82.8	ARTICLE 3	59.1	ARTICLE 3
82.9	TEACHERS	59.2	TEACHERS
82.10 82.11	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.09, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:		
82.12 82.13 82.14 82.15 82.16 82.17 82.18 82.19 82.20 82.21 82.22	Subd. 12. Endorsement; dual enrollment instruction. The Board of Teaching must issue an endorsement for dual enrollment instruction to a high school teacher licensed in a content-specific field who successfully completes the requirements for providing dual enrollment instruction in the teacher's licensure field, consistent with board-adopted standards. The board must adopt standards for this endorsement in consultation with eligible public postsecondary institutions participating in course agreements under section 124D.09, subdivision 10. The board-adopted standards for the endorsement must allow a secondary teacher that receives the endorsement means a change in the teacher's license that allows the teacher to teach postsecondary college in the schools dual credit courses under section 124D.09, subdivision 10, at a high school.		
82.23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.		
82.24	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.17, is amended to read:	24.25	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.17, is amended to read:
82.25	122A.17 VALIDITY OF CERTIFICATES OR LICENSES.	24.26	122A.17 VALIDITY OF CERTIFICATES OR LICENSES.
82.26 82.27 82.28 82.29 82.30	(a) A rule adopted by the Board of Teaching or the Professional Educator Licensing and <u>Standards Board</u> must not affect the validity of certificates or licenses to teach in effect on July 1, 1974, or the rights and privileges of the holders thereof, except that any such certificate or license may be suspended or revoked for any of the causes and by the procedures specified by law.	24.29 25.1	(a) A rule adopted by the Board of Teaching or the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must not affect the validity of certificates or licenses to teach in effect on July 1, 1974, or the rights and privileges of the holders thereof, except that any such certificate or license may be suspended or revoked for any of the causes and by the procedures specified by law.
83.1 83.2	(b) All teacher licenses in effect on January 1, 2018, shall remain valid for one additional year after the date the license is scheduled to expire.	25.3 25.4	(b) All teacher licenses in effect on September 1, 2017, shall remain valid for one additional year after the date the license is scheduled to expire.
83.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2018.	25.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective September 1, 2017.
83.4	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.18, subdivision 1, is amended to read:	25.6	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.18, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
83.5 83.6 83.7 83.8	Subdivision 1. Authority to license. (a) The <u>Professional Educator Licensing and</u> <u>Standards</u> Board of Teaching must license teachers, as defined in section 122A.15, subdivision 1, except for supervisory personnel, as defined in section 122A.15, subdivision 2. issue teacher licenses to candidates who meet the qualifications prescribed by this chapter.	25.9 25.10	Subdivision 1. Authority to license. (a) The <u>Professional Educator Licensing and</u> <u>Standards</u> Board of Teaching must license teachers, as defined in section 122A.15, subdivision 1, except for supervisory personnel, as defined in section 122A.15, subdivision 2- issue the following teacher licenses to candidates who meet the qualifications prescribed by this chapter:

- (b) The Board of School Administrators must license supervisory personnel as defined
 in section 122A.15, subdivision 2, except for athletic coaches.
- 83.11 (c) Licenses under the jurisdiction of the Board of Teaching, the Board of School
- 83.12 Administrators, and the commissioner of education must be issued through the licensing
- 83.13 section of the department.

83.14 (d) (c) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching and the

- 83.15 Department of Education must enter into a data sharing agreement to share educational data
- 83.16 at the E-12 level for the limited purpose of program approval and improvement for teacher
- 83.17 education programs. The program approval process must include targeted redesign of teacher
- 83.18 preparation programs to address identified E-12 student areas of concern.
- 83.19 (e) (d) The Board of School Administrators and the Department of Education must enter
- 83.20 into a data sharing agreement to share educational data at the E-12 level for the limited
- 83.21 purpose of program approval and improvement for education administration programs. The
- 83.22 program approval process must include targeted redesign of education administration
- 83.23 preparation programs to address identified E-12 student areas of concern.
- 83.24 (f) (e) For purposes of the data sharing agreements under paragraphs (d) (c) and (e) (d),
- 83.25 the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching, Board of School
- 83.26 Administrators, and Department of Education may share private data, as defined in section
- 83.27 13.02, subdivision 12, on teachers and school administrators. The data sharing agreements
- 83.28 must not include educational data, as defined in section 13.32, subdivision 1, but may include
- 83.29 summary data, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 19, derived from educational data.
- 83.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2018.
- 84.1 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.18, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 84.2 Subd. 2. Teacher and Support personnel qualifications. (a) The Professional Educator
- 84.3 <u>Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching must issue licenses under its jurisdiction to</u>
- 84.4 persons the board finds to be qualified and competent for their respective positions, including
- 84.5 those meeting the standards adopted under section 122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraph (n).

- 25.12 (1) Tier 1 license under section 122A.181;
- 25.13 (2) Tier 2 license under section 122A.182;
- 25.14 (3) Tier 3 license under section 122A.183; and
- 25.15 (4) Tier 4 license under section 122A.184.
- 25.16 (b) The Board of School Administrators must license supervisory personnel as defined
- 25.17 in section 122A.15, subdivision 2, except for athletic coaches.
- 25.18 (c) Licenses under the jurisdiction of the Board of Teaching, the Board of School
- 25.19 Administrators, and the commissioner of education must be issued through the licensing
- 25.20 section of the department.
- 25.21 (d) (c) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching and the
- 25.22 Department of Education must enter into a data sharing agreement to share educational data
- 25.23 at the E-12 level for the limited purpose of program approval and improvement for teacher
- 25.24 education programs. The program approval process must include targeted redesign of teacher
- 25.25 preparation programs to address identified E-12 student areas of concern.
- 25.26 (e) (d) The Board of School Administrators and the Department of Education must enter
- 25.27 into a data sharing agreement to share educational data at the E-12 level for the limited
- 25.28 purpose of program approval and improvement for education administration programs. The
- 25.29 program approval process must include targeted redesign of education administration
- 25.30 preparation programs to address identified E-12 student areas of concern.
- 26.1 (f) (e) For purposes of the data sharing agreements under paragraphs (d) (c) and (e) (d),
- 26.2 the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching, Board of School
- 26.3 Administrators, and Department of Education may share private data, as defined in section
- 26.4 13.02, subdivision 12, on teachers and school administrators. The data sharing agreements
- 26.5 must not include educational data, as defined in section 13.32, subdivision 1, but may include
- summary data, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 19, derived from educational data.
- 26.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.
- 26.8 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.18, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 26.9 Subd. 2. Teacher and Support personnel qualifications. (a) The Professional Educator
- 26.10 Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching must issue licenses and credentials under its
- 26.11 jurisdiction to persons the board finds to be qualified and competent for their respective

(b) The board must require a candidate for teacher licensure to demonstrate establish a 84.6 84.7 passing score on a board-adopted examination of skills in reading, writing, and mathematics, 84.8 before being for a candidate to be granted a professional five year Tier 2, 3, or 4 teaching license under section 122A.181 to provide direct instruction to pupils in prekindergarten, 84.9 elementary, secondary, or special education programs, except that the board may issue up 84.10 to four temporary, one-year teaching licenses to an otherwise gualified candidate who has 84.11 not vet passed a board-adopted skills exam. At the request of the employing school district 84.12 or charter school, the Board of Teaching may issue an initial professional one-year teaching 84 13 license to an otherwise qualified teacher not passing or demonstrating a passing score on a 84.14 board-adopted skills examination in reading, writing, and mathematics. For purposes of this 84.15 section, the initial professional one-year teaching license issued by the board is limited to 84.16 the eurrent subject or content matter the teacher is employed to teach and limited to the 84.17 district or charter school requesting the initial professional one-year teaching license. If the 84.18 board denies the request, it must provide a detailed response to the school administrator as 84.19 to the reasons for the denial. The board must require colleges and universities offering a 84.20 board approved teacher preparation program to make available upon request remedial 84.21 assistance that includes a formal diagnostic component to persons enrolled in their institution 84.22 who did not achieve a qualifying score on a board-adopted skills examination, including 84.23 those for whom English is a second language. The colleges and universities must make 84.24 available assistance in the specific academic areas of candidates' deficiency. School districts 84.25 may make available upon request similar, appropriate, and timely remedial assistance that 84.26 includes a formal diagnostic component to those persons employed by the district who 84.27 completed their teacher education program, who did not achieve a qualifying score on a 84.28 board-adopted skills examination, and who received an initial professional one-year teaching 84.29 license to teach in Minnesota. The board of Teaching shall report annually to the education 84.30 committees of the legislature on the total number of teacher candidates during the most 84.31 recent school year taking a board-adopted skills examination, the number who achieve a 84.32 84.33 qualifying score on the examination, the number who do not achieve a qualifying score on the examination, and the candidates who have not passed a content or pedagogy exam, 84.34 84.35 disaggregated by categories of race, ethnicity, and eligibility for financial aid. 85.1 (c) The Board of Teaching must grant professional five-year teaching licenses only to those persons who have met board criteria for that license, which includes passing a 85.2 85.3 board-adopted skills examination in reading, writing, and mathematics, and the exceptions in section 122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraph (b), that are consistent with this paragraph. 85.4 The requirement to pass a board-adopted reading, writing, and mathematics skills 85.5 examination, does not apply to nonnative English speakers, as verified by qualified Minnesota 85.6

- 85.7 school district personnel or Minnesota higher education faculty, who, after meeting the
- 85.8 content and pedagogy requirements under this subdivision, apply for a professional five-year

26.12 positions, including those meeting the standards adopted under section 122A.09, subdivision

26.13 4, paragraph (n) support personnel positions.

26.14	(b) The board must require a candidate for teacher licensure to demonstrate a passing
26.15	score on a board-adopted examination of skills in reading, writing, and mathematics, before
26.16	being granted a professional five-year teaching license to provide direct instruction to pupils
26.17	in prekindergarten, elementary, secondary, or special education programs, except that the
26.18	board may issue up to four temporary, one-year teaching licenses to an otherwise qualified
26.19	candidate who has not yet passed a board-adopted skills exam. At the request of the
26.20	employing school district or charter school, the Board of Teaching may issue an initial
26.21	professional one-year teaching license to an otherwise qualified teacher not passing or
26.22	demonstrating a passing score on a board-adopted skills examination in reading, writing,
26.23	and mathematics. For purposes of this section, the initial professional one-year teaching
26.24	license issued by the board is limited to the current subject or content matter the teacher is
26.25	employed to teach and limited to the district or charter school requesting the initial
26.26	professional one-year teaching license. If the board denies the request, it must provide a
26.27	detailed response to the school administrator as to the reasons for the denial. The board
26.28	must require colleges and universities offering a board approved teacher preparation program
26.29	to make available upon request remedial assistance that includes a formal diagnostic
26.30	component to persons enrolled in their institution who did not achieve a qualifying score
26.31	on a board-adopted skills examination, including those for whom English is a second
26.32	language. The colleges and universities must make available assistance in the specific
26.33	academic areas of candidates' deficiency. School districts may make available upon request
26.34	similar, appropriate, and timely remedial assistance that includes a formal diagnostic
27.1	component to those persons employed by the district who completed their teacher education
27.2	program, who did not achieve a qualifying score on a board-adopted skills examination,
27.3	and who received an initial professional one-year teaching license to teach in Minnesota.
27.4	The Board of Teaching shall report annually to the education committees of the legislature
27.5	on the total number of teacher candidates during the most recent school year taking a
27.6	board-adopted skills examination, the number who achieve a qualifying score on the
27.7	examination, the number who do not achieve a qualifying score on the examination, and
27.8	the candidates who have not passed a content or pedagogy exam, disaggregated by categories
27.9	of race, ethnicity, and eligibility for financial aid.

- 27.10 (c) The Board of Teaching must grant professional five-year teaching licenses only to
- 27.11 those persons who have met board eriteria for that license, which includes passing a
- 27.12 board-adopted skills examination in reading, writing, and mathematics, and the exceptions
- 27.13 in section 122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraph (b), that are consistent with this paragraph.
- 27.14 The requirement to pass a board-adopted reading, writing, and mathematics skills
- 27.15 examination, does not apply to nonnative English speakers, as verified by qualified Minnesota
- 27.16 school district personnel or Minnesota higher education faculty, who, after meeting the
- 27.17 content and pedagogy requirements under this subdivision, apply for a professional five year

85.9 teaching license to provide direct instruction in their native language or world language

- 85.10 instruction under section 120B.022, subdivision 1.
- (d) All colleges and universities approved by the board of teaching to prepare persons
- 85.12 for teacher licensure must include in their teacher preparation programs a common core of
- 85.13 teaching knowledge and skills to be acquired by all persons recommended for teacher
- 85.14 licensure. Among other requirements, teacher candidates must demonstrate the knowledge
- 85.15 and skills needed to provide appropriate instruction to English learners to support and
- 85.16 accelerate their academic literacy, including oral academic language, and achievement in
- 85.17 content areas in a regular classroom setting. This common core shall meet the standards
- 85.18 developed by the interstate new teacher assessment and support consortium in its 1992
- 85.19 "model standards for beginning teacher licensing and development." Amendments to
- standards adopted under this paragraph are covered by chapter 14. The board of teaching
- 85.21 shall report annually to the education committees of the legislature on the performance of
- 85.22 teacher candidates on common core assessments of knowledge and skills under this paragraph
- 85.23 during the most recent school year.
- 85.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.
- 85.25 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.18, subdivision 2b, is amended to read:
- 85.26 Subd. 2b. **Reading specialist.** Not later than July 1, 2002, The Professional Educator
- 85.27 <u>Licensing and Standards</u> Board of Teaching must adopt rules providing for reading teacher 85.28 licensure.
- 85.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.
- 85.30 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.18, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 85.31 Subd. 3. Supervisory and coach qualifications; code of ethics. The commissioner of
- 85.32 education Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must issue licenses under
- 85.33 its jurisdiction to persons the commissioner board finds to be qualified and competent for
- 86.1 their respective positions under the rules it adopts. The commissioner of education board
- 86.2 may develop, by rule, a code of ethics for supervisory personnel covering standards of
- 86.3 professional practices, including areas of ethical conduct and professional performance and
- 86.4 methods of enforcement.
- 86.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.
- 86.6 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.18, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

- 27.18 teaching license to provide direct instruction in their native language or world language
- 27.19 instruction under section 120B.022, subdivision 1.

