1.2	Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:
1.3	"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 60B.02, is amended to read:
1.4	60B.02 PERSONS COVERED.
1.5	The proceedings authorized by sections 60B.01 to 60B.61 may be applied to:
1.6	(1) all insurers who are doing, or have done, an insurance business in this state, and
1.7	against whom claims arising from that business may exist now or in the future;
1.8	(2) all insurers who purport to do an insurance business in this state;
1.9	(3) all insurers who have insureds resident in this state;
1.10	(4) all other persons organized or in the process of organizing with the intent to do an
1.11	insurance business in this state; and
1.12	(5) all nonprofit service plan corporations incorporated or operating under the Nonprofit
1.13	Health Service Plan Corporation Act, all health maintenance organizations operating under
1.14	chapter 62D, any health plan incorporated under chapter 317A, all fraternal benefit societies
1.15	operating under chapter 64B, except those associations enumerated in section 64B.38, all
1.16	township mutual or other companies operating under chapter 67A, and all reciprocals or
1.17	interinsurance exchanges operating under chapter 71A.
1.18	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.19, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
1.19	Subdivision 1. Purpose. (a) The purpose of sections 61B.18 to 61B.32 is to protect,
1.20	subject to certain limitations, the persons specified in subdivision 2 against failure in the
1 21	performance of contractual obligations, under life insurance policies, health insurance

policies, and annuity, policies or contracts, and the supplemental contracts specified in

..... moves to amend H.F. No. 4240 as follows:

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Sec. 2.

subdivision 2, because of the impairment or insolvency of the member insurer that issued the policies or contracts.

- (b) To provide this protection, an association of <u>member</u> insurers has been created and exists to pay benefits and to continue coverages, as limited in sections 61B.18 to 61B.32. Members of the association are subject to assessment to provide funds to carry out the purpose of sections 61B.18 to 61B.32.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.19, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Scope.** (a) Sections 61B.18 to 61B.32 provide coverage for the policies and contracts specified in paragraph (b) to:
  - (1) persons who are owners of or, certificate holders, or enrollees under these policies or contracts, or, (i) in the case of unallocated annuity contracts, to the persons who are participants in a covered retirement plan, or (ii) in the case of structured settlement annuities, to persons who are payees in respect of their liability claims (or beneficiaries of such payees who are deceased) and who:
    - (A) are residents; or

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- (B) are not residents, but only under all of the following conditions: the <u>member</u> insurers that issued the policies or contracts are domiciled in the state of Minnesota; those insurers never held a license or certificate of authority in the states in which those persons reside; those states have associations similar to the association created by sections 61B.18 to 61B.32; and those persons are not eligible for coverage by those associations; and
- (2) persons who, regardless of where they reside, except for nonresident certificate holders under group policies or contracts, are the beneficiaries, assignees, or payees of the persons covered under clause (1). This includes health care providers rendering services covered by a health insurance policy or contract.
- (b) Sections 61B.18 to 61B.32 provide coverage to the persons specified in paragraph (a) for direct, nongroup life <u>insurance</u>, health <u>insurance</u>, annuity, and supplemental policies or contracts, for subscriber contracts issued by a nonprofit health service plan corporation operating under chapter 62C, <u>for health maintenance contracts issued by a health maintenance organization under chapter 62D, for certificates under direct group policies and contracts, and for unallocated annuity contracts issued by member insurers, except as limited by sections 61B.18 to 61B.32. Except as expressly excluded under subdivision 3, annuity contracts and certificates under group annuity contracts include, but are not limited to, guaranteed investment contracts, deposit administration contracts, unallocated funding</u>

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agreements, allocated funding agreements, structured settlement annuities, annuities issued to or in connection with government lotteries, and any immediate or deferred annuity contracts. Covered unallocated annuity contracts include those that fund a qualified defined contribution retirement plan under sections 401, 403(b), and 457 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1992.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.19, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

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- 3.7 Subd. 3. **Limitation of coverage.** Sections 61B.18 to 61B.32 do not provide coverage for:
  - (1) a portion of a policy or contract not guaranteed by the <u>member insurer</u>, or under which the investment risk is borne by the policy or contract holder;
  - (2) a policy or contract of reinsurance, unless assumption certificates have been issued and the insured has consented to the assumption as provided under section 60A.09, subdivision 4a;
  - (3) a policy or contract issued by an assessment benefit association operating under section 61A.39, or a fraternal benefit society operating under chapter 64B;
  - (4) any obligation to nonresident participants of a covered retirement plan or to the plan sponsor, employer, trustee, or other party who owns the contract; in these cases, the association is obligated under this chapter only to participants in a covered plan who are residents of the state of Minnesota on the date of impairment or insolvency;
  - (5) a structured settlement annuity in situations where a liability insurer remains liable to the payee;
  - (6) a portion of an unallocated annuity contract which is not issued to or in connection with a specific employee, union, or association of natural persons benefit plan or a governmental lottery, including but not limited to, a contract issued to, or purchased at the direction of, any governmental bonding authority, such as a municipal guaranteed investment contract;
  - (7) a portion of a policy or contract issued to a plan or program of an employer, association, or similar entity to provide life, health, or annuity benefits to its employees or members to the extent that the plan or program is self-funded or uninsured, including benefits payable by an employer, association, or similar entity under:
  - (i) a multiple employer welfare arrangement as defined in the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, United States Code, title 29, section 1002(40)(A), as amended;

Sec. 4. 3

(ii) a minimum premium group insurance plan;

- (iii) a stop-loss group insurance plan; or
- 4.3 (iv) an administrative services only contract;

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- (8) any policy or contract issued by an insurer at a time when it was not licensed or did not have a certificate of authority to issue the policy or contract in this state;
  - (9) an unallocated annuity contract issued to or in connection with a benefit plan protected under the federal Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation, regardless of whether the federal Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation has yet become liable to make any payments with respect to the benefit plan;
  - (10) a portion of a policy or contract to the extent that it provides for (i) dividends or experience rating credits except to the extent the dividends or experience rating credits have actually become due and payable or have been credited to the policy or contract before the date of impairment or insolvency, (ii) voting rights, or (iii) payment of any fees or allowances to any person, including the policy or contract holder, in connection with the service to, or administration of, the policy or contract;
  - (11) a contractual agreement that establishes the member insurer's obligations to provide a book value accounting guaranty for defined contribution benefit plan participants by reference to a portfolio of assets that is owned by the benefit plan or its trustee, which in each case is not an affiliate of the member insurer;
  - (12) a portion of a policy or contract to the extent that the rate of interest on which it is based, or the interest rate, crediting rate, or similar factor determined by use of an index or other external reference stated in the policy or contract, employed in calculating returns or changes in value:
  - (i) averaged over the period of four years prior to the date on which the member insurer becomes an impaired or insolvent insurer under sections 61B.18 to 61B.32, whichever is earlier, exceeds the rate of interest determined by subtracting two percentage points from Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average averaged for that same four-year period or for the lesser period if the policy or contract was issued less than four years before the member insurer becomes an impaired or insolvent insurer under sections 61B.18 to 61B.32, whichever is earlier; and
- 4.31 (ii) on and after the date on which the member insurer becomes an impaired or insolvent 4.32 insurer under this chapter, whichever is earlier, exceeds the rate of interest determined by

Sec. 4. 4

subtracting three percentage points from Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average as most recently available;

