



2023 Legislative Agenda

Dear Minnesota Elected Officials,

The 2023 MCD Legislative Agenda was created over the past year through meetings with constituents, disability advocates, state agencies, and over 300 responses to our Legislative Agenda Survey, which was distributed online and at the 2022 Minnesota State Fair. Some of the legislative agenda items, like the Employment and Retention of Employees with Disabilities package, are culmination of years of work from dozens of stakeholders from across the state.

Our 2023 Legislative Agenda is divided among three pillars. We chose to use the pillar metaphor because pillars are important to the structural foundation to a building. No pillar is more important than the others and they all equally hold up our legislative agenda. Pillar one is Increasing Disability Representation in State Government; Pillar two is Improving the Lives of Minnesotans with Disabilities, and finally Pillar 3 is Disability Partner Support.

Pillar one, or Increasing Disability Representation In State Government, are policy priorities that expand and grow the influence that Minnesotans with disabilities have in our state government. This includes improving the capacity of the Minnesota Council on Disability so that we can be a stronger and more influential advocate in our state agencies and at the state legislature. It also includes hiring and retaining more employees with disabilities so that we create a pipeline of new leaders with disabilities who sit at the policy and decision-making table in our state agencies. We believe that with more employees, managers, directors, and commissioners with disabilities creating and implementing the policies and programs that serve our community, the better represented and served Minnesotans with Disabilities will be.

Pillar 2 is Improving the lives of Minnesotans with disabilities. This includes making it easier for Minnesotans with rare diseases to see the specialist they need or making affordable housing more accessible. It also includes addressing the PCA shortage by increasing their pay and allowing them to drive their clients with disabilities, so they have greater access to their communities. We also will work to amend the Minnesota Human Rights Act so that Minnesotans with episodic disabilities have the same rights and protections as others with disabilities.

The biggest part of disability advocacy are the partners and coalitions that come together as a team to take on most challenging issues. Disability Partner Support makes up **Pillar 3** on MCD's legislative agenda and it includes working with the Minnesota Inclusive Higher Education Consortium to make college accessible and inclusive for those with intellectual disabilities. We are partnering with state agencies like the Department of Natural Resources to ensure that our state parks are accessible for all Minnesotans with disabilities. We will support our partner disability agency, the Minnesota Commission for the Deaf, DeafBlind, and Hard of Hearing in their efforts to make hearing aids more affordable.

And while these legislative agenda items will be our focus in the 2023 legislative session, it does not mean we won't support our many partners' initiatives and legislation. In fact, our legislative agenda is designed to be an evergreen document that supports any pro-disability policy that aligns with MCD's mission and values. We also will support any pro-disability legislation that our legislators are working on with their constituents.

Thank you for your support and supporting Minnesotans with disabilities,

Trevor Turner, Public Policy Director

2023 Legislative Agenda

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Overview

Pillar #1 – Increasing Disability Representation in State Government

- Minnesota Council on Disability Capacity Building Funding
- State Employment and Retention of Employees with Disabilities
- Rare Disease Advisory Council On-Going Funding

Pillar #2 – Improving the Lives of Minnesotans with Disabilities

- MHRA Amendment to include “episodic disabilities”
- Increasing PCA pay and homecare support shortage
- PCA Ability to Drive Clients while Working
- Rare Disease Insurance Access
- Accessible and Affordable Housing
- MA-EPD income & asset limit increase

Pillar #3 – Disability Partner Support

- Inclusive Higher Education (*MN Inclusive Higher Education Consortium*)
- Accessible State Parks (*MN Dept. of Natural Resources*)
- Hearing Aid Affordability (*Minnesota Commission of the Deaf, DeafBlind, & Hard of Hearing*)
- Expanding & Improving Public Transit Options (*METRO Mobility & Autonomous Vehicles Pilots*)
- Study on disabled-own businesses (*Department of Administration*)
- SmART proposal (*Department of Administration*)
- Health Equity and data collection proposal (*MN Department of Health*)
- MN Consortium for Citizens with Disabilities Legislative Agenda (*MNCCD*)
- Any disability-related bills of high importance introduced in the 2023 Legislative Session

