Pub. Safety and Judiciary - Article 3 Corrections House Language UES0803-2

**ARTICLE 3** 33.9 CORRECTIONS 33.10 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 3.739, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 33.11 Subdivision 1. Permissible claims. Claims and demands arising out of the circumstances 33.12 described in this subdivision shall be presented to, heard, and determined as provided in 33.13 33.14 subdivision 2: (1) an injury to or death of an inmate of a state, regional, or local correctional facility 33.15 33.16 or county jail who has been conditionally released and ordered to perform while performing compensated or uncompensated work in the community for a state agency, a political 33.17 subdivision or public corporation of this state, a nonprofit educational, medical, or social 33.18 33.19 service agency, or a private business or individual, as a condition of the release, while performing the work; 33.20 (2) an injury to or death of a person sentenced by a court, granted a suspended sentence 33.21 by a court, or subject to a court disposition order, and who, under court order, is performing 33.22 work (a) (i) in restitution, (b) (ii) in lieu of or to work off fines or court ordered, court-ordered 33.23 costs, or other statutorily authorized correctional fees, (e) (iii) in lieu of incarceration, or 33.24 (d) (iv) as a term or condition of a sentence, suspended sentence, or disposition order, while 33.25 performing the work; 33.26 33.27 (3) an injury to or death of a person, who has been diverted from the court system and who is performing work as described in paragraph clause (1) or (2) under a written agreement 33.28 33.29 signed by the person, and if a juvenile, by a parent or guardian; and 33.30 (4) an injury to or death of any person caused by an individual who was performing work as described in paragraph clause (1), (2), or (3). 33.31 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 241.01, subdivision 3a, is amended to read: 34.1 Subd. 3a. Commissioner, powers and duties. The commissioner of corrections has the 34.2 34.3 following powers and duties: (a) To accept persons committed to the commissioner by the courts of this state for care, 34.4 custody, and rehabilitation. 34.5 (b) To determine the place of confinement of committed persons in a correctional facility 34.6 or other facility of the Department of Corrections, or a nonpublicly owned facility, and to 34.7 prescribe reasonable conditions and rules for their employment, conduct, instruction, and 34.8

- 34.9 discipline within or outside the facility. Inmates shall not exercise custodial functions or
- 34.10 have authority over other inmates.
- 34.11 (c) To administer the money and property of the department.
- 34.12 (d) To administer, maintain, and inspect all state correctional facilities.
- 34.13 (e) To transfer authorized positions and personnel between state correctional facilities
- 34.14 as necessary to properly staff facilities and programs.
- 34.15 (f) To utilize state correctional facilities in the manner deemed to be most efficient and
- 34.16 beneficial to accomplish the purposes of this section, but not to close the Minnesota
- 34.17 Correctional Facility-Stillwater or the Minnesota Correctional Facility-St. Cloud without
- 34.18 legislative approval. The commissioner may place juveniles and adults at the same state
- 34.19 minimum security correctional facilities, if there is total separation of and no regular contact
- 34.20 between juveniles and adults, except contact incidental to admission, classification, and
- 34.21 mental and physical health care.
- 34.22 (g) To organize the department and employ personnel the commissioner deems necessary
- 34.23 to discharge the functions of the department, including a chief executive officer for each
- 34.24 facility under the commissioner's control who shall serve in the unclassified civil service
- 34.25 and may, under the provisions of section 43A.33, be removed only for cause.
- 34.26 (h) To define the duties of these employees and to delegate to them any of the
- 34.27 commissioner's powers, duties and responsibilities, subject to the commissioner's control
- 34.28 and the conditions the commissioner prescribes.
- 34.29 (i) To annually develop a comprehensive set of goals and objectives designed to clearly
- 34.30 establish the priorities of the Department of Corrections. This report shall be submitted to
- 34.31 the governor commencing January 1, 1976. The commissioner may establish ad hoc advisory
- 34.32 committees.
- 35.1 (j) At such time that the commissioner determines that the department has an insufficient
- 35.2 number of prison beds to house the current or projected prison population and needs to
- 35.3 expand an existing facility or build a new facility, the commissioner shall enter into a contract
- 35.4 either to purchase and operate or to lease-to-own and operate an existing prison facility
- 35.5 located in Appleton, Minnesota. The commissioner shall attempt to conclude negotiations
- 35.6 within 12 months of the date the commissioner determines the need for additional beds.
- 35.7 The contract negotiated must be approved by the legislature before its final execution. All
- 35.8 employees who supervise inmates at the facility must be state employees.

35.9 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 243.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

35.10 Subdivision 1. Conditional release. (a) The commissioner of corrections may parole

35.11 any person sentenced to confinement in any state correctional facility for adults under the 35.12 control of the commissioner of corrections, provided that:

35.13 (1) no inmate serving a life sentence for committing murder before May 1, 1980, other

35.14 than murder committed in violation of clause (1) of section 609.185 who has not been

35.15 previously convicted of a felony shall be paroled without having served 20 years, less the

35.16 diminution that would have been allowed for good conduct had the sentence been for 20 35.17 years;

35.18 (2) no inmate serving a life sentence for committing murder before May 1, 1980, who

35.19 has been previously convicted of a felony or though not previously convicted of a felony

- 35.20 is serving a life sentence for murder in the first degree committed in violation of clause (1)
- 35.21 of section 609.185 shall be paroled without having served 25 years, less the diminution
- 35.22 which would have been allowed for good conduct had the sentence been for 25 years;

35.23 (3) any inmate sentenced prior to September 1, 1963, who would be eligible for parole had the inmate been sentenced after September 1, 1963, shall be eligible for parole; and

35.25 (4) any new rule or policy or change of rule or policy adopted by the commissioner of

35.26 corrections which has the effect of postponing eligibility for parole has prospective effect

35.27 only and applies only with respect to persons committing offenses after the effective date

35.28 of the new rule or policy or change.

35.29 (b) Upon being paroled and released, an inmate is and remains in the legal custody and

35.30 under the control of the commissioner, subject at any time to be returned to a facility of the

- 35.31 Department of Corrections established by law for the confinement or treatment of convicted
- 35.32 persons and the parole rescinded by the commissioner.

36.1 (c) The written order of the commissioner of corrections, is sufficient authority for any

36.2 peace officer, state correctional investigator, or state parole and probation agent to retake

- 36.3 and place in actual custody any person on parole or supervised release. In addition, when
- 36.4 it appears necessary in order to prevent escape or enforce discipline, any state parole and
- 36.5 probation agent or state correctional investigator may, without order of warrant, take and
- 36.6 detain a parolee or person on supervised release or work release and bring the person to the
- 36.7 commissioner for action.

36.8 (d) The written order of the commissioner of corrections is sufficient authority for any

36.9 peace officer, state correctional investigator, or state parole and probation agent to retake

36.10 and place in actual custody any person on probation under the supervision of the

36.11 commissioner pursuant to section 609.135. Additionally, when it appears necessary in order

- 36.12 to prevent escape or enforce discipline, any state parole and probation agent or state
- 36.13 correctional investigator may, without an order, retake and detain a probationer and bring
- 36.14 the probationer before the court for further proceedings under section 609.14.

36.15 (e) The written order of the commissioner of corrections is sufficient authority for any

- 36.16 peace officer, state correctional investigator, or state parole and probation agent to detain
- 36.17 any person on pretrial release who absconds from pretrial release or fails to abide by the
- 36.18 conditions of pretrial release.

36.19 (f) Persons conditionally released, and those on probation under the supervision of the

36.20 commissioner of corrections pursuant to section 609.135 may be placed within or outside

36.21 the boundaries of the state at the discretion of the commissioner of corrections or the court,

36.22 and the limits fixed for these persons may be enlarged or reduced according to their conduct.

36.23 (g) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision 1b, in considering applications for

36.24 conditional release or discharge, the commissioner is not required to hear oral argument

36.25 from any attorney or other person not connected with an adult correctional facility of the 36.26 Department of Corrections in favor of or against the parole or release of any inmates. The

- 36.26 Department of Corrections in favor of or against the parole or release of any inmates. The 36.27 commissioner may institute inquiries by correspondence, taking testimony, or otherwise,
- 36.28 as to the previous history, physical or mental condition, and character of the inmate and, to
- 36.29 that end, has the authority to require the attendance of the chief executive officer of any
- 36.30 state adult correctional facility and the production of the records of these facilities, and to
- 36.31 compel the attendance of witnesses. The commissioner is authorized to administer oaths to
- 36.32 witnesses for these purposes.

36.33 (h) Unless the district court directs otherwise, state parole and probation agents may

- 36.34 require a person who is under the supervision of the commissioner of corrections to perform
- 37.1 community work service for violating a condition of probation imposed by the court.
- 37.2 Community work service may be imposed for the purpose of protecting the public, to aid
- 37.3 the offender's rehabilitation, or both. Agents may impose up to eight hours of community
- 37.4 work service for each violation and up to a total of 24 hours per offender per 12-month 37.5 period, beginning with the date on which community work service is first imposed. The
- period, beginning with the date on which community work service is first imposed. The
  commissioner may authorize an additional 40 hours of community work services, for a total
- 37.7 of 64 hours per offender per 12-month period, beginning with the date on which community
- 37.8 work service is first imposed. At the time community work service is imposed, parole and
- 37.9 probation agents are required to provide written notice to the offender that states:
- 37.10 (1) the condition of probation that has been violated;
- 37.11 (2) the number of hours of community work service imposed for the violation; and

- 37.12 (3) the total number of hours of community work service imposed to date in the 12-month 37.13 period.
- 37.14 An offender may challenge the imposition of community work service by filing a petition
- 37.15 in district court. An offender must file the petition within five days of receiving written
- 37.16 notice that community work service is being imposed. If the offender challenges the
- 37.17 imposition of community work service, the state bears the burden of showing, by a
- 37.18 preponderance of the evidence, that the imposition of community work service is reasonable
- 37.19 under the circumstances.
- 37.20 Community work service includes sentencing to service.
- 37.21 (i) Prior to revoking a nonviolent controlled substance offender's parole or probation
- 37.22 based on a technical violation, when the offender does not present a risk to the public and
- 37.23 the offender is amenable to continued supervision in the community, a parole or probation
- 37.24 agent must identify community options to address and correct the violation including, but
- 37.25 not limited to, inpatient chemical dependency treatment. If a probation or parole agent
  37.26 determines that community options are appropriate, the agent shall seek to restructure the
- 37.26 determines that community options are appropriate, the agent shall seek to restructure the 37.27 offender's terms of release to incorporate those options. If an offender on probation stipulates
- 37.27 oriender's terms of release to incorporate mose options. If an oriender on probation supulates 37.28 in writing to restructure the terms of release, a probation agent must forward a report to the
- district court containing:
- 37.29 district court containing:
- 37.30 (1) the specific nature of the technical violation of probation;
- 37.31 (2) the recommended restructure to the terms of probation; and
- 37.32 (3) a copy of the offender's signed stipulation indicating that the offender consents to
- 37.33 the restructuring of probation.
- 38.1 The recommended restructuring of probation becomes effective when confirmed by a
- 38.2 judge. The order of the court shall be proof of such confirmation and amend the terms of
- 38.3 the sentence imposed by the court under section 609.135. If a nonviolent controlled substance
- 38.4 offender's parole or probation is revoked, the offender's agent must first attempt to place
- 38.5 the offender in a local jail. For purposes of this paragraph, "nonviolent controlled substance
- 38.6 offender" is a person who meets the criteria described under section 244.0513, subdivision
- 38.7 2, clauses (1), (2), and (5), and "technical violation" has the meaning given in section
- 38.8 **244.196**, subdivision 6.
- 38.9 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 243.17, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 38.10 Subdivision 1. Allowed expenses. The necessary expenses of sheriffs and other peace
- 38.11 officers commissioner of management and budget shall pay out of the state treasury to the

- 38.12 commissioner of corrections each fiscal year the amount necessary to offset expenses
- 38.13 incurred in conveying to convey convicted persons and children adjudicated delinquent and
- 38.14 committed to the custody of the commissioner of corrections to the appropriate adult or
- 38.15 juvenile correctional facility as designated by the commissioner of corrections<del>, including</del>
- 38.16 per diem and expenses of correctional officers, shall be allowed by the commissioner of
- 38.17 management and budget and paid out of the state treasury. The commissioner of management
- 38.18 and budget may allow and pay for the necessary expenses incurred by the sheriff, deputy,
- 38.19 or other peace officer in going to and returning from the correctional facility and \$10 per
- 38.20 day for each correctional officer. Not more than one correctional officer shall be allowed
- 38.21 for one prisoner, but one additional correctional officer shall be allowed for every two
- 38.22 additional prisoners. All bills shall be in writing, fully itemized, verified, and accompanied 38.23 by the receipt of the chief executive officer of the facility for the delivery of the convicted
- 38.23 by the receipt of the chief executive officer of the facility for the delivery of the convicted 38.24 or adjudicated persons, in a form prescribed by the commissioner of management and
- 38.24 of adjudicated persons, in a form presended by the commissioner of management and 38.25 budget. The total amount of payments shall not exceed \$500,000 each fiscal year. Payments
- skill be made one or two times each fiscal year based on a fee schedule agreed to by the
- 58.20 Shall be made one of two times each fiscal year based on a fee schedule agreed to by in
- 38.27 Department of Corrections and the Minnesota Sheriffs' Association.

## 38.28 Sec. 5. [243.521] ADMINISTRATIVE AND DISCIPLINARY SEGREGATION.

- 38.29 Subdivision 1. Authorization. In any adult correctional facility under the control of the
- 38.30 commissioner of corrections, the commissioner may require an inmate to be placed in
- 38.31 disciplinary segregation for rule violations involving use of a weapon or infliction of bodily
- 38.32 harm, escape, or a major rule violation, or in administrative segregation for the safety of
- 38.33 the inmate or others, subject to the requirements of this section.
- 39.1 Subd. 2. Conditions in segregated housing. The segregation unit shall provide regular
- 39.2 meals, furnished cells, appropriate reading materials, limited recreational facilities, at least
- 39.3 five hours a week out of cell unless safety and security dictate otherwise, reduced lighting
- 39.4 during the nighttime hours, rights of communication and visitation by those properly
- 39.5 authorized, and other privileges as may be established by the commissioner.
- 39.6 Subd. 3. Review of disciplinary segregation status. An inmate who serves 15 days in
- 39.7 disciplinary segregation shall have the inmate's segregation status reviewed at that time by
- 39.8 the warden of the institution and every 15 days thereafter. An inmate who serves 60 days
- 39.9 in disciplinary segregation shall have the inmate's segregation status reviewed at that time
- 39.10 by the commissioner of corrections, or a deputy or assistant commissioner, and every 30
- 39.11 days thereafter.
- 39.12 Subd. 4. Graduated disciplinary sanctions. The commissioner shall design and
- 39.13 implement a graduated scale of responses to infractions, including reprimands, loss of
- 39.14 privileges, and restriction of motion within the institution, so that the use of disciplinary
- 39.15 segregation is reserved for the most serious and persistent infractions.

39.16 39.17 39.18 39.19	Subd. 5. Discharge from segregated housing. (a) The commissioner shall not release an inmate to the community directly from segregated housing. A segregated inmate must serve at least 30 days in the general population prior to the inmate's release to the community, absent a documented, compelling safety reason, approved by the warden.
39.20 39.21 39.22	(b) An inmate who is being released from segregated housing to the general population after serving in that status for 30 days or more shall have the transfer reviewed and approved by a mental health professional prior to returning to the general population.
39.23 39.24 39.25 39.26 39.27	Subd. 6. <b>Reporting.</b> By January 15, 2018, and by January 15 each year thereafter, the commissioner of corrections shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over public safety and judiciary on the status of the implementation of the provisions in this section. This report shall include, but not be limited to, data regarding:
39.28	(1) the number of inmates in each institution placed in segregation during the past year;
39.29	(2) the ages of inmates placed in segregation during the past year;
39.30 39.31	(3) the number of inmates transferred from segregation to the mental health treatment unit;
39.32	(4) the nature of the infractions leading to the use of segregation;
40.1 40.2	(5) the lengths of terms served in segregation, including terms served consecutively; and
40.3	(6) any incidents of inmates not receiving at least five hours a week out of cell.
40.4	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 244.05, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
40.5 40.6	Subd. 3. <b>Sanctions for violation.</b> If an inmate violates the conditions of the inmate's supervised release imposed by the commissioner, the commissioner may:
40.7 40.8	(1) continue the inmate's supervised release term, with or without modifying or enlarging the conditions imposed on the inmate; or
40.9 40.10	(2) revoke the inmate's supervised release and reimprison the inmate for the appropriate period of time.
40.11	Prior to revoking a nonviolent controlled substance offender's supervised release based

40.11 Prior to revoking a nonviolent controlled substance offender's supervised release based 40.12 on a technical violation, when the offender does not present a risk to the public and the 40.13 offender is amenable to continued supervision in the community, the commissioner must

- 40.14 identify community options to address and correct the violation including, but not limited 40.15 to, inpatient chemical dependency treatment. If the commissioner determines that community
- 40.16 options are appropriate, the commissioner shall restructure the inmate's terms of release to
- 40.17 incorporate those options. If a nonviolent controlled substance offender's supervised release
- 40.18 is revoked, the offender's agent must first attempt to place the offender in a local jail. For
- 40.19 purposes of this subdivision, "nonviolent controlled substance offender" is a person who
- 40.20 meets the criteria described under section 244.0513, subdivision 2, clauses (1), (2), and (5),
- 40.21 and "technical violation" has the meaning given in section 244.196, subdivision 6.

40.22 The period of time for which a supervised release may be revoked may not exceed the

40.23 period of time remaining in the inmate's sentence, except that if a sex offender is sentenced

40.24 and conditionally released under Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.108, subdivision 5,

40.25 the period of time for which conditional release may be revoked may not exceed the balance

40.26 of the conditional release term.

40.27 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 244.09, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

- 40.28 Subd. 11. **Modification.** The commission shall meet as necessary for the purpose of
- 40.29 modifying and improving the guidelines. Any modification which amends the Sentencing
- 40.30 Guidelines grid, including severity levels and criminal history scores, or which would result
- 40.31 in the reduction of any sentence or in the early release of any inmate, with the exception of
- 40.32 a modification mandated or authorized by the legislature or relating to a crime created or
- 41.1 amended by the legislature in the preceding session, shall be submitted to the legislature by
- 41.2 January 15 of any year in which the commission wishes to make the change and shall be,
- 41.3 <u>if approved by the legislature by law, becomes effective on August 1 of that year, unless</u>
- 41.4 the legislature by law provides otherwise. All other modifications shall take effect according
- 41.5 to the procedural rules of the commission. On or before January 15 of each year, the
- 41.6 commission shall submit a written report to the committees of the senate and the house of
- 41.7 representatives with jurisdiction over criminal justice policy that identifies and explains all
- 41.8 modifications made during the preceding 12 months and all proposed modifications that
- 41.9 are being submitted to the legislature that year.
- 41.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and
- 41.11 applies to any pending or future proposed modifications.

41.12 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 244.198, is amended by adding a subdivision to

- 41.13 read:
- 41.14 Subd. 1a. Alternatives to incarceration. At a sanctions conference regarding a
- 41.15 nonviolent controlled substance offender, when the offender does not present a risk to the
- 41.16 public and the offender is amenable to continued supervision in the community, a probation
- 41.17 agency must identify community options to address and correct the violation including, but

- 41.18 not limited to, inpatient chemical dependency treatment. If the agency determines that
- 41.19 community options are appropriate, the county probation officer shall recommend a sanction
- 41.20 that incorporates those options. For purposes of this subdivision, "nonviolent controlled
- 41.21 substance offender" is a person who meets the criteria described under section 244.0513,
- 41.22 subdivision 2, clauses (1), (2), and (5).

41.23 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 609.14, is amended by adding a subdivision to 41.24 read:

- 41.25 Subd. 2a. Alternatives to incarceration. (a) A probation agent must present the court
- 41.26 with local options to address and correct the violation including, but not limited to, inpatient
- 41.27 chemical dependency treatment when the defendant at a summary hearing provided by
- 41.28 subdivision 2 is:
- 41.29 (1) a nonviolent controlled substance offender;
- 41.30 (2) subject to supervised probation;
- 41.31 (3) appearing based on a technical violation; and
- 41.32 (4) admitting or found to have violated any of the conditions of probation.
- 42.1 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, "nonviolent controlled substance offender" is a
- 42.2 person who meets the criteria described under section 244.0513, subdivision 2, clauses (1),
- 42.3 (2), and (5), and "technical violation" has the meaning given in section 244.196, subdivision
- 42.4 <u>6.</u>
- 42.5 Sec. 10. ALTERNATIVES TO INCARCERATION PILOT PROGRAM FUND.
- 42.6 (a) Agencies providing supervision to offenders on probation, parole, or supervised
- 42.7 release are eligible for grants to facilitate access to community options including, but not
- 42.8 limited to, inpatient chemical dependency treatment for nonviolent controlled substance
- 42.9 offenders to address and correct behavior that is, or is likely to result in, a technical violation
- 42.10 of the conditions of release. For purposes of this section, "nonviolent controlled substance
- 42.11 offender" is a person who meets the criteria described under Minnesota Statutes, section
- 42.12 244.0513, subdivision 2, clauses (1), (2), and (5), and "technical violation" has the meaning
- 42.13 given in Minnesota Statutes, section 244.196, subdivision 6.
- 42.14 (b) The Department of Corrections shall establish criteria for selecting grant recipients
- 42.15 and the amount awarded to each grant recipient.

- 42.16 (c) By January 15, 2019, the commissioner of corrections shall submit a report to the
- 42.17 chairs of the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over public
- 42.18 safety policy and finance. At a minimum, the report must include:
- 42.19 (1) the total number of grants issued under this program;
- 42.20 (2) the average amount of each grant;
- 42.21 (3) the community services accessed as a result of the grants;
- 42.22 (4) a summary of the type of supervision offenders were under when a grant was used
- 42.23 to help access a community option;
- 42.24 (5) the number of individuals who completed, and the number who failed to complete,
- 42.25 programs accessed as a result of this grant; and
- 42.26 (6) the number of individuals who violated the terms of release following participation
- 42.27 in a program accessed as a result of this grant, separating technical violations and new
- 42.28 criminal offenses.
- 43.1 Sec. 11. TARGETED DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PREVENTION PROGRAMMING.
- 43.2 Subdivision 1. **Domestic violence offender identification.** The commissioner of
- 43.3 corrections shall implement a process to identify offenders sentenced for domestic violence
- 43.4 related offenses.
- 43.5 Subd. 2. Threat assessment and screening. The commissioner of corrections shall
- 43.6 develop a process to identify offenders who pose the highest threat to commit domestic
- 43.7 violence and abuse upon release from confinement.
- 43.8 Subd. 3. Programming. The commissioner shall identify accepted best practices, if any,
- 43.9 for providing domestic violence prevention programming to offenders, including evaluating
- 43.10 any currently piloted domestic violence programming. The commissioner shall provide
- 43.11 programming consistent with accepted best practices to offenders identified as posing the
- 43.12 highest threat of committing domestic violence and abuse upon release from confinement.
- 43.13 Subd. 4. **Report.** By January 15, 2019, the commissioner of corrections shall submit a
- 43.14 report to the chairs of the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction
- 43.15 over public safety policy and finance. At a minimum, the report must include:
- 43.16 (1) a description of the offender identification screening process;

- (2) a description of the process used to assess offenders who pose an increased threat of committing domestic violence and abuse upon release from confinement; 43.17
- 43.18
- (3) the number of offenders identified as being likely to commit domestic violence or 43.19
- 43.20 abuse upon release from confinement;
- (4) the number of offenders who have participated in targeted domestic violence 43.21
- prevention programming; 43.22
- (5) the number of offenders who participated in targeted domestic violence prevention 43.23 programming who have been released from confinement; 43.24
- (6) the recidivism rate of offenders who participated in targeted domestic violence 43.25
- prevention programming who have been released from confinement; and 43.26
- (7) the number of offenders who participated in targeted domestic violence prevention 43.27
- programming who committed domestic violence offenses after release from confinement. 43.28