What we do

Value

- Market Value
 - ✓ Land
 - √ Building
- Mass Appraisal

Market Value defined:

"the price that would tend to prevail under typical, normal competitive open market conditions."

Mass Appraisal defined:

"the process of valuing a group of properties as of a given date using common data, standardized methods, and statistical testing."

What we do

Classify

- According to use
- Classifications are defined in Minnesota
 Statutes



Class	Description	Tiers	NTC Class Rate	Subject to RWV Tax	Subject to State Tax
1a	Residential Homestead	First \$500,000	1.00%	Yes	No
		Over \$500,000	1.25%	Yes	No
1b	Homestead of Persons who are Blind/Disabled	First \$50,000	0.45%	Yes - 45%	No
	[classifiec as 1a or 2a]	\$50,000 - \$500,000	1.00%	Yes	No
	[classifiec as 1a or 2a]	Over \$500,000	1.25%	Yes	No
10	Homestead Resort	First \$600,000	0.50%	Yes - 50%	No
10	nomestead resort	\$600,001 - \$2,300,000	1.00%	Yes	No
			1.25%	Yes	Yes
- 1		Over \$2,300,000			
1d	Housing for Seasonal Workers	First \$500,000 Over \$500,000	1.00%	Yes	No No
20	Agricultural Homestead - House, Garage, 1 Acre (HGA)	First \$500,000	1.00%	Yes	No
20	Agriculturarrioniesteac riocse, darage, 1 Acre (rioA)	Over \$500,000	1.25%	Yes	No
2a/2b	Agricultural Homestead First Tier	First \$1,900,000	0.50%	No	No
2a/2b		Unused First Tier	0.50%	No	No
	Farm Entities Remaining First Tier	Unused First Her			
2a/2b	Agricultural - Nonhomestead or Excess First Tier		1.00%	No	No
2b	Rural Vacant Land		1.00%	No	No
2c	Managed Forest Land		0.65%	No	No
2d	Private Airport		1.00%	No	No
2e	Commercial Aggregate Deposit		1.00%	No	No
3a	Commercial/Industrial/Utility (not including utility machinery)	First \$100,000	1.50%	Yes	No
		\$100,001 - \$150,000	1.50%	Yes	Yes
		Over \$150,000	2.00%	Yes	Yes
	Electric Generation Public Utility Machinery	OV. 3130,000	2.00%	Yes	No
	All Other Public Utility Machinery		2.00%	Yes	Yes
	Transmission Line Right-of-Way		2.00%	Yes	Yes
4a	Residential Nonhomestead 4+ Units		1.25%	Yes	No
4b(1)	Residential Nonhomestead 1-3 Units		1.25%	Yes	No
4b(2)	Unclassified Manufacturec Home		1.25%	Yes	No
4b(3)	Agricultural Nonhomestead Residence (2-3 Units)		1.25%	Yes	No
4b[4]	Unimproved Residential Land		1.25%	Yes	No
4bb(1)	Residential Norhomestead Single Unit	First \$500,000	1.00%	Yes	No
400(1)	Residential Norhomestead Single Onic				
		Over \$500,000	1.25%	Yes	No
4bb(2)	Agricultural Nonhomestead Single Unit (HGA)	First \$500,000	1.00%	Yes	No
		Over \$500,000	1.25%	Yes	No
4bb(3)	Concominium Storage Unit	First \$500,000	1.00%	Yes	No
		Over \$500,000	1.25%	Yes	No
4c(1)	Seasonal Residential Recreational Commercial (resort)	First \$500,000	1.00%	Yes	Yes
(=)	ocasar ar rias activities activit	Over \$500,000	1.25%	Yes	Yes
4c(2)	Qualifying Golf Course	010,000,000	1.25%	Yes	No
	Nonprofit Community Service Org. (non-revenue)		1.50%	Yes	No
4c(3)(i)					
	Congressionally Chartered Veterans Organizations (non-revenue)		1.00%	Yes	No
4c(3)(ii)	Nonprofit Community Service Org. (donations)		1.50%	Yes	Yes
	Congressionally Chartered Veterans Organizations (donations)		1.00%	Yes	Yes
4c(4)	Post-Secondary Student Housing		1.00%	No	No
4c(5)(i)	Manufactured Home Park		1.25%	Yes	No
4c[5](ii)	Manufactured Home Park (>50% owner-occupied)		0.75%	Yes - 75%	No
4c(5)(ii)	Manufactured Home Park (50% or less owner occupied)		1.00%	Yes	No
4c(5)(iii)	Class I Manufactured Home Park		1.00%	Yes	No
4c(6)	Metro Nonprofit Recreational Property		1.25%	Yes	No
4c(7)	Certain Noncommercial Aircraft Hangars and Land (leased land)		1.50%	Yes	No
4c[8]	Certain Noncommercial Aircraft Hangars and Land (private land)		1.50%	Yes	No
4c(9)	Bed & Breakfast		1.25%	Yes	No
4c(10)	Seasonal Restaurant on a Lake		1.25%	Yes	No
4c(11)	Marina	First \$500,000	1.00%	Yes	No
		Over \$500,000	1.25%	Yes	No
4c(12)	Seasonal Residential Recreational Noncommercial	First \$76,000	1.00%	No	Yes - 0.40%
40(12)	acesor at restochdet recreational Noncommercial				
		\$76,001 \$500,000	1.00%	No	Yes - 1.00%
		Over \$500,000	1.25%	No	Yes - 1.25%
4d	Low Income Rental Housing (Per Unit)	First \$162,000	0.75%	Yes - 75%	No
		Over \$162,000	0.25%	Yes - 25%	No
1000	Unmined Iron Ore and Low-Grade Iron-Bearing Formations		2.00%	Yes	Yes
5(1)					

