

1.1 moves to amend H.F. No. 3782 as follows:

1.2 Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

1.3 "ARTICLE 1
1.4 GENERAL EDUCATION

1.5 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 13.32, subdivision 5, is amended
1.6 to read:

1.7 Subd. 5. **Directory information.** (a) Educational data designated as directory information
1.8 is public data on individuals to the extent required under federal law. Directory information
1.9 must be designated pursuant to the provisions of:

1.10 (1) this subdivision; and

1.11 (2) United States Code, title 20, section 1232g, and Code of Federal Regulations, title
1.12 34, section 99.37, which were in effect on January 3, 2012.

1.13 (b) When conducting the directory information designation and notice process required
1.14 by federal law, an educational agency or institution shall give parents and students notice
1.15 of the right to refuse to let the agency or institution designate specified data about the student
1.16 as directory information. This notice may be given by any means reasonably likely to inform
1.17 the parents and students of the right.

1.18 (c) An educational agency or institution may not designate a student's home address,
1.19 telephone number, email address, or other personal contact information as directory
1.20 information under this subdivision. This paragraph does not apply to a postsecondary
1.21 institution.

2.1 (d) When requested, educational agencies or institutions must share personal student
2.2 contact information and directory information, whether public or private, with the Minnesota
2.3 Department of Education, as required for federal reporting purposes.

2.4 (e) When requested, educational agencies or institutions may share personal student
2.5 contact information and directory information for students served in special education with
2.6 postsecondary transition planning and services under section 125A.08, paragraph (b), clause
2.7 (1), whether public or private, with the Department of Employment and Economic
2.8 Development, as required for coordination of services to students with disabilities under
2.9 sections 125A.08, paragraph (b), clause (1); 125A.023; and 125A.027.

2.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

2.11 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 120A.35, is amended to read:

2.12 **120A.35 ABSENCE FROM SCHOOL FOR RELIGIOUS ~~OBSERVANCE~~ AND**
2.13 **CULTURAL OBSERVANCES.**

2.14 Reasonable efforts must be made by a school district to accommodate any pupil who
2.15 wishes to be excused from a curricular activity for a religious observance or American
2.16 Indian cultural practice, observance, or ceremony. A school board must provide annual
2.17 notice to parents of the school district's policy relating to a pupil's absence from school ~~for~~
2.18 ~~religious observance~~ under this section.

2.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

2.20 Sec. 3. **[121A.73] SCHOOL CELL PHONE POLICY.**

2.21 A school district or charter school must adopt a policy on students' possession and use
2.22 of cell phones in school by March 15, 2025. The Minnesota Elementary School Principals
2.23 Association and the Minnesota Association of Secondary School Principals must collaborate
2.24 to make best practices available to schools on a range of different strategies in order to
2.25 minimize the impact of cell phones on student behavior, mental health, and academic
2.26 attainment.

2.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

2.28 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 124D.094, subdivision 2, is amended
2.29 to read:

2.30 Subd. 2. **Digital instruction.** (a) An enrolling district may provide digital instruction,
2.31 including blended instruction and online instruction, to the district's own enrolled students.

3.1 Enrolling districts may establish agreements to provide digital instruction, including blended
3.2 instruction and online instruction, to students enrolled in the cooperating schools.

3.3 (b) When online instruction is provided, an online teacher as defined under subdivision
3.4 1, paragraph (h), shall perform all duties of teacher of record under Minnesota Rules, part
3.5 8710.0310. Unless the commissioner grants a waiver, a teacher providing online instruction
3.6 shall not instruct more than 40 students in any one online learning course or section.

3.7 (c) Students receiving online instruction full time shall be reported as enrolled in an
3.8 online instructional site under subdivision 1, paragraph (g).

3.9 (d) Curriculum used for digital instruction shall be aligned with Minnesota's current
3.10 academic standards and benchmarks.

3.11 (e) Digital instruction shall be accessible to students under ~~section~~ sections 504 and 508
3.12 of the federal Rehabilitation Act and Title II of the federal Americans with Disabilities Act.

3.13 (f) An enrolling district providing digital instruction and a supplemental online course
3.14 provider shall assist an enrolled student whose family qualifies for the education tax credit
3.15 under section 290.0674 to acquire computer hardware and educational software so they
3.16 may participate in digital instruction. Funds provided to a family to support digital instruction
3.17 or supplemental online courses may only be used for qualifying expenses as determined by
3.18 the provider. Nonconsumable materials purchased with public education funds remain the
3.19 property of the provider. Records for any funds provided must be available for review by
3.20 the public or the department.

3.21 (g) An enrolling district providing digital instruction shall establish and document
3.22 procedures for determining attendance for membership and keep accurate records of daily
3.23 attendance under section 120A.21.

3.24 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 124D.094, subdivision 3, is amended
3.25 to read:

3.26 Subd. 3. **Supplemental online courses.** (a) Notwithstanding sections 124D.03 and
3.27 124D.08 and chapter 124E, procedures for applying to take supplemental online courses
3.28 other than those offered by the student's enrolling district are as provided in this subdivision.

3.29 (b) Any kindergarten through grade 12 student may apply to take a supplemental online
3.30 course under subdivision 1, paragraph (j). The student, or the student's parent or guardian
3.31 for a student under age 17, must submit an application for the proposed supplemental online
3.32 course or courses. A student may:

4.1 (1) apply to take an online course from a supplemental online course provider that meets
4.2 or exceeds the academic standards of the course in the enrolling district they are replacing;

4.3 (2) apply to take supplemental online courses for up to 50 percent of the student's
4.4 scheduled course load; ~~and~~

4.5 (3) apply to take supplemental online courses no later than 15 school days after the
4.6 student's enrolling district's term has begun. An enrolling district may waive the 50 percent
4.7 course enrollment limit or the 15-day time limit; and

4.8 (4) enroll in additional courses with the online learning provider under a separate
4.9 agreement that includes terms for paying any tuition or course fees.

4.10 (c) A student taking a supplemental online course must have the same access to the
4.11 computer hardware and education software available in a school as all other students in the
4.12 enrolling district.

4.13 (d) A supplemental online course provider must have a current, approved application to
4.14 be listed by the Department of Education as an approved provider. The supplemental online
4.15 course provider must:

4.16 (1) use an application form specified by the Department of Education;

4.17 (2) notify the student, the student's guardian if they are age 17 or younger, and enrolling
4.18 district of the accepted application to take a supplemental online course within ten days of
4.19 receiving a completed application;

4.20 (3) notify the enrolling district of the course title, credits to be awarded, and the start
4.21 date of the online course. A supplemental online course provider must make the online
4.22 course syllabus available to the enrolling district;

4.23 (4) request applicable academic support information for the student, including a copy
4.24 of the IEP, EL support plan, or 504 plan; and

4.25 (5) track student attendance and monitor academic progress and communicate with the
4.26 student, the student's guardian if they are age 17 or younger, and the enrolling district's
4.27 designated online learning liaison.

4.28 (e) A supplemental online course provider may limit enrollment if the provider's school
4.29 board or board of directors adopts by resolution specific standards for accepting and rejecting
4.30 students' applications. The provisions may not discriminate against any protected class or
4.31 students with disabilities.

5.1 (f) A supplemental online course provider may request that the Department of Education
 5.2 review an enrolling district's written decision to not accept a student's supplemental online
 5.3 course application. The student may participate in the supplemental online course while the
 5.4 application is under review. Decisions shall be final and binding for both the enrolling
 5.5 district and the supplemental online course provider.

5.6 (g) A supplemental online course provider must participate in continuous improvement
 5.7 cycles with the Department of Education.

5.8 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.12, is amended to read:

5.9 **124D.12 PURPOSE OF FLEXIBLE LEARNING YEAR PROGRAMS.**

5.10 Sections 124D.12 to 124D.127 authorize districts to evaluate, plan and employ the use
 5.11 of flexible learning year programs. It is anticipated that the open selection of the type of
 5.12 flexible learning year operation from a variety of alternatives will allow each district seeking
 5.13 to utilize this concept to suitably fulfill the educational needs of its pupils. These alternatives
 5.14 must include, but not be limited to, various 45-15 plans, four-quarter plans, quinmester
 5.15 plans, extended learning year plans, and flexible all-year plans. ~~A school district with an
 5.16 approved four-day week plan in the 2014-2015 school year may continue under a four-day
 5.17 week plan through the end of the 2019-2020 school year. Future approvals are contingent
 5.18 upon meeting the school district's performance goals established in the district's plan under
 5.19 section 120B.11~~ The commissioner must establish clear criteria for evaluating a district's
 5.20 application to use a four-day school week plan, at least annually accept district applications
 5.21 to use a four-day week plan, and determine whether each application meets the criteria. The
 5.22 commissioner must give a school district one school year's notice before revoking approval
 5.23 of its flexible learning year program. Approval of a four-day school week plan may not be
 5.24 revoked for six years from the date it is granted.

5.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

5.26 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 126C.40, subdivision 6, is amended
 5.27 to read:

5.28 Subd. 6. **Lease purchase; installment buys.** (a) Upon application to, and approval by,
 5.29 the commissioner in accordance with the procedures and limits in subdivision 1, paragraphs
 5.30 (a) and (b), a district, as defined in this subdivision, may:

5.31 (1) purchase real or personal property under an installment contract or may lease real
 5.32 or personal property with an option to purchase under a lease purchase agreement, by which

6.1 installment contract or lease purchase agreement title is kept by the seller or vendor or
6.2 assigned to a third party as security for the purchase price, including interest, if any; and

6.3 (2) annually levy the amounts necessary to pay the district's obligations under the
6.4 installment contract or lease purchase agreement.

6.5 (b) The obligation created by the installment contract or the lease purchase agreement
6.6 must not be included in the calculation of net debt for purposes of section 475.53, and does
6.7 not constitute debt under other law. An election is not required in connection with the
6.8 execution of the installment contract or the lease purchase agreement.

6.9 (c) The proceeds of the levy authorized by this subdivision must not be used to acquire
6.10 a facility to be primarily used for athletic or school administration purposes.

6.11 (d) For the purposes of this subdivision, "district" means:

6.12 (1) Special School District No. 1, Minneapolis, Independent School District No. 625,
6.13 St. Paul, Independent School District No. 709, Duluth, or Independent School District No.
6.14 535, Rochester, if the district's ~~desegregation~~ achievement and integration plan has been
6.15 determined by the commissioner to be in compliance with Department of Education rules
6.16 relating to equality of educational opportunity and where the acquisition, as defined in
6.17 section 475.51, subdivision 7, of property under this subdivision is determined by the
6.18 commissioner to contribute to the implementation of the ~~desegregation~~ approved achievement
6.19 and integration plan; or

6.20 (2) other districts eligible for revenue under section 124D.862 if the facility acquired
6.21 under this subdivision is to be primarily used for a joint program ~~for interdistrict~~
6.22 ~~desegregation~~ and the commissioner determines that the joint programs are is being
6.23 undertaken to implement the districts' ~~desegregation~~ approved achievement and integration
6.24 plan.

6.25 (e) Notwithstanding subdivision 1, the prohibition against a levy by a district to lease
6.26 or rent a district-owned building to itself does not apply to levies otherwise authorized by
6.27 this subdivision.

6.28 (f) For the purposes of this subdivision, any references in subdivision 1 to building or
6.29 land shall include personal property.

6.30 (g) Projects funded under this subdivision are subject to review and comment under
6.31 section 123B.71, subdivision 8, in the ~~same manner as other school construction projects~~
6.32 form and manner prescribed by the commissioner.

7.1 Sec. 8. **REVISOR INSTRUCTION.**

7.2 The revisor of statutes shall remove the term "state-approved" wherever it appears in
7.3 Minnesota Statutes, sections 125A.15, 125A.51, and 125A.515, for education in care and
7.4 treatment facilities.

7.5 **ARTICLE 2**

7.6 **EDUCATION EXCELLENCE**

7.7 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 120B.021, subdivision 1, is
7.8 amended to read:

7.9 Subdivision 1. **Required academic standards.** (a) The following subject areas are
7.10 required for statewide accountability:

7.11 (1) language arts;

7.12 (2) mathematics, encompassing algebra II, integrated mathematics III, or an equivalent
7.13 in high school, and to be prepared for the three credits of mathematics in grades 9 through
7.14 12, the grade 8 standards include completion of algebra;

7.15 (3) science, including earth and space science, life science, and the physical sciences,
7.16 including chemistry and physics;

7.17 (4) social studies, including history, geography, economics, and government and
7.18 citizenship that includes civics;

7.19 (5) physical education;

7.20 (6) health, for which locally developed academic standards apply; and

7.21 (7) the arts. Public elementary and middle schools must offer at least three and require
7.22 at least two of the following five arts areas: dance; media arts; music; theater; and visual
7.23 arts. Public high schools must offer at least three and require at least one of the following
7.24 five arts areas: media arts; dance; music; theater; and visual arts.

7.25 (b) For purposes of applicable federal law, the academic standards for language arts,
7.26 mathematics, and science apply to all public school students, except the very few students
7.27 with extreme cognitive or physical impairments for whom an individualized education
7.28 program team has determined that the required academic standards are inappropriate. An
7.29 individualized education program team that makes this determination must establish
7.30 alternative standards.

8.1 ~~(e) The department may modify SHAPE America (Society of Health and Physical~~
 8.2 ~~Educators) standards and adapt the national standards to accommodate state interest. The~~
 8.3 ~~modification and adaptations must maintain the purpose and integrity of the national~~
 8.4 ~~standards. The department must make available sample assessments, which school districts~~
 8.5 ~~may use as an alternative to local assessments, to assess students' mastery of the physical~~
 8.6 ~~education standards beginning in the 2018-2019 school year.~~

8.7 ~~(d)~~ (c) A school district may include child sexual abuse prevention instruction in a health
 8.8 curriculum, consistent with paragraph (a), clause (6). Child sexual abuse prevention
 8.9 instruction may include age-appropriate instruction on recognizing sexual abuse and assault,
 8.10 boundary violations, and ways offenders groom or desensitize victims, as well as strategies
 8.11 to promote disclosure, reduce self-blame, and mobilize bystanders. A school district may
 8.12 provide instruction under this paragraph in a variety of ways, including at an annual assembly
 8.13 or classroom presentation. A school district may also provide parents information on the
 8.14 warning signs of child sexual abuse and available resources.

8.15 ~~(e)~~ (d) District efforts to develop, implement, or improve instruction or curriculum as a
 8.16 result of the provisions of this section must be consistent with sections 120B.10, 120B.11,
 8.17 and 120B.20.

8.18 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 120B.022, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

8.19 Subd. 1a. **Foreign World language and culture; proficiency certificates.** (a) World
 8.20 languages teachers and other school staff should develop and implement world languages
 8.21 programs that acknowledge and reinforce the language proficiency and cultural awareness
 8.22 that non-English language speakers already possess, and encourage students' proficiency
 8.23 in multiple world languages. Programs under this section must encompass Indigenous
 8.24 American Indian languages and cultures, among other world languages and cultures. The
 8.25 department shall consult with postsecondary institutions in developing related professional
 8.26 development opportunities for purposes of this section.

8.27 (b) Any Minnesota public, charter, or nonpublic school may award Minnesota World
 8.28 Language Proficiency Certificates consistent with this subdivision.

8.29 (c) The Minnesota World Language Proficiency Certificate recognizes students who
 8.30 demonstrate ~~listening, speaking, reading, and writing language skills at an overall~~
 8.31 intermediate-low or intermediate-mid level of proficiency on the American Council on the
 8.32 Teaching of Foreign Languages' Intermediate-Low level ACTFL's scale of levels of
 8.33 proficiency. A student's level of proficiency is derived from assessment in the domains of
 8.34 listening, reading, speaking, and writing on a valid and reliable assessment tool.

9.1 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 120B.022, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:

9.2 Subd. 1b. **State bilingual and multilingual seals.** (a) Consistent with efforts to strive
 9.3 for the world's best workforce under sections 120B.11 and 124E.03, subdivision 2, paragraph
 9.4 (i), and close the academic achievement and opportunity gap under sections 124D.861 and
 9.5 124D.862, voluntary state bilingual and multilingual seals are established to recognize
 9.6 graduating high school students in any school district, charter school, or nonpublic school
 9.7 who demonstrate particular levels of proficiency in one or more languages other than English.
 9.8 The levels of proficiency established under this subdivision are based on the ACTFL's
 9.9 proficiency guidelines. A student is eligible for a seal in a language other than English if
 9.10 the student demonstrates an overall Advanced-Low level or an intermediate high level of
 9.11 functional proficiency in listening, speaking, reading, and writing on either assessments
 9.12 derived from assessment in the domains of listening, reading, speaking, and writing on an
 9.13 assessment aligned with American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages' (ACTFL)
 9.14 ACTFL proficiency guidelines or on an equivalent valid and reliable assessments in one or
 9.15 more languages in addition to English assessment. Indigenous American Indian languages
 9.16 and American Sign Language is a language are languages other than English for purposes
 9.17 of this subdivision and a world language languages for purposes of subdivision 1a.

9.18 (b) In addition to paragraph (a), to be eligible to receive a seal:

9.19 ~~(1) students must satisfactorily complete all required English language arts credits; and,~~

9.20 ~~(2) students must demonstrate mastery of Minnesota's English language proficiency~~
 9.21 ~~standards.~~

9.22 (c) Consistent with this subdivision, a high school student who demonstrates an overall
 9.23 intermediate high ACTFL level of functional proficiency derived from assessment in the
 9.24 domains of listening, reading, speaking, and writing in one language in addition to English
 9.25 is eligible to receive the state bilingual gold seal. A high school student who demonstrates
 9.26 an overall intermediate high ACTFL level of functional native proficiency derived from
 9.27 assessment in the domains of listening, reading, speaking, and writing in more than one
 9.28 language in addition to English is eligible to receive the state multilingual gold seal. A high
 9.29 school student who demonstrates an overall advanced-low and above ACTFL level of
 9.30 functional proficiency derived from assessment in the domains of listening, reading, speaking,
 9.31 and writing in one language in addition to English is eligible to receive the state bilingual
 9.32 platinum seal. A high school student who demonstrates an overall advanced-low and above
 9.33 ACTFL level of functional proficiency derived from assessment in the domains of listening,

10.1 reading, speaking, and writing in more than one language in addition to English is eligible
10.2 to receive the state multilingual platinum seal.

10.3 (d) School districts and charter schools may give students periodic opportunities to
10.4 demonstrate their level of proficiency in listening, speaking, reading, and writing in a
10.5 language in addition to English. Where valid and reliable assessments are unavailable, a
10.6 school district or charter school may rely on evaluators trained in assessing under ACTFL
10.7 proficiency guidelines to assess a student's level of ~~foreign, heritage, or Indigenous~~
10.8 non-English language proficiency under this section. School districts and charter schools
10.9 must maintain appropriate records to identify high school students eligible to receive the
10.10 state bilingual or multilingual gold and platinum seals upon graduation. The school district
10.11 or charter school must ~~affix~~ notate the appropriate seal to the transcript of each high school
10.12 student who meets the requirements of this subdivision and may affix the seal to the student's
10.13 diploma. A school district or charter school must not charge the high school student a fee
10.14 for this seal.

10.15 (e) A school district or charter school may award elective course credits in world
10.16 languages to a student who demonstrates the requisite proficiency in a language other than
10.17 English under this section.

10.18 (f) A school district or charter school may award community service credit to a student
10.19 who demonstrates an overall intermediate high or an overall advanced-low and above
10.20 ACTFL level of ~~functional proficiency in listening, speaking, reading, and writing derived~~
10.21 from assessment in the domains of listening, reading, speaking, and writing in a language
10.22 other than English and who participates in community service activities that are integrated
10.23 into the curriculum, involve the participation of teachers, and support biliteracy in the school
10.24 or local community.

10.25 (g) The commissioner must list on the web page ~~those~~ the assessments that are aligned
10.26 to ACTFL proficiency guidelines, and establish guidelines on interpreting the scores or
10.27 ratings from approved assessments.

10.28 (h) By August 1, 2015, the colleges and universities of the Minnesota State Colleges
10.29 and Universities system must establish criteria to translate the seals into college credits
10.30 based on the world language course equivalencies identified by the Minnesota State Colleges
10.31 and Universities faculty and staff and, upon request from an enrolled student, the Minnesota
10.32 State Colleges and Universities may award foreign language credits to a student who ~~receives~~
10.33 received a Minnesota World Language Proficiency Certificate or Minnesota Bilingual or
10.34 Multilingual Seals under subdivision 1a. A student who demonstrated the requisite level of

11.1 language proficiency in grade 10, 11, or 12 to receive a seal or certificate and is enrolled in
11.2 a Minnesota State Colleges and Universities institution must request college credits for the
11.3 student's seal or proficiency certificate within three academic years after graduating from
11.4 high school. The University of Minnesota is encouraged to award students foreign language
11.5 academic credits consistent with this paragraph.

11.6 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 120B.024, subdivision 1, is amended
11.7 to read:

11.8 Subdivision 1. **Graduation requirements.** (a) Students must successfully complete the
11.9 following high school level credits for graduation:

11.10 (1) four credits of language arts sufficient to satisfy all of the academic standards in
11.11 English language arts;

11.12 (2) three credits of mathematics sufficient to satisfy all of the academic standards in
11.13 mathematics;

11.14 (3) three credits of science, including one credit to satisfy all the earth and space science
11.15 standards for grades 9 through 12, one credit to satisfy all the life science standards for
11.16 grades 9 through 12, and one credit to satisfy all the chemistry or physics standards for
11.17 grades 9 through 12;

11.18 (4) three and one-half credits of social studies, including credit for a course in government
11.19 and citizenship in either grade 11 or 12 for students beginning grade 9 in the ~~2024-2025~~
11.20 2025-2026 school year and later or an advanced placement, international baccalaureate, or
11.21 other rigorous course on government and citizenship under section 120B.021, subdivision
11.22 1a, and a combination of other credits encompassing at least United States history, geography,
11.23 government and citizenship, world history, and economics sufficient to satisfy all of the
11.24 academic standards in social studies;

11.25 (5) one credit of the arts sufficient to satisfy all of the academic standards in the arts;

11.26 (6) ~~credits~~ credit sufficient to satisfy the state standards in physical education; and

11.27 (7) a minimum of seven elective credits.

11.28 (b) Students who begin grade 9 in the 2024-2025 school year and later must successfully
11.29 complete a course for credit in personal finance in grade 10, 11, or 12. A teacher of a personal
11.30 finance course that satisfies the graduation requirement must have a field license or
11.31 out-of-field permission in agricultural education, business, family and consumer science,
11.32 social studies, or math.

12.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2024.

12.2 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 120B.11, subdivision 1, is amended
12.3 to read:

12.4 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For the purposes of this section and section 120B.10, the
12.5 following terms have the meanings given them.

12.6 (a) "Instruction" means methods of providing learning experiences that enable a student
12.7 to meet state and district academic standards and graduation requirements including applied
12.8 and experiential learning.

12.9 (b) "Curriculum" means district or school adopted programs and written plans for
12.10 providing students with learning experiences that lead to expected knowledge and skills
12.11 and career and college readiness.

12.12 (c) "World's best workforce" means striving to: meet school readiness goals; close the
12.13 academic achievement gap among all racial and ethnic groups of students and between
12.14 students living in poverty and students not living in poverty; have all students attain career
12.15 and college readiness before graduating from high school; and have all students graduate
12.16 from high school.

12.17 (d) "Experiential learning" means learning for students that includes career exploration
12.18 through a specific class or course or through work-based experiences such as job shadowing,
12.19 mentoring, entrepreneurship, service learning, volunteering, internships, other cooperative
12.20 work experience, youth apprenticeship, or employment.

12.21 (e) "Ethnic studies" as defined in section 120B.25 has the same meaning for purposes
12.22 of this section. Ethnic studies curriculum may be integrated in existing curricular
12.23 opportunities or provided through additional curricular offerings.

12.24 (f) "Antiracist" means actively working to identify and eliminate racism in all forms in
12.25 order to change policies, behaviors, and beliefs that perpetuate racist ideas and actions.

12.26 (g) "Culturally sustaining" means integrating content and practices that infuse the culture
12.27 and language of Black, Indigenous, and People of Color communities who have been and
12.28 continue to be harmed and erased through the education system.

12.29 (h) "Institutional racism" means structures, policies, and practices within and across
12.30 institutions that produce outcomes that disadvantage those who are Black, Indigenous, and
12.31 People of Color.

13.1 (i) "On track for graduation" means that at the end of grade 9, a student has earned at
13.2 least five credits and has received no more than one failing grade in a semester in a course
13.3 in language arts, mathematics, science, or social studies. A student is off track for graduation
13.4 if the student fails to meet either of these criteria.

13.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2024.

13.6 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 120B.11, subdivision 1a, is amended
13.7 to read:

13.8 Subd. 1a. **Performance measures.** (a) Measures to determine school district and school
13.9 site progress in striving to create the world's best workforce must include at least:

13.10 (1) the size of the academic achievement gap, rigorous course taking under section
13.11 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (c), clause (2), ~~and~~ enrichment experiences by student
13.12 subgroup, and starting in the 2025-2026 school year, participation in honors or gifted and
13.13 talented programming;

13.14 (2) student performance on the Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments;

13.15 (3) high school graduation rates; ~~and~~

13.16 (4) career and college readiness under section 120B.307; and

13.17 (5) starting in the 2025-2026 school year, the number and percentage of students, by
13.18 student subgroup, who are on track for graduation.

13.19 (b) Starting in the 2025-2026 school year, a school district that offers advanced placement,
13.20 international baccalaureate, or dual enrollment programs must report on the following
13.21 performance measures:

13.22 (1) participation in postsecondary enrollment options and concurrent enrollment programs;

13.23 (2) the number of students who took an advanced placement exam, and the number of
13.24 students who passed the exam, by student subgroup; and

13.25 (3) the number of students who took the international baccalaureate exam, and the number
13.26 of students who passed the exam, by student subgroup.

13.27 (c) Performance measures under this subdivision must be reported for all student
13.28 subgroups identified in section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2).

13.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2024.

14.1 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 120B.11, subdivision 2, is amended
14.2 to read:

14.3 Subd. 2. **Adopting plans and budgets.** (a) A school board, at a public meeting, must
14.4 adopt a comprehensive, long-term strategic plan to support and improve teaching and
14.5 learning that is aligned with creating the world's best workforce and includes:

14.6 (1) clearly defined district and school site goals and benchmarks for instruction and
14.7 student achievement for all student subgroups identified in section 120B.35, subdivision 3,
14.8 paragraph (b), clause (2);

14.9 (2) a process to assess and evaluate each student's progress toward meeting state and
14.10 local academic standards, assess and identify students to participate in gifted and talented
14.11 programs and accelerate their instruction, and adopt early-admission procedures consistent
14.12 with section 120B.15, and identifying the strengths and weaknesses of instruction in pursuit
14.13 of student and school success and curriculum affecting students' progress and growth toward
14.14 career and college readiness and leading to the world's best workforce;

14.15 (3) a system to periodically review and evaluate the effectiveness of all instruction and
14.16 curriculum, taking into account strategies and best practices, student outcomes, school
14.17 principal evaluations under section 123B.147, subdivision 3, students' access to effective
14.18 teachers who are members of populations underrepresented among the licensed teachers in
14.19 the district or school and who reflect the diversity of enrolled students under section 120B.35,
14.20 subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), and teacher evaluations under section 122A.40,
14.21 subdivision 8, or 122A.41, subdivision 5;

14.22 (4) strategies for improving instruction, curriculum, and student achievement, including
14.23 the English and, where practicable, the native language development and the academic
14.24 achievement of English learners;

14.25 (5) a process to examine the equitable distribution of teachers and strategies to ensure
14.26 children in low-income families, children in families of People of Color, and children in
14.27 American Indian families are not taught at higher rates than other children by inexperienced,
14.28 ineffective, or out-of-field teachers;

14.29 (6) education effectiveness practices that:

14.30 (i) integrate high-quality instruction, technology, and curriculum that is rigorous, accurate,
14.31 antiracist, and culturally sustaining;

14.32 (ii) ensure learning and work environments validate, affirm, embrace, and integrate
14.33 cultural and community strengths for all students, families, and employees; and

15.1 (iii) provide a collaborative professional culture that seeks to retain qualified, racially
 15.2 and ethnically diverse staff effective at working with diverse students while developing and
 15.3 supporting teacher quality, performance, and effectiveness;

15.4 (7) an annual budget for continuing to implement the district plan; ~~and~~

15.5 (8) identifying a list of suggested and required materials, resources, sample curricula,
 15.6 and pedagogical skills for use in kindergarten through grade 12 that accurately reflect the
 15.7 diversity of the state of Minnesota; and

15.8 (9) starting in the 2025-2026 school year, a language access plan that specifies the
 15.9 district's process and procedures to render effective language assistance to students and
 15.10 adults who communicate in a language other than English. The language access plan must
 15.11 include:

15.12 (i) how the district and its schools will use trained or certified spoken language interpreters
 15.13 for communication related to academic outcomes, progress, and determinations, and
 15.14 placement of students in specialized programs and services;

15.15 (ii) how families and communities will be notified of their rights under this plan; and

15.16 (iii) a language access continuous improvement training plan for leadership and staff.

15.17 (b) A school district is not required to include information regarding literacy in a plan
 15.18 or report required under this section, except with regard to the academic achievement of
 15.19 English learners.

15.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2024.

15.21 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 120B.30, subdivision 7, is amended
 15.22 to read:

15.23 Subd. 7. **Assessments.** A student who demonstrates attainment of required state academic
 15.24 standards, which include career and college readiness benchmarks, on high school
 15.25 assessments under ~~subdivision 1a~~ section 120B.302 is academically ready for a career or
 15.26 college and is encouraged to participate in courses awarding college credit to high school
 15.27 students. Such courses and programs may include sequential courses of study within broad
 15.28 career areas and technical skill assessments that extend beyond course grades.

16.1 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 120B.30, subdivision 12, is amended
16.2 to read:

16.3 Subd. 12. **Test administration.** ~~(a) Consistent with applicable federal law, the~~
16.4 ~~commissioner must include appropriate, technically sound accommodations or alternative~~
16.5 ~~assessments for the very few students with disabilities for whom statewide assessments are~~
16.6 ~~inappropriate and for English learners.~~

16.7 ~~(b)~~ (a) The Department of Education shall contract for professional and technical services
16.8 according to competitive solicitation procedures under chapter 16C for purposes of this
16.9 section.

16.10 ~~(e)~~ (b) A proposal submitted under this section must include disclosures containing:

16.11 (1) comprehensive information regarding test administration monitoring practices; and

16.12 (2) data privacy safeguards for student information to be transmitted to or used by the
16.13 proposing entity.

16.14 ~~(d)~~ (c) Information provided in the proposal is not security information or trade secret
16.15 information for purposes of section 13.37.

16.16 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 120B.30, is amended by adding a
16.17 subdivision to read:

16.18 Subd. 17. **Retaliation prohibited.** An employee who discloses information to the
16.19 commissioner or a parent or guardian about service disruptions or technical interruptions
16.20 related to administering assessments under this section is protected under section 181.932,
16.21 governing disclosure of information by employees.

16.22 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 120B.302, is amended to read:

16.23 **120B.302 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS; TEST DESIGN.**

16.24 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For purposes of conforming with existing federal educational
16.25 accountability requirements, the commissioner must develop and implement
16.26 computer-adaptive reading and mathematics assessments for grades 3 through 8,
16.27 state-developed high school reading and mathematics tests aligned with state academic
16.28 standards, a high school writing test aligned with state standards when it becomes available,
16.29 and science assessments ~~under clause (2)~~ that districts and sites must use to monitor student
16.30 growth toward achieving those standards. The commissioner must:

17.1 (1) not develop statewide assessments for academic standards in social studies, health
17.2 and physical education, and the arts. ~~The commissioner must require; and~~

17.3 ~~(1) annual computer-adaptive reading and mathematics assessments in grades 3 through~~
17.4 ~~8, and high school reading, writing, and mathematics tests; and~~

17.5 (2) require annual science assessments in one grade in the grades 3 through 5 span, the
17.6 grades 6 through 8 span, and a life sciences assessment in the grades 9 through 12 span,
17.7 and the commissioner must not require students to achieve a passing score on high school
17.8 science assessments as a condition of receiving a high school diploma.

17.9 Subd. 2. **Comprehensive assessment system.** The commissioner, with advice from
17.10 experts with appropriate technical qualifications and experience and stakeholders, ~~consistent~~
17.11 ~~with subdivision 1a,~~ must include state-developed tests in the comprehensive assessment
17.12 system, ~~for each grade level to be tested, state-constructed tests developed as~~
17.13 ~~computer-adaptive reading and mathematics assessments for students that are aligned with~~
17.14 ~~the state's required academic standards under section 120B.021, include multiple-choice~~
17.15 ~~questions, and are administered annually to all students in grades 3 through 8. State-developed~~
17.16 ~~high school tests aligned with the state's required academic standards under section 120B.021~~
17.17 ~~and administered to all high school students in a subject other than writing must include~~
17.18 ~~multiple choice questions. The commissioner must establish a testing period as late as~~
17.19 ~~possible each school year during which schools must administer the Minnesota~~
17.20 ~~Comprehensive Assessments to students. The commissioner must publish the testing schedule~~
17.21 ~~at least two years before the beginning of the testing period.~~

17.22 Subd. 3. **Aligned to academic standards.** ~~(a) The state assessment system must be~~
17.23 ~~aligned to the most recent revision of academic standards as described in section 120B.023~~
17.24 ~~in the following manner:~~

17.25 ~~(1) mathematics;~~

17.26 ~~(i) grades 3 through 8 beginning in the 2010-2011 school year; and~~

17.27 ~~(ii) high school level beginning in the 2013-2014 school year;~~

17.28 ~~(2) science; grades 5 and 8 and at the high school level beginning in the 2011-2012~~
17.29 ~~school year; and~~

17.30 ~~(3) language arts and reading; grades 3 through 8 and high school level beginning in the~~
17.31 ~~2012-2013 school year.~~

17.32 ~~(b) The grades 3 through 8 computer-adaptive assessments and high school tests must~~
17.33 ~~be aligned with state academic standards. The commissioner must determine the testing~~

18.1 ~~process and the order of administration. The statewide results must be aggregated at the site~~
 18.2 ~~and district level, consistent with subdivision 1a.~~

18.3 ~~(c) The commissioner must ensure that for annual computer adaptive assessments:~~

18.4 ~~(1) individual student performance data and achievement reports are available within~~
 18.5 ~~three school days of when students take an assessment except in a year when an assessment~~
 18.6 ~~reflects new performance standards;~~

18.7 ~~(2) growth information is available for each student from the student's first assessment~~
 18.8 ~~to each proximate assessment using a constant measurement scale;~~

18.9 ~~(3) parents, teachers, and school administrators are able to use elementary and middle~~
 18.10 ~~school student performance data to project students' secondary and postsecondary~~
 18.11 ~~achievement; and~~

18.12 ~~(4) useful diagnostic information about areas of students' academic strengths and~~
 18.13 ~~weaknesses is available to teachers and school administrators for improving student~~
 18.14 ~~instruction and indicating the specific skills and concepts that should be introduced and~~
 18.15 ~~developed for students at given performance levels, organized by strands within subject~~
 18.16 ~~areas, and aligned to state academic standards.~~

18.17 ~~(d)~~ (a) The commissioner must ensure that all state tests administered to elementary and
 18.18 secondary students measure students' academic knowledge and skills and not students'
 18.19 values, attitudes, and beliefs.

18.20 (b) A school, school district, and charter school must administer statewide assessments
 18.21 under this section as the assessments become available to evaluate student progress toward
 18.22 career and college readiness in the context of the state's academic standards. A school,
 18.23 school district, or charter school may use a student's performance on a statewide assessment
 18.24 as one of multiple criteria to determine grade promotion or retention. A school, school
 18.25 district, or charter school may use a high school student's performance on a statewide
 18.26 assessment as a percentage of the student's final grade in a course or place a student's
 18.27 assessment score on the student's transcript.

18.28 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 120B.305, is amended to read:

18.29 **120B.305 ASSESSMENT REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.**

18.30 ~~Subdivision 1. **Reporting requirements.** A school, school district, and charter school~~
 18.31 ~~must administer statewide assessments under this section, as the assessments become~~
 18.32 ~~available, to evaluate student progress toward career and college readiness in the context~~

19.1 ~~of the state's academic standards. A school, school district, or charter school may use a~~
19.2 ~~student's performance on a statewide assessment as one of multiple criteria to determine~~
19.3 ~~grade promotion or retention. A school, school district, or charter school may use a high~~
19.4 ~~school student's performance on a statewide assessment as a percentage of the student's~~
19.5 ~~final grade in a course, or place a student's assessment score on the student's transcript.~~

19.6 Subd. 2. ~~Computer adaptive assessments~~ Reporting requirements. (a) Reporting of
19.7 state assessment results must:

19.8 (1) provide timely, useful, and understandable information on the performance of
19.9 individual students, schools, school districts, and the state;

19.10 (2) include a growth indicator of student achievement; and

19.11 (3) determine whether students have met the state's academic standards.

19.12 (b) ~~The 3rd through 8th grade computer adaptive assessment results and high school~~
19.13 ~~test results must be available to districts for diagnostic purposes affecting student learning~~
19.14 ~~and district instruction and curriculum, and for establishing educational accountability. The~~
19.15 commissioner must ensure that for annual computer-adaptive assessments:

19.16 (1) individual student performance data and achievement reports are available within
19.17 three school days of when students take an assessment except in a year when an assessment
19.18 reflects new performance standards;

19.19 (2) growth information is available for each student from the student's first assessment
19.20 to each proximate assessment using a constant measurement scale;

19.21 (3) parents, teachers, and school administrators are able to use elementary and middle
19.22 school student performance data to project students' secondary and postsecondary
19.23 achievement; and

19.24 (4) useful diagnostic information about areas of students' academic strengths and
19.25 weaknesses is available to teachers and school administrators for improving student
19.26 instruction and indicating the specific skills and concepts that should be introduced and
19.27 developed for students at given performance levels, organized by strands within subject
19.28 areas, and aligned to state academic standards.

19.29 (c) The commissioner, in consultation with the chancellor of the Minnesota State Colleges
19.30 and Universities, must establish empirically derived benchmarks on the high school tests
19.31 that reveal a trajectory toward career and college readiness consistent with section 136F.302,
19.32 subdivision 1a. The commissioner must disseminate to the public the computer-adaptive
19.33 assessments and high school test results upon receiving those results.

20.1 Subd. 3. **Public reporting.** (a) The commissioner must include the following components
20.2 in the statewide public reporting system:

20.3 (1) uniform statewide computer-adaptive assessments of all students in grades 3 through
20.4 8 and testing at the high school levels that provides appropriate, technically sound
20.5 accommodations or alternate assessments;

20.6 (2) educational indicators that can be aggregated and compared across school districts
20.7 and across time on a statewide basis, including consistent attendance, high school graduation
20.8 rates, and high school drop-out rates by age and grade level;

20.9 (3) state results on the ACT test; and

20.10 (4) state results from participation in the National Assessment of Educational Progress
20.11 so that the state can benchmark its performance against the nation and other states, and,
20.12 where possible, against other countries, and contribute to the national effort to monitor
20.13 achievement.

20.14 (b) The commissioner shall report test results publicly and to stakeholders, including
20.15 the performance achievement levels developed from students' unweighted test scores in
20.16 each tested subject and a listing of demographic factors that strongly correlate with student
20.17 performance, including student homelessness, as data are available, among other factors.
20.18 The test results must not include personally identifiable information as defined in Code of
20.19 Federal Regulations, title 34, section 99.3. ~~The commissioner shall also report data that~~
20.20 ~~compares performance results among school sites, school districts, Minnesota and other~~
20.21 ~~states, and Minnesota and other nations.~~ The commissioner shall disseminate to schools
20.22 and school districts a more comprehensive report containing testing information that meets
20.23 local needs for evaluating instruction and curriculum. The commissioner shall disseminate
20.24 to charter school authorizers a more comprehensive report containing testing information
20.25 that contains anonymized data where cell count data are sufficient to protect student identity
20.26 and that meets the authorizer's needs in fulfilling its obligations under chapter 124E.

20.27 ~~(c) The grades 3 through 8 computer-adaptive assessments and high school tests must~~
20.28 ~~be aligned with state academic standards. The commissioner must determine the testing~~
20.29 ~~process and the order of administration. The statewide results must be aggregated at the site~~
20.30 ~~and district level, consistent with subdivision 1a.~~

21.1 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 120B.31, subdivision 4, is amended
21.2 to read:

21.3 Subd. 4. **Student performance data.** In developing policies and assessment processes
21.4 to hold schools and districts accountable for high levels of academic standards under section
21.5 120B.021, the commissioner shall ~~aggregate and disaggregate student data over time to~~
21.6 ~~report summary student performance and growth levels and, under section 120B.11,~~
21.7 ~~subdivision 2, clause (2), student learning and outcome data measured at the school, school~~
21.8 ~~district, and statewide level. The commissioner shall~~ use the student categories identified
21.9 under the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act, as most recently reauthorized,
21.10 and student categories of:

21.11 (1) homelessness;

21.12 (2) ethnicity under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause (2);

21.13 (3) race under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause (2);

21.14 (4) home language;

21.15 (5) English learners under section 124D.59;

21.16 (6) free or reduced-price meals; and

21.17 (7) other categories designated by federal law to organize and report the data so that
21.18 state and local policy makers can understand the educational implications of changes in
21.19 districts' demographic profiles over time as data are available.

