

### MDA Depredation Reports

Plant Protection Division Director – Mark Abrahamson February 26, 2025

# Wildlife Damage Reports

### **Wolf Depredation Program Finances**

- Amount paid in claims by county for past five fiscal years
- Total revenue and expenditures for program
- Yearly report submitted in December since 2021

### **Elk Damage Payments**

- Number of claims and amount paid by herd for past two fiscal years
- Yearly report submitted in December since 2016

### **Cervidae Depredation on Minnesota Farms**

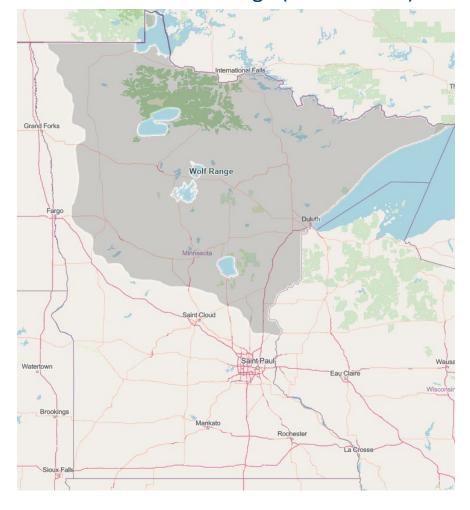
- Options and recommendations to address crop and fence damage
- One time report submitted February 2025

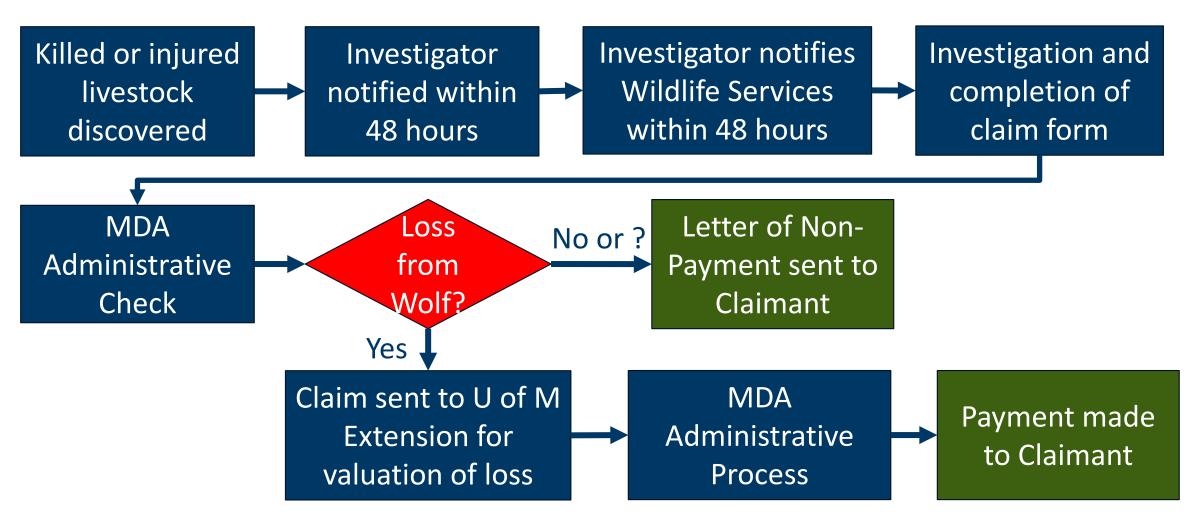
#### • M.S. 3.737:

• ... a livestock owner shall be compensated by the commissioner of agriculture for livestock that is destroyed by a wolf or is so crippled by a wolf that it must be destroyed...

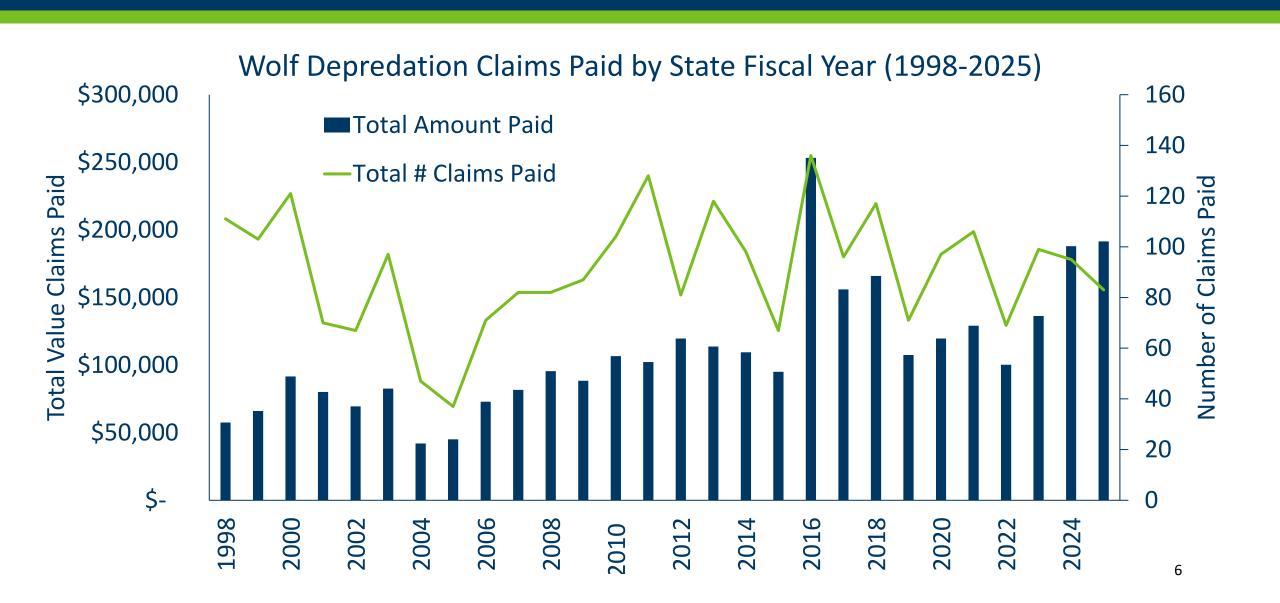
First enacted in 1977

#### Minnesota Wolf Range (shaded area)





FY	Compensation App. \$/FY	Prevention App. \$ / Yr	Federal \$ Expended	
2010/11	\$75k	\$ -	NA	
2012/13	\$75k	\$ -	NA	
2014/15	\$25k	\$ -	\$91,585	
2016/17	\$225k/175k \$ -		\$29,109	
2018/19	\$175k	\$120k	\$37,655	
2020/21	\$175k	\$ -	\$248,681	
2022/23	\$175k	\$ -	\$82,920	
2024/25	\$175k	\$45k	\$126,548 <sub>5</sub>	



# Depredation PreventionGrants:

- Fencing/barriers
- Shelters for calving, lambing, etc.
- Guard animals and vet care
- Lights and alarms

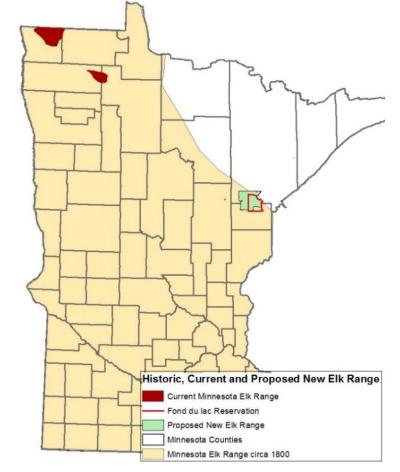
<b>Grant Round</b>	FY	<b>General Fund</b>	Fed Fund
1	2018	\$120k	\$ -
2	2019	\$120k	\$ -
3	2020-2021	\$ -	\$60k
4	2021-2022	\$ -	\$60k
5	2022-2023	\$ -	\$60k
6	2024-2025	\$45k	\$60k
7	2025	\$45k	\$ -

# Elk Damage Payments

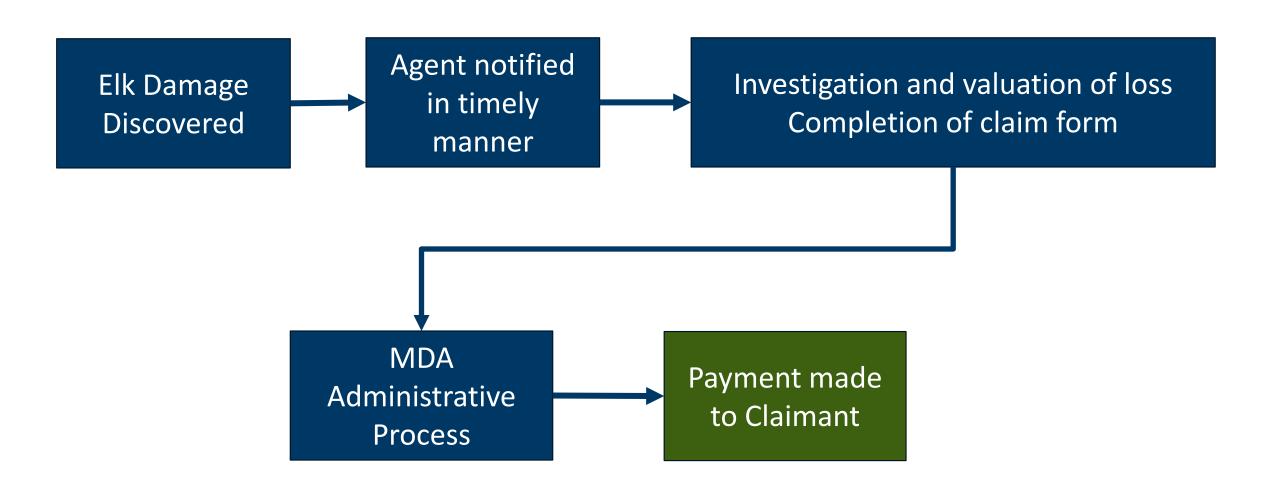
### • M.S. 3.7371:

 ...a person who owns an agricultural crop or pasture shall be compensated by the commissioner or agriculture for an agricultural crop, or fence surrounding the crop or pasture, that is damaged or destroyed by elk as provided in this section.

#### Historic, Current and Proposed Elk Ranges



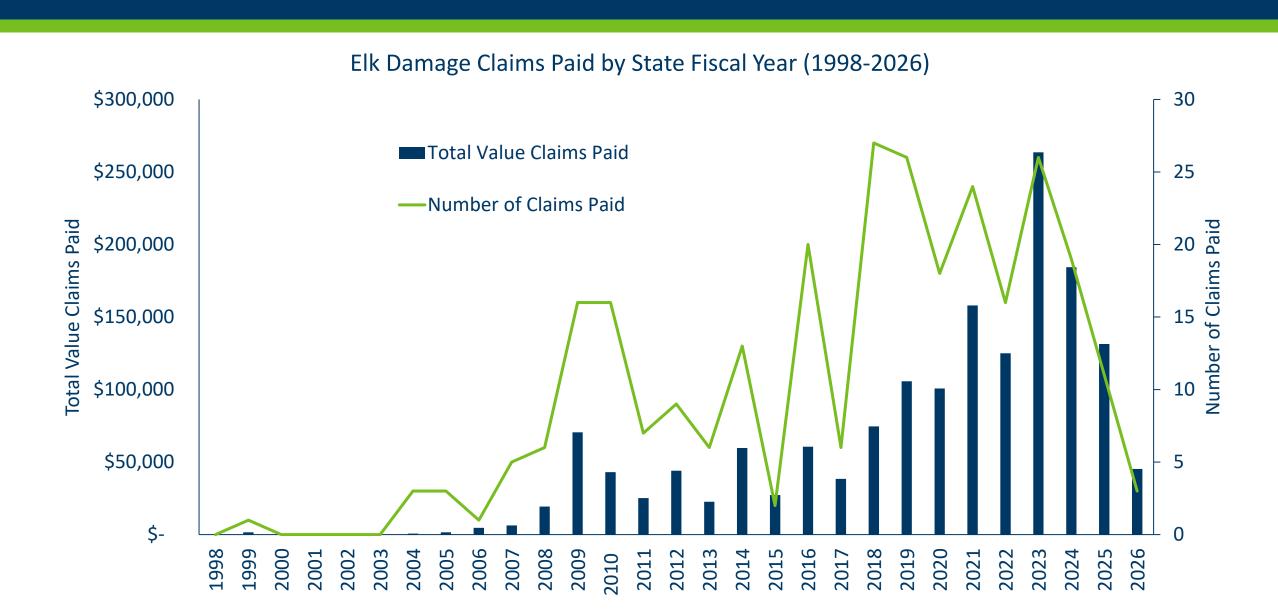
## Elk Damage Payments



# Elk Damage Payments

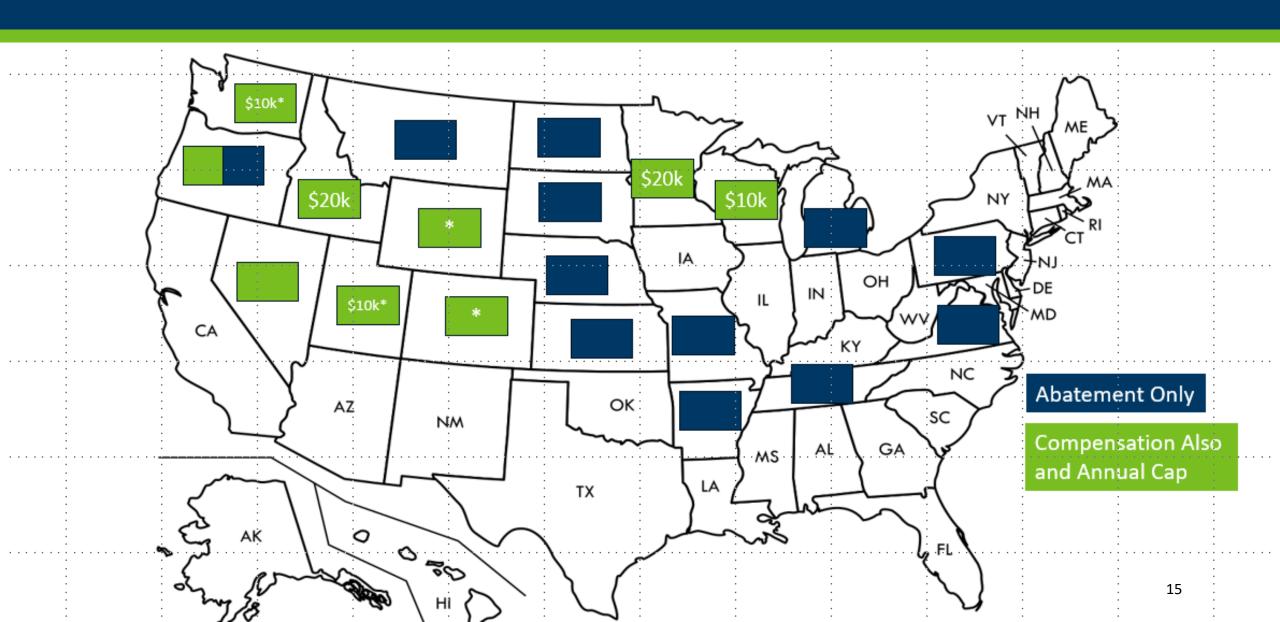
- **1987** MS 3.7371 enactment with \$20k limit
  - Claims evaluated by county extension agent or crop adjuster
- **1995** Crop adjuster option removed
- **2009** Compensate amount expressly appropriated for this purpose
- 2011 Fence damage included
- **2016** Annual report required
- **2017** Approved agents may evaluate claims
- **2024** Rule repealed and statute language updated

FY	Approp./FY	Additional Uses for \$	Approved Agent \$	# Agents	
2010/11	\$75k				
2012/13	\$75k				
2014/15	\$75k				
2016/17	\$125k				
2018/19	\$155k	Pay Agents up to \$30k/yr	\$3,100 / \$2,839	5	
2020/21	\$155k	Pay Agents up to \$30k/yr	\$2,865 / \$4,446	4	
2022/23	\$155k	Pay Agents up to \$10k/yr Grants up to \$20k/yr	\$4,676 / 3,978	1	
2024/25	\$155k	Pay Agents up to \$10k/yr Grants up to \$40k/yr	\$4,138 / \$3,716	1	



Herd	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Caribou-Vita	\$25,677	\$15,512	\$26,335	\$111,630	\$72,213	\$15,154	\$12,633
Kittson Central	\$60,779	\$140,245	\$98,665	\$131,968	\$92,111	\$116,266	\$32,633
Grygla	\$ -	\$2,214	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unaffiliated	\$14,272	\$ -	\$ -	\$20,000	\$20,000	\$ -	\$ -

Damage Type	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Fence	\$9,627	\$5,388	\$2,958	\$16,062	\$10,382	\$ -	\$ -
Stored Forage	\$15,350	\$38,077	\$23,658	\$82,081	\$ -	\$7,787	\$ -
Standing Crop	\$75,751	\$114,507	\$98,384	\$165,456	\$173,941	\$123,632	\$45,266
Losses Exceeding Cap	\$11,954	\$22,125	\$29,911	\$71,839	\$53,212	\$36,482	\$ -



# Cervidae Impacts on Minnesota Farms

- Elk destroying fencing
- Deer and elk damaging field crops
- Deer and elk damaging stored livestock feed
- Deer damaging fruit and vegetable crops

# Deer Damage to Stored Livestock

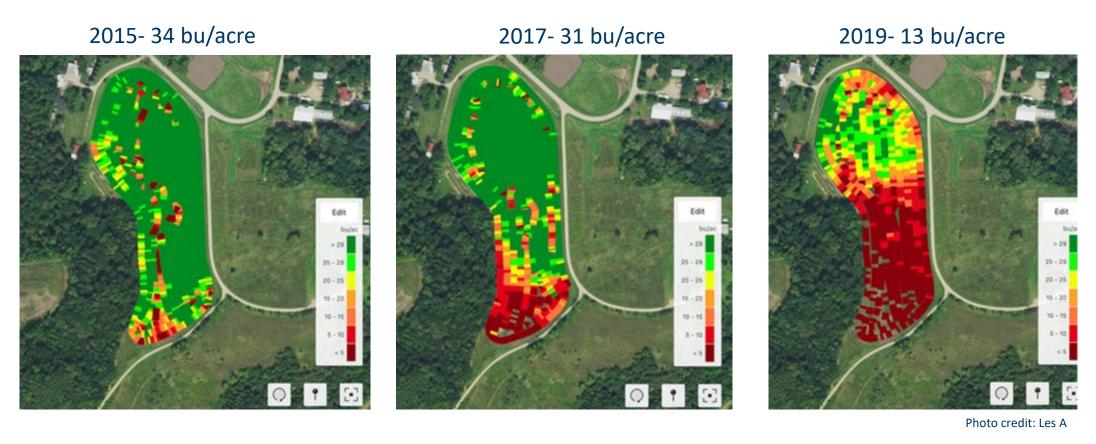


Photo Credit: Jim W



Photo Credit: Jim W

# Deer Damage to Field Crops



These yield maps show how increased pressure from deer has impacted soybean yields.

## Deer Damage to Vegetable Crops



Photo Credit: Minnesota African Immigrant Farmer Grower Association

Unprotected vegetable farms can be easily devastated by deer



Photo Credit: Minnesota African Immigrant Farmer Grower Association

### Current Programs to Mitigate Depredation

#### **Abatement programs**

- Seasonal hunting of deer and elk
  - Early antlerless season
  - Landowner licenses (issued to owners or tenants of 8 acres or more)
- DNR's wildlife damage program
  - Funding for fencing and other mitigation materials (up to \$5,000)
  - Requires a signed CDMA
- Removal permits for deer
  - To be used while damage is happening outside the hunting season
- Depredation Deer Antlerless permits (DDAP)
  - In areas where damage has occurred, allows taking additional antierless deer during the hunting season

### **Elk Damage Compensation Program**

- Establish partnership with USDA APHIS to evaluate elk damage claims
- Add requirements for abatement measures for repeat compensation claims
- Increase the \$20,000 cap on individual claims
- Transfer general fund appropriation to an agriculture fund for both elk and wolf depredation and allow funds to carry over to subsequent years
- Increase the \$155,000 annual appropriation so more claims can be covered
- Expand compensation program to cover damage done by deer

### **DNR Wildlife Damage Program**

- Increase the maximum amount allowed for abatement materials
- Allow for temporary solutions on specialty crop farms
- Waive the hunt management requirement on CDMAs on farms where landowners are not comfortable with hunting on their property
- Increase staff dedicated to the Wildlife Damage Program
- Create consistent messaging throughout DNR about cervid damage management programs
- Improve technology used to track complaints and permits

### **Hunting seasons and shooting permits**

- To increase landowners' willingness to allow hunting on private land, consider requiring hunters to carry liability insurance, naming the property owner as additional insured
- Award antlerless only permits for the landowner lottery for elk hunting permits
- Change hunting rules to encourage the taking of antlerless deer (i.e., "earn a buck")
- Expand the use of removal permits to be used during hunting seasons
- Coordinate special intensive deer hunts in areas where depredation is persistent

### Hunting seasons and shooting permits (continued)

- Reduce the acreage ownership requirement (currently 80 acres) to obtain a landowner hunting license
- Allow more landowner licenses for owners of greater acreages and allow them to be transferred to any licensed hunter
- Encourage meat processors to participate in the Venison Donation Program by awarding priority points in AGRI grants
- Combine the removal permits and DDAPs into a low cost damage management permit that can be used inside or outside of regular hunting seasons



Mark Abrahamson

Mark.Abrahamson@state.mn.us