How we do it

Statutes

- > 80 commonly used statutes
- Most are in M.S. 272-274

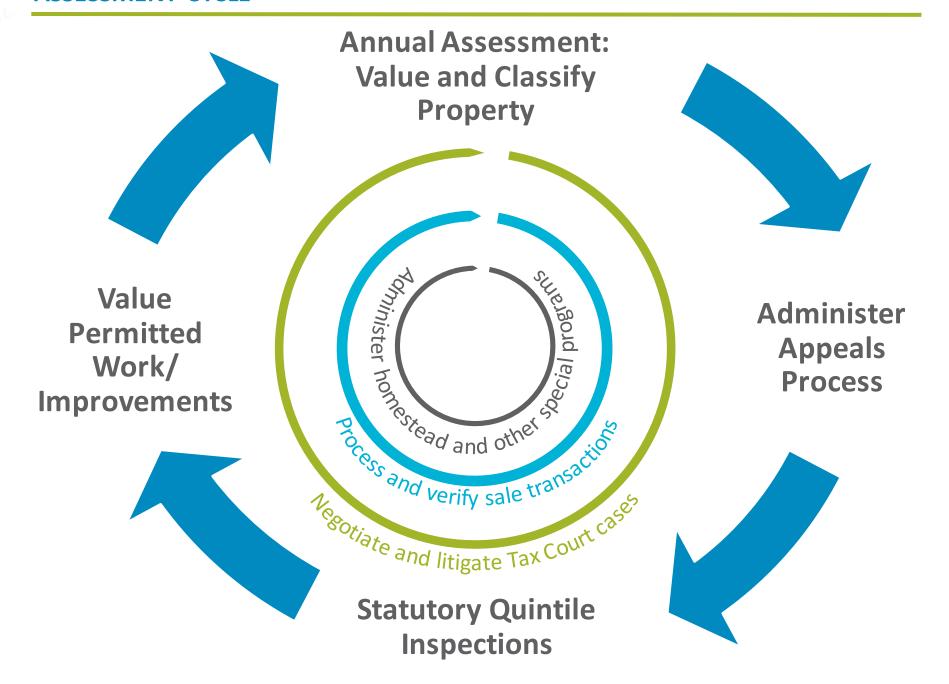
Rules/Policies

- Minnesota Department of Revenue
- State Board of Assessors

Standards

- IAAO
- USPAP Mass Appraisal

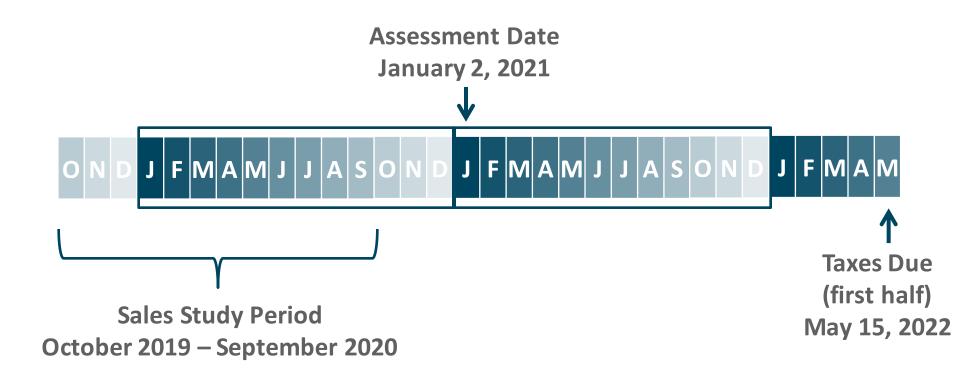
3



Annual Assessment: Value and Classify

- January 2 Assessment Date
- Real and Personal Property
- Sales Study period
 - Sales between October 1, 2019 September 30, 2020 used to determine January 2, 2021 value

Annual Assessment: Value and Classify



Annual Assessment: Value and Classify

- Sales Study period, continued
 - Sales Ratio = Estimated Market Value / Sale Price

```
Assessor's EMV = $270,000
Sale Price = $300,000
$270,000 / $300,000 = 90.0%
```

• Sales Ratio standard = 90 - 105%

ASSESSMENT CYCLE

Annual Assessment: Value and Classify

- Computer Aided Mass Appraisal (CAMA)
- Classify property according to use
- Notices of Valuation and Classification mailed between January and March

Administer Appeals Process

- Informal Appeals
- Local Board of Appeal and Equalization
- County Board of Appeal and Equalization
- Tax Court

Statutory Quintile Inspections

- Physically inspect property
- Every five (5) years
- Typical process: notify, inspection, photo, sketch and document characteristics (condition, age, dimensions and amenities)

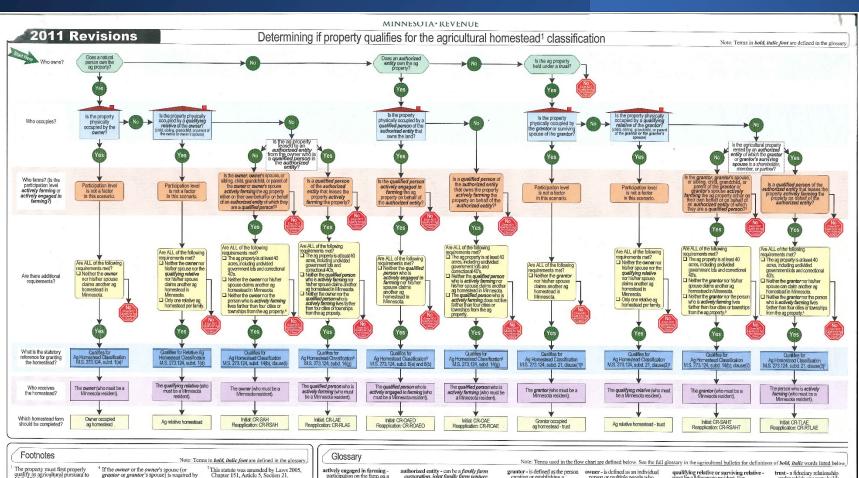
Value Permitted Work/Improvements

- Physical changes: additions, remodels, new construction
- Improvements are allocated separately from market changes

Year round processes and tasks

- Tax Court negotiations and litigation
- Sales processing and verification
- Homestead and other special program administration
 - Homestead
 - Relative Homestead
 - Ag Homestead
 - Blind/Disabled
 - Disabled Veteran's Exclusion
 - Platted Law
 - Green Acres
 - Rural Preserve
 - Open Space
 - 2C Managed Forest

Ag Homestead Flow Chart



qualify as agricultural pursuant to M.S. 273.13, subd. 23.

If the entire property including the HGA is leased, the property must meet the requirements of M.S. 273.124, subd. 8(c) to qualify as an owner occupied ag homestead.

In some cases, the Farm Service Agency number may be in an authorized entity's name when the person actively farming is doing so on behalf of the authorized entity. granter or granter's spouse) is required by their employer to live in employer-provided housing, the owner or owner's spouse, whomever is actively farming the agricultural property, may live more than four townships or cities, or combination of four townships or cities from the agricultural

property.
This is limited to authorized entities with 12 In its immed to authorized entities with 12 or fewer members, shareholders or partners.

6 If the entire property including the HGA is leased, the property must qualify under M.S. 273.124, subd. 21, clause (3) to qualify as an owner occupied ag hornestead.

Chapter 151, Article 5, Section 21. Previously, this provision required a qualified person of the authorized entity to occupy the property and actively farm it on behalf of the authorized entity to receive homestead (the qualified person did not have to be the grantor, spouse of the grantor or son or daughter of the grantor). Those receiving homestead under this clause for taxes payable in 2005, but no longer qualify due to the 2005 law change, may continue to receive honorestead as long as the requirements of this clause as it existed for taxes payable in 2005 are met.

actively engaged in farming -participation on the farm on a regular and substantial basis. The person who is actively engaged in farming must be a Minnesota resident.

actively farming - participation in the day-to-day decision making, labor, administration and management of the farm as well as assuming all or a portion of the financial risks and sharing in any profits or losses. The person who is actively farming must be a Minnesota resident.

authorized entity - can be a family farm corporation, joint family farm wenture, familed limbilly company, or partnership and the company of the company (operating a family farm), candinated for minetal family farm), family farm, family farm, family farm, family farm, company (operating a family family, company (operating a family farm); family farm partnership; general partnership (operating a family farm).

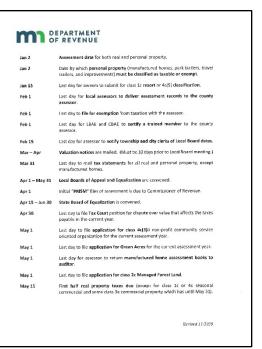
creating or establishing a testamentary, inter vivos revocable or irrevocable trust by written instrument or through the exercise of a power of appointment (M.S. 273.124, subdivision 21). For property that is held under a trust to receive an agricultural homestead, the grantor must be a Minnesota resident, and neither the grantor nor the spouse of the grantor can claim another agricultural homestead.

person or multiple people who own the property (i.e. not owned by a business or entity). To receive an agricultural homestead, the owner must be a Minnesota resident, and neither the owner nor the spouse of the owner can claim another agricultural homestead. qualified person - must be a Minnesota resident and can be a: member in an authorized entity; a shareholder in an authorized entity; or a partner in an authorized

qualifying relative or surviving relative-must be a Minnesota resident. For agricultural property a qualified relative can be a child, sibling, grandchild or parent of the owner or grantor of the agricultural property or a child, sibling or grandchild of property or a crind, strong or grandentia of the spouse of the owner or grantor of the agricultural property (M.S. 273.124, subdivision 1(d)). The list of relatives for residential property is different (M.S. 273.124, subdivision 1(e)).

under which one party holds property for the benefit of another party. trustee - means the party that holds property rights for the benefit of another party through