21.20 Any report the commissioner disseminates containing summary data on student performance
21.21 must integrate student performance and the demographic factors that strongly correlate with
21.22 that performance.

21.23 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 120B.36, subdivision 1, is amended
21.24 to read:

21.25 Subdivision 1. **School performance reports and public reporting.** (a) The commissioner
21.26 shall report:

21.27 (1) student academic performance data under section 120B.35, subdivisions 2 and 3;

21.28 (2) academic progress consistent with federal expectations;

21.29 (3) school safety and student engagement and connection under section 120B.35,
21.30 subdivision 3, paragraph (d);

21.31 (4) rigorous coursework under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (c);

- 22.1 (5) the percentage of students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause
22.2 (2), whose progress and performance levels are meeting career and college readiness
22.3 benchmarks under sections 120B.307 and 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (e);
- 22.4 (6) longitudinal data on the progress of eligible districts in reducing disparities in students'
22.5 academic achievement and realizing racial and economic integration under section 124D.861;
- 22.6 (7) the acquisition of English, and where practicable, native language academic literacy,
22.7 including oral academic language, and the academic progress of all English learners enrolled
22.8 in a Minnesota public school course or program who are currently or were previously counted
22.9 as English learners under section 124D.59;
- 22.10 (8) two separate student-to-teacher ratios that clearly indicate the definition of teacher
22.11 consistent with sections 122A.06 and 122A.15 for purposes of determining these ratios;
- 22.12 (9) staff characteristics excluding salaries;
- 22.13 (10) student enrollment demographics;
- 22.14 (11) foster care status, including all students enrolled in a Minnesota public school course
22.15 or program who are currently or were previously in foster care, student homelessness, and
22.16 district mobility; and
- 22.17 (12) extracurricular activities.
- 22.18 (b) The school performance report for a school site and a school district must include
22.19 school performance reporting information and calculate proficiency rates as required by the
22.20 most recently reauthorized Elementary and Secondary Education Act.
- 22.21 (c) The commissioner shall develop, annually update, and post on the department website
22.22 school performance reports consistent with paragraph (a) and section 120B.11.
- 22.23 (d) The commissioner must make available performance reports by the beginning of
22.24 each school year.
- 22.25 (e) A school or district may appeal its results in a form and manner determined by the
22.26 commissioner and consistent with federal law. The commissioner's decision to uphold or
22.27 deny an appeal is final.
- 22.28 (f) School performance data are nonpublic data under section 13.02, subdivision 9, until
22.29 the commissioner publicly releases the data. The commissioner shall annually post school
22.30 performance reports to the department's public website no later than ~~September 1~~, ~~except~~
22.31 ~~that in years when the reports reflect new performance standards, the commissioner shall~~
22.32 ~~post the school performance reports no later than October~~ December 1.

23.1 **Sec. 15. [121A.80] STUDENT JOURNALISM; STUDENT EXPRESSION.**

23.2 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the terms defined in this
23.3 subdivision have the meanings given.

23.4 (b) "School-sponsored media" means material that is:

23.5 (1) prepared, wholly or substantially written, published, broadcast, or otherwise
23.6 disseminated by a student journalist enrolled in a school district or charter school;

23.7 (2) distributed or generally made available to students in the school; and

23.8 (3) prepared by a student journalist under the supervision of a student media adviser.

23.9 School-sponsored media does not include material prepared solely for distribution or
23.10 transmission in the classroom in which the material is produced, or a yearbook.

23.11 (c) "School official" means a school principal under section 123B.147 or other person
23.12 having administrative control or supervision of a school.

23.13 (d) "Student journalist" means a school district or charter school student in grades 6
23.14 through 12 who gathers, compiles, writes, edits, photographs, records, or otherwise prepares
23.15 information for dissemination in school-sponsored media.

23.16 (e) "Student media adviser" means a qualified teacher, as defined in section 122A.16,
23.17 that a school district or charter school employs, appoints, or designates to supervise student
23.18 journalists or provide instruction relating to school-sponsored media.

23.19 Subd. 2. **Student journalists; protected conduct.** (a) Except as provided in subdivision
23.20 3, a student journalist has the right to exercise freedom of speech and freedom of the press
23.21 in school-sponsored media regardless of whether the school-sponsored media receives
23.22 financial support from the school or district, uses school equipment or facilities in its
23.23 production, or is produced as part of a class or course in which the student journalist is
23.24 enrolled. Freedom of speech includes freedom to express political viewpoints. Consistent
23.25 with subdivision 3, a student journalist has the right to determine the news, opinion, feature,
23.26 and advertising content of school-sponsored media. A school district or charter school must
23.27 not discipline a student journalist for exercising rights or freedoms under this paragraph or
23.28 the First Amendment of the United States Constitution.

23.29 (b) A school district or charter school must not retaliate or take adverse employment
23.30 action against a student media adviser for supporting a student journalist exercising rights
23.31 or freedoms under paragraph (a) or the First Amendment of the United States Constitution.

24.1 (c) Notwithstanding the rights or freedoms of this subdivision or the First Amendment
24.2 of the United States Constitution, nothing in this section inhibits a student media adviser
24.3 from teaching professional standards of English and journalism to student journalists.

24.4 Subd. 3. **Unprotected expression.** (a) This section does not authorize or protect student
24.5 expression that:

24.6 (1) is defamatory;

24.7 (2) is profane, harassing, threatening, or intimidating;

24.8 (3) constitutes an unwarranted invasion of privacy;

24.9 (4) violates federal or state law;

24.10 (5) causes a material and substantial disruption of school activities; or

24.11 (6) is directed to inciting or producing imminent lawless action on school premises or
24.12 the violation of lawful school policies or rules, including a policy adopted in accordance
24.13 with section 121A.03 or 121A.031.

24.14 (b) Nothing in this section authorizes the publication of an advertisement by
24.15 school-sponsored media that promotes the purchase of a product or service that is unlawful
24.16 for purchase or use by minors.

24.17 (c) A school or district must not authorize any prior restraint of school-sponsored media
24.18 except under this subdivision.

24.19 Subd. 4. **Student journalist policy.** School districts and charter schools must adopt and
24.20 post a student journalist policy consistent with this section.

24.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2024-2025 school year and later.

24.22 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

24.23 Subd. 2. **Purpose.** The purpose of this section is to promote rigorous academic pursuits,
24.24 to facilitate career preparation, and to provide a wider variety of options to high school
24.25 pupils by encouraging and enabling secondary pupils to enroll full time or part time in
24.26 nonsectarian courses or programs in eligible postsecondary institutions, as defined in
24.27 subdivision 3.

25.1 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 124D.09, subdivision 5, is amended
25.2 to read:

25.3 Subd. 5. **Authorization; notification.** (a) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary,
25.4 an 11th or 12th grade pupil enrolled in a school or an American Indian-controlled Tribal
25.5 contract or grant school eligible for aid under section 124D.83, except a foreign exchange
25.6 pupil enrolled in a district under a cultural exchange program, may apply to an eligible
25.7 institution, as defined in subdivision 3, to enroll in nonsectarian courses offered by that
25.8 postsecondary institution.

25.9 (b) If an institution accepts a secondary pupil for enrollment under this section, the
25.10 institution shall send written notice to the pupil, the pupil's school or school district, and
25.11 the commissioner. The notice must indicate the course and hours of enrollment of that pupil.
25.12 The institution must notify the pupil's school as soon as practicable if the pupil withdraws
25.13 from the enrolled course. The institution must also notify the pupil's school as soon as
25.14 practicable if the pupil has been absent from a course for ten consecutive days on which
25.15 classes are held, based upon the postsecondary institution's academic calendar, and the pupil
25.16 is not receiving instruction in their home or hospital or other facility.

25.17 (c) If the pupil enrolls in a course for postsecondary credit, the institution must notify:
25.18 ~~(1) the pupil about payment in the customary manner used by the institution; and,~~
25.19 ~~(2) the pupil's school as soon as practicable if the pupil withdraws from the course or~~
25.20 ~~stops attending the course.~~

25.21 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.09, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

25.22 Subd. 7. **Dissemination of information; notification of intent to enroll.** By the earlier
25.23 of (1) three weeks prior to the date by which a student must register for district courses for
25.24 the following school year, or (2) March 1 of each year, a district must provide up-to-date
25.25 information on the district's website and in materials that are distributed to parents and
25.26 students about the program, including information about enrollment requirements and the
25.27 ability to earn postsecondary credit to all pupils in grades 8, 9, 10, and 11. To assist the
25.28 district in planning, a pupil must inform the district by October 30 or May 30 of each year
25.29 of the pupil's intent to enroll in postsecondary courses during the following ~~school year~~
25.30 academic term. A pupil is bound by notifying or not notifying the district by October 30 or
25.31 May 30.

26.1 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.09, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

26.2 Subd. 9. **Enrollment priority.** (a) A postsecondary institution must give priority to its
26.3 postsecondary students when enrolling pupils in grades 10, 11, and 12 in its courses. A
26.4 postsecondary institution may provide information about its programs to a secondary school
26.5 or to a pupil or parent, ~~and it may advertise or otherwise recruit or solicit a secondary pupil~~
26.6 ~~to enroll in its programs on educational and programmatic grounds only except,~~
26.7 ~~notwithstanding other law to the contrary, and for the 2014-2015 through 2019-2020 school~~
26.8 ~~years only, an eligible postsecondary institution may advertise or otherwise recruit or solicit~~
26.9 ~~a secondary pupil residing in a school district with 700 students or more in grades 10, 11,~~
26.10 ~~and 12, to enroll in its programs on educational, programmatic, or financial grounds.~~

26.11 (b) An institution must not enroll secondary pupils, for postsecondary enrollment options
26.12 purposes, in remedial, developmental, or other courses that are not college level except
26.13 when a student eligible to participate and enrolled in the graduation incentives program
26.14 under section 124D.68 enrolls full time in a middle or early college program. A middle or
26.15 early college program must be specifically designed to allow the student to earn dual high
26.16 school and college credit with a well-defined pathway to allow the student to earn a
26.17 postsecondary degree or credential. In this case, the student must receive developmental
26.18 college credit and not college credit for completing remedial or developmental courses.

26.19 (c) Once a pupil has been enrolled in any postsecondary course under this section, the
26.20 pupil must not be displaced by another student.

26.21 (d) If a postsecondary institution enrolls a secondary school pupil in a course under this
26.22 section, the postsecondary institution also must enroll in the same course an otherwise
26.23 enrolled and qualified postsecondary student who qualifies as a veteran under section
26.24 197.447, and demonstrates to the postsecondary institution's satisfaction that the institution's
26.25 established enrollment timelines were not practicable for that student.

26.26 (e) A postsecondary institution must allow secondary pupils to enroll in online courses
26.27 under this section consistent with the institution's policy regarding postsecondary pupil
26.28 enrollment in online courses.

26.29 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.09, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

26.30 Subd. 10. **Courses according to agreements.** (a) An eligible pupil, according to
26.31 subdivision 5, may enroll in a nonsectarian course taught by a secondary teacher or a
26.32 postsecondary faculty member and offered at a secondary school, or another location,
26.33 according to an agreement between a public school board and the governing body of an

27.1 eligible public postsecondary system or an eligible private postsecondary institution, as
27.2 defined in subdivision 3. All provisions of this section apply to a pupil, public school board,
27.3 district, and the governing body of a postsecondary institution, except as otherwise provided.
27.4 A secondary school and a postsecondary institution who enroll eligible pupils in courses
27.5 according to agreements must annually report to the commissioner the participation rates
27.6 of pupils enrolled in courses according to agreements, including the number of pupils
27.7 enrolled and the number of courses taken for postsecondary or dual credit.

27.8 (b) To encourage students, especially American Indian students and students of color,
27.9 to consider teaching as a profession, participating schools, school districts, and postsecondary
27.10 institutions are encouraged to develop and offer an "Introduction to Teaching" or
27.11 "Introduction to Education" course under this subdivision. For the purpose of applying for
27.12 grants under this paragraph, "eligible institution" includes schools and districts that partner
27.13 with an accredited college or university in addition to postsecondary institutions identified
27.14 in subdivision 3, paragraph (a). Grant recipients under this paragraph must annually report
27.15 to the commissioner in a form and manner determined by the commissioner on the
27.16 participation rates of students in courses under this paragraph, including the number of
27.17 students who apply for admission to colleges or universities with teacher preparation
27.18 programs and the number of students of color and American Indian students who earned
27.19 postsecondary credit. Grant recipients must also describe recruiting efforts intended to
27.20 ensure that the percentage of participating students who are of color or American Indian
27.21 meets or exceeds the overall percentage of students of color or American Indian students
27.22 in the school.

27.23 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.09, subdivision 10b, is amended to read:

27.24 Subd. 10b. **Concurrent Enrollment Advisory Board; membership; duties.** (a) A
27.25 postsecondary institution offering courses taught by the secondary teacher according to
27.26 subdivision 10 must establish an advisory board. The purpose of the advisory board is to
27.27 engage stakeholders in concurrent enrollment decisions. The duties of the board must include
27.28 the following:

27.29 (1) providing strategic advice and input relating to concurrent enrollment issues;

27.30 (2) recommend and review proposals for concurrent enrollment course offerings;

27.31 (3) serve as a coordinating entity between secondary education and postsecondary
27.32 institutions; and

28.1 (4) increase the understanding and collaboration among concurrent enrollment partners,
28.2 stakeholders, the legislature, and the public.

28.3 (b) The advisory board at each institution must consist of 16 members in addition to a
28.4 concurrent enrollment faculty coordinator who shall serve as the chair and convene the
28.5 meetings. A postsecondary institution may elect to have an advisory board of less than 16
28.6 members if the institution determines that the extent of its concurrent program warrants a
28.7 smaller board. Except for the original members, advisory board members must serve
28.8 three-year staggered terms. Advisory board members, appointed by the postsecondary
28.9 institution, must be balanced based on geography and school size, and include, if practical,
28.10 representatives from the following:

28.11 (1) postsecondary faculty members;

28.12 (2) school superintendents;

28.13 (3) secondary and postsecondary students;

28.14 ~~(3)~~ (4) high school principals;

28.15 ~~(4)~~ (5) concurrent enrollment teachers;

28.16 ~~(5)~~ (6) high school counselors;

28.17 ~~(6)~~ (7) charter school administrators;

28.18 ~~(7)~~ (8) school board members;

28.19 ~~(8)~~ (9) secondary academic administrators;

28.20 ~~(9)~~ (10) parents; and

28.21 ~~(10)~~ (11) other local organizations.

28.22 (c) Members of the board serve without compensation.

28.23 (d) The board shall report to the postsecondary institution periodically as requested by
28.24 the postsecondary institution to provide advice and proposals described in paragraph (a).

28.25 (e) The postsecondary institution shall provide administrative services and meeting space
28.26 for the board to do its work.

28.27 (f) A board established under this section expires when the postsecondary institution no
28.28 longer offers concurrent enrollment course offerings.

28.29 (g) The postsecondary institution shall appoint the first members to the advisory board
28.30 by October 31, 2015, or by October 15 following the year it establishes a concurrent

29.1 enrollment program. The postsecondary institution shall designate the terms of the first
29.2 members so that an approximately equal number serve terms of two, three, and four years.

29.3 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.09, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

29.4 Subd. 11. **Participation in high school activities.** Enrolling in a course under this section
29.5 shall not, by itself, prohibit a pupil from participating in activities sponsored by the pupil's
29.6 high school, including but not limited to, accessing scholarships awarded, sponsored, or
29.7 disbursed by the school; or participating in leadership roles or national organizations
29.8 sponsored by the pupil's high school.

29.9 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 124D.09, subdivision 12, is amended
29.10 to read:

29.11 Subd. 12. **Credits; grade point average weighting policy.** (a) A pupil must not audit
29.12 a course under this section.

29.13 (b) A district must grant academic credit to a pupil enrolled in a course for secondary
29.14 credit if the pupil successfully completes the course. Seven quarter or four semester college
29.15 credits equal at least one full year of high school credit. Fewer college credits may be
29.16 prorated. A district must also grant academic credit to a pupil enrolled in a course for
29.17 postsecondary credit if secondary credit is requested by a pupil. If no comparable course is
29.18 offered by the district, the district must, as soon as possible, notify the commissioner, who
29.19 must determine the number of credits that must be granted to a pupil who successfully
29.20 completes a course. If a comparable course is offered by the district, the school board must
29.21 grant a comparable number of credits to the pupil. If there is a dispute between the district
29.22 and the pupil regarding the number of credits granted for a particular course, the pupil may
29.23 appeal the board's decision to the commissioner. The commissioner's decision regarding
29.24 the number of credits is final.

29.25 (c) A school board must adopt a policy regarding weighted grade point averages for any
29.26 high school or dual enrollment course. A school board must adopt an identical policy
29.27 regarding weighted grade point averages for credits earned via postsecondary coursework
29.28 as it gives to credits earned via concurrent enrollment coursework. The policy must state
29.29 whether the district offers weighted grades. A school board must annually publish on its
29.30 website a list of courses for which a student may earn a weighted grade.

29.31 (d) The secondary credits granted to a pupil must be counted toward the graduation
29.32 requirements and subject area requirements of the district. Evidence of successful completion
29.33 of each course and secondary credits granted must be included in the pupil's secondary

30.1 school record. A pupil must provide the school with a copy of the pupil's grades in each
 30.2 course taken for secondary credit under this section, including interim or nonfinal grades
 30.3 earned during the academic term. Upon the request of a pupil, the pupil's secondary school
 30.4 record must also include evidence of successful completion and credits granted for a course
 30.5 taken for postsecondary credit. In either case, the record must indicate that the credits were
 30.6 earned at a postsecondary institution.

30.7 (e) If a pupil enrolls in a postsecondary institution after leaving secondary school, the
 30.8 postsecondary institution must award postsecondary credit for any course successfully
 30.9 completed for secondary credit at that institution. Other postsecondary institutions may
 30.10 award, after a pupil leaves secondary school, postsecondary credit for any courses
 30.11 successfully completed under this section. An institution may not charge a pupil for the
 30.12 award of credit.

30.13 (f) The Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities and the
 30.14 Board of Regents of the University of Minnesota must, and private nonprofit and proprietary
 30.15 postsecondary institutions should, award postsecondary credit for any successfully completed
 30.16 courses in a program certified by the National Alliance of Concurrent Enrollment Partnerships
 30.17 offered according to an agreement under subdivision 10. Consistent with section 135A.101,
 30.18 subdivision 3, all MnSCU institutions must give full credit to a secondary pupil who
 30.19 completes for postsecondary credit a postsecondary course or program that is part or all of
 30.20 a goal area or a transfer curriculum at a MnSCU institution when the pupil enrolls in a
 30.21 MnSCU institution after leaving secondary school. Once one MnSCU institution certifies
 30.22 as completed a secondary student's postsecondary course or program that is part or all of a
 30.23 goal area or a transfer curriculum, every MnSCU institution must consider the student's
 30.24 course or program for that goal area or the transfer curriculum as completed.

30.25 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.60, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

30.26 Subdivision 1. **Notice.** Within ~~ten~~ 30 calendar days after the ~~enrollment of any pupil in~~
 30.27 ~~an instructional program for English learners~~ beginning of the school year, the district or
 30.28 charter school in which the ~~pupil resides~~ English learner identified for participation in an
 30.29 instructional program for English learners is enrolled must notify the ~~parent by mail~~ parents.
 30.30 For those children who have not been identified as English learners prior to the beginning
 30.31 of the school year but are identified as English learners during that school year, the district
 30.32 or charter school shall notify the children's parents during the first two weeks of the child
 30.33 being placed in a language instruction educational program. This notice must:

30.34 (1) be in writing in English and in the primary language of the pupil's parents;

31.1 (2) inform the parents that their child has been enrolled in an instructional program for
31.2 English learners;

31.3 (3) contain a simple, nontechnical description of the purposes, method and content of
31.4 the program;

31.5 (4) inform the parents that they have the right to visit the educational program for English
31.6 learners in which their child is enrolled;

31.7 (5) inform the parents of the time and manner in which to request and receive a conference
31.8 for the purpose of explaining the nature and purpose of the program; and

31.9 (6) inform the parents of their rights to withdraw their child from an educational program
31.10 for English learners and the time and manner in which to do so.

