1.1	moves to amend S.F. No. 1706, the first engrossment, as follows:
1.2	Page 1, after line 6, insert:
1.3	"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 550.136, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
1.4	Subd. 3. Limitation on levy on earnings. (a) Unless the judgment is for child support,
1.5	the maximum part of the aggregate disposable earnings of an individual for any pay period
1.6	subjected to an execution levy may not exceed the lesser of:
1.7	(1) 25 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable earnings; or
1.8	(2) the amount by which the judgment debtor's disposable earnings exceed the following
1.9	product greater of: (i) 40 times the hourly wage described in section 177.24, subdivision 1,
1.10	paragraph (b), item (iii); or (ii) 40 times the federal minimum hourly wages prescribed by
1.11	section 6(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, United States Code, title 29, section
1.12	206(a)(1), in effect at the time the earnings are payable, times the number of work weeks
1.13	in the pay period. When a pay period consists of other than a whole number of work weeks,
1.14	each day of that pay period in excess of the number of completed work weeks shall be
1.15	counted as a fraction of a work week equal to the number of excess workdays divided by
1.16	the number of days in the normal work week.
1.17	(b) If the judgment is for child support, the levy may not exceed:
1.18	(1) 50 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable income, if the judgment debtor is
1.19	supporting a spouse or dependent child and the judgment is 12 weeks old or less (12 weeks
1.20	to be calculated to the beginning of the work week in which the execution levy is received);
1.21	(2) 55 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable income, if the judgment debtor is
1.22	supporting a spouse or dependent child, and the judgment is over 12 weeks old (12 weeks
1.23	to be calculated to the beginning of the work week in which the execution levy is received);

- 2.1 (3) 60 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable income, if the judgment debtor is not
 2.2 supporting a spouse or dependent child and the judgment is 12 weeks old or less (12 weeks
 2.3 to be calculated to the beginning of the work week in which the execution levy is received);
 2.4 or
- 2.5 (4) 65 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable income, if the judgment debtor is not
 2.6 supporting a spouse or dependent child, and the judgment is over 12 weeks old (12 weeks
 2.7 to be calculated to the beginning of the work week in which the execution levy is received).
- Execution levies under this section on judgments for child support are effective until
 the judgments are satisfied if the judgment creditor is a county and the employer is notified
 by the county when the judgment is satisfied.
- 2.11 (c) No court may make, execute, or enforce an order or any process in violation of this2.12 section.

2.13 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 550.136, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Multiple levies on earnings. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter or 2.14 section 518A.53, the priority of multiple earnings execution levies is determined by the 2.15 order in which the execution levies were served on the employer. If the employer is served 2.16 with two or more writs of execution at the same time on the same day, the writ of execution 2.17 issued pursuant to the first judgment entered has priority. If two or more execution levies 2.18 are served on the same day and are based on judgments entered on the same day, then the 2.19 employer shall select the priority of the earnings levies. However, in all cases except earnings 2.20 execution levies on judgments for child support if the judgment creditor is a county and the 2.21 employer is notified by the county when the judgment is satisfied, the execution levies shall 2.22 be effective no longer than 70 90 days from the date of the service of the writ of execution. 2.23

2.24 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 550.136, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Earnings attachable. (a) Subject to the exemptions provided by sections 550.37 2.25 and 571.922, and any other applicable statute, and except as otherwise provided in paragraph 2.26 (b), the service of a writ of execution under this chapter attaches all unpaid nonexempt 2.27 disposable earnings owing or to be owed by the third party and earned or to be earned by 2.28 the judgment debtor before and within the pay period in which the writ of execution is 2.29 served and within all subsequent pay periods whose paydays occur within the 70 90 days 2.30 after the date of service of the writ of execution. "Paydays" means the days upon which the 2.31 third party pays earnings to the judgment debtor in the ordinary course of business. If the 2.32 judgment debtor has no regular paydays, paydays means the 15th day and the last day of 2.33

3.1	each month. If the levy attaches less than \$10, the third party shall not retain and remit the
3.2	sum.
3.3	(b) The service of a writ of execution on a judgment for child support attaches to all
3.4	unpaid nonexempt disposable earnings owing or to be owed by the third party and earned
3.5	or to be earned by the judgment debtor before and within the pay period in which the writ
3.6	of execution is served and within all subsequent pay periods until the judgment is satisfied
3.7	if the judgment creditor is a county and the third party is notified by the county when the
3.8	judgment is satisfied.
3.9	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 550.136, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
3.10	Subd. 9. Execution earnings disclosure form and worksheet. The judgment creditor
3.11	shall provide to the sheriff for service upon the judgment debtor's employer an execution
3.12	earnings disclosure form and an earnings disclosure worksheet with the writ of execution,
3.13	that must be substantially in the form set forth below.
3.14	STATE OF MINNESOTA DISTRICT COURT
3.15	COUNTY OFJUDICIAL DISTRICT
3.16	FILE NO
3.17	(Judgment Creditor)
3.18	against EARNINGS
3.19	(Judgment Debtor) EXECUTION
3.20	and DISCLOSURE
3.21	(Third Party)
3.22	DEFINITIONS
3.23	"EARNINGS": For the purpose of execution, "earnings" means compensation paid or
3.24	payable to an employee for personal services or compensation paid or payable to the producer
3.25	for the sale of agricultural products; milk or milk products; or fruit or other horticultural
3.26	products produced when the producer is operating a family farm, a family farm corporation,

- 3.27 or an authorized farm corporation, as defined in section 500.24, subdivision 2, whether
 3.28 denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonus, or otherwise, and includes periodic
 3.29 payments pursuant to a pension or retirement.
- 3.30 "DISPOSABLE EARNINGS": Means that part of the earnings of an individual remaining
 after the deduction from those earnings of amounts required by law to be withheld. (Amounts
 required by law to be withheld do not include items such as health insurance, charitable
 contributions, or other voluntary wage deductions.)