27.20	(d) All colleges and universities approved by the board of teaching to prepare persons
27.21	for teacher licensure must include in their teacher preparation programs a common core of
27.22	teaching knowledge and skills to be acquired by all persons recommended for teacher
27.23	licensure. Among other requirements, teacher candidates must demonstrate the knowledge
27.24	and skills needed to provide appropriate instruction to English learners to support and
27.25	accelerate their academic literacy, including oral academic language, and achievement in
27.26	content areas in a regular classroom setting. This common core shall meet the standards
27.27	developed by the interstate new teacher assessment and support consortium in its 1992
27.28	"model standards for beginning teacher licensing and development." Amendments to
27.29	standards adopted under this paragraph are covered by chapter 14. The board of teaching
27.30	shall report annually to the education committees of the legislature on the performance of
27.31	teacher candidates on common core assessments of knowledge and skills under this paragraph
27.32	during the most recent school year.
27.33	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.

- 28.1 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.18, subdivision 2b, is amended to read:
- 28.2 Subd. 2b. **Reading specialist.** Not later than July 1, 2002, The Professional Educator
- 28.3 Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching must adopt rules providing for reading teacher
- 28.4 licensure.
- 28.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.

86.7 Subd. 3a. Technology strategies. All colleges and universities approved by the board

- 86.8 of Teaching to prepare persons for classroom teacher licensure must include in their teacher
- 86.9 preparation programs the knowledge and skills teacher candidates need to deliver digital
- 86.10 and blended learning and curriculum and engage students with technology.

86.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2018.

86.12 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.18, subdivision 7a, is amended to read:

86.13 Subd. 7a. Permission to substitute teach. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and

86.14 <u>Standards</u> Board of Teaching may allow a person who is enrolled in and making satisfactory

- 86.15 progress in a board-approved teacher program and who has successfully completed student
- 86.16 teaching to be employed as a short-call substitute teacher.

86.17 (b) The <u>Professional Educator Licensing and Standards</u> Board of Teaching may issue a

86.18 lifetime qualified short-call or long-call substitute teaching license to a person who:

86.19 (1) was a qualified teacher under section 122A.16 while holding a professional five-year

86.20 <u>Tier 3 or Tier 4 teaching license issued by the board, under section 122A.181</u> and receives

- 86.21 a retirement annuity from the Teachers Retirement Association or the St. Paul Teachers
- 86.22 Retirement Fund Association;

86.23 (2) holds an out-of-state teaching license and receives a retirement annuity as a result86.24 of the person's teaching experience; or

86.25 (3) held a professional five-year <u>Tier 3 or Tier 4</u> teaching license issued by the board,

- 86.26 <u>under section 122A.181</u>, taught at least three school years in an accredited nonpublic school
- 86.27 in Minnesota, and receives a retirement annuity as a result of the person's teaching experience.

86.28 A person holding a lifetime qualified short-call <u>or long-call</u> substitute teaching license is

- 86.29 not required to complete continuing education clock hours. A person holding this license 86.30 may reapply to the board for either:
- ou.so may reappry to the board for <u>critici.</u>
- 87.1 (i) a professional five-year Tier 3 or Tier 4 teaching license under section 122A.181,
- 87.2 and must again complete continuing education clock hours one school year after receiving
- 87.3 the professional five-year <u>Tier 3 or Tier 4</u> teaching license; or
- 87.4 (ii) a Tier 1 license under section 122A.181, provided that the candidate has a bachelor's
- 87.5 degree, an associate's degree, or an appropriate professional credential in the content area
- 87.6 the candidate will teach.

- 28.6 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.18, subdivision 7a, is amended to read:
- 28.7 Subd. 7a. **Permission to substitute teach.** (a) The <u>Professional Educator Licensing and</u>
- 28.8 <u>Standards Board of Teaching may allow a person who is enrolled in and making satisfactory</u>
- 28.9 progress in a board-approved teacher program and who has successfully completed student
- 28.10 teaching to be employed as a short-call substitute teacher.
- 28.11 (b) The <u>Professional Educator Licensing and Standards</u> Board of Teaching may issue a
- 28.12 lifetime qualified short-call substitute teaching license to a person who:
- 28.13 (1) was a qualified teacher under section 122A.16 while holding a professional five-year
- 28.14 <u>Tier 3 or Tier 4 teaching license issued by the board, under sections 122A.183 and 122A.184</u>,
- 28.15 respectively, and receives a retirement annuity from the Teachers Retirement Association
- 28.16 or the St. Paul Teachers Retirement Fund Association;
- 28.17 (2) holds an out-of-state teaching license and receives a retirement annuity as a result 28.18 of the person's teaching experience; or
- of the person's teaching experience; or
- 28.19 (3) held a professional five-year <u>Tier 3 or Tier 4</u> teaching license issued by the board,
- 28.20 <u>under sections 122A.183 and 122A.184, respectively</u>, taught at least three school years in
- 28.21 an accredited nonpublic school in Minnesota, and receives a retirement annuity as a result
- 28.22 of the person's teaching experience.
- 28.23 A person holding a lifetime qualified short-call substitute teaching license is not required
- 28.24 to complete continuing education clock hours. A person holding this license may reapply 28.25 to the board for either:
- 28.26 (i) a professional five-year Tier 3 or Tier 4 teaching license under sections 122A.183
- 28.27 and 122A.184, respectively, and must again complete continuing education clock hours one
- 28.28 school year after receiving the professional five-year <u>Tier 3 or Tier 4</u> teaching license; or
- 28.29 (ii) a Tier 1 license under section 122A.181, provided that the candidate has a bachelor's 28.30 degree or an appropriate professional credential in the content area the candidate will teach.

Senate Language UEH0890-1

87.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.
87.8	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.18, subdivision 7c, is amended to read:
87.9 87.10 87.11 87.12 87.13 87.14	Subd. 7c. Temporary military license. The <u>Professional Educator Licensing and</u> <u>Standards</u> Board of <u>Freaching</u> shall establish a temporary license in accordance with section 197.4552 for teaching. The fee for a temporary license under this subdivision shall be \$87.90 for an online application or \$86.40 for a paper application. <u>The board must provide candidates</u> for a license under this subdivision with information regarding the tiered licensure system provided in <u>section 122A.181</u> .
87.15	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.
87.16	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.18, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
87.17 87.18 87.19 87.20 87.21	Subd. 8. Background checks. (a) The <u>Professional Educator Licensing and Standards</u> Board of <u>Teaching</u> and <u>the commissioner of education</u> the Board of School Administrators must request a criminal history background check from the superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension on all first-time teaching applicants for licenses under their jurisdiction. Applicants must include with their licensure applications:
87.22	(1) an executed criminal history consent form, including fingerprints; and
87.23 87.24	(2) a money order or cashier's check payable to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension for the fee for conducting the criminal history background check.
87.25 87.26 87.27 87.28 87.29 87.30 87.31	(b) The superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall perform the background check required under paragraph (a) by retrieving criminal history data as defined in section 13.87 and shall also conduct a search of the national criminal records repository. The superintendent is authorized to exchange fingerprints with the Federal Bureau of Investigation for purposes of the criminal history check. The superintendent shall recover the cost to the bureau of a background check through the fee charged to the applicant under paragraph (a).
88.1 88.2 88.3 88.4 88.5 88.6	(c) The <u>Professional Educator Licensing and Standards</u> Board of <u>Teaching</u> or the <u>commissioner of education</u> <u>Board of School Administrators</u> may issue a license pending completion of a background check under this subdivision, but must notify the individual that the individual's license may be revoked based on the result of the background check. <u>The individual must notify the school district or charter school that employs the individual</u> as a teacher that the individual's license has been revoked.

House Language H0140-6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018. 28.31 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.18, subdivision 7c, is amended to read: 29.1 Subd. 7c. Temporary military license. The Professional Educator Licensing and 29.2 Standards Board of Teaching shall establish a temporary license in accordance with section 29.3 29.4 197.4552 for teaching. The fee for a temporary license under this subdivision shall be \$87.90 for an online application or \$86.40 for a paper application. The board must provide candidates 29.5 for a license under this subdivision with information regarding the tiered licensure system 29.6 29.7 provided in sections 122A.18 to 122A.184. 29.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018. Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.18, subdivision 8, is amended to read: 29.9 Subd. 8. Background checks. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards 29.10 Board of Teaching and the commissioner of education the Board of School Administrators 29.11 must request a criminal history background check from the superintendent of the Bureau 29.12 of Criminal Apprehension on all first-time teaching applicants for licenses under their 29.13 jurisdiction. Applicants must include with their licensure applications: 29.14 29.15 (1) an executed criminal history consent form, including fingerprints; and 29.16 (2) a money order or cashier's check payable to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension 29.17 for the fee for conducting the criminal history background check. (b) The superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall perform the 29.18 29.19 background check required under paragraph (a) by retrieving criminal history data as defined in section 13.87 and shall also conduct a search of the national criminal records repository. 29.20 The superintendent is authorized to exchange fingerprints with the Federal Bureau of 29.21 Investigation for purposes of the criminal history check. The superintendent shall recover 29.22 the cost to the bureau of a background check through the fee charged to the applicant under 29.23 29.24 paragraph (a). (c) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching or the 29.25

- 29.26 commissioner of education Board of School Administrators may issue a license pending
- 29.27 completion of a background check under this subdivision, but must notify the individual
- 29.28 and the school district or charter school employing the individual that the individual's license
- 29.29 may be revoked based on the result of the background check.

88.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the section of the sec	ffective July 1, 2018.	29.30	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.
88.8	Sec. 11. [122A.181] TIERED LICENSURI	E SYSTEM.		
88.9 88.10 88.11 88.12 88.13				
88.14 88.15	(b) The Professional Educator Licensing candidates who meet the qualifications prese	g and Standards Board must issue a license to ribed by this chapter.		
88.16 88.17 88.18	Subd. 2. Licensure tiers. The Profession must issue a license to candidates who meet according to the following table:	nal Educator Licensing and Standards Board the qualifications for the appropriate tier		
88.19	License Name Duration Renewal	Qualifications		
88.20	Tier 1 license One year Unlimited	At least one of the following:	30.24	Sec. 9. [122A.181] TIER 1 LICENSE.
			30.25 30.26 30.27	Subdivision 1. Requirements. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must issue a Tier 1 license to a candidate who provides information sufficient to demonstrate each of the following:
			31.4	(3) the candidate has completed the coursework required under subdivision 2.
88.21 88.22		(1) for a license to teach career and technical education, at least one of the following:		
88.23		(i) an associate's degree in the content area;	31.1 31.2 31.3	(2) the candidate has completed a bachelor's or associate's degree, or obtained a professional credential that the school district finds sufficient to teach in a specified content area; and
88.24		(ii) professional credential; or		FROM SUBDIVISION 2:

Senate Language UEH0890-1

House Language H0140-6

FROM SUBDIVISION 1:

88.25 88.26	(iii) five years of work experience in the content area; or	31.7	(1) three years of relevant work experience;
88.27 88.28	(2) for a license to teach in a content area not included in clause (1), a baccalaureate degree.		
88.29 88.30 88.31 88.32 88.33 88.34 88.35	A school board must confirm to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board that it has attempted but is unable to hire a teacher with a Tier 2, 3, or 4 license for the position and that the candidate has the necessary skills and knowledge to teach in a specified content area.		

(1) a school district or charter school has requested that the candidate be issued a license 30.28 A candidate meeting the above qualifications 88.36 30.29 to teach in a specified content area. The school district or charter school must provide the must be granted a Tier 1 license upon the 88.37 30.30 board with confirmation that a criminal background check has been completed for any request of the employing school board or charter 88.38 30.31 candidate for whom a teaching license has been requested; school board. 88.39 89.1 Years worked with a Tier 1 license do not count toward the candidate's continuing contract under 89.2 section 122A.40 or 122A.41. 89.3

must purificipate in a sensor district's mentorship
and evaluation program that includes an
individual growth and development plan.

Must participate in a school district's mentorship

89.4

89.5 89.6

REVISOR FULL-TEXT SIDE-BY-SIDE

31.5	Subd. 2. Coursework. (a) A candidate for a Tier 1 license must meet the coursework
31.6	requirement by demonstrating completion of one of the following:
31.8	(2) 2,000 hours of relevant work experience within the preceding five years;
31.9	(3) at least eight upper division credits in the relevant content area;
31.10	(4) a passing score on all required licensure exams under section 122A.185;
31.11	(5) completion of human relations coursework under section 122A.186; or
31.12	(6) experience teaching in a field for which there is no license.
31.13	(b) For purposes of paragraph (a), "upper division" means classes normally taken at the
31.13	junior or senior level of college which require substantial knowledge and skill in the field.
31.15	Candidates must identify the upper division credits that fulfill the requirement in paragraph
31.16	(a), clause (3).
31.17	Subd. 3. Term of license. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board
31.18	must issue an initial Tier 1 license for a term of one year. A Tier 1 license may be renewed
31.19	three times. The board must issue rules setting forth the conditions for additional renewals
31.20	after the initial license has been renewed three times. If the board fails to issue rules providing
31.21	conditions for additional renewals, the board must renew a Tier 1 license to a candidate that
31.22	meets the renewal requirements provided in statute.
31.23	Subd. 4. Application. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must
31.24	accept applications for a Tier 1 teaching license beginning July 1 of the school year for
31.25	which the license is requested and must issue or deny the Tier 1 teaching license within 30
31.26	days of receiving the completed application.
31.27	Subd. 5. Limitations on license. (a) A Tier 1 license is limited to the content matter
31.28	indicated on the application for the initial Tier 1 license under subdivision 1, clause (1), and
31.29	limited to the district or charter school that requested the initial Tier 1 license.
31.30	(b) A Tier 1 license does not bring an individual within the definition of a teacher for
31.31	purposes of section 122A.40, subdivision 1, or 122A.41, subdivision 1, clause (a).
32.1	(c) A Tier 1 license does not bring an individual within the definition of a "teacher"
32.2	under section 179A.03, subdivision 18.
32.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.

89.7 89.8	Tier 2 license	Two years	Up to two	Meets Tier 1 qualifications and at least one of the following:	32.4	Sec. 10. [122A.182] TIER 2 LICENSE.
					32.5 32.6 32.7	Subdivision 1. Requirements. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must issue a Tier 2 license to a candidate who provides information sufficient to demonstrate each of the following:
					32.8 32.9	(1) the candidate has completed a bachelor's degree, or obtained a professional credential that the school district finds sufficient to teach in a specified content area; and
89.9 89.10 89.11 89.12				(1) enrolled in and making satisfactory progress in a Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board-approved teacher preparation program;	32.10 32.11	(2) the candidate has completed the coursework required under subdivision 2, or is enrolled in an approved teacher preparation program.
					32.12 32.13	Subd. 2. Coursework. (a) A candidate for a Tier 2 license must meet the coursework requirement by demonstrating completion of two of the following:
					32.14	(1) at least eight upper division credits in the relevant content area;
					32.15	(2) field-specific methods of training, including coursework;
					32.16 32.17	(3) at least two years of teaching experience in a similar content area in any state, as determined by the board;
89.13 89.14				(2) passing scores on all required skills, content area, and pedagogy licensure exams; or	32.18	(4) a passing score on all required licensure exams under section 122A.185;
					32.19	(5) completion of human relations coursework under section 122A.186; or
					32.20	(6) completion of a state-approved teacher preparation program.
					32.21 32.22 32.23 32.24	(b) For purposes of paragraph (a), "upper division" means classes normally taken at the junior or senior level of college which require substantial knowledge and skill in the field. Candidates must identify the upper division credits that fulfill the requirement in paragraph (a), clause (1).

89.15 (3) master's degree in content area.

89.16	A school board must confirm that the candidate
89.17	has the necessary skills and knowledge to teach
89.18	in a specified content area.

89.19	Years worked with a Tier 2 license only count
89.20	toward the candidate's continuing contract under
89.21	section 122A.40 or 122A.41 if the candidate
89.22	subsequently obtains a Tier 3 or Tier 4 license.

89.23	Must participate in a school district's mentorship
89.24	and evaluation program that includes an
89.25	individual growth and development plan.

32.25	Subd. 3. Term of license. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board
32.26	must issue an initial Tier 2 license for a term of one year. A Tier 2 license may be renewed
32.27	three times. The board must issue rules setting forth the conditions for additional renewals
32.28	after the initial license has been renewed three times. If the board fails to issue rules providing
32.29	conditions for additional renewals, the board must renew a Tier 2 license to a candidate that
32.30	meets the renewal requirements provided in statute.
33.1	Subd. 4. Limitations on license. A Tier 2 license shall not be construed to bring an
33.2	individual within the definition of a teacher for purposes of section 122A.40, subdivision
33.3	1, or 122A.41, subdivision 1, clause (a).
33.4	Subd. 5. Application toward probationary period. A school district must count the
33.5	time that a teacher with a Tier 2 license works as a teacher while enrolled in a teacher
33.6	preparation program toward the three-year probationary period under section 122A.40,
33.7	subdivision 5, or 122A.41, subdivision 2.
33.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.

89.26 89.27	Tier 3 license	Three years	One	Meets Tier 1 qualifications and at least one of the following:	33.9	Sec. 11. [122A.183] TIER 3 LICENSE.
					33.10 33.11 33.12	Subdivision 1. Requirements. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must issue a Tier 3 license to a candidate who provides information sufficient to demonstrate all of the following:
					33.13 33.14	(1) the candidate has completed a bachelor's degree or obtained a professional credential in accordance with paragraph (b);
89.28 89.29 89.30				(1) successful completion of a Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board-approved teacher preparation program;		
89.31 89.32 89.33 89.34				(2) successful completion of an out-of-state teacher preparation program that includes field-specific methods training and field-specific student teaching:		
89.35 89.36				(3) an out-of-state professional teaching license in good standing;		
89.37 89.38				(4) passing scores on all required skills, content area, and pedagogy licensure exams; or	33.15 33.16	(2) the candidate has obtained a passing score on all required licensure exams under section 122A.185;
					33.17 33.18	(3) the candidate has completed human relations coursework under section 122A.186; and
					33.19	(4) the candidate has completed the coursework required under subdivision 2.
					33.20 33.21 33.22 33.23	(b) In consultation with the Governor's Workforce Development Council established under section 116L.665, the board must establish a list of qualifying certifications, and may add additional professional certifications in consultation with school administrators, teachers, and other stakeholders.

89.39 89.40	(5) National Board for Professional Teaching Standards certification.		
89.41	And meets at least one of the following criteria:		
89.42	(1) 12 weeks of student teaching experience;		
		33.24 33.25	Subd. 2. Coursework. A candidate for a Tier 3 license must meet the coursework requirement by demonstrating completion of one of the following:
		33.26	(1) a Minnesota-approved teacher preparation program;
89.43	(2) two years of field-specific teaching	33.27	(2) a state-approved teacher preparation program that includes field-specific student
89.44	experience; or	33.28 33.29	teaching equivalent to field-specific student teaching in Minnesota-approved teacher preparation programs. The field-specific student teaching requirement does not apply to a
		33.30	candidate that has two years of teaching experience; or
		33.31	(3) a content-specific licensure portfolio.
89.45	(3) completion of a comprehensive teacher		
89.46 89.47	mentoring program offered by a Minnesota school.		
07.47	<u>SUIUUI.</u>		
90.1	Must participate in a school district's evaluation program that includes an individual growth and		
90.2 90.3	development plan.		

- 34.1
- Subd. 3. Term of license. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must issue an initial Tier 3 license for a term of three years. A Tier 3 license may be renewed 34.2
- 34.3 every three years without limitation.

Senate Language UEH0890-1

		34.4	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.
		34.5	Sec. 12. [122A.184] TIER 4 LICENSE.
		34.6 34.7 34.8	Subdivision 1. Requirements. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must issue a Tier 4 license to a candidate who provides information sufficient to demonstrate all of the following:
Unlimited	Meets Tier 3 qualifications and the following:	34.9	(1) the candidate meets all requirements for a Tier 3 license under section 122A.183;
	(1) at least three years teaching experience in any state; and	34.10	(2) the candidate has at least three years of teaching experience in Minnesota;
	(2) passing scores on all required skills, content area, and pedagogy licensure exams.	34.11 34.12	(3) the candidate has obtained a passing score on all required licensure exams under section 122A.185; and
		34.13 34.14 34.15	(4) the candidate's most recent summative teacher evaluation did not result in placing or otherwise keeping the teacher in an improvement process pursuant to section 122A.40, subdivision 8, or 122A.41, subdivision 5.
	Must participate in a school district's evaluation program that includes an individual growth and development plan.		
		34.16	Subd. 2. Term of license. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must issue an initial Tier 4 license for a term of five years. A Tier 4 license may be renewed

- 34.17 must issue an initial Tier 4 license for a term of five years. A Tier 4 license may be renewed
- 34.18 every five years without limitation.
- 34.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.

- 90.12 Subd. 3. Assessment alternatives. A Tier 3 or Tier 4 teacher licensure candidate that 90.13 fails, after two attempts, to obtain a passing score on the board-adopted skills examination
- 90.13 fails, after two attempts, to obtain a passing score on the board-adopted skills examination 90.14 in reading, writing, and mathematics may demonstrate to the board that they have attained
- 90.15 the required skills by either of the following:

90.4

90.5 90.6

90.7 90.8

90.9 90.10 90.11 Tier 4 license Five years

Senate Language UEH0890-1

90.16 (1) completing a portfolio using board-adopted standards; or

- 90.17 (2) teaching for three years in a Minnesota school with at least one summative teacher
- 90.18 evaluation and showing satisfactory evidence of successful teaching according to section
- 90.19 122A.40, subdivision 8, or 122A.41, subdivision 5.
- 90.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.

34.20 Sec. 13. [122A.185] TEACHER LICENSURE ASSESSMENT.

34.21	Subdivision 1. Tests. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board
34.22	must adopt rules requiring a candidate to demonstrate a passing score on a board-adopted
34.23	examination of skills in reading, writing, and mathematics before being granted a Tier 4
34.24	teaching license under section 122A.184 to provide direct instruction to pupils in elementary,
34.25	secondary, or special education programs. Candidates may obtain a Tier 1, Tier 2, or Tier
34.26	3 license to provide direct instruction to pupils in elementary, secondary, or special education
34.27	programs if candidates meet the other requirements in section 122A.181, 122A.182, or
34.28	122A.183, respectively.
34.29	(b) The board must adopt rules requiring candidates for Tier 3 and Tier 4 licenses to
34.30	pass an examination of general pedagogical knowledge and examinations of licensure-specific
34.31	teaching skills.
51.51	the second secon
25.1	(a) Candidates for initial Time 2 and Time 4 lineares to tools along the damage to the state must
35.1	(c) Candidates for initial Tier 3 and Tier 4 licenses to teach elementary students must
35.2	pass test items assessing the candidates' knowledge, skill, and ability in comprehensive,
35.3	scientifically based reading instruction under section 122A.06, subdivision 4, knowledge
35.4	and understanding of the foundations of reading development, development of reading
35.5	comprehension and reading assessment and instruction, and the ability to integrate that
35.6	knowledge and understanding into instruction strategies under section 122A.06, subdivision
35.7	<u>4.</u>
35.8	Subd. 2. Passing scores. The board must establish passing scores in all examinations
35.9	required for licensure.
35.10	Subd. 3. Testing accommodations. The board and the entity administering the content,
35.11	pedagogy, and skills examinations must allow any individual who produces documentation
35.12	of a disability in the form of an evaluation, 504 plan, or individual education program (IEP)

- 35.13 to receive the same testing accommodations on the content, pedagogy, and skills examinations
- 35.14 that the applicant received during the applicant's secondary or postsecondary education.

35.15	Subd. 4. Remedial assistance. (a) A board-approved teacher preparation program must
35.16	make available upon request remedial assistance that includes a formal diagnostic component
35.17	to persons enrolled in their institution who did not achieve a qualifying score on a
35.18	board-adopted skills examination, including those for whom English is a second language.
35.19	The teacher preparation programs must make available assistance in the specific academic
35.20	areas of candidates' deficiency.
35.21	(b) School districts may make available upon request similar, appropriate, and timely
35.22	remedial assistance that includes a formal diagnostic component to those persons employed
35.23	by the district who completed their teacher education program, who did not achieve a
35.24	qualifying score on a board-adopted skills examination, and who received a Tier 1, Tier 2,
35.25	or Tier 3 license under sections 122A.181, 122A.182, or 122A.183, respectively, to teach
35.26	in Minnesota.
35.27	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.
35.28	Sec. 14. [122A.186] HUMAN RELATIONS.
35.29	The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must adopt rules that provide
35.30	how a candidate may meet the human relations coursework requirement. The board shall
35.31	accept training programs completed through Peace Corps, VISTA, or Teacher Corps in lieu
35.32	of completing the human relations component of a teacher preparation program for purposes
35.33	of issuing or renewing a teaching license.
36.1	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.
36.2	Sec. 15. [122A.187] EXPIRATION AND RENEWAL.
200.2	
36.3	Subdivision 1. License form requirements. Each license issued under this chapter must
36.4	bear the date of issue and the name of the state-approved teacher training provider or
36.5	alternative teaching program, as applicable. Licenses must expire and be renewed according
36.6	to rules adopted by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board or the Board
36.7	of School Administrators. Requirements for renewing a Tier 3 or Tier 4 license under
36.8	sections 122A.183 and 122A.184, respectively, must include showing satisfactory evidence
36.9	of successful teaching or administrative experience for at least one school year during the
36.10	period covered by the license in grades or subjects for which the license is valid or completing
36.11	such additional preparation as required under this section, or as the Professional Educator

- 36.12 Licensing and Standards Board prescribes. The Board of School Administrators shall
- establish requirements for renewing the licenses of supervisory personnel except athletic 36.13
- coaches. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board shall establish 36.14
- requirements for renewing the licenses of athletic coaches. 36.15

REVISOR FULL-TEXT SIDE-BY-SIDE

- 90.21 Sec. 12. [122A.187] EXPIRATION AND RENEWAL.
- 90.22 Subdivision 1. License form requirements. Each license issued under this chapter must
- bear the date of issue and the name of the state-approved teacher training provider or 90.23
- alternative teaching program, as applicable. Licenses must expire and be renewed according 90.24
- to rules adopted by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board or the Board 90.25
- of School Administrators. Requirements for renewing a Tier 3 or Tier 4 license must include 90.26
- showing satisfactory evidence of successful teaching or administrative experience for at 90.27
- least one school year during the period covered by the license in grades or subjects for which 90.28
- the license is valid or completing such additional preparation as required under this section, 90.29
- or as the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board prescribes. The Board of 90.30
- 90.31 School Administrators shall establish requirements for renewing the licenses of supervisory
- personnel except athletic coaches. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board 90.32
- shall establish requirements for renewing the licenses of athletic coaches. 90.33

- 90.34 Subd. 2. Professional growth. (a) Applicants for license renewal for a Tier 3 or Tier 4
- 90.35 license who have been employed as a teacher during the renewal period of the expiring
- 90.36 license, as a condition of license renewal, must present to the Professional Educator Licensing
- 91.1 and Standards Board evidence of work that demonstrates professional reflection and growth
- 91.2 in best teaching practices, including among other things, practices in meeting the varied
- 91.3 needs of English learners from young children to adults under section 124D.59, subdivisions
- 91.4 <u>2 and 2a.</u>
- 91.5 (b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must ensure that its teacher
- 91.6 relicensing requirements include paragraph (a).