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- (iii) however, this paragraph shall not apply to a contract, policy, or rider for long-term care or health insurance;
- (13) a portion of a policy or contract to the extent it provides for interest or other changes in value to be determined by the use of an index or other external reference stated in the policy or contract, but which have not been credited to the policy or contract, or as to which the policy or contract owner's rights are subject to forfeiture, as of the date the member insurer becomes an impaired or insolvent insurer under sections 61B.18 to 61B.32, whichever is earlier. If a policy's or contract's interest or changes in value are credited less frequently than annually, then for purposes of determining the values that have been credited and not subject to forfeiture under this clause, the interest or changes in value determined by using the procedures defined in the policy or contract will be credited as if the contractual date of crediting interest or changing values was the date of impairment or insolvency, whichever is earlier, and will not be subject to forfeiture;
- (14) a portion of a policy or contract to the extent that the assessments required by section 61B.24 with respect to the policy or contract are preempted by federal or state law; and
- (15) a policy or contract providing any hospital, medical, prescription drug, or other health care benefits pursuant to United States Code, title 42, chapter 7, subchapter XVIII, Part C or Part D, commonly known as Medicare Part C & D, or United States Code, title 42, chapter 7, subchapter XIX, commonly known as Medicaid, or any regulations issued under those provisions; and
- (16) structured settlement annuity benefits to which a payee or beneficiary has transferred his or her rights in a structured settlement factoring transaction, as defined in United States Code, title 26, section 5891, regardless of whether the transaction occurred before or after the effective date of section 5891.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.19, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- 5.28 Subd. 4. **Limitation of benefits.** The benefits for which the association may become liable shall in no event exceed the lesser of:
- 5.30 (1) the contractual obligations for which the <u>member</u> insurer is liable or would have 5.31 been liable if it were not an impaired or insolvent insurer; or
- 5.32 (2) subject to the limitation in clause (5), with respect to any one life, regardless of the number of policies or contracts:

Sec. 5. 5

(i) \$500,000 in life insurance death benefits, but not more than \$130,000 in net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values for life insurance;

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- (ii) \$500,000 in health insurance, long-term care, and disability income insurance benefits, including any net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values;
- (iii) \$250,000 in the present value of annuity benefits, including net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values;
- (iv) \$410,000 in present value of annuity benefits for structured settlement annuities or for annuities in regard to which periodic annuity benefits, for a period of not less than the annuitant's lifetime or for a period certain of not less than ten years, have begun to be paid, on or before the date of impairment or insolvency; or
- (3) subject to the limitations in clauses (5) and (6), with respect to each individual resident participating in a retirement plan, except a defined benefit plan, established under section 401, 403(b), or 457 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1992, covered by an unallocated annuity contract, or the beneficiaries of each such individual if deceased, in the aggregate, \$250,000 in net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values;
- (4) where no coverage limit has been specified for a covered policy or benefit, the coverage limit shall be \$500,000 in present value;
- (5) in no event shall the association be liable to <u>expend cover</u> more than \$500,000 in <u>benefits in the aggregate</u> with respect to any one life under clause (2), items (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), and clause (4), and any one individual under clause (3);
  - (6) in no event shall the association be liable to <u>expend cover</u> more than \$10,000,000 <u>in</u> <u>benefits</u> with respect to all unallocated annuities of a retirement plan, except a defined benefit plan, established under section 401, 403(b), or 457 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1992. If total claims from a plan exceed \$10,000,000, the \$10,000,000 shall be prorated among the claimants;
  - (7) for purposes of applying clause (2)(ii) and clause (5), with respect only to health insurance benefits, the term "any one life" applies to each individual covered by a health insurance policy or contract;
- 6.30 (8) where covered contractual obligations are equal to or less than the limits stated in 6.31 this subdivision, the association will pay the difference between the covered contractual 6.32 obligations and the amount credited by the estate of the insolvent or impaired insurer, if

Sec. 5. 6

that amount has been determined or, if it has not, the covered contractual limit, subject to the association's right of subrogation;

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- (9) where covered contractual obligations exceed the limits stated in this subdivision, the amount payable by the association will be determined as though the covered contractual obligations were equal to those limits. In making the determination, the estate shall be deemed to have credited the covered person the same amount as the estate would credit a covered person with contractual obligations equal to those limits; or
- (10) the following illustrates how the principles stated in clauses (8) and (9) apply. The example illustrated concerns hypothetical claims subject to the limit stated in clause (2)(iii). The principles stated in clauses (8) and (9), and illustrated in this clause, apply to claims subject to any limits stated in this subdivision.

## CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS OF:

7.13		\$10	00,000
7.14 7.15		Estate	Guaranty Association
7.16 7.17	0% recovery from estate	\$ 0	\$100,000
7.18 7.19	25% recovery from estate	\$25,000	\$75,000
7.20 7.21	50% recovery from estate	\$50,000	\$50,000
7.22 7.23	75% recovery from estate	\$75,000	\$25,000
7.24		\$2:	50,000
7.25 7.26		Estate	Guaranty Association
7.27 7.28	0% recovery from estate	\$ 0	\$250,000
7.29 7.30	25% recovery from estate	\$62,500	\$187,500
7.31 7.32	50% recovery from estate	\$125,000	\$125,000
7.33 7.34	75% recovery from estate	\$187,500	\$62,500
7.35		\$30	00,000
7.36 7.37		Estate	Guaranty Association
7.38 7.39	0% recovery from estate	\$ 0	\$250,000

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8.1 8.2	25% recovery from estate	\$75,000	\$187,500	
8.3 8.4	50% recovery from estate	\$150,000	\$125,000	
8.5 8.6	75% recovery from estate	\$225,000	\$62,500	
8.7	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 201	8, section 61B.20, subo	division 10, is amended to read:	
8.8	Subd. 10. Health insurance.	"Health insurance" me	eans accident and health insurance	
8.9	as described in section 60A.06, s	subdivision 1, clause (5	)(a), long-term care insurance as	
8.10	described in section 62A.46, sub	division 2, and chapter	62S,, credit accident and health	
8.11	insurance regulated under chapter	r 62B, <del>and</del> subscriber co	ontracts issued by a nonprofit health	
8.12	service plan corporation operation	ng under chapter 62C <u>, a</u>	and health maintenance contracts	
8.13	issued by a health maintenance of	organization operating u	under chapter 62D.	
8.14	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 201	8, section 61B.20, subc	livision 13, is amended to read:	
8.15	Subd. 13. Member insurer.	"Member insurer" mear	ns an insurer or health maintenance	
8.16	organization licensed or holding a certificate of authority to transact in this state any kind			
8.17	of insurance or health maintenance organization business for which coverage is provided			
8.18	under section 61B.19, subdivision 2, and includes an insurer or health maintenance			
8.19	organization whose license or certificate of authority in this state may have been suspended,			
8.20	revoked, not renewed, or volunta	arily withdrawn. The te	rm does not include:	
8.21	(1) a nonprofit hospital or me	edical service organizat	ion, other than a nonprofit health	
8.22	service plan corporation that ope	erates under chapter 620	C;	
8.23	(2) a health maintenance orga	anization;		
8.24	(3) (2) a fraternal benefit soc	iety;		
8.25	(4) (3) a mandatory state poo	ling plan;		
8.26	(5) (4) a mutual assessment c	company or an entity the	at operates on an assessment basis;	
8.27	$\frac{(6)}{(5)}$ an insurance exchange	e;		
8.28	$\frac{(7)}{(6)}$ a community integrate	ed service network; or		
8.29	$\frac{(8)}{(7)}$ an entity similar to the	ose listed in clauses (1)	to $(7)$ (6).	