More Detail

Pillar #1 – Increasing Disability Representation in State Government

Minnesota Council on Disability Capacity Building Funding

The Minnesota Council on Disability will request a capacity building budget increase of \$750,000 in FY2024 and then \$1,247,000 each fiscal year afterwards. This is on top of the current budget of \$1,038,000, resulting in a total yearly budget of \$2,285,000. This budget will result in increased capacity for the agency to serve Minnesotans with disabilities and advise the Minnesota legislative and executive branches. With stronger capacity, MCD will be a better representative & advocate for Minnesotans with disabilities in our state government. MCD will focus on increasing authentic community engagement and serving as a resource for Minnesotans with disabilities.

State Employment and Retention of Employees with Disabilities

The goal of this policy is to improve the hiring and retention of employees with disabilities at the state of Minnesota.

The bill that is introduced does the following:

- Codifies [Gov. Dayton Executive Order 14-14](#) & [Gov. Walz Executive Order 19-15](#)
- Improves the implementation and execution of the [Connect 700](#) program
- Provides direction to MMB regarding disability policies and employment
- Codifies and clarifies the roles and responsibilities of ADA coordinators in state agencies
- Standardizes the training of hiring managers and ADA coordinators across all state agencies
- Establishes a data collection and reporting structure on the advancement of employees with disabilities

We believe when more people with disabilities work for the state, policies that impact the disability community will have better disability representation. With more people disabilities in our state enterprise and at the policy/decision-making table, the more informed and impactful those policies will be.

Rare Disease Advisory Council On-Going Funding

The Rare Disease Advisory Council is a new state agency whose focus is to represent and advocate for Minnesotans with rare diseases. The council currently has a sunset provision for its funding at the end of FY2023. We support on-going funding for the council so they can continue their work to improve the lives of Minnesotans with rare diseases.

Pillar #2 – Improving the Lives of Minnesotans with Disabilities

MHRA Amendment to Include “Episodic Disabilities”

This proposal would clarify that “episodic disabilities” are covered under the Minnesota Human Rights Act. This policy idea resulted from a U.S. district court judge who ruled in *Josianne Mell vs. The Minnesota State Agriculture Society* that because the MHRA does not have specific language around “episodic disabilities” but the Americans with Disabilities Act does, it means the MRHA is intentionally omitting “episodic disabilities” from state disability protections. This means the State of Minnesota cannot intervene in cases that involve episodic disabilities. Those with episodic disabilities must go to the federal government to have their cases heard. This proposal will bring the MHRA in line with the ADA and allow the state of Minnesota to assist Minnesotans with episodic disabilities in discrimination cases.

Increasing PCA Pay and Homecare Support Shortage

The shortage of home care workers is growing at an alarming rate in Minnesota. This has had a tremendous impact on those who rely on home care services because it inhibits their ability to have the security and stability in their lives that most people take for granted. Due to their inability to hire and retain quality home care workers they know and trust, their health, safety, and dignity needs have not been met. The time, energy, and challenges of finding workers leaves people with disabilities feeling very vulnerable, burdensome, and at times with little hope for the future. We support raising the pay for PCAs and creating viable career pathways for those who enter this profession. We believe that with better pay and retention incentives, more people will enter and stay in the profession, thus relieving the homecare worker shortage.

PCA Ability to Drive Clients While Working

Currently, Personal Care Assistants (PCAs) in Minnesota can only clock-in hours during which they are providing services to a person with a disability. However, if they need to drive their client to medical appointments or other personal errands, the time spent driving is not considered time during which a PCA can clock-in. PCAs provide critical services to the disability community and the current wage-earning process inhibits PCAs from providing more services that require travel by car. Allowing PCAs to consider time driving a client as on-the-clock expands access to services to the disability community. Restricting PCAs' ability to transport clients directly contradicts the principles set forth by the Minnesota Olmstead Plan, adopted by the State of Minnesota in response to a legal settlement in 2011. The Olmstead Plan states that people with disabilities are entitled to live, learn, work, participate in their communities and enjoy life in the most integrated setting possible.

