STATE OF MINNESOTA

Journal of the House

NINETY-FOURTH SESSION - 2025

TWENTY-SEVENTH LEGISLATIVE DAY

SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA, TUESDAY, APRIL 29, 2025

The House of Representatives convened at 11:00 a.m. and was called to order by Lisa Demuth, Speaker of the House.

The members of the House paused for a brief meditation or moment of reflection.

The members of the House gave the pledge of allegiance to the flag of the United States of America.

The roll was called and the following members were present:

Acomb	Dippel	Hanson, J.	Knudsen	Nelson	Scott
Agbaje	Dotseth	Harder	Koegel	Niska	Sencer-Mura
Allen	Duran	Heintzeman	Kotyza-Witthuhn	Noor	Sexton
Altendorf	Elkins	Hemmingsen-Jaeger	Kozlowski	Norris	Skraba
Anderson, P. E.	Engen	Her	Koznick	Novotny	Smith
Anderson, P. H.	Falconer	Hicks	Kraft	O'Driscoll	Stephenson
Backer	Feist	Hill	Kresha	Olson	Stier
Bahner	Finke	Hollins	Lee, F.	Pérez-Vega	Swedzinski
Bakeberg	Fischer	Hortman	Lee, K.	Perryman	Tabke
Baker	Fogelman	Howard	Liebling	Pinto	Torkelson
Bennett	Franson	Hudson	Lillie	Pursell	Van Binsbergen
Berg	Frazier	Huot	Long	Quam	Vang
Bierman	Frederick	Hussein	Mahamoud	Rarick	Virnig
Bliss	Freiberg	Igo	McDonald	Rehm	Warwas
Burkel	Gander	Jacob	Mekeland	Rehrauer	West
Carroll	Gillman	Johnson, P.	Moller	Repinski	Wiener
Cha	Gomez	Johnson, W.	Momanyi-Hiltsley	Reyer	Witte
Clardy	Gordon	Jones	Mueller	Roach	Wolgamott
Coulter	Gottfried	Jordan	Murphy	Robbins	Xiong
Curran	Greene	Joy	Myers	Rymer	Youakim
Davids	Greenman	Keeler	Nadeau	Schomacker	Zeleznikar
Davis	Hansen, R.	Klevorn	Nash	Schwartz	Spk. Demuth

A quorum was present.

Lawrence and Schultz were excused until 3:05 p.m.

Pursuant to Rule 10.05, relating to Remote House Operations, the Speaker permitted the following member to vote via remote means: McDonald.

Pursuant to Rule 10.05, relating to Remote House Operations, the DFL Caucus Leader permitted the following member to vote via remote means: Hussein.

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The Chief Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding day. There being no objection, further reading of the Journal was dispensed with and the Journal was approved as corrected by the Chief Clerk.

REPORTS OF CHIEF CLERK

S. F. No. 2200 and H. F. No. 104, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be not identical.

Feist moved that S. F. No. 2200 be substituted for H. F. No. 104 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 2370 and H. F. No. 1615, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be not identical.

Stephenson moved that S. F. No. 2370 be substituted for H. F. No. 1615 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

S. F. No. 2511 and H. F. No. 2027, which had been referred to the Chief Clerk for comparison, were examined and found to be not identical.

O'Driscoll moved that S. F. No. 2511 be substituted for H. F. No. 2027 and that the House File be indefinitely postponed. The motion prevailed.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES AND DIVISIONS

Stephenson and Torkelson from the Committee on Ways and Means to which was referred:

S. F. No. 3045, A bill for an act relating to state government operations; establishing a biennial budget; appropriating money for the legislature, certain constitutional offices and state agencies, the Minnesota Historical Society, the Minnesota Humanities Center, certain retirement accounts, certain offices, departments, boards, commissions, councils, general contingent account, and tort claims; transferring money; raising fees; making changes to policy provisions for state government operations and local government policy; modifying state personnel management policies; modifying business filing and fraud policies; creating a task force; repealing provisions; modifying various laws related to election administration; modifying voting and absentee voting requirements and procedures; formalizing the election reporting system; clarifying terminology; expanding laws relating to reprisals for political activity; expanding election-related bribery and solicitation prohibitions; amending fair campaign practices laws; requiring the Campaign Finance and Public Disclosure Board to study campaign spending limits; modifying campaign finance definitions; establishing and modifying disclaimer requirements; amending standards for coordinated and noncoordinated expenditures and disbursements; modifying laws on transition expenses; modifying campaign finance definitions; modifying statement of economic interest requirements; modifying payment for the presidential nomination primary; providing for civil causes of action and civil enforcement; providing criminal and civil penalties; authorizing rulemaking; repealing the voting equipment grant account; requiring reports and publications; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 3.06; 3.084, subdivision 2; 3.971, subdivisions 2, 8a, 9; 10A.01, subdivisions 16a, 18, 21, 22, 24, 26, 26b, 35, by adding a subdivision; 10A.04, subdivisions 4, 6; 10A.06; 10A.07, subdivisions 1, 2; 10A.08, subdivision 1; 10A.09, subdivisions 1, 5, 5a, 6a; 10A.175, by adding a subdivision; 10A.176; 10A.177; 10A.20, by adding a subdivision; 10A.201, subdivision 6; 10A.202, subdivision 4; 10A.36; 11A.24, by adding a subdivision; 13.485, subdivision 1,

by adding a subdivision; 13D.02, subdivisions 1, 4; 14.48, subdivisions 1, 2; 14.62, subdivisions 1, 2a, by adding a subdivision; 15B.06, subdivision 1; 16A.152, subdivision 8; 16B.055, subdivision 1; 16B.335, subdivision 2; 16B.48, subdivision 4; 16B.54, subdivision 2; 16B.97, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 16B.98, subdivisions 1, 4; 16B.981, subdivision 4; 16B.991, subdivision 2; 16C.05, by adding a subdivision; 16C.137, subdivision 2; 16C.16, subdivisions 2, 6, 6a, 7; 16D.09, subdivision 1; 43A.01, subdivision 3; 43A.02, subdivision 14; 43A.04, subdivisions 1, 4, 8; 43A.05, subdivision 3; 43A.08, subdivisions 1a, 4; 43A.11, subdivision 9; 43A.121; 43A.15, subdivisions 4, 7, 12, 14; 43A.17, subdivision 5; 43A.181, subdivision 1; 43A.1815; 43A.19, subdivision 1; 43A.23, subdivisions 1, 2; 43A.231, subdivisions 3, 4, 6; 43A.24, subdivisions 1a, 2; 43A.27, subdivisions 2, 3; 43A.33, subdivision 3; 43A.346, subdivisions 2, 6; 43A.36, subdivision 1; 43A.421; 124E.03, by adding a subdivision; 155A.23, by adding a subdivision; 155A.27, subdivision 2; 155A.2705, subdivision 3; 155A.30, subdivision 2; 201.054, subdivisions 1, 2; 201.056; 201.061, subdivisions 1, 3, 3a, 4, 5, 7; 201.071, subdivisions 1, 4; 201.091, subdivisions 5, 8; 201.121, subdivisions 1, 3; 201.13, subdivision 3; 201.14; 201.161, subdivisions 4, 5, 8; 201.162; 201.225, subdivisions 2, 5; 201.275; 202A.20, subdivision 2; 203B.04, subdivisions 1, 4; 203B.05, subdivision 1; 203B.06, subdivision 4; 203B.07, subdivisions 1, 3; 203B.08, subdivisions 1, 3; 203B.081, subdivision 4; 203B.11, subdivision 1; 203B.121, subdivisions 2, 4, 5; 203B.17, subdivision 3; 203B.23, subdivision 2; 203B.29, subdivisions 1, 2; 203B.30, subdivisions 2, 3; 204B.06, subdivisions 1, 1b; 204B.07, subdivision 2; 204B.09, subdivisions 1a, 2, 3; 204B.14, subdivisions 2, 4a; 204B.16, subdivision 1a; 204B.175, subdivision 3; 204B.21, subdivisions 1, 2, by adding a subdivision; 204B.24; 204B.25, subdivision 3; 204B.28, subdivision 2; 204B.44; 204B.45, subdivision 2; 204C.05, subdivision 2; 204C.06, subdivisions 1, 2, 6; 204C.08, subdivision 1d; 204C.09, subdivision 1; 204C.10; 204C.15, subdivisions 2, 3; 204C.24, subdivision 1; 204C.32, subdivision 1; 204C.33, subdivision 1; 205.07, by adding a subdivision; 205.075, subdivision 4; 205.13, subdivisions 1, 1a; 205.185, subdivision 3; 205A.06, subdivisions 1, 1a; 205A.10, subdivisions 2, 3; 205A.11, subdivision 2; 206.83; 207A.11; 211A.02, subdivisions 1, 2; 211B.04, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, by adding a subdivision; 211B.13; 211B.32, subdivisions 1, 4; 211B.35, subdivision 2; 222.37, subdivision 1; 240.131, subdivision 7; 302A.153; 303.06, by adding a subdivision; 303.21; 308A.131, subdivision 2; 308B.215, subdivision 2; 317A.151, subdivision 2; 321.0206; 322C.0201, subdivision 4; 322C.0802; 323A.0101; 326.05; 326.10, subdivisions 1, 2, 10; 326.111, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, by adding a subdivision; 326A.03, subdivision 6, by adding subdivisions; 326A.14; 331A.10, subdivision 2; 349A.01, by adding a subdivision; 349A.06, subdivisions 2, 4, 11; 367.36, subdivision 1; 368.47; 375.20; 383B.041, subdivision 5; 383C.035; 412.02, subdivision 3; 412.591, subdivision 3; 414.09, subdivision 3; 447.32, subdivision 4; 466.01, subdivision 1; 477A.017, subdivision 3; 609.48, subdivision 1; Laws 2023, chapter 62, article 1, sections 11, subdivision 2; 13; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 1; 5; 6; 8; 10A; 15; 16B; 16C; 204B; 207A; 211B; 300; 383A; 471; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 16B.328, subdivision 2; 16B.45; 16B.98, subdivision 14; 16C.36; 43A.315; 43A.317, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12; 43A.318, subdivisions 1, 2, 4, 5; 206.57, subdivision 5b; 206.95; 209.06; 211B.04, subdivision 4; 211B.06; 211B.08; 383C.07; 383C.74, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4; 471.9998; Laws 2023, chapter 53, article 17, section 2; Laws 2024, chapter 120, article 3, section 2; Minnesota Rules, parts 1105.7900, item D; 4503.2000, subpart 2; 4511.1100.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"ARTICLE 1 STATE GOVERNMENT APPROPRIATIONS

Section 1. APPROPRIATIONS.

The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2026" and "2027" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026, or June 30, 2027, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2026. "The second year" is fiscal year 2027. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2026 and 2027.

	Avai	PROPRIATIONS lable for the Year Ending June 30 2027
Sec. 2. <u>LEGISLATURE</u>		
Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$114,268,000</u>	<u>\$114,389,000</u>
The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.		
Subd. 2. Senate	<u>38,953,000</u>	<u>38,953,000</u>
The base for this appropriation is \$39,703,000 in fiscal year 2028 and each fiscal year thereafter.		
Subd. 3. House of Representatives	42,375,000	41,162,000
The base for this appropriation is \$39,437,000 in fiscal year 2028 and \$39,436,000 in fiscal year 2029.		
Subd. 4. Legislative Coordinating Commission	32,940,000	34,274,000
The base for this appropriation is \$34,283,000 in fiscal year 2028 and \$34,284,000 in fiscal year 2029.		
Legislative Auditor. \$12,654,000 the first year and \$13,147,000 the second year are for the Office of the Legislative Auditor.		
Revisor of Statutes. <u>\$9,388,000 the first year and \$9,769,000 the</u> second year are for the Office of the Revisor of Statutes.		
Legislative Reference Library. \$2,278,000 the first year and \$2,369,000 the second year are for the Legislative Reference Library.		
Legislative Budget Office.\$2,800,000 the first year and\$2,965,000 the second year are for the Legislative Budget Office.		
Sec. 3. GOVERNOR AND LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR	<u>\$9,231,000</u>	<u>\$9,231,000</u>
(a) \$19,000 each year is for necessary expenses in the normal performance of the governor's and lieutenant governor's duties for which no other reimbursement is provided.		
(b) By September 1 of each year, the commissioner of management and budget shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over state government finance any personnel costs incurred by the Offices of the Governor and Lieutenant Governor that were		

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fiscal year. The Office of the	supported by appropriations to other agencies during the previous fiscal year. The Office of the Governor shall inform the chairs and ranking minority members of the committees before initiating any interagency agreements.				
Sec. 4. STATE AUDIT	TOR		<u>\$15,497,000</u>	<u>\$16,101,000</u>	
The base for this appropria and \$16,064,000 in fiscal ye		00 in fiscal year 2028			
Sec. 5. ATTORNEY O	ENERAL		<u>\$48,854,000</u>	\$48,237,000	
The general fund base for fiscal year 2028 and \$44,46					
Appro	priations by Fund				
	<u>2026</u>	<u>2027</u>			
<u>General</u> <u>State Government</u> <u>Special Revenue</u> <u>Environmental</u> <u>Remediation</u>	<u>45,438,000</u> <u>3,021,000</u> <u>145,000</u> <u>250,000</u>	3,021,000			
Sec. 6. SECRETARY	OF STATE		<u>\$13,120,000</u>	<u>\$13,004,000</u>	
The base for this appropria and \$13,004,000 in fiscal ye		00 in fiscal year 2028			
Sec. 7. STATE BOAR	D OF INVESTM	IENT	<u>\$139,000</u>	<u>\$139,000</u>	
Sec. 8. ADMINISTRA	TIVE HEARIN	<u>GS</u>	<u>\$11,110,000</u>	<u>\$11,709,000</u>	
Appro	priations by Fund				
	<u>2026</u>	2027			
<u>General</u> Workers' Compensation	<u>705,000</u> <u>10,405,000</u>				
Sec. 9. INFORMAT	ION TECHNOL	OGY SERVICES	<u>\$10,153,000</u>	<u>\$10,172,000</u>	
The base for this appropria and each fiscal year thereaf		00 in fiscal year 2028			
During the biennium ending June 30, 2027, the Department of Information Technology Services must not charge fees to a public noncommercial educational television broadcast station eligible for funding under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 129D, for access to the state broadcast infrastructure. If the access fees not charged to public noncommercial educational television broadcast stations					

total more than \$400,000 for the biennium, the office may charge for access fees in excess of these amounts.

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Sec. 10. ADMINISTRATION			
Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation		<u>\$36,976,000</u>	<u>\$36,985,000</u>
The amounts that may be spent for each p the following subdivisions.	urpose are specified in		
Subd. 2. Government and Citizen Ser	vices	17,067,000	17,075,000
The general fund base for this appropria fiscal year 2028 and each fiscal year thereaf			
Council on Developmental Disabilities. for the Council on Developmental Disabiliti			
State Agency Accommodation Reimburs year may be transferred to the accommodat in Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.4805.			
Subd. 3. Strategic Management Servio	<u>ces</u>	2,639,000	<u>2,639,000</u>
Subd. 4. Fiscal Agent		17,270,000	17,271,000
The appropriations under this subdivision a of administration for the purposes specified.			
In Lieu of Rent. \$12,566,000 the first yes second year are for space costs of the lease organizations, ceremonial space, and statuto	gislature and veterans		
Public Television. (a) \$1,550,000 each yeat for public television.	r is for matching grants		
(b) \$250,000 each year is for public telev under Minnesota Statutes, section 129D.13.	ision equipment grants		
(c) \$500,000 each year is for block gran under Minnesota Statutes, section 129D.13. three percent is for the commissioner administer the grants.	Of this amount, up to		
(d) The commissioner of administration recommendations of the Minnesota Public before allocating the amounts appropriated (b) for equipment or matching grants.	Television Association		
Public Radio. (a) \$1,242,000 each year is grants to public educational radio stations. be used to disseminate emergency in languages. Any unencumbered balance doo of the first year and is available for th Association of Minnesota Public Education use up to four percent of this appropriation and its member stations to better serve Minn	This appropriation may formation in foreign es not cancel at the end he second year. The hal Radio Stations may to help the organization		

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(b) \$142,000 each year is for equipment grants to public educational radio stations. This appropriation may be used for the repair, rental, purchase, and upgrade of equipment and software, including computer software, applications, firmware, and equipment under \$500.

(c) \$1,020,000 each year is for equipment grants to Minnesota Public Radio, Inc., including upgrades to Minnesota's Emergency Alert and AMBER Alert Systems.

(d) The appropriations in paragraphs (a) to (c) may not be used for indirect costs claimed by an institution or governing body.

(e) The commissioner of administration must consider the recommendations of the Association of Minnesota Public Educational Radio Stations before awarding grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 129D.14, using the appropriations in paragraphs (a) to (c). No grantee is eligible for a grant unless they are a member of the Association of Minnesota Public Educational Radio Stations on or before July 1, 2023.

(f) Any unencumbered balance remaining the first year for grants to public television or public radio stations does not cancel and is available for the second year.

Sec. 11. CAPITOL AREA ARCHITECTURAL AND PLANNING BOARD	<u>\$464,000</u>	<u>\$472,000</u>
Sec. 12. MINNESOTA MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET	<u>\$52,181,000</u>	<u>\$52,181,000</u>
The general fund base for this appropriation is \$52,206,000 in fiscal year 2028 and each fiscal year thereafter.		
Sec. 13. <u>REVENUE</u>		
Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$216,816,000</u>	<u>\$213,818,000</u>
Appropriations by Fund		
<u>2026</u> <u>2027</u>		

<u>General</u> Health Care Access	<u>212,556,000</u> <u>1,760,000</u>	<u>209,558,000</u> 1,760,000
Highway User Tax		
Distribution	<u>2,195,000</u>	<u>2,195,000</u>
Environmental	<u>305,000</u>	<u>305,000</u>

The general fund base for this appropriation is \$209,557,000 in fiscal year 2028 and \$209,558,000 in fiscal year 2029.

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Subd. 2. Tax System Managemen	<u>nt</u>	181,837,000	178,913,000
Appropriations by	Fund		
Highway User TaxDistribution2,19	$\begin{array}{c} \underline{77,000} & \underline{174,653,000} \\ \underline{50,000} & \underline{1,760,000} \\ \underline{95,000} & \underline{2,195,000} \\ \underline{50,000} & \underline{305,000} \end{array}$		
Taxpayer Assistance and Tax Cree \$1,250,000 each year is for taxpay Minnesota Statutes, section 270C. unencumbered balance in the first y available for the second year.	ver assistance grants under 21, subdivision 3. The		
(b) \$1,500,000 each year is for tax of Minnesota Statutes, section 270C.21, s	redit outreach grants under ubdivision 4.		
Subd. 3. Debt Collection Manage	<u>ment</u>	<u>34,979,000</u>	34,905,000
Sec. 14. GAMBLING CONTROL	L BOARD	<u>\$6,334,000</u>	<u>\$6,334,000</u>
These appropriations are from the account in the special revenue fund.	lawful gambling regulation		
Sec. 15. RACING COMMISSIO	N	<u>\$954,000</u>	<u>\$954,000</u>
These appropriations are from the regulation accounts in the special rever			
Sec. 16. STATE LOTTERY			
Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, s 3, the State Lottery's operating \$45,000,000 in fiscal year 2026 and \$45,	budget must not exceed		
Sec. 17. AMATEUR SPORTS C	<u>OMMISSION</u>	<u>\$401,000</u>	<u>\$411,000</u>
Sec. 18. <u>COUNCIL FOR MINN</u> <u>HERITAGE</u>	ESOTANS OF AFRICAN	<u>\$828,000</u>	<u>\$840,000</u>
Sec. 19. COUNCIL ON LATING) AFFAIRS	<u>\$693,000</u>	<u>\$705,000</u>
Sec. 20. <u>COUNCIL</u> <u>MINNESOTANS</u>	<u>ON ASIAN-PACIFIC</u>	<u>\$655,000</u>	<u>\$665,000</u>
Sec. 21. INDIAN AFFAIRS COL	JNCIL	<u>\$1,381,000</u>	<u>\$1,402,000</u>
Sec. 22. COUNCIL ON LGBTQ	IA2S+ MINNESOTANS	<u>\$607,000</u>	<u>\$615,000</u>
Sec. 23. MINNESOTA HISTOR	ICAL SOCIETY		
Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	on	<u>\$26,813,000</u>	<u>\$27,126,000</u>

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The amounts that may be spe the following subdivisions.	ent for each purpose are specified in		
Subd. 2. Operations and	Programs	26,442,000	26,755,000
Minnesota Historical Society	Statutes, section 138.668, the may not charge a fee for its general harge fees for special programs other		
Subd. 3. Fiscal Agent		<u>371,000</u>	<u>371,000</u>
(a) Global Minnesota		<u>39,000</u>	<u>39,000</u>
(b) Minnesota Air National Gu	uard Museum	<u>17,000</u>	<u>17,000</u>
(c) Hockey Hall of Fame		100,000	<u>100,000</u>
(d) Farmamerica		<u>165,000</u>	<u>165,000</u>
(e) Minnesota Military Museu	<u>m</u>	<u>50,000</u>	50,000
•	emaining in this subdivision the first available for the second year of the		
Sec. 24. BOARD OF TH	<u>E ARTS</u>		
Subdivision 1. Total App	ropriation	<u>\$7,798,000</u>	<u>\$7,808,000</u>
The amounts that may be spe the following subdivisions.	ent for each purpose are specified in		
Subd. 2. Operations and	<u>Services</u>	<u>859,000</u>	869,000
Subd. 3. Grants Program	1	4,800,000	4,800,000
Subd. 4. Regional Arts C	ouncils	<u>2,139,000</u>	<u>2,139,000</u>
Any unencumbered balance red b	emaining in this section the first year le for the second year.		
Money appropriated in this se	ection and distributed as grants may		

only be spent on projects located in Minnesota. A recipient of a grant funded by an appropriation in this section must not use more than ten percent of the total grant for costs related to travel outside the state of Minnesota.