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Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.20, subdivision 16, is amended to read:

Subd. 16. **Resident.** "Resident" means a person who resides in whose principal place of residence is Minnesota at the time a member insurer is initially determined by the commissioner or a court to be an impaired or insolvent insurer and to whom a contractual obligation is owed, whichever occurs first. A person may be a resident of only one state, which in the case of for a natural person is the person's principle place of residence, for a person other than a natural person is its principal place of business, and which, in the case of for a trust, is the principal place of business of the settlor or entity which established the trust. Citizens of the United States who are either (i) residents of foreign countries, or (ii) residents of United States possessions, territories, or protectorates that do not have an association similar to the association created by sections 61B.19 to 61B.32, are considered residents of this state if the insurer that issued the covered policies or contracts was domiciled in this state.

- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.21, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Functions.** The Minnesota Life and Health Insurance Guaranty

  9.16 Association shall perform its functions under the plan of operation established and approved

  9.17 under section 61B.25, and shall exercise its powers through a board of directors. The

  9.18 association is not a state agency for purposes of chapter 16A, 16B, 16C, or 43A. For purposes

  9.19 of administration and assessment, the association shall establish and maintain two accounts:
  - (1) the life insurance and annuity account which includes the following subaccounts:
- 9.21 (i) the life insurance account;

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- 9.22 (ii) the annuity account; and
- 9.23 (iii) the unallocated annuity account; and
- 9.24 (2) the health insurance account.
- 9.25 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.22, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
  - Subdivision 1. **Members.** The board of directors of the association consists of nine members member insurers serving terms as established in the plan of operation under section 61B.25. Members of The insurer board members must be elected by member insurers, subject to the approval of the commissioner, for the terms of office specified in their nominations. Each elected insurer board member shall designate its representative and may designate an alternate. Vacancies on the board shall be filled for the remaining period of the term by a majority vote of the remaining board members, subject to approval of the

Sec. 10. 9

commissioner. In approving selections or in appointing members to the board insurer board members, the commissioner shall consider whether all member insurers are fairly represented.

- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.23, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Impaired domestic insurer.** If a member insurer is an impaired domestic insurer, the association may, in its discretion, and subject to any conditions imposed by the association that do not impair the contractual obligations of the impaired insurer and that are approved by the commissioner, and that are, except in cases of court ordered conservation or rehabilitation, also approved by the impaired insurer:
- (1) guarantee, assume, <u>reissue</u>, or reinsure, or cause to be guaranteed, assumed, <u>reissued</u>, or reinsured, any or all of the policies or contracts of the impaired insurer;
- (2) provide money, pledges, notes, guarantees, or other means as are proper to exercise the power granted in clause (1) and assure payment of the contractual obligations of the impaired insurer pending action under clause (1); or
- 10.14 (3) loan money to the impaired insurer.

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- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.23, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Insolvent insurer.** If a member insurer is an insolvent insurer then, subject to any conditions imposed by the association and approved by the commissioner, the association shall, in its discretion:
- 10.19 (1) guaranty, assume, <u>reissue</u>, or reinsure, or cause to be guaranteed, assumed, <u>reissued</u>,
  10.20 or reinsured, the policies or contracts of the insolvent insurer;
- 10.21 (2) assure payment of the contractual obligations of the insolvent insurer which are due and owing;
- 10.23 (3) provide money, pledges, guarantees, or other means as are reasonably necessary to
  10.24 discharge its duties; or
- 10.25 (4) provide benefits and coverages in accordance with subdivision 4.
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.23, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Payments; alternative policies.** When proceeding under subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (2), or subdivision 3, clause (4), the association shall, with respect to life and health insurance policies and annuities contracts:

Sec. 13.

(a) Assure payment of benefits for premiums identical to the premiums and benefits, except for terms of conversion and renewability, that would have been payable under the policies of the impaired or insolvent insurer, for claims incurred:

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- (1) with respect to group policies, not later than the earlier of the next renewal date under those policies or contracts or 45 days, but in no event less than 30 days, after the date on which the association becomes obligated with respect to those policies; or
- (2) with respect to individual policies, <u>contracts and annuities</u> not later than the earlier of the next renewal date, if any, under those policies or one year, but in no event less than 30 days, from the date on which the association becomes obligated with respect to those policies.
- (b) Make diligent efforts to provide all known insureds, enrollees, or annuitants for individual policies or group policy or contract owners with respect to group policies 30 days' notice of the termination pursuant to paragraph (a) of the benefits provided.
- (c) With respect to individual policies and contracts, make available to each known insured, enrollee or annuitant, or owner if other than the insured or annuitant, and with respect to an individual formerly an insured or formerly an, enrollee, or annuitant under a group policy or contract who is not eligible for replacement group coverage, make available substitute coverage on an individual basis in accordance with paragraph (d), if the insureds, enrollees, or annuitants had a right under law or the terminated policy, contract or annuity to convert coverage to individual coverage or to continue an individual policy, contract, or annuity in force until a specified age or for a specified time, during which the insurer or health maintenance organization had no right unilaterally to make changes in any provision of the policy, contract, or annuity or had a right only to make changes in premium by class.
- (d)(1) In providing the substitute coverage required under paragraph (c), the association may offer either to reissue the terminated coverage or to issue an alternative policy or contract at actuarially justified rates subject to prior approval of the commissioner.
- (2) Alternative or reissued policies <u>or contracts</u> must be offered without requiring evidence of insurability, and must not provide for any waiting period or exclusion that would not have applied under the terminated policy <u>or contract</u>.
  - (3) The association may reinsure any alternative or reissued policy or contract.
- (e)(1) Alternative policies <u>or contracts</u> adopted by the association are subject to the approval of the commissioner. The association may adopt alternative policies <u>or contracts</u> of various types for future issuance without regard to any particular impairment or insolvency.

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(2) Alternative policies <u>or contracts</u> must contain at least the minimum statutory provisions required in this state and provide benefits that are not unreasonable in relation to the premium charged. The association shall set the premium in accordance with a table of rates which it shall adopt. The premium must reflect the amount of insurance to be provided and the age and class of risk of each insured, but must not reflect any changes in the health of the insured after the original policy or contract was last underwritten.

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- (3) Any alternative policy <u>or contract</u> issued by the association must provide coverage of a type similar to that of the policy <u>or contract</u> issued by the impaired or insolvent insurer, as determined by the association.
- (f) If the association elects to reissue terminated coverage at a premium rate different from that charged under the terminated policy or contract, the premium must be actuarially justified and set by the association in accordance with the amount of insurance or coverage provided and the age and class of risk, subject to prior approval of the commissioner or by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (g) The association's obligations with respect to coverage under any policy or contract of the impaired or insolvent insurer or under any reissued or alternative policy or contract ceases on the date the coverage, or on the date the policy or contract is replaced by another similar policy or contract by the policyholder policy or contract holder, the insurer insured, the enrollee, or the association and the preexisting condition limitations have been satisfied.
- (h) When proceeding under this subdivision with respect to any policy carrying guaranteed minimum interest rates, the association shall assure the payment or crediting of a rate of interest consistent with section 61B.19, subdivision 3, clause (12).
- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.23, subdivision 8a, is amended to read:

Subd. 8a. **Deposits in this state for insolvent or impaired insurer.** A deposit in this state, held pursuant to law or required by the commissioner for the benefit of creditors, including policy or contract owners, not turned over to the domiciliary liquidator upon the entry of a final order of liquidation or order approving a rehabilitation plan of an a member insurer domiciled in this state or in a reciprocal state, pursuant to section 60B.54, shall be promptly paid to the association. The association is entitled to retain a portion of any amount so paid to it equal to the percentage determined by dividing the aggregate amount of policy owners or contract owners' claims related to that insolvency for which the association has provided statutory benefits by the aggregate amount of all policy or contract owners' claims in this state related to that insolvency. The association shall remit to the domiciliary receiver the amount so paid to the association and not retained pursuant to this subdivision. Any

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amount retained by the association shall be treated as a distribution of estate assets pursuant to section 60B.46 or similar provision of the state of domicile of the impaired or insolvent insurer.

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Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.23, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

- Subd. 12. **Assignments; subrogation rights.** (a) A person receiving benefits under sections 61B.18 to 61B.32 shall be considered to have assigned the rights under, and any causes of action against any person for losses arising under, resulting from or otherwise relating to, the covered policy or contract to the association to the extent of the benefits received because of sections 61B.18 to 61B.32, whether the benefits are payments of or on account of contractual obligations, continuation of coverage, or provision of substitute or alternative policies, contracts, or coverages. The association may require an assignment to it of those rights and causes of action by a an enrollee, payee, policy or contract owner, beneficiary, insured, or annuitant as a condition precedent to the receipt of rights or benefits conferred by sections 61B.18 to 61B.32 upon that person. The assignment and subrogation rights of the association include any rights that a person may have as a beneficiary of a plan covered under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, United States Code, title 29, section 1003, as amended.
- (b) The subrogation rights of the association under this subdivision against the assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer have the same priority as those of a person entitled to receive benefits under sections 61B.18 to 61B.32.
- (c) In addition to paragraphs (a) and (b), the association has all common law rights of subrogation and other equitable or legal remedies that would have been available to the impaired or insolvent insurer or person receiving benefits under sections 61B.18 to 61B.32 including without limitation, in the case of a structured settlement annuity, any rights of the owner, enrollee, beneficiary, or payee of the annuity, to the extent of benefits received pursuant to sections 61B.18 to 61B.32, against a person originally or by succession responsible for the losses arising from the personal injury relating to the annuity or payment thereof, excepting any such person responsible solely by reason of serving as an assignee in respect of a qualified assignment under section 130 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
- (d) If the preceding provisions of this subdivision are invalid or ineffective with respect to any person or claim for any reason, the amount payable by the association with respect to the related covered obligations shall be reduced by the amount realized by any other

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person with respect to the person or claim that is attributable to the policies <u>or contracts</u> or portion thereof covered by the association.

- (e) If the association has provided benefits with respect to a covered obligation and a person recovers amounts as to which the association has rights as described in the preceding paragraphs of this subdivision, the person shall pay to the association the portion of the recovery attributable to the policies or contracts or portion thereof covered by the association.
- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.23, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 13. **Permissive powers.** The association may:

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- (1) enter into contracts as are necessary or proper to carry out the provisions and purposes of sections 61B.18 to 61B.32;
  - (2) sue or be sued, including taking any legal actions necessary or proper to recover any unpaid assessments under section 61B.26 to settle claims or potential claims against it;
  - (3) borrow money to effect the purposes of sections 61B.18 to 61B.32 and any notes or other evidence of indebtedness of the association not in default are legal investments for domestic member insurers and may be carried as admitted assets;
    - (4) employ or retain persons as are necessary or appropriate to handle the financial transactions of the association, and to perform other functions as the association considers necessary or proper under sections 61B.18 to 61B.32;
    - (5) enter into arbitration or take legal action as may be necessary or appropriate to avoid or recover payment of improper claims;
    - (6) exercise, for the purposes of sections 61B.18 to 61B.32 and to the extent approved by the commissioner, the powers of a domestic life or insurer, health insurer, or health maintenance organization, but in no case may the association issue insurance policies or annuity contracts other than those issued to perform its obligations under sections 61B.18 to 61B.32;
  - (7) join an organization of one or more other state associations of similar purposes, to further the purposes and administer the powers and duties of the association;
- 14.28 (8) negotiate and contract with any liquidator, rehabilitator, conservator, or ancillary 14.29 receiver to carry out the powers and duties of the association;
  - (9) participate in the organization of and/or own stock in an entity which exists or was formed for the purpose of assuming liability for contracts or policies issued by impaired or insolvent insurers; and

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(10) request information from a person seeking coverage from the association in order to aid the association in determining its obligations under sections 61B.18 to 61B.32 with respect to the person, and the person shall promptly comply with the request-;

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- (11) in accordance with the terms and conditions of the policy or contract, file for actuarially justified rate or premium increases for any policy or contract for which it provides coverage under this act; and
- (12) take other necessary or appropriate action to discharge its duties and obligations under this act or to exercise its powers under this act.
- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.23, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
- Subd. 14. Association election to succeed to rights of insolvent or impaired insurer under indemnity reinsurance contracts. (a) At any time within one year after the date on which the association becomes responsible for the obligations of a member insurer the coverage date, the association may elect to succeed to the rights and obligations of the member insurer, that accrue on or after the coverage date and that relate to policies or contracts or annuities covered in whole or in part by the association, under any one or more indemnity reinsurance agreements entered into by the member insurer as a ceding insurer and selected by the association. However, the association may not exercise an election with respect to a reinsurance agreement if the receiver, rehabilitator, or liquidator of the member insurer has previously and expressly disaffirmed the reinsurance agreement. The election shall be effected by a notice to the receiver, rehabilitator, or liquidator, and to the affected reinsurers. If the association makes an election, clauses (1) through (4) apply with respect to the agreements selected by the association:
- (1) the association is responsible for all unpaid premiums due under the agreements for periods both before and after the coverage date, and is responsible for the performance of all other obligations to be performed after the coverage date, in each case that relates to contracts covered in whole or in part by the association and the association may charge policies, contracts, or annuities covered in part by the association, through reasonable allocation methods, the costs for reinsurance in excess of the obligations of the association;
- (2) the association is entitled to any amounts payable by the reinsurer under the agreements with respect to losses or events that occur in periods after the coverage date and that relate to <u>policies</u>, contracts, or annuities covered by the association in whole or in part, provided that, upon receipt of any such amounts, the association is obliged to pay to the beneficiary under the policy of contract, or annuity on account of which the amounts were paid a portion of the amount equal to the excess of:

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(i) the amount received by the association, over

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(ii) the benefits paid by the association on account of the policy or contract less the retention of the impaired or insolvent member insurer applicable to the loss or event;

- (3) within 30 days following the association's election, the association and each indemnity reinsurer shall calculate the net balance due to or from the association under each reinsurance agreement as of the date of the association's election, giving full credit to all items paid by either the member insurer or its receiver, rehabilitator, or liquidator or the indemnity reinsurer during the period between the coverage date and the date of the association's election and (i) either the association or indemnity reinsurer shall pay the net balance due the other within five days of the completion of the aforementioned calculation and (ii) if the receiver, rehabilitator, or liquidator has received any amounts due the association pursuant to paragraph (a), the receiver, rehabilitator, or liquidator shall remit the same to the association as promptly as practicable; and
- (4) if the association, within 60 days of the election, pays the premiums due for periods both before and after the coverage date that relate to contracts covered by the association in whole or in part, the reinsurer shall not be entitled to terminate the reinsurance agreements insofar as the agreements relate to contracts covered by the association in whole or in part and shall not be entitled to set off any unpaid premium due for periods prior to the coverage date against amounts due the association.
- (b) In the event the association transfers its obligations to another insurer, and if the association and the other insurer agree, the other insurer shall succeed to the rights and obligations of the association under paragraph (a) effective as of the date agreed upon by the association and the other insurer and regardless of whether the association has made the election referred to in paragraph (a) provided that:
- (1) the indemnity reinsurance agreements shall automatically terminate for new reinsurance unless the indemnity reinsurer and the other insurer agree to the contrary;
- (2) the obligations described in the proviso to paragraph (a), clause (2), shall no longer apply on and after the date the indemnity reinsurance agreement is transferred to the third-party insurer; and
- (3) paragraph (b) does not apply if the association has previously expressly determined in writing that it will not exercise the election referred to in paragraph (a).
- (c) The provisions of this subdivision shall supersede the provisions of any law of this state or of any affected reinsurance agreement that provides for or requires any payment of

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reinsurance proceeds, on account of losses or events that occur in periods after the coverage date, to the receiver, liquidator, or rehabilitator of the insolvent member insurer. The receiver, rehabilitator, or liquidator shall remain entitled to any amounts payable by the reinsurer under the reinsurance agreement with respect to losses or events that occur in periods prior to the coverage date subject to applicable setoff provisions.

- (d) Except as otherwise expressly provided in this subdivision, nothing in this subdivision alters or modifies the terms and conditions of the indemnity reinsurance agreements of the insolvent member insurer. Nothing in this subdivision abrogates or limits any rights of any reinsurer to claim that it is entitled to rescind a reinsurance agreement. Nothing in this subdivision gives a policy owner, contract owner, enrollee, certificate holder, or beneficiary an independent cause of action against an indemnity reinsurer that is not otherwise set forth in the indemnity reinsurance agreement.
- 17.13 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.24, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Formula for determination.** (a) The amount of a class A assessment shall be determined by the board and may be made on a pro rata or nonpro rata basis. If pro rata, the board may provide that it be credited against future class B assessments. A nonpro rata assessment shall not exceed \$500 per member insurer in any one calendar year.
  - (b) The amount of any class B assessment, except for assessments related to long-term care insurance, must be allocated for assessment purposes between the accounts and among the accounts or subaccounts of the life insurance and annuity account, pursuant to an allocation formula which may be based on the premiums or reserves of the impaired or insolvent insurer or any other standard considered by the board in its sole discretion as being fair and reasonable under the circumstances.
  - (c) The amount of the Class B assessment for long-term care insurance written by the impaired or insolvent insurer shall be allocated according to a methodology included in the plan of operation and approved by the commissioner. The methodology shall provide for 50 percent of the assessment to be allocated to health insurance member insurers and 50 percent to be allocated to life and annuity member insurers.
  - (e) (d) Class B assessments against member insurers for each subaccount or account must be in the proportion that the average annual premiums received on business in this state by each assessed member insurer on policies or contracts covered by each subaccount or account for the three most recent calendar years for which information is available preceding the calendar year in which the member insurer became impaired or insolvent, as the case may be, bears to the average annual premiums received on business in this state

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by all assessed member insurers on policies or contracts covered by that subaccount or account for those same calendar years. If the impaired insurer becomes insolvent, the date of impairment insolvency must be used to determine the assessment. Premiums for purposes of calculating average annual premium for calendar years prior to 1993 shall be determined in accordance with Minnesota Statutes 1992, sections 61B.01 to 61B.16.

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- (d) (e) Assessments for funds to meet the requirements of the association with respect to an impaired or insolvent insurer must not be made until necessary to implement the purposes of sections 61B.18 to 61B.32. Classification of assessments under subdivision 2 and computation of assessments under this subdivision must be made with a reasonable degree of accuracy, recognizing that exact determinations may not always be possible.
  - Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.24, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Maximum assessment.** (a) The total of all assessments upon a member insurer for each subaccount of the life and annuity account and for the health account shall not in any one calendar year exceed two percent of that member insurer's average annual premiums as calculated in subdivision 3, paragraph (e) (d), on policies or contracts covered by that account or subaccount. If two or more assessments are made with respect to member insurers that become impaired or insolvent in different calendar years, average annual premiums for purposes of the assessment percentage limitation are based upon the higher of the three-year averages calculated under subdivision 3, paragraph (e) (d). If an impaired insurer becomes insolvent, the date of impairment must be used to determine the assessment. If the maximum assessment for any subaccount of the life and annuity account in any one calendar year will not provide an amount sufficient to carry out the responsibilities of the association, then pursuant to subdivision 3, the board of directors shall assess based on the other subaccounts of the life and annuity account for the necessary additional amount, subject to the maximum of two percent stated above for each subaccount.
- (b) If the maximum assessment for an account, together with the other assets of the association in that account, does not provide in any one calendar year in that account an amount sufficient to carry out the responsibilities of the association, the necessary additional funds must be assessed as soon as permitted by sections 61B.18 to 61B.32.
- (c) The board may adopt general principles in the plan of operation for allocating funds among claims, whether relating to one or more impaired or insolvent insurers, when the maximum assessment will be insufficient to cover anticipated claims.
- (d) If assessments under this section are inadequate to pay all obligations of the impaired insurer that are or become due and owing, then the association shall prepare a plan approved

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by the commissioner for prioritization of payments. If the association adopts general principles in the plan of operations, the association shall use the general principles in preparing the plan required under this paragraph. No formerly impaired or insolvent insurer may be reinstated until all payments of or on account of the insurer's or health maintenance organization's contractual obligations by the guaranty association, along with all expenses thereof and interest on all such payments and expenses, shall have been repaid to the guaranty association or a plan of repayment by the insurer or health maintenance organization shall have been approved by the commissioner.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.24, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Refund.** The board may, by an equitable method as established in the plan of operation, refund to member insurers, in proportion to the contribution of each <u>member</u> insurer to that account or subaccount, the amount by which the assets of the account or subaccount exceed the amount the board finds is necessary to carry out during the coming year the obligations of the association with regard to that account or subaccount, including assets accruing from assignment, subrogation, net realized gains, and income from investments. A reasonable amount may be retained in any account or subaccount to provide funds for the continuing expenses of the association and for future losses.

- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.24, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Premium rates and dividends.** A member insurer may, in determining its premium rates and policy owner dividends as to any kind of insurance <u>or health maintenance</u> <u>organization business</u> within the scope of sections 61B.18 to 61B.32, consider the amount reasonably necessary to meet its assessment obligations under sections 61B.18 to 61B.32.
  - Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.24, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8. **Certificate of contribution.** The association shall issue to each <u>member</u> insurer paying an assessment under sections 61B.18 to 61B.32, other than a class A assessment, a certificate of contribution, in a form prescribed by the commissioner, for the amount of the assessment so paid. All outstanding certificates must be of equal dignity and priority without reference to amounts or dates of issue. A certificate of contribution may be shown by the <u>member</u> insurer in its financial statement as an asset in the form and for the amount, if any, and period of time as the commissioner may approve.

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Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.24, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

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Subd. 10. **Procedure for protests regarding assessments.** (a) A member insurer that wishes to protest all or part of an assessment shall pay when due the full amount of the assessment as set forth in the notice provided by the association. The payment is available to meet association obligations during the pendency of the protest or any subsequent appeal. Payment must be accompanied by a statement in writing that the payment is made under protest and setting forth a brief statement of the grounds for the protest.

- (b) Within 60 days following the payment of an assessment under protest by a member insurer, the association shall notify the member insurer in writing of its determination with respect to the protest unless the association notifies the member insurer that additional time is required to resolve the issues raised by the protest.
- (c) Within 30 days after a final decision has been made, the association shall notify the protesting member insurer in writing of that final decision. Within 60 days of receipt of notice of the final decision, the protesting member insurer may appeal that final action to the commissioner.
- (d) In the alternative to rendering a final decision with respect to a protest based on a question regarding the assessment base, the association may refer the protest to the commissioner for a final decision, with or without a recommendation from the association.
- (e) If the protest or appeal on the assessment is upheld, the amount paid in error or excess shall be returned to the member <u>company</u> insurer. Interest on a refund due a protesting member insurer shall be paid at the rate actually earned by the association.
- Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.26, is amended to read:

## 61B.26 DUTIES AND POWERS OF COMMISSIONER.

- 20.24 (a) In addition to other duties and powers in sections 61B.18 to 61B.32, the commissioner shall:
  - (1) notify the board of directors of the existence of an impaired or insolvent insurer within three days after a determination of impairment or insolvency is made or the commissioner receives notice of impairment or insolvency;
  - (2) upon request of the board of directors, provide the association with a statement of the premiums in this and any other appropriate states for each member insurer;
  - (3) when an impairment is declared and the amount of the impairment is determined, serve a demand upon the impaired insurer to make good the impairment within a reasonable

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time; notice to the impaired insurer shall constitute notice to its shareholders, if any; the failure of the <u>impaired</u> insurer to promptly comply with the commissioner's demand shall not excuse the association from the performance of its powers and duties under sections 61B.18 to 61B.32; and

- (4) in a liquidation, conservation, or rehabilitation proceeding involving a domestic insurer, be appointed as the liquidator, conservator, or rehabilitator.
- (b) The commissioner may suspend or revoke, after notice and hearing, the certificate of authority to transact <u>insurance business</u> in this state of any member insurer which fails to pay an assessment when due or fails to comply with the plan of operation. As an alternative, the commissioner may levy a forfeiture on any member insurer which fails to pay an assessment when due. A forfeiture shall not exceed five percent of the unpaid assessment per month, but no forfeiture shall be less than \$100 per month.
- (c) A final action of the board of directors or the association may be appealed to the commissioner if the appeal is taken within 60 days of the aggrieved party's receipt of notice of the final action being appealed. Any final action or order of the commissioner is subject to judicial review in a court of competent jurisdiction, in the manner provided by chapter 14. A determination or decision by the commissioner under sections 61B.18 to 61B.32 is not subject to the contested case or rulemaking provisions of chapter 14.
- 21.19 (d) The liquidator, rehabilitator, or conservator of an impaired insurer may notify all interested persons of the effect of sections 61B.18 to 61B.32.
- (e) For the purposes of sections 61B.18 to 61B.32, the commissioner may delegate any of the powers conferred by law.
- 21.23 (f) Nonperformance of any of the acts specified in this section or failure to meet the specific time limits does not affect the association, its members, or any other person as to the person's duties and obligations.
- Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.27, is amended to read:

## 61B.27 PREVENTION OF INSOLVENCIES.

- (a) To aid in the detection and prevention of <u>member</u> insurer insolvencies or impairments the commissioner shall notify the commissioners of insurance of all the other states, territories of the United States, and the District of Columbia when the commissioner takes one of the following actions against a member insurer:
- 21.32 (i) revocation of license; or

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(ii) suspension of license.

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- The notice must be mailed to all commissioners within 30 days following the action.
  - (b) If the commissioner deems it appropriate, the commissioner may:
  - (1) Report to the board of directors when the commissioner has taken any of the actions specified in paragraph (a) or has received a report from another commissioner indicating that an action specified in paragraph (a) has been taken in another state. The report to the board of directors must contain all significant details of the action taken or the report received from another commissioner.
  - (2) Report to the board of directors when the commissioner has reasonable cause to believe from an examination, whether completed or in process, of a member company that the company may be an impaired or insolvent insurer.
  - (3) Furnish to the board of directors the National Association of Insurance Commissioners insurance regulatory information system ratios and listings of companies not included in the ratios developed by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, and the board may use the information in carrying out its duties and responsibilities under this section. The report and the information contained in it must be kept confidential by the board of directors until it has been made public by the commissioner or other lawful authority. Nothing in this provision supersedes other requirements of law.
  - (4) Notify the board if the commissioner makes a formal order requiring the company member insurer to restrict its premium writing, obtain additional contributions to surplus, withdraw from this state, reinsure all or any part of its business, or increase capital, surplus, or any other account for the security of policyholders, contract holders, certificate holders, or creditors.
  - (c) The commissioner may seek the advice and recommendations of the board of directors concerning any matter affecting the commissioner's duties and responsibilities regarding the financial condition of member insurers and of <u>companies</u> insurers or health maintenance organizations seeking admission to transact <u>insurance</u> business in this state.
  - (d) The board of directors may, upon majority vote, make reports and recommendations to the commissioner upon matters germane to the solvency, liquidation, rehabilitation, or conservation of any member insurer or germane to the solvency of a company an insurer or health maintenance organization seeking to do an insurance business in this state. Those reports and recommendations shall not be considered public documents.

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(e) The board of directors, upon majority vote, may notify the commissioner of information indicating that a member insurer may be an impaired or insolvent insurer.

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- (f) The board of directors may, upon majority vote, make recommendations to the commissioner for the detection and prevention of member insurer insolvencies.
- (g) The board of directors may, at the conclusion of an insurer insolvency in which the association was obligated to pay covered claims, prepare a report to the commissioner containing the information it may have in its possession bearing on the history and causes of the insolvency. The board shall cooperate with the boards of directors of guaranty associations in other states in preparing a report on the history and causes of insolvency of a particular insurer or health maintenance organization, and may adopt by reference any report prepared by those other associations.
- (h) Nonperformance by the commissioner of any of the acts specified in this section or failure to meet the specified time limits does not affect the association, its members, or any other person as to the person's duties and obligations.
- Nothing in this section supersedes other requirements of law.
- Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.28, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
  - Subd. 3. **Association as creditor.** For the purpose of carrying out its obligations under sections 61B.18 to 61B.32, the association is considered to be a creditor of the impaired or insolvent insurer to the extent of assets attributable to covered policies, reduced by amounts which the association recovers from the assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer as subrogee under section 61B.23, subdivision 12. Recoveries by the association as subrogee under section 61B.23, subdivision 12, from assets other than from assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer shall not reduce or act as an offset to the association's claim as creditor of the impaired or insolvent insurer. Assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer attributable to covered policies or contracts must be used to continue all covered policies or contracts and pay all contractual obligations of the impaired or insolvent insurer as required by sections 61B.18 to 61B.32. Assets attributable to covered policies or contracts, as used in this subdivision, are that proportion of the assets which the reserves that should have been established for those policies bear to the reserves that should have been established for insurance written by the impaired or insolvent insurer.

Sec. 26. 23

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.28, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

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Subd. 3a. **Association access to insolvent insurer's assets.** As a creditor of the impaired or insolvent insurer as established in subdivision 3 of this section and consistent with section 60B.46, the association and other similar associations is entitled to receive a disbursement of assets out of the marshalled assets, from time to time as the assets become available to reimburse it, as a credit against contractual obligations under sections 61B.18 to 61B.32. If the liquidator has not, within 120 days of a final determination of insolvency of an amember insurer by the receivership court, made an application to the court for the approval of a proposal to disburse assets out of marshalled assets to guaranty associations having obligations because of the insolvency, then the association shall be entitled to make application to the receivership court for approval of its own proposal to disburse these assets.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.28, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Prohibited sales practice.** No person, including an a member insurer, agent, or affiliate of an a member insurer, shall make, publish, disseminate, circulate, or place before the public, or cause directly or indirectly, to be made, published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public, in any newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or in the form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over any radio station or television station, or in any other way, an advertisement, announcement, or statement, written or oral, which uses the existence of the Minnesota Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association for the purpose of sales, solicitation, or inducement to purchase any form of insurance or other coverage covered by sections 61B.18 to 61B.32. The notice required by subdivision 8 is not a violation of this subdivision nor is it a violation of this subdivision to explain verbally to an applicant or potential applicant the coverage provided by the Minnesota Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association at any time during the application process or thereafter. This subdivision does not apply to the Minnesota Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association or an entity that does not sell or solicit insurance or coverage by a health maintenance organization.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.28, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Reinstatement.** No member insurer may be reinstated to do business in this state until all payments of or on account of the impaired insurer's contractual obligations by the guaranty association, along with all expenses thereof and interest on all such payments and expenses, shall have been repaid to the guaranty association or a plan of repayment by the impaired insurer shall have been approved by the association.

Sec. 29. 24

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.28, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

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Subd. 7. **Notice concerning limitations and exclusions.** (a) No person, including an a member insurer, agent, or affiliate of an a member insurer or agent, shall offer for sale in this state a covered life insurance, annuity, or health insurance policy or contract without delivering, either at the time of application for that policy or contract or at the time of delivery of the policy or contract, a notice in the form specified in subdivision 8, or in a form approved by the commissioner under paragraph (b), relating to coverage provided by the Minnesota Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association. The notice may be part of the application. A copy of the notice must be given to the applicant or the policyholder policy owner, contract owner, certificate holder, or enrollee. The person offering the policy or contract shall document the fact that the notice was given at the time of application or the fact that the notice was delivered at the time the policy or contract was delivered. This does not require that the receipt of the notice be acknowledged by the applicant.

- (b) The association may prepare, and file with the commissioner for approval, a form of notice as an alternative to the form of notice specified in subdivision 8 describing the general purposes and limitations of this chapter. The form of notice shall:
- 25.17 (1) state the name, address, and telephone number of the Minnesota Life and Health
  25.18 Insurance Guaranty Association;
  - (2) prominently warn the policy or owner, contract owner, certificate holder, or enrollee that the Minnesota Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association may not cover the policy or, if coverage is available, it will be subject to substantial limitations and exclusions and conditioned on continued residence in the state;
  - (3) state that the <u>member</u> insurer and its agents are prohibited by law from using the existence of the Minnesota Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association for the purpose of sales, solicitation, or inducement to purchase any form of insurance <u>or health maintenance</u> organization coverage;
  - (4) emphasize that the policy of owner, contract, owner, certificate holder, or enrollee should not rely on coverage under the Minnesota Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association when selecting an insurer or health maintenance organization;
  - (5) provide other information as directed by the commissioner. The commissioner may approve any form of notice proposed by the association and, as to the approved form of notice, the association may notify all member insurers by mail or other electronic means that the form of notice is available as an alternative to the notice specified in subdivision 8.

Sec. 30. 25

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26.1	(c) A policy or contract not covered by the Minnesota Life and Health Insurance Guaranty
26.2	Association or the Minnesota Insurance Guaranty Association must contain the following
26.3	notice in ten-point type, stamped in red ink or contrasting type on the policy or contract and
26.4	the application:
26.5	"THIS POLICY OR CONTRACT IS NOT PROTECTED BY THE MINNESOTA LIFE
26.6	AND HEALTH INSURANCE GUARANTY ASSOCIATION OR THE MINNESOTA
26.7	INSURANCE GUARANTY ASSOCIATION. IN THE CASE OF INSOLVENCY,
26.8	PAYMENT OF CLAIMS IS NOT GUARANTEED. ONLY THE ASSETS OF THIS
26.9	INSURER OR HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION WILL BE AVAILABLE
26.10	TO PAY YOUR CLAIM."
26.11	This section does not apply to fraternal benefit societies regulated under chapter 64B.
26.12	Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 61B.28, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
26.13	Subd. 8. Form. The form of notice referred to in subdivision 7, paragraph (a), is as
26.14	follows:
26.15	"
26.16	
26.17	
26.18	(insert name, current address, and
26.19	telephone number of member insurer)
26.20	NOTICE CONCERNING POLICYHOLDER RIGHTS IN AN
26.21	INSOLVENCY UNDER THE MINNESOTA LIFE AND HEALTH
26.22	INSURANCE GUARANTY ASSOCIATION LAW
26.23	If the insurer or health maintenance organization that issued your life, annuity, or health
26.24	insurance policy becomes impaired or insolvent, you are entitled to compensation for your
26.25	policy or contract from the assets of that insurer. The amount you recover will depend on
26.26	the financial condition of the insurer or health maintenance organization.
26.27	In addition, residents of Minnesota who purchase life insurance, annuities, or health
26.28	insurance, or health maintenance organization coverage from insurance companies authorized
26.29	to do business in Minnesota are protected, SUBJECT TO LIMITS AND EXCLUSIONS,
26.30	in the event the insurer or health maintenance organization becomes financially impaired
26.31	or insolvent. This protection is provided by the Minnesota Life and Health Insurance
26.32	Guaranty Association

Sec. 31. 26

For purposes of this notice, the terms "insurance company" and "insurer" include health maintenance organizations.

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## Minnesota Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association

(insert current

address and telephone number)

The maximum amount the guaranty association will pay for all policies or contracts issued on one life by the same insurer or health maintenance organization is limited to \$500,000. Subject to this \$500,000 limit, the guaranty association will pay up to \$500,000 in life insurance death benefits, \$130,000 in net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values for life insurance, \$500,000 in health insurance, health maintenance organization, and long-term care benefits, including any net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values, \$500,000 in disability income insurance, \$250,000 in annuity net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values, \$410,000 in present value of annuity benefits for annuities which are part of a structured settlement or for annuities in regard to which periodic annuity benefits, for a period of not less than the annuitant's lifetime or for a period certain of not less than ten years, have begun to be paid on or before the date of impairment or insolvency, or if no coverage limit has been specified for a covered policy or benefit, the coverage limit shall be \$500,000 in present value. Unallocated annuity contracts issued to retirement plans, other than defined benefit plans, established under section 401, 403(b), or 457 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 1992, are covered up to \$250,000 in net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values, for Minnesota residents covered by the plan provided, however, that the association shall not be responsible for more than \$10,000,000 in claims from all Minnesota residents covered by the plan. If total claims exceed \$10,000,000, the \$10,000,000 shall be prorated among all claimants. These are the maximum claim amounts. Coverage by the guaranty association is also subject to other substantial limitations and exclusions and requires continued residency in Minnesota. If your claim exceeds the guaranty association's limits, you may still recover a part or all of that amount from the proceeds of the liquidation of the insolvent insurer, if any exist. Funds to pay claims may not be immediately available. The guaranty association assesses insurers and health maintenance organizations licensed to sell life and health insurance in Minnesota after the insolvency occurs. Claims are paid from this assessment.

Benefits provided by a long-term care rider to a life insurance policy or annuity contract shall be considered the same type of benefits as the base life insurance policy or annuity contract to which it relates.

Sec. 31. 27

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28.1	THE COVERAGE PROVIDED BY THE GUARANTY ASSOCIATION IS NOT A
28.2	SUBSTITUTE FOR USING CARE IN SELECTING INSURANCE COMPANIES THAT
28.3	ARE WELL MANAGED AND FINANCIALLY STABLE. IN SELECTING AN
28.4	INSURANCE COMPANY, CONTRACT, OR POLICY, YOU SHOULD NOT RELY ON
28.5	COVERAGE BY THE GUARANTY ASSOCIATION.
28.6	THIS NOTICE IS REQUIRED BY MINNESOTA STATE LAW TO ADVISE
28.7	POLICYHOLDERS OF LIFE, ANNUITY, <del>OR</del> HEALTH INSURANCE, <u>OR HEALTH</u>
28.8	<u>MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION</u> POLICIES <u>AND CONTRACTS</u> OF THEIR RIGHTS
28.9	IN THE EVENT THEIR INSURANCE CARRIER BECOMES FINANCIALLY <u>IMPAIRED</u>
28.10	OR INSOLVENT. THIS NOTICE IN NO WAY IMPLIES THAT THE COMPANY
28.11	CURRENTLY HAS ANY TYPE OF FINANCIAL PROBLEMS. ALL LIFE, ANNUITY,
28.12	AND HEALTH INSURANCE, AND HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION
28.13	POLICIES AND CONTRACTS ARE REQUIRED TO PROVIDE THIS NOTICE."
28.14	Additional language may be added to the notice if approved by the commissioner prior
28.15	to its use in the form. This section does not apply to fraternal benefit societies regulated
28.16	under chapter 64B.
28.17	Sec. 32. [61B.33] RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF ASSOCIATION.
28.18	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the provisions of the Minnesota Life and
28.19	Health Insurance Guaranty Association Act in effect on the date the association first becomes
28.20	obligated for the policies or contracts of an insolvent or impaired member insurer govern
28.21	the association's rights or obligations to the policy owners, contract owners, or enrollees of
28.22	the insolvent or impaired member insurer.
28.23	Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 62D.18, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
28.24	Subdivision 1. Commissioner of health; order. The commissioner of health may apply
28.25	by verified petition to the district court of Ramsey County or the county in which the principal
28.26	office of the health maintenance organization is located for an order directing the
28.27	commissioner of health to rehabilitate or liquidate a health maintenance organization. The
28.28	rehabilitation or liquidation of a health maintenance organization shall be conducted under
28.29	the supervision of the commissioner of health under the procedures, and with the powers
28.30	granted to a rehabilitator or liquidator, in chapter 60B, except to the extent that the nature
28.31	of health maintenance organizations renders the procedures or powers clearly inappropriate
28.32	and as provided in this subdivision or in chapter 60B. A health maintenance organization
28.33	shall be considered an insurance company for the purposes of rehabilitation or liquidation

Sec. 33. 28

as provided in subdivisions 4, 6, and 7. For health maintenance organizations that will be liquidated on or after August 1, 2020, chapters 60B and 61B apply.

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- Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 297I.20, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Guaranty association assessment offsets.** (a) An insurance company or health maintenance organization may offset against its premium tax liability to this state any amount paid for assessments made for insolvencies which occur after July 31, 1994, under sections 60C.01 to 60C.22; and any amount paid for assessments made after July 31, 1994, under Minnesota Statutes 1992, sections 61B.01 to 61B.16, or under sections 61B.18 to 61B.32 as follows:
- (1) Each such assessment shall give rise to an amount of offset equal to 20 percent of the amount of the assessment for each of the five calendar years following the year in which the assessment was paid.
- (2) The amount of offset initially determined for each taxable year is the sum of the amounts determined under clause (1) for that taxable year.
- (b)(1) Each year the commissioner shall compare total guaranty association assessments levied over the preceding five calendar years to the sum of all premium tax and corporate franchise tax revenues collected from insurance companies and health maintenance organizations, without reduction for any guaranty association assessment offset in the preceding calendar year, referred to in this subdivision as "preceding year insurance tax revenues."
- (2) If total guaranty association assessments levied over the preceding five years exceed the preceding year insurance tax revenues, insurance companies and health maintenance organizations must be allowed only a proportionate part of the premium tax offset calculated under paragraph (a) for the current calendar year.
- (3) The proportionate part of the premium tax offset allowed in the current calendar year is determined by multiplying the amount calculated under paragraph (a) by a fraction. The numerator of the fraction equals the preceding year insurance tax revenues, and its denominator equals total guaranty association assessments levied over the preceding five-year period.
- 29.30 (4) The proportionate part of the premium tax offset that is not allowed must be carried 29.31 forward to subsequent tax years and added to the amount of premium tax offset calculated 29.32 under paragraph (a) prior to application of the limitation imposed by this paragraph.

Sec. 34. 29

(5) Any amount carried forward from prior years must be allowed before allowance of the offset for the current year calculated under paragraph (a).

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- (6) The premium tax offset limitation must be calculated separately for (i) insurance companies subject to assessment under sections 60C.01 to 60C.22, and (ii) insurance companies or health maintenance organizations subject to assessment under Minnesota Statutes 1992, sections 61B.01 to 61B.16, or 61B.18 to 61B.32.
- (7) When the premium tax offset is limited by this provision, the commissioner shall notify affected insurance companies or health maintenance organizations on a timely basis for purposes of completing premium and corporate franchise tax returns.
- (8) The guaranty associations created under sections 60C.01 to 60C.22, Minnesota Statutes 1992, sections 61B.01 to 61B.16, and 61B.18 to 61B.32, shall provide the commissioner with the necessary information on guaranty association assessments.
- (c)(1) If the offset determined by the application of paragraphs (a) and (b) exceeds the insurance company's or health maintenance organization's premium tax liability under this section prior to allowance of the credit for premium taxes, then the insurance company or health maintenance organization may carry forward the excess, referred to in this subdivision as the "carryforward credit" to subsequent taxable years.
- (2) The carryforward credit is allowed as an offset against premium tax liability for the first succeeding year to the extent that the premium tax liability for that year exceeds the amount of the allowable offset for the year determined under paragraphs (a) and (b).
- (3) The carryforward credit must be reduced, but not below zero, by the amount of the carryforward credit allowed as an offset against the premium tax under this paragraph. The remainder, if any, of the carryforward credit must be carried forward to succeeding taxable years until the entire carryforward credit has been credited against the insurance company's or health maintenance organization's liability for premium tax under this chapter if applicable for that taxable year.
- (d) When an insurer or health maintenance organization has offset against taxes its payment of an assessment of the Minnesota Life and Health Guaranty Association, and the association pays the insurer or health maintenance organization a refund with respect to the assessment under Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 61B.07, subdivision 6, or 61B.24, subdivision 6, then the refund reduces the insurer's or health maintenance organization's carryforward credit under paragraph (c). If the refund exceeds the amount of the carryforward credit, the excess amount must be repaid to the state by the insurers or health maintenance organizations to the extent of the offset in the manner the commissioner requires.

Sec. 34. 30

- 31.1 Sec. 35. **EFFECTIVE DATE.**
- Sections 1 to 35 are effective the day following final enactment."

31.3 Amend the title accordingly

Sec. 35. 31