

Klevorn and Nash from the Committee on State Government Finance and Policy to which was referred:

S.F. No. 856, A bill for an act relating to state government; creating the Office of the Inspector General; creating an advisory committee; requiring reports; transferring certain agency duties; placing limits and prohibiting certain programs from receiving public funds; making conforming and technical changes; providing for interagency agreements; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 3.971, by adding a subdivision; 13.82, subdivision 1; 15A.0815, subdivision 2; 127A.21, subdivisions 1a, 5, by adding subdivisions; 142A.03, by adding a subdivision; 142A.12, subdivision 5; 144.05, by adding a subdivision; 181.932, subdivision 1; 245.095, subdivision 5; 256.01, by adding a subdivision; 609.456, subdivision 2; 626.84, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 15D; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 13.321, subdivision 12; 127A.21, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7.

Reported the same back with the following amendments:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"ARTICLE 1 OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.971, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3b. **Public reports of fraud and misuse.** Notwithstanding the classification of data as not public, the legislative auditor must refer all credible reports from the public about potential fraud or misuse, as those terms are defined in chapter 15E, to the inspector general appointed under chapter 15E. The legislative auditor may coordinate reviews and investigations with the inspector general when coordination conserves resources and does not compromise the reviews or investigations.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2027.

2.1 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 10A.01, subdivision 35, is amended
2.2 to read:

2.3 Subd. 35. **Public official.** "Public official" means any:

2.4 (1) member of the legislature;

2.5 (2) individual employed by the legislature as secretary of the senate, legislative auditor,
2.6 director of the Legislative Budget Office, chief clerk of the house of representatives, revisor
2.7 of statutes, or researcher, legislative analyst, fiscal analyst, or attorney in the Office of
2.8 Senate Counsel, Research and Fiscal Analysis, House Research, or the House Fiscal Analysis
2.9 Department;

2.10 (3) constitutional officer in the executive branch and the officer's chief administrative
2.11 deputy;

2.12 (4) solicitor general or deputy, assistant, or special assistant attorney general;

2.13 (5) commissioner, deputy commissioner, or assistant commissioner of any state
2.14 department or agency as listed in section 15.01 or 15.06, or the state chief information
2.15 officer;

2.16 (6) member, chief administrative officer, or deputy chief administrative officer of a state
2.17 board or commission that has either the power to adopt, amend, or repeal rules under chapter
2.18 14, or the power to adjudicate contested cases or appeals under chapter 14;

2.19 (7) individual employed in the executive branch who is authorized to adopt, amend, or
2.20 repeal rules under chapter 14 or adjudicate contested cases under chapter 14;

2.21 (8) executive director of the State Board of Investment;

2.22 (9) deputy of any official listed in clauses (7) and (8);

2.23 (10) judge of the Workers' Compensation Court of Appeals;

2.24 (11) administrative law judge or compensation judge in the State Office of Administrative
2.25 Hearings or unemployment law judge in the Department of Employment and Economic
2.26 Development;

2.27 (12) member, regional administrator, division director, general counsel, or operations
2.28 manager of the Metropolitan Council;

2.29 (13) member or chief administrator of a metropolitan agency;

2.30 (14) director of the Division of Alcohol and Gambling Enforcement in the Department
2.31 of Public Safety;

- (15) member or executive director of the Health and Education Facilities Authority;
- (16) member of the board of directors or president of Enterprise Minnesota, Inc.;
- (17) member of the board of directors or executive director of the Minnesota State High School League;
- (18) member of the Minnesota Ballpark Authority established in section 473.755;
- (19) citizen member of the Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota Resources;
- (20) manager of a watershed district, or member of a watershed management organization as defined under section 103B.205, subdivision 13;
- (21) supervisor of a soil and water conservation district;
- (22) director of Explore Minnesota Tourism;
- (23) citizen member of the Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council established in section 97A.056;
- (24) citizen member of the Clean Water Council established in section 114D.30;
- (25) member or chief executive of the Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority established in section 473J.07;
- (26) district court judge, appeals court judge, or supreme court justice;
- (27) county commissioner;
- (28) member of the Greater Minnesota Regional Parks and Trails Commission;
- (29) member of the Destination Medical Center Corporation established in section 469.41; ~~or~~
- (30) chancellor or member of the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities; or
- (31) inspector general appointed under chapter 15E, or individual employed by the Office of the Inspector General.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2027.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 15A.0815, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Agency head salaries.** The salary for a position listed in this subdivision shall be determined by the Compensation Council under section 15A.082. The commissioner of

4.1 management and budget must publish the salaries on the department's website. This
4.2 subdivision applies to the following positions:

- 4.3 Commissioner of administration;
- 4.4 Commissioner of agriculture;
- 4.5 Commissioner of education;
- 4.6 Commissioner of children, youth, and families;
- 4.7 Commissioner of commerce;
- 4.8 Commissioner of corrections;
- 4.9 Commissioner of health;
- 4.10 Commissioner, Minnesota Office of Higher Education;
- 4.11 Commissioner, Minnesota IT Services;
- 4.12 Commissioner, Housing Finance Agency;
- 4.13 Commissioner of human rights;
- 4.14 Commissioner of human services;
- 4.15 Commissioner of labor and industry;
- 4.16 Commissioner of management and budget;
- 4.17 Commissioner of natural resources;
- 4.18 Commissioner, Pollution Control Agency;
- 4.19 Commissioner of public safety;
- 4.20 Commissioner of revenue;
- 4.21 Commissioner of employment and economic development;
- 4.22 Commissioner of transportation;
- 4.23 Commissioner of veterans affairs;
- 4.24 Executive director of the Gambling Control Board;
- 4.25 Executive director of the Minnesota State Lottery;
- 4.26 Executive director of the Office of Cannabis Management;
- 4.27 Inspector general appointed under chapter 15E;

- 5.1 Commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation;
- 5.2 Commissioner, Bureau of Mediation Services;
- 5.3 Ombudsman for mental health and developmental disabilities;
- 5.4 Ombudsperson for corrections;
- 5.5 Chair, Metropolitan Council;
- 5.6 Chair, Metropolitan Airports Commission;
- 5.7 School trust lands director;
- 5.8 Executive director of pari-mutuel racing;
- 5.9 Commissioner, Public Utilities Commission;
- 5.10 Chief Executive Officer, Direct Care and Treatment; and
- 5.11 Director of the Office of Emergency Medical Services.

5.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2027.

5.13 Sec. 4. **[15E.10] OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL.**

5.14 (a) The inspector general serves as an independent entity in the executive branch
5.15 responsible for ensuring accountability, transparency, and integrity in the operations of state
5.16 agencies and programs.

5.17 (b) In exercising the inspector general's powers and duties, the inspector general must
5.18 operate independently of all state executive branch agencies and report directly to the
5.19 governor. The inspector general is not subject to direction or interference from any executive
5.20 or legislative authority.

5.21 (c) The inspector general shall direct an Office of the Inspector General.

5.22 (d) The inspector general serves in the unclassified service.

5.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2027.

5.24 Sec. 5. **[15E.15] DEFINITIONS.**

5.25 For the purposes of this chapter, the following terms have the meanings given:

5.26 (1) "agency program" means a program funded or administered by a state department
5.27 or agency, including grants and contracts;

(2) "fraud" means an intentional or deceptive act or failure to act to gain an unlawful benefit;

(3) "investigation" means an audit, review, or inquiry conducted by the inspector general to detect or prevent fraud or misuse;

(4) "misuse" means improper use of authority or position for personal gain or to cause harm to others, including the improper use of public resources or programs contrary to their intended purpose; and

(5) "personal gain" means a benefit to a person; to a person's spouse, parent, child, or other legal dependent; or to an in-law of the person or the person's child.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2027.

Sec. 6. **[15E.20] INSPECTOR GENERAL.**

Subdivision 1. Minimum qualifications. (a) To be eligible to be appointed as inspector general, a candidate must:

(1) have a bachelor's or higher degree in criminal justice, public administration, law, or a related field;

(2) have at least ten years of professional experience in auditing, investigations, law enforcement, or a related area;

(3) hold a professional certificate from the Association of Inspectors General, including Certified Inspector General or Certified Inspector General Investigator; and

(4) demonstrate a commitment to safeguarding the mission of public service and provide a public disclosure of prior professional opinions, positions, or actions that may influence the candidate's approach to the role.

(b) Current or former commissioners, agency heads, deputy commissioners or agency heads, governors, or legislators, and persons elected to an office other than governor or legislator, are not eligible to serve as inspector general within five years of their service in those roles.

Subd. 2. Appointment. The Legislative Inspector General Advisory Commission must recommend candidates for inspector general after a competitive process from among eligible applicants for the position of inspector general. To be recommended by the commission, a candidate must be approved for recommendation by five of the eight members of the commission. The commission must assess eligible candidates based on qualifications, including experience in auditing, financial analysis, public administration, law enforcement,

or related fields. The inspector general is appointed by the governor, after consideration of recommendations from the Legislative Inspector General Advisory Commission, with confirmation by a vote of three-fifths of the senate. Section 15.066, subdivision 3, does not apply.

Subd. 3. **Term.** The inspector general serves a five-year term and may be appointed to unlimited additional terms. An appointment to an additional term must be confirmed by a vote of three-fifths of the senate.

Subd. 4. **Vacancy.** The Legislative Inspector General Advisory Commission must provide recommendations to the governor for appointment to fill a vacancy in the position of the inspector general within 90 days of a vacancy occurring or within 60 days of being advised by the inspector general that a vacancy is expected to occur. The governor must appoint an inspector general within 30 days of receiving recommendations from the Legislative Inspector General Advisory Commission or within 45 days of expiration of the 90- or 60-day period if the advisory commission does not provide recommendations within the time allotted.

Subd. 5. **Disclosure.** A candidate considered by the Legislative Inspector General Advisory Commission or selected for appointment by the governor must disclose all political affiliations, appointments, campaign work, or partisan activities prior to confirmation.

Subd. 6. **Nonpartisanship.** The inspector general, and all employees of the office, must perform duties of the office without regard to partisan preferences or influences. While serving, the inspector general, and all employees of the office, may not engage in partisan activities, campaign work, or public political speech, unless protected by the state or federal constitution.

Subd. 7. **Removal.** The inspector general may only be removed by the governor before the expiration of the term for cause after a public hearing conducted by the governor and with the approval of both the senate and the house of representatives.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2027.

Sec. 7. **[15E.25] POWERS AND DUTIES.**

Subdivision 1. **Authorized powers and responsibilities.** The inspector general is authorized and responsible to:

(1) establish standards and best practices concerning the operation, investigations, and fraud prevention processes of department and agency inspectors general, and periodically review department and agency compliance with these standards and best practices.

8.1 Departments and agencies must follow standards developed by the inspector general under
8.2 this clause;

8.3 (2) facilitate information sharing between departments and agencies, including
8.4 coordinating investigations that involve multiple departments or agencies and designating
8.5 a lead department or agency, coordinating and assisting department or agency identification
8.6 and review of suspicious documents and data anomalies, and alerting other departments or
8.7 agencies when a person suspected of committing fraud against any agency program may
8.8 also be participating in, or applying to participate in, a program administered by another
8.9 department or agency;

8.10 (3) evaluate the performance of department and agency inspector general offices and
8.11 recommend improvements, as needed, to the department's commissioner or agency's head
8.12 and inspector general. A commissioner or agency head that receives a recommendation
8.13 under this clause must report annually to the chairs and ranking minority members of the
8.14 legislative committees with jurisdiction over the department or agency regarding the
8.15 department's or agency's implementation of the inspector general's recommendations until
8.16 the inspector general notifies the commissioner or agency head and the chairs and ranking
8.17 members that the recommendation was resolved in a satisfactory manner;

8.18 (4) conduct inspections, evaluations, and investigations of state executive branch
8.19 departments and agencies and programs to: (i) identify fraud and misuse; (ii) make
8.20 recommendations for changes to programs to prevent fraud and misuse; and (iii) protect the
8.21 integrity of the use of public funds, data, and systems;

8.22 (5) refer matters for civil, criminal, or administrative action to the Office of the Inspector
8.23 General Anti-Fraud and Waste Bureau under section 15E.27, the Bureau of Criminal
8.24 Apprehension, the attorney general's office, or other appropriate authorities;

8.25 (6) recommend legislative or policy changes to improve program efficiency and
8.26 effectiveness;

8.27 (7) publish reports on completion of an investigation summarizing findings,
8.28 recommendations, and outcomes of the inspector general's activities;

8.29 (8) investigate any public or private entity that receives public funds to ensure compliance
8.30 with applicable laws, proper use of funds, and adherence to program requirements;

8.31 (9) submit an annual report summarizing the work of the office to the Legislative
8.32 Inspector General Advisory Commission and make the report publicly available by posting
8.33 the report on the inspector general's website;

(10) alert relevant commissioners or heads of departments and agencies when the inspector general has a reasonable suspicion that fraud or misuse is being committed, whether or not the inspector general is conducting an investigation, as provided in subdivision 3; and

(11) establish and maintain a current exclusion list in a format readily accessible to departments and agencies that identifies each program and individual for which the inspector general has obtained a court order to freeze or cease distribution of funds or made a recommendation under clause (10) to freeze or cease distribution of funds.

Subd. 2. Relationship to powers and duties of other agencies. (a) The inspector general has authority to investigate fraud and misuse of public funds across all programs administered by state departments and agencies.

(b) The inspector general may perform the inspector general's duties and apply the inspector general's authority without obtaining approval from another department or agency.

(c) The Department of Human Services has primary responsibility to investigate fraud in the Medicaid program, but the inspector general has authority to conduct independent investigations related to the Medicaid program as necessary.

(d) The Department of Children, Youth, and Families has primary responsibility to investigate fraud in the child care assistance program, but the inspector general has authority to conduct independent investigations related to the child care assistance program.

(e) The Department of Health has primary responsibility to investigate fraud related to women, infants, and children (WIC) and food support programs, but the inspector general has authority to conduct independent investigations related to WIC and food support programs.

(f) The inspector general has concurrent authority over general compliance reviews, information technology security audits, or administrative program integrity assessments that are related to fraud or misuse.

(g) The inspector general must refer all credible reports from the public about potential fraud or misuse to the legislative auditor, and to the commissioner of human services for reports related to Medicaid. The inspector general may coordinate investigations with the legislative auditor, and the commissioner of human services for investigations related to Medicaid, when coordination conserves resources and does not compromise an investigation.

(h) The Department of Information Technology Services shall provide services to the Office of the Inspector General, under a managed services contract, according to section 16E.016.

Subd. 3. Alerting agency of issue; seeking a court order to freeze funds. (a) If the department or agency does not have primary investigative authority under subdivision 2, the inspector general shall investigate and, if the inspector general has a reasonable suspicion that fraud or misuse is occurring, then the inspector general may, at the inspector general's discretion, alert the commissioner or agency head and seek a court order to freeze or stop distribution of public funds, including any applicable due process and appeal rights, working in cooperation with the department or agency where practical and where it would not jeopardize an investigation.

(b) If the department or agency has primary investigative authority under subdivision 2 but the inspector general is not satisfied that the department's or agency's internal investigation is adequate or proceeding quickly enough, the inspector general may independently investigate and, if the inspector general has a reasonable suspicion that fraud or misuse is being committed, may make a recommendation to the department or agency to freeze or cease distribution of funds and notify the appropriate law enforcement agencies.

(c) If a commissioner of a department or head of an agency does not act on a recommendation to freeze or cease distribution of funds as requested, after reasonable notice and consistent with any applicable interagency agreements under section 19, unless prohibited by federal requirements, the inspector general may, at the inspector general's discretion, seek a court order to freeze or stop distribution of public funds, consistent with applicable due process and appeal rights.

(d) If public funds are stopped or frozen pursuant to this subdivision, the inspector general, working with and through the applicable state department or agency, must ensure that any person whose public funds are interrupted and who is not implicated in the suspected fraud or misuse receive notice of their rights related to continued receipt of the public funds, services, or programs for which they are eligible.

EFFECTIVE DATE. Subdivision 2, paragraph (c), and subdivision 3, paragraphs (b) and (c), are effective January 1, 2027, or upon federal approval from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, whichever is later. The commissioner of human services must notify the revisor of statutes when the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services approve or deny this section. The remainder of this section is effective January 1, 2027.

11.1 Sec. 8. **[15E.27] LAW ENFORCEMENT POWERS.**

11.2 Subdivision 1. **Authorization.** (a) The inspector general may appoint peace officers, as
11.3 defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), and establish a law enforcement
11.4 agency, as defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (f), known as the Office of
11.5 the Inspector General Anti-Fraud and Waste Bureau, to conduct statewide investigations,
11.6 and to make statewide arrests under sections 629.30 and 629.34. The primary jurisdiction
11.7 of the agency is limited to offenses involving fraud, abuse, and any other criminal conduct
11.8 within the jurisdiction of the Office of the Inspector General as described in this chapter.

11.9 (b) Upon request and at the inspector general's discretion, the bureau may respond to a
11.10 law enforcement agency's request to exercise law enforcement duties in cooperation with
11.11 the law enforcement agency that has jurisdiction over the particular matter.

11.12 Subd. 2. **Arrests and investigations.** The initial processing of a person arrested by the
11.13 bureau for an offense within its jurisdiction is the responsibility of the bureau unless otherwise
11.14 directed by the law enforcement agency with primary jurisdiction. Subsequent investigation
11.15 is the responsibility of the bureau unless otherwise directed by the law enforcement agency
11.16 with primary jurisdiction. At the request of the primary jurisdiction, the bureau may assist
11.17 in a subsequent investigation being carried out by the primary jurisdiction.

11.18 Subd. 3. **Policy for notice of investigations.** The bureau must develop a policy for
11.19 notifying the law enforcement agency with primary jurisdiction when it has initiated
11.20 investigation of any person within the jurisdiction of that agency.

11.21 Subd. 4. **Chief law enforcement officer.** If the inspector general establishes a law
11.22 enforcement agency under this section, the inspector general shall appoint a peace officer
11.23 employed full time to be the chief law enforcement officer and to be responsible for the
11.24 management of the bureau. The chief law enforcement officer shall possess the necessary
11.25 police and management experience to manage a law enforcement agency. The chief law
11.26 enforcement officer may appoint, discipline, and discharge all employees of the bureau. All
11.27 police managerial and supervisory personnel must be full-time employees of the bureau.
11.28 Supervisory personnel must be on duty and available any time peace officers of the bureau
11.29 are on duty.

11.30 Subd. 5. **Compliance; powers and duties.** (a) Except as otherwise provided in this
11.31 section, the bureau shall comply with all statutes and administrative rules relating to the
11.32 operation and management of a law enforcement agency.

(b) The bureau has the powers and duties of a law enforcement agency as provided by law, including this section. Other powers and duties provided to the inspector general or the Office of the Inspector General under this chapter do not apply to the bureau.

Subd. 6. **Evidence, documentation, and related materials.** If the bureau seeks evidence, documentation, and related materials pertinent to an investigation, and the matter is located outside of this state, the bureau may designate representatives, including officials of the state where the matter is located, to secure the matter or inspect the matter on its behalf.

Subd. 7. **Annual report on activities and cost-effectiveness.** The bureau shall maintain records and information in order to produce an annual report of its activities as may be prescribed by the inspector general. The inspector general shall report annually to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over the inspector general as to the activities and the cost-effectiveness of the bureau.

Subd. 8. **Assignment of peace officers.** Regardless of whether a law enforcement agency is established under this section, the inspector general may enter into memorandums of understanding with chief law enforcement officers of state and local law enforcement agencies to allow peace officers from those agencies to be assigned with the Office of the Inspector General to enforce criminal laws and investigate matters within the jurisdiction of the office. A peace officer assigned under this subdivision must be a licensed peace officer as defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (c). Participating officers remain employees of the same entity that employed them before being assigned under this subdivision. Participating officers are subject to annual performance reviews conducted by the entity's operational supervisor. Peace officers assigned under this subdivision have statewide jurisdiction to conduct criminal investigations and have the same powers of arrest as those possessed by a sheriff.

Subd. 9. **Data practices.** The Office of the Inspector General Anti-Fraud and Waste Bureau is subject to chapter 13.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2027.

Sec. 9. **[15E.30] AUXILIARY POWERS.**

Subdivision 1. **Subpoena power.** In all matters relating to official duties, the inspector general has the powers possessed by courts of law to issue and have subpoenas served.

Subd. 2. **Inquiry and inspection power; duty to aid inspector general.** All public officials and their deputies and employees, and all corporations, firms, and individuals

13.1 having business involving the receipt, disbursement, or custody of public funds shall at all
13.2 times:

13.3 (1) afford reasonable facilities for examinations by the inspector general;

13.4 (2) provide returns and reports required by the inspector general;

13.5 (3) attend and answer under oath the inspector general's lawful inquiries;

13.6 (4) produce and exhibit all books, accounts, documents, data of any classification, and
13.7 property that the inspector general requests to inspect; and

13.8 (5) in all things cooperate with the inspector general.

13.9 Subd. 3. **Penalties.** (a) If a person refuses or neglects to obey any lawful direction of
13.10 the inspector general, a deputy, or assistant, or withholds any information, book, record,
13.11 paper or other document called for by the inspector general for the purpose of examination,
13.12 after having been lawfully required by order or subpoena, upon application by the inspector
13.13 general, a judge of the district court in the county where the order or subpoena was made
13.14 returnable shall compel obedience or punish disobedience as for contempt, as in the case
13.15 of a similar order or subpoena issued by the court.

13.16 (b) A person who swears falsely concerning any matter stated under oath is guilty of a
13.17 gross misdemeanor.

13.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2027.

13.19 Sec. 10. **[15E.35] IDENTIFICATION OF FRAUD REPORTING TOOL.**

13.20 (a) The commissioner or head of each executive branch department or agency must
13.21 prominently highlight on the department's or agency's website the fraud reporting tools
13.22 administered by the Office of the Inspector General under this chapter, and by the Office
13.23 of the Legislative Auditor under chapter 3.

13.24 (b) As part of any grant agreement between the state and a nonprofit organization, the
13.25 agreement must require the nonprofit organization to prominently highlight on the
13.26 organization's website the fraud reporting tools administered by the Office of the Inspector
13.27 General under this chapter, and by the Office of the Legislative Auditor under chapter 3.
13.28 The state department or agency administering the grant must regularly confirm and document
13.29 the organization's compliance with the requirement under this paragraph for the life of the
13.30 grant agreement.

13.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2027.

14.1 Sec. 11. **[15E.40] DATA PRACTICES.**

14.2 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
14.3 the meanings given.

14.4 (b) "Confidential data on individuals" has the meaning given in section 13.02, subdivision
14.5 3.

14.6 (c) "Government entity" has the meaning given in section 13.02, subdivision 7a.

14.7 (d) "Nonpublic data" has the meaning given in section 13.02, subdivision 9.

14.8 (e) "Not public data" has the meaning given in section 13.02, subdivision 8a.

14.9 (f) "Private data on individuals" has the meaning given in section 13.02, subdivision 12.

14.10 (g) "Protected nonpublic data" has the meaning given in section 13.02, subdivision 13.

14.11 Subd. 2. **Government Data Practices Act.** The Office of the Inspector General is a
14.12 government entity and is subject to the Government Data Practices Act, chapter 13. The
14.13 inspector general is the head of a state agency for purposes of section 13.43, subdivision 2,
14.14 paragraph (e).

14.15 Subd. 3. **Access.** In order to perform the duties under this chapter, the inspector general
14.16 has access to data of any classification, including data classified as not public data. It is not
14.17 a violation of chapter 13 or any other statute classifying government data as not public data
14.18 if a government entity provides data pursuant to a subpoena issued under this chapter.

14.19 Subd. 4. **Dissemination.** The inspector general may disseminate data of any classification,
14.20 including not public data, to:

14.21 (1) a government entity, other than a law enforcement agency or prosecuting authority,
14.22 if the dissemination of the data aids a pending investigation or administrative action;

14.23 (2) a law enforcement agency or prosecuting authority if there is reason to believe that
14.24 the data are evidence of criminal activity within the agency's or authority's jurisdiction; or

14.25 (3) the legislative auditor or commissioner of human services as provided in section
14.26 15E.25, subdivision 2, paragraph (g).

14.27 Subd. 5. **Data classifications; civil investigations.** (a) Notwithstanding any other law,
14.28 data relating to a civil investigation conducted under this chapter are confidential data on
14.29 individuals or protected nonpublic data while the investigation is active. Whether a civil
14.30 investigation is active shall be determined by the inspector general.

15.1 (b) Data relating to a civil investigation conducted under this chapter become public
15.2 data upon the inspector general's completion of the investigation, unless:

15.3 (1) the release of the data would jeopardize another active investigation by the inspector
15.4 general or another government entity;

15.5 (2) the inspector general reasonably believes the data will be used in litigation related
15.6 to any civil, criminal, or administrative actions, including reconsideration or appeal of any
15.7 such action; or

15.8 (3) the data are classified as not public under another statute or paragraph (e).

15.9 (c) Data subject to paragraph (b), clause (2), are confidential data on individuals or
15.10 protected nonpublic data and become public when the litigation has been completed or the
15.11 time period to appeal has expired, or the litigation is no longer being actively pursued.

15.12 (d) Unless the data are subject to a more restrictive classification, upon the inspector
15.13 general's decision to no longer actively pursue a civil investigation under this chapter, data
15.14 relating to a civil investigation are private data on individuals or nonpublic data except the
15.15 following data are public:

15.16 (1) data relating to the investigation's general description, existence, status, and
15.17 disposition; and

15.18 (2) data that document the inspector general's work.

15.19 (e) Inactive civil investigative data on an individual supplying information for an
15.20 investigation that could reasonably be used to determine the individual's identity are private
15.21 data on individuals if the information supplied was needed for the investigation and would
15.22 not have been provided to the inspector general without an assurance to the individual that
15.23 the individual's identity would remain private.

15.24 (f) Data relating to a civil investigation conducted under this chapter that are obtained
15.25 from an entity that is not a government entity have the same classification that the data
15.26 would have if obtained from a government entity.

15.27 Subd. 6. **Privileges.** Nothing in this section or section 15E.30 requires the disclosure of
15.28 documents or information that is legally privileged under statute or other law, including
15.29 documents or information subject to section 13.393 or 595.02.

15.30 Subd. 7. **Criminal investigations.** This section does not apply to criminal investigations
15.31 conducted by the Office of the Inspector General Anti-Fraud and Waste Bureau under
15.32 section 15E.27.

16.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2027.

16.2 Sec. 12. **[15E.45] RESOURCES.**

16.3 Subdivision 1. **Staff.** (a) The inspector general may hire and manage staff as necessary
16.4 and in accordance with chapter 43A. The inspector general must employ and manage at
16.5 least one attorney to serve as legal counsel for the office and to advise the inspector general
16.6 on all legal matters relating to the office. Except for the inspector general, the staff in the
16.7 Office of the Inspector General shall serve in the classified civil service. Except as provided
16.8 in paragraph (b), compensation for employees of the inspector general in the classified
16.9 service who are represented by an exclusive representative shall be governed by a collective
16.10 bargaining agreement negotiated between the commissioner of management and budget
16.11 and the exclusive representative. Compensation for employees of the inspector general in
16.12 the classified service who are not represented by an exclusive representative shall be as
16.13 provided in the nonrepresented employees compensation plan under section 43A.18,
16.14 subdivision 2, or by the managerial plan under section 43A.18, subdivision 3, depending
16.15 on the employee's job classification.

16.16 (b) Section 15.039, subdivision 7, applies to employees transferred into the Office of
16.17 the Inspector General from other offices of inspectors general within the first year following
16.18 enactment of chapter 15E.

16.19 Subd. 2. **Contracting.** The inspector general may contract with external experts to
16.20 support the work of the office, subject to section 16C.08.

16.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2027.

16.22 Sec. 13. **[15E.50] REPORTING AND TRANSPARENCY.**

16.23 Subdivision 1. **Reports.** The inspector general must issue public reports detailing
16.24 completed investigations and corrective actions taken.

16.25 Subd. 2. **Public tips.** The inspector general must maintain a phone line and website for
16.26 reporting fraud and misuse that allows the person making the report to remain anonymous.

16.27 Subd. 3. **Report; inactive investigations.** By December 1, 2027, and each December
16.28 1 thereafter, the inspector general must submit a report to the legislative auditor and the
16.29 chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over
16.30 state government and data practices regarding all investigations the inspector general did
16.31 not open after receiving a tip or complaint or decided to no longer actively pursue for the

17.1 preceding calendar year. The report must include, at a minimum, summary data as defined
17.2 in section 13.02, subdivision 19, for:

17.3 (1) all complaints or tips received;

17.4 (2) the type of allegation;

17.5 (3) if the complaint or tip was not frivolous, the reason that the inspector general did
17.6 not open an investigation or decided to no longer pursue the investigation; and

17.7 (4) referrals to other agencies or the legislative auditor.

17.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2027.

17.9 Sec. 14. **[15E.55] PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS AND REVIEW.**

17.10 (a) The inspector general's activities must adhere to professional standards as promulgated
17.11 by the Association of Inspectors General or other recognized bodies.

17.12 (b) The governor must contract for an external quality assurance review of the inspector
17.13 general every three years and must make findings from the review public.

17.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2027.

17.15 Sec. 15. **[15E.60] LEGISLATIVE INSPECTOR GENERAL ADVISORY**
17.16 **COMMISSION.**

17.17 Subdivision 1. **Membership.** The Legislative Inspector General Advisory Commission
17.18 is comprised of:

17.19 (1) two senators appointed by the majority leader of the senate;

17.20 (2) two senators appointed by the minority leader of the senate;

17.21 (3) two members of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house
17.22 of representatives; and

17.23 (4) two members of the house of representatives appointed by the minority leader of the
17.24 house of representatives.

17.25 Subd. 2. **Terms.** Members serve at the pleasure of their appointing authority and each
17.26 member serves until a replacement is appointed.

17.27 Subd. 3. **Chair.** The commission must select a chair after consideration of its members
17.28 by January 31 of each odd-numbered year. The chair serves until a successor is elected. The
17.29 chair must alternate biennially between the senate and the house of representatives.

18.1 Subd. 4. **Duties.** (a) The Legislative Inspector General Advisory Commission:

18.2 (1) must consider applicants for and make recommendations to the governor for the
18.3 position of inspector general; and

18.4 (2) may conduct hearings to review the work of the inspector general to ensure
18.5 impartiality, independence, and effectiveness.

18.6 (b) By January 1, 2027, the commission must conduct at least one hearing on, and provide
18.7 recommendations to the chairs and ranking minority members of the committees in the
18.8 senate and the house of representatives with jurisdiction over commerce and public safety
18.9 on, merging the Financial Crimes and Fraud Section of the Department of Public Safety
18.10 into the Office of the Inspector General. The recommendations should include proposed
18.11 legislation to effectuate the merger.

18.12 Subd. 5. **Per diem; expense reimbursement.** Members may be compensated for time
18.13 spent on commission duties and may be reimbursed for expenses according to the rules of
18.14 their respective bodies.

18.15 Subd. 6. **Meeting space; staff.** The Legislative Coordinating Commission must provide
18.16 meeting space and staff to assist the commission in performing its duties.

18.17 Subd. 7. **Open meetings.** The Legislative Inspector General Advisory Commission is
18.18 subject to the requirements in section 3.055.

18.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

18.20 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.456, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

18.21 Subd. 2. **Legislative auditor or inspector general.** Whenever an employee or officer
18.22 of the state, University of Minnesota, or other organization listed in section 3.971, subdivision
18.23 6, discovers evidence of fraud, theft, embezzlement, or other unlawful use of public funds
18.24 or property, the employee or officer shall, ~~except when to do so would knowingly impede~~
18.25 ~~or otherwise interfere with an ongoing criminal investigation,~~ promptly report in writing to
18.26 the legislative auditor or the inspector general appointed under chapter 15E a detailed
18.27 description of the alleged incident or incidents.

18.28 Sec. 17. **OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL ESTABLISHMENT AND**
18.29 **TRANSITION.**

18.30 Subdivision 1. **Appointment.** Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 15E.20,
18.31 subdivision 4, by January 1, 2027, the Legislative Inspector General Advisory Commission

19.1 must make recommendations for appointment of an inspector general under Minnesota
19.2 Statutes, chapter 15E. By February 1, 2027, the governor must appoint an inspector general.

19.3 Subd. 2. **Operational.** By September 1, 2027, the Office of the Inspector General must
19.4 be fully operational.

19.5 Subd. 3. **Transition of employees.** (a) Before September 1, 2027, all officers and
19.6 employees employed in an office of inspector general for a state department or agency shall
19.7 transition to employment under the Office of the Inspector General under Minnesota Statutes,
19.8 chapter 15E, except as specified in subdivision 6.

19.9 (b) The following protections shall apply to employees who are transferred to the Office
19.10 of the Inspector General under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 15E, from state departments or
19.11 agencies:

19.12 (1) no transferred employee shall have their employment status and job classification
19.13 altered as a result of the transfer;

19.14 (2) transferred employees who were represented by an exclusive representative prior to
19.15 the transfer shall continue to be represented by the same exclusive representative after the
19.16 transfer;

19.17 (3) any applicable collective bargaining agreements with exclusive representatives shall
19.18 continue in full force and effect for transferred employees after the transfer while the
19.19 agreement remains in effect;

19.20 (4) when an employee in a temporary unclassified position is transferred to the Office
19.21 of the Inspector General, the total length of time that the employee has served in the
19.22 appointment must include all time served in the appointment at the transferring department
19.23 or agency and the time served in the appointment at the Office of the Inspector General. An
19.24 employee in a temporary unclassified position who was hired by a transferring department
19.25 or agency through an open competitive selection process under a policy enacted by the
19.26 commissioner of management and budget is considered to have been hired through a
19.27 competitive selection process after the transfer;

19.28 (5) the state must meet and negotiate with the exclusive representatives of the transferred
19.29 employees about proposed changes to the transferred employees' terms and conditions of
19.30 employment to the extent that the proposed changes are not addressed in the applicable
19.31 collective bargaining agreement; and

19.32 (6) if the state transfers ownership or control of any facilities, services, or operations of
19.33 the Office of the Inspector General to another private or public entity by subcontracting,

20.1 sale, assignment, lease, or other transfer, the state must require as a written condition of the
20.2 transfer of ownership or control the following:

20.3 (i) employees who perform work in the facilities, services, or operations must be offered
20.4 employment with the entity acquiring ownership or control before the entity offers
20.5 employment to any individual who was not employed by the transferring department or
20.6 agency at the time of the transfer; and

20.7 (ii) the wage and benefit standards of the transferred employees must not be reduced by
20.8 the entity acquiring ownership or control through the expiration of the collective bargaining
20.9 agreement in effect at the time of the transfer or for a period of two years after the transfer,
20.10 whichever is longer.

20.11 There is no liability on the part of, and no cause of action arises against, the state of
20.12 Minnesota or its officers or agents for any action or inaction of any entity acquiring ownership
20.13 or control of any facilities, services, or operations of the department.

20.14 Subd. 4. **Assets.** Before September 1, 2027, assets and unused appropriations for existing
20.15 offices of inspectors general shall be transferred to the Office of the Inspector General under
20.16 Minnesota Statutes, chapter 15E, except as specified in subdivision 6.

20.17 Subd. 5. **Office space.** The commissioner of administration must provide or lease office
20.18 space in the city of St. Paul for the Office of the Inspector General under Minnesota Statutes,
20.19 chapter 15E, under a rental agreement.

20.20 Subd. 6. **Exceptions.** (a) No employees or positions in the Department of Human Services
20.21 are transferred under this section.

20.22 (b) No employees or positions in the Department of Corrections are transferred under
20.23 this section.

20.24 (c) No employees or positions in the student maltreatment program of the Department
20.25 of Education or other Department of Education employees or positions dedicated to student
20.26 maltreatment investigations under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 260E, are transferred under
20.27 this section.

20.28 (d) No employees or positions in the Department of Children, Youth, and Families are
20.29 transferred under this section.

20.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2027.

21.1 Sec. 18. **LEGISLATIVE INSPECTOR GENERAL ADVISORY COMMISSION;**
21.2 **INITIAL APPOINTMENTS AND FIRST MEETING.**

21.3 Subdivision 1. **Initial appointments.** Appointing authorities must make appointments
21.4 to the Legislative Inspector General Advisory Commission by August 1, 2026.

21.5 Subd. 2. **First meeting.** The senate majority leader must designate one member of the
21.6 Legislative Inspector General Advisory Commission to convene the first meeting of the
21.7 Legislative Inspector General Advisory Commission by September 15, 2026.

21.8 Subd. 3. **Chair.** The Legislative Inspector General Advisory Commission must elect a
21.9 chair from among its senate members at its first meeting. The first chair shall serve until a
21.10 successor is selected at the start of the next biennium as provided in Minnesota Statutes,
21.11 section 15E.60, subdivision 3.

21.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

21.13 Sec. 19. **INTERAGENCY AGREEMENTS.**

21.14 (a) By December 31, 2027, the Office of the Inspector General must enter into an
21.15 interagency agreement with the Department of Human Services. The agreement must not
21.16 preclude the department from performing, or give the inspector general authority to take
21.17 actions that would interfere with the department's ability to perform, duties required as a
21.18 condition for securing or maintaining federal funding. The interagency agreement must
21.19 include a clause on cost-sharing for investigations that may require multiagency coordination
21.20 and a clause that details what process will be followed if a joint investigation is required.
21.21 The interagency agreement must not limit the inspector general's authority or authorized
21.22 powers and responsibilities. The department and the inspector general may coordinate
21.23 investigative efforts as necessary or practical, but an interagency agreement must not
21.24 diminish, delay, or restrict the inspector general's ability to investigate fraud and misuse
21.25 when an independent investigation is pursued.

21.26 (b) By December 31, 2027, the Office of the Inspector General must enter into an
21.27 interagency agreement with the Department of Children, Youth, and Families. The
21.28 interagency agreement must include a clause on cost-sharing for investigations that may
21.29 require multiagency coordination and a clause that details what process will be followed if
21.30 a joint investigation is required. The interagency agreement must not limit the inspector
21.31 general's authority or authorized powers and responsibilities. The department and the
21.32 inspector general may coordinate investigative efforts as necessary or practical, but an

22.1 interagency agreement must not diminish, delay, or restrict the inspector general's ability
22.2 to investigate fraud and misuse when an independent investigation is pursued.

22.3 (c) By December 31, 2027, the Office of the Inspector General must enter into an
22.4 interagency agreement with the Department of Health. The interagency agreement must
22.5 include a clause on cost-sharing for investigations that may require multiagency coordination
22.6 and a clause that details what process will be followed if a joint investigation is required.
22.7 The interagency agreement must not limit the inspector general's authority or authorized
22.8 powers and responsibilities. The department and the inspector general may coordinate
22.9 investigative efforts as necessary or practical, but an interagency agreement must not
22.10 diminish, delay, or restrict the inspector general's ability to investigate fraud and misuse
22.11 when an independent investigation is pursued.

22.12 (d) As soon as practicable after January 1, 2027, the Office of the Inspector General
22.13 must enter into an interagency agreement with the Department of Education. The interagency
22.14 agreement must not limit the inspector general's authority or authorized powers and
22.15 responsibilities. Effective immediately, nothing in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 15E,
22.16 authorizes any sanction by the commissioner or inspector general that reduces, pauses, or
22.17 otherwise interrupts state or federal aid to a school district; charter school; cooperative unit
22.18 as defined by Minnesota Statutes, section 123A.24, subdivision 2; or any library, library
22.19 system, or library district defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 134.001.

22.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Paragraph (a) is effective January 1, 2027, or upon federal approval
22.21 from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, whichever is later. The commissioner
22.22 of human services must notify the revisor of statutes when the Centers for Medicare and
22.23 Medicaid Services approve or deny this section. The remainder of this section is effective
22.24 January 1, 2027.

22.25 Sec. 20. **APPROPRIATIONS.**

22.26 (a) \$644,000 in fiscal year 2027 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner
22.27 of administration to establish the Office of the Inspector General. The base for this
22.28 appropriation is \$430,000 in fiscal year 2028 and \$0 in fiscal year 2029 and each fiscal year
22.29 thereafter.

22.30 (b) \$3,034,000 in fiscal year 2027 is appropriated from the general fund to the Office
22.31 of the Inspector General for purposes of this act. The base for this appropriation is \$4,432,000
22.32 in fiscal year 2028 and \$4,439,000 in fiscal year 2029. The commissioner of administration,
22.33 in consultation with the commissioner of management and budget, may transfer amounts

23.1 in fiscal year 2027 to the commissioner of administration for office build out, cost of space,
23.2 office equipment, and other costs directly related to the establishment of the office.

23.3 **ARTICLE 2**

23.4 **CONFORMING ITEMS AND REPEALERS**

23.5 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 13.82, subdivision 1, is amended
23.6 to read:

23.7 Subdivision 1. **Application.** This section shall apply to agencies which carry on a law
23.8 enforcement function, including but not limited to municipal police departments, county
23.9 sheriff departments, fire departments, the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, the Minnesota
23.10 State Patrol, the Board of Peace Officer Standards and Training, the Office of the Inspector
23.11 General Anti-Fraud and Waste Bureau, and county human service agency client and provider
23.12 fraud investigation, prevention, and control units operated or supervised by the Department
23.13 of Human Services.

23.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2027.

23.15 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 127A.21, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

23.16 Subd. 1a. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the
23.17 meanings given.

23.18 ~~(b) "Abuse" means actions that may, directly or indirectly, result in unnecessary costs~~
23.19 ~~to department programs. Abuse may involve paying for items or services when there is no~~
23.20 ~~legal entitlement to that payment.~~

23.21 ~~(e)~~ (b) "Department program" means a program funded by the Department of Education
23.22 that involves the transfer or disbursement of public funds or other resources to a program
23.23 participant. "Department program" includes state and federal aids or grants received by a
23.24 school district or charter school or other program participant.

23.25 (c) "Inspector general" means the inspector general appointed under chapter 15E.

23.26 ~~(d) "Fraud" means an intentional or deliberate act to deprive another of property or~~
23.27 ~~money or to acquire property or money by deception or other unfair means. Fraud includes~~
23.28 ~~intentionally submitting false information to the department for the purpose of obtaining a~~
23.29 ~~greater compensation or benefit than that to which the person is legally entitled. Fraud also~~
23.30 ~~includes failure to correct errors in the maintenance of records in a timely manner after a~~
23.31 ~~request by the department.~~

~~(e) "Investigation" means an audit, investigation, proceeding, or inquiry by the Office of the Inspector General related to a program participant in a department program.~~

~~(f) (d) "Program participant" means any entity or person, including associated persons, that receives, disburses, or has custody of funds or other resources transferred or disbursed under a department program.~~

~~(g) "Waste" means practices that, directly or indirectly, result in unnecessary costs to department programs, such as misusing resources.~~

~~(h) For purposes of this section, neither "fraud," "waste," nor "abuse" includes decisions on instruction, curriculum, personnel, or other discretionary policy decisions made by a school district, charter school, cooperative unit as defined by section 123A.24, subdivision 2, or any library, library system, or library district defined in section 134.001.~~

EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraph (c) is effective the day after the inspector general appointed under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 15E, notifies the revisor of statutes that the Office of the Inspector General under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 15E, has assumed responsibility for identifying and investigating fraud, misuse, and other unlawful use of public funds in the Department of Education. The remainder of this section is effective July 1, 2026.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 127A.21, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Sanctions; appeal. (a) This subdivision does not authorize any sanction that reduces, pauses, or otherwise interrupts state or federal aid to a school district, charter school, cooperative unit as defined by section 123A.24, subdivision 2, or any library, library system, or library district defined in section 134.001.

(b) The inspector general may recommend that the commissioner impose appropriate temporary sanctions, including withholding of payments under the department program, on a program participant pending an investigation by the Office of the Inspector General if:

~~(1) during the course of an investigation, the Office of the Inspector General finds credible indicia of fraud, waste, or abuse by the program participant;~~

~~(2) (1) there has been a criminal, civil, or administrative adjudication of fraud, waste, or abuse or misuse against the program participant in Minnesota or in another state or jurisdiction; or~~

25.1 ~~(3) the program participant was receiving funds under any contract or registered in any~~
25.2 ~~program administered by another Minnesota state agency, a government agency in another~~
25.3 ~~state, or a federal agency, and was excluded from that contract or program for reasons~~
25.4 ~~credibly indicating fraud, waste, or abuse by the program participant; or~~

25.5 ~~(4)~~ (2) the program participant has a pattern of noncompliance with an investigation.

25.6 (c) If an investigation finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, fraud, ~~waste, or abuse~~
25.7 misuse by a program participant, the inspector general may, after reviewing all facts and
25.8 evidence and when acting judiciously on a case-by-case basis, recommend that the
25.9 commissioner impose appropriate sanctions on the program participant.

25.10 (d) Unless prohibited by law, the commissioner has the authority to implement
25.11 recommendations by the inspector general, including imposing appropriate sanctions,
25.12 temporarily or otherwise, on a program participant. Sanctions may include ending program
25.13 participation, stopping disbursement of funds or resources, monetary recovery, and
25.14 termination of department contracts with the participant for any current or future department
25.15 program or contract. A sanction may be imposed for up to the longest period permitted by
25.16 state or federal law. Sanctions authorized under this subdivision are in addition to other
25.17 remedies and penalties available under law.

25.18 (e) If the commissioner imposes sanctions on a program participant under this subdivision,
25.19 the commissioner must notify the participant in writing within seven business days of
25.20 imposing the sanction, unless requested in writing by a law enforcement agency to
25.21 temporarily delay issuing the notice to prevent disruption of an ongoing law enforcement
25.22 agency investigation. A notice of sanction must state:

25.23 (1) the sanction being imposed;

25.24 (2) the general allegations that form the basis for the sanction;

25.25 (3) the duration of the sanction;

25.26 (4) the department programs to which the sanction applies; and

25.27 (5) how the program participant may appeal the sanction pursuant to paragraph (f).

25.28 (f) A program participant sanctioned under this subdivision may, within 30 days after
25.29 the date the notice of sanction was mailed to the participant, appeal the determination by
25.30 requesting in writing that the commissioner initiate a contested case proceeding under
25.31 chapter 14. The scope of any contested case hearing is limited to the sanction imposed under
25.32 this subdivision. An appeal request must specify with particularity each disputed item, the

26.1 reason for the dispute, and must include the name and contact information of the person or
26.2 entity that may be contacted regarding the appeal.

26.3 (g) The commissioner shall lift sanctions imposed under this subdivision if the ~~Office~~
26.4 ~~of the inspector general~~ notifies the commissioner that the inspector general determines
26.5 there is insufficient evidence of fraud, ~~waste~~, or ~~abuse~~ misuse by the program participant.
26.6 The commissioner must notify the participant in writing within seven business days of lifting
26.7 the sanction.

26.8 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 127A.21, is amended by adding a subdivision to
26.9 read:

26.10 Subd. 8. **Limits on receiving public funds; prohibition.** (a) This subdivision does not
26.11 authorize any action that reduces, pauses, or otherwise interrupts state or federal aid to a
26.12 school district; charter school; cooperative unit as defined in section 123A.24, subdivision
26.13 2; or any library, library system, or library district defined in section 134.001.

26.14 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, "program participant" includes individuals or persons
26.15 who have an ownership interest in, control of, or the ability to control a program participant
26.16 in a department program.

26.17 (c) If a program participant is excluded from a department program, the commissioner
26.18 may:

26.19 (1) prohibit the excluded program participant from enrolling in, receiving grant money
26.20 from, or registering in any other program administered by the commissioner; and

26.21 (2) disenroll or disqualify the excluded program participant from any other program
26.22 administered by the commissioner.

26.23 (d) If a program participant enrolled, licensed, or receiving funds under any contract or
26.24 program administered by a Minnesota state agency or federal agency is excluded from that
26.25 program, the inspector general shall notify the commissioner, who may:

26.26 (1) prohibit the excluded program participant from enrolling in, becoming licensed,
26.27 receiving grant money from, or registering in any other program administered by the
26.28 commissioner; and

26.29 (2) disenroll or disqualify the excluded program participant from any other program
26.30 administered by the commissioner.

26.31 (e) The duration of a prohibition, disenrollment, revocation, suspension, or
26.32 disqualification under paragraph (c) must last for the longest applicable sanction or

27.1 disqualifying period in effect for the program participant permitted by state or federal law.
27.2 The duration of a prohibition, disenrollment, revocation, suspension, or disqualification
27.3 under paragraph (d) may last up until the longest applicable sanction or disqualifying period
27.4 in effect for the program participant as permitted by state or federal law.

27.5 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 127A.21, is amended by adding a subdivision to
27.6 read:

27.7 Subd. 9. **Notice.** Within five days of taking an action against a program participant under
27.8 subdivision 8, paragraph (c) or (d), the commissioner must send notice of the action to the
27.9 program participant. The notice must state the:

27.10 (1) basis for the action;

27.11 (2) effective date of the action;

27.12 (3) right to appeal the action; and

27.13 (4) requirements and procedures for reinstatement.

27.14 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 127A.21, is amended by adding a subdivision to
27.15 read:

27.16 Subd. 10. **Appeal.** (a) Upon receipt of a notice under subdivision 9, a program participant
27.17 may request a contested case hearing, as defined in section 14.02, subdivision 3, by filing
27.18 with the commissioner a written request of appeal. The appeal request must be received by
27.19 the commissioner no later than 30 days after the date the notification was mailed to the
27.20 program participant.

27.21 (b) The appeal request must specify:

27.22 (1) each disputed item and the reason for the dispute;

27.23 (2) the authority in statute or rule upon which the program participant relies for each
27.24 disputed item;

27.25 (3) the name and address of the person or entity with whom contacts may be made
27.26 regarding the appeal; and

27.27 (4) other information required by the commissioner.

27.28 (c) Unless a timely and proper appeal is received by the commissioner, the action of the
27.29 commissioner shall be considered final and binding on the effective date of the action as
27.30 stated in the notice under subdivision 9, clause (2).

28.1 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 127A.21, is amended by adding a subdivision to
28.2 read:

28.3 Subd. 11. **Withholding of payments.** (a) This subdivision does not authorize withholding
28.4 of payments that reduces, pauses, or otherwise interrupts state or federal aid to a school
28.5 district; charter school; cooperative unit as defined in section 123A.24, subdivision 2; or
28.6 any library, library system, or library district defined in section 134.001.

28.7 (b) Except as otherwise provided by state or federal law, the inspector general shall
28.8 notify and recommend to the commissioner to withhold payments to a program participant
28.9 in any program administered by the commissioner, who shall have the authority to withhold
28.10 such payments to the extent permitted under federal law, if the inspector general determines
28.11 there is a credible allegation of fraud or misuse for which an investigation is pending for a
28.12 program administered by the department, a Minnesota state agency, or a federal agency.

28.13 (c) Allegations are considered credible when they have indicia of reliability and the
28.14 inspector general has reviewed the evidence and acts on a case-by-case basis. A credible
28.15 allegation of fraud is an allegation that has been verified by the commissioner from any
28.16 source, including but not limited to:

28.17 (1) fraud hotline complaints;

28.18 (2) claims data mining; and

28.19 (3) patterns identified through provider audits, civil false claims cases, and investigations.

28.20 (d) The commissioner must send notice of the withholding of payments within five days
28.21 of taking such action. The notice must:

28.22 (1) state that payments are being withheld according to this paragraph;

28.23 (2) set forth the general allegations as to the reasons for the withholding action, but need
28.24 not disclose any specific information concerning an ongoing investigation;

28.25 (3) state that the withholding is for a temporary period and cite the circumstances under
28.26 which withholding will be terminated; and

28.27 (4) inform the program participant of the right to submit written evidence for
28.28 consideration by the commissioner.

28.29 (e) The withholding of payments shall not continue after the inspector general determines
28.30 there is insufficient evidence of fraud by the program participant or after legal proceedings
28.31 relating to the alleged fraud are completed, unless the commissioner has sent notice under
28.32 subdivision 5 of the intention to take an additional action related to the program participant's

29.1 participation in a program administered by the commissioner. If the inspector general
29.2 determines there is insufficient evidence of fraud by the program participant or after legal
29.3 proceedings relating to the alleged fraud are completed, the inspector general shall notify
29.4 the commissioner within ten days of the determination.

29.5 (f) The withholding of payments is a temporary action and shall not be subject to appeal
29.6 under this subdivision or chapter 14.

29.7 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 142A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to
29.8 read:

29.9 Subd. 36. **Office of the Inspector General; reports.** The commissioner must submit
29.10 final investigative reports to the inspector general appointed under chapter 15E, for any
29.11 investigation conducted by the commissioner into fraud or misuse, as defined in section
29.12 15E.15, within the child care assistance program.

29.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2027.

29.14 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 142A.12, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

29.15 Subd. 5. **Withholding of payments.** (a) Except as otherwise provided by state or federal
29.16 law, the commissioner may withhold payments to a provider, vendor, individual, associated
29.17 individual, or associated entity in any program administered by the commissioner if the
29.18 commissioner determines there is a credible allegation of fraud for which an investigation
29.19 is pending for a program administered by a Minnesota state or federal agency.

29.20 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, "credible allegation of fraud" means an allegation
29.21 that has been verified by the commissioner from any source, including but not limited to:

29.22 (1) fraud hotline complaints;

29.23 (2) claims data mining;

29.24 (3) patterns identified through provider audits, civil false claims cases, and law
29.25 enforcement investigations; ~~and~~

29.26 (4) court filings and other legal documents, including but not limited to police reports,
29.27 complaints, indictments, informations, affidavits, declarations, and search warrants; and

29.28 (5) information from the inspector general, including information listed on the inspector
29.29 general's exclusion list under section 15E.25, subdivision 1, clause (11).

29.30 (c) The commissioner must send notice of the withholding of payments within five days
29.31 of taking such action. The notice must:

30.1 (1) state that payments are being withheld according to this subdivision;

30.2 (2) set forth the general allegations related to the withholding action, except the notice
30.3 need not disclose specific information concerning an ongoing investigation;

30.4 (3) state that the withholding is for a temporary period and cite the circumstances under
30.5 which the withholding will be terminated; and

30.6 (4) inform the provider, vendor, individual, associated individual, or associated entity
30.7 of the right to submit written evidence to contest the withholding action for consideration
30.8 by the commissioner.

30.9 (d) If the commissioner withholds payments under this subdivision, the provider, vendor,
30.10 individual, associated individual, or associated entity has a right to request administrative
30.11 reconsideration. A request for administrative reconsideration must be made in writing, state
30.12 with specificity the reasons the payment withholding decision is in error, and include
30.13 documents to support the request. Within 60 days from receipt of the request, the
30.14 commissioner shall judiciously review allegations, facts, evidence available to the
30.15 commissioner, and information submitted by the provider, vendor, individual, associated
30.16 individual, or associated entity to determine whether the payment withholding should remain
30.17 in place.

30.18 (e) The commissioner shall stop withholding payments if the commissioner determines
30.19 there is insufficient evidence of fraud by the provider, vendor, individual, associated
30.20 individual, or associated entity or when legal proceedings relating to the alleged fraud are
30.21 completed, unless the commissioner has sent notice under subdivision 3 to the provider,
30.22 vendor, individual, associated individual, or associated entity.

30.23 (f) The withholding of payments is a temporary action and is not subject to appeal under
30.24 section 256.0451 or chapter 14.

30.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2027.

30.26 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 144.05, is amended by adding a subdivision to
30.27 read:

30.28 **Subd. 9. Office of the Inspector General; reports.** The commissioner must submit
30.29 final investigative reports to the inspector general appointed under chapter 15E for any
30.30 investigation conducted by the commissioner into fraud or misuse, as defined in section
30.31 15E.15, within the special supplemental nutrition program for women, infants, and children.

30.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2027.

31.1 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 245.095, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

31.2 Subd. 5. **Withholding of payments.** (a) Except as otherwise provided by state or federal
31.3 law, the commissioner may withhold payments to a provider, vendor, individual, associated
31.4 individual, or associated entity in any program administered by the commissioner if the
31.5 commissioner determines there is a credible allegation of fraud for which an investigation
31.6 is pending for a program administered by a Minnesota state or federal agency.

31.7 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, "credible allegation of fraud" means an allegation
31.8 that has been verified by the commissioner from any source, including but not limited to:

31.9 (1) fraud hotline complaints;

31.10 (2) claims data mining;

31.11 (3) patterns identified through provider audits, civil false claims cases, and law
31.12 enforcement investigations; ~~and~~

31.13 (4) court filings and other legal documents, including but not limited to police reports,
31.14 complaints, indictments, informations, affidavits, declarations, and search warrants; and

31.15 (5) information from the inspector general appointed under chapter 15E, including
31.16 information listed on the inspector general's exclusion list under section 15E.25, subdivision
31.17 1, clause (11).

31.18 (c) The commissioner must send notice of the withholding of payments within five days
31.19 of taking such action. The notice must:

31.20 (1) state that payments are being withheld according to this subdivision;

31.21 (2) set forth the general allegations related to the withholding action, except the notice
31.22 need not disclose specific information concerning an ongoing investigation;

31.23 (3) state that the withholding is for a temporary period and cite the circumstances under
31.24 which the withholding will be terminated; and

31.25 (4) inform the provider, vendor, individual, associated individual, or associated entity
31.26 of the right to submit written evidence to contest the withholding action for consideration
31.27 by the commissioner.

31.28 (d) If the commissioner withholds payments under this subdivision, the provider, vendor,
31.29 individual, associated individual, or associated entity has a right to request administrative
31.30 reconsideration. A request for administrative reconsideration must be made in writing, state
31.31 with specificity the reasons the payment withholding decision is in error, and include
31.32 documents to support the request. Within 60 days from receipt of the request, the

32.1 commissioner shall judiciously review allegations, facts, evidence available to the
32.2 commissioner, and information submitted by the provider, vendor, individual, associated
32.3 individual, or associated entity to determine whether the payment withholding should remain
32.4 in place.

32.5 (e) The commissioner shall stop withholding payments if the commissioner determines
32.6 there is insufficient evidence of fraud by the provider, vendor, individual, associated
32.7 individual, or associated entity or when legal proceedings relating to the alleged fraud are
32.8 completed, unless the commissioner has sent notice under subdivision 3 to the provider,
32.9 vendor, individual, associated individual, or associated entity.

32.10 (f) The withholding of payments is a temporary action and is not subject to appeal under
32.11 section 256.045 or chapter 14.

32.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2027.

32.13 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 256.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to
32.14 read:

32.15 **Subd. 45. Office of the Inspector General; reports.** The commissioner must submit
32.16 final investigative reports to the inspector general, appointed under chapter 15E, for any
32.17 investigation conducted by the commissioner into fraud or misuse, as defined in section
32.18 15E.15, within the Medicaid program.

32.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2027.

32.20 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, section 626.84, subdivision 1, is amended
32.21 to read:

32.22 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For purposes of sections 626.84 to 626.863, the following
32.23 terms have the meanings given:

32.24 (a) "Board" means the Board of Peace Officer Standards and Training.

32.25 (b) "Director" means the executive director of the board.

32.26 (c) "Peace officer" means:

32.27 (1) an employee or an elected or appointed official of a political subdivision or law
32.28 enforcement agency who is licensed by the board, charged with the prevention and detection
32.29 of crime and the enforcement of the general criminal laws of the state and who has the full
32.30 power of arrest, and shall also include the Minnesota State Patrol, agents of the Division of
32.31 Alcohol and Gambling Enforcement, state conservation officers, Metropolitan Transit police

33.1 officers, Department of Corrections Fugitive Apprehension Unit officers, Office of the
33.2 Inspector General Anti-Fraud and Waste Bureau officers, the statewide coordinator of the
33.3 Violent Crime Coordinating Council, and railroad peace officers as authorized by section
33.4 219.995 and United States Code, title 49, section 28101; and

33.5 (2) a peace officer who is employed by a law enforcement agency of a federally
33.6 recognized tribe, as defined in United States Code, title 25, section 450b(e), and who is
33.7 licensed by the board.

33.8 (d) "Part-time peace officer" means an individual licensed by the board whose services
33.9 are utilized by law enforcement agencies no more than an average of 20 hours per week,
33.10 not including time spent on call when no call to active duty is received, calculated on an
33.11 annual basis, who has either full powers of arrest or authorization to carry a firearm while
33.12 on active duty. The term shall apply even though the individual receives no compensation
33.13 for time spent on active duty, and shall apply irrespective of the title conferred upon the
33.14 individual by any law enforcement agency.

33.15 (e) "Reserve officer" means an individual whose services are utilized by a law
33.16 enforcement agency to provide supplementary assistance at special events, traffic or crowd
33.17 control, and administrative or clerical assistance, and shall include reserve deputies, special
33.18 deputies, mounted or unmounted patrols, and all other employees or volunteers performing
33.19 reserve officer functions. A reserve officer's duties do not include enforcement of the general
33.20 criminal laws of the state, and the officer does not have full powers of arrest or authorization
33.21 to carry a firearm on duty.

33.22 (f) "Law enforcement agency" means:

33.23 (1) a unit of state or local government that is authorized by law to grant full powers of
33.24 arrest and to charge a person with the duties of preventing and detecting crime and enforcing
33.25 the general criminal laws of the state;

33.26 (2) subject to the limitations in section 626.93, a law enforcement agency of a federally
33.27 recognized tribe, as defined in United States Code, title 25, section 450b(e); and

33.28 (3) subject to the limitation of section 219.995, a railroad company.

33.29 (g) "Professional peace officer education" means a postsecondary degree program, or a
33.30 nondegree program for persons who already have a college degree, that is offered by a
33.31 college or university in Minnesota, designed for persons seeking licensure as a peace officer,
33.32 and approved by the board.

34.1 (h) "Railroad peace officer" means an individual as authorized under United States Code,
34.2 title 49, section 28101:

34.3 (1) employed by a railroad for the purpose of aiding and supplementing law enforcement
34.4 agencies in the protection of property owned by or in the care, custody, or control of a
34.5 railroad and to protect the persons and property of railroad passengers and employees; and

34.6 (2) licensed by the board.

34.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2027.

34.8 Sec. 14. **EXISTING DUTIES ABOLISHED; TRANSFERS PROVIDED.**

34.9 Subdivision 1. **Duties abolished.** Except as exempted in article 1, section 17, subdivision
34.10 6, paragraph (c), duties pertaining to the investigation of fraud, misuse, and other unlawful
34.11 use of public funds in the Office of the Inspector General in the Department of Education
34.12 are abolished effective the day after the inspector general appointed under Minnesota Statutes,
34.13 chapter 15E, certifies in writing to the commissioner of education and the commissioner of
34.14 management and budget that the inspector general has assumed responsibility for these
34.15 duties.

34.16 Subd. 2. **Inspector general transfers.** When the commissioner of education's duties are
34.17 abolished under subdivision 1, pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 15.039, all active
34.18 investigations, obligations, court actions, contracts, and records shall transfer from the
34.19 Department of Education to the inspector general appointed under Minnesota Statutes,
34.20 chapter 15E, except as provided by the inspector general and as provided in article 1, section
34.21 17, subdivision 6, paragraph (c).

34.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2026.

34.23 Sec. 15. **REPEALER.**

34.24 Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 13.321, subdivision 12; and 127A.21, subdivisions
34.25 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, and 7, are repealed.

34.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the inspector general
34.27 appointed under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 15E, notifies the revisor of statutes that the
34.28 Office of the Inspector General under Minnesota Statutes, section 15E, has assumed
34.29 responsibility for identifying and investigating fraud, misuse, and other unlawful use of
34.30 public funds in the Department of Education."

34.31 Delete the title and insert:

35.1 "A bill for an act

35.2 relating to state government; creating the Office of the Inspector General; creating

35.3 an advisory committee; making conforming and technical changes; providing for

35.4 interagency agreements; requiring reports; appropriating money; amending

35.5 Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 3.971, by adding a subdivision; 15A.0815,

35.6 subdivision 2; 127A.21, subdivision 1a, by adding subdivisions; 142A.03, by

35.7 adding a subdivision; 142A.12, subdivision 5; 144.05, by adding a subdivision;

35.8 245.095, subdivision 5; 256.01, by adding a subdivision; 609.456, subdivision 2;

35.9 Minnesota Statutes 2025 Supplement, sections 10A.01, subdivision 35; 13.82,

35.10 subdivision 1; 127A.21, subdivision 5; 626.84, subdivision 1; proposing coding

35.11 for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 15E; repealing Minnesota Statutes

35.12 2024, sections 13.321, subdivision 12; 127A.21, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7."

35.13 With the recommendation that when so amended the bill be re-referred to the Committee

35.14 on Judiciary Finance and Civil Law.

35.15 This Committee action taken March 24, 2026

35.16, Co-Chair

35.17, Co-Chair