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1.1	moves to amend H.F. No. 100, the second engrossment, as follows:
1.2	Page 7, line 4, after "has" insert "an active license in good standing and"
1.3	Page 45, line 8, delete everything after "entry" and insert "by a patient enrolled in the
1.4	registry program."
1.5	Page 45, delete line 9
1.6	Page 45, line 13, after "cannabis" insert "flower"
1.7	Page 82, delete section 42 and insert:
1.8	"Sec. 42. [342.43] MEDICAL CANNABIS BUSINESS APPLICATIONS.
1.9	In addition to information required to be submitted under section 342.15, subdivision
1.10	1, and rules adopted pursuant to that section, a person, cooperative, or business seeking a
1.11	medical cannabis business license must submit the following information in a form approved
1.12	by the office:
1.13	(1) for medical cannabis cultivator license applicants:
1.14	(i) an operating plan demonstrating the proposed size and layout of the cultivation facility;
1.15	plans for wastewater and waste disposal for the cultivation facility; plans for providing
1.16	electricity, water, and other utilities necessary for the normal operation of the cultivation
1.17	facility; and plans for compliance with applicable building code and federal and state
1.18	environmental and workplace safety requirements;
1.19	(ii) a cultivation plan demonstrating the proposed size and layout of the cultivation
1.20	facility that will be used exclusively for cultivation for medical cannabis, including the total
1.21	amount of plant canopy; and
1.22	(iii) evidence that the business will comply with the applicable operation requirements
1.23	for the license being sought;

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(2) for medical cannabis processor license applicants:

2.1

(i) an operating plan demonstrating the proposed layout of the facility, including a	
diagram of ventilation and filtration systems; plans for wastewater and waste disposal for	
the manufacturing facility; plans for providing electricity, water, and other utilities necessary	У
for the normal operation of the manufacturing facility; and plans for compliance with	
applicable building code and federal and state environmental and workplace safety	
requirements;	
(ii) all methods of extraction and concentration that the applicant intends to use and the	e
volatile chemicals, if any, that are involved in extraction or concentration;	_
(iii) if the applicant is seeking an endorsement to manufacture products infused with	
cannabinoids for consumption by patients enrolled in the registry program, proof of an	
edible cannabinoid product handler endorsement from the office; and	
<u> </u>	
(iv) evidence that the applicant will comply with the applicable operation requirements	<u>S</u>
for the license being sought; or	
(3) for medical cannabis retailer license applicants:	
(i) a list of every retail license held by the applicant and, if the applicant is a business,	
every retail license held, either as an individual or as part of another business, by each	
officer, director, manager, and general partner of the cannabis business;	
(ii) an operating plan demonstrating the proposed layout of the facility including a	
diagram of ventilation and filtration systems, policies to avoid sales to individuals who are	<u>e</u>
not authorized to receive the distribution of medical cannabis flower or medical cannabinoic	<u>1</u>
products, identification of a restricted area for storage, and plans to prevent the visibility of	<u>f</u>
cannabis flower and cannabinoid products;	
(iii) if the applicant holds or is applying for a cannabis retailer license, a diagram showing	<u>)</u>
the portion of the premises in which medical cannabis flower and medical cannabinoid	
products will be sold and distributed and identifying an area that is definite and distinct	
from all other areas of the cannabis retailer, accessed through a distinct entrance, and contains	<u>S</u>
an appropriate space for a pharmacist employee of the medical cannabis retailer to consult	t
with the patient to determine the proper type of medical cannabis flower and medical	
cannabinoid products and proper dosage for the patient; and	
(iv) evidence that the applicant will comply with the applicable operation requirements	S
for the license being sought."	_
Page 85, line 20, delete the second "cannabis" and insert "cannabinoid"	
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Sec. 42. 2