Rare Disease Insurance Access

Under most Minnesota-based health insurance policies, Minnesotans with rare diseases must first see doctors and specialists within their insurance network before being referred to see a specialist that is out-of-network. Due the nature of rare diseases there are likely few doctors in-network who may be aware of the disease, much less able to treat the condition. This requires a person with a rare disease to see many doctors and can be both a time and financial burden on a person with a rare disease. Updating Minnesota law to require health insurance plans to allow people with rare diseases to see rare disease specialists right away, regardless if they are in-network or not, would save time and reduce the financial burden on the person with the rare disease. Rare disease patients often have diagnostic odysseys, waiting an average of 6 years from onset of symptoms for an accurate diagnosis.

Accessible and Affordable Housing

For Minnesotans with disabilities, the housing shortage crisis is exacerbated by the lack of *accessible*, affordable housing. Accessible, affordable, and inclusive housing is nearly impossible to find for people with disabilities in Minnesota. The most accessible building code in Minnesota still makes a roll-in shower "optional" and there are currently no standards for sensory accessibility features for housing developments. This proposal would increase accessibility (make roll-in shower required) for the existing accessibility requirements (5% of units) and add sensory accessible units (5%) for housing projects utilizing Housing Infrastructure Bonds (HIBs).

MA-EPD Income & Asset Limit Increase

Medical Assistance for Employed Persons with Disabilities (MA-EPD) is a program that many Minnesotans with disabilities rely on for consistent and reliable access to healthcare. However, current income and asset limits restrict Minnesotans with disabilities on MA-EPD ability to earn and save money to ensure their financial security. The income and asset limits perpetuate poverty for people with disabilities by requiring spend downs or high premiums to access

Medicaid. MA-EPD also restrict Minnesotans with disabilities from saving up for vehicles, housing, and other large purchases that help Minnesotans with disabilities live independent and financially secure lives. We believe that increasing income and asset limits for MA-EPD will improve the financial freedom for Minnesotans with disabilities, allow them to grow their careers, and have the chance to become business entrepreneurs.

Pillar #3 – Disability Partner Support

Inclusive Higher Education (MN Inclusive Higher Education Consortium)

Colleges and universities across the country are establishing post-secondary education options for students with intellectual disabilities (ID). While Minnesota has three colleges with the comprehensive transition and postsecondary (CTP) designation from the US Department of Education that are offering enrollment for students with intellectual disabilities, there is limited capacity and access across Minnesota. Inclusive higher education addresses the lack of equity and accessibility of higher education for people with ID in Minnesota—it expands enrollment options in MN and opens the door for federal financial aid for students who may not be able to attend college without financial support.

Hearing Aid Affordability (Minnesota Commission of the Deaf, DeafBlind, & Hard of Hearing)

For many Minnesotans who are deaf or hard of hearing, hearing aids are critical devices for access and communication. Unfortunately, hearing aids are not considered durable medical equipment (DMEs) and are not covered under many health insurance plans. Cochlear implants are covered at \$80-120k for the surgery, but a \$3k-6k pair of HAs are not covered or affordable and have significant barriers to access due to cost. We will advocate for the best avenue that can help bring those costs down or make hearing aids more accessible for Minnesotans, whether through an insurance mandate, tax credit, or a voucher program.

Expanding & Improving Public Transit Options (Metro Mobility & Autonomous Vehicles Pilots)

Many Minnesotans with disabilities rely on public transit and paratransit option to get to work, run errands, and be part of their communities. We will support the Department of Transportation, Metro Transit, and Metro Mobility to improve transit options in Minnesota for Minnesotans with disabilities. We will also support the innovative pilot programs such as autonomous vehicles in Greater Minnesota which seek expand public transit options far beyond the Twin Cities Metro area.