4.1	"PAYDAY": For the purpose of execution, "payday(s)" means the date(s) upon which	
4.2	the employer pays earnings to the debtor in the ordinary course of business. If the judgment	
4.3	debtor has no regular payday, payday(s) means the 15th and the last day of each month.	
4.4	THE THIRD PARTY/EMPLOYER MUST ANSWER THE FOLLOWING	
4.5	QUESTIONS:	
4.6	(1) Do you now owe, or within $70 90$ days from the date the execution levy was served	
4.7	on you, will you or may you owe money to the judgment debtor for earnings?	
4.8	Yes No	
4.9	(2) Does the judgment debtor earn more than \$ per week? (this amount is the federal	
4.10	minimum wage per week)	
4.11	Yes No	
4.12	INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE	
4.13	EARNINGS DISCLOSURE	
4.14	A. If your answer to either question 1 or 2 is "No," then you must sign the affirmation	
4.15	below and return this disclosure to the sheriff within 20 days after it was served on you,	
4.16	and you do not need to answer the remaining questions.	
4.17	B. If your answers to both questions 1 and 2 are "Yes," you must complete this form	
4.18	and the Earnings Disclosure Worksheet as follows:	
4.19	For each payday that falls within 7090 days from the date the execution levy was served	
4.20	on you, YOU MUST calculate the amount of earnings to be retained by completing steps	
4.21	3 through 11 on page 2, and enter the amounts on the Earnings Disclosure Worksheet.	
4.22	UPON REQUEST, THE EMPLOYER MUST PROVIDE THE DEBTOR WITH	
4.23	INFORMATION AS TO HOW THE CALCULATIONS REQUIRED BY THIS	
4.24	DISCLOSURE WERE MADE.	
4.25	Each payday, you must retain the amount of earnings listed in column I on the Earnings	
4.26	Disclosure Worksheet.	
4.27	You must pay the attached earnings and return this earnings disclosure form and the	
4.28	Earnings Disclosure Worksheet to the sheriff and deliver a copy of the disclosure and	
4.29	worksheet to the judgment debtor within ten days after the last payday that falls within	
4.30	the 70-day 90-day period. If the judgment is wholly satisfied or if the judgment debtor's	
4.31	employment ends before the expiration of the 70-day 90-day period, your disclosure	
4.32	and remittance should be made within ten days after the last payday for which earnings	
4.33	were attached.	

5.1	For steps 3 through 11, "columns" refers to columns on the Earnings Disclosure

5.2	Worksheet.		
5.3	(3)	COLUMN A.	Enter the date of judgment debtor's payday.
5.4	(4)	COLUMN B.	Enter judgment debtor's gross earnings for each payday.
5.5 5.6	(5)	COLUMN C.	Enter judgment debtor's disposable earnings for each payday.
5.7 5.8	(6)	COLUMN D.	Enter 25 percent of disposable earnings. (Multiply column C by .25.)
 5.9 5.10 5.11 5.12 5.13 5.14 5.15 5.16 	(7)	COLUMN E.	 Enter here the greater of 40 times \$ 9.50 or 40 times the hourly federal minimum wage (\$) times the number of work weeks included in each payday. (Note: If a payday includes days in excess of whole work weeks, the additional days should be counted as a fraction of a work week equal to the number of workdays in excess of a whole work week divided by the number of workdays in a normal work week.)
5.17 5.18	(8)	COLUMN F.	Subtract the amount in column E from the amount in column C, and enter here.
5.19 5.20	(9)	COLUMN G.	Enter here the lesser of the amount in column D and the amount in column F.
5.21 5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25 5.26 5.27 5.28 5.29 5.30 5.31	(10)	COLUMN H.	Enter here any amount claimed by you as a setoff, defense, lien, or claim, or any amount claimed by any other person as an exemption or adverse interest which would reduce the amount of earnings owing to the judgment debtor. (Note: Any indebtedness to you incurred within ten days prior to your receipt of the first execution levy on a debt may not be set off against the earnings otherwise subject to this levy. Any wage assignment made by the judgment debtor within ten days prior to your receipt of the first execution levy on a debt is void.)
5.32 5.33 5.34 5.35			You must also describe your claim(s) and the claims of others, if known, in the space provided below the worksheet and state the name(s) and address(es) of these persons.
5.36 5.37 5.38			Enter zero in column H if there are no claims by you or others which would reduce the amount of earnings owing to the judgment debtor.
5.39 5.40 5.41 5.42	(11)	COLUMN I.	Subtract the amount in column H from the amount in column G and enter here. This is the amount of earnings that you must remit for the payday for which the calculations were made.
5.43			AFFIRMATION
5.44	I,	(person signii	ng Affirmation), am the third party/employer or I am
5.45			ployer to complete this earnings disclosure, and have done
5.46	so truthfully and to the best of my knowledge.		

HOUSE RESEARCH

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6.1	DATED:			
6.2			Signature	
6.3				
6.4			Title	
6.5				
6.6			Telephone Number	•
6.7	EARNINGS DISCLOSURE WORK	SHEET		
6.8			Debtor's Name	
6.9	A	В		С
6.10 6.11	Payday Date	Gross Earnii	ngs	Disposable Earnings
6.12	1	\$		\$
6.13	2	•••••		
6.14	3			
6.15	4			
6.16	5			
6.17	6			
6.18	7			
6.19	8			
6.20	9			
6.21	10			
6.22	D	Е		F
6.23 6.24 6.25	25% of Column C	Greater of 4 \$9.50 or 40 Fed. Min. W	X	Column C minus Column E
6.26	1			
6.27	2			
6.28	3			
6.29	4			
6.30	5			
6.31	6			
6.32	7			
6.33	8			
6.34	9			
6.35	10			

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7.1	G	Н	Ι
7.2	Lesser of	Setoff, Lien,	Column G minus
7.3 7.4	Column D and Column F	Adverse Interest, or Other Claims	Column H
7.5	1		
	2		
7.6	3		
7.7	4		
7.8	5		
7.9	6		
7.10			
7.11	7		
7.12	8		
7.13	9		
7.14	10		
7.15		TOTAL OF CO	DLUMN I \$
7.16	*If you entered any amount ir	n column H for any payday(s)	, you must describe below
7.17	either your claims, or the claims	of others. For amounts claime	d by others, you must both
7.18	state the names and addresses of	such persons, and the nature of	of their claim, if known.
7.10			
7.19			
7.20			
7.21			
7.22		AFFIRMATION	
7.23	I, (person signing A	Affirmation), am the third par	ty or I am authorized by the
7.24	third party to complete this earning		
7.25	to the best of my knowledge.		nuve done so traditally and
1.23	to the best of my knowledge.		
7.26			
7.27		Si	gnature
7.28	Dated:	(.)
7.29	Tit	le Pl	none Number
7.30	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2018	3, section 550.136, subdivision	n 10, is amended to read:
7.31	Subd. 10. Execution earning	s disclosure form and works	sheet for child support
7.32	judgments. The judgment credit		