ANNUAL CALENDAR DATES & DEADLINES





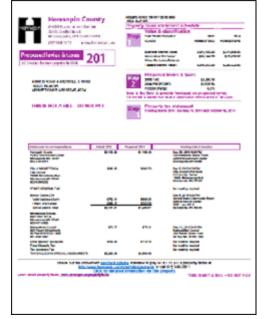
May 29	Last day for owners of manufactured homes assessed as personal property to establish and apply to assessor for homestead treatment.
June (or before)	The assessor must notify the Commissioner of Revenue of any changes made to the PRISM 1 file (preliminary assessment) within 10 days of the final action of the Local Boards and within 5 days of the County Boards.
June 1	Last day to file application for Metropolitan Agricultural Preserves. (Except for 2010, the date is August $1.\}$
June 1	The assessor must notify owners of their property's contamination value by June 1 or within 30 days after the reduction in value is finally granted.
June (3rd Mon)	Assessor sends summaries of assessment to the auditor.
June	County Board of Appeal and Equalization convenes. (Any day after the second Friday for up to 10 meeting days.)
June 30	Last day for the Commissioner of Revenue to certify changes in assessments as revised by the State Board of Equalization to county auditors unless the abstract was late.
July 1	Cut-off date for changes in taxable/exempt status to be effective for the current assessment year.
July 1	All assessments of real and personal property are finalized. No changes, except where authorized, may be made after this date.
July 1	Last day property owners can notify the county assessor of entity-owned property that may qualify for value linkage to their individually-owned and homestead agricultural property to receive the lower first tier agricultural homestead classification rate for the current assessment year.
July 15	Last day to mail tax statements to owners of manufactured homes.
Aug 5	Last day for assessors in counties with fiscal disparities to certify to their auditors the net tax capacity of commercial-industrial property within each municipality as determined before any adjustments under the Tax Increment Law.
Aug 15	Last day to file for Property Tax Refund, form M-1PR.
Aug 31	Last day to pay first half of personal property tax on manufactured homes.

Revised 11/2020

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE Last day for assessors to file the final PRISM submission of Assessment with Sept 1 the Commissioner of Revenue. Last day for assessors to submit the PRISM 4 Manufactured Home File. Sept 1 Last day for taxpayers to apply to for Class 1b (blind & disabled) for current Oct 1 Oct 15 Last day for assessors to certify approval of applications for Open Space for Last day to pay second half of real estate taxes unless part of the parcel is Oct 15 Last day to file application for Open Space for the next assessment year. Nov 3 Last day for senior citizens to file for property tax deferral (for the next year's Nov 15 Last day to pay second half of personal property taxes on manufactured homes and second half of real estate taxes on parcels with any class 2a agricultural land. Last day for real property owners to establish homestead for the current year, and for the assessor to publish a newspaper notice of the requirement to file an application for homestead by December 15. Dec 1 County assessor may examine appraisal records of local assessors. Last day disabled veterans can file applications for value exclusion for the Dec 15 Dec 15 Last day for taxpayers to file a homestead application with the assessor for last day for assessor to file a copy of the corrections of clerical and Dec 31 rative errors made after Local and County Boards of Appeal and Equalization with the county board of commissioners. Dec 31 Expiration of terms of county assessors every 4th year (2016, 2020, cct.). last day to change assessment rolls to remove property that has become tax-Dec 31 forfeited, or add tax-forfeited property that has been repurchased or sold Revised 11/2020

Value Notices, Tax Statements and TNTs







Value Notice



Proposed Tax
Statement



Tax Statement



J F M A M J J A S O N D J F M

YEAR 1

YEAR 2

RESOURCES

Minnesota Department of Revenue – Property Tax Administrators

http://www.revenue.state.mn.us/local_gov/prop_tax_admin/Pages/Whats-New.aspx

IAAO

MAAO

2020/2021 MAAO LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Updated 12/22/2020

COMMITTEE CHAIR
Mark Peterson

Cass County Assessor PO Box 3000 Walker, MN 56484 218-547-7239 CELL: 218-760-3158

mark.peterson@co.cass.mn.us

REGION I Mark Krupski

Olmsted County Director of Property Records and Licensing 151 4th Street SE Rochester, MN 55904 507-328-7663

CELL: 507-208-6095

krupski.mark@co.olmsted.mn.us

REGION II Michael Sheplee

Martin County Assessor 201 Lake Ave Fairmont, MN 56031 507-238-3278 Cell: 612-418-6584

mike.sheplee@.co.martin.mn.us

REGION III Jeff Johnson

Stearns County Property Services Division Director 705 Courthouse Square St Cloud, MN 56303 320-656-3683 CELL: 320-293-4589

jeff.johnson@co.stearns.mn.us

REGION IV
Robert Thompson

Cook County Assessor 411 W 2nd St Grand Marais, MN 55604 218-387-3653 Cell: 952-486-2494 Bob.Thompson@Co.Cook.MN.US REGION V
Tom Houselog

Rock County Land Records Director

PO Box 509 Luverne, MN 56156 507-283-5022 CELL: 507-215-0797

tom.houselog@co.rock.mn.us

REGION VI Sandy Vold

Big Stone County Assessor 20 2nd Street SE Ortonville, MN 56278 320-839-6363 CELL: 320-808-6747

sandv.vold@co.big-stone.mn.us

REGION VII Nathan Aakre

Moorhead City Assessor 500 Center Ave Moorhead, MN 56560 218-299-5167 CELL: 218-979-7295

nathan.aakre@ci.moorhead.mn.us

REGION VIII Joe Skerik

Beltrami County Assessor 701 Minnesota Ave, Suite 130 Bemidji, MN 56601 218-333-4146

CELL: 218-556-6316 joe.skerik@co.beltrami.mn.us

REGION IX (provisional member) Rebecca Malmquist

City of Minneapolis Assessor 309 Second Avenue S, Room 100 Minneapolis, MN 55401

612-673-2347 CELL: 612-704-2979

Rebecca.malmquist@minneapolis.gov

REGION IX
Joshua Hoogland

Assistant Hennepin County Assessor A-2103 Government Center Minneapolis, MN 55487 612-348-8853

CELL: 612-245-5653

Joshua.hoogland@hennepin.us

REGION IX

James Atchison

Hennepin County Assessor A-2103 Government Center Minneapolis, MN 55487

612-348-4567

CELL: 612-803-0612 james.atchison@hennepin.us

REGION IX Kent Smith

City of Bloomington 1800 West Old Shakopee Road Bloomington, MN 55431 952-563-8707

CELL: 952-210-2391

ksmith@bloomingtonMN.gov

LEGISLATIVE LIAISON
AMC Matt Hilgart

125 Charles Avenue Saint Paul, MN 55103-2108

651-789-4343 CELL: 612-805-5088 mhilgart@mncounties.org



MINNESOTA ASSOCIATION OF ASSESSING OFFICERS (MAAO)

Position Statement for 2021 Legislative Session

Adopted by the MAAO Executive Board on August 4, 2020

- 1. MAAO supports the production of high-quality annual assessments through uniform and consistent application of best practices in assessment administration.
- 2. MAAO supports the safety and security of assessors engaged in property reviews for taxation purposes.
- 3. MAAO supports the principle of ad valorem taxation taxation based on market value, as a major component of a diverse budget-based tax system. Such a system should be:
 - Based upon a uniform and equitable tax base.
 - A reliable source of revenue for local taxing authorities.
 - Accountable and justifiable with similar properties.
 - Understandable and transparent to taxpayers.
 - Consistent with the most recent standards published by the International Association of Assessing Officers.
 - a) MAAO believes adjustments to market value, such as limitations on assessors' estimated market values, acquisition values, deferments, exclusions or exemptions, creates inequities between taxpayers.
 - b) MAAO supports good tax policy that treats all taxpayers in a consistent manner. MAAO opposes classifications or programs that target only a small number of taxpayers.
 - c) MAAO encourages the continued use of state administered programs, such as the property tax refund program, special targeted refunds, the income tax system, etc., if policy makers wish to grant additional tax relief.
 - d) MAAO supports legislation and policies that are consistent with accepted standards of appraisal and assessment practices.
- **4. MAAO** supports consolidating agricultural land and buildings (excluding house, garage and one acre) into a single classification rate. Changes to the qualifications for agricultural homestead have added to the complexity of administration of the agricultural homestead classification and confusion on the part of taxpayers.
- **5. MAAO** supports legislation to make the classification system more understandable and transparent by consolidating the existing classes. We do so for the following reasons:
 - Easier for taxpayers to understand.
 - Streamline administration costs to local governments.
 - The tiered classification system increases complexity and produces unexpected property tax shifting.
- 6. MAAO supports a taxpayer appeal process that encourages timely resolution and open communication between taxpayers and assessors.
- 7. MAAO believes that new state mandated programs be funded by the state.

Footnote: Additional references may be made by reading, "Standard on Property Tax Policy", IAAO, January 2010.