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Sec. 25. <u>MINNES</u>	OTA HUMANITIES CI	ENTER	<u>\$970,000</u>	<u>\$970,000</u>
under Minnesota Stat	s for Healthy Eating, He utes, section 138.912. N opriation may be used program.	lo more than three		
Sec. 26. <u>BOARD</u>	OF ACCOUNTANCY		<u>\$873,000</u>	<u>\$887,000</u>
	BOARD OF AF LAND SURVEYING, GEOSCIENCE, AN			
DESIGN		· · · · ·	<u>\$928,000</u>	<u>\$943,000</u>
Sec. 28. BOARD	OF COSMETOLOGIST	<u>EXAMINERS</u>	<u>\$3,654,000</u>	<u>\$3,711,000</u>
Sec. 29. BOARD	OF BARBER EXAMIN	ERS	<u>\$459,000</u>	<u>\$466,000</u>
Sec. 30. CHILDR	REN, YOUTH, AND FAM	<u>AILIES.</u>	<u>\$55,000</u>	<u>\$-0-</u>
	is to integrate the transit are portal under article 2, s			
Sec. 31. GENERA	AL CONTINGENT ACC	<u>COUNTS</u>	<u>\$2,000,000</u>	<u>\$500,000</u>
<u>A</u>	ppropriations by Fund			
	<u>2026</u>	<u>2027</u>		
<u>General</u> <u>State Government</u> <u>Special Revenue</u> Workers' Compensatio	<u>1,500,000</u> <u>400,000</u> <u>100,000</u>	<u>-0-</u> <u>400,000</u> <u>100,000</u>		
fiscal year 2028 and	base for this appropriatio each even-numbered fise cal year 2029 and each or	cal year thereafter.		
approval of the gove	s in this section may only rnor after consultation w pursuant to Minnesota Statut	ith the Legislative		
	in this section for either the other year is available f			
Sec. 32. TORT C	LAIMS		<u>\$161,000</u>	<u>\$161,000</u>
management and budg 3.736, subdivision 7.	are to be spent by the get according to Minneso If an appropriation in thi e appropriation for the oth	ta Statutes, section s section for either		

Sec. 33. MINNESOTA STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

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Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$15,064,000</u>	<u>\$15,154,000</u>
The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.		
Subd. 2. Combined Legislators and Constitutional Officers Retirement Plan	<u>9,064,000</u>	<u>9,154,000</u>
Under Minnesota Statutes, sections 3A.03, subdivision 2; 3A.04, subdivisions 3 and 4; and 3A.115.		
Subd. 3. Judges Retirement Plan	<u>6,000,000</u>	<u>6,000,000</u>
The appropriations for this subdivision are for transfer to the judges retirement fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 490.123. This transfer continues each fiscal year until the judges retirement plan reaches 100 percent funding as determined by an actuarial valuation prepared according to Minnesota Statutes, section 356.214.		
Sec. 34. <u>PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT</u> <u>ASSOCIATION</u>	<u>\$25,000,000</u>	<u>\$25,000,000</u>
(a) \$9,000,000 each year is for direct state aid to the public employees police and fire retirement plan authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section 353.65, subdivision 3b.		
(b) State payments from the general fund to the Public Employees Retirement Association on behalf of the former MERF division account are \$16,000,000 on September 15, 2026, and \$16,000,000 on September 15, 2027. These amounts are estimated to be needed under Minnesota Statutes, section 353.505.		
Sec. 35. TEACHERS RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION	<u>\$29,831,000</u>	<u>\$29,831,000</u>
The amounts estimated to be needed are as follows.		
Special Direct State Aid. \$27,331,000 each year is for special direct state aid authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section 354.436.		
Special Direct State Matching Aid. \$2,500,000 each year is for special direct state matching aid authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section 354.435.		

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Sec. 36. ST. PAUL TEACHERS RE	FIREMENT FUND	<u>\$14,827,000</u>	<u>\$14,827,000</u>
The amounts estimated to be needed for s the first class city teachers retirement fun under Minnesota Statutes, section 354A.12, s	d association authorized		
Sec. 37. Laws 2023, chapter 62, article	e 1, section 11, subdivision 2, is	s amended to read:	
Subd. 2. Government and Citizen Set	rvices	39,928,000	19,943,000
The base for this appropriation is \$17,268 and \$17,280,000 in fiscal year 2027.	,000 in fiscal year 2026		
Council on Developmental Disabilities. for the Council on Developmental Disabili			
State Agency Accommodation Reimbur year may be transferred to the accommoda in Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.4805.			
Disparity Study. \$500,000 the first yes second year are to conduct a study procurement. This is a onetime appropriate	on disparities in state		
Grants Administration Oversight. \$2,4 \$1,782,000 the second year are for grants a The base for this appropriation in fiscal y thereafter is \$1,581,000.	administration oversight.		
\$735,000 the first year and \$201,000 the study to develop a road map on the need management system and to imp recommendation. This is a onetime approp	for an enterprise grants plement the study's		
Risk Management Fund Property Self-I the first year is for transfer to the risk r Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.85.			

Office of Enterprise Translations. \$1,306,000 the first year and \$1,159,000 the second year are to establish the Office of Enterprise Translations. \$250,000 each year may be transferred to the language access service account established in Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.373.

Capitol Mall Design Framework Implementation. \$5,000,000 the first year is to implement the updated Capitol Mall Design Framework, prioritizing the framework plans identified in article 2, section 124. This appropriation is available until December 31, 2024 June 30, 2026.

appropriation.

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Parking Fund. \$3,255,000 the first year and \$1,085,000 the second year are for a transfer to the state parking account to maintain the operations of the parking and transit program on the Capitol complex. These are onetime transfers.

Procurement; Environmental Analysis and Task Force. \$522,000 the first year and \$367,000 the second year are to implement the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.312.

Center for Rural Policy and Development. \$100,000 the first year is for a grant to the Center for Rural Policy and Development.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from July 1, 2024.

Sec. 38. Laws 2023, chapter 62, article 1, section 47, is amended to read:

Sec. 47. ST. ANTHONY FALLS STUDY.

\$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2024 is appropriated from the general fund to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota for a geophysical study and hazard assessment of the St. Anthony Falls area and St. Anthony Falls cutoff wall. The study must include a field-based investigation of the cutoff wall and other subsurface structures, modeling of the surrounding area, examination of public safety and infrastructure risks posed by potential failure of the cutoff wall or surrounding area, and emergency response plan for identified risks. By conducting this study, the Board of Regents does not consent to accepting liability for the current condition or risks posed by a potential failure of the cutoff wall. By July 1, 2025 2026, the Board of Regents must submit a report to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over state and local government policy and finance. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2025 2026.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 39. Laws 2024, chapter 127, article 67, section 6, is amended to read:

Sec. 6. COMMISSIONER OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

Appropriations by Fund

	2024	2025
General	-0-	(232,000)
Health Care Access	-0-	100,000

(a) **Insulin safety net program.** \$100,000 in fiscal year 2025 is from the health care access fund for the insulin safety net program in Minnesota Statutes, section 151.74.

(b) **Transfer.** The commissioner must transfer from the health care access fund to the insulin safety net program repayment account in the special revenue fund the amount certified by the commissioner of administration under Minnesota Statutes, section 151.741, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), estimated to be \$100,000 in fiscal year 2025, for reimbursement to manufacturers for insulin dispensed under the insulin safety net program in Minnesota Statutes, section 151.74. The base for this transfer is estimated to be \$100,000 in fiscal year 2026 and \$100,000 in fiscal year 2027.

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(c) **Base Level Adjustment.** The health care access fund base is increased by \$100,000 in fiscal year 2026 and increased by \$100,000 in fiscal year 2027.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

ARTICLE 2 STATE GOVERNMENT STATUTORY PROVISIONS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.099, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Leaders. The senate Committee on Rules and Administration for the senate and the house of representatives Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration for the house of representatives may each designate for their respective body up to five six leadership positions to receive up to 140 percent of the compensation of other members.

At the commencement of each biennial legislative session, each house of the legislature shall adopt a resolution designating its majority and minority leader.

The majority leader is the person elected by the caucus of members in each house which is its largest political affiliation. The minority leader is the person elected by the caucus which is its second largest political affiliation.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from January 14, 2025.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.971, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 10. **Implementation of audit recommendations.** (a) By February 1 each year, as resources permit, the legislative auditor must submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with fiscal jurisdiction over an entity subject to audit under this section. The report must detail whether the entity has implemented any recommendations identified by the legislative auditor during the prior five years in a financial audit, program evaluation, or special review.

(b) By July 1 each year, as resources permit, the legislative auditor must submit a report to designated legislators listing the standing committees in the senate and the house of representatives to which the legislative auditor did or did not present their reports under paragraph (a) in a public hearing. For purposes of this paragraph, "designated legislators" means the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate Committees on State and Local Government, Rules and Administration, and Finance, and the house of representatives Committees on State Government Finance and Policy, Rules and Legislative Administration, and Ways and Means.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.98, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Preparation; duties.** (a) The head or chief administrative officer of each department or agency of the state government, including the supreme court, shall prepare a fiscal note consistent with the standards and procedures adopted under section 3.8853, at the request of the chair <u>or ranking minority member</u> of the standing committee to which a bill has been referred, or the chair <u>or ranking minority member</u> of the house of representatives Ways and Means Committee, or the chair <u>or ranking minority member</u> of the senate Committee on Finance.

(b) For purposes of this subdivision, "supreme court" includes all agencies, committees, and commissions supervised or appointed by the state supreme court or the state court administrator.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.98, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Distribution.** A copy of the fiscal note shall be delivered to the chair <u>or ranking minority member</u> of the Ways and Means Committee of the house of representatives, the chair <u>or ranking minority member</u> of the Finance Committee of the senate, the chair <u>and ranking minority member</u> of the standing committee to which the bill has been referred, to the chief author of the bill, and to the commissioner of management and budget.

Sec. 5. [4.048] HEALTHY AGING SUBCABINET.

Subdivision 1. Establishment. The Healthy Aging Subcabinet is established in Minnesota Management and Budget. The subcabinet is a distinct entity, separately identifiable from other state agencies and is dedicated to ensuring all people in Minnesota age with dignity and have equitable opportunities for the best possible health and well-being throughout the lifespan.

<u>Subd. 2.</u> <u>Membership; chair.</u> The subcabinet consists of the heads of the state agencies that administer policies that impact aging Minnesotans, as determined by the governor in consultation with the director appointed under subdivision 5. The director is the chair of the subcabinet.

Subd. 3. Purpose. The purpose of the subcabinet is to:

(1) assist in the design of a statewide planning process for a Minnesota Healthy Aging Plan under subdivision 10;

(2) engage public participation in creating policy solutions for identified challenges and opportunities related to aging in communities and living in one's own home;

(3) identify opportunities within state government to improve quality of life for older adults and promote healthy aging for all Minnesotans; and

(4) serve as a resource to the legislature on policies and practices that will enhance the aging experience for all Minnesotans.

Subd. 4. Duties. Led by the director, and in consultation with the Citizens' Engagement Council appointed under subdivision 6, the subcabinet must perform the following duties:

(1) integrate aging-related considerations into state agency planning, decision-making, and measurable outcomes for service delivery processes;

(2) promote the adoption of evidence-based approaches and policies that support healthy aging across the public and private sectors;

(3) ensure that member agencies conduct community engagement to inform strategic plans for each agency;

(4) identify federal and state funding for programs that address the negative impact of social determinants of health and well-being for Minnesotans and those that would significantly benefit from community strategies that prevent or delay disability and that enable quality-of-life outcomes throughout the lifespan;

(5) identify areas of potential savings through economic and community development and resource planning for an aging demographic;

(6) evaluate the impact on healthy aging of current aging-related initiatives in public and private sectors including housing, transit and workforce programs designed for older adults, and community health efforts in order to inform the Minnesota Healthy Aging Plan;

(7) coordinate with local and state agencies and Tribal Nations to analyze the health care delivery system for oral health, chronic and acute health conditions, and palliative and end-of-life care to identify and address access issues throughout Minnesota;

(8) in consultation with Tribal Nations, analyze the extent of family caregiving in private and public sectors to determine the need for greater support through aging policies initiated in the public and private sectors;

(9) in consultation with the ombudsman for long-term care, evaluate the oversight process of long-term care facilities, assisted living residences, and home-care agencies to ensure public safety and accountability;

(10) develop a transparency policy that tracks the use of government funding for long-term care to ensure state funding is used as intended;

(11) monitor and evaluate strategies and findings for progress reports during the planning process to be posted on the subcabinet's website; and

(12) in consultation with the ombudsman for long-term care, evaluate the need for additional long-term care services and training and recruitment of long-term care providers throughout the state.

Subd. 5. Director; Office of Healthy Aging; staffing; duties. (a) The governor must appoint a director to establish and lead an Office of Healthy Aging and serve as chair of the Healthy Aging Subcabinet. The director must possess a background in public health, public policy, and community engagement and possess demonstrated knowledge of older adult abilities and needed supports when living at home or in the person's community. The director may have experience working with an aging population. The director's responsibilities at a minimum are to:

(1) lead and coordinate the duties of the Healthy Aging Subcabinet;

(2) initiate and conduct a planning process to develop and adopt the Minnesota Healthy Aging Plan under subdivision 10;

(3) appoint members of, and provide support to, the Citizens' Engagement Council under subdivision 6;

(4) ensure community discussions across public and private sectors and with Tribal governments and the Indian Affairs Council to inform policy recommendations for the Minnesota Healthy Aging Plan under subdivision 10;

(5) ensure that the Minnesota Healthy Aging Plan under subdivision 10 reflects the perspectives of older adults, caregivers, health care and service providers, and advocacy organizations regarding the community development required to support older adults living at home and aging in the community;

(6) explore initiatives that enhance opportunities for an aging adult, regardless of age, income, or ability level, to live in the adult's own home and community if desired and safe;

(7) make efforts to break down silos and work across agencies to better target the state's role in addressing issues impacting aging in Minnesota communities; and

(8) establish and manage external partnerships and build relationships with communities, community leaders, and those who have direct experience with aging to ensure that all voices are represented in the work of the subcabinet, office, and Citizens' Engagement Council.

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(b) The director may secure professional development and training opportunities to promote community development initiatives that address aging-related issues and support the Healthy Aging Subcabinet.

(c) The director may hire and compensate out of available funds additional staff as necessary to support the office and conduct the planning process. Staff members must possess relevant expertise and experience in areas such as aging services, policy analysis, community health, and community development and engagement. The director serves in the unclassified service.

Subd. 6. Citizens' Engagement Council; public engagement. (a) The director must appoint a Citizens' Engagement Council composed of 20 diverse members from different geographic regions and demographic groups, including older adults, caregivers, elder advocates, the Minnesota area agencies on aging, Tribal Nations, county agencies, nonprofit services, and business sectors. At least ten members of the council must be older adults, caregivers, or elder advocates, and these members may not otherwise represent a specific agency, service, or business sector. The purpose of the council is to:

(1) ensure the voices and perspectives of older adults are included in the recommended initiatives and policies for implementing the Minnesota Healthy Aging Plan under subdivision 10;

(2) provide feedback to the subcabinet on current aging-related programs and services, identifying areas for improvements and innovations; and

(3) provide ongoing input, advice, and strategies for the planning process to engage older Minnesotans and their families.

(b) Except where otherwise provided in this section, the terms, compensation, and removal of council members is governed by section 15.059. A member participating in council activities in the ordinary course of the member's employment is not entitled to compensation from the council.

Subd. 7. Discretionary powers. The office may apply for and receive grants from public sources and private foundations, award grants, and enter into contracts subject to applicable law.

<u>Subd. 8.</u> <u>Staff and administrative support.</u> <u>The commissioner of management and budget, in coordination</u> with other state agencies and boards as applicable, must provide staffing and administrative support to the Healthy Aging Subcabinet, the Office of Healthy Aging, and the Citizens' Engagement Council.

Subd. 9. **Public awareness.** In order to promote public engagement, the Office of Healthy Aging shall maintain a website and publish annual reports about the work of the office. The office shall also share on its website ideas for how Minnesotans can become involved with and informed on aging issues. By use of this medium, the office shall gather ideas from the public on needed programs for healthy aging in the community.

Subd. 10. The Minnesota Healthy Aging Plan. The Office of Healthy Aging must adopt a plan entitled the Minnesota Healthy Aging Plan. A draft plan must be published no later than June 30, 2027, and a final plan must be adopted and published no later than January 15, 2028. The Minnesota Healthy Aging Plan shall include recommendations from the Citizens' Engagement Council and subcabinet members that support the health and well-being of older Minnesotans, their contributions, and their health care needs as follows:

(1) community-based initiatives that support living in one's own home and community if desired, regardless of age, income, or ability level, and as safely, independently, and comfortably as possible;

(2) community-based initiatives with public and private sector funding that provide older adults the choice to remain in and contribute to their communities with needed supports including access to health care and food, independent housing options, opportunities to socialize, innovative residential options for long-term care, and safe and affordable transportation;

(3) public policies that recommend systemwide improvements for safe and affordable housing options and transportation, innovative market-rate housing options, removal of employment barriers and increased opportunities for an aging workforce, outdoor recreational opportunities, broadband communications, and health care that includes mental health and oral health;

(4) public policies that address the current and future demand for home care, assisted living and skilled nursing facilities, and innovations for community-based long-term care services; workforce training, recruitment, and employment opportunities throughout Minnesota; and professional education opportunities for long-term care providers;

(5) public and private sector resource management policies that implement community health strategies to address social determinants of health and well-being;

(6) state agencies' strategic plans that drive innovations for healthy aging in communities across the lifespan;

(7) ongoing aging policy coordination and oversight within state and county agencies and in coordination with Tribal Nations, local communities, and the private sector;

(8) measures to ensure ongoing monitoring and evaluation of the impact of healthy aging policies and programs in order to make improvements and recommend further innovations;

(9) recommendations for full implementation of the Minnesota Healthy Aging Plan that includes administration, staffing, and appropriations; and

(10) measures to evaluate the success and impact of the Minnesota Healthy Aging Plan.

Subd. 11. Annual report. By January 15 of each year, the office must submit a report to the governor and the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with primary jurisdiction over healthy aging policy and funding detailing the activities of the office for the preceding year with legislative recommendations for the coming year.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 8.16, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Authority. (a) The attorney general, or any deputy, assistant, or special assistant attorney general whom the attorney general authorizes in writing, has the authority in any county of the state to subpoen and require the production of:

(1) any records of:

(i) telephone companies, cellular phone companies, and paging companies;

(ii) subscribers of private computer networks, including Internet service providers or computer bulletin board systems;

(iii) electric companies, gas companies, and water utilities;

(iv) chemical suppliers;

(v) hotels and motels;

(vi) pawn shops;

(vii) airlines, buses, taxis, and other entities engaged in the business of transporting people; and

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(viii) freight companies, self-service storage facilities, warehousing companies, package delivery companies, and other entities engaged in the businesses of transport, storage, or delivery. and;

(2) wage and employment records;

(3) records of the existence of safe deposit box account numbers and customer savings and checking account numbers maintained by financial institutions and safe deposit companies:

(4) insurance records related to claim settlement; and

(5) banking, credit card, and financial records, including but not limited to a safe deposit, loan and account application and agreement, signature card, statement, check, transfer, account authorization, safe deposit access record, and documentation of fraud, that belong to the subject of an investigation conducted pursuant to the attorney general's authority under section 256B.12, whether the record is held in the investigation subject's name or in another person's name.

(b) Subpoenas may only be issued for records that are relevant to an ongoing legitimate law enforcement investigation.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 11A.07, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Duties and powers. The director, at the direction of the state board, shall:

(1) plan, direct, coordinate, and execute administrative and investment functions in conformity with the policies and directives of the state board and the requirements of this chapter and of chapter 356A;

(2) prepare and submit biennial and annual budgets to the board and with the approval of the board submit the budgets to the Department of Management and Budget;

(3) employ professional and clerical staff as necessary;

(4) report to the state board on all operations under the director's control and supervision;

(5) maintain accurate and complete records of securities transactions and official activities;

(6) establish a policy, which is subject to state board approval, relating to the purchase and sale of securities on the basis of competitive offerings or bids;

(7) cause securities acquired to be kept in the custody of the commissioner of management and budget or other depositories consistent with chapter 356A, as the state board deems appropriate;

(8) prepare and file with the director of the Legislative Reference Library, by December 31 of each year, a report summarizing the activities of the state board, the council, and the director during the preceding fiscal year;

(9) include on the state board's website its annual report and an executive summary of its quarterly reports;

(10) require state officials from any department or agency to produce and provide access to any financial documents the state board deems necessary in the conduct of its investment activities;

(11) receive and expend legislative appropriations; and

(12) undertake any other activities necessary to implement the duties and powers set forth in this subdivision consistent with chapter 356A.

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Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 11A.07, subdivision 4b, is amended to read:

Subd. 4b. **Annual report.** The report required under subdivision 4, clause (8), must include an executive summary, must be prepared and filed after the completion of the applicable fiscal year audit but no later than March 31 of each year, and must be prepared so as to provide the legislature and the people of the state with:

(1) a clear, comprehensive summary of the portfolio composition, the transactions, the total annual rate of return, and the yield to the state treasury and to each of the funds with assets invested by the state board; and

(2) the recipients of business placed or commissions allocated among the various commercial banks, investment bankers, money managers, and brokerage organizations and the amount of these commissions or other fees.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16A.057, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Monitoring Office of the Legislative Auditor audits. (a) The commissioner must review audit reports from the Office of the Legislative Auditor and take appropriate steps to address internal control problems found in executive agencies.

(b) The commissioner must submit a report to the legislative auditor no later than September 1 of each year detailing the implementation status of all recommendations identified in an auditor's financial audit, program evaluation, or special review during the prior five years. The report must include a specific itemization of recommendations that have not been implemented during that period, along with the basis for that decision.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 240.131, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Payments to state.** (a) A regulatory fee is imposed at the rate of one two percent of all amounts wagered by Minnesota residents with an authorized advance deposit wagering provider. The fee shall be declared on a form prescribed by the commission. The ADW provider must pay the fee to the commission no more than 15 days after the end of the month in which the wager was made. Fees collected under this paragraph must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a racing and card-playing regulation account in the special revenue fund and are appropriated to the commission to offset the costs incurred by the commission as described in section 240.30, subdivision 9, or the costs associated with regulating horse racing and pari-mutuel wagering in Minnesota.

(b) A breeders fund fee is imposed in the amount of one-quarter of one percent of all amounts wagered by Minnesota residents with an authorized advance deposit wagering provider. The fee shall be declared on a form prescribed by the commission. The ADW provider must pay the fee to the commission no more than 15 days after the end of the month in which the wager was made. Fees collected under this paragraph must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a racing and card-playing regulation account in the special revenue fund and are appropriated to the commission to offset the cost of administering the breeders fund, to support racehorse adoption, retirement, and repurposing, and promote horse breeding in Minnesota.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 256B.12, is amended to read:

256B.12 LEGAL REPRESENTATION.

The attorney general or the appropriate county attorney appearing at the direction of the attorney general shall be the attorney for the state agency, and the county attorney of the appropriate county shall be the attorney for the local agency in all matters pertaining hereto. To prosecute under this chapter or sections $\frac{609.466}{609.466}$ and $\frac{609.467}{609.467}$ and $\frac{609.467}{609.52}$, subdivision 2, or to recover payments wrongfully made under this chapter, the attorney general or the appropriate county attorney, acting independently or at the direction of the attorney general may institute a criminal or civil action.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2025.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326A.03, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Certificate; required education and experience <u>until July 1, 2030</u>. (a) On or after July 1, 2006, and <u>before July 1, 2030</u>, a person who has passed the examination required in this section must be granted a certificate as a certified public accountant provided: (1) the person certifies to the board that the person has completed at least 150 semester or 225 quarter hours at a college or university that is fully accredited by a recognized accrediting agency listed with the United States Department of Education, or an equivalent accrediting association, and has completed at least one year of experience of the type specified in paragraph (b); (2) the board verifies the certifications; and (3) the person complies with requirements for initial issuance of the certificate as a certified public accountant as prescribed by the board by rule.