Accessible State Parks (MN Dept. of Natural Resources)

Minnesota is known for its beautiful and breathtaking state parks, however for Minnesotans with disabilities, many state parks are inaccessible. We will work with the Department of Natural Resources to improve access to state parks through various innovative programs such as the All-Terrain Track Chair rentals and upgrading trails and paths to be more accessible.

Study on Disabled-Owned Businesses (Department of Administration)

Our state policies allow for disabled-owned businesses to get additional preference as a vendor for the state in contracting or proposals. However, the kinds of disabilities that qualify is very narrow and focus only on physical disabilities. This program requires an economic study to prove the economic inequities for all preference programs (BIPOC-owned, women-owned, and disabled-owned). We support the Department of Administration's proposal to do a new study that expands the kinds of disabilities they study which would allow the state to expand the kinds of disabilities that benefit from this program and increase economic opportunity for disability-owned businesses.

SmART Proposal (Department of Administration)

The Department of Administration's Small Agency Resource Team (SmART) supports several of our agency's operations, including human resources, financial reporting, and more. Because of our close relationship with SmART, supporting their efforts benefits our agencies and other disability agencies we collaborate with, such as the Ombudsman for Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities (also a SmART client). SmART has two similar proposals that we support:

1. A study to review small agency needs, gaps in services, and what capacity levels are needed to meet their needs, in addition to reviewing other state's small agency support approaches. This study would result in future legislative recommendations based on the findings of the study.
2. Funding to increase the staffing and capacity of SmART to support their growing number of client agencies to ensure MCD (and others) get timely, effective, and supportive services from our main agency that we depend on for internal controls, logistics, and operations.

Health Equity and Data Collection Proposal (MN Department of Health)

The Department of Health proposal is to increase data collection and reporting on the disability populations in Minnesota, the health outcomes for these populations, and a focus on disability as a part of Health Equity throughout the whole agency. We are consulting with MDH to guide their efforts, provide technical assistance, and ensure their proposal meets our advocacy needs. This proposal is primarily financial to fund positions to do this work. We would advocate to add statutory language to require this work to occur so that the funds cannot be used elsewhere and future leadership must continue this work.

MNCCD 2023 Public Policy Agenda (MN Consortium for Citizens with Disabilities)

The Minnesota Consortium for Citizens with Disabilities is a non-governmental advocacy organization representing dozens of disability organizations in Minnesota. Each legislative session, their board, which MCD is represented on, decides on a legislative agenda based on submissions from its member organizations. MCD supports the policies of MNCCD's legislative agenda that align with MCD's values and mission.

Other Disability-Related Bills

MCD will support any disability-related bills of high importance introduced in the 2023 Legislative Session.



Statutory Responsibilities

FOUNDING STATUTE [Minnesota Statutes – 256.482 Council on Disability:](#)

Subd. 5. Duties and powers. The council shall have the following duties and powers:

(1) to advise and otherwise aid the governor; appropriate state agencies, including but not limited to the Departments of Education, Human Services, Employment and Economic Development, and Human Rights and the Divisions of Rehabilitation Services and Services for the Blind; the state legislature; and the public on matters pertaining to public policy and the administration of programs, services, and facilities for persons who have a disability in Minnesota;

(2) to encourage and assist in the development of coordinated, interdepartmental goals and objectives and the coordination of programs, services and facilities among all state departments and private providers of service as they relate to persons with a disability;

(3) to serve as a source of information to the public regarding all services, programs and legislation pertaining to persons with a disability;

(4) to review and make comment to the governor, state agencies, the legislature, and the public concerning adequacy of state programs, plans and budgets for services to persons with a disability and for funding under the various federal grant programs;

(5) to research, formulate and advocate plans, programs and policies which will serve the needs of persons who are disabled;

(6) to advise the Departments of Labor and Industry and Employment and Economic Development on the administration and improvement of the workers' compensation law as it relates to programs, facilities and personnel providing assistance to workers who are injured and disabled;

(7) to advise the Workers' Compensation Division of the Department of Labor and Industry and the Workers' Compensation Court of Appeals as to the necessity and extent of any alteration or remodeling of an existing residence or the building or purchase of a new or different residence which is proposed by a licensed architect under section 176.137;

(8) to initiate or seek to intervene as a party in any administrative proceeding and judicial review thereof to protect and advance the right of all persons who are disabled to an accessible physical environment as provided in section 326B.139; and

(9) to initiate or seek to intervene as a party in any administrative or judicial proceeding which concerns programs or services provided by public or private agencies or organizations and which directly affects the legal rights of persons with a disability.

