REVISOR OF STATUTES
OFFICE BY

Cindy K. Maxwell

1.1	Hansen from the Environment and Natural Resources Finance Division to which was referred:
1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 1.7 1.8 1.9 1.10	H. F. No. 2209, A bill for an act relating to state government; appropriating money for environment and natural resources; modifying fees; creating accounts and providing for disposition of certain receipts; modifying public sale requirements for surplus state-owned land; modifying bough buyer provisions; modifying certain permit provisions; authorizing sales of certain surplus state land; amending Minnesota Statutes 2018, sections 85.42; 85.47; 86B.415, subdivisions 1, 1a, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7; 88.642, subdivisions 1, 3; 88.6435; 90.01, by adding a subdivision; 90.195; 94.10, subdivision 2; 97A.075, subdivision 1; 103G.301, subdivision 2; Laws 2016, chapter 189, article 3, sections 2, subdivision 2; 3, subdivision 8; Laws 2017, chapter 93, article 1, section 2, subdivision 6.
1.12	Reported the same back with the following amendments:
1.13	Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:
1.14	"ARTICLE 1
1.15	ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES APPROPRIATIONS
1.16	Section 1. ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES APPROPRIATIONS.
1.17	The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies
1.18	and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund,
1.19	or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose.
1.20	The figures "2020" and "2021" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under
1.21	them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, or June 30, 2021, respectively.
1.22	"The first year" is fiscal year 2020. "The second year" is fiscal year 2021. "The biennium"
1.23	is fiscal years 2020 and 2021. Appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, are
1.24	effective the day following final enactment.
1.25	APPROPRIATIONS
1.26	Available for the Year
1.27	Ending June 30

1.28

2020

2021

Sec. 2. POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY 2.1 104,873,000 \$ 103,365,000 Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation \$ 2.2 Appropriations by Fund 2.3 2020 2021 2.4 General 7,956,000 6,740,000 2.5 State Government 2.6 Special Revenue 75,000 75,000 2.7 81,110,000 82,440,000 Environmental 2.8 Remediation 14,110,000 14,110,000 2.9 Closed Landfill 2.10 Investment 1,622,000 -0-2.11 The amounts that may be spent for each 2.12 purpose are specified in the following 2.13 subdivisions. 2.14 Subd. 2. Environmental Analysis and Outcomes 13,468,000 13,308,000 2.15 Appropriations by Fund 2.16 2020 2021 2.17 General 596,000 346,000 2.18 Environmental 12,671,000 12,761,000 2.19 Remediation 201,000 201,000 2.20 (a) \$89,000 the first year and \$89,000 the 2.21 second year are for: 2.22 (1) a municipal liaison to assist municipalities 2.23 in implementing and participating in the 2.24 rulemaking process for water quality standards 2.25 and navigating the NPDES/SDS permitting 2.26 process; 2.27 (2) enhanced economic analysis in the 2.28

rulemaking process for water quality

standards, including more-specific analysis

and identification of cost-effective permitting;

(3) developing statewide economic analyses

and templates to reduce the amount of

information and time required for

2.29

2.30

2.31

2.32

2.33

2.34

3.1	municipalities to apply for variances from
3.2	water quality standards; and
3.3	(4) coordinating with the Public Facilities
3.4	Authority to identify and advocate for the
3.5	resources needed for municipalities to achieve
3.6	permit requirements.
3.7	(b) \$205,000 the first year and \$205,000 the
3.8	second year are from the environmental fund
3.9	for a monitoring program under Minnesota
3.10	Statutes, section 116.454.
3.11	(c) \$115,000 the first year and \$115,000 the
3.12	second year are for monitoring water quality
3.13	and operating assistance programs.
3.14	(d) \$347,000 the first year and \$347,000 the
3.15	second year are from the environmental fund
3.16	for monitoring ambient air for hazardous
3.17	pollutants.
3.18	(e) \$90,000 the first year and \$90,000 the
3.19	second year are from the environmental fund
3.20	for duties related to harmful chemicals in
3.21	products under Minnesota Statutes, sections
3.22	116.9401 to 116.9407. Of this amount,
3.23	\$57,000 each year is transferred to the
3.24	commissioner of health.
3.25	(f) \$109,000 the first year and \$109,000 the
3.26	second year are from the environmental fund
3.27	for registering wastewater laboratories.
3.28	(g) \$926,000 the first year and \$926,000 the
3.29	second year are from the environmental fund
3.30	to continue perfluorochemical biomonitoring
3.31	in eastern metropolitan communities, as
3.32	recommended by the Environmental Health
3.33	Tracking and Biomonitoring Advisory Panel,
3.34	and to address other environmental health

4.33

4.34

future releases from underground petroleum

storage tanks and for the petroleum

5.1	remediation program for vapor assessment				
5.2	and remediation. These same annual amounts				
5.3	are transferred from the petroleum tank fund				
5.4	to the remediation fund.				
5.5	(b) \$393,000 the first year and \$393,000 the				
5.6	second year are from the environmental fund				
5.7	to further evaluate the use and reduction of				
5.8	trichloroethylene around Minnesota and				
5.9	identify its potential health impacts on				
5.10	communities. Of this amount, up to \$121,000				
5.11	each year may be transferred to the				
5.12	commissioner of health. This is a onetime				
5.13	appropriation.				
5.14	Subd. 4. Municipal	8,232,000	7,859,000		
5.15	Appropriations by Fund				
5.16	<u>2020</u> <u>2021</u>				
5.17	<u>General</u> <u>164,000</u> <u>164,000</u>				
5.18	Environmental 8,068,000 7,695,000				
5.19	(a) \$164,000 the first year and \$164,000 the				
5.20	second year are for:				
5.21	(1) a municipal liaison to assist municipalities				
5.22	in implementing and participating in the				
5.23	rulemaking process for water quality standards				
5.24	and navigating the NPDES/SDS permitting				
5.25	process;		0		
5.26	(2) enhanced economic analysis in the				
5.27	rulemaking process for water quality				
5.28	standards, including more-specific analysis				
5.29	and identification of cost-effective permitting;				
5.30	(3) developing statewide economic analyses				
5.31	and templates to reduce the amount of				
5.32	information and time required for				
5.33	municipalities to apply for variances from				
5.34	water quality standards; and				

6.1	(4) coordinating with the Public Facilities
6.2	Authority to identify and advocate for the
6.3	resources needed for municipalities to achieve
6.4	permit requirements.
6.5	(b) \$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the
6.6	second year are from the environmental fund
6.7	for transfer to the Office of Administrative
6.8	Hearings to establish sanitary districts.
6.9	(c) \$671,000 the first year and \$671,000 the
6.10	second year are from the environmental fund
6.11	for subsurface sewage treatment system
6.12	(SSTS) program administration and
6.13	community technical assistance and education,
6.14	including grants and technical assistance to
6.15	communities for water-quality protection. Of
6.16	this amount, \$129,000 each year is for
6.17	assistance to counties through grants for SSTS
6.18	program administration. A county receiving
6.19	a grant from this appropriation must submit
6.20	the results achieved with the grant to the
6.21	commissioner as part of its annual SSTS
6.22	report. Any unexpended balance in the first
6.23	year does not cancel but is available in the
6.24	second year.
6.25	(d) \$784,000 the first year and \$784,000 the
6.26	second year are from the environmental fund
6.27	to address the need for continued increased
6.28	activity in new technology review, technical
6.29	assistance for local governments, and
6.30	enforcement under Minnesota Statutes,
6.31	sections 115.55 to 115.58, and to complete the
6.32	requirements of Laws 2003, chapter 128,
6.33	article 1, section 165.
6.34	(e) \$373,000 the first year is from the
6.35	environmental fund to meet the increased

7.1	demand for technical assistance and review				
7.2	of municipal water infrastructure projects that				
7.3	will be generated by increased grant funding				
7.4	through the Public Facilities Authority. This				
7.5	is a onetime appropriatio	n and is availab	<u>le</u>		
7.6	until June 30, 2021.				
7.7	(f) Notwithstanding Min	nesota Statutes,			
7.8	section 16A.28, the appre	opriations			
7.9	encumbered on or before	June 30, 2021,	as		
7.10	grants or contracts for su	bsurface sewage	2		*
7.11	treatment systems, surface	ce water and			
7.12	groundwater assessments	s, storm water, a	nd		
7.13	water-quality protection	in this subdivisi	<u>on</u>		32
7.14	are available until June 3	30, 2024.			
7.15	Subd. 5. Operations 7,526,000				
7.16	Appropria	tions by Fund			
7.17	1	2020	2021		
7.18	General	2,490,000	2,490,000		
7.19	Environmental	4,208,000	5,019,000		
7.20	Remediation	828,000	828,000		
7.21	(a) \$180,000 the first year and \$180,000 the				
7.22	second year are from the	remediation fun	d for		
7.23	the leaking underground	storage tank prog	gram		
7.24	to investigate, clean up,	and prevent futu	ire		
7.25	releases from underground	nd petroleum sto	orage		
7.26	tanks and for the petrole	um remediation			
7.27	program for vapor assess	sment and			
7.28	remediation. These same annual amounts are				
7.29	transferred from the petroleum tank fund to				
7.30	the remediation fund.				
7.31	(b) \$2,490,000 the first year and \$2,490,000				
7.32	the second year are to support agency				,
7.33	information technology services provided at				
7.34	the enterprise and agency level.				

9.1	the environmental fund in fiscal year 2022 and		
9.2	later is \$363,000.		
9.3	(c) \$3,961,000 the first year and \$3,961,000		
9.4	the second year are from the remediation fund		
9.5	for the leaking underground storage tank		
9.6	program to investigate, clean up, and prevent		
9.7	future releases from underground petroleum		
9.8	storage tanks and for the petroleum		
9.9	remediation program for vapor assessment	*	
9.10	and remediation. These same annual amounts		
9.11	are transferred from the petroleum tank fund		
9.12	to the remediation fund.		
9.13	(d) \$257,000 the first year and \$257,000 the		
9.14	second year are from the remediation fund for		
9.15	transfer to the commissioner of health for		
9.16	private water-supply monitoring and health		
9.17	assessment costs in areas contaminated by		
9.18	unpermitted mixed municipal solid waste		2
9.19	disposal facilities and drinking water		
9.20	advisories and public information activities		
9.21	for areas contaminated by hazardous releases.		
9.22	(e) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,		
9.23	section 115B.421, \$1,622,000 the first year is		
9.24	from the closed landfill investment fund for		
9.25	settling obligations with the federal		
9.26	government, remedial investigations,		
9.27	feasibility studies, engineering, and		
9.28	cleanup-related activities for purposes of		
9.29	environmental response actions at a priority		
9.30	qualified facility under Minnesota Statutes,		
9.31	sections 115B.406 and 115B.407. This is a		
9.32	onetime appropriation and is available until		
9.33	June 30, 2021.		
9.34	Subd. 7. Resource Management and Assistan	<u>34,549,000</u>	34,701,000

10.1	Appropriations by Fund					
10.2			2020	2021		
10.3	General		950,000	700,000		
10.4 10.5	State Governm Special Revenu		75,000	75,000		
10.6	Environmental		33,524,000	33,926,000		
10.7	(a) Up to \$150,	000 the fi	rst year and \$	S150,000		
10.8	the second year	r may be	transferred f	rom the		
10.9	environmental	fund to t	he small busi	ness		
10.10	environmental	improve	ment loan acc	count		
10.11	under Minneso	ota Statute	es, section 11	6.993.		
10.12	(b) \$1,000,000	the first	year and \$1,0	000,000		
10.13	the second yea	r are for	competitive r	recycling		
10.14	grants under M	<u> Iinnesota</u>	Statutes, sec	tion		
10.15	115A.565. Of the	his amouı	nt, \$700,000 e	each year		
10.16	is from the gen	eral fund	and \$300,00	0 is from		
10.17	the environmental fund. This appropriation is					
10.18	available until June 30, 2023. Any					
10.19	unencumbered grant balances in the first year					
10.20	do not cancel but are available for grants in					
10.21	the second year.					
10.22	(c) \$694,000 the first year and \$694,000 the					
10.23	second year ar	e from th	e environme	ntal fund		
10.24	for emission-re	eduction a	activities and	grants to		
10.25	small business	es and ot	her			
10.26	nonpoint-emis	sion-redu	ction efforts.	. Of this		
10.27	amount, \$100,0	000 the fi	rst year and \$	\$100,000		
10.28	the second year	r are to c	ontinue work	with		
10.29	Clean Air Min	nesota, a	nd the comm	issioner		
10.30	may enter into an agreement with					
10.31	Environmental	Initiative	e to support th	nis effort.		
10.32	Any unencumb	bered gra	nt balances ir	the first		
10.33	year do not car	ncel but a	re available f	or grants		
10.34	in the second y	year.				

11.1	(d) \$17,250,000 the first year and \$17,250,000
11.2	the second year are from the environmental
11.3	fund for SCORE block grants to counties. Any
11.4	unencumbered grant balances in the first year
11.5	do not cancel but are available for grants in
11.6	the second year.
11.7	(e) \$119,000 the first year and \$119,000 the
11.8	second year are from the environmental fund
11.9	for environmental assistance grants or loans
11.10	under Minnesota Statutes, section 115A.0716.
11.11	Any unencumbered grant and loan balances
11.12	in the first year do not cancel but are available
11.13	for grants and loans in the second year.
11.14	(f) \$112,000 the first year and \$112,000 the
11.15	second year are from the environmental fund
11.16	for subsurface sewage treatment system
11.17	(SSTS) program administration and
11.18	community technical assistance and education,
11.19	including grants and technical assistance to
11.20	communities for water-quality protection.
11.21	(g) \$169,000 the first year and \$169,000 the
11.22	second year are from the environmental fund
11.23	to address the need for continued increased
11.24	activity in new technology review, technical
11.25	assistance for local governments, and
11.26	enforcement under Minnesota Statutes,
11.27	sections 115.55 to 115.58, and to complete the
11.28	requirements of Laws 2003, chapter 128,
11.29	article 1, section 165.
11.30	(h) \$250,000 the first year is for public
11.31	engagement and outreach that supports
11.32	developing and implementing policies to
11.33	address climate change. This is a onetime
11.34	appropriation. Public meetings held as part of
11.35	efforts under this appropriation must be

12.1	distributed evenly among the following three
12.2	areas: Minneapolis and St. Paul; cities in the
12.3	seven-county metropolitan area, but not
12.4	including Minneapolis and St. Paul; and areas
12.5	outside the seven-county metropolitan area.
12.6	(i) \$400,000 the second year is from the
12.7	environmental fund for grants to develop and
12.8	expand recycling markets for Minnesota
12.9	businesses.
12.10	(j) \$30,000 the first year and \$30,000 the
12.11	second year are from the environmental fund
12.12	for reviewing financial qualifications of waste
12.13	tire facility permit applicants under Minnesota
12.14	Statutes, section 115A.903.
12.15	(k) \$244,000 the first year and \$222,000 the
12.16	second year are from the environmental fund
12.17	for the voluntary certification program for
12.18	commercial deicer applicators under
12.19	Minnesota Statutes, section 116.2025.
12.20	(1) All money deposited in the environmental
12.21	fund for the metropolitan solid waste landfill
12.22	fee in accordance with Minnesota Statutes,
12.23	section 473.843, and not otherwise
12.24	appropriated, is appropriated for the purposes
12.25	of Minnesota Statutes, section 473.844.
12.26	(m) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
12.27	section 16A.28, the appropriations
12.28	encumbered on or before June 30, 2021, as
12.29	contracts or grants for environmental
12.30	assistance awarded under Minnesota Statutes,
12.31	section 115A.0716; technical and research
12.32	assistance under Minnesota Statutes, section
12.33	115A.152; technical assistance under
12.34	Minnesota Statutes, section 115A.52; and

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of Minnesota Extension program, an online training curriculum related to animal feedlot requirements under Minnesota Rules, chapter 7020. The curriculum must be developed to: (1) provide base-level knowledge to new and	
requirements under Minnesota Rules, chapter 7020. The curriculum must be developed to: (1) provide base-level knowledge to new and	
7020. The curriculum must be developed to: (1) provide base-level knowledge to new and	
(1) provide base-level knowledge to new and	
existing county feedlot pollution control	
officers on feedlot registration, permitting,	
14.9 compliance, enforcement, and program	
14.10 administration;	
14.11 (2) provide assistance to new and existing	
14.12 county feedlot pollution control officers for	
14.13 working efficiently and effectively with	
14.14 producers; and	
14.15 (3) reduce the incidence of manure or nutrients	
14.16 entering surface water or groundwater.	
14.17 <u>Subd. 9.</u> <u>Environmental Quality Board</u> <u>1,624,000</u> <u>1,27</u>	4,000
Appropriations by Fund	
14.19 <u>2020</u> <u>2021</u>	
14.20 <u>General</u> <u>1,431,000</u> <u>1,081,000</u>	
14.21 <u>Environmental</u> <u>193,000</u> <u>193,000</u>	
14.22 \$350,000 the first year is for a grant to the	
Board of Regents of the University of	
14.24 Minnesota, Water Resources Center, for a	
14.25 comprehensive study of the economic benefits	
of managed aquifer recharge and to make	
recommendations to enhance and replenish	
14.28 Minnesota's groundwater resources. This is a	
onetime appropriation. The study must include	
14.30 but is not limited to:	
14.31 (1) examining the potential benefits of	
14.32 enhancing groundwater recharge in	
14.33 <u>water-stressed areas;</u>	

15.1	(2) assessing the relationship to changing
15.2	seasonality and intensity of precipitation on
15.3	groundwater recharge rates;
15.4	(3) reviewing the approaches to manage
15.5	recharge in geologically appropriate areas;
15.6	(4) identifying policy options, costs, and
15.7	barriers to recharging groundwater; and
15.8	(5) assessing the economic returns of options
15.9	for groundwater recharge.
15.10	In conducting the study, the Water Resources
15.11	Center must convene a stakeholder group and
15.12	provide for public participation. By January
15.13	15, 2021, the Water Resources Center must
15.14	present its findings and recommendations in
15.15	a report submitted to the chairs of the
15.16	legislative committees and divisions with
15.17	jurisdiction over environment and natural
15.18	resources policy.
15.19	Subd. 10. Transfers
15.20	(a) The commissioner must transfer up to
15.21	\$44,000,000 from the environmental fund to
15.22	the remediation fund for purposes of the
15.23	remediation fund under Minnesota Statutes,
15.24	section 116.155, subdivision 2.
15.25	(b) \$1,800,000 the first year is transferred
15.26	from the remediation fund to the dry cleaner
15.27	environmental response and reimbursement
15.28	account for purposes of Minnesota Statutes,
15.29	section 115B.49. By January 15, 2020, the
15.30	commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency
15.31	must submit a report to the chairs and ranking
15.32	minority members of the legislative
15.33	committees and divisions with jurisdiction
15.34	over environment and natural resources

16.1	finance that includes an assessment of the					
16.2	possibility of recovering environmental					
16.3	response costs from insurance held by dry					
16.4	cleaning facilities.					
16.5	Subd. 11. Cancellations					
16.6	(a) The unencumbered	amount of the				
16.7	environmental fund ap	propriation in La	iws			
16.8	2016, chapter 189, artic	cle 3, section 2,				
16.9	subdivision 2, for techn	nical assistance a	and			
16.10	review of municipal wa	stewater infrastr	ucture			
16.11	projects, estimated to be	e \$373,000, is can	nceled			
16.12	on June 30, 2019.					
16.13	(b) The unencumbered	amount of the c	losed			
16.14	landfill investment fund	l appropriation in	Laws			
16.15	2017, chapter 93, artic	le 1, section 2,				
16.16	subdivision 6, for settling	ng obligations, rea	medial			
16.17	investigations, feasibili	ty studies, engine	eering,			
16.18	and cleanup-related activities for purposes of					
16.19	environmental response actions at a priority					
16.20	qualified facility, estimated to be \$1,622,000,					
16.21	is canceled on June 30, 2019.					
16.22	EFFECTIVE DAT	ΓΕ. Subdivision	11 is effective the	he day following fina	al enactment.	
16.23	Sec. 3. NATURAL R	ESOURCES		,		
16.24	Subdivision 1. Total A	ppropriation	<u>\$</u>	318,083,000 \$	318,624,000	
16.25	Appropr	riations by Fund				
16.26		2020	2021			
16.27	General	94,866,000	95,220,000			
16.28	Natural Resources	112,214,000	110,031,000			
16.29	Game and Fish	110,382,000	112,746,000			
16.30	Remediation	106,000	109,000			
16.31	Permanent School	515,000	518,000			
16.32	The amounts that may	be spent for eac	<u>eh</u>			
16.33	purpose are specified	n the following				
16.34	subdivisions.					

