1.2	Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:
1.3	"Section 1. [144.1461] DIGNITY IN PREGNANCY AND CHILDBIRTH.
1.4	Subdivision 1. Citation. This section may be cited as the "Dignity in Pregnancy and
1.5	Childbirth Act."
1.6	Subd. 2. Continuing education requirement. (a) Hospitals with obstetric care and birth
1.7	centers must provide continuing education on implicit bias. The continuing education must
1.8	be evidence-based and must include at a minimum the following criteria:
1.9	(1) education aimed at identifying personal, interpersonal, institutional, structural, and
1.10	cultural barriers to inclusion;
1.11	(2) identifying and implementing corrective measures to decrease implicit bias at the
1.12	interpersonal and institutional levels, including the institution's ongoing policies and practices;
1.13	(3) providing information on the ongoing effects of historical and contemporary exclusion
1.14	and oppression of communities with the greatest health disparities;
1.15	(4) providing information and discussion of health disparities in the perinatal health care
1.16	field including how implicit bias has different impacts on health outcomes for different
1.17	racial and ethnic communities; and
1.18	(5) soliciting perspectives of diverse, local constituency groups and experts on racial,
1.19	identity, cultural, and provider-community relationship issues.
1.20	(b) In addition to the initial continuing educational requirement in paragraph (a), hospitals
1.21	with obstetric care and birth centers must provide an annual refresher course that reflects
1.22	current trends on race, culture, identity, and institutional implicit bias.

..... moves to amend H.F. No. 3093 as follows:

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Section 1.

(c) Hospitals with obstetric care and birth centers must develop continuing education

materials on implicit bias that must be provided and updated annually for direct care

employees and contractors who routinely care for patients who are pregnant or postpartum.

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(d) Hospitals with obstetric care and birth centers shall coordinate with health care licensing boards to obtain continuing education credits for the trainings and materials required in this section. The commissioner of health shall monitor compliance with this section. Initial training for the continuing education requirements in this subdivision must be completed by December 31, 2021. The commissioner may inspect the training records or require reports on the continuing education materials in this section from hospitals with obstetric care and birth centers.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 145.901, is amended to read:

## 145.901 MATERNAL MORBIDITY AND DEATH STUDIES.

Subdivision 1. **Purpose.** (a) The commissioner of health may conduct maternal <u>morbidity</u> and death studies to assist the planning, implementation, and evaluation of medical, health, and welfare service systems and to reduce the numbers of preventable <u>adverse</u> maternal outcomes and deaths in Minnesota.

(b) For purposes of this section, "maternal morbidity" means a health condition of a pregnant or postpartum woman, the treatment of which includes the transfusion of four or more units of blood to the pregnant or postpartum woman or admission of the pregnant or postpartum woman to an intensive care unit.

Subd. 2. Access to data. (a) The commissioner of health has access to medical data as defined in section 13.384, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), medical examiner data as defined in section 13.83, subdivision 1, and health records created, maintained, or stored by providers as defined in section 144.291, subdivision 2, paragraph (h) (c), without the consent of the subject of the data, and without the consent of the parent, spouse, other guardian, or legal representative of the subject of the data, when the subject of the data is a woman who died or experienced morbidities during a pregnancy or within 12 months of a fetal death, a live birth, or other termination of a pregnancy.

The commissioner has access only to medical data and health records related to <u>maternal</u> morbidities and deaths that occur on or after July 1, 2000, including the names of the providers and clinics where care was received before, during, or related to the pregnancy or death. The commissioner has access to records maintained by substance use treatment facilities, law enforcement, the medical examiner, coroner, or hospitals for the purpose of

Sec. 2. 2

providing the name and location of any pre-pregnancy, prenatal, or postpartum care received by the subject of the data.

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- (b) The provider or responsible authority that creates, maintains, or stores the data shall furnish the data upon the request of the commissioner. The provider or responsible authority may charge a fee for providing the data, not to exceed the actual cost of retrieving and duplicating the data.
- (c) The commissioner shall make a good faith reasonable effort to notify the <u>subject of the data</u>, or the <u>subject's</u> parent, spouse, other guardian, or legal representative of the <u>subject of the data</u> before collecting data on the subject. For purposes of this paragraph, "reasonable effort" means one notice is sent by certified mail to the last known address of the <u>subject of the data</u>, or the <u>subject's parent</u>, spouse, guardian, or legal representative informing the recipient of the data collection and offering a public health nurse support visit if desired.
- (d) The commissioner does not have access to coroner or medical examiner data that are part of an active investigation as described in section 13.83.
- (e) The commissioner may request and receive from a coroner or medical examiner the name of the health care provider that provided prenatal, postpartum, and other health services to the subject of the data.
- (f) The commissioner may access Department of Human Services data to identify sources of care and services to assist with the evaluation of welfare systems to reduce preventable maternal deaths.
- Subd. 3. **Management of records.** After the commissioner has collected all data about a subject of a maternal <u>morbidity or death</u> study needed to perform the study, the data from source records obtained under subdivision 2, other than data identifying the subject, must be transferred to separate records to be maintained by the commissioner. Notwithstanding section 138.17, after the data have been transferred, all source records obtained under subdivision 2 possessed by the commissioner must be destroyed.
- Subd. 4. Classification of data. (a) Data provided to the commissioner from source records under subdivision 2, including identifying information on individual providers, data subjects, or their children, and data derived by the commissioner under subdivision 3 for the purpose of carrying out maternal morbidity and death studies, are classified as confidential data on individuals or confidential data on decedents, as defined in sections 13.02, subdivision 3, and 13.10, subdivision 1, paragraph (a).

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(b) Information classified under paragraph (a) shall not be subject to discovery or
introduction into evidence in any administrative, civil, or criminal proceeding. Such
information otherwise available from an original source shall not be immune from discovery
or barred from introduction into evidence merely because it was utilized by the commissioner
in carrying out maternal morbidity and death studies.
(c) Summary data on maternal morbidity and death studies created by the commissioner,
which does not identify individual data subjects or individual providers, shall be public in
accordance with section 13.05, subdivision 7.
(d) Data provided by the commissioner of human services to the commissioner of health
under this section retains the same classification the data held when retained by the
commissioner of human services, as required under section 13.03, subdivision 4, paragraph
<u>(c).</u> "
Delete the title and insert:
"A bill for an act
relating to health; establishing the Dignity in Pregnancy and Childbirth Act; requiring continuing education on implicit bias, maternal hypertension, and obstetric

hemorrhage; expanding the maternal death studies conducted by the commissioner

of health to include maternal morbidity; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, section

145.901; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 144."

Sec. 2. 4