31.11 The department shall, at the request of the district, prepare the notice in the primary
31.12 language of the parent.

31.13 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124D.61, is amended to read:

31.14 **124D.61 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR PROGRAMS.**

31.15 A district that enrolls one or more English learners must implement an educational
31.16 program that includes at a minimum the following requirements:

31.17 (1) identification and reclassification criteria for English learners and program entrance
31.18 and exit criteria for English learners must be documented by the district, applied uniformly
31.19 to English learners, and made available to parents and other stakeholders upon request;

31.20 (2) language development instruction that is designed to effectively increase the language
31.21 proficiency of English learners and that addresses Minnesota's English language development
31.22 standards under Minnesota Rules, parts 3501.1200 and 3501.1210;

31.23 ~~(2)~~ (3) a written plan of services that describes programming by English proficiency
31.24 level made available to parents upon request. The plan must articulate the amount and scope
31.25 of service offered to English learners through an educational program for English learners;

31.26 ~~(3)~~ (4) professional development opportunities for ESL, bilingual education, mainstream,
31.27 and all staff working with English learners which are: (i) coordinated with the district's
31.28 professional development activities; (ii) related to the needs of English learners; and (iii)
31.29 ongoing;

31.30 ~~(4)~~ (5) to the extent possible, avoid isolating English learners for a substantial part of
31.31 the school day; and

32.1 ~~(5)~~ (6) in predominantly nonverbal subjects, such as art, music, and physical education,
 32.2 permit English learners to participate fully and on an equal basis with their contemporaries
 32.3 in public school classes provided for these subjects. To the extent possible, the district must
 32.4 assure to pupils enrolled in a program for English learners an equal and meaningful
 32.5 opportunity to participate fully with other pupils in all extracurricular activities.

32.6 Sec. 26. **REPEALER.**

32.7 Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 120B.31, subdivisions 2 and 6, are repealed.

32.8 **ARTICLE 3**

32.9 **TEACHERS**

32.10 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.181, is amended by adding a subdivision
 32.11 to read:

32.12 Subd. 1a. **Special education requirements.** (a) The Professional Educator Licensing
 32.13 and Standards Board must approve an application for a Tier 1 license in a special education
 32.14 field if:

32.15 (1) the application meets all the requirements under subdivision 1;

32.16 (2) the district or charter school affirms that the applicant will receive high-quality
 32.17 professional development that is sustained, intensive, and classroom-focused in order to
 32.18 have a positive and lasting impact on classroom instruction, before and while teaching;

32.19 (3) the district or charter school affirms that the applicant will participate in a program
 32.20 of intensive supervision that consists of structured guidance and regular ongoing support
 32.21 for teachers or a teacher mentoring program; and

32.22 (4) the applicant demonstrates satisfactory progress toward professional licensure.

32.23 (b) A teacher with a Tier 1 license in a special education field may assume the functions
 32.24 as a teacher for a period of time not to exceed three years.

32.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2024.

32.26 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 122A.181, subdivision 2, is amended
 32.27 to read:

32.28 Subd. 2. **Professional requirements.** ~~(a)~~ An applicant for a Tier 1 license must have a
 32.29 bachelor's degree ~~to teach a class or course outside a career and technical education or career~~

33.1 ~~pathways course of study, unless the applicant meets an exemption identified in subdivision~~
 33.2 ~~2a.~~

33.3 ~~(b) An applicant for a Tier 1 license must have one of the following credentials in a~~
 33.4 ~~relevant content area to teach a class in a career and technical education or career pathways~~
 33.5 ~~course of study:~~

33.6 ~~(1) an associate's degree;~~

33.7 ~~(2) a professional certification; or~~

33.8 ~~(3) five years of relevant work experience.~~

33.9 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.182, is amended by adding a subdivision
 33.10 to read:

33.11 Subd. 1a. **Special education requirements.** The Professional Educator Licensing and
 33.12 Standards Board must approve an application for a Tier 2 license in a special education
 33.13 field if:

33.14 (1) the application meets all the requirements under subdivision 1;

33.15 (2) the district or charter school affirms that the applicant will receive high-quality
 33.16 professional development that is sustained, intensive, and classroom-focused in order to
 33.17 have a positive and lasting impact on classroom instruction, before and while teaching;

33.18 (3) the district or charter school affirms that the applicant will participate in a program
 33.19 of intensive supervision that consists of structured guidance and regular ongoing support
 33.20 for teachers or a teacher mentoring program; and

33.21 (4) the applicant demonstrates satisfactory progress toward professional licensure.

33.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2024.

33.23 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 122A.183, subdivision 2, is amended
 33.24 to read:

33.25 Subd. 2. **Coursework.** An applicant for a Tier 3 license must meet the coursework
 33.26 requirement by demonstrating one of the following:

33.27 (1) completion of a Minnesota-approved teacher preparation program;

33.28 (2) completion of a state-approved teacher preparation program that includes field-specific
 33.29 student teaching equivalent to field-specific student teaching in Minnesota-approved teacher

34.1 preparation programs. The field-specific student teaching requirement does not apply to an
34.2 applicant that has two years of field-specific teaching experience;

34.3 (3) ~~submission of a content-specific~~ a recommendation for licensure through the licensure
34.4 via portfolio process;

34.5 (4) a professional teaching license from another state, evidence that the applicant's license
34.6 is in good standing, and two years of field-specific teaching experience; or

34.7 (5) three years of teaching experience under a Tier 2 license and evidence of summative
34.8 teacher evaluations that did not result in placing or otherwise keeping the teacher on an
34.9 improvement process pursuant to section 122A.40, subdivision 8, or 122A.41, subdivision
34.10 5.

34.11 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 122A.184, subdivision 1, is amended
34.12 to read:

34.13 Subdivision 1. **Requirements.** The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
34.14 Board must issue a Tier 4 license to an applicant who provides information sufficient to
34.15 demonstrate all of the following:

34.16 (1) the applicant meets all requirements for a Tier 3 license under section 122A.183,
34.17 and (i) has completed a teacher preparation program under section 122A.183, subdivision
34.18 2, clause (1) or (2), (ii) obtained licensure through the licensure via portfolio process under
34.19 section 122A.183, subdivision 2, clause (3), or (iii) holds national board certification from
34.20 the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards;

34.21 (2) the applicant has at least three years of field-specific teaching experience as a teacher
34.22 of record;

34.23 (3) the applicant has obtained a passing score on all required licensure exams under
34.24 section 122A.185; and

34.25 (4) if the applicant previously held a Tier 3 license under section 122A.183, the applicant
34.26 has completed the renewal requirements in section 122A.187.

34.27 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 122A.185, subdivision 1, is amended
34.28 to read:

34.29 Subdivision 1. **Tests.** (a) The board must adopt rules requiring applicants for Tier 3 and
34.30 Tier 4 licenses to pass an examination or performance assessment of general pedagogical

35.1 knowledge and examinations or assessments of licensure field specific content. An applicant
 35.2 is exempt from the examination requirements if the applicant ~~completed~~:

35.3 (1) completed a board-approved teacher preparation program;

35.4 (2) completed licensure via portfolio pursuant to section 122A.18, subdivision 10, and
 35.5 the portfolio has been ~~approved~~ recommended; ~~or~~

35.6 (3) obtained national board certification from the National Board for Professional
 35.7 Teaching Standards; or

35.8 ~~(3)~~ (4) completed a state-approved teacher preparation program in another state and
 35.9 passed licensure examinations in that state, if applicable. The content examination
 35.10 requirement does not apply if no relevant content exam exists.

35.11 (b) All testing centers in the state must provide monthly opportunities for untimed content
 35.12 and pedagogy examinations. These opportunities must be advertised on the test registration
 35.13 website. The board must require the exam vendor to provide other equitable opportunities
 35.14 to pass exams, including: (1) waiving testing fees for test takers who qualify for federal
 35.15 grants; (2) providing free, multiple, full-length practice tests for each exam and free,
 35.16 comprehensive study guides on the test registration website; (3) making content and pedagogy
 35.17 exams available in languages other than English for teachers seeking licensure to teach in
 35.18 language immersion programs; and (4) providing free, detailed exam results analysis by
 35.19 test objective to assist applicants who do not pass an exam in identifying areas for
 35.20 improvement. Any applicant who has not passed a required exam after two attempts must
 35.21 be allowed to retake the exam, including new versions of the exam, without being charged
 35.22 an additional fee.

35.23 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.185, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

35.24 Subd. 3. **Testing accommodations.** The board and the entity administering the content,
 35.25 and pedagogy, ~~and skills~~ examinations must allow any individual who produces
 35.26 documentation of a disability in the form of an evaluation, 504 plan, or individual education
 35.27 program (IEP) to receive the same testing accommodations on the content, and pedagogy;
 35.28 ~~and skills~~ examinations that the applicant received during the applicant's secondary or
 35.29 postsecondary education.

36.1 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.20, is amended by adding a subdivision to
36.2 read:

36.3 Subd. 4. **Prohibition on teaching assignment.** A school district or charter school may
36.4 not place a teacher in a teaching assignment if the teacher has been criminally charged in
36.5 state or federal court with any of the offenses listed in subdivision 1, paragraph (b), or is
36.6 charged with any other offense not listed in this section that requires the person to register
36.7 as a predatory offender under section 243.166, or a crime under a similar law of another
36.8 state or the United States.

36.9 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 122A.40, subdivision 8, is amended
36.10 to read:

36.11 **Subd. 8. Development, evaluation, and peer coaching for continuing contract**
36.12 **teachers.** (a) To improve student learning and success, a school board and an exclusive
36.13 representative of the teachers in the district, consistent with paragraph (b), may develop a
36.14 teacher evaluation and peer review process for probationary and continuing contract teachers
36.15 through joint agreement. If a school board and the exclusive representative of the teachers
36.16 do not agree to an annual teacher evaluation and peer review process, then the school board
36.17 and the exclusive representative of the teachers must implement the state teacher evaluation
36.18 plan under paragraph (c). The process must include having trained observers serve as peer
36.19 coaches or having teachers participate in professional learning communities, consistent with
36.20 paragraph (b).

36.21 (b) To develop, improve, and support qualified teachers and effective teaching practices,
36.22 improve student learning and success, and provide all enrolled students in a district or school
36.23 with improved and equitable access to more effective and diverse teachers, the annual
36.24 evaluation process for teachers:

36.25 (1) must, for probationary teachers, provide for all evaluations required under subdivision
36.26 5;

36.27 (2) must establish a three-year professional review cycle for each teacher that includes
36.28 an individual growth and development plan, a peer review process, and at least one
36.29 summative evaluation performed by a qualified and trained evaluator such as a school
36.30 administrator. For the years when a tenured teacher is not evaluated by a qualified and
36.31 trained evaluator, the teacher must be evaluated by a peer review;

36.32 (3) must include a rubric of performance standards for teacher practice that: (i) is based
36.33 on ~~professional teaching standards established in rule~~ the standards of effective practice in

- 37.1 Minnesota Rules, part 8710.2000; (ii) includes culturally responsive methodologies; and
- 37.2 (iii) provides common descriptions of effectiveness using at least three levels of performance;
- 37.3 (4) must coordinate staff development activities under sections 122A.60 and 122A.61
- 37.4 with this evaluation process and teachers' evaluation outcomes;
- 37.5 (5) may provide time during the school day and school year for peer coaching and teacher
- 37.6 collaboration;
- 37.7 (6) may include job-embedded learning opportunities such as professional learning
- 37.8 communities;
- 37.9 (7) may include mentoring and induction programs for teachers, including teachers who
- 37.10 are members of populations underrepresented among the licensed teachers in the district or
- 37.11 school and who reflect the diversity of students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3,
- 37.12 paragraph (b), clause (2), who are enrolled in the district or school;
- 37.13 (8) must include an option for teachers to develop and present a portfolio demonstrating
- 37.14 evidence of reflection and professional growth, consistent with section 122A.187, subdivision
- 37.15 3, and include teachers' own performance assessment based on student work samples and
- 37.16 examples of teachers' work, which may include video among other activities for the
- 37.17 summative evaluation;
- 37.18 (9) must use data from valid and reliable assessments aligned to state and local academic
- 37.19 standards and must use state and local measures of student growth and literacy that may
- 37.20 include value-added models or student learning goals to determine 35 percent of teacher
- 37.21 evaluation results;
- 37.22 (10) must use longitudinal data on student engagement and connection, and other student
- 37.23 outcome measures explicitly aligned with the elements of curriculum for which teachers
- 37.24 are responsible, including academic literacy, oral academic language, and achievement of
- 37.25 content areas of English learners;
- 37.26 (11) must require qualified and trained evaluators such as school administrators to
- 37.27 perform summative evaluations and ensure school districts and charter schools provide for
- 37.28 effective evaluator training specific to teacher development and evaluation;
- 37.29 (12) must give teachers not meeting professional teaching standards under clauses (3)
- 37.30 to (11) support to improve through a teacher improvement process that includes established
- 37.31 goals and timelines; and
- 37.32 (13) must discipline a teacher for not making adequate progress in the teacher
- 37.33 improvement process under clause (12) that may include a last chance warning, termination,

38.1 discharge, nonrenewal, transfer to a different position, a leave of absence, or other discipline
38.2 a school administrator determines is appropriate.

38.3 Data on individual teachers generated under this subdivision are personnel data under
38.4 section 13.43. The observation and interview notes of peer coaches may only be disclosed
38.5 to other school officials with the consent of the teacher being coached.

38.6 (c) The department, in consultation with parents who may represent parent organizations
38.7 and teacher and administrator representatives appointed by their respective organizations,
38.8 representing the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board, the Minnesota
38.9 Association of School Administrators, the Minnesota School Boards Association, the
38.10 Minnesota Elementary and Secondary Principals Associations, Education Minnesota, and
38.11 representatives of the Minnesota Assessment Group, the Minnesota Business Partnership,
38.12 the Minnesota Chamber of Commerce, and Minnesota postsecondary institutions with
38.13 research expertise in teacher evaluation, must create and publish a teacher evaluation process
38.14 that complies with the requirements in paragraph (b) and applies to all teachers under this
38.15 section and section 122A.41 for whom no agreement exists under paragraph (a) for an annual
38.16 teacher evaluation and peer review process. The teacher evaluation process created under
38.17 this subdivision does not create additional due process rights for probationary teachers under
38.18 subdivision 5.

38.19 (d) Consistent with the measures of teacher effectiveness under this subdivision:

38.20 (1) for students in kindergarten through grade 4, a school administrator must not place
38.21 or approve the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the improvement
38.22 process referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative evaluation if,
38.23 in the prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received discipline
38.24 pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school teaches that
38.25 grade; and

38.26 (2) for students in grades 5 through 12, a school administrator must not place or approve
38.27 the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the improvement process
38.28 referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative evaluation if, in the
38.29 prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received discipline pursuant
38.30 to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school teaches that subject area
38.31 and grade.

38.32 All data created and used under this paragraph retains its classification under chapter 13.

38.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2025.

39.1 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 122A.41, subdivision 5, is amended
39.2 to read:

39.3 Subd. 5. **Development, evaluation, and peer coaching for continuing contract**
39.4 **teachers.** (a) To improve student learning and success, a school board and an exclusive
39.5 representative of the teachers in the district, consistent with paragraph (b), may develop an
39.6 annual teacher evaluation and peer review process for probationary and nonprobationary
39.7 teachers through joint agreement. If a school board and the exclusive representative of the
39.8 teachers in the district do not agree to an annual teacher evaluation and peer review process,
39.9 then the school board and the exclusive representative of the teachers must implement the
39.10 state teacher evaluation plan developed under paragraph (c). The process must include
39.11 having trained observers serve as peer coaches or having teachers participate in professional
39.12 learning communities, consistent with paragraph (b).

39.13 (b) To develop, improve, and support qualified teachers and effective teaching practices
39.14 and improve student learning and success, and provide all enrolled students in a district or
39.15 school with improved and equitable access to more effective and diverse teachers, the annual
39.16 evaluation process for teachers:

39.17 (1) must, for probationary teachers, provide for all evaluations required under subdivision
39.18 2;

39.19 (2) must establish a three-year professional review cycle for each teacher that includes
39.20 an individual growth and development plan, a peer review process, and at least one
39.21 summative evaluation performed by a qualified and trained evaluator such as a school
39.22 administrator;

39.23 (3) must include a rubric of performance standards for teacher practice that: (i) is based
39.24 on ~~professional teaching standards established in rule~~ the standards of effective practice in
39.25 Minnesota Rules, part 8710.2000; (ii) includes culturally responsive methodologies; and
39.26 (iii) provides common descriptions of effectiveness using at least three levels of performance;

39.27 (4) must coordinate staff development activities under sections 122A.60 and 122A.61
39.28 with this evaluation process and teachers' evaluation outcomes;

39.29 (5) may provide time during the school day and school year for peer coaching and teacher
39.30 collaboration;

39.31 (6) may include job-embedded learning opportunities such as professional learning
39.32 communities;

40.1 (7) may include mentoring and induction programs for teachers, including teachers who
40.2 are members of populations underrepresented among the licensed teachers in the district or
40.3 school and who reflect the diversity of students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3,
40.4 paragraph (b), clause (2), who are enrolled in the district or school;

40.5 (8) must include an option for teachers to develop and present a portfolio demonstrating
40.6 evidence of reflection and professional growth, consistent with section 122A.187, subdivision
40.7 3, and include teachers' own performance assessment based on student work samples and
40.8 examples of teachers' work, which may include video among other activities for the
40.9 summative evaluation;

40.10 (9) must use data from valid and reliable assessments aligned to state and local academic
40.11 standards and must use state and local measures of student growth and literacy that may
40.12 include value-added models or student learning goals to determine 35 percent of teacher
40.13 evaluation results;

40.14 (10) must use longitudinal data on student engagement and connection and other student
40.15 outcome measures explicitly aligned with the elements of curriculum for which teachers
40.16 are responsible, including academic literacy, oral academic language, and achievement of
40.17 English learners;

40.18 (11) must require qualified and trained evaluators such as school administrators to
40.19 perform summative evaluations and ensure school districts and charter schools provide for
40.20 effective evaluator training specific to teacher development and evaluation;

40.21 (12) must give teachers not meeting professional teaching standards under clauses (3)
40.22 to (11) support to improve through a teacher improvement process that includes established
40.23 goals and timelines; and

40.24 (13) must discipline a teacher for not making adequate progress in the teacher
40.25 improvement process under clause (12) that may include a last chance warning, termination,
40.26 discharge, nonrenewal, transfer to a different position, a leave of absence, or other discipline
40.27 a school administrator determines is appropriate.

40.28 Data on individual teachers generated under this subdivision are personnel data under
40.29 section 13.43. The observation and interview notes of peer coaches may only be disclosed
40.30 to other school officials with the consent of the teacher being coached.

40.31 (c) The department, in consultation with parents who may represent parent organizations
40.32 and teacher and administrator representatives appointed by their respective organizations,
40.33 representing the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board, the Minnesota

41.1 Association of School Administrators, the Minnesota School Boards Association, the
 41.2 Minnesota Elementary and Secondary Principals Associations, Education Minnesota, and
 41.3 representatives of the Minnesota Assessment Group, the Minnesota Business Partnership,
 41.4 the Minnesota Chamber of Commerce, and Minnesota postsecondary institutions with
 41.5 research expertise in teacher evaluation, must create and publish a teacher evaluation process
 41.6 that complies with the requirements in paragraph (b) and applies to all teachers under this
 41.7 section and section 122A.40 for whom no agreement exists under paragraph (a) for an annual
 41.8 teacher evaluation and peer review process. The teacher evaluation process created under
 41.9 this subdivision does not create additional due process rights for probationary teachers under
 41.10 subdivision 2.

41.11 (d) Consistent with the measures of teacher effectiveness under this subdivision:

41.12 (1) for students in kindergarten through grade 4, a school administrator must not place
 41.13 or approve the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the improvement
 41.14 process referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative evaluation if,
 41.15 in the prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received discipline
 41.16 pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school teaches that
 41.17 grade; and

41.18 (2) for students in grades 5 through 12, a school administrator must not place or approve
 41.19 the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the improvement process
 41.20 referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative evaluation if, in the
 41.21 prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received discipline pursuant
 41.22 to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school teaches that subject area
 41.23 and grade.

41.24 All data created and used under this paragraph retains its classification under chapter 13.

41.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2025.

41.26 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 122A.631, subdivision 2, is amended
 41.27 to read:

41.28 Subd. 2. **Definition.** (a) "Heritage language and culture ~~teachers~~ teacher" means ~~teachers~~
 41.29 with a teacher that meets the following requirements:

41.30 (1) has a familial connection to a the teacher's community's language and culture ~~who~~
 41.31 use;

41.32 (2) is proficient in the language and engaged in the culture; and

42.1 (3) uses this connection to support students as they learn academic content or, become
42.2 proficient in the language, and engage with the culture of that particular community.

42.3 (b) For the purposes of this section, a heritage language and culture teacher of American
42.4 Sign Language is a teacher with a childhood connection to American Sign Language and
42.5 whose primary language is American Sign Language.

42.6 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 122A.631, subdivision 4, is amended
42.7 to read:

42.8 Subd. 4. **Heritage language and culture teacher licensure pathway program.** (a) The
42.9 Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board shall develop a program to support
42.10 initial and additional licensure for heritage language and culture teachers. The board may
42.11 prioritize the participation of heritage language and culture teachers whose own heritage
42.12 language is within the top languages spoken by Minnesota students, as indicated by the
42.13 Department of Education report on primary home languages, and for which there are fewer
42.14 teacher preparation programs for that licensure area or fewer teachers that hold a license in
42.15 that area. The program must include:

42.16 (1) a yearlong mentorship program;

42.17 (2) monthly meetings where applicants receive guidance on completing the portfolio
42.18 process from a portfolio liaison, dedicated specifically to facilitating this program;

42.19 (3) a stipend to cover substitute teachers when meetings take place during the school
42.20 day;

42.21 (4) a waiver for all portfolio and licensure testing fees; and

42.22 (5) a portfolio review committee created by the board.

42.23 (b) For applicants seeking an initial license in a world language and culture, the applicant
42.24 must demonstrate meeting the standards of effective practice in Minnesota Rules, part
42.25 8710.2000, and content-specific pedagogical standards in Minnesota Rules, part 8710.4950,
42.26 through the portfolio process.

42.27 (c) For applicants seeking a dual license, the applicant must demonstrate meeting the
42.28 standards of effective practice in Minnesota Rules, part 8710.2000, content-specific
42.29 pedagogical standards in Minnesota Rules, part 8710.4950, and all standards for the chosen
42.30 dual license through the portfolio process.

43.1 (d) For applicants seeking an additional license in a world language and culture, the
43.2 applicant must demonstrate meeting the content-specific pedagogical standards in Minnesota
43.3 Rules, part 8710.4950.

43.4 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 122A.70, subdivision 2, is amended
43.5 to read:

43.6 Subd. 2. **Board grants.** (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board
43.7 must make grant application forms available to sites interested in developing, sustaining,
43.8 or expanding a mentorship program.

43.9 (b) The following applicants are eligible for a program grant:

43.10 (1) a school district ~~or group of school districts, a school or coalition of schools, or a~~
43.11 ~~coalition of teachers may apply for a program grant;~~

43.12 (2) a Tribal contract school;

43.13 (3) a coalition of teachers; and

43.14 (4) a coalition of two or more applicants that are individually eligible for a grant.

43.15 A higher education institution or nonprofit organization may partner with ~~a~~ an eligible grant
43.16 applicant but is not eligible as a sole applicant for grant funds.

43.17 (c) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board, in consultation with the
43.18 teacher mentoring task force, must approve or disapprove the applications. To the extent
43.19 possible, the approved applications must reflect effective mentoring, professional
43.20 development, and retention components, and be geographically distributed throughout the
43.21 state. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must encourage the selected
43.22 sites to consider the use of its assessment procedures.

43.23 Sec. 14. **REPEALER.**

43.24 (a) Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.2451, subdivision 9, is repealed.

43.25 (b) Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 122A.185, subdivision 4, is repealed.

ARTICLE 4

SPECIAL EDUCATION

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 125A.08, is amended to read:

125A.08 INDIVIDUALIZED EDUCATION PROGRAMS.

Subdivision 1. Individualized education programs. (a) At the beginning of each school year, each school district shall have in effect, for each child with a disability, an individualized education program.

(b) As defined in this section, every district must ensure the following:

(1) all students with disabilities are provided the special instruction and services which are appropriate to their needs. Where the individualized education program team has determined appropriate goals and objectives based on the student's needs, including the extent to which the student can be included in the least restrictive environment, and where there are essentially equivalent and effective instruction, related services, or assistive technology devices available to meet the student's needs, cost to the district may be among the factors considered by the team in choosing how to provide the appropriate services, instruction, or devices that are to be made part of the student's individualized education program. The individualized education program team shall consider and may authorize services covered by medical assistance according to section 256B.0625, subdivision 26. Before a school district evaluation team makes a determination of other health disability under Minnesota Rules, part 3525.1335, subparts 1 and 2, item A, subitem (1), the evaluation team must seek written documentation of the student's medically diagnosed chronic or acute health condition signed by a licensed physician or a licensed health care provider acting within the scope of the provider's practice. The student's needs and the special education instruction and services to be provided must be agreed upon through the development of an individualized education program. The program must address the student's need to develop skills to live and work as independently as possible within the community. The individualized education program team must consider positive behavioral interventions, strategies, and supports that address behavior needs for children. During grade 9, the program must address the student's needs for transition from secondary services to postsecondary education and training, employment, community participation, recreation, and leisure and home living. In developing the program, districts must inform parents of the full range of transitional goals and related services that should be considered. The program must include a statement of the needed transition services, including a statement of the interagency responsibilities or linkages or both before secondary services are concluded. If the individualized education

45.1 program meets the plan components in section 120B.125, the individualized education
45.2 program satisfies the requirement and no additional transition plan is needed;

45.3 (2) children with a disability under age five and their families are provided special
45.4 instruction and services appropriate to the child's level of functioning and needs;

45.5 (3) children with a disability and their parents or guardians are guaranteed procedural
45.6 safeguards and the right to participate in decisions involving identification, assessment
45.7 including assistive technology assessment, and educational placement of children with a
45.8 disability;

45.9 (4) eligibility and needs of children with a disability are determined by an initial
45.10 evaluation or reevaluation, which may be completed using existing data under United States
45.11 Code, title 20, section 33, et seq.;

45.12 (5) to the maximum extent appropriate, children with a disability, including those in
45.13 public or private institutions or other care facilities, are educated with children who are not
45.14 disabled, and that special classes, separate schooling, or other removal of children with a
45.15 disability from the regular educational environment occurs only when and to the extent that
45.16 the nature or severity of the disability is such that education in regular classes with the use
45.17 of supplementary services cannot be achieved satisfactorily;

45.18 (6) in accordance with recognized professional standards, testing and evaluation materials,
45.19 and procedures used for the purposes of classification and placement of children with a
45.20 disability are selected and administered so as not to be racially or culturally discriminatory;
45.21 and

45.22 (7) the rights of the child are protected when the parents or guardians are not known or
45.23 not available, or the child is a ward of the state.

45.24 Subd. 2. Paraprofessionals. (e) For all paraprofessionals employed to work in programs
45.25 whose role in part is to provide direct support to students with disabilities, the school board
45.26 in each district shall ensure that:

45.27 (1) before or beginning at the time of employment, each paraprofessional must develop
45.28 sufficient knowledge and skills in emergency procedures, building orientation, roles and
45.29 responsibilities, confidentiality, vulnerability, and reportability, among other things, to begin
45.30 meeting the needs, especially disability-specific and behavioral needs, of the students with
45.31 whom the paraprofessional works;

45.32 (2) within five days of beginning to work alone with an individual student with a
45.33 disability, the assigned paraprofessional must be either given paid time, or time during the

46.1 school day, to review a student's individualized education program or be briefed on the
46.2 student's specific needs by appropriate staff;

46.3 (3) annual training opportunities are required to enable the paraprofessional to continue
46.4 to further develop the knowledge and skills that are specific to the students with whom the
46.5 paraprofessional works, including understanding disabilities, the unique and individual
46.6 needs of each student according to the student's disability and how the disability affects the
46.7 student's education and behavior, following lesson plans, and implementing follow-up
46.8 instructional procedures and activities; and

46.9 (4) a districtwide process obligates each paraprofessional to work under the ongoing
46.10 direction of a licensed teacher and, where appropriate and possible, the supervision of a
46.11 school nurse.

46.12 **Subd. 3. Functional behavior assessment.** ~~(d)~~ A school district may conduct a functional
46.13 behavior assessment as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 3525.0210, subpart 22, as a
46.14 stand-alone evaluation without conducting a comprehensive evaluation of the student in
46.15 accordance with prior written notice provisions in section 125A.091, subdivision 3a. A
46.16 parent or guardian may request that a school district conduct a comprehensive evaluation
46.17 of the parent's or guardian's student.

46.18 **Subd. 4. Developmental adapted physical education assessment.** A school district
46.19 may conduct an assessment for developmental adapted physical education, as defined in
46.20 Minnesota Rules, part 3525.1352, as a stand-alone evaluation without conducting a
46.21 comprehensive evaluation of the student in accordance with prior written notice provisions
46.22 in section 125A.091, subdivision 3a. A parent or guardian may request that a school district
46.23 conduct a comprehensive evaluation of the parent's or guardian's student.

46.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2024.

46.25 **Sec. 2. SPECIAL EDUCATION LICENSURE RECIPROCITY WORKING GROUP.**

46.26 **Subdivision 1. Working group established.** The Professional Educator Licensing and
46.27 Standards Board must establish a working group on special education licensure reciprocity.

46.28 **Subd. 2. Members.** (a) The board must consult with the organizations identified in
46.29 paragraph (b) before naming appointed members to the working group.

46.30 (b) By July 1, 2024, the board must appoint the following members to the working group:

46.31 (1) the executive director of the board or the executive director's designee;

46.32 (2) one representative from the board;

47.1 (3) two representatives from the Minnesota Administrators for Special Education,
47.2 consisting of one member from the seven-county metropolitan area and one member from
47.3 outside the metropolitan area;

47.4 (4) two representatives from the Minnesota Association of School Administrators,
47.5 consisting of one member from the seven-county metropolitan area and one member from
47.6 outside the metropolitan area;

47.7 (5) two representatives from the Minnesota School Boards Association, consisting of
47.8 one member from the seven-county metropolitan area and one member from outside the
47.9 metropolitan area;

47.10 (6) two representatives from Education Minnesota, consisting of one member from the
47.11 seven-county metropolitan area and one member from outside the metropolitan area;

47.12 (7) four licensed special education teachers, consisting of two members from the
47.13 seven-county metropolitan area and two members from outside the metropolitan area;

47.14 (8) two representatives from the Minnesota Association of Colleges for Teacher
47.15 Education; and

47.16 (9) two representatives from alternative teacher preparation programs.

47.17 Subd. 3. **Duties.** The working group must meet on a regular basis and review current
47.18 statutory and rule requirements for persons with a special education license from another
47.19 state to qualify for a special education license in Minnesota, and make recommendations
47.20 on statutory or rule changes necessary to streamline requirements for out-of-state applicants.
47.21 The working group must submit its recommendations to the board for consideration for
47.22 inclusion in the board's legislative priorities, and by February 1, 2025, must submit a report
47.23 to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education.

47.24 Subd. 4. **Administrative provisions.** (a) The executive director of the board, or the
47.25 director's designee, must convene the initial meeting of the working group. Upon request
47.26 of the working group, the board must provide meeting space and administrative services
47.27 for the group.

47.28 (b) Members of the working group serve without compensation or payment of expenses.

47.29 (c) The working group expires February 1, 2025, or upon submission of the report to
47.30 the legislature required under subdivision 3, whichever is earlier.

47.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

48.1 **ARTICLE 5**

48.2 **CHARTER SCHOOLS**

48.3 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124E.01, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

48.4 Subdivision 1. **Purposes.** The primary purpose of ~~charter~~ mission-driven chartered public
 48.5 schools is to improve all-pupil the learning and all-student, achievement, and success of
 48.6 students. Additional purposes include to The additional purposes of chartered public schools
 48.7 are to:

48.8 (1) increase quality learning opportunities for all ~~pupils~~ students;

48.9 (2) encourage the use of different and innovative teaching methods;

48.10 (3) measure learning outcomes and create different and innovative forms of measuring
 48.11 outcomes;

48.12 (4) establish new forms of accountability for schools; or

48.13 (5) create new professional opportunities for teachers, including the opportunity to be
 48.14 responsible for the learning program at the school site.

48.15 A chartered public school must identify the purposes it will address in the charter contract
 48.16 and document the implementation of those purposes in the school's annual report.

48.17 Documentation of the implementation of those purposes must be a component of the
 48.18 authorizer's performance review of the school.

48.19 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 124E.02, is amended to read:

48.20 **124E.02 DEFINITIONS.**

48.21 (a) For purposes of this chapter, the terms defined in this section have the meanings
 48.22 given them.

48.23 (b) "Affidavit" means a written statement the authorizer submits to the commissioner
 48.24 for approval to establish a charter school under section 124E.06, subdivision 4, attesting to
 48.25 its review and approval process before chartering a school.

48.26 (c) "Affiliate" means a person that directly or indirectly, through one or more
 48.27 intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with another person.

48.28 (d) "Charter management organization" or "CMO" means ~~any~~ a nonprofit or for-profit
 48.29 entity or organization that contracts with a charter school board of directors to provide,
 48.30 manage, or oversee operates or manages a charter school or a network of charter schools

49.1 or can control all or substantially all of a school's education program or a school's
 49.2 administrative, financial, business, or operational functions.

49.3 (e) "Control" means the ability to affect the management, operations, or policy actions
 49.4 or decisions of a person, whether by owning voting securities, by contract, or otherwise.

49.5 (f) "Educational management organization" or "EMO" means a ~~nonprofit or for-profit~~
 49.6 entity or organization that provides, manages or oversees operates or manages a charter
 49.7 school or a network of charter schools or can control all or substantially all of ~~the~~ a school's
 49.8 education program, or ~~the~~ a school's administrative, financial, business, or operational
 49.9 functions.

49.10 (g) "Immediate family" means ~~an individual whose~~ a relationship by blood, marriage,
 49.11 adoption, or partnership is no more remote than of spouses, parents, grandparents, siblings,
 49.12 children, aunts, uncles, grandchildren, nieces, nephews, or first cousins ~~cousins~~.

49.13 (h) "Market need and demand study" means a study that includes the following for the
 49.14 proposed locations of the school or additional site:

49.15 (1) current and projected demographic information;

49.16 (2) student enrollment patterns;

49.17 (3) information on existing schools and types of educational programs currently available;

49.18 (4) characteristics of proposed students and families;

49.19 (5) availability of properly zoned and classified facilities; and

49.20 (6) quantification of existing demand for the school or site.

49.21 (i) "Person" means an individual or entity of any kind.

49.22 (j) "Related party" means an affiliate or immediate relative of the other interested party,
 49.23 an affiliate of an immediate relative who is the other interested party, or an immediate
 49.24 relative of an affiliate who is the other interested party.

49.25 (k) For purposes of this chapter, the terms defined in section 120A.05 have the same
 49.26 meanings.

49.27 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 124E.03, subdivision 2, is amended
 49.28 to read:

49.29 Subd. 2. **Certain federal, state, and local requirements.** (a) A charter school shall
 49.30 meet all federal, state, and local health and safety requirements applicable to school districts.

50.1 (b) A school must comply with statewide accountability requirements governing standards
50.2 and assessments in chapter 120B.

50.3 (c) A charter school must comply with the Minnesota Public School Fee Law, sections
50.4 123B.34 to 123B.39.

50.5 (d) A charter school is a district for the purposes of tort liability under chapter 466.

50.6 (e) A charter school must comply with the Pledge of Allegiance requirement under
50.7 section 121A.11, subdivision 3.

50.8 (f) A charter school and charter school board of directors must comply with chapter 181
50.9 governing requirements for employment.

50.10 (g) A charter school must comply with continuing truant notification under section
50.11 260A.03.

50.12 (h) A charter school must develop and implement a teacher evaluation and peer review
50.13 process under section 122A.40, subdivision 8, paragraph (b), clauses (2) to (13), and place
50.14 students in classrooms in accordance with section 122A.40, subdivision 8, paragraph (d).
50.15 The teacher evaluation process in this paragraph does not create any additional employment
50.16 rights for teachers.

50.17 (i) A charter school must adopt a ~~policy~~, plan, budget, and process, consistent with
50.18 section 120B.11, to review curriculum, instruction, and student achievement and strive for
50.19 the world's best workforce.

50.20 (j) A charter school is subject to and must comply with the Pupil Fair Dismissal Act,
50.21 sections 121A.40 to 121A.56 and 121A.575, 121A.60, 121A.61, and 121A.65.

50.22 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124E.05, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

50.23 Subd. 2. **Roles, responsibilities, and requirements for of authorizers.** ~~The authorizer~~
50.24 ~~must participate in department-approved training.~~ (a) The role of an authorizer is to ensure
50.25 that a school it authorizes has the autonomy granted by statute, fulfills the purposes of a
50.26 charter public school, and is accountable to the agreed upon terms of the charter school
50.27 contract in order to safeguard quality educational opportunities for students and maintain
50.28 public trust and confidence.

50.29 (b) An authorizer has the following responsibilities:

50.30 (1) to review applications for new schools to determine whether a school is ready to
50.31 open, to review applications for grade and site expansions, to review applications for change

51.1 in authorizers, and to determine whether to approve or deny an application based on the
51.2 authorizer's approved criteria;

51.3 (2) to negotiate and execute the performance charter contracts with the schools it
51.4 authorizes;

51.5 (3) to conduct ongoing monitoring, oversight, and evaluation of the school's academic,
51.6 operational, and financial performance during the term of the charter contract;

51.7 (4) to evaluate the academic, operational, and financial performance of the school as
51.8 defined in the charter contract prior to the end of the contract to determine the renewal,
51.9 nonrenewal, or termination of the contract; and

51.10 (5) to comply with authorizer requirements in chapter 124E.

51.11 (c) An authorizer must document in the authorizer annual report under section 124E.16,
51.12 subdivision 2, paragraph (b), the annual successful completion of training of its staff members
51.13 during the previous year relative to chartering and an authorizer's role and responsibilities.

51.14 (d) An authorizer must participate in department-approved training.

51.15 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124E.05, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

51.16 Subd. 3. **Application process.** (a) An eligible ~~authorizer~~ authorizer organization under this section
51.17 must apply to the commissioner for approval as an authorizer before submitting any affidavit
51.18 to the commissioner to charter a school. The application for approval as a charter school
51.19 authorizer must show the applicant's ability to implement the procedures and satisfy the
51.20 criteria for chartering a school under this chapter. The commissioner must approve or
51.21 disapprove the application within 45 business days of the deadline for that application
51.22 period. If the commissioner disapproves the application, the commissioner must notify the
51.23 applicant of the specific deficiencies in writing and the applicant then has 20 business days
51.24 to address the deficiencies to the commissioner's satisfaction. After the 20 business days
51.25 expire, the commissioner has 15 business days to make a final decision to approve or
51.26 disapprove the application. Failing to address the deficiencies to the commissioner's
51.27 satisfaction makes an applicant ineligible to be an authorizer. The commissioner, in
51.28 establishing criteria to approve an authorizer, consistent with subdivision 4, must consider
51.29 the applicant's:

51.30 (1) infrastructure and capacity to serve as an authorizer;

51.31 (2) application criteria and process;

51.32 (3) contracting process;

52.1 (4) ongoing oversight and evaluation processes; and

52.2 (5) renewal criteria and processes.

52.3 (b) A disapproved applicant under this section may resubmit an application during a
52.4 future application period.

52.5 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124E.05, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

52.6 Subd. 5. **Review by commissioner.** (a) The commissioner shall review an authorizer's
52.7 performance every five years in a manner and form determined by the commissioner, subject
52.8 to paragraphs (b) and (c), and may review an authorizer's performance more frequently at
52.9 the commissioner's own initiative or at the request of a charter school ~~operator~~ lead
52.10 administrator, charter school board ~~member~~ of directors, or other interested party. The
52.11 commissioner, after completing the review, shall transmit a report with findings to the
52.12 authorizer and the schools authorized by the authorizer.

52.13 (b) Consistent with this subdivision, the commissioner must:

52.14 ~~(1) use criteria appropriate to the authorizer and the schools it charters to review the~~
52.15 ~~authorizer's performance; and~~

52.16 ~~(2) consult with authorizers, charter school operators, and other charter school~~
52.17 ~~stakeholders in developing review criteria under this paragraph.~~

52.18 ~~(c) The commissioner's form must use existing department data on the authorizer to~~
52.19 ~~minimize duplicate reporting to the extent practicable. When reviewing an authorizer's~~
52.20 ~~performance under this subdivision, the commissioner must not:~~

52.21 ~~(1) fail to credit;~~

52.22 ~~(2) withhold points; or~~

52.23 ~~(3) otherwise penalize an authorizer for failing to charter additional schools or for the~~
52.24 ~~absence of complaints against the authorizer's current portfolio of charter schools.~~

52.25 (1) develop the criteria and process of the performance review system in consultation
52.26 with authorizers, school administrators, charter school boards of directors, and other charter
52.27 school stakeholders;

52.28 (2) publish the authorizer performance review criteria and process at least 12 months
52.29 before any change or process takes effect, except for changes required to take effect earlier
52.30 in accordance with state or federal law;

53.1 (3) evaluate the authorizer's performance on adherence and implementation of the
 53.2 authorizer's policies, procedures, and processes that are subject to section 124E.05,
 53.3 subdivision 5, paragraph (b), and must include input from the authorizer, charter school
 53.4 administrators, and charter school boards of directors; and

53.5 (4) use existing department data on the authorizer to minimize duplicate reporting to the
 53.6 extent practicable.

53.7 (c) Consistent with this subdivision the commissioner must not penalize in any way an
 53.8 authorizer for not chartering additional schools or for the absence of complaints against an
 53.9 authorizer or an authorizer's portfolio of schools.

53.10 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 124E.06, subdivision 1, is amended
 53.11 to read:

53.12 Subdivision 1. **Individuals eligible to organize.** (a) An authorizer, after receiving an
 53.13 application from a charter school developer, may charter either a licensed teacher under
 53.14 section 122A.18, subdivision 1, or a group of individuals that includes one or more licensed
 53.15 teachers under section 122A.18, subdivision 1, to operate a school subject to the
 53.16 commissioner's approval of the authorizer's affidavit under subdivision 4.

53.17 (b) "Application" under this section means the charter school business plan a charter
 53.18 school developer submits to an authorizer for approval to establish a charter school. This
 53.19 application must include:

53.20 (1) the proposed school's:

53.21 (i) mission and vision statements;

53.22 (ii) purposes and goals;

53.23 (iii) educational program design and how the program will improve student learning,
 53.24 success, and achievement;

53.25 (iv) plan to address the social and emotional learning needs of students and student
 53.26 support services;

53.27 (v) plan to provide special education management and services;

53.28 (vi) plan for staffing the school with appropriately qualified and licensed personnel;

53.29 (vii) financial plan;

53.30 (viii) governance and management structure and plan;

53.31 (ix) market need and demand study; and

54.1 (x) plan for ongoing outreach and dissemination of information about the school's
 54.2 offerings and enrollment procedure to families that reflect the diversity of Minnesota's
 54.3 population and targeted groups under section 124E.17, subdivision 1, paragraph (a);

54.4 (2) the school developer's experience and background, including criminal history and
 54.5 bankruptcy background checks; and

54.6 (3) any other information the authorizer requests; ~~and.~~

54.7 ~~(4) a "statement of assurances" of legal compliance prescribed by the commissioner.~~

54.8 (c) An authorizer shall not approve an application submitted by a charter school developer
 54.9 under paragraph (a) if the application does not comply with subdivision 3, paragraph (e),
 54.10 and section 124E.01, subdivision 1. The commissioner shall not approve an affidavit
 54.11 submitted by an authorizer under subdivision 4 if the affidavit does not comply with
 54.12 subdivision 3, paragraph (e), and section 124E.01, subdivision 1.

54.13 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 124E.06, subdivision 4, is amended
 54.14 to read:

54.15 Subd. 4. **Authorizer's affidavit; approval process.** (a) Before an operator may establish
 54.16 and operate a school, the authorizer must file an affidavit with the commissioner stating its
 54.17 intent to charter a school. An authorizer must file a separate affidavit for each school it
 54.18 intends to charter. An authorizer must file an affidavit at least 14 months before July 1 of
 54.19 the year the new charter school plans to serve students. The affidavit must state:

54.20 ~~(1) the terms and conditions under which the authorizer would charter a school, including~~
 54.21 ~~a market need and demand study; and.~~

54.22 ~~(2) how the authorizer intends to oversee:~~

54.23 ~~(i) the fiscal and student performance of the charter school; and~~

54.24 ~~(ii) compliance with the terms of the written contract between the authorizer and the~~
 54.25 ~~charter school board of directors under section 124E.10, subdivision 1.~~

54.26 (b) The commissioner must approve or disapprove the authorizer's affidavit within 60
 54.27 business days of receiving the affidavit. If the commissioner disapproves the affidavit, the
 54.28 commissioner shall notify the authorizer of the deficiencies in the affidavit and the authorizer
 54.29 then has 20 business days to address the deficiencies. The commissioner must notify the
 54.30 authorizer of the commissioner's final approval or final disapproval within 15 business days
 54.31 after receiving the authorizer's response to the deficiencies in the affidavit. If the authorizer
 54.32 does not address deficiencies to the commissioner's satisfaction, the commissioner's

55.1 disapproval is final. An authorizer who fails to obtain the commissioner's approval is
55.2 precluded from chartering the school that is the subject of this affidavit.

55.3 (c) The grades and number of primary enrollment sites in an approved affidavit may
55.4 only be modified under subdivision 5.

55.5 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 124E.06, subdivision 5, is amended
55.6 to read:

55.7 Subd. 5. **Adding grades or sites.** (a) A charter school may apply to the authorizer to
55.8 amend the school charter to add grades or primary enrollment sites beyond those defined
55.9 in the original affidavit approved by the commissioner. After approving the school's
55.10 application, the authorizer shall submit a supplemental affidavit in the form and manner
55.11 prescribed by the commissioner. The authorizer must file a supplemental affidavit to the
55.12 commissioner by October 1 to be eligible to add grades or sites in the next school year. The
55.13 supplemental affidavit must document ~~to the authorizer's satisfaction:~~

55.14 ~~(1) the need for the additional grades or sites with supporting long-range enrollment~~
55.15 ~~projections for site expansion, a market need and demand study with long-range enrollment~~
55.16 ~~projections;~~

55.17 ~~(2) a longitudinal record of student academic performance and growth on statewide~~
55.18 ~~assessments under chapter 120B or on other academic assessments that measure longitudinal~~
55.19 ~~student performance and growth approved by the charter school's board of directors and~~
55.20 ~~agreed upon with the authorizer~~ for grade expansion, the need for the additional grades with
55.21 supporting long-range enrollment projections;

55.22 ~~(3) a history of sound school finances and a plan to add grades or sites that sustains the~~
55.23 ~~school's finances~~ a longitudinal record of at least the three most recent years of student
55.24 academic proficiency and growth on statewide assessments under chapter 120B or on other
55.25 academic assessments that measure at least the three most recent years of longitudinal
55.26 student proficiency and growth approved by the charter school's board of directors and
55.27 agreed upon with the authorizer;

55.28 ~~(4) board capacity to administer and manage the additional grades or sites~~ at least three
55.29 years of sound school finances and a plan to add grades or sites that sustains the school's
55.30 finances; and

55.31 ~~(5) for site expansion, a market need and demand study~~ board capacity to administer
55.32 and manage the additional grades or sites.

56.1 (b) The commissioner shall have 30 business days to review and comment on the
 56.2 supplemental affidavit. The commissioner shall notify the authorizer in writing of any
 56.3 deficiencies in the supplemental affidavit and the authorizer then has 20 business days to
 56.4 address any deficiencies in the supplemental affidavit to the commissioner's satisfaction.
 56.5 The commissioner must notify the authorizer of final approval or final disapproval within
 56.6 15 business days after receiving the authorizer's response to the deficiencies in the affidavit.
 56.7 The school may not add grades or sites until the commissioner has approved the supplemental
 56.8 affidavit. The commissioner's approval or disapproval of a supplemental affidavit is final.

56.9 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124E.07, is amended to read:

56.10 **124E.07 BOARD OF DIRECTORS.**

56.11 Subdivision 1. **Initial board of directors.** Before entering into a contract or other
 56.12 agreement for professional or other services, goods, or facilities, the operators authorized
 56.13 to organize and operate a school must establish a board of directors composed of at least
 56.14 five members ~~who are not related parties.~~ The initial board members must not be related
 56.15 parties. The initial board continues to serve until a timely election for members of the
 56.16 ongoing charter school board of directors is held according to the school's articles and
 56.17 bylaws under subdivision 4. The initial board of directors and school developers must
 56.18 comply with the training requirements in subdivision 7 upon the incorporation of the school.

56.19 Subd. 2. **Ongoing board of directors.** ~~The ongoing board must be elected before the~~
 56.20 ~~school completes its third year of operation.~~ The initial board must begin the transition to
 56.21 the ongoing board structure by the end of the first year of operation and complete the
 56.22 transition by the end of the second year of operation. The terms of board members shall
 56.23 begin on July 1. Terms shall be no less than two years. The bylaws shall set the number of
 56.24 terms an individual may serve on the board and as an officer of the board. Board elections
 56.25 must be held during the school year but may not be conducted on days when the school is
 56.26 closed.

56.27 Subd. 3. **Membership criteria.** (a) The ongoing charter school board of directors shall
 56.28 have at least five ~~nonrelated~~ members ~~and include:~~ The board members must not be related
 56.29 parties. The ongoing board must include: (1) at least one licensed teacher ~~who is employed~~
 56.30 ~~as a teacher at the school or provides instruction under contract between the charter school~~
 56.31 ~~and a cooperative;~~ (2) at least one parent or legal guardian of a student enrolled in the charter
 56.32 school who is not an employee of the charter school; and (3) at least one interested
 56.33 community member ~~who resides in Minnesota, is not employed by the charter school, and~~
 56.34 ~~does not have a child enrolled in the school.~~ A community member serving on the board

57.1 must reside in Minnesota, must not have a child enrolled in the school, and must not be an
 57.2 employee of the charter school.

57.3 (b) To serve as a licensed teacher on a charter school board, an individual must:

57.4 (1) be employed by the school or provide at least 720 hours of service under a contract
 57.5 between the charter school and a teacher cooperative;

57.6 (2) be a "qualified teacher" as defined under section 122A.16, either serving as a teacher
 57.7 of record in a field in which the individual has a field license, or providing services to
 57.8 students the individual is licensed to provide; and

57.9 (3) serve in an administrative or supervisory capacity for no more than 240 hours in a
 57.10 school calendar year.

57.11 (c) The board structure must be defined in the bylaws. The board structure may include
 57.12 (1) be a majority of teachers under this paragraph or (b), (2) be a majority of parents or, (3)
 57.13 be a majority of community members, or it may (4) have no clear majority.

57.14 (d) The chief financial officer and the chief administrator may only serve as an ex-officio
 57.15 nonvoting board members member. No charter school employees shall serve on the board
 57.16 other than teachers under clause (1) paragraph (b). Contractors providing facilities, goods,
 57.17 or services to a charter school shall not serve on the board of directors of the charter school.

57.18 (b) (e) A contractor providing facilities, goods, or services to a charter school must not
 57.19 serve on the board of directors. In addition, an individual is prohibited from serving as a
 57.20 member of the charter school board of directors if: (1) the individual, an immediate family
 57.21 member, or the individual's partner is a full or part owner or principal with a for-profit or
 57.22 nonprofit entity or independent contractor with whom the charter school contracts, directly
 57.23 or indirectly, for professional services, goods, or facilities; or (2) an immediate family
 57.24 member is an employee of the school. An individual may serve as a member of the board
 57.25 of directors if no conflict of interest exists under this paragraph, consistent with this section.

57.26 (e) (f) A violation of paragraph (b) (e) renders a contract voidable at the option of the
 57.27 commissioner or the charter school board of directors. A member of a charter school board
 57.28 of directors who violates paragraph (b) (e) is individually liable to the charter school for
 57.29 any damage caused by the violation.

57.30 (d) (g) Any employee, agent, contractor, or board member of the authorizer who
 57.31 participates in initially reviewing, approving, overseeing, evaluating, renewing, or not
 57.32 renewing the charter school is ineligible to serve on the board of directors of a school
 57.33 chartered by that authorizer.

58.1 (h) An individual is prohibited from serving on more than one charter school board at
 58.2 the same time in either an elected or ex-officio capacity.

58.3 Subd. 4. **Board structure.** Board bylaws shall outline the process and procedures for
 58.4 changing the board's governance structure, consistent with chapter 317A. A board may
 58.5 change its governance structure only:

58.6 (1) by a majority vote of the board of directors ~~and a majority vote of the licensed teachers~~
 58.7 ~~employed by the school as teachers, including licensed teachers providing instruction under~~
 58.8 ~~a contract between the school and a cooperative; and~~

58.9 (2) by a majority vote of the licensed teachers employed by the school as teachers who
 58.10 provide instruction to students, including licensed teachers providing instruction under a
 58.11 contract between the school and a cooperative; and

58.12 ~~(2)~~ (3) with the authorizer's approval.

58.13 Any change in board governance structure must conform with the board composition
 58.14 established under this section.

58.15 Subd. 5. ~~Eligible voters~~ **Board elections.** (a) Staff members employed at the school,
 58.16 including teachers providing instruction under a contract with a cooperative, members of
 58.17 the board of directors, and all parents or legal guardians of children enrolled in the school
 58.18 are the voters eligible to elect the members of the school's board of directors. ~~A charter~~
 58.19 ~~school must notify eligible voters of the school board election dates at least 30 days before~~
 58.20 ~~the election.~~

58.21 (b) The board of directors must establish and publish election policies and procedures
 58.22 on the school's website.

58.23 (c) The board of directors must notify eligible voters of the school board election dates
 58.24 and voting procedures at least 30 calendar days before the election and post this information
 58.25 on the school's website.

58.26 (d) The board of directors must notify eligible voters of the candidates' names,
 58.27 biographies, and candidate statements at least ten calendar days before the election and post
 58.28 this information on the school's website.

58.29 Subd. 6. **Duties.** (a) The board of directors also shall decide and is responsible for all
 58.30 decision making on policy matters related to operating the school, including budgeting,
 58.31 curriculum programming, personnel, and operating procedures. ~~The board shall adopt a~~
 58.32 ~~nepotism policy.~~ The board shall must adopt personnel evaluation policies and practices
 58.33 that, at a minimum:

- 59.1 (1) carry out the school's mission and goals;
- 59.2 (2) evaluate how charter contract goals and commitments are executed;
- 59.3 (3) evaluate student achievement, postsecondary and workforce readiness, and student
- 59.4 engagement and connection goals;
- 59.5 (4) establish a teacher evaluation process under section 124E.03, subdivision 2, paragraph
- 59.6 (h); and
- 59.7 (5) provide professional development related to the individual's job responsibilities.

59.8 (b) The board must adopt a nepotism policy that prohibits the employment of immediate

59.9 family members of a board member, a school employee, or a teacher who provides instruction

59.10 under a contract between the charter school and a cooperative. The board may waive this

59.11 policy if: (1) the position is publicly posted for 20 business days; and (2) a two-thirds

59.12 majority of the remaining board of directors who are not immediate family members of an

59.13 applicant vote to approve the hiring. A board member, school employee, or teacher under

59.14 contract with a cooperative must not be involved in an interview, selection process, hiring,

59.15 supervision, or evaluation of an employee who is an immediate family member of a board

59.16 member.

59.17 ~~Subd. 7. **Training.** Every charter school board member shall attend annual training~~

59.18 ~~throughout the member's term. All new board members shall attend initial training on the~~

59.19 ~~board's role and responsibilities, employment policies and practices, and financial~~

59.20 ~~management. A new board member who does not begin the required initial training within~~

59.21 ~~six months after being seated and complete that training within 12 months after being seated~~

59.22 ~~is automatically ineligible to continue to serve as a board member. The school shall include~~

59.23 ~~in its annual report the training each board member attended during the previous year.~~

59.24 (a) Every charter school board member and nonvoting ex-officio member who is a charter

59.25 school director or chief administrator must attend board training.

59.26 (b) Prior to beginning their term, a new board member must complete training on a

59.27 charter school board's role and responsibilities, open meeting law, and data practices law.

59.28 An ex-officio member must complete this training within three months of starting

59.29 employment at the school.

59.30 (c) A new board member must complete training on employment policies and practices

59.31 under chapter 181; public school funding and financial management; and the board's roles

59.32 and responsibilities regarding student success, achievement, and performance within 12

59.33 months of being seated on the board or the individual is automatically ineligible to continue

60.1 to serve as a board member. A board member who does not complete training within the
60.2 12-month period is ineligible to be elected or appointed to a charter school board for a period
60.3 of 18 months.

60.4 (d) Every charter school board member must complete annual training throughout the
60.5 member's term based on an annual assessment of the training needs of individual members
60.6 and the full board. Ongoing training includes but is not limited to: budgeting, financial
60.7 management, recruiting and hiring a charter school director or chief administrator, evaluating
60.8 a charter school director or chief administrator, governance-management relationships,
60.9 student support services, student discipline, state standards, cultural diversity, succession
60.10 planning, strategic planning, program oversight and evaluation, compensation systems,
60.11 human resources policies, effective parent and community relationships, authorizer contract
60.12 and relationships, charter school law, legal liability, board recruitment and elections, board
60.13 meetings and operations, policy development and review, and school health and safety.

60.14 (e) The organization or person providing training under paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) must
60.15 certify the individual's completion of the training provided.

60.16 (f) The charter school is responsible for covering the costs related to board training. The
60.17 charter school must include in its annual report the training each board member completed
60.18 during the previous year.

60.19 (g) The board must ensure that an annual assessment of the board's performance is
60.20 conducted and the results are reported in the school's annual report.

60.21 **Subd. 8. Meetings and information.** (a) Board of director meetings must comply with
60.22 chapter 13D governing open meetings.

60.23 (b) A charter school shall publish and maintain on the school's official website: (1) the
60.24 meeting minutes of the board of directors and of members and committees having
60.25 board-delegated authority, within 30 days following the earlier of the date of board approval
60.26 or the next regularly scheduled meeting, and for at least 365 days from the date of publication;
60.27 (2) directory information for the board of directors and for the members of committees
60.28 having board-delegated authority; and (3) identifying and contact information for the school's
60.29 authorizer.

60.30 (c) A charter school must include identifying and contact information for the school's
60.31 authorizer in other school materials it makes available to the public.

61.1 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124E.10, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

61.2 Subd. 2. **Limits on charter school agreements.** (a) A school must disclose to the
61.3 commissioner any potential contract, lease, or purchase of service from an authorizer or a
61.4 board member, employee, contractor, volunteer, or agent of an authorizer. The contract,
61.5 lease, or purchase must be accepted through an open bidding process and be separate from
61.6 the charter contract. The school must document the open bidding process. An authorizer
61.7 must not enter into a contract to provide management and financial services to a school it
61.8 authorizes, unless the school documents receiving at least two competitive bids.

61.9 (b) An authorizer must not condition granting or renewing a charter on:

61.10 (1) the charter school being required to contract, lease, or purchase services from the
61.11 authorizer; or

61.12 (2) the bargaining unit status of school employees.

61.13 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124E.10, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

61.14 Subd. 4. **Causes for nonrenewal or termination of charter school contract.** (a) The
61.15 duration of the contract with an authorizer must be for the term contained in the contract
61.16 according to subdivision 1, paragraph (a). The authorizer may or may not renew a contract
61.17 at the end of the term for any ground listed in paragraph (b). An authorizer may unilaterally
61.18 terminate a contract during the term of the contract for any ground listed in paragraph (b).
61.19 At least 60 business days before not renewing or terminating a contract, the authorizer shall
61.20 notify the board of directors of the charter school of the proposed action in writing. The
61.21 notice shall state the grounds for the proposed action in reasonable detail and describe the
61.22 informal hearing process, consistent with this paragraph. The charter school's board of
61.23 directors may request in writing an informal hearing before the authorizer within 15 business
61.24 days after receiving notice of nonrenewal or termination of the contract. Failure by the board
61.25 of directors to make a written request for an informal hearing within the 15-business-day
61.26 period shall be treated as acquiescence to the proposed action. Upon receiving a timely
61.27 written request for a hearing, the authorizer shall give ten business days' notice to the charter
61.28 school's board of directors of the hearing date. The hearing must be recorded by audio
61.29 recording, video recording, or a court reporter. The authorizer must preserve the recording
61.30 for three years and make the recording available to the public. The authorizer shall conduct
61.31 an informal hearing before taking final action. The authorizer shall take final action to renew
61.32 or not renew a contract no later than 20 business days before the proposed date for terminating
61.33 the contract or the end date of the contract.

62.1 (b) An authorizer may terminate or not renew a contract upon any of the following
62.2 grounds:

62.3 (1) failure to demonstrate satisfactory academic achievement for all students, including
62.4 the requirements for pupil performance contained in the contract;

62.5 (2) failure to meet generally accepted standards of fiscal management;

62.6 (3) violations of law; or

62.7 (4) other good cause shown.

62.8 If the authorizer terminates or does not renew a contract under this paragraph, the school
62.9 must be dissolved according to the applicable provisions of chapter 317A.

62.10 (c) The commissioner, after providing reasonable notice to the board of directors of a
62.11 charter school and the existing authorizer, and after providing an opportunity for a public
62.12 hearing, may terminate the existing contract between the authorizer and the charter school
62.13 board if the charter school has a history of:

62.14 (1) failure to meet pupil performance requirements, consistent with state law;

62.15 (2) financial mismanagement or failure to meet generally accepted standards of fiscal
62.16 management; or

62.17 (3) repeated or major violations of the law.

62.18 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124E.10, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

62.19 Subd. 5. **Mutual nonrenewal.** If the authorizer and the ~~charter school~~ board of directors
62.20 of a charter school serving enrolled students mutually agree not to renew the contract, or if
62.21 the governing board of an approved authorizer votes to withdraw as an approved authorizer
62.22 for a reason unrelated to any cause under subdivision 4, a change in authorizers is allowed.
62.23 The authorizer and the school board must jointly submit a written and signed letter of their
62.24 intent to the commissioner to mutually not renew the contract. The authorizer that is a party
62.25 to the existing contract must inform the proposed authorizer about the fiscal, operational,
62.26 and student performance status of the school, including unmet contract outcomes and other
62.27 outstanding contractual obligations. The charter contract between the proposed authorizer
62.28 and the school must identify and provide a plan to address any outstanding obligations from
62.29 the previous contract. The proposed authorizer must submit the proposed contract at least
62.30 105 business days before the end of the existing charter contract. The commissioner has 30
62.31 business days to review and make a determination on the change in authorizer. The proposed
62.32 authorizer and the school have 15 business days to respond to the determination and address

63.1 any issues identified by the commissioner. The commissioner must make a final
63.2 determination no later than 45 business days before the end of the current charter contract.
63.3 If the commissioner does not approve a change in authorizer, the school and the current
63.4 authorizer may withdraw their letter of nonrenewal and enter into a new contract. If the
63.5 commissioner does not approve a change in authorizer and the current authorizer and the
63.6 school do not withdraw their letter and enter into a new contract, the school must be dissolved
63.7 according to applicable law and the terms of the contract.

63.8 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 124E.11, is amended to read:

63.9 **124E.11 ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS AND ENROLLMENT.**

63.10 (a) A charter school, including its preschool or prekindergarten program established
63.11 under section 124E.06, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), may limit admission to:

63.12 (1) pupils within an age group or grade level;

63.13 (2) pupils who are eligible to participate in the graduation incentives program under
63.14 section 124D.68; or

63.15 (3) residents of a specific geographic area in which the school is located when the
63.16 majority of students served by the school are members of underserved populations.

63.17 (b) A charter school, including its preschool or prekindergarten program established
63.18 under section 124E.06, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), must enroll an eligible pupil who
63.19 submits a timely application, unless the number of applications exceeds the capacity of a
63.20 program, class, grade level, or building. In this case, pupils must be accepted by lot. The
63.21 charter school must develop and publish, including on its website, a lottery policy and
63.22 process that it must use when accepting pupils by lot.

63.23 (c) Admission to a charter school must be free to any eligible pupil who resides within
63.24 the state. A charter school must give enrollment preference to a Minnesota resident pupil
63.25 over pupils that do not reside in Minnesota. A charter school must require a pupil who does
63.26 not reside in Minnesota to annually apply to enroll in accordance with paragraphs (a) to (f).
63.27 A charter school must give enrollment preference to a sibling of an enrolled pupil and to a
63.28 foster child of that pupil's parents and may give preference for enrolling children of the
63.29 school's staff before accepting other pupils by lot. A staff member is eligible for an enrollment
63.30 preference for the staff member's child if the individual is expected to perform work for the
63.31 school for at least 480 hours in a school calendar year. A charter school that is located in
63.32 Duluth township in St. Louis County and admits students in kindergarten through grade 6

64.1 must give enrollment preference to students residing within a five-mile radius of the school
64.2 and to the siblings of enrolled children.

64.3 (d) A person may not be admitted to a charter school: (1) as a kindergarten pupil, unless
64.4 the pupil is at least five years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school
64.5 year for which the pupil seeks admission commences; or (2) as a first grade student, unless
64.6 the pupil is at least six years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school
64.7 year for which the pupil seeks admission commences or has completed kindergarten; except
64.8 that a charter school may establish and publish on its website a policy for admission of
64.9 selected pupils at an earlier age, consistent with the enrollment process in paragraphs (b)
64.10 and (c).

64.11 (e) Except as permitted in paragraphs (d) and (i), a charter school, including its preschool
64.12 or prekindergarten program established under section 124E.06, subdivision 3, paragraph
64.13 (b), may not limit admission to pupils on the basis of intellectual ability, measures of
64.14 achievement or aptitude, or athletic ability and may not establish any criteria or requirements
64.15 for admission that are inconsistent with this section.

64.16 (f) The charter school or any agent of the school must not distribute any services or
64.17 goods, payments, or other incentives of value to students, parents, or guardians as an
64.18 inducement, term, or condition of enrolling a student in a charter school.

64.19 (g) Once a student who resides in Minnesota is enrolled in the school in kindergarten
64.20 through grade 12, or in the school's free preschool or prekindergarten program under section
64.21 124E.06, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), the student is considered enrolled in the school until
64.22 the student formally withdraws, the school receives a request for the transfer of educational
64.23 records from another school, the school receives a written election by the parent or legal
64.24 guardian of the student withdrawing the student, or the student is expelled under the Pupil
64.25 Fair Dismissal Act in sections 121A.40 to 121A.56.

64.26 (h) A charter school with at least 90 percent of enrolled students who are eligible for
64.27 special education services and have a primary disability of deaf or hard-of-hearing may
64.28 enroll prekindergarten pupils with a disability under section 126C.05, subdivision 1,
64.29 paragraph (a), and must comply with the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education
64.30 Act under Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, section 300.324, subsection (2), clause
64.31 (iv).

64.32 (i) A charter school serving at least 90 percent of enrolled students who are eligible for
64.33 special education services and have a primary disability of deaf, deafblind, or hard-of-hearing
64.34 may give enrollment preference to students who are eligible for special education services

65.1 and have a primary disability of deaf, deafblind, or hard-of-hearing. The charter school may
65.2 not limit admission based on the student's eligibility for additional special education services.

65.3 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 124E.12, subdivision 1, is amended
65.4 to read:

65.5 Subdivision 1. **Teachers.** A charter school, excluding its preschool or prekindergarten
65.6 program established under section 124E.06, subdivision 3, must employ or contract with
65.7 necessary teachers, as defined by section 122A.06, subdivision 2, or contract with a
65.8 cooperative formed under chapter 308A to provide necessary teachers, who hold valid
65.9 licenses to perform the particular service for which they are employed in the school. A
65.10 charter school may not contract with a CMO or EMO to provide necessary teachers, unless
65.11 the CMO or EMO is a cooperative formed under chapter 308A. A charter school's preschool
65.12 or prekindergarten program must employ or contract with teachers knowledgeable in early
65.13 childhood curriculum content, assessment, native and English language programs, and
65.14 instruction established under section 124E.06, subdivision 3. The commissioner may reduce
65.15 the charter school's state aid under section 127A.43 if the school employs a teacher who is
65.16 not appropriately licensed or approved by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards
65.17 Board. The school may employ necessary employees who are not required to hold teaching
65.18 licenses to perform duties other than teaching and may contract for other services. The
65.19 school may discharge teachers and nonlicensed employees. The charter school board is
65.20 subject to section 181.932 governing whistle-blowers. When offering employment to a
65.21 prospective employee, a charter school must give that employee a written description of
65.22 the terms and conditions of employment and the school's personnel policies.

65.23 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124E.12, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

65.24 Subd. 2. **Administrators.** ~~(a) A person, without holding a valid administrator's license,~~
65.25 ~~may perform administrative, supervisory, or instructional leadership duties. The board of~~
65.26 ~~directors shall establish qualifications for all persons who hold administrative, supervisory,~~
65.27 ~~or instructional leadership roles. The qualifications shall cover at least: instruction and~~
65.28 ~~assessment; human resource and personnel management; financial management; legal and~~
65.29 ~~compliance management; effective communication; and board, authorizer, and community~~
65.30 ~~relationships. The board of directors shall use those qualifications as the basis for job~~
65.31 ~~descriptions, hiring, and performance evaluations of those who hold administrative,~~
65.32 ~~supervisory, or instructional leadership roles.~~

66.1 ~~(b) The board of directors and an individual who does not hold a valid administrative~~
66.2 ~~license and who serves in an administrative, supervisory, or instructional leadership position~~
66.3 ~~shall develop a professional development plan. The school's annual report must include~~
66.4 ~~public personnel information documenting the professional development plan.~~

66.5 (a) A charter school board of directors must establish qualifications for all persons who
66.6 hold administrative, academic supervision, or instructional leadership positions. The
66.7 qualifications must include a requirement that a person hold a minimum of a four-year
66.8 degree from an accredited institution or equivalent experience. Other qualifications for these
66.9 positions shall include, as appropriate for the specific position: instruction and assessment,
66.10 curriculum design, human resource and personnel management, professional ethics, child
66.11 development, financial management, legal and compliance management, special education
66.12 oversight, contract management, effective communication, cultural competency, board and
66.13 authorizer relationships, parent relationships, and community partnerships. A charter school
66.14 board of directors must use those qualifications as the basis for the job description, hiring,
66.15 and performance evaluation of the charter school director or chief administrator. The charter
66.16 school director must use those qualifications as the basis for the job descriptions, hiring,
66.17 and performance reviews for the administrative staff, academic program supervisors, and
66.18 instructional leaders who report to the charter school director or chief administrator.

66.19 (b) A person who does not hold a valid administrator's license may perform
66.20 administrative, academic supervision, or instructional leadership duties. A person without
66.21 a valid administrator's license serving as a charter school director or chief administrator
66.22 must complete a minimum of 25 hours annually of competency-based training corresponding
66.23 to the individual's annual professional development needs and plan approved by the charter
66.24 school board of directors. Training includes but is not limited to: instruction and curriculum;
66.25 state standards; teacher and staff hiring, development, support, and evaluation;
66.26 social-emotional learning; data collection and usage; assessment methodologies; use of
66.27 technology for learning and management; charter school law and requirements; code of
66.28 professional ethics; financial management and state accounting requirements; grant
66.29 management; legal and compliance management; special education management; health
66.30 and safety laws; restorative justice; cultural competencies; effective communication; parent
66.31 relationships; board and management relationships; community partnerships; charter contract
66.32 and authorizer relationships; and public accountability.

66.33 (c) A person serving as a charter school director or chief administrator with a valid
66.34 administrator's license must complete a minimum of ten hours of competency-based training

67.1 during the first year of employment on the following: charter school law and requirements,
67.2 board and management relationships, and charter contract and authorizer relationships.

67.3 (d) The training a person must complete under paragraphs (b) and (c) may not be
67.4 self-instructional. The organization or instructor providing the training must certify
67.5 completion of the training. The person must submit the certification of completion of training
67.6 to the charter school board of directors and certifications must be maintained in the personnel
67.7 file. Completing required training must be a component of annual performance evaluations.

67.8 (e) All professional development training completed by the school director in the previous
67.9 academic year must be documented in the charter school's annual report.

67.10 (f) No charter school administrator may serve as a paid administrator or consultant with
67.11 another charter school without the knowledge and a two-thirds vote of approval of the boards
67.12 of directors of the charter schools involved in such an arrangement. The boards of directors
67.13 involved in such arrangements must send notice of this arrangement to authorizers upon
67.14 approval by the boards.

67.15 (g) No charter school administrator may serve on the board of directors of another charter
67.16 school.

67.17 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124E.14, is amended to read:

67.18 **124E.14 CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.**

67.19 (a) No member of the board of directors, employee, officer, or agent of a charter school
67.20 shall participate in selecting, awarding, or administering a contract if a conflict of interest
67.21 exists. A conflict exists when:

67.22 (1) the board member, employee, officer, or agent;

67.23 (2) the immediate family of the board member, employee, officer, or agent;

67.24 (3) the partner of the board member, employee, officer, or agent; or

67.25 (4) an organization that employs, or is about to employ any individual in clauses (1) to
67.26 (3),

67.27 has a financial or other interest in the entity with which the charter school is contracting. A
67.28 violation of this prohibition renders the contract void.

67.29 (b) The conflict of interest provisions under this section do not apply to compensation
67.30 paid to a teacher employed as a teacher by the charter school or a teacher who provides

68.1 instructional services to the charter school through a cooperative formed under chapter
68.2 308A when the teacher also serves on the charter school board of directors.

68.3 (c) A charter school board member, employee, or officer is a local official for purposes
68.4 of section 471.895 with regard to receipt of gifts as defined under section 10A.071,
68.5 subdivision 1, paragraph (b). A board member, employee, or officer must not receive
68.6 compensation from a group health insurance provider.

68.7 (d) No charter school employee or board member may serve on the board or
68.8 decision-making committee of the school's authorizer. An employee or school board member
68.9 must disclose to the school board of directors any paid compensation they receive from the
68.10 school's authorizer.

68.11 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 124E.16, subdivision 1, is amended
68.12 to read:

68.13 Subdivision 1. **Audit report.** (a) A charter school is subject to the same financial audits,
68.14 audit procedures, and audit requirements as a district, except as required under this
68.15 subdivision. Audits must be conducted in compliance with generally accepted governmental
68.16 auditing standards, the federal Single Audit Act, if applicable, and section 6.65 governing
68.17 auditing procedures. ~~A charter school is subject to and must comply with sections 15.054;~~
68.18 ~~118A.01; 118A.02; 118A.03; 118A.04; 118A.05; 118A.06 governing government property~~
68.19 ~~and financial investments; and sections 471.38; 471.391; 471.392; and 471.425 governing~~
68.20 ~~municipal contracting.~~ The audit must comply with the requirements of sections 123B.75
68.21 to 123B.83 governing school district finance, except when the commissioner and authorizer
68.22 approve a deviation made necessary because of school program finances. The commissioner,
68.23 state auditor, legislative auditor, or authorizer may conduct financial, program, or compliance
68.24 audits. A charter school in statutory operating debt under sections 123B.81 to 123B.83 must
68.25 submit a plan under section 123B.81, subdivision 4.

68.26 (b) The charter school must submit an audit report to the commissioner and its authorizer
68.27 annually by December 31.

68.28 (c) The charter school, with the assistance of the auditor conducting the audit, must
68.29 include with the report, as supplemental information: (1) a copy of a new management
68.30 agreement or an amendment to a current agreement with a CMO or EMO signed during the
68.31 audit year; and (2) a copy of a service agreement or contract with a company or individual
68.32 totaling over five percent of the audited expenditures for the most recent audit year. The
68.33 agreements must detail the terms of the agreement, including the services provided and the
68.34 annual costs for those services.

69.1 (d) A charter school independent audit report shall include audited financial data of an
 69.2 affiliated building corporation under section 124E.13, subdivision 3, or other component
 69.3 unit.

69.4 (e) If the audit report finds that a material weakness exists in the financial reporting
 69.5 systems of a charter school, the charter school must submit a written report to the
 69.6 commissioner explaining how the charter school will resolve that material weakness. An
 69.7 auditor, as a condition of providing financial services to a charter school, must agree to
 69.8 make available information about a charter school's financial audit to the commissioner and
 69.9 authorizer upon request.

69.10 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124E.17, is amended to read:

69.11 **124E.17 DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION.**

69.12 Subdivision 1. **Charter school information.** (a) Charter schools must disseminate
 69.13 information about ~~how to use the charter school offerings to targeted groups, among others.~~
 69.14 ~~Targeted groups include low-income families and communities, students of color, and~~
 69.15 ~~students who are at risk of academic failure.~~ the school's offerings and enrollment procedures
 69.16 to families that reflect the diversity of Minnesota's population and targeted groups. Targeted
 69.17 groups include low-income families and communities, students of color, students at risk of
 69.18 academic failure, and students underrepresented in the school's student body relative to
 69.19 Minnesota's population. The school must document its dissemination activities in the school's
 69.20 annual report and be a component of the authorizer's performance review of the school.

69.21 (b) Authorizers and the commissioner must disseminate information to the public on
 69.22 how to form and operate a charter school. Authorizers, operators, and the commissioner
 69.23 also may disseminate information to interested stakeholders about the successful best
 69.24 practices in teaching and learning demonstrated by charter schools.

69.25 Subd. 2. **Financial information.** Upon request of an individual, the charter school must
 69.26 make available in a timely fashion financial statements showing all operations and
 69.27 transactions affecting the school's income, surplus, and deficit during the last annual
 69.28 accounting period; and a balance sheet summarizing assets and liabilities on the closing
 69.29 date of the accounting period. A charter school also must ~~include~~ provide that same
 69.30 information about its ~~authorizer in other school materials that it makes available to the public~~
 69.31 organization upon request.

70.1 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 124E.26, is amended to read:

70.2 **124E.26 USE OF STATE MONEY.**

70.3 Subdivision 1. **Purchasing buildings.** A charter school may not use state money to
70.4 purchase land or buildings. The charter school may own land and buildings if obtained
70.5 through nonstate sources.

70.6 Subd. 2. **Procurement policy required.** Prior to the expenditure of any state funds, a
70.7 charter school must adopt a procurement policy consistent with subdivision 4.

70.8 Subd. 3. **All purchases.** All purchases using state funds must be made consistent with
70.9 the procurement policy adopted under subdivision 2.

70.10 Subd. 4. **Required policy components.** A charter school procurement policy must at a
70.11 minimum include:

70.12 (1) conflict of interest provisions consistent with section 124E.14;

70.13 (2) thresholds for purchases by employees without board approval;

70.14 (3) a requirement to use a competitive bidding process for a purchase that is \$25,000 or
70.15 more; and

70.16 (4) a prohibition on breaking up a procurement into smaller components to avoid the
70.17 thresholds established in clauses (2) and (3).

70.18 Subd. 5. **Reduction in aid.** If a charter school makes a purchase without a procurement
70.19 policy adopted by the school's board or makes a purchase not in conformity with the school's
70.20 procurement policy, the commissioner may reduce that charter school's state aid in an amount
70.21 equal to the purchase.

70.22 Subd. 6. **Property, financial investments, and contracting.** A charter school is subject
70.23 to and must comply with sections 15.054 and 118A.01 to 118A.06 governing government
70.24 property and financial investments and sections 471.38, 471.391, 471.392, and 471.425
70.25 governing municipal contracting.

70.26 **ARTICLE 6**

70.27 **NUTRITION AND LIBRARIES**

70.28 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 124D.111, subdivision 2a, is
70.29 amended to read:

70.30 Subd. 2a. **Federal child and adult care food program and federal summer food**
70.31 **service program; criteria and notice.** (a) The commissioner must post on the department's

71.1 website eligibility criteria and application information for nonprofit organizations interested
 71.2 in applying to the commissioner for approval as a multisite sponsoring organization under
 71.3 the federal child and adult care food program and federal summer food service program.

71.4 The posted criteria and information must inform interested nonprofit organizations about:

71.5 (1) the criteria the commissioner uses to approve or disapprove an application, including
 71.6 how an applicant demonstrates financial viability for the Minnesota program, among other
 71.7 criteria;

71.8 (2) the commissioner's process and time line for notifying an applicant when its
 71.9 application is approved or disapproved and, if the application is disapproved, the explanation
 71.10 the commissioner provides to the applicant; and

71.11 (3) any appeal or other recourse available to a disapproved applicant.

71.12 (b) The commissioner must evaluate financial eligibility as part of the application process.

71.13 An organization applying to be a prospective ~~sponsor~~ nonprofit multisite sponsoring
 71.14 organization for the federal child and adult care food ~~care~~ program or the federal summer
 71.15 food service program must provide documentation of financial viability as an organization.

71.16 Documentation must include:

71.17 (1) evidence that the organization has operated for at least one year and has filed at least
 71.18 one tax return;

71.19 (2) the most recent tax return submitted by the organization and corresponding forms
 71.20 and financial statements;

71.21 (3) a profit and loss statement and balance sheet or similar financial information; and

71.22 (4) evidence that at least ten percent of the organization's operating revenue comes from
 71.23 sources other than the United States Department of Agriculture child nutrition program and
 71.24 that the organization has additional funds or a performance bond available to cover at least
 71.25 one month of reimbursement claims.

71.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

71.27 Sec. 2. **[134.205] METROPOLITAN LIBRARY SERVICE AGENCY.**

71.28 Notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, part 3530.1000, paragraph A, beginning April 1,
 71.29 2024, the Metropolitan Library Service Agency may employ an executive director who
 71.30 does not hold a master's degree in library science.

71.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

72.1 **ARTICLE 7**

72.2 **HEALTH AND SAFETY**

72.3 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 120B.21, is amended to read:

72.4 **120B.21 MENTAL HEALTH EDUCATION.**

72.5 (a) School districts and charter schools are encouraged to provide mental health instruction
72.6 for students in grades 4 through 12 aligned with local health standards and integrated into
72.7 existing programs, curriculum, or the general school environment of a district or charter
72.8 school. The commissioner, in consultation with the commissioner of human services,
72.9 commissioner of health, and mental health organizations, must, by July 1, 2020, and July
72.10 1 of each even-numbered year thereafter, provide districts and charter schools with resources
72.11 gathered by Minnesota mental health advocates, including:

72.12 (1) age-appropriate model learning activities for grades 4 through 12 that encompass
72.13 the mental health components of the National Health Education Standards and the
72.14 benchmarks developed by the department's quality teaching network in health and best
72.15 practices in mental health education; and

72.16 (2) a directory of resources for planning and implementing age-appropriate mental health
72.17 curriculum and instruction in grades 4 through 12 that includes resources on suicide and
72.18 self-harm prevention. A district or charter school providing instruction or presentations on
72.19 preventing suicide or self-harm must use either the resources provided by the commissioner
72.20 or other evidence-based instruction.

72.21 (b) Starting in the 2026-2027 school year, school districts and charter schools must
72.22 provide mental health instruction in accordance with paragraph (a).

72.23 **Sec. 2. [121A.216] ACCESS TO SPACE FOR MENTAL HEALTH CARE THROUGH**
72.24 **TELEHEALTH.**

72.25 (a) Beginning October 1, 2024, to the extent space is available, a school district or charter
72.26 school must provide an enrolled secondary school student with access during regular school
72.27 hours, and to the extent staff is available, before or after the school day on days when
72.28 students receive instruction at school, to space at the school site that a student may use to
72.29 receive mental health care through telehealth from a student's licensed mental health provider.
72.30 A secondary school must develop a plan with procedures to receive requests for access to
72.31 the space.

72.32 (b) The space must provide a student privacy to receive mental health care.

73.1 (c) A student may use a school-issued device to receive mental health care through
73.2 telehealth if such use is consistent with the district or school policy governing acceptable
73.3 use of the school-issued device.

73.4 (d) A school may require a student requesting access to space under this section to submit
73.5 to the school, a signed and dated consent from the student's parent or guardian, or from the
73.6 student if the student is age 16 or older, authorizing the student's licensed mental health
73.7 provider to release information from the student's health record that is requested by the
73.8 school to confirm the student is currently receiving mental health care from the provider.
73.9 Such a consent is valid for the school year in which it is submitted.

73.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2024-2025 school year and later.

73.11 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 121A.22, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

73.12 Subd. 2. **Exclusions.** In addition, this section does not apply to drugs or medicine that
73.13 are:

73.14 (1) purchased without a prescription;

73.15 (2) used by a pupil who is 18 years old or older;

73.16 (3) used in connection with services for which a minor may give effective consent,
73.17 including section 144.343, subdivision 1, and any other law;

73.18 (4) used in situations in which, in the judgment of the school personnel, including a
73.19 licensed nurse, who are present or available, the risk to the pupil's life or health is of such
73.20 a nature that drugs or medicine should be given without delay;

73.21 (5) used off the school grounds;

73.22 (6) used in connection with athletics or extra curricular activities;

73.23 (7) used in connection with activities that occur before or after the regular school day;

73.24 (8) provided or administered by a public health agency to prevent or control an illness
73.25 or a disease outbreak as provided for in sections 144.05 and 144.12;

73.26 (9) prescription asthma or reactive airway disease medications self-administered by a
73.27 pupil with an asthma inhaler, consistent with section 121A.221, if the district has received
73.28 a written authorization from the pupil's parent permitting the pupil to self-administer the
73.29 medication, the inhaler is properly labeled for that student, and the parent has not requested
73.30 school personnel to administer the medication to the pupil. The parent must submit written
73.31 authorization for the pupil to self-administer the medication each school year; or

74.1 (10) epinephrine auto-injectors, consistent with section 121A.2205, if the parent and
74.2 prescribing medical professional annually inform the pupil's school in writing that (i) the
74.3 pupil may possess the epinephrine or (ii) the pupil is unable to possess the epinephrine and
74.4 requires immediate access to epinephrine auto-injectors that the parent provides properly
74.5 labeled to the school for the pupil as needed.

74.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2024.

74.7 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 121A.22, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

74.8 Subd. 4. **Administration.** Drugs and medicine subject to this section must be administered
74.9 in a manner consistent with instructions on the label. Drugs and medicine subject to this
74.10 section must be administered, to the extent possible, according to school board procedures
74.11 that must be developed in consultation:

74.12 (1) with a ~~school~~ licensed nurse, in a district that employs a ~~school~~ licensed nurse under
74.13 section 148.171;

74.14 (2) with a licensed school nurse, in a district that employs a licensed school nurse licensed
74.15 under Minnesota Rules, part 8710.6100;

74.16 (3) with a public or private health or health-related organization, in a district that contracts
74.17 with a public or private health or health-related organization, according to section 121A.21;
74.18 or

74.19 (4) with the appropriate party, in a district that has an arrangement approved by the
74.20 commissioner of education, according to section 121A.21.

74.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2024.

74.22 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 121A.2207, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

74.23 Subdivision 1. **Districts and schools permitted to maintain supply.** (a) Notwithstanding
74.24 section 151.37, districts and schools may obtain and possess epinephrine auto-injectors to
74.25 be maintained and administered by school personnel, including a licensed nurse, to a student
74.26 or other individual if, in good faith, it is determined that person is experiencing anaphylaxis
74.27 regardless of whether the student or other individual has a prescription for an epinephrine
74.28 auto-injector. The administration of an epinephrine auto-injector in accordance with this
74.29 section is not the practice of medicine.

74.30 (b) Registered nurses may administer epinephrine auto-injectors in a school setting
74.31 according to a condition-specific protocol as authorized under section 148.235, subdivision

75.1 8. Notwithstanding any limitation in sections 148.171 to 148.285, licensed practical nurses
75.2 may administer epinephrine auto-injectors in a school setting according to a condition-specific
75.3 protocol that does not reference a specific patient and that specifies the circumstances under
75.4 which the epinephrine auto-injector is to be administered, when caring for a patient whose
75.5 condition falls within the protocol.

75.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2024.

75.7 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 260E.14, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

75.8 Subdivision 1. **Facilities and schools.** (a) The local welfare agency is the agency
75.9 responsible for investigating allegations of maltreatment in child foster care, family child
75.10 care, legally nonlicensed child care, and reports involving children served by an unlicensed
75.11 personal care provider organization under section 256B.0659. Copies of findings related to
75.12 personal care provider organizations under section 256B.0659 must be forwarded to the
75.13 Department of Human Services provider enrollment.

75.14 (b) The Department of Human Services is the agency responsible for screening and
75.15 investigating allegations of maltreatment in juvenile correctional facilities listed under
75.16 section 241.021 located in the local welfare agency's county and in facilities licensed or
75.17 certified under chapters 245A, 245D, and 245H, except for child foster care and family
75.18 child care.

75.19 (c) The Department of Health is the agency responsible for screening and investigating
75.20 allegations of maltreatment in facilities licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.58 and 144A.43
75.21 to 144A.482 or chapter 144H.

75.22 (d) The Department of Education is the agency responsible for screening and investigating
75.23 allegations of maltreatment in a school as defined in section 120A.05, subdivisions 9, 11,
75.24 and 13, and chapter 124E. The Department of Education's responsibility to screen and
75.25 investigate includes allegations of maltreatment involving students 18 ~~to~~ through 21 years
75.26 of age, including students receiving special education services, up to and including graduation
75.27 and the issuance of a secondary or high school diploma.

75.28 (e) A health or corrections agency receiving a report may request the local welfare agency
75.29 to provide assistance pursuant to this section and sections 260E.20 and 260E.22.

75.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2024.

ARTICLE 8

STATE AGENCIES

76.1

76.2

76.3 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 120B.117, subdivision 4, is
76.4 amended to read:

76.5 Subd. 4. **Reporting.** ~~Beginning in 2024 and every even-numbered year thereafter,~~ The
76.6 Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must collaborate with the Department
76.7 of Education and the Office of Higher Education to publish a summary report of each of
76.8 the programs they administer and any other programs receiving state appropriations that
76.9 have or include an explicit purpose of increasing the racial and ethnic diversity of the state's
76.10 teacher workforce to more closely reflect the diversity of students. The report must include
76.11 programs under sections 122A.59, 122A.63, 122A.635, 122A.70, 122A.73, 124D.09,
76.12 124D.861, 136A.1274, 136A.1276, and 136A.1791, along with any other programs or
76.13 initiatives that receive state appropriations to address the shortage of teachers of color and
76.14 American Indian teachers. The board must, in coordination with the Office of Higher
76.15 Education and Department of Education, provide policy and funding recommendations
76.16 related to state-funded programs to increase the recruitment, preparation, licensing, hiring,
76.17 and retention of racially and ethnically diverse teachers and the state's progress toward
76.18 meeting or exceeding the goals of this section. The report must include recommendations
76.19 for state policy and funding needed to achieve the goals of this section, plans for sharing
76.20 the report and activities of grant recipients, and opportunities among grant recipients of
76.21 various programs to share effective practices with each other. The ~~2024~~ initial report must
76.22 also include a recommendation of whether a state advisory council should be established
76.23 to address the shortage of racially and ethnically diverse teachers and what the composition
76.24 and charge of such an advisory council would be if established. The board must consult
76.25 with the Indian Affairs Council and other ethnic councils along with other community
76.26 partners, including students of color and American Indian students, in developing the report.
76.27 ~~By November 3 of each odd-numbered year,~~ The board must submit the report to the chairs
76.28 and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over education
76.29 and higher education policy and finance by November 3, 2025, for the initial report, and
76.30 by November 3 each even-numbered year thereafter. The report must be available to the
76.31 public on the board's website.

76.32 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 120B.13, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

76.33 Subd. 4. **Rigorous course taking information; AP, IB, and PSEO.** (a) The
76.34 commissioner shall submit the following information on rigorous course taking, disaggregated

77.1 by student subgroup, school district, and postsecondary institution, to the education
 77.2 committees of the legislature by July 1, 2025, and each subsequent year by February July
 77.3 1:

77.4 (1) the number of pupils enrolled in postsecondary enrollment options under section
 77.5 124D.09, including concurrent enrollment, career and technical education courses offered
 77.6 as a concurrent enrollment course, advanced placement, and international baccalaureate
 77.7 courses in each school district;

77.8 (2) the number of teachers in each district attending training programs offered by the
 77.9 college board, International Baccalaureate North America, Inc., or Minnesota concurrent
 77.10 enrollment programs;

77.11 (3) the number of teachers in each district participating in support programs;

77.12 (4) recent trends in the field of postsecondary enrollment options under section 124D.09,
 77.13 including concurrent enrollment, advanced placement, and international baccalaureate
 77.14 programs;

77.15 (5) expenditures for each category in this section and under sections 124D.09 and
 77.16 124D.091, including career and technical education courses offered as a concurrent
 77.17 enrollment course; and

77.18 (6) other recommendations for the state program or the postsecondary enrollment options
 77.19 under section 124D.09, including concurrent enrollment.

77.20 (b) The commissioner must include data from the 2022-2023 and 2023-2024 school
 77.21 years in the report due on July 1, 2025.

77.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

77.23 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 121A.20, subdivision 2, is amended
 77.24 to read:

77.25 Subd. 2. **Definition.** For purposes of this section, "health services specialist" means a
 77.26 professional registered nurse who:

77.27 (1) is licensed as a public health nurse in Minnesota;

77.28 (2) is licensed as a school nurse in Minnesota;

77.29 (3) has a minimum of three years of experience in school nursing services or as a public
 77.30 health nurse serving schools; and

78.1 (4) has experience in managing a districtwide health policy, ~~overseeing a budget, and~~
 78.2 ~~supervising personnel; and.~~

78.3 ~~(5) has a graduate degree in nursing, public health, education, or a related field.~~

78.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

78.5 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 122A.091, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

78.6 Subd. 5. **Survey of districts Supply and demand report.** ~~(a)~~ The Professional Educator
 78.7 Licensing and Standards Board must ~~survey the state's school districts and teacher preparation~~
 78.8 ~~programs and~~ submit a report to the education committees of the legislature by February 1,
 78.9 2019, and each odd-numbered November 1, 2025, and November 1 of each even-numbered
 78.10 year thereafter, on the status of teacher early supply and demand of teachers. The report
 78.11 must be made available on the board's website. The report must include data regarding:

78.12 (1) retirement patterns, the access to effective and more diverse teachers who reflect the
 78.13 students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), enrolled in a district
 78.14 or school;

78.15 (2) teacher licensure;

78.16 (3) teacher diversity, including whether the state's teacher workforce reflects the diversity
 78.17 of the state's student population;

78.18 (4) the teacher shortage, and the substitute teacher shortage, including patterns and
 78.19 shortages in licensure field areas and the economic development regions of the state;

78.20 (5) survey data from school districts and teacher preparation programs; and

78.21 ~~(b) The report must also include:~~

78.22 ~~(1) aggregate data on teachers' self-reported race and ethnicity;~~

78.23 ~~(2) data on how~~ (6) whether districts are making progress in hiring teachers and substitute
 78.24 teachers in the areas of shortage; ~~and.~~

78.25 ~~(3) a five-year projection of teacher demand for each district, taking into account the~~
 78.26 ~~students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), expected to enroll~~
 78.27 ~~in the district during that five-year period.~~

79.1 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 122A.18, subdivision 1, is amended
79.2 to read:

79.3 Subdivision 1. **Authority to license.** (a) The Professional Educator Licensing and
79.4 Standards Board must issue the following teacher licenses to applicants who meet the
79.5 qualifications prescribed by this chapter:

79.6 (1) Tier 1 license under section 122A.181;

79.7 (2) Tier 2 license under section 122A.182;

79.8 (3) Tier 3 license under section 122A.183; and

79.9 (4) Tier 4 license under section 122A.184.

79.10 (b) The Board of School Administrators must license supervisory personnel as defined
79.11 in section 122A.15, subdivision 2, except for athletic coaches.

79.12 (c) The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board and the Department of
79.13 Education must enter into a data sharing agreement to share:

79.14 (1) educational data at the E-12 level for the limited purpose of program approval and
79.15 improvement for teacher education programs. The program approval process must include
79.16 targeted redesign of teacher preparation programs to address identified E-12 student areas
79.17 of concern; and

79.18 (2) data in the staff automated reporting system for the limited purpose of managing and
79.19 processing funding to school districts and other entities. The board has authority to collect
79.20 nonlicensed staff data on behalf of the Department of Education, which is responsible for
79.21 managing the nonlicensed staff data.

79.22 (d) The Board of School Administrators and the Department of Education must enter
79.23 into a data sharing agreement to share educational data at the E-12 level for the limited
79.24 purpose of program approval and improvement for education administration programs. The
79.25 program approval process must include targeted redesign of education administration
79.26 preparation programs to address identified E-12 student areas of concern.

79.27 (e) For purposes of the data sharing agreements under paragraphs (c) and (d), the
79.28 Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board, Board of School Administrators,
79.29 and Department of Education may share private data, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision
79.30 12, on teachers and school administrators. The data sharing agreements must not include
79.31 educational data, as defined in section 13.32, subdivision 1, but may include summary data,
79.32 as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 19, derived from educational data.

80.1 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 127A.70, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

80.2 Subdivision 1. **Establishment; membership.** (a) A P-20 education partnership is
80.3 established to create a seamless system of education that maximizes achievements of all
80.4 students, from early childhood through elementary, secondary, and postsecondary education,
80.5 while promoting the efficient use of financial and human resources. The partnership shall
80.6 consist of major statewide educational groups or constituencies or noneducational statewide
80.7 organizations with a stated interest in P-20 education. The initial membership of the
80.8 partnership includes the members serving on the Minnesota P-16 Education Partnership
80.9 and four legislators appointed as follows:

80.10 (1) one senator from the majority party and one senator from the minority party, appointed
80.11 by the Subcommittee on Committees of the Committee on Rules and Administration; and

80.12 (2) one member of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house
80.13 and one member appointed by the minority leader of the house of representatives.

80.14 (b) The chair of the P-16 education partnership must convene the first meeting of the
80.15 P-20 partnership. Prospective members may be nominated by any partnership member and
80.16 new members will be added with the approval of a two-thirds majority of the partnership.
80.17 The partnership will also seek input from nonmember organizations whose expertise can
80.18 help inform the partnership's work.

80.19 (c) Partnership members shall be represented by the chief executives, presidents, or other
80.20 formally designated leaders of their respective organizations, or their designees. The
80.21 partnership shall meet at least three times during each calendar year.

80.22 ~~(d) The P-20 education partnership shall be the state council for the Interstate Compact~~
80.23 ~~on Educational Opportunity for Military Children under section 127A.85 with the~~
80.24 ~~commissioner or commissioner's designee serving as the compact commissioner responsible~~
80.25 ~~for the administration and management of the state's participation in the compact. When~~
80.26 ~~conducting business required under section 127A.85, the P-20 partnership shall include a~~
80.27 ~~representative from a military installation appointed by the adjutant general of the Minnesota~~
80.28 ~~National Guard.~~

80.29 Sec. 7. **[127A.82] MILITARY INTERSTATE CHILDREN'S COMPACT STATE**
80.30 **COUNCIL.**

80.31 Subdivision 1. **Establishment; membership.** (a) A Military Interstate Children's Compact
80.32 State Council is established to provide for the coordination among state agencies, local
80.33 education agencies, and military installations concerning the state's participation in, and

81.1 compliance with the Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children
81.2 established in section 127A.85, otherwise known as the Military Interstate Children's
81.3 Compact, and Interstate Commission activities.

81.4 (b) Council membership must include at least:

81.5 (1) the commissioner;

81.6 (2) a superintendent, appointed by the commissioner, of a school district or charter school
81.7 with a high concentration of military children;

81.8 (3) a representative from a military installation appointed by the adjutant general;

81.9 (4) one member of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house;

81.10 (5) one senator appointed by the Subcommittee on Committees of the Committee on
81.11 Rules and Administration; and

81.12 (6) other offices and stakeholder groups the council deems appropriate.

81.13 If the commissioner determines there is not a school district deemed to contain a high
81.14 concentration of military children, the commissioner may appoint a superintendent from
81.15 another school district to represent local education agencies on the council.

81.16 (c) The council must appoint or designate a military family education liaison to assist
81.17 military families and the state in facilitating the implementation of section 127A.85.

81.18 (d) The compact commissioner responsible for the administration and management of
81.19 the state's participation in the compact must be appointed by the commissioner.

81.20 (e) The compact commissioner and the military family education liaison designated
81.21 herein shall be ex officio members of the council, unless either is already a full voting
81.22 member of the council.

81.23 (f) Members of the council serve without compensation or payment of expenses.

81.24 Subd. 2. **Powers and duties; report.** (a) The council may develop recommendations to
81.25 the governor and the legislature designed to facilitate successful educational transitions for
81.26 children of military families under the compact.

81.27 (b) The commissioner must schedule and hold a meeting of the council no less than once
81.28 per state fiscal year.

81.29 (c) The council must produce meeting agendas that are made publicly available before
81.30 each meeting and maintain meeting minutes that are made publicly available once they are
81.31 approved by the council.

82.1 (d) By January 15 of each odd-numbered year, the council shall submit a report to the
82.2 governor and to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees and
82.3 divisions with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education policy and finance
82.4 and military affairs that summarizes the council's progress in meeting its goals and identifies
82.5 the need for any draft legislation to facilitate successful educational transitions for children
82.6 of military families.

82.7 Sec. 8. **[127A.84] INTRASTATE STUDENT TRANSFERS FOR CHILDREN OF**
82.8 **MILITARY SERVICE MEMBERS.**

82.9 (a) Notwithstanding section 127A.85, article III, and for the purposes of intrastate student
82.10 transfers between Minnesota local education agencies, the provisions of the Interstate
82.11 Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children in section 127A.85 apply to
82.12 minor dependent children of members of the active and activated reserve components of
82.13 the uniformed services, including but not limited to members of the Minnesota Army
82.14 National Guard and the Minnesota Air National Guard.

82.15 (b) This section does not apply to interstate transfers between Minnesota local education
82.16 agencies and public or private schools in other states.

82.17 (c) For the purposes of this section, the words defined in section 127A.85, article II,
82.18 have the same meanings."

82.19 Amend the title accordingly