(b) An applicant for initial issuance of a certificate under this subdivision shall show that the applicant has had one year of experience. Acceptable experience includes providing any type of service or advice involving the use of accounting, attest, compilation, management advisory, financial advisory, tax, or consulting skills, as verified by a licensee and meeting requirements prescribed by the board by rule. Acceptable experience may be gained through employment in government, industry, academia, or public practice. Experience as an auditor in the Office of the Legislative Auditor or State Auditor, as verified by a licensee, shall be acceptable experience.

(c) This subdivision expires July 1, 2030.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6a. Certificate; required education and experience after June 30, 2030. (a) On and after July 1, 2030, or during the transitional period as provided in subdivision 6b, the board must grant a certificate as a certified public accountant to a person who has not previously been certified and who has passed the examination required in this section if:

(1) the person certifies to the board that the person has:

(i) completed a master's degree at a college or university that is fully accredited by a recognized accrediting agency listed with the United States Department of Education and has completed at least one year of acceptable experience as described in paragraph (b); or

(ii) earned a bachelor's or graduate degree from a college or university that is fully accredited by a recognized accrediting agency listed with the United States Department of Education and has completed at least two years of acceptable experience as described in paragraph (b):

(2) the board verifies the certification under clause (1); and

(3) the person complies with requirements as prescribed by the board for an initial certificate.

(b) Acceptable experience includes providing any type of service or advice that involves accounting, attestation, compilation, management advisement, financial advisement, tax, or consulting, as verified by a licensee and meeting requirements prescribed by the board by rule. Acceptable experience may be gained through employment in government, industry, academia, or public practice. Experience as an auditor in the Office of the Legislative Auditor or the Office of the State Auditor, as verified by a licensee, is acceptable experience.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6b. Transitional period. (a) Until July 1, 2030, a person must be granted an initial certificate as a certified public accountant if the person meets either:

(1) all requirements under subdivision 6; or

(2) all requirements under subdivision 6a.

(b) This subdivision expires July 1, 2030.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2026.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 326A.14, is amended to read:

326A.14 SUBSTANTIAL EQUIVALENCY MOBILITY.

Subdivision 1. **Requirements.** (a) An individual whose principal place of business is not in this state and who holds a valid license in good standing as a certified public accountant from any state which, upon verification, is in substantial equivalence with the certified public accountant licensure requirements of section 326A.03, subdivisions 3, 4, and 6, shall be presumed to have qualifications substantially equivalent to this state's requirements and shall have all the privileges of licensees of this state without the need to obtain a license.

(1) holds a valid certificate, license, or permit to practice as a certified public accountant that was issued in another state and is in good standing to practice as a certified public accountant in that state;

(2) has a bachelor's degree or higher from an accredited postsecondary school with an accounting concentration or equivalent as determined by the board by rule; and

(3) has passed the Uniform CPA Examination.

(b) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this chapter, an individual who offers or renders professional services, whether in person, by mail, telephone, or electronic means, under this paragraph (a): (1) shall be granted practice privileges in this state; (2) is subject to the requirements in paragraph (c); and (3) is not required to provide any notice or other submission.

(b) An individual whose principal place of business is not in this state and who holds a valid license in good standing as a certified public accountant from any state whose certified public accountant licensure qualifications, upon verification, are not substantially equivalent with the licensure requirements of section 326A.03, subdivisions 3, 4, and 6, shall be presumed to have qualifications substantially equivalent to this state's requirements and shall have all the privileges of licensees of this state without the need to obtain a license if the individual obtains verification, as specified in board rule, that the individual's qualifications are substantially equivalent to the licensure requirements of section 326A.03, subdivisions 3, 4, and 6. For purposes of this paragraph, any individual who passed the Uniform CPA Examination and holds a valid license issued by any other state prior to January 1, 2009, is exempt from the education requirement in section 326A.03, subdivision 3. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this chapter, an individual who offers or renders professional services, whether in person, by mail, telephone, or electronic means, under this paragraph: (1) shall, after the verification specified by adopted rules, be granted practice privileges in this state; (2) is subject to the requirements in paragraph (c); and (3) is not required to provide any notice or other submission.

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(c) An individual licensee of another state exercising the privilege afforded under this section and the firm which employs that licensee are deemed to have consented, as a condition of the grant of this privilege:

(1) to the personal and subject matter jurisdiction and disciplinary authority of the board;

(2) to comply with this chapter and the board's rules;

(3) to the appointment of the state board that issued the license as the licensee's agent upon whom process may be served in any action or proceeding by this board against the licensee; and

(4) to cease offering or rendering professional services in this state individually and on behalf of a firm in the event the license issued by the state of the individual's principal place of business is no longer valid or in good standing.

(d) An individual who has been granted practice privileges under this section who performs attest services as defined in section 326A.01, subdivision 2, clause (1), (4), or (5), for any entity with its headquarters in this state, may only do so through a firm which has obtained a permit under section 326A.05.

Subd. 2. Use of title in another state. A licensee of this state offering or rendering services or using the CPA title in another state is subject to the same disciplinary action in this state for which the licensee would be subject to discipline for an act committed in the other state. The board shall investigate any complaint made by the board of accountancy of another state.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 349A.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 13a. <u>Responsible lottery official.</u> <u>"Responsible lottery official" means the officers, directors, or owners</u> of an organization, firm, partnership, or corporation that have oversight of lottery ticket sales.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 349A.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Qualifications. (a) The director may not contract with a retailer who is a sole proprietor who:

(1) is under the age of 18;

(2) is in business solely as a seller of lottery tickets;

(3) owes \$500 or more in delinquent taxes as defined in section 270C.72;

(4) has been convicted within the previous five years of a felony or gross misdemeanor, any crime involving fraud or misrepresentation, or a gambling-related offense in any jurisdiction in the United States;

(5) is a member of the immediate family, residing in the same household, as the director or any employee of the lottery;

(6) in the director's judgment does not have the financial stability or responsibility to act as a lottery retailer, or whose contracting as a lottery retailer would adversely affect the public health, welfare, and safety, or endanger the security and integrity of the lottery; or

(7) is a currency exchange, as defined in section 53A.01.

A contract entered into before August 1, 1990, which violates clause (7) may continue in effect until its expiration but may not be renewed.

(b) The director may not contract with a retailer that is an organization, firm, partnership, or corporation that:

(1) has a responsible lottery official who:

(i) is under the age of 18;

(ii) owes \$500 or more in delinquent taxes as defined in section 270C.72; or

(iii) has been convicted within the previous five years of a felony or gross misdemeanor, any crime involving fraud or misrepresentation, or a gambling-related offense in any jurisdiction in the United States;

An organization, firm, partnership, or corporation that (2) has a stockholder who owns more than five percent of the business or the stock of the corporation, <u>a responsible lottery official</u>, an officer, or <u>a</u> director, that does not meet the requirements of paragraph (a), clause (4), is not eligible to be a lottery retailer under this section <u>is a member of</u> the immediate family, residing in the same household, as the director or any employee of the lottery; or

(3)(i) is in business solely as a seller of lottery tickets;

(ii) in the director's judgment does not have the financial stability or responsibility to act as a lottery retailer, or whose contracting as a lottery retailer would adversely affect the public health, welfare, and safety, or endanger the security and integrity of the lottery; or

(iii) is a currency exchange, as defined in section 53A.01.

(c) The restrictions under paragraph (a), clause (4), do not apply to an organization, partnership, or corporation if the director determines that the organization, partnership, or firm has terminated its relationship with the individual whose actions directly contributed to the disqualification under this subdivision.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 349A.06, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Criminal history. The director may request the director of alcohol and gambling enforcement to investigate all applicants for lottery retailer contracts to determine their compliance with the requirements of subdivision 2.

(a) Upon the director's request, an applicant for a lottery retailer contract must submit a completed criminal history records check consent form, a full set of classifiable fingerprints, and required fees to the director or the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension. Upon receipt of the information, the director must submit the completed criminal history records check consent form, full set of classifiable fingerprints, and required fees to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension.

(b) After receiving the information, the bureau must conduct a Minnesota criminal history records check of the individual. The bureau is authorized to exchange the fingerprints with the Federal Bureau of Investigation to obtain the applicant's national criminal history record information. The bureau must return the results of the Minnesota and national criminal history records checks to the director to determine the individual's compliance with the requirements of subdivision 2.

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(c) The director must request a Minnesota and national criminal history records check for any sole proprietor or responsible lottery official that applies to be a lottery retailer and (1) has not undergone a check under this section within the past seven years, or (2) has had any lapse in a contract to sell lottery tickets.

(d) The director may issue a temporary contract, valid for not more than 90 days, to an applicant pending the completion of the investigation or a final determination of qualifications under this section. The director has access to all criminal history data compiled by the director of alcohol and gambling enforcement Bureau of Criminal Apprehension on (1) any person holding or applying for a retailer contract, (2) any person holding a lottery vendor contract or who has submitted a bid on such a contract, and (3) any person applying for employment with the lottery.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 349A.06, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. **Cancellation, suspension, and refusal to renew contracts or locations.** (a) The director shall cancel the contract of any lottery retailer or prohibit a lottery retailer from selling lottery tickets at a business location who:

(1) has a sole proprietor or responsible lottery official that has been convicted of a felony or gross misdemeanor in any jurisdiction in the United States;

(2) has <u>a sole proprietor or responsible lottery official that has</u> committed <u>any crime involving</u> fraud, <u>or</u> misrepresentation, or deceit <u>a gambling-related offense in any jurisdiction in the United States;</u>

(3) has provided false or misleading information to the lottery; or

(4) has acted in a manner prejudicial to public confidence in the integrity of the lottery.

(b) The director may cancel, suspend, or refuse to renew the contract of any lottery retailer or prohibit a lottery retailer from selling lottery tickets at a business location who:

(1) changes business location;

(2) fails to account for lottery tickets received or the proceeds from tickets sold;

(3) fails to remit funds to the director in accordance with the director's rules;

(4) violates a law or a rule or order of the director;

(5) fails to comply with any of the terms in the lottery retailer's contract;

(6) fails to file a bond, securities, or a letter of credit as required under subdivision 3;

(7) in the opinion of the director fails to maintain a sufficient sales volume to justify continuation as a lottery retailer; or

(8) has violated section 340A.503, subdivision 2, clause (1), two or more times within a two-year period.

(c) The director may also cancel, suspend, or refuse to renew a lottery retailer's contract or prohibit a lottery retailer from selling lottery tickets at a business location if there is a material change in any of the factors considered by the director under subdivision 2.

(d) A contract cancellation, suspension, refusal to renew, or prohibiting a lottery retailer from selling lottery tickets at a business location under this subdivision is a contested case under sections 14.57 to 14.69 and is in addition to any criminal penalties provided for a violation of law or rule.

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(e) The director may temporarily suspend a contract or temporarily prohibit a lottery retailer from selling lottery tickets at a business location without notice for any of the reasons specified in this subdivision provided that a hearing is conducted within seven days after a request for a hearing is made by a lottery retailer. Within 20 days after receiving the administrative law judge's report, the director shall issue an order vacating the temporary suspension or prohibition or making any other appropriate order. If no hearing is requested within 30 days of the temporary suspension or prohibition taking effect, the suspension or prohibition becomes permanent unless the director vacates or modifies the order.

Sec. 20. [609.467] MEDICAL ASSISTANCE FRAUD.

Subdivision 1. Medical assistance fraud prohibited. A person who intentionally presents, submits, tenders, offers, or participates in the preparation of a claim for payment, claim for reimbursement, cost report, or rate application relating to the payment of medical assistance funds under chapter 256B knowing or having reason to know that any part of the claim, report, or application is false is guilty of medical assistance fraud and may be sentenced as provided in subdivision 2.

Subd. 2. Penalties. Whoever violates subdivision 1 may be sentenced as follows:

(1) to imprisonment of not more than 20 years, payment of a fine of not more than \$100,000, or both if the part of any claim for payment, claim for reimbursement, cost report, or rate application submitted, tendered, or offered that is false is more than \$35,000;

(2) to imprisonment of not more than ten years, payment of a fine of not more than \$20,000, or both if:

(i) the part of any claim for payment, claim for reimbursement, cost report, or rate application submitted, tendered, or offered that is false is more than \$5,000 but not more than \$35,000; or

(ii) the part of any claim for payment, claim for reimbursement, cost report, or rate application submitted, tendered, or offered that is false is not more than \$5,000 and the person has been convicted within the preceding five years for an offense under this section, section 256.98; 268.182; 609.24; 609.245; 609.247; 609.52; 609.522; 609.53; 609.582, subdivision 1, 2, or 3; 609.625; 609.63; 609.631; or 609.821, or a statute from another state, the United States, or a foreign jurisdiction, in conformity with any of those sections, and the person received a felony or gross misdemeanor sentence for the offense, or a sentence that was stayed under section 609.135 if the offense to which a plea was entered would allow imposition of a felony or gross misdemeanor sentence; or

(3) to imprisonment of not more than five years, payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both if the part of any claim for payment, claim for reimbursement, cost report, or rate application submitted, tendered, or offered that is false is not more than \$5,000.

Subd. 3. Aggregation. The total of all claims for payment, claims for reimbursement, cost reports, and rate applications submitted, tendered, or offered in violation of subdivision 1 within any six-month period may be aggregated and the defendant charged accordingly in applying the provisions of subdivision 2. When the same person commits two or more offenses in two or more counties, the accused may be prosecuted for all of the offenses aggregated under this subdivision in any county in which one of the offenses was committed.

Subd. 4. <u>Venue.</u> Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in section 627.01, a violation of this section may be prosecuted in:

(1) the county where any part of the offense occurred; or

(2) the county where the entity who received a claim for payment, claim for reimbursement, cost report, or rate application is located.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2025, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Subd. 2. Acts constituting theft. (a) Whoever does any of the following commits theft and may be sentenced as provided in subdivision 3:

(1) intentionally and without claim of right takes, uses, transfers, conceals or retains possession of movable property of another without the other's consent and with intent to deprive the owner permanently of possession of the property; or

(2) with or without having a legal interest in movable property, intentionally and without consent, takes the property out of the possession of a pledgee or other person having a superior right of possession, with intent thereby to deprive the pledgee or other person permanently of the possession of the property; or

(3) obtains for the actor or another the possession, custody, or title to property of or performance of services by a third person by intentionally deceiving the third person with a false representation which is known to be false, made with intent to defraud, and which does defraud the person to whom it is made. "False representation" includes without limitation:

(i) the issuance of a check, draft, or order for the payment of money, except a forged check as defined in section 609.631, or the delivery of property knowing that the actor is not entitled to draw upon the drawee therefor or to order the payment or delivery thereof; or

(ii) a promise made with intent not to perform. Failure to perform is not evidence of intent not to perform unless corroborated by other substantial evidence; or

(iii) the preparation or filing of a claim for reimbursement, a rate application, or a cost report used to establish a rate or claim for payment for medical care provided to a recipient of medical assistance under chapter 256B, which intentionally and falsely states the costs of or actual services provided by a vendor of medical care; or

(iv) (iii) the preparation or filing of a claim for reimbursement for providing treatment or supplies required to be furnished to an employee under section 176.135 which intentionally and falsely states the costs of or actual treatment or supplies provided; or

(v) (iv) the preparation or filing of a claim for reimbursement for providing treatment or supplies required to be furnished to an employee under section 176.135 for treatment or supplies that the provider knew were medically unnecessary, inappropriate, or excessive; or

(4) by swindling, whether by artifice, trick, device, or any other means, obtains property or services from another person; or

(5) intentionally commits any of the acts listed in this subdivision but with intent to exercise temporary control only and:

(i) the control exercised manifests an indifference to the rights of the owner or the restoration of the property to the owner; or

(ii) the actor pledges or otherwise attempts to subject the property to an adverse claim; or

(iii) the actor intends to restore the property only on condition that the owner pay a reward or buy back or make other compensation; or

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(6) finds lost property and, knowing or having reasonable means of ascertaining the true owner, appropriates it to the finder's own use or to that of another not entitled thereto without first having made reasonable effort to find the owner and offer and surrender the property to the owner; or

(7) intentionally obtains property or services, offered upon the deposit of a sum of money or tokens in a coin or token operated machine or other receptacle, without making the required deposit or otherwise obtaining the consent of the owner; or

(8) intentionally and without claim of right converts any article representing a trade secret, knowing it to be such, to the actor's own use or that of another person or makes a copy of an article representing a trade secret, knowing it to be such, and intentionally and without claim of right converts the same to the actor's own use or that of another person. It shall be a complete defense to any prosecution under this clause for the defendant to show that information comprising the trade secret was rightfully known or available to the defendant from a source other than the owner of the trade secret; or

(9) leases or rents personal property under a written instrument and who:

(i) with intent to place the property beyond the control of the lessor conceals or aids or abets the concealment of the property or any part thereof; or

(ii) sells, conveys, or encumbers the property or any part thereof without the written consent of the lessor, without informing the person to whom the lessee sells, conveys, or encumbers that the same is subject to such lease or rental contract with intent to deprive the lessor of possession thereof; or

(iii) does not return the property to the lessor at the end of the lease or rental term, plus agreed-upon extensions, with intent to wrongfully deprive the lessor of possession of the property; or

(iv) returns the property to the lessor at the end of the lease or rental term, plus agreed-upon extensions, but does not pay the lease or rental charges agreed upon in the written instrument, with intent to wrongfully deprive the lessor of the agreed-upon charges.

For the purposes of items (iii) and (iv), the value of the property must be at least \$100.

Evidence that a lessee used a false, fictitious, or not current name, address, or place of employment in obtaining the property or fails or refuses to return the property or pay the rental contract charges to lessor within five days after written demand for the return has been served personally in the manner provided for service of process of a civil action or sent by certified mail to the last known address of the lessee, whichever shall occur later, shall be evidence of intent to violate this clause. Service by certified mail shall be deemed to be complete upon deposit in the United States mail of such demand, postpaid and addressed to the person at the address for the person set forth in the lease or rental agreement, or, in the absence of the address, to the person's last known place of residence; or

(10) alters, removes, or obliterates numbers or symbols placed on movable property for purpose of identification by the owner or person who has legal custody or right to possession thereof with the intent to prevent identification, if the person who alters, removes, or obliterates the numbers or symbols is not the owner and does not have the permission of the owner to make the alteration, removal, or obliteration; or

(11) with the intent to prevent the identification of property involved, so as to deprive the rightful owner of possession thereof, alters or removes any permanent serial number, permanent distinguishing number or manufacturer's identification number on personal property or possesses, sells or buys any personal property knowing or having reason to know that the permanent serial number, permanent distinguishing number or manufacturer's identification number or altered; or

(12) intentionally deprives another of a lawful charge for cable television service by:

(i) making or using or attempting to make or use an unauthorized external connection outside the individual dwelling unit whether physical, electrical, acoustical, inductive, or other connection; or by

(ii) attaching any unauthorized device to any cable, wire, microwave, or other component of a licensed cable communications system as defined in chapter 238. Nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the electronic video rerecording of program material transmitted on the cable communications system by a subscriber for fair use as defined by Public Law 94-553, section 107; or

(13) except as provided in clauses (12) and (14), obtains the services of another with the intention of receiving those services without making the agreed or reasonably expected payment of money or other consideration; or

(14) intentionally deprives another of a lawful charge for telecommunications service by:

(i) making, using, or attempting to make or use an unauthorized connection whether physical, electrical, by wire, microwave, radio, or other means to a component of a local telecommunication system as provided in chapter 237; or

(ii) attaching an unauthorized device to a cable, wire, microwave, radio, or other component of a local telecommunication system as provided in chapter 237.

The existence of an unauthorized connection is prima facie evidence that the occupier of the premises:

(A) made or was aware of the connection; and

(B) was aware that the connection was unauthorized;

(15) with intent to defraud, diverts corporate property other than in accordance with general business purposes or for purposes other than those specified in the corporation's articles of incorporation; or

(16) with intent to defraud, authorizes or causes a corporation to make a distribution in violation of section 302A.551, or any other state law in conformity with it; or

(17) takes or drives a motor vehicle without the consent of the owner or an authorized agent of the owner, knowing or having reason to know that the owner or an authorized agent of the owner did not give consent; or

(18) intentionally, and without claim of right, takes motor fuel from a retailer without the retailer's consent and with intent to deprive the retailer permanently of possession of the fuel by driving a motor vehicle from the premises of the retailer without having paid for the fuel dispensed into the vehicle; or

(19) commits wage theft under subdivision 1, clause (13).

(b) Proof that the driver of a motor vehicle into which motor fuel was dispensed drove the vehicle from the premises of the retailer without having paid for the fuel permits the factfinder to infer that the driver acted intentionally and without claim of right, and that the driver intended to deprive the retailer permanently of possession of the fuel. This paragraph does not apply if: (1) payment has been made to the retailer within 30 days of the receipt of notice of nonpayment under section 604.15; or (2) a written notice as described in section 604.15, subdivision 4, disputing the retailer's claim, has been sent. This paragraph does not apply to the owner of a motor vehicle if the vehicle or the vehicle's license plate has been reported stolen before the theft of the fuel.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2025, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 628.26, is amended to read:

628.26 LIMITATIONS.

(a) Indictments or complaints for any crime resulting in the death of the victim may be found or made at any time after the death of the person killed.

(b) Indictments or complaints for a violation of section 609.25 may be found or made at any time after the commission of the offense.

(c) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.282 may be found or made at any time after the commission of the offense if the victim was under the age of 18 at the time of the offense.

(d) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.282 where the victim was 18 years of age or older at the time of the offense, or 609.42, subdivision 1, clause (1) or (2), shall be found or made and filed in the proper court within six years after the commission of the offense.

(e) Indictments or complaints for violation of sections 609.322, 609.342 to 609.345, and 609.3458 may be found or made at any time after the commission of the offense.

(f) Indictments or complaints for violation of sections <u>609.466</u> <u>609.467</u> and 609.52, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (3), item (iii), shall be found or made and filed in the proper court within six years after the commission of the offense.

(g) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.2335, 609.52, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (3), items (i) and (ii), (4), (15), or (16), 609.631, or 609.821, where the value of the property or services stolen is more than \$35,000, or for violation of section 609.527 where the offense involves eight or more direct victims or the total combined loss to the direct and indirect victims is more than \$35,000, shall be found or made and filed in the proper court within five years after the commission of the offense.

(h) Except for violations relating to false material statements, representations or omissions, indictments or complaints for violations of section 609.671 shall be found or made and filed in the proper court within five years after the commission of the offense.

(i) Indictments or complaints for violation of sections 609.561 to 609.563, shall be found or made and filed in the proper court within five years after the commission of the offense.