- 36.16 Subd. 2. Professional growth. (a) Applicants for license renewal for a Tier 3 or Tier 4
- 36.17 license under sections 122A.183 and 122A.184, respectively, who have been employed as
- 36.18 a teacher during the renewal period of the expiring license, as a condition of license renewal,
- 36.19 must present to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board evidence of work
- 36.20 that demonstrates professional reflection and growth in best teaching practices, including
- 36.21 among other things, practices in meeting the varied needs of English learners, from young
- 36.22 children to adults under section 124D.59, subdivisions 2 and 2a. A teacher may satisfy the
- 36.23 requirements of this paragraph by submitting the teacher's most recent summative evaluation
- 36.24 or improvement plan under section 122A.40, subdivision 8, or 122A.41, subdivision 5.
- 36.25 (b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must ensure that its teacher
- 36.26 relicensing requirements include paragraph (a).
- 36.27 Subd. 3. Behavior interventions. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
- 36.28 Board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers who are renewing a Tier 3 or Tier
- 36.29 4 teaching license under sections 122A.183 and 122A.184, respectively, to include in the
- 36.30 renewal requirements further preparation in the areas of using positive behavior interventions
- 36.31 and in accommodating, modifying, and adapting curricula, materials, and strategies to
- 36.32 appropriately meet the needs of individual students and ensure adequate progress toward
- 36.33 the state's graduation rule.
- 37.1 Subd. 4. **Reading preparation.** The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
- 37.2 Board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers who are renewing a Tier 3 or Tier
- 37.3 4 teaching license under sections 122A.183 and 122A.184, respectively, to include in the
- 37.4 renewal requirements further reading preparation, consistent with section 122A.06,
- 37.5 subdivision 4. The rules do not take effect until they are approved by law. Teachers who
- 37.6 do not provide direct instruction including, at least, counselors, school psychologists, school
- 37.7 nurses, school social workers, audiovisual directors and coordinators, and recreation
- 37.8 personnel are exempt from this section.
- 37.9 Subd. 5. Mental illness. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must
- 37.10 adopt rules that require all licensed teachers renewing a Tier 3 or Tier 4 teaching license
- 37.11 under sections 122A.183 and 122A.184, respectively, to include in the renewal requirements
- 37.12 at least one hour of suicide prevention best practices in each licensure renewal period based
- 37.13 on nationally recognized evidence-based programs and practices, among the continuing
- 37.14 education credits required to renew a license under this subdivision, and further preparation,
- 37.15 first, in understanding the key warning signs of early-onset mental illness in children and
- 37.16 adolescents and then, during subsequent licensure renewal periods, preparation may include
- 37.17 providing a more in-depth understanding of students' mental illness trauma, accommodations
- 37.18 for students' mental illness, parents' roles in addressing students' mental illness, Fetal Alcohol
- 37.19 Spectrum Disorders, autism, the requirements of section 125A.0942 governing restrictive
- 37.20 procedures, and de-escalation methods, among other similar topics.

Senate Language UEH0890-1

91.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.

91.8 Sec. 13. [122A.188] LICENSURE DENIAL; APPEAL.

- 91.9 Subdivision 1. Denial letter. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
- 91.10 Board must inform a candidate within 30 days of receiving a completed application whether
- 91.11 the candidate's application for an initial teaching license or renewal of license has been
- 91.12 approved or denied. When an application is denied, the notification letter must inform the
- 91.13 candidate of the process for seeking review of the denial and of the appeals process provided
- 91.14 in this section, including all deadlines for seeking review of the denial decision and filing
- 91.15 an appeal. The notification letter must identify each licensure requirement the candidate
- 91.16 failed to meet.
- 91.17 (b) For purposes of this section, "denial" means denial of an initial license or a denial
- 91.18 of a renewal license. Denial of an initial license includes a grant of a license that is a lower
- 91.19 tier than the candidate applied for and denial of application for an additional field of licensure.
- 91.20 Subd. 2. Review of denial. A candidate whose license application is denied may seek
- 91.21 review of the denial by submitting a letter to the Professional Educator Licensing and
- 91.22 Standards Board within 30 calendar days of receipt of the denial letter. The candidate may
- 91.23 include any documentation necessary to demonstrate that the candidate meets the licensure
- 91.24 requirements. The board must review the denial within 60 calendar days of receipt of the
- 91.25 letter seeking review. If the board affirms the denial, the board must send the candidate a
- 91.26 letter identifying each licensure requirement the candidate failed to meet and informing the
- 91.27 candidate of the appeal process provided under this section.
- 91.28 Subd. 3. Appeal. A candidate whose application for license or license renewal has been
- 91.29 denied under subdivisions 1 and 2 may appeal the decision by filing a written request with
- 91.30 the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board within 30 days of notice that the
- 91.31 board has affirmed the denial of license. The board must then initiate a contested case under
- 91.32 the Administrative Procedure Act, sections 14.001 to 14.69.
- 91.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.
- 92.1 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.19, is amended to read:
- 92.2 122A.19 BILINGUAL AND ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE TEACHERS;
 92.3 LICENSES.
- 92.4 Subdivision 1. Bilingual and English as a second language licenses. The Professional
- 92.5 Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching, hereinafter the board, must grant
- 92.6 teaching licenses in bilingual education and English as a second language to persons who
- 92.7 present satisfactory evidence that they:

37.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.

37.22 Sec. 16. [122A.188] LICENSURE DENIAL; APPEAL.

- 37.23 Subdivision 1. **Denial letter.** (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
- 37.24 Board must promptly inform all candidates whether the candidate's application for an initial
- 37.25 teaching license or renewal of license has been approved or denied. When an application
- 37.26 is denied, the notification letter must inform the candidate of the process for seeking review
- 37.27 of the denial and of the appeals process provided in this section, including all deadlines for
- 37.28 seeking review of the denial decision and filing an appeal. The notification letter must
- 37.29 identify each licensure requirement the candidate failed to meet.
- 37.30 (b) For purposes of this section, the term "denial" means denial of an initial license or
- 37.31 a denial of a renewal license. Denial of an initial license includes a grant of a license that
- 37.32 is a lower tier than the candidate applied for and denial of application for an additional field
- 37.33 of licensure.
- 38.1 Subd. 2. **Review of denial.** A candidate whose license application is denied may seek
- 38.2 review of the denial by submitting a letter to the Professional Educator Licensing and
- 38.3 Standards Board within 30 calendar days of receipt of the denial letter. The candidate may
- 38.4 include any documentation necessary to demonstrate that the candidate meets the licensure
- 38.5 requirements. The board must review the denial within 60 calendar days of receipt of the
- 38.6 letter seeking review. If the board affirms the denial, the board must send the candidate a
- 38.7 letter identifying each licensure requirement the candidate failed to meet and informing the
- 38.8 candidate of the appeal process provided under this section.
- 38.9 Subd. 3. Appeal. A candidate whose application for license or license renewal has been
- 38.10 denied under subdivisions 1 and 2 may appeal the decision by filing a written request with
- 38.11 the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board within 30 days of notice that the
- 38.12 board has affirmed the denial of license. The board must then initiate a contested case under
- 38.13 the Administrative Procedure Act, sections 14.001 to 14.69.
- 38.14 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.19, is amended to read:

38.15 **122A.19 BILINGUAL AND ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE TEACHERS;**38.16 LICENSES.

- 38.17 Subdivision 1. Bilingual and English as a second language licenses. The Professional
- 38.18 Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching, hereinafter the board, must grant
- 38.19 teaching licenses in bilingual education and English as a second language to persons who
- 38.20 present satisfactory evidence that they:

House Language H0140-6

92.8 (a) (1) possess competence and communicative skills in English and in another language;

92.9 (b) (2) possess a bachelor's degree or other academic degree approved by the board, and

92.10 meet such requirements as to course of study and training as the board may prescribe,

- 92.11 consistent with subdivision 4; and
- 92.12 (3) meet all other requirements for a teaching license provided in section 122A.18.

92.13 Subd. 2. Persons holding general teaching licenses. The board may license a person

92.14 who holds a general teaching license in any tier under section 122A.181, and who presents

- 92.15 the board with satisfactory evidence of competence and communicative skills in a language
- 92.16 other than English under this section.

92.17 Subd. 4. Teacher preparation programs. For the purpose of licensing bilingual and

- 92.18 English as a second language teachers, the board may approve programs at colleges or
- 92.19 universities designed for their training. These programs must provide instruction in
- 92.20 implementing research-based practices designed specifically for English learners. The
- 92.21 programs must focus on developing English learners' academic language proficiency in
- 92.22 English, including oral academic language, giving English learners meaningful access to 92.23 the full school curriculum, developing culturally relevant teaching practices appropriate for
- 92.23 the full school curriculum, developing culturally relevant teaching practices appropriate for 92.24 immigrant students, and providing more intensive instruction and resources to English
- 92.25 learners with lower levels of academic English proficiency and varied needs, consistent
- 92.26 with section 124D.59, subdivisions 2 and 2a.

- 92.27 Subd. 5. **Persons eligible for employment.** Any person licensed under this section is
- 92.28 eligible for employment by a school board as a teacher in a bilingual education or English
- 92.29 as a second language program in which the language for which the person is licensed is
- 92.30 taught or used as a medium of instruction. A board may prescribe only those additional
- 92.31 qualifications for teachers licensed under this section that are approved by the board of
- 92.32 teaching.
- 93.1 Subd. 6. Affirmative efforts in hiring. In hiring for all bilingual education program
- 93.2 positions, districts must give preference to and make affirmative efforts to seek, recruit, and

 $\frac{(a) (1)}{and}$ possess competence and communicative skills in English and in another language; and

- 38.23 (b) (2) possess a bachelor's degree or other academic degree approved by the board, and
- 38.24 meet such requirements as to course of study and training as the board may prescribe,
- 38.25 consistent with subdivision 4.

38.26 Subd. 2. Persons holding general teaching licenses. The board may license a person

- 38.27 who holds a general teaching license in any tier under sections 122A.181 to 122A.184,
- 38.28 respectively, and who presents the board with satisfactory evidence of competence and
- 38.29 communicative skills in a language other than English under this section.
- 38.30 Subd. 4. Teacher preparation programs. (a) For the purpose of licensing bilingual
- 38.31 and English as a second language teachers, the board may approve programs at colleges or
- 38.32 universities designed for their training. These

- 39.1 (b) Programs that prepare English as a second language teachers must provide instruction
- 39.2 in implementing research-based practices designed specifically for English learners. The
- 39.3 programs must focus on developing English learners' academic language proficiency in
- 39.4 English, including oral academic language, giving English learners meaningful access to
- 39.5 the full school curriculum, developing culturally relevant teaching practices appropriate for
- 39.6 immigrant students, and providing more intensive instruction and resources to English
- 39.7 learners with lower levels of academic English proficiency and varied needs, consistent
- 39.8 with section 124D.59, subdivisions 2 and 2a.
- 39.9 Subd. 5. Persons eligible for employment. Any person licensed under this section is
- 39.10 eligible for employment by a school board as a teacher in a bilingual education or English
- 39.11 as a second language program in which the language for which the person is licensed is
- 39.12 taught or used as a medium of instruction. A board may prescribe only those additional
- 39.13 qualifications for teachers licensed under this section that are approved by the board of
- 39.14 teaching.
- 39.15 Subd. 6. Affirmative efforts in hiring. In hiring for all bilingual education program
- 39.16 positions, districts must give preference to and make affirmative efforts to seek, recruit, and

Senate Language UEH0890-1

- 93.3 employ persons who (1) are native speakers of the language which is the medium of
- 93.4 instruction in the bilingual education program or share a native language with the majority
- 93.5 of their students, and (2) share the culture of the English learners enrolled in the program.
- 93.6 The district shall provide procedures for involving the parent advisory committees in
- 93.7 designing the procedures for recruiting, screening, and selecting applicants. This section
- 93.8 must not be construed to limit the school board's authority to hire and discharge personnel.
- 93.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.
- 93.10 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.20, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

93.11 Subdivision 1. Grounds for revocation, suspension, or denial. (a) The Professional

93.12 Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching or Board of School Administrators,

- 93.13 whichever has jurisdiction over a teacher's licensure, may, on the written complaint of the
- 93.14 school board employing a teacher, a teacher organization, or any other interested person,
- 93.15 refuse to issue, refuse to renew, suspend, or revoke a teacher's license to teach for any of
- 93.16 the following causes:
- 93.17 (1) immoral character or conduct;
- 93.18 (2) failure, without justifiable cause, to teach for the term of the teacher's contract;
- 93.19 (3) gross inefficiency or willful neglect of duty;
- 93.20 (4) failure to meet licensure requirements; or
- 93.21 (5) fraud or misrepresentation in obtaining a license.
- 93.22 The written complaint must specify the nature and character of the charges.

93.23 (b) The <u>Professional Educator Licensing and Standards</u> Board of Teaching or Board of

93.24 School Administrators, whichever has jurisdiction over a teacher's licensure, shall refuse

- 93.25 to issue, refuse to renew, or automatically revoke a teacher's license to teach without the
- 93.26 right to a hearing upon receiving a certified copy of a conviction showing that the teacher
- 93.27 has been convicted of child abuse, as defined in section 609.185, sex trafficking in the first
- 93.28 degree under section 609.322, subdivision 1, sex trafficking in the second degree under
- 93.29 section 609.322, subdivision 1a, engaging in hiring, or agreeing to hire a minor to engage
- 93.30 in prostitution under section 609.324, subdivision 1, sexual abuse under section 609.342,
- 93.31 609.343, 609.344, 609.345, 609.3451, subdivision 3, or 617.23, subdivision 3, solicitation
- 93.32 of children to engage in sexual conduct or communication of sexually explicit materials to
- 94.1 children under section 609.352, interference with privacy under section 609.746 or stalking

- House Language H0140-6
- employ persons who (1) are native speakers of the language which is the medium of 39.17 instruction in the bilingual education program or share a native language with the majority 39.18 of their students, and (2) share the culture of the English learners enrolled in the program. 39.19 The district shall provide procedures for involving the parent advisory committees in 39.20 designing the procedures for recruiting, screening, and selecting applicants. This section 39.21 must not be construed to limit the school board's authority to hire and discharge personnel. 39.22 39.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018. 39.24 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.20, is amended to read: 122A.20 SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION OF LICENSES. 39.25 Subdivision 1. Grounds for revocation, suspension, or denial. (a) The Professional 39.26 39.27 Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching or Board of School Administrators. 39.28 whichever has jurisdiction over a teacher's licensure, may, on the written complaint of the school board employing a teacher, a teacher organization, or any other interested person, 39.29 refuse to issue, refuse to renew, suspend, or revoke a teacher's license to teach for any of 39.30 39.31 the following causes: (1) immoral character or conduct; 39.32 39.33 (2) failure, without justifiable cause, to teach for the term of the teacher's contract; 40.1 (3) gross inefficiency or willful neglect of duty; 40.2 (4) failure to meet licensure requirements; or 40.3 (5) fraud or misrepresentation in obtaining a license. The written complaint must specify the nature and character of the charges. 40.4 (b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching or Board of 40.5 School Administrators, whichever has jurisdiction over a teacher's licensure, shall refuse 40.6 to issue, refuse to renew, or automatically revoke a teacher's license to teach without the 40.7 right to a hearing upon receiving a certified copy of a conviction showing that the teacher 40.8 has been convicted of child abuse, as defined in section 609.185, sex trafficking in the first 40.9 degree under section 609.322, subdivision 1, sex trafficking in the second degree under 40.10 section 609.322, subdivision 1a, engaging in hiring, or agreeing to hire a minor to engage 40.11 40.12 in prostitution under section 609.324, subdivision 1, sexual abuse under section 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, 609.345, 609.3451, subdivision 3, or 617.23, subdivision 3, solicitation 40.13 40.14 of children to engage in sexual conduct or communication of sexually explicit materials to
- 40.15 children under section 609.352, interference with privacy under section 609.746 or stalking

- 94.2 under section 609.749 and the victim was a minor, using minors in a sexual performance
- 94.3 under section 617.246, possessing pornographic works involving a minor under section
- 94.4 617.247, or any other offense not listed in this paragraph that requires the person to register
- 94.5 as a predatory offender under section 243.166, or a crime under a similar law of another
- 94.6 state or the United States. The board shall send notice of this licensing action to the district
- 94.7 in which the teacher is currently employed.
- 94.8 (c) A person whose license to teach has been revoked, not issued, or not renewed under
- 94.9 paragraph (b), may petition the board to reconsider the licensing action if the person's
- 94.10 conviction for child abuse or sexual abuse is reversed by a final decision of the Court of
- 94.11 Appeals or the Supreme Court or if the person has received a pardon for the offense. The
- 94.12 petitioner shall attach a certified copy of the appellate court's final decision or the pardon
- 94.13 to the petition. Upon receiving the petition and its attachment, the board shall schedule and
- 94.14 hold a disciplinary hearing on the matter under section 214.10, subdivision 2, unless the
- 94.15 petitioner waives the right to a hearing. If the board finds that, notwithstanding the reversal
- 94.16 of the petitioner's criminal conviction or the issuance of a pardon, the petitioner is disqualified (1)
- 94.17 from teaching under paragraph (a), clause (1), the board shall affirm its previous licensing
- 94.18 action. If the board finds that the petitioner is not disqualified from teaching under paragraph
- 94.19 (a), clause (1), it shall reverse its previous licensing action.

94.20 (d) For purposes of this subdivision, the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards

- 94.21 Board of Teaching is delegated the authority to suspend or revoke coaching licenses.
- 94.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.
- 94.23 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.20, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 94.24 Subd. 2. Mandatory reporting. A school board must report to the <u>Professional Educator</u>
- 94.25 Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching, the Board of School Administrators, or the
- 94.26 Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, whichever has
- 94.27 jurisdiction over the teacher's or administrator's license, when its teacher or administrator
- 94.28 is discharged or resigns from employment after a charge is filed with the school board under
- 94.29 section 122A.41, subdivisions 6, clauses (1), (2), and (3), and 7, or after charges are filed
- 94.30 that are grounds for discharge under section 122A.40, subdivision 13, paragraph (a), clauses
- 94.31 (1) to (5), or when a teacher or administrator is suspended or resigns while an investigation
- 94.32 is pending under section 122A.40, subdivision 13, paragraph (a) clauses (1) to (5); 122A.41,
- 94.33 subdivisions 6, clauses (1), (2), and (3), and 7; or 626.556, or when a teacher or administrator 94.34 is suspended without an investigation under section 122A.41, subdivisions 6, paragraph (a),
- 94.34 Is suspended without an investigation under section 122A.41, subdivisions 6, paragraph 95.1 clauses (1), (2), and (3), and 7; or 626.556. The report must be made to the appropriate
- 95.1 licensing board within ten days after the discharge, suspension, or resignation has occurred.
- 95.3 The licensing board to which the report is made must investigate the report for violation of
- 95.4 subdivision 1 and the reporting board must cooperate in the investigation. Notwithstanding
- 95.5 any provision in chapter 13 or any law to the contrary, upon written request from the licensing

- 40.16 under section 609.749 and the victim was a minor, using minors in a sexual performance
- 40.17 under section 617.246, possessing pornographic works involving a minor under section
- 40.18 617.247, or any other offense not listed in this paragraph that requires the person to register
- 40.19 as a predatory offender under section 243.166, or a crime under a similar law of another
- 40.20 state or the United States. The board shall send notice of this licensing action to the district
- 40.21 in which the teacher is currently employed.
- 40.22 (c) A person whose license to teach has been revoked, not issued, or not renewed under
- 40.23 paragraph (b), may petition the board to reconsider the licensing action if the person's
- 40.24 conviction for child abuse or sexual abuse is reversed by a final decision of the Court of
- 40.25 Appeals or the Supreme Court or if the person has received a pardon for the offense. The
- 40.26 petitioner shall attach a certified copy of the appellate court's final decision or the pardon
- 40.27 to the petition. Upon receiving the petition and its attachment, the board shall schedule and
- 40.28 hold a disciplinary hearing on the matter under section 214.10, subdivision 2, unless the
- 40.29 petitioner waives the right to a hearing. If the board finds that, notwithstanding the reversal
- 40.30 of the petitioner's criminal conviction or the issuance of a pardon, the petitioner is disqualified
- 40.31 from teaching under paragraph (a), clause (1), the board shall affirm its previous licensing
- 40.32 action. If the board finds that the petitioner is not disqualified from teaching under paragraph
- 40.33 (a), clause (1), it shall reverse its previous licensing action.
- 41.1 (d) For purposes of this subdivision, the <u>Professional Educator Licensing and Standards</u>
- 41.2 Board of Teaching is delegated the authority to suspend or revoke coaching licenses.
- 41.3 Subd. 2. Mandatory reporting. (a) A school board must report to the Professional
- 41.4 Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching, the Board of School Administrators,
- 41.5 or the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, whichever has
- 41.6 jurisdiction over the teacher's or administrator's license, when its teacher or administrator
- 41.7 is discharged or resigns from employment after a charge is filed with the school board under
- 41.8 section 122A.41, subdivisions 6, clauses (1), (2), and (3), and 7, or after charges are filed
- 41.9 that are grounds for discharge under section 122A.40, subdivision 13, paragraph (a), clauses
- 41.10 (1) to (5), or when a teacher or administrator is suspended or resigns while an investigation
- 41.11 is pending under section 122A.40, subdivision 13, paragraph (a) clauses (1) to (5); 122A.41,
- 41.12 subdivisions 6, clauses (1), (2), and (3), and 7; or 626.556, or when a teacher or administrator
- 41.13 is suspended without an investigation under section 122A.41, subdivisions 6, paragraph (a),
- 41.14 clauses (1), (2), and (3), and 7; or 626.556. The report must be made to the appropriate
- 41.15 licensing board within ten days after the discharge, suspension, or resignation has occurred.
- 41.16 The licensing board to which the report is made must investigate the report for violation of
- 41.17 subdivision 1 and the reporting board must cooperate in the investigation. Notwithstanding
- 41.18 any provision in chapter 13 or any law to the contrary, upon written request from the licensing

- 95.6 board having jurisdiction over the license, a board or school superintendent shall provide
- 95.7 the licensing board with information about the teacher or administrator from the district's 95.8 files, any termination or disciplinary proceeding, any settlement or compromise, or any
- 95.8 investigative file. Upon written request from the appropriate licensing board, a board or
- 95.9 school superintendent may, at the discretion of the board or school superintendent, solicit
- 95.11 the written consent of a student and the student's parent to provide the licensing board with
- 95.12 information that may aid the licensing board in its investigation and license proceedings.
- 95.13 The licensing board's request need not identify a student or parent by name. The consent
- 95.14 of the student and the student's parent must meet the requirements of chapter 13 and Code
- 95.15 of Federal Regulations, title 34, section 99.30. The licensing board may provide a consent
- 95.16 form to the district. Any data transmitted to any board under this section is private data
- 95.17 under section 13.02, subdivision 12, notwithstanding any other classification of the data
- 95.18 when it was in the possession of any other agency.
- 95.19 The licensing board to which a report is made must transmit to the Attorney General's
- 95.20 Office any record or data it receives under this subdivision for the sole purpose of having
- 95.21 the Attorney General's Office assist that board in its investigation. When the Attorney
- 95.22 General's Office has informed an employee of the appropriate licensing board in writing
- 95.23 that grounds exist to suspend or revoke a teacher's license to teach, that licensing board
- 95.24 must consider suspending or revoking or decline to suspend or revoke the teacher's or
- 95.25 administrator's license within 45 days of receiving a stipulation executed by the teacher or
- 95.26 administrator under investigation or a recommendation from an administrative law judge
- 95.27 that disciplinary action be taken.

95.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.

- 41.19 board having jurisdiction over the license, a board or school superintendent shall provide
- 41.20 the licensing board with information about the teacher or administrator from the district's
- 41.21 files, any termination or disciplinary proceeding, any settlement or compromise, or any
- 41.22 investigative file. Upon written request from the appropriate licensing board, a board or
- 41.23 school superintendent may, at the discretion of the board or school superintendent, solicit
- 41.24 the written consent of a student and the student's parent to provide the licensing board with
- 41.25 information that may aid the licensing board in its investigation and license proceedings.
- 41.26 The licensing board's request need not identify a student or parent by name. The consent
- 41.27 of the student and the student's parent must meet the requirements of chapter 13 and Code
- 41.28 of Federal Regulations, title 34, section 99.30. The licensing board may provide a consent
- 41.29 form to the district. Any data transmitted to any board under this section is private data
- 41.30 under section 13.02, subdivision 12, notwithstanding any other classification of the data
- 41.31 when it was in the possession of any other agency.
- 41.32 (b) The licensing board to which a report is made must transmit to the Attorney General's
- 41.33 Office any record or data it receives under this subdivision for the sole purpose of having
- 41.34 the Attorney General's Office assist that board in its investigation. When the Attorney
- 41.35 General's Office has informed an employee of the appropriate licensing board in writing
- 42.1 that grounds exist to suspend or revoke a teacher's license to teach, that licensing board
- 42.2 must consider suspending or revoking or decline to suspend or revoke the teacher's or
- 42.3 administrator's license within 45 days of receiving a stipulation executed by the teacher or
- 42.4 administrator under investigation or a recommendation from an administrative law judge
- 42.5 that disciplinary action be taken.
- 42.6 (c) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board and Board of School
- 42.7 Administrators must report to the appropriate law enforcement authorities a revocation,
- 42.8 suspension, or agreement involving a loss of license, relating to a teacher or administrator's
- 42.9 inappropriate sexual conduct with a minor. For purposes of this section, "law enforcement
- 42.10 authority" means a police department, county sheriff, or tribal police department. A report
- 42.11 by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board to appropriate law enforcement
- 42.12 authorities does not diminish, modify, or otherwise affect the responsibilities of a school
- 42.13 board or any person mandated to report abuse under section 626.556.
- 42.14 Subd. 3. Immunity from liability. A school board, its members in their official capacity,
- 42.15 and employees of the district run by the board are immune from civil or criminal liability
- 42.16 for reporting or cooperating as required under subdivision 2, if their actions required under
- 42.17 subdivision 2 are done in good faith and with due care.
- 42.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.

- 95.30 Subd. 2. Licensure via portfolio. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
- Board must develop a process for an eligible candidate may use licensure via portfolio to 95.31
- obtain a professional five-year teaching any teacher license under section 122A.181, or to 95.32
- add a licensure field, consistent with applicable Board of Teaching licensure rules via 95.33
- 95.34 portfolio.

(b) A candidate for a professional five year teaching license must submit to the Educator 96.1

- Licensing Division at the department board one portfolio demonstrating pedagogical 96.2
- 96.3 competence and one portfolio demonstrating content competence.

- Division at the department board one portfolio demonstrating content competence for each 96.5
- field the candidate seeks to add. 96.6
- 96.7 (d) The board of Teaching must notify a candidate who submits a portfolio under
- paragraph (b) or (c) within 90 calendar days after the portfolio is received whether or not 96.8
- the portfolio was approved. If the portfolio was not approved, the board must immediately 96.9
- inform the candidate how to revise the portfolio to successfully demonstrate the requisite 96.10 competence. The candidate may resubmit a revised portfolio at any time and the Educator
- 96.11 Licensing Division at the department board must approve or disapprove the revised portfolio 96.12
- within 60 calendar days of receiving it. 96.13
- (e) A candidate must pay to the executive secretary of the board of Teaching a \$300 fee 96.14
- for the first portfolio submitted for review and a \$200 fee for any portfolio submitted 96.15
- subsequently. The revenue generated from the fee must be deposited in an education licensure 96.16
- portfolio account in the special revenue fund. The fees set by the board of Teaching are 96.17
- nonrefundable for applicants not qualifying for a license. The board of Teaching may waive 96.18
- or reduce fees for candidates based on financial need. 96.19
- 96.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2018.
- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.23, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 96.21
- Subd. 3. Teacher licensure agreements with adjoining states. (a) Notwithstanding 96.22
- any other law to the contrary, the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of 96.23
- Teaching must enter into a National Association of State Directors of Teacher Education 96.24
- and Certification (NASDTEC) interstate agreement and other interstate agreements for 96.25
- teacher licensure to allow fully certified teachers from adjoining states to transfer their 96.26
- certification to Minnesota. The board must enter into these interstate agreements only after 96.27

- 30.1 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.18, is amended by adding a subdivision to 30.2 read:
- Subd. 10. Licensure via portfolio. (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards 30.3
- Board must adopt rules establishing a process for an eligible candidate to obtain any teacher 30.4
- license under subdivision 1, or to add a licensure field, via portfolio. The portfolio licensure 30.5
- application process must be consistent with the requirements in this subdivision. 30.6
- 30.7 (b) A candidate for a license must submit to the board one portfolio demonstrating
- pedagogical competence and one portfolio demonstrating content competence. 30.8
- 30.9 (c) A candidate seeking to add a licensure field must submit to the board one portfolio
- demonstrating content competence for each licensure field the candidate seeks to add. 30.10
- (d) The board must notify a candidate who submits a portfolio under paragraph (b) or 30.11
- 30.12 (c) within 90 calendar days after the portfolio is received whether or not the portfolio is
- approved. If the portfolio is not approved, the board must immediately inform the candidate 30.13
- how to revise the portfolio to successfully demonstrate the requisite competence. The 30.14
- 30.15 candidate may resubmit a revised portfolio at any time and the board must approve or
- disapprove the revised portfolio within 60 calendar days of receiving it. 30.16
- (e) A candidate must pay to the executive secretary of the board a \$300 fee for the first 30.17
- portfolio submitted for review and a \$200 fee for any portfolio submitted subsequently. The 30.18
- revenue generated from the fee must be deposited in an education licensure portfolio account 30.19
- in the special revenue fund. The fees set by the board are nonrefundable for applicants not 30.20
- qualifying for a license. The board may waive or reduce fees for candidates based on financial 30.21 30.22 need.
- 30.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.
- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.23, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 42.19
- Subd. 3. Teacher licensure agreements with adjoining states. (a) Notwithstanding 42.20
- 42.21 any other law to the contrary, the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of
- 42.22 Teaching must enter into a National Association of State Directors of Teacher Education
- 42.23 and Certification (NASDTEC) interstate agreement and other interstate agreements for
- teacher licensure to allow fully certified teachers from adjoining states to transfer their 42.24
- 42.25 certification to Minnesota. The board must enter into these interstate agreements only after

- 96.28 determining that the rigor of the teacher licensure or certification requirements in the
- 96.29 adjoining state is commensurate with the rigor of Minnesota's teacher licensure requirements.
- 96.30 The board may limit an interstate agreement to particular content fields or grade levels based
- 96.31 on established priorities or identified shortages. This subdivision does not apply to
- 96.32 out-of-state applicants holding only a provisional teaching license.
- 97.1 (b) The <u>Professional Educator Licensing and Standards</u> Board of Teaching must work
- 97.2 with designated authorities in adjoining states to establish interstate teacher licensure
- 97.3 agreements under this section.
- 97.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.
- 97.5 Sec. 19. [122A.2451] ALTERNATIVE TEACHER PREPARATION PROVIDERS
 97.6 AND PROGRAMS.
- 97.7 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) "Provider" or "unit" means an eligible entity that seeks
- 97.8 or has obtained approval for an alternative teacher preparation program consistent with this
- 97.9 section.
- 97.10 (b) "Program" means content provided by a provider that leads toward licensure in a 97.11 specific content area.
- 97.12 Subd. 2. **Purpose.** To provide alternative pathways toward Minnesota teacher licensure
- 97.13 outside of the traditional means, to improve ethnic and cultural diversity in the classroom,
- 97.14 and to close the achievement gap, the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board
- 97.15 must approve qualified teacher preparation providers and programs under this section that
- 97.16 are a means to acquire a Tier 2 license under section 122A.181 and prepare for acquiring a
- 97.17 Tier 3 license under section 122A.181.
- 97.18 Subd. 3. Eligibility. A school district, charter school, or nonprofit corporation organized
- 97.19 under chapter 317A for an education-related purpose is eligible to participate under this
- 97.20 section. An eligible entity may apply for provider and program approval simultaneously.

- 42.26 determining that the rigor of the teacher licensure or certification requirements in the
- 42.27 adjoining state is commensurate with the rigor of Minnesota's teacher licensure requirements.
- 42.28 The board may limit an interstate agreement to particular content fields or grade levels based
- 42.29 on established priorities or identified shortages. This subdivision does not apply to
- 42.30 out-of-state applicants holding only a provisional teaching license.
- 42.31 (b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching must work
- 42.32 with designated authorities in adjoining states to establish interstate teacher licensure
- 42.33 agreements under this section.
- 43.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.

- 43.2 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.245, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 43.3 Subdivision 1. Requirements. (a) To improve academic excellence, improve ethnic and
- 43.4 cultural diversity in the classroom, and close the academic achievement gap, the Board of
- 43.5 **Teaching** Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must approve qualified
- 43.6 teacher preparation programs under this section that are a means to acquire a two-year
- 43.7 preliminary teacher license, which the board may renew one time for an additional one-year
- 43.8 term, and to prepare for acquiring a professional five-year license. The following entities
- 43.9 are eligible to participate <u>and seek approval</u> under this section:
- 43.10 (1) a school district_{-;}
- 43.11 (2) charter school; or
- 43.12 (3) nonprofit corporation organized under chapter 317A for an education-related purpose
- 43.13 that forms a partnership with a college or university that has a board-approved alternative
- 43.14 teacher preparation program; or.
- 43.15 (2) a school district or charter school, after consulting with a college or university with
- 43.16 a board-approved teacher preparation program, that forms a partnership with a nonprofit

Senate Language UEH0890-1

43.17	corporation organized under chapter 317A for an education-related purpose that has a
43.18	board-approved teacher preparation program.
12.10	
43.19	(b) Before becoming a teacher of record, a candidate must:
43.20	(1) have a bachelor's degree with a 3.0 or higher grade point average unless the board
43.21	waives the grade point average requirement based on board-adopted criteria adopted by
43.22	January 1, 2016;
42.22	(2) demonstrate a manine and a brand a demonstrate and the second mathematica
43.23	(2) demonstrate a passing score on a board-adopted reading, writing, and mathematics
43.24	skills examination under section 122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraph (b); and
43.25	(3) obtain qualifying scores on applicable board-approved rigorous content area and
43.26	pedagogy examinations under section 122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraph (c).
15.20	
43.27	(e) (b) The Board of Teaching Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board
43.28	must issue a two year preliminary Tier 2 teacher license to a person who enrolls in an
43.29	alternative teacher preparation program.
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- 97.21 Subd. 4. Provider approval. An eligible entity must be approved as a provider before
- 97.22 being approved to provide programs toward licensure. The Professional Educator Licensing
- 97.23 and Standards Board must approve eligible entities under subdivision 3 that meet the
- 97.24 following requirements:
- 97.25 (1) has evidence and a history of fiscal solvency, capacity, and operation;
- 97.26 (2) has evidence of necessary infrastructure to provide accurate, timely, and secure data
- 97.27 for the purposes of admission, candidate monitoring, testing, background checks, and license
- 97.28 recommendations;
- 97.29 (3) has policies and procedures in place ensuring the security of candidate records under
- 97.30 the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act;
- 97.31 (4) has the instructional capacity or ability to obtain the instructional capacity to provide
- 97.32 an adequate instructional phase under subdivision 5; and
- 98.1 (5) meets all other board-adopted rules for teacher preparation providers.

44.1 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.245, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

House Language H0140-6

98.2	Subd. 5. Program approval. The board must approve programs offered by approved providers based on nontraditional criteria. An approved program must have the following characteristics:	44.2	Subd. 2. Characteristics Approval criteria. An The Professional Educator Licensing
98.3		44.3	and Standards Board must approve alternative teacher preparation program under this section
98.4		44.4	must include programs that meet the following criteria:
98.5	(1) an instructional phase that provides intensive preparation and observed classroom	44.5	(1) a minimum 200-hour instructional phase that provides intensive preparation and student teaching observed classroom experience before the teacher candidate assumes classroom responsibilities;
98.6	experience that is commensurate with the scope of licensure standards defined under rule.	44.6	
98.7	before the teacher candidate assumes classroom responsibilities;	44.7	
98.8	(2) a research-based and results-oriented approach focused on best teaching practices	44.8	(2) a research-based and results-oriented approach focused on best teaching practices to increase student proficiency and growth measured against state academic standards;
98.9	to increase student proficiency and growth measured against state academic standards;	44.9	
98.10 98.11	(3) a strategy to combine pedagogy and best teaching practices to better inform teacher candidates' classroom instruction;	44.10 44.11	(3) strategies to combine pedagogy and best teaching practices to better inform teacher candidates' classroom instruction;
98.12 98.13 98.14	(4) provide assessment, supervision, and evaluation of teacher candidates to determine their specific needs throughout the program, and to support efforts to successfully complete the program;	44.12 44.13 44.14	(4) assessment, supervision, and evaluation of teacher candidates to determine their specific needs throughout the program and to support their efforts to successfully complete the program;
98.15	(5) provide intensive and ongoing professional learning opportunities that accelerate	44.15	(5) intensive, ongoing, and multiyear professional learning opportunities that accelerate teacher candidates' professional growth, support student learning, and provide a workplace orientation, professional staff development, and mentoring and peer review focused on standards of professional practice and continuous professional growth; and
98.16	teacher candidates' professional growth, support student learning, and provide a workplace	44.16	
98.17	orientation, professional staff development, mentoring and peer review, focused on standards	44.17	
98.18	of professional practice and continuous professional growth; and	44.18	
98.19	(6) a process to review a candidate's final proficiency of required licensure content	44.19	(6) a requirement that teacher candidates demonstrate to the local site team under subdivision 5 satisfactory progress toward acquiring professional five year <u>Tier 3</u> teaching licenses from the Board of Teaching Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board.
98.20	standards that leads to potential candidate recommendation by the provider to the board for	44.20	
98.21	a Tier 3 teaching license under subdivision 8.	44.21	
		44.22 44.23 44.24 44.25	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.245, subdivision 3, is amended to read: Subd. 3. Program approval; disapproval. (a) The Board of Teaching must approve alternative teacher preparation programs under this section based on board adopted criteria that reflect best practices for alternative teacher preparation programs, consistent with this
98.22 98.23	Subd. 6. Nontraditional means; program instructors. (a) The board must permit alternative teacher preparation providers and teacher candidates to demonstrate pedagogy	44.26 44.27 44.28	section. (b) The board must permit teacher candidates to demonstrate mastery of pedagogy and content standards in school-based settings and through other nontraditional means

and content standard proficiency in school-based programs and through other nontraditional

means. Nontraditional means may include previous work experiences, teaching experiences,

educator evaluations, industry-recognized certifications, and other essentially equivalent

4.5	(1) a minimum 200-hour instructional phase that provides intensive preparation and
4.6	student teaching observed classroom experience before the teacher candidate assumes
4.7	classroom responsibilities;
4.8	(2) a research-based and results-oriented approach focused on best teaching practices
4.9	to increase student proficiency and growth measured against state academic standards;
4.10	(3) strategies to combine pedagogy and best teaching practices to better inform teacher
4.11	candidates' classroom instruction;
4.12	(4) assessment, supervision, and evaluation of teacher candidates to determine their
4.13	specific needs throughout the program and to support their efforts to successfully complete
4.13	the program;
4.14	uie piogram,
4.15	(5) intensive, ongoing, and multiyear professional learning opportunities that accelerate
4.16	teacher candidates' professional growth, support student learning, and provide a workplace
4.17	orientation, professional staff development, and mentoring and peer review focused on
4.18	standards of professional practice and continuous professional growth; and
4.19	(6) a requirement that teacher candidates demonstrate to the local site team under
4.20	subdivision 5 satisfactory progress toward acquiring professional five-year Tier 3 teaching
4.21	licenses from the Board of Teaching Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board.
4.22	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.245, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
4.23	Subd. 3. Program approval; disapproval. (a) The Board of Teaching must approve
4.24	alternative teacher preparation programs under this section based on board-adopted criteria
4.25	that reflect best practices for alternative teacher preparation programs, consistent with this
4.26	section.
0	

- (b) The board must permit teacher candidates to demonstrate mastery of pedagogy and
- content standards in school-based settings and through other nontraditional means.
- 44.29 "Nontraditional means" must include a portfolio of previous experiences, teaching experience,
- 44.30 educator evaluations, certifications marking the completion of education training programs,
- 44.31 and essentially equivalent demonstrations.

98.24 98.25

98.26

- 98.28 (b) The board must use nontraditional criteria to determine qualifications of program
- instructors, including permitting instructors to hold a baccalaureate degree only. 98.29
- Subd. 7. Program disapproval, suspension. If the board determines that a teacher 98.30
- preparation provider or licensure program fails to meet or is deficient in any of the 98.31
- requirements of subdivision 5, it may suspend or revoke the approval of the provider or 98.32
- program after it notifies the provider of the deficiencies and gives the provider an opportunity 99.1
- 99.2 to remedy the deficiencies.
- Subd. 8. Candidate program completion; teacher licensure. (a) A candidate who 99.3
- completes an approved program must apply for a license under the tiered licensure system 99.4
- according to section 122A.181. 99.5

- 99.6 (b) A person who successfully completes another state's alternative teacher preparation
- licensure program may apply to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board 99.7
- for a Tier 3 license. 99.8
- Subd. 9. **Reports.** (a) An approved alternative teacher preparation provider must report to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board on items that are defined in 99.9
- 99.10
- 99.11 statute regarding program candidates, completion, and effectiveness or other items that are
- required under section 122A.09. 99.12

45.1 45.2	(c) (b) The board must use nontraditional criteria to determine the qualifications of program instructors.
45.3	(d) (c) The board may permit instructors to hold a baccalaureate degree only.
45.4	(a) (d) Este David of Targhing David and Education Linearing and Standard David
45.4 45.5	(e) (d) If the Board of Teaching Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board determines that a teacher preparation program under this section does not meet the
45.5 45.6	requirements of this section, it may revoke its approval of the program after it notifies the
45.7	program provider of any deficiencies and gives the program provider an opportunity to
45.8	remedy the deficiencies.
45.9	Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.245, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
45.10	Subd. 5. Approval Application for professional five-year Tier 3 license. A school
45.11	board or its designee must appoint members to a local site team that includes teachers,
45.12	school administrators, and postsecondary faculty under subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause
45.13	(1), or staff of a participating nonprofit corporation under subdivision 1, paragraph (a),
45.14	clause (2), to evaluate the performance of the teacher candidate. The evaluation must be
45.15	consistent with board-adopted performance measures, use the Minnesota state standards of
45.16	effective practice and subject matter content standards for teachers established in Minnesota
45.17	Rules, and include a report to the board recommending whether or not to issue the teacher
45.18 45.19	candidate a professional five-year teaching license. A teacher candidate that has completed an alternative teacher preparation program may apply for a Tier 3 teaching license under
45.20	section 122A.183.
45.21	Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.245, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
45.22	Subd. 6. Applicants trained in other states. A person who successfully completes
45.23	another state's alternative teacher preparation program, consistent with section 122A.23,
45.24	may apply to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching for an
45.25	initial professional one-year teaching license or a professional five-year a Tier 2 or Tier 3
45.26	teaching license under section 122A.182 or 122A.183, respectively.
45.27	Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.245, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
45.28	Subd. 9. Exchange of best practices. By July 31 in an even-numbered year, approved
45.29	alternative preparation program providers, the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities,
45.30	the University of Minnesota, the Minnesota Private College Council, the Professional
45.31	Educator Licensing and Standards Board, and the Department of Education must exchange
45.32	information about best practices and educational innovations.

House Language H0140-6

46.1 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.245, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

PAGE R28

Senate Language UEH0890-1

- 99.13 (b) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must submit a biennial
- 99.14 report on the alternative teacher preparation program and providers to legislative committees
- 99.15 with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education policy and finance by January
- 99.16 15 of each odd-numbered year.
- 99.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.

46.2 Subd. 10. Reports. The Board of Teaching Professional Educator Licensing and

- 46.3 Standards Board must submit an interim a biennial report on the efficacy of this program
- 46.4 to the policy and finance committees of the legislature with jurisdiction over kindergarten
- 46.5 through grade 12 education by February January 15, 2013, and a final report by February
- 46.6 $\frac{15, 2015}{15, 2015}$ of each odd-numbered year.

61.16 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.245, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

61.17	Subdivision 1. Requirements. (a) To improve academic excellence, improve ethnic and
61.18	cultural diversity in the classroom, and close the academic achievement gap, the Board of
61.19	Teaching must approve qualified teacher preparation programs under this section that are
61.20	a means to acquire a two-year preliminary teacher license, which the board may renew one
61.21	time for an additional one-year term, and to prepare for acquiring a professional five-year
61.22	license. The following entities are eligible to participate and seek approval under this section:
61.23	(1) a school district;
01.23	(1) a school district ₂
61.24	(2) charter school; or
61.25	(3) nonprofit corporation organized under chapter 317A for an education-related purpose
61.26	that forms a partnership with a college or university that has a board-approved alternative
61.27	teacher preparation program; or.
61.28	(2) a school district or charter school, after consulting with a college or university with
61.29	a board-approved teacher preparation program, that forms a partnership with a nonprofit
61.30	corporation organized under chapter 317A for an education-related purpose that has a
61.31	board-approved teacher preparation program.
01.51	board approved teacher preparation program.
62.1	(b) Before becoming a teacher of record, a candidate must:
62.2	(1) have a bachelor's degree with a 3.0 or higher grade point average unless the board
62.3	waives the grade point average requirement based on board-adopted criteria adopted by
62.4	January 1, 2016;
62.5	(2) demonstrate a passing score on a board-adopted reading, writing, and mathematics
62.6	skills examination under section 122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraph (b); and
02.0	skins examination under section 1227.07, subdivision 4, paragraph (0), and

62.7	(3) obtain qualifying scores on applicable board-approved rigorous content area and
62.8	pedagogy examinations under section 122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraph (e).
62.9	(e) (b) The Board of Teaching must issue a two-year preliminary teacher license to a
62.10	person who enrolls in an alternative teacher preparation program.
62.11	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.245, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
62.12	Subd. 2. Characteristics Approval criteria. An The Board of Teaching must approve
62.13	alternative teacher preparation program under this section must include programs that meet
62.14	the following criteria:
62.15	(1) a minimum 200-hour instructional phase that provides intensive preparation and
62.16	student teaching observed classroom experience before the teacher candidate assumes
62.17	classroom responsibilities;
	Y
62.18	(2) a research-based and results-oriented approach focused on best teaching practices
62.19	to increase student proficiency and growth measured against state academic standards;
62.20	(3) strategies to combine pedagogy and best teaching practices to better inform teacher
62.21	candidates' classroom instruction;
62.22	(4) assessment, supervision, and evaluation of teacher candidates to determine their
62.23	specific needs throughout the program and to support their efforts to successfully complete
62.24	the program;
62.25	(5) intensive, ongoing, and multiyear professional learning opportunities that accelerate
62.26	teacher candidates' professional growth, support student learning, and provide a workplace
62.27	orientation, professional staff development, and mentoring and peer review focused on
62.28	standards of professional practice and continuous professional growth; and
(2.20)	
62.29 62.30	(6) a requirement that teacher candidates demonstrate to the local site team under
62.30 62.31	subdivision 5 satisfactory progress toward acquiring professional five-year teaching licenses
02.51	from the Board of Teaching.
63.1	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.245, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
(2.2	
63.2	Subd. 3. Program approval; disapproval. (a) The Board of Teaching must approve alternative teacher preparation programs under this section based on board-adopted criteria
63.3 63.4	that reflect best practices for alternative teacher preparation programs, consistent with this
63.4 63.5	section.
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	63.6 63.7 63.8	(b) (a) The Board of Teaching must permit teacher candidates to demonstrate mastery of pedagogy and content standards in school-based settings and through other nontraditional means. "Nontraditional means" must include a portfolio of previous experiences, teaching
	63.9 63.10	experience, educator evaluations, certifications marking the completion of education training programs, and essentially equivalent demonstrations.
	63.11 63.12	(c) (b) The board must use nontraditional criteria to determine the qualifications of program instructors.
	63.13	(d) (c) The board may permit instructors to hold a baccalaureate degree only.
	63.14	(e) (d) If the Board of Teaching determines that a teacher preparation program under
	63.15	this section does not meet the requirements of this section, it may revoke its approval of the
	63.16	program after it notifies the program provider of any deficiencies and gives the program
	63.17	provider an opportunity to remedy the deficiencies.
	63.18	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.245, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
	63.19	Subd. 10. Reports. The Board of Teaching must submit an interim a biennial report on
	63.20	the efficacy of this program to the policy and finance committees of the legislature with
	63.21	jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education by February January 15, 2013,
	63.22	and a final report by February 15, 2015 of each odd-numbered year.
	46.7	Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.26, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
	46.8	Subd. 2. Exceptions. A person who teaches in a community education program which
4	46.9	qualifies for aid pursuant to section 124D.52 shall continue to meet licensure requirements
	46.10	as a teacher. A person who teaches in an early childhood and family education program
	46.11	which is offered through a community education program and which qualifies for community
	46.12	education aid pursuant to section 124D.20 or early childhood and family education aid
	46.13	pursuant to section 124D.135 shall continue to meet licensure requirements as a teacher. A
	46.14	person who teaches in a community education course which is offered for credit for
	46.15	graduation to persons under 18 years of age shall continue to meet licensure requirements
	46.16 46.17	as a teacher. A person who teaches a driver training course which is offered through a
	46.17	community education program to persons under 18 years of age shall be licensed by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching or be subject to section
	46.18	171.35. A license which is required for an instructor in a community education program
	46.20	pursuant to this subdivision shall not be construed to bring an individual within the definition
	46.21	of a teacher for purposes of section 122A.40, subdivision 1, or 122A.41, subdivision 1,
	46.22	clause (a).
	46 23	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1 2018

- 99.18 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.26, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 99.19 Subd. 2. Exceptions. A person who teaches in a community education program which
- 99.20 qualifies for aid pursuant to section 124D.52 shall continue to meet licensure requirements
- 99.21 as a teacher. A person who teaches in an early childhood and family education program
- 99.22 which is offered through a community education program and which qualifies for community
- 99.23 education aid pursuant to section 124D.20 or early childhood and family education aid
- 99.24 pursuant to section 124D.135 shall continue to meet licensure requirements as a teacher. A
- 99.25 person who teaches in a community education course which is offered for credit for
- 99.26 graduation to persons under 18 years of age shall continue to meet licensure requirements
- 99.27 as a teacher. A person who teaches a driver training course which is offered through a
- 99.28 community education program to persons under 18 years of age shall be licensed by the
- 99.29 Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching or be subject to section
- 99.30 171.35. A license which is required for an instructor in a community education program
- 99.31 pursuant to this subdivision shall not be construed to bring an individual within the definition
- 99.32 of a teacher for purposes of section 122A.40, subdivision 1, or 122A.41, subdivision 1,
- 99.33 clause (a).

100.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.

100.2 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.28, is amended to read:

100.3 **122A.28 TEACHERS OF DEAF AND HARD-OF-HEARING STUDENTS;** 100.4 **LICENSURE REQUIREMENTS.**

100.5 Subdivision 1. K-12 license to teach deaf and hard-of-hearing students; relicensure.

- 100.6 (a) The <u>Professional Educator Licensing and Standards</u> Board of Teaching must review and
- 100.7 determine appropriate licensure requirements for a candidate for a license or an applicant
- 100.8 for a continuing license to teach deaf and hard-of-hearing students in prekindergarten through
- 100.9 grade 12. In addition to other requirements, a candidate must demonstrate the minimum
- 100.10 level of proficiency in American sign language as determined by the board.

100.11 (b) Among other relicensure requirements, each teacher under this section must complete

100.12 30 continuing education clock hours on hearing loss topics, including American Sign

100.13 Language, American Sign Language linguistics, or deaf culture, in each licensure renewal 100.14 period.

100.15 Subd. 2. Licensure for teaching oral/aural deaf education programs. (a) The

100.16 <u>Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching</u> shall adopt a separate 100.17 <u>licensure rule for a candidate for a license or an applicant for a continuing license to teach</u> 100.18 in oral/aural deaf education programs or to provide services, including itinerant oral/aural

- 100.19 deaf education programs of to provide services, including timerant or availat 100.19 deaf education services, to deaf and hard-of-hearing students in prekindergarten through 100.20 grade 12.
- 100.21(b) The board shall design rule requirements for teaching oral/aural deaf education in100.22collaboration with representatives of parents and educators of deaf and hard-of-hearing100.23students, postsecondary programs preparing teachers of deaf and hard-of-hearing students,100.24and the Department of Education.

100.25 (c) Rule requirements for teaching oral/aural deaf education shall reflect best practice 100.26 research in oral/aural deaf education. Advanced competencies in teaching deaf and 100.27 hard-of-hearing students through oral/aural modes shall be included.

100.28(d) Licensure requirements for teachers of oral/aural deaf education must include100.29minimum competency in American sign language, but are not subject to the guidelines100.30established in Laws 1993, chapter 224, article 3, section 32, as amended by Laws 1998,100.31chapter 398, article 2, section 47. The signed communication proficiency interview shall100.32not be required for teachers licensed to teach deaf and hard-of-hearing students through100.33oral/aural deaf education methods.

101.1 (e) Requirements for teachers or oral/aural deaf education shall include appropriate101.2 continuing education requirements for renewing this licensure.

- 46.24 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.28, is amended to read:
- 46.25**122A.28 TEACHERS OF DEAF AND HARD-OF-HEARING STUDENTS;**46.26LICENSURE REQUIREMENTS.
- 46.27 Subdivision 1. K-12 license to teach deaf and hard-of-hearing students; relicensure.
- 46.28 (a) The <u>Professional Educator Licensing and Standards</u> Board of Teaching must review and
- 46.29 determine appropriate licensure requirements for a candidate for a license or an applicant
- 46.30 for a continuing license to teach deaf and hard-of-hearing students in prekindergarten through
- 46.31 grade 12. In addition to other requirements, a candidate must demonstrate the minimum
- 46.32 level of proficiency in American sign language as determined by the board.
- 47.1 (b) Among other relicensure requirements, each teacher under this section must complete
- 47.2 30 continuing education clock hours on hearing loss topics, including American Sign
- 47.3 Language, American Sign Language linguistics, or deaf culture, in each licensure renewal 47.4 period.
- 47.5 Subd. 2. Licensure for teaching oral/aural deaf education programs. (a) The
- 47.6 Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching shall adopt a separate
- 47.7 licensure rule for a candidate for a license or an applicant for a continuing license to teach
- 47.8 in oral/aural deaf education programs or to provide services, including itinerant oral/aural
- 47.9 deaf education services, to deaf and hard-of-hearing students in prekindergarten through 47.10 grade 12.
- 47.11 (b) The board shall design rule requirements for teaching oral/aural deaf education in
- 47.12 collaboration with representatives of parents and educators of deaf and hard-of-hearing
- 47.13 students, postsecondary programs preparing teachers of deaf and hard-of-hearing students,
- 47.14 and the Department of Education.
- 47.15 (c) Rule requirements for teaching oral/aural deaf education shall reflect best practice
- 47.16 research in oral/aural deaf education. Advanced competencies in teaching deaf and
- 47.17 hard-of-hearing students through oral/aural modes shall be included.
- 47.18 (d) Licensure requirements for teachers of oral/aural deaf education must include
- 47.19 minimum competency in American sign language, but are not subject to the guidelines
- 47.20 established in Laws 1993, chapter 224, article 3, section 32, as amended by Laws 1998,
- 47.21 chapter 398, article 2, section 47. The signed communication proficiency interview shall
- 47.22 not be required for teachers licensed to teach deaf and hard-of-hearing students through
- 47.23 oral/aural deaf education methods.
- 47.24 (e) Requirements for teachers or oral/aural deaf education shall include appropriate
- 47.25 continuing education requirements for renewing this licensure.

Senate Language UEH0890-1

- 101.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.
- 101.4 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.29, is amended to read:
- 101.5 **122A.29 TEACHERS OF BLIND AND VISUALLY IMPAIRED STUDENTS;**
- 101.6 LICENSURE REQUIREMENTS.
- 101.7 Teachers licensed in the education of blind and visually impaired students must
- 101.8 demonstrate competence in reading and writing Braille. The Professional Educator Licensing
- 101.9 and Standards Board of Teaching, at such time as a valid and reliable test is available, shall
- 101.10 adopt a rule to assess these competencies that is consistent with the standards of the National
- 101.11 Library Services for the Blind and Physically Handicapped.
- 101.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.
- 101.13 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.30, is amended to read:

101.14**122A.30 EXEMPTION FOR CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION**101.15INSTRUCTORS.

- 101.16 (a) Notwithstanding section 122A.15, subdivision 1, and upon approval of the local
- 101.17 employer school board, a person who teaches in a part-time vocational or career and technical
- 101.18 education program is exempt from a license requirement. Nothing in this section shall
- 101.19 exclude licensed career and technical educators from the definition of "teacher" in section 101.20 122A.40, 122A.41, or 179A.03.
- 101.21 (b) This section expires June 30, 2020. After this section expires, persons who teach in
- 101.22 a part-time vocational or career and technical education program may apply for a teaching
- 101.23 license provided in section 122A.181.
- 101.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.
- 101.25 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 124D.13, subdivision 11, is amended to read:
- 101.26 Subd. 11. **Teachers.** A school board must employ necessary licensed teachers for its
- 101.27 early childhood family education programs. The Board of Teaching, at its discretion, may
- 101.28 grant an applicant a variance under this subdivision, consistent with sections 122A.09,
- 101.29 subdivision 10, and 122A.25, and Board of Teaching rules.
- 101.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.
- 102.1 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 124D.454, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

47.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.

- 47.27 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.29, is amended to read:
- 47.28 **122A.29 TEACHERS OF BLIND AND VISUALLY IMPAIRED STUDENTS;**
- 47.29 LICENSURE REQUIREMENTS.
- 47.30 Teachers licensed in the education of blind and visually impaired students must
- 47.31 demonstrate competence in reading and writing Braille. The Professional Educator Licensing
- 47.32 and Standards Board of Teaching, at such time as a valid and reliable test is available, shall
- 48.1 adopt a rule to assess these competencies that is consistent with the standards of the National
- 48.2 Library Services for the Blind and Physically Handicapped.
- 48.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.
- 48.4 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.30, is amended to read:

48.5 **122A.30 EXEMPTION FOR TECHNICAL EDUCATION INSTRUCTORS.**

- 48.6 (a) Notwithstanding section 122A.15, subdivision 1, and upon approval of the local
- 48.7 employer school board, a person who teaches in a part-time vocational or career and technical
- 48.8 education program is exempt from a license requirement. Nothing in this section shall
- 48.9 exclude licensed career and technical educators from the definition of "teacher" in section
- 48.10 122A.40, 122A.41, or 179A.03.
- 48.11 (b) This section expires June 30, 2020. After this section expires, persons who teach in
- 48.12 a part-time vocational or career and technical education program may apply for a teaching
- 48.13 license provided in sections 122A.18 to 122A.184.
- 48.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.
- 48.15 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 124D.13, subdivision 11, is amended to read:
- 48.16 Subd. 11. **Teachers.** A school board must employ necessary licensed teachers for its
- 48.17 early childhood family education programs. The Board of Teaching, at its discretion, may
- 48.18 grant an applicant a variance under this subdivision, consistent with sections 122A.09,
- 48.19 subdivision 10, and 122A.25, and Board of Teaching rules.

48.20 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 124D.454, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

House Language H0140-6

- 102.2 Subd. 12. Compliance with rules. Aid must be paid under this section only for services
- rendered or for costs incurred in career and technical education programs approved by the 102.3
- commissioner and operated in accordance with rules promulgated by the commissioner. 102.4
- This aid shall be paid only for services rendered and for costs incurred by essential, licensed 102.5 personnel who meet the requirements for licensure pursuant to the rules of the Minnesota
- 102.6 Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching. Licensed personnel 102.7
- means persons holding a valid career and technical license issued by the commissioner 102.8
- Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board under section 122A.30. If an average 102.9
- 102.10 of five or fewer secondary full-time equivalent students are enrolled per teacher in an
- 102.11 approved postsecondary program at Intermediate District No. 287, 916, or 917, licensed
- 102.12 personnel means persons holding a valid vocational license issued by the commissioner or
- 102.13 the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities. Notwithstanding
- 102.14 section 127A.42, the commissioner may modify or withdraw the program or aid approval
- 102.15 and withhold aid under this section without proceeding under section 127A.42 at any time.
- 102.16 To do so, the commissioner must determine that the program does not comply with rules
- 102.17 of the Department of Education or that any facts concerning the program or its budget differ
- 102.18 from the facts in the district's approved application.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018. 102.19
- 102.20 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 124D.75, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. American Indian language and culture education licenses. The 102.21
- 102.22 Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching, in consultation with the
- 102.23 Tribal Nations Education Committee, must grant initial and continuing teaching licenses
- 102.24 in American Indian language and culture education that bear the same duration as other
- 102.25 initial and continuing licenses. The board must grant licenses to persons who present
- 102.26 satisfactory evidence that they:
- (1) possess competence in an American Indian language or possess unique qualifications 102.27 102.28 relative to or knowledge and understanding of American Indian history and culture; or
- 102.29 (2) possess a bachelor's degree or other academic degree approved by the board or meet 102.30 such requirements as to course of study and training as the board may prescribe, or possess 102.31 such relevant experience as the board may prescribe.
- 102.32 This evidence may be presented by affidavits, tribal resolutions, or by such other methods
- as the board may prescribe. Individuals may present applications for licensure on their own 102.33
- behalf or these applications may be submitted by the superintendent or other authorized 103.1
- official of a school district, participating school, or an American Indian school. 103.2
- 103.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2018.

- 48.21 Subd. 12. Compliance with rules. Aid must be paid under this section only for services 48.22 rendered or for costs incurred in career and technical education programs approved by the
- 48.23
- commissioner and operated in accordance with rules promulgated by the commissioner. 48.24
- This aid shall be paid only for services rendered and for costs incurred by essential, licensed personnel who meet the requirements for licensure pursuant to the rules of the Minnesota
- 48.25
- Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching. Licensed personnel 48.26 means persons holding a valid career and technical license issued by the commissioner 48.27
- Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board under section 122A.30. If an average
- 48.28
- of five or fewer secondary full-time equivalent students are enrolled per teacher in an 48.29
- approved postsecondary program at Intermediate District No. 287, 916, or 917, licensed 48.30
- personnel means persons holding a valid vocational license issued by the commissioner or 48.31
- the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities. Notwithstanding 49.1
- 49.2 section 127A.42, the commissioner may modify or withdraw the program or aid approval
- and withhold aid under this section without proceeding under section 127A.42 at any time. 49.3
- To do so, the commissioner must determine that the program does not comply with rules 49.4
- 49.5 of the Department of Education or that any facts concerning the program or its budget differ
- from the facts in the district's approved application. 49.6

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018. 49.7

- Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 124D.75, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 49.8
- Subdivision 1. American Indian language and culture education licenses. The 49.9
- Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching, in consultation with the 49.10
- Tribal Nations Education Committee, must grant initial and continuing teaching licenses 49.11
- in American Indian language and culture education that bear the same duration as other 49.12
- initial and continuing licenses. The board must grant licenses to persons who present 49.13
- satisfactory evidence that they: 49.14
- (1) possess competence in an American Indian language or possess unique qualifications 49.15 relative to or knowledge and understanding of American Indian history and culture: or 49.16
- 49.17 (2) possess a bachelor's degree or other academic degree approved by the board or meet
- such requirements as to course of study and training as the board may prescribe, or possess 49.18
- such relevant experience as the board may prescribe. 49.19
- 49.20 This evidence may be presented by affidavits, tribal resolutions, or by such other methods
- 49.21 as the board may prescribe. Individuals may present applications for licensure on their own
- behalf or these applications may be submitted by the superintendent or other authorized 49.22
- official of a school district, participating school, or an American Indian school. 49.23
- 49.24 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective September 1, 2017.

103.4 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 124D.75, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

103.5Subd. 6. Persons eligible for employment; exemptions. Any person licensed under103.6this section shall be eligible for employment by a school board or a participating school as103.7a teacher in an American Indian education program in which the American Indian language103.8or culture in which the person is licensed is taught. A school district or participating school103.9may prescribe only those additional qualifications for teachers licensed under this section103.10as are approved by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board of Teaching.103.11Any school board or participating school upon request may be exempted from the licensure103.12requirements of this section in the hiring of one or more American Indian language and103.13culture education teachers for any school year in which compliance would, in the opinion103.14of the commissioner Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board, create a hardship103.15in the securing of the teachers.

103.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2018.

103.17 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 125A.67, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

103.18 Subd. 2. Teacher standards. A teacher or administrator at the academies is subject to

- 103.19 the licensure standards of the Professional Educator Licensure and Standards Board of
- 103.20 Teaching or the commissioner of education. An administrator at the academies is subject
- 103.21 to the licensure standards of the Board of School Administrators.
- 103.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.
- 103.23 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 136A.1791, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

103.24 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) The terms used in this section have the meanings given 103.25 them in this subdivision.

103.26 (b) "Qualified educational loan" means a government, commercial, or foundation loan 103.27 for actual costs paid for tuition and reasonable educational and living expenses related to a 103.28 teacher's preparation or further education.

103.29 (c) "School district" means an independent school district, special school district, 103.30 intermediate district, education district, special education cooperative, service cooperative,

- 103.31 a cooperative center for vocational education, or a charter school located in Minnesota.
- 104.1 (d) "Teacher" means an individual holding a teaching license issued by the licensing
- 104.2 division in the Department of Education on behalf of the Board of Teaching Professional
- 104.3 Educator Licensure and Standards Board who is employed by a school district to provide
- 104.4 classroom instruction in a teacher shortage area.

- 49.25 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 124D.75, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- 49.26 Subd. 6. **Persons eligible for employment; exemptions.** Any person licensed under
- 49.27 this section shall be eligible for employment by a school board or a participating school as
- 49.28 a teacher in an American Indian education program in which the American Indian language
- 49.29 or culture in which the person is licensed is taught. A school district or participating school
- 49.30 may prescribe only those additional qualifications for teachers licensed under this section
- 49.31 as are approved by the <u>Professional Educator Licensing and Standards</u> Board of Teaching.
- 49.32 Any school board or participating school upon request may be exempted from the licensure
- 50.1 requirements of this section in the hiring of one or more American Indian language and
- 50.2 culture education teachers for any school year in which compliance would, in the opinion
- 50.3 of the commissioner Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board, create a hardship
- 50.4 in the securing of the teachers.
- 50.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective September 1, 2017.
- 50.6 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 125A.67, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 50.7 Subd. 2. Teacher standards. A teacher or administrator at the academics is subject to
- 50.8 the licensure standards of the <u>Professional Educator Licensure and Standards</u> Board of
- 50.9 Teaching or the commissioner of education. An administrator at the academies is subject
- 50.10 to the licensure standards of the Board of School Administrators.
- 50.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.
- 50.12 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 136A.1791, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

50.13 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) The terms used in this section have the meanings given 50.14 them in this subdivision.

- 50.15 (b) "Qualified educational loan" means a government, commercial, or foundation loan
- 50.16 for actual costs paid for tuition and reasonable educational and living expenses related to a
- 50.17 teacher's preparation or further education.
- 50.18 (c) "School district" means an independent school district, special school district,
- 50.19 intermediate district, education district, special education cooperative, service cooperative,
- 50.20 a cooperative center for vocational education, or a charter school located in Minnesota.
- 50.21 (d) "Teacher" means an individual holding a teaching license issued by the licensing
- 50.22 division in the Department of Education on behalf of the Board of Teaching Professional
- 50.23 Educator Licensure and Standards Board who is employed by a school district to provide
- 50.24 classroom instruction in a teacher shortage area.

104.5 (e) "Teacher shortage area" means the licensure fields and economic development regions 104.6 reported by the commissioner of education as experiencing a teacher shortage.

104.7 (f) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Office of Higher Education unless104.8 indicated otherwise.

104.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.

104.10 Sec. 30. LICENSES UNDER JURISDICTION OF THE BOARD OF TEACHING.

104.11 Subdivision 1. One-year license. A one-year license issued by the commissioner of

- 104.12 education before the effective date of this section must be treated as a Tier 1 license
- 104.13 established under Minnesota Statutes, sections 122A.18 and 122A.181.

104.14 Subd. 2. Two-year license. A two-year license issued by the commissioner of education

- 104.15 before the effective date of this section must be treated as a Tier 2 license established under
- 104.16 Minnesota Statutes, sections 122A.18 and 122A.181.
- 104.17 Subd. 3. Three-year license. A three-year license issued by the commissioner of
- 104.18 education before the effective date of this section must be treated as a Tier 3 license
- 104.19 established under Minnesota Statutes, sections 122A.18 and 122A.181.
- 104.20 Subd. 4. Five-year license. A five-year license issued by the commissioner of education
- 104.21 before the effective date of this section must be treated as a Tier 4 license established under
- 104.22 Minnesota Statutes, sections 122A.18 and 122A.181.
- 104.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2018.

104.24 Sec. 31. <u>RULE CHANGE; ACADEMIC AND BEHAVIORAL STRATEGIST</u> 104.25 LICENSURE.

- 104.26 No later than September 1, 2017, the Board of Teaching must amend Minnesota Rules,
- 104.27 part 8710.5050, subpart 4, so that academic and behavioral strategist continuing licenses
- 104.28 under that part may be issued and renewed according to rules of the Board of Teaching
- 104.29 governing continuing licenses and without requiring the candidate to hold or be recommended
- 104.30 for licensure in any other licensure field. The board shall use the good cause exemption

- 50.25 (e) "Teacher shortage area" means the licensure fields and economic development regions 50.26 reported by the commissioner of education as experiencing a teacher shortage.
- 50.27 (f) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Office of Higher Education unless 50.28 indicated otherwise.
- 50.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.
- 51.1 Sec. 37. LICENSES UNDER JURISDICTION OF THE BOARD OF TEACHING.
- 51.2 Subdivision 1. One-year license. A one-year license issued by the commissioner of
- 51.3 education before the effective date of this section must be treated as a Tier 1 license
- 51.4 established under Minnesota Statutes, sections 122A.18 and 122A.181.
- 51.5 Subd. 2. Two-year license. A two-year license issued by the commissioner of education
- 51.6 before the effective date of this section must be treated as a Tier 2 license established under
- 51.7 Minnesota Statutes, sections 122A.18 and 122A.182.
- 51.8 Subd. 3. Five-year license. A five-year license issued by the commissioner of education
- 51.9 before the effective date of this section must be treated as a Tier 4 license established under
- 51.10 Minnesota Statutes, sections 122A.18 and 122A.184.
- 51.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2018.
- 51.12 Sec. 38. PERMISSIONS, WAIVERS, EXCEPTIONS, AND VARIANCES.
- 51.13 The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board may grant an extension of
- 51.14 up to one year for a permission, waiver, variance, or temporary limited license in effect on
- 51.15 September 1, 2017.

- 104.31 under Minnesota Statutes, section 14.388, subdivision 1, clause (3), to adopt rules under
- 105.1 this section, and Minnesota Statutes, section 14.386, does not apply except as provided in
- 105.2 Minnesota Statutes, section 14.388.
- 105.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 105.4 Sec. 32. TEACHER OF SPECIAL EDUCATION LICENSE REVIEW.
- 105.5 The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must conduct a review of all
- 105.6 available teacher of special education licenses and determine the options for cross-categorical
- 105.7 licenses for teachers of special education. The board must report its findings and draft
- 105.8 legislation, if needed, to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over kindergarten
- 105.9 through grade 12 education by December 14, 2018.
- 105.10 Sec. 33. <u>REPEALER.</u>
- 105.11 Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 122A.162; 122A.163; 122A.18, subdivisions 4, 4a,
- 105.12 and 7; 122A.23, subdivisions 1 and 2; 122A.245; and 122A.25, are repealed.

- 74.16 Sec. 19. **REPEALER.**
- 74.17 Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 122A.40, subdivision 11; and 122A.41, subdivision
- 74.18 14, are repealed effective July 1, 2018.
- 51.16 Sec. 39. **REPEALER.**
- 51.17 Minnesota Statutes 2016, sections 122A.14, subdivision 5; 122A.162; 122A.163;
- 51.18 122A.18, subdivisions 2a, 3, 3a, 4, 4a, 6, 7, and 7b; 122A.21, subdivision 2; 122A.23,
- 51.19 subdivisions 1 and 2; 122A.245, subdivisions 7 and 8; and 122A.25, are repealed.