7.33 support judgment debtor's employer an execution earnings disclosure form and an earnings

8.1	disclosure worksheet with the writ of execution, that must be substantially in the form set
8.2	forth below.
8.3	STATE OF MINNESOTA DISTRICT COURT
8.4	COUNTY OFJUDICIAL DISTRICT
8.5	FILE NO
8.6	(Judgment Creditor)
8.7	against EARNINGS
8.8	(Judgment Debtor) EXECUTION
8.9	and DISCLOSURE
8.10	(Third Party)
8.11	DEFINITIONS
8.12	"EARNINGS": For the purpose of execution, "earnings" means compensation paid or
8.13	payable to an employee for personal services or compensation paid or payable to the producer
8.14	for the sale of agricultural products; milk or milk products; or fruit or other horticultural
8.15	products produced when the producer is operating a family farm, a family farm corporation,
8.16	or an authorized farm corporation, as defined in section 500.24, subdivision 2, whether
8.17	denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonus, or otherwise, and includes periodic
8.18	payments pursuant to a pension or retirement, workers' compensation, or unemployment
8.19	benefits.
8.20	"DISPOSABLE EARNINGS": Means that part of the earnings of an individual remaining
8.21	after the deduction from those earnings of amounts required by law to be withheld. (Amounts
8.22	required by law to be withheld do not include items such as health insurance, charitable
8.23	contributions, or other voluntary wage deductions.)
8.24	"PAYDAY": For the purpose of execution, "payday(s)" means the date(s) upon which
8.25	the employer pays earnings to the debtor in the ordinary course of business. If the judgment
8.26	debtor has no regular payday, payday(s) means the 15th and the last day of each month.
8.27	THE THIRD PARTY/EMPLOYER MUST ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTION:
8.28	(1) Do you now owe, or within $70 \underline{90}$ days from the date the execution levy was served
8.29	on you, will you or may you owe money to the judgment debtor for earnings?
8.30	Yes No
8.31	INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE
8.32	EARNINGS DISCLOSURE

A. If your answer to question 1 is "No," then you must sign the affirmation below and
return this disclosure to the sheriff within 20 days after it was served on you, and you do
not need to answer the remaining questions.

- 9.4 B. If your answer to question 1 is "Yes," you must complete this form and the Earnings
 9.5 Disclosure Worksheet as follows:
- 9.6 For each payday that falls within 70 90 days from the date the execution levy was served
 9.7 on you, YOU MUST calculate the amount of earnings to be retained by completing steps
 9.8 2 through 8 on page 2, and enter the amounts on the Earnings Disclosure Worksheet.
 9.9 UPON REQUEST, THE EMPLOYER MUST PROVIDE THE DEBTOR WITH
 9.10 INFORMATION AS TO HOW THE CALCULATIONS REQUIRED BY THIS

9.11 DISCLOSURE WERE MADE.

9.12 Each payday, you must retain the amount of earnings listed in column G on the Earnings9.13 Disclosure Worksheet.

- 9.14 You must pay the attached earnings and return this earnings disclosure form and the
 9.15 Earnings Disclosure Worksheet to the sheriff and deliver a copy of the disclosure and
 9.16 worksheet to the judgment debtor within ten days after the last payday that falls within
 9.17 the 70-day 90-day period. If the judgment is wholly satisfied or if the judgment debtor's
 9.18 employment ends before the expiration of the 70-day 90-day period, your disclosure
 9.19 and remittance should be made within ten days after the last payday for which earnings
 9.20 were attached.
- 9.21 For steps 2 through 8, "columns" refers to columns on the Earnings Disclosure Worksheet.
- 9.22 (2) COLUMN A. Enter the date of judgment debtor's payday.

9.23 (3) COLUMN B. Enter judgment debtor's gross earnings for each payday.

- 9.24 (4) COLUMN C. Enter judgment debtor's disposable earnings for each payday.
- 9.25 (5) COLUMN D. Enter either 50, 55, 60, or 65 percent of disposable earnings, based
 9.26 on which of the following descriptions fits the child support judgment debtor:
- 9.27 (a) 50 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable income, if the judgment debtor is
 9.28 supporting a spouse or dependent child and the judgment is 12 weeks old or less (12 weeks
 9.29 to be calculated to the beginning of the work week in which the execution levy is received);
- 9.30 (b) 55 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable income, if the judgment debtor is
 9.31 supporting a spouse or dependent child, and the judgment is over 12 weeks old (12 weeks
 9.32 to be calculated to the beginning of the work week in which the execution levy is received);

(c) 60 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable income, if the judgment debtor is not 10.1 supporting a spouse or dependent child and the judgment is 12 weeks old or less (12 weeks 10.2 to be calculated to the beginning of the work week in which the execution levy is received); 10.3 10.4 or

(d) 65 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable income, if the judgment debtor is not 10.5 supporting a spouse or dependent child, and the judgment is over 12 weeks old (12 weeks 10.6 to be calculated to the beginning of the work week in which the execution levy is received). 10.7 (Multiply column C by .50, .55, .60, or .65, as appropriate.) 10.8

(6) COLUMN E. Enter here any amount claimed by you as a setoff, defense, lien, or 10.9 10.10 claim, or any amount claimed by any other person as an exemption or adverse interest that would reduce the amount of earnings owing to the judgment debtor. (Note: Any indebtedness 10.11 to you incurred within ten days prior to your receipt of the first execution levy may not be 10.12 set off against the earnings otherwise subject to this levy. Any wage assignment made by 10.13 the judgment debtor within ten days prior to your receipt of the first execution levy is void.) 10.14

You must also describe your claim(s) and the claims of others, if known, in the space 10.15 provided below the worksheet and state the name(s) and address(es) of these persons. 10.16

Enter zero in column E if there are no claims by you or others that would reduce the 10.17 amount of earnings owing to the judgment debtor. 10.18

(7) COLUMN F. Subtract the amount in column E from the amount in column D and 10.19 enter here. This is the amount of earnings that you must remit for the payday for which the 10.20 calculations were made. 10.21

10.22

AFFIRMATION

I, (person signing Affirmation), am the third party/employer or I am 10.23 authorized by the third party/employer to complete this earnings disclosure, and have done 10.24 10.25 so truthfully and to the best of my knowledge.