Access Code Development, MS 16B.61, Subd. 5, Section e, the commissioner of the department of administration, state building codes division is required to consult with the council on disability before any rules are proposed for adoption for current disability access requirements.

ADDITIONAL STATORY MANDATES:

Building Code Access Appeals, MS 16B.67, the council on disability may appeal any final decision of any municipality as to the application of the code to the commissioner of administration.

State Agency Reasonable Accommodation Plan, MS 43A.191, agency affirmative action programs require the council on disability to serve in an advisory role for the department of employee relations in providing assistance with the state agency reasonable accommodation plan.

Disability Parking Certificate Restriction, 169.345, subdiv. 3, the commissioner of the department of public safety shall not issue more than three replacement certificates within any six year period without the approval of the council on disability.

Special Vehicle Variance, MS 174.30, Subd. 2, Section (c), the commissioner of the department of transportation shall consult with the council on disability before making a variance from the operating standard for special transportation services.

WC Home Modifications, MS 176.137, Subd. 4, Section 1, the council on disability advises the workers' compensation division of the department of labor and industry and the workers' compensation court of appeals as to the necessity and extent of any alteration or remodeling of an existing residence or the building or purchase of a new or different residence which is proposed by a licensed architect.

Access Review Board, MS 471.471, the council on disability has membership on the Access Review Board and advises on the installation of stairway chairlifts in buildings that could not otherwise be made more accessible.

Transportation Accessibility Advisory Committee, MS 473.386, Subd. 2, section e, the council has membership on the transportation accessibility advisory committee of the metropolitan council.

Library Access Grants, MS 134.45, Subd. 2, the commissioner of the department of children, families and learning, in consultation with the council on disability may approve or disapprove access grants to public libraries for removal of architectural barriers.

School Access Improvements, MS 123B.58, the commissioner of the department of children, families & learning will consult with the council on disability when developing criteria to determine the cost-effectiveness of removing barriers in older buildings.

School Access Grants, MS 123B.69, the commissioner of the department of children, families & learning, in consultation with the council on disability, shall review applications for access grants.

Children's Development Plan, MS 145.951, the commissioner of health may in consultation with the director of the council on disability develop an implementation plan for the establishment of a statewide program to assist families in developing the full potential of their children.

Licensing Criteria, MS 148C.11, the council on disability advises on the development of special licensing criteria for issuance of a license to alcohol and drug counselors who practice with a member of the disability population.

Roundabout Design, 2010 Ch. 351 Sec. 68, the commissioner of transportation shall consult with the Minnesota State Council on Disability in developing the specifications or standards of the design of roundabouts.

Disability Plates, MS 168.021, the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety shall not issue more than one disability parking plate to any owner unless approved by the Minnesota State Council on Disability.

Minnesota Council on Transportation Access, MS 174.285, the Minnesota State Council on Disability holds one of the thirteen seats on the Minnesota Council on Transportation Access charged with making recommendations to improve the coordination, availability, accessibility, efficiency, cost-effectiveness and safety of transportation services provided to the transit public.

Examination of New Voting System, MS 206.57, the secretary of state shall consult with the Minnesota State Council on Disability at least once every other year, between 2009-2016, on the accessibility of voting equipment in townships.

Report Regarding Services for People with Disabilities, MS 256.4825, the Minnesota State Council on Disability, in collaboration with others, shall issue an annual report on the existing state policies and goals for programs serving people with disabilities.

Appeals, MS 326B.139, the Council on Disability may appeal the ruling of a commissioner as to the application of the building code in accordance with chapter 14.

