desegregation or integration transportation grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.87:

\$9,901,000 2008

\$ 11,881,000 <u>11,947,000</u> 2009

Sec. 11.	Laws 2007.	, chapter	146,	article 2,	section 46,	subdivision	9, a	is amended	by Laws	2008,	chapter	363
article 3, se	ction 12, is a	mended to	o read	<u> :</u>					-		_	

Subd. 9. Tribal contract schools. For tribal contract school aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.83:

\$2,207,000	 2008
\$ 2,392,000 <u>1,844,000</u>	 2009

The 2008 appropriation includes \$204,000 for 2007 and \$2,003,000 for 2008.

The 2009 appropriation includes \$222,000 \$122,000 for 2008 and \$2,170,000 \$1,722,000 for 2009.

C. SPECIAL EDUCATION

- Sec. 12. Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 3, section 24, subdivision 3, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 3, section 13, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Aid for children with disabilities.** For aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.75, subdivision 3, for children with disabilities placed in residential facilities within the district boundaries for whom no district of residence can be determined:

\$2,086,000	• • • • •	2008
\$ 2,282,000 <u>1,556,000</u>	• • • •	2009

If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available.

- Sec. 13. Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 3, section 24, subdivision 4, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 3, section 14, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Travel for home-based services.** For aid for teacher travel for home-based services under Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.75, subdivision 1:

\$207,000	 2008
\$ 227,000 <u>237,000</u>	 2009

The 2008 appropriation includes \$22,000 for 2007 and \$185,000 for 2008.

The 2009 appropriation includes \$20,000 \$21,000 for 2008 and \$207,000 \$216,000 for 2009.

- Sec. 14. Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 3, section 24, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Court-placed special education revenue.** For reimbursing serving school districts for unreimbursed eligible expenditures attributable to children placed in the serving school district by court action under Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.79, subdivision 4:

\$72,000	 2008
\$74,000	2009

D. FACILITIES AND TECHNOLOGY

Sec. 15. Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 4, section 16, subdivision 2, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 3, section 15, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Health and safety revenue.** For health and safety aid according to Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.57, subdivision 5:

\$254,000 2008 \$ 103,000 119,000 2009

The 2008 appropriation includes \$20,000 for 2007 and \$234,000 for 2008.

The 2009 appropriation includes \$26,000 \$23,000 for 2008 and \$77,000 \$96,000 for 2009.

Sec. 16. Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 4, section 16, subdivision 6, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 3, section 17, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Deferred maintenance aid.** For deferred maintenance aid, according to Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.591, subdivision 4:

\$3,232,000 2008 \$ 2,627,000 2,720,000 2009

The 2008 appropriation includes \$0 for 2007 and \$3,232,000 for 2008.

The 2009 appropriation includes \$359,000 \$371,000 for 2008 and \$2,268,000 \$2,349,000 for 2009.

Sec. 17. Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 4, section 16, subdivision 8, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 3, section 18, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. School technology and operating capital aid grants. For school technology and operating capital grants under section 11:

\$38,236,000 2008 \$ 52,454,000 52,254,000 2009

This is a onetime appropriation.

E. NUTRITION

Sec. 18. Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 5, section 13, subdivision 2, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 3, section 19, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **School lunch.** For school lunch aid according to Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.111, and Code of Federal Regulations, title 7, section 210.17:

\$12,094,000 2008 \$ 12,394,000 <u>12,298,000</u> 2009 Sec. 19. Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 5, section 13, subdivision 3, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 2, section 40, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Traditional school breakfast; kindergarten milk.** For traditional school breakfast aid and kindergarten milk under Minnesota Statutes, sections 124D.1158 and 124D.118:

\$5,583,000 2008 \$ 6,396,000 5,801,000 2009

The 2009 appropriation includes \$4,725,000 for traditional school breakfast and \$1,076,000 for kindergarten milk.

F. EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION

- Sec. 20. Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 9, section 17, subdivision 2, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 3, section 21, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Early childhood family education aid. For early childhood family education aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.135:

\$21,092,000 2008 \$ 29,324,000 <u>29,326,000</u> 2009

The 2008 appropriation includes \$1,796,000 for 2007 and \$19,296,000 for 2008.

The 2009 appropriation includes \$2,144,000 for 2008 and \$27,180,000 \$27,182,000 for 2009.

- Sec. 21. Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 9, section 17, subdivision 4, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 2, section 42, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Health and developmental screening aid.** For health and developmental screening aid under Minnesota Statutes, sections 121A.17 and 121A.19:

\$2,624,000 2008 \$ 3,592,000 3,552,000 2009

The 2008 appropriation includes \$288,000 for 2007 and \$2,336,000 for 2008.

The 2009 appropriation includes \$259,000 \$247,000 for 2008 and \$3,333,000 \$3,305,000 for 2009.

G. PREVENTION

- Sec. 22. Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 9, section 17, subdivision 8, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 3, section 23, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 8. Community education aid. For community education aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.20:

\$1,299,000 2008 \$ 796,000 785,000 2009

The 2008 appropriation includes \$195,000 for 2007 and \$1,104,000 for 2008.

The 2009 appropriation includes \$122,000 for 2008 and \$674,000 \$663,000 for 2009.

Sec. 23. Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 9, section 17, subdivision 9, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 3, section 24, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. **Adults with disabilities program aid.** For adults with disabilities programs under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.56:

\$709,000 2008

\$710,000 2009

The 2008 appropriation includes \$70,000 for 2007 and \$639,000 for 2008.

The 2009 appropriation includes \$71,000 for 2008 and \$639,000 for 2009.

School districts operating existing adults with disabilities programs that are not fully funded shall receive full funding for the program beginning in fiscal year 2008 before the commissioner awards grants to other districts.

H. SELF-SUFFICIENCY AND LIFELONG LEARNING

Sec. 24. Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 9, section 17, subdivision 13, as amended by Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 3, section 25, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. Adult basic education aid. For adult basic education aid under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.531:

\$40,344,000 2008

\$ 41,712,000 41,749,000 2009

The 2008 appropriation includes \$3,759,000 for 2007 and \$36,585,000 for 2008.

The 2009 appropriation includes \$4,065,000 for 2008 and \$37,647,000 \$37,684,000 for 2009.

ARTICLE 10

TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 120A.22, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

- Subd. 7. **Education records.** (a) A district, a charter school, or a nonpublic school that receives services or aid under sections 123B.40 to 123B.48 from which a student is transferring must transmit the student's educational records, within ten business days of a request, to the district, the charter school, or the nonpublic school in which the student is enrolling. Districts, charter schools, and nonpublic schools that receive services or aid under sections 123B.40 to 123B.48 must make reasonable efforts to determine the district, the charter school, or the nonpublic school in which a transferring student is next enrolling in order to comply with this subdivision.
- (b) A closed charter school must transfer the student's educational records, within ten business days of the school's closure, to the student's school district of residence where the records must be retained unless the records are otherwise transferred under this subdivision.
- (c) A school district, a charter school, or a nonpublic school that receives services or aid under sections 123B.40 to 123B.48 that transmits a student's educational records to another school district or other educational entity, charter school, or nonpublic school to which the student is transferring must include in the transmitted records information

about any formal suspension, expulsion, and exclusion disciplinary action under sections 121A.40 to 121A.56. The district, the charter school, or the nonpublic school that receives services or aid under sections 123B.40 to 123B.48 must provide notice to a student and the student's parent or guardian that formal disciplinary records will be transferred as part of the student's educational record, in accordance with data practices under chapter 13 and the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, United States Code, title 20, section 1232(g).

- (d) Notwithstanding section 138.17, a principal or chief administrative officer must remove from a student's educational record and destroy a probable cause notice received under section 260B.171, subdivision 5, or paragraph (d) (e), if one year has elapsed since the date of the notice and the principal or chief administrative officer has not received a disposition or court order related to the offense described in the notice. This paragraph does not apply if the student no longer attends the school when this one-year period expires.
- (e) A principal or chief administrative officer who receives a probable cause notice under section 260B.171, subdivision 5, or a disposition or court order, must include a copy of that data in the student's educational records if they are transmitted to another school, unless the data are required to be destroyed under paragraph (e) (d) or section 121A.75.
 - Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 126C.10, subdivision 24, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 24. **Equity revenue.** (a) A school district qualifies for equity revenue if:
- (1) the school district's adjusted marginal cost pupil unit amount of basic revenue, supplemental revenue, transition revenue, and referendum revenue is less than the value of the school district at or immediately above the 95th percentile of school districts in its equity region for those revenue categories; and
 - (2) the school district's administrative offices are not located in a city of the first class on July 1, 1999.
- (b) Equity revenue for a qualifying district that receives referendum revenue under section 126C.17, subdivision 4, equals the product of (1) the district's adjusted marginal cost pupil units for that year; times (2) the sum of (i) \$13, plus (ii) \$75, times the school district's equity index computed under subdivision 27.
- (c) Equity revenue for a qualifying district that does not receive referendum revenue under section 126C.17, subdivision 4, equals the product of the district's adjusted marginal cost pupil units for that year times \$13.
- (d) A school district's equity revenue is increased by the greater of zero or an amount equal to the district's resident marginal cost pupil units times the difference between ten percent of the statewide average amount of referendum revenue per resident marginal cost pupil unit for that year and the district's referendum revenue per resident marginal cost pupil unit. A school district's revenue under this paragraph must not exceed \$100,000 for that year.
- (e) A school district's equity revenue for a school district located in the metro equity region equals the amount computed in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) multiplied by 1.25.
- (f) For fiscal year 2007 and later, notwithstanding paragraph (a), clause (2), a school district that has per pupil referendum revenue below the 95th percentile qualifies for additional equity revenue equal to \$46 times its adjusted marginal cost pupil units.
- (g) A district that does not qualify for revenue under paragraph (f) qualifies for equity revenue equal to \$46 times its adjusted marginal cost pupil units."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to state government; providing for policy and funding for family, adult, and prekindergarten through grade 12 education including general education, education excellence, special programs, facilities and technology, libraries, nutrition, accounting, early childhood education, prevention, self-sufficiency, lifelong learning, state agencies, pupil transportation, forecast adjustments, and technical corrections; requiring reports; requiring studies; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 13.32, by adding a subdivision; 16A.06, subdivision 11; 119A.52; 120A.22, subdivisions 7, 12; 120A.40; 120B.02; 120B.022, subdivision 1; 120B.023, subdivision 2; 120B.11, subdivision 5; 120B.30; 120B.31, subdivisions 1, 3, 4; 120B.35; 120B.36; 121A.41, subdivisions 7, 10; 121A.43; 122A.06, subdivision 4; 122A.07, subdivisions 2, 3; 122A.09, subdivisions 4, 7; 122A.18, subdivisions 2a, 4; 122A.31, subdivision 4; 122A.40, subdivisions 6, 8; 122A.41, subdivisions 3, 5; 122A.413, subdivision 2; 122A.414, subdivision 2b; 122A.60, subdivision 2; 123A.05; 123A.06; 123A.08; 123A.73, subdivisions 4, 5; 123B.02, subdivision 21; 123B.03, subdivision 1; 123B.10, subdivision 1; 123B.14, subdivision 7; 123B.143, subdivision 1; 123B.51, by adding a subdivision; 123B.54; 123B.57, subdivision 1; 123B.59, subdivisions 2, 3, 3a; 123B.70, subdivision 1; 123B.71, subdivisions 1, 8, 9, 12; 123B.77, subdivision 3; 123B.79, subdivision 7; 123B.81, subdivisions 3, 4, 5; 123B.83, subdivision 3; 123B.92, subdivision 1; 124D.095, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 7, 10; 124D.10; 124D.11, subdivision 9; 124D.128, subdivisions 2, 3; 124D.13, subdivision 13; 124D.135, subdivision 3; 124D.15, subdivision 3; 124D.19, subdivisions 10, 14; 124D.42, subdivision 6, by adding a subdivision; 124D.522; 124D.68, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5; 124D.83, subdivision 4; 124D.86, subdivisions 1, 1a, 1b; 125A.02; 125A.07; 125A.08; 125A.091; 125A.11, subdivision 1; 125A.15; 125A.28; 125A.51; 125A.57, subdivision 2; 125A.61, subdivision 1; 125A.62, subdivision 8; 125A.63, subdivisions 2, 4; 125A.744, subdivision 3; 125A.76, subdivision 1; 125B.26; 126C.05, subdivisions 2, 15, 20; 126C.10, subdivisions 24, 34, by adding a subdivision; 126C.15, subdivisions 2, 4; 126C.17, subdivision 9; 126C.40, subdivision 6; 126C.41, subdivision 2; 126C.44; 127A.08, by adding a subdivision; 127A.47, subdivisions 5, 7; 134.31, subdivision 4a, by adding a subdivision; 134.34, subdivisions 1, 4; 169.011, subdivision 71; 169.443, subdivision 9; 169.4501, subdivision 1; 169.4503, subdivision 20, by adding a subdivision; 169.454, subdivision 13; 169A.03, subdivision 23; 171.01, subdivision 22; 171.02, subdivisions 2, 2a; 171.321, subdivisions 1, 4, 5; 299A.297; 471.975; 475.58, subdivision 1, as amended if enacted; Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 1, section 24, subdivisions 2, as amended, 4, as amended, 5, as amended, 6, as amended, 7, as amended, 8, as amended; article 2, section 46, subdivisions 2, as amended, 3, as amended, 4, as amended, 6, as amended, 9, as amended; article 3, section 24, subdivisions 3, as amended, 4, as amended, 7; article 4, section 16, subdivisions 2, as amended, 6, as amended, 8, as amended; article 5, section 13, subdivisions 2, as amended, 3, as amended; article 9, section 17, subdivisions 2, as amended, 4, as amended, 8, as amended, 9, as amended, 13, as amended; Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 2, section 46, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 120B; 122A; 123B; 124D; 125A; 127A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 120B.362; 120B.39; 121A.27; 121A.66; 121A.67, subdivision 1; 122A.32; 122A.628; 122A.75; 125A.05; Minnesota Rules, parts 3525.0210, subparts 5, 6, 9, 13, 17, 29, 30, 34, 43, 46, 47; 3525.0400; 3525.1100, subpart 2, item F; 3525.2445; 3525.2900, subpart 5; 3525.4220."

We request the adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: MINDY GREILING, CARLOS MARIANI, NORA SLAWIK and JOHN WARD.

Senate Conferees: LEROY STUMPF, GEN OLSON, KATHY SALTZMAN, CHARLES WIGER and KEVIN DAHLE.

Greiling moved that the report of the Conference Committee on H. F. No. 2 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

H. F. No. 2, A bill for an act relating to education; providing for policy and funding for family, adult, and prekindergarten through grade 12 education including general education, education excellence, special programs, facilities and technology, libraries, nutrition, accounting, self-sufficiency and lifelong learning, state agencies, pupil transportation, school finance system changes, forecast adjustments, and technical corrections; providing for advisory groups; requiring reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 6.74; 13.32, by adding a subdivision; 16A.06, subdivision 11; 120A.22, subdivision 7; 120A.40; 120B.02; 120B.021, subdivision 1; 120B.022, subdivision 1; 120B.023, subdivision 2; 120B.11, subdivision 5; 120B.13; 120B.132; 120B.30; 120B.31; 120B.35; 120B.36; 121A.15, subdivision 8; 121A.41, subdivisions 7, 10; 121A.43; 122A.07, subdivisions 2, 3; 122A.18, subdivision 4; 122A.31, subdivision 4; 122A.40, subdivisions 6, 8; 122A.41, subdivisions 3, 5; 122A.413, subdivision 2; 122A.414, subdivisions 2, 2b; 122A.60, subdivisions 1a, 2; 122A.61, subdivision 1; 123A.05; 123A.06; 123A.08; 123B.02, subdivision 21; 123B.03, subdivisions 1, 1a; 123B.10, subdivision 1; 123B.14, subdivision 7; 123B.143, subdivision 1; 123B.36, subdivision 1; 123B.49, subdivision 4; 123B.51, by adding a subdivision; 123B.53, subdivision 5; 123B.57, subdivision 1; 123B.59, subdivisions 2, 3, 3a; 123B.70, subdivision 1; 123B.71, subdivisions 8, 9, 12; 123B.75, subdivision 5; 123B.76, subdivision 3; 123B.77, subdivision 3; 123B.79, subdivision 7; 123B.81, subdivisions 3, 4, 5; 123B.83, subdivision 3; 123B.92, subdivisions 1, 5; 124D.095, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 7, 10; 124D.10; 124D.11, subdivisions 4, 9; 124D.111, subdivision 3; 124D.128, subdivisions 2, 3; 124D.42, subdivision 6, by adding a subdivision; 124D.4531; 124D.59, subdivision 2; 124D.65, subdivision 5; 124D.68, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5; 124D.83, subdivision 4; 124D.86, subdivisions 1, 1a, 1b; 125A.02; 125A.07; 125A.08; 125A.091; 125A.11, subdivision 1; 125A.15; 125A.28; 125A.51; 125A.56; 125A.57, subdivision 2; 125A.62, subdivision 8; 125A.63, subdivisions 2, 4; 125A.76, subdivisions 1, 5; 125A.79, subdivision 7; 125B.26; 126C.01, by adding subdivisions; 126C.05, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 8, 15, 16, 17, 20; 126C.10, subdivisions 1, 2, 2a, 3, 4, 6, 13, 14, 18, 24, 34, by adding subdivisions; 126C.13, subdivisions 4, 5; 126C.15, subdivisions 2, 4; 126C.17, subdivisions 1, 5, 6, 9; 126C.20; 126C.40, subdivisions 1, 6; 126C.41, subdivision 2; 126C.44; 127A.08, by adding a subdivision; 127A.441; 127A.45, subdivisions 2, 3, 13, by adding a subdivision; 127A.47, subdivisions 5, 7; 127A.51; 134.31, subdivision 4a, by adding a subdivision; 169.011, subdivision 71; 169.443, subdivision 9; 169.4501, subdivision 1; 169.4503, subdivision 20, by adding a subdivision; 169.454, subdivision 13; 169A.03, subdivision 23; 171.01, subdivision 22; 171.02, subdivisions 2, 2a, 2b; 171.05, subdivision 2; 171.17, subdivision 1; 171.22, subdivision 1; 171.321, subdivisions 1, 4, 5; 181A.05, subdivision 1; 275.065, subdivisions 3, 6; 299A.297; 471.975; 475.58, subdivision 1; Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 1, section 24, subdivisions 2, as amended, 6, as amended, 8, as amended; article 2, section 46, subdivision 6, as amended; article 3, section 24, subdivision 4, as amended; article 4, section 16, subdivisions 2, as amended, 6, as amended; article 5, section 13, subdivisions 2, as amended, 3, as amended; article 9, section 17, subdivisions 2, as amended, 13, as amended; Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 2, section 46, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 120B; 123B; 125A; 126C; 127A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 120B.362; 120B.39; 121A.27; 121A.66; 121A.67, subdivision 1; 122A.628; 122A.75; 123B.54; 123B.57, subdivisions 3, 4, 5; 123B.591; 124D.091; 125A.03; 125A.05; 125A.18; 125A.76, subdivision 4; 125A.79, subdivision 6; 126C.10, subdivisions 2b, 13a, 13b, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 31a, 31b, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36; 126C.12; 126C.126; 127A.50; 275.065, subdivisions 5a, 6b, 6c, 8, 9, 10; Minnesota Rules, parts 3525.0210, subparts 5, 6, 9, 13, 17, 29, 30, 34, 43, 46, 47; 3525.0400; 3525.1100, subpart 2, item F; 3525.2445; 3525.2900, subpart 5; 3525.4220.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 85 yeas and 49 nays as follows:

Anzelc	Bigham	Brynaert	Champion	Dill	Eken
Atkins	Bly	Bunn	Clark	Dittrich	Falk
Benson	Brown	Carlson	Davnie	Doty	Fritz

Gardner	Jackson	Lieder	Nelson	Rukavina	Thissen
Greiling	Johnson	Lillie	Newton	Ruud	Tillberry
Hansen	Juhnke	Loeffler	Obermueller	Sailer	Wagenius
Hausman	Kahn	Mahoney	Olin	Scalze	Ward
Haws	Kalin	Mariani	Otremba	Sertich	Welti
Hayden	Kath	Marquart	Paymar	Simon	Winkler
Hilstrom	Knuth	Masin	Pelowski	Slawik	Spk. Kelliher
Hilty	Koenen	Morgan	Persell	Slocum	-
Hornstein	Laine	Morrow	Peterson	Solberg	
Hortman	Lenczewski	Mullery	Poppe	Sterner	
Hosch	Lesch	Murphy, E.	Reinert	Swails	
Huntley	Liebling	Murphy, M.	Rosenthal	Thao	

Abeler	Dean	Garofalo	Kiffmeyer	Nornes	Torkelson
Anderson, B.	Demmer	Gottwalt	Kohls	Norton	Urdahl
Anderson, P.	Dettmer	Gunther	Lanning	Peppin	Westrom
Anderson, S.	Doepke	Hackbarth	Loon	Sanders	Zellers
Beard	Downey	Hamilton	Mack	Scott	
Brod	Drazkowski	Holberg	Magnus	Seifert	
Buesgens	Eastlund	Hoppe	McFarlane	Severson	
Cornish	Emmer	Howes	McNamara	Shimanski	
Davids	Faust	Kelly	Murdock	Smith	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

CALENDAR FOR THE DAY

H. F. No. 1053 was reported to the House.

Brod moved to amend H. F. No. 1053, the second engrossment, as follows:

Page 5, delete section 9

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Brod amendment and the roll was called. There were 52 yeas and 82 nays as follows:

Abeler	Buesgens	Doepke	Gottwalt	Howes	Lanning
Anderson, B.	Cornish	Downey	Gunther	Jackson	Loon
Anderson, P.	Davids	Drazkowski	Hackbarth	Kath	Mack
Anderson, S.	Dean	Eastlund	Hamilton	Kelly	Magnus
Beard	Demmer	Emmer	Holberg	Kiffmeyer	Masin
Brod	Dettmer	Garofalo	Hoppe	Kohls	McFarlane

McNamara	Otremba	Scott	Shimanski	Torkelson	Zellers
Murdock	Peppin	Seifert	Smith	Urdahl	
Nornes	Sanders	Severson	Swails	Westrom	

Anzelc	Doty	Hortman	Lillie	Olin	Slawik
Atkins	Eken	Hosch	Loeffler	Paymar	Slocum
Benson	Falk	Huntley	Mahoney	Pelowski	Solberg
Bigham	Faust	Johnson	Mariani	Persell	Sterner
Bly	Fritz	Juhnke	Marquart	Peterson	Thao
Brown	Gardner	Kahn	Morgan	Poppe	Thissen
Brynaert	Greiling	Kalin	Morrow	Reinert	Tillberry
Bunn	Hansen	Knuth	Mullery	Rosenthal	Wagenius
Carlson	Hausman	Koenen	Murphy, E.	Rukavina	Ward
Champion	Haws	Laine	Murphy, M.	Ruud	Welti
Clark	Hayden	Lenczewski	Nelson	Sailer	Winkler
Davnie	Hilstrom	Lesch	Newton	Scalze	Spk. Kelliher
Dill	Hilty	Liebling	Norton	Sertich	_
Dittrich	Hornstein	Lieder	Obermueller	Simon	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

H. F. No, 1053, A bill for an act relating to elections; requiring certain public officials to provide additional data to the secretary of state for use in maintaining the voter registration system; providing for automatic voter registration of applicants for a driver's license, instruction permit, or identification card; changing certain notice requirements; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 201.121, subdivision 2; 201.13, by adding a subdivision; 201.14; 201.15, subdivisions 1, 2; 201.155; 201.161; 204C.08, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 201.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 86 yeas and 48 nays as follows:

Anzelc	Eken	Huntley	Loeffler	Paymar	Solberg
Atkins	Falk	Jackson	Mahoney	Pelowski	Sterner
Benson	Faust	Johnson	Mariani	Persell	Swails
Bigham	Fritz	Juhnke	Marquart	Peterson	Thao
Bly	Gardner	Kahn	Morgan	Poppe	Thissen
Brown	Greiling	Kalin	Morrow	Reinert	Tillberry
Brynaert	Hansen	Kath	Mullery	Rosenthal	Wagenius
Bunn	Hausman	Knuth	Murphy, E.	Rukavina	Ward
Carlson	Haws	Koenen	Murphy, M.	Ruud	Welti
Champion	Hayden	Laine	Nelson	Sailer	Winkler
Clark	Hilstrom	Lenczewski	Newton	Scalze	Spk. Kelliher
Davnie	Hilty	Lesch	Norton	Sertich	-
Dill	Hornstein	Liebling	Obermueller	Simon	
Dittrich	Hortman	Lieder	Olin	Slawik	
Doty	Hosch	Lillie	Otremba	Slocum	

Abeler	Davids	Emmer	Howes	Masin	Seifert
Anderson, B.	Dean	Garofalo	Kelly	McFarlane	Severson
Anderson, P.	Demmer	Gottwalt	Kiffmeyer	McNamara	Shimanski
Anderson, S.	Dettmer	Gunther	Kohls	Murdock	Smith
Beard	Doepke	Hackbarth	Lanning	Nornes	Torkelson
Brod	Downey	Hamilton	Loon	Peppin	Urdahl
Buesgens	Drazkowski	Holberg	Mack	Sanders	Westrom
Cornish	Eastlund	Hoppe	Magnus	Scott	Zellers

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

Demmer was excused between the hours of 6:30 p.m. and 7:10 p.m.

H. F. No. 1132 was reported to the House.

Garofalo, Dettmer, McNamara, Eken, Persell, Dean, Sailer, Sterner and Holberg moved to amend H. F. No. 1132, the second engrossment, as follows:

Page 14, delete lines 12 and 13 and insert:

"(1) within Anoka, Hennepin, or Ramsey county;"

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Garofalo et al amendment and the roll was called. There were 95 yeas and 37 nays as follows:

Abeler	Dean	Hamilton	Lesch	Obermueller	Severson
Anderson, B.	Dettmer	Haws	Lieder	Olin	Shimanski
Anderson, P.	Dittrich	Holberg	Lillie	Otremba	Simon
Anderson, S.	Doepke	Hoppe	Loon	Pelowski	Smith
Anzelc	Doty	Hortman	Mack	Peppin	Solberg
Atkins	Downey	Hosch	Magnus	Persell	Sterner
Beard	Drazkowski	Howes	Marquart	Peterson	Swails
Benson	Eastlund	Jackson	Masin	Poppe	Thissen
Bigham	Eken	Juhnke	McFarlane	Reinert	Torkelson
Bly	Emmer	Kalin	McNamara	Rosenthal	Urdahl
Brod	Falk	Kath	Morgan	Rukavina	Ward
Brown	Faust	Kelly	Morrow	Sailer	Welti
Buesgens	Garofalo	Kiffmeyer	Murdock	Sanders	Westrom
Bunn	Gottwalt	Koenen	Murphy, M.	Scott	Zellers
Cornish	Gunther	Kohls	Newton	Seifert	Spk. Kelliher
Davids	Hackbarth	Lanning	Nornes	Sertich	

Brynaert	Gardner	Hornstein	Liebling	Norton	Wagenius
Carlson	Greiling	Huntley	Loeffler	Paymar	Winkler
Champion	Hansen	Johnson	Mahoney	Ruud	
Clark	Hausman	Kahn	Mariani	Scalze	
Davnie	Hayden	Knuth	Mullery	Slawik	
Dill	Hilstrom	Laine	Murphy, E.	Slocum	
Fritz	Hilty	Lenczewski	Nelson	Thao	

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Tillberry was excused between the hours of 6:40 p.m. and 8:05 p.m.

Atkins was excused between the hours of 6:40 p.m. and 9:15 p.m.

Howes, Dill and Hackbarth moved to amend H. F. No. 1132, the second engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 18, after line 14, insert:

- "Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 97C.081, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Contests without a permit.** A person may conduct a fishing contest without a permit from the commissioner provided:
 - (1) the following criteria are met:
 - (i) there are 30 participants or less for open water contests and 150 participants or less for ice fishing contests;
 - (ii) the entry fee is \$25 per person or less;
 - (iii) the total prize value is \$25,000 or less; and
 - (iv) the contest is not limited to trout species only;
 - (2) the following criteria are met:
 - (i) the contest is not limited to specifically named waters; and
 - (ii) the contest is not limited to trout species only; or
 - (3) all the contest participants are age 18 years or under;
 - (4) the contest is limited to rough fish; or
 - (5) the total prize value is \$500 or less.

- Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 97C.081, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Contests requiring a permit.** (a) A person must have a permit from the commissioner to conduct a fishing contest that does not meet the criteria in subdivision 2. The commissioner shall charge a fee for the permit that recovers the costs of issuing the permit and of monitoring the activities allowed by the permit. The commissioner may waive the fee under this subdivision for a charitable organization.—Notwithstanding section 16A.1283, the commissioner may, by written order published in the State Register, establish contest permit fees. The fees are not subject to the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14 and section 14.386 does not apply.
- (b) If entry fees are over \$25 per person, or total prizes are valued at more than \$25,000, and if the applicant has either:
 - (1) not previously conducted a fishing contest requiring a permit under this subdivision; or
- (2) ever failed to make required prize awards in a fishing contest conducted by the applicant, the commissioner may require the applicant to furnish the commissioner evidence of financial responsibility in the form of a surety bond or bank letter of credit in the amount of \$25,000.
 - (c) The permit fee for any individual contest may not exceed the following amounts:
 - (1) \$120 for an open water contest not exceeding 100 participants and without off-site weigh-in;
 - (2) \$400 for an open water contest with more than 100 participants and without off-site weigh-in;
 - (3) \$500 for an open water contest not exceeding 100 participants with off-site weigh-in;
 - (4) \$1,000 for an open water contest with more than 100 participants with off-site weigh-in; or
 - (5) \$120 for an ice fishing contest with more than 150 participants.
 - Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 97C.081, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Restrictions.** (a) The commissioner may by rule establish restrictions on fishing contests to protect fish and fish habitat, to restrict activities during high use periods, to restrict activities that affect research or management work, to restrict the number of boats, and for the safety of contest participants.
- (b) By March 1, 2011, the commissioner shall develop a best practices certification program for fishing contest organizers to ensure the proper handling and release of fish.
 - Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 97C.081, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. **Permit restrictions.** (a) The commissioner may require fishing contest permittees to limit prefishing to week days only as a condition of a fishing contest permit. The commissioner may require proof from permittees that prefishing restrictions on the permit are communicated to fishing contest participants and enforced.
- (b) The commissioner may require permit restrictions on the hours that a permitted fishing contest is conducted, including, but not limited to, starting and ending times.
- (c) The commissioner may require permit restrictions on the number of parking spaces that may be used on a state-owned public water access site. The commissioner may require proof from permittees that parking restrictions on the permit are communicated to fishing contest participants and enforced.

- (d) To prevent undue mortality of released fish, the commissioner may require restrictions for off-site weigh-ins and live releases on a fishing contest permit or may deny permits requesting an off-site weigh-in or live release. The commissioner may allow for live release weigh-ins at public accesses.
 - (e) A person may not transfer a fishing contest permit to another person.
- (f) Failure to comply with fishing contest permit restrictions may be considered grounds for denial of future permit applications."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Davnie, Lenczewski, Loeffler and Ward moved to amend H. F. No. 1132, the second engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 18, delete section 40

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

Paymar offered an amendment to H. F. No. 1132, the second engrossment, as amended.

The Speaker resumed the chair.

POINT OF ORDER

Dill raised a point of order pursuant to rule 3.21 that the Paymar amendment was not in order.

The Speaker submitted the following question to the House: "Is it the judgment of the House that the Dill point of order is well taken?"

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

CALL OF THE HOUSE

On the motion of Seifert and on the demand of 10 members, a call of the House was ordered. The following members answered to their names:

Abeler	Anderson, S.	Benson	Brod	Buesgens	Champion
Anderson, B.	Anzelc	Bigham	Brown	Bunn	Clark
Anderson, P.	Beard	Bly	Brynaert	Carlson	Cornish

Davids	Gottwalt	Johnson	Magnus	Otremba	Simon
Davnie	Greiling	Juhnke	Mahoney	Paymar	Slawik
Dean	Gunther	Kahn	Mariani	Pelowski	Slocum
Demmer	Hackbarth	Kath	Marquart	Peppin	Smith
Dettmer	Hamilton	Kelly	Masin	Persell	Solberg
Dill	Hansen	Kiffmeyer	McFarlane	Peterson	Sterner
Dittrich	Hausman	Knuth	McNamara	Poppe	Swails
Doepke	Haws	Koenen	Morgan	Reinert	Thao
Doty	Hayden	Kohls	Morrow	Rosenthal	Thissen
Downey	Hilstrom	Laine	Mullery	Rukavina	Torkelson
Drazkowski	Hilty	Lanning	Murdock	Ruud	Urdahl
Eastlund	Holberg	Lenczewski	Murphy, E.	Sailer	Wagenius
Eken	Hoppe	Lesch	Murphy, M.	Sanders	Ward
Emmer	Hornstein	Liebling	Nelson	Scalze	Welti
Falk	Hortman	Lieder	Newton	Scott	Westrom
Faust	Hosch	Lillie	Nornes	Seifert	Winkler
Fritz	Howes	Loeffler	Norton	Sertich	Zellers
Gardner	Huntley	Loon	Obermueller	Severson	Spk. Kelliher
Garofalo	Jackson	Mack	Olin	Shimanski	

Sertich moved that further proceedings of the roll call be suspended and that the Sergeant at Arms be instructed to bring in the absentees. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

The vote was taken on the question "Is it the judgment of the House that the Dill point of order is well taken?" and the roll was called. There were 91 yeas and 41 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler Anderson, B.	Dettmer Dill	Hamilton Hansen	Kohls Laine	Nelson Newton	Severson Shimanski
,	Dittrich			- 1 - 11 - 12 - 1	
Anderson, P.		Haws	Lanning	Nornes	Smith
Anderson, S.	Doepke	Hilstrom	Lieder	Olin	Solberg
Anzelc	Doty	Hilty	Loon	Otremba	Swails
Beard	Downey	Holberg	Mack	Pelowski	Torkelson
Bigham	Drazkowski	Hoppe	Magnus	Peppin	Urdahl
Brod	Eastlund	Hosch	Mahoney	Persell	Ward
Brown	Eken	Howes	Marquart	Peterson	Welti
Brynaert	Emmer	Jackson	Masin	Poppe	Westrom
Buesgens	Falk	Juhnke	McFarlane	Rukavina	Zellers
Bunn	Faust	Kalin	McNamara	Sailer	
Cornish	Garofalo	Kath	Morgan	Sanders	
Davids	Gottwalt	Kelly	Morrow	Scott	
Dean	Gunther	Kiffmeyer	Murdock	Seifert	
Demmer	Hackbarth	Koenen	Murphy, M.	Sertich	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Benson	Gardner	Johnson	Loeffler	Reinert	Sterner
Bly	Greiling	Kahn	Mariani	Rosenthal	Thao
Carlson	Hausman	Knuth	Mullery	Ruud	Thissen
Champion	Hayden	Lenczewski	Murphy, E.	Scalze	Wagenius
Clark	Hornstein	Lesch	Norton	Simon	Winkler
Davnie	Hortman	Liebling	Obermueller	Slawik	Spk. Kelliher
Fritz	Huntley	Lillie	Paymar	Slocum	-

So it was the judgment of the House that the Dill point of order was well taken and the Paymar amendment was out of order.

The Speaker called Juhnke to the Chair.

CALL OF THE HOUSE LIFTED

Sertich moved that the call of the House be lifted. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

Shimanski, Dettmer and Drazkowski moved to amend H. F. No. 1132, the second engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 10, line 11, delete "90" and insert "82" and delete "90" and insert "82"

Page 21, delete section 49

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

Drazkowski; Buesgens; Holberg; Gottwalt; Davids; Torkelson; Anderson, B.; Emmer; Gunther; Kiffmeyer; Eastlund and Zellers moved to amend H. F. No. 1132, the second engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 60, after line 17, insert:

"Sec. 33. SALE OF AGRICULTURAL LEASED LANDS.

Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the commissioner of natural resources shall sell all state-owned lands with active agricultural leases, and deposit the amount that exceeds the actual expenses of selling the land in the general fund unless otherwise prohibited under Minnesota Constitution, article XI, section 8 or 10. The parcels shall be sold no later than July 1, 2010. Parcels within the boundaries of a state park or scientific and natural area are excepted from this section."

Page 60, line 19, delete "32" and insert "33"

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Drazkowski et al amendment and the roll was called. There were 34 yeas and 98 nays as follows:

Anderson, B.	Beard	Davids	Dettmer	Emmer	Hamilton
Anderson, P.	Brod	Dean	Drazkowski	Gottwalt	Holberg
Anderson, S.	Buesgens	Demmer	Eastlund	Gunther	Kelly

Kiffmeyer	Mack	Nornes	Scott	Shimanski	Zellers
Kohls	Magnus	Peppin	Seifert	Torkelson	
Lanning	Murdock	Sanders	Severson	Westrom	

Abeler	Downey	Hortman	Lillie	Obermueller	Slocum
Anzelc	Eken	Hosch	Loeffler	Olin	Smith
Benson	Falk	Howes	Loon	Otremba	Solberg
Bigham	Faust	Huntley	Mahoney	Paymar	Sterner
Bly	Fritz	Jackson	Mariani	Pelowski	Swails
Brown	Gardner	Johnson	Marquart	Persell	Thao
Brynaert	Garofalo	Juhnke	Masin	Peterson	Thissen
Bunn	Greiling	Kahn	McFarlane	Poppe	Urdahl
Carlson	Hackbarth	Kalin	McNamara	Reinert	Wagenius
Champion	Hansen	Kath	Morgan	Rosenthal	Ward
Clark	Hausman	Knuth	Morrow	Rukavina	Welti
Cornish	Haws	Koenen	Mullery	Ruud	Winkler
Davnie	Hayden	Laine	Murphy, E.	Sailer	Spk. Kelliher
Dill	Hilstrom	Lenczewski	Murphy, M.	Scalze	_
Dittrich	Hilty	Lesch	Nelson	Sertich	
Doepke	Hoppe	Liebling	Newton	Simon	
Doty	Hornstein	Lieder	Norton	Slawik	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

Holberg moved to amend H. F. No. 1132, the second engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 4, after line 13, insert:

"Sec. 4. [84.0874] ELECTRONIC LICENSING SYSTEM DATA.

Data created, collected, stored, or maintained by the department for purposes of obtaining a noncommercial game and fish license, cross-country ski pass, horse trail pass, or snowmobile trail sticker; registering a recreational motor vehicle; or any other electronic licensing transaction are private data on individuals, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12, except that an individual's name, address, and type of license applied for shall be public. Data made public by this paragraph shall be classified as private upon the request of the individual subject of the data.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective March 1, 2010."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Anderson, S., moved to amend H. F. No. 1132, the second engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 21, line 23, before "\$150,000" insert "(a)"

- Page 21, line 28, after the period, insert "It is a condition of acceptance of grants under this section that Let's Go Fishing of Minnesota must submit a work program and annual progress reports in the form and manner determined by the commissioner of natural resources to the house of representatives and senate committees having budgetary oversight.
- (b) The work program must include measurable outcomes and a plan for measuring and evaluating the results. The measurement and evaluation of outcomes must be supported with electronic data, including names of volunteers and guests, served in a meaningful format with each reimbursement request. For the purposes of this paragraph, "measurable outcomes" mean outcomes, indicators, or other performance measures that may be quantified or otherwise measured in order to measure the effectiveness of a project or program in meeting its intended goal or purpose.
- (c) This appropriation may not be used to reimburse costs for lobbying or fundraising activities. Funds may be used, as approved in the work program, to reimburse salaries of individuals assigned responsibility for creating fundraising plans to be followed by chapters, but not for direct participation by Let's Go Fishing staff in any fundraising activity or costs associated with such activity. Administrative costs of delivering the program may not exceed 2.5 percent of the grant.
- (d) All reimbursed costs must comply with the Department of Administration's Office of Grant Management policies as described in Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.98. Written contracts must be developed for all financial-related activity, such as rent, leases, sponsorships, manufacturer, agreements, in excess of \$500 as prescribed in state policy.
- (e) The work program must identify capital expenditures and leases over \$2,000 and annual reports must describe the use of that capital equipment throughout its useful life.
- (f) The commissioner must approve the work program before making a grant to Let's Go Fishing of Minnesota. This is a onetime appropriation."

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Anderson, S., amendment and the roll was called. There were 130 years and 0 nays as follows:

Abeler Anderson, B. Anderson, P.	Clark Cornish Davids	Falk Faust Fritz	Hoppe Hornstein Hortman	Kohls Laine Lanning	McFarlane McNamara Morgan
Anderson, S. Anzelc	Davnie Dean	Gardner Garofalo	Hosch Howes	Lenczewski Lesch	Morrow Mullery
Beard	Demmer	Gottwalt	Huntley	Liebling	Murdock
Benson	Dettmer	Greiling	Jackson	Lieder	Murphy, E.
Bigham	Dill	Gunther	Johnson	Lillie	Murphy, M.
Bly	Dittrich	Hackbarth	Juhnke	Loeffler	Nelson
Brod	Doepke	Hamilton	Kahn	Loon	Newton
Brown	Doty	Hansen	Kalin	Mack	Nornes
Brynaert	Downey	Haws	Kath	Magnus	Norton
Buesgens	Drazkowski	Hayden	Kelly	Mahoney	Obermueller
Bunn	Eastlund	Hilstrom	Kiffmeyer	Mariani	Olin
Carlson	Eken	Hilty	Knuth	Marquart	Otremba
Champion	Emmer	Holberg	Koenen	Masin	Paymar

Pelowski	Rosenthal	Scott	Slawik	Thissen	Westrom
Peppin	Rukavina	Seifert	Smith	Torkelson	Winkler
Persell	Ruud	Sertich	Solberg	Urdahl	Zellers
Peterson	Sailer	Severson	Sterner	Wagenius	Spk. Kelliher
Poppe	Sanders	Shimanski	Swails	Ward	-
Reinert	Scalze	Simon	Thao	Welti	

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Hackbarth moved to amend H. F. No. 1132, the second engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 18, line 20, delete "if the angler purchases a second line endorsement"

Page 18, line 21, delete "for \$10"

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Hackbarth amendment and the roll was called. There were 45 yeas and 88 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Davids	Fritz	Kelly	Nornes	Smith
Anderson, B.	Demmer	Garofalo	Kiffmeyer	Peppin	Torkelson
Anderson, P.	Dettmer	Gottwalt	Kohls	Rukavina	Urdahl
Anzelc	Doepke	Hackbarth	Lanning	Sanders	Westrom
Beard	Downey	Hamilton	Loon	Scott	Zellers
Brod	Drazkowski	Holberg	Mack	Seifert	
Buesgens	Eastlund	Hoppe	Magnus	Severson	
Cornish	Emmer	Kath	McFarlane	Shimanski	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, S.	Eken	Howes	Loeffler	Obermueller	Slawik
Benson	Falk	Huntley	Mahoney	Olin	Slocum
Bigham	Faust	Jackson	Mariani	Otremba	Solberg
Bly	Gardner	Johnson	Marquart	Paymar	Sterner
Brown	Greiling	Juhnke	Masin	Pelowski	Swails
Brynaert	Gunther	Kahn	McNamara	Persell	Thao
Bunn	Hansen	Kalin	Morgan	Peterson	Thissen
Carlson	Hausman	Knuth	Morrow	Poppe	Tillberry
Champion	Haws	Koenen	Mullery	Reinert	Wagenius
Clark	Hayden	Laine	Murdock	Rosenthal	Ward
Davnie	Hilstrom	Lenczewski	Murphy, E.	Ruud	Welti
Dean	Hilty	Lesch	Murphy, M.	Sailer	Winkler
Dill	Hornstein	Liebling	Nelson	Scalze	Spk. Kelliher
Dittrich	Hortman	Lieder	Newton	Sertich	_
Doty	Hosch	Lillie	Norton	Simon	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

Drazkowski moved to amend H. F. No. 1132, the second engrossment, as amended as follows:

Page 23, after line 13, insert:

"Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 85.0115, is amended to read:

85.0115 NOTICE OF ADDITIONS AND DELETIONS.

(a) The commissioner of natural resources shall publish a notice and description of proposed additions to and deletions from legislatively designated boundaries of state parks in a legal newspaper of general circulation in each county that is affected, and shall mail a copy of such notice and description to the chair of the affected county board or boards and to each affected landowner.

(b) When an addition to a legislatively designated boundary of a state park is proposed, the affected county board or boards or an affected city or township board may petition the commissioner of natural resources to attend a public hearing to discuss the proposed addition. The petition must be signed by the majority of the board members and include the time, date, and reason for the hearing, and be submitted to the commissioner of natural resources 30 days prior to the public hearing. The commissioner of natural resources or the commissioner's designee shall attend the public hearing when petitioned under this section."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

H. F. No. 1132, A bill for an act relating to natural resources; modifying refund provisions; modifying commissioner's authority; modifying restrictions in migratory feeding and resting areas; providing certain exemptions from local law; modifying wild animal and fish taking, possession, and licensing requirements; modifying provisions relating to the possession of certain weapons; removing bow and gun case requirements; authorizing certain fees; authorizing acquisition of and requiring grants of certain easements; modifying management authority for tax-forfeited lands; adding to and deleting from certain state parks; modifying state trails; removing land from the Minnesota wild and scenic rivers program; authorizing public and private sales and exchanges of state land; requiring wind energy lease; modifying previous sales authorization and land descriptions; requiring location of sites for veterans cemetery; requiring increase in appraised estimates for timber sales; requiring forest lease pilot project; changing certain programs and requirements; requiring rulemaking; requiring reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 17,4981; 17,4988, subdivision 3; 84,027, subdivision 13; 84.0273; 84.788, subdivision 11; 84.798, subdivision 10; 84.82, subdivision 11; 84.922, subdivision 12; 85.0115; 85.015, subdivision 13; 86B.415, subdivision 11; 97A.075, subdivision 1; 97A.095, subdivision 2; 97A.137, by adding subdivisions; 97A.405, subdivision 4; 97A.421, subdivision 1; 97A.441, subdivision 7; 97A.445, subdivision 1; 97A.451, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 97A.465, subdivision 1b; 97A.475, subdivisions 2, 3, 7, 11, 12, 29; 97A.525, subdivision 1; 97B.035, subdivision 2; 97B.045, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 97B.051; 97B.055, subdivision 3; 97B.086; 97B.111, subdivision 1; 97B.328, subdivision 3; 97B.651; 97B.811, subdivisions 2, 3; 97B.931, subdivision 1; 97C.081, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 9; 97C.315, subdivision 1; 97C.355, subdivision 2; 97C.371, by adding a subdivision; 97C.385, subdivision 2; 97C.395, subdivision 1; 282.04, subdivision 1; Laws 1996, chapter 407, section 32, subdivision 3; Laws 2007, chapter 131, article 2, section 38; Laws 2008, chapter 368, article 1, sections 21, subdivisions 4, 5; 34; article 2, section 25; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 84; 97B; 97C; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 97A.525, subdivision 2; 97B.301, subdivisions 7, 8; 97C.405.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 117 yeas and 15 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Dettmer	Hilstrom	Lanning	Obermueller	Slocum
Anderson, B.	Dill	Hilty	Lesch	Olin	Smith
Anderson, P.	Dittrich	Holberg	Lieder	Otremba	Solberg
Anderson, S.	Doepke	Hoppe	Lillie	Pelowski	Sterner
Anzelc	Doty	Hornstein	Loon	Peppin	Swails
Beard	Downey	Hortman	Mack	Persell	Thao
Benson	Drazkowski	Hosch	Magnus	Peterson	Thissen
Bigham	Eastlund	Howes	Mahoney	Poppe	Tillberry
Bly	Eken	Huntley	Marquart	Reinert	Torkelson
Brod	Emmer	Jackson	Masin	Rosenthal	Urdahl
Brown	Falk	Johnson	McFarlane	Rukavina	Wagenius
Brynaert	Faust	Juhnke	McNamara	Sailer	Ward
Buesgens	Fritz	Kalin	Morgan	Sanders	Welti
Bunn	Garofalo	Kath	Morrow	Scott	Westrom
Carlson	Gottwalt	Kelly	Murdock	Seifert	Winkler
Cornish	Gunther	Kiffmeyer	Murphy, E.	Sertich	Zellers
Davids	Hackbarth	Knuth	Murphy, M.	Severson	Spk. Kelliher
Davnie	Hamilton	Koenen	Nelson	Shimanski	
Dean	Hansen	Kohls	Newton	Simon	
Demmer	Haws	Laine	Nornes	Slawik	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Champion	Hausman	Lenczewski	Mariani	Paymar
Clark	Hayden	Liebling	Mullery	Ruud
Greiling	Kahn	Loeffler	Norton	Scalze

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 535 was reported to the House.

Thao and Norton moved to amend H. F. No. 535, the first engrossment, as follows:

Page 77, delete article 10 and insert:

"ARTICLE 10

DENTAL THERAPIST

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6b. <u>Dental therapist.</u> "Dental therapist" means a person licensed under this chapter to perform the services authorized under section 150A.105 or any other services authorized under this chapter.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

- Subd. 6c. Advanced dental therapist. "Advanced dental therapist" means a person licensed as a dental therapist under this chapter and who has been certified by the board to practice as an advanced dental therapist under section 150A.106.
 - Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.05, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- <u>Subd. 1b.</u> <u>Practice of dental therapy.</u> A person shall be deemed to be practicing as a dental therapist within the meaning of this chapter who:
- (1) works under the supervision of a Minnesota-licensed dentist under a collaborative management agreement as specified under section 150A.105;
- (2) practices in settings that serve low-income, uninsured, and underserved patients or are located in dental health professional shortage areas; and
- (3) provides oral health care services, including preventive, primary diagnostic, educational, palliative, therapeutic, and restorative services as authorized under sections 150A.105 and 150A.106 and within the context of a collaborative management agreement.
 - Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.05, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Exemptions and exceptions of certain practices and operations.** Sections 150A.01 to 150A.12 do not apply to:
- (1) the practice of dentistry or dental hygiene in any branch of the armed services of the United States, the United States Public Health Service, or the United States Veterans Administration;
- (2) the practice of dentistry, dental hygiene, or dental assisting by undergraduate dental students, <u>dental therapy students</u>, dental hygiene students, and dental assisting students of the University of Minnesota, schools of dental hygiene, <u>schools with a dental therapy education program</u>, or schools of dental assisting approved by the board, when acting under the direction and supervision of a licensed dentist, <u>a licensed dental therapist</u>, or a licensed dental hygienist acting as an instructor;
- (3) the practice of dentistry by licensed dentists of other states or countries while appearing as clinicians under the auspices of a duly approved dental school or college, or a reputable dental society, or a reputable dental study club composed of dentists;
- (4) the actions of persons while they are taking examinations for licensure or registration administered or approved by the board pursuant to sections 150A.03, subdivision 1, and 150A.06, subdivisions 1, 2, and 2a;
- (5) the practice of dentistry by dentists and dental hygienists licensed by other states during their functioning as examiners responsible for conducting licensure or registration examinations administered by regional and national testing agencies with whom the board is authorized to affiliate and participate under section 150A.03, subdivision 1, and the practice of dentistry by the regional and national testing agencies during their administering examinations pursuant to section 150A.03, subdivision 1;
- (6) the use of X-rays or other diagnostic imaging modalities for making radiographs or other similar records in a hospital under the supervision of a physician or dentist or by a person who is credentialed to use diagnostic imaging modalities or X-ray machines for dental treatment, roentgenograms, or dental diagnostic purposes by a credentialing agency other than the Board of Dentistry; or

- (7) the service, other than service performed directly upon the person of a patient, of constructing, altering, repairing, or duplicating any denture, partial denture, crown, bridge, splint, orthodontic, prosthetic, or other dental appliance, when performed according to a written work order from a licensed dentist or a licensed advanced dental therapist in accordance with section 150A.10, subdivision 3.
 - Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 1d. Dental therapists. A person of good moral character who has graduated with a baccalaureate degree or a master's degree from a dental therapy education program that has been approved by the board or accredited by the American Dental Association Commission on Dental Accreditation or another board-approved national accreditation organization may apply for licensure.

The applicant must submit an application and fee as prescribed by the board and a diploma or certificate from a dental therapy education program. Prior to being licensed, the applicant must pass a comprehensive, competency-based clinical examination that is approved by the board and administered independently of an institution providing dental therapy education. The applicant must also pass an examination testing the applicant's knowledge of the Minnesota laws and rules relating to the practice of dentistry. An applicant who has failed the clinical examination twice is ineligible to retake the clinical examination until further education and training are obtained as specified by the board. A separate, nonrefundable fee may be charged for each time a person applies. An applicant who passes the examination in compliance with subdivision 2b, abides by professional ethical conduct requirements, and meets all the other requirements of the board shall be licensed as a dental therapist.

- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 1f. **Resident dental providers.** A person who is a graduate of an undergraduate program and is an enrolled graduate student of an advanced dental education program shall obtain from the board a license to practice as a resident dental hygienist or dental therapist. The license must be designated "resident dental provider license" and authorizes the licensee to practice only under the supervision of a licensed dentist or licensed dental therapist. A resident dental provider license must be renewed annually by the board. An applicant for a resident dental provider license shall pay a nonrefundable fee set by the board for issuing and renewing the license. The requirements of sections 150A.01 to 150A.21 apply to resident dental providers except as specified in rules adopted by the board. A resident dental provider license does not qualify a person for licensure under subdivision 1d or 2.
 - Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.06, subdivision 2d, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2d. **Continuing education and professional development waiver.** (a) The board shall grant a waiver to the continuing education requirements under this chapter for a licensed dentist, a licensed dental therapist, licensed dental hygienist, or registered dental assistant who documents to the satisfaction of the board that the dentist, a dental therapist, dental hygienist, or registered dental assistant has retired from active practice in the state and limits the provision of dental care services to those offered without compensation in a public health, community, or tribal clinic or a nonprofit organization that provides services to the indigent or to recipients of medical assistance, general assistance medical care, or MinnesotaCare programs.
- (b) The board may require written documentation from the volunteer and retired dentist, <u>a dental therapist</u>, dental hygienist, or registered dental assistant prior to granting this waiver.
- (c) The board shall require the volunteer and retired dentist, <u>dental therapist</u>, dental hygienist, or registered dental assistant to meet the following requirements:
- (1) a licensee or registrant seeking a waiver under this subdivision must complete and document at least five hours of approved courses in infection control, medical emergencies, and medical management for the continuing education cycle; and

- (2) provide documentation of certification in advanced or basic cardiac life support recognized by the American Heart Association, the American Red Cross, or an equivalent entity.
 - Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.06, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Fraud in securing licenses or registrations.** Every person implicated in employing fraud or deception in applying for or securing a license or registration to practice dentistry, dental hygiene, or dental assisting, or in annually renewing a license or registration under sections 150A.01 to 150A.12 is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
 - Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.06, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Display of name and certificates.** The initial license and subsequent renewal, or current registration certificate, of every dentist, <u>a dental therapist</u>, dental hygienist, or dental assistant shall be conspicuously displayed in every office in which that person practices, in plain sight of patients. Near or on the entrance door to every office where dentistry is practiced, the name of each dentist practicing there, as inscribed on the current license certificate, shall be displayed in plain sight.
 - Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.08, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Grounds.** The board may refuse or by order suspend or revoke, limit or modify by imposing conditions it deems necessary, any the license to practice dentistry or dental hygiene of a dentist, dental therapist, or dental hygienist, or the registration of any dental assistant upon any of the following grounds:
- (1) fraud or deception in connection with the practice of dentistry or the securing of a license or registration certificate:
- (2) conviction, including a finding or verdict of guilt, an admission of guilt, or a no contest plea, in any court of a felony or gross misdemeanor reasonably related to the practice of dentistry as evidenced by a certified copy of the conviction:
- (3) conviction, including a finding or verdict of guilt, an admission of guilt, or a no contest plea, in any court of an offense involving moral turpitude as evidenced by a certified copy of the conviction;
 - (4) habitual overindulgence in the use of intoxicating liquors;
- (5) improper or unauthorized prescription, dispensing, administering, or personal or other use of any legend drug as defined in chapter 151, or of any controlled substance as defined in chapter 152;
- (6) conduct unbecoming a person licensed to practice dentistry, <u>dental therapy</u>, or dental hygiene or registered as a dental assistant, or conduct contrary to the best interest of the public, as such conduct is defined by the rules of the board:
 - (7) gross immorality;
- (8) any physical, mental, emotional, or other disability which adversely affects a dentist's, dental therapist's, dental hygienist's, or registered dental assistant's ability to perform the service for which the person is licensed or registered;
- (9) revocation or suspension of a license, registration, or equivalent authority to practice, or other disciplinary action or denial of a license or registration application taken by a licensing, registering, or credentialing authority of another state, territory, or country as evidenced by a certified copy of the licensing authority's order, if the

disciplinary action or application denial was based on facts that would provide a basis for disciplinary action under this chapter and if the action was taken only after affording the credentialed person or applicant notice and opportunity to refute the allegations or pursuant to stipulation or other agreement;

- (10) failure to maintain adequate safety and sanitary conditions for a dental office in accordance with the standards established by the rules of the board;
 - (11) employing, assisting, or enabling in any manner an unlicensed person to practice dentistry;
 - (12) failure or refusal to attend, testify, and produce records as directed by the board under subdivision 7;
- (13) violation of, or failure to comply with, any other provisions of sections 150A.01 to 150A.12, the rules of the Board of Dentistry, or any disciplinary order issued by the board, sections 144.291 to 144.298 or 595.02, subdivision 1, paragraph (d), or for any other just cause related to the practice of dentistry. Suspension, revocation, modification or limitation of any license shall not be based upon any judgment as to therapeutic or monetary value of any individual drug prescribed or any individual treatment rendered, but only upon a repeated pattern of conduct;
- (14) knowingly providing false or misleading information that is directly related to the care of that patient unless done for an accepted therapeutic purpose such as the administration of a placebo; or
- (15) aiding suicide or aiding attempted suicide in violation of section 609.215 as established by any of the following:
- (i) a copy of the record of criminal conviction or plea of guilty for a felony in violation of section 609.215, subdivision 1 or 2;
- (ii) a copy of the record of a judgment of contempt of court for violating an injunction issued under section 609.215, subdivision 4;
 - (iii) a copy of the record of a judgment assessing damages under section 609.215, subdivision 5; or
- (iv) a finding by the board that the person violated section 609.215, subdivision 1 or 2. The board shall investigate any complaint of a violation of section 609.215, subdivision 1 or 2.
 - Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.08, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3a. **Costs; additional penalties.** (a) The board may impose a civil penalty not exceeding \$10,000 for each separate violation, the amount of the civil penalty to be fixed so as to deprive a licensee or registrant of any economic advantage gained by reason of the violation, to discourage similar violations by the licensee or registrant or any other licensee or registrant, or to reimburse the board for the cost of the investigation and proceeding, including, but not limited to, fees paid for services provided by the Office of Administrative Hearings, legal and investigative services provided by the Office of the Attorney General, court reporters, witnesses, reproduction of records, board members' per diem compensation, board staff time, and travel costs and expenses incurred by board staff and board members.
 - (b) In addition to costs and penalties imposed under paragraph (a), the board may also:
 - (1) order the dentist, dental therapist, dental hygienist, or dental assistant to provide unremunerated service;
 - (2) censure or reprimand the dentist, dental therapist, dental hygienist, or dental assistant; or
 - (3) any other action as allowed by law and justified by the facts of the case.

- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.08, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. Medical examinations. If the board has probable cause to believe that a dentist, dental therapist, dental hygienist, registered dental assistant, or applicant engages in acts described in subdivision 1, clause (4) or (5), or has a condition described in subdivision 1, clause (8), it shall direct the dentist, dental therapist, dental hygienist, assistant, or applicant to submit to a mental or physical examination or a chemical dependency assessment. For the purpose of this subdivision, every dentist, dental therapist, hygienist, or assistant licensed or registered under this chapter or person submitting an application for a license or registration is deemed to have given consent to submit to a mental or physical examination when directed in writing by the board and to have waived all objections in any proceeding under this section to the admissibility of the examining physician's testimony or examination reports on the ground that they constitute a privileged communication. Failure to submit to an examination without just cause may result in an application being denied or a default and final order being entered without the taking of testimony or presentation of evidence, other than evidence which may be submitted by affidavit, that the licensee, registrant, or applicant did not submit to the examination. A dentist, dental therapist, dental hygienist, registered dental assistant, or applicant affected under this section shall at reasonable intervals be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate ability to start or resume the competent practice of dentistry or perform the duties of a dental therapist, dental hygienist, or registered dental assistant with reasonable skill and safety to patients. In any proceeding under this subdivision, neither the record of proceedings nor the orders entered by the board is admissible, is subject to subpoena, or may be used against the dentist, dental therapist, dental hygienist, registered dental assistant, or applicant in any proceeding not commenced by the board. Information obtained under this subdivision shall be classified as private pursuant to the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act.
 - Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Registration information and procedure.** On or before the license or registration certificate expiration date every licensed dentist, <u>dental therapist</u>, dental hygienist, and registered dental assistant shall transmit to the executive secretary of the board, pertinent information required by the board, together with the fee established by the board. At least 30 days before a license or registration certificate expiration date, the board shall send a written notice stating the amount and due date of the fee and the information to be provided to every licensed dentist, <u>dental therapist</u>, dental hygienist, and registered dental assistant.
 - Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.09, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Current address, change of address.** Every dentist, <u>dental therapist</u>, dental hygienist, and registered dental assistant shall maintain with the board a correct and current mailing address. For dentists engaged in the practice of dentistry, the address shall be that of the location of the primary dental practice. Within 30 days after changing addresses, every dentist, <u>dental therapist</u>, dental hygienist, and registered dental assistant shall provide the board written notice of the new address either personally or by first class mail.
 - Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.091, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Application fees.** Each applicant for licensure or registration shall submit with a license or registration application a nonrefundable fee in the following amounts in order to administratively process an application:
 - (1) dentist, \$140;
 - (2) limited faculty dentist, \$140;
 - (3) resident dentist, \$55;
 - (4) dental therapist, \$100;

- (5) dental hygienist, \$55;
- (5) (6) registered dental assistant, \$35; and
- (6) (7) dental assistant with a limited registration, \$15.
- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.091, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Initial license or registration fees.** Along with the application fee, each of the following licensees or registrants shall submit a separate prorated initial license or registration fee. The prorated initial fee shall be established by the board based on the number of months of the licensee's or registrant's initial term as described in Minnesota Rules, part 3100.1700, subpart 1a, not to exceed the following monthly fee amounts:
 - (1) dentist, \$14 times the number of months of the initial term;
 - (2) dental therapist, \$10 times the number of months of initial term;
 - (3) dental hygienist, \$5 times the number of months of the initial term;
 - (3) (4) registered dental assistant, \$3 times the number of months of initial term; and
 - (4) (5) dental assistant with a limited registration, \$1 times the number of months of the initial term.
 - Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.091, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Biennial license or registration fees.** Each of the following licensees or registrants shall submit with a biennial license or registration renewal application a fee as established by the board, not to exceed the following amounts:
 - (1) dentist, \$336;
 - (2) dental therapist, \$180;
 - (3) dental hygienist, \$118;
 - (3) (4) registered dental assistant, \$80; and
 - (4) (5) dental assistant with a limited registration, \$24.
 - Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.091, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. **Duplicate license or registration fee.** Each licensee or registrant shall submit, with a request for issuance of a duplicate of the original license or registration, or of an annual or biennial renewal of it, a fee in the following amounts:
 - (1) original dentist, dental therapist, or dental hygiene license, \$35; and
 - (2) initial and renewal registration certificates and license renewal certificates, \$10.
 - Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.091, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
- Subd. 10. **Reinstatement fee.** No dentist, <u>dental therapist</u>, dental hygienist, or registered dental assistant whose license or registration has been suspended or revoked may have the license or registration reinstated or a new license or registration issued until a fee has been submitted to the board in the following amounts:

- (1) dentist, \$140;
- (2) dental therapist, \$85;
- (3) dental hygienist, \$55; and
- (3) (4) registered dental assistant, \$35.
- Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.10, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Dental hygienists.** Any licensed dentist, <u>licensed dental therapist</u>, public institution, or school authority may obtain services from a licensed dental hygienist. <u>Such The</u> licensed dental hygienist may provide those services defined in section 150A.05, subdivision 1a. <u>Such The</u> services <u>provided</u> shall not include the establishment of a final diagnosis or treatment plan for a dental patient. <u>Such All</u> services shall be provided under supervision of a licensed dentist. Any licensed dentist who shall permit any dental service by a dental hygienist other than those authorized by the Board of Dentistry, shall be deemed to be violating the provisions of sections 150A.01 to 150A.12, and any <u>such</u> unauthorized dental service by a dental hygienist shall constitute a violation of sections 150A.01 to 150A.12.

- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.10, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Dental assistants.** Every licensed dentist and dental therapist who uses the services of any unlicensed person for the purpose of assistance in the practice of dentistry or dental therapy shall be responsible for the acts of such unlicensed person while engaged in such assistance. Such The dentist or dental therapist shall permit such the unlicensed assistant to perform only those acts which are authorized to be delegated to unlicensed assistants by the Board of Dentistry. Such The acts shall be performed under supervision of a licensed dentist or dental therapist. A licensed dental therapist shall not supervise more than four registered dental assistants at any one practice setting. The board may permit differing levels of dental assistance based upon recognized educational standards, approved by the board, for the training of dental assistants. The board may also define by rule the scope of practice of registered and nonregistered dental assistants. The board by rule may require continuing education for differing levels of dental assistants, as a condition to their registration or authority to perform their authorized duties. Any licensed dentist or dental therapist who shall permit such permits an unlicensed assistant to perform any dental service other than that authorized by the board shall be deemed to be enabling an unlicensed person to practice dentistry, and commission of such an act by such an unlicensed assistant shall constitute a violation of sections 150A.01 to 150A.12.
 - Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.10, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Dental technicians.** Every licensed dentist and dental therapist who uses the services of any unlicensed person, other than under the dentist's <u>or dental therapist's</u> supervision and within such dentist's own office the same practice setting, for the purpose of constructing, altering, repairing or duplicating any denture, partial denture, crown, bridge, splint, orthodontic, prosthetic or other dental appliance, shall be required to furnish such unlicensed person with a written work order in such form as shall be prescribed by the rules of the board; said. The work order shall be made in duplicate form, a duplicate copy to be retained in a permanent file in <u>of</u> the dentist's office dentist or dental therapist at the practice setting for a period of two years, and the original to be retained in a permanent file for a period of two years by such the unlicensed person in that person's place of business. Such The permanent file of work orders to be kept by such the dentist, dental therapist, or by such the unlicensed person shall be open to inspection at any reasonable time by the board or its duly constituted agent.
 - Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.10, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Restorative procedures.** (a) Notwithstanding subdivisions 1, 1a, and 2, a licensed dental hygienist or a registered dental assistant may perform the following restorative procedures:

- (1) place, contour, and adjust amalgam restorations;
- (2) place, contour, and adjust glass ionomer;
- (3) adapt and cement stainless steel crowns; and
- (4) place, contour, and adjust class I and class V supragingival composite restorations where the margins are entirely within the enamel.
 - (b) The restorative procedures described in paragraph (a) may be performed only if:
- (1) the licensed dental hygienist or the registered dental assistant has completed a board-approved course on the specific procedures;
- (2) the board-approved course includes a component that sufficiently prepares the dental hygienist or registered dental assistant to adjust the occlusion on the newly placed restoration;
 - (3) a licensed dentist or licensed advanced dental therapist has authorized the procedure to be performed; and
- (4) a licensed dentist <u>or licensed advanced dental therapist</u> is available in the clinic while the procedure is being performed.
- (c) The dental faculty who teaches the educators of the board-approved courses specified in paragraph (b) must have prior experience teaching these procedures in an accredited dental education program.

Sec. 24. [150A.105] DENTAL THERAPIST.

- <u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>General.</u> A dental therapist licensed under this chapter shall practice under the supervision of a <u>Minnesota-licensed dentist and under the requirements of this chapter.</u>
- <u>Subd. 2.</u> <u>Limited practice settings.</u> A dental therapist licensed under this chapter is limited to primarily practicing in settings that serve low-income, uninsured, and underserved patients or in a dental health professional shortage area.
- Subd. 3. Collaborative management agreement. (a) Prior to performing any of the services authorized under this chapter, a dental therapist must enter into a written collaborative management agreement with a Minnesotalicensed dentist. A collaborating dentist is limited to entering into a collaborative agreement with no more than five advanced dental therapists at any one time. The agreement must include:
 - (1) practice settings where services may be provided and the populations to be served;
- (2) any limitations on the services that may be provided by the dental therapist, including the level of supervision required by the collaborating dentist;
- (3) age and procedure specific practice protocols, including case selection criteria, assessment guidelines, and imaging frequency;
- (4) a procedure for creating and maintaining dental records for the patients that are treated by the dental therapist;
 - (5) a plan to manage medical emergencies in each practice setting where the dental therapist provides care;

- (6) a quality assurance plan for monitoring care provided by the dental therapist, including patient care review, referral follow-up, and a quality assurance chart review;
- (7) protocols for administering and dispensing medications authorized under subdivision 5, and section 150A.106, including the specific conditions and circumstance under which these medications are to be dispensed and administered;
- (8) criteria relating to the provision of care to patients with specific medical conditions or complex medication histories, including requirements for consultation prior to the initiation of care;
 - (9) supervision criteria of dental assistants; and
- (10) a plan for the provision of clinical resources and referrals in situations which are beyond the capabilities of the dental therapist.
- (b) A collaborating dentist must be licensed and practicing in Minnesota. The collaborating dentist shall accept responsibility for all services authorized and performed by the dental therapist pursuant to the management agreement. Any licensed dentist who permits a dental therapist to perform a dental service other than those authorized under this section or by the board, or any dental therapist who performs an unauthorized service, violates sections 150A.01 to 150A.12.
- (c) Collaborative management agreements must be signed and maintained by the collaborating dentist and the dental therapist. Agreements must be reviewed, updated, and submitted to the board on an annual basis.
- <u>Subd. 4.</u> <u>Scope of practice.</u> (a) A licensed dental therapist may perform dental services as authorized under this section within the parameters of the collaborative management agreement.
- (b) The services authorized to be performed by a licensed dental therapist include preventive, evaluative, and educational oral health services, as specified in paragraphs (c) and (d), and within the parameters of the collaborative management agreement.
- (c) A licensed dental therapist may perform the following preventive, evaluative, and assessment services under general supervision, unless restricted or prohibited in the collaborative management agreement:
- (1) oral health instruction and disease prevention education, including nutritional counseling and dietary analysis;
 - (2) preliminary charting of the oral cavity;
 - (3) making radiographs;
 - (4) mechanical polishing;
- (5) application of topical preventive or prophylactic agents, including fluoride varnishes and pit and fissure sealants;
 - (6) pulp vitality testing;
 - (7) application of desensitizing medication or resin;
 - (8) fabrication of athletic mouthguards;

(9) placement of temporary restorations;
(10) fabrication of soft occlusal guards;
(11) tissue conditioning and soft reline;
(12) atraumatic restorative therapy;
(13) dressing changes:
(14) tooth reimplantation;
(15) administration of local anesthetic; and
(16) administration of nitrous oxide.
(d) A licensed dental therapist may perform the following services under indirect supervision:
(1) emergency palliative treatment of dental pain;
(2) the placement and removal of space maintainers;
(3) restorative services:
(i) cavity preparation;
(ii) restoration of primary and permanent teeth;
(iii) placement of temporary crowns;
(iv) preparation and placement of preformed crowns; and
(v) pulpotomies on primary teeth;
(4) indirect and direct pulp capping on primary and permanent teeth;
(5) stabilization of reimplanted teeth:
(6) extractions of primary teeth;
(7) suture removal;
(8) brush biopsies;
(9) repair of defective prosthetic devices:
(10) recementing of permanent crowns; and
(11) emergency palliative treatment of dental pain

(e) For purposes of this section and section 150A.106, "general supervision" and "indirect supervision" have the meanings given in Minnesota Rules, part 3100.0100, subpart 21.

- Subd. 5. Dispensing authority. (a) A licensed dental therapist may dispense and administer the following drugs within the parameters of the collaborative management agreement and within the scope of practice of the dental therapist: analgesics, anti-inflammatories, and antibiotics.
- (b) The authority to dispense and administer shall extend only to the categories of drugs identified in this subdivision, and may be further limited by the collaborative management agreement.
- (c) The authority to dispense includes the authority to dispense sample drugs within the categories identified in this subdivision if dispensing is permitted by the collaborative management agreement.
- (d) A licensed dental therapist is prohibited from dispensing or administering a narcotic drug as defined in section 152.01, subdivision 10.
- Subd. 6. Application of other laws. A licensed dental therapist authorized to practice under this chapter is not in violation of section 150A.05 as it relates to the unauthorized practice of dentistry if the practice is authorized under this chapter and is within the parameters of the collaborative management agreement.
- Subd. 7. Use of dental assistants. (a) A licensed dental therapist may supervise dental assistants to the extent permitted in the collaborative management agreement and according to section 150A.10, subdivision 2.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a licensed dental therapist is limited to supervising no more than four registered dental assistants or nonregistered dental assistants at any one practice setting.
 - <u>Subd. 8.</u> <u>**Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the following definitions apply.</u>
 - (b) "Practice settings that serve the low-income and underserved" mean:
- (1) critical access dental provider settings as designated by the commissioner of human services under section 256B.76, subdivision 4;
- (2) dental hygiene collaborative practice settings identified in section 150A.10, subdivision 1a, paragraph (e), and including medical facilities, assisted living facilities, federally qualified health centers, and organizations eligible to receive a community clinic grant under section 145.9268, subdivision 1;
 - (3) military and veterans administration hospitals, clinics, and care settings;
- (4) a patient's residence or home when the patient is home-bound or receiving or eligible to receive home care services or home and community-based waivered services, regardless of the patient's income;
 - (5) oral health educational institutions; or
- (6) any other clinic or practice setting, including mobile dental units, in which at least 50 percent of the total patient base of the clinic or practice setting consists of patients who:
 - (i) are enrolled in a Minnesota health care program;
 - (ii) have a medical disability or chronic condition that creates a significant barrier to receiving dental care;
- (iii) do not have dental health coverage, either through a public health care program or private insurance, and have an annual gross family income equal to or less than 200 percent of the federal poverty guidelines; or

- (iv) do not have dental health coverage either through a state public health care program or private insurance, and whose family gross income is equal to or less than 275 percent of the federal poverty guidelines.
- (c) "Dental health professional shortage area" means an area that meets the criteria established by the secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services and is designated as such under United States Code, title 42, section 254e.

Sec. 25. [150A.106] ADVANCED PRACTICE DENTAL THERAPIST.

- Subdivision 1. General. A dental therapist licensed under this chapter who meets the following requirements shall be certified by the board to practice as an advanced dental therapist:
 - (1) has been engaged in the active practice as a licensed dental therapist for not less than one year;
 - (2) has graduated from a master's degree dental therapy program;
 - (3) has completed a minimum of 2,000 hours of advanced dental therapy clinical practice;
 - (4) has passed a board-approved certification examination; and
 - (5) has submitted an application for certification as prescribed by the board.
- Subd. 2. Scope of practice. (a) An advanced dental therapist certified by the board under this section may perform the following services and procedures pursuant to the written collaborative management agreement:
- (1) the assessment of dental disease and the formulation of an individualized treatment plan authorized by the collaborating dentist;
 - (2) the services and procedures described under section 150A.105, subdivision 4, paragraphs (c) and (d); and
 - (3) nonsurgical extractions of permanent teeth as limited in subdivision 3, paragraph (b).
 - (b) The services and procedures described under this subdivision may be performed under general supervision.
- Subd. 3. **Practice limitation.** (a) An advanced practice dental therapist shall not perform any service or procedure described in subdivision 2 except as authorized by the collaborating dentist.
- (b) An advanced dental therapist may perform nonsurgical extractions of peridontally diseased permanent teeth with tooth mobility of +3 to +4 under general supervision if authorized in advance by the collaborating dentist. The advanced dental therapist shall not extract a tooth for any patient if the tooth is unerupted, impacted, fractured, or needs to be sectioned for removal.
- (c) The collaborating dentist is responsible for directly providing or arranging for another dentist or specialist to provide any necessary advanced services needed by the patient.
- (d) An advanced dental therapist in accordance with the collaborative management agreement must refer patients to another qualified dental or health care professional to receive any needed services that exceed the scope of practice of the advanced dental therapist.
- (e) In addition to the collaborative management agreement requirements described in section 150A.105, a collaborative management agreement entered into with an advanced dental therapist must include specific written protocols to govern situations in which the advanced dental therapist encounters a patient who requires treatment

that exceeds the authorized scope of practice of the advanced dental therapist. The collaborating dentist must ensure that a dentist is available to the advanced dental therapist for timely consultation during treatment if needed and must either provide or arrange with another dentist or specialist to provide the necessary treatment to any patient who requires more treatment than the advanced dental therapist is authorized to provide.