10.26	DATED:	
10.27		Signature
10.28		
10.29		Title
10.30		
10.31		Telephone Number
10.32	EARNINGS DISCLOSURE WORKSHEET	
10.33		Debtor's Name

11.1	А	В	С
11.2 11.3	Payday Date	Gross Earnings	Disposable Earnings
11.4	1	\$	\$
11.5	2		
11.6	3		
11.7	4		
11.8	5		
11.9	6		
11.10	7		
11.11	8		
11.12	9		
11.13	10		
11.14	D	E	F
11.15	Either 50, 55, 60, or	Setoff, Lien,	Column D minus
11.16 11.17	65% of Column C	Adverse Interest, or Other Claims	Column E
11.18	1		
11.19	2		
11.20	3		
11.20	4		
11.22	5		
11.22	6		
11.24	7		
11.24	8		
11.26	9		
11.20	10		
11.27	10	TOTAL OF COLUMN F	
11.20			
11.29	*If you entered any amount in col	umn E for any payday(s), you mus	t describe below
11.30	either your claims, or the claims of ot	hers. For amounts claimed by othe	rs, you must both
11.31	state the names and addresses of such	persons, and the nature of their cla	aim, if known.
11.32			
11.33			
11.34			
11.35		AFFIRMATION	

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12.4		
12.5		Signature
12.6	Dated:	()
12.7	Title	Phone Number

12.8 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 550.136, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. Third-party disclosure and remittance obligation. If there are no attachable 12.9 earnings, the third party shall serve the execution earnings disclosure form upon the sheriff 12.10 within 20 days after service of the writ of execution. However, if the judgment debtor has 12.11 12.12 attachable earnings, the third party shall serve the execution earnings disclosure form and remit to the sheriff the attached earnings within ten days of the last payday to occur within 12.13 the 70 90 days after the date of the service of the execution. If the judgment is wholly 12.14 satisfied or if the judgment debtor's employment ends before the expiration of the 70-day 12.15 90-day period, the disclosure and remittance should be made within ten days after the last 12.16 payday for which earnings were attached. The amount of the third party's execution earnings 12.17 disclosure form and remittance need not exceed 110 percent of the amount of the judgment 12.18 12.19 creditor's judgment that remains unpaid, after subtracting the total of setoffs, defenses, exemption, or other adverse interests. If the disclosure is by a corporation, it shall be made 12.20 by an officer or an authorized agent having knowledge of the facts. 12.21

12.22 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 551.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Property attachable. Subject to the exemptions provided by subdivision 3 and
section 550.37, and any other applicable statute, the service of a writ of execution under
this chapter attaches:

(a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (c), all unpaid nonexempt disposable earnings owing or to be owed by the third party and earned or to be earned by the judgment debtor within the pay period in which the writ of execution is served and within all subsequent pay periods whose paydays occur within the $70 \ 90$ days after the date of service of the writ of execution. "Payday" means the day upon which the third party pays earnings to the judgment debtor in the ordinary course of business. If the judgment debtor has no regular paydays, payday means the 15th day and the last day of each month.

(b) All other nonexempt indebtedness or money due or belonging to the judgment debtor
and owing by the third party or in the possession or under the control of the third party at
the time of service of the writ of execution, whether or not the same, has become payable.
The third party shall not be compelled to pay or deliver the same before the time specified
by any agreement unless the agreement was fraudulently contracted to defeat an execution
levy or other collection remedy.

(c) For an execution on a judgment for child support, all unpaid nonexempt disposable
earnings owing or to be owed by the third party and earned or to be earned by the judgment
debtor within the pay period in which the writ of execution is served and within all subsequent
pay periods until the judgment is satisfied if the judgment creditor is a county and the third
party is notified by the county when the judgment is satisfied.

13.12 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 551.04, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. Forms. No judgment creditor shall use a form that contains alterations or 13.13 changes from the statutory forms that mislead judgment debtors as to their rights and the 13.14 execution procedure generally. If a court finds that a judgment creditor has used a misleading 13.15 form, the judgment debtor shall be awarded actual damages, costs, reasonable attorney's 13.16 fees resulting from additional proceedings, and an amount not to exceed \$100. All forms 13.17 must be clearly legible and printed in not less than the equivalent of 10-point type. A form 13.18 13.19 that uses both sides of a sheet must clearly indicate on the front side that there is additional information on the back side of the sheet. 13.20

Forms, including the statutory forms, used in executions upon earnings for the satisfaction of judgments for child support must be changed by the creditor to reflect the fact that the 70-day 90-day period of effectiveness does not apply to these executions if the judgment creditor is a county and the employer is notified by the county when the judgment is satisfied.

13.25 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 551.06, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Limitation on levy on earnings. (a) Unless the judgment is for child support,
the maximum part of the aggregate disposable earnings of an individual for any pay period
subjected to an execution levy may not exceed the lesser of:

13.29 (1) 25 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable earnings; or

(2) the amount by which the judgment debtor's disposable earnings exceed the following
product greater of: (i) 40 times the hourly wage described in section 177.24, subdivision 1,
paragraph (b), item (iii); or (ii) 40 times the federal minimum hourly wages prescribed by

section 6(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, United States Code, title 29, section
206(a)(1), in effect at the time the earnings are payable, times the number of work weeks
in the pay period. When a pay period consists of other than a whole number of work weeks,
each day of that pay period in excess of the number of completed work weeks shall be
counted as a fraction of a work week equal to the number of excess workdays divided by
the number of days in the normal work week.

14.7 (b) If the judgment is for child support, the levy may not exceed:

(1) 50 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable income, if the judgment debtor is
supporting a spouse or dependent child and the judgment is 12 weeks old or less (12 weeks
to be calculated to the beginning of the work week in which the execution levy is received);

(2) 55 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable income, if the judgment debtor is
supporting a spouse or dependent child, and the judgment is over 12 weeks old (12 weeks
to be calculated to the beginning of the work week in which the execution levy is received);

(3) 60 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable income, if the judgment debtor is not
supporting a spouse or dependent child and the judgment is 12 weeks old or less (12 weeks
to be calculated to the beginning of the work week in which the execution levy is received);
or

(4) 65 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable income, if the judgment debtor is not
supporting a spouse or dependent child, and the judgment is over 12 weeks old (12 weeks
to be calculated to the beginning of the work week in which the execution levy is received).

Execution levies under this section on judgments for child support are effective until
the judgments are satisfied if the judgment creditor is a county and the employer is notified
by the county when the judgment is satisfied.

14.24 (c) No court may make, execute, or enforce an order or any process in violation of this14.25 section.

14.26 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 551.06, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Multiple levies on earnings.** Except as otherwise provided in this chapter or section 518A.53, the priority of multiple earnings execution levies is determined by the order in which the execution levies were served on the employer. If the employer is served with two or more writs of execution at the same time on the same day, the writ of execution issued pursuant to the first judgment entered has priority. If two or more execution levies are served on the same day and are based on judgments entered on the same day, then the employer shall select the priority of the earnings levies. However, in all cases except earnings

execution levies on judgments for child support if the judgment creditor is a county and the 15.1 employer is notified by the county when the judgment is satisfied, the execution levies shall 15.2 be effective no longer than 70 90 days from the date of the service of the writ of execution. 15.3

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 551.06, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 15.4

Subd. 5. Earnings attachable. (a) Subject to the exemptions provided by subdivision 15.5 3 and section 550.37, and any other applicable statute, and except as otherwise provided in 15.6 15.7 paragraph (b), the service of a writ of execution under this chapter attaches all unpaid nonexempt disposable earnings owing or to be owed by the third party and earned or to be 15.8 earned by the judgment debtor before and within the pay period in which the writ of execution 15.9 is served and within all subsequent pay periods whose paydays occur within the 70 90days 15.10 after the date of service of the writ of execution. "Paydays" means the days upon which the 15.11 third party pays earnings to the judgment debtor in the ordinary course of business. If the 15.12 judgment debtor has no regular paydays, paydays means the 15th day and the last day of 15.13 each month. If the levy attaches less than \$10, the third party shall not retain and remit the 15.14 sum. 15.15

(b) The service of a writ of execution on a judgment for child support attaches to all 15.16 unpaid nonexempt disposable earnings owing or to be owed by the third party and earned 15.17 or to be earned by the judgment debtor before and within the pay period in which the writ 15.18 15.19 of execution is served and within all subsequent pay periods until the judgment is satisfied if the judgment creditor is a county and the third party is notified by the county when the 15.20 judgment is satisfied. 15.21

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 551.06, subdivision 9, is amended to read: 15.22

Subd. 9. Notice of levy on earnings, disclosure, and worksheet. The attorney for the 15.23 judgment creditor shall serve upon the judgment debtor's employer a notice of levy on 15.24 earnings and an execution earnings disclosure form and an earnings disclosure worksheet 15.25 with the writ of execution, that must be substantially in the form set forth below. 15.26

15.27	STATE OF MINNESOTA	DISTRICT COURT
15.28	COUNTY OF	JUDICIAL DISTRICT
15.29		FILE NO
15.30	(Judgment Creditor)	
15.31	against	NOTICE OF LEVY ON
15.32		EARNINGS AND DISCLOSURE
15.33	(Judgment Debtor)	

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16.1	and		
16.2	(Third Party)		
16.3	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, sections 551.04 and		
16.4	551.06, the undersigned, as attorney for the judgment	t creditor, hereby makes demand and	
16.5	levies execution upon all earnings due and owing by	you (up to \$10,000) to the judgment	
16.6	debtor for the amount of the judgment specified below	w. A copy of the writ of execution	
16.7	issued by the court is enclosed. The unpaid judgment	balance is \$	
16.8	This levy attaches all unpaid nonexempt disposab	le earnings owing or to be owed by	
16.9	you and earned or to be earned by the judgment debto	or before and within the pay period in	
16.10	which the writ of execution is served and within all su	bsequent pay periods whose paydays	
16.11	occur within the $70 \underline{90}$ days after the service of this levy.		
16.12	In responding to this levy, you are to complete the at	ttached disclosure form and worksheet	
16.13	and mail it to the undersigned attorney for the judgme	ent creditor, together with your check	
16.14	payable to the above-named judgment creditor, for the nonexempt amount owed by you to		
16.15	the judgment debtor or for which you are obligated to the judgment debtor, within the time		
16.16	limits set forth in the aforementioned statutes.		
16.17			
16.18		Attorney for the Judgment Creditor	
16.19			
16.20			
16.21			
16.22		Address	
16.23		()	
16.24		Phone Number	
16.25	DISCLOSURE		
16.26	DEFINITIONS		
16.27	"EARNINGS": For the purpose of execution, "ear	mings" means compensation paid or	
16.28	payable to an employee for personal services or compen	nsation paid or payable to the producer	
16.29	for the sale of agricultural products; milk or milk pro-	ducts; or fruit or other horticultural	
16.30	products produced when the producer is operating a fa	mily farm, a family farm corporation,	
16.31	or an authorized farm corporation, as defined in section	on 500.24, subdivision 2, whether	
16.32	denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonus, or	otherwise, and includes periodic	
16.33	payments pursuant to a pension or retirement.		

17.1	"DISPOSABLE EARNINGS": Means that part of the earnings of an individual remaining		
17.2	after the deduction from those earnings of amounts required by law to be withheld. (Amounts		
17.3	required by law to be withheld do not include items such as health insurance, charitable		
17.4	contributions, or other voluntary wage deductions.)		
17.5	"PAYDAY": For the purpose of execution, "payday(s)" means the date(s) upon which		
17.6	the employer pays earnings to the judgment debtor in the ordinary course of business. If		
17.7	the judgment debtor has no regular payday, payday(s) means the 15th and the last day of		
17.8	each month.		
17.9	THE THIRD PARTY/EMPLOYER MUST ANSWER THE FOLLOWING		
17.10	QUESTIONS:		
17.11	1. Do you now owe, or within 70 days from the date the execution levy was served on		
17.12	you, will you or may you owe money to the judgment debtor for earnings?		
17.13	Yes No		
17.14	2. Does the judgment debtor earn more than \$ per week? (This amount is the greater		
17.15	of \$9.50 per hour or the federal minimum wage per week.)		
17.16	Yes No		
17.17	INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE		
17.18	EARNINGS DISCLOSURE		
17.19	A. If your answer to either question 1 or 2 is "No," then you must sign the affirmation		
17.20	on page 2 and return this disclosure to the judgment creditor's attorney within 20 days after		
17.21	it was served on you, and you do not need to answer the remaining questions.		
17.22	B. If your answers to both questions 1 and 2 are "Yes," you must complete this form		
17.23	and the Earnings Disclosure Worksheet as follows:		
17.24	For each payday that falls within 7090 days from the date the execution levy was served		
17.25	on you, YOU MUST calculate the amount of earnings to be retained by completing steps		
17.26	3 through 11 on page 2, and enter the amounts on the Earnings Disclosure Worksheet.		
17.27	UPON REQUEST, THE EMPLOYER MUST PROVIDE THE DEBTOR WITH		
17.28	INFORMATION AS TO HOW THE CALCULATIONS REQUIRED BY THIS		
17.29	DISCLOSURE WERE MADE.		
17.30	Each payday, you must retain the amount of earnings listed in column I on the Earnings		
17.31	Disclosure Worksheet.		

- 18.1 You must pay the attached earnings and return this Earnings Disclosure Form and the
- 18.2 Earnings Disclosure Worksheet to the judgment creditor's attorney and deliver a copy
- 18.3 to the judgment debtor within ten days after the last payday that falls within the 70-day
- 18.4 <u>90-day period.</u>
- 18.5 If the judgment is wholly satisfied or if the judgment debtor's employment ends before
- 18.6 the expiration of the 70-day 90 day period, your disclosure and remittance should be
- 18.7 made within ten days after the last payday for which earnings were attached.

18.8 For steps 3 through 11, "columns" refers to columns on the Earnings Disclosure Worksheet.

18.9	3.	COLUMN A.	Enter the date of judgment debtor's payday.
18.10	4.	COLUMN B.	Enter judgment debtor's gross earnings for each payday.
18.11 18.12	5.	COLUMN C.	Enter judgment debtor's disposable earnings for each payday.
18.13 18.14	6.	COLUMN D.	Enter 25 percent of disposable earnings. (Multiply Column C by .25.)
18.15 18.16 18.17 18.18 18.19 18.20 18.21 18.22	7.	COLUMN E.	Enter here the greater of 40 times \$9.50 or 40 times the hourly federal minimum wage (\$) times the number of work weeks included in each payday. (Note: If a pay period includes days in excess of whole work weeks, the additional days should be counted as a fraction of a work week equal to the number of workdays in excess of a whole work week divided by the number of workdays in a normal work week.)
18.23 18.24	8.	COLUMN F.	Subtract the amount in Column E from the amount in Column C, and enter here.
18.25 18.26	9.	COLUMN G.	Enter here the lesser of the amount in Column D and the amount in Column F.
18.27 18.28 18.29 18.30 18.31 18.32 18.33 18.34 18.35 18.36 18.37	10.	COLUMN H.	Enter here any amount claimed by you as a setoff, defense, lien, or claim, or any amount claimed by any other person as an exemption or adverse interest which would reduce the amount of earnings owing to the judgment debtor. (Note: Any indebtedness to you incurred within ten days prior to your receipt of the first execution levy on a debt may not be set off against the earnings otherwise subject to this levy. Any wage assignment made by the judgment debtor within ten days prior to your receipt of the first execution levy on a debt is void.)
18.38 18.39 18.40 18.41			You must also describe your claim(s) and the claims of others, if known, in the space provided below the worksheet and state the name(s) and address(es) of these persons.
18.42 18.43 18.44			Enter zero in Column H if there are no claims by you or others which would reduce the amount of earnings owing to the judgment debtor.
18.45 18.46	11.	COLUMN I.	Subtract the amount in Column H from the amount in Column G and enter here. This is the amount of earnings

	02/06/20 04:13 pm	HOUSE RESEARC	CH MM/JF S1706A2
19.1 19.2 19.3 19.4		calculations were made	the payday for which the The total of all amounts entered ant to be remitted to the attorney or.
19.5		AFFIRMATION	
19.6	I, (person signin	g Affirmation), am the thi	rd party/employer or I am
19.7	authorized by the third party/emp	ployer to complete this ear	nings disclosure, and have done
19.8	so truthfully and to the best of m	y knowledge.	
19.9	Dated:		
19.10		Si	gnature
19.11			
19.12		Ti	ile
19.13 19.14			lephone Number
			-
19.15	EARNIN	GS DISCLOSURE WOR	KSHEET
19.16			
19.17		Judgment Debtor's Name	
19.18	А	В	С
19.19 19.20	Payday Date	Gross Earnings	Disposable Earnings
19.21	1	\$	\$
19.22	2		
19.23	3		
19.24	4		
19.25	5		
19.26	6		
19.27	7		
19.28	8		
19.29	9		
19.30	10		
19.31	D	E	F
19.32	25% of	$\frac{\text{Greater of } 40 \text{ x}}{100 \text{ J}}$	Column C minus
19.33 19.34	Column C	<u>\$9.50 or 40 X</u> Fed. Min. Wage	Column E
19.35	1		
19.36	2		

HOUSE RESEARCH

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20.1	3		
20.2	4		
20.3	5		
20.4	6		
20.5	7		
20.6	8		
20.7	9		
20.8	10		
20.9	G	Н	Ι
20.10 20.11 20.12	Lesser of Column D and Column F	Setoff, Lien, Adverse Interest, or Other Claims	Column G minus Column H
20.13	1		
20.14	2		
20.15	3		
20.16	4		
20.17	5		
20.18	6		
20.19	7		
20.20	8		
20.21	9		
20.22	10		
20.23		TOTAL OF CO	LUMN I \$
20.24	*If you entered any amount in	Column H for any payday(s),	you must describe below
20.25	either your claims, or the claims of others. For amounts claimed by others, you must both		
20.26	state the names and addresses of these persons, and the nature of their claim, if known.		
20.27			
20.28			
20.29			
20.30		AFFIRMATION	
20.31	I, (person signing A	ffirmation), am the third part	y or I am authorized by the
20.32	third party to complete this earning	, , ,	-
20.33	to the best of my knowledge.		
20.34			
20.35		Tit	le

21.1	Dated:	()
21.2	Signature	Phone Number
21.3	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 551.	06, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
21.4	Subd. 10. Notice of levy on earnings, disclo	sure, and worksheet for child support
21.5	judgment. The attorney for the judgment credite	or shall serve upon the judgment debtor's
21.6	employer a notice of levy on earnings and an ex-	ecution earnings disclosure form and an
21.7	earnings disclosure worksheet with the writ of e	xecution, that must be substantially in the
21.8	form set forth below.	
21.9	STATE OF MINNESOTA	DISTRICT COURT
21.10	0 COUNTY OF	JUDICIAL DISTRICT
21.11	1	FILE NO
21.12	2 (Judgment Creditor)	
21.13	3 against	NOTICE OF LEVY ON
21.14	4	EARNINGS AND DISCLOSURE
21.15	5 (Judgment Debtor)	
21.16	6 and	
21.17	7 (Third Party)	
21.18	8 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that pursuant to M	linnesota Statutes, sections 551.04 and
21.19	551.06, the undersigned, as attorney for the judgment creditor, hereby makes demand and	
21.20	levies execution upon all earnings due and owing by you (up to \$10,000) to the judgment	
21.21	debtor for the amount of the judgment specified below. A copy of the writ of execution	
21.22	2 issued by the court is enclosed. The unpaid judg	ment balance is \$
21.23	3 This levy attaches all unpaid nonexempt disp	osable earnings owing or to be owed by
21.24	you and earned or to be earned by the judgment debtor before and within the pay period in	
21.25	which the writ of execution is served and within all subsequent pay periods whose paydays	
21.26	6 occur within the 7090 days after the service of t	his levy.
21.27	7 In responding to this levy, you are to complete	the attached disclosure form and worksheet
21.28	8 and mail it to the undersigned attorney for the ju	dgment creditor, together with your check
21.29	9 payable to the above-named judgment creditor, f	For the nonexempt amount owed by you to
21.30	0 the judgment debtor or for which you are obligat	ed to the judgment debtor, within the time
21.31	limits set forth in the aforementioned statutes.	
21.32	2	
21.33	3 Attorn	ey for the Judgment Creditor
21.34	4	

22.1	
22.2	
22.3	Address
22.4	()
22.5	Phone Number
22.6	DISCLOSURE
22.7	DEFINITIONS

"EARNINGS": For the purpose of execution, "earnings" means compensation paid or 22.8 payable to an employee for personal services or compensation paid or payable to the producer 22.9 for the sale of agricultural products; milk or milk products; or fruit or other horticultural 22.10 products produced when the producer is operating a family farm, a family farm corporation, 22.11 22.12 or an authorized farm corporation, as defined in section 500.24, subdivision 2, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonus, or otherwise, and includes periodic 22.13 payments pursuant to a pension or retirement, workers' compensation, or unemployment 22.14 benefits. 22.15

"DISPOSABLE EARNINGS": Means that part of the earnings of an individual remaining
after the deduction from those earnings of amounts required by law to be withheld. (Amounts
required by law to be withheld do not include items such as health insurance, charitable
contributions, or other voluntary wage deductions.)

"PAYDAY": For the purpose of execution, "payday(s)" means the date(s) upon which
the employer pays earnings to the debtor in the ordinary course of business. If the judgment
debtor has no regular payday, payday(s) means the 15th and the last day of each month.

22.23 THE THIRD PARTY/EMPLOYER MUST ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTION:

(1) Do you now owe, or within 70 90 days from the date the execution levy was served
on you, will you or may you owe money to the judgment debtor for earnings?

 22.26
 Yes
 No

 22.27
 INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE

 22.28
 EARNINGS DISCLOSURE

 22.29
 A. If your answer to question 1 is "No," then you must sign the affirmation below and

return this disclosure to the judgment creditor's attorney within 20 days after it was servedon you, and you do not need to answer the remaining questions.

B. If your answer to question 1 is "Yes," you must complete this form and the EarningsDisclosure Worksheet as follows:

For each payday that falls within 70 90 days from the date the execution levy was served 23.1 on you, YOU MUST calculate the amount of earnings to be retained by completing steps 23.2 2 through 8 on page 2, and enter the amounts on the Earnings Disclosure Worksheet. 23.3 UPON REQUEST, THE EMPLOYER MUST PROVIDE THE DEBTOR WITH 23.4 INFORMATION AS TO HOW THE CALCULATIONS REQUIRED BY THIS 23.5 DISCLOSURE WERE MADE. 23.6 Each payday, you must retain the amount of earnings listed in column G on the Earnings 23.7 Disclosure Worksheet. 23.8 You must pay the attached earnings and return this earnings disclosure form and the 23.9 23.10 Earnings Disclosure Worksheet to the judgment creditor's attorney and deliver a copy of the disclosure and worksheet to the judgment debtor within ten days after the last 23.11 payday that falls within the 70-day 90-day period. If the judgment is wholly satisfied or 23.12 if the judgment debtor's employment ends before the expiration of the 70-day 90-day 23.13 period, your disclosure and remittance should be made within ten days after the last 23.14 payday for which earnings were attached. 23.15 For steps 2 through 8, "columns" refers to columns on the Earnings Disclosure Worksheet. 23.16 (2) COLUMN A. Enter the date of judgment debtor's payday. 23.17 (3) COLUMN B. Enter judgment debtor's gross earnings for each payday. 23.18 (4) COLUMN C. Enter judgment debtor's disposable earnings for each payday. 23.19 (5) COLUMN D. Enter either 50, 55, 60, or 65 percent of disposable earnings, based 23.20 on which of the following descriptions fits the child support judgment debtor: 23.21 (a) 50 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable income, if the judgment debtor is 23.22 supporting a spouse or dependent child and the judgment is 12 weeks old or less (12 weeks 23.23 to be calculated to the beginning of the work week in which the execution levy is received); 23.24 (b) 55 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable income, if the judgment debtor is 23.25 supporting a spouse or dependent child, and the judgment is over 12 weeks old (12 weeks 23.26 to be calculated to the beginning of the work week in which the execution levy is received); 23.27 (c) 60 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable income, if the judgment debtor is not 23.28 supporting a spouse or dependent child and the judgment is 12 weeks old or less (12 weeks 23.29 to be calculated to the beginning of the work week in which the execution levy is received); 23.30 23.31 or

(d) 65 percent of the judgment debtor's disposable income, if the judgment debtor is not 24.1 supporting a spouse or dependent child, and the judgment is over 12 weeks old (12 weeks 24.2 to be calculated to the beginning of the work week in which the execution levy is received). 24.3 (Multiply column C by .50, .55, .60, or .65, as appropriate.) 24.4 (6) COLUMN E. Enter here any amount claimed by you as a setoff, defense, lien, or 24.5 claim, or any amount claimed by any other person as an exemption or adverse interest that 24.6 would reduce the amount of earnings owing to the judgment debtor. (Note: Any indebtedness 24.7 to you incurred within ten days prior to your receipt of the first execution levy on a debt 24.8 may not be set off against the earnings otherwise subject to this levy. Any wage assignment 24.9 made by the judgment debtor within ten days prior to your receipt of the first execution levy 24.10 on a debt is void.) 24.11 You must also describe your claim(s) and the claims of others, if known, in the space 24.12 provided below the worksheet and state the name(s) and address(es) of these persons. 24.13 Enter zero in column E if there are no claims by you or others that would reduce the 24.14 amount of earnings owing to the judgment debtor. 24.15 (7) COLUMN F. Subtract the amount in column E from the amount in column D and 24.16 enter here. This is the amount of earnings that you must remit for the payday for which the 24.17 calculations were made. 24.18 **AFFIRMATION** 24.19 I, (person signing Affirmation), am the third party/employer or I am 24.20 authorized by the third party/employer to complete this earnings disclosure, and have done 24.21 so truthfully and to the best of my knowledge. 24.22 DATED: 24.23 24.24 Signature 24.25 Title 24.26 24.27 24.28 Telephone Number EARNINGS DISCLOSURE WORKSHEET 24.29 Debtor's Name 24.30 В С 24.31 А **Gross Earnings** Payday Date Disposable 24.32 Earnings 24.33

Sec. 13.

1.

24.34

\$.....

\$

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25.1	2		
25.2	3		
25.3	4		
25.4	5		
25.5	6		
25.6	7		
25.7	8		
25.8	9		
25.9	10		•••••
25.10	D	Е	F
25.11 25.12 25.13	Either 50, 55, 60, or 65% of Column C	Setoff, Lien, Adverse Interest, or Other Claims	Column D minus Column E
25.14	1		
25.15	2		
25.16	3		
25.17	4		•••••
25.18	5		•••••
25.19	6		•••••
25.20	7		
25.21	8		
25.22	9		
25.23	10		
25.24		TOTAL OF COLUMN F	7\$
25.25	*If you entered any amount in col	umn E for any payday(s), you mus	t describe below
25.26	either your claims, or the claims of ot	thers. For amounts claimed by othe	ers, you must both
25.27	state the names and addresses of such	persons, and the nature of their cl	aim, if known.
25.28			
25.29			
25.30			
25.31	1	AFFIRMATION	
25.32	I, (person signing Affin	rmation), am the third party or I am	authorized by the
25.33	third party to complete this earnings d	lisclosure worksheet, and have don	e so truthfully and
25.34	to the best of my knowledge.		

26.1		
26.2		Signature
26.3	Dated:	()
26.4	Title	Phone Number

26.5 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2018, section 551.06, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. Third-party disclosure and remittance obligation. If there are no attachable 26.6 26.7 earnings, the third party shall serve the execution earnings disclosure form upon the attorney for the judgment creditor within 20 days after service of the writ of execution. However, if 26.8 the judgment debtor has attachable earnings, the third party shall serve the execution earnings 26.9 disclosure form upon both the attorney for the judgment creditor and the judgment debtor 26.10 and remit to the attorney for the judgment creditor the attached earnings within ten days of 26.11 the last payday to occur within the 70 90 days after the date of the service of the writ of 26.12 execution. If the judgment is wholly satisfied or if the judgment debtor's employment ends 26.13 before the expiration of the 70-day 90-day period, the disclosure and remittance should be 26.14 made within ten days after the last payday for which earnings were attached. The amount 26.15 of the third party's execution earnings disclosure form and remittance need not exceed 100 26.16 percent of the amount of the judgment creditor's judgment that remains unpaid, after 26.17 subtracting the total of setoffs, defenses, exemption, or other adverse interests. If the 26.18 26.19 disclosure is by a corporation, it shall be made by an officer or an authorized agent having knowledge of the facts." 26.20

26.21 Page 8, line 8, after the second "the" insert "greater of \$9.50 per hour or the"

26.22 Page 9, line 10, after "here" insert "the greater of 40 times \$9.50 or"

26.23 Page 10, line 27, strike "40 X Min. Wage" and insert "Greater of 40 X \$ 9.50 or 40 X
26.24 Fed. Min. Wage"

- 26.25 Page 19, delete section 9 and insert:
- 26.26 **"Sec. 23. EFFECTIVE DATE.**
- 26.27 Sections 1 to 22 are effective August 1, 2021, and apply to all earnings garnished or
- 26.28 levied, or all attorney's summary executions upon earnings on or after that date."
- 26.29 Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references
- 26.30 Amend the title accordingly