(j) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.746 shall be found or made and filed in the proper court within the later of three years after the commission of the offense or three years after the offense was reported to law enforcement authorities.

(k) In all other cases, indictments or complaints shall be found or made and filed in the proper court within three years after the commission of the offense.

(1) The limitations periods contained in this section shall exclude any period of time during which the defendant was not an inhabitant of or usually resident within this state.

(m) The limitations periods contained in this section for an offense shall not include any period during which the alleged offender participated under a written agreement in a pretrial diversion program relating to that offense.

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(n) The limitations periods contained in this section shall not include any period of time during which physical evidence relating to the offense was undergoing DNA analysis, as defined in section 299C.155, unless the defendant demonstrates that the prosecuting or law enforcement agency purposefully delayed the DNA analysis process in order to gain an unfair advantage.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2025.

Sec. 23. OPEN POSITIONS REPORT.

The commissioner of management and budget must report the number of posted executive branch job openings that have gone unfilled for at least six months. The commissioner's report must identify such openings by agency and job title, and identify which specific job titles or classes take longest to fill on average and those that experience the most turnover. No later than February 1, 2026, August 1, 2026, and February 1, 2027, the commissioner must submit this report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over state government finance and policy.

Sec. 24. INTEGRATING APPLICATION INFORMATION AND A REFERRAL PROCESS FOR THE TRANSIT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM ON THE MNBENEFITS WEB PORTAL.

No later than June 30, 2026, the commissioner of children, youth, and families, in consultation with Metro Transit and the commissioners of transportation, human services, and Minnesota IT Services, must integrate application information and a referral process for the transit assistance program administered by Metro Transit into the MNbenefits web portal. Metro Transit and the Metropolitan Council must continue to process applications for the transit assistance program after application information and a referral process are integrated into the MNbenefits web portal.

Sec. 25. STATUE REPLACEMENT.

The commissioner of administration may accept private funds, submit a request to the Joint Committee on the Library of Congress, and erect a new statue in Statuary Hall in the United States Capitol, including removing an existing statue from Statuary Hall and transporting it to Minnesota, recasting an existing statue in Minnesota, and transporting and installing the new statue in Statuary Hall. All money accepted by the commissioner under this section must be deposited in a dedicated account in the special revenue fund and is appropriated to the commissioner for purposes of this section. The account expires on January 1, 2028, with any money remaining in the account at that time appropriated to the State Arts Board for purposes of the programs and activities authorized under Minnesota Statues, chapter 129D.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the chief clerk of the house of representatives and the secretary of the senate jointly notify the revisor of statutes and the commissioner of administration that the state has satisfied the requirements for a statue replacement request under United States Code, title 2, chapter 30, section 2132.

Sec. 26. REVISOR INSTRUCTION.

The revisor of statutes must replace each reference to section 609.466 in Minnesota Statutes with a reference to section 609.467.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2025.

Sec. 27. **<u>REPEALER.</u>**

Subdivision 1. Employee gainsharing. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 16A.90, is repealed.

Subd. 2. <u>Advisory Council on Infrastructure.</u> <u>Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 16B.356; 16B.357; 16B.358;</u> and 16B.359, are repealed.

Subd. 3. CPA substantial equivalence. Minnesota Rules, part 1105.7900, item D, is repealed.

Subd. 4. Medical assistance fraud. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.466, is repealed.

EFFECTIVE DATE. Subdivision 3 is effective the day following final enactment. Subdivision 4 is effective August 1, 2025.

ARTICLE 3

BUSINESS FILING FRAUD AND DECEPTIVE MAILINGS

Section 1. [5.60] LATE RENEWAL PENALTY.

Subdivision 1. Late penalty. The secretary of state may require a person to pay a late penalty of up to \$25 when filing for renewal or reinstatement of a business entity that the secretary of state has dissolved, terminated, or revoked due to failure to file an annual renewal, or a business entity for which the secretary of state has canceled a certificate of authority. The secretary of state must deposit all late penalty revenue in the account created under subdivision 2. The late penalty is in addition to any other fee or assessment provided by law.

Subd. 2. <u>Account: appropriation.</u> The secretary of state fraud prevention and data security account is created in the special revenue fund. Money in the account is appropriated to the secretary of state to:

(1) fulfill statutory and constitutional duties regarding fraud prevention and data privacy and security, including but not limited to cyber security and the Minnesota Business Filing Fraud Prevention Act under sections 300.70 to 300.78;

(2) ensure the accuracy and completeness of documents that are permitted or required under law to be filed with the secretary of state; and

(3) enhance the secretary of state's information and telecommunications technology systems and services.

<u>Subd. 3.</u> <u>Annual report.</u> By February 15 each year, the secretary of state must submit a report identifying the amount of revenue collected and outcomes achieved under this section to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over state government finance and policy.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2025, and applies to renewal or reinstatement applications submitted on or after that date.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.485, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Scope. The sections referred to in subdivisions 3 to 67 are codified outside this chapter. Those sections classify corporation data as other than public, place restrictions on access to government data, or involve data sharing.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 13.485, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 7. Business fraud investigations. Government data related to investigations under sections 300.70 to 300.78 are governed by section 300.78.

Subdivision 1. <u>Citation.</u> Sections 300.70 to 300.78 may be cited as the "Minnesota Business Filing Fraud Prevention Act."

Subd. 2. Definitions. (a) For purposes of sections 300.70 to 300.78, the following terms have the meanings given.

(b) "Complainant" means a person who (1) delivers a declaration of wrongful filing, and (2) has a connection to the allegedly wrongful filing or the related business.

(c) "Filer" means the person who has allegedly made a wrongful filing.

(d) "Office" means the Office of the Secretary of State.

Sec. 5. [300.71] DECLARATION OF WRONGFUL FILING.

Subdivision 1. Form and contents of declaration. (a) A complainant may deliver a declaration of wrongful filing to the office if the complainant believes that a document filed under chapters 301 to 323A:

(1) was not authorized to be filed; and

(2) was filed with the intent to: (i) modify the ownership, registered agent, business address, contact information, governance, or other information of a business on record; or (ii) register a business using another person's name, address, or identity.

(b) A declaration of wrongful filing must include:

(1) the file number of the allegedly wrongful filing;

(2) the complainant's name, mailing address, and email address;

(3) whether the complainant is employed by or has an ownership interest in the business that is the subject of the filing;

(4) any information or evidence supporting the complainant's allegations under this section;

(5) a statement verifying the complainant believes in good faith that the facts stated in the declaration are true; and

(6) any other information the office deems necessary.

(c) The office must provide a form for declarations filed under this section. A complainant must use the provided form when submitting a declaration of wrongful filing.

(d) A false material statement of fact in a declaration of wrongful filing or any other document submitted under sections 300.70 to 300.78 is a violation of section 609.48.

Subd. 2. Review of declaration. (a) The office must promptly accept or reject a declaration of wrongful filing.

(b) The office may reject a declaration of wrongful filing that is incomplete or does not use the provided form or if the office reasonably believes it was delivered with the intent to harass or defraud the filer. The office may reject a declaration of wrongful filing if the office has already issued a final order on the filing identified in the declaration.

Subd. 3. Nonexclusive remedy. The remedy in sections 300.70 to 300.78 is not exclusive. An aggrieved party may seek district court action regardless of whether the individual has initiated or completed the procedure described in these sections.

Sec. 6. [300.72] NOTICE.

(a) When the office accepts a declaration of wrongful filing, the office must provide notice of the declaration to the complainant and the filer. The notice must describe the allegations made in the declaration and the process used to resolve the allegations. The notice must prominently state the response timeline in section 300.73 and the consequences if the filer does not respond. The notice must prominently state that a false statement of material fact in any documents submitted under sections 300.70 to 300.78 is a violation of section 609.48.

(b) The office must send the notice by first class mail, postage prepaid, to:

(1) the complainant at the mailing address provided in the declaration; and

(2) the filer at:

(i) the most recent registered business address associated with the filing named in the declaration; or

(ii) if a mailing address for the filer cannot be identified, the notice may be served on the filer as provided under section 5.25, subdivision 6.

(c) Notice is deemed received by the complainant and the filer upon mailing.

(d) If the notice to the filer is returned as undeliverable, the office may deem the filing fraudulent and immediately issue a final order as provided under section 300.76, notwithstanding the time period under section 300.73.

Sec. 7. [300.73] RESPONSE.

(a) After notice is received, the filer must respond in writing to the allegations in the declaration. The response must be received by the office within 21 calendar days of receipt of the notice.

(b) The filer's response under this section must include any information refuting the allegations contained in the complainant's declaration.

Sec. 8. [300.74] PROCEDURE WHEN NO RESPONSE RECEIVED.

If the filer does not respond within the time period under section 300.73, the office must deem the filing fraudulent and issue a final order as provided under section 300.76.

Sec. 9. [300.75] PROCEDURE WHEN RESPONSE RECEIVED.

Subdivision 1. **Preliminary determination.** (a) If the filer responds within the period under section 300.73, the office must further investigate the allegations in the declaration and information in the response and make a preliminary determination regarding whether the filing named in the declaration is fraudulent.

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(b) The office may request additional information from the complainant and the filer if necessary to make the preliminary determination.

Subd. 2. Notice of preliminary determination. The office must send notice of the preliminary determination to the complainant and the filer in the manner described under section 300.72. Notice is deemed received in the manner described under section 300.72.

Subd. 3. **Response.** After notice is received, the nonprevailing party must respond to the preliminary determination within ten calendar days with additional information or evidence in support of the nonprevailing party's position. The prevailing party may send additional information or evidence within the same time period. The response must be received by the office within the time period provided under this subdivision.

Subd. 4. Procedure if no second response is received. If the nonprevailing party does not respond as required under subdivision 3, the preliminary determination becomes final and the office must issue a final order under section 300.76.

Subd. 5. Procedure if second response is received. If the nonprevailing party responds as required under subdivision 3, the office must consider the additional information provided, make a final determination regarding whether the filing named in the declaration is fraudulent, and issue a final order under section 300.76.

Subd. 6. Factors. When making a preliminary or final determination under this section, the office may consider various factors, including but not limited to:

(1) whether the office has previously received declarations of wrongful filing or issued final orders relating to the business, the filer, or the complainant;

(2) the previous filing history relating to the business, the filer, or the complainant;

(3) whether the filer or complainant failed to respond to a request for additional information; and

(4) whether the office is able to independently verify the information provided by the filer or complainant using publicly available information.

Sec. 10. [300.76] FINAL ORDER.

Subdivision 1. Filings deemed fraudulent. (a) If the office deems a filing fraudulent under section 300.74 or 300.75, the office must issue a final order under this subdivision. The final order must provide the office's rationale for deeming the filing fraudulent.

(b) When a filing is deemed fraudulent pursuant to a final order under this subdivision, the filing must be treated for legal purposes as if the filing never existed. In the case of a business registered using a Minnesota resident's name, address, or identity without the resident's authorization, the business is deemed dissolved.

(c) When a filing is deemed fraudulent pursuant to a final order, the office must:

(1) mark the unauthorized filing or the business record as unauthorized or fraudulent;

(2) redact names and addresses that were used without authorization; and

(3) retain a copy of the final order.

(d) In addition to the actions in paragraph (c), the office may:

(1) disable additional filing functionality on the business entity's record; or

(2) take other action the office deems necessary to prevent further unauthorized filings, protect private information, or prevent misuse of unauthorized information.

Subd. 2. Filings deemed not fraudulent or insufficient evidence. If the office determines that a filing is not fraudulent or that insufficient information is available to make a determination, the office must issue a final order stating that the office is not removing the filing from the database. The final order must provide the office's rationale for determining that the filing is not fraudulent or that insufficient information is available to make a determination.

Sec. 11. [300.77] JUDICIAL REVIEW.

(a) Any party who is aggrieved by a final order under section 300.76 may appeal the order to the district court of the Minnesota county where the business that is the subject of the final order is registered or was registered before the business's dissolution or, if the business is not registered in Minnesota, to the district court of Ramsey County. The aggrieved party may also appeal the final order as part of any district court action between the filer and complainant where the filing at issue is relevant to the issues in the case.

(b) The aggrieved party must serve a written copy of a notice of appeal upon the office and any adverse party of record within 30 calendar days after the date the final order was issued and must also file the original notice and proof of service with the court administrator of the district court. Service may be made in person or by mail. Service by mail is complete upon mailing. The court administrator is prohibited from requiring a filing fee for appeals taken pursuant to this section.

(c) The office may elect to become a party to the proceedings in the district court.

(d) The court may order that the office furnish the court and all parties to the proceedings with a copy of the decision, the filing that is the subject of the decision, and any materials or information submitted to the office. Any materials provided under this section that are filed with the court must be done so under restricted access unless the court orders otherwise.

(e) A party may obtain a hearing at a special term of the district court by serving a written notice of the hearing's time and place at least ten days before the date of the hearing.

(f) A party aggrieved by the order of the district court may appeal the order as in other civil cases. Costs or disbursements must not be taxed against a party. A filing fee or bond must not be required of a party.

Sec. 12. [300.78] DATA PRACTICES.

Subdivision 1. <u>Definitions.</u> For purposes of this section, "nonpublic data" has the meaning given in section 13.02, subdivision 9, and "private data on individuals" has the meaning given in section 13.02, subdivision 12.

Subd. 2. **Data classification.** Data submitted by a complainant or filer under sections 300.70 to 300.78 is classified as nonpublic data or private data on individuals. A final order under section 300.76 is public data, subject to the following: the complainant or filer's personal contact information is classified as private data on individuals. The unredacted version of a filing deemed fraudulent pursuant to a final order under section 300.76, subdivision 1, is classified as nonpublic data or private data on individuals. The version of the filing that has been redacted pursuant to section 300.76, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), is classified as public data.

Subd. 3. Dissemination permitted. Notwithstanding subdivision 2, the office may disseminate data of any classification collected, created, or maintained under sections 300.70 to 300.78:

(1) to the attorney general to aid the office in the investigation and review of a filing that is the subject of a declaration of wrongful filing;

(2) to a person or agency if the office determines that access to the data aids a criminal or civil investigation; or

(3) if required or authorized by a court order or other state or federal law.

Sec. 13. [300.79] PROHIBITION ON DECEPTIVE BUSINESS MAILINGS.

Subdivision 1. Definition. For purposes of this section, "solicitation" means a communication that is sent by a nongovernment third party to a business and that purports to:

(1) notify the business of an operating requirement, including but not limited to filing documents with or retrieving documents from the Office of the Secretary of State; or

(2) offer a service that relates to filing documents with, producing documents for, or reporting information to the Office of the Secretary of State.

Subd. 2. Design and content requirements. (a) A solicitation must:

(1) include a clear statement indicating that the solicitation is an advertisement and is not from a government agency. The statement must be placed at the top of a physical document or the beginning of an electronic communication and must be in at least 24-point font. All other text in the document must be smaller than the statement required by this clause;

(2) provide information indicating where an individual is able to directly file documents with the secretary of state or retrieve copies of public records;

(3) disclose the name and physical address of the company sending the solicitation. The physical address must not be a post office box; and

(4) for a mailed solicitation, prominently display in capital letters on the envelope or outer wrapper the words "THIS IS NOT A GOVERNMENT DOCUMENT."

(b) The overall design and language of a solicitation must not:

(1) create the impression that the solicitation is an official government notice or document;

(2) incorporate the Minnesota state seal or other logo or branding of the state or any state agency; or

(3) indicate or imply a legal duty to act on the solicitation or a penalty for failure to act on the solicitation.

Subd. 3. <u>Penalties.</u> (a) A person who sends a solicitation that does not comply with the requirements of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor.

(b) A violation of this section is a violation of sections 325D.43 to 325D.48.

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Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.48, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Acts constituting. Whoever makes a false material statement not believing it to be true in any of the following cases is guilty of perjury and may be sentenced as provided in subdivision 4:

(1) in or for an action, hearing or proceeding of any kind in which the statement is required or authorized by law to be made under oath or affirmation;

(2) in any writing which is required or authorized by law to be under oath or affirmation;

(3) in any writing made according to section 358.115;

(4) in any writing made according to section 358.116; or

(5) in any writing made according to sections 300.70 to 300.78; or

(6) in any other case in which the penalties for perjury are imposed by law and no specific sentence is otherwise provided.

Sec. 15. **RULEMAKING.**

<u>The secretary of state may adopt rules to carry out the provisions of this article.</u> Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 14.125, no time limit applies to the authority granted under this section.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 16. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Sections 2 to 12 and 14 are effective for filings made on or after January 1, 2026.

ARTICLE 4 ELECTIONS AND CAMPAIGN FINANCE APPROPRIATIONS

Section 1. ELECTIONS AND CAMPAIGN FINANCE APPROPRIATIONS.

The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2026" and "2027" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026, or June 30, 2027, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2026. "The second year" is fiscal year 2027. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2026 and 2027.

						<u>PROPRIATIONS</u> ilable for the Year
						Ending June 30
					<u>2026</u>	2027
Sec. 2.	CAMPAIGN	FINANCE	AND	PUBLIC		
DISCLOSU	URE BOARD				<u>\$1,819,000</u>	<u>\$1,846,000</u>

The base for this appropriation is \$1,846,000 in fiscal year 2028 and thereafter.

\$-0-

Sec. 3. SECRETARY OF STATE

<u>\$200,000</u>

This appropriation is for transfer to the Help America Vote Act account established in Minnesota Statutes, section 5.30, and is credited to the state match requirement of the Further Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2024, Public Law 118-47.

ARTICLE 5 ELECTIONS AND CAMPAIGN FINANCE POLICY

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 2.92, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Limitations. This section does not prohibit:

(1) denial of admittance into a particular apartment, room, manufactured home, or personal residential unit;

(2) in the case of a nursing home or an assisted living facility licensed under chapter 144G, denial of permission to visit certain persons for valid health reasons;

(3) limiting visits to a reasonable number of census employees or reasonable hours, provided that access must be permitted during the hours of 10:00 a.m. through 8:00 p.m. on any day, at a minimum;

(4) requiring a prior appointment 24 hours prior notice to gain access to the facility; or

(5) denial of admittance to or expulsion of an individual employee from a multiple unit dwelling for good cause.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 2.92, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2a. <u>Notice to residents.</u> The owner, manager, or operator of a multiple unit dwelling is encouraged to notify residents of the days on which a census worker has provided notice of an intent to be present.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 10A.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Time for filing. An individual must file a statement of economic interest:

(1) within 60 days of accepting employment as a public official or a local official in a metropolitan governmental unit;

(2) within 60 days of assuming office as a district court judge, appeals court judge, supreme court justice, or county commissioner;

(3) within 14 days after filing the candidate filing period ends where the candidate filed an affidavit of candidacy or petition to appear on the ballot for an elective state constitutional or legislative office or an elective local office in a metropolitan governmental unit other than county commissioner;

(4) in the case of a public official requiring the advice and consent of the senate, within 14 days after undertaking the duties of office; or

(5) in the case of members of the Minnesota Racing Commission, the director of the Minnesota Racing Commission, chief of security, medical officer, inspector of pari-mutuels, and stewards employed or approved by the commission or persons who fulfill those duties under contract, within 60 days of accepting or assuming duties.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2026.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 200.031, is amended to read:

200.031 DETERMINATION OF RESIDENCE.

Residence shall be determined in accordance with the following principles, so far as they may be applicable to the facts of the case:

(1) The residence of an individual is in the precinct where the individual's home is located, from which the individual has no present intention of moving, and to which, whenever the individual is absent, the individual intends to return.

(2) An individual does not lose residence if the individual leaves home to live temporarily in another state or precinct.

(3) An individual does not acquire a residence in any precinct of this state if the individual is living there only temporarily, without the intention of making that precinct home.

(4) If an individual goes into another state or precinct with the intention of making it home or files an affidavit of residence there for election purposes, the individual loses residence in the former precinct.

(5) If an individual moves to another state with the intention of living there for an indefinite period, the individual loses residence in this state, notwithstanding any intention to return at some indefinite future time.

(6) Except as otherwise provided in this section, an individual's residence is located in the precinct where the individual's family lives, unless the individual's family is living in that precinct only temporarily.

(7) If an individual's family lives in one precinct and the individual lives or does business in another, the individual's residence is located in the precinct where the individual's family lives, unless the individual establishes a home in the other precinct and intends to remain there, with or without the individual's family.

(8) The residence of a single individual is in the precinct where the individual lives and usually sleeps.

(9) The mere intention to acquire a new residence, is not sufficient to acquire a new residence, unless the individual moves to that location; moving to a new location is not sufficient to acquire a new residence unless the individual intends to remain there.

(10) The residence of an individual who is working temporarily in any precinct of this state is in the precinct where the individual's permanent home is located.

(11) The residence of an individual who is living permanently in a soldiers' home or nursing home is in the precinct where the home is located.

(12) If an individual's home lies in more than one precinct or political subdivision, the residence of the individual is in the precinct in which a majority of the room in which the individual usually sleeps is located.

(13) If an individual's home is destroyed or rendered uninhabitable by fire or natural disaster, the individual does not lose residence in the precinct where the home is located if the individual intends to return to the home when it is reconstructed or made habitable.

(14) The residence of a person committed to a secure treatment facility as a sexual psychopathic personality or as a sexually dangerous person under chapter 253D is the person's last known residential address prior to issuance of the committal order.

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Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.061, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Election day registration.** (a) An individual who is eligible to vote may register on election day by appearing in person at the polling place for the precinct in which the individual maintains residence, by completing a registration application, making an oath in the form prescribed by the secretary of state and providing proof of residence. An individual may prove residence for purposes of registering by:

(1) presenting a driver's license or Minnesota identification card issued pursuant to section 171.07;

(2) presenting any document approved by the secretary of state as proper identification;

(3) presenting a current student fee statement that contains the student's valid address in the precinct together with a picture identification card; or

(4) having a voter who is registered to vote in the precinct, or an employee who provides proof that they are employed by and working in a residential facility in the precinct and vouching for a resident in the facility, sign an oath in the presence of the election judge vouching that the voter or employee personally knows that the individual is a resident of the precinct. A voter who has been vouched for on election day may not sign a proof of residence oath vouching for any other individual on that election day. <u>An election judge may not sign a proof of residence oath vouching for any individual who appears in the precinct where the election judge is working.</u> A voter who is registered to vote in the precinct may sign up to eight proof-of-residence oaths on any election day. This limitation does not apply to an employee of a residential facility described in this clause. The secretary of state shall provide a form for election day. The form must include space for the maximum number of individuals for whom a voter may sign proof-of-residence oaths. For each proof-of-residence oath, the form must include a statement that the individual: (i) is registered to vote in the precinct or is an employee of a residential facility in the precinct, (ii) personally knows that the voter is a resident of the precinct, and (iii) is making the statement on oath. The form must include a space for the voter's printed name, signature, telephone number, and address.

The oath required by this subdivision and Minnesota Rules, part 8200.9939, must be attached to the voter registration application.