- Subd. 4. Prescribing authority. (a) An advanced dental therapist may provide, dispense, and administer the following drugs within the parameters of the collaborative management agreement, within the scope of practice of the advanced dental therapist practitioner, and with the authorization of the collaborating dentist: analgesics, anti-inflammatories, and antibiotics.
- (b) The authority to provide, dispense, and administer shall extend only to the categories of drugs identified in this subdivision, and may be further limited by the collaborative management agreement.
- (c) The authority to dispense includes the authority to dispense sample drugs within the categories identified in this subdivision if dispensing is permitted by the collaborative management agreement.
- (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), an advanced dental therapist is prohibited from providing, dispensing, or administering a narcotic drug as defined in section 152.01, subdivision 10.
 - Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.11, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Dividing fees.** It shall be unlawful for any dentist to divide fees with or promise to pay a part of the dentist's fee to, or to pay a commission to, any dentist or other person who calls the dentist in consultation or who sends patients to the dentist for treatment, or operation, but nothing herein shall prevent licensed dentists from forming a bona fide partnership for the practice of dentistry, nor to the actual employment by a licensed dentist of, a licensed dental therapist, a licensed dental hygienist or another licensed dentist.
 - Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.12, is amended to read:

150A.12 VIOLATION AND DEFENSES.

Every person who violates any of the provisions of sections 150A.01 to 150A.12 for which no specific penalty is provided herein, shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor; and, upon conviction, punished by a fine of not more than \$3,000 or by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than one year or by both such fine and imprisonment. In the prosecution of any person for violation of sections 150A.01 to 150A.12, it shall not be necessary to allege or prove lack of a valid license to practice dentistry or, dental hygiene, or dental therapy but such matter shall be a matter of defense to be established by the defendant.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.21, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Patient's name and Social Security number.** Every complete upper and lower denture and removable dental prosthesis fabricated by a dentist licensed under section 150A.06, or fabricated pursuant to the dentist's <u>or dental therapist's</u> work order, shall be marked with the name and Social Security number of the patient for whom the prosthesis is intended. The markings shall be done during fabrication and shall be permanent, legible and cosmetically acceptable. The exact location of the markings and the methods used to apply or implant them shall be determined by the dentist or dental laboratory fabricating the prosthesis. If in the professional judgment of the dentist or dental laboratory, this identification is not practicable, identification shall be provided as follows:

- (a) The Social Security number of the patient may be omitted if the name of the patient is shown;
- (b) The initials of the patient may be shown alone, if use of the name of the patient is impracticable;

- (c) The identification marks may be omitted in their entirety if none of the forms of identification specified in clauses (a) and (b) are practicable or clinically safe.
 - Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.21, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Failure to comply.** Failure of any dentist <u>or dental therapist</u> to comply with this section shall be deemed to be a violation for which the dentist <u>or dental therapist</u> may be subject to proceedings pursuant to section 150A.08, provided the dentist is charged with the violation within two years of initial insertion of the dental prosthetic device.
 - Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 151.01, subdivision 23, is amended to read:
- Subd. 23. **Practitioner.** "Practitioner" means a licensed doctor of medicine, licensed doctor of osteopathy duly licensed to practice medicine, licensed doctor of dentistry, licensed doctor of optometry, licensed podiatrist, or licensed veterinarian. For purposes of sections 151.15, subdivision 4, 151.37, subdivision 2, paragraphs (b), (e), and (f), and 151.461, "practitioner" also means a physician assistant authorized to prescribe, dispense, and administer under chapter 147A, or an advanced practice nurse authorized to prescribe, dispense, and administer under section 148.235. For purposes of sections 151.15, subdivision 4; 151.37, subdivision 2, paragraph (b); and 151.461, "practitioner" also means a dental therapist authorized to dispense and administer under chapter 150A.
 - Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 151.37, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Prescribing and filing.** (a) A licensed practitioner in the course of professional practice only, may prescribe, administer, and dispense a legend drug, and may cause the same to be administered by a nurse, a physician assistant, a dental therapist, or medical student or resident under the practitioner's direction and supervision, and may cause a person who is an appropriately certified, registered, or licensed health care professional to prescribe, dispense, and administer the same within the expressed legal scope of the person's practice as defined in Minnesota Statutes. A licensed practitioner may prescribe a legend drug, without reference to a specific patient, by directing a nurse, pursuant to section 148.235, subdivisions 8 and 9, a dental therapist under chapter 150A, a physician assistant, or a medical student or resident to adhere to a particular practice guideline or protocol when treating patients whose condition falls within such guideline or protocol, and when such guideline or protocol specifies the circumstances under which the legend drug is to be prescribed and administered. An individual who verbally, electronically, or otherwise transmits a written, oral, or electronic order, as an agent of a prescriber, shall not be deemed to have prescribed the legend drug. This paragraph applies to a physician assistant only if the physician assistant meets the requirements of section 147A.18.
- (b) A licensed practitioner that dispenses for profit a legend drug that is to be administered orally, is ordinarily dispensed by a pharmacist, and is not a vaccine, must file with the practitioner's licensing board a statement indicating that the practitioner dispenses legend drugs for profit, the general circumstances under which the practitioner dispenses for profit, and the types of legend drugs generally dispensed. It is unlawful to dispense legend drugs for profit after July 31, 1990, unless the statement has been filed with the appropriate licensing board. For purposes of this paragraph, "profit" means (1) any amount received by the practitioner in excess of the acquisition cost of a legend drug for legend drugs that are purchased in prepackaged form, or (2) any amount received by the practitioner in excess of the acquisition cost of a legend drug plus the cost of making the drug available if the legend drug requires compounding, packaging, or other treatment. The statement filed under this paragraph is public data under section 13.03. This paragraph does not apply to a licensed doctor of veterinary medicine or a registered pharmacist. Any person other than a licensed practitioner with the authority to prescribe, dispense, and administer a legend drug under paragraph (a) shall not dispense for profit. To dispense for profit does not include dispensing by a community health clinic when the profit from dispensing is used to meet operating expenses.

- (c) A prescription or drug order for the following drugs is not valid, unless it can be established that the prescription or order was based on a documented patient evaluation, including an examination, adequate to establish a diagnosis and identify underlying conditions and contraindications to treatment:
 - (1) controlled substance drugs listed in section 152.02, subdivisions 3 to 5;
- (2) drugs defined by the Board of Pharmacy as controlled substances under section 152.02, subdivisions 7, 8, and 12;
 - (3) muscle relaxants;
 - (4) centrally acting analgesics with opioid activity;
 - (5) drugs containing butalbital; or
 - (6) phoshodiesterase type 5 inhibitors when used to treat erectile dysfunction.
- (d) For the purposes of paragraph (c), the requirement for an examination shall be met if an in-person examination has been completed in any of the following circumstances:
 - (1) the prescribing practitioner examines the patient at the time the prescription or drug order is issued;
 - (2) the prescribing practitioner has performed a prior examination of the patient;
- (3) another prescribing practitioner practicing within the same group or clinic as the prescribing practitioner has examined the patient;
- (4) a consulting practitioner to whom the prescribing practitioner has referred the patient has examined the patient; or
- (5) the referring practitioner has performed an examination in the case of a consultant practitioner issuing a prescription or drug order when providing services by means of telemedicine.
- (e) Nothing in paragraph (c) or (d) prohibits a licensed practitioner from prescribing a drug through the use of a guideline or protocol pursuant to paragraph (a).
- (f) Nothing in this chapter prohibits a licensed practitioner from issuing a prescription or dispensing a legend drug in accordance with the Expedited Partner Therapy in the Management of Sexually Transmitted Diseases guidance document issued by the United States Centers for Disease Control.
- (g) Nothing in paragraph (c) or (d) limits prescription, administration, or dispensing of legend drugs through a public health clinic or other distribution mechanism approved by the commissioner of health or a board of health in order to prevent, mitigate, or treat a pandemic illness, infectious disease outbreak, or intentional or accidental release of a biological, chemical, or radiological agent.
- (h) No pharmacist employed by, under contract to, or working for a pharmacy licensed under section 151.19, subdivision 1, may dispense a legend drug based on a prescription that the pharmacist knows, or would reasonably be expected to know, is not valid under paragraph (c).
- (i) No pharmacist employed by, under contract to, or working for a pharmacy licensed under section 151.19, subdivision 2, may dispense a legend drug to a resident of this state based on a prescription that the pharmacist knows, or would reasonably be expected to know, is not valid under paragraph (c).

Sec. 32. IMPACT OF DENTAL THERAPISTS.

- (a) The Board of Dentistry shall evaluate the impact of the use of dental therapists on the delivery of and access to dental services. The board shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health care by January 15, 2014:
 - (1) the number of dental therapists annually licensed by the board beginning in 2011;
 - (2) the settings where licensed dental therapists are practicing and the populations being served;
 - (3) the number of complaints filed against dental therapists and the basis for each complaint; and
 - (4) the number of disciplinary actions taken against dental therapists.
- (b) The board, in consultation with the Department of Human Services, shall also include the number and type of dental services that were performed by dental therapists and reimbursed by the state under the Minnesota state health care programs for the 2013 fiscal year.
- (c) The Board of Dentistry, in consultation with the Department of Health, shall develop an evaluation process that focuses on assessing the impact of dental therapists in terms of patient safety, cost effectiveness, and access to dental services. The process shall focus on the following outcome measures:
 - (1) number of new patients served;
 - (2) reduction in waiting times for needed services;
 - (3) decreased travel time for patients;
 - (4) impact on emergency room usage for dental care; and
 - (5) costs to the public health care system.
- (d) The evaluation process shall be used by the board in the report required in paragraph (a) and shall expire January 1, 2014.

Sec. 33. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 150A.061, is repealed."

Page 92, delete article 11

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Abeler and Thao moved to amend H. F. No. 535, the first engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 3, after line 20, insert:

"Sec. 2. [148.107] RECORDKEEPING.

- All items in this section should be contained in the patient record, including but not limited to, paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (e), (g), and (i).
- (a) A description of past conditions and trauma, past treatment received, current treatment being received from other health care providers, and a description of the patient's current condition including onset and description of trauma if trauma occurred.
- (b) Examinations performed to determine a preliminary or final diagnosis based on indicated diagnostic tests, with a record of findings of each test performed.
 - (c) A diagnosis supported by documented subjective and objective findings, or clearly qualified as an opinion.
- (d) A treatment plan that describes the procedures and treatment used for the conditions identified, including approximate frequency of care.
- (e) Daily notes documenting current subjective complaints as described by the patient, any change in objective findings if noted during that visit, a listing of all procedures provided during that visit, and all information that is exchanged and will affect that patient's treatment.
- (f) A description by the chiropractor or written by the patient each time an incident occurs that results in an aggravation of the patient's condition or a new developing condition.
- (g) Results of reexaminations that are performed to evaluate significant changes in a patient's condition, including tests that were positive or deviated from results used to indicate normal findings.
- (h) When symbols or abbreviations are used, a key that explains their meanings must accompany each file when requested in writing by the patient or a third party.
 - (i) Documentation that family history has been evaluated.

Sec. 3. REPEALER.

Minnesota Rules, part 2500.5000, is repealed."

Page 47, line 18, delete "15" and insert "16"

Page 47, line 33, delete "and"

Page 47, line 34, strike the period and insert:

"; and

(14) one member appointed by the Minnesota Chiropractic Association."

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

H. F. No. 535, A bill for an act relating to health occupations; changing provisions for chiropractors, pharmacists, respiratory therapists, physician assistants, psychologists, nutritionists, and social work; licensing dental therapists and oral health practitioners; setting fees; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 62M.09, subdivision 3a; 62U.09, subdivision 2; 144.1501, subdivision 1; 144E.001, subdivisions 3a, 9c; 147.09; 147A.01;

147A.02; 147A.03; 147A.04; 147A.05; 147A.06; 147A.07; 147A.08; 147A.09; 147A.11; 147A.13; 147A.16; 147A.18; 147A.19; 147A.20; 147A.21; 147A.23; 147A.24; 147A.26; 147A.27; 147C.01; 147C.05; 147C.10; 147C.15; 147C.20; 147C.25; 147C.30; 147C.35; 147C.40; 148.06, subdivision 1; 148.624, subdivision 2; 148.89, subdivision 5; 148D.010, subdivisions 9, 15, by adding subdivisions; 148D.025, subdivisions 2, 3; 148D.061, subdivisions 6, 8; 148D.062, subdivision 2; 148D.063, subdivision 2; 148D.125, subdivisions 1, 3; 148E.010, subdivisions 11, 17, by adding subdivisions; 148E.025, subdivisions 2, 3; 148E.055, subdivision 5; 148E.100, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, by adding a subdivision; 148E.105, subdivisions 1, 3, 5, 7, by adding a subdivision; 148E.106, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, by adding a subdivision; 148E.110, subdivisions 1, 2, by adding subdivisions; 148E.115, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 148E.120; 148E.125, subdivisions 1, 3; 148E.130, subdivisions 2, 5, by adding a subdivision; 148E.165, subdivision 1; 150A.01, by adding subdivisions; 150A.05, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 150A.06, subdivisions 2d, 5, 6, by adding subdivisions; 150A.08, subdivisions 1, 3a, 5; 150A.09, subdivisions 1, 3; 150A.091, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, 8, 10; 150A.10, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4; 150A.11, subdivision 4; 150A.12; 150A.21, subdivisions 1, 4; 151.01, subdivision 23; 151.37, subdivision 2; 169.345, subdivision 2; 214.103, subdivision 9; 253B.02, subdivision 7; 253B.05, subdivision 2; 256B.0625, subdivision 28a; 256B.0751, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 148; 150A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 147A.22; 148.627; 148D.062, subdivision 5; 148D.125, subdivision 2; 148D.180, subdivision 8; 148E.106, subdivision 6; 148E.125, subdivision 2; 150A.061; Minnesota Rules, part 2500.5000.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 123 yeas and 10 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Dill	Hoppe	Liebling	Nornes	Simon
Anderson, P.	Dittrich	Hornstein	Lieder	Norton	Slawik
Anderson, S.	Doepke	Hortman	Lillie	Obermueller	Slocum
Anzelc	Doty	Hosch	Loeffler	Olin	Smith
Beard	Downey	Howes	Loon	Otremba	Solberg
Benson	Eken	Huntley	Mack	Paymar	Sterner
Bigham	Falk	Jackson	Magnus	Pelowski	Swails
Bly	Faust	Johnson	Mahoney	Peppin	Thao
Brod	Fritz	Juhnke	Mariani	Persell	Thissen
Brown	Gardner	Kahn	Marquart	Peterson	Tillberry
Brynaert	Garofalo	Kalin	Masin	Poppe	Torkelson
Bunn	Gottwalt	Kath	McFarlane	Reinert	Urdahl
Carlson	Greiling	Kelly	McNamara	Rosenthal	Wagenius
Champion	Gunther	Kiffmeyer	Morgan	Rukavina	Ward
Clark	Hamilton	Knuth	Morrow	Ruud	Welti
Cornish	Hansen	Koenen	Mullery	Sailer	Westrom
Davids	Hausman	Kohls	Murdock	Sanders	Winkler
Davnie	Haws	Laine	Murphy, E.	Scalze	Spk. Kelliher
Dean	Hayden	Lanning	Murphy, M.	Scott	_
Demmer	Hilstrom	Lenczewski	Nelson	Seifert	
Dettmer	Hilty	Lesch	Newton	Sertich	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, B. Drazkowski Emmer Holberg Shimanski Buesgens Eastlund Hackbarth Severson Zellers

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 203, A bill for an act relating to health; establishing oversight for health cooperative arrangements; establishing an application fee; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 13.381, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 62R.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 95 yeas and 38 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Doty	Hosch	Lillie	Otremba	Slocum
Anderson, P.	Eken	Howes	Loeffler	Paymar	Smith
Anzelc	Falk	Huntley	Magnus	Pelowski	Solberg
Benson	Faust	Jackson	Mahoney	Persell	Sterner
Bigham	Fritz	Johnson	Mariani	Peterson	Swails
Bly	Gardner	Juhnke	Marquart	Poppe	Thao
Brown	Greiling	Kahn	Masin	Reinert	Thissen
Brynaert	Hamilton	Kalin	Morgan	Rosenthal	Tillberry
Carlson	Hansen	Kath	Morrow	Rukavina	Torkelson
Champion	Hausman	Knuth	Mullery	Ruud	Urdahl
Clark	Haws	Koenen	Murphy, E.	Sailer	Wagenius
Cornish	Hayden	Laine	Murphy, M.	Scalze	Ward
Davnie	Hilstrom	Lenczewski	Nelson	Seifert	Welti
Demmer	Hilty	Lesch	Newton	Sertich	Westrom
Dill	Hornstein	Liebling	Obermueller	Simon	Spk. Kelliher
Dittrich	Hortman	Lieder	Olin	Slawik	=

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, B.	Dean	Garofalo	Kiffmeyer	Murdock	Shimanski
Anderson, S.	Dettmer	Gottwalt	Kohls	Nornes	Winkler
Beard	Doepke	Gunther	Lanning	Norton	Zellers
Brod	Downey	Hackbarth	Loon	Peppin	
Buesgens	Drazkowski	Holberg	Mack	Sanders	
Bunn	Eastlund	Hoppe	McFarlane	Scott	
Davids	Emmer	Kelly	McNamara	Severson	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 1288, A bill for an act relating to commerce; regulating various filings, forms, records, submissions, motions, and orders relating to duties and responsibilities of the secretary of state; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 5.15; 5.23, subdivisions 1, 4; 5.26, subdivision 1; 270C.63, subdivision 4; 272.488, subdivision 2; 302A.115, subdivision 1; 302A.151; 303.06; 303.11; 308A.121, subdivision 1; 308B.211, subdivision 1; 308B.215; 317A.115, subdivision 2; 321.0108; 321.0809; 321.0902; 321.0906; 321.0909; 322B.12, subdivision 1; 322B.91, subdivision 1; 322B.92; 336.9-519; 336.9-521; 336.9-525; 336A.03, subdivision 3; 336A.09, subdivision 1; 545.05, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, 7, 10, 11, 13; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 5; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 5.03; 308B.121, subdivision 3; Minnesota Rules, part 8280.0470.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 130 yeas and 3 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Dill	Hilstrom	Lenczewski	Newton	Shimanski
Anderson, B.	Dittrich	Hilty	Lesch	Nornes	Simon
Anderson, P.	Doepke	Holberg	Liebling	Norton	Slawik
Anderson, S.	Doty	Норре	Lieder	Obermueller	Slocum
Anzelc	Downey	Hornstein	Lillie	Olin	Smith
Beard	Drazkowski	Hortman	Loeffler	Otremba	Solberg
Benson	Eastlund	Hosch	Loon	Paymar	Sterner
Bigham	Eken	Howes	Mack	Pelowski	Swails
Bly	Emmer	Huntley	Magnus	Persell	Thao
Brod	Falk	Jackson	Mahoney	Peterson	Thissen
Brown	Faust	Johnson	Mariani	Poppe	Tillberry
Brynaert	Fritz	Juhnke	Marquart	Reinert	Torkelson
Bunn	Gardner	Kahn	Masin	Rosenthal	Urdahl
Carlson	Garofalo	Kalin	McFarlane	Rukavina	Wagenius
Champion	Gottwalt	Kath	McNamara	Ruud	Ward
Clark	Greiling	Kelly	Morgan	Sailer	Welti
Cornish	Gunther	Kiffmeyer	Morrow	Sanders	Westrom
Davids	Hamilton	Knuth	Mullery	Scalze	Winkler
Davnie	Hansen	Koenen	Murdock	Scott	Zellers
Dean	Hausman	Kohls	Murphy, E.	Seifert	Spk. Kelliher
Demmer	Haws	Laine	Murphy, M.	Sertich	•
Dettmer	Hayden	Lanning	Nelson	Severson	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Hackbarth Buesgens Peppin

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 284 was reported to the House.

Zellers moved to amend S. F. No. 284, the first engrossment, as follows:

Page 1, line 10, after the period, insert "To the extent a provision of this section results in an unreimbursed cost to a local unit of government, the provision does not apply within that jurisdiction."

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Zellers amendment and the roll was called. There were 56 yeas and 76 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anderson, S. Cornish Demmer Doty Abeler Brod Anderson, B. Beard Brown Davids Dettmer Downey Anderson, P. Bly Buesgens Dean Doepke Drazkowski

Eastlund	Hackbarth	Kiffmeyer	McFarlane	Scott	Urdahl
Emmer	Hamilton	Kohls	McNamara	Seifert	Westrom
Faust	Holberg	Lanning	Murdock	Severson	Zellers
Fritz	Hoppe	Liebling	Nornes	Shimanski	
Garofalo	Howes	Loon	Obermueller	Smith	
Gottwalt	Kath	Mack	Peppin	Sterner	
Gunther	Kelly	Magnus	Sanders	Torkelson	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anzelc	Gardner	Johnson	Mariani	Pelowski	Slocum
Benson	Greiling	Juhnke	Marquart	Persell	Solberg
Bigham	Hansen	Kahn	Masin	Peterson	Swails
Brynaert	Hausman	Kalin	Morgan	Poppe	Thao
Bunn	Haws	Knuth	Morrow	Reinert	Thissen
Carlson	Hayden	Koenen	Mullery	Rosenthal	Tillberry
Champion	Hilstrom	Laine	Murphy, E.	Rukavina	Wagenius
Clark	Hilty	Lenczewski	Murphy, M.	Ruud	Ward
Davnie	Hornstein	Lesch	Nelson	Sailer	Welti
Dill	Hortman	Lieder	Newton	Scalze	Winkler
Dittrich	Hosch	Lillie	Norton	Sertich	Spk. Kelliher
Eken	Huntley	Loeffler	Olin	Simon	-
Falk	Jackson	Mahoney	Paymar	Slawik	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

Brod moved to amend S. F. No. 284, the first engrossment, as follows:

Page 1, line 6, delete "CITIES" and insert "A MUNICIPALITY."

Page 1, delete line 7

Page 1, line 9, delete "city of the first class" and insert "municipality"

Page 1, line 11, after "(a)" insert "(1)"

Page 1, line 12, delete the first "city"

Page 1, line 12, delete "city of the first class" and insert "municipality"

Page 1, line 13, delete "city" and insert "municipality"

Page 1, after line 15, insert:

"(2) If the two largest major political parties do not intend to hold a precinct caucus during the next oddnumbered year, the local chairs of the parties must notify the governing body of the municipality, in writing, that no precinct caucus will be held in that year. If no precinct caucus is scheduled to be held, the provisions of this section do not apply."

Page 1, line 17, delete "city of the first class" and insert "municipality"

Page 1, line 19, delete "city" and insert "municipality"

Page 1, line 21, delete "city of the first class" and insert "municipality"

Page 1, line 22, delete "city" and insert "municipality"

Page 2, line 1, delete "city" and insert "municipality"

Page 2, line 2, delete "city" and insert "municipality"

Page 2, line 8, delete "first class city" and insert "municipality"

Page 2, line 9, delete "city council" and insert "municipal governing body"

Page 2, line 11, delete "first-class city" and insert "municipality"

Page 2, line 13, delete "first class" and insert "municipality"

Page 2, line 14, delete "city"

Page 2, line 16, delete "city of the first class" and insert "municipality"

Page 2, line 22, delete "city of" and insert "municipality"

Page 2, line 23, delete "the first class"

Page 2, line 26, delete "city of the first class" and insert "municipality"

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Brod amendment and the roll was called. There were 51 yeas and 82 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Davids	Garofalo	Kelly	Newton	Sterner
Anderson, B.	Dean	Gottwalt	Kiffmeyer	Nornes	Thissen
Anderson, P.	Demmer	Gunther	Kohls	Peppin	Torkelson
Anderson, S.	Dettmer	Hackbarth	Loon	Sanders	Urdahl
Beard	Downey	Hamilton	Mack	Scott	Westrom
Brod	Drazkowski	Holberg	Magnus	Seifert	Zellers
Brown	Eastlund	Hoppe	McFarlane	Severson	
Buesgens	Emmer	Howes	McNamara	Shimanski	
Cornish	Fritz	Kath	Murdock	Smith	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anzelc	Bly	Carlson	Davnie	Doepke	Falk
Benson	Brynaert	Champion	Dill	Doty	Faust
Bigham	Bunn	Clark	Dittrich	Eken	Gardner

Greiling	Jackson	Liebling	Murphy, E.	Poppe	Solberg
Hansen	Johnson	Lieder	Murphy, M.	Reinert	Swails
Hausman	Juhnke	Lillie	Nelson	Rosenthal	Thao
Haws	Kahn	Loeffler	Norton	Rukavina	Tillberry
Hayden	Kalin	Mahoney	Obermueller	Ruud	Wagenius
Hilstrom	Knuth	Mariani	Olin	Sailer	Ward
Hilty	Koenen	Marquart	Otremba	Scalze	Welti
Hornstein	Laine	Masin	Paymar	Sertich	Winkler
Hortman	Lanning	Morgan	Pelowski	Simon	Spk. Kelliher
Hosch	Lenczewski	Morrow	Persell	Slawik	
Huntley	Lesch	Mullery	Peterson	Slocum	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

S. F. No. 284, A bill for an act relating to elections; applying certain privileges to major political party caucuses held in cities of the first class during odd-numbered years; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 202A.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 86 yeas and 47 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anzelc	Falk	Jackson	Mahoney	Paymar	Solberg
Benson	Faust	Johnson	Mariani	Pelowski	Sterner
Bigham	Fritz	Juhnke	Marquart	Persell	Swails
Bly	Gardner	Kahn	Masin	Peterson	Thao
Brown	Greiling	Kalin	Morgan	Poppe	Thissen
Brynaert	Hansen	Kath	Morrow	Reinert	Tillberry
Bunn	Hausman	Knuth	Mullery	Rosenthal	Wagenius
Carlson	Haws	Koenen	Murphy, E.	Rukavina	Ward
Champion	Hayden	Laine	Murphy, M.	Ruud	Welti
Clark	Hilstrom	Lenczewski	Nelson	Sailer	Winkler
Davnie	Hilty	Lesch	Newton	Scalze	Spk. Kelliher
Dill	Hornstein	Liebling	Norton	Sertich	•
Dittrich	Hortman	Lieder	Obermueller	Simon	
Doty	Hosch	Lillie	Olin	Slawik	
Eken	Huntley	Loeffler	Otremba	Slocum	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Abeler	Davids	Emmer	Howes	McFarlane	Severson
Anderson, B.	Dean	Garofalo	Kelly	McNamara	Shimanski
Anderson, P.	Demmer	Gottwalt	Kiffmeyer	Murdock	Smith
Anderson, S.	Dettmer	Gunther	Kohls	Nornes	Torkelson
Beard	Doepke	Hackbarth	Lanning	Peppin	Urdahl
Brod	Downey	Hamilton	Loon	Sanders	Westrom
Buesgens	Drazkowski	Holberg	Mack	Scott	Zellers
Cornish	Eastlund	Hoppe	Magnus	Seifert	

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 1276 was reported to the House.

Norton moved to amend H. F. No. 1276, the second engrossment, as follows:

Page 16, line 13, delete "other"

Page 16, line 14, delete "other"

Page 16, line 15, delete "eligible persons" and insert "any class or classes of officers, employees, or dependents"

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

H. F. No. 1276, A bill for an act relating to health and human services; relieving counties of certain mandates; making changes to residential treatment facilities; county payment of cremation, burial, and funeral expenses; child welfare provisions; health plan audits; nursing facilities; home health aides; inspections of day training and habilitation facilities; changing certain health care provisions relating to school districts, charter schools, and local governments; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 62Q.37, subdivision 3; 144A.04, subdivision 11, by adding a subdivision; 144A.43, by adding a subdivision; 144A.45, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 245.4882, subdivision 1; 245.4885, subdivisions 1, 1a; 256.935, subdivision 1; 256.962, subdivisions 6, 7; 256B.0945, subdivisions 1, 4; 256F.13, subdivision 1; 260C.212, subdivisions 4a, 11; 261.035; 471.61, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 245B; repealing Minnesota Rules, part 4668.0110, subpart 5.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 133 yeas and 0 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Dill	Hilstrom	Lesch	Norton	Slawik
Anderson, B.	Dittrich	Hilty	Liebling	Obermueller	Slocum
Anderson, P.	Doepke	Holberg	Lieder	Olin	Smith
Anderson, S.	Doty	Hoppe	Lillie	Otremba	Solberg
Anzelc	Downey	Hornstein	Loeffler	Paymar	Sterner
Beard	Drazkowski	Hortman	Loon	Pelowski	Swails
Benson	Eastlund	Hosch	Mack	Peppin	Thao
Bigham	Eken	Howes	Magnus	Persell	Thissen
Bly	Emmer	Huntley	Mahoney	Peterson	Tillberry
Brod	Falk	Jackson	Mariani	Poppe	Torkelson
Brown	Faust	Johnson	Marquart	Reinert	Urdahl
Brynaert	Fritz	Juhnke	Masin	Rosenthal	Wagenius
Buesgens	Gardner	Kahn	McFarlane	Rukavina	Ward
Bunn	Garofalo	Kalin	McNamara	Ruud	Welti
Carlson	Gottwalt	Kath	Morgan	Sailer	Westrom
Champion	Greiling	Kelly	Morrow	Sanders	Winkler
Clark	Gunther	Kiffmeyer	Mullery	Scalze	Zellers
Cornish	Hackbarth	Knuth	Murdock	Scott	Spk. Kelliher
Davids	Hamilton	Koenen	Murphy, E.	Seifert	
Davnie	Hansen	Kohls	Murphy, M.	Sertich	
Dean	Hausman	Laine	Nelson	Severson	
Demmer	Haws	Lanning	Newton	Shimanski	
Dettmer	Hayden	Lenczewski	Nornes	Simon	

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

- S. F. No. 1890 was reported to the House.
- S. F. No. 1890 was read for the third time.

MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Thissen moved that the action whereby S. F. No. 1890 was given its third reading be now reconsidered. The motion prevailed.

There being no objection, S. F. No. 1890 was temporarily laid over on the Calendar for the Day.

There being no objection, the order of business reverted to Messages from the Senate.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

The following messages were received from the Senate:

Madam Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

H. F. No. 2, A bill for an act relating to education; providing for policy and funding for family, adult, and prekindergarten through grade 12 education including general education, education excellence, special programs, facilities and technology, libraries, nutrition, accounting, self-sufficiency and lifelong learning, state agencies, pupil transportation, school finance system changes, forecast adjustments, and technical corrections; providing for advisory groups; requiring reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 6.74; 13.32, by adding a subdivision; 16A.06, subdivision 11; 120A.22, subdivision 7; 120A.40; 120B.02; 120B.021, subdivision 1; 120B.022, subdivision 1; 120B.023, subdivision 2; 120B.11, subdivision 5; 120B.13; 120B.132; 120B.30; 120B.31: 120B.35: 120B.36: 121A.15, subdivision 8: 121A.41, subdivisions 7, 10: 121A.43: 122A.07, subdivisions 2, 3; 122A.18, subdivision 4; 122A.31, subdivision 4; 122A.40, subdivisions 6, 8; 122A.41, subdivisions 3, 5; 122A.413, subdivision 2; 122A.414, subdivisions 2, 2b; 122A.60, subdivisions 1a, 2; 122A.61, subdivision 1; 123A.05; 123A.06; 123A.08; 123B.02, subdivision 21; 123B.03, subdivisions 1, 1a; 123B.10, subdivision 1; 123B.14, subdivision 7; 123B.143, subdivision 1; 123B.36, subdivision 1; 123B.49, subdivision 4; 123B.51, by adding a subdivision; 123B.53, subdivision 5; 123B.57, subdivision 1; 123B.59, subdivisions 2, 3, 3a; 123B.70, subdivision 1; 123B.71, subdivisions 8, 9, 12; 123B.75, subdivision 5; 123B.76, subdivision 3; 123B.77, subdivision 3; 123B.79, subdivision 7; 123B.81, subdivisions 3, 4, 5; 123B.83, subdivision 3; 123B.92, subdivisions 1, 5; 124D.095, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 7, 10; 124D.10; 124D.11, subdivisions 4, 9; 124D.111, subdivision 3; 124D.128, subdivisions 2, 3; 124D.42, subdivision 6, by adding a subdivision; 124D.4531; 124D.59, subdivision 2; 124D.65, subdivision 5; 124D.68, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5; 124D.83, subdivision 4; 124D.86, subdivisions 1, 1a, 1b; 125A.02; 125A.07; 125A.08; 125A.091; 125A.11, subdivision 1; 125A.15; 125A.28; 125A.51; 125A.56; 125A.57, subdivision 2; 125A.62, subdivision 8; 125A.63, subdivisions 2, 4; 125A.76, subdivisions 1, 5; 125A.79, subdivision 7; 125B.26; 126C.01, by adding subdivisions; 126C.05, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 8, 15, 16, 17, 20; 126C.10, subdivisions 1, 2, 2a, 3, 4, 6, 13, 14, 18, 24, 34, by adding subdivisions; 126C.13, subdivisions 4, 5; 126C.15, subdivisions 2, 4; 126C.17, subdivisions 1, 5, 6, 9; 126C.20; 126C.40, subdivisions 1, 6; 126C.41,

subdivision 2; 126C.44; 127A.08, by adding a subdivision; 127A.441; 127A.45, subdivisions 2, 3, 13, by adding a subdivision; 127A.47, subdivisions 5, 7; 127A.51; 134.31, subdivision 4a, by adding a subdivision; 169.011, subdivision 71; 169.443, subdivision 9; 169.4501, subdivision 1; 169.4503, subdivision 20, by adding a subdivision; 169.454, subdivision 13; 169A.03, subdivision 23; 171.01, subdivision 22; 171.02, subdivisions 2, 2a, 2b; 171.05, subdivision 2; 171.17, subdivision 1; 171.22, subdivision 1; 171.321, subdivisions 1, 4, 5; 181A.05, subdivision 1; 275.065, subdivisions 3, 6; 299A.297; 471.975; 475.58, subdivision 1; Laws 2007, chapter 146, article 1, section 24, subdivisions 2, as amended, 6, as amended, 8, as amended; article 2, section 46, subdivision 6, as amended; article 3, section 24, subdivision 4, as amended; article 4, section 16, subdivisions 2, as amended, 6, as amended; article 5, section 13, subdivisions 2, as amended, 3, as amended; article 9, section 17, subdivisions 2, as amended, 13, as amended; Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 2, section 46, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 120B; 123B; 125A; 126C; 127A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 120B.362; 120B.39; 121A.27; 121A.66; 121A.67, subdivision 1; 122A.628; 122A.75; 123B.54; 123B.57, subdivisions 3, 4, 5; 123B.591; 124D.091; 125A.03; 125A.05; 125A.18; 125A.76, subdivision 4; 125A.79, subdivision 6; 126C.10, subdivisions 2b, 13a, 13b, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 31a, 31b, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36; 126C.12; 126C.126; 127A.50; 275.065, subdivisions 5a, 6b, 6c, 8, 9, 10; Minnesota Rules, parts 3525.0210, subparts 5, 6, 9, 13, 17, 29, 30, 34, 43, 46, 47; 3525.0400; 3525.1100, subpart 2, item F; 3525.2445; 3525.2900, subpart 5; 3525.4220.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said House File is herewith returned to the House.

COLLEEN J. PACHECO, First Assistant Secretary of the Senate

Madam Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate refuses to concur in the House amendments to the following Senate File:

S. F. No. 477, A bill for an act relating to solid waste; requiring a pilot program to be implemented by paint manufacturers to recycle paint; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 13.7411, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115A.

The Senate respectfully requests that a Conference Committee be appointed thereon. The Senate has appointed as such committee:

Senators Doll, Higgins and Hann.

Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House with the request that the House appoint a like committee.

COLLEEN J. PACHECO, First Assistant Secretary of the Senate

Sailer moved that the House accede to the request of the Senate and that the Speaker appoint a Conference Committee of 3 members of the House to meet with a like committee appointed by the Senate on the disagreeing votes of the two houses on S. F. No. 477. The motion prevailed.

Madam Speaker:

I hereby announce that the Senate has concurred in and adopted the report of the Conference Committee on:

S. F. No. 2082.

The Senate has repassed said bill in accordance with the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee. Said Senate File is herewith transmitted to the House.

COLLEEN J. PACHECO, First Assistant Secretary of the Senate

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S. F. NO. 2082

A bill for an act relating to government operations; modifying provisions for general legislative and administrative expenses of state government; regulating state and local government operations; establishing a statewide electronic licensing system; requiring reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 5.12, subdivision 1; 5.29; 5.32; 5A.03; 10A.31, subdivision 4; 16A.133, subdivision 1; 16B.24, subdivision 5; 43A.49; 45.24; 270C.63, subdivision 13; 302A.821; 303.14; 303.16, subdivision 4; 308A.995; 308B.121, subdivisions 1, 2; 317A.823; 321.0206; 321.0210; 321.0810; 322B.960; 323A.1003; 333.055; 336A.04, subdivision 3; 336A.09, subdivision 2; 359.01, subdivision 3; 469.175, subdivisions 1, 6; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 5; 16E; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 240A.08.

May 13, 2009

The Honorable James P. Metzen President of the Senate

The Honorable Margaret Anderson Kelliher Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S. F. No. 2082 report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendments and that S. F. No. 2082 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"ARTICLE 1

STATE GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS

Section 1. **SUMMARY OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

The amounts shown in this section summarize direct appropriations, by fund, made in this article.

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>General</u>	\$315,558,000	\$316,352,000	\$631,910,000
Health Care Access	1,939,000	<u>1,927,000</u>	3,866,000
State Government Special Revenue	2,227,000	<u>2,227,000</u>	4,454,000
<u>Environmental</u>	448,000	448,000	896,000
Remediation	250,000	250,000	500,000

Total	\$334,269,000	\$334,801,000	\$669,070,000
Lottery Prize Fund	225,000	225,000	450,000
Workers' Compensation	7,350,000	7,350,000	14,700,000
Highway User Tax Distribution	<u>2,183,000</u>	<u>2,183,000</u>	4,366,000
Special Revenue	4,089,000	3,839,000	7,928,000
6200	JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE		[53rd Day

Sec. 2. STATE GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS.

The sums shown in the columns marked "appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2010" and "2011" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, or June 30, 2011, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2010. "The second year" is fiscal year 2011. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2010 and 2011.

APPROPRIATIONS
Available for the Year
Ending June 30

2010 2011

Sec. 3. <u>LEGISLATURE</u> <u>\$67,811,000</u> <u>\$67,785,000</u>

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation \$67,811,000 \$67,785,000

Appropriations by Fund

2010 2011

<u>General</u> <u>67,633,000</u> <u>67,607,000</u>

<u>Health Care Access</u> <u>178,000</u> <u>178,000</u>

The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

<u>Subd. 2.</u> <u>Senate</u> <u>22,269,000</u> <u>22,269,000</u>

<u>Subd. 3. House of Representatives</u> 29,940,000 29,940,000

Subd. 4. Legislative Coordinating Commission 15,602,000 15,576,000

Appropriations by Fund

General 15,424,000 15,398,000

<u>Health Care Access</u> <u>178,000</u> <u>178,000</u>

\$3,590,000

- (a) \$5,657,000 the first year and \$5,657,000 the second year are for the Office of the Revisor of Statutes.
- (b) \$1,379,000 the first year and \$1,379,000 the second year are for the Legislative Reference Library.
- (c) \$5,833,000 the first year and \$5,833,000 the second year are for the Office of the Legislative Auditor.
- (d) \$10,000 the first year is for purposes of the legislators' forum, through which Minnesota legislators meet with counterparts from South Dakota, North Dakota, and Manitoba to discuss issues of mutual concern. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2011.

Sec. 4. GOVERNOR AND LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR

(a) This appropriation is to fund the Office of the Governor and Lieutenant Governor. \$19,000 the first year and \$19,000 the

second year are for necessary expenses in the normal performance of the governor's and lieutenant governor's duties for which no other reimbursement is provided.

- (b) By September 1 of each year, the commissioner of finance shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate State Government Budget Division and the house of representatives State Government Finance Division any personnel costs incurred by the Office of the Governor and Lieutenant Governor that were supported by appropriations to other agencies during the previous fiscal year. The Office of the Governor shall inform the chairs and ranking minority members of the divisions before initiating any interagency agreements.
- (c) During the biennium ending June 30, 2011, the Office of the Governor may not receive payments of more than \$702,000 each fiscal year from other executive agencies under Minnesota Statutes, section 15.53, to support personnel costs incurred by the office. Payments received under this paragraph must be deposited in a special revenue account. Money in the account is appropriated to the Office of the Governor. The authority in this paragraph supersedes other law enacted in 2009 that limits the ability of the office to enter into agreements relating to personnel costs with other executive branch agencies or prevents the use of appropriations made to other agencies for agreements with the office under Minnesota Statutes, section 15.53.

Sec. 5. STATE AUDITOR

\$680,000 the first year is for additional audit activities under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. This appropriation remains available through June 30, 2011.

\$9,858,000 \$9,178,000

\$3,590,000

\$1,000,000 of the balance in the tax increment financing enforcement account established in Minnesota Statutes, section 469.177, subdivision 11, is canceled to the general fund on July 1, 2009. This is a onetime cancellation.

Sec. 6. ATTOR	RNEY GENERAL		\$25,380,000	\$25,380,000
	Appropriations by F	<u>'und</u>		
	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>		
General	23,158,000	23,158,000		
State Government Special Revenue	1,827,000	<u>1,827,000</u>		
<u>Environmental</u>	145,000	145,000		
Remediation	250,000	<u>250,000</u>		
Sec. 7. SECRE	TARY OF STATE		<u>\$5,910,000</u>	<u>\$5,909,000</u>
Statutes, section 5.3 appropriated for the	30, pursuant to the Help purposes and uses auth	.		
DISCLOSURE B	CAMPAIGN FINAN OARD	ICE AND PUBLIC	<u>\$748,000</u>	<u>\$748,000</u>
Sec. 9. INVEST	TMENT BOARD		<u>\$151,000</u>	<u>\$151,000</u>

\$5,758,000

\$5,758,000

\$4,263,000 the first year and \$4,263,000 the second year are for information technology security. The chief information officer, in consultation with the commissioner of finance, shall develop a cost recovery plan for the 2012-2013 biennium to bill certain state agencies, constitutional officers, and other state and local government entities for the cost of information technology security. By March 15, 2010, the chief information officer shall report the plan and the potential for rates to be charged to agencies to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committee divisions with jurisdiction over the budget for the office.

Sec. 10. OFFICE OF ENTERPRISE TECHNOLOGY

The requirements imposed on the commissioner of finance and the chief information officer under Laws 2007, chapter 148, article 1, section 10, paragraph (e), regarding the determination of the savings attributable to the electronic licensing system and information technology security improvements are inoperative.

Sec. 11. ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS

\$7,655,000

\$7,525,000

Appropriations by Fund

<u>2010</u> <u>2011</u>

General 405,000 275,000

Workers'

<u>Compensation</u> <u>7,250,000</u> <u>7,250,000</u>

\$130,000 in the first year is for the cost of considering complaints filed under Minnesota Statutes, section 211B.32. Until June 30, 2011, the chief administrative law judge may not make any assessment against a county or counties under Minnesota Statutes, section 211B.37. Any amount of this appropriation that remains unspent at the end of the biennium must be canceled to the general account of the state elections campaign fund. The base for fiscal year 2012 is \$130,000, to be available for the biennium, under the same terms.

Sec. 12. ADMINISTRATION

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation

\$19,973,000 \$19,617,000

Appropriations by Fund

2010 2011

<u>General</u> <u>19,723,000</u> <u>19,617,000</u>

Special Revenue Fund 250,000 0

The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

Subd. 2. Government and Citizen Services

18,097,000

17,766,000

Appropriations by Fund

<u>General</u> <u>17,847,000</u> <u>17,766,000</u>

Special Revenue Fund 250,000 0

(a) \$802,000 the first year and \$802,000 the second year are for the Minnesota Geospatial Information Office. Of the total appropriation, \$10,000 per year is intended for preparation of township acreage data in Laws 2008, chapter 366, article 17, section 7, subdivision 3.

- (b) \$74,000 the first year and \$74,000 the second year are for the Council on Developmental Disabilities.
- (c) \$127,000 the first year and \$127,000 the second year are for transfer to the commissioner of human services for a grant to the Council on Developmental Disabilities for the purpose of establishing a statewide self-advocacy network for persons with intellectual and developmental disabilities (ID/DD). The selfadvocacy network shall: (1) ensure that persons with ID/DD are informed of their rights in employment, housing, transportation, voting, government policy, and other issues pertinent to the ID/DD community; (2) provide public education and awareness of the civil and human rights issues persons with ID/DD face; (3) provide funds, technical assistance, and other resources for self-advocacy groups across the state; and (4) organize systems of communications to facilitate an exchange of information between self-advocacy groups. This appropriation must be included in the base budget for the commissioner of human services for the biennium beginning July 1, 2011.
- (d) \$250,000 the first year and \$170,000 the second year are to fund activities to prepare for and promote the 2010 census.
- (e) \$206,000 the first year and \$206,000 the second year are for the Office of the State Archaeologist.
- (f) \$8,388,000 the first year and \$8,388,000 the second year are for office space costs of the legislature and veterans organizations, for ceremonial space, and for statutorily free space.
- (g) \$3,500,000 of the balance in the facilities repair and replacement account in the special revenue fund is canceled to the general fund on July 1, 2009. This is a onetime cancellation.
- (h) The requirements imposed on the commissioner of finance and the commissioner of administration under Laws 2007, chapter 148, article 1, section 12, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), relating to the savings attributable to the real property portfolio management system are inoperative.
- (i) \$250,000 is appropriated to the commissioner of administration from the information and telecommunications account in the special revenue fund to continue planning for data center consolidation, including beginning a predesign study and lifecycle cost analysis, and exploring technologies to reduce energy consumption and operating costs.

Subd. 3. Administrative Management Support

\$125,000 each year is for the Office of Grant Management. During the biennium ending June 30, 2011, the commissioner must recover this amount through deductions in state grants subject to

1,876,000

1,851,000

the jurisdiction of the office. The commissioner may not deduct more than 2.5 percent from the amount of any grant. The amount deducted from appropriations for these grants must be deposited in the general fund.

\$25,000 the first year is for the Office of Grants Management to study and make recommendations on improving collaborative activities between the state, nonprofit entities, and the private sector, including: (1) recommendations for expanding successful initiatives involving not-for-profit organizations that have demonstrated measurable, positive results in addressing high-priority community issues; and (2) recommendations on grant requirements and design to encourage programs receiving grants to become self-sufficient. The office may appoint an advisory group to assist in the study and recommendations. The office must report its recommendations to the legislature by January 15, 2010.

Sec. 13. <u>CAPITOL AREA ARCHITECTURAL AND</u>

<u>PLANNING BOARD</u> <u>\$354,000</u> <u>\$354,000</u>

Sec. 14. **FINANCE \$20,718,000 \$20,218,000**

2011

\$500,000 the first year is for oversight and reporting of federal funds received under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2011.

Sec. 15. REVENUE

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation

\$128,756,000 \$132,172,000

104,259,000

106,816,000

Appropriations by Fund

2010

General 124,509,000 127,937,000

<u>Health Care Access</u> <u>1,761,000</u> <u>1,749,000</u>

Highway User Tax

<u>Distribution</u> <u>2,183,000</u> <u>2,183,000</u>

<u>Environmental</u> <u>303,000</u> <u>303,000</u>

The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in subdivisions 2 and 3.

Subd. 2. Tax System Management

Appropriations by Fund

General 100,012,000 102,581,000

<u>Health Care Access</u> <u>1,761,000</u> <u>1,749,000</u>

Highway User Tax

<u>Distribution</u> <u>2,183,000</u> <u>2,183,000</u>

<u>Environmental</u> <u>303,000</u> <u>303,000</u>

The requirements imposed on the commissioners of finance and revenue under Laws 2007, chapter 148, article 1, section 16, subdivision 2, paragraph (d), relating to the determination of savings attributable to implementing the integrated tax software package are inoperative.

- (a) \$2,656,000 the first year and \$5,225,000 the second year are for additional activities to identify and collect tax liabilities from individuals and businesses that currently do not pay all taxes owed. This initiative is expected to result in new general fund revenues of \$20,810,000 for the biennium ending June 30, 2011.
- (b) The department must report to the chairs of the house of representatives Ways and Means and senate Finance Committees by March 1, 2010, and January 15, 2011, on the following performance indicators:
- (1) the number of corporations noncompliant with the corporate tax system each year and the percentage and dollar amounts of valid tax liabilities collected;
- (2) the number of businesses noncompliant with the sales and use tax system and the percentage and dollar amount of the valid tax liabilities collected; and
- (3) the number of individual noncompliant cases resolved and the percentage and dollar amounts of valid tax liabilities collected.

Subd. 3. **Debt Collection Management**

\$811,000 the first year and \$1,670,000 the second year are for additional activities to identify and collect tax liabilities from individuals and businesses that currently do not pay all taxes owed. This initiative is expected to result in new general fund revenues of \$20,700,000 for the biennium ending June 30, 2011.

Sec. 16. **GAMBLING CONTROL**

These appropriations are from the lawful gambling regulation account in the special revenue fund.

Sec. 17. **RACING COMMISSION**

These appropriations are from the racing and card playing regulation accounts in the special revenue fund.

24,497,000 25,356,000

\$2,940,000 \$2,940,000

\$899,000

\$899,000

\$15,454,000

Sec. 18. STATE LOTTERY

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 349A.10, subdivision 3, the operating budget must not exceed \$28,111,000 in fiscal year 2010 and \$28,740,000 in fiscal year 2011.

Sec. 19. **TORT CLAIMS** \$161,000 \$161,000

These appropriations are to be spent by the commissioner of finance according to Minnesota Statutes, section 3.736, subdivision 7. If the appropriation for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

Sec. 20. MINNESOTA STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation \$2,346,000 \$2,405,000

The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.

<u>Subd. 2.</u> <u>Legislators</u> <u>1,889,000</u> <u>1,937,000</u>

<u>Under Minnesota Statutes, sections 3A.03, subdivision 2; 3A.04, subdivisions 3 and 4; and 3A.115.</u>

Subd. 3. Constitutional Officers 457,000 468,000

<u>Under Minnesota Statutes</u>, section 352C.001.

If an appropriation in this section for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

Sec. 21. MINNEAPOLIS EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT

<u>**FUND**</u> <u>\$9,000,000</u> <u>\$9,000,000</u>

These amounts are estimated to be needed under Minnesota Statutes, section 422A.101, subdivision 3.

Sec. 22. TEACHERS RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION \$15,454,000

The amounts estimated to be needed are as follows:

- (a) Special direct state aid. \$12,954,000 the first year and \$12,954,000 the second year are for special direct state aid authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section 354A.12, subdivisions 3a and 3c.
- (b) Special direct state matching aid. \$2,500,000 the first year and \$2,500,000 the second year are for special direct state matching aid authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section 354A.12, subdivision 3b.

Sec. 23. ST. PAUL TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND	<u>\$2,827,000</u>	<u>\$2,827,000</u>	
The amounts estimated to be needed for special direct state aid to first class city teachers retirement funds authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section 354A.12, subdivisions 3a and 3c.			
Sec. 24. DULUTH TEACHERS RETIREMENT FUND	<u>\$346,000</u>	<u>\$346,000</u>	
The amounts estimated to be needed for special direct state aid to first class city teachers retirement funds authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section 354A.12, subdivisions 3a and 3c.			
Sec. 25. <u>AMATEUR SPORTS COMMISSION</u>	<u>\$270,000</u>	<u>\$270,000</u>	
The amount available for appropriation to the commission under Laws 2005, chapter 156, article 2, section 43, is reduced in the first year and the second year by the amounts appropriated in this section.			
Sec. 26. COUNCIL ON BLACK MINNESOTANS	<u>\$316,000</u>	<u>\$316,000</u>	
Sec. 27. COUNCIL ON CHICANO/LATINO AFFAIRS	<u>\$298,000</u>	<u>\$298,000</u>	
Sec. 28. COUNCIL ON ASIAN-PACIFIC MINNESOTANS	<u>\$275,000</u>	<u>\$275,000</u>	
Sec. 29. INDIAN AFFAIRS COUNCIL	<u>\$500,000</u>	<u>\$500,000</u>	
\$32,000 each year is for activities of the council relating to Indian burial sites, including activities relating to unfunded federal mandates.			
Sec. 30. GENERAL CONTINGENT ACCOUNTS	<u>\$1,750,000</u>	<u>\$500,000</u>	
Appropriations by Fund			
<u>2010</u> <u>2011</u>			
<u>General</u> <u>1,250,000</u> <u>0</u>			
State Government Special Revenue 400,000 400,000			
Workers' Compensation 100,000 100,000			
(a) The appropriations in this section may only be spent with the approval of the governor after consultation with the Legislative Advisory Commission pursuant to Minnesota Statutes,			

⁽b) Of the appropriation to the general fund contingent account, \$750,000 is a onetime appropriation for potential state matching requirements needed to maximize receipt of federal funds under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

section 3.30.

(c) If an appropriation in this section for either year is insufficient, the appropriation for the other year is available for it.

(d) If a contingent account appropriation is made in one fiscal year, it should be considered a biennial appropriation.

Sec. 31. PROBLEM GAMBLING APPROPRIATION.

\$225,000 in fiscal year 2010 and \$225,000 in fiscal year 2011 are appropriated from the lottery prize fund to the Gambling Control Board for a grant to the state affiliate recognized by the National Council on Problem Gambling. The affiliate must provide services to increase public awareness of problem gambling, education and training for individuals and organizations providing effective treatment services to problem gamblers and their families, and research relating to problem gambling. These services must be complimentary to and not duplicative of the services provided through the problem gambling program administered by the commissioner of human services. Of this appropriation, \$50,000 in fiscal year 2010 and \$50,000 in fiscal year 2011 are contingent on the contribution of nonstate matching funds. Matching funds may be either cash or qualifying in-kind contributions. The commissioner of finance may disburse the state portion of the matching funds in increments of \$25,000 upon receipt of a commitment for an equal amount of matching nonstate funds. These are onetime appropriations.

Sec. 32. INDIRECT COST RECOVERY.

To the extent that the federal government allows statewide indirect cost recovery against money received under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA), money recovered for the central administration, financial oversight, or public accountability of federal stimulus money in excess of any direct general fund appropriations made for these purposes is appropriated to the commissioner of finance. Money received under this section must be spent before any other general fund appropriations for ARRA activities. The commissioner of finance must reduce the unspent amount of general fund appropriations for federal stimulus money reporting and oversight activities by an amount equivalent to the money recovered under this section, up to the total amount of the unspent general fund appropriations.

ARTICLE 2

STATE GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 3.303, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. **Ethnic heritage and new Americans.** The commission shall undertake activities it determines are necessary to assist state government to foster an understanding and appreciation of ethnic and cultural diversity in Minnesota, to identify underutilized resources within the immigrant community, and to facilitate the full participation of immigrants in social, cultural, and political life in this state. The commission may appoint a working group under section 3.305, subdivision 6, to assist the commission in these duties. A working group under this subdivision may include legislators and public members. The commission may provide compensation for public members as provided in section 15.0575. In performing duties under this subdivision, the commission shall collaborate with the councils established in sections 3.9223, 3.9225, and 3.9226. This subdivision expires June 30, 2009 2011.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 3.732, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** As used in this section and section 3.736 the terms defined in this section have the meanings given them.

- (1) "State" includes each of the departments, boards, agencies, commissions, courts, and officers in the executive, legislative, and judicial branches of the state of Minnesota and includes but is not limited to the Housing Finance Agency, the Minnesota Office of Higher Education, the Higher Education Facilities Authority, the Health Technology Advisory Committee, the Armory Building Commission, the Zoological Board, the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board, the State Agricultural Society, the University of Minnesota, the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, state hospitals, and state penal institutions. It does not include a city, town, county, school district, or other local governmental body corporate and politic.
- (2) "Employee of the state" means all present or former officers, members, directors, or employees of the state, members of the Minnesota National Guard, members of a bomb disposal unit approved by the commissioner of public safety and employed by a municipality defined in section 466.01 when engaged in the disposal or neutralization of bombs or other similar hazardous explosives, as defined in section 299C.063, outside the jurisdiction of the municipality but within the state, or persons acting on behalf of the state in an official capacity, temporarily or permanently, with or without compensation. It does not include either an independent contractor except, for purposes of this section and section 3.736 only, a guardian ad litem acting under court appointment, or members of the Minnesota National Guard while engaged in training or duty under United States Code, title 10, or title 32, section 316, 502, 503, 504, or 505, as amended through December 31, 1983. Notwithstanding sections 43A.02 and 611.263, for purposes of this section and section 3.736 only, "employee of the state" includes a district public defender or assistant district public defender in the Second or Fourth Judicial District, and a member of the Health Technology Advisory Committee, and any officer, agent, or employee of the state of Wisconsin performing work for the state of Minnesota pursuant to a joint state initiative.
- (3) "Scope of office or employment" means that the employee was acting on behalf of the state in the performance of duties or tasks lawfully assigned by competent authority.
 - (4) "Judicial branch" has the meaning given in section 43A.02, subdivision 25.
 - Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 3.97, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- <u>Subd. 3b.</u> <u>Review of financial management and internal controls.</u> The commission shall review legislative auditor reports and make recommendations, as the commission determines necessary, for improvements in the state's system of internal controls and financial management.
 - Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 3.971, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Financial audits.** The legislative auditor shall audit the financial statements of the state of Minnesota required by section 16A.50 and, as resources permit, shall audit Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, the University of Minnesota, state agencies, departments, boards, commissions, courts, and other state organizations subject to audit by the legislative auditor, including the State Agricultural Society, Agricultural Utilization Research Institute, Enterprise Minnesota, Inc., Minnesota Historical Society, Labor Interpretive Center, Minnesota Partnership for Action Against Tobacco, Metropolitan Sports Facilities Commission, Metropolitan Airports Commission, and Metropolitan Mosquito Control District. Financial audits must be conducted according to generally accepted government auditing standards. The legislative auditor shall see that all provisions of law respecting the appropriate and economic use of public funds are complied with and may, as part of a financial audit or separately, investigate allegations of noncompliance by employees of departments and agencies of the state government and the other organizations listed in this subdivision.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 3.975, is amended to read:

3.975 DUTIES CONCERNING MISUSE OF PUBLIC MONEY OR OTHER RESOURCES.

If a legislative auditor's examination discloses that a state official or employee has used money for a purpose other than the purpose for which the money was appropriated or discloses any other misuse of public money or other public resources, the legislative auditor shall file a report with the Legislative Audit Commission, the attorney general, and the appropriate county attorney. The attorney general shall seek recovery of money and other resources as the evidence may warrant. The county attorney shall cause criminal proceedings to be instituted as the evidence may warrant.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 4A.01, is amended to read:

4A.01 OFFICE OF STRATEGIC AND LONG-RANGE PLANNING.

Subdivision 1. <u>Duties.</u> The Office of Strategic and Long Range Planning is created, with a director appointed by the governor. The commissioner of administration is the state planning officer and is responsible for the coordination, development, assessment, and communication of information, performance measures, planning, and policy concerning the state's future. The commissioner may contract with another agency for the provision of administrative services.

Subd. 2. Long-range plan. By September 15, 2010, and every five years thereafter, the Office of Strategic and Long Range Planning commissioner must develop an integrated long-range plan for the state based upon the plans and strategies of state agencies, public advice about the future, and other information developed under this chapter. The office commissioner must coordinate activities among all levels of government and must stimulate public interest and participation in the future of the state.

The <u>office commissioner</u> must act in coordination with the commissioner of finance, affected state agencies, and the legislature in the planning and financing of major public programs.

- Subd. 3. **Report.** The commissioner must submit a report to the governor and chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction on state government finance by January 15 of each year that provides economic, social, and environmental demographic information to assist public and elected officials with long-term management decisions. The report must identify and assess the information important to understanding the state's two-, ten-, and 50-year outlook, including the budget implications for those time periods. The report must include the demographic forecast required by section 4A.02, paragraph (e), and information to assist with the preparation of the milestones report required by section 4A.11, and may include policy recommendations based upon the information and assessment provided.
 - Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 4A.02, is amended to read:

4A.02 STATE DEMOGRAPHER.

- (a) The <u>director commissioner</u> shall appoint a state demographer. The demographer must be professionally competent in demography and must possess demonstrated ability based upon past performance.
 - (b) The demographer shall:
 - (1) continuously gather and develop demographic data relevant to the state;

- (2) design and test methods of research and data collection;
- (3) periodically prepare population projections for the state and designated regions and periodically prepare projections for each county or other political subdivision of the state as necessary to carry out the purposes of this section;
- (4) review, comment on, and prepare analysis of population estimates and projections made by state agencies, political subdivisions, other states, federal agencies, or nongovernmental persons, institutions, or commissions;
- (5) serve as the state liaison with the United States Bureau of the Census, coordinate state and federal demographic activities to the fullest extent possible, and aid the legislature in preparing a census data plan and form for each decennial census;
- (6) compile an annual study of population estimates on the basis of county, regional, or other political or geographical subdivisions as necessary to carry out the purposes of this section and section 4A.03;
- (7) by January 1 of each year, issue a report to the legislature containing an analysis of the demographic implications of the annual population study and population projections;
- (8) prepare maps for all counties in the state, all municipalities with a population of 10,000 or more, and other municipalities as needed for census purposes, according to scale and detail recommended by the United States Bureau of the Census, with the maps of cities showing precinct boundaries;
- (9) prepare an estimate of population and of the number of households for each governmental subdivision for which the Metropolitan Council does not prepare an annual estimate, and convey the estimates to the governing body of each political subdivision by June 1 of each year;
- (10) direct, under section 414.01, subdivision 14, and certify population and household estimates of annexed or detached areas of municipalities or towns after being notified of the order or letter of approval by the chief administrative law judge of the State Office of Administrative Hearings;
- (11) prepare, for any purpose for which a population estimate is required by law or needed to implement a law, a population estimate of a municipality or town whose population is affected by action under section 379.02 or 414.01, subdivision 14; and
- (12) prepare an estimate of average household size for each statutory or home rule charter city with a population of 2,500 or more by June 1 of each year.
- (c) A governing body may challenge an estimate made under paragraph (b) by filing their specific objections in writing with the state demographer by June 24. If the challenge does not result in an acceptable estimate, the governing body may have a special census conducted by the United States Bureau of the Census. The political subdivision must notify the state demographer by July 1 of its intent to have the special census conducted. The political subdivision must bear all costs of the special census. Results of the special census must be received by the state demographer by the next April 15 to be used in that year's June 1 estimate to the political subdivision under paragraph (b).
- (d) The state demographer shall certify the estimates of population and household size to the commissioner of revenue by July 15 each year, including any estimates still under objection.
- (e) The state demographer shall release a demographic forecast in conjunction with the commissioner of finance and the November state economic forecast.

(f) The state demographer may contract for the development of data and research required under this chapter, including, but not limited to, population estimates and projections, the preparation of maps, and other estimates.

EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraph (e) is effective November 1, 2010.

Sec. 8. [4A.11] MILESTONES REPORT.

The commissioner must review the statewide system of economic, social, and environmental performance measures in use under section 16A.10, subdivision 1c, and known as Minnesota milestones. The commissioner must provide the economic, social, and environmental information necessary to assist public and elected officials with understanding and evaluating Minnesota milestones. The commissioner must report on the trends and their implications for Minnesota milestones each year and provide the commissioner of finance with recommendations for the use of Minnesota milestones in budget documents. The commissioner may contract for the development of information and measures.

Sec. 9. [5.001] **DEFINITIONS.**

Subdivision 1. Applicability. As used in this chapter, the terms defined in this section have the meanings given them.

- Subd. 2. **Business entity.** "Business entity" means an organization that is formed under chapters 300, 301, 302A, 303, 308, 308A, 308B, 315, 317, 317A, 318, 319, 319A, 321, 322A, 322B, 323, or 323A and that has filed documents with the secretary of state.
- <u>Subd. 3.</u> <u>Business entity filings.</u> "Business entity filings" means any filing from a business entity and also includes filings made under chapter 333.
- Subd. 4. <u>Bulk data.</u> "Bulk data" means data that has commercial value and is a substantial or discrete portion of or an entire formula, pattern, compilation, program, device, method, technique, process, database, or system.

Sec. 10. [5.002] E-MAIL ADDRESSES.

- (a) The secretary of state is authorized to provide a field on each of the forms and on each online entry screen, used to file business entity filings, Uniform Commercial Code records, and central notification system filings, for the collection of an e-mail address to which the secretary of state can forward official notices required by law and other notices to the business entity, assumed name, or the person filing the uniform commercial code or central notification system record. The e-mail address may be updated by or on behalf of the business entity by sending a notification of the change to the secretary of state. No fee shall be charged for an e-mail address update.
- (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), the business entity, holder of assumed name, or other person providing the e-mail address under this section may indicate on the screen that they do not wish the e-mail address provided under this section to be provided as bulk data.
- (c) If the e-mail address in paragraph (b) is provided as a portion of a digitally scanned image, the e-mail address on that image is public.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective 30 days after the secretary of state certifies that the information systems of the Office of the Secretary of State have been modified to implement this section.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 5.12, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Fees.** The secretary of state shall charge a fee of \$5 for each certificate or certification of a copy or electronically transmitted image of any document filed in the Office of the Secretary of State. The secretary of state shall charge a fee of \$3 for a copy or electronically transmitted image of an original filing of a corporation,

limited partnership, assumed name, or trade or service mark business entity filing. The secretary of state shall charge a fee of \$3 for a copy or electronically transmitted image of any or all each subsequent filings of a corporation, limited partnership, assumed name, or trade or service mark business entity filing. The secretary of state shall charge a fee of \$1 per page for copies \$3 for a copy or electronically transmitted image of any other nonuniform commercial code documents document filed with the secretary of state. At the time of filing, the secretary of state may provide at the public counter, without charge, a copy of a filing, ten or fewer pages in length, to the person making the filing.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective 30 days after the secretary of state certifies that the information systems of the Office of the Secretary of State have been modified to implement this section.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 5.29, is amended to read:

5.29 BULK AGENT NAME AND ADDRESS CHANGES GLOBAL FILINGS.

The filing fee charged for filing an amendment is charged for each document filed (a) When a registered agent for multiple business entities files an instrument that changes its name or office address pursuant to sections 302A.123, subdivision 3; 303.10; 308A.025, subdivision 5; 317A.123, subdivision 3; 318.02; and 322B.135, subdivision 3; and chapters 321; 323; and 323A, but the cumulative fee shall not exceed \$10,000 for entities governed by the provisions of chapters 302A, 303, 308A, 317A, 318, 322A, 322B, 323, and 323A, the change for each business entity must be filed online as a separate transaction, and a separate filing fee charged. The aggregate fee for a filing under this paragraph shall not exceed \$35,000.

(b) When a secured party wishes to file an amendment to a financing statement making a change in secured party or debtor name and address information, each amendment must be filed online as a separate transaction and a separate filing fee charged.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective 30 days after the secretary of state certifies that the information systems of the Office of the Secretary of State have been modified to implement this section.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 5.32, is amended to read:

5.32 TEMPORARY TECHNOLOGY SURCHARGE.

Subdivision 1. **Surcharge.** For fiscal years 2008 and, 2009, 2010, and 2011, the following technology surcharges are imposed on the filing fees required under the following statutes:

- (1) \$25 for articles of incorporation filed under section 302A.151;
- (2) \$25 for articles of organization filed under section 322B.17;
- (3) \$25 for applications for certificates of authority to transact business in Minnesota filed under section 303.06;
- (4) \$20 for annual reports filed by non-Minnesota corporations under section 303.14; and
- (5) \$50 for reinstatements to authority to transact business in Minnesota filed under section 303.19.
- Subd. 2. **Deposit.** The surcharges listed in subdivision 1 shall be deposited into the uniform commercial code account.
 - Subd. 3. **Expiration.** This section expires June 30, 2009 2011.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 14. [5.34] ANNUAL RENEWAL FILINGS.

Any business registered with the secretary of state required to file an annual renewal in order to maintain its active status, good standing, or existence under Minnesota Statutes shall file that renewal, whether online or otherwise, in a format that states:

- (1) the name in Minnesota of the organization for which the renewal is filed;
- (2) the name of the organization in the jurisdiction in which it is organized, if different;
- (3) the address of the registered office or designated office and the name of the registered agent of the organization for service of process, if any;
 - (4) the jurisdiction in which the organization is organized, if that jurisdiction is not Minnesota;
- (5) the name and business address of the officer or other person exercising the principal functions of the president of a nonprofit corporation, manager of a limited liability company, or chief executive officer of a corporation or cooperative;
- (6) the address of the principal executive office of a domestic business corporation or of a limited liability company or the principal place of business of a cooperative, if different from the registered office address;
- (7) the address of the designated office and the name, street, and mailing address of the agent for service of process in Minnesota of a limited partnership or foreign limited partnership;
 - (8) the street and mailing address of the principal office of a limited partnership;
- (9) the street and mailing address of the chief executive office of a partnership and, if different, the street address of an office of a partnership in Minnesota, if any;
- (10) the name, street, mailing address, and telephone number of an individual who may be contacted for purposes other than services of process on behalf of a limited partnership or a limited liability partnership, if the agent for the limited liability partnership, limited partnership, or foreign limited partnership is not an individual; and
- (11) the e-mail address of the organization to which notices from the secretary of state will be directed, if the organization has an e-mail address.
 - Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 5A.03, is amended to read:

5A.03 ORGANIZATION APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION.

- (a) An application for registration as an international student exchange visitor placement organization must be submitted in the form prescribed by the secretary of state. The application must include:
 - (1) evidence that the organization meets the standards established by the secretary of state by rule;
- (2) the name, address, and telephone number of the organization, its chief executive officer, and the person within the organization who has primary responsibility for supervising placements within the state;
 - (3) the organization's unified business identification number, if any;

- (4) the organization's United States Information Agency number, if any;
- (5) evidence of Council on Standards for International Educational Travel listing, if any;
- (6) whether the organization is exempt from federal income tax; and
- (7) a list of the organization's placements in Minnesota for the previous academic year including the number of students placed, their home countries, the school districts in which they were placed, and the length of their placements.
- (b) The application must be signed by the chief executive officer of the organization and the person within the organization who has primary responsibility for supervising placements within Minnesota. If the secretary of state determines that the application is complete, the secretary of state shall file the application and the applicant is registered.
- (c) Organizations that have registered shall inform the secretary of state of any changes in the information required under paragraph (a), clause (1), within 30 days of the change. There is no fee to amend a registration.
- (d) Registration under this chapter is valid for one year. The registration may be renewed annually. The fee to renew a registration is \$50 per year.
 - (e) Organizations registering for the first time in Minnesota must pay an initial registration fee of \$150.
- (f) Fees collected by the secretary of state under this section must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the general fund and are added to the appropriation from which registration costs are paid.
 - Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 5A.06, is amended to read:

5A.06 COMPLAINTS.

The secretary of state may, upon receipt of a complaint regarding an international student exchange organization, report the matter to the organization involved, the United States Information Agency, Office of Exchange Coordination and Designation, United States Department of State, or the Council on Standards for International Educational Travel, as the secretary of state considers appropriate. The secretary may also investigate complaints received under this section to determine if the complaint is limited to one high school or if there are systemic problems with placements made by a particular organization. The secretary of state may terminate an organization's registration if the secretary determines the organization has failed to remain in compliance with local, state, and federal statutes, rules, and regulations.

Sec. 17. [10.49] NAMING.

Laws enacted on or after July 1, 2009, must not be named for living people, and laws may not name councils, buildings, roads, or other facilities or entities after living people.

- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 10A.31, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Appropriation.** (a) The amounts designated by individuals for the state elections campaign fund, less three percent, are appropriated from the general fund, must be transferred and credited to the appropriate account in the state elections campaign fund, and are annually appropriated for distribution as set forth in subdivisions 5, 5a, 6, and 7. The remaining three percent must be kept in the general fund for administrative costs.

- (b) In addition to the amounts in paragraph (a), \$1,250,000 \$1,020,000 for each general election is appropriated from the general fund for transfer to the general account of the state elections campaign fund.
- Of this appropriation, \$65,000 each fiscal year must be set aside to pay assessments made by the Office of Administrative Hearings under section 211B.37. Amounts remaining after all assessments have been paid must be canceled to the general account.
 - Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 11A.07, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 4. **Duties and powers.** The director, at the direction of the state board, shall:
- (1) plan, direct, coordinate, and execute administrative and investment functions in conformity with the policies and directives of the state board and the requirements of this chapter and of chapter 356A;
- (2) prepare and submit biennial and annual budgets to the board and with the approval of the board submit the budgets to the Department of Finance;
- (3) employ professional and clerical staff as necessary. Employees whose primary responsibility is to invest or manage money or employees who hold positions designated as unclassified under section 43A.08, subdivision 1a, are in the unclassified service of the state. Other employees are in the classified service. Unclassified employees who are not covered by a collective bargaining agreement are employed under the terms and conditions of the compensation plan approved under section 43A.18, subdivision 3b;
 - (4) report to the state board on all operations under the director's control and supervision;
 - (5) maintain accurate and complete records of securities transactions and official activities;
- (6) establish a policy relating to the purchase and sale of securities on the basis of competitive offerings or bids. The policy is subject to board approval;
- (7) cause securities acquired to be kept in the custody of the commissioner of finance or other depositories consistent with chapter 356A, as the state board deems appropriate;
- (8) prepare and file with the director of the Legislative Reference Library, by December 31 of each year, a report summarizing the activities of the state board, the council, and the director during the preceding fiscal year. The report must be prepared so as to provide the legislature and the people of the state with a clear, comprehensive summary of the portfolio composition, the transactions, the total annual rate of return, and the yield to the state treasury and to each of the funds whose assets are invested by the state board, and the recipients of business placed or commissions allocated among the various commercial banks, investment bankers, money managers, and brokerage organizations and the amount of these commissions or other fees. The report must contain financial statements for funds managed by the board prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The report must include an executive summary;
 - (9) include on the state board's Web site its annual report and an executive summary of its quarterly reports;
- (9) (10) require state officials from any department or agency to produce and provide access to any financial documents the state board deems necessary in the conduct of its investment activities;
 - (10) (11) receive and expend legislative appropriations; and

(11) (12) undertake any other activities necessary to implement the duties and powers set forth in this subdivision consistent with chapter 356A.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 13.64, is amended to read:

13.64 DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION FINANCE DATA.

- (a) Notes and preliminary drafts of reports created, collected, or maintained by the Management Analysis Division, Department of <u>Administration_finance</u>, and prepared during management studies, audits, reviews, consultations, or investigations are classified as confidential or protected nonpublic data until the final report has been published or preparation of the report is no longer being actively pursued.
- (b) Data that support the conclusions of the report and that the commissioner of administration finance reasonably believes will result in litigation are confidential or protected nonpublic until the litigation has been completed or until the litigation is no longer being actively pursued.
- (c) Data on individuals that could reasonably be used to determine the identity of an individual supplying data for a report are private if:
 - (1) the data supplied by the individual were needed for a report; and
- (2) the data would not have been provided to the Management Analysis Division without an assurance to the individual that the individual's identity would remain private, or the Management Analysis Division reasonably believes that the individual would not have provided the data.
 - Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 15.01, is amended to read:

15.01 DEPARTMENTS OF THE STATE.

The following agencies are designated as the departments of the state government: the Department of Administration; the Department of Agriculture; the Department of Commerce; the Department of Corrections; the Department of Education; the Department of Employment and Economic Development; the Department of Finance; the Department of Health; the Department of Human Rights; the Department of Labor and Industry; the Department of Management and Budget; the Department of Military Affairs; the Department of Natural Resources; the Department of Public Safety; the Department of Human Services; the Department of Revenue; the Department of Transportation; the Department of Veterans Affairs; and their successor departments.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 15.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Applicability.** This section applies to the following departments or agencies: the Departments of Administration, Agriculture, Commerce, Corrections, Education, Employment and Economic Development, Finance, Health, Human Rights, Labor and Industry, Management and Budget, Natural Resources, Public Safety, Human Services, Revenue, Transportation, and Veterans Affairs; the Housing Finance and Pollution Control Agencies; the Office of Commissioner of Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation; the Bureau of Mediation Services; and their successor departments and agencies. The heads of the foregoing departments or agencies are "commissioners."

- Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 15A.0815, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Group I salary limits.** The salaries for positions in this subdivision may not exceed 95 percent of the salary of the governor:

Commissioner of administration; Commissioner of agriculture; Commissioner of education; Commissioner of commerce; Commissioner of corrections; Commissioner of finance; Commissioner of health: Executive director, Minnesota Office of Higher Education; Commissioner, Housing Finance Agency; Commissioner of human rights; Commissioner of human services; Commissioner of labor and industry; Commissioner of management and budget; Commissioner of natural resources; Director of Office of Strategic and Long-Range Planning; Commissioner, Pollution Control Agency; Executive director, Public Employees Retirement Association; Commissioner of public safety; Commissioner of revenue; Executive director, State Retirement System; Executive director, Teachers Retirement Association; Commissioner of employment and economic development; Commissioner of transportation; and Commissioner of veterans affairs. Sec. 24. [15C.01] DEFINITIONS.

<u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>Scope.</u> <u>For purposes of this chapter, the terms in this section have the meanings given them.</u>

- Subd. 2. Claim. "Claim" includes a request or demand, whether under a contract or otherwise, for money or property that is made by a contractor, grantee, or other recipient to the state or a political subdivision if the state or the political subdivision has provided or will provide a portion of the money or property that is requested or other recipient for a portion of the money or property that is requested or demanded.
- Subd. 3. Knowing and knowingly. "Knowing" and "knowingly" mean that a person, with respect to information:
 - (1) has actual knowledge of the information;
 - (2) acts in deliberate ignorance of the truth or falsity of the information; or
 - (3) acts in reckless disregard of the truth or falsity of the information.

No proof of specific intent to defraud is required, but in no case is a person who acts merely negligently, inadvertently, or mistakenly with respect to information deemed to have acted knowingly.

- Subd. 4. **Original source.** "Original source" means a person who has direct and independent knowledge of information that is probative of an essential element of the allegations in an action brought under this chapter that was not obtained from a public source and who either voluntarily provided the information to the state or the political subdivision before bringing an action based on the information or whose information provided the basis for or caused an investigation, hearing, audit, or report that led to the public disclosure of the allegations or transactions upon which an action brought under this chapter is based.
- Subd. 5. **Person.** "Person" means a natural person, partnership, corporation, association or other legal entity but does not include the state or a political subdivision.
- <u>Subd. 6.</u> <u>Political subdivision.</u> "Political subdivision" means a political subdivision of the state and includes a department or agency of a political subdivision.
 - <u>Subd. 7.</u> <u>**Prosecuting attorney.**</u> "Prosecuting attorney" means:
- (1) the attorney general, if the false or fraudulent claim involves money, property, or services provided by the state; or
- (2) the county attorney, city attorney, or other attorney representing a political subdivision, if the false or fraudulent claim involves money, property, or services provided by the political subdivision.
 - Subd. 8. State. "State" means the state of Minnesota and includes a department or agency of the state.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2010.

Sec. 25. [15C.02] LIABILITY FOR CERTAIN ACTS.

(a) A person who commits any act described in clauses (1) to (7) is liable to the state or the political subdivision for a civil penalty of not less than \$5,500 and not more than \$11,000 per false or fraudulent claim, plus three times the amount of damages that the state or the political subdivision sustains because of the act of that person, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b):

- (1) knowingly presents, or causes to be presented, to an officer or employee of the state or a political subdivision a false or fraudulent claim for payment or approval;
- (2) knowingly makes or uses, or causes to be made or used, a false record or statement to get a false or fraudulent claim paid or approved by the state or a political subdivision;
- (3) knowingly conspires to either present a false or fraudulent claim to the state or a political subdivision for payment or approval or makes, uses, or causes to be made or used a false record or statement to obtain payment or approval of a false or fraudulent claim;
- (4) has possession, custody, or control of public property or money used, or to be used, by the state or a political subdivision and knowingly delivers or causes to be delivered to the state or a political subdivision less money or property than the amount for which the person receives a receipt;
- (5) is authorized to prepare or deliver a receipt for money or property used, or to be used, by the state or a political subdivision and knowingly prepares or delivers a receipt that falsely represents the money or property;
- (6) knowingly buys, or receives as a pledge of an obligation or debt, public property from an officer or employee of the state or a political subdivision who lawfully may not sell or pledge the property; or
- (7) knowingly makes or uses, or causes to be made or used, a false record or statement to conceal, avoid, or decrease an obligation to pay or transmit money or property to the state or a political subdivision.
- (b) The court may assess not less than two times the amount of damages that the state or the political subdivision sustains because of the act of the person if:
- (1) the person committing a violation under paragraph (a) furnished an officer or employee of the state or the political subdivision responsible for investigating the false or fraudulent claim violation with all information known to the person about the violation within 30 days after the date on which the person first obtained the information;
- (2) the person fully cooperated with any investigation by the state or the political subdivision of the violation; and
- (3) at the time the person furnished the state or the political subdivision with information about the violation, no criminal prosecution, civil action, or administrative action had been commenced under this chapter with respect to the violation and the person did not have actual knowledge of the existence of an investigation into the violation.
- (c) A person violating this section is also liable to the state or the political subdivision for the costs of a civil action brought to recover any penalty or damages.
- (d) A person is not liable under this section for mere negligence, inadvertence, or mistake with respect to activities involving a false or fraudulent claim.
- (e) An employer is not liable for an act committed by a nonmanagerial employee that violates this section, unless the employer had knowledge of the act, ratified the act, or was reckless in the hiring or supervision of the employee.
- (f) Except in cases where proof of specific intent to defraud the state or a political subdivision is found, a person is not liable under this section if:
- (1) the person has been informed by the original source that single or multiple false or fraudulent claims have been made against the state or a political subdivision; and

(2) the person repays the amount of actual damages to the state or the political subdivision within 45 days after being so informed. If the person has a compliance office, an original source is not considered to have informed the person of a false or fraudulent claim unless the original source reported it to the person's compliance office.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2010.

Sec. 26. [15C.03] EXCLUSION.

This chapter does not apply to claims, records, or statements made under portions of Minnesota Statutes relating to taxation.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2010.

Sec. 27. [15C.04] RESPONSIBILITIES OF PROSECUTING ATTORNEY.

Subdivision 1. General. A prosecuting attorney may investigate violations of section 15C.02. If a prosecuting attorney finds that a person has violated or is violating section 15C.02, the prosecuting attorney may bring a civil action under this chapter against the person to enjoin an act in violation of section 15C.02 and to recover damages and penalties.

Subd. 2. Attorney general investigatory powers. In connection with an investigation under this section, the attorney general has the powers listed in section 8.31, subdivisions 2 and 3.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2010.

Sec. 28. [15C.05] PRIVATE REMEDIES; COMPLAINT UNDER SEAL; COPY OF COMPLAINT AND WRITTEN DISCLOSURE OF EVIDENCE TO BE SENT TO PROSECUTING ATTORNEY.

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a person may maintain an action under this chapter on the person's own account and that of the state if money, property, or services provided by the state are involved; the person's own account and that of a political subdivision if money, property, or services provided by the political subdivision are involved; or on the person's own account and that of both the state and a political subdivision if both are involved. After an action is commenced, it may be voluntarily dismissed only if the court and the prosecuting attorney give written consent to the dismissal and their reasons for consenting.
- (b) If an action is brought under this section, no other person may bring another action under this section based on the same facts that are the subject of the pending action.
 - (c) An action may not be maintained under this section:
- (1) against the state, the legislature, the judiciary, the executive branch, or a political subdivision, or their respective officers, members, or employees;
- (2) if the action is based upon allegations or transactions that are the subject of a civil action or an administrative proceeding for a monetary penalty to which the state or a political subdivision is already a party; or
- (3) unless the action is brought by an original source of the information or the prosecuting attorney initiates or intervenes in the action, if the action is based upon the public disclosure of allegations or transactions: (i) in a criminal, civil, or administrative hearing; (ii) in an investigation, report, hearing, or audit conducted by or at the request of the house of representatives or the senate; (iii) by an auditor or the governing body of a political subdivision; or (iv) by the news media.

- (d) A complaint in an action under this section must be commenced by filing the complaint with the court in chambers and the court must place it under seal for at least 60 days. No service may be made upon the defendant until the complaint is unsealed.
- (e) If a complaint is filed under this section, the plaintiff shall serve a copy of the complaint on the prosecuting attorney in accordance with the Minnesota Rules of Civil Procedure and at the same time shall serve a written disclosure of all material evidence and information the plaintiff possesses.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2010.

Sec. 29. [15C.06] PROSECUTING ATTORNEY INTERVENTION; MOTION TO EXTEND TIME; UNSEALING OF COMPLAINT.

- (a) Within 60 days after receiving a complaint and disclosure under section 15C.05, the prosecuting attorney shall intervene or decline intervention or, for good cause shown, move the court to extend the time for doing so. The motion may be supported by affidavits or other submissions in chambers.
 - (b) The complaint must be unsealed after the prosecuting attorney decides whether or not to intervene.
- (c) Notwithstanding the prosecuting attorney's decision regarding intervention in an action brought by a plaintiff under section 15C.05, the prosecuting attorney may pursue the claim through any alternate remedy available to the state, including an administrative proceeding to determine a civil monetary penalty. If the prosecuting attorney pursues an alternate remedy in another proceeding, the person initiating the action has the same rights in that proceeding as if the action had continued under section 15C.05. A finding of fact or conclusion of law made in the other proceeding that has become final is conclusive on all parties to an action under section 15C.05. For purposes of this paragraph, a finding or conclusion is final if it has been finally determined on appeal to the appropriate state court, if the time for filing an appeal has expired, or if the finding or conclusion is not subject to judicial review.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2010.

Sec. 30. [15C.07] SERVICE OF UNSEALED COMPLAINT AND RESPONSE BY DEFENDANT.

When unsealed, the complaint must be served on the defendant pursuant to Rule 3 of the Minnesota Rules of Civil Procedure. The defendant must respond to the complaint within 20 days after it is served on the defendant.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2010.

Sec. 31. [15C.08] PROSECUTING ATTORNEY AND PRIVATE PARTY ROLES.

- (a) Except as otherwise provided by this section, if the prosecuting attorney does not intervene at the outset in an action brought by a person under section 15C.05, the person has the same rights in conducting the action as the prosecuting attorney would have. A copy of each pleading or other paper filed in the action and a copy of the transcript of each deposition taken must be mailed to the prosecuting attorney if the prosecuting attorney so requests and pays the cost of doing so.
- (b) If the prosecuting attorney elects not to intervene at the outset of the action, the prosecuting attorney may intervene subsequently, upon timely application and good cause shown. If the prosecuting attorney so intervenes, the prosecuting attorney subsequently has primary responsibility for conducting the action.
- (c) If the prosecuting attorney elects at the outset of the action to intervene, the prosecuting attorney has the primary responsibility for prosecuting the action. The person who initially brought the action remains a party but the person's acts do not bind the prosecuting attorney.

(d) Whether or not the prosecuting attorney intervenes in the action, the prosecuting attorney may move to dismiss the action for good cause. The person who brought the action must be notified of the filing of the motion and may oppose it and present evidence at the hearing. The prosecuting attorney may also settle the action. If the prosecuting attorney intends to settle the action, the prosecuting attorney shall notify the person who brought the action. The state or the political subdivision may settle the action with the defendant notwithstanding the objections of the person initiating the action if the court determines, after a hearing, that the proposed settlement is fair, adequate, and reasonable under all the circumstances. Upon a showing of good cause, the hearing may be held in chambers.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2010.

Sec. 32. [15C.09] STAY OF DISCOVERY; EXTENSION.

- (a) The court may stay discovery by a person who brought an action under section 15C.05 for not more than 60 days if the prosecuting attorney shows that the proposed discovery would interfere with the investigation or prosecution of a civil or criminal matter arising out of the same facts, whether or not the prosecuting attorney participates in the action.
- (b) The court may extend the stay upon a further showing that the prosecuting attorney has pursued the civil or criminal investigation or proceeding with reasonable diligence and that the proposed discovery would interfere with its continuation. Discovery may not be stayed for a total of more than six months over the objection of the person who brought the action, except for good cause shown by the prosecuting attorney.
 - (c) A showing made pursuant to this section must be made in chambers.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2010.

Sec. 33. [15C.10] COURT-IMPOSED LIMITATION UPON PARTICIPATION OF PRIVATE PLAINTIFF IN ACTION.

Upon a showing by the prosecuting attorney in an action in which the prosecuting attorney has intervened that unrestricted participation by a person under this chapter would interfere with or unduly delay the conduct of the action, or would be repetitious, irrelevant, or solely for harassment, the court may limit the person's participation by limiting the number of witnesses, the length of the testimony of the witnesses, the cross-examination of witnesses by the person, or by other measures.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2010.

Sec. 34. [15C.11] LIMITATION OF ACTIONS; REMEDIES.

- (a) An action under this chapter may not be commenced more than three years after the date of discovery of the fraudulent activity by the prosecuting attorney or more than six years after the fraudulent activity occurred, whichever occurs later, but in no event more than ten years after the date on which the violation is committed.
- (b) A finding of guilt in a criminal proceeding charging a false statement or fraud, whether upon a verdict of guilty or a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, stops the person found guilty from denying an essential element of that offense in an action under this chapter based upon the same transaction as the criminal proceeding.
- (c) In an action under this chapter, the state or the political subdivision and any plaintiff under section 15C.05 must prove the essential elements of the cause of action, including damages, by a preponderance of the evidence.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2010.

Sec. 35. [15C.12] AWARD OF EXPENSES AND ATTORNEY FEES.

If the prosecuting attorney or a person who brought an action under section 15C.05 prevails in or settles an action under this chapter, the court may authorize the prosecuting attorney or person to recover reasonable costs, reasonable attorney fees, and the reasonable fees of expert consultants and expert witnesses. These expenses must be awarded against the defendant and are not allowed against the state or a political subdivision. If the prosecuting attorney does not intervene in the action and the person bringing the action conducts the action and the defendant prevails in the action, the court shall award to the defendant reasonable expenses and attorney fees against the person bringing the action if it finds that the action was clearly frivolous or vexatious or brought in substantial part for harassment. The state or a political subdivision is not liable for expenses, attorney fees, or other costs incurred by a person in bringing or defending an action under this chapter.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2010.

Sec. 36. [15C.13] DISTRIBUTION TO PRIVATE PLAINTIFF IN CERTAIN ACTIONS.

If the prosecuting attorney intervenes at the outset in an action brought by a person under section 15C.05, the person is entitled to receive not less than 15 percent or more than 25 percent of any recovery in proportion to the person's contribution to the conduct of the action. If the prosecuting attorney does not intervene in the action at any time, the person is entitled to receive not less than 25 percent or more than 30 percent of any recovery of the civil penalty and damages, or settlement, as the court determines is reasonable. If the prosecuting attorney does not intervene in the action at the outset but subsequently intervenes, the person is entitled to receive not less than 15 percent or more than 30 percent of any recovery, as the court determines is reasonable based on the person's participation in the action before the prosecuting attorney intervened.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2010.

Sec. 37. [15C.14] EMPLOYER RESTRICTIONS; LIABILITY.

- (a) An employer must not adopt or enforce any rule or policy forbidding an employee to disclose information to the state, a political subdivision, or a law enforcement agency, or to act in furtherance of an action under this chapter, including investigation for, bringing, or testifying in the action.
- (b) An employer must not discharge, demote, suspend, threaten, harass, deny promotion to, or otherwise discriminate against an employee in the terms or conditions of employment because of lawful acts done by the employee on the employee's behalf or on behalf of others in disclosing information to the state, a political subdivision, or a law enforcement agency in furtherance of an action under this chapter, including investigation for bringing or testifying in the action.
- (c) An employer who violates this section is liable to the affected employee in a civil action for damages and other relief, including reinstatement, twice the amount of lost compensation, interest on the lost compensation, any special damage sustained as a result of the discrimination, and punitive damages if appropriate. The employer is also liable for expenses recoverable under section 15C.12, including costs and attorney fees.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2010.

Sec. 38. [15C.15] DEPOSIT OF STATE FUNDS; FALSE CLAIMS ACCOUNT.

Subdivision 1. Deposit of funds. The net proceeds received by the state in an action under this chapter, after distributions made to private plaintiffs and as otherwise required by federal law, must be deposited in the state treasury and credited as follows:

- (1) the portion of net proceeds equal to the amount of the actual damages that the state sustains because of an act specified in section 15C.02 must be credited to the fund that sustained the damages;
- (2) the portion of net proceeds equal to the additional recovery of federal money authorized by United States Code, title 42, section 1396h, for a recovery under this chapter, as determined by the commissioner of finance, must be credited to the false claims account under subdivision 2, provided that the amount credited may not exceed \$1,000,000 in a fiscal year; and
 - (3) the remainder of the net proceeds must be credited to the general fund.
- Subd. 2. False claims account. A false claims account is established in the special revenue fund in the state treasury. The commissioner of finance may enter into interagency agreements to deposit up to \$2,055,000 for litigation and related expenses under this act. Money in the account deposited through interagency agreement or under subdivision 1 is annually appropriated to the attorney general for purposes of this chapter.

EFFECTIVE DATE. Subdivision 2 is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 39. [15C.16] REPORTING.

The attorney general shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction over state government finance by January 15 each year, on activities under this chapter during the prior calendar year. The report must include:

- (1) the number of complaints received by the attorney general under section 15C.05;
- (2) the number of times the attorney general intervened and declined to intervene after receiving a complaint;
- (3) an estimate of the amount of time spent by attorneys in the attorney general's office and an estimate of the amount of time spent by other staff in the attorney general's office on activities under this chapter; and
 - (4) net proceeds received by the state in each action under this chapter.
 - Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 16A.01, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Commissioner.** The commissioner of <u>finance management and budget</u> manages the Department of <u>Finance Management and Budget</u>, which may also be known as <u>Minnesota Management and Budget</u>. The commissioner is the state's controller and chief accounting and financial officer.
 - Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 16A.055, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **List.** (a) The commissioner shall:

- (1) receive and record all money paid into the state treasury and safely keep it until lawfully paid out;
- (2) manage the state's financial affairs;
- (3) keep the state's general account books according to generally accepted government accounting principles;
- (4) keep expenditure and revenue accounts according to generally accepted government accounting principles;
- (5) develop, provide instructions for, prescribe, and manage a state uniform accounting system; and

- (6) provide to the state the expertise to ensure that all state funds are accounted for under generally accepted government accounting principles; and.
- (7) coordinate the development of, and maintain standards for, internal auditing in state agencies and, in cooperation with the commissioner of administration, report to the legislature and the governor by January 31 of odd-numbered years, on progress made.
- (b) In addition to the duties in paragraph (a), the commissioner has the powers and duties given to the commissioner in chapter 43A.
 - Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 16A.055, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 1a. Additional duties. The commissioner may assist state agencies by providing analytical, statistical, and organizational development services to state agencies in order to assist the agency to achieve the agency's mission and to operate efficiently and effectively.

Sec. 43. [16A.056] WEB SITE WITH SEARCHABLE DATABASE ON STATE EXPENDITURES.

- Subdivision 1. Web database requirement. The commissioner, in consultation with the commissioners of administration and revenue and the legislative auditor, must maintain a Web site with a searchable database providing the public with information on state contracts, state appropriations, state expenditures, state tax expenditures, and state entities that are the subject of audits. The Web site must not include information that is not public data, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 8a. For each data field identified in subdivisions 2 to 6, the searchable database must allow a user of the Web site to:
 - (1) perform a search using that field;
 - (2) sort by that field;
 - (3) obtain information grouped or aggregated by that field, where groups or subtotals are feasible; and
 - (4) view information in that field by each fiscal year.
- The searchable database may accommodate grouping and aggregating by allowing the user to download the data into a user-controlled database.
- Subd. 2. Contracts. (a) The searchable database on the Web site must include at least the following data fields on state contracts:
 - (1) the name of the entity receiving the contract;
 - (2) the name of the agency entering into the contract;
- (3) an indication if the contract is for (i) goods; (ii) professional or technical services; (iii) services other than professional and technical services; or (iv) a grant; and
 - (4) the fund or funds from which the entity receiving the contract will be paid.
 - (b) For each contract, the database must also include:
 - (1) an address for each entity receiving a contract; and

- (2) a brief statement of the purpose of the contract or grant.
- (c) Information on a new contract or grant must be entered into the database within 30 days after the contract or grant is entered into.
- (d) For purposes of this section, a "grant" is a contract between a state agency and a recipient, the primary purpose of which is to transfer cash or a thing of value to the recipient to support a public purpose. Grant does not include aid payments to units of local government, payments to state employees, or payments made under laws providing for assistance to individuals.
- <u>Subd. 3.</u> <u>Appropriations.</u> The searchable database on the Web site must include at least the following data fields on state appropriations:
 - (1) the agency receiving the appropriation, or the name of the nonstate entity receiving state money;
 - (2) the agency program, to the extent applicable;
 - (3) the agency activity, to the extent applicable;
 - (4) an item within an activity if applicable;
 - (5) the fund from which the appropriation is made; and
 - (6) the object of expenditure.
- <u>Subd. 4.</u> <u>State expenditures.</u> The searchable database on the Web site must include at least the following data fields on state expenditures:
 - (1) the name of the agency or nonstate entity making the expenditure;
 - (2) the agency program, to the extent applicable;
 - (3) the agency activity, to the extent applicable;
 - (4) an item within an activity if applicable;
 - (5) the fund from which the expenditure is made; and
 - (6) the object of expenditure.
- <u>Subd. 5.</u> <u>Tax expenditures.</u> <u>The Web site must include a searchable database of state tax expenditures. For each fiscal year, the database must include data fields showing the estimated impact on state revenues of each tax expenditure item listed in the report prepared under section 270C.11.</u>
- Subd. 6. Audits. The Web site required by this section must include a link to a Web site containing the findings and results from the audits completed by the legislative auditor that have been released to the public.
- <u>Subd. 7.</u> <u>Retention of data.</u> The database required under this section must include information beginning with fiscal year 2010 appropriations and must retain data for at least ten years.

- Subd. 8. Consultation. The commissioner of finance must consult with the chairs of the house of representatives Ways and Means and senate Finance Committees before encumbering any money appropriated on or after July 1, 2009, for the planning, development, and implementation of state accounting or procurement systems. No money appropriated for these purposes may be spent unless the commissioner certifies that the systems will allow compliance with requirements of this section.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following certification by the commissioner of finance that a new statewide accounting and procurement system has been implemented.

Sec. 44. [16A.057] INTERNAL CONTROLS AND INTERNAL AUDITING.

- Subdivision 1. Establishment of system. The commissioner is responsible for the system of internal controls across the executive branch. The commissioner must coordinate the design, implementation, and maintenance of an effective system of internal controls and internal auditing for all executive agencies. The system must:
 - (1) safeguard public funds and assets and minimize incidences of fraud, waste, and abuse;
 - (2) ensure that programs are administered in compliance with federal and state laws and rules; and
- (3) require documentation of internal control procedures over financial management activities, provide for analysis of risks, and provide for periodic evaluation of control procedures to satisfy the commissioner that these procedures are adequately designed, properly implemented, and functioning effectively.
- Subd. 2. Standards. The commissioner must adopt internal control standards and policies that agencies must follow to meet the requirements of subdivision 1. These standards and policies may include separation of duties, safeguarding receipts, time entry, approval of travel, and other topics the commissioner determines are necessary to comply with subdivision 1.
- Subd. 3. **Training and assistance.** The commissioner shall coordinate training for accounting personnel and financial managers in state agencies on internal controls as necessary to ensure financial integrity in the state's financial transactions. The commissioner shall provide internal control support to agencies that the commissioner determines need this assistance.
- Subd. 4. Sharing internal audit resources. The commissioner must administer a program for sharing internal auditors among executive agencies that do not have their own internal auditors and for assembling interagency teams of internal auditors as necessary.
- <u>Subd. 5.</u> <u>Monitoring Office of the Legislative Auditor audits.</u> <u>The commissioner must review audit reports from the Office of the Legislative Auditor and take appropriate steps to address internal control problems found in executive agencies.</u>
- Subd. 6. **Budget for internal controls.** The commissioner of finance may require that each executive agency spend a specified percentage of its operating budget on internal control systems. The commissioner of finance may require that an agency transfer a portion of its operating budget to the commissioner to pay for internal control functions performed by the commissioner.
- Subd. 7. Annual report. The commissioner must report to the legislative audit commission and the governor by January 31 of each odd-numbered year on the system of internal controls and internal auditing in executive agencies.

- Subd. 8. Agency head responsibilities. The head of each executive agency is responsible for designing, implementing, and maintaining an effective internal control system within the agency that complies with the requirements of subdivision 1, clauses (1) to (4). The head of each executive agency must annually certify that the agency head has reviewed the agency's internal control systems, and that these systems are in compliance with standards and policies established by the commissioner. The agency head must submit the signed certification form to the commissioner of finance, in a form specified by the commissioner.
- <u>Subd. 9.</u> <u>State colleges and universities.</u> <u>This section does not apply to the Minnesota state colleges and universities system.</u>
 - Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 16A.126, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Set rates.** The commissioner shall approve the rates an agency must pay to a revolving fund for services. Funds subject to this subdivision include, but are not limited to, the revolving funds established in sections 4A.05; 14.46; 14.53; 16B.48; 16B.54; 16B.58; 16B.85; 16C.03, subdivision 11; 16E.14; 43A.55; and 176.591; and the fund established in section 43A.30.
 - Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 16A.133, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Payroll direct deposit and deductions.** An agency head in the executive, judicial, and legislative branch shall, upon written request signed by an employee, directly deposit all or part of an employee's pay to those credit unions or financial institutions, as defined in section 47.015, designated by the employee.

An agency head <u>may must</u>, upon written request of an employee, deduct from the pay of the employee a requested amount to be paid to the Minnesota Benefit Association, or to any <u>organization organizations</u> contemplated by section 179A.06, of which the employee is a member. If an employee has more than one account with the Minnesota Benefit Association or more than one organization under section 179A.06, only the Minnesota Benefit Association and one organization, as defined under section 179A.06, may be paid money by payroll deduction from the employee's pay.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 16A.139, is amended to read:

16A.139 MISAPPROPRIATION OF MONEY.

It is illegal for any (a) No official or head of any state department in the executive, legislative, or judicial branches, or any employee thereof of a state department in those branches, to may intentionally use moneys money appropriated by law, or fees collected knowing that the use is for any other a purpose other than the purpose for which the moneys have been money was appropriated, and any such act by any. Unless a greater penalty is specified elsewhere in law, a person who violates this paragraph is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

(b) A violation of paragraph (a) by a head of a department, or any state official, is cause for immediate removal of the official or head of a state department from the position held with the government of this state. A criminal conviction under paragraph (a) is not a prerequisite for removal. This paragraph does not apply to a judge, a constitutional officer, or a legislator, except as potential grounds for expulsion, impeachment, or recall in the manner specified in article IV, section 7, and article VIII of the Minnesota Constitution.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2009, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

- Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 16A.151, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Exceptions.** (a) If a state official litigates or settles a matter on behalf of specific injured persons or entities, this section does not prohibit distribution of money to the specific injured persons or entities on whose behalf the litigation or settlement efforts were initiated. If money recovered on behalf of injured persons or entities

cannot reasonably be distributed to those persons or entities because they cannot readily be located or identified or because the cost of distributing the money would outweigh the benefit to the persons or entities, the money must be paid into the general fund.

- (b) Money recovered on behalf of a fund in the state treasury other than the general fund may be deposited in that fund.
- (c) This section does not prohibit a state official from distributing money to a person or entity other than the state in litigation or potential litigation in which the state is a defendant or potential defendant.
- (d) State agencies may accept funds as directed by a federal court for any restitution or monetary penalty under United States Code, title 18, section 3663(a)(3) or United States Code, title 18, section 3663A(a)(3). Funds received must be deposited in a special revenue account and are appropriated to the commissioner of the agency for the purpose as directed by the federal court.
 - (e) Subdivision 1 does not apply to a recovery or settlement of less than \$750,000.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2009, and applies to actions commenced on or after that date.

- Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 16A.152, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 8. Report on budget reserve percentage. (a) The commissioner of finance must periodically review the formula developed as part of the Budget Trends Study Commission authorized by Laws 2007, chapter 148, article 2, section 81, to estimate the percentage of the preceding biennium's general fund expenditures and transfers recommended as a budget reserve.
- (b) The commissioner must annually review the variables and coefficients in the formula used to model the base of the general fund taxes and the mix of taxes that provide revenues to the general fund. If the commissioner determines that the variables and coefficients have changed enough to result in a change in the percentage of the preceding biennium's general fund expenditures and transfers recommended as a budget reserve, the commissioner must update the variables and coefficients in the formula to reflect the current base and mix of general fund taxes.
- (c) Every ten years, the commissioner must review the methodology underlying the formula, taking into consideration relevant economic literature from the past ten years, and determine if the formula remains adequate as a tool for estimating the percentage of the preceding biennium's general fund expenditures and transfers recommended as a budget reserve. If the commissioner determines that the methodology underlying the formula is outdated, the commissioner must revise the formula.
- (d) By January 15 of each year, the commissioner must report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives Committee on Ways and Means and the senate Committee on Finance, in compliance with sections 3.195 and 3.197, on the percentage of the preceding biennium's general fund expenditures and transfers recommended as a budget reserve. The report must specify:
- (1) if the commissioner updated the variables and coefficients in the formula to reflect significant changes to either the base of one or more general fund taxes or to the mix of taxes that provide revenues to the general fund as provided in paragraph (b):
- (2) if the commissioner revised the formula after determining the methodology was outdated as provided in paragraph (c); and

(3) if the percentage of the preceding biennium's general fund expenditures and transfers recommended as a budget reserve has changed as a result of an update of or a revision to the formula.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 50. [16A.81] TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT LEASE-PURCHASE FINANCING.

<u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>Definitions.</u> <u>The following definitions apply to this section.</u>

- (a) "Technology system project" means the development, acquisition, installation, and implementation of a technology system that is essential to state operations and is expected to have a long useful life.
- (b) "Lease-purchase agreement" means an agreement for the lease and installment purchase of a technology system project, or a portion of the project, between the commissioner, on behalf of the state, and a vendor or a third-party financing source.
- (c) "Technology development lease-purchase guidelines" means policies, procedures, and requirements established by the commissioner for technology system projects that are financed pursuant to a lease-purchase agreement.
- Subd. 2. Lease-purchase financing. The commissioner may enter into a lease-purchase agreement in an amount sufficient to fund a technology system project and authorize the public or private sale and issuance of certificates of participation, provided that:
- (1) the technology system project has been authorized by law to be funded pursuant to a lease-purchase agreement;
- (2) the term of the lease-purchase agreement and the related certificates of participation shall not exceed the lesser of the expected useful life of the technology system project financed by the lease-purchase agreement and the certificates or ten years from the date of issuance of the lease-purchase agreement and the certificates;
- (3) the principal amount of the lease-purchase agreement and the certificates is sufficient to provide for the costs of issuance, capitalized interest, credit enhancement, or reserves, if any, as required under the lease-purchase agreement;
- (4) funds sufficient for payment of lease obligations have been committed in the authorizing legislation for the technology system project for the fiscal year during which the lease-purchase agreement is entered into; provided that no lease-purchase agreement shall obligate the state to appropriate funds sufficient to make lease payments due under such agreement in any future fiscal year; and
- (5) planned expenditures for the technology system project are permitted within the technology development lease-purchase guidelines.
- Subd. 3. Covenants. The commissioner may covenant in a lease-purchase agreement that the state will abide by the terms and provisions that are customary in lease-purchase financing transactions, including but not limited to, covenants providing that the state:
 - (1) will maintain insurance as required under the terms of the lease-purchase agreement;

- (2) is responsible to the lessor for any public liability or property damage claims or costs related to the selection, use, or maintenance of the technology system project, to the extent of insurance or self-insurance maintained by the state, and for costs and expenses incurred by the lessor as a result of any default by the state; or
- (3) authorizes the lessor to exercise the rights of a secured party with respect to the technology system project or any portion of the project in the event of default or nonappropriation of funds by the state, and for the present recovery of lease payments due during the current term of the lease-purchase agreement as liquidated damages in the event of default.
- Subd. 4. Credit and appropriation of proceeds. Proceeds of the lease-purchase agreement and certificates of participation must be credited to a technology lease project fund in the state treasury. Net income from investment of the proceeds, as estimated by the commissioner, must be credited to the appropriate accounts in the technology lease project fund. Funds in the technology lease project fund are appropriated for the purposes described in the authorizing law for each technology development project and this section.
- Subd. 5. Transfer of funds. Before the lease-purchase proceeds are received in the technology lease project fund, the commissioner may transfer to that fund from the general fund amounts not exceeding the expected proceeds from the lease-purchase agreement and certificates of participation. The commissioner shall return these amounts to the general fund by transferring proceeds when received. The amounts of these transfers are appropriated from the general fund and from the technology lease project fund.
- Subd. 6. Administrative expenses. Actual and necessary travel and subsistence expenses of employees and all other nonsalary expenses incidental to the sale, printing, execution, and delivery of the lease-purchase agreement and certificates of participation may be paid from the lease-purchase proceeds. The lease-purchase proceeds are appropriated for this purpose.
- Subd. 7. Treatment of technology lease project fund. Lease-purchase proceeds remaining in the technology lease project fund after the purposes for which the lease-purchase agreement was undertaken are accomplished or abandoned, as determined by the commissioner, must be transferred to the general fund.
- Subd. 8. Lease-purchase not public debt. A lease-purchase agreement does not constitute or create a general or moral obligation or indebtedness of the state in excess of the money from time to time appropriated or otherwise available for payments or obligations under such agreement. Payments due under a lease-purchase agreement during a current lease term for which money has been appropriated is a current expense of the state.
- Subd. 9. Tax treatment. Property purchased subject to a lease-purchase agreement under this section is not subject to personal property taxes. The purchaser of property for lease to the state under a valid lease-purchase agreement under this section is not subject to the sales tax on the purchase of the property or on the payments received under the agreement, but the state is subject to the tax under chapter 297A on property acquired under the agreement.
- Subd. 10. **Refunding certificates.** The commissioner from time to time may enter into a new lease-purchase agreement and issue and sell certificates of participation for the purpose of refunding any lease-purchase agreement and related certificates of participation then outstanding, including the payment of any redemption premiums, any interest accrued or that is to accrue to the redemption date, and costs related to the issuance and sale of such refunding certificates. The proceeds of any refunding certificates may, in the discretion of the commissioner, be applied to the purchase or payment at maturity of the certificates to be refunded, to the redemption of outstanding lease-purchase agreements and certificates on any redemption date, or to pay interest on the refunding lease-purchase agreements and certificates and may, pending such application, be placed in escrow to be applied to such purchase, payment, retirement, or redemption. Any escrowed proceeds, pending such use, may be invested and reinvested in obligations that are authorized investments under section 11A.24. The income earned or realized on

any authorized investment may also be applied to the payment of the lease-purchase agreements and certificates to be refunded, interest or premiums on the refunded certificates, or to pay interest on the refunding lease-purchase agreements and certificates. After the terms of the escrow have been fully satisfied, any balance of proceeds and any investment income may be returned to the general fund, or if applicable, the technology lease project fund, for use in a lawful manner. All refunding lease-purchase agreements and certificates issued under the provisions of this subdivision must be prepared, executed, delivered, and secured by appropriations in the same manner as the lease-purchase agreements and certificates to be refunded.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 51. [16A.82] TECHNOLOGY LEASE-PURCHASE APPROPRIATION.

\$3,548,000 in fiscal year 2010; \$3,546,000 in fiscal year 2011; and \$10,054,000 in each fiscal year 2012 through 2019 are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner to make payments under a lease-purchase agreement as defined in section 16A.81 for replacement of the state's accounting and procurement systems, provided that the state is not obligated to continue such appropriation of funds or to make lease payments in any future fiscal year. Any unexpended portions of this appropriation cancel to the general fund at the close of each biennium. This section expires June 30, 2020.

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 16B.24, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5b. Employee fitness and wellness facilities. An entity in the executive, legislative, or judicial branch may use space under its control to offer fitness, wellness, or similar classes or activities to its employees, and may allow persons conducting these classes or activities to charge employees a fee to participate. Revenue received by a public entity under this section is appropriated to the entity. This authorization applies to all state space, including property in the Capitol area, and other designated property as defined in rules adopted by the commissioner of public safety. Persons conducting these classes or activities, and participating employees, waive any and all claims of liability against the state for any damage or injury arising from the use of state space for employee fitness and wellness classes or similar classes or activities. Persons conducting these classes or activities agree to indemnify, save, and hold the state, its agents, and employees harmless from any claims or causes of action, including attorney fees incurred by the state that arise from these classes or activities.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 53. [16B.242] ENTERPRISE REAL PROPERTY ACCOUNT.

The enterprise real property technology system and services account is created in the special revenue fund. Receipts credited to the account are appropriated to the commissioner of administration for the purpose of funding the personnel and technology to maintain the enterprise real property system and services.

Sec. 54. [16B.2421] BIRD-SAFE BUILDINGS.

Between March 15 and May 31 and between August 15 and October 31 each year, occupants of state-owned or state-leased buildings must attempt to reduce dangers posed to migrating birds by turning off building lights between midnight and dawn, to the extent turning off lights is consistent with the normal use of the buildings. The commissioner of administration may adopt policies to implement this requirement.

Sec. 55. [16B.99] GEOSPATIAL INFORMATION OFFICE.

<u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>Creation.</u> The Minnesota Geospatial Information Office is created under the supervision of the commissioner of administration.

Subd. 2. **Responsibilities; authority.** The office has authority to provide coordination, guidance, and leadership, and to plan the implementation of Minnesota's geospatial information technology. The office must identify, coordinate, and guide strategic investments in geospatial information technology systems, data, and services to ensure effective implementation and use of Geospatial Information Systems (GIS) by state agencies to maximize benefits for state government as an enterprise.

Subd. 3. **Duties.** (a) The office must:

- (1) coordinate and guide the efficient and effective use of available federal, state, local, and public-private resources to develop statewide geospatial information technology, data, and services;
- (2) provide leadership and outreach, and ensure cooperation and coordination for all GIS functions in state and local government, including coordination between state agencies, intergovernment coordination between state and local units of government, and extragovernment coordination, which includes coordination with academic and other private and nonprofit sector GIS stakeholders;
- (3) review state agency and intergovernment geospatial technology, data, and services development efforts involving state or intergovernment funding, including federal funding;
- (4) provide information to the legislature regarding projects reviewed, and recommend projects for inclusion in the governor's budget under section 16A.11;
 - (5) coordinate management of geospatial technology, data, and services between state and local governments;
- (6) provide coordination, leadership, and consultation to integrate government technology services with GIS infrastructure and GIS programs;
- (7) work to avoid or eliminate unnecessary duplication of existing GIS technology services and systems, including services provided by other public and private organizations while building on existing governmental infrastructures;
- (8) promote and coordinate consolidated geospatial technology, data, and services and shared geospatial Web services for state and local governments; and
- (9) promote and coordinate geospatial technology training, technical guidance, and project support for state and local governments.
- Subd. 4. Duties of chief geospatial information officer. (a) In consultation with the state geospatial advisory council, the commissioner of administration, the commissioner of finance, and the Minnesota chief information officer, the chief geospatial information officer must identify when it is cost-effective for agencies to develop and use shared information and geospatial technology systems, data, and services. The chief geospatial information officer may require agencies to use shared information and geospatial technology systems, data, and services.
- (b) The chief geospatial information officer, in consultation with the state geospatial advisory council, must establish reimbursement rates in cooperation with the commissioner of finance to bill agencies and other governmental entities sufficient to cover the actual development, operation, maintenance, and administrative costs of the shared systems. The methodology for billing may include the use of interagency agreements, or other means as allowed by law.
- Subd. 5. Fees. (a) The chief geospatial information officer must set fees under section 16A.1285 that reflect the actual cost of providing information products and services to clients. Fees collected must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the Minnesota Geospatial Information Office revolving account. Money in the account is

appropriated to the chief geospatial information officer for providing GIS consulting services, software, data, Web services, and map products on a cost-recovery basis, including the cost of services, supplies, material, labor, and equipment as well as the portion of the general support costs and statewide indirect costs of the office that is attributable to the delivery of these products and services. Money in the account must not be used for the general operation of the Minnesota Geospatial Information Office.

- (b) The chief geospatial information officer may require a state agency to make an advance payment to the revolving account sufficient to cover the agency's estimated obligation for a period of 60 days or more. If the revolving account is abolished or liquidated, the total net profit from the operation of the account must be distributed to the various funds from which purchases were made. For a given period of time, the amount of total net profit to be distributed to each fund must reflect the same ratio of total purchases attributable to each fund divided by the total purchases from all funds.
- Subd. 6. Accountability. The chief geospatial information officer is appointed by the commissioner of administration and must work closely with the Minnesota chief information officer who shall advise on technology projects, standards, and services.

Subd. 7. **Discretionary powers.** The office may:

- (1) enter into contracts for goods or services with public or private organizations and charge fees for services it provides;
 - (2) apply for, receive, and expend money from public agencies;
- (3) apply for, accept, and disburse grants and other aids from the federal government and other public or private sources;
- (4) enter into contracts with agencies of the federal government, local government units, the University of Minnesota and other educational institutions, and private persons and other nongovernment organizations as necessary to perform its statutory duties;
 - (5) appoint committees and task forces to assist the office in carrying out its duties;
- (6) sponsor and conduct conferences and studies, collect and disseminate information, and issue reports relating to geospatial information and technology issues;
- (7) participate in the activities and conferences related to geospatial information and communications technology issues;
- (8) review the GIS technology infrastructure of regions of the state and cooperate with and make recommendations to the governor, legislature, state agencies, local governments, local technology development agencies, the federal government, private businesses, and individuals for the realization of GIS information and technology infrastructure development potential;
- (9) sponsor, support, and facilitate innovative and collaborative geospatial systems technology, data, and services projects; and
- (10) review and recommend alternative sourcing strategies for state geospatial information systems technology, data, and services.

- Subd. 8. Geospatial advisory councils created. The chief geospatial information officer must establish a governance structure that includes advisory councils to provide recommendations for improving the operations and management of geospatial technology within state government and also on issues of importance to users of geospatial technology throughout the state.
- (a) A statewide geospatial advisory council must advise the Minnesota Geospatial Information Office regarding the improvement of services statewide through the coordinated, affordable, reliable, and effective use of geospatial technology. The commissioner of administration must appoint the members of the council. The members must represent a cross-section of organizations including counties, cities, universities, business, nonprofit organizations, federal agencies, and state agencies. No more than 20 percent of the members may be employees of a state agency. In addition, the chief geospatial information officer must be a nonvoting member.
- (b) A state government geospatial advisory council must advise the Minnesota Geospatial Information Office on issues concerning improving state government services through the coordinated, affordable, reliable, and effective use of geospatial technology. The commissioner of administration must appoint the members of the council. The members must represent up to 15 state government agencies and constitutional offices, including the Office of Enterprise Technology and the Minnesota Geospatial Information Office. The council must be chaired by the chief geographic information officer. A representative of the statewide geospatial advisory council must serve as a nonvoting member.
- (c) Members of both the statewide geospatial advisory council and the state government advisory council must be recommended by a process that ensures that each member is designated to represent a clearly identified agency or interested party category and that complies with the state's open appointment process. Members shall serve a term of two years.
- (d) The Minnesota Geospatial Information Office must provide administrative support for both geospatial advisory councils.
 - (e) This subdivision expires June 30, 2011.
- Subd. 9. Report to legislature. By January 15, 2010, the chief geospatial information officer must provide a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over the policy and budget for the office. The report must address all statutes that refer to the land management information center or land management information system and provide any necessary draft legislation to implement any recommendations.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 16C.16, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 6a. <u>Veteran-owned small businesses.</u> (a) The commissioner shall award up to a six percent preference, but no less than the percentage awarded to any other group under this section, in the amount bid on state procurement to certified small businesses that are majority-owned and operated either:
- (1) by recently separated veterans, who are veterans as defined in section 197.447, who have served in active military service, at any time on or after September 11, 2001, and who have been discharged under honorable conditions from active service, as indicated by the person's United States Department of Defense form DD-214 or by the commissioner of veterans affairs; or
- (2) by veterans who are veterans as defined in section 197.447, with service-connected disabilities, as determined at any time by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs.

- (b) The purpose of this designation is to facilitate the transition of veterans from military to civilian life, and to help compensate veterans for their sacrifices, including but not limited to their sacrifice of health and time, to the state and nation during their military service, as well as to enhance economic development within Minnesota.
- (c) For purposes of this section and section 16C.19, "service-connected disability" has the meaning given in United States Code, title 38, section 101(16), as determined by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009, and applies to procurement contract bid solicitations issued on and after that date.

Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 16C.19, is amended to read:

16C.19 ELIGIBILITY; RULES.

- (a) A small business wishing to participate in the programs under section 16C.16, subdivisions 4 to 7, must be certified by the commissioner. The commissioner shall adopt by rule standards and procedures for certifying that small businesses, small targeted group businesses, and small businesses located in economically disadvantaged areas are eligible to participate under the requirements of sections 16C.16 to 16C.21. The commissioner shall adopt by rule standards and procedures for hearing appeals and grievances and other rules necessary to carry out the duties set forth in sections 16C.16 to 16C.21.
- (b) The commissioner may make rules which exclude or limit the participation of nonmanufacturing business, including third-party lessors, brokers, franchises, jobbers, manufacturers' representatives, and others from eligibility under sections 16C.16 to 16C.21.
- (c) The commissioner may make rules that set time limits and other eligibility limits on business participation in programs under sections 16C.16 to 16C.21.
- (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), for purposes of sections 16C.16 to 16C.21, a veteran-owned small business or service-disabled veteran-owned small business, the principal place of business of which is in Minnesota, is certified if:
- (1) it has been verified by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs as being a veteran-owned small business in accordance with Public Law 109-461 and Code of Federal Regulations, title 38, part 74, and a majority of the owners of the business are recently separated veterans as provided in section 16C.16, subdivision 6a; or
- (2) it has been verified by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs as being a service-disabled veteranowned small business in accordance with Public Law 109-461 and Code of Federal Regulations, title 38, part 74.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2009, and applies to procurement contract bid solicitations issued on and after that date.
 - Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 16C.20, is amended to read:

16C.20 CERTIFICATION.

A business that is certified by the commissioner of administration as a small business, small targeted group business, or a small business located in an economically disadvantaged area, or a veteran-owned small business is eligible to participate under the requirements of sections 137.31 and 161.321 and, if certified as a small business, or small targeted group business, or veteran-owned small business, under section 473.142 without further certification by the contracting agency.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009, and applies to procurement contract bid solicitations issued on and after that date.

Sec. 59. [16E.22] STATEWIDE ELECTRONIC LICENSING SYSTEM.

Subdivision 1. Account established; appropriation. The statewide electronic licensing account is created in the special revenue fund. Receipts and transfers credited to the account are appropriated to the state chief information officer for completion of the Minnesota electronic licensing system, for transferring licensing agencies to the system, and for operation and maintenance of the system during the completion and transfer period.

- <u>Subd. 2.</u> **Requirements.** The transfer of an existing electronic licensing system to the Minnesota electronic licensing system may not reduce the critical functionality provided by the existing system.
- Subd. 3. <u>Temporary licensing surcharge.</u> (a) Except as provided in this subdivision, executive branch state agencies shall collect a temporary surcharge of ten percent of the licensing fee, but no less than \$5 and no more than \$150 on each business, commercial, professional, or occupational license that:
 - (1) requires a fee; and
- (2) will be transferred to the Minnesota electronic licensing system, as determined by the state chief information officer.

The surcharge applies to initial license applications and license renewals. Each agency that issues a license subject to this subdivision shall collect the surcharge for the license for up to six years between July 1, 2009, and June 30, 2015, as directed by the state chief information officer. Receipts from the surcharge shall be deposited in the statewide licensing account established in subdivision 1.

- (b) An agency may transfer an amount equivalent to the surcharge imposed under this section from existing license accounts to the statewide electronic licensing system account in lieu of collecting the surcharge required under this section. If a transfer is made under this subdivision or under section 45.24, the temporary surcharge required under paragraph (a) does not apply to the relevant license. Transfers received under this paragraph shall be deposited in the statewide licensing account established in subdivision 1.
- (c) In lieu of collecting the surcharge imposed in paragraph (a), during each fiscal year beginning July 1, 2009, and ending June 30, 2015, one or more health-related boards established in chapter 214 may transfer funds from the health occupations licensing account in the state government special revenue fund to the statewide electronic licensing system account to meet the requirements under paragraph (b). If the commissioner of finance determines that the balance of the health occupations licensing account established in section 214.06, subdivision 1a, is insufficient to make transfers under paragraph (b), then the temporary surcharge required under paragraph (a) must be applied to the relevant licenses.
- (d) Department of Commerce licensees who are paying for an existing electronic licensing database system under section 45.24 must not be required to pay the surcharge under this section.
- Subd. 4. Contract authority. The state chief information officer may enter into a risk-share or phased agreement with a vendor to complete the Minnesota electronic licensing system and to transfer licensing agencies to the system, provided that the payment for the vendor's services under the agreement is limited to the revenue from the surcharge enacted under subdivision 3, after payment of state operating and maintenance costs. The agreement must clearly indicate that the state chief information officer may only expend amounts actually collected from the surcharge, after state operations and maintenance costs have been paid, in payment for the vendor's services and that the vendor assumes this risk when performing work under the contract. This section does not require the state chief information officer to pay the vendor the entire amount of the surcharge revenue that remains after payment of state operations and maintenance costs. Before entering into a contract under this subdivision, the state chief information officer must consult with the commissioner of finance regarding the implementation of the surcharge and the terms of the contract.

- Subd. 5. <u>Unused funds.</u> Money remaining in the statewide electronic licensing account after payment of all costs of completing the Minnesota electronic licensing system, transferring licensing agencies to the system, and operating and maintaining the system during the completion and transfer period is appropriated to the state chief information officer for the costs of operating and maintaining the Minnesota electronic licensing system after the system has been completed.
- Subd. 6. Priority. To the extent possible, in completing the Minnesota electronic licensing system, the state chief information officer must give priority to licenses that are not issued electronically. Licenses regulated by a health board under chapter 214 must not be transferred to the Minnesota electronic licensing system before July 1, 2011.
 - Subd. 7. Expiration. This section expires on June 30, 2017.
 - Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 31.60, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Division duties; director; personnel.** A Meat Industry Division is created in the Department of Agriculture which shall enforce and administer laws enforced and administered by the commissioner of agriculture relating to meat, fish, and dressed poultry, except laws enforced and administered by the Division of Poultry Industries. The Meat Industry Division is under the supervision of a director in the classified service. The commissioner shall appoint the director from the register as certified by the Minnesota Department of Finance, who shall be experienced and knowledgeable in the meat industry.

Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 43A.1815, is amended to read:

43A.1815 VACATION DONATION TO SICK LEAVE ACCOUNT.

- (a) In addition to donations under section 43A.181, a state employee may donate a total of up to 42 40 hours of accrued vacation leave each fiscal year to the sick leave account of one or more state employees. A state employee may not be paid for more than 80 hours in a payroll period during which the employee uses sick leave credited to the employee's account as a result of a transfer from another state employee's vacation account.
- (b) The recipient employee must receive donations, as available, for a life-threatening condition of the employee or spouse or dependent child that prevents the employee from working. A recipient may use program donations retroactively to when all forms of paid leave are exhausted if the employee has sufficient donations to cover the period of retroactivity.
- (c) An applicant for benefits under this section who receives an unfavorable determination may select a designee to consult with the commissioner or commissioner's designee on the reasons for the determination.
- (d) The commissioner shall establish procedures under section 43A.04, subdivision 4, for eligibility, duration of need based on individual cases, monitoring and evaluation of individual eligibility status, and other topics related to administration of this program.

Sec. 62. [43A.184] SICK LEAVE FOR VETERANS WITH SERVICE-RELATED DISABILITIES.

On a form prescribed by the commissioner, a state employee who is a veteran with a service-related disability may apply to the employee's appointing authority for additional sick leave to receive treatment for the disability, as provided in this section. The employee must qualify as a veteran under section 197.447, and have a sick leave balance that is insufficient to receive treatment for the disability. If the appointing authority approves the request, the appointing authority shall authorize up to 40 hours of sick leave for the employee in the current fiscal year. The appointing authority may approve sick leave for an employee under this section one time in each fiscal year.

Sec. 63. [43A.325] BEST PRACTICES FOR INVESTIGATIONS.

The commissioner of finance must develop and make available to appointing authorities in the executive branch a best practices policy for conducting investigations in which the appointing authority compels its employees to answer questions about allegedly inappropriate activity. The best practices policy must be designed to facilitate effective investigations, without compromising the ability to prosecute criminal cases when appropriate. Each appointing authority must follow the best practices policy or, in consultation with the attorney general, must develop its own policy for conducting these investigations.

Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 43A.49, is amended to read:

43A.49 VOLUNTARY UNPAID LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

- (a) Appointing authorities in state government may allow each employee to take unpaid leaves of absence for up to 1,040 hours between June 1, 2007, and June 30, 2009. The 1,040 hour limit replaces, and is not in addition to, limits set in prior laws in each two-year period beginning July 1 of each odd-numbered year. Each appointing authority approving such a leave shall allow the employee to continue accruing vacation and sick leave, be eligible for paid holidays and insurance benefits, accrue seniority, and accrue service credit and credited salary in the state retirement plans as if the employee had actually been employed during the time of leave. An employee covered by the unclassified plan may voluntarily make the employee contributions to the unclassified plan during the leave of absence. If the employee makes these contributions, the appointing authority must make the employer contribution. If the leave of absence is for one full pay period or longer, any holiday pay shall be included in the first payroll warrant after return from the leave of absence. The appointing authority shall attempt to grant requests for the unpaid leaves of absence consistent with the need to continue efficient operation of the agency. However, each appointing authority shall retain discretion to grant or refuse to grant requests for leaves of absence and to schedule and cancel leaves, subject to the applicable provisions of collective bargaining agreements and compensation plans.
- (b) To receive eligible service credit and credited salary in a defined benefit plan, the member shall pay an amount equal to the applicable employee contribution rates. If an employee pays the employee contribution for the period of the leave under this section, the appointing authority must pay the employer contribution. The appointing authority may, at its discretion, pay the employee contributions. Contributions must be made in a time and manner prescribed by the executive director of the Minnesota State Retirement applicable retirement Association system.

Sec. 65. [43A.55] MANAGEMENT ANALYSIS REVOLVING FUND.

Subdivision 1. Creation. The management analysis revolving fund is created in the state treasury.

- Subd. 2. Appropriation and use of funds. Money in the management analysis revolving fund is appropriated annually to the commissioner to provide analytical, statistical, and organizational development services to state agencies, local units of government, metropolitan and regional agencies, school districts, and other public entities in the state.
- Subd. 3. **Reimbursements.** Except as specifically provided otherwise, each agency shall reimburse the management analysis revolving fund for the cost of all services, supplies, materials, labor, and depreciation of equipment, including reasonable overhead costs, that the commissioner is authorized and directed to furnish an agency. The commissioner shall report the rates to be charged for the revolving fund no later than July 1 of each year to the chair of the committee or division of the senate or the house of representatives with primary jurisdiction over the budget of the Department of Finance.
- Subd. 4. Cash flow. The commissioner may make appropriate transfers to the revolving fund according to section 16A.126. The commissioner may make allotment and encumbrances in anticipation of these transfers. In addition, the commissioner may require an agency to make advance payments to the revolving fund sufficient to cover the office's estimated obligation for a period of at least 60 days. All reimbursements and other money received by the commissioner under this section must be deposited in the management analysis revolving fund.

- Subd. 5. <u>Liquidation.</u> If the management analysis revolving fund is abolished or liquidated, the total net profit from the operation of the fund must be distributed to the various funds from which purchases were made. For a given period of time, the amount of total net profit to be distributed to each fund shall reflect the same ratio of total purchases attributable to each fund divided by the total purchases from all funds.
 - Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 45.24, is amended to read:

45.24 LICENSE TECHNOLOGY FEES.

- (a) The commissioner may establish and maintain an electronic licensing database system for license origination, renewal, and tracking the completion of continuing education requirements by individual licensees who have continuing education requirements, and other related purposes.
- (b) The commissioner shall pay for the cost of operating and maintaining the electronic database system described in paragraph (a) through a technology surcharge imposed upon the fee for license origination and renewal, for individual licenses that require continuing education.
- (c) The surcharge permitted under paragraph (b) shall be up to \$40 for each two-year licensing period, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (f), and shall be payable at the time of license origination and renewal.
 - (d) The Commerce Department technology account is hereby created as an account in the special revenue fund.
- (e) The commissioner shall deposit the surcharge permitted under this section in the account created in paragraph (d), and funds in the account are appropriated to the commissioner in the amounts needed for purposes of this section. The commissioner of finance shall transfer an amount determined by the commissioner of commerce from the account to the statewide electronic licensing system account under section 16E.22 for the costs of the statewide licensing system attributable to the inclusion of licenses subject to this section.
- (f) The commissioner shall temporarily reduce or suspend the surcharge as necessary if the balance in the account created in paragraph (d) exceeds \$2,000,000 as of the end of any calendar year and shall increase or decrease the surcharge as necessary to keep the fund balance at an adequate level but not in excess of \$2,000,000.
 - Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 128C.15, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Comparable worth.** The league is a political subdivision under sections 471.992 to 471.999, except that the league must report to the commissioner of employee relations by February 1, 1989, on its implementation plan. A cause of action against the league does not arise before August 1, 1989, for failure to comply with sections 471.992 to 471.999.
 - Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 144E.40, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Administration.** (a) Unless paragraph (c) applies, consistent with the responsibilities of the State Board of Investment and the various ambulance services, the Cooper/Sams volunteer ambulance program must be administered by the Emergency Medical Services Regulatory Board. The administrative responsibilities of the board for the program relate solely to the record keeping, award application, and award payment functions. The State Board of Investment is responsible for the investment of the Cooper/Sams volunteer ambulance trust. The applicable ambulance service is responsible for determining, consistent with this chapter, who is a qualified ambulance service person, what constitutes a year of credited ambulance service, what constitutes sufficient documentation of a year of prior service, and for submission of all necessary data to the board in a manner consistent with this chapter. Determinations of an ambulance service are final.

- (b) The board may administer its assigned responsibilities regarding the program directly or may retain a qualified governmental or nongovernmental plan administrator under contract to administer those responsibilities regarding the program. A contract with a qualified plan administrator must be the result of an open competitive bidding process and must be reopened for competitive bidding at least once during every five-year period after July 1, 1993.
- (c) The commissioner of employee relations management and budget shall review the options within state government for the most appropriate administration of pension plans or similar arrangements for emergency service personnel and recommend to the governor the most appropriate future pension plan or nonpension plan administrative arrangement for this chapter. If the governor concurs in the recommendation, the governor shall transfer the future administrative responsibilities relating to this chapter to that administrative agency.
 - Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 161.321, is amended to read:

161.321 SMALL BUSINESS CONTRACTS.

- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For purposes of this section the following terms have the meanings given them, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning is intended.
- (a) "Award" means the granting of a contract in accordance with all applicable laws and rules governing competitive bidding except as otherwise provided in this section.
- (b) "Contract" means an agreement entered into between a business entity and the state of Minnesota for the construction of transportation improvements.
- (c) "Subcontractor" means a business entity which enters into a legally binding agreement with another business entity which is a party to a contract as defined in paragraph (b).
 - (d) "Targeted group business" means a business designated under section 16C.16, subdivision 5.
 - (e) "Veteran-owned small business" means a business designated under section 16C.16, subdivision 6a.
- Subd. 2. **Small business set-asides.** (a) The commissioner may award up to a six percent preference in the amount bid for specified construction work to small targeted group businesses and veteran-owned small businesses.
- (b) The commissioner may designate a contract for construction work for award only to small targeted group businesses if the commissioner determines that at least three small targeted group businesses are likely to bid. The commissioner may designate a contract for construction work for award only to veteran-owned small businesses if the commissioner determines that at least three veteran-owned small businesses are likely to bid.
- (c) The commissioner, as a condition of awarding a construction contract, may set goals that require the prime contractor to subcontract a portion of the contract to small targeted group businesses and veteran-owned small businesses. The commissioner must establish a procedure for granting waivers from the subcontracting requirement when qualified small targeted group businesses and veteran-owned small businesses are not reasonably available. The commissioner may establish financial incentives for prime contractors who exceed the goals for use of subcontractors and financial penalties for prime contractors who fail to meet goals under this paragraph. The subcontracting requirements of this paragraph do not apply to prime contractors who are small targeted group businesses or veteran-owned small businesses.
- (d) The commissioner may award up to a four percent preference in the amount bid on procurement to small businesses located in an economically disadvantaged area as defined in section 16C.16, subdivision 7.

- Subd. 3. **Awards to small businesses.** At least 75 percent of subcontracts awarded to small targeted group businesses must be performed by the business to which the subcontract is awarded or another small targeted group business. At least 75 percent of subcontracts awarded to veteran-owned small businesses must be performed by the business to which the subcontract is awarded or another veteran-owned small business.
- Subd. 4. **Awards, limitations.** Contracts awarded pursuant to this section are subject to all limitations contained in rules adopted by the commissioner of administration.
- Subd. 5. **Recourse to other businesses.** If the commissioner is unable to award a contract pursuant to the provisions of subdivisions 2 and 3, the award may be placed pursuant to the normal solicitation and award provisions set forth in this chapter and chapter 16C.
- Subd. 6. **Rules.** The rules adopted by the commissioner of administration to define small businesses and to set time and other eligibility requirements for participation in programs under sections 16C.16 to 16C.19 apply to this section. The commissioner may promulgate other rules necessary to carry out this section.
- Subd. 7. **Noncompetitive bids.** The commissioner is encouraged to purchase from small targeted group businesses and veteran-owned small businesses designated under section 16C.16 when making purchases that are not subject to competitive bidding procedures.
- Subd. 8. **Report by commissioner.** The commissioner of transportation shall report to the commissioner of administration on compliance with this section. The information must be reported at the time and in the manner requested by the commissioner.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2009, and applies to procurement contract bid solicitations issued on and after that date.
 - Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 176.571, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Preliminary investigation.** When the head of a department has filed a report or the commissioner of administration has otherwise received information of the occurrence of an injury to a state employee for which liability to pay compensation may exist, the commissioner of administration shall make a preliminary investigation to determine the question of probable liability.

In making this investigation, the commissioner of administration may require the assistance of the head of any department or any employee of the state. The commissioner of employee relations management and budget may require that all facts be furnished which appear in the records of any state department bearing on the issue.

Sec. 71. [270C.145] TECHNOLOGY LEASE-PURCHASE APPROPRIATION.

- \$855,000 in fiscal year 2010; \$853,000 in fiscal year 2011; and \$2,519,000 in each fiscal year 2012 through 2019 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner to make payments under a lease-purchase agreement as defined in section 16A.81 for completing the purchase and development of an integrated tax software package; provided that the state is not obligated to continue the appropriation of funds or to make lease payments in any future fiscal year. Any unexpended portions of this appropriation cancel to the general fund at the close of each biennium. This section expires June 30, 2019.
 - Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 270C.63, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
- Subd. 13. **Lien search fees.** Upon request of any person, the filing officer shall issue a certificate showing whether there is recorded in that filing office, on the date and hour stated in the certificate, any notice of lien or certificate or notice affecting any lien filed on or after ten years before the date of the search certificate, naming a

particular person, and giving the date and hour of filing of each notice or certificate naming the person. The fee for a certificate shall be as provided by section 336.9-525 or 357.18, subdivision 1, clause (3). Upon request, the filing officer shall furnish a copy of any notice of state lien, or notice or certificate affecting a state lien, for a fee of 50 cents \$1 per page, except that after the effective date of article 2, section 11, of this act, that section shall govern the fee charged by the secretary of state for a copy or electronically transmitted image.

Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 302A.821, is amended to read:

302A.821 MINNESOTA CORPORATE REGISTRATION RENEWAL.

- Subdivision 1. **Annual registration renewal.** (a) The secretary of state <u>must may</u> send annually to each corporation at the registered office of the corporation a postcard, using the information provided by the corporation <u>pursuant to section 5.002 or 5.34 or the articles of incorporation, a notice announcing the need to file the annual <u>registration renewal</u> and informing the corporation that the annual <u>registration renewal</u> may be filed online and that paper filings may also be made, and informing the corporation that failing to file the annual <u>registration renewal</u> will result in an administrative dissolution of the corporation.</u>
- (b) Each calendar year beginning in the calendar year following the calendar year in which a corporation incorporates, the corporation must file with the secretary of state by December 31 of each calendar year a registration renewal containing the information listed in subdivision 2.
- Subd. 2. **Information required; manner of filing.** The registration must include: filing must be made pursuant to section 5.34.
 - (1) the name of the corporation;
 - (2) the address of its principal executive office, if different from the registered office address;
 - (3) the address of its registered office and the name of the registered agent, if any;
 - (4) the state of incorporation; and
- (5) the name and business address of the officer or other person exercising the principal functions of the chief executive officer of the corporation.
- Subd. 3. **Information public.** The information required by subdivision 2 is public data. Chapter 13 does not apply to this information.
- Subd. 4. **Penalty; reinstatement.** (a) A corporation that has failed to file a registration pursuant to the requirements of subdivision 2 renewal complying with section 5.34 must be dissolved by the secretary of state as described in paragraph (b).
- (b) If the corporation has not filed the registration renewal during any calendar year, the secretary of state must issue a certificate of administrative dissolution and the certificate must be filed in the Office of the Secretary of State. The secretary of state must make available in an electronic format the names of the dissolved corporations. A corporation dissolved in this manner is not entitled to the benefits of section 302A.781. The liability, if any, of the shareholders of a corporation dissolved in this manner shall be determined and limited in accordance with section 302A.557, except that the shareholders shall have no liability to any director of the corporation under section 302A.559, subdivision 2.
- (c) After administrative dissolution, filing a registration renewal complying with section 5.34 and the \$25 fee with the secretary of state:

- (1) returns the corporation to good standing as of the date of the dissolution;
- (2) validates contracts or other acts within the authority of the articles, and the corporation is liable for those contracts or acts; and
- (3) restores to the corporation all assets and rights of the corporation to the extent they were held by the corporation before the dissolution occurred, except to the extent that assets or rights were affected by acts occurring after the dissolution or sold or otherwise distributed after that time.
 - Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 303.14, is amended to read:

303.14 ANNUAL REPORT RENEWAL.

Subdivision 1. **Filed with secretary of state; contents Notice; filing.** Each calendar year beginning in the calendar year following the calendar year in which a corporation receives a certificate of authority to do business in Minnesota, the secretary of state must mail by first class mail an annual registration form to the registered office of each corporation as shown on the records of the secretary of state. The form must include the following may send to the corporation, using the information provided by the corporation pursuant to section 5.002 or 5.34 or the application for certificate of authority, a notice; announcing the need to file the annual renewal and informing the corporation that the annual renewal may be filed online and that paper filings may also be made, and informing the corporation that failing to file the annual renewal will result in an administrative dissolution or revocation of certificate of authority to do business in Minnesota.

"NOTICE: Failure to file this form by December 31 of this year will result in the revocation of the authority of this corporation to transact business in Minnesota without further notice from the secretary of state, pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 303.17."

The corporation will submit a \$115 fee with the annual <u>registration renewal</u> and will set forth on the form<u>: the items required by section 5.34.</u>

- (1) the name of the corporation, and, if the corporation has designated an alternate name pursuant to section 303.05, subdivision 1, that alternate name;
 - (2) the name of the registered agent of the corporation in Minnesota;
 - (3) the address of its registered office;
 - (4) the state of incorporation; and
- (5) the name and business address of the officer or other person exercising the principal functions of the chief executive officer of the corporation.
 - Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 303.16, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Approval; filing.** The application for withdrawal shall be delivered to the secretary of state. Upon receiving and examining the same, and upon finding that it conforms to the provisions of this chapter, the secretary of state shall, when all license fees, filing fees, and other charges other than the fee required by section 303.14 have been paid as required by law, file the same and shall issue and record a certificate of withdrawal. Upon the issuance of the certificate, the authority of the corporation to transact business in this state shall cease.
 - Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 308A.995, is amended to read:

308A.995 PERIODIC REGISTRATION ANNUAL RENEWAL.

Subdivision 1. **Periodic registration in certain years Annual renewal**. Each cooperative governed by this chapter must file a periodic registration an annual renewal with the secretary of state in each odd numbered calendar year following the calendar year in which the cooperative was incorporated. In these years, The secretary of state must may mail by first class mail a registration form to the registered office of each cooperative as shown on the records of the secretary of state, or if no such address is in the records, to the location of the principal place of business shown on the records of the secretary of state. The form must include the following notice: send annually to the cooperative, using the information provided by the cooperative pursuant to section 5.002 or 5.34 or the articles of incorporation, a notice announcing the need to file the annual renewal and informing the cooperative that the annual renewal may be filed online and that paper filings may also be made, and informing the cooperative that failing to file the annual renewal will result in an administrative dissolution of the cooperative.

"NOTICE: Failure to file this form by December 31 of this year will result in the dissolution of this cooperative without further notice from the secretary of state, pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 308A.995, subdivision 4, paragraph (b)."

- Subd. 2. **Minnesota cooperative <u>registration renewal</u> form.** In each calendar year in which a <u>registration renewal</u> is to be filed, a cooperative must file with the secretary of state <u>a registration an annual renewal</u> by December 31 of that calendar year containing: the items required by section 5.34.
 - (1) the name of the cooperative;
 - (2) the address of its registered office;
 - (3) the address of its principal place of business, if different from the registered office address; and
- (4) the name and business address of the officer or other person exercising the principal functions of the chief executive officer of the cooperative.
 - Subd. 3. Information public. The information required by subdivision 1 is public data.
- Subd. 4. **Penalty; dissolution.** (a) A cooperative that has failed to file a <u>registration_renewal_pursuant</u> pursuant to the requirements of this section by December 31 of the calendar year for which the <u>registration_renewal_pursuant</u> was required must be dissolved by the secretary of state as described in paragraph (b).
- (b) If the cooperative has not filed the <u>registration renewal</u> by December 31 of that calendar year, the secretary of state must issue a certificate of involuntary dissolution, and the certificate must be filed in the Office of the Secretary of State. The secretary of state must make available in an electronic format the names of the dissolved cooperatives. A cooperative dissolved in this manner is not entitled to the benefits of section 308A.981.
- Subd. 5. **Reinstatement.** A cooperative may retroactively reinstate its existence by filing a single annual registration renewal and paying a \$25 fee. Filing the annual registration renewal with the secretary of state:
 - (1) returns the cooperative to active status as of the date of the dissolution;
- (2) validates contracts or other acts within the authority of the articles, and the cooperative is liable for those contracts or acts; and
- (3) restores to the cooperative all assets and rights of the cooperative and its shareholders or members to the extent they were held by the cooperative and its shareholders or members before the dissolution occurred, except to the extent that assets or rights were affected by acts occurring after the dissolution or sold or otherwise distributed after that time.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective 30 days after the secretary of state certifies that the information systems of the Office of the Secretary of State have been modified to implement this section.

Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 308B.121, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Periodic registration in certain years Annual renewal.** Each cooperative governed by this chapter and each foreign cooperative registered under section 308B.151 must file a periodic registration an annual renewal with the secretary of state with the initial articles and any amendment of the articles in each odd-numbered calendar year after the calendar year in which the cooperative incorporated. In these years, The secretary of state must mail by first class mail a registration form to the registered office of each cooperative and registered foreign cooperative as shown in the records of the secretary of state, or if no such address is in the records, to the location of the principal place of business shown in the records of the secretary of state. For a cooperative, the form must include the following notice: may send annually to each cooperative, using the information provided by the cooperative pursuant to section 5.002 or 5.34 or the articles of organization, a notice announcing the need to file the annual renewal and informing the cooperative that the annual renewal may be filed online and that paper filings may also be made, and informing the cooperative that failing to file the annual renewal will result in an administrative dissolution.

"NOTICE: Failure to file this form by December 31 of this year will result in the dissolution of this cooperative without further notice from the secretary of state, under Minnesota Statutes, section 308B.121, subdivision 4, paragraph (b)."

For a foreign cooperative, the form must contain the following notice:

"NOTICE: Failure to file this form by December 31 of this year will result in the loss of good standing and the authority to do business in Minnesota."

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective 30 days after the secretary of state certifies that the information systems of the Office of the Secretary of State have been modified to implement this section.

- Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 308B.121, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Registration** Renewal form. In each calendar year in which a registration renewal is to be filed, a cooperative must file with the secretary of state a registration by December 31 of that calendar year a renewal containing: the items required by section 5.34.
 - (1) the name of the cooperative;
 - (2) the address of its registered office;
 - (3) the address of its principal place of business, if different from the registered office address; and
- (4) the name and business address of the officer or other person exercising the principal functions of the chief executive officer of the cooperative.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective 30 days after the secretary of state certifies that the information systems of the Office of the Secretary of State have been modified to implement this section.

Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 317A.823, is amended to read:

317A.823 ANNUAL CORPORATE REGISTRATION RENEWAL.

Subdivision 1. **Annual <u>registration renewal.</u>** (a) The secretary of state <u>must may</u> send annually to each corporation at the <u>registered office of the corporation, using the information provided by the corporation pursuant to section 5.002 or 5.34 or the articles of incorporation, a <u>postcard</u> notice announcing the need to file the annual</u>

<u>registration</u> <u>renewal</u> and informing the corporation that the annual <u>registration</u> <u>renewal</u> may be filed online and that paper filings may also be made, and informing the corporation that failing to file the annual <u>registration</u> <u>renewal</u> will result in an administrative dissolution of the corporation.

- (b) Each calendar year beginning in the calendar year following the calendar year in which a corporation incorporates, a corporation must file with the secretary of state by December 31 of each calendar year a registration containing the information listed in paragraph (c) required by section 5.34.
 - (c) The registration must include:
 - (1) the name of the corporation;
 - (2) the address of its registered office;
 - (3) the name of its registered agent, if any; and
- (4) the name and business address of the officer or other person exercising the principal functions of president of the corporation.
- Subd. 2. **Penalty.** (a) A corporation that has failed to file a registration renewal pursuant to the requirements of subdivision 1 must be dissolved by the secretary of state as described in paragraph (b).
- (b) If the corporation has not filed the delinquent registration renewal, the secretary of state must issue a certificate of involuntary dissolution, and the certificate must be filed in the Office of the Secretary of State. The secretary of state must also make available in an electronic format the names of the dissolved corporations. A corporation dissolved in this manner is not entitled to the benefits of section 317A.781.
 - Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 321.0206, is amended to read:

321.0206 DELIVERY TO AND FILING OF RECORDS BY SECRETARY OF STATE; EFFECTIVE TIME AND DATE.

- (a) A record authorized or required to be delivered to the secretary of state for filing under this chapter must be captioned to describe the record's purpose, be in a medium permitted by the secretary of state, and be delivered to the secretary of state. Unless the secretary of state determines that a record does not comply with the filing requirements of this chapter, and if the appropriate filing fees have been paid, the secretary of state shall file the record and:
 - (1) for a statement of dissociation, send:
- (A) a copy of the filed statement to the person which the statement indicates has dissociated as a general partner; and
 - (B) a copy of the filed statement to the limited partnership;
 - (2) for a statement of withdrawal, send:
 - (A) a copy of the filed statement to the person on whose behalf the record was filed; and
- (B) if the statement refers to an existing limited partnership, a copy of the filed statement to the limited partnership; and

- (3) for all other records, send a copy of the filed record to the person on whose behalf the record was filed.
- (b) Upon request and payment of a fee, the secretary of state shall send to the requester a certified copy of the requested record.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in sections 321.0116 and 321.0207, a record delivered to the secretary of state for filing under this chapter may specify an effective time and a delayed effective date. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a record filed by the secretary of state is effective:
- (1) if the record does not specify an effective time and does not specify a delayed effective date, on the date and at the time the record is filed as evidenced by the secretary of state's endorsement of the date and time on the record;
- (2) if the record specifies an effective time but not a delayed effective date, on the date the record is filed at the time specified in the record;
 - (3) if the record specifies a delayed effective date but not an effective time, at 12:01 a.m. on the earlier of:
 - (A) the specified date; or
 - (B) the 30th day after the record is filed; or
 - (4) if the record specifies an effective time and a delayed effective date, at the specified time on the earlier of:
 - (A) the specified date; or
 - (B) the 30th day after the record is filed.
 - (d) The appropriate fees for filings under this chapter are:
 - (1) for filing a certificate of limited partnership, \$100;
 - (2) for filing an amended certificate of limited partnership, \$50;
 - (3) for filing a name reservation for a limited partnership name, \$35;
- (3) (4) for filing any other record, other than the annual report renewal required by section 321.0210, for which no fee must be charged, required or permitted to be delivered for filing, \$35_\$50;
- (4) (5) for filing a certificate requesting authority to transact business in Minnesota as a foreign limited partnership, \$85 \\$100;
 - (5) (6) for filing an application of reinstatement, \$25;
 - (6) (7) for filing a name reservation for a foreign limited partnership name, \$35; and
- (7) (8) for filing any other record, other than the annual report renewal required by section 321.0210, for which no fee must be charged, required or permitted to be delivered for filing on a foreign limited partnership authorized to transact business in Minnesota, \$50.
 - Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 321.0210, is amended to read:

321.0210 ANNUAL REPORT RENEWAL FOR SECRETARY OF STATE.

- (a) Subject to subsection (b):
- (1) in each calendar year following the calendar year in which a limited partnership becomes subject to this chapter, the limited partnership must deliver to the secretary of state for filing an annual registration renewal containing the information required by subsection (c); and
- (2) in each calendar year following the calendar year in which there is first on file with the secretary of state a certificate of authority under section 321.0904 pertaining to a foreign limited partnership, the foreign limited partnership must deliver to the secretary of state for filing an annual registration renewal containing the information required by subsection (c).
- (b) A limited partnership's obligation under subsection (a) ends if the limited partnership delivers to the secretary of state for filing a statement of termination under section 321.0203 and the statement becomes effective under section 321.0206. A foreign limited partnership's obligation under subsection (a) ends if the secretary of state issues and files a certificate of revocation under section 321.0906 or if the foreign limited partnership delivers to the secretary of state for filing a notice of cancellation under section 321.0907(a) and that notice takes effect under section 321.0206. If a foreign limited partnership's obligations under subsection (a) end and later the secretary of state files, pursuant to section 321.0904, a new certificate of authority pertaining to that foreign limited partnership, subsection (a)(2), again applies to the foreign limited partnership and, for the purposes of subsection (a)(2), the calendar year of the new filing is treated as the calendar year in which a certificate of authority is first on file with the secretary of state.
 - (c) The annual registration renewal must contain: the items required by section 5.34.
 - (1) the name of the limited partnership or foreign limited partnership;
- (2) the address of its designated office and the name and street and mailing address of its agent for service of process in Minnesota and, if the agent is not an individual, the name, street and mailing address, and telephone number of an individual who may be contacted for purposes other than service of process with respect to the limited partnership;
 - (3) in the case of a limited partnership, the street and mailing address of its principal office; and
- (4) in the case of a foreign limited partnership, the name of the state or other jurisdiction under whose law the foreign limited partnership is formed and any alternate name adopted under section 321.0905(a).
 - (d) The secretary of state shall:
- (1) administratively dissolve under section 321.0809 a limited partnership that has failed to file a registration renewal pursuant to subsection (a); and
- (2) revoke under section 321.0906 the certificate of authority of a foreign limited partnership that has failed to file a registration renewal pursuant to subsection (a).
 - Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 321.0810, is amended to read:

321.0810 REINSTATEMENT FOLLOWING ADMINISTRATIVE DISSOLUTION.

(a) A limited partnership that has been administratively dissolved or a foreign limited partnership that has had its certificate of authority revoked may apply to the secretary of state for reinstatement reinstate after the effective date of dissolution. The application To reinstate, the annual renewal required by section 5.34 must be delivered to the secretary of state for filing and state: with the reinstatement fee of \$25.

- (1) the name of the limited partnership and the effective date of its administrative dissolution;
- (2) that the grounds for dissolution either did not exist or have been eliminated; and
- (3) that the limited partnership's name satisfies the requirements of section 321.0108.

The application must also include any documents that were required to be delivered for filing to the secretary of state but which were not so delivered.

- (b) If the secretary of state determines that an application an annual renewal contains the information required by subsection (a) and that the information is correct and the application includes is accompanied by the appropriate fee, the secretary of state shall file the reinstatement application and serve the limited partnership with a copy renewal and reinstate the limited partnership or foreign limited partnership.
- (c) When reinstatement becomes effective, it relates back to and takes effect as of the effective date of the administrative dissolution or revocation and the limited partnership may resume its activities as if the administrative dissolution or revocation had never occurred, except that for the purposes of section 321.0103(c) and (d) the reinstatement is effective only as of the date the reinstatement is filed.
 - Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 322B.960, is amended to read:

322B.960 ANNUAL REGISTRATION RENEWAL.

- Subdivision 1. **Annual registration renewal form.** (a) The secretary of state must may send annually to each limited liability company at the registered office of the corporation a postcard, using the information provided by the limited liability company pursuant to section 5.002 or 5.34 or the articles of organization, a notice announcing the need to file the annual registration renewal and informing the limited liability company that the annual registration may be filed online and that paper filings may also be made, and informing the limited liability company that failing to file the annual registration renewal will result in an administrative termination of the limited liability company or the revocation of the authority of the limited liability company to do business in Minnesota.
- (b) Each calendar year beginning in the calendar year following the calendar year in which a limited liability company files articles of organization, a limited liability company must file with the secretary of state by December 31 of each calendar year a registration renewal containing the information listed in subdivision 2 items required by section 5.34.

Subd. 2. Information required; fees. The registration must include:

- (1) the name of the limited liability company or the name under which a foreign limited liability company has registered in this state;
 - (2) the address of its principal executive office, if different from the registered address;
 - (3) the address of its registered office;
 - (4) the name of its registered agent, if any;
 - (5) the state or jurisdiction of organization; and
- (6) the name and business address of the manager or other person exercising the principal functions of the chief manager of the limited liability company.

- Subd. 4. **Penalty.** (a) A domestic limited liability company that has not filed a <u>registration renewal pursuant</u> to <u>the requirements of subdivision 2</u>, <u>this section</u> is administratively terminated. The secretary of state shall issue a certificate of administrative termination which must be filed in the office of the secretary of state. The secretary of state must also make available in an electronic format the names of the terminated limited liability companies.
- (b) A non-Minnesota limited liability company that has not filed a registration renewal pursuant to the requirements of subdivision 2, this section shall have its authority to do business in Minnesota revoked. The secretary of state must issue a certificate of revocation which must be filed in the Office of the Secretary of State. The secretary of state must also make available in an electronic format the names of the revoked non-Minnesota limited liability companies.
- Subd. 5. **Reinstatement.** If a limited liability company is administratively terminated or has its authority to do business in Minnesota revoked, it may retroactively reinstate its existence or authority to do business by filing a single annual registration renewal and paying a \$25 fee.
 - (a) For a domestic limited liability company, filing the annual registration renewal with the secretary of state:
 - (1) returns the limited liability company to active status as of the date of the administrative termination;
- (2) validates contracts or other acts within the authority of the articles, and the limited liability company is liable for those contracts or acts; and
- (3) restores to the limited liability company all assets and rights of the limited liability company and its members to the extent they were held by the limited liability company and its members before the administrative termination occurred, except to the extent that assets or rights were affected by acts occurring after the termination, sold, or otherwise distributed after that time.
- (b) For a non-Minnesota limited liability company, filing the annual registration renewal restores the limited liability company's ability to do business in Minnesota and the rights and privileges which accompany that authority.
 - Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 323A.1003, is amended to read:

323A.1003 ANNUAL REGISTRATION RENEWAL.

- (a) Each calendar year beginning in the calendar year following the calendar year in which a partnership files a statement of qualification or in which a foreign partnership becomes authorized to transact business in this state, the secretary of state must mail by first class mail an annual registration form to the street address of the partnership's chief executive office, if located in Minnesota, the office in this state, if the chief executive office is not located in Minnesota, or address of the registered agent of the partnership as shown on the records of the secretary of state when the chief executive office is not located in Minnesota and no other Minnesota office exists may send annually to the partnership or foreign partnership, using the information provided by the limited liability partnership pursuant to section 5.002 or 5.34 or the limited liability partnership statement of qualification, a notice. The form must include the following notice: will announce the need to file the annual renewal and will inform the partnership or foreign partnership that the annual renewal may be filed online and that paper filings may also be made and that "NOTICE: failure to file this form the notice by December 31 of this year will result in the revocation of the statement of qualification of this limited liability partnership, without further notice from the secretary of state pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 323A.1003, subsection (d)."
- (b) A limited liability partnership, and a foreign limited liability partnership authorized to transact business in this state, shall file an annual registration renewal in the office of the secretary of state which contains: the information required by section 5.34.

- (1) the name of the limited liability partnership and the state or other jurisdiction under whose laws the foreign limited liability partnership is formed;
- (2) the street address, including the zip code, of the partnership's chief executive office and, if different, the street address, including the zip code, of an office of the partnership in this state, if any;
- (3) if the partnership does not have an office in this state, the name and street address, including the zip code, of the partnership's current agent for service of process; and
- (4) if the agent for service of process under clause (3) is not an individual, the name, street address, and telephone number of an individual who may be contacted for purposes other than service of process with respect to the limited liability partnership.
- (c) An annual <u>registration</u> <u>renewal</u> must be filed once each calendar year beginning in the year following the calendar year in which a partnership files a statement of qualification or a foreign partnership becomes authorized to transact business in this state.
- (d) The secretary of state must revoke the statement of qualification of a partnership that fails to file an annual registration renewal when due or pay the required filing fee. The secretary of state must issue a certificate of revocation which must be filed in the office of the secretary of state. The secretary of state must also make available in an electronic format the names of the revoked limited liability companies.
- (e) A revocation under subsection (d) only affects a partnership's status as a limited liability partnership and is not an event of dissolution of the partnership.
- (f) A partnership whose statement of qualification has been revoked may apply to the secretary of state for reinstatement within one year after the effective date of the revocation. A partnership must file an annual registration renewal to apply for reinstatement and pay a reinstatement fee of \$135 \$160.
- (g) A reinstatement under subsection (f) relates back to and takes effect as of the effective date of the revocation, and the partnership's status as a limited liability partnership continues as if the revocation had never occurred.
 - Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 333.055, is amended to read:

333.055 TERM OF CERTIFICATE.

Subdivision 1. **Application and renewal.** Filing of a certificate hereunder shall be effective for a term of ten years from the date of filing and upon application filed within the six month period prior to the expiration of such term or a renewal thereof, on a form prescribed by the secretary of state, upon filing and shall remain in effect as long as an annual renewal for the certificate may be renewed for additional ten year terms. A renewal fee as specified herein, payable to the secretary of state, shall accompany the application for renewal. is filed in each calendar year following the calendar year in which the original filing was filed. The certificate expires in the calendar year following a calendar year in which the annual renewal was not filed. Notice of the annual renewal requirement must be provided to the person or entity submitting the certificate at the time of the original filing.

The secretary of state shall notify each business holding a certificate hereunder of the necessity of renewal thereof by writing to the last known address of the business at least six months prior to the certificate's expiration date.

Assumed name certificates on file with the secretary of state upon the effective date of this section are exempt from the renewal requirements of this section until the expiration of the original ten-year term.

- Subd. 2. **Existing certificates** Reinstatement. Any assumed name certificate of record in the district courts and in force on July 1, 1978 shall continue in force without the necessity of another filing under section 333.01 until July 31, 1979, at which time all such certificates shall expire unless renewed as hereinafter provided. Any certificate may be renewed by filing an application with the secretary of state on a form prescribed by the secretary and paying the renewal fee prescribed by subdivision 3 within the six month period prior to the expiration of the certificate that expires as a result of failing to file the annual renewal may be reinstated by filing the annual renewal with the \$25 reinstatement fee.
- Subd. 2a. Annual renewal; contents. The annual renewal filed under subdivision 1 must include the assumed name and the address of the principal place of business.
- Subd. 3. **Fees.** The secretary of state shall charge and collect: <u>a fee of \$30 for each filing submitted with respect to an assumed name except for the annual renewal, for which no fee will be charged.</u>
 - (a) for the filing of each certificate or amended certificate of an assumed name \$25;
 - (b) certificate renewal fee \$25.
- Subd. 4. **Secretary of state duties.** The secretary of state shall accept for filing all certificates and renewals thereof which comply with the provisions of sections 333.001 to 333.06 and which are accompanied by the prescribed fees, notwithstanding the fact that the assumed name disclosed therein may not be distinguishable from one or more other assumed names already filed with the secretary of state. The secretary of state shall not accept for filing a certificate that discloses an assumed name that is not distinguishable from a corporate, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, cooperative, or limited partnership name in use or reserved in this state by another or a trade or service mark registered with the secretary of state, unless there is filed with the certificate a written consent, court decree of prior right, or affidavit of nonuser of the kind required by section 302A.115, subdivision 1, clause (d). The secretary of state shall determine whether a name is distinguishable from another name for purposes of this subdivision.
- <u>EFFECTIVE DATE</u>; <u>APPLICATION</u>. This section is effective 30 days after the secretary of state certifies that the information systems of the Office of the Secretary of State have been modified to implement this section, and this section applies to all existing and new assumed name certificates on and after that date.
 - Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 336A.04, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Fees.** The fee for filing and indexing a standard form or format for a lien notice, effective financing statement, or continuation statement, and stamping the date and place of filing on a copy of the filed document furnished by the filing party is \$15 until June 30, 2005. Effective July 1, 2005, the fee for each filing will be as follows:
- (1) \$20 for each effective financing statement and \$15 for each lien notice or other filing made through the Web interface of the Office of the Secretary of State; and
- (2) \$25 for each effective financing statement and \$20 for each lien notice or other filing submitted in any other manner—; and
 - (3) no fee will be charged for filing a termination statement.

Filing fees collected by a satellite office must be deposited in the general fund of the county in which the satellite office is located.

- Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 336A.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Searches; fees.** (a) If a person makes a request, the filing officer shall conduct a search of the computerized filing system for effective financing statements or lien notices and statements of continuation of a particular debtor. The filing officer shall produce a report including the date, time, and results of the search by issuing:
- (1) a listing of the file number, date, and hour of each effective financing statement found in the search and the names and addresses of each secured party on the effective financing statements or of each lien notice found in the search and the names and address of each lienholder on the lien notice; or
 - (2) upon request, both the report and photocopies of the effective financing statements or lien notices.
- (b) The uniform fee for conducting a search and for preparing a report is \$20 per debtor name. If an oral or facsimile response is requested, there is an additional fee of \$5 per debtor name requested. A fee of \$1 per page as set by section 5.12 will be charged for photocopies of effective financing statements, lien notices, continuation statements, or termination statements.
- (c) Search fees collected by a satellite office must be deposited in the general fund of the county where the satellite office is located.
 - Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 359.01, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Fees.** (a) When making application for a commission the applicant must submit, along with the information required by the secretary of state, a nonrefundable fee of \$40.
- (b) All fees shall be retained by the secretary of state and are nonreturnable, except that for an overpayment of a fee is the subject of a refund upon proper application.
 - Sec. 89. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 383B.72, is amended to read:

383B.72 LAND ACQUISITION; TOWN CONSENT.

Notwithstanding the provisions of section 398.09, the Board of Park District Commissioners of the Three Rivers Park District, before acquiring by purchase or condemnation real estate located within the boundaries of any organized town in Hennepin County, other than real estate located within an area designated for development of a park in the most recent revised plan which has been prepared by the district in accordance with section 398.19, and is on file on June 9, 1971, with the state department of parks, shall secure the consent of the town board of such town to such acquisition, by resolution duly adopted by such board.

- Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 469.175, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. Tax increment financing plan. (a) A tax increment financing plan shall contain:
- (1) a statement of objectives of an authority for the improvement of a project;
- (2) a statement as to the development program for the project, including the property within the project, if any, that the authority intends to acquire, identified by parcel number, identifiable property name, block, or other appropriate means indicating the area in which the authority intends to acquire properties;

- (3) a list of any development activities that the plan proposes to take place within the project, for which contracts have been entered into at the time of the preparation of the plan, for which the authority has entered into an agreement or designated a developer including the names of the parties to the contract or designated developer, the activity governed by the contract the agreement or designation, the cost stated in the contract, and the expected date of completion of that activity;
- (4) identification or description of the type of any other specific development reasonably expected to take place within the project district, and the date when the development is likely to occur;
 - (5) estimates of the following:
- (i) cost of the project, including administrative expenses, except that if part of the cost of the project is paid or financed with increment from the tax increment financing district, the tax increment financing plan for the district must contain an estimate of the amount of the cost of the project, including administrative expenses, that and interest as a financing cost, which will be paid or financed with tax increments from the district, but not to exceed the estimated tax increment generated by the development activity;
 - (ii) amount of bonded indebtedness to be incurred bonds to be issued;
 - (iii) sources of revenue to finance or otherwise pay public costs;
- (iv) the most recent original net tax capacity of taxable real property within the tax increment financing district and within any subdistrict;
 - (v) (iv) the estimated captured net tax capacity of the tax increment financing district at completion; and
 - $\frac{(vi)}{(v)}$ the duration of the tax increment financing district's and any subdistrict's existence;
- (6) statements of the authority's alternate estimates of the impact of tax increment financing on the net tax capacities of all taxing jurisdictions in which the tax increment financing district is located in whole or in part. For purposes of one statement, the authority shall assume that the estimated captured net tax capacity would be available to the taxing jurisdictions without creation of the district, and for purposes of the second statement, the authority shall assume that none of the estimated captured net tax capacity would be available to the taxing jurisdictions without creation of the district or subdistrict;
- (7) identification and description of studies and analyses used to make the determination set forth in subdivision 3, clause (2); and
 - (8) identification of all parcels to be included in the district or any subdistrict.
- (b) The authority may specify in the tax increment financing plan the first year in which it elects to receive increment, up to four years following the year of approval of the district. This paragraph does not apply to an economic development district.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for tax increment financing plans approved after June 30, 2009.

- Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 469.175, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Annual financial reporting.** (a) The state auditor shall develop a uniform system of accounting and financial reporting for tax increment financing districts. The system of accounting and financial reporting shall, as nearly as possible:

- (1) provide for full disclosure of the sources and uses of public funds in tax increments of the district;
- (2) permit comparison and reconciliation with the affected local government's accounts and financial reports;
- (3) permit auditing of the funds expended on behalf of a district, including a single district that is part of a multidistrict project or that is funded in part or whole through the use of a development account funded with tax increments from other districts or with other public money;
 - (4) be consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- (b) The authority must annually submit to the state auditor a financial report in compliance with paragraph (a). Copies of the report must also be provided to the county auditor and to the governing body of the municipality, if the authority is not the municipality. To the extent necessary to permit compliance with the requirement of financial reporting, the county and any other appropriate local government unit or private entity must provide the necessary records or information to the authority or the state auditor as provided by the system of accounting and financial reporting developed pursuant to paragraph (a). The authority must submit the annual report for a year on or before August 1 of the next year.
 - (c) The annual financial report must also include the following items:
 - (1) the original net tax capacity of the district and any subdistrict under section 469.177, subdivision 1;
 - (2) the net tax capacity for the reporting period of the district and any subdistrict;
 - (3) the captured net tax capacity of the district;
 - (4) any fiscal disparity deduction from the captured net tax capacity under section 469.177, subdivision 3;
- (5) the captured net tax capacity retained for tax increment financing under section 469.177, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (1);
- (6) any captured net tax capacity distributed among affected taxing districts under section 469.177, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (2);
 - (7) the type of district;
- (8) the date the municipality approved the tax increment financing plan and the date of approval of any modification of the tax increment financing plan, the approval of which requires notice, discussion, a public hearing, and findings under subdivision 4, paragraph (a);
- (9) the date the authority first requested certification of the original net tax capacity of the district and the date of the request for certification regarding any parcel added to the district;
- (10) the date the county auditor first certified the original net tax capacity of the district and the date of certification of the original net tax capacity of any parcel added to the district;
- (11) the month and year in which the authority has received or anticipates it will receive the first increment from the district:
 - (12) the date the district must be decertified;

- (13) for the reporting period and prior years of the district, the actual amount received from, at least, the following categories:
- (i) tax increments paid by the captured net tax capacity retained for tax increment financing under section 469.177, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (1), but excluding any excess taxes;
 - (ii) tax increments that are interest or other investment earnings on or from tax increments;
- (iii) tax increments that are proceeds from the sale or lease of property, tangible or intangible, purchased by the authority with tax increments;
 - (iv) tax increments that are repayments of loans or other advances made by the authority with tax increments;
 - (v) bond or loan proceeds; and
 - (vi) special assessments;
 - (vii) grants;
 - (viii) transfers from funds not exclusively associated with the district; and
 - (ix) the market value homestead credit paid to the authority under section 273.1384;
- (14) for the reporting period and for the prior years of the district, the actual amount expended for, at least, the following categories:
 - (i) acquisition of land and buildings through condemnation or purchase;
 - (ii) site improvements or preparation costs;
- (iii) installation of public utilities, parking facilities, streets, roads, sidewalks, or other similar public improvements;
 - (iv) administrative costs, including the allocated cost of the authority; and
- (v) public park facilities, facilities for social, recreational, or conference purposes, or other similar public improvements; and for housing districts, construction of affordable housing;
 - (vi) transfers to funds not exclusively associated with the district;
- (15) the amount of any payments for activities and improvements located outside of the district that are paid for or financed with tax increments;
- (16) the amount of payments of principal and interest that are made during the reporting period on any nondefeased:
 - (i) general obligation tax increment financing bonds;
 - (ii) other tax increment financing bonds, including pay-as-you-go contracts and notes; and
 - (iii) notes and pay as you go contracts;

- (17) the principal amount, at the end of the reporting period, of any nondefeased:
- (i) general obligation tax increment financing bonds;
- (ii) other tax increment financing bonds, including pay as you go contracts and notes; and
- (iii) notes and pay-as-you-go contracts;
- (18) the amount of principal and interest payments that are due for the current calendar year on any nondefeased:
- (i) general obligation tax increment financing bonds; and
- (ii) other tax increment financing bonds, including pay-as-you-go contracts and notes; and
- (iii) notes and pay-as-you-go contracts;
- (19) if the fiscal disparities contribution under chapter 276A or 473F for the district is computed under section 469.177, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), the amount of <u>total</u> increased property taxes <u>imposed on other properties in the municipality that approved the tax increment financing plan as a result of the fiscal disparities contribution; to be paid from outside the tax increment financing district; and</u>
- (20) the estimate, if any, contained in the tax increment financing plan of the amount of the cost of the project, including administrative expenses, that will be paid or financed with tax increment; and
 - (21) any additional information the state auditor may require.
- (d) The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the method of calculating the increased property taxes under paragraph (c), clause (19), and the form of the statement disclosing this information on the annual statement under subdivision 5.
- (e) The reporting requirements imposed by this subdivision apply to districts certified before, on, and after August 1, 1979.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for tax increment financing reports due after December 31, 2009.

- Sec. 92. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 471.345, subdivision 15, is amended to read:
- Subd. 15. **Cooperative purchasing.** (a) Municipalities may contract for the purchase of supplies, materials, or equipment by utilizing contracts that are available through the state's cooperative purchasing venture authorized by section 16C.11. For a contract estimated to exceed \$25,000, a municipality must consider the availability, price and quality of supplies, materials, or equipment available through the state's cooperative purchasing venture before purchasing through another source.
- (b) If a municipality does not utilize the state's cooperative purchasing venture, a municipality may contract for the purchase of supplies, materials, or equipment without regard to the competitive bidding requirements of this section if the purchase is through a national municipal association's purchasing alliance or cooperative created by a joint powers agreement that purchases items from more than one source on the basis of competitive bids or competitive quotations.
 - Sec. 93. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 473.142, is amended to read:

473.142 SMALL BUSINESSES.

- (a) The Metropolitan Council and agencies specified in section 473.143, subdivision 1, may award up to a six percent preference in the amount bid for specified goods or services to small targeted group businesses and veteranowned small businesses designated under section 16C.16.
- (b) The council and each agency specified in section 473.143, subdivision 1, may designate a purchase of goods or services for award only to small targeted group businesses designated under section 16C.16 if the council or agency determines that at least three small targeted group businesses are likely to bid. The council and each agency specified in section 473.143, subdivision 1, may designate a purchase of goods or services for award only to veteranowned small businesses designated under section 16C.16 if the council or agency determines that at least three veteran-owned small businesses are likely to bid.
- (c) The council and each agency specified in section 473.143, subdivision 1, as a condition of awarding a construction contract or approving a contract for consultant, professional, or technical services, may set goals that require the prime contractor to subcontract a portion of the contract to small targeted group businesses and veteranowned small businesses designated under section 16C.16. The council or agency must establish a procedure for granting waivers from the subcontracting requirement when qualified small targeted group businesses and veteranowned small businesses are not reasonably available. The council or agency may establish financial incentives for prime contractors who exceed the goals for use of subcontractors and financial penalties for prime contractors who fail to meet goals under this paragraph. The subcontracting requirements of this paragraph do not apply to prime contractors who are small targeted group businesses and veteran-owned small businesses. At least 75 percent of the value of the subcontracts awarded to small targeted group businesses under this paragraph must be performed by the business to which the subcontract is awarded or by another small targeted group business. At least 75 percent of the value of the subcontracts awarded to veteran-owned small businesses under this paragraph must be performed by the business to which the subcontract is awarded or another veteran-owned small business.
- (d) The council and each agency listed in section 473.143, subdivision 1, are encouraged to purchase from small targeted group businesses and veteran-owned small businesses designated under section 16C.16 when making purchases that are not subject to competitive bidding procedures.
 - (e) The council and each agency may adopt rules to implement this section.
- (f) Each council or agency contract must require the prime contractor to pay any subcontractor within ten days of the prime contractor's receipt of payment from the council or agency for undisputed services provided by the subcontractor. The contract must require the prime contractor to pay interest of 1-1/2 percent per month or any part of a month to the subcontractor on any undisputed amount not paid on time to the subcontractor. The minimum monthly interest penalty payment for an unpaid balance of \$100 or more is \$10. For an unpaid balance of less than \$100, the prime contractor shall pay the actual penalty due to the subcontractor. A subcontractor who prevails in a civil action to collect interest penalties from a prime contractor must be awarded its costs and disbursements, including attorney fees, incurred in bringing the action.
- (g) This section does not apply to procurement financed in whole or in part with federal funds if the procurement is subject to federal disadvantaged, minority, or women business enterprise regulations. The council and each agency shall report to the commissioner of administration on compliance with this section. The information must be reported at the time and in the manner requested by the commissioner.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2009, and applies to procurement contract bid solicitations issued on and after that date.
 - Sec. 94. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 480.181, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Election to retain insurance and benefits; retirement.** (a) Before a person is transferred to state employment under this section, the person may elect to do either or both of the following:

- (1) keep life insurance; hospital, medical, and dental insurance; and vacation and sick leave benefits and accumulated time provided by the county instead of receiving benefits from the state under the judicial branch personnel rules; or
- (2) remain a member of the Public Employees Retirement Association or the Minneapolis employees retirement fund instead of joining the Minnesota State Retirement System.

Employees who make an election under clause (1) remain on the county payroll, but the state shall reimburse the county on a quarterly basis for the salary and cost of the benefits provided by the county. The state shall make the employer contribution to the Public Employees Retirement Association or the employer contribution under section 422A.101, subdivision 1a, to the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund on behalf of employees who make an election under clause (2).

- (b) An employee who makes an election under paragraph (a), clause (1), may revoke the election, once, at any time, but if the employee revokes the election, the employee cannot make another election. An employee who makes an election under paragraph (a), clause (2), may revoke the election at any time within six months after the person becomes a state employee. Once an employee revokes this election, the employee cannot make another election.
- (c) The Supreme Court, after consultation with the Judicial Council, the commissioner of <u>employee relations</u> <u>management and budget</u>, and the executive directors of the Public Employees Retirement Association and the Minnesota State Retirement Association, shall adopt procedures for making elections under this section.
- (d) The Supreme Court shall notify all affected employees of the options available under this section. The executive directors of the Public Employees Retirement Association and the Minnesota State Retirement System shall provide counseling to affected employees on the effect of making an election to remain a member of the Public Employees Retirement Association.
 - Sec. 95. Laws 2005, chapter 162, section 34, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Optical scan equipment.** \$6,000,000 is appropriated from the Help America Vote Act account to the secretary of state for grants to counties to purchase optical scan voting equipment. Counties are eligible for grants to the extent that they decide to purchase ballot marking machines and as a result do not have sufficient Help America Vote Act grant money remaining to also purchase a compatible precinct-based optical scan machine or central-count machine. These grants must be allocated to counties at a rate of \$3,000 per eligible precinct until the appropriation is exhausted, with priority in the payment of grants to be given to counties currently using hand- and central-count voting systems and counties using precinct-count optical scan voting systems incompatible with assistive voting systems or ballot marking machines. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2009 2012.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 30, 2009.

Sec. 96. Laws 2006, chapter 218, section 6, is amended to read:

Sec. 6. SUNSET.

The implementation and steering task force established in section 2 expires on December 31, 2009 2011.

Sec. 97. RULE AMENDMENT.

The commissioner of public safety must amend Minnesota Rules, part 7525.0400, and any other rules as necessary to conform to section 16B.24, subdivision 5b. The commissioner may use the good cause exemption, under authority of Minnesota Statutes, section 14.388, subdivision 1, clause (3), to amend rules to conform with section 16B.24, subdivision 5b.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 98. RACING LICENSE FEE RATIFICATION.

The changes in license fees proposed for Minnesota Rules, part 7877.0120, subpart 1, as published in the State Register on Monday, November 10, 2008, are ratified.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 99. TRAINING SERVICES.

During the biennium ending June 30, 2011, state executive branch agencies must consider using services provided by government training services before contracting with other outside vendors for similar services.

Sec. 100. RENTAL COST SAVINGS.

The commissioner of administration must report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house committees with jurisdiction over state government finance by January 15, 2010, on savings in state agency costs for rental space in state-owned and state-leased buildings that can be achieved by expected decreases in agency complement and that could be achieved by encouraging or requiring increased telecommuting by state employees. The report must estimate savings by agency and by fund, and must estimate when these savings can be realized.

Sec. 101. CASH FLOW STUDY.

By January 15, 2010, the commissioner of finance must submit to the chair and ranking minority member of the Finance Committee in the senate and the chair and ranking minority member of the Ways and Means Committee in the house of representatives, a report on the cash flow condition of the general fund for the fiscal year 2010-2011 biennium and the following biennium, including an assessment of the options for improving the long-term cash flow of the state through changes in the timing of general fund payment dates, revenue collections, or other changes. In addition, the report should identify all major provisions of law that result in state expenditures or revenues being recognized in budget documents in a fiscal year earlier or later than the fiscal year in which the obligation to pay state expenses was incurred or the liability to pay state taxes was incurred.

Sec. 102. COLOCATION REPORT.

The Management Analysis Division of the Department of Finance must study and report to the legislature by January 15, 2010, on possible colocation of the offices of the Council on Black Minnesotans, the Council on Affairs of Chicano/Latino People, the Council on Asian-Pacific Minnesotans, and the metropolitan area office of the Indian Affairs Council. The report must include analysis of potential cost savings, when those savings could be realized, and the effect of potential colocation on operations of the councils.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 103. TRANSFER OF ASSETS, EMPLOYEES, EQUIPMENT, AND SUPPLIES.

The existing funds, assets, employees, equipment, and supplies of the Land Management Information Center are transferred to the Minnesota Geospatial Information Office according to Minnesota Statutes, section 15.039.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 104. TECHNOLOGY LEASE-PURCHASE AUTHORIZATION.

<u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>Lease-purchase agreements.</u> <u>The commissioner of finance shall enter into one or more lease-purchase agreements as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.81, to finance the two projects in subdivisions 2 and 3.</u>

- Subd. 2. Replacement of state's accounting and procurement systems. Proceeds of lease-purchase agreements and the issuance and sale of related certificates of participation are appropriated to the commissioner of finance for development and implementation of a new statewide accounting and procurement system.
- <u>Subd. 3.</u> <u>Completion of integrated tax system.</u> <u>Proceeds of lease-purchase agreements and the issuance and sale of related certificates of participation are appropriated to the commissioner of revenue for completing the purchase and implementation of an integrated tax software package.</u>

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 105. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY STUDY.

The chief information officer of the Office of Enterprise Technology, in consultation with heads of other executive agencies, must report to the chairs and ranking members of the senate and house of representatives committees on state government finance by January 15, 2010, on an interim basis and by July 1, 2010, on a plan to transfer from other state agencies to the Office of Enterprise Technology state employees whose work primarily relates to development, upgrading, replacement, help desk, problem resolution, or maintenance of state data centers, system software, data networks, servers, workstations and office systems. The report must include an estimate of the number of employees who would be transferred, an estimate of enterprise costs savings, an analysis of potential improvements in operations and agency-required service levels, a cost comparison of alternatives to the transfer plan including insourcing, shared services, outsourcing, and co-sourcing, and a proposed transition plan and schedule. State agencies must participate and provide information necessary for the Office of Enterprise Technology to comply with this section.

Sec. 106. ENTERPRISE REAL PROPERTY CONTRIBUTIONS.

On or before June 1, 2009, the commissioner of administration shall determine the amount to be contributed by each executive agency to maintain the enterprise real property technology system for the fiscal year 2010 and fiscal year 2011 biennium. On or before June 15, 2009, each executive agency shall enter into an agreement with the commissioner of administration setting forth the manner in which the executive agency shall make its contribution to the enterprise real property system, either from uncommitted fiscal year 2009 funds or by contributing from fiscal year 2010 and fiscal year 2011 funds to the real property enterprise system and services account to fund the total amount of \$399,000 for the biennium. Funds contributed under this section must be credited to the enterprise real property technology system and services account.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 107. REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.

In the next edition of Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules, the revisor of statutes shall substitute the term "Land Management Information Center" with the term "Minnesota Geospatial Information Office," wherever they appear in Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 108. **REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.**

In the next edition of Minnesota Statutes, the revisor of statutes shall substitute the term "United States Information Agency" with the term "Office of Exchange Coordination and Designation, United States Department of State" wherever the term appears in Minnesota Statutes.

Sec. 109. REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.

The revisor of statutes shall change any reference to the commissioner of finance or the Department of Finance, or any derivation of those terms, to the commissioner of management and budget or the Department of Management and Budget wherever these terms appear in Minnesota Statutes or Minnesota Rules.

Sec. 110. REPEALER.

- (a) Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 240A.08; and 471.9981, subdivision 1, are repealed.
- (b) Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 4A.05, is repealed the day following final enactment.
- (c) Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 16C.046, is repealed effective the day following certification by the commissioner of finance that a new statewide accounting and procurement system has been implemented.
- (d) If H. F. No. 1122 is enacted in the 2009 regular session, the sections of that bill amending Minnesota Statutes, sections 16C.16, by adding a subdivision; 16C.19; 16C.20; 161.321; and 473.142, are repealed."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to government operations; modifying provisions for general legislative and administrative expenses of state government; regulating state and local government operations; improving state internal controls and financial management; changing strategic and long-range planning provisions; changing provisions for business registration renewals; instituting a false claims cause of action; requiring a Web site with a searchable database on state expenditures; modifying provisions for misappropriation of state funds; requiring a review of the budget reserve percentage; establishing technology development lease-purchase financing; creating the enterprise real property account; creating the geospatial information office; establishing a veteran-owned small business preference; establishing a statewide electronic licensing system; modifying donated sick leave provisions; establishing best practices policy for investigations; creating the management analysis revolving fund; changing provisions on small business contracts; changing provisions for corporation and partnership filings and renewals with the secretary of state; imposing civil and criminal penalties; establishing fees; requiring reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 3.303, subdivision 8; 3.732, subdivision 1; 3.97, by adding a subdivision; 3.971, subdivision 6; 3.975; 4A.01; 4A.02; 5.12, subdivision 1; 5.29; 5.32; 5A.03; 5A.06; 10A.31, subdivision 4; 11A.07, subdivision 4; 13.64; 15.01; 15.06, subdivision 1; 15A.0815, subdivision 2; 16A.01, subdivision 1; 16A.055, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 16A.126, subdivision 1; 16A.133, subdivision 1; 16A.139; 16A.151, subdivision 2; 16A.152, by adding a subdivision; 16B.24, by adding a subdivision; 16C.16, by adding a subdivision; 16C.19; 16C.20; 31.60, subdivision 1; 43A.1815; 43A.49; 45.24; 128C.15, subdivision 3; 144E.40, subdivision 2; 161.321; 176.571, subdivision 1; 270C.63, subdivision 13; 302A.821; 303.14; 303.16, subdivision 4; 308A.995; 308B.121, subdivisions 1, 2; 317A.823; 321.0206; 321.0210; 321.0810; 322B.960; 323A.1003; 333.055; 336A.04, subdivision 3; 336A.09, subdivision 2; 359.01, subdivision 3; 383B.72; 469.175, subdivisions 1, 6; 471.345, subdivision 15; 473.142; 480.181, subdivision 2; Laws 2005, chapter 162, section 34, subdivision 2; Laws 2006, chapter 218, section 6; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 4A; 5; 10; 16A; 16B; 16E; 43A; 270C; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 15C; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 4A.05; 16C.046; 240A.08; 471,9981, subdivision 1; H. F. 1122, article 3, sections 3, 4, 5, 8, 19, if enacted."

We request the adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: DON BETZOLD, ANN H. REST, RICK OLSEEN, GARY KUBLY and MICHAEL JUNGBAUER.

HOUSE CONFERES: PHYLLIS KAHN, RYAN WINKLER, STEVE SIMON, LOREN SOLBERG and KEITH DOWNEY.

Kahn moved that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 2082 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee.

Severson moved that the House refuse to adopt the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 2082 and that the bill be returned to the Conference Committee for further consideration.

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Severson motion and the roll was called. There were 56 yeas and 78 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Demmer	Gottwalt	Kohls	Obermueller	Smith
Anderson, B.	Dettmer	Gunther	Lanning	Olin	Torkelson
Anderson, P.	Doepke	Hackbarth	Loon	Otremba	Urdahl
Anderson, S.	Doty	Hamilton	Mack	Peppin	Ward
Beard	Downey	Holberg	Magnus	Rosenthal	Westrom
Brod	Drazkowski	Hoppe	McFarlane	Sanders	Zellers
Buesgens	Eastlund	Howes	McNamara	Scott	
Cornish	Emmer	Kath	Murdock	Seifert	
Davids	Faust	Kelly	Newton	Severson	
Dean	Garofalo	Kiffmeyer	Nornes	Shimanski	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anzelc	Dittrich	Hortman	Liebling	Nelson	Simon
Atkins	Eken	Hosch	Lieder	Norton	Slawik
Benson	Falk	Huntley	Lillie	Paymar	Slocum
Bigham	Fritz	Jackson	Loeffler	Pelowski	Solberg
Bly	Gardner	Johnson	Mahoney	Persell	Sterner
Brown	Greiling	Juhnke	Mariani	Peterson	Swails
Brynaert	Hansen	Kahn	Marquart	Poppe	Thao
Bunn	Hausman	Kalin	Masin	Reinert	Thissen
Carlson	Haws	Knuth	Morgan	Rukavina	Tillberry
Champion	Hayden	Koenen	Morrow	Ruud	Wagenius
Clark	Hilstrom	Laine	Mullery	Sailer	Welti
Davnie	Hilty	Lenczewski	Murphy, E.	Scalze	Winkler
Dill	Hornstein	Lesch	Murphy, M.	Sertich	Spk. Kelliher

The motion did not prevail.

The question recurred on the Kahn motion that the report of the Conference Committee on S. F. No. 2082 be adopted and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 2082, A bill for an act relating to government operations; modifying provisions for general legislative and administrative expenses of state government; regulating state and local government operations; establishing a statewide electronic licensing system; requiring reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008,

sections 5.12, subdivision 1; 5.29; 5.32; 5A.03; 10A.31, subdivision 4; 16A.133, subdivision 1; 16B.24, subdivision 5; 43A.49; 45.24; 270C.63, subdivision 13; 302A.821; 303.14; 303.16, subdivision 4; 308A.995; 308B.121, subdivisions 1, 2; 317A.823; 321.0206; 321.0210; 321.0810; 322B.960; 323A.1003; 333.055; 336A.04, subdivision 3; 336A.09, subdivision 2; 359.01, subdivision 3; 469.175, subdivisions 1, 6; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 5; 16E; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 240A.08.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended by Conference, and placed upon its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 85 yeas and 49 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Downey	Hortman	Lieder	Norton	Slocum
Anzelc	Eken	Hosch	Lillie	Olin	Solberg
Atkins	Falk	Howes	Loeffler	Otremba	Thao
Benson	Faust	Huntley	Mahoney	Paymar	Thissen
Bigham	Fritz	Jackson	Mariani	Persell	Tillberry
Bly	Gardner	Johnson	Marquart	Peterson	Wagenius
Brown	Garofalo	Juhnke	Masin	Poppe	Ward
Brynaert	Hansen	Kahn	McFarlane	Reinert	Welti
Carlson	Hausman	Kalin	McNamara	Rukavina	Winkler
Champion	Haws	Knuth	Morrow	Ruud	Spk. Kelliher
Clark	Hayden	Koenen	Mullery	Sailer	
Davnie	Hilstrom	Laine	Murphy, E.	Scalze	
Dittrich	Hilty	Lenczewski	Murphy, M.	Sertich	
Doepke	Holberg	Lesch	Nelson	Simon	
Doty	Hornstein	Liebling	Newton	Slawik	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, B.	Dean	Gunther	Loon	Rosenthal	Torkelson
Anderson, P.	Demmer	Hackbarth	Mack	Sanders	Urdahl
Anderson, S.	Dettmer	Hamilton	Magnus	Scott	Westrom
Beard	Dill	Hoppe	Morgan	Seifert	Zellers
Brod	Drazkowski	Kath	Murdock	Severson	
Buesgens	Eastlund	Kelly	Nornes	Shimanski	
Bunn	Emmer	Kiffmeyer	Obermueller	Smith	
Cornish	Gottwalt	Kohls	Pelowski	Sterner	
Davids	Greiling	Lanning	Peppin	Swails	

The bill was repassed, as amended by Conference, and its title agreed to.

CALENDAR FOR THE DAY

S. F. No. 1890, which was temporarily laid over earlier today on the Calendar for the Day, was again reported to the House.

S. F. No. 1890, A bill for an act relating to health; changing provisions for health information technology and infrastructure; establishing an e-health advisory committee; changing electronic health records provisions; changing electronic health record system and revolving account and loan program; modifying electronic prescribing provisions; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 62J.495; 62J.496; 62J.497, subdivisions 1, 2.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 127 yeas and 7 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Doepke	Hornstein	Lillie	Olin
Anderson, P.	Doty	Hortman	Loeffler	Otremba
Anderson, S.	Downey	Hosch	Loon	Paymar
Anzelc	Eastlund	Howes	Mack	Pelowski
Atkins	Eken	Huntley	Magnus	Peppin
Beard	Falk	Jackson	Mahoney	Persell
Benson	Faust	Johnson	Mariani	Peterson
Bigham	Fritz	Juhnke	Marquart	Poppe
Bly	Gardner	Kahn	Masin	Reinert
Brown	Garofalo	Kalin	McFarlane	Rosenthal
Brynaert	Gottwalt	Kath	McNamara	Rukavina
Bunn	Greiling	Kelly	Morgan	Ruud
Carlson	Gunther	Kiffmeyer	Morrow	Sailer
Champion	Hamilton	Knuth	Mullery	Sanders
Clark	Hansen	Koenen	Murdock	Scalze
Cornish	Hausman	Kohls	Murphy, E.	Scott
Davids	Haws	Laine	Murphy, M.	Seifert
Davnie	Hayden	Lanning	Nelson	Sertich
Demmer	Hilstrom	Lenczewski	Newton	Severson
Dettmer	Hilty	Lesch	Nornes	Shimanski
Dill	Holberg	Liebling	Norton	Simon
Dittrich	Hoppe	Lieder	Obermueller	Slawik

Slocum Smith Solberg Sterner Swails Thao Thissen Tillberry Torkelson Urdahl Wagenius Ward Welti Westrom Winkler Zellers Spk. Kelliher

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anderson, B. Buesgens Drazkowski Hackbarth Brod Dean Emmer

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 1331 was reported to the House.

Winkler moved to amend S. F. No. 1331, the unofficial engrossment, as follows:

Page 23, delete section 34

Page 53, delete section 53

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Kiffmeyer moved to amend S. F. No. 1331, the unofficial engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 5, delete lines 29 to 31

Page 6, delete lines 30 to 33

Page 7, delete lines 27 to 30

Page 8, delete lines 12 to 15

Page 9, delete lines 21 to 24

Page 10, delete lines 3 to 6

Page 14, delete lines 29 to 32

Page 16, delete lines 5 to 8

Page 17, delete lines 12 to 15

Page 17, delete lines 27 to 30

Page 20, delete lines 7 to 10

Page 21, delete lines 14 to 17

Page 22, delete lines 19 to 22

Page 23, delete lines 1 to 4

Page 27, delete lines 3 to 6

Page 30, delete lines 1 to 4

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

Hilstrom and Slawik were excused for the remainder of today's session.

Emmer moved to amend S. F. No. 1331, the unofficial engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 5, delete section 7

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Emmer amendment and the roll was called. There were 48 yeas and 84 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Davids	Emmer	Howes	McFarlane	Seifert
Anderson, B.	Dean	Garofalo	Kelly	McNamara	Severson
Anderson, P.	Demmer	Gottwalt	Kiffmeyer	Murdock	Shimanski
Anderson, S.	Dettmer	Gunther	Kohls	Nornes	Smith
Beard	Doepke	Hackbarth	Lanning	Otremba	Torkelson
Brod	Downey	Hamilton	Loon	Peppin	Urdahl
Buesgens	Drazkowski	Holberg	Mack	Sanders	Westrom
Cornish	Eastlund	Hoppe	Magnus	Scott	Zellers

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anzelc	Doty	Hosch	Lieder	Norton	Sertich
Atkins	Eken	Huntley	Lillie	Obermueller	Simon
Benson	Falk	Jackson	Loeffler	Olin	Slocum
Bigham	Faust	Johnson	Mahoney	Paymar	Solberg
Bly	Fritz	Juhnke	Mariani	Pelowski	Sterner
Brown	Gardner	Kahn	Marquart	Persell	Swails
Brynaert	Greiling	Kalin	Masin	Peterson	Thao
Bunn	Hansen	Kath	Morgan	Poppe	Thissen
Carlson	Hausman	Knuth	Morrow	Reinert	Tillberry
Champion	Haws	Koenen	Mullery	Rosenthal	Wagenius
Clark	Hayden	Laine	Murphy, E.	Rukavina	Ward
Davnie	Hilty	Lenczewski	Murphy, M.	Ruud	Welti
Dill	Hornstein	Lesch	Nelson	Sailer	Winkler
Dittrich	Hortman	Liebling	Newton	Scalze	Spk. Kelliher

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

Buesgens moved to amend S. F. No. 1331, the unofficial engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 58, line 28, after the semicolon, insert "or"

Page 58, line 35, strike "; or" and insert a period

Page 59, strike lines 1 to 15

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Buesgens amendment and the roll was called. There were 47 yeas and 84 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Anderson, S.	Buesgens	Dean	Doepke	Eastlund
Anderson, B.	Beard	Cornish	Demmer	Downey	Emmer
Anderson, P.	Brod	Davids	Dettmer	Drazkowski	Garofalo

Gottwalt	Hoppe	Loon	Murdock	Seifert	Torkelson
Gunther	Howes	Mack	Nornes	Severson	Urdahl
Hackbarth	Kelly	Magnus	Peppin	Shimanski	Westrom
Hamilton	Kiffmeyer	McFarlane	Sanders	Smith	Zellers
Holberg	Kohls	McNamara	Scott	Sterner	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anzelc	Doty	Hosch	Liebling	Newton	Scalze
Atkins	Eken	Huntley	Lieder	Obermueller	Sertich
Benson	Falk	Jackson	Lillie	Olin	Simon
Bigham	Faust	Johnson	Loeffler	Otremba	Slocum
Bly	Fritz	Juhnke	Mahoney	Paymar	Solberg
Brown	Gardner	Kahn	Mariani	Pelowski	Swails
Brynaert	Greiling	Kalin	Marquart	Persell	Thao
Bunn	Hansen	Kath	Masin	Peterson	Thissen
Carlson	Hausman	Knuth	Morgan	Poppe	Tillberry
Champion	Haws	Koenen	Morrow	Reinert	Wagenius
Clark	Hayden	Laine	Mullery	Rosenthal	Ward
Davnie	Hilty	Lanning	Murphy, E.	Rukavina	Welti
Dill	Hornstein	Lenczewski	Murphy, M.	Ruud	Winkler
Dittrich	Hortman	Lesch	Nelson	Sailer	Spk. Kelliher

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

Emmer; Brod; Kiffmeyer; Anderson, S.; Zellers; Gottwalt; Dean and Seifert moved to amend S. F. No. 1331, the unofficial engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 31, after line 22, insert:

"Sec. 3. [201.017] VOTER IDENTIFICATION CARDS.

Subdivision 1. Access; eligibility. The county auditor must provide at least one location in the county at which it will accept applications for and issue voter identification cards to registered Minnesota voters. A voter identification card is valid only for purposes of voter identification under section 204C.10, and is available only to registered Minnesota voters. No fee may be charged or collected for the application for or issuance of a voter identification card. A voter is not eligible for a voter identification card if the voter has a Minnesota driver's license or identification card issued by the Department of Public Safety that is currently valid and will not expire prior to election day.

- Subd. 2. Validity. A voter identification card is valid as long as the voter resides at the address indicated on the card and remains qualified to vote. A voter who moves to a different residence within the state must surrender the card to the appropriate county auditor of the new residence. After surrender of an invalid card, a voter may apply for and receive a new card if the voter is otherwise eligible. A person who moves to a residence outside the state of Minnesota or who ceases to be qualified to vote must surrender the voter identification card to the county auditor from which it was issued.
- <u>Subd. 3.</u> <u>Documentation required of applicant.</u> (a) An applicant for a voter identification card must submit the following before the county auditor may issue an identification card:
 - (1) proof of the applicant's current registration to vote in the state of Minnesota;

- (2) documentation approved by the secretary of state sufficient to prove residence in Minnesota for purposes of election day voter registration; and
 - (3) official documentation that contains the applicant's name, current address of residence, and date of birth.

The secretary of state may adopt rules to further describe and define the types of documentation sufficient to meet the requirements of this subdivision.

- (b) The application for a voter identification card shall elicit the information required to be printed under subdivision 4. The application must be signed and sworn to by the applicant. An applicant who knowingly submits an application containing false information is guilty of a felony.
- Subd. 4. **Format of card.** The voter identification card shall be captioned "MINNESOTA VOTER IDENTIFICATION CARD," and contain a prominent statement that under Minnesota law, the card is valid only as identification for voting purposes. The voter identification card must be laminated, contain a digital color photograph of the voter, and include the following information about the voter:
 - (1) full legal name;
 - (2) address of residence;
 - (3) birth date;
 - (4) date identification card was issued;
 - (5) sex;
 - (6) height;
 - (7) weight;
 - (8) eye color;
 - (9) county where identification card was issued; and
 - (10) any other information prescribed by the secretary of state.
- Subd. 5. <u>Duties of the secretary of state.</u> The secretary of state shall provide each county auditor with the necessary equipment, forms, supplies, and training for the production of the Minnesota voter identification cards and is responsible for maintaining the equipment.

The secretary of state may adopt any rules necessary to facilitate administration of this section."

Page 41, after line 34, insert:

"Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 204C.10, is amended to read:

204C.10 PERMANENT REGISTRATION; VERIFICATION OF REGISTRATION.

<u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>Polling place roster.</u> (a) An individual seeking to vote shall sign a polling place roster which states that the individual is at least 18 years of age, a citizen of the United States, has resided in Minnesota for 20 days immediately preceding the election, maintains residence at the address shown, is not under a guardianship in

which the court order revokes the individual's right to vote, has not been found by a court of law to be legally incompetent to vote or has the right to vote because, if the individual was convicted of a felony, the felony sentence has expired or been completed or the individual has been discharged from the sentence, is registered and has not already voted in the election. The roster must also state: "I understand that deliberately providing false information is a felony punishable by not more than five years imprisonment and a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both."

- (b) A judge may, Before the applicant signs the roster, a judge: (1) may confirm the applicant's name, address, and date of birth; and (2) except when a voter has a religious objection to being photographed, must require the voter to provide photo identification, as described in subdivision 2.
- (c) After the applicant signs the roster, the judge shall give the applicant a voter's receipt. The voter shall deliver the voter's receipt to the judge in charge of ballots as proof of the voter's right to vote, and thereupon the judge shall hand to the voter the ballot. The voters' receipts must be maintained during the time for notice of filing an election contest.
- Subd. 2. **Photo identification.** (a) To satisfy the photo identification requirement in subdivision 1, a voter must present one of the following:
 - (1) a valid Minnesota driver's license or identification card, issued by the Department of Public Safety;
 - (2) a valid Minnesota voter identification card issued under section 201.017;
- (3) a valid identification card issued by a branch, department, agency, entity, or subdivision of the state of Minnesota or the federal government which is authorized by law to issue personal identification, provided that the identification card contains a photograph of the voter;
 - (4) a valid United States passport; or
 - (5) a valid tribal identification card containing a photograph of the voter.
- (b) If a voter is unable to produce any of the items of identification listed in paragraph (a), the voter shall be allowed to vote a provisional ballot upon swearing or affirming that the voter is the person identified on the polling place roster. Falsely swearing or affirming the oath shall be punishable as a felony. A provisional ballot may be cast in the manner provided in section 204C.135."

Page 42, after line 9, insert:

"Sec. 24. [204C.135] PROVISIONAL BALLOTS.

Subdivision 1. Casting of provisional ballots. (a) A voter who appears at a polling place for the purpose of casting a ballot in a primary or general election but is unable to provide proper photo identification as required by section 204C.10 is entitled, upon swearing or affirming the voter's identity, to cast a provisional ballot as provided by this section.

(b) A voter seeking to vote a provisional ballot must complete a provisional ballot voting certificate. The certificate must include information about the place, manner, and approximate date on which the voter previously registered to vote. The voter must also swear or affirm in writing that the voter previously registered to vote, is eligible to vote, has not voted previously in that election, and meets the criteria for registering to vote in Minnesota. The form of the provisional ballot voting certificate shall be prescribed by the secretary of state.

- (c) Once the voter has completed the provisional ballot voting certificate as required by this subdivision, the voter must be allowed to cast a provisional ballot. The provisional ballot must be the same as that utilized by the county or municipality for mail-in absentee ballots. A completed provisional ballot shall be sealed in the manner required for absentee ballots pursuant to section 203B.07, and deposited by the voter in a secure, sealed ballot box.
- Subd. 2. Counting provisional ballots. (a) The head election judge in a precinct where a provisional vote was cast must notify the county auditor or municipal clerk of the number of provisional ballots cast as soon as practicable following the closing of the polls. Provisional ballots and related documentation shall be delivered to and securely maintained by the county auditor or municipal clerk.
- (b) A voter who, because of an inability to produce photo identification on election day, cast a provisional ballot in the polling place may personally appear before the county auditor or municipal clerk no later than five business days following the election to determine whether the provisional ballot will be counted. The county auditor or municipal clerk must count a provisional ballot in the final certified results from the precinct if the voter either: (1) presents a form of photo identification permissible under section 204C.10, subdivision 2, or the documentation necessary to secure a Minnesota voter identification card under section 201.017, subdivision 3; or (2) executes an affidavit before the county auditor or municipal clerk, in a form prescribed by the secretary of state, affirming under penalty of perjury that the voter is the same person who appeared in the polling place on election day and cast a provisional ballot and either: (i) is unable to obtain a sufficient form of photo identification without the payment of a fee and was not able to secure a Minnesota voter identification card prior to election day; or (ii) has a religious objection to being photographed.
- (c) If a voter does not appear before the county auditor or municipal clerk within five business days following the election, or otherwise does not satisfy the requirements of paragraph (b), the voter's provisional ballot must not be counted.
- (d) The county auditor or municipal clerk must notify, in writing, any voter who does not appear within five business days of the election that their provisional ballot was not cast because of the voter's failure to provide photo identification at the polling place and the voter's failure to appear within five business days following the election to determine whether the provisional ballot should be counted."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

Benson and Smith were excused for the remainder of today's session.

CALL OF THE HOUSE

On the motion of Emmer and on the demand of 10 members, a call of the House was ordered. The following members answered to their names:

Abeler	Atkins	Brown	Cornish	Dettmer	Drazkowski
Anderson, B.	Beard	Buesgens	Davids	Dill	Eastlund
Anderson, P.	Bigham	Bunn	Davnie	Doepke	Eken
Anderson, S.	Bly	Carlson	Dean	Doty	Emmer
Anzelc	Brod	Clark	Demmer	Downey	Faust

Fritz	Hosch	Lesch	Murdock	Rosenthal	Thissen
Gardner	Howes	Liebling	Murphy, E.	Rukavina	Tillberry
Garofalo	Huntley	Lieder	Nelson	Ruud	Torkelson
Gottwalt	Jackson	Lillie	Newton	Sanders	Urdahl
Greiling	Johnson	Loeffler	Nornes	Scalze	Wagenius
Gunther	Juhnke	Loon	Norton	Scott	Ward
Hackbarth	Kahn	Mack	Obermueller	Seifert	Welti
Hamilton	Kath	Magnus	Olin	Sertich	Westrom
Hansen	Kelly	Mahoney	Otremba	Severson	Winkler
Hausman	Kiffmeyer	Mariani	Paymar	Shimanski	Zellers
Haws	Knuth	Marquart	Pelowski	Simon	Spk. Kelliher
Hilty	Koenen	Masin	Peppin	Slocum	
Holberg	Kohls	McFarlane	Persell	Solberg	
Hoppe	Laine	Morgan	Peterson	Sterner	
Hornstein	Lanning	Morrow	Poppe	Swails	
Hortman	Lenczewski	Mullery	Reinert	Thao	

Sertich moved that further proceedings of the roll call be suspended and that the Sergeant at Arms be instructed to bring in the absentees. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

The question recurred on the Emmer et al amendment and the roll was called. There were 56 yeas and 74 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Davids	Garofalo	Kiffmeyer	Olin	Sterner
Anderson, B.	Dean	Gottwalt	Kohls	Otremba	Swails
Anderson, P.	Demmer	Gunther	Lanning	Peppin	Torkelson
Anderson, S.	Dettmer	Hackbarth	Loon	Peterson	Urdahl
Beard	Dittrich	Hamilton	Mack	Sanders	Westrom
Brod	Doepke	Holberg	Magnus	Scalze	Zellers
Brown	Downey	Hoppe	McFarlane	Scott	
Buesgens	Drazkowski	Howes	McNamara	Seifert	
Bunn	Eastlund	Kath	Murdock	Severson	
Cornish	Emmer	Kelly	Nornes	Shimanski	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anzelc	Faust	Jackson	Loeffler	Obermueller	Solberg
Atkins	Fritz	Johnson	Mahoney	Paymar	Thao
Bigham	Gardner	Juhnke	Mariani	Pelowski	Thissen
Bly	Greiling	Kahn	Marquart	Persell	Tillberry
Brynaert	Hansen	Kalin	Masin	Poppe	Wagenius
Carlson	Hausman	Knuth	Morgan	Reinert	Ward
Champion	Haws	Koenen	Morrow	Rosenthal	Welti
Clark	Hayden	Laine	Mullery	Rukavina	Winkler
Davnie	Hilty	Lenczewski	Murphy, E.	Ruud	Spk. Kelliher
Dill	Hornstein	Lesch	Murphy, M.	Sailer	-
Doty	Hortman	Liebling	Nelson	Sertich	
Eken	Hosch	Lieder	Newton	Simon	
Falk	Huntley	Lillie	Norton	Slocum	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

CALL OF THE HOUSE LIFTED

Sertich moved that the call of the House be lifted. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

Zellers, Buesgens, Emmer, Severson and Seifert moved to amend S. F. No. 1331, the unofficial engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 56, after line 30, insert:

"Section 1. [16A.90] STATE APPROPRIATIONS PROHIBITED; VOTER FRAUD.

An organization that is currently under indictment, or has been convicted of charges, related to voter fraud under state or federal law shall be ineligible to receive any state appropriations or grant funds from the state of Minnesota or any political subdivision of the state."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Zellers et al amendment and the roll was called. There were 64 yeas and 64 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Cornish	Garofalo	Kiffmeyer	Nornes	Severson
Anderson, B.	Davids	Gottwalt	Kohls	Norton	Shimanski
Anderson, P.	Dean	Gunther	Lanning	Obermueller	Sterner
Anderson, S.	Demmer	Hackbarth	Lillie	Olin	Swails
Atkins	Dettmer	Hamilton	Loon	Peppin	Torkelson
Beard	Dittrich	Holberg	Mack	Peterson	Urdahl
Bigham	Doepke	Hoppe	Magnus	Rosenthal	Welti
Brod	Downey	Hosch	Masin	Sanders	Westrom
Brown	Drazkowski	Howes	McFarlane	Scalze	Zellers
Buesgens	Eastlund	Kath	McNamara	Scott	
Bunn	Emmer	Kelly	Murdock	Seifert	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anzelc	Faust	Huntley	Liebling	Otremba	Slocum
Bly	Fritz	Jackson	Lieder	Paymar	Solberg
Brynaert	Gardner	Johnson	Loeffler	Pelowski	Thao
Carlson	Greiling	Juhnke	Mahoney	Persell	Thissen
Champion	Hansen	Kahn	Mariani	Poppe	Tillberry
Clark	Hausman	Kalin	Marquart	Reinert	Wagenius
Davnie	Haws	Knuth	Morgan	Rukavina	Ward
Dill	Hayden	Koenen	Murphy, E.	Ruud	Winkler
Doty	Hilty	Laine	Murphy, M.	Sailer	Spk. Kelliher
Eken	Hornstein	Lenczewski	Nelson	Sertich	-
Falk	Hortman	Lesch	Newton	Simon	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

Severson moved to amend S. F. No. 1331, the unofficial engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 57, after line 33, insert:

"Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 201.054, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. Prohibited solicitation of voter registration. An organization that is under investigation for or has had members convicted of voter fraud while conducting voter outreach efforts or voter registration activities or drives is prohibited from conducting voter outreach efforts or voter registration activities or drives in Minnesota, to include the solicitation, collection, or acceptance of voter registration applications from voters for submission to the secretary of state, a county auditor, or other local election official."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

CALL OF THE HOUSE

On the motion of Seifert and on the demand of 10 members, a call of the House was ordered. The following members answered to their names:

Abeler	Dill	Hayden	Lesch	Norton	Shimanski
Anderson, B.	Dittrich	Hilty	Liebling	Obermueller	Simon
Anderson, P.	Doepke	Holberg	Lieder	Olin	Slocum
Anderson, S.	Doty	Hornstein	Lillie	Otremba	Solberg
Anzelc	Downey	Hortman	Loon	Paymar	Sterner
Atkins	Drazkowski	Hosch	Mack	Pelowski	Swails
Beard	Eastlund	Howes	Magnus	Peppin	Thao
Bigham	Eken	Huntley	Mahoney	Persell	Thissen
Bly	Falk	Jackson	Mariani	Peterson	Tillberry
Brod	Faust	Johnson	Marquart	Poppe	Torkelson
Brown	Fritz	Juhnke	Masin	Reinert	Urdahl
Buesgens	Gardner	Kahn	McFarlane	Rosenthal	Wagenius
Bunn	Garofalo	Kath	Morgan	Rukavina	Ward
Carlson	Gottwalt	Kelly	Morrow	Ruud	Welti
Clark	Greiling	Kiffmeyer	Mullery	Sailer	Westrom
Cornish	Gunther	Knuth	Murdock	Sanders	Winkler
Davids	Hackbarth	Koenen	Murphy, E.	Scalze	Zellers
Davnie	Hamilton	Kohls	Murphy, M.	Scott	Spk. Kelliher
Dean	Hansen	Laine	Nelson	Seifert	•
Demmer	Hausman	Lanning	Newton	Sertich	
Dettmer	Haws	Lenczewski	Nornes	Severson	

Sertich moved that further proceedings of the roll call be suspended and that the Sergeant at Arms be instructed to bring in the absentees. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

The question recurred on the Severson amendment and the roll was called. There were 57 yeas and 73 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Davids	Garofalo	Kelly	Nornes	Sterner
Anderson, B.	Dean	Gottwalt	Kiffmeyer	Norton	Swails
Anderson, P.	Demmer	Gunther	Kohls	Obermueller	Torkelson
Anderson, S.	Dettmer	Hackbarth	Lanning	Peppin	Urdahl
Beard	Dittrich	Hamilton	Loon	Sanders	Welti
Brod	Doepke	Holberg	Mack	Scalze	Westrom
Brown	Downey	Hoppe	Magnus	Scott	Zellers
Buesgens	Drazkowski	Hosch	McFarlane	Seifert	
Bunn	Eastlund	Howes	McNamara	Severson	
Cornish	Emmer	Kath	Murdock	Shimanski	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anzelc	Faust	Johnson	Mahoney	Paymar	Solberg
Atkins	Fritz	Juhnke	Mariani	Pelowski	Thao
Bigham	Gardner	Kahn	Marquart	Persell	Thissen
Bly	Greiling	Kalin	Masin	Peterson	Tillberry
Brynaert	Hansen	Knuth	Morgan	Poppe	Wagenius
Carlson	Hausman	Koenen	Morrow	Reinert	Ward
Champion	Haws	Laine	Mullery	Rosenthal	Winkler
Clark	Hayden	Lenczewski	Murphy, E.	Rukavina	Spk. Kelliher
Davnie	Hilty	Lesch	Murphy, M.	Ruud	
Dill	Hornstein	Liebling	Nelson	Sailer	
Doty	Hortman	Lieder	Newton	Sertich	
Eken	Huntley	Lillie	Olin	Simon	
Falk	Jackson	Loeffler	Otremba	Slocum	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

Brod offered an amendment to S. F. No. 1331, the unofficial engrossment, as amended.

POINT OF ORDER

Winkler raised a point of order pursuant to rule 3.21 that the Brod amendment was not in order. Speaker pro tempore Juhnke ruled the point of order well taken and the Brod amendment out of order.

Brod appealed the decision of Speaker pro tempore Juhnke.

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The vote was taken on the question "Shall the decision of Speaker pro tempore Juhnke stand as the judgment of the House?" and the roll was called.

Sertich moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 80 yeas and 45 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Anzelc	Faust	Johnson	Mariani	Paymar	Sterner
Atkins	Fritz	Juhnke	Marquart	Pelowski	Swails
Bigham	Gardner	Kahn	Masin	Persell	Thao
Bly	Greiling	Kath	Morgan	Peterson	Thissen
Brown	Hansen	Knuth	Morrow	Poppe	Tillberry
Bunn	Hausman	Koenen	Mullery	Reinert	Wagenius
Carlson	Haws	Laine	Murphy, E.	Rosenthal	Ward
Clark	Hayden	Lenczewski	Murphy, M.	Rukavina	Welti
Davnie	Hilty	Lesch	Nelson	Ruud	Winkler
Dill	Hornstein	Liebling	Newton	Scalze	Spk. Kelliher
Dittrich	Hortman	Lieder	Norton	Sertich	_
Doty	Hosch	Lillie	Obermueller	Simon	
Eken	Huntley	Loeffler	Olin	Slocum	
Falk	Jackson	Mahoney	Otremba	Solberg	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Abeler	Davids	Emmer	Howes	McFarlane	Shimanski
Anderson, B.	Dean	Garofalo	Kelly	Murdock	Torkelson
Anderson, P.	Demmer	Gottwalt	Kiffmeyer	Nornes	Urdahl
Anderson, S.	Dettmer	Gunther	Kohls	Peppin	Westrom
Beard	Doepke	Hackbarth	Lanning	Sanders	Zellers
Brod	Downey	Hamilton	Loon	Scott	
Buesgens	Drazkowski	Holberg	Mack	Seifert	
Cornish	Eastlund	Hoppe	Magnus	Severson	

So it was the judgment of the House that the decision of Speaker pro tempore Juhnke should stand.

CALL OF THE HOUSE LIFTED

Sertich moved that the call of the House be lifted. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

Zellers moved to amend S. F. No. 1331, the unofficial engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 67, after line 2, insert:

"Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 211B.15, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. **Messages on premises.** It is not a violation of this section for a corporation selling products or services to the public to post on its public premises messages that promote participation in precinct caucuses, voter

registration, or elections if the messages are not controlled by or operated for the advantage of a candidate, political party, or committee."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

POINT OF ORDER

Winkler raised a point of order pursuant to rule 3.21 that the Zellers amendment was not in order. Speaker pro tempore Juhnke ruled the point of order not well taken and the Zellers amendment in order.

CALL OF THE HOUSE

On the motion of Zellers and on the demand of 10 members, a call of the House was ordered. The following members answered to their names:

Abeler	Dill	Haws	Liebling	Obermueller	Slocum
Anderson, B.	Dittrich	Hayden	Lieder	Olin	Solberg
Anderson, P.	Doepke	Hilty	Lillie	Otremba	Sterner
Anderson, S.	Doty	Holberg	Loeffler	Paymar	Swails
Anzelc	Downey	Hornstein	Loon	Pelowski	Thao
Atkins	Drazkowski	Hortman	Mack	Peppin	Thissen
Beard	Eastlund	Hosch	Magnus	Persell	Tillberry
Bigham	Eken	Huntley	Mahoney	Peterson	Torkelson
Bly	Emmer	Jackson	Mariani	Poppe	Urdahl
Brod	Falk	Johnson	Marquart	Reinert	Wagenius
Brown	Faust	Kahn	Masin	Rosenthal	Ward
Buesgens	Fritz	Kath	McFarlane	Rukavina	Welti
Bunn	Gardner	Kelly	Morgan	Ruud	Westrom
Carlson	Garofalo	Kiffmeyer	Morrow	Sanders	Winkler
Clark	Gottwalt	Knuth	Mullery	Scalze	Zellers
Cornish	Greiling	Koenen	Murdock	Scott	Spk. Kelliher
Davids	Gunther	Kohls	Murphy, E.	Seifert	-
Davnie	Hackbarth	Laine	Nelson	Sertich	
Dean	Hamilton	Lanning	Newton	Severson	
Demmer	Hansen	Lenczewski	Nornes	Shimanski	
Dettmer	Hausman	Lesch	Norton	Simon	

Sertich moved that further proceedings of the roll call be suspended and that the Sergeant at Arms be instructed to bring in the absentees. The motion prevailed and it was so ordered.

The question recurred on the Zellers amendment and the roll was called.

Sertich moved that those not voting be excused from voting. The motion prevailed.

There were 46 yeas and 80 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Abeler	Anderson, S.	Buesgens	Dean	Doepke	Eastlund
Anderson, B.	Beard	Cornish	Demmer	Downey	Emmer
Anderson, P.	Brod	Davids	Dettmer	Drazkowski	Garofalo

Gottwalt	Hoppe	Lanning	McNamara	Scott	Urdahl
Gunther	Howes	Loon	Murdock	Seifert	Westrom
Hackbarth	Kelly	Mack	Nornes	Severson	Zellers
Hamilton	Kiffmeyer	Magnus	Peppin	Shimanski	
Holberg	Kohls	McFarlane	Sanders	Torkelson	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Anzelc	Faust	Johnson	Mariani	Paymar	Sterner
Atkins	Fritz	Juhnke	Marquart	Pelowski	Swails
Bigham	Gardner	Kahn	Masin	Persell	Thao
Bly	Greiling	Kath	Morgan	Peterson	Thissen
Brown	Hansen	Knuth	Morrow	Poppe	Tillberry
Bunn	Hausman	Koenen	Mullery	Reinert	Wagenius
Carlson	Haws	Laine	Murphy, E.	Rosenthal	Ward
Clark	Hayden	Lenczewski	Murphy, M.	Rukavina	Welti
Davnie	Hilty	Lesch	Nelson	Ruud	Winkler
Dill	Hornstein	Liebling	Newton	Scalze	Spk. Kelliher
Dittrich	Hortman	Lieder	Norton	Sertich	
Doty	Hosch	Lillie	Obermueller	Simon	
Eken	Huntley	Loeffler	Olin	Slocum	
Falk	Jackson	Mahoney	Otremba	Solberg	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

Winkler moved that S. F. No. 1331, as amended, be continued on the Calendar for the Day. The motion prevailed.

Sertich moved that the remaining bills on the Calendar for the Day be continued. The motion prevailed.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS

Emmer moved that the name of Scott be added as an author on H. F. No. 171. The motion prevailed.

Hilstrom moved that the names of Swails and Bigham be added as authors on H. F. No. 354. The motion prevailed.

Champion moved that the name of Loeffler be added as an author on H. F. No. 545. The motion prevailed.

Olin moved that the name of Falk be added as an author on H. F. No. 1050. The motion prevailed.

Brod moved that the name of Bly be added as an author on H. F. No. 1192. The motion prevailed.

Lillie moved that the name of Hansen be added as an author on H. F. No. 1218. The motion prevailed.

Atkins moved that the name of Sterner be added as an author on H. F. No. 1619. The motion prevailed.

ANNOUNCEMENTS BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on H. F. No. 417:

Atkins, Johnson and Smith.

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on H. F. No. 1760:

Thissen, Ruud, Bunn, Fritz and Kelly.

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on H. F. No. 2251:

Solberg, Carlson, Faust, Brynaert and Howes.

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on S. F. No. 477:

Sailer, Simon and McNamara.

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on S. F. No. 489:

Davnie, Doty and Kohls.

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on S. F. No. 1447:

Abeler, Thao and Lesch.

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following members of the House to a Conference Committee on S. F. No. 1477:

Seifert, Juhnke and Koenen.

ADJOURNMENT

Sertich moved that when the House adjourns today it adjourn until 9:30 a.m., Thursday, May 14, 2009. The motion prevailed.

Sertich moved that the House adjourn. The motion prevailed, and Speaker pro tempore Juhnke declared the House stands adjourned until 9:30 a.m., Thursday, May 14, 2009.

ALBIN A. MATHIOWETZ, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives