### **BWSR Pollinator Protection Efforts**













- Context of the Problem
- BWSR Programs
- Identified Needs/Actions



BWSR Pollinator Plan

#### DRAFT BWSR Pollinator Plan

12-16-13



Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources 520 Lafayette Road North St. Paul, MN 55155 651-296-3767 www.bwsr.state.mn.us

Minnesota Board of Water & Soil Resources . www.bwsr.state.mn.us

### Context of the Problem



Pollinators are an integral part of our environmental and agricultural systems – producing seeds and fruit (70-80% of plants) that sustain a wide range of wildlife.

### Widely known problem – significant public concern







### Context of The Problem

Honey Bees – Average hive mortality of 30% each year.

Causes: Losses from interacting factors including pathogens and parasites, pesticides, and poor nutrition

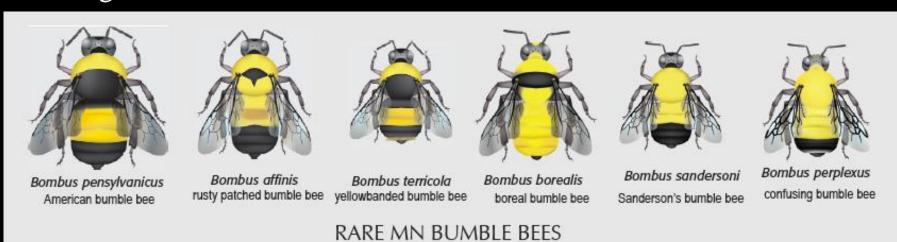




### Context of The Problem

Native Bees – Once common bumblebees are now rare. They are effective agricultural pollinators.

Causes: Disease, pesticide use, climate variation and habit loss/degradation.



We need more surveys and monitoring of the 350-400 MN bee species.



### Context of the Problem

Butterflies and Other Species – Monarchs and many other species are at all time lows

Causes: Habitat loss, pesticides, loss of larval host plants (milkweeds, lupine, etc.)







### **BWSR Programs**

Wetland Protection – Protection and restoration of wetland across Minnesota (around 16,000 acres restored to replace losses)

RIM Conservation Easements – Over 250,000 acres restored and protected (prairies, wetlands and forests)

Soil and Water Conservation Grants – 23,000 acres grassland and 6,500 acres of trees and shrubs planted







### Identified Needs

### How do we address the problems...

### Topics to focus on –

- 1) Key Partnerships and Habitat Programs
- 2) How to Focus all BWSR Programs
- 3) Effective Practices for Minnesota
- 4) How to Benefit Honey Bees
- 5) Effective Outreach and Education Efforts





### 1) Key Partnerships and Habitat Programs

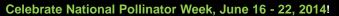
- -Soil and Water Conservation Districts
- -Watershed Districts
- -Conservation Groups
- -DNR
- -NRCS
- -USFWS
- -MDA
- -MPCA
- -Universities
- -Cities
- -Counties
- -Etc.

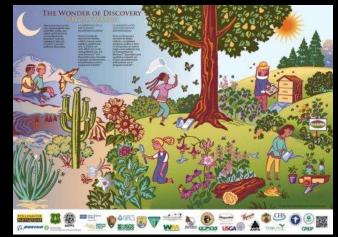
















# POLLINATOR PARTNERSHIP

## THE XERCES SOCIETY FOR INVERTEBRATE CONSERVATION



Member Login Cike

Healing the Earth one yard at a time.





### 1) Key Partnerships and Habitat Programs

#### Incorporating Pollinator Habitat into Minnesota

#### **Conservation Projects**



The following information summarizes ways to incorporate pollinator habitat in Minnesota conservation projects, including state and federal programs (note: there may be changes to some federal programs with implementation of the new 2014 Farm Bill)

Program Categories	Program	Program Goals	How to Incorporate Pollinator Habitat	Contacts
State Soil and Water Conservation Programs	Clean Water Fund (BWSR)	Protect, enhance, and restore lakes, rivers, streams, and groundwater.	Projects need to address water quality issues but plantings done as part of projects, such as rain gardens, can include species beneficial to pollinators. Visit the following website to view current application periods.  http://www.bwsr.state.mn.us/cleanwaterfund/	Your Local Soil and Water Conservation District Office http://www.bwsr.state. mn.us/directories/SWC D_Dir.pdf
	State Cost-Share (BWSR)	To provide grants for installing conservation practices that protect and improve water quality by controlling soil erosion and reducing sedimentation.	A one-time cost share payment covering up to 75% of the eligible costs. This program is focused on soil stabilization and water quality but plantings done as part of projects can includes species beneficial to pollinators.  Website:  http://www.bwsr.state.mn.us/grantscostshare/	Your Local Soil and Water Conservation District Office http://www.bwsr.state. mn.us/directories/SWC D_Dir.pdf
Federal Soil and Water Conservation Programs	Conservation Reserve Program CRP and Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program CREP	Land retirement programs to convert highly erodible cropland and other environmentally sensitive acreage to vegetative cover.	A one-time cost-share payment covers 50% of the cost of eligible products and services necessary to establish and maintain the practice, such as seed purchase and site preparation. Pollinator projects (using practice standard CP42) require 3 species from each bloom period (9 minimum) and a minimum 75% forbs.	Your Local USDA Service Center www.mn.nrcs.usda.gov



- 2) How to Focus all BWSR Programs
- -Targeted habitat protection and restoration (developing habitat assessment calculator)







### 2) How to Focus all BWSR Programs

-Floral rich plantings in smaller plots that are buffered from impacts

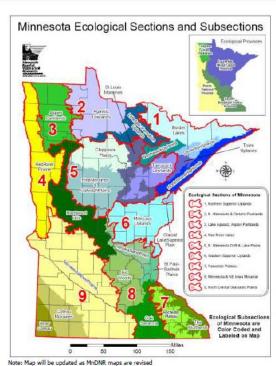






#### 2) How to Focus all BWSR Programs





#### Recommended sequence for obtaining seed/plants:

- A) Areas with similar site conditions and located as close to the project site as possible (including seedbank and site collected seed)
- B) Ecological Sub-sections
- C) Ecological Sections
- D) Working outward from the site with one-hundred and seventy-five miles as the recommended maximum range.





### 2) How to Focus all BWSR Programs

-Promoting projects that provide multiple landscape services (carbon sequestration, water quality, wildlife habitat. etc.)





### 2) How to Focus all BWSR Programs

-Promoting planting and maintenance methods that maintain diversity





#### 3) How to Benefit Honey Bees

-Focusing honey bee habitat on conservation easements

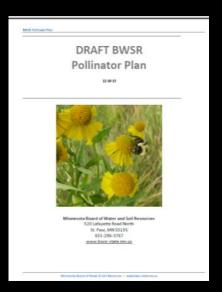


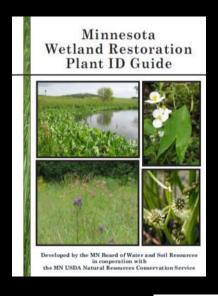


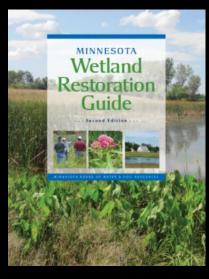
#### 4) Effective Practices for Minnesota

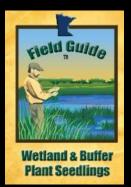
## Continual process of updating resources as we learn more











#### What's Working

#### Contents

- Overview
- Conservation Project Planning and Promotion
- Vegetation Establishment and Maintenance
- Invasive Species Control



#### Ainnesota oardor vater & Soil tesources

Guidelines for inter-seeding to restore or enhance native species diversity

Inter-seeding is a practice that is used to increase species diversity in existing remnant or planted prairies

#### Guidelines

#### Stand Requirements

Inter-seeding is most effective in stands where grass is not overly dominant. It does not work well in monoculture stands of switchgrass, and reed canary grass or in Kentucky bluegrass sod.

#### Seed / Species

Forbs and grass species can be inter-seeded. Forbs are generally broadcast seeded while grasses are commonly drilled. Individual species and seeding rates should be selected based on existing vegetation, site needs and project goals.





## 4) Effective Practices for Minnesota

-State Seed Mixes



35-621	Dry Prairie Southeast					
Common Name	Scientific Name	Rate (kg/ha)	Rate (lb/ac)	% of Mix (% by wt)	Seeds/ sqft	
side-oats grama	Bouteloua curtipendula	1.27	1.13	10.23%	2.48	
blue grama	Bouteloua gracilis	0.76	0.68	6.19%	10.00	
kalm's brome	Bromus kalmii	0.35	0.31	2.78%	0.90	
nodding wild rye	Elymus canadensis	1.68	1.50	13.61%	2.86	
slender wheatgrass	Elymus trachycaulus	1.32	1.18	10.76%	3.00	
junegrass	Koeleria macrantha	0.46	0.41	3.71%	30.00	
little bluestem	Schizachyrium scoparium	1.69	1.51	13.70%	8.30	
sand dropseed	Sporobolus cryptandrus	0.25	0.22	1.98%	16.00	
prairie dropseed	Sporobolus heterolepis	0.29	0.26	2.32%	1.50	
	Total Grasses	8.07	7.20	65.28%	75.04	
butterfly milkweed	Asclepias tuberosa	0.07	0.06	0.52%	0.09	
whorled milkweed	Asclepias verticillata	0.01	0.01	0.11%	0.05	
bird's foot coreopsis	Coreopsis palmata	0.06	0.05	0.50%	0.20	
white prairie clover	Dalea candida	0.10	0.09	0.78%	0.60	
purple prairie clover	Dalea purpurea	0.17	0.15	1.32%	0.80	
ox-eye	Heliopsis helianthoides	0.07	0.06	0.51%	0.13	
round-headed bush clover	Lespedeza capitata	0.03	0.03	0.31%	0.10	
rough blazing star	Liatris aspera	0.02	0.02	0.17%	0.11	
dotted blazing star	Liatris punctata	0.02	0.02	0.23%	0.06	
wild bergamot	Monarda fistulosa	0.03	0.03	0.30%	0.85	
horsemint	Monarda punctata	0.02	0.02	0.22%	0.80	
stiff goldenrod	Oligoneuron rigidum	0.07	0.06	0.59%	0.98	
large-flowered beard tongue	Penstemon grandiflorus	0.04	0.04	0.35%	0.20	
black-eyed susan	Rudbeckia hirta	0.10	0.09	0.86%	3.20	
gray goldenrod	solidago nemoralis	0.01	0.01	0.14%	1.65	
skyblue aster	Symphyotrichum oolentangiense	0.01	0.01	0.06%	0.20	
silky aster	Symphyotrichum sericeum	0.02	0.02	0.19%	0.20	
bracted spiderwort	Tradescantia bracteata	0.01	0.01	0.12%	0.05	
heart-leaved alexanders	Zizia aptera	0.02	0.02	0.21%	0.10	
	Total Forbs	0.90	0.80	7.49%	10.37	
Oats or winter wheat (see note at beginning of list for recommended dates)		3.36	3.00	27.23%	1.33	
,	Total Cover Crop	3.36	3.00	27.23%	1.33	
	Totals:	12.33	11.00	100.00%	86.75	
Purpose:	Regional dry prairie reconstruction for wetland mitigation, ecological restoration, or conservation program plantings.					
Planting Area:	Eastern Broadleaf Forest Province Mn/DOT Districts Metro & 6.	e excluding	Hardwood	l Hills subsec	tion.	



#### 5) Effective Outreach and Education Efforts







#### "MN Pollinator Proud"

- -Featuring "model" projects
- -Promoting effective techniques
- -Highlighting key partnerships



#### 5) Effective Outreach and Education Efforts

#### **Native Vegetation / Seed Mixes**

#### **BWSR Policy**

- BWSR Native Vegetation Establishment and Enhancement Guidelines (updated draft for review)
- Best Value Calculator (posted December 26, 2012)
- Vegetative Management and Enhancement of Conservation Easement Lands (Dec. 17, 2008)

#### Seed Mixes

- Summary of Seed Mixes (Index of names and numbers Posted March 18, 2010)
- State Seed Mixes (Includes mixes used by Minn. Dept. of Transportation-Posted February 10, 2011)
- Substitution Table (List of species that may be substituted in state seed mixes Posted March 18, 2010)

#### **Pollinators**

- BWSR Pollinator Plan (draft for comment)
- **Pollinator Fact Sheet**
- Incorporating Pollinator Habitat into Conservation Projects

#### Climate Change

- **BWSR Climate Change Trend and Action Report**
- Strategies for Resilient Lanscapes

**BWSR Establishment and Management Resources** 

#### **BWSR Featured Plant**

Each month, BWSR posts a featured plant on this page. To sign up for monthly "Featured Plant" messages that include updates on current restoration and native vegetation topics go to the "BWSR Media Center" section of the BWSR Home page.

#### Current Plant:



Mountain Mint February 2014- State agency pollinator conservation efforts continue to make progress in Minnesota. With abundant nectar and dense clusters of



## Thank You!



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