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3.1	Page 87, delete subdivision 6
3.2	Page 92, line 8, after "cannabis" insert "flower or medical cannabinoid products"
3.3	Page 92, delete subdivision 11
3.4	Renumber the subdivisions in sequence
3.5	Page 93, line 16, after "cannabis" insert "flower and medical cannabinoid products"
3.6	Page 94, line 29, after "cannabis" insert "flower and medical cannabinoid products"
3.7	Page 96, line 23, after "cannabis" insert "flower or medical cannabinoid products"
3.8 3.9	Page 97, line 7, after the first " <u>cannabis</u> " insert " <u>flower</u> " and delete the second " <u>cannabis</u> " and insert " <u>cannabinoid</u> "
3.10	Page 97, line 17, after "cannabis" insert "flower or medical cannabinoid products"
3.11	Page 98, line 12, after "cannabis" insert "flower or medical cannabinoid products"
3.12	Page 99, line 32, after "cannabis" insert "flower or medical cannabinoid products"
3.13	Page 106, line 15, after the semicolon, insert "and"
3.14	Page 106, delete lines 16 to 18
3.15	Page 106, line 19, delete "(10)" and insert "(9)"
3.16	Page 108, after line 19, insert:
3.17	"Subd. 6. Additional warnings. The office shall review medical and scientific literature
3.18	to determine whether it is appropriate to require additional health and safety warnings
3.19	regarding the impact of cannabis flower, cannabinoid products, and hemp-derived consumer
3.20	products. The review must specifically include identification of any risks associated with
3.21	use by pregnant or breastfeeding women, or by women planning to become pregnant. Any
3.22	additional labeling requirement must contain only information that is supported by credible
3.23	science and is helpful to consumers in considering potential health risks."
3.24	Renumber the subdivisions in sequence
3.25	Page 152, delete section 1 and insert:
3.26	"Sec Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 152.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to
3.27	read:
3.28	Subd. 25. Artificially derived cannabinoid. "Artificially derived cannabinoid" has the
3.29	meaning given in section 342.01, subdivision 6.

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Sec. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 152.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to 4.1 read: 4.2 Subd. 26. Cannabinoid product. "Cannabinoid product" has the meaning given in 4.3 section 342.01, subdivision 12. 4.4 Sec. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 152.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to 4.5 read: 4.6 Subd. 27. Cannabis concentrate. "Cannabis concentrate" has the meaning given in 4.7 section 342.01, subdivision 15. 4.8 Sec. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 152.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to 4.9 read: 4.10 Subd. 28. Cannabis flower. "Cannabis flower" has the meaning given in section 342.01, 4.11 subdivision 16. 4.12 Sec. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 152.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to 4.13 read: 4.14 Subd. 29. Cannabis plant. "Cannabis plant" has the meaning given in section 342.01, 4.15 subdivision 19. 4.16 Sec. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 152.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to 4.17 read: 4.18 Subd. 30. Edible cannabinoid product. "Edible cannabinoid product" has the meaning 4.19 given in section 342.01, subdivision 29. 4.20 Sec. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 152.021, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 4.21 Subdivision 1. Sale crimes. A person is guilty of controlled substance crime in the first 4.22 degree if: 4.23 (1) on one or more occasions within a 90-day period the person unlawfully sells one or 4.24 more mixtures of a total weight of 17 grams or more containing cocaine or methamphetamine; 4.25 (2) on one or more occasions within a 90-day period the person unlawfully sells one or 4.26 more mixtures of a total weight of ten grams or more containing cocaine or methamphetamine 4.27 4.28 and:

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5.1	(i) the person or an accomplice possesses on their person or within immediate reach, or
5.2	uses, whether by brandishing, displaying, threatening with, or otherwise employing, a
5.3	firearm; or
5.4	(ii) the offense involves two aggravating factors;
5.5	(3) on one or more occasions within a 90-day period the person unlawfully sells one or
5.6	more mixtures of a total weight of ten grams or more containing heroin;
5.7	(4) on one or more occasions within a 90-day period the person unlawfully sells one or
5.8	more mixtures of a total weight of 50 grams or more containing a narcotic drug other than
5.9	cocaine, heroin, or methamphetamine; or
5.10	(5) on one or more occasions within a 90-day period the person unlawfully sells one or
5.11	more mixtures of a total weight of 50 grams or more containing amphetamine, phencyclidine,
5.12	or hallucinogen or, if the controlled substance is packaged in dosage units, equaling 200 or
5.13	more dosage units; or
5.14	(6) on one or more occasions within a 90-day period the person unlawfully sells one or
5.15	more mixtures of a total weight of 25 kilograms or more containing marijuana or
5.16	Tetrahydrocannabinols.
5.17	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2024, and applies to crimes
5.18	committed on or after that date.
5.19	Sec Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 152.021, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
5.20	Subd. 2. Possession crimes. (a) A person is guilty of a controlled substance crime in
5.21	the first degree if:
5.225.23	(1) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 50 grams or more containing cocaine or methamphetamine;
3.23	of more containing cocame of methamphetamine,
5.24	(2) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 25 grams
5.25	or more containing cocaine or methamphetamine and:
5.26	(i) the person or an accomplice possesses on their person or within immediate reach, or
5.27	uses, whether by brandishing, displaying, threatening with, or otherwise employing, a
5.28	firearm; or
5.29	(ii) the offense involves two aggravating factors;
5.30	(3) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 25 grams
5.31	or more containing heroin;

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6.1	(4) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 500 grams
6.2	or more containing a narcotic drug other than cocaine, heroin, or methamphetamine;
6.3	(5) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 500 grams
6.4	or more containing amphetamine, phencyclidine, or hallucinogen or, if the controlled
6.5	substance is packaged in dosage units, equaling 500 or more dosage units; or
6.6	(6) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 50
6.7	kilograms or more containing marijuana or Tetrahydrocannabinols, or possesses 500 or
6.8	more marijuana plants.:
6.9	(i) 50 kilograms or more of cannabis flower;
6.10	(ii) ten kilograms or more of cannabis concentrate; or
6.11	(iii) edible cannabinoid products infused with more than one kilogram of
6.12	Tetrahydrocannabinols.
6.13	(b) For the purposes of this subdivision, the weight of fluid used in a water pipe may
6.14	not be considered in measuring the weight of a mixture except in cases where the mixture
6.15	contains four or more fluid ounces of fluid.
6.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2023, and applies to crimes
6.17	committed on or after that date."
6.18	Page 154, delete section 3 and insert:
6.19	"Sec Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 152.022, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
6.20	Subd. 2. Possession crimes. (a) A person is guilty of controlled substance crime in the
6.21	second degree if:
6.22	(1) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 25 grams
6.23	or more containing cocaine or methamphetamine;
6.24	(2) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of ten grams
6.25	or more containing cocaine or methamphetamine and:
6.26	(i) the person or an accomplice possesses on their person or within immediate reach, or
6.27	uses, whether by brandishing, displaying, threatening with, or otherwise employing, a
6.28	firearm; or
6.29	(ii) the offense involves three aggravating factors;
6.30	(3) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of six grams
6.31	or more containing heroin;

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7.1	(4) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 50 grams
7.2	or more containing a narcotic drug other than cocaine, heroin, or methamphetamine;
7.3	(5) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 50 grams
7.4	or more containing amphetamine, phencyclidine, or hallucinogen or, if the controlled
7.5	substance is packaged in dosage units, equaling 100 or more dosage units; or
7.6	(6) the person unlawfully possesses one or more mixtures of a total weight of 25
7.7	kilograms or more containing marijuana or Tetrahydrocannabinols, or possesses 100 or
7.8	more marijuana plants.:
7.9	(i) 25 kilograms or more of cannabis flower;
7.10	(ii) 15 kilograms or more of cannabis concentrate; or
7.11	(iii) edible cannabinoid products infused with more than 500 grams of
7.12	Tetrahydrocannabinols.
7.13	(b) For the purposes of this subdivision, the weight of fluid used in a water pipe may
7.14	not be considered in measuring the weight of a mixture except in cases where the mixture
7.15	contains four or more fluid ounces of fluid.
7.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2023, and applies to crimes
7.17	committed on or after that date."
7.18	Page 158, delete subdivision 1
7.19	Page 159, delete subdivision 6
7.20	Renumber the subdivisions in sequence
7.21	Page 160, delete subdivision 1
7.22	Renumber the subdivisions in sequence
7.23	Page 162, delete subdivision 3
7.24	Page 162, after line 13, insert:
7.25	"Sec Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 152.11, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
7.26	Subd. 2. Prescription requirements for Schedule III or IV controlled substances. (a)
7.27	Except as provided in paragraph (b), no person may dispense a controlled substance included
7.28	in Schedule III or IV of section 152.02 without a prescription issued, as permitted under
7.29	subdivision 1, by a doctor of medicine, a doctor of osteopathic medicine licensed to practice
7.30	medicine, a doctor of dental surgery, a doctor of dental medicine, a doctor of podiatry, a

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doctor of optometry limited to Schedule IV, or a doctor of veterinary medicine, lawfully
licensed to prescribe in this state or from a practitioner licensed to prescribe controlled
substances by the state in which the prescription is issued, and having a current federal drug
enforcement administration registration number. Such prescription may not be dispensed
or refilled except with the documented consent of the prescriber, and in no event more than
six months after the date on which such prescription was issued and no such prescription
may be refilled more than five times.
(b) This subdivision does not apply to cannabis plants, cannabis flower, or cannabinoid
products sold or transferred in compliance with chapter 342.
Sec Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision
to read:
Subd. 3a. Artificially derived cannabinoid. "Artificially derived cannabinoid" has the
meaning given in section 342.01, subdivision 6.
Sec Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision
to read:
Subd. 3b. Cannabinoid product. "Cannabinoid product" has the meaning given in
section 342.01, subdivision 12.
Sec Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision
to read:
Subd. 3c. Cannabis flower. "Cannabis flower" has the meaning given in section 342.01
subdivision 16.
Sec Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision
to read:
Subd. 10a. Hemp-derived consumer product. "Hemp-derived consumer product" has
the meaning given in section 342.01, subdivision 33.
Sec Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169A.20, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Driving while impaired crime; motor vehicle. It is a crime for any
person to drive, operate, or be in physical control of any motor vehicle, as defined in section
169A.03, subdivision 15, within this state or on any boundary water of this state when:
(1) the person is under the influence of alcohol:

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9.1	(2) the person is under the influence of a controlled substance, including but not limited
9.2	to cannabis flower, a cannabinoid product, or tetrahydrocannabinol derived from cannabis
9.3	flower;
9.4	(3) the person is under the influence of an intoxicating substance, including but not
9.5	limited to an artificially derived cannabinoid or tetrahydrocannabinol derived from hemp,
9.6	and the person knows or has reason to know that the substance has the capacity to cause
9.7	impairment;
9.8	(4) the person is under the influence of a combination of any two or more of the elements
9.9	named in clauses (1) to (3);
9.10	(5) the person's alcohol concentration at the time, or as measured within two hours of
9.11	the time, of driving, operating, or being in physical control of the motor vehicle is 0.08 or
9.12	more;
9.13	(6) the vehicle is a commercial motor vehicle and the person's alcohol concentration at
9.14	the time, or as measured within two hours of the time, of driving, operating, or being in
9.15	physical control of the commercial motor vehicle is 0.04 or more; or
9.16	(7) the person's body contains any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule
9.17	I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols.
9.18	Sec [169A.36] OPEN PACKAGE LAW.
9.19	Subdivision 1. Definitions. As used in this section:
9.20	(1) "motor vehicle" does not include motorboats in operation, or off-road recreational
9.21	vehicles except when being operated on a roadway or shoulder of a roadway that is not part
9.22	of a grant-in-aid trail or trail designated for that vehicle by the commissioner of natural
9.23	resources; and
9.24	(2) "possession" means either that the person had actual possession of the package or
9.25	that the person consciously exercised dominion and control over the package.
9.26	Subd. 2. Use; crime described. It is a crime for a person to use cannabis flower, a
9.27	cannabinoid product, or any product containing an artificially derived cannabinoid in a
9.28	motor vehicle when the vehicle is upon a street or highway.
9.29	Subd. 3. Possession; crime described. It is a crime for a person to have in possession,
9.30	while in a private motor vehicle upon a street or highway, any cannabis flower, a cannabinoid
9.31	product, or any product containing an artificially derived cannabinoid that:

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(1) is in packaging or another container that does not comply with the relevant packaging
requirements in chapter 152 or 342;
(2) has been removed from the packaging in which it was sold;
(3) is in packaging that has been opened or the seal has been broken; or
(4) is in packaging of which the contents have been partially removed.
Subd. 4. Liability of nonpresent owner; crime described. It is a crime for the owner
of any private motor vehicle or the driver, if the owner is not present in the motor vehicle
to keep or allow to be kept in a motor vehicle when the vehicle is upon a street or highway
any cannabis flower, a cannabinoid product, or any product containing an artificially derive
cannabinoid that:
(1) is in packaging or another container that does not comply with the relevant packaging
requirements in chapter 152 or 342;
(2) has been removed from the packaging in which it was sold;
(3) is in packaging that has been opened or the seal has been broken; or
(4) is in packaging of which the contents have been partially removed.
Subd. 5. Criminal penalty. A person who violates subdivisions 2 to 4 is guilty of a
misdemeanor.
Subd. 6. Exceptions. (a) This section does not prohibit the possession or consumption
of cannabis flower or a cannabinoid product or any other product containing an artificial
derived cannabinoid by passengers in:
(1) a bus that is operated by a motor carrier of passengers, as defined in section 221.012
subdivision 26;
(2) a vehicle that is operated for commercial purposes in a manner similar to a bicycle
as defined in section 169.011, subdivision 4, with five or more passengers who provide
pedal power to the drive train of the vehicle; or
(3) a vehicle providing limousine service as defined in section 221.84, subdivision 1.
(b) Subdivisions 3 and 4 do not apply to a package that is in the trunk of the vehicle is
it is equipped with a trunk, or that is in another area of the vehicle not normally occupied
by the driver and passengers if the vehicle is not equipped with a trunk. However, a utilit
compartment or glove compartment is deemed to be within the area occupied by the drive
and passengers.

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Sec. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169A.51, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

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Subdivision 1. **Implied consent; conditions; election of test.** (a) Any person who drives, operates, or is in physical control of a motor vehicle within this state or on any boundary water of this state consents, subject to the provisions of sections 169A.50 to 169A.53 (implied consent law), and section 169A.20 (driving while impaired), to a chemical test of that person's blood, breath, or urine for the purpose of determining the presence of alcohol; a controlled substance or its metabolite, including but not limited to cannabis flower, a cannabinoid product, or tetrahydrocannabinol derived from cannabis flower; or an intoxicating substance, including but not limited to an artificially derived cannabinoid or tetrahydrocannabinol derived from hemp. The test must be administered at the direction of a peace officer.

- (b) The test may be required of a person when an officer has probable cause to believe the person was driving, operating, or in physical control of a motor vehicle in violation of section 169A.20 (driving while impaired), and one of the following conditions exist:
- 11.15 (1) the person has been lawfully placed under arrest for violation of section 169A.20 or 11.16 an ordinance in conformity with it;
- 11.17 (2) the person has been involved in a motor vehicle accident or collision resulting in property damage, personal injury, or death;
 - (3) the person has refused to take the screening test provided for by section 169A.41 (preliminary screening test); or
- 11.21 (4) the screening test was administered and indicated an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more.
- 11.23 (c) The test may also be required of a person when an officer has probable cause to
 11.24 believe the person was driving, operating, or in physical control of a commercial motor
 11.25 vehicle with the presence of any alcohol.
- Sec. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169A.51, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Requirement of urine or blood test.** A blood or urine test may be required pursuant to a search warrant under sections 626.04 to 626.18 even after a breath test has been administered if there is probable cause to believe that:
- 11.30 (1) there is impairment by a controlled substance, including but not limited to cannabis
 11.31 flower, a cannabinoid product, or tetrahydrocannabinol derived from cannabis flower, or

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an intoxicating substance, including but not limited to an artificially derived cannabinoid or tetrahydrocannabinol derived from hemp, that is not subject to testing by a breath test;

- (2) a controlled substance listed in Schedule I or II or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the person's body; or
- (3) the person is unconscious or incapacitated to the point that the peace officer providing a breath test advisory, administering a breath test, or serving the search warrant has a good-faith belief that the person is mentally or physically unable to comprehend the breath test advisory or otherwise voluntarily submit to chemical tests.

Action may be taken against a person who refuses to take a blood test under this subdivision only if a urine test was offered and action may be taken against a person who refuses to take a urine test only if a blood test was offered. This limitation does not apply to an unconscious person under the circumstances described in clause (3).

Sec. ... Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169A.72, is amended to read:

169A.72 DRIVER EDUCATION PROGRAMS.

- Driver training courses offered through the public schools and driver training courses offered by private or commercial schools or institutes shall include instruction which must encompass at least:
- (1) information on the effects of consumption of beverage alcohol products and the use of illegal drugs, cannabis flower, cannabinoid products, artificially derived cannabinoids, tetrahydrocannbinol derived from any source, prescription drugs, and nonprescription drugs on the ability of a person to operate a motor vehicle;
- 12.22 (2) the hazards of driving while under the influence of alcohol, a controlled substance, 12.23 or drugs an intoxicating substance; and
- 12.24 (3) the legal penalties and financial consequences resulting from violations of laws
 12.25 prohibiting the operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, a controlled
 12.26 substance, or drugs an intoxicating substance."
- Page 164, after line 13, insert:

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- "Sec. ... Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.2112, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Criminal vehicular homicide.** (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), a person is guilty of criminal vehicular homicide and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than ten years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$20,000, or both, if the

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01/25/23 10:40 am person causes the death of a human being not constituting murder or manslaughter as a 13.1 result of operating a motor vehicle: 13.2 (1) in a grossly negligent manner; 13.3 (2) in a negligent manner while under the influence of: 13.4 (i) alcohol; 13.5 (ii) a controlled substance, including but not limited to cannabis flower, a cannabinoid 13.6 product, or tetrahydrocannabinol derived from cannabis flower; or 13.7 (iii) any combination of those elements; 13.8 (3) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more; 13.9 (4) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, as measured within two hours 13.10 of the time of driving; 13.11 (5) in a negligent manner while under the influence of an intoxicating substance, including 13.12 but not limited to an artificially derived cannabinoid or tetrahydrocannabinol derived from 13.13 hemp, and the person knows or has reason to know that the substance has the capacity to 13.14 cause impairment; 13.15 (6) in a negligent manner while any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule 13.16 I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the 13.17 person's body; 13.18 (7) where the driver who causes the collision leaves the scene of the collision in violation 13.19 of section 169.09, subdivision 1 or 6; or 13.20 (8) where the driver had actual knowledge that a peace officer had previously issued a 13.21 citation or warning that the motor vehicle was defectively maintained, the driver had actual 13.22 knowledge that remedial action was not taken, the driver had reason to know that the defect 13.23 created a present danger to others, and the death was caused by the defective maintenance. 13.24 (b) If a person is sentenced under paragraph (a) for a violation under paragraph (a), 13.25 clauses (2) to (6), occurring within ten years of a qualified prior driving offense, the statutory 13.26 maximum sentence of imprisonment is 15 years. 13.27

years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both, if the person causes great 13.31

Sec. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.2113, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Great bodily harm. A person is guilty of criminal vehicular operation

resulting in great bodily harm and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than five

13 Sec

13.28

13.29

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bodily harm to another not constituting attempted murder or assault as a result of operating 14.1 a motor vehicle: 14.2 (1) in a grossly negligent manner; 14.3 (2) in a negligent manner while under the influence of: 14.4 (i) alcohol; 14.5 (ii) a controlled substance, including but not limited to cannabis flower, a cannabinoid 14.6 product, or tetrahydrocannabinol derived from cannabis flower; or 14.7 (iii) any combination of those elements; 14.8 (3) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more; 14.9 (4) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, as measured within two hours 14.10 of the time of driving; 14.11 (5) in a negligent manner while under the influence of an intoxicating substance, including 14.12 but not limited to an artificially derived cannabinoid or tetrahydrocannabinol derived from 14.13 hemp, and the person knows or has reason to know that the substance has the capacity to 14.14 cause impairment; 14.15 (6) in a negligent manner while any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule 14.16 I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the 14.17 person's body; 14.18 (7) where the driver who causes the accident leaves the scene of the accident in violation 14.19 of section 169.09, subdivision 1 or 6; or 14.20 14.21 (8) where the driver had actual knowledge that a peace officer had previously issued a citation or warning that the motor vehicle was defectively maintained, the driver had actual 14.22 knowledge that remedial action was not taken, the driver had reason to know that the defect 14.23 created a present danger to others, and the injury was caused by the defective maintenance. 14.24 Sec. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.2113, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 14.25 Subd. 2. Substantial bodily harm. A person is guilty of criminal vehicular operation 14.26 resulting in substantial bodily harm and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more 14.27 than three years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both, if the person 14.28 causes substantial bodily harm to another as a result of operating a motor vehicle: 14.29 (1) in a grossly negligent manner; 14.30 (2) in a negligent manner while under the influence of: 14.31

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15.1	(i) alcohol;
15.2	(ii) a controlled substance, including but not limited to cannabis flower, a cannabinoid
15.3	product, or tetrahydrocannabinol derived from cannabis flower; or
15.4	(iii) any combination of those elements;
15.5	(3) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;
15.6	(4) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, as measured within two hours
15.7	of the time of driving;
15.8	(5) in a negligent manner while under the influence of an intoxicating substance, including
15.9	but not limited to an artificially derived cannabinoid or tetrahydrocannabinol derived from
15.10	hemp, and the person knows or has reason to know that the substance has the capacity to
15.11	cause impairment;
15.12	(6) in a negligent manner while any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule
15.13	I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the
15.14	person's body;
15.15	(7) where the driver who causes the accident leaves the scene of the accident in violation
15.16	of section 169.09, subdivision 1 or 6; or
15.17	(8) where the driver had actual knowledge that a peace officer had previously issued a
15.18	citation or warning that the motor vehicle was defectively maintained, the driver had actual
15.19	knowledge that remedial action was not taken, the driver had reason to know that the defect
15.20	created a present danger to others, and the injury was caused by the defective maintenance.
15.21	Sec Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.2113, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
15.22	Subd. 3. Bodily harm. A person is guilty of criminal vehicular operation resulting in
15.23	bodily harm and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than one year or to payment
15.24	of a fine of not more than \$3,000, or both, if the person causes bodily harm to another as a
15.25	result of operating a motor vehicle:
15.26	(1) in a grossly negligent manner;
15.27	(2) in a negligent manner while under the influence of:
15.28	(i) alcohol;
15.29	(ii) a controlled substance, including but not limited to cannabis flower, a cannabinoid
15.30	product, or tetrahydrocannabinol derived from cannabis flower; or
15.31	(iii) any combination of those elements:

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16.1	(3) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;	
16.2	(4) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, as measured within	n two hours
16.3	of the time of driving;	
16.4	(5) in a negligent manner while under the influence of an intoxicating substance	ce, including
16.5	but not limited to an artificially derived cannabinoid or tetrahydrocannabinol d	erived from
16.6	hemp, and the person knows or has reason to know that the substance has the o	capacity to
16.7	7 cause impairment;	
16.8	(6) in a negligent manner while any amount of a controlled substance listed	in Schedule
16.9	I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is pres	ent in the
16.10	person's body;	
16.11	(7) where the driver who causes the accident leaves the scene of the accident	in violation
16.12	of section 169.09, subdivision 1 or 6; or	
16.13	(8) where the driver had actual knowledge that a peace officer had previous	sly issued a
16.14	citation or warning that the motor vehicle was defectively maintained, the drive	r had actual
16.15	knowledge that remedial action was not taken, the driver had reason to know the	at the defect
16.16	created a present danger to others, and the injury was caused by the defective m	naintenance.
16.17	Sec Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.2114, subdivision 1, is amende	ed to read:
16.18	Subdivision 1. Death to an unborn child. (a) Except as provided in paragram	raph (b), a
16.19	person is guilty of criminal vehicular operation resulting in death to an unborn	child and
16.20	may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than ten years or to payment of	of a fine of
16.21	not more than \$20,000, or both, if the person causes the death of an unborn chil	d as a result
16.22	of operating a motor vehicle:	
16.23	(1) in a grossly negligent manner;	
16.24	(2) in a negligent manner while under the influence of:	
16.25	(i) alcohol;	
16.26	(ii) a controlled substance, including but not limited to cannabis flower, a c	annabinoid
16.27	product, or tetrahydrocannabinol derived from cannabis flower; or	
16.28	(iii) any combination of those elements:	

of the time of driving; 16.31

(4) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, as measured within two hours

(3) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;

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16.29

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17.1	(5) in a negligent manner while under the influence of an intoxicating substance, including
17.2	but not limited to an artificially derived cannabinoid or tetrahydrocannabinol derived from
17.3	hemp, and the person knows or has reason to know that the substance has the capacity to
17.4	cause impairment;
17.5	(6) in a negligent manner while any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule
17.6	I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the
17.7	person's body;
17.8	(7) where the driver who causes the accident leaves the scene of the accident in violation
17.9	of section 169.09, subdivision 1 or 6; or
17.10	(8) where the driver had actual knowledge that a peace officer had previously issued a
17.11	citation or warning that the motor vehicle was defectively maintained, the driver had actual
17.12	knowledge that remedial action was not taken, the driver had reason to know that the defect
17.13	created a present danger to others, and the injury was caused by the defective maintenance.
17.14	(b) If a person is sentenced under paragraph (a) for a violation under paragraph (a),
17.15	clauses (2) to (6), occurring within ten years of a qualified prior driving offense, the statutory
17.16	maximum sentence of imprisonment is 15 years.
17.17	Sec Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.2114, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
17.18	Subd. 2. Injury to an unborn child. A person is guilty of criminal vehicular operation
17.19	resulting in injury to an unborn child and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more
17.20	than five years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both, if the person
17.21	causes the great bodily harm to an unborn child subsequently born alive as a result of
17.22	operating a motor vehicle:
17.23	(1) in a grossly negligent manner;
17.24	(2) in a negligent manner while under the influence of:
17.25	(i) alcohol;
17.26	(ii) a controlled substance, including but not limited to cannabis flower, a cannabinoid
17.27	product, or tetrahydrocannabinol derived from cannabis flower; or
17.28	(iii) any combination of those elements;
17.29	(3) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;
17.30	(4) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, as measured within two hours
17.31	of the time of driving;

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18.1	(5) in a negligent manner while under the influence of an intoxicating substance, including
18.2	but not limited to an artificially derived cannabinoid or tetrahydrocannabinol derived from
18.3	hemp, and the person knows or has reason to know that the substance has the capacity to
18.4	cause impairment;
18.5	(6) in a negligent manner while any amount of a controlled substance listed in Schedule
18.6	I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the
18.7	person's body;
18.8	(7) where the driver who causes the accident leaves the scene of the accident in violation
18.9	of section 169.09, subdivision 1 or 6; or
18.10	(8) where the driver had actual knowledge that a peace officer had previously issued a
18.11	citation or warning that the motor vehicle was defectively maintained, the driver had actual
18.12	knowledge that remedial action was not taken, the driver had reason to know that the defect
18.13	created a present danger to others, and the injury was caused by the defective maintenance."
18.14	Page 171, after line 6, insert:
18.15	"Subd. 4. Report. The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall issue a report to the
18.16	committees and divisions with jurisdiction over public safety policy and finance upon
18.17	completion of the work required under subdivision 2. The report shall contain summary
18.18	data and must include the total number of expungements granted by the Bureau of Criminal
18.19	Apprehension."
18.20	Page 175, after line 2, insert:
18.21	"Subd. 7. Annual report. Until it completes its work, the board shall issue a report by
18.22	January 15 of each year to the committees and divisions with jurisdiction over public safety
18.23	policy and finance upon completion of the work required under subdivision 2. The report
18.24	shall contain summary data and must include:
18.25	(1) the total number of cases reviewed in the previous year;
18.26	(2) the total number of cases in which the board determined that expungement is in the
18.27	public interest;
18.28	(3) the total number of cases in which the board determined that resentencing to a lesser
18.29	offense is appropriate, the original sentence in those cases, and the lesser offense
18.30	recommended by the board;
18.31	(4) the total number of cases in which the board determined that no change to the original
18.32	sentence was appropriate; and

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(5) the total number of cases remaining to be reviewed." 19.1 Renumber the subdivisions in sequence 19.2 Page 184, after line 21, insert: 19.3 19.4 "Sec. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 175.45, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Duties; goal. The commissioner of labor and industry shall convene 19.5 industry representatives, identify occupational competency standards, and provide technical 19.6 assistance to develop dual-training programs. The competency standards shall be identified 19.7 for employment in occupations in advanced manufacturing, health care services, information 19.8 technology, and agriculture, and the legal cannabis industry. Competency standards are not 19.9 rules and are exempt from the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14, and the provisions in 19.10 section 14.386 concerning exempt rules do not apply." 19.11 Page 202, after line 5, insert: 19.12 "Sec. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 484.014, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 19.13 Subd. 3. Mandatory expungement. (a) The court shall order expungement of an eviction 19.14 case commenced solely on the grounds provided in section 504B.285, subdivision 1, clause 19.15 (1), if the court finds that the defendant occupied real property that was subject to contract 19.16 for deed cancellation or mortgage foreclosure and: 19.17 (1) the time for contract cancellation or foreclosure redemption has expired and the 19.18 defendant vacated the property prior to commencement of the eviction action; or 19.19 (2) the defendant was a tenant during the contract cancellation or foreclosure redemption 19.20 period and did not receive a notice under section 504B.285, subdivision 1a, 1b, or 1c, to 19.21 vacate on a date prior to commencement of the eviction case. 19.22 19.23 (b) If a tenant brings a motion for expungement of an eviction, the court shall order the expungement of an eviction case that was commenced on the grounds of a violation of 19.24 section 504B.171 or any other claim of breach regardless of when the original eviction was 19.25 ordered, if the defendant could receive an automatic expungement under section 609A.05, 19.26 or if the breach was based solely on possession of marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols. 19.27

whether in writing or parol, the landlord or licensor and the tenant or licensee covenant that: 19.30

Sec. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 504B.171, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Terms of covenant. (a) In every lease or license of residential premises,

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20.1	(1) neither will:
20.2	(i) unlawfully allow controlled substances in those premises or in the common area and
20.3	curtilage of the premises in violation of any criminal provision of chapter 152;
20.4	(ii) allow prostitution or prostitution-related activity as defined in section 617.80,
20.5	subdivision 4, to occur on the premises or in the common area and curtilage of the premises;
20.6	(iii) allow the unlawful use or possession of a firearm in violation of section 609.66,
20.7	subdivision 1a, 609.67, or 624.713, on the premises or in the common area and curtilage of
20.8	the premises; or
20.9	(iv) allow stolen property or property obtained by robbery in those premises or in the
20.10	common area and curtilage of the premises; and
20.11	
20.11	(2) the common area and curtilage of the premises will not be used by either the landlord
20.12	or licensor or the tenant or licensee or others acting under the control of either to manufacture,
20.13	sell, give away, barter, deliver, exchange, distribute, purchase, or possess a controlled
20.14	substance in violation of any criminal provision of chapter 152. The covenant is not violated
20.15	when a person other than the landlord or licensor or the tenant or licensee possesses or
20.16	allows controlled substances in the premises, common area, or curtilage, unless the landlord
20.17	or licensor or the tenant or licensee knew or had reason to know of that activity.
20.18	(b) In every lease or license of residential premises, whether in writing or parol, the
20.19	tenant or licensee covenant that the tenant or licensee will not commit an act enumerated
20.20	under section 504B.206, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), against a tenant or licensee or any
20.21	authorized occupant.
20.22	(c) A landlord cannot prohibit, and a tenant cannot waive the right, to legally possess
20.23	any cannabinoid products or hemp-derived consumer products, or the use of any cannabinoid
20.24	product or hemp-derived consumer product, other than consumption by combustion or
20.25	vaporization of the product and inhalation of smoke, aerosol, or vapor from the product.
20.26	Sec [504B.1715] COVENANTS; SOBER HOMES.
20.27	A sober housing program for people with substance use disorders may prohibit possession
20.28	and use of cannabinoid products or hemp-derived consumer products."
20.29	Page 244, line 26, delete " <u>342.70</u> " and insert " <u>342.16</u> "
20.30	Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly