

Minnesota's Clean Water Legacy

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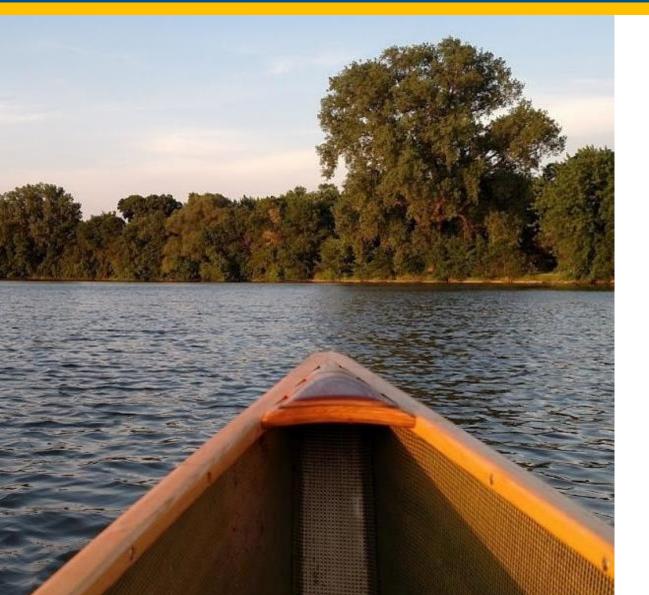
Chris Elvrum Interagency Coordination Team Chair







2006 Clean Water Legacy Act



Set the Direction

- Created the Clean Water Council to advise Legislature and Governor
- A comprehensive watershed approach to the work
 - Identify the impaired waters
 - Develop plans
 - Implement restoration
 - Protect
 - De-list



2008 Clean Water, Land and Legacy Amendment

Minnesota voters took bold action to protect water resources, protect and enhance habitats, improve our parks and trails, and preserve our cultural heritage.



Expanded our water resources charge to:

- Protect, enhance, restore water quality in lakes, rivers, and streams
- Protect groundwater, with a special focus on drinking water sources



Clean Water Council



Protect and Restore Minnesota's Waters for Generations to Come



Clean Water Council

Seventeen voting members, appointed by the governor

- statewide farm organizations (2)
- business organizations (2)
- environmental organizations (2)
- soil and water conservation districts (1)
- watershed districts (1)
- nonprofit organizations focused on improvement of Minnesota lakes or streams (1)

- rural (1) and metro (1) county governments
- city governments (1)
- township officers (1)
- tribal governments (1)
- statewide hunting organizations (1)
- statewide fishing organizations (1)



Clean Water Council Goals and Objectives



Drinking water is safe for everyone, everywhere in Minnesota

- Protect public water supplies
- Ensure private well users have safe water



Groundwater is clean and available

- Improve and protect groundwater quality
- Ensure sustainable long-term trends in aquifer levels
- Avoid adverse impacts to surface water features due to groundwater use



Clean Water Goals and Objectives



Surface waters are swimmable and fishable

- Prevent and reduce pollution of surface waters
- Maintain and improve the health of aquatic ecosystems
- Protect and restore hydrologic systems