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17.1 17.2	Subd. 2. Land and Mine Management	eral Resources		6,324,000	6,406,000
17.3	Appropriations by Fund				
17.4		2020	2021		
17.5	General	1,825,000	1,846,000		
17.6	Natural Resources	3,940,000	3,998,000		
17.7	Game and Fish	344,000	344,000		76
17.8	Permanent School	215,000	218,000		
17.9	(a) \$319,000 the first year	ar and \$319,000) the		
17.10	second year are for envir	onmental resea	rch		
17.11	relating to mine permitting	g, of which \$20	0,000		
17.12	each year is from the min	nerals managen	nent		
17.13	account and \$119,000 ea	ch year is from	the		
17.14	general fund.				
17.15	(b) \$3,032,000 the first year and \$3,083,000				
17.16	the second year are from the minerals				
17.17	management account in the natural resources				
17.18	fund for use as provided under Minnesota				
17.19	Statutes, section 93.2236, paragraph (c), for				
17.20	mineral resource management, projects to				
17.21	enhance future mineral i	ncome, and pro	jects		
17.22	to promote new mineral-	-resource			
17.23	opportunities.				
17.24	(c) \$215,000 the first ye	ar and \$218,000	0 the		
17.25	second year are from the	state forest sus	pense		
17.26	account in the permanent	school fund to s	secure		
17.27	maximum long-term eco	onomic return fi	rom		
17.28	the school trust lands consistent with fiduciary				
17.29	responsibilities and sour	nd natural resou	rces		
17.30	conservation and manag	ement principle	es.		
17.31	Subd. 3. Ecological and	l Water Resou	rces	39,543,000	40,032,000
17.32	Appropriations by Fund				
17.33		2020	2021		
17.34	General	18,718,000	18,922,000		

18.1	Natural Resources	15,414,000	15,586,000		
18.2	Game and Fish	<u>5,411,000</u>	5,524,000		
18.3	(a) \$5,493,000 the first y	rear and \$5,542,	000		
18.4	the second year are from the invasive species				
18.5	account in the natural resources fund and				
18.6	\$3,206,000 the first year	and \$3,206,000) the		
18.7	second year are from the	general fund for	<u>or</u>		
18.8	management, public awa	areness, assessm	ent		
18.9	and monitoring research	, and water acce	ess		
18.10	inspection to prevent the	spread of invas	sive		
18.11	species; management of	invasive plants	in		
18.12	public waters; and mana	gement of terres	strial		
18.13	invasive species on state	-administered la	ands.		
18.14	(b) \$500,000 the first yes	ar and \$500,000	the .		
18.15	second year are from the	invasive specie	<u>ès</u>		
18.16	account in the natural reso	ources fund for g	rants		
18.17	to lake associations to ma	nage aquatic inv	asive		
18.18	plant species.				
18.19	(c) \$1,000,000 the first y	year and \$1,000	,000		
18.20	the second year are from	the invasive sp	ecies		
18.21	research account in the natural resources fund				
18.22	for grants for the Minnes	sota Aquatic Inv	asive		
18.23	Species Research Center	<u>r.</u>			
18.24	(d) \$5,476,000 the first	year and \$5,556	,000		
18.25	the second year are from	n the water			
18.26	management account in	the natural reso	urces		
18.27	fund for only the purpos	ses specified in			
18.28	Minnesota Statutes, sect	tion 103G.27,			
18.29	subdivision 2.				
18.30	(e) \$124,000 the first ye	ar and \$124,000) the		
18.31	second year are for a gra	ant to the Missis	ssippi		
18.32	Headwaters Board for up to 50 percent of the				
18.33	cost of implementing the	e comprehensive	e plan		

19.1	for the upper Mississippi within areas under
19.2	the board's jurisdiction.
19.3	(f) \$10,000 the first year and \$10,000 the
19.4	second year are for payment to the Leech Lake
19.5	Band of Chippewa Indians to implement the
19.6	band's portion of the comprehensive plan for
19.7	the upper Mississippi River.
19.8	(g) \$264,000 the first year and \$264,000 the
19.9	second year are for grants for up to 50 percent
19.10	of the cost of implementing the Red River
19.11	mediation agreement.
19.12	(h) \$2,259,000 the first year and \$2,298,000
19.13	the second year are from the heritage
19.14	enhancement account in the game and fish
19.15	fund for only the purposes specified in
19.16	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,
19.17	paragraph (h), clause (1).
19.18	(i) \$971,000 the first year and \$985,000 the
19.19	second year are from the nongame wildlife
19.20	management account in the natural resources
19.21	fund for nongame wildlife management.
19.22	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
19.23	290.431, \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000
19.24	the second year may be used for nongame
19.25	wildlife information, education, and
19.26	promotion.
19.27	(j) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
19.28	section 84.943, \$13,000 the first year and
19.29	\$13,000 the second year from the critical
19.30	habitat private sector matching account may
19.31	be used to publicize the critical habitat license
19.32	plate match program.
19.33	(k) \$6,000,000 the first year and \$6,000,000
19.34	the second year are for the following activities:

20.1	(1) financial reimbursement and technical
20.2	support to soil and water conservation districts
20.3	or other local units of government for
20.4	groundwater-level monitoring;
20.5	(2) surface water monitoring and analysis,
20.6	including installing monitoring gauges;
20.7	(3) groundwater analysis to assist with
20.8	water-appropriation permitting decisions;
20.9	(4) permit application review incorporating
20.10	surface water and groundwater technical
20.11	analysis;
20.12	(5) precipitation data and analysis to improve
20.13	irrigation use;
20.14	(6) information technology, including
20.15	electronic permitting and integrated data
20.16	systems; and
20.17	(7) compliance and monitoring.
20.17	(7) compliance and monitoring. (1) \$410,000 the first year and \$410,000 the
20.18	(1) \$410,000 the first year and \$410,000 the
20.18	(1) \$410,000 the first year and \$410,000 the second year are from the heritage enhancement
20.18 20.19 20.20	(1) \$410,000 the first year and \$410,000 the second year are from the heritage enhancement account in the game and fish fund for grants
20.18 20.19 20.20 20.21	(1) \$410,000 the first year and \$410,000 the second year are from the heritage enhancement account in the game and fish fund for grants to the Minnesota Aquatic Invasive Species
20.18 20.19 20.20 20.21 20.22	(1) \$410,000 the first year and \$410,000 the second year are from the heritage enhancement account in the game and fish fund for grants to the Minnesota Aquatic Invasive Species Research Center at the University of
20.18 20.19 20.20 20.21 20.22 20.23	(1) \$410,000 the first year and \$410,000 the second year are from the heritage enhancement account in the game and fish fund for grants to the Minnesota Aquatic Invasive Species Research Center at the University of Minnesota to prioritize, support, and develop
20.18 20.19 20.20 20.21 20.22 20.23 20.24	(1) \$410,000 the first year and \$410,000 the second year are from the heritage enhancement account in the game and fish fund for grants to the Minnesota Aquatic Invasive Species Research Center at the University of Minnesota to prioritize, support, and develop research-based solutions that can reduce the
20.18 20.19 20.20 20.21 20.22 20.23 20.24 20.25	(1) \$410,000 the first year and \$410,000 the second year are from the heritage enhancement account in the game and fish fund for grants to the Minnesota Aquatic Invasive Species Research Center at the University of Minnesota to prioritize, support, and develop research-based solutions that can reduce the effects of aquatic invasive species in
20.18 20.19 20.20 20.21 20.22 20.23 20.24 20.25 20.26	(1) \$410,000 the first year and \$410,000 the second year are from the heritage enhancement account in the game and fish fund for grants to the Minnesota Aquatic Invasive Species Research Center at the University of Minnesota to prioritize, support, and develop research-based solutions that can reduce the effects of aquatic invasive species in Minnesota by preventing spread, controlling
20.18 20.19 20.20 20.21 20.22 20.23 20.24 20.25 20.26 20.27	(1) \$410,000 the first year and \$410,000 the second year are from the heritage enhancement account in the game and fish fund for grants to the Minnesota Aquatic Invasive Species Research Center at the University of Minnesota to prioritize, support, and develop research-based solutions that can reduce the effects of aquatic invasive species in Minnesota by preventing spread, controlling populations, and managing ecosystems and to
20.18 20.19 20.20 20.21 20.22 20.23 20.24 20.25 20.26 20.27 20.28	(1) \$410,000 the first year and \$410,000 the second year are from the heritage enhancement account in the game and fish fund for grants to the Minnesota Aquatic Invasive Species Research Center at the University of Minnesota to prioritize, support, and develop research-based solutions that can reduce the effects of aquatic invasive species in Minnesota by preventing spread, controlling populations, and managing ecosystems and to advance knowledge to inspire actions by
20.18 20.19 20.20 20.21 20.22 20.23 20.24 20.25 20.26 20.27 20.28 20.29	(1) \$410,000 the first year and \$410,000 the second year are from the heritage enhancement account in the game and fish fund for grants to the Minnesota Aquatic Invasive Species Research Center at the University of Minnesota to prioritize, support, and develop research-based solutions that can reduce the effects of aquatic invasive species in Minnesota by preventing spread, controlling populations, and managing ecosystems and to advance knowledge to inspire actions by others.
20.18 20.19 20.20 20.21 20.22 20.23 20.24 20.25 20.26 20.27 20.28 20.29	(1) \$410,000 the first year and \$410,000 the second year are from the heritage enhancement account in the game and fish fund for grants to the Minnesota Aquatic Invasive Species Research Center at the University of Minnesota to prioritize, support, and develop research-based solutions that can reduce the effects of aquatic invasive species in Minnesota by preventing spread, controlling populations, and managing ecosystems and to advance knowledge to inspire actions by others. (m) \$50,000 the first year is for grants to local

21.3		2020	2021	
21.4	General	34,451,000	34,800	
21.5	Natural Resources	16,119,000	16,386	
21.6	Game and Fish	1,398,000	1,417	
21.7	(a) \$7,521,000 the firs	st year and \$7,52	1,000	
21.8	the second year are for	r prevention,		
21.9	presuppression, and su	appression costs	of	
21.10	emergency firefighting	g and other costs		
21.11	incurred under Minne	sota Statutes, sec	tion	
21.12	88.12. The amount ne	cessary to pay fo	r	
21.13	presuppression and su	ppression costs of	luring	
21.14	the biennium is approp	oriated from the g	general	
21.15	fund. By January 15 o	f each year, the		
21.16	commissioner of natural resources must submit			
21.17	a report to the chairs and ranking minority			
21.18	members of the house and senate committees			
21.19	and divisions having jurisdiction over			
21.20	environment and natural resources finance that			
21.21	identifies all firefighti	ng costs incurred	l and	
21.22	reimbursements received in the prior fiscal			
21.23	year. These appropria	tions may not be		
21.24	transferred. Any reimbursement of firefighting			
21.25	expenditures made to	the commissione	er from	
21.26	any source other than	federal mobiliza	tions	
21.27	must be deposited into	o the general fun-	<u>d.</u>	
21.28	(b) \$15,119,000 the fir	est year and \$15,3	86,000	
21.29	the second year are fr	om the forest		
21.30	management investme	ent account in the	natural	
21.31	resources fund for onl	y the purposes sp	ecified	
21.32	in Minnesota Statutes	, section 89.039,		
21.33	subdivision 2.			
21.34	(c) \$1,398,000 the first	st year and \$1,41	7,000	
21.35	the second year are fr	om the heritage		

22.1	enhancement account in the game and fish
22.2	fund to advance ecological classification
22.3	systems (ECS) scientific management tools
22.4	for forest and invasive species management.
22.5	(d) \$836,000 the first year and \$847,000 the
22.6	second year are for the Forest Resources
22.7	Council to implement the Sustainable Forest
22.8	Resources Act.
22.9	(e) \$1,131,000 the first year and \$1,131,000
22.10	the second year are for the Next Generation
22.11	Core Forestry data system.
22.12	(f) \$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 the
22.13	second year are from the forest management
22.14	investment account in the natural resources
22.15	fund for forest road maintenance on state
22.16	forest roads.
22.17	(g) \$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 the
22.18	second year are for forest road maintenance
22.19	on county forest roads.
22.20	(h) \$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 the
22.21	second year are for grants to local units of
22.22	government to develop community ash
22.23	management plans; to identify and convert ash
22.24	stands to more diverse, climate-adapted
22.25	species; and to replace removed ash trees.
22.26	(i) \$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 the
22.27	second year are from the forest management
22.28	investment account in the natural resources
22.29	fund to identify and convert ash forests on
22.30	state lands to climate-adapted species.
22.31	(j) \$1,000,000 the first year and \$1,000,000
22.32	the second year are for grants to remove and
22.33	dispose of ash trees within counties
22.34	quarantined for emerald ash borer. The base

23.1	for this appropriation in	fiscal year 2022	2 and		
23.2	later is \$655,000.		0		
23.3	(k) Grants awarded under	er paragraphs (h) and		
23.4	(j) may cover up to 75 pe	ercent of eligible	costs		
23.5	and may not exceed \$50	00,000. Matching	g 2		
23.6	grants provided through	these appropria	tions		
23.7	are available to cities, co	ounties, regional			
23.8	authorities, joint powers	s boards, towns,	and		
23.9	parks and recreation boa	ards in cities of t	the		
23.10	first class. The commiss	ioner, in consult	ation		
23.11	with the commissioner of	of agriculture, m	nust		
23.12	establish appropriate cri	teria for determ	ining		
23.13	funding priorities betwee	en submitted req	uests		
23.14	and to determine activit	ies and expenses	s that		
23.15	qualify to meet local ma	atch requirement	ts.		
23.16	Money appropriated for	grants under			
23.17	paragraphs (h) and (j) m	nay be used to pa	ay		
23.18	reasonable costs incurred	d by the commiss	sioner		
23.19	of natural resources to administer paragraphs				
23.20	(h) and (j).				
23.21	Subd. 5. Parks and Tra	ails Managemer	<u>nt</u>	92,085,000	89,486,000
23.22	Appropri	ations by Fund			
23.23		<u>2020</u>	2021		
23.24	General	27,143,000	27,480,000		
23.25					
	Natural Resources	62,650,000	59,706,000		
23.26	Natural Resources Game and Fish	<u>62,650,000</u> <u>2,292,000</u>			2
23.26 23.27	`	2,292,000	<u>59,706,000</u> <u>2,300,000</u>		is a second of the second of t
	Game and Fish	2,292,000 year and \$1,075	59,706,000 2,300,000		2
23.27	Game and Fish (a) \$1,075,000 the first	2,292,000 year and \$1,075 in the water recre	59,706,000 2,300,000 2,000 eation		
23.27 23.28	Game and Fish (a) \$1,075,000 the first the second year are from	2,292,000 year and \$1,075 m the water recre esources fund for	59,706,000 2,300,000 2,000 eation		5
23.27 23.28 23.29	Game and Fish (a) \$1,075,000 the first the second year are from account in the natural relationship.	2,292,000 year and \$1,075 m the water recre esources fund for access facilities	59,706,000 2,300,000 2,000 eation er		
23.27 23.28 23.29 23.30	Game and Fish (a) \$1,075,000 the first the second year are from account in the natural reenhancing public water	2,292,000 year and \$1,075 In the water recre esources fund for -access facilities year and \$6,435	59,706,000 2,300,000 2,000 eation or 5,000		
23.27 23.28 23.29 23.30 23.31	Game and Fish (a) \$1,075,000 the first the second year are from account in the natural reenhancing public water (b) \$6,344,000 the first	2,292,000 year and \$1,075 in the water recre esources fund for -access facilities year and \$6,435 in the natural reso	59,706,000 2,300,000 2,000 eation or 5,000 ources		
23.27 23.28 23.29 23.30 23.31 23.32	Game and Fish (a) \$1,075,000 the first the second year are from account in the natural reenhancing public water (b) \$6,344,000 the first the second year are from	2,292,000 year and \$1,075 m the water recre esources fund for access facilities year and \$6,435 m the natural resort, and recreation	59,706,000 2,300,000 2,000 eation or 5,000 ources area		
23.27 23.28 23.29 23.30 23.31 23.32 23.33	Game and Fish (a) \$1,075,000 the first the second year are from account in the natural reenhancing public water (b) \$6,344,000 the first the second year are from fund for state trail, park	2,292,000 year and \$1,075 In the water recre esources fund for -access facilities year and \$6,435 In the natural resort, and recreation riation is from re-	59,706,000 2,300,000 2,000 eation or 5. 5,000 ources area venue		

24.1	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,
24.2	paragraph (h), clause (2).
24.3	(c) \$18,552,000 the first year and \$18,828,000
24.4	the second year are from the state parks
24.5	account in the natural resources fund to
24.6	operate and maintain state parks and state
24.7	recreation areas.
24.8	(d) \$890,000 the first year and \$890,000 the
24.9	second year are from the natural resources
24.10	fund for park and trail grants to local units of
24.11	government on land to be maintained for at
24.12	least 20 years for parks or trails. This
24.13	appropriation is from revenue deposited in the
24.14	natural resources fund under Minnesota
24.15	Statutes, section 297A.94, paragraph (h),
24.16	clause (4). Any unencumbered balance does
24.17	not cancel at the end of the first year and is
24.18	available for the second year.
24.19	(e) \$9,624,000 the first year and \$9,624,000
24.20	the second year are from the snowmobile trails
24.21	and enforcement account in the natural
24.22	resources fund for the snowmobile
24.23	grants-in-aid program. Any unencumbered
24.24	balance does not cancel at the end of the first
24.25	year and is available for the second year.
24.26	(f) \$2,135,000 the first year and \$2,135,000
24.27	the second year are from the natural resources
24.28	fund for the off-highway vehicle grants-in-aid
24.29	program. Of this amount, \$1,660,000 each
24.30	year is from the all-terrain vehicle account;
24.31	\$150,000 each year is from the off-highway
24.32	motorcycle account; and \$325,000 each year
24.33	is from the off-road vehicle account. Any
24.34	unencumbered balance does not cancel at the

25.1	end of the first year and is available for the
25.2	second year.
25.3	(g) \$116,000 the first year and \$117,000 the
25.4	second year are from the cross-country-ski
25.5	account in the natural resources fund for
25.6	grooming and maintaining cross-country-ski
25.7	trails in state parks, trails, and recreation areas.
25.8	(h) \$266,000 the first year and \$269,000 the
25.9	second year are from the state land and water
25.10	conservation account in the natural resources
25.11	fund for priorities established by the
25.12	commissioner for eligible state projects and
25.13	administrative and planning activities
25.14	consistent with Minnesota Statutes, section
25.15	84.0264, and the federal Land and Water
25.16	Conservation Fund Act. Any unencumbered
25.17	balance does not cancel at the end of the first
25.18	year and is available for the second year.
25.19	(i) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
25.20	second year are for matching grants for local
25.21	parks and outdoor recreation areas under
25.22	Minnesota Statutes, section 85.019,
25.23	subdivision 2.
25.24	(j) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
25.25	second year are for matching grants for local
25.26	trail connections under Minnesota Statutes,
25.27	section 85.019, subdivision 4c.
25.28	(k) \$600,000 the first year is from the
25.29	all-terrain vehicle account in the natural
25.30	resources fund for grants to St. Louis County.
25.31	Of this amount, \$100,000 is for a grant to St.
25.32	Louis County for an environmental assessment
25.33	worksheet for the overall construction of the
25.34	Voyageur Country ATV Trail system and

26.1	connections, and \$500,000 is for a grant to St.
26.2	Louis County to design, plan, permit, acquire
26.3	right-of-way for, and construct Voyageur
26.4	Country ATV Trail from Buyck to Holmes
26.5	Logging Road and to Shuster Road toward
26.6	Cook. This is a onetime appropriation.
26.7	(1) \$2,400,000 the first year is from the
26.8	all-terrain vehicle account in the natural
26.9	resources fund. Of this amount, \$1,300,000 is
26.10	for a grant to Lake County to match other
26.11	funding sources to develop the Prospector
26.12	Loop Trail system and \$1,100,000 is for
26.13	acquisition, design, environmental review,
26.14	permitting, and construction for all-terrain
26.15	vehicle use on the Taconite State Trail
26.16	between Ely and Purvis Forest Management
26.17	Road.
26.18	(m) \$950,000 the first year and \$950,000 the
26.19	second year are from the all-terrain vehicle
26.20	account in the natural resources fund for grants
26.21	to St. Louis County for the Quad Cities ATV
26.22	Club trail construction program for planning,
26.23	design, environmental permitting, right-of-way
26.24	acquisition, and construction of up to 24 miles
26.25	of trail connecting the cities of Mountain Iron,
26.26	Virginia, Eveleth, and Gilbert to the
26.27	Laurentian Divide, County Road 303, the
26.28	Taconite State Trail, and Biwabik and from
26.29	Pfeiffer Lake Forest Road to County Road
26.30	361. This is a onetime appropriation.
26.31	(n) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
26.32	second year are for grants for
26.33	natural-resource-based education and
26.34	recreation programs under Minnesota Statutes.

27.1	section 84.976. This is a onetime
27.2	appropriation.
27.3	(o) \$50,000 the first year is from the state
27.4	parks account in the natural resources fund for
27.5	signs and other activities necessary to rename
27.6	St. Croix State Park to Walter F. Mondale
27.7	State Park.
27.8	(p) \$260,000 the first year is from the state
27.9	parks account in the natural resources fund for
27.10	the operation of Hill-Annex Mine State Park
27.11	in fiscal years 2020 to 2023. In fiscal years
27.12	2020 to 2023, the commissioner must operate
27.13	the park to at least the level of service and
27.14	hours of operation as in fiscal year 2019,
27.15	including care and maintenance of park
27.16	facilities consistent with the purposes for
27.17	which the park was originally established. This
27.18	is a onetime appropriation, is in addition to
27.19	funds budgeted by or otherwise available to
27.20	the commissioner for this park, and is
27.21	available until June 30, 2023.
27.22	(q) \$150,000 the first year is from the
27.23	all-terrain vehicle account in the natural
27.24	resources fund for a grant to Crow Wing
27.25	County to plan and design a multipurpose
27.26	bridge on the Mississippi River Northwoods
27.27	Trail across Sand Creek located five miles
27.28	northeast of Brainerd along the Mississippi
27.29	River.
27.30	(r) \$75,000 the first year is from the
27.31	off-highway motorcycle account in the natural
27.32	resources fund to complete a master plan for
27.33	off-highway motorcycle trail planning and
27.34	development.

28.34

28.35

committees and divisions with jurisdiction

over environment and natural resources and

29.1	agriculture. Base fundi	ng for this activit	y is		
29.2	\$1,100,000 in fiscal year	ar 2022 and there	eafter.		
29.3	(c) \$8,546,000 the first	year and \$8,546	,000		
29.4	the second year are from	n the deer manage	ement		
29.5	account for the purpose	es identified in			
29.6	Minnesota Statutes, sec	etion 97A.075,			
29.7	subdivision 1.				
29.8	(d) \$250,000 the first y	rear and \$250,000	0 the		
29.9	second year are from the	ne game and fish	fund		
29.10	for the walk-in access	program under			
29.11	Minnesota Statutes, see	ction 97A.126.			
29.12	(e) Notwithstanding M	innesota Statutes	22		
29.13	section 297A.94, \$100	,000 the first yea	r and		
29.14	\$100,000 the second ye	ar are from the he	ritage		
29.15	enhancement account i	n the game and f	<u>ish</u>		
29.16	fund for shooting sport	s facility grants	under		
29.17	Minnesota Statutes, sec	tion 87A.10, incl	uding		
29.18	grants for archery facilities. Grants must be				
29.19	matched with a nonstate match, which may				
29.20	include in-kind contributions. This is a				
29.21	onetime appropriation.	8			
29.22	(f) Notwithstanding M	innesota Statutes	2		
29.23	section 297A.94, \$10,0	00 the first year is	s from		
29.24	the heritage enhancement	ent account in the	game		
29.25	and fish fund for imple	menting nontoxi	c shot		
29.26	requirements under M	innesota Statutes	2		
29.27	section 97B.673.				
29.28	Subd. 7. Enforcement			46,210,000	47,810,000
29.29	Appropr	iations by Fund			
29.30		2020	2021		
29.31	General	7,632,000	8,175,000		
29.32	Natural Resources	11,757,000	11,993,000		
29.33	Game and Fish	26,715,000	27,533,000		
29.34	Remediation	106,000	109,000		

30.1	(a) \$1,718,000 the first year and \$1,718,000
30.2	the second year are from the general fund for
30.3	enforcement efforts to prevent the spread of
30.4	aquatic invasive species.
30.5	(b) \$1,580,000 the first year and \$1,580,000
30.6	the second year are from the heritage
30.7	enhancement account in the game and fish
30.8	fund for only the purposes specified under
30.9	Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,
30.10	paragraph (h), clause (1).
30.11	(c) \$1,182,000 the first year and \$1,182,000
30.12	the second year are from the water recreation
30.13	account in the natural resources fund for grants
30.14	to counties for boat and water safety. Any
30.15	unencumbered balance does not cancel at the
30.16	end of the first year and is available for the
30.17	second year.
30.18	(d) \$315,000 the first year and \$315,000 the
30.19	second year are from the snowmobile trails
30.20	and enforcement account in the natural
30.21	resources fund for grants to local law
30.22	enforcement agencies for snowmobile
30.23	enforcement activities. Any unencumbered
30.24	balance does not cancel at the end of the first
30.25	year and is available for the second year.
30.26	(e) \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
30.27	second year are from the all-terrain vehicle
30.28	account in the natural resources fund for grants
30.29	to qualifying organizations to assist in safety
30.30	and environmental education and monitoring
30.31	trails on public lands under Minnesota
30.32	Statutes, section 84.9011. Grants issued under
30.33	this paragraph must be issued through a formal
30.34	agreement with the organization. By
30.35	December 15 each year, an organization

31.1	receiving a grant under this paragraph must
31.2	report to the commissioner with details on
31.3	expenditures and outcomes from the grant. Of
31.4	this appropriation, \$25,000 each year is for
31.5	administering these grants. Any unencumbered
31.6	balance does not cancel at the end of the first
31.7	year and is available for the second year.
31.8	(f) \$510,000 the first year and \$510,000 the
31.9	second year are from the natural resources
31.10	fund for grants to county law enforcement
31.11	agencies for off-highway vehicle enforcement
31.12	and public education activities based on
31.13	off-highway vehicle use in the county. Of this
31.14	amount, \$498,000 each year is from the
31.15	all-terrain vehicle account, \$11,000 each year
31.16	is from the off-highway motorcycle account,
31.17	and \$1,000 each year is from the off-road
31.18	vehicle account. The county enforcement
31.19	agencies may use money received under this
31.20	appropriation to make grants to other local
31.21	enforcement agencies within the county that
31.22	have a high concentration of off-highway
31.23	vehicle use. Of this appropriation, \$25,000
31.24	each year is for administering these grants.
31.25	Any unencumbered balance does not cancel
31.26	at the end of the first year and is available for
31.27	the second year.
31.28	(g) \$176,000 the first year and \$176,000 the
31.29	second year are from the game and fish fund
31.30	for an ice safety program.
31.31	(h) \$60,000 the first year and \$4,000 the
31.32	second year are from the game and fish fund
31.33	to provide outreach and education, in
31.34	coordination with interested organizations, to
31.35	communities concerned about cultural artifacts

33.1	revenue deposited to the natural resources fund			
33.2	under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94,			
33.3	paragraph (h), clause (5).			
33.4	(b) \$187,000 the first year and \$187,000 the			
33.5	second year are for the Office of School Trust			
33.6	Lands.			
33.7	(c) \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000 the			
33.8	second year are from the forestry suspense			
33.9	account in the permanent school fund for the			
33.10	Office of School Trust Lands.			
33.11	Subd. 11. Cancellation			
33.12	The unencumbered amount of the general fund			
33.13	appropriation in Laws 2016, chapter 189,			
33.14	article 3, section 3, subdivision 8, for legal	*1		
33.15	costs, estimated to be \$500,000, is canceled			
33.16	on June 30, 2019.			
33.17	EFFECTIVE DATE. Subdivision 11 is effe	ective the	e day following fina	al enactment.
33.18 33.19	Sec. 4. BOARD OF WATER AND SOIL RESOURCES	<u>\$</u>	19,963,000 \$	18,931,000
33.20	(a) \$3,423,000 the first year and \$3,423,000			
33.21	the second year are for natural resources block			
33.22	grants to local governments to implement the			
33.23	Wetland Conservation Act and shoreland			
33.24	management under Minnesota Statutes,			
33.25	chapter 103F, and local water management			
33.26	under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 103B. The			
33.27	board may reduce the amount of the natural			
33.28	resources block grant to a county by an			
33.29	amount equal to any reduction in the county's			
33.30	general services allocation to a soil and water			
33.31	conservation district from the county's			
33.32	previous year allocation when the board			
33.33	determines that the reduction was			
33.34	disproportionate.			

34.1	(b) \$3,116,000 the first year and \$3,116,000
34.2	the second year are for grants to soil and water
34.3	conservation districts for the purposes of
34.4	Minnesota Statutes, sections 103C.321 and
34.5	103C.331, and for general purposes, nonpoint
34.6	engineering, and implementation and
34.7	stewardship of the reinvest in Minnesota
34.8	reserve program. Expenditures may be made
34.9	from these appropriations for supplies and
34.10	services benefiting soil and water conservation
34.11	districts. Any district receiving a payment
34.12	under this paragraph must maintain a web page
34.13	that publishes, at a minimum, its annual report,
34.14	annual audit, annual budget, and meeting
34.15	notices.
34.16	(c) \$761,000 the first year and \$761,000 the
34.17	second year are to implement, enforce, and
34.18	provide oversight for the Wetland
34.19	Conservation Act, including administering the
34.20	wetland banking program and in-lieu fee
34.21	mechanism.
34.22	(d) \$1,560,000 the first year and \$1,560,000
34.23	the second year are for the following
34.24	cost-share programs:
34.25	(1) \$260,000 each year is for the feedlot water
34.26	quality cost-sharing program for feedlots under
34.27	500 animal units and nutrient and manure
34.28	management projects in watersheds where
34.29	there are impaired waters;
34.30	(2) \$1,200,000 each year is for cost-sharing
34.31	programs of soil and water conservation
34.32	districts for perennially vegetated riparian
34.33	buffers, erosion control, water retention and
34.34	treatment, and other high-priority conservation
34.35	practices; and

35.1	(3) \$100,000 each year is for county
35.2	cooperative weed management programs and
35.3	to restore native plants in selected invasive
35.4	species management sites.
35.5	(e) \$166,000 the first year and \$166,000 the
35.6	second year are to provide technical assistance
35.7	to local drainage management officials and
35.8	for the costs of the Drainage Work Group. The
35.9	board must coordinate with the Drainage Work
35.10	Group according to Minnesota Statutes,
35.11	section 103B.101, subdivision 13.
35.12	(f) \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the
35.13	second year are for a grant to the Red River
35.14	Basin Commission for water quality and
35.15	floodplain management, including
35.16	administration of programs. This appropriation
35.17	must be matched by nonstate funds.
35.18	(g) \$140,000 the first year and \$140,000 the
35.19	second year are for grants to Area II
35.20	Minnesota River Basin Projects for floodplain
35.21	management.
35.22	(h) \$125,000 the first year and \$125,000 the
35.23	second year are for conservation easement
35.24	stewardship.
35.25	(i) \$269,000 the first year and \$259,000 the
35.26	second year are for critical information
35.27	technology upgrades, development, and
35.28	security improvements.
35.29	(j) \$240,000 the first year and \$240,000 the
35.30	second year are for a grant to the Lower
35.31	Minnesota River Watershed District to defray
35.32	the annual cost of operating and maintaining
35.33	sites for dredge spoil to sustain the state,
35.34	national, and international commercial and

36.1	recreational navigation on the lower Minnesota
36.2	River.
36.3	(k) \$3,500,000 the first year and \$3,500,000
36.4	the second year are for payments to soil and
36.5	water conservation districts for the purposes
36.6	of Minnesota Statutes, sections 103C.321 and
36.7	103C.331. This is a onetime appropriation.
36.8	(1) \$150,000 the first year is for:
36.9	(1) identifying and listing ineligible materials
36.10	under Minnesota Statutes, section 103F.49;
36.11	(2) assessing the viability of replacing plastic
36.12	materials used in conservation and
36.13	bioengineering projects with similarly
36.14	designed organic materials; and
36.15	(3) by November 1, 2020, preparing and
36.16	submitting a report to the chairs and ranking
36.17	minority members of the committees and
36.18	divisions with jurisdiction over environment
36.19	and natural resources with:
36.20	(i) criteria to be used by the board for
36.21	identifying and listing materials under
36.22	Minnesota Statutes, section 103F.49;
36.23	(ii) recommendations for implementing
36.24	Minnesota Statutes, section 103F.49, including
36.25	a process for reviewing and updating the list;
36.26	and
36.27	(iii) results of the assessment under clause (2)
36.28	and any related recommendations.
36.29	The board must consult with the United States
36.30	Department of Agriculture and the
36.31	commissioners of natural resources,
36.32	transportation, and the Pollution Control
36.33	Agency and may contract with the University

37.1	of Minnesota as necessary for the purposes of
37.2	this appropriation. This is a onetime
37.3	appropriation and is available until June 30,
37.4	<u>2022.</u>
37.5	(m) \$400,000 the first year is to provide
37.6	onetime state incentive payments to enrollees
37.7	in the federal Conservation Reserve Program
37.8	(CRP) and its derivative programs available
37.9	in Minnesota. The board may establish
37.10	payment rates based on land valuation and on
37.11	environmental benefit criteria, including but
37.12	not limited to reducing nutrients in surface
37.13	water or groundwater, protecting drinking
37.14	water, enhancing soil health, and enhancing
37.15	pollinator and wildlife habitat. The board may
37.16	use state funds to implement the program and
37.17	to provide technical assistance to landowners
37.18	or their agents to fulfill enrollment and
37.19	contract provisions. This is a onetime
37.20	appropriation and is available until June 30,
37.21	<u>2023.</u>
37.22	(n) \$387,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
37.23	second year are to provide grants or payments
37.24	to plant residential lawns with native
37.25	vegetation and pollinator-friendly forbs and
37.26	legumes. The board must establish criteria for
37.27	grants or payments awarded under this section.
37.28	Grants or payments awarded under this section
37.29	may be made for up to 75 percent of the costs
37.30	of the project, except that in areas identified
37.31	by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service
37.32	as areas where there is a high potential for
37.33	rusty patched bumble bees to be present,
37.34	grants may be awarded for up to 90 percent

38.1	of the costs of the project. This is a onetime
38.2	appropriation.
38.3	(o) \$150,000 the first year is to prepare a
38.4	statewide action plan for soil health in
38.5	cooperation with the University of Minnesota
38.6	Water Resources Center and in consultation
38.7	with the commissioners of agriculture, natural
38.8	resources, and the Pollution Control Agency.
38.9	The plan must include recommendations for
38.10	protecting and improving the state's soil health
38.11	for agricultural and water quality purposes,
38.12	including recommendations for research and
38.13	outreach. By February 15, 2020, the plan must
38.14	be submitted to the chairs and ranking
38.15	minority members of the house of
38.16	representatives and senate committees and
38.17	divisions with jurisdiction over agriculture
38.18	and environment and natural resources policy.
38.19	This is a onetime appropriation.
38.20	(p) \$5,745,000 the first year and \$5,550,000
38.21	the second year are for agency administration
38.22	and operation of the Board of Water and Soil
38.23	Resources. The base for agency administration
38.24	is \$5,351,000 in fiscal year 2022 and
38.25	thereafter.
38.26	(q) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
38.27	section 103C.501, the board may shift money
38.28	in this section and may adjust the technical
38.29	and administrative assistance portion of the
38.30	funds to leverage federal or other nonstate
38.31	funds or to address accountability, oversight,
38.32	local government performance, or
38.33	high-priority needs identified in local water
38.34	management plans or comprehensive water
38.35	management plans.

39.1	(r) The appropriations for	grants in this sec	tion		
39.2	are available until June 30	0, 2023. Returne	ed		
39.3	grant funds must be regra	nted consistent v	with		
39.4	the purposes of this section	n. If an appropria	ution		
39.5	for grants in either year is	s insufficient, th	<u>e</u>		
39.6	appropriation in the other	year is available	e for		a
39.7	<u>it.</u>				
39.8	(s) Notwithstanding Mini	nesota Statutes,			
39.9	section 16B.97, the appro	priations for gra	ants		
39.10	in this section are exempt	from the Departr	nent		
39.11	of Administration, Office	e of Grants			
39.12	Management Policy 08-1	0 Grant Monitor	ring.		
39.13	Sec. 5. METROPOLITA	AN COUNCIL	<u>\$</u>	9,140,000 \$	9,140,000
39.14	Appropriat	ions by Fund			
39.15		<u>2020</u>	2021		
39.16	General	2,540,000	2,540,000		
39.17	Natural Resources	6,600,000	6,600,000		
39.18	(a) \$2,540,000 the first y	ear and \$2,540,0	000		
39.19	the second year are for m	netropolitan-area	1		
39.20	regional parks operation	and maintenanc	e		
39.21	according to Minnesota S	Statutes, section			
39.22	473.351.				
39.23	(b) \$6,600,000 the first y	ear and \$6,600,0	000		
39.24	the second year are from	the natural resou	irces		
39.25	fund for metropolitan-are	ea regional parks	and		
39.26	trails maintenance and op	perations. This			
39.27	appropriation is from revo	enue deposited in	n the		
39.28	natural resources fund ur	nder Minnesota			
39.29	Statutes, section 297A.94	4, paragraph (h)	2		
39.30	clause (3).				
39.31 39.32	Sec. 6. CONSERVATION MINNESOTA	ON CORPS	<u>\$</u>	945,000 \$	945,000
39.33	Appropria	tions by Fund			
39.34		2020	2021		

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40.1	General	455,000	455,00	00		
40.2	Natural Resources	490,000	490,00	-		
				_		
40.3	Conservation Corps Min	•				
40.4	money appropriated from					
40.5	fund under this section of agreement with the com					
40.7	resources.	ililissioner of hau	urai			
40.7	·					
40.8	Sec. 7. ZOOLOGICAL	L BOARD		<u>\$</u>	10,394,000 \$	9,999,000
40.9	Appropri	ations by Fund				
40.10		2020	<u>2021</u>	ü		
40.11	General	10,204,000	9,809,00	00		
40.12	Natural Resources	190,000	190,00	00		
40.13	(a) \$190,000 the first ye	ear and \$190,000	the			
40.14	second year are from th	e natural resourc	es			
40.15	fund from revenue depor	sited under Minne	esota			
40.16	Statutes, section 297A.9	94, paragraph (h)	2			
40.17	clause (5).					
40.18	(b) \$499,000 the first year	ar is to upgrade cr	itical			
40.19	communication and sec	urity technology				
40.20	infrastructure. This is a c	onetime appropria	tion.			
40.21	(c) \$40,000 the first year	ar is for the prairi	<u>e</u>			
40.22	butterfly conservation p	program. This is a	<u>a</u>			
40.23	onetime appropriation.					
40.24	Sec. 8. SCIENCE MU	SEUM		<u>\$</u>	<u>1,079,000</u> \$	1,079,000
40.25	Sec. 9. EXPLORE MI	NNESOTA TOU	URISM	<u>\$</u>	14,394,000 \$	14,594,000
40.26	\$500,000 the first year	and \$500,000 the)			
40.27	second year must be ma	atched from nons	tate			
40.28	sources to develop max	imum private sec	ctor			
40.29	involvement in tourism	. Each \$1 of state	2			
40.30	incentive must be match	hed with \$6 of pr	ivate			
40.31	sector money. "Matched	d" means revenue	e to			
40.32	the state or documented	l cash expenditur	es			
40.33	directly expended to su	pport Explore				

	Minnesota Tourism programs. Up to one-half
41.2	of the private sector contribution may be
41.3	in-kind or soft match. The incentive in fiscal
41.4	year 2020 is based on fiscal year 2019 private
41.5	sector contributions. The incentive in fiscal
41.6	year 2021 is based on fiscal year 2020 private
41.7	sector contributions. This incentive is ongoing.
41.8	Money for marketing grants is available either
41.9	year of the biennium. Unexpended grant
41.10	money from the first year is available in the
41.11	second year.
41.12	\$100,000 each year is for a grant to the
41.13	Northern Lights International Music Festival.
41.14	\$50,000 the first year and \$250,000 the second
41.15	year are for the Minnesota Outdoor Recreation
41.16	Office under Minnesota Statutes, section
41.17	<u>116U.60.</u>
41.18	Sec. 10. CONTINGENT APPROPRIATIONS
41.19	Subdivision 1. Motor Fuels Tax
41.19 41.20	Subdivision 1. Motor Fuels Tax (a) The following appropriations are available
41.20	(a) The following appropriations are available
41.20 41.21	(a) The following appropriations are available only if new revenue is raised from increases
41.20 41.21 41.22	(a) The following appropriations are available only if new revenue is raised from increases in the motor fuels tax rates under Minnesota
41.20 41.21 41.22 41.23	(a) The following appropriations are available only if new revenue is raised from increases in the motor fuels tax rates under Minnesota Statutes, sections 296A.07 and 296A.08,
41.20 41.21 41.22 41.23 41.24	(a) The following appropriations are available only if new revenue is raised from increases in the motor fuels tax rates under Minnesota Statutes, sections 296A.07 and 296A.08, enacted during the 2019 session:
41.20 41.21 41.22 41.23 41.24 41.25	(a) The following appropriations are available only if new revenue is raised from increases in the motor fuels tax rates under Minnesota Statutes, sections 296A.07 and 296A.08, enacted during the 2019 session: (1) \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000 the
41.20 41.21 41.22 41.23 41.24 41.25 41.26	(a) The following appropriations are available only if new revenue is raised from increases in the motor fuels tax rates under Minnesota Statutes, sections 296A.07 and 296A.08, enacted during the 2019 session: (1) \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000 the second year are appropriated to the
41.20 41.21 41.22 41.23 41.24 41.25 41.26 41.27	(a) The following appropriations are available only if new revenue is raised from increases in the motor fuels tax rates under Minnesota Statutes, sections 296A.07 and 296A.08, enacted during the 2019 session: (1) \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000 the second year are appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources from the
41.20 41.21 41.22 41.23 41.24 41.25 41.26 41.27 41.28	(a) The following appropriations are available only if new revenue is raised from increases in the motor fuels tax rates under Minnesota Statutes, sections 296A.07 and 296A.08, enacted during the 2019 session: (1) \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000 the second year are appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources from the water recreation account in the natural
41.20 41.21 41.22 41.23 41.24 41.25 41.26 41.27 41.28 41.29	(a) The following appropriations are available only if new revenue is raised from increases in the motor fuels tax rates under Minnesota Statutes, sections 296A.07 and 296A.08, enacted during the 2019 session: (1) \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000 the second year are appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources from the water recreation account in the natural resources fund for grants to counties for boat
41.20 41.21 41.22 41.23 41.24 41.25 41.26 41.27 41.28 41.29 41.30	(a) The following appropriations are available only if new revenue is raised from increases in the motor fuels tax rates under Minnesota Statutes, sections 296A.07 and 296A.08, enacted during the 2019 session: (1) \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000 the second year are appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources from the water recreation account in the natural resources fund for grants to counties for boat and water safety. Any unencumbered balance

42.1	(2) \$3,350,000 the first year and \$3,350,000
42.2	the second year are appropriated to the
42.3	commissioner of natural resources from the
42.4	water recreation account in the natural
42.5	resources fund for activities of the Division
42.6	of Parks and Trails under Minnesota Statutes,
42.7	section 86B.706, subdivision 3; and
42.8	(3) \$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 the
42.9	second year are appropriated to the
42.10	commissioner of natural resources from the
42.11	all-terrain vehicle account in the natural
42.12	resources fund for all-terrain vehicle trail
42.13	management.
42.14	(b) In the appropriations specified under
42.15	paragraph (a), the amounts appropriated are
42.16	reduced proportionally, as necessary, if the
42.17	legislation enacted in the 2019 legislative
42.18	session does not provide sufficient revenue to
42.19	the accounts.
42.20	Subd. 2. Solid Waste Tax
42.21	(a) The following appropriations are available
42.22	only if new revenue is available in the
42.23	environmental fund from increases in solid
42.24	waste management tax rates under Minnesota
42.25	Statutes, chapter 297H, enacted during the
42.26	2019 session:
42.27	(1) \$400,000 the first year and \$400,000 the
42.28	second year are appropriated from the
42.29	environmental fund to the commissioner of
42.30	the Pollution Control Agency for competitive
42.31	recycling grants under Minnesota Statutes,
42.32	section 115A.565. This appropriation is
42.33	available until June 30, 2023. Any
42.34	unencumbered grant balances in the first year

43.1	do not cancel but are available for grants in
43.2	the second year;
43.3	(2) \$750,000 the first year and \$750,000 the
43.4	second year are appropriated from the
43.5	environmental fund to the commissioner of
43.6	the Pollution Control Agency for reducing and
43.7	diverting food waste, redirecting edible food
43.8	for consumption, and removing barriers to
43.9	collecting and recovering organic waste. Of
43.10	this amount, \$500,000 each year is for grants
43.11	to increase food rescue and waste prevention.
43.12	This appropriation is available until June 30,
43.13	2023. Any unencumbered grant balances in
43.14	the first year do not cancel but are available
43.15	for grants in the second year;
43.16	(3) \$3,000,000 the first year and \$3,000,000
43.17	the second year are appropriated from the
43.18	environmental fund to the commissioner of
43.19	the Pollution Control Agency for grants to
43.20	counties to collect, transport, and process
43.21	wood waste into usable biomass fuel for the
43.22	St. Paul district heating and cooling system
43.23	cogeneration facility or a waste wood and
43.24	agricultural biomass-fueled combined heat
43.25	and power facility owned in partnership with
43.26	a governmental entity located in the state; and
43.27	(4) \$2,900,000 the first year and \$3,500,000
43.28	the second year are appropriated from the
43.29	environmental fund to the commissioner of
43.30	the Pollution Control Agency for additional
43.31	SCORE block grants to counties.
43.32	(b) In the appropriations specified under
43.33	paragraph (a), the amounts appropriated are
43.34	reduced proportionally, as necessary, if the
43.35	legislation enacted in the 2019 legislative

session does not provide sufficient revenue to 44.1 the fund. 44.2 Sec. 11. Laws 2016, chapter 189, article 3, section 6, as amended by Laws 2017, chapter 44.3 93, article 1, section 12, is amended to read: 44.4 Sec. 6. ADMINISTRATION 250,000 \$ 44.5 -0-\$250,000 the first year is from the state forest 44.6 suspense account in the permanent school fund 44.7 for the school trust lands director to initiate 44.8 real estate development projects on and 44.9 complete a 25-year framework for managing 44.10 44.11 school trust lands as determined by the school trust lands director described in Minnesota 44.12 Statutes, section 127A.353, subdivision 4, 44.13 paragraph (a), clause (11). This is a onetime 44.14 appropriation and is available until June 30, 44.15 44.16 2019 2021. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 44.17 Sec. 12. Laws 2017, chapter 93, article 1, section 9, is amended to read: 44.18 Sec. 9. ADMINISTRATION \$ 800,000 \$ 44.19 300,000 44.20 (a) \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000 the second year are from the state forest suspense 44,21 account in the permanent school fund for the 44.22 44.23 school trust lands director. This appropriation is to be used for securing long-term economic 44.24 return from the school trust lands consistent 44.25 with fiduciary responsibilities and sound 44.26 natural resources conservation and 44.27 44.28 management principles. (b) \$500,000 the first year is from the state 44.29 forest suspense account in the permanent 44.30 school fund for the school trust lands director 44.31 to initiate the private sale of surplus school 44.32

45.1	trust lands identified according to Minnesota
45.2	Statutes, section 92.82, paragraph (d)
45.3	Boundary Waters Canoe Area Wilderness
45.4	private forest land alternative with the United
45.5	States Department of Agriculture Forest
45.6	Service and a nonprofit partner. The school
45.7	trust lands director may use these funds for
45.8	project costs, including but not limited to
45.9	environmental assessments, valuation
45.10	expenses, legal fees, closing costs, and
45.11	transactional staff costs. This is a onetime
45.12	appropriation and is available until June 30,
45.13	2019 <u>2021</u> .
45.14	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
45.15	ARTICLE 2
45.16	ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES
45.17	Section 1. [1.1465] STATE BEE.
45.18	Subdivision 1. Rusty patched bumble bee. The rusty patched bumble bee, <i>Bombus</i>
45.19	affinis, is the official bee of the state of Minnesota.
45.20	Subd. 2. Photograph. A photograph of the rusty patched bumble bee must be preserved
45.21	·
43.21	in the Office of the Secretary of State
	in the Office of the Secretary of State.
45.22	in the Office of the Secretary of State. Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16A.151, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
45.22 45.23	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16A.151, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16A.151, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Exceptions. (a) If a state official litigates or settles a matter on behalf of specific
45.23 45.24	
45.23	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16A.151, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Exceptions. (a) If a state official litigates or settles a matter on behalf of specific injured persons or entities, this section does not prohibit distribution of money to the specific
45.23 45.24 45.25	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16A.151, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Exceptions. (a) If a state official litigates or settles a matter on behalf of specific injured persons or entities, this section does not prohibit distribution of money to the specific injured persons or entities on whose behalf the litigation or settlement efforts were initiated. If money recovered on behalf of injured persons or entities cannot reasonably be distributed.
45.23 45.24 45.25 45.26 45.27	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16A.151, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Exceptions. (a) If a state official litigates or settles a matter on behalf of specific injured persons or entities, this section does not prohibit distribution of money to the specific injured persons or entities on whose behalf the litigation or settlement efforts were initiated.
45.23 45.24 45.25 45.26	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16A.151, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Exceptions. (a) If a state official litigates or settles a matter on behalf of specific injured persons or entities, this section does not prohibit distribution of money to the specific injured persons or entities on whose behalf the litigation or settlement efforts were initiated. If money recovered on behalf of injured persons or entities cannot reasonably be distributed to those persons or entities because they cannot readily be located or identified or because
45.23 45.24 45.25 45.26 45.27 45.28	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16A.151, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Exceptions. (a) If a state official litigates or settles a matter on behalf of specific injured persons or entities, this section does not prohibit distribution of money to the specific injured persons or entities on whose behalf the litigation or settlement efforts were initiated. If money recovered on behalf of injured persons or entities cannot reasonably be distributed to those persons or entities because they cannot readily be located or identified or because the cost of distributing the money would outweigh the benefit to the persons or entities, the
45.23 45.24 45.25 45.26 45.27 45.28 45.29	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16A.151, subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. Exceptions. (a) If a state official litigates or settles a matter on behalf of specific injured persons or entities, this section does not prohibit distribution of money to the specific injured persons or entities on whose behalf the litigation or settlement efforts were initiated. If money recovered on behalf of injured persons or entities cannot reasonably be distributed to those persons or entities because they cannot readily be located or identified or because the cost of distributing the money would outweigh the benefit to the persons or entities, the money must be paid into the general fund.

(c) This section does not prohibit a state official from distributing money to a person or entity other than the state in litigation or potential litigation in which the state is a defendant or potential defendant.

- (d) State agencies may accept funds as directed by a federal court for any restitution or monetary penalty under United States Code, title 18, section 3663(a)(3) or United States Code, title 18, section 3663A(a)(3). Funds received must be deposited in a special revenue account and are appropriated to the commissioner of the agency for the purpose as directed by the federal court.
- (e) Tobacco settlement revenues as defined in section 16A.98, subdivision 1, paragraph (t), may be deposited as provided in section 16A.98, subdivision 12.
 - (f) If the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency recovers \$250,000 or more in litigation or in settlement of a matter that could have resulted in litigation for a civil penalty from violations of a permit issued by the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency, then 40 percent of the money recovered must be distributed to the community health board where the permitted facility is located. The commissioner of the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency must notify the commissioner of health and the community health board within 30 days of a final court order in the litigation or the effective date of the settlement agreement that the litigation has concluded or a settlement has been reached. The commissioner must collect and distribute the money to the commissioner of health. The commissioner of health must distribute the money to the community health board. The community health board must meet directly with the population potentially affected by the pollution that was the subject of the litigation or settlement to understand the population's concerns and incorporate those concerns into a project that benefits that population. The project must be implemented by the community health board and funded as directed in this paragraph. This paragraph does not apply to money recovered in litigation or settlement of a matter that could have resulted in litigation with subdivisions of the state. This paragraph is for the distribution of money only and does not create a right of intervention in the litigation or settlement of the enforcement action for any person or entity.

46.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 16A.152, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Additional revenues; priority.** (a) If on the basis of a forecast of general fund revenues and expenditures, the commissioner of management and budget determines that there will be a positive unrestricted budgetary general fund balance at the close of the

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biennium, the commissioner of management and budget must allocate money to the following accounts and purposes in priority order:

- 47.3 (1) the cash flow account established in subdivision 1 until that account reaches \$350,000,000;
- 47.5 (2) the budget reserve account established in subdivision 1a until that account reaches \$1,596,522,000;
- 47.7 (3) the amount necessary to increase the aid payment schedule for school district aids
 47.8 and credits payments in section 127A.45 to not more than 90 percent rounded to the nearest
 47.9 tenth of a percent without exceeding the amount available and with any remaining funds
 47.10 deposited in the budget reserve;
- 47.11 (4) the amount necessary to restore all or a portion of the net aid reductions under section 47.12 127A.441 and to reduce the property tax revenue recognition shift under section 123B.75, 47.13 subdivision 5, by the same amount; and
- 47.14 (5) the elean water fund established in section 114D.50 until \$22,000,000 has been
 47.15 transferred into the fund metropolitan landfill contingency action trust account established
 47.16 in section 473.845 until \$13,905,000 has been transferred into the account.
- from the general fund within two weeks after the forecast is released or, in the case of transfers under paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4), as necessary to meet the appropriations schedules otherwise established in statute.
 - (c) The commissioner of management and budget shall <u>must</u> certify the total dollar amount of the reductions under paragraph (a), clauses (3) and (4), to the commissioner of education. The commissioner of education shall <u>must</u> increase the aid payment percentage and reduce the property tax shift percentage by these amounts and apply those reductions to the current fiscal year and thereafter.
- (d) Paragraph (a), clause (5), expires after the entire amount of the transfer has been made.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 17.035, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Reimbursement.** A meat processor holding a license under chapter 28A may apply to the commissioner of agriculture for <u>full</u> reimbursement of \$70 towards the processor's reasonable and documented cost of processing donated deer, as determined by the commissioner within the limits of available funding. The meat processor shall deliver

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on a form prescribed by the commissioner of agriculture, the tag number under which the deer was taken, and a receipt for the deer from the charitable organization. Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.0895, is amended by adding a subdivision tread: Subd. 10. Rusty patched bumble bee. The rusty patched bumble bee, Bombus affinition is designated as an endangered species under this section, is the state bee under section 1.1465, has been listed as an endangered species under the federal Endangered Species Act and is a species that is of most concern to the state in order to prevent extinction. The Environmental Quality Board must coordinate efforts to protect the rusty patched bumble bee in the state. Sec. 6. [84.0896] TRADE IN PROHIBITED ANIMAL PARTS PROHIBITED. Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section (b) "Antique" means an item that: (1) contains no more than 200 grams of prohibited animal part as a fixed component of an item that is not made wholly or partially from a prohibited animal part; and (2) is documented to be at least 100 years old.	48.1	the deer, processed into cuts or ground meat, to a charitable organization that is registered
on a form prescribed by the commissioner of agriculture, the tag number under which the deer was taken, and a receipt for the deer from the charitable organization. See. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.0895, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: Subd. 10. Rusty patched bumble bee. The rusty patched bumble bee, Bombus affinition is designated as an endangered species under this section, is the state bee under section 1.1465, has been listed as an endangered species under the federal Endangered Species Act and is a species that is of most concern to the state in order to prevent extinction. The Environmental Quality Board must coordinate efforts to protect the rusty patched bumble bee in the state. Sec. 6. [84.0896] TRADE IN PROHIBITED ANIMAL PARTS PROHIBITED. Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section (b) "Antique" means an item that: (1) contains no more than 200 grams of prohibited animal part as a fixed component of an item that is not made wholly or partially from a prohibited animal part; and (2) is documented to be at least 100 years old. (c) "Prohibited animal part" means any of the following: (1) a tooth or tusk from any species of elephant, hippopotamus, mammoth, mastodon, walrus, whale, or narwhal, or any piece thereof, whether raw or worked; (2) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (1): (3) a horn; piece of horn; or derivative of a horn, such as a powder, of any species of thinoceros; and (4) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (3). (d) "Sell" or "sale" means an exchange for consideration and includes barter and possession with intent to sell. The term does not include a transfer of ownership by gift,	48.2	under chapter 309 and with the commissioner of agriculture and that operates a food
deer was taken, and a receipt for the deer from the charitable organization. Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.0895, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: Subd. 10. Rusty patched bumble bee. The rusty patched bumble bee, Bombus affinition is designated as an endangered species under this section, is the state bee under section 1.1465, has been listed as an endangered species under the federal Endangered Species Act and is a species that is of most concern to the state in order to prevent extinction. The Environmental Quality Board must coordinate efforts to protect the rusty patched bumble bee in the state. Sec. 6. [84.0896] TRADE IN PROHIBITED ANIMAL PARTS PROHIBITED. Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section (b) "Antique" means an item that: (1) contains no more than 200 grams of prohibited animal part as a fixed component of an item that is not made wholly or partially from a prohibited animal part; and (2) is documented to be at least 100 years old. (c) "Prohibited animal part" means any of the following: (1) a tooth or tusk from any species of elephant, hippopotamus, mammoth, mastodon, walrus, whale, or narwhal, or any piece thereof, whether raw or worked; (2) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (1): (3) a horn; piece of horn; or derivative of a horn, such as a powder, of any species of rhinoceros; and (4) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (3). (d) "Sell" or "sale" means an exchange for consideration and includes barter and possession with intent to sell. The term does not include a transfer of ownership by gift,	48.3	assistance program. To request reimbursement, the processor shall submit an application,
Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.0895, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: Subd. 10. Rusty patched bumble bee. The rusty patched bumble bee, Bombus affinistion is designated as an endangered species under this section, is the state bee under section 1.1465, has been listed as an endangered species under the federal Endangered Species Act and is a species that is of most concern to the state in order to prevent extinction. The Environmental Quality Board must coordinate efforts to protect the rusty patched bumble bee in the state. Sec. 6. [84.0896] TRADE IN PROHIBITED ANIMAL PARTS PROHIBITED. Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section (b) "Antique" means an item that: (1) contains no more than 200 grams of prohibited animal part as a fixed component of an item that is not made wholly or partially from a prohibited animal part; and (2) is documented to be at least 100 years old. (c) "Prohibited animal part" means any of the following: (1) a tooth or tusk from any species of elephant, hippopotamus, mammoth, mastodon, walrus, whale, or narwbal, or any piece thereof, whether raw or worked; (2) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (1): (3) a horn; piece of horn; or derivative of a horn, such as a powder, of any species of rhinoceros; and (4) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (3). (d) "Sell" or "sale" means an exchange for consideration and includes barter and possession with intent to sell. The term does not include a transfer of ownership by gift,	48.4	on a form prescribed by the commissioner of agriculture, the tag number under which the
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(c) "Prohibited animal part" means any of the following: (1) a tooth or tusk from any species of elephant, hippopotamus, mammoth, mastodon, walrus, whale, or narwhal, or any piece thereof, whether raw or worked; (2) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (1); (3) a horn; piece of horn; or derivative of a horn, such as a powder, of any species of rhinoceros; and (4) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (3). (d) "Sell" or "sale" means an exchange for consideration and includes barter and possession with intent to sell. The term does not include a transfer of ownership by gift,	48.18	an item that is not made wholly or partially from a prohibited animal part; and
(1) a tooth or tusk from any species of elephant, hippopotamus, mammoth, mastodon, walrus, whale, or narwhal, or any piece thereof, whether raw or worked; (2) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (1); (3) a horn; piece of horn; or derivative of a horn, such as a powder, of any species of rhinoceros; and (4) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (3). (4) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (3). (d) "Sell" or "sale" means an exchange for consideration and includes barter and possession with intent to sell. The term does not include a transfer of ownership by gift,	48.19	(2) is documented to be at least 100 years old.
(1) a tooth or tusk from any species of elephant, hippopotamus, mammoth, mastodon, walrus, whale, or narwhal, or any piece thereof, whether raw or worked; (2) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (1); (3) a horn; piece of horn; or derivative of a horn, such as a powder, of any species of rhinoceros; and (4) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (3). (4) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (3). (d) "Sell" or "sale" means an exchange for consideration and includes barter and possession with intent to sell. The term does not include a transfer of ownership by gift,	40.20	(a) "Prohibited enimal north moons only of the following.
walrus, whale, or narwhal, or any piece thereof, whether raw or worked; (2) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (1); (3) a horn; piece of horn; or derivative of a horn, such as a powder, of any species of rhinoceros; and (4) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (3). (d) "Sell" or "sale" means an exchange for consideration and includes barter and possession with intent to sell. The term does not include a transfer of ownership by gift,	48.20	(c) Frombited animal part lineans any of the following:
(2) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (1); (3) a horn; piece of horn; or derivative of a horn, such as a powder, of any species of rhinoceros; and (4) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (3). (4) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (3). (5) (4) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (3). (6) "Sell" or "sale" means an exchange for consideration and includes barter and possession with intent to sell. The term does not include a transfer of ownership by gift,	48.21	(1) a tooth or tusk from any species of elephant, hippopotamus, mammoth, mastodon,
(3) a horn; piece of horn; or derivative of a horn, such as a powder, of any species of rhinoceros; and (4) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (3). (d) "Sell" or "sale" means an exchange for consideration and includes barter and possession with intent to sell. The term does not include a transfer of ownership by gift,	48.22	walrus, whale, or narwhal, or any piece thereof, whether raw or worked;
rhinoceros; and (4) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (3). (d) "Sell" or "sale" means an exchange for consideration and includes barter and possession with intent to sell. The term does not include a transfer of ownership by gift,	48.23	(2) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (1);
(4) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (3). (d) "Sell" or "sale" means an exchange for consideration and includes barter and possession with intent to sell. The term does not include a transfer of ownership by gift,	48.24	(3) a horn; piece of horn; or derivative of a horn, such as a powder, of any species of
(d) "Sell" or "sale" means an exchange for consideration and includes barter and possession with intent to sell. The term does not include a transfer of ownership by gift,	48.25	rhinoceros; and
possession with intent to sell. The term does not include a transfer of ownership by gift,	48.26	(4) a product containing any of the materials described in clause (3).
possession with intent to sell. The term does not include a transfer of ownership by gift,	48.27	(d) "Sell" or "sale" means an exchange for consideration and includes barter and
75 200 B	48.28	
		possession with intent to sen. The term does not include a transfer of ownership by gift,

Subd. 2. Prohibition. A person shall not purchase or sell any item that the person knows
or should know is a prohibited animal part.
Subd. 3. Exceptions. (a) Subdivision 2 does not prohibit the sale or purchase of a
prohibited animal part if the sale or purchase is:
(1) undertaken as part of law enforcement activities;
(2) expressly authorized by federal law;
(3) of an antique;
(4) of a musical instrument containing a lawfully acquired fixed component made of no
more than 200 grams of prohibited animal part; or
(5) of a prohibited animal part by a bona fide educational or scientific institution that is
a nonprofit corporation, as defined in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.
(b) Subdivision 2 does not prohibit possession of a cultural artifact containing a prohibited
animal part.
Subd. 4. Disposition of seized prohibited animal parts. Notwithstanding any other
provision of law, a prohibited animal part seized under this section must, upon a conviction,
be forfeited to the state and either destroyed or given to a nonprofit corporation, as defined
in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, for an educational or scientific purpose.
EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2020, and applies to crimes
committed on or after that date.
Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84.788, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Exemptions. Registration is not required for off-highway motorcycles:
(1) owned and used by the United States, an Indian tribal government, the state, another
state, or a political subdivision;
(2) registered in another state or country that have not been within this state for more
than 30 consecutive days;
(3) registered under chapter 168, when operated on forest roads to gain access to a state
forest campground;
(4) used exclusively in organized track-racing events;
(5) (4) operated on state or grant-in-aid trails by a nonresident possessing a nonresident
off-highway motorcycle state trail pass;

50.1	(6) (5) operated by a person participating in an event for which the commissioner has
50.2	issued a special use permit; or
50.3	(7) (6) operated on boundary trails and registered in another state or country providing
50.4	equal reciprocal registration or licensing exemptions for registrants of this state.
50.5	Sec. 8. [84.976] NO CHILD LEFT INSIDE GRANT PROGRAM.
50.6	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The commissioner of natural resources must establish
50.7	and administer a program to provide grants for outdoor environmental, ecological, and other
50.8	natural-resource-based education and recreation programs serving youth.
50.9	Subd. 2. Eligibility. The commissioner may award grants under this section to public
50.10	entities or private nonprofit organizations.
50.11	Subd. 3. Priorities. In awarding grants under this section, the commissioner must give
50.12	priority to programs that:
50.13	(1) provide students with opportunities to directly experience and understand nature and
50.14	the natural world;
50.15	(2) use a research-based, effective environmental, ecological, agricultural, or other
50.16	natural-resource-based educational curriculum;
50.17	(3) maximize the number of participants that can be served;
50.18	(4) serve children with limited opportunities to participate in natural-resource-based
50.19	outdoor activities;
50.20	(5) use public park and other natural resource venues and personnel as a resource; and
50.21	(6) commit matching funds or in-kind resources.
50.22	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 84D.15, is amended to read:
50.23	84D.15 INVASIVE SPECIES ACCOUNT ACCOUNTS.
50.24	Subdivision 1. Creation. The invasive species account is and the invasive species
50.25	research account are created in the state treasury in the natural resources fund.
50.26	Subd. 2. Receipts. (a) Money received from surcharges on watercraft licenses under
50.27	section 86B.415, subdivision 7, civil penalties under section 84D.13, and service provider
50.28	permits under section 84D.108, shall must be deposited in the invasive species account.
50.29	Each year, the commissioner of management and budget shall must transfer from the game
50.30	and fish fund to the invasive species account, the annual surcharge collected on nonresident

fishing licenses under section 97A.475, subdivision 7, paragraph (b). Each fiscal year, the 51.1 commissioner of management and budget shall must transfer \$750,000 from the water 51.2 recreation account under section 86B.706 to the invasive species account. 51.3 (b) Money received from surcharges on watercraft licenses under section 86B.415, 51.4 subdivision 7, must be deposited as follows: 51.5 (1) \$16 from each surcharge must be deposited in the invasive species account; and 51.6 (2) \$4 from each surcharge must be deposited in the invasive species research account. 51.7 Subd. 3. Use of money in invasive species account. Money credited to the invasive 51.8 species account in subdivision 2 shall must be used for management of invasive species 51.9 and implementation of this chapter as it pertains to invasive species, including control, 51.10 51.11 public awareness, law enforcement, assessment and monitoring, management planning, habitat improvements, and research. Of the money credited to the account, at least \$2 from 51.12 each surcharge on watercraft licenses under section 86B.415, subdivision 7, must be used 51.13 for grants to lake associations to manage aquatic invasive plant species. 51.14 Subd. 4. Use of money in invasive species research account. Money credited to the 51.15 invasive species research account in subdivision 2, paragraph (b), must be used for grants 51.16 to the Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota for the Minnesota Aquatic Invasive 51.17 Species Research Center to research aquatic invasive species. 51.18 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 85.012, subdivision 49, is amended to read: 51.19 Subd. 49. St. Croix Walter F. Mondale State Park, Pine County. 51.20 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 85.42, is amended to read: 51.21 85.42 USER FEE; VALIDITY. 51.22 (a) The fee for an annual cross-country-ski pass is \$19 \$24 for an individual age 16 and 51.23 over. The fee for a three-year pass is \$54 \$69 for an individual age 16 and over. This fee 51.24 shall must be collected at the time the pass is purchased. Three-year passes are valid for 51.25 three years beginning the previous July 1. Annual passes are valid for one year beginning 51.26 51.27 the previous July 1. (b) The cost for a daily cross-country skier pass is \$5 \$9 for an individual age 16 and 51.28 over. This fee shall must be collected at the time the pass is purchased. The daily pass is 51.29 valid only for the date designated on the pass form.

(c) A pass must be signed by the skier across the front of the pass to be valid and becomes 52.1 is nontransferable on signing when signed. 52.2 (d) The commissioner and agents shall must issue a duplicate pass to a person whose 52.3 pass is lost or destroyed, using the process established under section 97A.405, subdivision 52.4 3, and rules adopted thereunder. The fee for a duplicate cross-country-ski pass is \$2. 52.5 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 85.47, is amended to read: 52.6 85.47 SPECIAL USE PERMITS; FEES. 52.7 Fees collected for special use permits to use state trails not on state forest, state park, or 52.8 52.9 state recreation area lands and for use of state water access sites must be deposited in the natural resources fund and are appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources for 52.10 operating and maintaining state trails and water access sites. 52.11 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 86B.415, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 52.12 Subdivision 1. Watercraft 19 feet or less. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) and 52.13 subdivision subdivisions 1a and 4, the fee for a watercraft license for watercraft 19 feet or 52.14 less in length is \$27 \$39.25. 52.15 52.16 (b) The watercraft license fee fees for the specified watercraft are as follows: (1) for watercraft, other than personal watercraft, 19 feet in length or less that is offered 52.17 for rent or lease, the fee is \$9 \$11.25; 52.18 (2) for a sailboat, 19 feet in length or less, the fee is \$10.50 \$15.25; 52.19 (3) for a watercraft 19 feet in length or less used by a nonprofit corporation for teaching 52.20 boat and water safety, the fee is as provided in subdivision 4; 52.21 (4) for a watercraft owned by a dealer under a dealer's license, the fee is as provided in 52.22 subdivision 5; 52.23 (5) for a personal watercraft, the fee is \$37.50 \$54.50, except for a personal watercraft 52.24 that is offered for rent or lease according to section 86B.313, subdivision 4, \$47; and 52.25 (6) for a watercraft less than 17 feet in length, other than a watercraft listed in clauses 52.26 (1) to (5), the fee is \$18 \$26. 52.27

- 52.28 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 86B.415, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 1a. Canoes, kayaks, sailboards, paddleboards, paddleboats, or rowing 52.29
- 52.30 shells. Except as provided under subdivision 4, the fee for a watercraft license for a canoe,

kayak, sailboard, paddleboard, paddleboat, or rowing shell over ten feet in length is \$10.50

- 53.2 \$15.25.
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 86B.415, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 53.4 Subd. 2. Watercraft over 19 feet. Except as provided in subdivisions 1a, 3, 4, and 5,
- 53.5 the watercraft license fee:
- 53.6 (1) for a watercraft more than 19 feet but less than 26 feet in length is \$45 \\$65.25;
- 53.7 (2) for a watercraft 26 feet but less than 40 feet in length is \$67.50 \$98; and
- 53.8 (3) for a watercraft 40 feet in length or longer is \$90 \$130.50.
- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 86B.415, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Watercraft over 19 feet for hire. Except as provided under subdivision 4, the
- license fee for a watercraft more than 19 feet in length for hire with an operator is \$75
- 53.12 \$108.75 each.
- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 86B.415, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- 53.14 Subd. 4. Watercraft used by nonprofit corporation for teaching organization or
- 53.15 **homestead resort.** (a) The watercraft license fee for a watercraft used by a nonprofit
- organization for teaching boat and water safety is \$4.50 each.
- (b) The following fees apply to watercraft owned and used by a homestead resort, as
- defined under section 273.13, subdivision 22, paragraph (c), that contains ten rental units
- or less, when the watercraft remains on a single water body:
- 53.20 (1) for a watercraft 40 feet in length or longer, \$90;
- 53.21 (2) for a watercraft 26 feet but less than 40 feet in length, \$67.50;
- 53.22 (3) for a watercraft more than 19 feet but less than 26 feet in length, \$45;
- 53.23 (4) for a watercraft more than 19 feet in length for hire with an operator, \$75;
- (5) for a watercraft 17 to 19 feet in length, \$27, except as provided in clauses (6) to (10);
- (6) for a watercraft, other than personal watercraft, 19 feet in length or less that is offered
- 53.26 for rent or lease, \$9;
- 53.27 (7) for a sailboat 19 feet in length or less, \$10.50;
- 53.28 (8) for a personal watercraft, \$37.50;

(9) for a canoe, kayak, sailboard, paddleboard, paddleboard, or rowing shell over ten feet 54.1 in length, \$10.50; and 54.2 (10) for a watercraft less than 17 feet in length, other than a watercraft listed in clauses 54.3 (6) to (9), \$18. 54.4 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 86B.415, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 54.5 Subd. 5. Dealer's license. There is no separate fee for watercraft owned by a dealer 54.6 under a dealer's license. The fee for a dealer's license is \$67.50 \$98. 54.7 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 86B.415, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 54.8 Subd. 7. Watercraft surcharge. A \$5 \$20 surcharge is placed on each watercraft licensed 54.9 under subdivisions 1 to 3 and 5 and a \$5 surcharge is placed on each watercraft licensed 54.10 under subdivision 4 for control, public awareness, law enforcement, monitoring, and research 54.11 54.12 of aquatic invasive species such as zebra mussel, purple loosestrife, and Eurasian watermilfoil in public waters and public wetlands. 54.13 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 88.642, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 54.14 Subdivision 1. Written consent. No person shall cut, harvest, remove, transport, or 54.15 possess for decorative purposes or for sale more than three decorative trees, more than 100 54.16 pounds of decorative boughs, more than 50 spruce stems or branches greater than six inches 54.17 in length, more than 50 birch stems or branches greater than one-inch large-end diameter, 54.18 or more than 100 pounds of any other decorative materials without the written consent of 54.19 the owner or authorized agent of the private or public land on which the decorative materials 54.20 were cut or harvested. The written consent shall be on a form furnished or otherwise approved 54.21 by the commissioner of natural resources and shall must contain the legal description of the 54.22 land where the decorative materials were cut or harvested, as well as the name of the legal 54.23 owner of the land or the owner's authorized agent. The written consent must be carried by 54.24 every person cutting, harvesting, removing, possessing, or transporting any decorative 54.25 54.26 materials, or in any way aiding therein, and must be exhibited to any officer at the officer's request at any time. 54.27 54.28 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 88.642, subdivision 3, is amended to read: Subd. 3. Transportation requirements. No person, common carrier, bough decorative 54.29 54.30 materials buyer, or authorized agent shall purchase or otherwise receive for shipment or

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transportation any decorative materials without recording the seller's or consignor's name

and address and the written consent on a form furnished or otherwise approved by the 55.1 commissioner of natural resources. 55.2 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 88.6435, is amended to read: 55.3 88.6435 BOUGH DECORATIVE MATERIALS BUYERS. 55.4 Subdivision 1. Permits. A person may not buy more than 100 pounds of decorative 55.5 boughs in any calendar year without a bough buyer's permit issued by the commissioner of 55.6 natural resources. The annual fee for a permit for a resident or nonresident to buy decorative 55.7 boughs is \$25. 55.8 Subd. 1a. License. (a) A person must have a buyer's license for decorative materials to: 55.9 (1) buy more than 100 pounds of decorative boughs in any calendar year; 55.10 (2) buy more than 50 spruce stems or branches greater than six inches in length in any 55.11 calendar year; or 55.12 (3) buy more than 50 birch stems or branches greater than one-inch large-end diameter 55.13 in any calendar year. 55.14 55.15 (b) The annual fee for a buyer's license for decorative materials for a resident or nonresident is \$25. 55.16 Subd. 2. Record requirements. (a) When buying or otherwise receiving decorative 55.17 boughs materials, a person permitted licensed under this section must record: 55.18 (1) the seller's name and address; 55.19 (2) the form of written consent; and 55.20 (3) the government permit number or legal description or property tax identification 55.21 number of the land from which the boughs decorative materials were obtained. 55.22 (b) The information under paragraph (a) must be provided recorded on a form furnished 55.23 or otherwise approved by the commissioner of natural resources in consultation with the 55.24 balsam bough industry groups and must be exhibited to an officer upon request. 55.25 (b) Boughs may not be purchased (c) A licensed buyer may not purchase decorative 55.26 materials if the seller fails to exhibit the written consent required under section 88.642, 55.27 subdivision 1, or if the boughs do not conform to the standards specified on the consent. 55.28 Decorative boughs cut from public lands materials must conform to standards specified in 55.29 the written consent. 55.30

56.1	(e) (d) Records shall must be maintained from July 1 until June 30 of the following
56.2	calendar year and shall <u>must</u> be open to inspection to an officer during reasonable hours.
56.3	(d) (e) Customer name and address records created and maintained by permittees licensees
56.4	under this section are classified as private or nonpublic government data.
56.5	Subd. 3. Revocation of permits Penalties. (a) The commissioner may deny, modify,
56.6	suspend, or revoke a permit license issued under this section for cause, including falsification
56.7	of for falsifying records required under this section or violation of any other provision of
56.8	for violating sections 88.641 to 88.648.
56.9	(b) A person convicted of two or more violations of sections 88.641 to 88.648 within
56.10	three years may not obtain a bough buyer's permit license for decorative materials for three
56.11	years from after the date of the last conviction.
56.12	Subd. 4. Forest bough Special forest products account; disposition of fees. (a) The
56.13	forest bough special forest products account is established in the state treasury within in the
56.14	natural resources fund.
56.15	(b) Fees for permits licenses issued under this section must be deposited in the state
56.16	treasury and credited to the forest bough special forest products account and, except for the
56.17	electronic licensing system commission established by the commissioner under section
56.18	84.027, subdivision 15, are annually appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources
56.19	for costs associated with special forest product information and education programs for
56.20	harvesters and buyers.
56.21	Soc. 22 Minnogoto Statutog 2019, goation 20 27, gub division 2, is amonded to read
56.21	Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 89.37, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
56.22	Subd. 3. Private lands. The commissioner may supply only bare root seedlings, woody
56.23	cuttings, and transplant material for use on private land, provided that such material must
56.24	be sold in lots of not less than 500 250 for a sum determined by the commissioner to be
56.25	equivalent to the cost of the materials and the expenses of their distribution. The
56.26	commissioner may not directly or indirectly supply any other planting stock for use on
56.27	private lands.
56.28	Sec. 24. [89.435] FOREST CARBON SEQUESTRATION GOAL.
56.29	It is the goal of the state to plant an additional 1,000,000 trees each year in fiscal years
56.30	2020, 2021, 2022, and 2023, to provide additional carbon sequestration and improve forest
56.31	health.

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Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 90.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 13. **Special forest products.** "Special forest products" means woody and

- Subd. 13. Special forest products. "Special forest products" means woody and herbaceous plants, plant parts, seeds, fungus, soil, gravel, and forest substrate for consumption, decoration, or medicine or for any other specialty use.
- Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 90.195, is amended to read:

90.195 SPECIAL USE AND PRODUCT PERMIT.

- (a) The commissioner may issue a <u>fuelwood</u> permit to salvage or cut not to exceed 12 cords of fuelwood per year for personal use from either or both of the following sources:
- 57.10 (1) dead, down, and damaged trees; or

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- 57.11 (2) other trees that are of negative value under good forest management practices.
- 57.12 (b) The <u>fuelwood</u> permits <u>under paragraph (a)</u> may be issued for a period not to exceed one year. The commissioner <u>shall must</u> charge a fee for the permit as provided under section 90.041, subdivision 10. The fee <u>shall must</u> not exceed the current market value of fuelwood of similar species, grade, and volume that is being sold in the area where the salvage or cutting is authorized under the permit.
 - (b) (c) The commissioner may issue a special product permit under section 89.42 for commercial use, which may include permit for harvesting or collecting incidental volumes of boughs, gravel, hay, biomass, and other products derived from forest management activities special forest products. The value of the products is the current market value of the products that are being sold in the area. The permit may be issued for a period not to exceed one year, and the commissioner shall must charge a fee for the permit as provided under section 90.041, subdivision 10.
- (e) (d) The commissioner may issue a special use permit for incidental volumes of timber from approved right-of-way road clearing across state land for the purpose of accessing to access a state timber permit. The permit shall must include the volume and value of timber to be cleared and may be issued for a period not to exceed one year. A presale conference as required under section 90.151, subdivision 6, must be completed before the start of any activities under the permit.

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Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.055, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Game and fish annual reports.** (a) By December 15 each year, the commissioner shall submit to the legislative committees having jurisdiction over

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- 58.4 appropriations and the environment and natural resources reports on each of the following:
- 58.5 (1) the amount of revenue from the following and purposes for which expenditures were made:
- (i) the small-game license surcharge under section 97A.475, subdivision 4;
- 58.8 (ii) the Minnesota migratory-waterfowl stamp under section 97A.475, subdivision 5, clause (1);
- 58.10 (iii) the trout-and-salmon stamp under section 97A.475, subdivision 10;
- (iv) the pheasant stamp under section 97A.475, subdivision 5, clause (2);
- (v) the wild-turkey management account under section 97A.075, subdivision 5;
- (vi) the deer license donations and surcharges under section 97A.475, subdivisions 3, paragraph (b), and 3a; and
- (vii) the walleye stamp under section 97A.475, subdivision 10a;
- 58.16 (2) the amounts available under section 97A.075, subdivision 1, paragraphs (b) and (c), and the purposes for which these amounts were spent;
- 58.18 (3) money credited to the game and fish fund under this section and purposes for which expenditures were made from the fund;
- 58.20 (4) outcome goals for the expenditures from the game and fish fund; and
- 58.21 (5) summary and comments of citizen oversight committee reviews under subdivision 58.22 4b.
- 58.23 (b) The report must include the commissioner's recommendations, if any, for changes in the laws relating to the stamps and surcharge referenced in paragraph (a).
- Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.065, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Deer license donations and surcharges.** (a) The surcharges collected under section 97A.475, subdivision 3a, paragraph (b), shall must be deposited in an account in the special revenue fund and are appropriated to the commissioner for deer management, including for grants or payments to agencies, organizations, or individuals for assisting with the cost of processing deer taken for population management purposes for venison donation

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programs. None of the additional license fees shall be transferred to any other agency for administration of programs other than venison donation. If any money transferred by the commissioner is not used for a venison donation program, it shall be returned to the commissioner.

- (b) The surcharges and donations under section 97A.475, subdivisions subdivision 3, paragraph (b); 3a, paragraph (a); and 4, paragraph (b), shall, must be deposited in an account in the special revenue fund and are appropriated to the commissioner for the walk-in access program.
- Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.075, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Deer, bear, and lifetime licenses.** (a) For purposes of this subdivision,
- "deer license" means a license issued under section 97A.475, subdivisions 2, clauses (5),
- 59.12 (6), (7), (13), (14), and (15); 3, paragraph (a), clauses (2), (3), (4), (10), (11), and (12); and
- 59.13 8, paragraph (b), and licenses issued under section 97B.301, subdivision 4.
- 59.14 (b) \$2 from each annual deer license and \$2 annually from the lifetime fish and wildlife
- 59.15 trust fund, established in section 97A.4742, for each license issued under section 97A.473,
- 59.16 subdivision 4, shall The deer management account is established as an account in the game
- 59.17 and fish fund and may be used only for deer habitat improvement or deer management
- 59.18 programs. The following amounts must be credited to the deer management account and is
- 59.19 appropriated to the commissioner for deer habitat improvement or deer management
- 59.20 programs.:

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- 59.21 (1) \$16 from each annual deer license issued under section 97A.475, subdivisions 2,
- 59.22 clauses (5), (6), and (7); 3, paragraph (a), clauses (2), (3), and (4); and 8, paragraph (b);
- 59.23 (2) \$2 from each annual deer license issued under sections 97A.475, subdivisions 2,
- 59.24 clauses (13), (14), and (15); and 3, paragraph (a), clauses (10), (11), and (12); and 97B.301,
- 59.25 subdivision 4; and
- 59.26 (3) \$16 annually from the lifetime fish and wildlife trust fund, established under section
- 59.27 97A.4742, for each license issued to a person 18 years of age or older under section 97A.473,
- 59.28 subdivision 4, and \$2 annually from the lifetime fish and wildlife trust fund for each license
- issued to a person under 18 years of age.
- 59.30 (c) \$1 from each annual deer license and each bear license and \$1 annually from the
- 59.31 lifetime fish and wildlife trust fund, established in section 97A.4742, for each license issued
- 59.32 under section 97A.473, subdivision 4, shall must be credited to the deer and bear management

account and is appropriated to the commissioner for deer- and bear-management programs, including a computerized licensing system.

- (d) Fifty cents from each deer license is credited to the emergency deer feeding and wild Cervidae health-management account and is appropriated for emergency deer feeding and wild Cervidae health management. Money appropriated for emergency deer feeding and wild Cervidae health management is available until expended.
- (e) When the unencumbered balance in the appropriation for emergency deer feeding and wild Cervidae health management exceeds \$2,500,000 at the end of a fiscal year, the unencumbered balance in excess of over \$2,500,000 is canceled and is available for deer-and bear-management programs and computerized licensing.
- Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.126, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Use of enrolled lands. (a) From September 1 to May 31, a person must have a walk-in access hunter validation in possession to may hunt on private lands, including agricultural lands, that are posted as being enrolled in the walk-in access program.
 - (b) Hunting on private lands that are posted as enrolled in the walk-in access program is allowed from one-half hour before sunrise to one-half hour after sunset.
 - (c) Hunter access on private lands that are posted as enrolled in the walk-in access program is restricted to nonmotorized use, except by hunters with disabilities operating motor vehicles on established trails or field roads who possess a valid permit to shoot from a stationary vehicle under section 97B.055, subdivision 3.
 - (d) The general provisions for use of wildlife management areas adopted under sections 86A.06 and 97A.137, relating to overnight use, alcoholic beverages, use of motorboats, firearms and target shooting, hunting stands, abandonment of trash and property, destruction or removal of property, introduction of plants or animals, and animal trespass, apply to hunters on lands enrolled in the walk-in access program.
- 60.26 (e) Any use of enrolled lands other than hunting according to this section is prohibited, 60.27 including:
 - (1) harvesting bait, including minnows, leeches, and other live bait;
- 60.29 (2) training dogs or using dogs for activities other than hunting; and
- 60.30 (3) constructing or maintaining any building, dock, fence, billboard, sign, hunting blind, 60.31 or other structure, unless constructed or maintained by the landowner.

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Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.405, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

- Subd. 6. Application deadline. When an application deadline is specified, including an application deadline for determining the fee based on age for a lifetime license, an application must be received no later than 4:30 p.m. on the day of the deadline or, if mailed, an application must be postmarked on or before the deadline date.
- Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.475, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3a. **Deer license donation and surcharge.** (a) A person may agree to add a donation of \$1, \$3, or \$5 to the fees for annual resident and nonresident licenses to take deer by firearms or archery established under subdivisions 2, clauses (5), (6), (7), (13), (14), and (15), and 3, paragraph (a), clauses (2), (3), (4), (10), (11), and (12).
- 61.12 (b) (a) Beginning March 1, 2008, fees for bonus licenses to take deer by firearms or archery established under section 97B.301, subdivision 4, must be increased by a surcharge of \$1.
- 61.15 (e) (b) An additional commission may not be assessed on the donation or surcharge.
- Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.475, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. Small-game surcharge and donation. (a) Fees for annual licenses to take
 small game must be increased by a surcharge of \$6.50, except licenses under subdivisions
 2, clauses (18) and (19); and 3, paragraph (a), clause (14). An additional commission may
 not be assessed on the surcharge and the following statement must be included in the annual
 small-game-hunting regulations: "This \$6.50 surcharge is being paid by hunters for the
 acquisition and development of wildlife lands."
- (b) A person may agree to add a donation of \$1, \$3, or \$5 to the fees for annual resident and nonresident licenses to take small game. An additional commission may not be assessed on the donation. The following statement must be included in the annual small-game-hunting regulations: "The small-game license donations are being paid by hunters for administration of the walk-in access program."
- Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97A.475, subdivision 41, is amended to read:
- Subd. 41. **Turtle licenses** <u>license</u>. (a) The fee for a turtle seller's license to sell turtles and to take, transport, buy, and possess turtles for sale is \$250.

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62.1	(b) The fee for a recreational turtle license to take, transport, and possess turtles for
62.2	personal use is \$25.
62.3	(c) The fee for a turtle seller's apprentice license is \$100.
62.4	Sec. 35. [97B.673] NONTOXIC SHOT REQUIRED FOR TAKING SMALL GAME
62.5	IN CERTAIN AREAS.
62.6	Subdivision 1. Nontoxic shot on wildlife management areas in agricultural zone. After
62.7	July 1, 2020, a person may not take small game, rails, or common snipe on any wildlife
62.8	management area within the farmland zone with shot other than:
62.9	(1) steel shot;
62.10	(2) copper-plated, nickel-plated, or zinc-plated steel shot; or
62.11	(3) shot made of other nontoxic material approved by the director of the United States
62.12	Fish and Wildlife Service.
62.13	Subd. 2. Farmland zone. For the purposes of this section, the farmland zone is the
62.14	portion of the state that falls south and west of Minnesota Highway 70 westward from the
62.15	Wisconsin border to Minnesota Highway 65 to Minnesota Highway 23 to U.S. Highway
62.16	169 at Milaca to Minnesota Highway 18 at Garrison to Minnesota Highway 210 at Brainero
62.17	to U.S. Highway 10 at Motley to U.S. Highway 59 at Detroit Lakes northward to the
62.18	Canadian border.
62.19	Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97C.605, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
62.20	Subdivision 1. Resident angling license required Taking turtles; requirements. (a)
62.21	In addition to any other license required in this section, A person may not take, possess, or
62.22	transport turtles without a resident angling license, except as provided in subdivision 2e
62.23	and a recreational turtle license.
62.24	(b) Turtles taken from the wild are for personal use only and may not be resold.
62.25	Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97C.605, subdivision 2c, is amended to read:
62.26	Subd. 2c. License exemptions. (a) A person does not need a turtle seller's license or as
62.27	angling license the licenses specified under subdivision 1:
62.28	(1) when buying turtles for resale at a retail outlet;
62.29	(2) (1) when buying a turtle at a retail outlet: or

63.1	(3) if the person is a nonresident buying a turtle from a licensed turtle seller for export
63.2	out of state. Shipping documents provided by the turtle seller must accompany each shipment
63.3	exported out of state by a nonresident. Shipping documents must include: name, address,
63.4	eity, state, and zip code of the buyer; number of each species of turtle; and name and license
63.5	number of the turtle seller; or
63.6	(4)(2) to take, possess, and rent or sell up to 25 turtles greater than four inches in length
63.7	for the purpose of providing the turtles to participants at a nonprofit turtle race, if the person
63.8	is a resident under age 18. The person is responsible for the well-being of the turtles.
63.9	(b) A person with an aquatic farm license with a turtle endorsement or a private fish
63.10	hatchery license with a turtle endorsement may sell, obtain, possess, transport, and propagate
63.11	turtles and turtle eggs according to Minnesota Rules, part 6256.0900, without the licenses
63.12	specified under subdivision 1.
63.13	Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97C.605, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
63.14	Subd. 3. Taking; methods prohibited. (a) A person may take turtles in any manner,
63.15	except by the use of:
63.16	(1) explosives, drugs, poisons, lime, and other harmful substances;
63.17	(2) traps, except as provided in paragraph (b) and rules adopted under this section;
63.18	(3) nets other than anglers' fish landing nets; or
63.19	(4) commercial equipment, except as provided in rules adopted under this section.
63.20	(b) Until new rules are adopted under this section, a person with a turtle seller's license
63.21	may take turtles with a floating turtle trap that:
63.22	(1) has one or more openings above the water surface that measure at least ten inches
63.23	by four inches; and
63.24	(2) has a mesh size of not less than one-half inch, bar measure.
63.25	Sec. 39. [103F.49] CONSERVATION MATERIALS CONTAINING PLASTICS.
63.26	Subdivision 1. Identifying and listing. By January 1, 2021, the Board of Water and
63.27	Soil Resources must:
63.28	(1) identify materials used in conservation and bioengineering projects that contain
63.29	plastic that are used or are likely to be used in state-funded streambank stabilization projects;

64.1	(2) determine whether feasible alternatives for the materials identified are available that
64.2	do not contain plastic; and
64.3	(3) post a list of the materials with feasible alternatives on the board's website stating
64.4	that the materials are ineligible for state funding beginning January 1, 2022.
64.5	Subd. 2. Prohibition. Beginning January 1, 2022, a person may not:
64.6	(1) purchase a material listed under subdivision 1, in whole or in part, with state funds;
64.7	<u>or</u>
64.8	(2) use a material listed under subdivision 1 as part of a project funded in whole or in
64.9	part with state funds.
64.10	Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 103G.301, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
64.11	Subd. 2. Permit application and notification fees. (a) A fee to defray the costs of
64.12	receiving, recording, and processing must be paid for a permit application authorized under
64.13	this chapter, except for a general permit application, for each request to amend or transfer
64.14	an existing permit, and for a notification to request authorization to conduct a project under
64.15	a general permit. Fees established under this subdivision, unless specified in paragraph (c),
64.16	shall be compliant must comply with section 16A.1285.
64.17	(b) Proposed projects that require water in excess of 100 million gallons per year must
64.18	be assessed fees to recover the costs incurred to evaluate the project and the costs incurred
64.19	for environmental review. Fees collected under this paragraph must be credited to an account
64.20	in the natural resources fund and are appropriated to the commissioner.
64.21	(c) The fee to apply for a permit to appropriate water, in addition to any fee under
64.22	paragraph (b), and for a permit to construct or repair a dam that is subject to dam safety
64.23	inspection is \$150. The application fee for a permit to construct or repair a dam that is
64.24	subject to a dam safety inspection, to work in public waters, or to divert waters for mining
64.25	must be at least \$150 \$300, but not more than \$1,000 \$3,000. The fee for a notification to
64.26	request authorization to conduct a project under a general permit is \$100.
64.27	Sec. 41. [115A.141] CARPET PRODUCTS; STEWARDSHIP PROGRAM;
64.28	STEWARDSHIP PLAN.
64.29	Subdivision 1. Definitions. For purposes of this section, the following terms have the
64 30	meanings given:

55.1	(1) "blended carpet" means carpet with a nonuniform face fiber, which is manufactured
55.2	with multiple polymer types, fiber types, or both, in the face of the constructed material;
55.3	(2) "brand" means a name, symbol, word, or mark that identifies carpet, rather than its
55.4	components, and attributes the carpet to the owner or licensee of the brand as the producer;
55.5	(3) "carpet" means a manufactured article that is affixed or placed on the floor or building
55.6	walking surface or used as a decorative or functional building interior or exterior feature,
55.7	and is primarily constructed of a top visible surface of synthetic face fibers or yarns or tufts
55.8	attached to a backing system derived from synthetic or natural materials. Carpet includes,
55.9	but is not limited to, blended carpet, nylon carpet, PET carpet, polypropylene carpet, PTT
55.10	carpet, wool carpet, commercial or residential broadloom carpet, modular carpet tiles, and
55.11	artificial turf. Carpet includes a pad or underlayment used in conjunction with a carpet.
65.12	Carpet does not include handmade rugs, area rugs, or mats;
55.13	(4) "discarded carpet" means carpet that is no longer used for its manufactured purpose,
55.14	and may include carpet that is being evaluated for reuse and directed to reuse, as defined
65.15	in this section;
55.16	(5) "distributor" means a person who buys or otherwise acquires carpet from another
65.17	source and sells or offers to sell that carpet to retailers and installers in this state;
65.18	(6) "nylon carpet" means carpet made with a uniform face fiber made with either nylon
65.19	6 or nylon 6,6;
65.20	(7) "PET carpet" means carpet made from polyethylene terephthalate;
65.21	(8) "producer" means a person that:
65.22	(i) has legal ownership of the brand, brand name, or cobrand of carpet sold in the state;
65.23	(ii) imports carpet branded by a producer that meets the specifications of item (i) when
65.24	the producer has no physical presence in the United States;
65.25	(iii) if items (i) and (ii) do not apply, makes unbranded carpet that is sold in the state;
65.26	<u>or</u>
65.27	(iv) sells carpet at wholesale or retail, does not have legal ownership of the brand, and
65.28	elects to fulfill the responsibilities of the producer for the carpet;
65.29	(9) "polypropylene carpet" means carpet made from polypropylene;
65.30	(10) "program year" means a calendar year;
65.31	(11) "PTT carpet" means carpet made from polytrimethylene terephthalate;

66.1	(12) "recycling" means the process by which discarded carpet is collected and processed
66.2	into raw materials or products. Recycling includes only discarded carpet that is an output
66.3	of a recycling facility destined for an end market or reuse and does not include all discarded
66.4	carpet accepted by a recycling facility. Recycling does not include:
66.5	(i) energy recovery or energy generation by means of combusting discarded carpet; and
66.6	(ii) any disposal or use of discarded carpet within the permitted boundaries of a disposal
66.7	facility;
66.8	(13) "recycling rate" means the percentage of discarded carpet that is managed through
66.9	recycling or reuse, as defined in this section, and is calculated by dividing the amount of
66.10	discarded carpet that is collected and recycled or reused by the total amount of discarded
66.11	carpet generated over a program year. To determine the annual recycling rates required by
66.12	this section, the amount of discarded carpet generated must be calculated using a standard
66.13	recognized methodology based on annual sales, replacement rate, and the average weight
66.14	of carpet and must be approved by the agency;
66.15	(14) "retailer" means any person who sells or offers carpet for sale at retail in the state
66.16	that generates sales tax revenue;
66.17	(15) "reuse" means donating or selling discarded carpet back into the market for its
66.18	original intended use, when the carpet retains its original purpose and performance
66.19	characteristics;
66.20	(16) "sale" or "sell" means the transfer of title of carpet for consideration, including:
66.21	(i) a remote sale conducted through a sales outlet, catalog, website, or similar electronic
66.22	means; or
66.23	(ii) a lease through which carpet is provided to a consumer by a producer or retailer;
66.24	(17) "stewardship assessment" means the amount added to the purchase price of carpet
66.25	sold in the state that is necessary to cover the cost of collecting, transporting, processing,
66.26	and marketing discarded carpet by the stewardship organization operating under a product
66.27	stewardship plan;
66.28	(18) "stewardship organization" means a single organization exempt from taxation under
66.29	Section 501(c)(3) of the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (United States Code, title
66.30	21, section 501(c)(3)) that is established by producers in accordance with this section to
66.31	develop, implement, and administer a product stewardship program under this section;

67.1	(19) "stewardship plan" means a detailed plan describing the manner in which a product
67.2	stewardship program under subdivision 2 will be implemented; and
67.3	(20) "wool carpet" means carpet made from wool.
67.4	Subd. 2. Product stewardship program. A producer of carpet sold in the state must
67.5	participate in the stewardship organization to implement and finance a statewide product
67.6	stewardship program operated under an agency-approved product stewardship plan that
67.7	manages carpet by reducing carpet's waste generation, promoting its reuse and recycling,
67.8	and providing for negotiation and execution of agreements to collect, transport, and process
67.9	carpet for recycling and reuse.
67.10	Subd. 3. Requirement for sale. On and after January 1, 2022, no producer, distributor,
67.11	or retailer may sell carpet or offer carpet for sale in the state unless the carpet's producer
67.12	participates in the product stewardship organization to implement and finance a statewide
67.13	product stewardship program operated under a stewardship plan approved by the agency.
67.14	Subd. 4. Requirements for stewardship plan. (a) On or before January 1, 2021, initially
67.15	and on or before each July 1 in a year when the stewardship plan is required to be updated
67.16	under paragraph (b), the stewardship organization must submit a stewardship plan to the
67.17	agency and receive agency approval of the plan. A stewardship plan must include all elements
67.18	required under subdivision 5.
67.19	(b) At least every three years, the stewardship organization operating a product
67.20	stewardship program must update the stewardship plan and submit the updated plan to the
67.21	agency for review and approval.
67.22	(c) It is the responsibility of the stewardship organization to notify the agency within
67.23	30 days of any significant changes or modifications to the plan or its implementation. Within
67.24	30 days of the notification, a written plan revision must be submitted to the agency for
67.25	review and approval.
67.26	(d) Upon agency approval of the stewardship plan, the stewardship organization must
67.27	comply with and implement the contents of the approved plan.
67.28	Subd. 5. Stewardship plan content. The stewardship plan must contain:
67.29	(1) certification that the product stewardship program will accept all discarded carpet
67.30	regardless of which producer produced the carpet and its individual components;
67.31	(2) contact information for the individual and the entity submitting the plan and for all
67.32	producers participating in the product stewardship program;

68.1	(3) a description of the methods by which discarded carpet will be collected in all areas
68.2	in the state without relying on end-of-life fees, including an explanation of how the collection
68.3	system will be convenient and adequate to serve the needs of small businesses and residents.
68.4	The stewardship program must include an operating collection site located in each county
68.5	of the state by January 1, 2023. Subject to approval by the agency, the stewardship program
68.6	may propose an alternative to a collection site location in each county that is convenient
68.7	and adequate to collect discarded carpet generated in each county;
68.8	(4) a description of how the adequacy of the collection program will be monitored and
68.9	maintained;
68.10	(5) the names and locations of collectors, transporters, and recycling facilities that will
68.11	manage discarded carpet;
68.12	(6) a description of how the discarded carpet and the carpet's components will be safely
68.13	and securely transported, tracked, and handled from collection through final recycling and
68.14	processing;
68.15	(7) a description of the method that will be used to reuse, deconstruct, or recycle the
68.16	discarded carpet to ensure that the product's components, to the extent feasible, are
68.17	transformed or remanufactured into raw materials or finished products for use;
68.18	(8) a description of the promotion and outreach activities that will be used to encourage
68.19	participation in the collection and recycling programs and how the activities' effectiveness
68.20	will be evaluated and the program modified, if necessary;
68.21	(9) evidence of adequate insurance and financial assurance that may be required for
68.22	collection, handling, and disposal operations;
68.23	(10) performance goals, including an estimate of the percentage of discarded carpet that
68.24	will be collected, reused, recycled, and disposed during each of the three years of each
68.25	stewardship plan. The program must achieve at a minimum, a 15 percent recycling rate in
68.26	program year 2023 and must include and meet escalating performance goals for each
68.27	subsequent year. The performance goals must be based on:
68.28	(i) the most recent collection data available for the state;
68.29	(ii) the amount of carpet disposed of annually;
68.30	(iii) the weight of the carpet that is expected to be available for collection annually; and
68.31	(iv) actual collection data from other existing stewardship programs.

69.1	A stewardship plan must state the methodology used to determine these goals. The agency
69.2	must review and may adjust the recycling rate and performance goals, based on information
69.3	included in the stewardship plan and annual reports, other information provided by the
69.4	stewardship organization, and economic and any other relevant information;
69.5	(11) a discussion of the status of statewide collection infrastructure, processor capacity,
69.6	and end markets for discarded carpet and what, if any, additional statewide collection
69.7	infrastructure, processor capacity, and end markets are needed to improve the functioning
69.8	of the program and meet increasing performance goals;
69.9	(12) carpet design changes that will be considered to reduce toxicity, water use, or energy
69.10	use or to increase recycled content, recyclability, or carpet longevity;
69.11	(13) a discussion of market development opportunities to expand the use of recovered
69.12	carpet, with consideration of expanding processing activity near areas of collection;
69.13	(14) a financial plan that demonstrates sufficient funding to carry out the stewardship
69.14	plan, including the administrative, operational, and capital costs of the plan, and payment
69.15	of incentive payments to carpet collectors, processors, and end use markets to assist with
69.16	the implementation of this section;
69.17	(15) annual budgets showing revenue and expenditure projections for the current program
69.18	year and for the next three years of the program;
69.19	(16) a process by which the financial activities of the stewardship organization related
69.20	to the implementation of the plan are subject to an annual independent audit, which shall
69.21	be reviewed by the agency;
69.22	(17) baseline information, for the most recent three-year period for which data is available,
69.23	on the number of square feet and pounds of carpet sold in this state, by type of carpet pursuant
69.24	to subdivision 1, clause (3);
69.25	(18) a discussion of the feasibility, cost, and effectiveness of labeling the backside of
69.26	new carpet with the polymer type or nonpolymer material used to manufacture the carpet
69.27	to assist processors in more easily identifying the type of discarded carpet collected for
69.28	processing;
69.29	(19) a description of a mandatory program to train carpet installers on properly managing
69.30	discarded carpet so that it can be reused or recycled under this section; and
69.31	(20) a summary of the consultation process that identifies the consulted stakeholders,
69.32	the stakeholder comments raised in the consultation process, and the stewardship
69.33	organization's responses to those comments as required under subdivision 7.

70.1	Subd. 6. Stewardship assessment. (a) On and after July 1, 2021, a producer must add
70.2	a stewardship assessment fee of four cents per square foot to the purchase price of nylon
70.3	carpet, polypropylene carpet, and wool carpet, and six cents per square foot to the purchase
70.4	price of PET carpet, PTT carpet, blended carpet, and any other types of carpet sold by the
70.5	producer in this state. The assessment added under this section must be remitted by the
70.6	producer on a quarterly basis to the stewardship organization.
70.7	(b) The assessment must be added by the producer to the purchase price of all carpet
70.8	sold by producers to a Minnesota retailer or distributor or otherwise sold for use in this
70.9	state. The assessment must be clearly visible on all invoices or functionally equivalent
70.10	billing documents as a separate line item and must be accompanied by a brief description
70.11	of the assessment.
70.12	(c) If the amount of the assessment is too low to properly fund the stewardship program,
70.13	the stewardship organization must submit a plan update to the agency to increase the
70.14	assessment, subject to agency review and approval in accordance with this section before
70.15	the assessment is increased.
70.16	(d) On and after January 1, 2025, if a fund balance greater than one-half of the program's
70.17	annual operating cost is reached, the stewardship organization must submit a plan update
70.18	to the agency to reduce the assessment, subject to agency review and approval in accordance
70.19	with this section before the assessment is reduced.
70.20	(e) The assessment fee must be deposited by the stewardship organization into a Federal
70.21	Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured financial institution, and, if for any reason
70.22	this section is repealed, the entire assessment fund balance must be transferred by the
70.23	stewardship organization to the state to be deposited into the environmental fund.
70.24	(f) A stewardship assessment must not be used to pay for any penalties assessed under
70.25	this section or for the final disposal or incineration of discarded carpet.
70.26	Subd. 7. Consultation required. (a) The stewardship organization must consult with
70.27	stakeholders, including retailers, installers, collectors, recyclers, local government, customers,
70.28	and citizens, during development of the stewardship plan; solicit stakeholder comments;
70.29	and incorporate stakeholder comments regarding the plan to the extent feasible before
70.30	submitting a plan to the agency for review.
70.31	(b) The stewardship organization must invite comments from local governments,
70.32	communities, and citizens to report their satisfaction with services, including education and
70.33	outreach, provided by the product stewardship program. The information must be submitted

to the agency and used by the agency in reviewing proposed updates or changes to the

71.2 stewardship plan. Subd. 8. Agency review and approval. (a) Within 90 days after receiving a proposed 71.3 stewardship plan, the agency must determine whether the plan complies with subdivision 71.4 71.5 5 and is sufficient to achieve the goals and requirements of this section. If the agency approves a plan, the agency must notify the applicant of the plan approval in writing. If the 71.6 agency rejects a plan, the agency must notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for 71.7 rejecting the plan. An applicant whose plan is rejected by the agency must submit a revised 71.8 plan to the agency within 60 days after receiving notice of rejection. 71.9 71.10 (b) Any proposed changes to a stewardship plan must be approved by the agency in writing. 71.11 71.12 Subd. 9. Plan availability. All draft stewardship plans must be placed on the agency's 71.13 website for at least 30 days before agency approval and made available at the agency's 71.14 headquarters for public review and comment. All approved stewardship plans must be placed on the agency's website while the plan is in effect. 71.15 71.16 Subd. 10. Conduct authorized. The stewardship organization that organizes collection, transport, and processing of carpet under this section is immune from liability for the conduct 71.17 71.18 under state laws relating to antitrust, restraint of trade, unfair trade practices, and other regulation of trade or commerce only to the extent that the conduct is necessary to plan and 71.19 71.20 implement the organization's chosen organized collection or recycling system. 71.21 Subd. 11. Education materials. (a) Producers of carpet or the stewardship organization must provide retailers, installers, and consumers with educational materials regarding the 71.22 stewardship assessment and product stewardship program. The materials must include, but 71.23 are not limited to, information regarding available end-of-life management options for carpet 71.24 offered through the product stewardship program and information that notifies consumers 71.25 that a charge for operating the product stewardship program is included in the purchase 71.26 price of carpet sold in the state. 71.27 71.28 (b) Each distributor or retailer must provide the educational materials referenced in this 71.29 subdivision to carpet installation contractors and consumers at the time of purchase or delivery or both. 71.30 Subd. 12. Retailer and distributor responsibilities. (a) On and after January 1, 2022, 71.31 71.32 no carpet may be sold in the state unless the carpet's producer is participating in an approved 71.33 stewardship plan.

72.1	(b) Any retailer or distributor may participate, on a voluntary basis, as a designated
72.2	collection point pursuant to a product stewardship program under this section and in
72.3	accordance with applicable law.
72.4	(c) No retailer or distributor shall be found to be in violation of this section if, on the
72.5	date the carpet was ordered from the producer or its agent, the producer was listed as
72.6	compliant on the agency's website, as provided in subdivision 15.
72.7	(d) Nothing in this section prohibits a retailer or distributor from selling their inventory
72.8	of carpet existing prior to January 1, 2022.
72.9	Subd. 13. Stewardship reports. Beginning March 31, 2023, and each March 31
72.10	thereafter, the stewardship organization must submit an annual report to the agency describing
72.11	the product stewardship program. At a minimum, the report must contain:
72.12	(1) a description of the methods used to collect, transport, and process carpet in all
72.13	regions of the state;
72.14	(2) the weight of all carpet collected in the seven-county metropolitan area and in the
72.15	remainder of the state and a comparison to the performance goals, recycling rates, and
72.16	collection infrastructure established in the stewardship plan and, if appropriate, an explanation
72.17	stating the reason or reasons performance goals were not met;
72.18	(3) the amount of discarded carpet collected in the state by method of disposition,
72.19	including reuse, recycling, and other methods of processing, including the amount collected
72.20	but not reused or recycled, and its methods of ultimate disposition;
72.21	(4) identification of the facilities processing carpet and the weight processed by type of
72.22	carpet listed in subdivision 1, clause (3), at each facility;
72.23	(5) an evaluation of the program's funding mechanism and budget for each program
72.24	year, including a copy of the independent audit;
72.25	(6) samples of educational materials provided to consumers and an evaluation of the
72.26	effectiveness of the materials and the methods used to disseminate the materials;
72.27	(7) a description of progress made toward achieving carpet design changes in order to
72.28	achieve the goals listed in subdivision 5, clause (12);
72.29	(8) an assessment of how the stewardship organization is achieving the goals of this
72.30	section and the goals established in the stewardship plan, including a discussion of each or
72.31	the required elements of the stewardship plan under subdivision 5.

73.1	(9) data necessary to determine whether the amount of the stewardship assessment will
73.2	be sufficient to achieve the goals of this section and the goals established in the stewardship
73.3	plan and will properly fund the stewardship program; and
73.4	(10) other information that the agency may request for the purposes of determining
73.5	compliance under this section.
70.6	Cub d 14 Calcainformation Calcainformation married to the commission on any day
73.6	Subd. 14. Sales information. Sales information provided to the commissioner under
73.7	this section is classified as private or nonpublic data, as specified in section 115A.06,
73.8	subdivision 13.
73.9	Subd. 15. Agency responsibilities. The agency must provide on its website a list of all
73.10	compliant producers and brands participating in stewardship plans that the agency has
73.11	approved and a list of all producers and brands the agency has identified as noncompliant
73.12	with this section.
73.13	Subd. 16. Local government responsibilities. A city, county, or other public agency
73.14	may voluntarily participate by serving as a designated collection point by providing education
73.15	and outreach, or by using other strategies to assist in meeting product stewardship program
73.16	recycling obligations. A city, county, or other public agency providing voluntary assistance
73.17	must be reimbursed for all of its expenses by the stewardship organization.
73.18	Subd. 17. Administrative fee. (a) The stewardship organization submitting a stewardship
73.19	plan must pay the agency an annual administrative fee. The agency must set the fee at an
73.20	amount that is adequate to cover the agency's full costs of administering and enforcing this
73.21	section.
73.22	(b) Fees collected under this subdivision are subject to section 16A.1285.
73.23	(c) The agency must identify the direct program development or regulatory costs it incurs
73.24	under this section before the first stewardship plan is submitted and must establish a fee in
73.25	an amount adequate to cover those costs, which must be paid by the stewardship organization.
73.26	(d) The stewardship organization must pay the agency's administrative fee under
73.27	paragraph (a) on or before July 1, 2021, and annually thereafter, and the agency's onetime
73.28	development fee under paragraph (c) on or before July 1, 2021. Each year after the initial
73.29	payment, and notwithstanding paragraph (b), the annual administrative fee may not exceed
73.30	five percent of the aggregate stewardship assessment collected under subdivision 6 for the
73.31	preceding calendar year.
73.32	Subd. 18. Account created. A carpet stewardship account is created as an account in
73.33	the special revenue fund. All fees collected by the agency from the stewardship organization

under this section must be deposited in the account. Any earnings from assets of the account 74.1 must be credited to the account. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner 74.2 for the purposes of this section. 74.3 Subd. 19. Duty to provide information. Any producer, distributor, retailer, stewardship 74.4 organization, or other person must furnish to the agency any information which that person 74.5 may have or may reasonably obtain that the agency requests for the purposes of determining 74.6 compliance under this section. 74.7 Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 115A.142, is amended to read: 74.8 115A.142 REPORT TO LEGISLATURE AND GOVERNOR. 74.9 As part of the report required under section 115A.121, the commissioner of the Pollution 74.10 74.11 Control Agency shall must provide a report to the governor and the legislature on the implementation of section sections 115A.141 and 115A.1415. 74.12 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 115A.51, is amended to read: 74.13 115A.51 APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS. 74.14 (a) Applications for assistance under the program shall must demonstrate: 74.15 (a) (1) that the project is conceptually and technically feasible; 74.16 (b) (2) that affected political subdivisions are committed to implement the project, to 74.17 74.18 provide necessary local financing, and to accept and exercise the government powers necessary to the project; 74.19 (e) (3) that operating revenues from the project, considering the availability and security 74.20 of sources of solid waste and of markets for recovered resources, together with any proposed 74.21 federal, state, or local financial assistance, will be sufficient to pay all costs over the projected 74.22 74.23 life of the project; (d) (4) that the applicant has evaluated the feasible and prudent alternatives to disposal, 74.24 including using existing solid waste management facilities with reasonably available capacity 74.25 sufficient to accomplish the goals of the proposed project, and has compared and evaluated 74.26 the costs of the alternatives, including capital and operating costs, and the effects of the 74.27 alternatives on the cost to generators.; 74.28 (5) that the applicant has identified: 74.29

75.1	(i) waste management objectives in applicable county and regional solid waste
75.2	management plans consistent with section 115A.46, subdivision 2, paragraphs (e) and (f),
75.3	or 473.149, subdivision 1; and
75.4	(ii) other solid waste facilities identified in the county and regional plans; and
75.5	(6) that the applicant has conducted a comparative analysis of the project against existing
75.6	public and private solid waste facilities, including an analysis of potential displacement of
75.7	those facilities, to determine whether the project is the most appropriate alternative to achieve
75.8	the identified waste management objectives that considers:
75.9	(i) conformity with approved county or regional solid waste management plans;
75.10	(ii) consistency with the state's solid waste hierarchy and section 115A.46, subdivision
75.11	2, paragraphs (e) and (f), or 473.149, subdivision 1; and
75.12	(iii) environmental standards related to public health, air, surface water, and groundwater.
75.13	(b) The commissioner may require completion of a comprehensive solid waste
75.14	management plan conforming to the requirements of section 115A.46, before accepting an
75.15	application. Within five days of filing an application with the agency, the applicant must
75.16	submit a copy of the application to each solid waste management facility mentioned in the
75.17	portion of the application addressing the requirements of paragraph (a), clauses (5) and (6).
75.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
75.19	Sec. 44. [115A.903] WASTE TIRE FACILITIES OPERATING OUTDOORS;
75.20	FINANCIAL QUALIFICATIONS.
75.21	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
75.22	the meanings given.
75.23	(b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency.
75.24	(c) "Financial qualification" means the ability of an applicant or permit holder to pay
75.25	the costs to properly design, construct, operate, maintain, and close a waste tire facility.
75.26	(d) "Waste tire facility" means a permitted facility operated by a tire collector or tire
75.27	processor at which waste tires are stored or processed outdoors.
75.28	Subd. 2. Application; financial qualification. (a) An applicant for a permit for a waste
75.29	tire facility must submit in an application to the commissioner:
75.30	(1) information demonstrating the applicant's financial qualification to design, construct,
75 31	operate maintain and close a waste tire facility; and

76.1	(2) cost estimates for:
76.2	(i) site investigation;
76.3	(ii) land acquisition costs, including financing terms and costs;
76.4	(iii) project design;
76.5	(iv) construction;
76.6	(v) operations;
76.7	(vi) maintenance; and
76.8	(vii) facility closing.
76.9	(b) As part of the financial qualification review, an applicant must:
76.10	(1) provide a copy of its most recent audited or reviewed financial statements prepared
76.11	by a certified public accountant according to generally accepted accounting principles, if
76.12	the applicant is an operating business prior to application;
76.13	(2) provide a copy of its owners' personal financial statements, if the applicant is not an
76.14	operating business prior to application; and
76.15	(3) demonstrate its financial viability through one or a combination of assets including
76.16	cash, marketable securities or bonds, or letters of credit or loan commitments from a financial
76.17	institution that is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or the
76.18	National Credit Union Administration (NCUA) and is authorized to do business in the
76.19	United States.
76.20	(c) Any person whose assets are used as part of the financial qualification review must
76.21	be designated as a joint permittee with the applicant on the permit for the facility.
76.22	Subd. 3. Financial qualification review. The commissioner may provide to the state
76.23	auditor a copy of any filing that an applicant for a permit or a permit holder submits to the
76.24	commissioner to meet the financial qualification requirement under this section. The state
76.25	auditor must review the filing and provide the commissioner with a written opinion as to
76.26	the adequacy of the filing to meet the purposes of this section, including any recommended
76.27	changes.
76.28	Subd. 4. Changes affecting financial qualification. (a) To continue to hold a permit
76.29	for a waste tire facility, a permit holder must maintain financial qualification and must
76.30	provide any information requested by the commissioner to establish that the permit holder

continues to maintain financial qualification. A permit holder must notify the commissioner 77.1 within 30 days of any significant change in: 77.2 (1) the identity of any person or structure of the business entity that holds the permit for 77.3 the facility; 77.4 (2) the identity of any person or structure of the business entity that owns or operates 77.5 the facility; or 77.6 (3) assets of the permit holder, owner, or operator of the facility. 77.7 77.8 (b) A change is significant under paragraph (a) if the change: 77.9 (1) has the potential to affect the financial qualification of the permit holder, owner, or operator; or 77.10 (2) would result in a change in the identity of the permit holder, owner, or operator for 77.11 77.12 purposes of financial qualification. The commissioner may, after reviewing the changes, require the permit holder to reestablish 77.13 financial qualification and may modify or revoke a permit or require issuance of a new 77.14 permit. 77.15 Subd. 5. Application. (a) The financial qualification requirements of this section apply 77.16 only in the first ten years of operation of a waste tire facility permitted in the state. 77.17 (b) This section does not apply to political subdivisions operating a waste tire facility. 77.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and 77.19 applies to waste tire facilities issued a permit on or after that date. 77.20 Sec. 45. [115B.172] NATURAL RESOURCES DAMAGES ACCOUNT. 77.21 Subdivision 1. Establishment. The natural resources damages account is established as 77.22 an account in the remediation fund. 77.23 Subd. 2. Revenues. The account consists of money from the following sources: 77.24 (1) revenue from actions taken to recover natural resources damages under section 77.25 115B.17, subdivision 7, or any other law, unless otherwise specified in the settlement 77.26

- (2) appropriations and transfers to the account as provided by law;
- 77.29 (3) interest earned on the account; and

agreement;

77.27

77.28

78.1	(4) money received by the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency or the
78.2	commissioner of natural resources for deposit in the account in the form of a gift or grant.
78.3	Subd. 3. Expenditures. (a) Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner
78.4	of natural resources for the purposes authorized in section 115B.20, subdivision 2, clause
78.5	<u>(4).</u>
78.6	(b) The commissioner of management and budget must allocate the amounts available
78.7	in any biennium to the commissioner of natural resources for the purposes of this section
78.8	based upon work plans submitted by the commissioner of natural resources and may adjust
78.9	those allocations if revised work plans are submitted. Copies of the work plans must be
78.10	submitted to the chairs of the house of representatives and senate committees and divisions
78.11	having jurisdiction over environment and natural resources finance.
78.12	Subd. 4. Report. By November 1 each year, the commissioner of natural resources must
78.13	submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives
78.14	and senate committees and divisions with jurisdiction over environment and natural resources
78.15	policy and finance on expenditures from the natural resources damages account during the
78.16	previous fiscal year.
78.17	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
78.18	Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 115B.421, is amended to read:
78.19	115B.421 CLOSED LANDFILL INVESTMENT FUND.
78.20	The closed landfill investment fund is established in the state treasury. The fund consists
78.21	of money credited to the fund, and interest and other earnings on money in the fund.
78.22	Beginning July 1, 2003, funds must be deposited as described in section 115B.445. The
78.23	fund shall be managed to maximize long-term gain through the State Board of Investment.
78.24	Money in the fund is appropriated to the commissioner and may be spent by the commissioner
78.25	after fiscal year 2020 in accordance with sections 115B.39 to 115B.444.
78.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
78.27	Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 116.02, is amended to read:
78.28	116.02 POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY; CREATION AND POWERS.
78.29	Subdivision 1. Creation. A pollution control agency, designated as the Minnesota
78.30	Pollution Control Agency, is hereby created. The agency consists of the commissioner and
78.31	eight members appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate.

79.1	One member must be a person knowledgeable in the field of agriculture, and one must be
79.2	a representative of organized labor.
79.3	Subd. 2a. Terms, compensation, removal, vacancies. The membership terms,
79.4	compensation, removal of members, and filling of vacancies on the agency is as provided
79.5	<u>in section 15.0575.</u>
79.6	Subd. 3a. Membership. The membership of the Pollution Control Agency must be
79.7	broadly representative of the skills and experience necessary to effectuate the policy of
79.8	sections 116.01 to 116.075, except that no member other than the commissioner may be an
79.9	officer or employee of the state or federal government. Only two members at one time may
79.10	be officials or employees of a municipality or any governmental subdivision, but neither
79.11	may be a member ex officio or otherwise on the management board of a municipal sanitary
79.12	sewage disposal system.
79.13	Subd. 4a. Chair. The commissioner serves as chair of the agency. The agency elects
79.14	other officers as the agency deems necessary.
79.15	Subd. 5. Agency successor to commission. The Pollution Control Agency is the
79.16	successor of the Water Pollution Control Commission, and all powers and duties now vested
79.17	in or imposed upon said commission by chapter 115, or any act amendatory thereof or
79.18	supplementary thereto, are hereby transferred to, imposed upon, and vested in the
79.19	commissioner of the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency.
79.20	Subd. 6a. Required decisions. The agency must make final decisions on the following
79.21	matters:
79.22	(1) a petition for preparing an environmental assessment worksheet, if the project proposer
79.23	or a person commenting on the proposal requests that the decision be made by the agency
79.24	and the agency requests that it make the decision under subdivision 8a;
79.25	(2) the need for an environmental impact statement following preparation of an
79.26	environmental assessment worksheet under applicable rules, if:
79.27	(i) the agency has received a request for an environmental impact statement;
79.28	(ii) the project proposer or a person commenting on the proposal requests that the
79.29	declaration be made by the agency and the agency requests that it make the decision under
79.30	subdivision 8a; or
79.31	(iii) the commissioner is recommending preparation of an environmental impact
79 32	statement:

80.1	(3) the scope and adequacy of environmental impact statements;
80.2	(4) issuing, reissuing, modifying, or revoking a permit if:
80.3	(i) a variance is sought in the permit application or a contested case hearing request is
80.4	pending; or
80.5	(ii) the permit applicant, the permittee, or a person commenting on the permit action
80.6	requests that the decision be made by the agency and the agency requests that it make the
80.7	decision under subdivision 8a;
80.8	(5) final adoption or amendment of agency rules for which a public hearing is required
80.9	under section 14.25 or for which the commissioner decides to proceed directly to a public
80.10	hearing under section 14.14, subdivision 1;
80.11	(6) approving or denying an application for a variance from an agency rule if:
80.12	(i) granting the variance request would change an air, soil, or water quality standard;
80.13	(ii) the commissioner determines that granting the variance would have a significant
80.14	environmental impact; or
80.15	(iii) the applicant or a person commenting on the variance requests requests that the
80.16	decision be made by the agency and the agency requests that it make the decision under
80.17	subdivision 8a; and
80.18	(7) whether to reopen, rescind, or reverse a decision of the agency.
80.19	Subd. 7a. Additional decisions. The commissioner may request that the agency make
80.20	additional decisions or provide advice to the commissioner.
80.21	Subd. 8a. Other actions. (a) Any other action not specifically within the authority of
80.22	the commissioner must be made by the agency if:
80.23	(1) before the commissioner's final decision on the action, one or more members of the
80.24	agency notify the commissioner of their request that the decision be made by the agency;
80.25	<u>or</u>
80.26	(2) any person submits a petition to the commissioner requesting that the decision be
80.27	made by the agency and the commissioner grants the petition.
80.28	(b) If the commissioner denies a petition submitted under paragraph (a), clause (2), the
80.29	commissioner must advise the agency and the petitioner of the reasons for the denial.
80.30	Subd. 9a. Informing public. The commissioner must inform interested persons as
80 31	appropriate in public notices and other public documents of their right to request the agency

81.1	to make decisions in specific matters according to subdivision 6a and the right of agency
81.2	members to request that decisions be made by the agency according to subdivision 8a. The
81.3	commissioner must regularly inform the agency of activities that have broad policy
81.4	implications or potential environmental significance and of activities in which the public
81.5	has exhibited substantial interest.
81.6	Subd. 11. Changing decisions. (a) The agency must not reopen, rescind, or reverse a
81.7	decision of the agency except upon:
81.8	(1) the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the agency; or
81.9	(2) a finding that there was an irregularity in a hearing related to the decision, an error
81.10	of law, or a newly discovered material issue of fact.
81.11	(b) The requirements in paragraph (a) are minimum requirements and do not limit the
81.12	agency's authority under sections 14.06 and 116.07, subdivision 3, to adopt rules:
81.13	(1) applying the requirement in paragraph (a), clause (1) or (2), to certain decisions of
81.14	the agency; or
81.15	(2) establishing additional or more stringent requirements for reopening, rescinding, or
81.16	reversing decisions of the agency.
81.17	Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 116.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
81.18	Subdivision 1. Office. (a) The Office of Commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency
81.19	is created and is under the supervision and control of the commissioner, who is appointed
81.20	by the governor under the provisions of section 15.06.
81.21	(b) The commissioner may appoint a deputy commissioner and assistant commissioners
81.22	who shall be are in the unclassified service.
81.23	(c) The commissioner shall make all decisions on behalf of the agency that are not
81.24	required to be made by the agency under section 116.02.
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81.25	Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 116.03, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
81.26	Subd. 2a. Mission; efficiency. It is part of the agency's mission that, within the agency's
81.27	resources, the commissioner and the members of the agency shall endeavor to:
81.28	(1) prevent the waste or unnecessary spending of public money;
81.29	(2) use innovative fiscal and human resource practices to manage the state's resources
81.30	and operate the agency as efficiently as possible;

(3) coordinate the agency's activities wherever appropriate with the activities of other 82.1 governmental agencies; 82.2 (4) use technology where appropriate to increase agency productivity, improve customer 82.3 service, increase public access to information about government, and increase public 82.4 participation in the business of government; 82.5 (5) utilize use constructive and cooperative labor-management practices to the extent 82.6 otherwise required by chapters 43A and 179A; 82.7 (6) report to the legislature on the performance of agency operations and the 82.8 82.9 accomplishment of agency goals in the agency's biennial budget according to section 16A.10, subdivision 1; and 82.10 82.11 (7) recommend to the legislature appropriate changes in law necessary to carry out the mission and improve the performance of the agency. 82.12 Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 116.155, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 82.13 Subdivision 1. Creation. The remediation fund is created as a special revenue fund in 82.14 82.15 the state treasury to provide a reliable source of public money for response and corrective actions to address releases of hazardous substances, pollutants or contaminants, agricultural 82.16 chemicals, and petroleum, and for environmental response actions at qualified landfill 82.17 82.18 facilities for which the agency has assumed such responsibility, including perpetual care of such facilities. The specific purposes for which the general portion of the fund may be spent 82.19 are provided in subdivision 2. In addition to the general portion of the fund, the fund contains 82.20 three four accounts described in subdivisions 4 to 5a 5b. 82.21 Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 116.155, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 82.22 Subd. 3. Revenues. The following revenues shall be deposited in the general portion of 82.23 the remediation fund: 82.24 (1) response costs and natural resource damages related to releases of hazardous 82.25 82.26 substances, or pollutants or contaminants, recovered under sections 115B.17, subdivisions <u>subdivision</u> 6 and 7,; 115B.443,; 115B.444, or any other law; 82.27 (2) money paid to the agency or the Agriculture Department by voluntary parties who 82.28 have received technical or other assistance under sections 115B.17, subdivision 14, 115B.175 82.29 to 115B.179, and 115C.03, subdivision 9; 82.30

83.1	(3) money received in the form of gifts, grants, reimbursement, or appropriation from
33.2	any source for any of the purposes provided in subdivision 2, except federal grants; and
83.3	(4) interest accrued on the fund.
83.4	Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 116.155, is amended by adding a subdivision
83.5	to read:
83.6	Subd. 5b. Natural resources damages account. The natural resources damages account
83.7	is as described in section 115B.172.
83.8	Sec. 53. [116.2025] SALT APPLICATORS; VOLUNTARY CERTIFICATION
83.9	PROGRAM.
83.10	Subdivision 1. Definitions. For purposes of this section, the following terms have the
83.11	meanings given:
83.12	(1) "certified commercial applicator" means an individual who applies deicer, completed
83.13	training on snow and ice removal and deicer application approved by the commissioner,
83.14	and passed an examination after completing the training;
83.15	(2) "commercial applicator" means an individual who applies deicer for hire, but does
83.16	not include a municipal, state, or other government employee;
83.17	(3) "deicer" means any substance used to melt snow and ice, or used for its anti-icing
83.18	effects, on privately owned surfaces traveled by pedestrians and vehicles; and
83.19	(4) "owner" means a person that owns or leases real estate and that enters into a written
83.20	contract with a certified commercial applicator for snow and ice removal and deicer
83.21	application.
83.22	Subd. 2. Voluntary certification program; best management practices. (a) The
83.23	commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency must develop a training program that promotes
83.24	best management practices for snow and ice removal and deicer application that protect
83.25	water quality and allows commercial applicators to obtain certification as a water-friendly
83.26	applicator. The commissioner must certify a commercial applicator as a water-friendly
83.27	applicator if the applicator successfully completes the program and passes the examination.
83.28	(b) The commissioner, in consultation with the University of Minnesota, must provide
83.29	additional training under this section for certified commercial applicators renewing
83.30	certification after their initial training and certification.

34.1	(c) The commissioner, in consultation with the University of Minnesota, must provide
34.2	the training and testing module at locations statewide and may make the recertification
34.3	training available online.
84.4	(d) The commissioner, in consultation with the University of Minnesota, must annually
84.5	post the best management practices and a list of certified commercial applicators on the
84.6	agency's website.
84.7	(e) The commissioner may charge a fee of no more than \$350 per certified commercial
84.8	applicator for the training or recertification under this section. Fees collected under this
84.9	subdivision must be deposited in the environmental fund.
84.10	Subd. 3. Liability. (a) A certified commercial applicator or an owner is not liable for
84.11	damages arising from hazards resulting from the accumulation of snow and ice on any real
84.12	estate maintained by the certified commercial applicator when the hazard is solely caused
84.13	by snow or ice and the certified commercial applicator used the best management practices
84.14	for snow and ice removal and deicing approved by the commissioner.
84.15	(b) Nothing in paragraph (a) prevents or limits the liability of a certified commercial
84.16	applicator or owner if the certified commercial applicator or owner:
84.17	(1) commits an act or omission that constitutes negligence or willful or wanton disregard
84.18	for the safety of entrants onto real estate of the owner that is maintained by the certified
84.19	commercial applicator and that act or omission proximately causes injury, damage, or death
84.20	(2) has actual knowledge or reasonably should have known of a dangerous condition or
84.21	the real estate of the owner maintained by the certified commercial applicator;
84.22	(3) intentionally injures an entrant on real estate of the owner that is maintained by the
84.23	certified applicator; or
84.24	(4) fails to comply with the best management practices for snow and ice removal and
84.25	deicer application approved by the commissioner.
84.26	(c) The liability of a commercial applicator who applies deicer but is not certified under
84.27	this section may not be determined under the standards provided in this subdivision.
84.28	Subd. 4. Record keeping. A certified commercial applicator must maintain the following
84.29	records as part of the best management practices approved by the commissioner:
84.30	(1) a copy of the applicator's certification approved by the commissioner and any
84.31	recertification;
84.32	(2) evidence of passing the examination approved by the commissioner;

85.1	(3) copies of the winter maintenance assessment tool requirements developed by the
85.2	commissioner;
85.3	(4) a written record describing the road, parking lot, and property maintenance practices
85.4	used. The written record must include the type and rate of application of deicer used, the
85.5	dates of treatment, and the weather conditions for each event requiring deicing. The records
85.6	must be kept for a minimum of six years; and
85.7	(5) proof of compliance with the reporting requirements under subdivision 7.
85.8	Subd. 5. Penalty. The commissioner may revoke or decline to renew the certification
85.9	of a commercial applicator who violates this section or rules adopted under this section.
85.10	Subd. 6. Relation to other law. Nothing in this section affects municipal liability under
85.11	section 466.03.
85.12	Subd. 7. Reporting required. By July 1 each year, a certified commercial applicator
85.13	must submit to the commissioner on a form prescribed by the commissioner the amounts
85.14	and types of deicers used in the previous calendar year.
85.15	Subd. 8. Expiration. This section expires August 1, 2026.
85.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2019, and applies to claims
85.17	arising on or after that date.
85.18	Sec. 54. [116U.60] MINNESOTA OUTDOOR RECREATION OFFICE.
85.19	Subdivision 1. Office established. The Minnesota Outdoor Recreation Office is
85.20	established as an office in Explore Minnesota Tourism. The governor, in consultation with
85.21	the commissioners of natural resources and employment and economic development, must
85.22	appoint the director of the Minnesota Outdoor Recreation Office.
85.23	Subd. 2. Purpose. The purpose of the Minnesota Outdoor Recreation Office is to promote
85.24	and increase participation in outdoor recreation by all Minnesota citizens by:
85.25	(1) supporting the outdoor recreation economy of Minnesota and working toward
85.26	equitable and inclusive access to the outdoors;
85.27	(2) creating and developing an inventory of existing public and private resources
85.28	promoting outdoor recreation;
85.29	(3) coordinating outdoor recreation policy and management among state and federal
85.30	agencies and local government entities;
Q5 21	(4) assisting in promoting and marketing opportunities and events for outdoor recreation

86.1	(5) assisting the Department of Employment and Economic Development in supporting
86.2	outdoor recreation businesses and providing technical assistance with resources and
86.3	opportunities for economic development;
86.4	(6) developing strategies to recruit and grow outdoor recreation businesses and to enhance
86.5	recreation-related employment in Minnesota;
86.6	(7) promoting outdoor recreation opportunities for people with disabilities;
86.7	(8) promoting education and use of outdoor recreation assets to enhance public health;
86.8	(9) supporting outdoor recreation programs at Minnesota educational institutions;
86.9	(10) collecting data on the impact of outdoor recreation in the state and the accessibility
86.10	of natural resources for underserved populations; and
86.11	(11) recommending initiatives to increase access to outdoor recreational amenities and
86.12	experiences.
86.13	Subd. 3. Account; donations. The director of the Minnesota Outdoor Recreation Office
86.14	may accept gifts and grants for purposes related to the duties of the Minnesota Outdoor
86.15	Recreation Office. Money received by the director from gifts and grants is deposited in an
86.16	account in the special revenue fund and appropriated to the director for the purposes specified
86.17	in the gift or grant.
86.18	Subd. 4. Strategic plan. By January 15, 2020, the director of the Minnesota Outdoor
86.19	Recreation Office must submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the
86.20	house of representatives and senate committees and divisions with jurisdiction over Explore
86.21	Minnesota Tourism and environment and natural resources policy and finance that contains
86.22	a strategic plan for the Minnesota Outdoor Recreation Office. In developing the strategic
86.23	plan, the director must consult with the Explore Minnesota Tourism Council; the
86.24	commissioners of natural resources, health, transportation, and employment and economic
86.25	development; and the chairs and ranking minority members or their designees of the house
86.26	of representatives and senate committees and divisions with jurisdiction over Explore
86.27	Minnesota Tourism and environment and natural resources policy and finance.
86.28	Subd. 5. Consultation and cooperation. (a) The director of the Minnesota Outdoor
86.29	Recreation Office must consult with the Explore Minnesota Tourism Council in carrying
86.30	out the purposes of the Minnesota Outdoor Recreation Office.
86.31	(b) Explore Minnesota Tourism and the commissioners of natural resources, health,
86.32	transportation, and employment and economic development must cooperate with the director

37.1	of the Minnesota Outdoor Recreation Office in fulfilling the duties of the Minnesota Outdoor
87.2	Recreation Office as they relate to the purposes of the respective office or agencies.
87.3	Subd. 6. Report. By January 1, 2021, and each year thereafter, the director of the
87.4	Minnesota Outdoor Recreation Office must submit an annual report to the legislature on
87.5	the donations received, accomplishments, recommendations, and findings of the Minnesota
87.6	Outdoor Recreation Office from the preceding fiscal year.
87.7	Subd. 7. Regulatory authority. Nothing contained in this section supplants or impacts
87.8	the regulatory authority of other state agencies.
87.9	Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 127A.353, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
87.10	Subdivision 1. Appointment. The school trust lands director shall be appointed by the
87.11	governor. The commissioner of natural resources shall provide human resources, payroll,
87.12	accounting, procurement, and other similar administrative services to the school trust lands
87.13	director. The director's appointment is subject to the advice and consent of the senate.
87.14	Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 325F.071, is amended to read:
87.15	325F.071 FLAME-RETARDANT CHEMICALS; PROHIBITION.
87.16	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
87.17	the meanings given.
87.18	(b) "Child" means a person under 12 years of age.
87.19	(c) "Children's product" means a product primarily designed or intended by a
87.20	manufacturer to be used by or for a child, including any article used as a component of such
87.21	a product, but excluding a food, beverage, dietary supplement, pharmaceutical product or
87.22	biologic, children's toys that are subject to the most recent version of the American Society
87.23	for Testing and Materials F963, Standard Consumer Safety Specification for Toy Safety, a
87.24	medical device as defined in the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, United States Code,
87.25	title 21, section 321(h), products listed under section 116.9405, clauses (10) and (11), and
87.26	products listed under sections 325F.03 and 325F.04.
87.27	(d) "PFAS" means perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances.
87.28	(e) "Residential or business textile" means a textile designed for use in the home,
87.29	businesses, or places of lodging as a covering on windows, walls, or floors. Residential or
87.30	business textile includes carpeting and carpet padding.

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(d) (f) "Upholstered residential furniture" means furniture with padding, coverings, and 88.1 cushions intended and sold for use in the home or places of lodging. 88.2 Subd. 2. Flame-retardant chemicals; prohibition. (a) On and after July 1, 2018, no 88.3 manufacturer or wholesaler may manufacture, sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale, or 88.4 distribute for use in this state a children's product or, upholstered residential furniture, a 88.5 residential or business textile, or a mattress containing, in amounts greater than 1,000 parts 88.6 per million in any product component, the following flame-retardants: any halogenated, 88.7 phosphorus-based, nitrogen-based, and nanoscale flame retardants. 88.8 (1) TDCPP (tris(1,3-dichloro-2-propyl)phosphate), Chemical Abstracts Service number 88.9 13674-87-8; 88.10 (2) decabromodiphenyl ether, Chemical Abstracts Service number 1163-19-5; 88.11 88.12 (3) hexabromocyclododecane, Chemical Abstracts Service number 25637-99-4; and 88.13 (4) TCEP (tris(2-chloroethyl)phosphate), Chemical Abstracts Service number 115-96-8. 88.14 (b) On and after July 1, 2019, no retailer may sell or offer for sale or use in this state a children's product or, upholstered residential furniture, a residential or business textile, or 88.15 88.16 a mattress containing in amounts greater than 1,000 parts per million in any product component the flame retardant chemicals listed in paragraph (a). 88.17 88.18 (c) The sale or offer for sale of any previously owned product containing a chemical restricted under this section is exempt from the provisions of this section. 88.19 Subd. 3. Flame-retardant chemicals; replacement chemicals. A manufacturer shall 88.20 not replace a chemical whose use is prohibited under this section with a chemical identified 88.21 on the basis of credible scientific evidence by a state, federal, or international agency as 88.22 88.23 being known or suspected with a high degree of probability to: (1) harm the normal development of a fetus or child or cause other developmental 88.24 toxicity; 88.25 88.26 (2) cause cancer, genetic damage, or reproductive harm; 88.27 (3) disrupt the endocrine or hormone system; or

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toxicity.

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only manufacture, sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale, or distribute for use in this state

(4) damage the nervous system, immune system, or organs, or cause other systemic

Subd. 4. Firefighting foam. Beginning July 1, 2020, a manufacturer or wholesaler may

89.1	class B firefighting foam that contains intentionally added PFAS to oil refineries, oil and
89.2	petroleum terminals, and airports.
89.3	Subd. 5. Training exercises. Class B firefighting foam that contains intentionally added
89.4	PFAS must not be used in training exercises, including at oil refineries, oil and petroleum
89.5	terminals, and airports.
89.6	Subd. 6. Enforcement. The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency must enforce
89.7	compliance with this section under sections 115.071 and 116.072. The commissioner must
89.8	coordinate with the commissioners of commerce and health in enforcing this section to aid
89.9	in the law enforcement process or promote public health. Coordination includes but is not
89.10	limited to investigation, enforcement and sharing related data among the agencies in the
89.11	course of those processes, and using each agency's investigative and enforcement authorities,
89.12	where they are applicable.
89.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. (a) The amendments to subdivision 2, paragraph (a), are effective
89.14	<u>July 1, 2020.</u>
89.15	(b) The amendments to subdivision 2, paragraph (b), are effective July 1, 2021.
89.16	Sec. 57. TURTLE SELLER'S LICENSES; TRANSFER AND RENEWAL.
89.17	The commissioner of natural resources must not renew or transfer a turtle seller's license
89.18	after the effective date of this section.
89.19	Sec. 58. CHRONIC WASTING DISEASE ADOPT-A-DUMPSTER PROGRAM;
89.20	DEER CARCASS HANDLING GUIDELINES.
89.21	(a) The commissioner of natural resources must establish a chronic wasting disease
89.22	adopt-a-dumpster program to provide dumpsters dedicated to disposing of deer carcasses
89.23	in areas where chronic wasting disease has been detected. The commissioner must work
89.24	with solid waste haulers and other interested parties and encourage volunteer support to
89.25	ensure the dumpsters are located at convenient locations with appropriate signage, lined,
89.26	and maintained. The commissioner must ensure the carcasses collected are properly disposed
89.27	of to minimize the spread of chronic wasting disease.
89.28	(b) The commissioner of natural resources, in consultation with the commissioners of
89.29	health and the Pollution Control Agency, must develop guidelines to prevent the spread of
89.30	chronic wasting disease and protect public health that take into consideration infectious
89.31	waste as defined under Minnesota Statutes, section 116.76, subdivision 12:
89.32	(1) for hunters for handling deer in the field and transporting and disposing of carcasses;

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90.1	(2) for solid waste facilities and solid waste haulers for proper handling, transportation,
90.2	and disposal of deer carcasses; and
90.3	(3) for taxidermists and meat processors for proper handling, processing, and disposal
90.4	of deer carcasses.
90.5	(c) By January 15, 2020, the commissioner of natural resources must submit a report to
90.6	the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate
90.7	committees and divisions with jurisdiction over environment and natural resources with the
90.8	results of the program developed under paragraph (a) and the guidelines developed under
90.9	paragraph (b).
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90.10	Sec. 59. <u>REVISOR INSTRUCTION.</u>
90.11	The revisor of statutes shall renumber Minnesota Statutes, section 85.012, subdivision
90.12	49, as subdivision 58a, and include the history of the current subdivision 49 under the new
90.13	subdivision 58a.
90.14	Sec. 60. REPEALER.
90.15	(a) Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97C.605, subdivisions 2, 2a, 2b, and 5, are repealed.
00.16	(b) I arra 2015 Einst Granial Granian shouts A (i. 1. A (i. 1. A) (i. 1. A)
90.16	(b) Laws 2015, First Special Session chapter 4, article 4, section 149, is repealed.
90.17	(c) Minnesota Rules, part 6256.0500, subparts 2, 2a, 2b, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, are repealed."
90.18	Delete the title and insert:
90.19	"A bill for an act
90.20	relating to state government; appropriating money for environment and natural
90.21	resources; modifying fees and surcharges; creating accounts and providing for
90.22	disposition of certain receipts; modifying bough buyer provisions; modifying
90.23	certain permit and reimbursement provisions; reestablishing citizen board of
90.24	Pollution Control Agency; providing for carpet stewardship; modifying game and
90.25	fish law; modifying forestry provisions; designating state bee; creating natural
90.26	resource programs; modifying solid waste provisions; providing for voluntary
90.27	certification of salt applicators; creating Minnesota Outdoor Recreation Office;
00.20	modifying appropriate appropriate providing and the Minney to Challet

modifying certain consumer protection provisions; amending Minnesota Statutes 90.28 90.29 2018, sections 16A.151, subdivision 2; 16A.152, subdivision 2; 17.035, subdivision 1; 84.0895, by adding a subdivision; 84.788, subdivision 2; 84D.15; 85.012, 90.30 subdivision 49; 85.42; 85.47; 86B.415, subdivisions 1, 1a, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7; 88.642, 90.31 subdivisions 1, 3; 88.6435; 89.37, subdivision 3; 90.01, by adding a subdivision; 90.32 90.195; 97A.055, subdivision 4; 97A.065, subdivision 6; 97A.075, subdivision 1; 90.33 97A.126, subdivision 2; 97A.405, by adding a subdivision; 97A.475, subdivisions 90.34 3a, 4, 41; 97C.605, subdivisions 1, 2c, 3; 103G.301, subdivision 2; 115A.142; 90.35 115A.51; 115B.421; 116.02; 116.03, subdivisions 1, 2a; 116.155, subdivisions 1, 90.36 3, by adding a subdivision; 127A.353, subdivision 1; 325F.071; Laws 2016, chapter 90.37 189, article 3, section 6, as amended; Laws 2017, chapter 93, article 1, section 9; 90.38 proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 1; 84; 89; 97B; 90.39 103F; 115A; 115B; 116; 116U; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 97C.605, 90.40

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