

**Subject** Pharmacist practice—drug administration and drug monitoring device placement

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### Overview

Currently, licensed pharmacists are permitted to administer drugs for the treatment of alcohol or opioid dependence subcutaneously or intramuscularly. This bill expands the practice of pharmacy by allowing pharmacists to administer any prescribed intramuscular or subcutaneous medication.

The bill also specifies that pharmacists may participate in the placement of drug monitoring devices, such as continuous glucose monitors, under a prescription, protocol, or collaborative practice agreement.

### Summary

Section	Description
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1	<b>Practice of pharmacy.</b>
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	Amends § 151.01, subd. 27. Modifies the definition of “practice of pharmacy” by allowing pharmacists to provide intramuscular and subcutaneous administration of any drug under a prescription drug order, rather than only drugs used for the treatment of alcohol or opioid dependence.
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	Adds paragraph (13), allowing pharmacists to participate in the placement of drug monitoring devices under a prescription, protocol, or collaborative practice agreement.
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