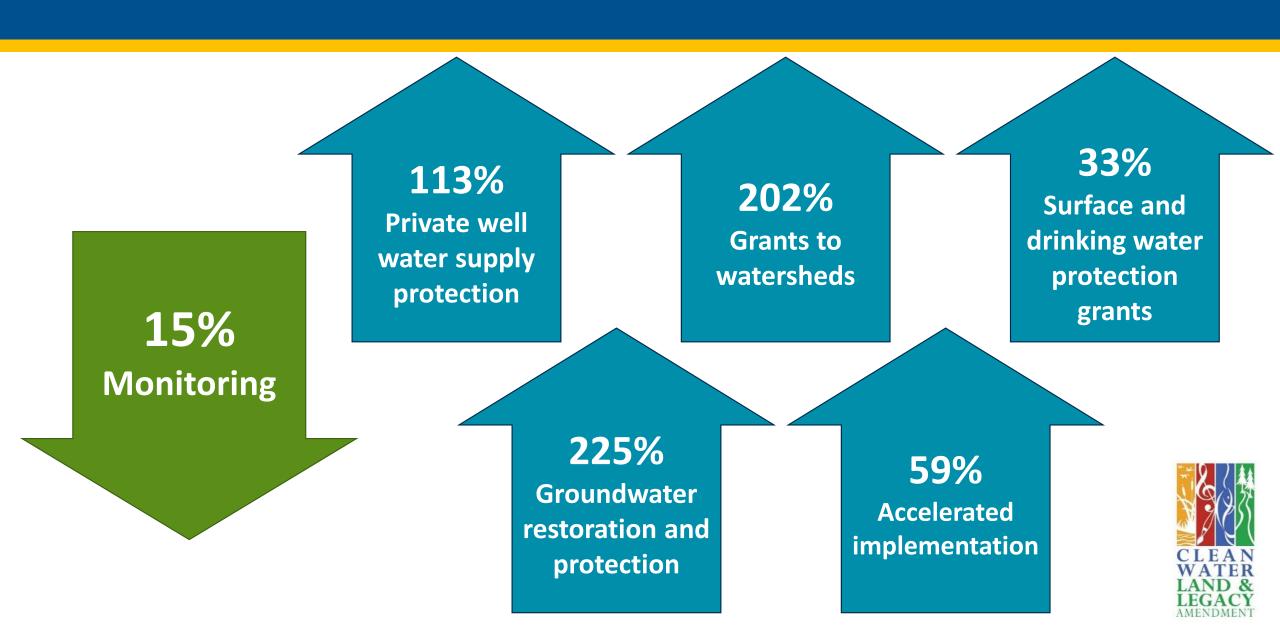


Minnesotans value water and take actions to sustain and protect it

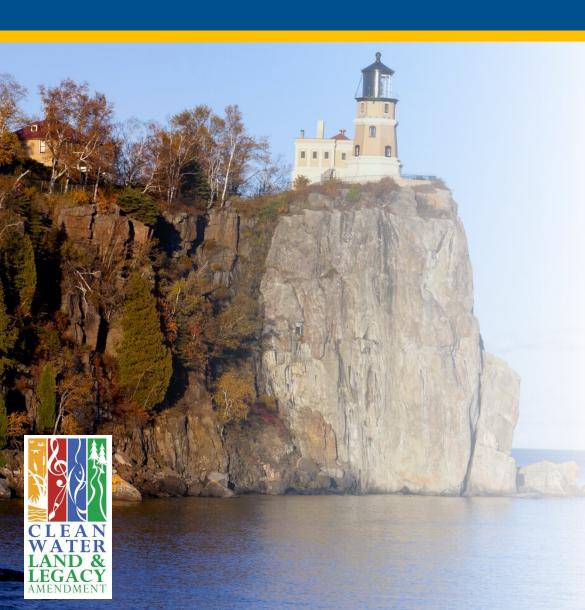
- Build capacity of local communities to protect and sustain water resources
- Encourage systems and approaches that support, protect and improve water
- Provide education and outreach to inform Minnesotans' water choices
- Encourage citizen and community engagement on water issues



Less measurement, more implementation

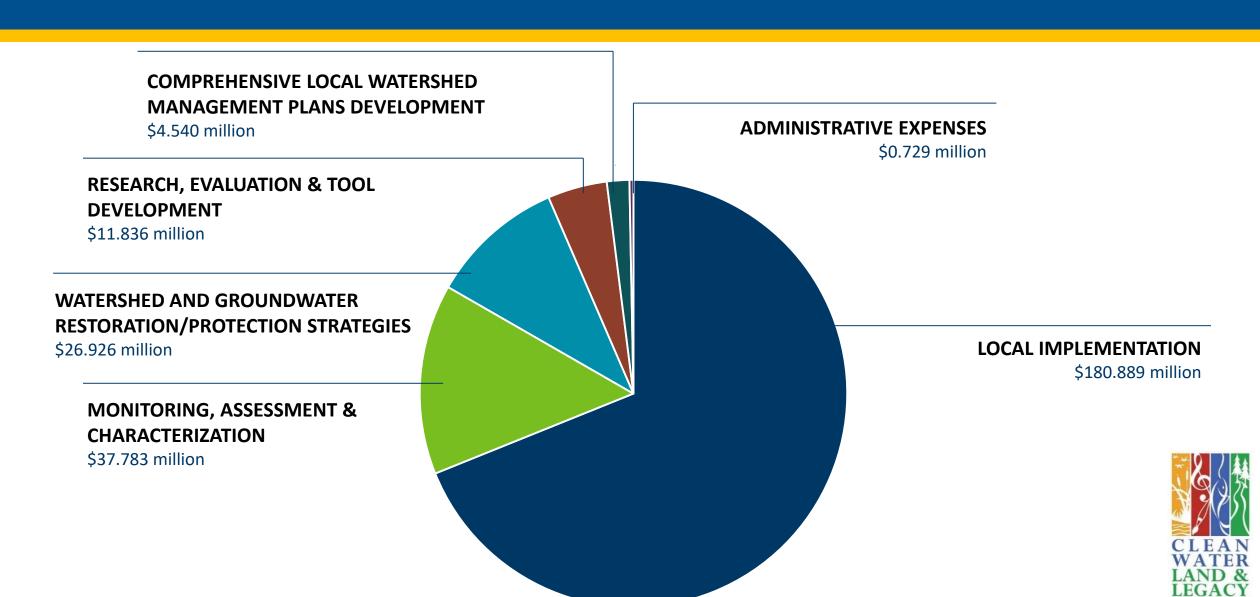


Supplementing, Not Supplanting



- The St. Louis River Area of Concern attracted federal dollars from the Great Lakes Restoration Initiative, with de-listing likely in 2025
- Local units of government have cleaned up 700 septic systems
- Contaminants of Emerging Concern Initiative (MDH) does what the federal government has failed to do
- Grant-funded restoration and protection activities throughout the state

FY20-21 Clean Water Funding Recommendations





Local Implementation

\$180.889 million (68.9 percent)



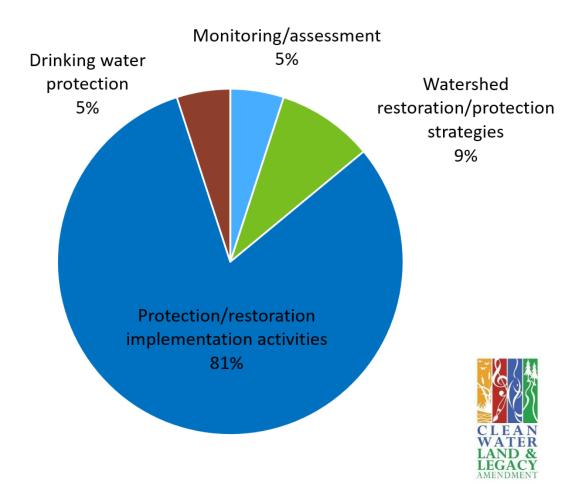




Implementation: Total Dollars Awarded

- \$361 million in Clean Water Funds were passed through to non-state agency partners since 2010.
- 81 percent of those awards focused on restoration and protection activities.

FY10-17 grant and contract awards by major activity





Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program (CREP)

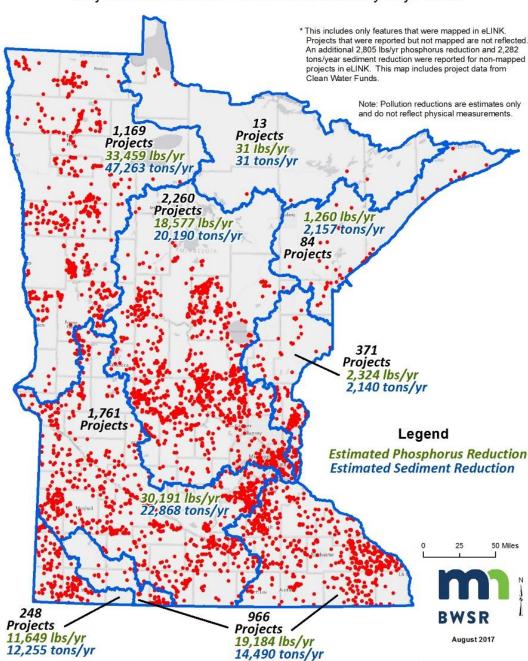
Voluntary, locally driven conservation project targeting the most environmentally sensitive areas

- Improves hydrology, increases infiltration, and provides flood mitigation
- Provides habitat for wildlife, non-game species, and pollinators
- Reduces nitrate loading in drinking water supplies



Clean Water Fund Projects 2010 - 2017

Projects and Estimated Pollution Reductions by Major Basin



Nonpoint Source BMP Implementation

Clean Water Funds (FY10-17) have provided for **1,487 grants**, **789 loans**, **and 490 easements** to implement restoration and protection activities.

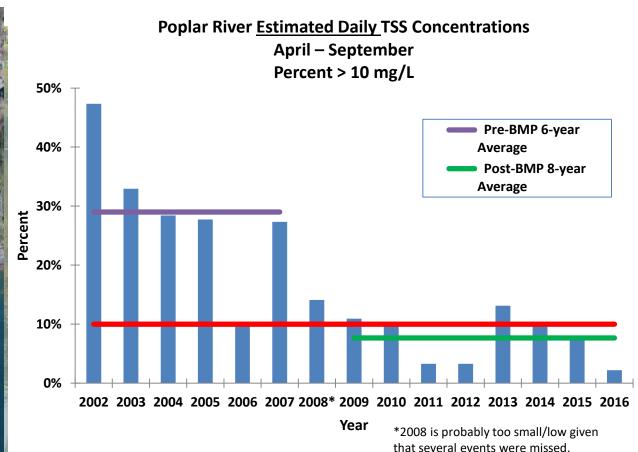
Minnesota Agricultural Water Quality Certification Program certified **704 farms** covering **460,090 acres** and has resulted in **1,388 new conservation practices** implemented.



Nonpoint Source BMP Implementation

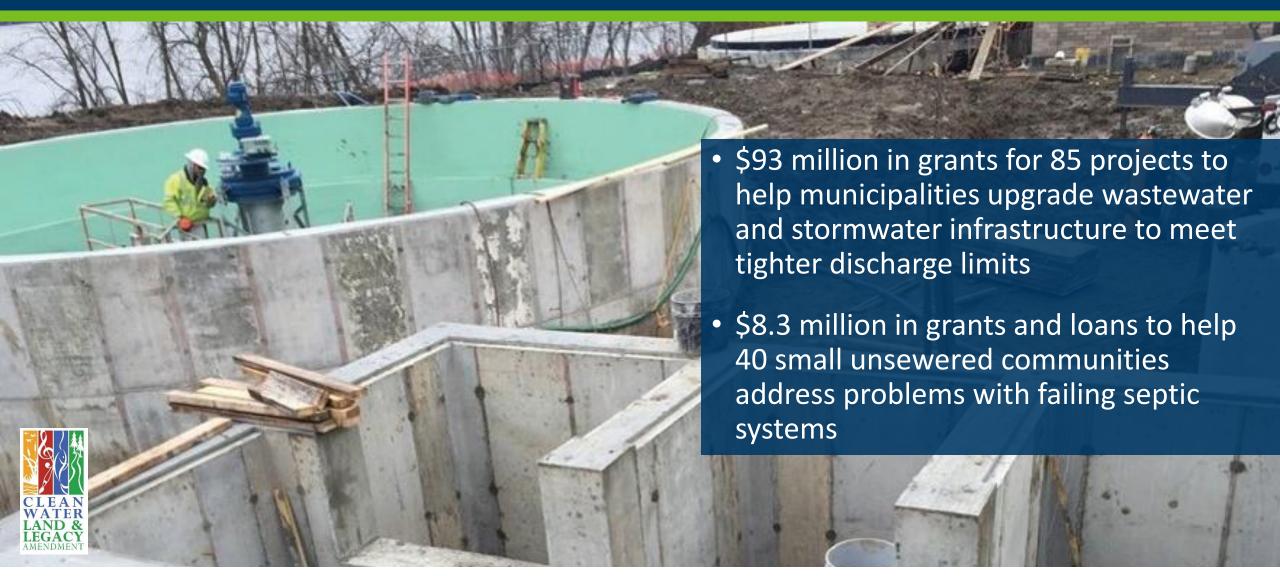
Success at last! Poplar River meets water quality goals







Point Source Implementation



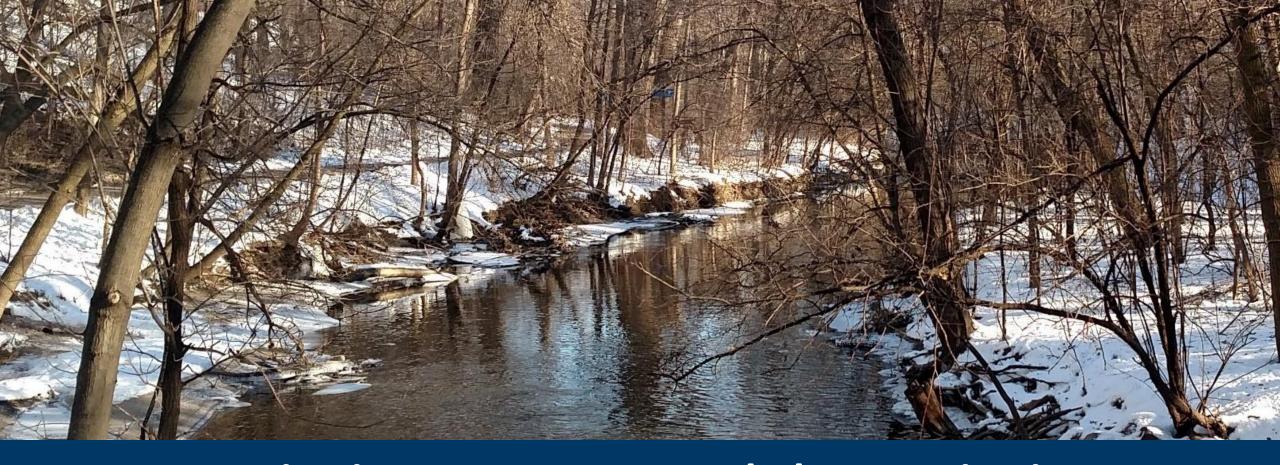
The City of Waterville upgraded its wastewater treatment facility, resulting in a total phosphorus reduction of 10,452 pounds per year.



Groundwater/Drinking Water Implementation

- BWSR and MDH are sealing unused wells and targeting wellhead protection to reduce the risk of groundwater contamination
- MDA is working with local governments, farmers, and crop advisors to address nitrate concerns and promote nitrogen fertilizer BMPs
- MPCA provides grants to counties to enhance inspections and corrective actions for subsurface sewage treatment systems





Monitoring, Assessment and Characterization \$37.783 million (14.4 percent)





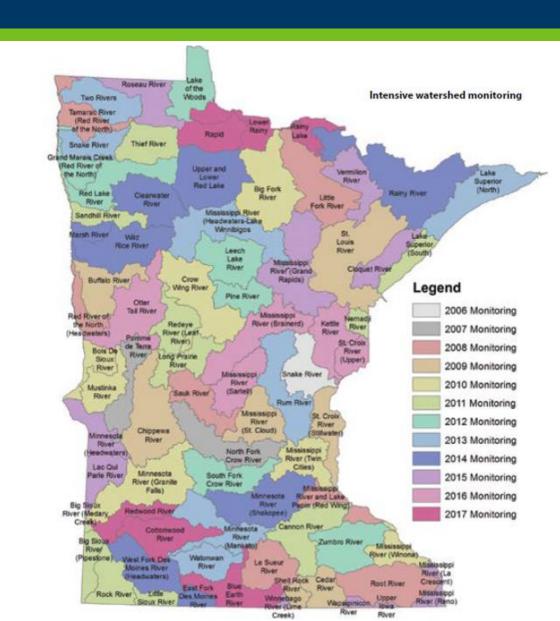


Major Watersheds Monitored

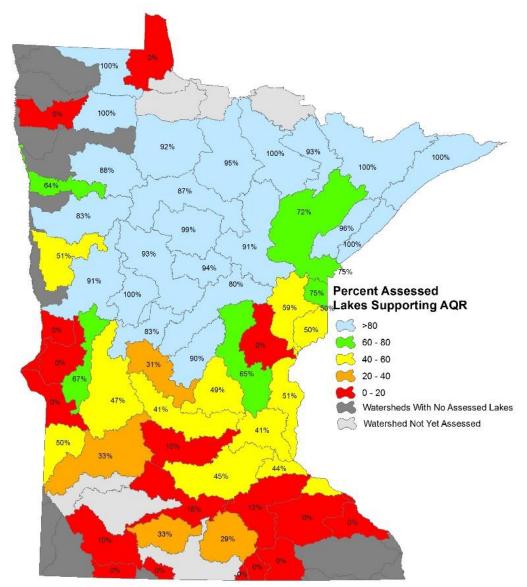
The first 10-year cycle began in 2008 and, to date, watershed monitoring is on track.

- All 80 major watersheds are completely monitored
- All watershed outlets, mainstem river sites have ongoing monitoring





Lake Assessments (Aquatic Recreation Use - AQR) Eutrophication - Phosphorus, Chlorophyll, and Secchi Transparency







Surface Water Health

Water quality varies by region, but more lakes improving than declining.



Minnesota Groundwater Monitoring Network Wells as of November 2017 Primary network purpose Pesticide Monitoring Minne sota Department of Agriculture Groundwater Quality Monitoring Minnesota Pollution Control Agency [265 wells] Water Level Monitoring, Minne sota Department of Natural Resources [1,035 wells currently installed, which is 15% of the estimated 7,000 wells needed]

Groundwater Quality and Quantity

- MDH is protecting private water supplies and evaluating contaminants of emerging concern
- MDA is sampling monitoring wells, naturally occurring springs, and private drinking water wells for pesticides and nitrate
- MPCA is sampling vulnerable aquifers for non-agricultural chemicals
- DNR is gathering needed data to assure sustainable water supplies

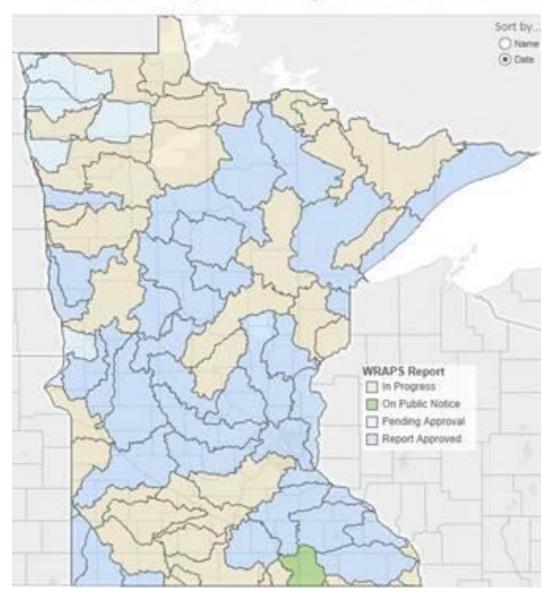


Watershed and Groundwater Restoration/Protection Strategies \$26.926 million (10.2 percent)





WRAPS Report Completion Status



Restoration and Protection Strategies Complete or Underway





Groundwater Restoration and Protection Strategies



- Provides existing groundwater and drinking water information on a watershed scale
- Develops groundwater and drinking water protection strategies for integration into the Local Comprehensive Water Management Plan
- Small grants are available to local governments to promote and implement practices





Comprehensive Local Watershed Management \$4.54 million (1.7 percent)





Watershed Management Plans (1W1P) that:

Prioritize

areas of focus where implementation matters most

Target

practices within priority areas for on-the-ground action based on sound science.

Measure

results than can show pace of progress towards the identified goals.





Research, Evaluation and Tool Development \$11.836 million (4.5 percent)







Forever Green Initiative





Perennial Flax





Intermediate Wheatgrass

The **Forever Green Initiative** is developing new perennial and winter annual crops that preserve and enhance water quality, and supporting the development of new supply chains that provide profitable markets for these crops

 Led by the University of Minnesota in partnership with the Minnesota Department of Agriculture







Clean Water Fund: Looking to the Future