Non-emergency Medical Transportation Advisory Committee, MS 473.386, the MN State Council on Disability will hold a seat on the Non-emergency Medical Transportation Advisory Committee charged with submitting a report to the commissioner of human services on improvements to the non-emergency medical transportation system.

A few of MCD Key Accomplishments over 50 years:

- Worked with a strong collation of the disability community, supporting the passage of the ADA. (After which we proudly sent a delegation to the White House lawn to celebrate the signing of the ADA)
- Led MN collation passing legislation and ensuring implementation of then - nonexistent curb cuts, and public paratransit (vehicles with lifts).
- Advocated for, along with stalwart advocate Rick Cardenas, access to the State Capitol
- Advised on access for the most (at the time) accessible sports stadium (GO TWINS!) in the United States, and every stadium built in Minnesota since.
- We were at the table codifying accessible building code into law.

We didn't do any of this in a vacuum. We've always engaged our state disability partners, nonprofits and state agencies alike.

Current duties held entirely by a staff of 7, more specifically, 2 dedicated operational FTE's:

Large agencies might have a "unit" of employees – equivalent to our entire staff (7) to perform duties such as

- procure contracts, manage vendor performance, deliverables, and services – and if needed, issue and score and award an RFP, small agencies such as MCD have one person (me), [smile].
- Processes grant activities,
- HR work.
- Interface with MNIT (for sometimes months to resolve IT issues – a special note, solving IT issues is well, a journey).
- Open and close the accounting processes each fiscal year.
- We rarely put in a regular 40-hour week, most weeks, the salaried staff put in extra hours – because we're competing with the big guys, and we're compliant!

Currently we are mentoring a new state agency, the Rare Disease Advisory Council on operationalizing the new agency.



MCD Bill Tracking for 2023 Disability-Related Legislation
<https://www.disability.state.mn.us/about-our-public-policy/bill-tracking/>

Last updated January 20th, 2023

Bill Tracking for 2023 Disability-related Legislation

Each legislative session, dozens of bills are introduced that have an impact on the disability community. Some aim to help the disability community, while others contain policies that could have negative consequences for Minnesotans with disabilities. The Minnesota Council on Disability tracks disability-related bills that are introduced during the legislative session which can be found below. This list is simply meant to inform the public on disability-related legislation and does not imply support or opposition to the bills. To learn more about the legislative priorities that MCD does support, please view our [Public Policy Agenda page](#).

Our bill tracking page is updated weekly. To view the most recent bill introductions, you can visit the following pages:

- [House Bill Introductions](#)
- [Senate Bill Introductions](#)

Bill Topics:

- Council on Disability Priorities
- Human Services
- Education
- Human Rights
- Transportation
- Health
- Disabled Veterans
- Public Safety
- Housing & Independent Living

Note: This list is not meant to be comprehensive and additional topics will be added as bills are introduced.

Council on Disability Priorities

[HF 383](#) – Chief Authors: [Representative Liz Reyer](#)

Advisory Task Force on State Employment and Retention of Employees with Disabilities recommendations adopted, and report required. Connect 700 Reform.

[HF 0384](#) – Chief Authors: [Representative Liz Reyer](#)

Unrestricted access to services required for diagnosis, monitoring, and treatment of rare diseases.

[HF 0480](#) – Chief Authors: [Representative Steve Elkins](#)

Minnesota Council on Disability funding provided to provide outreach, training, assistance, and auditing related to local government website accessibility; report required; and money appropriated.

[SF 0539](#) & [HF 0377](#) – Chief Authors: [Senator Liz Boldon](#) & [Representative Kim Hicks](#)

Council on Disability funding provided, and money appropriated.

Human Services

[SF 0007](#) & [HF 0032](#) – Chief Authors: [Senator John Hoffman](#) & [Representative Mohamud Noor](#)

Caregivers Stabilization Act – A bill that seeks to address the homecare workforce crisis.

[HF 0240](#) – Chief Authors: [Representative Liz Reyer](#)

Medical assistance reimbursement provided for parents and spouses providing services under consumer-directed community supports and community first services and supports.

[SF 0316](#) & [HF 0435](#) – Chief Authors: [Senator Jim Abeler](#) & [Representative John Huot](#)

Payment rates increased for nonemergency medical transportation.

[SF 0317](#) – Chief Authors: [Senator Jim Abeler](#)

Statewide parent-to-parent programs appropriation for families of children and youth with special health care needs.

[SF 0325](#) – Chief Authors: [Senator Sandra Pappas](#)

Centers of independent living grants appropriation.

[HF 0540](#) – Chief Authors: [Representative Kim Hicks](#)

Medical assistance enrollees allowed to opt out of managed care enrollment.

[HF 0568](#) – Chief Authors: [Representative Mike Freiberg](#)

Payment rates modified for intermediate care facilities for persons with developmental disabilities.

[SF 0578](#) & [HF 0564](#) – Chief Authors: [Senator Erin Maye Quade](#) & [Representative Robert Bierman](#)

Children's school-linked mental health grant funding provided, and money appropriated.

Education

[SF 0008](#) – Chief Authors: [Senator Mary Kunesh](#)

Special Education Funding – A bill that seeks to fully fund special education and other education programs through cross-subsidy aid.

[SF 0028](#) & [HF 0018](#) – Chief Authors: [Senator Bonnie Westlin](#) & [Representative Dan Wolgamott](#)

School Districts special education services funding – A bill that seeks to fully fund school district's special education programs.

[SF 0069](#) & [HF 0058](#) – Chief Authors: [Senator Alice Mann](#) & [Representative Ruth Richardson](#)

Dismissal of students in kindergarten through grade 3 prohibited. Students with disabilities are disproportionately more likely to be dismissed from school than non-disabled students.

[HF 0142](#) – Chief Authors: [HF 0142](#) – Chief Authors: [Representative Mike Freiberg](#)

Reasonable accommodations required for parents of children with disabilities when interacting with teachers and school administration.

[SF 0183](#) & [HF 0271](#) – Chief Authors: [Senator Erin Maye Quade](#) & [Representative Heather Edelson](#)

Education; nonexclusionary discipline provided. Students with disabilities are more likely to experience exclusionary discipline.

[SF 0197](#) Chief Authors: [Senator Matt Klein](#)

Education benefit for dependents of disabled veterans establishment.

[HF 0227](#) Chief Authors: [Senator Rich Draheim](#)

Loan forgiveness program establishment for mental health professionals.

[SF 0295](#) & [HF 0170](#)– Chief Authors: [Representative Jamie Becker-Finn](#) & [Senator Heather Gustafson](#)

Updating/improving ASL interpreter requirements for E-12 classrooms.

[SF 0309](#) & [HF 0628](#) – Chief Authors: [Senator John Hoffman](#) & [Representative Jerry Newton](#)

Century College advanced digital technology center for orthotics and prosthetics funding provided, and money appropriated.

[SF 0366](#) & [HF 0368](#) – Chief Authors: [Representative Jessica Hanson](#) & [Senator Liz Boldon](#)

Malicious and sadistic conduct involving race, gender, religion, sexual harassment, sexual orientation and sexual exploitation prohibition.

[SF 0387](#) & [HF 0415](#) – Chief Authors: [Senator Grant Hauschild](#) & Representative [Dave Lislegard](#)

Northern Lights Academy Special Education Cooperative service area education learning center and Northland Learning Center Level IV setting regional special education program in northeastern Minnesota funding provided, bonds issued, and money appropriated.

[SF 0423](#) & [HF 0336](#) – Chief Authors: [Representative Alicia Kozlowski](#) & [Senator Jennifer McEwen](#)

Duluth; Independent School District No. 709 special education revenue adjusted, base adjustment created, supplemental special education aid authorized, and money appropriated.

[SF 0449](#) & [HF 0362](#) – Chief Authors: [Senator Heather Gustafson](#) & [Representative Kelly Moller](#)

Comprehensive school mental health services lead positions establishment and appropriation.

[SF 0489](#) & [HF 0543](#) – Chief Authors: [Senator Glenn Gruenhagen](#) & [Representative Bobbie Harder](#)

Special education tuition billing limited.

[HF 0562](#) – Chief Authors: [Representative Heather Edelson](#)

Due process special education aid created for school districts, and money appropriated.

Human Rights

[SF 0037](#) & [HF 0173](#)– Chief Authors: [Senator Mary Kunesch](#) & [Representative Kaohly Vang Her](#)

Disability Protection under Law. Constitutional amendment providing for equality under the law which includes disability.

Transportation

[SF 0111](#) - Chief Authors: [Senator Torrey Westrom](#)

Creates a new restricted disabled relative driver's license that allows anyone 15 and older to drive their relative with a disability. The restricted disabled relative license must be issued solely for the purpose of authorizing the person to whom the restricted license is issued to assist the person's relative with transportation necessary for daily living, including but not limited to driving to and from work, appointments, shopping, or errands.

[SF 0334](#) – Chief Authors: Senator [Zaynab Mohamed](#)

Certain training requirement for transit operators on assisting passengers.

[HF 0405](#) – Chief Authors: [Representative Duane Quam](#)

Microtransit rideshare pilot program established, microtransit rideshare account established, report required, and money appropriated.

Health

[SF 0120](#) & [HF 0348](#) – Chief Authors: [Senator Erin Murphy](#) & [Representative Michael Howard](#)

Prescription drugs and related medical supplies prescribed to treat a chronic disease co-payments limited.

[SF0149](#) & [HF 0196](#) – Chief Authors: [Senator Andrew Lang](#) & [Representative John Huot](#)

Fuel adjustment provided for nonemergency medical transportation and ambulance service reimbursement.

[SF 0173](#) & [HF 0527](#) – Chief Authors: [Senator Matt Klein](#) & [Representative Mary Frances Clardy](#)

Commissioner of health required to develop education and awareness initiatives addressing health care professional burnout and mental health issues, and money appropriated.

[SF 0316](#) – Chief Authors: [Senator Jim Abeler](#)

Nonemergency medical transportation payment rates increase.

[HF 0346](#) – Chief Authors: [Representative Liz Reyer](#)

Mental health service rate increase bridge established.

[SF 0382](#) – Chief Authors: [Senator Jim Abeler](#)

Emergency grant program creation for autism spectrum disorder treatment providers.

[HF 0584](#) – Chief Authors: [Representative Heather Edelson](#)

Medical assistance reimbursement rates increased for home care services.

[HF 0585](#) – Chief Authors: [Representative Ginny Klevorn](#)

Care evaluation established as a covered medical assistance home care service, medical assistance homemaker rates modified, and report required.

Disabled Veterans

[SF 0138](#) – Chief Authors: [Senator Jeff Howe](#)

Spousal benefit modification for the disabled veterans' homestead market value extension.

[HF 0236](#) Chief Authors: [Representative Mike Freiberg](#)

Property tax provisions modified, and market value exclusion increased for disabled veterans.

Public Safety

[HF 0380](#) – Chief Authors: [Representative Paul Novotny](#)

Silver Alert system created to aid in locating missing persons who are senior citizens with cognitive impairments, and penalties provided.

[HF 0506](#) – Chief Authors: [Representative Jon Koznick](#)

Equine therapy to first responders suffering from trauma and post-traumatic stress disorder grant funding provided, and money appropriated.

[HF 0610](#) – Chief Authors: [Representative Dan Wolgamott](#)

Addressing mental health in law enforcement and first responder communities funding provided.

Housing & Independent Living

[SF 0325](#) & [HF 0459](#) – Chief Authors: [Senator Sandra Pappas](#) & [Representative Dan Wolgamott](#)

Centers of independent living grants appropriation.

[SF 0543](#) – Chief Authors: [Senator Jim Abeler](#)

Pilot project providing grants establishment for integrated community-based housing.