(b) The operator of a residential facility shall prepare a list of the names of its employees currently working in the residential facility and the address of the residential facility. The operator shall certify the list and provide it to the appropriate county auditor no less than 20 days before each election for use in election day registration. The secretary of state must publish guidance for residential facilities and residential facility employees on the vouching process and the requirements of this subdivision.

(c) "Residential facility" means transitional housing as defined in section 256K.48, subdivision 1; a supervised living facility licensed by the commissioner of health under section 144.50, subdivision 6; a nursing home as defined in section 144A.01, subdivision 5; an assisted living facility licensed by the commissioner of health under chapter 144G; a veterans home operated by the board of directors of the Minnesota Veterans Homes under chapter 198; a residence licensed by the commissioner of human services to provide a residential program as defined in section 245A.02, subdivision 14; a residential facility for persons with a developmental disability licensed by the commissioner of human services under section 252.28; setting authorized to provide housing support as defined in section 256I.03, subdivision 10a; a shelter for battered women as defined in section 611A.37, subdivision 4; a supervised publicly or privately operated shelter or dwelling designed to provide temporary living accommodations for the homeless; a facility where a provider operates a residential treatment program as defined in section 245A.02, subdivision 23; or a facility where a provider operates an adult foster care program as defined in section 245A.02, subdivision 6c.

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(d) For tribal band members, an individual may prove residence for purposes of registering by:

(1) presenting an identification card issued by the tribal government of a tribe recognized by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, United States Department of the Interior, that contains the name, address, signature, and picture of the individual; or

(2) presenting an identification card issued by the tribal government of a tribe recognized by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, United States Department of the Interior, that contains the name, signature, and picture of the individual and also presenting one of the documents listed in Minnesota Rules, part 8200.5100, subpart 2, item B.

(e) A county, school district, or municipality may require that an election judge responsible for election day registration initial each completed registration application.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.061, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. Additional proofs of residence permitted for students. (a) If an eligible voter's name; student identification number, if available; and address within the precinct appear on a current residential housing list under section 135A.17 certified to the county auditor by the postsecondary educational institution, the voter may prove residence by presenting a current valid photo identification issued by a postsecondary educational institution in Minnesota; identification authorized in subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause (1) or (2); or identification authorized in subdivision 3, paragraph (d), clause (1) or (2).

(b) This additional proof of residence for students must not be allowed unless the postsecondary educational institution submits to the county auditor no later than 60 days prior to the election a written agreement that the postsecondary educational institution will certify for use at the election accurate updated residential housing lists under section 135A.17. A written agreement is effective for the election and all subsequent elections held in that calendar year, including the November general election.

(c) The additional proof of residence for students must be allowed on an equal basis for voters who reside in housing meeting the requirements of section 135A.17, if the residential housing lists certified by the postsecondary educational institution meet the requirements of this subdivision.

(d) An updated residential housing list must be certified to the county auditor no later than 20 days prior to each election. The certification must be dated and signed by the chief officer or designee of the postsecondary educational institution and must state that the list is current and accurate and includes only the names of persons residing in the institution's housing and, for students who do not live in the institution's housing, that it reflects the institution's records as of the date of the certification.

(e) <u>This additional proof of residence for students must be allowed during the 18 days before an election and on election day.</u> The county auditor shall instruct the election judges of the precinct in procedures for use of the list in conjunction with photo identification. The auditor shall supply a list to the election judges with the election supplies for the precinct.

(f) The county auditor shall notify all postsecondary educational institutions in the county of the provisions of this subdivision.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 201.071, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Form. Both paper and electronic voter registration applications must contain the same information unless otherwise provided by law. A voter registration application must contain spaces for the following required information: voter's first name, middle name, and last name; voter's previous name, if any; voter's current address; voter's previous address, if any; voter's date of birth; voter's municipality and county of residence; voter's telephone number, if provided by the voter; date of registration; current and valid Minnesota driver's license number or Minnesota state identification number, or if the voter has no current and valid Minnesota driver's license or Minnesota state identification, the last four digits of the voter's Social Security number; a box to indicate a voter's preference to join the permanent absentee voter list; and voter's signature. The paper registration application must provide a space for a voter to provide a physical description of the location of their residence, if the voter resides in an area lacking a specific physical address. The description must be sufficient for the county auditor to identify the correct precinct for the voter. The description may include the closest cross street or the nearest address to the described location that is identified on a precinct map, and directions from that cross street or address to the described location, including but not limited to the cardinal direction and approximate distance to the location. The paper registration application may include the voter's email address, if provided by the voter. The electronic voter registration application must include the voter's email address. The registration application may include the voter's interest in serving as an election judge, if indicated by the voter. The application must also contain the following certification of voter eligibility:

"I certify that I:

- (1) am at least 16 years old and understand that I must be at least 18 years old to be eligible to vote;
- (2) am a citizen of the United States;
- (3) will have maintained residence in Minnesota for 20 days immediately preceding election day;
- (4) maintain residence at the address or location given on the registration form;
- (5) am not under court-ordered guardianship in which the court order revokes my right to vote;
- (6) have not been found by a court to be legally incompetent to vote;
- (7) am not currently incarcerated for a conviction of a felony offense; and

(8) have read and understand the following statement: that giving false information is a felony punishable by not more than five years imprisonment or a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both."

The certification must include boxes for the voter to respond to the following questions:

"(1) Are you a citizen of the United States?" and

"(2) Are you at least 16 years old and will you be at least 18 years old on or before the day of the election in which you intend to vote?"

And the instruction:

"If you checked 'no' to either of these questions, do not complete this form."

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The form of the voter registration application and the certification of voter eligibility must be as provided in this subdivision and approved by the secretary of state. Voter registration forms authorized by the National Voter Registration Act must also be accepted as valid. The federal postcard application form must also be accepted as valid if it is not deficient and the voter is eligible to register in Minnesota.

An individual may use a voter registration application to apply to register to vote in Minnesota or to change information on an existing registration.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Application procedures.** (a) Except as otherwise allowed by subdivision 2 or by section 203B.11, subdivision 4, or 203B.29, an application for absentee ballots for any election:

(1) may be submitted in person at any time not later than the day before the election; or

(2) if not submitted in person as provided in clause (1), must be received at any time not less than one day seven days before the day of that election.

(b) The county auditor shall prepare absentee ballot application forms in the format provided by the secretary of state and shall furnish them to any person on request. By January 1 of each even-numbered year, the secretary of state shall make the forms to be used available to auditors through electronic means. An application submitted pursuant to this subdivision shall be in writing. An application may be submitted in person, by electronic facsimile device, by electronic mail, or by mail to:

(1) the county auditor of the county where the applicant maintains residence; or

(2) the municipal clerk of the municipality, or school district if applicable, where the applicant maintains residence.

(b) (c) An absentee ballot application may alternatively be submitted electronically through a secure website that shall be maintained by the secretary of state for this purpose. After 5:00 p.m. seven days prior to an election, the secretary of state must replace the electronic application with information detailing the available options to vote before and on the upcoming election day. Notwithstanding paragraph (d) (e), the secretary of state must require applicants using the website to submit the applicant's email address and the applicant's:

(1) verifiable Minnesota driver's license number, or Minnesota state identification card number, or; and

(2) the last four digits of the applicant's Social Security number.

If an applicant does not possess both types of documents, the applicant must include the number for one type of document and must affirmatively certify that the applicant does not possess the other type of documentation. This paragraph does not apply to a town election held in March.

(c) (d) An application submitted electronically under this paragraph (c) may only be transmitted to the county auditor for processing if the secretary of state has verified the application information matches the information in a government database associated with the applicant's driver's license number, state identification card number, or Social Security number. The secretary of state must review all unverifiable applications for evidence of suspicious activity and must forward any such application to an appropriate law enforcement agency for investigation.

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(d) (e) An application shall be approved if it is timely received, signed and dated by the applicant, contains the applicant's name and residence and mailing addresses, date of birth, and at least one of the following:

- (1) the applicant's Minnesota driver's license number;
- (2) Minnesota state identification card number;
- (3) the last four digits of the applicant's Social Security number; or
- (4) a statement that the applicant does not have any of these numbers.

All applications must be retained by the county auditor or the municipal clerk or school district clerk, if applicable. If an application is received after 5:00 p.m. seven days prior to the election, the official in charge of the ballot board must, within one day of receipt of the application, attempt to contact the applicant by telephone or email to notify the applicant of opportunities to vote in the election. The official must document the attempts made to contact the applicant.

(e) (f) To be approved, the application must contain an oath that the information contained on the form is accurate, that the applicant is applying on the applicant's own behalf, and that the applicant is signing the form under penalty of perjury.

(f) (g) An applicant's full date of birth, Minnesota driver's license or state identification number, and the last four digits of the applicant's Social Security number must not be made available for public inspection. An application may be submitted to the county auditor or municipal clerk by an electronic facsimile device. An application mailed or returned in person to the county auditor or municipal clerk on behalf of a voter by a person other than the voter must be deposited in the mail or returned in person to the county auditor or municipal clerk auditor or municipal clerk within ten seven days after it has been dated by the voter and no later than $\frac{1}{1000} \frac{1}{1000} \frac{1}{1$

(g) (h) An application under this subdivision may contain an application under subdivision 5 to automatically receive an absentee ballot.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Generally.** The full-time clerk of any city or town shall administer the provisions of sections 203B.04 to 203B.15 and 203B.30 if:

(1) the county auditor of that county has designated the clerk to administer them <u>and the clerk accepts that</u> responsibility; or

(2) the clerk has given the county auditor of that county notice of intention to administer them.

The designation or notice must specify whether the clerk will be responsible for the administration of a ballot board as provided in section 203B.121 and whether the municipality's office will be designated an absentee voting location pursuant to section 203B.081, subdivision 1, or only for early voting pursuant to section 203B.081, subdivision 1a.

A clerk of a city that is located in more than one county may only administer the provisions of sections 203B.04 to 203B.15 and 203B.30 if the clerk has been designated by each of the county auditors or has provided notice to each of the county auditors that the city will administer absentee voting. A clerk may only administer the provisions of sections 203B.04 to 203B.15 and 203B.30 if the clerk has technical capacity to access the statewide voter registration system in the secure manner prescribed by the secretary of state. The secretary of state must identify

hardware, software, security, or other technical prerequisites necessary to ensure the security, access controls, and performance of the statewide voter registration system. A clerk must receive training approved by the secretary of state on the use of the statewide voter registration system before administering this section. A clerk may not use the statewide voter registration system until the clerk has received the required training. The county auditor must notify the secretary of state of any municipal clerk who will be administering the provisions of this section and the duties that the clerk will administer.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon the revisor of statutes' receipt of the early voting certification and applies to elections held on or after the 85th day after the revisor of statutes receives the certification.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.08, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Marking and return by voter.** (a) An eligible voter who receives absentee ballots as provided in this chapter shall mark them in the manner specified in the directions for casting the absentee ballots. The return signature envelope containing marked ballots may be mailed as provided in the directions for casting the absentee ballots, may be left with the county auditor or municipal clerk who transmitted the absentee ballots to the voter, or may be left in a drop box as provided in section 203B.082. If delivered in person, the return signature envelope must be submitted to the county auditor or municipal clerk by 8:00 p.m. 5:00 p.m. on election day.

(b) The voter may designate an agent to deliver in person the sealed absentee ballot return signature envelope to the county auditor or municipal clerk or to deposit the return signature envelope in the mail. An agent may deliver or mail the return signature envelopes of not more than three voters in any election. Any person designated as an agent who tampers with either the return signature envelope or the voted ballots or does not immediately mail or deliver the return signature envelope to the county auditor or municipal clerk is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.08, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Procedures on receipt of ballots.** When absentee ballots are returned to a county auditor or municipal clerk, that official shall stamp or initial and date the return signature envelope and place it in a locked ballot container or other secured and locked space with other return signature envelopes received by that office. Within five days after receipt, the county auditor or municipal clerk shall deliver to the ballot board all ballots signature envelopes received, except that during the 14 days immediately preceding an election, the county auditor or municipal clerk shall deliver all ballots signature envelopes received to the ballot board within three days. Ballots Signature envelopes received on election day after 8:00 p.m. shall be marked as received late by the county auditor or municipal clerk, and must not be delivered to the ballot board.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.081, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Temporary locations.** (a) A county auditor or municipal clerk authorized under section 203B.05 to administer voting before election day may designate additional polling places with days and hours that differ from those required by section 203B.085. A designation authorized by this subdivision must be made at least 47 days before the election. The county auditor or municipal clerk must provide notice to the secretary of state at the time that the designations are made.

(b) At the request of a federally recognized Indian Tribe with a reservation <u>or off-reservation Tribal Lands</u> in the county, the county auditor must establish an additional polling place for at least one day on the Indian reservation <u>or off-reservation Tribal Lands</u> on a site agreed upon by the Tribe and the county auditor that is accessible to the county auditor by a public road.

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(c) At the request of a postsecondary institution or the student government organization of a postsecondary institution in the county or municipality, the county auditor or a municipal clerk authorized to administer absentee voting under section 203B.05 must establish an additional temporary polling place for the state general election or the odd-year city general election for at least one day at a location agreed upon by the institution and the county auditor or municipal clerk that:

(1) is accessible to the public;

(2) satisfies the requirements of state and federal law; and

(3) is on the institution's campus or is within one-half mile of the institution's campus and is reasonably accessible to the institution's students.

A request must be made no later than May 31 before an election and the request is valid only for that election. This paragraph only applies to a postsecondary institution that provides on-campus student housing to 100 or more students. Nothing in this paragraph prevents the county auditor or municipal clerk from engaging in a dialogue with the entity that made the request regarding potential alternative locations for a temporary polling place that does not meet the requirements of clause (3). An entity that made a request for a temporary polling place may withdraw its request by notifying the county auditor or municipal clerk.

(d) Within five business days of designating an additional polling place under this subdivision, the county auditor or municipal clerk must post on the county's or municipality's website the address of the polling place and the dates and times the polling place will be available for voting. Within five business days of receiving the notice described in paragraph (a), the secretary of state must post on the secretary of state's website the address of the polling place and the dates and times the polling place will be available for voting. If a designation applies to both a primary and general election, a separate notice must be provided for each election, and the notice for the general election may not be posted until after the date of the primary election.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.12, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. **Names of persons; absentee ballot applications.** The names of voters who have submitted an absentee ballot application to the county auditor or municipal clerk, the date on which the application was signed, the date on which the application was accepted, and the method of submission must be available to the public in the same manner as public information lists in section 201.091, subdivisions 4, 5, and 9.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.121, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Opening of envelopes.** (a) After the close of business on the 19th day before the election, the ballots from secrecy <u>ballot</u> envelopes within the signature envelopes marked "Accepted" may be opened, duplicated as needed in the manner provided in section 206.86, subdivision 5, initialed by the members of the ballot board, and deposited in the appropriate ballot box. If more than one voted ballot is enclosed in the ballot envelope, the ballots must be returned in the manner provided by section 204C.25 for return of spoiled ballots, and may not be counted.

(b) Accepted signature envelopes must be segregated by precinct and processed in accordance with this subdivision on a precinct-by-precinct basis. Precincts within a combination polling place established in section 205A.11, subdivision 2, may be processed together. At each step, members of the ballot board must notify the official responsible for the ballot board if there is a discrepancy in any count required by paragraphs (c) to (e) and note it in the ballot board incident log.

(c) Before opening accepted signature envelopes, two members of the ballot board must count and record the number of envelopes and ensure that the count matches either the number of accepted signature envelopes provided by the official responsible for the ballot board or the number of signature envelopes accepted by the ballot board that day.

(d) Two members of the ballot board must remove the ballots from the ballot envelopes. The governing body responsible for the ballot board must not dispose of or destroy any ballot envelopes until 30 days after the deadline for bringing an election contest expires or, if a contest is filed, 30 days after completion of the contest and any related appeals, whichever is later.

(e) After ballots have been removed from the ballot envelopes, two members of the ballot board must count and record the number of ballots to ensure the count matches the number of accepted signature envelopes, accounting for any empty envelopes or spoiled ballots, which must be noted on the ballot board incident log.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.121, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Storage and counting of absentee ballots. (a) On a day on which absentee ballots are inserted into a ballot box, two members of the ballot board must:

(1) remove the ballots from the ballot box at the end of the day;

(2) without inspecting the ballots, ensure that the number of ballots removed from the ballot box is equal to the number of voters whose absentee ballots were accepted from the tally in subdivision 4 that were to be inserted into the ballot box that day; and

(3) seal and secure all voted and unvoted ballots present in that location at the end of the day.

(b) After the polls have closed on election day, two members of the ballot board must count the ballots, tabulating the vote in a manner that indicates each vote of the voter and the total votes cast for each candidate or question. In state primary and state general elections, the results must indicate the total votes cast for each candidate or question in each precinct and report the vote totals tabulated for each precinct. The count must be recorded on a summary statement in substantially the same format as provided in section 204C.26. The ballot board shall must submit at least one completed summary statement to the county auditor or municipal clerk. The county auditor or municipal clerk may require the ballot board to submit a sufficient number of completed summary statements to comply with the provisions of section 204C.27, or the county auditor or municipal clerk may certify reports containing the details of the ballot board summary statement to the recipients of the summary statements designated in section 204C.27.

In state primary and state general elections, These vote totals shall <u>must</u> be added to the vote totals on the summary statements of the returns for the appropriate precinct. In other elections, these vote totals may be added to the vote totals on the summary statement of returns for the appropriate precinct or may be reported as a separate total.

The count shall <u>must</u> be public. No vote totals from ballots may be made public before the close of voting on election day.

(c) In addition to the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b), if the task has not been completed previously, the members of the ballot board must verify as soon as possible, but no later than 24 hours after the end of the hours for voting, that voters whose absentee ballots arrived after the rosters were marked or supplemental reports were generated and whose ballots were accepted did not vote in person on election day. An absentee ballots submitted by a voter who has voted in person on election day must be rejected. All other accepted absentee ballots must be opened in accordance with the procedures outlined in subdivision 4, except for the absentee ballots cast using the alternative procedure in section 203B.081, subdivision 3, duplicated if necessary, and counted by members of the ballot board. The vote totals from these ballots must be incorporated into the totals with the other absentee ballots and handled according to paragraph (b).

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.29, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Emergency response providers.** Any eligible Minnesota voter who is a trained or certified emergency response provider or utility worker who is deployed in response to any state of emergency declared by the President of the United States or any governor of any state within the United States during the time period authorized by law for absentee voting or on election day may request that ballots, instructions, and a certificate of voter eligibility be transmitted to the voter electronically. Upon receipt of a properly completed application requesting electronic transmission, the county auditor must electronically transmit the requested materials to the voter. The absentee ballot application deadlines in section 203B.04, subdivision 1, do not apply to this subdivision. The county auditor is not required to provide return postage to voters to whom ballots are transmitted electronically.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.29, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Reasonable accommodation for voter with disability.** Any eligible Minnesota voter with a print disability, including any voter with disabilities that interfere with the effective reading, writing, or use of printed materials, may request that ballots, instructions, and a certificate of voter eligibility be transmitted to the voter electronically in an accessible format that meets Election Assistance Commission minimum accessibility requirements. Upon receipt of a properly completed application requesting electronic transmission, the county auditor shall electronically transmit the requested materials to the voter. <u>The absentee ballot application deadlines in section 203B.04</u>, subdivision 1, do not apply to this subdivision. The county auditor must also mail the voter materials required under section 203B.07.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 203B.30, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Processing of ballots. Each day when early voting occurs, the early voting officials must:

(1) remove and secure ballots cast during the early voting period following the procedures in section 203B.121, subdivision 5, paragraph (a)., noting the date, voting location, and number of ballots cast;

(2) without inspecting the ballots, ensure that the number of ballots removed from the ballot box is equal to the number of voter certificates that were signed by voters in subdivision 2, paragraph (b); and

(3) seal and secure all voted and unvoted ballots present in that location at the end of the day.

The absentee ballot board must count the ballots after the polls have closed on election day following the procedures in section 203B.121, subdivision 5, paragraph (b).

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon the revisor of statutes' receipt of the early voting certification and applies to elections held on or after the 85th day after the revisor of statutes receives the certification.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.06, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:

Subd. 1b. Address, electronic mail address, and telephone number. (a) An affidavit of candidacy must state a telephone number where the candidate can be contacted. An affidavit must also state the candidate's or campaign's nongovernment issued electronic mail address or an attestation that the candidate and the candidate's campaign do not possess an electronic mail address. Except for affidavits of candidacy for (1) judicial office, (2) the office of county attorney, or (3) county sheriff, an affidavit must also state the candidate's current address of residence as determined under section 200.031, or at the candidate's request in accordance with paragraph (c), the candidate's campaign contact address. When filing the affidavit, the candidate must present the filing officer with the candidate's valid driver's license or state identification card that contains the candidate's current address of residence,

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or documentation of proof of residence authorized for election day registration in section 201.061, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause (2); clause (3), item (ii); or paragraph (d). <u>If an original bill is shown, the due date on the bill</u> <u>must be within 30 days before or after the beginning of the filing period or, for bills without a due date, dated within 30 days before the beginning of the filing period.</u> If the address on the affidavit and the documentation do not match, the filing officer must not accept the affidavit. The form for the affidavit of candidacy must allow the candidate to request, if eligible, that the candidate's address of residence be classified as private data, and to provide the certification required under paragraph (c) for classification of that address.

(b) If an affidavit for an office where a residency requirement must be satisfied by the close of the filing period is filed as provided by paragraph (c), the filing officer must, within one business day of receiving the filing, determine whether the address provided in the affidavit of candidacy is within the area represented by the office the candidate is seeking. For all other candidates who filed for an office whose residency requirement must be satisfied by the close of the filing period, a registered voter in this state may request in writing that the filing officer receiving the affidavit of candidacy review the address as provided in this paragraph, at any time up to one day after the last day for filing for office. If requested, the filing officer must determine whether the address provided in the affidavit of candidacy is within the area represented by the office the candidate is seeking. If the filing officer determines that the address is not within the area represented by the office, the filing officer must immediately notify the candidate and the candidate's name must be removed from the ballot for that office. A determination made by a filing officer under this paragraph is subject to judicial review under section 204B.44.

(c) If the candidate requests that the candidate's address of residence be classified as private data, the candidate must list the candidate's address of residence on a separate form to be attached to the affidavit. The candidate must also certify on the affidavit that either: (1) a police report has been submitted, an order for protection has been issued, or the candidate has a reasonable fear in regard to the safety of the candidate or the candidate's family; or (2) the candidate's address is otherwise private pursuant to Minnesota law. The address of residence provided by a candidate who makes a request for classification on the candidate's affidavit of candidacy and provides the certification required by this paragraph is classified as private data, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12, but may be reviewed by the filing officer as provided in this subdivision.

(d) The requirements of this subdivision do not apply to affidavits of candidacy for a candidate for: (1) judicial office; (2) the office of county attorney; or (3) county sheriff.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.09, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. Absent candidates. (a) A candidate for special district, county, state, or federal office who will be absent from the state during the filing period may submit a properly executed affidavit of candidacy, the appropriate filing fee, and any necessary petitions in person to the filing officer. The candidate shall state in writing the reason for being unable to submit the affidavit during the filing period. The affidavit, filing fee, if any, and petitions must be submitted to the filing officer during the seven days immediately preceding the candidate's absence from the state. Nominating petitions may be signed during the 14 days immediately preceding the date when the affidavit of candidacy is filed.

(b) A candidate for special district, county, state, or federal office who will be absent from the state during the entire filing period or who must leave the state for the remainder of the filing period and who certifies to the secretary of state that the circumstances constitute an emergency and were unforeseen, may submit a properly executed affidavit of candidacy by facsimile device or by transmitting electronically a scanned image of the affidavit and proof of residence required in section 204B.06, subdivision 1b, to the secretary of state during the filing period. The candidate shall state in writing the specific reason for being unable to submit the affidavit by mail or by hand during the filing period or in person prior to the start of the filing period. The affidavit of candidacy, filing fee, if any, and any necessary petitions must be received by the secretary of state by 5:00 p.m. on the last day for filing. If the candidate is filing for a special district or county office, the secretary of state shall forward the affidavit of candidacy, filing fee, if any, and any necessary petitions to the appropriate filing officer. Copies of a proof of residence submitted under this subdivision are private data.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Other elections.** Affidavits of candidacy and nominating petitions for city, town or other elective offices shall be filed during the time and with the official specified in chapter 205 or other applicable law or charter, except as provided for a special district candidate under subdivision 1a. Affidavits of candidacy and applications filed on behalf of eligible voters for school board office shall be filed during the time and with the official specified in chapter 205A or other applicable law. Affidavits of candidacy, including proof of residence required in section 204B.06, subdivision 1b, and nominating petitions filed under this subdivision must be submitted by mail or by hand, notwithstanding chapter 325L, or any other law to the contrary, and must be received by the appropriate official within the specified time for the filing of affidavits and petitions for the office. Copies of a proof of residence submitted by mail are private data.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.14, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Separate precincts; combined polling place. (a) The following shall constitute at least one election precinct:

(1) each city ward; and

(2) each town and each statutory city.

(b) A single, accessible, combined polling place may be established no later than November 1 if a presidential nomination primary is scheduled to occur in the following year or May 1 of any other year:

(1) for any city of the third or fourth class, any town, or any city having territory in more than one county, in which all the voters of the city or town shall cast their ballots;

(2) for contiguous precincts in the same municipality;

(3) for up to four contiguous municipalities located entirely outside the metropolitan area, as defined by section 200.02, subdivision 24, that are contained in the same county; or

(4) for noncontiguous precincts located in one or more counties.

Subject to the requirements of paragraph (c), a single, accessible, combined polling place may be established after May 1 of any year in the event of an emergency.

A copy of the ordinance or resolution establishing a combined polling place must be filed with the county auditor within 30 days after approval by the governing body, and the county auditor must provide notice within ten days to the secretary of state, in a manner and including information prescribed by the secretary of state. A polling place combined under clause (3) must be approved by the governing body of each participating municipality. A polling place combined under clause (4) must be approved by the governing body of each participating municipality and the secretary of state and may be located outside any of the noncontiguous precincts. A municipality withdrawing from participation in a combined polling place must do so by filing a resolution of withdrawal with the county auditor no later than October 1 if a presidential nomination primary is scheduled to occur in the following year or April 1 of any other year, and the county auditor must provide notice within ten days to the secretary of state, in a manner and including information prescribed by the secretary of state.

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The secretary of state shall provide a separate polling place roster for each precinct served by the combined polling place, except that in a precinct that uses electronic rosters the secretary of state shall provide separate data files for each precinct. The secretary of state and county auditor must provide guidance to the election judges serving in a combined polling place on the procedures to be used to ensure each voter is provided the correct ballot for that voter's precinct. A single set of election judges may be appointed to serve at a combined polling place. The number of election judges required must be based on the total number of persons voting at the last similar election in all precincts to be voting at the combined polling place. Separate ballot boxes must be provided for the ballots from each precinct. The results of the election must be reported separately for each precinct served by the combined polling place, except in a polling place established under clause (2) where one of the precincts has fewer than ten registered voters, in which case the results of that precinct must be reported in the manner specified by the secretary of state. In addition to other required informational material and notices, a map showing the precincts served by the combined polling place, along with a notice that multiple ballot styles are in use, must be prominently displayed near the entrance to the combined polling place.

(c) If a local elections official determines that an emergency situation preventing the safe, secure, and full operation of a polling place on election day has occurred or is imminent, the local elections official may combine two or more polling places for that election pursuant to this subdivision. To the extent possible, the polling places must be combined and the election conducted according to the requirements of paragraph (b), except that:

(1) polling places may be combined after May 1 and until the polls close on election day;

(2) any city or town, regardless of size or location, may establish a combined polling place under this paragraph;

(3) the governing body is not required to adopt an ordinance or resolution to establish the combined polling place;

(4) a polling place combined under paragraph (b), clause (3) or (4), must be approved by the local election official of each participating municipality;

(5) the local elections official must immediately notify the county auditor and the secretary of state of the combination, including the reason for the emergency combination and the location of the combined polling place. As soon as possible, the local elections official must also post a notice stating the reason for the combination and the location of the combined polling place. The notice must also be posted on the governing board's website, if one exists. The local elections official must also notify the election judges and request that local media outlets publicly announce the reason for the combination and the location of the combined polling place; and

(6) on election day, the local elections official must post a notice in large print in a conspicuous place at the polling place where the emergency occurred, if practical, stating the location of the combined polling place. The local election official must also post the notice, if practical, in a location visible by voters who vote from their motor vehicles as provided in section 204C.15, subdivision 2. If polling place hours are extended pursuant to section 204C.05, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), the posted notices required by this paragraph must include a statement that the polling place hours at the combined polling place will be extended until the specified time.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.16, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. **Notice to voters.** (a) If the location of a polling place has been changed, the governing body establishing the polling place shall send to every affected household with at least one registered voter in the precinct a nonforwardable mailed notice stating the location of the new polling place at least 25 days before the next election. The secretary of state shall prepare a sample of this notice. A notice that is returned as undeliverable must be forwarded immediately to the county auditor. This subdivision paragraph does not apply to a polling place location that is changed on election day under section 204B.175.

(b) If the location of a polling place has been changed, the local official for the governing body establishing the polling place must post a notice in large print and in a conspicuous place at the closed polling place, if practicable, stating the location of the new polling place. The local election official must also post the notice, if practicable, in a location visible by voters who vote from their motor vehicles as provided in section 204C.15, subdivision 2. The notice must be in all languages required under section 204B.295 for that precinct. The notice must be posted for each special, primary, and general election until a general presidential election or redistricting has occurred. The secretary of state shall prepare a sample of this notice.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.16, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Prohibited locations.** No polling place shall be designated in any place <u>or in any adjoining room</u> where intoxicating liquors or; nonintoxicating malt beverages; or cannabis products, as defined in section 342.01, <u>subdivision 20</u>, are served or in any adjoining room <u>sold</u>. No polling place shall be designated in any place in which substantial compliance with the requirements of this chapter cannot be attained.

Sec. 25. [204B.182] CHAIN OF CUSTODY PLANS.

(a) The county auditor must develop a county elections chain of custody plan to be used in all state, county, municipal, school district, and special district elections held in that county. If any of the political subdivisions cross county lines, the affected counties must make efforts to ensure that the elections chain of custody procedures affecting the local jurisdiction are uniform throughout the jurisdiction. County auditors must file the elections chain of custody plans with the secretary of state.

(b) The chain of custody plan must account for both the physical and cyber security of elections-related materials. The plan must include sample chain of custody documentation.

(c) The secretary of state may provide additional guidance to counties on elections chain of custody best practices and planning.

(d) A municipal clerk, school district clerk, or special district clerk may create a local chain of custody plan for use in local elections not held in conjunction with federal, state, or county elections that meets or exceeds the requirements of the county elections chain of custody plan. Any plan adopted under this paragraph must be adopted and filed with the secretary of state at least 84 days before the first election in which it will be used.

(e) Each political subdivision clerk who develops a local elections chain of custody plan pursuant to paragraph (d) and each county auditor must review their respective elections chain of custody plan prior to each state primary election. Any revisions to the elections chain of custody plan must be completed and filed with the secretary of state by June 1 prior to the state primary election.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment, and county auditors must file an elections chain of custody plan with the secretary of state by September 1, 2025.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.19, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Party balance requirement.** No more than half of the election judges in a precinct, or at any location where ballots are being counted, recounted, or reviewed, may be members of the same major political party unless the election board consists of an odd number of election judges, in which case the number of election judges who are members of the same major political party may be one more than half the number of election judges in that precinct. Each major political party must be represented by at least one election judge in each precinct.

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Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.21, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Appointment lists; duties of political parties and secretary of state. (a) On May April 1 in a year in which there is an election for a partisan political office, each major political party shall must prepare a list of eligible voters who have indicated within the last 25 months they are willing to act as election judges in each election precinct. The list may also designate certain eligible voters as available to serve as alternates that may be appointed in the event of unexpected vacancies or if all positions representing that party affiliation are not able to be filled. The list provided by the party must indicate:

(1) which eligible voters are willing to travel to a precinct outside of their home jurisdiction to act as an election judge, and the jurisdictions to which each eligible voter is willing to travel for that purpose:

(2) which eligible voters are willing to serve on an absentee ballot board; and

(3) each eligible voter's residential address, telephone number, and email address, along with the date the eligible voter indicated their willingness to act as an election judge.

(b) The political parties shall <u>must</u> furnish the lists electronically to the secretary of state, in a format specified by the secretary of state. The secretary of state must combine the data received from each political party under this subdivision and must process the data to locate the precinct in which the address provided for each potential election judge is located. If the data submitted by a political party is insufficient for the secretary of state to locate the proper precinct <u>or does not include the eligible voter's telephone number, email address, and date the eligible voter indicated their willingness to act as an election judge, the associated name must not appear in any list forwarded to an appointing authority under this subdivision. The secretary of state shall <u>must</u> notify political parties of any proposed election judges with addresses that could not be located in a precinct.</u>

(c) By <u>May April</u> 15, the secretary of state shall <u>must</u> furnish electronically to the county auditor a list of the appropriate names for each election precinct <u>and absentee ballot board</u> in the jurisdiction of the appointing authority, and a list of the names of individuals residing outside of the jurisdiction who indicated a willingness to travel to that jurisdiction to act as an election judge, noting the political party affiliation of each individual on the list. The county auditor must promptly forward the appropriate names to the appropriate municipal clerk <u>within seven days of receipt</u>. If necessary, the county auditor or municipal clerk must notify the designated representatives of that party and request that the party provide further names, to the extent practicable.

(d) The secretary of state must provide a form that may be used by a political party to recruit individuals willing to serve as election judges. The form must allow an interested individual to indicate a willingness to travel to a precinct outside of the individual's home jurisdiction or to serve as a member of an absentee ballot board.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.24, is amended to read:

204B.24 ELECTION JUDGES; OATH.

Each election judge shall sign the following oath before assuming the duties of the office:

"I solemnly swear (or affirm) that:

(1) I will perform the duties of election judge according to law and the best of my ability and will diligently endeavor to prevent fraud, deceit and abuse in conducting this election.

(2) I will perform my duties in a fair and impartial manner and not attempt to create an advantage for my party or for any candidate.

(3) In the performance of my duties as an election judge, I will not share information about voting that I know to be materially false and will not intentionally hinder, interfere with, or prevent a person from voting, registering to vote, or aiding another person in casting a ballot or registering to vote, except as specifically required by law."

The oath shall be attached to the summary statement of the election returns of that precinct. If there is no individual present who is authorized to administer oaths, the election judges may administer the oath to each other.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.25, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Duties of county auditor.** Each county auditor shall provide training for all election judges who are appointed to serve at any election to be held in the county. The county auditor shall also provide a procedure for emergency training of election judges elected to fill vacancies. The county auditor may delegate to a municipal election official the duty to provide training of election judges in that municipality or school district. The training must be consistent with the training programs established by the secretary of state under subdivision 2.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.27, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8a. Election judge advice telephone line. The secretary of state must provide a dedicated telephone line for use by election judges on each state election day. The line must be available for election judges to clarify procedures in the event the municipal clerk and county auditor's offices cannot be reached.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.44, is amended to read:

204B.44 ERRORS AND OMISSIONS; REMEDY.

(a) Any individual may file a petition in the manner provided in this section for the correction of any of the following errors, omissions, or wrongful acts which have occurred or are about to occur:

(1) an error or omission in the placement or printing of the name or description of any candidate or any question on any official ballot, including the placement of a candidate on the official ballot who is not eligible to hold the office for which the candidate has filed;

(2) any other error in preparing or printing any official ballot;

(3) failure of the chair or secretary of the proper committee of a major political party to execute or file a certificate of nomination;

(4) any wrongful act, omission, or error of any election judge, municipal clerk, county auditor, canvassing board or any of its members, the secretary of state, or any other individual charged with any duty concerning an election.

(b) The petition shall describe the error, omission, or wrongful act and the correction sought by the petitioner. The petition shall be filed with any judge of the supreme court in the case of an election for state or federal office or any judge of the district court in that county in the case of an election for county, municipal, or school district office. The petitioner shall serve a copy of the petition on the officer, board or individual charged with the error, omission, or wrongful act, on all candidates for the office in the case of an election for state, federal, county, municipal, or school district office, and on any other party as required by the court. Upon receipt of the petition the court shall immediately set a time for a hearing on the matter and order the officer, board or individual charged with the error, omission or wrongful act to correct the error or wrongful act or perform the duty or show cause for not doing so. In the case of a review of a candidate's eligibility to hold office, the court may order the candidate to appear and present sufficient evidence of the candidate's eligibility. The court shall issue its findings and a final order for appropriate relief as soon as possible after the hearing. Failure to obey the order is contempt of court.

(c) Any service required on a candidate may be accomplished by electronic mail sent to the address the candidate provided on the candidate's affidavit of candidacy pursuant to section 204B.06, subdivision 1b, or by any other means permitted by law.

(d) If the candidate for an office and the officer, board, or individual charged with the error, omission, or wrongful act unanimously agree in writing:

(1) that an error, omission, or wrongful act occurred; and

(2) on the appropriate correction for the error, omission, or wrongful act;

then the officer, board, or individual charged with the error, omission, or wrongful act must correct the error in the manner agreed to without an order from the court.

The officer, board, or individual must notify the secretary of state in writing of the error and proposed correction within one business day of receiving notification of the candidate's written agreement and must not distribute any ballots reflecting the proposed correction for two business days unless the secretary of state waives the notice period.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, an official may correct any official ballot without order from the court if the ballot is not in compliance with sections 204B.35 to 204B.37 or any rules promulgated under sections 204B.35 to 204B.37.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.45, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Procedure; voting prior to election day. Notice of the election and the special mail procedure must be given at least ten weeks prior to the election. Not more than 46 days nor later than 14 28 days before a regularly scheduled any election and not more than 30 days nor later than 14 days before any other election, the auditor shall mail ballots by nonforwardable mail to all voters registered in the city, town, or unorganized territory. No later than 14 days before the election, the auditor must make a subsequent mailing of ballots to those voters who register to vote after the initial mailing but before the 20th day before the election. Eligible voters not registered at the time the ballots are mailed may apply for ballots as provided in chapter 203B. Ballot return envelopes, with return postage provided, must be preaddressed to the auditor or clerk and the voter may return the ballot by mail or in person to the office of the auditor or clerk. The auditor or clerk must appoint a ballot board to examine the mail and absentee ballot return envelopes and mark them "accepted" or "rejected" within three days of receipt if there are 14 or fewer days before election day, or within five days of receipt if there are more than 14 days before election day. The board may consist of deputy county auditors or deputy municipal clerks who have received training in the processing and counting of mail ballots, who need not be affiliated with a major political party. Election judges performing the duties in this section must be of different major political parties, unless they are exempt from that requirement under section 205.075, subdivision 4, or section 205A.10. If an envelope has been rejected at least five days before the election, the ballots in the envelope must remain sealed and the auditor or clerk shall provide the voter with a replacement ballot and return envelope in place of the spoiled ballot. If the ballot is rejected within five days of the election, the envelope must remain sealed and the official in charge of the ballot board must attempt to contact the voter by telephone or email to notify the voter that the voter's ballot has been rejected. The official must document the attempts made to contact the voter.

If the ballot is accepted, the county auditor or municipal clerk must mark the roster to indicate that the voter has already cast a ballot in that election. After the close of business on the 19th day before the election, the ballots from return envelopes marked "Accepted" may be opened, duplicated as needed in the manner provided by section 206.86, subdivision 5, initialed by the members of the ballot board, and deposited in the ballot box.

In all other respects, the provisions of the Minnesota Election Law governing deposit and counting of ballots apply.

The mail and absentee ballots for a precinct must be counted together and reported as one vote total. No vote totals from mail or absentee ballots may be made public before the close of voting on election day.

The costs of the mailing shall be paid by the election jurisdiction in which the voter maintains residence. Any ballot received by 8:00 p.m. on the day of the election must be counted.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204C.08, subdivision 1d, is amended to read:

Subd. 1d. **Voter's Bill of Rights.** The county auditor shall prepare and provide to each polling place sufficient copies of a poster setting forth the Voter's Bill of Rights as set forth in this section. Before the hours of voting are scheduled to begin, the election judges shall post it in a conspicuous location or locations in the polling place. The Voter's Bill of Rights is as follows:

"VOTER'S BILL OF RIGHTS

For all persons residing in this state who meet federal voting eligibility requirements:

(1) You have the right to be absent from work for the purpose of voting in a state, federal, or regularly scheduled election without reduction to your pay, personal leave, or vacation time on election day for the time necessary to appear at your polling place, cast a ballot, and return to work.

(2) If you are in line at your polling place any time before 8:00 p.m., you have the right to vote.

(3) If you can provide the required proof of residence, you have the right to register to vote and to vote on election day.

(4) If you are unable to sign your name, you have the right to orally confirm your identity with an election judge and to direct another person to sign your name for you.

(5) You have the right to request special assistance when voting.

(6) If you need assistance, you may be accompanied into the voting booth by a person of your choice, except by an agent of your employer or union or a candidate.

(7) You have the right to bring your minor children into the polling place and into the voting booth with you.

(8) You have the right to vote if you are not currently incarcerated for conviction of a felony offense.

(9) If you are under a guardianship, you have the right to vote, unless the court order revokes your right to vote.

(10) You have the right to vote without anyone in the polling place trying to influence your vote.

(11) If you make a mistake or spoil your ballot before it is submitted, you have the right to receive a replacement ballot and vote.

(12) You have the right to file a written complaint at your polling place if you are dissatisfied with the way an election is being run.

(13) You have the right to take a sample ballot into the voting booth with you.

(14) You have the right to take a copy of this Voter's Bill of Rights into the voting booth with you."

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204C.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Counting and initialing.** (a) Before the voting begins, at least two election judges must certify the number of ballots delivered to the precinct. Election judges may conduct this count, presuming that the total count provided for prepackaged ballots is correct. As each package is opened, two judges must count the ballots in the package to ensure that the total count provided for the package is correct. Any discrepancy must be noted on the incident log.

(b) Before the voting begins, or as soon as possible after it begins, at least two election judges shall each initial the backs of all the ballots. The election judges shall not otherwise mark the ballots.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204C.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Physical assistance in marking ballots.** A voter who claims a need for assistance because of inability to read English or physical inability to mark a ballot may obtain the aid of two election judges who are members of different major political parties <u>at any location where ballots may be cast, including early and in-person absentee voting locations, and in a polling place on election day</u>. The election judges shall mark the ballots as directed by the voter and in as secret a manner as circumstances permit. A voter in need of assistance may alternatively obtain the assistance of any individual the voter chooses. Only the following persons may not provide assistance to a voter: the voter's employer, an agent of the voter's employer, or an officer or agent of the voter's union. The person who assists the voter shall, unaccompanied by an election judge, retire with that voter to a booth and mark the ballot as directed by the voter. Before the ballots are deposited, the voter may show them privately to an election judge to ascertain that they are marked as the voter directed. An election judge or other individual assisting a voter shall not in any manner request, persuade, induce, or attempt to persuade or induce the voter to vote for any particular political party or candidate. The election judges or other individuals who assist the voter shall not reveal to anyone the name of any candidate for whom the voter has voted or anything that took place while assisting the voter.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204C.15, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Outside the polling place.** An individual who is unable to enter <u>any location where ballots may be</u> <u>cast, including early and in-person absentee voting locations, or</u> a polling place where paper ballots or an electronic voting system are used may register and vote without leaving a motor vehicle. Two election judges who are members of different major political parties shall assist the voter to register and to complete a voter's certificate and shall provide the necessary ballots. The voter may request additional assistance in marking ballots as provided in subdivision 1.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204D.19, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Vacancy filled at general election. When a vacancy occurs more than 150 days before the next state general election, and the legislature will not be in session before the final canvass of the state general election returns, the vacancy shall be filled at the next state general election. When practicable, the filing period for the vacancy must be concurrent with the filing period for the general election filing period provided in section 204B.09. If not possible, the filing period for the vacancy must be a minimum of five days and a maximum of ten days, excluding holidays.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to vacancies in legislative offices that occur on or after that date.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204D.19, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Special election when legislature will be in session. Except for vacancies in the legislature which occur at any time between the last day of session in an odd-numbered year and the 40th 50th day prior to the opening day of session in the succeeding even-numbered year, when a vacancy occurs and the legislature will be in session so that the individual elected as provided by this section could take office and exercise the duties of the office immediately upon election, the governor shall issue within five days after the vacancy occurs a writ calling for a special election. The filing period for the vacancy must be a minimum of five days and a maximum of ten days, excluding holidays. The special election shall be held as soon as possible, consistent with the notice requirements of section 204D.22, subdivision 3, but in no event more than 35 40 days after the issuance of the writ. A special election must not be held during the four days before or the four days after a holiday as defined in section 645.44, subdivision 5.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to vacancies in legislative offices that occur on or after that date.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204D.19, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Special election at other times.** When a vacancy occurs at a time other than those described in subdivisions 1 and 2 the governor shall issue a writ, calling for a special election to be held so that the individual elected may take office at the opening of the next session of the legislature, or at the reconvening of a session of the legislature. The filing period for the vacancy must be a minimum of five days and a maximum of ten days, excluding holidays.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to vacancies in legislative offices that occur on or after that date.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 205.13, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. **Filing period.** In a city nominating candidates at a primary, an affidavit of candidacy for a city office voted on in November must be filed no more than 84 days nor less than 70 days before the city primary. In municipalities that do not hold a primary, an affidavit of candidacy must be filed no more than 70 days and not less than 56 days before the municipal general election held in March in any year, or a special election not held in conjunction with another election, and no more than 98 112 days nor less than 84 98 days before the municipal general election held in November of any year. The municipal clerk's office must be open for filing from 1:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m. on the last day of the filing period.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2026.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 206.845, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Prohibited connections.** The county auditor and municipal clerk must secure ballot recording and tabulating systems physically and electronically against unauthorized access. Except for wired connections within the polling place, ballot recording and tabulating systems must not be connected to or operated on, directly or indirectly, any electronic network, including a local area network, a wide-area network, the Internet, or the World Wide Web. Wireless communications may not be used in any way in a vote recording or vote tabulating system. Wireless, device-to-device capability is not permitted. No connection by modem is permitted.

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Transfer of information from the ballot recording or tabulating system to another system for network distribution or broadcast must be made by disk, tape, or other physical means of communication, other than direct or indirect electronic connection of the vote recording or vote tabulating system. A county auditor or municipal clerk may not create or disclose, or permit any other person to create or disclose, an electronic image of the hard drive of any vote recording or tabulating system or any other component of an electronic voting system, except as authorized in writing by the secretary of state or for the purpose of conducting official duties as expressly authorized by law. <u>A password used to access any ballot recording or tabulating system must be kept in a safe and secure place in the precinct so that it is not accessible to or visible by the public.</u>

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 211A.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Information required. The report to be filed by a candidate or committee must include:

(1) the name of the candidate and office sought;

(2) the printed name, address, telephone number, signature, and email address, if available, or an attestation that the candidate and the candidate's campaign do not possess an email address, of the person responsible for filing the report;

(3) the total cash on hand designated to be used for political purposes;

(4) the total amount of contributions received and the total amount of disbursements for the period from the last previous report to five days before the current report is due;

(5) if disbursements made to the same vendor exceed \$100 in the aggregate during the period covered by the report, the name and address for the vendor and the amount, date, and purpose for each disbursement; and

(6) the name, address, and employer, or occupation if self-employed, of any individual or entity that during the period covered by the report has made one or more contributions that in the aggregate exceed \$100, and the amount and date of each contribution. The filing officer must restrict public access to the address of any individual who has made a contribution that exceeds \$100 and who has filed with the filing officer a written statement signed by the individual that withholding the individual's address from the financial report is required for the safety of the individual or the individual's family.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2026.

Sec. 43. [211B.125] PUBLICLY FUNDED ORGANIZATIONS; CAMPAIGN EXPENDITURES PROHIBITED.

An entity or organization, including any nonprofit organization, that receives state funding must not make a campaign expenditure or otherwise expend money for any political purpose, unless the entity or organization uses separate accounts for political activities and for activities funded by state funding. The entity or organization must not supplant its existing funding with state funding to make campaign expenditures or expend money for political purposes. Prior to receiving state funding, the entity or organization must attest that it will comply with this section. As used in this section, "state funding" includes receipt of public funds through a direct appropriation or a legislatively named, competitive, or other form of grant.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2025.

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 211B.20, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Exceptions. Subdivision 1 does not prohibit:

(1) denial of admittance into a particular apartment, room, manufactured home, or personal residential unit;

(2) requiring reasonable and proper identification as a necessary prerequisite to admission to a multiple unit dwelling;

(3) in the case of a nursing home or an assisted living facility under chapter 144G, denial of permission to visit certain persons for valid health reasons;

(4) limiting visits by candidates or volunteers accompanied by the candidate to a reasonable number of persons or reasonable hours, provided that access must be permitted during the hours of 10:00 a.m. through 8:00 p.m. on any day, at a minimum;

(5) requiring a prior appointment 24 hours prior notice to gain access to the facility; or

(6) denial of admittance to or expulsion from a multiple unit dwelling for good cause.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 211B.20, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

<u>Subd. 3.</u> <u>Notice to residents.</u> The owner, manager, or operator of a multiple unit dwelling is encouraged to notify residents of the days on which a candidate has provided notice of an intent to be present.

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 375.20, is amended to read:

375.20 BALLOT QUESTIONS.

If the county board may do an act, incur a debt, appropriate money for a purpose, or exercise any other power or authority, only if authorized by a vote of the people, the question may be submitted at a special or general election, by a resolution specifying the matter or question to be voted upon. If the question is to authorize the appropriation of money, creation of a debt, or levy of a tax, it shall state the amount. Notice of the election shall be given as in the case of special elections. If the question submitted is adopted, the board shall pass an appropriate resolution to carry it into effect. In the election the form of the ballot shall be: "Shall (here state the substance of the resolution to be held within 74 84 days after a resolution to that effect is adopted by the county board. Upon the adoption of the resolution the county auditor shall post and publish notices of the election, as required by section 204D.22, subdivisions 2 and 3. The election shall be conducted and the returns canvassed in the manner prescribed by sections 204D.27, so far as practicable.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 383B.041, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Economic interest disclosure; Special School District No. 1. Every candidate for school board in Special School District No. 1, Minneapolis, must file an original statement of economic interest with the school district within 14 days of the filing of an affidavit or petition to appear on the ballot after the candidate filing period ends. An elected official in Special School District No. 1, Minneapolis, must file the annual statement required in section 10A.09, subdivision 6, with the school district for every year that the individual serves in office. An original and annual statement must contain the information listed in section 10A.09, subdivision 5. The provisions of section 10A.09, subdivisions 6a, 7, and 9, apply to statements required under this subdivision.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2026.

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 414.09, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Elections of municipal officers. (a) An order approving an incorporation or consolidation pursuant to this chapter, or an order requiring an election under section 414.031, subdivision 4a, shall set a date for an election of new municipal officers not less than 45 days nor more than 60 days after the issuance of such order in accordance with the uniform election dates defined in section 205.10, subdivision 3a.

(b) The chief administrative law judge shall appoint an acting clerk for election purposes, at least three election judges who shall be residents of the new municipality, and shall designate polling places within the new municipality.

(c) The acting clerk shall prepare the official election ballot pursuant to section 205.17.

(d) Any person eligible to hold municipal office may file an affidavit of candidacy not more than four weeks nor less than two weeks before the date designated in the order for the election <u>pursuant to section 205.13</u>.

(e) The election shall be conducted in conformity with the charter and the laws for conducting municipal elections insofar as applicable.

(f) Any person eligible to vote at a township or municipal election within the area of the new municipality, is eligible to vote at such election.

(g) Any excess in the expense of conducting the election over receipts from filing fees shall be a charge against the new municipality; any excess of receipts shall be deposited in the treasury of the new municipality.

Sec. 49. REPEALER.

Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 204B.25, subdivision 3, is repealed."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to government operations; establishing a biennial budget; appropriating money for the legislature, certain constitutional offices and state agencies, boards, councils, commissions, Minnesota Historical Society, Minnesota Humanities Center, State Lottery, Campaign Finance Board, retirement plans, general contingent account, and tort claims; transferring money; authorizing an increase in certain legislative positions; establishing a Healthy Aging Subcabinet; modifying education requirements and mobility for public accountants; modifying an advanced deposit wagering fee; modifying lottery retailer contracting requirements; modifying provisions governing Medicaid fraud; granting the attorney general certain subpoena and enforcement authority; providing criminal penalties; authorizing statue replacement; establishing a process for fraudulent business filing removal; providing for policy changes to elections administration, census worker access, and campaign finance provisions; authorizing rulemaking; requiring reports; making technical changes; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 2.92, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 3.099, subdivision 3; 3.971, by adding a subdivision; 3.98, subdivisions 1, 3; 8.16, subdivision 1; 10A.09, subdivision 1; 11A.07, subdivisions 4, 4b; 13.485, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 16A.057, subdivision 5; 200.031; 201.061, subdivisions 3, 3a; 201.071, subdivision 1; 203B.04, subdivision 1; 203B.05, subdivision 1; 203B.08, subdivisions 1, 3; 203B.081, subdivision 4; 203B.12, subdivision 10; 203B.121, subdivisions 4, 5; 203B.29, subdivisions 1, 2; 203B.30, subdivision 3; 204B.06, subdivision 1b; 204B.09, subdivisions 1a, 2; 204B.14, subdivision 2; 204B.16, subdivisions 1a, 4; 204B.19, subdivision 5; 204B.21, subdivision 1: 204B.24; 204B.25, subdivision 1: 204B.27, by adding a subdivision; 204B.44; 204B.45, subdivision 2; 204C.08, subdivision 1d; 204C.09, subdivision 1; 204C.15, subdivisions 1, 2; 204D.19, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 205.13, subdivision 1a; 206.845, subdivision 1; 211A.02, subdivision 2; 211B.20, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 240.131, subdivision 7; 256B.12; 326A.03, subdivision 6, by adding subdivisions; 326A.14; 349A.01, by adding a subdivision; 349A.06, subdivisions 2, 4, 11; 375.20; 383B.041, subdivision 5; 414.09, subdivision 3; 609.48, subdivision 1; 609.52, subdivision 2; 628.26; Laws 2023, chapter 62, article 1, sections 11, subdivision 2; 47; Laws 2024, chapter 127, article 67, section 6; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 4; 5; 204B; 211B; 300; 609; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 16A.90; 16B.356; 16B.357; 16B.358; 16B.359; 204B.25, subdivision 3; 609.466; Minnesota Rules, part 1105.7900, item D."

With the recommendation that when so amended the bill be placed on the General Register.

The report was adopted.

SECOND READING OF SENATE BILLS

S. F. Nos. 2200, 2370, 2511 and 3045 were read for the second time.

INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING OF HOUSE BILLS

The following House Files were introduced:

Nadeau introduced:

H. F. No. 3269, A bill for an act relating to retirement; Minnesota State Retirement System correctional state employees retirement plan; implementing the recommendations of the MSRS correctional plan eligibility work group; modifying the eligibility requirements; updating eligible employment positions; adding definitions; modifying the procedures for adding or removing plan coverage; adding a right to appeal; making conforming changes; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 352.01, by adding a subdivision; 352.029, subdivision 3; 352.03, subdivision 5; 352.90; 352.93, subdivision 1; 352.955, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 352; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 352.91, subdivisions 1, 2, 2a, 3c, 3d, 3e, 3f, 3g, 3h, 3i, 3j, 4a, 4b, 4c, 6.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on State Government Finance and Policy.

Long, Stephenson, Greenman, Frazier, Howard and Hollins introduced:

H. F. No. 3270, A bill for an act relating to the legislature; proposing an amendment to the Minnesota Constitution, article IV, sections 3, 5, 6, and 12; article V, section 3; by adding article IV, section 27; by adding an article XV; establishing an Independent Redistricting Commission; establishing a Redistricting Commission Applicant Review Panel; establishing principles to be used in adopting legislative and congressional districts; prohibiting members of the legislature from being employed or engaged for compensation as a lobbyist for a period of one year following the end of their legislative service; amending requirements related to the convening and conduct of regular legislative sessions; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 2.031, by adding a subdivision; 2.731; 10A.01, subdivision 35; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 2; 2A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 2.91.

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on State Government Finance and Policy.

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REPORT FROM THE COMMITTEE ON RULES AND LEGISLATIVE ADMINISTRATION

Niska from the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration, pursuant to rules 1.21 and 3.33, designated the following bills to be placed on the Calendar for the Day for Wednesday, April 30, 2025 and established a prefiling requirement for amendments offered to the following bills:

H. F. Nos. 1982 and 2023; and S. F. Nos. 2847 and 3196.

Niska moved that the House recess subject to the call of the Chair. The motion prevailed.

RECESS

RECONVENED

The House reconvened and was called to order by the Speaker.

REPORT FROM THE COMMITTEE ON RULES AND LEGISLATIVE ADMINISTRATION

Long from the Committee on Rules and Legislative Administration, pursuant to rules 1.21 and 3.33, designated the following bills to be placed on the Calendar for the Day for Thursday, May 1, 2025 and established a prefiling requirement for amendments offered to the following bills:

S. F. No. 3045; and H. F. Nos. 1837, 2098, 1290 and 2130.

CALENDAR FOR THE DAY

Lillie was excused between the hours of 3:10 p.m. and 3:35 p.m.

S. F. No. 1959 was reported to the House.

Bliss moved to amend S. F. No. 1959, the unofficial engrossment, as follows:

Page 16, line 5, delete "section 197.58 (veterans"

Page 16, line 6, delete "organizations); section 197.61 (veterans service organizations grant program);"

Page 19, line 9, delete everything after the period and insert "<u>The process for determining design and location of</u> the Gold Star and Blue Star memorial will follow the Capitol Area Architectural and Planning Board commemorative works rules under Minnesota Rules, part 2400.2703. The Capitol Area Architectural and Planning Board shall select a design from the submitted designs to use as a basis for final production. The Capitol Area Architectural and Planning Board must include the commissioner of veterans affairs on the design review committee established under Minnesota Rules, part 2400.2703. The memorial design must be furnished by the person or group who submit the design at no cost to the state." Page 19, delete lines 10 to 14

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Greenman moved to amend S. F. No. 1959, the unofficial engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 16, after line 8, insert:

"Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 197.6091, is amended to read:

197.6091 VETERANS BENEFITS SERVICES; DISCLOSURE <u>AND ACCREDITATION</u> REQUIREMENTS.

Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.

(b)(1) "Advertising" or "advertisement" means any of the following:

(i) any written or printed communication made for the purpose of soliciting business for <u>veterans benefits</u> <u>services</u>, or veterans benefits appeal services, including but not limited to a brochure, letter, pamphlet, newspaper, telephone listing, periodical, or other writing;

(ii) any directory listing caused or permitted by a person and made available by that person indicating that veterans benefits services, or veterans benefits appeal services are being offered; or

(iii) any radio, television, computer network, or similar airwave or electronic transmission that solicits business for or promotes a person offering veterans benefits services, or veterans benefits appeal services.

(2) "Advertising" or "advertisement" does not include any of the following:

(i) any printing or writing used on buildings, uniforms, or badges, where the purpose of the writing is for identification; or

(ii) any printing or writing in a memorandum or other communication used in the ordinary course of business where the sole purpose of the writing is other than soliciting business for <u>veterans benefits services</u>, or veterans benefits appeal services.

(c) <u>"Benefit" means any payment, service, commodity, function, status, or entitlement to which is determined</u> <u>under laws administered by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs pertaining to veterans, dependents,</u> <u>and survivors.</u>

(d) "Claim" means an application made under United States Code, title 38, and implementing directives, for entitlement to United States Department of Veterans Affairs benefits, reinstatement, continuation, or increase of benefits, or the defense of a proposed agency adverse action concerning benefits.

(e) "Claimant" means a veteran, dependent, or other appropriate person with a claim for benefits from the United States Department of Veterans Affairs.

(f) "Compensation" means payment of money, a thing of value, or a financial benefit.

(g) "Recognition" means certification by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs of organizations to assist claimants in the preparation, presentation, and prosecution of claims for benefits.

(h) "Person" means an individual, agency, government or governmental subdivision, government employee, veterans service organization, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture, public corporation, instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity.

(i) "Practice of law" means legal representation, legal services, legal advice, legal consultations, preparation of legal documents, or other legal activities provided by a licensed attorney.

(j) "Representation" means the acts associated with representing a claimant in a proceeding before VA pursuant to a properly executed and filed VA Form 21-22 (Appointment of Veterans Service Organization as Claimant's Representative) or VA Form 21-22a (Appointment of Individual as Claimant's Representative).

(k) "VA accreditation" means the federal credentialing process required pursuant to United States Code, tile 38, section 5904, by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs for representatives of veterans at the agency. Accreditation is not required for representation in federal courts.

(1) "VA-accredited representative" means a person recognized by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs under Code of Federal Regulations, title 38, section 14.629, including, but not limited to, VA-accredited attorneys, claims agents, government employees, and representatives of veterans service organizations.

(<u>m</u>) "Veterans benefits appeal services" means services that a veteran might reasonably require in order to appeal a denial of federal or state veterans benefits provided after an initial claim decision is made by the United States <u>Department of Veterans Affairs</u>, including but not limited to denials of disability, limited income, home loan, insurance, education and training, burial and memorial, and dependent and survivor benefits.

(d) (n) "Veterans benefits services" means services that a veteran or a family member of a veteran might reasonably use in order to obtain federal, state, or county veterans benefits.

(e) (o) "Written disclosure statement" means the written disclosure statement developed by the commissioner of veterans affairs pursuant to section 196.05, subdivision 1.

Subd. 2. Advertising disclosure requirements. A person advertising veterans benefits appeal services must conspicuously disclose in the advertisement, in similar type size or voice-over, that veterans benefits appeal services are also offered at no cost by county veterans service officers under sections 197.603 and 197.604. <u>This subdivision</u> does not apply to an attorney accredited by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs under Code of Federal Regulations, title 38, section 14.629.

Subd. 3. Veterans benefits services disclosure requirements. A person who provides veterans benefits services in exchange for compensation shall provide a written disclosure statement to each client or prospective client. Before a person enters into an agreement to provide veterans benefits services or accepts money or any other thing of value compensation for the provision of veterans benefits services, the person must obtain the signature of the client on a written disclosure statement containing an attestation by the client that the client has read and understands the written disclosure statement. This subdivision does not apply to an attorney accredited by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs under Code of Federal Regulations, title 38, section 14.629.

Subd. 3a. Federal accreditation; other requirements. (a) A person who provides veterans benefits services, or veterans benefits appeals services, in exchange for compensation must be accredited by the secretary of the United States Department of Veterans Affairs under United States Code, title 38, chapter 59.

(b) A person may not make a referral for compensation of claimant to a provider of veterans benefits services, or veterans benefits appeals services, unless they are accredited by the secretary of the United States Department of Veterans Affairs except as permitted under United States Code, title 38, chapter 59.

(c) A person subject to an accreditation requirement under paragraph (a), and who provides veterans benefits services, or veterans benefits appeals services, may charge a veteran or a family member of a veteran a fee or other form of compensation only as provided in Code of Federal Regulations, title 38, section 14.636.

(d) Before providing veterans benefits services, or veterans benefits appeals services, a person must provide a veteran or a family member of a veteran a written fee agreement that complies with Code of Federal Regulations, title 38, section 14.636, memorializing all terms regarding payment of fees, and signed by both parties.

(e) A person shall not engage in the practice of law where it concerns veterans, in the preparation, presentation, or prosecution for veterans benefits before the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, except if the person is a VA-accredited representative.

(f) A person seeking compensation in connection with a veterans benefit service or veterans benefit appeal service must:

(1) not use a veteran's personal login, username, or password information to access the veteran's medical, financial, or government benefits information; and

(2) ensure that any individual who has access to a veteran's medical or financial information undergoes a background check prior to having access to that information. The background check must be conducted by a reputable source and include identity verification and a criminal records check.

Subd. 3b. Guarantee of benefits prohibited. A person providing veterans benefits services, or veterans benefits appeals services, in exchange for compensation, must not guarantee, either directly or by implication, that a veteran or a family member of a veteran is certain to receive specific federal, state, or county veterans benefits or any specific level, percentage, or amount of federal, state, or county veterans benefits.

Subd. 4. **Violations; penaltics.** A person who fails to comply with this section is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000 for each violation. Civil penalties shall be assessed by the district court in an action initiated by the attorney general. For the purposes of computing the amount of each civil penalty, each day of a continuing violation constitutes a separate violation. Additionally, the attorney general may accept a civil penalty as determined by the attorney general in settlement of an investigation of a violation of this section regardless of whether an action has been filed under this section <u>A violation of this section is an unlawful practice under section 325F.69</u>. Any civil penalty recovered shall be deposited in the Support Our Troops account established under section 190.19.

Subd. 5. **Nonapplicability.** This section does not apply to the owner or personnel of any medium in which an advertisement appears or through which an advertisement is disseminated."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

Duran moved to amend the Greenman amendment to S. F. No. 1959, the unofficial engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 1, line 4, delete "AND"

Page 1, line 5, delete "ACCREDITATION"

Page 2, delete lines 8 and 9

Page 2, delete lines 11 to 13

Page 2, delete lines 18 to 32

Reletter the paragraphs in sequence

Page 3, delete lines 25 to 34

Page 4, delete lines 1 to 17

Page 4, line 18, delete "3b" and insert "3a"

A roll call was requested and properly seconded.

The question was taken on the Duran amendment to the Greenman amendment and the roll was called. There were 67 yeas and 67 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Allen	Dippel	Igo	Myers	Roach	Van Binsbergen
Altendorf	Dotseth	Jacob	Nadeau	Robbins	Warwas
Anderson, P. E.	Duran	Johnson, W.	Nash	Rymer	West
Anderson, P. H.	Engen	Joy	Nelson	Schomacker	Wiener
Backer	Fogelman	Knudsen	Niska	Schultz	Witte
Bakeberg	Franson	Koznick	Novotny	Schwartz	Zeleznikar
Baker	Gander	Kresha	O'Driscoll	Scott	Spk. Demuth
Bennett	Gillman	Lawrence	Olson	Sexton	
Bliss	Gordon	McDonald	Perryman	Skraba	
Burkel	Harder	Mekeland	Quam	Stier	
Davids	Heintzeman	Mueller	Rarick	Swedzinski	
Davis	Hudson	Murphy	Repinski	Torkelson	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Acomb	Feist	Hemmingsen-Jaeger	Keeler	Moller	Stephenson
Agbaje	Finke	Her	Klevorn	Momanyi-Hiltsley	Tabke
Bahner	Fischer	Hicks	Koegel	Noor	Vang
Berg	Frazier	Hill	Kotyza-Witthuhn	Norris	Virnig
Bierman	Frederick	Hollins	Kozlowski	Pérez-Vega	Wolgamott
Carroll	Freiberg	Hortman	Kraft	Pinto	Xiong
Cha	Gomez	Howard	Lee, F.	Pursell	Youakim
Clardy	Gottfried	Huot	Lee, K.	Rehm	
Coulter	Greene	Hussein	Liebling	Rehrauer	
Curran	Greenman	Johnson, P.	Lillie	Reyer	
Elkins	Hansen, R.	Jones	Long	Sencer-Mura	
Falconer	Hanson, J.	Jordan	Mahamoud	Smith	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment to the amendment was not adopted.

The question recurred on the Greenman amendment and the roll was called. There were 67 yeas and 67 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Acomb	Feist	Hemmingsen-Jaeger	Keeler	Moller	Stephenson
Agbaje	Finke	Her	Klevorn	Momanyi-Hiltsley	Tabke
Bahner	Fischer	Hicks	Koegel	Noor	Vang
Berg	Frazier	Hill	Kotyza-Witthuhn	Norris	Virnig
Bierman	Frederick	Hollins	Kozlowski	Pérez-Vega	Wolgamott
Carroll	Freiberg	Hortman	Kraft	Pinto	Xiong
Cha	Gomez	Howard	Lee, F.	Pursell	Youakim
Clardy	Gottfried	Huot	Lee, K.	Rehm	
Coulter	Greene	Hussein	Liebling	Rehrauer	
Curran	Greenman	Johnson, P.	Lillie	Reyer	
Elkins	Hansen, R.	Jones	Long	Sencer-Mura	
Falconer	Hanson, J.	Jordan	Mahamoud	Smith	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Allen	Dippel	Igo	Myers	Roach	Van Binsbergen
Altendorf	Dotseth	Jacob	Nadeau	Robbins	Warwas
Anderson, P. E.	Duran	Johnson, W.	Nash	Rymer	West
Anderson, P. H.	Engen	Joy	Nelson	Schomacker	Wiener
Backer	Fogelman	Knudsen	Niska	Schultz	Witte
Bakeberg	Franson	Koznick	Novotny	Schwartz	Zeleznikar
Baker	Gander	Kresha	O'Driscoll	Scott	Spk. Demuth
Bennett	Gillman	Lawrence	Olson	Sexton	
Bliss	Gordon	McDonald	Perryman	Skraba	
Burkel	Harder	Mekeland	Quam	Stier	
Davids	Heintzeman	Mueller	Rarick	Swedzinski	
Davis	Hudson	Murphy	Repinski	Torkelson	

The motion did not prevail and the amendment was not adopted.

The Speaker called Olson to the Chair.

S. F. No. 1959, A bill for an act relating to state government; establishing a budget for the Department of Military Affairs and the Department of Veterans Affairs; modifying veterans services and benefits provisions; requiring the commissioner of administration to place a memorial plaque honoring Gold Star and Blue Star families on State Capitol grounds; providing benefits to veterans of the Secret War in Laos; requiring county veteran services officers to aid certain additional veterans; establishing a task force; requiring reports; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 13.461, subdivision 27; 193.143; 197.065; 197.236, subdivisions 8, 9; 197.603, subdivision 1; 197.608, subdivision 6; 197.75, subdivision 1; 197.791, subdivision 4; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 197.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 126 yeas and 6 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Acomb	Dippel	Heintzeman	Kotyza-Witthuhn	Noor	Sencer-Mura
Agbaje	Dotseth	Hemmingsen-Jaeger	Koznick	Norris	Sexton
Allen	Duran	Her	Kraft	Novotny	Skraba
Altendorf	Elkins	Hicks	Kresha	O'Driscoll	Smith
Anderson, P. E.	Engen	Hill	Lawrence	Olson	Stephenson
Anderson, P. H.	Falconer	Hollins	Lee, F.	Pérez-Vega	Stier
Backer	Feist	Hortman	Lee, K.	Perryman	Swedzinski
Bahner	Fischer	Howard	Liebling	Pinto	Tabke
Bakeberg	Fogelman	Hudson	Lillie	Pursell	Torkelson
Baker	Franson	Huot	Long	Quam	Van Binsbergen
Bennett	Frazier	Hussein	McDonald	Rarick	Vang
Berg	Frederick	Igo	Mekeland	Rehrauer	Virnig
Bierman	Freiberg	Jacob	Moller	Repinski	Warwas
Bliss	Gander	Johnson, P.	Momanyi-Hiltsley	Reyer	West
Burkel	Gillman	Johnson, W.	Mueller	Roach	Wiener
Carroll	Gordon	Jones	Murphy	Robbins	Witte
Cha	Gottfried	Jordan	Myers	Rymer	Wolgamott
Clardy	Greene	Joy	Nadeau	Schomacker	Xiong
Coulter	Greenman	Klevorn	Nash	Schultz	Youakim
Davids	Hansen, R.	Knudsen	Nelson	Schwartz	Zeleznikar
Davis	Harder	Koegel	Niska	Scott	Spk. Demuth
Those who vo	ted in the negative v	vere:			
Curran	Finke	Gomez	Hanson, J.	Keeler	Mahamoud

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

Bliss and Cha were excused for the remainder of today's session.

S. F. No. 2216, A bill for an act relating to commerce; establishing a budget for the Department of Commerce; adding, modifying, and eliminating various provisions governing insurance, financial institutions, commercial regulations and consumer protection, and telecommunications; modifying cannabis provisions; modifying fees assessed by the Department of Commerce; establishing a common interest community ombudsperson and a common interest community register; classifying data; making technical changes; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 45.027, subdivisions 1, 2, by adding a subdivision; 45.24; 46A.04; 47.20, subdivisions 2, 4a, 8; 47.77; 53B.61; 55.07, by adding a subdivision; 58B.02, subdivision 8a; 58B.051; 60A.201, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 60C.09, subdivision 2; 60D.09, by adding a subdivision; 60D.15, subdivisions 4, 7, by adding subdivisions; 60D.16, subdivision 2; 60D.17, subdivision 1; 60D.18, subdivision 3; 60D.19, subdivision 4, by adding subdivisions; 60D.20, subdivision 1; 60D.217; 60D.22, subdivisions 1, 3, 6, by adding a subdivision; 60D.24, subdivision 2; 60D.25; 62A.31, subdivisions 1r, 1w; 62A.65, subdivisions 1, 2, by adding a subdivision; 62D.12, subdivisions 2, 2a; 62D.121, subdivision 1; 62D.221, by adding a subdivision; 62J.26, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, by adding subdivisions; 620.73, subdivision 4; 65A.01, subdivision 3c; 72A.20, by adding a subdivision; 80A.65, subdivision 2; 80A.66; 80E.12; 82.63, subdivision 2; 116.943, subdivisions 1, 5; 168.27, by adding a subdivision; 216B.40; 216B.62, by adding a subdivision; 325E.3892, subdivisions 1, 2; 325F.072, subdivision 3; 325G.24, subdivision 2; 334.01, subdivision 2; 342.17; 342.37, by adding subdivisions; Laws 2023, chapter 63, article 9, section 5; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 45; 60D; 62A; 168A; 216B; 237; 239; 325E; 325F; 515B.

The bill was read for the third time and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 122 yeas and 10 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Acomb	Duran	Hemmingsen-Jaeger	Kraft	Novotny	Smith
Agbaje	Elkins	Her	Kresha	O'Driscoll	Stephenson
Allen	Engen	Hicks	Lawrence	Olson	Stier
Altendorf	Falconer	Hill	Lee, F.	Pérez-Vega	Swedzinski
Anderson, P. E.	Feist	Hollins	Lee, K.	Perryman	Tabke
Anderson, P. H.	Finke	Hortman	Liebling	Pinto	Torkelson
Backer	Fischer	Howard	Lillie	Pursell	Van Binsbergen
Bahner	Franson	Hudson	Long	Rarick	Vang
Bakeberg	Frazier	Huot	Mahamoud	Rehm	Virnig
Baker	Frederick	Hussein	McDonald	Rehrauer	Warwas
Bennett	Freiberg	Igo	Mekeland	Repinski	West
Berg	Gander	Johnson, P.	Moller	Reyer	Witte
Bierman	Gillman	Johnson, W.	Momanyi-Hiltsley	Robbins	Wolgamott
Burkel	Gomez	Jones	Mueller	Rymer	Xiong
Carroll	Gottfried	Jordan	Myers	Schomacker	Youakim
Clardy	Greene	Keeler	Nadeau	Schultz	Zeleznikar
Coulter	Greenman	Klevorn	Nash	Schwartz	Spk. Demuth
Curran	Hansen, R.	Koegel	Nelson	Scott	
Davids	Hanson, J.	Kotyza-Witthuhn	Niska	Sencer-Mura	
Dippel	Harder	Kozlowski	Noor	Sexton	
Dotseth	Heintzeman	Koznick	Norris	Skraba	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Davis	Gordon	Joy	Murphy	Roach
Fogelman	Jacob	Knudsen	Quam	Wiener

The bill was passed and its title agreed to.

H. F. No. 2403 was reported to the House.

O'Driscoll moved to amend H. F. No. 2403, the first engrossment, as follows:

Pages 10 to 17, delete sections 6 to 21

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Her moved to amend H. F. No. 2403, the first engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 93, delete article 7

Renumber the articles in sequence

Amend the title accordingly

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Her moved to amend H. F. No. 2403, the first engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 22, delete section 1

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Pursuant to Rule 10.05, relating to Remote House Operations, the DFL Caucus Leader permitted the following member to vote via remote means for the remainder of today's session: Pérez-Vega.

H. F. No. 2403, A bill for an act relating to commerce; modifying and adding various provisions governing financial institutions, insurance, limited long-term care insurance; Medicare supplement insurance, and insurance holding company systems; adopting the Uniform Special Deposits Act; modifying the Minnesota Business Corporations Act; modifying various garnishment forms; modifying various provisions implemented or enforced by the Department of Commerce; authorizing administrative rulemaking; making technical and conforming changes; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 41A.09, subdivision 2a; 45.027, subdivisions 1, 2, by adding a subdivision; 45.24; 46A.04; 47.20, subdivisions 2, 4a, 8; 47.77; 53B.61; 55.07, by adding a subdivision; 58B.02, subdivision 8a; 60C.09, subdivision 2; 60D.09, by adding a subdivision; 60D.15, subdivisions 4, 7, by adding subdivisions; 60D.16, subdivision 2; 60D.17, subdivision 1; 60D.18, subdivision 3; 60D.19, subdivision 4, by adding subdivisions; 60D.20, subdivision 1; 60D.217; 60D.22, subdivisions 1, 3, 6, by adding a subdivision; 60D.24, subdivision 2; 60D.25; 62A.31, subdivisions 1, 1f, 1h, 1p, 1u, 4; 62A.44, subdivision 2; 62A.65, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 62D.12, subdivisions 2, 2a; 62D.121, subdivision 1; 62Q.73, subdivision 4; 65B.02, subdivision 7; 65B.05; 65B.06, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 65B.10, subdivision 2; 72A.20, by adding a subdivision; 80A.66; 80E.12; 82B.19, subdivision 5; 168.27, by adding a subdivision; 239.761, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 6; 239.791, subdivision 11; 296A.01, subdivisions 20, 23, 24; 302A.011, subdivision 41, by adding subdivisions; 302A.111, subdivision 2; 302A.161, by adding a subdivision; 302A.181, by adding a subdivision; 302A.201, subdivision 1; 302A.237, by adding a subdivision; 302A.361; 302A.461, subdivision 4; 302A.471, subdivisions 1, 3; 302A.611, by adding a subdivision; 334.01, subdivision 2; 550.136, subdivisions 6, 9; 550.143, subdivisions 2, 3a, 3b, 3c; 551.05, subdivisions 1b, 1c, 1d; 551.06, subdivisions 6, 9; 571.72, subdivisions 8, 10; 571.74; 571.75, subdivision 2; 571.912; 571.914, subdivision 2; 571.925; 571.931, subdivision 6; 571.932, subdivision 2; 580.07, subdivisions 1, 2; 581.02; Laws 2024, chapter 114, article 3, section 101; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 47; 60D; 62A; 302A; 325F; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 62A.3099, subdivision 18b; 62A.31, subdivision 1w; 65B.10, subdivision 3; 325F.02; 325F.03; 325F.04; 325F.05; 325F.06; 325F.07; Laws 2023, chapter 57, article 2, section 66.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 112 yeas and 19 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Acomb	Dotseth	Hortman	Lee, F.	Pérez-Vega	Stephenson
Agbaje	Duran	Hudson	Lee, K.	Perryman	Stier
Allen	Elkins	Huot	Lillie	Pinto	Swedzinski
Altendorf	Engen	Hussein	Long	Pursell	Tabke
Anderson, P. E.	Finke	Igo	McDonald	Quam	Torkelson
Anderson, P. H.	Fischer	Jacob	Mekeland	Rarick	Van Binsbergen
Backer	Fogelman	Johnson, P.	Moller	Rehm	Vang
Bahner	Franson	Johnson, W.	Mueller	Rehrauer	Virnig
Bakeberg	Frazier	Jordan	Murphy	Repinski	Warwas
Baker	Freiberg	Joy	Myers	Reyer	West
Bennett	Gander	Klevorn	Nadeau	Robbins	Wiener
Bierman	Gillman	Knudsen	Nash	Rymer	Witte
Burkel	Gomez	Koegel	Nelson	Schomacker	Wolgamott
Carroll	Gordon	Kotyza-Witthuhn	Niska	Schultz	Xiong
Clardy	Hanson, J.	Kozlowski	Noor	Schwartz	Youakim
Curran	Harder	Koznick	Norris	Scott	Zeleznikar
Davids	Heintzeman	Kraft	Novotny	Sencer-Mura	Spk. Demuth
Davis	Her	Kresha	O'Driscoll	Sexton	-
Dippel	Hollins	Lawrence	Olson	Skraba	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Berg	Frederick	Hansen, R.	Jones	Momanyi-Hiltsley
Coulter	Gottfried	Hemmingsen-Jaeger	Keeler	Roach
Falconer	Greene	Hicks	Liebling	Smith
Feist	Greenman	Howard	Mahamoud	

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

S. F. No. 2298 was reported to the House.

Howard moved to amend S. F. No. 2298, the unofficial engrossment, as follows:

Page 12, delete subdivision 22 and insert:

"Subd. 22. Local actions to support housing. (a) When assessing applications for funding for any competitive development program, the commissioner shall award an additional point or points to the applicant, not to exceed five percent of the total available points in a given competitive development program, if the applicant's proposed project is located within a jurisdiction that meets any of the following criteria:

(1) the jurisdiction allows for the development of multifamily housing in at least 50 percent of the area within the jurisdiction zoned as a commercial district, excluding areas covered by state or local shoreland regulations;

(2) the jurisdiction allows for duplexes, accessory dwelling units, or townhomes within 50 percent of the area within the jurisdiction zoned for single-family housing, excluding areas covered by state or local shoreland regulations;

(3) the jurisdiction does not have parking mandates greater than one stall per unit of housing for single-family housing;

(4) the jurisdiction does not have parking mandates greater than one stall per unit of housing for multifamily developments;

(5) the jurisdiction does not mandate lot sizes larger than one-eighth of an acre for new single-family home construction, excluding areas covered by state or local shoreland regulations;

(6) the jurisdiction does not place aesthetic mandates on new single-family construction, including type of exterior finish materials, including siding; the presence of shutters, columns, gables, decks, balconies, or porches; or minimum garage square footage, size, width, or depth;

(7) the jurisdiction has a density bonus for affordable housing that provides for an increase in floor area and lot coverage if the housing is affordable housing; or

(8) the jurisdiction has adopted an inclusionary zoning policy for the purpose of increasing the supply of affordable housing.

(b) The commissioner shall conduct community engagement when updating the scoring criteria for competitive development programs, which shall include engagement with organizations that represent municipalities and other housing organizations.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to selection criteria and scoring systems developed on or after that day."

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

Zeleznikar moved to amend S. F. No. 2298, the unofficial engrossment, as amended, as follows:

Page 17, after line 27, insert:

"(13) one person aged 65 or older to represent aging seniors;"

Renumber the clauses in sequence

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

S. F. No. 2298, A bill for an act relating to housing; establishing budget for Minnesota Housing Finance Agency; making policy, finance, and technical changes to housing provisions; establishing a task force on homeowners and commercial property insurance; removing certain real property recording fees; transferring money; requiring a report; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 327C.095, subdivision 12; 462A.051, subdivision 2; 462A.07, subdivision 19, by adding a subdivision; 462A.2095, subdivision 3; 462A.222, by adding a subdivision; 462A.33, subdivisions 2, 9; 462A.40, subdivision 3; 507.18, subdivisions 5, 6; Laws 2023, chapter 37, article 1, section 2, subdivisions 20, 21, 29, as amended; article 2, section 10; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 462A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 16A.287; 462A.43.

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The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 106 yeas and 25 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Acomb	Duran	Hemmingsen-Jaeger	Kozlowski	Noor	Skraba
Agbaje	Elkins	Her	Kraft	Norris	Smith
Allen	Falconer	Hicks	Kresha	Novotny	Stephenson
Anderson, P. H.	Feist	Hollins	Lee, F.	O'Driscoll	Swedzinski
Backer	Finke	Hortman	Lee, K.	Olson	Tabke
Bahner	Fischer	Howard	Liebling	Pérez-Vega	Torkelson
Baker	Franson	Hudson	Lillie	Perryman	Vang
Bennett	Frazier	Huot	Long	Pinto	Virnig
Berg	Frederick	Hussein	Mahamoud	Pursell	Warwas
Bierman	Freiberg	Igo	McDonald	Rarick	West
Burkel	Gander	Johnson, P.	Mekeland	Rehm	Witte
Carroll	Gillman	Johnson, W.	Moller	Rehrauer	Wolgamott
Clardy	Gomez	Jones	Momanyi-Hiltsley	Repinski	Xiong
Coulter	Gottfried	Jordan	Myers	Reyer	Youakim
Curran	Greene	Keeler	Nadeau	Schomacker	Zeleznikar
Davids	Greenman	Klevorn	Nash	Schwartz	Spk. Demuth
Dippel	Hanson, J.	Koegel	Nelson	Sencer-Mura	
Dotseth	Heintzeman	Kotyza-Witthuhn	Niska	Sexton	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Altendorf	Fogelman	Jacob	Mueller	Schultz
Anderson, P. E.	Gordon	Joy	Murphy	Scott
Bakeberg	Hansen, R.	Knudsen	Roach	Stier
Davis	Harder	Koznick	Robbins	Van Binsbergen
Engen	Hill	Lawrence	Rymer	Wiener

The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

The Speaker resumed the Chair.

H. F. No. 2309 was reported to the House.

Rehrauer moved to amend H. F. No. 2309, the first engrossment, as follows:

Page 2, after line 7, insert:

"Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 462A.2095, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.

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(b) "Eligible household" means a household with an annual income of up to 50 percent of the area median income as determined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, adjusted for family size, that is paying more than 30 percent of the household's annual income on rent. Eligibility is determined at the time a household first receives rent assistance under this section. Eligibility Income shall be recertified every year thereafter for the purposes of determining the amount of rent assistance under subdivision 4. Eligible household does not include a household receiving federal tenant-based or project-based assistance under Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended.

(c) "Program administrator" means:

(1) a housing and redevelopment authority or other local government agency or authority that administers federal tenant-based or project-based assistance under Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended;

(2) a Tribal government or Tribally designated housing entity; or

(3) if there is no entity under clause (1) or (2) with the capacity to administer the program, a nongovernmental organization determined by the agency to have the capacity to administer the program."

Pages 5 to 6, delete sections 6 to 8

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The motion prevailed and the amendment was adopted.

H. F. No. 2309, A bill for an act relating to housing; modifying certain housing policy provisions; modifying eligibility and funding provisions for certain housing programs; modifying the high-rise sprinkler system program; authorizing housing and redevelopment authorities to create public corporations; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 15.082; 462A.051, subdivision 2; 462A.07, by adding a subdivision; 462A.202, subdivision 3a; 462A.2095, subdivision 3; 462A.33, subdivision 9; 462A.37, subdivision 2; 462A.39, subdivision 5; 462A.40, subdivisions 2, 3; 462C.02, subdivision 6; 462C.16, subdivision 1; 469.012, subdivision 2j; 477A.35, subdivision 5; 477A.36, subdivision 5; Laws 2023, chapter 37, article 1, section 2, subdivision 21; article 2, section 10; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 469.

The bill was read for the third time, as amended, and placed upon its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill and the roll was called. There were 109 yeas and 22 nays as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Acomb	Berg	Davids	Finke	Gillman	Heintzeman
Agbaje	Bierman	Dippel	Fischer	Gomez	Hemmingsen-Jaeger
Anderson, P. H.	Burkel	Dotseth	Franson	Gottfried	Her
Backer	Carroll	Duran	Frazier	Greene	Hicks
Bahner	Clardy	Elkins	Frederick	Greenman	Hill
Baker	Coulter	Falconer	Freiberg	Hansen, R.	Hollins
Bennett	Curran	Feist	Gander	Hanson, J.	Hortman

prevailed.

Howard	Kozlowski	Momanyi-Hiltsley	Pérez-Vega	Scott	West
Hudson	Kraft	Mueller	Perryman	Sencer-Mura	Witte
Huot	Kresha	Myers	Pinto	Sexton	Wolgamott
Igo	Lee, F.	Nadeau	Pursell	Skraba	Xiong
Johnson, P.	Lee, K.	Nash	Rarick	Smith	Youakim
Johnson, W.	Liebling	Nelson	Rehm	Stephenson	Zeleznikar
Jones	Lillie	Niska	Rehrauer	Swedzinski	Spk. Demuth
Jordan	Long	Noor	Repinski	Tabke	
Keeler	Mahamoud	Norris	Reyer	Torkelson	
Klevorn	McDonald	Novotny	Robbins	Vang	
Koegel	Mekeland	O'Driscoll	Schomacker	Virnig	
Kotyza-Witthuhn	Moller	Olson	Schwartz	Warwas	

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Allen	Davis	Harder	KOZNICK	Koach	van Binsbergen
Altendorf	Engen	Jacob	Lawrence	Rymer	Wiener
Anderson, P. E.	Fogelman	Joy	Murphy	Schultz	
Bakeberg	Gordon	Knudsen	Quam	Stier	

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The bill was passed, as amended, and its title agreed to.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS

Koegel moved that the name of Murphy be added as an author on H. F. No. 185. The motion prevailed. Freiberg moved that the name of Howard be added as an author on H. F. No. 1278. The motion prevailed. Carroll moved that the name of Myers be added as an author on H. F. No. 1653. The motion prevailed. Nadeau moved that the name of Stephenson be added as an author on H. F. No. 1689. The motion prevailed. Clardy moved that the name of Fischer be added as an author on H. F. No. 1793. The motion prevailed. Schwartz moved that the name of Olson be added as an author on H. F. No. 2165. The motion prevailed. Johnson, P., moved that the name of Feist be added as an author on H. F. No. 2289. The motion prevailed. Rehrauer moved that the name of Kozlowski be added as an author on H. F. No. 2309. The motion prevailed. Moller moved that the names of Hill and Tabke be added as authors on H. F. No. 3006. The motion prevailed. Rarick moved that the name of Skraba be added as an author on H. F. No. 3229. The motion prevailed. Roach moved that the names of Jacob and Knudsen be added as authors on H. F. No. 3251. The motion

Engen moved that the names of Niska and Knudsen be added as authors on H. F. No. 3253. The motion prevailed.

Engen moved that the name of Knudsen be added as an author on H. F. No. 3254. The motion prevailed.

Roach moved that the name of Jacob be added as an author on H. F. No. 3255. The motion prevailed.

Smith moved that the name of Virnig be added as an author on H. F. No. 3259. The motion prevailed.

Frederick moved that the name of Virnig be added as an author on H. F. No. 3260. The motion prevailed.

ADJOURNMENT

Niska moved that when the House adjourns today it adjourn until 11:00 a.m., Wednesday, April 30, 2025. The motion prevailed.

Niska moved that the House adjourn. The motion prevailed, and the Speaker declared the House stands adjourned until 11:00 a.m., Wednesday, April 30, 2025.

PATRICK DUFFY MURPHY, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives