3.4 ARTICLE 1
3.5 CHILDREN AND FAMILY SERVICES

- 3.6 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 119B.07, is amended to read: 3.7 **119B.07 USE OF MONEY.**
- 3.8 Subdivision 1. Uses of money. (a) Money for persons listed in sections 119B.03,
- 3.9 subdivision 3, and 119B.05, subdivision 1, shall be used to reduce the costs of child care
- 3.10 for students, including the costs of child care for students while employed if enrolled in an
- 3.11 eligible education program at the same time and making satisfactory progress towards
- 3.12 completion of the program. Counties may not limit the duration of child care subsidies for
- 3.13 a person in an employment or educational program, except when the person is found to be
- 3.14 ineligible under the child care fund eligibility standards. Any limitation must be based
- 3.15 on a person's employment plan in the case of an MFIP participant, and county policies
- 3.16 included in the child care fund plan. The maximum length of time a student is eligible for
- 3.17 child care assistance under the child care fund for education and training is no more than
- 3.18 the time necessary to complete the credit requirements for an associate or baccalaureate
- 3.19 degree as determined by the educational institution, excluding basic or remedial education
- 3.20 programs needed to prepare for postsecondary education or employment.
- 3.21 Subd. 2. Eligibility. (b) To be eligible, the student must be in good standing
- 3.22 and be making satisfactory progress toward the degree. Time limitations for child care
- 3.23 assistance do not apply to basic or remedial educational programs needed to prepare
- 3.24 for postsecondary education or employment. These programs include: high school,
- 3.25 general equivalency diploma, and English as a second language. Programs exempt from
- 3.26 this time limit must not run concurrently with a postsecondary program. If an MFIP
- 3.27 participant who is receiving MFIP child care assistance under this chapter moves to
- 3.28 another county, continues to participate in educational or training programs authorized in
- 3.29 their employment plans, and continues to be eligible for MFIP child care assistance under
- 3.30 this chapter, the MFIP participant must receive continued child care assistance from the
- 3.31 county responsible for their current employment plan, under section 256G.07.
- 3.32 Subd. 3. Amount of child care assistance authorized. (a) If the student meets the
- 3.33 conditions of subdivisions 1 and 2, child care assistance must be authorized for all hours
- 3.34 of actual class time and credit hours, including independent study and internships; up to
- 3.35 two hours of travel time per day; and, for postsecondary students, two hours per week
- 4.1 per credit hour for study time and academic appointments. For an MFIP or DWP student
- 4.2 whose employment plan specifies a different time frame, child care assistance must be
- 4.3 authorized according to the time frame specified in the employment plan.
- 4.4 (b) The amount of child care assistance authorized must take into consideration the
- 4.5 amount of time the parent reports on the application or redetermination form that the child
- 4.6 attends preschool, a Head Start program, or school while the parent is participating in
- 4.7 the parent's authorized activity.

House Language UES1458-1

199.3 ARTICLE 7
199.4 CHILDREN AND FAMILY SERVICES

- 4.8 (c) When the conditions in paragraph (d) do not apply, the applicant's or participant's
- 4.9 activity schedule does not need to be verified. The amount of child care assistance
- 4.10 authorized may be used during the applicant's or participant's activity or at other times, as
- 4.11 determined by the family, to meet the developmental needs of the child.
- 4.12 (d) Care must be authorized based on the applicant's or participant's verified activity
- 4.13 schedule when:
- 4.14 (1) the family requests to regularly receive care from more than one provider per child;
- 4.15 (2) the family requests a legal nonlicensed provider;
- 4.16 (3) the family includes more than one applicant or participant; or
- 4.17 (4) an applicant or participant is employed by a provider that is licensed by the
- 4.18 Department of Human Services or enrolled as a medical assistance provider in the
- 4.19 Minnesota health care program's provider directory.
- 4.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2016.
- 4.21 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 119B.10, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 4.22 Subdivision 1. Assistance for persons seeking and retaining employment. (a)
- 4.23 Persons who are seeking employment and who are eligible for assistance under this
- 4.24 section are eligible to receive up to 240 hours of child care assistance per calendar year.
- 4.25 (b) Employed persons who work at least an average of 20 hours and full-time
- 4.26 students who work at least an average of ten hours a week and receive at least a minimum
- 4.27 wage for all hours worked are eligible for continued child care assistance for employment.
- 4.28 For purposes of this section, work-study programs must be counted as employment. Child
- 4.29 care assistance during employment for employed participants must be authorized as
- 4.30 provided in paragraphs (c) and, (d), (e), (f), and (g).
- 4.31 (c) When the person works for an hourly wage and the hourly wage is equal to or
- 4.32 greater than the applicable minimum wage, child care assistance shall be provided for the
- 4.33 actual hours of employment, break, and mealtime during the employment and travel time
- 4.34 up to two hours per day.
- 5.1 (d) When the person does not work for an hourly wage, child care assistance must be
- 5.2 provided for the lesser of:
- 5.3 (1) the amount of child care determined by dividing gross earned income by the
- 5.4 applicable minimum wage, up to one hour every eight hours for meals and break time,
- 5.5 plus up to two hours per day for travel time; or

- 5.6 (2) the amount of child care equal to the actual amount of child care used during
- 5.7 employment, including break and mealtime during employment, and travel time up to
- 5.8 two hours per day.
- 5.9 (e) The amount of child care assistance authorized must take into consideration the
- 5.10 amount of time the parent reports on the application or redetermination form that the child
- 5.11 attends preschool, a Head Start program, or school while the parent is participating in
- 5.12 the parent's authorized activity.
- 5.13 (f) When the conditions in paragraph (g) do not apply, the applicant's or participant's
- 5.14 activity schedule does not need to be verified. The amount of child care assistance
- 5.15 authorized may be used during the applicant's or participant's activity or at other times, as
- 5.16 determined by the family, to meet the developmental needs of the child.
- 5.17 (g) Care must be authorized based on the applicant's or participant's verified activity
- 5.18 schedule when:
- 5.19 (1) the family requests to regularly receive care from more than one provider per child;
- 5.20 (2) the family requests a legal nonlicensed provider;
- 5.21 (3) the family includes more than one applicant or participant; or
- 5.22 (4) an applicant or participant is employed by a provider that is licensed by the
- 5.23 Department of Human Services or enrolled as a medical assistance provider in the
- 5.24 Minnesota health care program's provider directory.
- 5.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2016.
- 5.26 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 119B.11, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
- 5.27 Subd. 2a. **Recovery of overpayments.** (a) An amount of child care assistance
- 5.28 paid to a recipient in excess of the payment due is recoverable by the county agency
- 5.29 under paragraphs (b) and (c), even when the overpayment was caused by agency error or
- 5.30 circumstances outside the responsibility and control of the family or provider.
- 5.31 (b) An overpayment must be recouped or recovered from the family if the
- 5.32 overpayment benefited the family by causing the family to pay less for child care expenses
- 5.33 than the family otherwise would have been required to pay under child care assistance
- 5.34 program requirements. Family overpayments must be established and recovered in
- 5.35 accordance with clauses (1) to (5).
- 6.1 (1) If the overpayment is estimated to be less than \$500, the overpayment must not be
- 6.2 established or collected. Any portion of the overpayment that occurred more than one year
- 6.3 prior to the date of the overpayment determination must not be established or collected.

- 6.4 (2) If the family remains eligible for child care assistance and an overpayment is
- 6.5 established, the overpayment must be recovered through recoupment as identified in 6.6 Minnesota Rules, part 3400.0187, except that the overpayments must be calculated and
- 6.7 collected on a service period basis. If the family no longer remains eligible for child
- 6.8 eare assistance, the county may choose to initiate efforts to recover overpayments from
- 6.9 the family for overpayment less than \$50.
- 6.10 (3) If the family is no longer eligible for child care assistance and an overpayment
- 6.11 is greater than or equal to \$50 established, the county shall seek voluntary repayment of
- 6.12 the overpayment from the family.
- 6.13 (4) If the county is unable to recoup the overpayment through voluntary repayment,
- 6.14 the county shall initiate civil court proceedings to recover the overpayment unless the
- 6.15 county's costs to recover the overpayment will exceed the amount of the overpayment.
- 6.16 (5) A family with an outstanding debt under this subdivision is not eligible for 6.17 child care assistance until:
- 6.18 (1) (i) the debt is paid in full; or
- 6.19 (2) (ii) satisfactory arrangements are made with the county to retire the debt
- 6.20 consistent with the requirements of this chapter and Minnesota Rules, chapter 3400, and
- 6.21 the family is in compliance with the arrangements.
- 6.22 (c) The county must recover an overpayment from a provider if the overpayment did
- 6.23 not benefit the family by causing it to receive more child care assistance or to pay less
- 6.24 for child care expenses than the family otherwise would have been eligible to receive
- 6.25 or required to pay under child care assistance program requirements, and benefited the
- 6.26 provider by causing the provider to receive more child care assistance than otherwise
- 6.27 would have been paid on the family's behalf under child care assistance program
- 6.28 requirements. If the provider continues to care for children receiving child care assistance,
- 6.29 the overpayment must be recovered through reductions in child care assistance payments
- 6.30 for services as described in an agreement with the county. The provider may not charge
- 6.31 families using that provider more to cover the cost of recouping the overpayment. If the
- 6.32 provider no longer cares for children receiving child care assistance, the county may
- 6.33 choose to initiate efforts to recover overpayments of less than \$50 from the provider. If the
- 6.34 overpayment is greater than or equal to \$50, the county shall seek voluntary repayment of
- 6.35 the overpayment from the provider. If the county is unable to recoup the overpayment
- 6.36 through voluntary repayment, the county shall initiate civil court proceedings to recover
- 7.1 the overpayment unless the county's costs to recover the overpayment will exceed the
- 7.2 amount of the overpayment. A provider with an outstanding debt under this subdivision is
- 7.3 not eligible to care for children receiving child care assistance until:
- 7.4 (1) the debt is paid in full; or

- 7.5 (2) satisfactory arrangements are made with the county to retire the debt consistent 7.6 with the requirements of this chapter and Minnesota Rules, chapter 3400, and the provider
- 7.7 is in compliance with the arrangements.
- 7.8 (d) When both the family and the provider acted together to intentionally cause the
- 7.9 overpayment, both the family and the provider are jointly liable for the overpayment
- 7.10 regardless of who benefited from the overpayment. The county must recover the
- 7.11 overpayment as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c). When the family or the provider is in
- 7.12 compliance with a repayment agreement, the party in compliance is eligible to receive
- 7.13 child care assistance or to care for children receiving child care assistance despite the
- 7.14 other party's noncompliance with repayment arrangements.
- 7.15 (e) A family overpayment designated solely as an agency error must not be
- 7.16 established or collected. This paragraph does not apply: (1) to recipient families if the
- 7.17 overpayment was caused in any part by wrongfully obtaining assistance under section
- 7.18 256.98; or (2) to benefits paid pending appeal under section 119B.16, to the extent that
- 7.19 the commissioner finds on appeal that the appellant was not eligible for the amount of
- 7.20 child care assistance paid.
- 7.21 (f) A provider overpayment designated as an agency error that results from an
- 7.22 incorrect maximum rate being applied must not be established or collected. All other
- 7.23 provider overpayments designated as agency error must be established and collected.
- 7.24 (g) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in this subdivision, an
- 7.25 overpayment must be collected, regardless of amount or time period, if the overpayment
- 7.26 was caused by wrongfully obtaining assistance under section 256.98, or benefits paid while
- 7.27 an action is pending appeal under section 119B.16, to the extent the commissioner finds
- 7.28 on appeal that the appellant was not eligible for the amount of child care assistance paid.

#### 7.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2016.

- 7.30 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 119B.125, is amended by adding a subdivision 7.31 to read:
- 7.32 Subd. 7. Failure to comply with attendance record requirements. (a) In
- 7.33 establishing an overpayment claim for failure to provide attendance records in compliance
- 7.34 with section 119B.125, subdivision 6, the county or commissioner is limited to the six
- 7.35 years prior to the date the county or the commissioner requested the attendance records.
- 8.1 (b) The commissioner may periodically audit child care providers to determine
- 8.2 compliance with section 119B.125, subdivision 6.

# Children and Family Services

## May 03, 2015 02:12 PM

Senate Language S1458-2

- 8.3 (c) When the commissioner or county establishes an overpayment claim against a
- 8.4 current or former provider, the commissioner or county must provide notice of the claim to
- 8.5 the provider. A notice of overpayment claim must specify the reason for the overpayment,
- 8.6 the authority for making the overpayment claim, the time period in which the overpayment
- 8.7 occurred, the amount of the overpayment, and the provider's right to appeal.
- 8.8 (d) The commissioner or county shall seek to recoup or recover overpayments paid
- 8.9 to a current or former provider.
- 8.10 (e) When a provider has been disqualified or convicted of fraud under section
- 8.11 256.98, theft under section 609.52, or a federal crime relating to theft of state funds
- 8.12 or fraudulent billing for a program administered by the commissioner or a county,
- 8.13 recoupment or recovery must be sought regardless of the amount of overpayment.
- 8.14 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245C.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 8.15 to read:
- 8.16 Subd. 10. Providers of group residential housing or supplementary services.
- 8.17 The commissioner shall conduct background studies on any individual required under
- 8.18 section 256I.04 to have a background study completed under this chapter.
- 8.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

- 8.20 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245C.10, is amended by adding a subdivision 8.21 to read:
- 8.22 Subd. 11. Providers of group residential housing or supplementary services.
- 8.23 The commissioner shall recover the cost of background studies initiated by providers of
- 8.24 group residential housing or supplementary services under section 256I.04 through a fee
- 8.25 of no more than \$20 per study. The fees collected under this subdivision are appropriated
- 8.26 to the commissioner for the purpose of conducting background studies.
- 8.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

199.5 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245C.03, is amended by adding a 199.6 subdivision to read:

House Language UES1458-1

- 199.7 Subd. 10. Providers of group residential housing or supplementary services.
- 199.8 The commissioner shall conduct background studies on any individual required under
- 199.9 section 256I.04 to have a background study completed under this chapter.
- 199.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.
- 199.11 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245C.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 199.12 to read:
- 199.13 Subd. 11. Child protection workers or social services staff having responsibility
- 199.14 **for child protective duties.** The commissioner shall conduct background studies of any
- 199.15 individual employed by a county social services agency or by a local welfare agency who
- 199.16 performs child protection duties.
- 199.17 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245C.10, is amended by adding a subdivision 199.18 to read:
- 199.19 Subd. 11. Providers of group residential housing or supplementary services.
- 199.20 The commissioner shall recover the cost of background studies initiated by providers of
- 199.21 group residential housing or supplementary services under section 256I.04 through a fee
- 199.22 of no more than \$20 per study. The fees collected under this subdivision are appropriated
- 199.23 to the commissioner for the purpose of conducting background studies.
- 199.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.
- 199.25 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 245C.10, is amended by adding a subdivision 199.26 to read:

PAGE R6-A1

- 8.28 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256.01, is amended by adding a subdivision 8.29 to read:
- 8.30 Subd. 12a. Department of Human Services child fatality and near fatality
- 8.31 review team. The commissioner shall establish a Department of Human Services child
- 8.32 fatality and near fatality review team to review child fatalities and near fatalities due to
- 9.1 child maltreatment and child fatalities and near fatalities that occur in licensed facilities
- 9.2 and are not due to natural causes. The review team shall assess the entire child protection
- 9.3 services process from the point of a mandated reporter reporting the alleged maltreatment
- 9.4 through the ongoing case management process. Department staff shall lead and conduct
- 9.5 on-site local reviews and utilize supervisors from local county and tribal child welfare
- 9.6 agencies as peer reviewers. The review process must focus on critical elements of the case
- 9.7 and on the involvement of the child and family with the county or tribal child welfare
- 9.8 agency. The review team shall identify necessary program improvement planning to
- 9.9 address any practice issues identified and training and technical assistance needs of
- 9.10 the local agency. Summary reports of each review shall be provided to the state child
- 9.11 mortality review panel when completed.
- 9.12 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256.01, is amended by adding a subdivision 9.13 to read:
- 9.14 Subd. 14c. Early intervention support and services for at-risk American Indian
- 9.15 **families.** (a) The commissioner shall authorize grants to tribal child welfare agencies and
- 9.16 urban Indian organizations for the purpose of providing early intervention support and
- 9.17 services to prevent child maltreatment for at-risk American Indian families.
- 9.18 (b) The commissioner is authorized to develop program eligibility criteria, early
- 9.19 intervention service delivery procedures, and reporting requirements for agencies and
- 9.20 organizations receiving grants.
- 9.21 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256.017, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

#### 199.27 Subd. 12. Child protection workers or social services staff having responsibility

- 199.28 for child protective duties. The commissioner shall recover the cost of background
- 199.29 studies performed on county employees who perform child protective duties through a fee
- 199.30 of no more than \$20 per study. The fees collected under this subdivision are appropriated
- 199.31 to the commissioner for the purpose of conducting background studies.

- 200.1 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256.01, is amended by adding a subdivision 200.2 to read:
- 200.3 Subd. 12a. Department of Human Services child fatality and near fatality
- 200.4 review team. The commissioner shall establish a Department of Human Services child
- 200.5 fatality and near fatality review team to review child fatalities and near fatalities due to
- 200.6 child maltreatment and child fatalities and near fatalities that occur in licensed facilities
- 200.7 and are not due to natural causes. The review team shall assess the entire child protection
- 200.8 services process from the point of a mandated reporter reporting the alleged maltreatment
- 200.9 through the ongoing case management process. Department staff shall lead and conduct
- 200.10 on-site local reviews and utilize supervisors from local county and tribal child welfare
- 200.11 agencies as peer reviewers. The review process must focus on critical elements of the case
- 200.12 and on the involvement of the child and family with the county or tribal child welfare
- 200.13 agency. The review team shall identify necessary program improvement planning to
- 200.14 address any practice issues identified and training and technical assistance needs of
- 200.15 the local agency. Summary reports of each review shall be provided to the state child
- 200.16 mortality review panel when completed.
- 200.17 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256.01, is amended by adding a subdivision 200.18 to read:
- 200.19 Subd. 14c. Early intervention support and services for at-risk American Indian
- 200.20 families. (a) The commissioner shall authorize grants to tribal child welfare agencies and
- 200.21 urban Indian organizations for the purpose of providing early intervention support and
- 200.22 services to prevent child maltreatment for at-risk American Indian families.
- 200.23 (b) The commissioner is authorized to develop program eligibility criteria, early
- 200.24 intervention service delivery procedures, and reporting requirements for agencies and
- 200.25 organizations receiving grants.
- 200.26 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256.017, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

- 9.22 Subdivision 1. Authority and purpose. The commissioner shall administer a
  9.23 compliance system for the Minnesota family investment program, the food stamp or food
  9.24 support program, emergency assistance, general assistance, medical assistance, emergency
  9.25 general assistance, Minnesota supplemental assistance, group residential housing,
  9.26 preadmission screening, alternative care grants, the child care assistance program, and
  9.27 all other programs administered by the commissioner or on behalf of the commissioner
  9.28 under the powers and authorities named in section 256.01, subdivision 2. The purpose of
  9.29 the compliance system is to permit the commissioner to supervise the administration of
  9.30 public assistance programs and to enforce timely and accurate distribution of benefits,
  9.31 completeness of service and efficient and effective program management and operations,
- 10.2 as needed in administering the compliance system.

  10.3 The commissioner shall utilize training, technical assistance, and monitoring

9.32 to increase uniformity and consistency in the administration and delivery of public

9.33 assistance programs throughout the state, and to reduce the possibility of sanctions and

9.34 fiscal disallowances for noncompliance with federal regulations and state statutes. The

10.1 commissioner, or the commissioner's representative, may issue administrative subpoenas

- 10.4 activities, as specified in section 256.01, subdivision 2, to encourage county agency 10.5 compliance with written policies and procedures.
- 10.6 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256.741, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 10.7 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) The term "direct support" as used in this chapter and 10.8 chapters 257, 518, 518A, and 518C refers to an assigned support payment from an obligor 10.9 which is paid directly to a recipient of public assistance.
- 10.10 (b) The term "public assistance" as used in this chapter and chapters 257, 518, 518A, 10.11 and 518C, includes any form of assistance provided under the AFDC program formerly 10.12 codified in sections 256.72 to 256.87, MFIP and MFIP-R formerly codified under chapter 10.13 256, MFIP under chapter 256J, work first program formerly codified under chapter 256K; 10.14 child care assistance provided through the child care fund under chapter 119B; any form 10.15 of medical assistance under chapter 256B; MinnesotaCare under chapter 256L; and foster 10.16 care as provided under title IV-E of the Social Security Act. MinnesotaCare and health 10.17 plans subsidized by federal premium tax credits or federal cost-sharing reductions are not 10.18 considered public assistance for purposes of a child support referral.
- 10.19 (c) The term "child support agency" as used in this section refers to the public 10.20 authority responsible for child support enforcement.
- 10.21 (d) The term "public assistance agency" as used in this section refers to a public 10.22 authority providing public assistance to an individual.
- 10.23 (e) The terms "child support" and "arrears" as used in this section have the meanings 10.24 provided in section 518A.26.
- 10.25 (f) The term "maintenance" as used in this section has the meaning provided in 10.26 section 518.003.

200.27 Subdivision 1. **Authority and purpose.** The commissioner shall administer a

House Language UES1458-1

200.27 Subdivision 1. Authority and purpose. The commissioner shall administer a 200.28 compliance system for the Minnesota family investment program, the food stamp or food 200.29 support program, emergency assistance, general assistance, medical assistance, emergency 200.30 general assistance, Minnesota supplemental assistance, group residential housing, 200.31 preadmission screening, alternative care grants, the child care assistance program, and 200.32 all other programs administered by the commissioner or on behalf of the commissioner 200.33 under the powers and authorities named in section 256.01, subdivision 2. The purpose of 200.34 the compliance system is to permit the commissioner to supervise the administration of 201.1 public assistance programs and to enforce timely and accurate distribution of benefits, 201.2 completeness of service and efficient and effective program management and operations, 201.3 to increase uniformity and consistency in the administration and delivery of public 201.4 assistance programs throughout the state, and to reduce the possibility of sanctions and 201.5 fiscal disallowances for noncompliance with federal regulations and state statutes. The 201.6 commissioner, or the commissioner's representative, may issue administrative subpoenas 201.7 as needed in administering the compliance system.

- 201.8 The commissioner shall utilize training, technical assistance, and monitoring 201.9 activities, as specified in section 256.01, subdivision 2, to encourage county agency 201.10 compliance with written policies and procedures.
- 201.11 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256.741, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 201.12 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) The term "direct support" as used in this chapter and 201.13 chapters 257, 518, 518A, and 518C refers to an assigned support payment from an obligor 201.14 which is paid directly to a recipient of public assistance.
- 201.15 (b) The term "public assistance" as used in this chapter and chapters 257, 518, 518A, 201.16 and 518C, includes any form of assistance provided under the AFDC program formerly 201.17 codified in sections 256.72 to 256.87, MFIP and MFIP-R formerly codified under chapter 201.18 256, MFIP under chapter 256J, work first program formerly codified under chapter 256K; 201.19 child care assistance provided through the child care fund under chapter 119B; any form 201.20 of medical assistance under chapter 256B; MinnesotaCare under chapter 256L; and 201.21 foster care as provided under title IV-E of the Social Security Act. MinnesotaCare and
- 201.22 plans supplemented by tax credits are not considered public assistance for purposes of
- 201.23 <u>a child support referral.</u>
- 201.24 (c) The term "child support agency" as used in this section refers to the public 201.25 authority responsible for child support enforcement.
- 201.26 (d) The term "public assistance agency" as used in this section refers to a public 201.27 authority providing public assistance to an individual.
- 201.28 (e) The terms "child support" and "arrears" as used in this section have the meanings 201.29 provided in section 518A.26.
- 201.30 (f) The term "maintenance" as used in this section has the meaning provided in 201.31 section 518.003.

PAGE R8-A1

- 10.27 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256.741, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 10.28 Subd. 2. Assignment of support and maintenance rights. (a) An individual
- 10.29 receiving public assistance in the form of assistance under any of the following programs:
- 10.30 the AFDC program formerly codified in sections 256.72 to 256.87, MFIP under chapter
- 10.31 256J, MFIP-R and MFIP formerly codified under chapter 256, or work first program
- 10.32 formerly codified under chapter 256K is considered to have assigned to the state at the
- 10.33 time of application all rights to child support and maintenance from any other person the
- 10.34 applicant or recipient may have in the individual's own behalf or in the behalf of any other
- 11.1 family member for whom application for public assistance is made. An assistance unit is
- 11.2 ineligible for the Minnesota family investment program unless the caregiver assigns all
- 11.3 rights to child support and maintenance benefits according to this section.
- 11.4 (1) The assignment is effective as to any current child support and current 11.5 maintenance.
- 11.6 (2) Any child support or maintenance arrears that accrue while an individual is 11.7 receiving public assistance in the form of assistance under any of the programs listed in
- 11.8 this paragraph are permanently assigned to the state.
- 11.9 (3) The assignment of current child support and current maintenance ends on the
- 11.10 date the individual ceases to receive or is no longer eligible to receive public assistance 11.11 under any of the programs listed in this paragraph.
- 11.12 (b) An individual receiving public assistance in the form of medical assistance,
- 11.13 including MinnesotaCare, is considered to have assigned to the state at the time of
- 11.14 application all rights to medical support from any other person the individual may have
- 11.15 in the individual's own behalf or in the behalf of any other family member for whom
- 11.16 medical assistance is provided.
- 11.17 (1) An assignment made after September 30, 1997, is effective as to any medical
- 11.18 support accruing after the date of medical assistance or MinnesotaCare eligibility.
- 11.19 (2) Any medical support arrears that accrue while an individual is receiving public
- 11.20 assistance in the form of medical assistance, including MinnesotaCare, are permanently
- 11.21 assigned to the state.
- 11.22 (3) The assignment of current medical support ends on the date the individual ceases
- 11.23 to receive or is no longer eligible to receive public assistance in the form of medical
- 11.24 assistance or MinnesotaCare.
- 11.25 (c) An individual receiving public assistance in the form of child care assistance
- 11.26 under the child care fund pursuant to chapter 119B is considered to have assigned to the
- 11.27 state at the time of application all rights to child care support from any other person the
- 11.28 individual may have in the individual's own behalf or in the behalf of any other family
- 11.29 member for whom child care assistance is provided.
- 11.30 (1) The assignment is effective as to any current child care support.

#### 201.32 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256.741, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

201.33 Subd. 2. Assignment of support and maintenance rights. (a) An individual

- 201.34 receiving public assistance in the form of assistance under any of the following programs:
- 202.1 the AFDC program formerly codified in sections 256.72 to 256.87, MFIP under chapter
- 202.2 256J, MFIP-R and MFIP formerly codified under chapter 256, or work first program
- 202.3 formerly codified under chapter 256K is considered to have assigned to the state at the
- 202.4 time of application all rights to child support and maintenance from any other person the
- 202.5 applicant or recipient may have in the individual's own behalf or in the behalf of any other
- 202.6 family member for whom application for public assistance is made. An assistance unit is
- 102.0 failing member for whom application for public assistance is made. An assistance unit
- 202.7 ineligible for the Minnesota family investment program unless the caregiver assigns all
- 202.8 rights to child support and maintenance benefits according to this section.
- 202.9 (1) The assignment is effective as to any current child support and current 202.10 maintenance.
- 202.11 (2) Any child support or maintenance arrears that accrue while an individual is
- 202.12 receiving public assistance in the form of assistance under any of the programs listed in
- 202.13 this paragraph are permanently assigned to the state.
- 202.14 (3) The assignment of current child support and current maintenance ends on the
- 202.15 date the individual ceases to receive or is no longer eligible to receive public assistance
- 202.16 under any of the programs listed in this paragraph.
- 202.17 (b) An individual receiving public assistance in the form of medical assistance,
- 202.18 including MinnesotaCare, is considered to have assigned to the state at the time of
- 202.19 application all rights to medical support from any other person the individual may have
- 202.20 in the individual's own behalf or in the behalf of any other family member for whom
- 202.21 medical assistance is provided.
- 202.22 (1) An assignment made after September 30, 1997, is effective as to any medical
- 202.23 support accruing after the date of medical assistance or MinnesotaCare eligibility.
- 202.24 (2) Any medical support arrears that accrue while an individual is receiving public
- 202.25 assistance in the form of medical assistance<del>, including MinnesotaCare,</del> are permanently
- 202.26 assigned to the state.
- 202.27 (3) The assignment of current medical support ends on the date the individual ceases
- 202.28 to receive or is no longer eligible to receive public assistance in the form of medical
- 202.29 assistance or MinnesotaCare.
- 202.30 (c) An individual receiving public assistance in the form of child care assistance
- 202.31 under the child care fund pursuant to chapter 119B is considered to have assigned to the
- 202.32 state at the time of application all rights to child care support from any other person the
- 202.33 individual may have in the individual's own behalf or in the behalf of any other family
- 202.34 member for whom child care assistance is provided.
- 202.35 (1) The assignment is effective as to any current child care support.

#### Senate Language S1458-2

- 11.31 (2) Any child care support arrears that accrue while an individual is receiving public
- 11.32 assistance in the form of child care assistance under the child care fund in chapter 119B
- 11.33 are permanently assigned to the state.
- 11.34 (3) The assignment of current child care support ends on the date the individual
- 11.35 ceases to receive or is no longer eligible to receive public assistance in the form of child
- 11.36 care assistance under the child care fund under chapter 119B.

# House Language UES1458-1

- 203.1 (2) Any child care support arrears that accrue while an individual is receiving public
- 203.2 assistance in the form of child care assistance under the child care fund in chapter 119B
- 203.3 are permanently assigned to the state.
- 203.4 (3) The assignment of current child care support ends on the date the individual
- 203.5 ceases to receive or is no longer eligible to receive public assistance in the form of child
- 203.6 care assistance under the child care fund under chapter 119B.

# 203.7 Sec. 10. [256E.28] CHILD PROTECTION GRANTS TO ADDRESS CHILD

- 203.8 WELFARE DISPARITIES.
- 203.9 Subdivision 1. Child welfare disparities grant program established. The
- 203.10 commissioner may award grants to eligible entities for the development, implementation,
- 203.11 and evaluation of activities to address racial disparities and disproportionality in the child
- 203.12 welfare system by:
- 203.13 (1) identifying and addressing structural factors that contribute to inequities in
- 203.14 outcomes;
- 203.15 (2) identifying and implementing strategies to reduce racial disparities in treatment
- 203.16 and outcomes;
- 203.17 (3) using cultural values, beliefs, and practices of families, communities, and tribes
- 203.18 for case planning, service design, and decision-making processes;
- 203.19 (4) using placement and reunification strategies to maintain and support relationships
- 203.20 and connections between parents, siblings, children, kin, significant others, and tribes; and
- 203.21 (5) supporting families in the context of their communities and tribes to safely divert
- 203.22 them from the child welfare system, whenever possible.
- 203.23 Subd. 2. State-community partnerships; plan. The commissioner, in partnership
- 203.24 with the culturally based community organizations; the Indian Affairs Council under
- 203.25 section 3.922; the Council on Affairs of Chicano/Latino People under section 3.9223;
- 203.26 the Council on Black Minnesotans under section 3.9225; the Council on Asian-Pacific
- 203.27 Minnesotans under section 3.9226; the American Indian Child Welfare Advisory Council
- 203.28 under section 260.835; counties; and tribal governments, shall develop and implement a
- 203.29 comprehensive, coordinated plan to award funds under this section for the priority areas
- 203.30 identified in subdivision 1. In developing and implementing this plan, the commissioner
- 203.31 shall consult with the legislative task force on child protection.
- 203.32 Subd. 3. Measurable outcomes. The commissioner, in consultation with the
- 203.33 community partners listed in subdivision 2 and the legislative task force on child protection,
- 203.34 shall establish measurable outcomes to achieve the goals specified in subdivision 1 and to
- 203.35 determine the effectiveness of the grants and other activities funded under this section in
- 204.1 reducing disparities identified in subdivision 1. The development of measurable outcomes
- 204.2 must be completed before any funds are distributed under this section.

PAGE R10-A1

- 204.3 Subd. 4. Process. (a) The commissioner, in consultation with the community
- 204.4 partners listed in subdivision 2 and the legislative task force on child protection, shall
- 204.5 develop the criteria and procedures to allocate competitive grants under this section. In
- 204.6 developing the criteria, the commissioner shall establish an administrative cost limit for
- 204.7 grant recipients. A county awarded a grant shall not spend more than three percent of the
- 204.8 grant on administrative costs. When a grant is awarded, the commissioner must provide a
- 204.9 grant recipient with information on the outcomes established according to subdivision 3.
- 204.10 (b) A grant recipient must coordinate its activities with other entities receiving funds
- 204.11 under this section that are in the grant recipient's service area.
- 204.12 (c) Grant funds must not be used to supplant any state or federal funds received
- 204.13 for child welfare services.
- 204.14 Subd. 5. Grant program criteria. (a) The commissioner, in consultation with
- 204.15 the legislative task force on child protection, shall award competitive grants to eligible
- 204.16 applicants for local or regional projects and initiatives directed at reducing disparities in
- 204.17 the child welfare system.
- 204.18 (b) The commissioner may award up to 20 percent of the funds available as planning
- 204.19 grants. Planning grants must be used to address such areas as community assessment,
- 204.20 coordination activities, and development of community supported strategies.
- 204.21 (c) Eligible applicants may include, but are not limited to, faith-based organizations,
- 204.22 social service organizations, community nonprofit organizations, counties, and tribal
- 204.23 governments. Applicants must submit proposals to the commissioner. A proposal must
- 204.24 specify the strategies to be implemented to address one or more of the priority areas in
- 204.25 subdivision 1 and must be targeted to achieve the outcomes established according to
- 204.26 subdivision 3.
- 204.27 (d) The commissioner shall give priority to applicants who demonstrate that their
- 204.28 proposed project or initiative:
- 204.29 (1) is supported by the community the applicant will serve;
- 204.30 (2) is evidence-based;
- 204.31 (3) is designed to complement other related community activities;
- 204.32 (4) utilizes strategies that positively impact priority areas;
- 204.33 (5) reflects culturally appropriate approaches; or
- 204.34 (6) will be implemented through or with community-based organizations that reflect
- 204.35 the culture of the population to be reached.

#### 12.1 Sec. 12. [256E.345] HEALTHY EATING, HERE AT HOME.

- 12.2 Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** The healthy eating, here at home program is
- 12.3 established to provide incentives for low-income Minnesotans to use Supplemental
- 12.4 Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits for healthy purchases at Minnesota-based
- 12.5 farmers' markets.
- 12.6 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section.
- 12.7 (b) "Healthy eating, here at home" means a program administered by the
- 12.8 commissioner to provide incentives for low-income Minnesotans to use SNAP benefits for
- 12.9 healthy purchases at Minnesota-based farmers' markets.
- 12.10 (c) "Healthy purchases" means SNAP-eligible foods.
- 12.11 (d) "Minnesota-based farmers' market" means a physical market as defined in section
- 12.12 28A.151, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), and also includes mobile markets.
- 12.13 (e) "Voucher" means a physical or electronic credit.
- 12.14 (f) "Eligible household" means an individual or family that is determined to be a
- 12.15 recipient of SNAP.

## 205.1 Subd. 6. Evaluation. (a) Using the outcomes established according to subdivision

House Language UES1458-1

- 205.2 3, the commissioner shall conduct a biennial evaluation of the grant program funded under
- 205.3 this section. Grant recipients shall cooperate with the commissioner in the evaluation and
- 205.4 shall provide the commissioner with the information needed to conduct the evaluation.
- 205.5 (b) The commissioner shall consult with the legislative task force on child protection
- 205.6 during the evaluation process and shall submit a biennial evaluation report to the task
- 205.7 force and to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and
- 205.8 senate committees with jurisdiction over child protection funding.

# 205.9 Subd. 7. American Indian child welfare projects. Of the amount appropriated for

- 205.10 purposes of this section, the commissioner shall award \$75,000 to each tribe authorized to
- 205.11 provide tribal delivery of child welfare services under section 256.01, subdivision 14b. To
- 205.12 receive funds under this subdivision, a participating tribe is not required to apply to the
- 205.13 commissioner for grant funds. Participating tribes are also eligible for competitive grant
- 205.14 funds under this section.

- 12.16 Subd. 3. Grants. The commissioner shall award grant funds to nonprofit
- 12.17 organizations that work with Minnesota-based farmers' markets to provide up to \$10
- 12.18 vouchers to SNAP participants who use electronic benefits transfer (EBT) cards for
- 12.19 healthy purchases. Funds may also be provided for vouchers distributed through nonprofit
- 12.20 organizations engaged in healthy cooking and food education outreach to eligible
- 12.21 households for use at farmers' markets. Funds appropriated under this section may not
- 12.22 be used for healthy cooking classes or food education outreach. When awarding grants,
- 12.23 the commissioner must consider how the nonprofit organizations will achieve geographic
- 12.24 balance, including specific efforts to reach eligible households across the state, and the
- 12.25 organizations' capacity to manage the programming and outreach.
- 12.26 Subd. 4. Household eligibility; participation. To be eligible for a healthy eating,
- 12.27 here at home voucher, an eligible household must meet the SNAP eligibility requirements
- 12.28 in state or federal law.
- 12.29 Subd. 5. **Permissible uses; information provided.** An eligible household may use
- 12.30 the voucher toward healthy purchases at Minnesota-based farmers' markets. Every eligible
- 12.31 household that receives a voucher must be informed of the allowable uses of the voucher.
- 12.32 Subd. 6. **Program reporting.** The nonprofit organizations that receive grant funds
- 12.33 must report annually to the commissioner with information regarding the operation of the
- 12.34 program, including the number of vouchers issued and the number of people served. To
- 12.35 the extent practicable, the nonprofit organizations must report on the usage of the vouchers
- 12.36 and evaluate the program's effectiveness.
- 13.1 Subd. 7. **Grocery inclusion.** The commissioner must submit a waiver request to
- 13.2 the federal United States Department of Agriculture seeking approval for the inclusion of
- 13.3 Minnesota grocery stores in this program so that SNAP participants may use the vouchers
- 13.4 for healthy produce at grocery stores. Grocery store participation is voluntary and a
- 13.5 grocery store's associated administrative costs will not be reimbursed.
- 13.6 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256E.35, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 13.7 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section.
- 13.8 (b) "Eligible educational institution" means the following:
- 13.9 (1) an institution of higher education described in section 101 or 102 of the Higher
- 13.10 Education Act of 1965; or
- 13.11 (2) an area vocational education school, as defined in subparagraph (C) or (D) of
- 13.12 United States Code, title 20, chapter 44, section 2302 (3) (the Carl D. Perkins Vocational
- 13.13 and Applied Technology Education Act), which is located within any state, as defined in
- 13.14 United States Code, title 20, chapter 44, section 2302 (30). This clause is applicable only
- 13.15 to the extent section 2302 is in effect on August 1, 2008.

205.15 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256E.35, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

205.16 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section.

205.17 (b) "Eligible educational institution" means the following:

205.18 (1) an institution of higher education described in section 101 or 102 of the Higher

205.19 Education Act of 1965; or

205.20 (2) an area vocational education school, as defined in subparagraph (C) or (D) of

205.21 United States Code, title 20, chapter 44, section 2302 (3) (the Carl D. Perkins Vocational

205.22 and Applied Technology Education Act), which is located within any state, as defined in

205.23 United States Code, title 20, chapter 44, section 2302 (30). This clause is applicable only

205.24 to the extent section 2302 is in effect on August 1, 2008.

PAGE R13-A1

- 13.16 (b) (c) "Family asset account" means a savings account opened by a household
- 13.17 participating in the Minnesota family assets for independence initiative.
- 13.18 (e) (d) "Fiduciary organization" means:
- 13.19 (1) a community action agency that has obtained recognition under section 256E.31;
- 13.20 (2) a federal community development credit union serving the seven-county
- 13.21 metropolitan area; or
- 13.22 (3) a women-oriented economic development agency serving the seven-county
- 13.23 metropolitan area.
- 13.24 (e) "Financial coach" means a person who:
- 13.25 (1) has completed an intensive financial literacy training workshop that includes
- 13.26 curriculum on budgeting to increase savings, debt reduction and asset building, building a
- 13.27 good credit rating, and consumer protection;
- 13.28 (2) participates in ongoing statewide family assets for independence in Minnesota
- 13.29 (FAIM) network training meetings under FAIM program supervision; and
- 13.30 (3) provides financial coaching to program participants under subdivision 4a.
- 13.31 (d) (f) "Financial institution" means a bank, bank and trust, savings bank, savings
- 13.32 association, or credit union, the deposits of which are insured by the Federal Deposit
- 13.33 Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration.
- 13.34 (g) "Household" means all individuals who share use of a dwelling unit as primary
- 13.35 quarters for living and eating separate from other individuals.
- 14.1 (e) (h) "Permissible use" means:
- 14.2 (1) postsecondary educational expenses at an eligible educational institution as
- 14.3 defined in paragraph (g) (b), including books, supplies, and equipment required for
- 14.4 courses of instruction;
- 14.5 (2) acquisition costs of acquiring, constructing, or reconstructing a residence,
- 14.6 including any usual or reasonable settlement, financing, or other closing costs;
- 14.7 (3) business capitalization expenses for expenditures on capital, plant, equipment,
- 14.8 working capital, and inventory expenses of a legitimate business pursuant to a business
- 14.9 plan approved by the fiduciary organization; and
- 14.10 (4) acquisition costs of a principal residence within the meaning of section 1034 of
- 14.11 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 which do not exceed 100 percent of the average area
- 14.12 purchase price applicable to the residence determined according to section 143(e)(2) and
- 14.13 (3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

205.25 (b) (c) "Family asset account" means a savings account opened by a household

205.26 participating in the Minnesota family assets for independence initiative.

- 205.27 (e) (d) "Fiduciary organization" means:
- 205.28 (1) a community action agency that has obtained recognition under section 256E.31;
- 205.29 (2) a federal community development credit union serving the seven-county
- 205.30 metropolitan area; or
- 205.31 (3) a women-oriented economic development agency serving the seven-county
- 205.32 metropolitan area.
- 205.33 (e) "Financial coach" means a person who:
- 206.1 (1) has completed an intensive financial literacy training workshop that includes
- 206.2 curriculum on budgeting to increase savings, debt reduction and asset building, building a
- 206.3 good credit rating, and consumer protection;
- 206.4 (2) participates in ongoing statewide family assets for independence in Minnesota
- 206.5 (FAIM) network training meetings under FAIM program supervision; and
- 206.6 (3) provides financial coaching to program participants under subdivision 4a.
- 206.7 (d) (f) "Financial institution" means a bank, bank and trust, savings bank, savings
- 206.8 association, or credit union, the deposits of which are insured by the Federal Deposit
- 206.9 Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration.
- 206.10 (g) "Household" means all individuals who share use of a dwelling unit as primary
- 206.11 quarters for living and eating separate from other individuals.
- 206.12 (e) (h) "Permissible use" means:
- 206.13 (1) postsecondary educational expenses at an eligible educational institution as
- 206.14 defined in paragraph (g) (b), including books, supplies, and equipment required for
- 206.15 courses of instruction;
- 206.16 (2) acquisition costs of acquiring, constructing, or reconstructing a residence,
- 206.17 including any usual or reasonable settlement, financing, or other closing costs;
- 206.18 (3) business capitalization expenses for expenditures on capital, plant, equipment,
- 206.19 working capital, and inventory expenses of a legitimate business pursuant to a business
- 206.20 plan approved by the fiduciary organization; and
- 206.21 (4) acquisition costs of a principal residence within the meaning of section 1034 of
- 206.22 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 which do not exceed 100 percent of the average area
- 206.23 purchase price applicable to the residence determined according to section 143(e)(2) and
- 206.24 (3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

#### Senate Language S1458-2

- 14.14 (f) "Household" means all individuals who share use of a dwelling unit as primary
- 14.15 quarters for living and eating separate from other individuals.
- 14.16 (g) "Eligible educational institution" means the following:
- 14.17 (1) an institution of higher education described in section 101 or 102 of the Higher
- 14.18 Education Act of 1965; or
- 14.19 (2) an area vocational education school, as defined in subparagraph (C) or (D) of
- 14.20 United States Code, title 20, chapter 44, section 2302 (3) (the Carl D. Perkins Vocational
- 14.21 and Applied Technology Education Act), which is located within any state, as defined in
- 14.22 United States Code, title 20, chapter 44, section 2302 (30). This clause is applicable only
- 14.23 to the extent section 2302 is in effect on August 1, 2008.
- 14.24 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256E.35, is amended by adding a subdivision
- 14.25 to read:
- 14.26 Subd. 4a. **Financial coaching.** A financial coach shall provide the following
- 14.27 to program participants:
- 14.28 (1) financial education relating to budgeting, debt reduction, asset-specific training,
- 14.29 and financial stability activities;
- 14.30 (2) asset-specific training related to buying a home, acquiring postsecondary
- 14.31 education, or starting or expanding a small business; and
- 14.32 (3) financial stability education and training to improve and sustain financial security.
- 14.33 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 15.1 Subd. 3. **Group residential housing.** "Group residential housing" means a group
- 15.2 living situation that provides at a minimum room and board to unrelated persons who
- 15.3 meet the eligibility requirements of section 256I.04. This definition includes foster care
- 15.4 settings or community residential settings for a single adult. To receive payment for a
- 15.5 group residence rate, the residence must meet the requirements under section 256I.04,
- 15.6 subdivision subdivisions 2a to 2f.
- 15.7 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.03, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- 15.8 Subd. 7. Countable income. "Countable income" means all income received by
- 15.9 an applicant or recipient less any applicable exclusions or disregards. For a recipient of
- 15.10 any cash benefit from the SSI program, countable income means the SSI benefit limit in
- 15.11 effect at the time the person is in a GRH a recipient of group residential housing, less the
- 15.12 medical assistance personal needs allowance under section 256B.35. If the SSI limit
- 15.13 has been or benefit is reduced for a person due to events occurring prior to the persons
- 15.14 entering the GRH setting other than receipt of additional income, countable income means
- 15.15 actual income less any applicable exclusions and disregards.

# House Language UES1458-1

- 206.25 (f) "Household" means all individuals who share use of a dwelling unit as primary
- 206.26 quarters for living and eating separate from other individuals.
- 206.27 (g) "Eligible educational institution" means the following:
- 206.28 (1) an institution of higher education described in section 101 or 102 of the Higher
- 206.29 Education Act of 1965; or
- 206.30 (2) an area vocational education school, as defined in subparagraph (C) or (D) of
- 206.31 United States Code, title 20, chapter 44, section 2302 (3) (the Carl D. Perkins Vocational
- 206.32 and Applied Technology Education Act), which is located within any state, as defined in
- 206.33 United States Code, title 20, chapter 44, section 2302 (30). This clause is applicable only
- 206.34 to the extent section 2302 is in effect on August 1, 2008.
- 207.1 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256E.35, is amended by adding a subdivision
- 207.2 to read:
- 207.3 Subd. 4a. Financial coaching. Within available appropriations, a financial coach
- 207.4 shall provide the following to program participants:
- 207.5 (1) financial education relating to budgeting, debt reduction, asset-specific training,
- 207.6 and financial stability activities;
- 207.7 (2) asset-specific training related to buying a home, acquiring postsecondary
- 207.8 education, or starting or expanding a small business; and
- 207.9 (3) financial stability education and training to improve and sustain financial security.
- 207.10 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 207.11 Subd. 3. **Group residential housing.** "Group residential housing" means a group
- 207.12 living situation that provides at a minimum room and board to unrelated persons who
- 207.13 meet the eligibility requirements of section 256I.04. This definition includes foster care
- 207.14 settings or community residential settings for a single adult. To receive payment for a
- 207.15 group residence rate, the residence must meet the requirements under section 256I.04,
- 207.16 subdivision subdivisions 2a to 2f.
- 207.17 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.03, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- 207.18 Subd. 7. Countable income. "Countable income" means all income received by
- 207.19 an applicant or recipient less any applicable exclusions or disregards. For a recipient of
- 207.20 any cash benefit from the SSI program, countable income means the SSI benefit limit in
- 207.21 effect at the time the person is in a GRH a recipient of group residential housing, less the
- 207.22 medical assistance personal needs allowance under section 256B.35. If the SSI limit
- 207.23 has been or benefit is reduced for a person due to events occurring prior to the persons
- 207.24 entering the GRH setting other than receipt of additional income, countable income means
- 207.25 actual income less any applicable exclusions and disregards.

PAGE R15-A1

#### Senate Language S1458-2

- 15.16 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 15.17 to read:
- 15.18 Subd. 9. Direct contact. "Direct contact" means providing face-to-face care,
- 15.19 support, training, supervision, counseling, consultation, or medication assistance to
- 15.20 recipients of group residential housing.
- 15.21 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 15.22 to read:
- 15.23 Subd. 10. **Habitability inspection.** "Habitability inspection" means an inspection to
- 15.24 determine whether the housing occupied by an individual meets the habitability standards
- 15.25 specified by the commissioner. The standards must be provided to the applicant in writing
- 15.26 and posted on the Department of Human Services Web site.
- 15.27 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 15.28 to read:
- 15.29 <u>Subd. 11. **Long-term homelessness.**</u> "Long-term homelessness" means lacking a 15.30 permanent place to live:
- 15.31 (1) continuously for one year or more; or
- 15.32 (2) at least four times in the past three years.
- 16.1 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 16.2 to read:
- 16.3 Subd. 12. **Professional statement of need.** "Professional statement of need" means
- 16.4 a statement about an individual's illness, injury, or incapacity that is signed by a qualified
- 16.5 professional. The statement must specify that the individual has an illness or incapacity
- 16.6 which limits the individual's ability to work and provide self-support. The statement
- 16.7 must also specify that the individual needs assistance to access or maintain housing, as
- 16.8 evidenced by the need for two or more of the following services:
- 16.9 (1) tenancy supports to assist an individual with finding the individual's own
- 16.10 home, landlord negotiation, securing furniture and household supplies, understanding
- 16.11 and maintaining tenant responsibilities, conflict negotiation, and budgeting and financial
- 16.12 education;
- 16.13 (2) supportive services to assist with basic living and social skills, household
- 16.14 management, monitoring of overall well-being, and problem solving;
- 16.15 (3) employment supports to assist with maintaining or increasing employment,
- 16.16 increasing earnings, understanding and utilizing appropriate benefits and services.
- 16.17 improving physical or mental health, moving toward self-sufficiency, and achieving
- 16.18 personal goals; or

207.26 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.03, is amended by adding a subdivision

House Language UES1458-1

- 207.27 to read:
- 207.28 Subd. 9. **Direct contact.** "Direct contact" means providing face-to-face care,
- 207.29 training, supervision, counseling, consultation, or medication assistance to recipients of 207.30 group residential housing.
- 207.31 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 207.32 to read:
- 208.1 Subd. 10. Habitability inspection. "Habitability inspection" means an inspection to
- 208.2 determine whether the housing occupied by an individual meets the habitability standards
- 208.3 specified by the commissioner. The standards must be provided to the applicant in writing
- 208.4 and posted on the Department of Human Services Web site.
- 208.5 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 208.6 to read:
- 208.7 Subd. 11. Long-term homelessness. "Long-term homelessness" means lacking a 208.8 permanent place to live:
- 208.9 (1) continuously for one year or more; or
- 208.10 (2) at least four times in the past three years.
- 208.11 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 208.12 to read:
- 208.13 Subd. 12. **Professional certification.** "Professional certification" means a statement
- 208.14 about an individual's illness, injury, or incapacity that is signed by a qualified professional.
- 208.15 The statement must specify that the individual has an illness or incapacity which limits the
- 208.16 individual's ability to work and provide self-support. The statement must also specify that
- 208.17 the individual needs assistance to access or maintain housing, as evidenced by the need
- 208.18 for two or more of the following services:
- 208.19 (1) tenancy supports to assist an individual with finding the individual's own
- 208.20 home, landlord negotiation, securing furniture and household supplies, understanding
- 208.21 and maintaining tenant responsibilities, conflict negotiation, and budgeting and financial
- 208.22 education;
- 208.23 (2) supportive services to assist with basic living and social skills, household
- 208.24 management, monitoring of overall well-being, and problem solving;
- 208.25 (3) employment supports to assist with maintaining or increasing employment,
- 208.26 increasing earnings, understanding and utilizing appropriate benefits and services,
- 208.27 improving physical or mental health, moving toward self-sufficiency, and achieving
- 208.28 personal goals; or

PAGE R16-A1

- 16.19 (4) health supervision services to assist in the preparation and administration of
- 16.20 medications other than injectables, the provision of therapeutic diets, taking vital signs, or
- 16.21 providing assistance in dressing, grooming, bathing, or with walking devices.
- 16.22 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 16.23 to read:
- 16.24 Subd. 13. **Prospective budgeting.** "Prospective budgeting" means estimating the
- 16.25 amount of monthly income a person will have in the payment month.
- 16.26 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 16.27 to read:
- 16.28 Subd. 14. Qualified professional. "Qualified professional" means an individual as
- 16.29 defined in section 256J.08, subdivision 73a, or Minnesota Rules, part 9530.6450, subpart
- 16.30 3, 4, or 5; or an individual approved by the director of human services or a designee
- 16.31 of the director.
- 16.32 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 16.33 to read:
- 17.1 Subd. 15. **Supportive housing.** "Supportive housing" means housing with support
- 17.2 services according to the continuum of care coordinated assessment system established
- 17.3 under Code of Federal Regulations, title 24, section 578.3.
- 17.4 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.04, is amended to read:
- 17.5 256I.04 ELIGIBILITY FOR GROUP RESIDENTIAL HOUSING PAYMENT.
- 17.6 Subdivision 1. **Individual eligibility requirements.** An individual is eligible for 17.7 and entitled to a group residential housing payment to be made on the individual's behalf 17.8 if the agency has approved the individual's residence in a group residential housing setting 17.9 and the individual meets the requirements in paragraph (a) or (b).
- 17.10 (a) The individual is aged, blind, or is over 18 years of age and disabled as
- 17.11 determined under the criteria used by the title II program of the Social Security Act, and
- 17.12 meets the resource restrictions and standards of section 256P.02, and the individual's
- 17.13 countable income after deducting the (1) exclusions and disregards of the SSI program,
- 17.14 (2) the medical assistance personal needs allowance under section 256B.35, and (3) an
- 17.15 amount equal to the income actually made available to a community spouse by an elderly
- 17.16 waiver participant under the provisions of sections 256B.0575, paragraph (a), clause
- 17.17 (4), and 256B.058, subdivision 2, is less than the monthly rate specified in the agency's
- 17.18 agreement with the provider of group residential housing in which the individual resides.

208.29 (4) health supervision services to assist in the preparation and administration of

- 208.30 medications other than injectables, the provision of therapeutic diets, taking vital signs, or
- 208.31 providing assistance in dressing, grooming, bathing, or with walking devices.

House Language UES1458-1

- 208.32 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 208.33 to read:
- 209.1 Subd. 13. **Prospective budgeting.** "Prospective budgeting" means estimating the
- 209.2 amount of monthly income a person will have in the payment month.
- 209.3 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 209.4 to read:
- 209.5 Subd. 14. Qualified professional. "Qualified professional" means an individual as
- 209.6 defined in section 256J.08, subdivision 73a, or Minnesota Rules, part 9530.6450, subpart
- 209.7 3, 4, or 5; or an individual approved by the director of human services or a designee 209.8 of the director.
- 209.9 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.03, is amended by adding a subdivision 209.10 to read:
- 209.11 Subd. 15. Supportive housing. "Supportive housing" means housing with support
- 209.12 services according to the continuum of care coordinated assessment system established
- 209.13 under Code of Federal Regulations, title 24, section 578.3.
- 209.14 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.04, is amended to read:
- 209.15 2561.04 ELIGIBILITY FOR GROUP RESIDENTIAL HOUSING PAYMENT.
- 209.16 Subdivision 1. Individual eligibility requirements. An individual is eligible for
- 209.17 and entitled to a group residential housing payment to be made on the individual's behalf
- 209.18 if the agency has approved the individual's residence in a group residential housing setting
- 209.19 and the individual meets the requirements in paragraph (a) or (b).
- 209.20 (a) The individual is aged, blind, or is over 18 years of age and disabled as
- 209.21 determined under the criteria used by the title II program of the Social Security Act, and
- 209.22 meets the resource restrictions and standards of section 256P.02, and the individual's
- 209.23 countable income after deducting the (1) exclusions and disregards of the SSI program,
- 209.24 (2) the medical assistance personal needs allowance under section 256B.35, and (3) an
- 209.25 amount equal to the income actually made available to a community spouse by an elderly
- 209.26 waiver participant under the provisions of sections 256B.0575, paragraph (a), clause
- 209.27 (4), and 256B.058, subdivision 2, is less than the monthly rate specified in the agency's
- 209.28 agreement with the provider of group residential housing in which the individual resides.

PAGE R17-A1

- 17.19 (b) The individual meets a category of eligibility under section 256D.05, subdivision
- 17.20 1, paragraph (a), clauses (1), (3), (5) to (9), and (14), and paragraph (b), if applicable, and
- 17.21 the individual's resources are less than the standards specified by section 256P.02, and
- 17.22 the individual's countable income as determined under sections 256D.01 to 256D.21, less
- 17.23 the medical assistance personal needs allowance under section 256B.35 is less than the
- 17.24 monthly rate specified in the agency's agreement with the provider of group residential
- 17.25 housing in which the individual resides.
- 17.26 Subd. 1a. County approval. (a) A county agency may not approve a group
- 17.27 residential housing payment for an individual in any setting with a rate in excess of the
- 17.28 MSA equivalent rate for more than 30 days in a calendar year unless the county agency
- 17.29 has developed or approved individual has a plan for the individual which specifies that:
- 17.30 (1) the individual has an illness or incapacity which prevents the person from living
- 17.31 independently in the community; and
- 17.32 (2) the individual's illness or incapacity requires the services which are available in
- 17.33 the group residence.
- 17.34 The plan must be signed or countersigned by any of the following employees of the
- 17.35 county of financial responsibility: the director of human services or a designee of the
- 18.1 director; a social worker; or a case aide professional statement of need under section
- 18.2 256I.03, subdivision 12.
- 18.3 (b) If a county agency determines that an applicant is ineligible due to not meeting
- 18.4 eligibility requirements under this section, a county agency may accept a signed personal
- 18.5 statement from the applicant in lieu of documentation verifying ineligibility.
- 18.6 (c) Effective July 1, 2016, to be eligible for supplementary service payments,
- 18.7 providers must enroll in the provider enrollment system identified by the commissioner.
- 18.8 Subd. 1b. Optional state supplements to SSI. Group residential housing payments
- 18.9 made on behalf of persons eligible under subdivision 1, paragraph (a), are optional state 18.10 supplements to the SSI program.
- 18.11 Subd. 1c. Interim assistance. Group residential housing payments made on behalf
- 18.12 of persons eligible under subdivision 1, paragraph (b), are considered interim assistance
- 18.13 payments to applicants for the federal SSI program.
- 18.14 Subd. 2. Date of eligibility. An individual who has met the eligibility requirements
- 18.15 of subdivision 1, shall have a group residential housing payment made on the individual's
- 18.16 behalf from the first day of the month in which a signed application form is received by
- 18.17 a county agency, or the first day of the month in which all eligibility factors have been
- 18.18 met, whichever is later.
- 18.19 Subd. 2a. License required; staffing qualifications. A county (a) Except
- 18.20 as provided in paragraph (b), an agency may not enter into an agreement with an
- 18.21 establishment to provide group residential housing unless:

209.29 (b) The individual meets a category of eligibility under section 256D.05, subdivision 209.30 1, paragraph (a), clauses (1), (3), (5) to (9), and (14), and paragraph (b), if applicable, and 209.31 the individual's resources are less than the standards specified by section 256P.02, and 209.32 the individual's countable income as determined under sections 256D.01 to 256D.21, less 209.33 the medical assistance personal needs allowance under section 256B.35 is less than the 210.1 monthly rate specified in the agency's agreement with the provider of group residential

- 210.3 Subd. 1a. County approval. (a) A county agency may not approve a group
- 210.4 residential housing payment for an individual in any setting with a rate in excess of the
- 210.5 MSA equivalent rate for more than 30 days in a calendar year unless the county agency
- 210.6 has developed or approved individual has a plan for the individual which specifies that:
- 210.7 (1) the individual has an illness or incapacity which prevents the person from living
- 210.8 independently in the community; and

210.2 housing in which the individual resides.

- 210.9 (2) the individual's illness or incapacity requires the services which are available in 210.10 the group residence.
- 210.11 The plan must be signed or countersigned by any of the following employees of the
- 210.12 county of financial responsibility: the director of human services or a designee of the
- 210.13 director; a social worker; or a case aide professional certification under section 256I.03,
- 210.14 subdivision 12.
- 210.15 (b) If a county agency determines that an applicant is ineligible due to not meeting
- 210.16 eligibility requirements under this section, a county agency may accept a signed personal
- 210.17 statement from the applicant in lieu of documentation verifying ineligibility.
- 210.18 (c) Effective July 1, 2016, to be eligible for supplementary service payments,
- 210.19 providers must enroll in the provider enrollment system identified by the commissioner.
- 210.20 Subd. 1b. Optional state supplements to SSI. Group residential housing payments
- 210.21 made on behalf of persons eligible under subdivision 1, paragraph (a), are optional state
- 210.22 supplements to the SSI program.
- 210.23 Subd. 1c. Interim assistance. Group residential housing payments made on behalf
- 210.24 of persons eligible under subdivision 1, paragraph (b), are considered interim assistance
- 210.25 payments to applicants for the federal SSI program.
- 210.26 Subd. 2. Date of eligibility. An individual who has met the eligibility requirements
- 210.27 of subdivision 1, shall have a group residential housing payment made on the individual's
- 210.28 behalf from the first day of the month in which a signed application form is received by
- 210.29 a county agency, or the first day of the month in which all eligibility factors have been
- 210.30 met, whichever is later.
- 210.31 Subd. 2a. License required; staffing qualifications. A county (a) Except
- 210.32 as provided in paragraph (b), an agency may not enter into an agreement with an
- 210.33 establishment to provide group residential housing unless:

PAGE R18-A1

- 18.22 (1) the establishment is licensed by the Department of Health as a hotel and
- 18.23 restaurant; a board and lodging establishment; a residential care home; a boarding care
- 18.24 home before March 1, 1985; or a supervised living facility, and the service provider
- 18.25 for residents of the facility is licensed under chapter 245A. However, an establishment
- 18.26 licensed by the Department of Health to provide lodging need not also be licensed to
- 18.27 provide board if meals are being supplied to residents under a contract with a food vendor
- 18.28 who is licensed by the Department of Health;
- 18.29 (2) the residence is: (i) licensed by the commissioner of human services under
- 18.30 Minnesota Rules, parts 9555.5050 to 9555.6265; (ii) certified by a county human services
- 18.31 agency prior to July 1, 1992, using the standards under Minnesota Rules, parts 9555.5050
- 18.32 to 9555.6265; (iii) a residence licensed by the commissioner under Minnesota Rules, parts
- 18.33 2960.0010 to 2960.0120, with a variance under section 245A.04, subdivision 9; or (iv)
- 18.34 licensed under section 245D.02, subdivision 4a, as a community residential setting by
- 18.35 the commissioner of human services; or
- 19.1 (3) the establishment is registered under chapter 144D and provides three meals a
- 19.2 day, or is an establishment voluntarily registered under section 144D.025 as a supportive
- 19.3 housing establishment; or
- 19.4 (4) an establishment voluntarily registered under section 144D.025, other than
- 19.5 a supportive housing establishment under clause (3), is not eligible to provide group
- 19.6 residential housing.
- 19.7 (b) The requirements under elauses (1) to (4) paragraph (a) do not apply to
- 19.8 establishments exempt from state licensure because they are:
- 19.9 (1) located on Indian reservations and subject to tribal health and safety
- 19.10 requirements; or
- 19.11 (2) a supportive housing establishment that has an approved habitability inspection
- 19.12 and an individual lease agreement and that serves people who have experienced long-term
- 19.13 homelessness and were referred through a coordinated assessment in section 256I.03,
- 19.14 subdivision 15.
- 19.15 (c) Supportive housing establishments and emergency shelters must participate in
- 19.16 the homeless management information system.
- 19.17 (d) Effective July 1, 2016, an agency shall not have an agreement with a provider
- 19.18 of group residential housing or supplementary services unless all staff members who
- 19.19 have direct contact with recipients:
- 19.20 (1) have skills and knowledge acquired through:
- 19.21 (i) a course of study in a health or human services related field leading to a bachelor
- 19.22 of arts, bachelor of science, or associate's degree;
- 19.23 (ii) one year of experience with the target population served;

- 210.34 (1) the establishment is licensed by the Department of Health as a hotel and
- 210.35 restaurant; a board and lodging establishment; a residential care home; a boarding care
- 210.36 home before March 1, 1985; or a supervised living facility, and the service provider
- 211.1 for residents of the facility is licensed under chapter 245A. However, an establishment
- 211.2 licensed by the Department of Health to provide lodging need not also be licensed to
- 211.3 provide board if meals are being supplied to residents under a contract with a food vendor
- 211.4 who is licensed by the Department of Health;
- 211.5 (2) the residence is: (i) licensed by the commissioner of human services under
- 211.6 Minnesota Rules, parts 9555.5050 to 9555.6265; (ii) certified by a county human services
- 211.7 agency prior to July 1, 1992, using the standards under Minnesota Rules, parts 9555.5050
- 211.8 to 9555.6265; (iii) a residence licensed by the commissioner under Minnesota Rules, parts
- 211.9 2960.0010 to 2960.0120, with a variance under section 245A.04, subdivision 9; or (iv)
- 211.10 licensed under section 245D.02, subdivision 4a, as a community residential setting by
- 211.11 the commissioner of human services; or
- 211.12 (3) the establishment is registered under chapter 144D and provides three meals a
- 211.13 day, or is an establishment voluntarily registered under section 144D.025 as a supportive
- 211.14 housing establishment; or.
- 211.15 (4) an establishment voluntarily registered under section 144D.025, other than
- 211.16 a supportive housing establishment under clause (3), is not eligible to provide group
- 211.17 residential housing.
- 211.18 (b) The requirements under clauses (1) to (4) paragraph (a) do not apply to
- 211.19 establishments exempt from state licensure because they are:
- 211.20 (1) located on Indian reservations and subject to tribal health and safety
- 211.21 requirements:; or
- 211.22 (2) a supportive housing establishment that has an approved habitability inspection
- 211.23 and an individual lease agreement and that serves people who have experienced long-term
- 211.24 homelessness and were referred through a coordinated assessment in section 2561.03,
- 211.25 subdivision 15.
- 211.26 (c) Supportive housing establishments and emergency shelters must participate in
- 211.27 the homeless management information system.
- 211.28 (d) Effective July 1, 2016, an agency shall not have an agreement with a provider
- 211.29 of group residential housing or supplementary services unless all staff members who
- 211.30 have direct contact with recipients:
- 211.31 (1) have skills and knowledge acquired through one or more of the following:
- 211.32 (i) a course of study in a health- or human services-related field leading to a bachelor
- 211.33 of arts, bachelor of science, or associate's degree;
- 211.34 (ii) one year of experience with the target population served;

PAGE R19-A1

- 19.24 (iii) experience as a certified peer specialist according to section 256B.0615; or
- 19.25 (iv) meeting the requirements for unlicensed personnel under sections 144A.43
- 19.26 to 144A.483;
- 19.27 (2) hold a current Minnesota driver's license appropriate to the vehicle driven if
- 19.28 transporting participants;
- 19.29 (3) complete training on vulnerable adults mandated reporting and child
- 19.30 maltreatment mandated reporting, where applicable; and
- 19.31 (4) complete group residential housing orientation training offered by the
- 19.32 commissioner.
- 19.33 Subd. 2b. Group residential housing agreements. (a) Agreements between eounty
- 19.34 agencies and providers of group residential housing or supplementary services must be in
- 19.35 writing on a form developed and approved by the commissioner and must specify the name
- 19.36 and address under which the establishment subject to the agreement does business and
- 20.1 under which the establishment, or service provider, if different from the group residential
- 20.2 housing establishment, is licensed by the Department of Health or the Department of
- 20.3 Human Services; the specific license or registration from the Department of Health or the
- 20.4 Department of Human Services held by the provider and the number of beds subject to
- 20.5 that license; the address of the location or locations at which group residential housing is
- 20.6 provided under this agreement; the per diem and monthly rates that are to be paid from
- 20.7 group residential housing or supplementary service funds for each eligible resident at each
- 20.8 location; the number of beds at each location which are subject to the group residential
- 20.9 housing agreement; whether the license holder is a not-for-profit corporation under section
- 20.10 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code; and a statement that the agreement is subject to
- 20.11 the provisions of sections 256I.01 to 256I.06 and subject to any changes to those sections.
- 20.12 (b) Providers are required to verify the following minimum requirements in the
- 20.13 agreement:
- 20.14 (1) current license or registration, including authorization if managing or monitoring
- 20.15 medications;
- 20.16 (2) all staff who have direct contact with recipients meet the staff qualifications:
- 20.17 (3) the provision of group residential housing;
- 20.18 (4) the provision of supplementary services, if applicable;
- 20.19 (5) reports of adverse events, including recipient death or serious injury; and
- 20.20 (6) submission of residency requirements that could result in recipient eviction.
- 20.21 Group residential housing (c) Agreements may be terminated with or without cause by
- 20.22 either the eounty commissioner, the agency, or the provider with two calendar months prior
- 20.23 notice. The commissioner may immediately terminate an agreement under subdivision 2d.

#### 211.35 (iii) experience as a certified peer specialist according to section 256B.0615; or

House Language UES1458-1

- 212.1 (iv) meeting the requirements for unlicensed personnel under sections 144A.43
- 212.2 to 144A.483;
- 212.3 (2) hold a current Minnesota driver's license appropriate to the vehicle driven
- 212.4 if transporting recipients;
- 212.5 (3) complete training on vulnerable adults mandated reporting and child
- 212.6 maltreatment mandated reporting, where applicable; and
- 212.7 (4) complete group residential housing orientation training offered by the
- 212.8 commissioner.
- 212.9 Subd. 2b. Group residential housing agreements. (a) Agreements between
- 212.10 eounty agencies and providers of group residential housing must be in writing on a
- 212.11 form developed and approved by the commissioner and must specify the name and
- 212.12 address under which the establishment subject to the agreement does business and under
- 212.13 which the establishment, or service provider, if different from the group residential
- 212.14 housing establishment, is licensed by the Department of Health or the Department of
- 212.15 Human Services; the specific license or registration from the Department of Health or the
- 212.16 Department of Human Services held by the provider and the number of beds subject to
- 212.17 that license; the address of the location or locations at which group residential housing is
- 212.18 provided under this agreement; the per diem and monthly rates that are to be paid from
- 212.19 group residential housing funds for each eligible resident at each location; the number
- 212.20 of beds at each location which are subject to the group residential housing agreement;
- 212.21 whether the license holder is a not-for-profit corporation under section 501(c)(3) of the
- 212.22 Internal Revenue Code; and a statement that the agreement is subject to the provisions of
- 212.23 sections 256I.01 to 256I.06 and subject to any changes to those sections.
- 212.24 (b) Providers are required to verify the following minimum requirements in the
- 212.25 agreement:
- 212.26 (1) current license or registration, including authorization if managing or monitoring
- 212.27 medications;
- 212.28 (2) all staff who have direct contact with recipients meet the staff qualifications:
- 212.29 (3) the provision of group residential housing;
- 212.30 (4) the provision of supplementary services, if applicable;
- 212.31 (5) reports of adverse events, including recipient death or serious injury; and
- 212.32 (6) submission of residency requirements that could result in recipient eviction.
- 212.33 Group residential housing (c) Agreements may be terminated with or without cause by
- 212.34 either the county commissioner, the agency, or the provider with two calendar months prior
- 212.35 notice. The commissioner may immediately terminate an agreement under subdivision 2d.

PAGE R20-A1

- 20.24 Subd. 2c. Crisis shelters Background study requirements. Secure crisis shelters
- 20.25 for battered women and their children designated by the Minnesota Department of
- 20.26 Corrections are not group residences under this chapter (a) Effective July 1, 2016, a
- 20.27 provider of group residential housing or supplementary services must initiate background
- 20.28 studies in accordance with chapter 245C of the following individuals:
- 20.29 (1) controlling individuals as defined in section 245A.02;
- 20.30 (2) managerial officials as defined in section 245A.02; and
- 20.31 (3) all employees and volunteers of the establishment who have direct contact
- 20.32 with recipients, or who have unsupervised access to recipients, their personal property,
- 20.33 or their private data.
- 20.34 (b) The provider of group residential housing or supplementary services must
- 20.35 maintain compliance with all requirements established for entities initiating background
- 20.36 studies under chapter 245C.
- 21.1 (c) Effective July 1, 2017, a provider of group residential housing or supplementary
- 21.2 services must demonstrate that all individuals required to have a background study
- 21.3 according to paragraph (a) have a notice stating either that:
- 21.4 (1) the individual is not disqualified under section 245C.14; or
- 21.5 (2) the individual is disqualified, but the individual has been issued a set-aside of
- 21.6 the disqualification for that setting under section 245C.22.
- 21.7 Subd. 2d. Conditions of payment; commissioner's right to suspend or terminate
- 21.8 agreement. (a) Group residential housing or supplementary services must be provided
- 21.9 to the satisfaction of the commissioner, as determined at the sole discretion of the
- 21.10 commissioner's authorized representative, and in accordance with all applicable federal,
- 21.11 state, and local laws, ordinances, rules, and regulations, including business registration
- 21.12 requirements of the Office of the Secretary of State. A provider shall not receive payment
- 21.13 for services or housing found by the commissioner to be performed or provided in
- 21.14 violation of federal, state, or local law, ordinance, rule, or regulation.
- 21.15 (b) The commissioner has the right to suspend or terminate the agreement
- 21.16 immediately when the commissioner determines the health or welfare of the housing or
- 21.17 service recipients is endangered, or when the commissioner has reasonable cause to believe
- 21.18 that the provider has breached a material term of the agreement under subdivision 2b.
- 21.19 (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), if the commissioner learns of a curable material
- 21.20 breach of the agreement by the provider, the commissioner shall provide the provider
- 21.21 with a written notice of the breach and allow ten days to cure the breach. If the provider
- 21.22 does not cure the breach within the time allowed, the provider shall be in default of the
- 21.23 agreement and the commissioner may terminate the agreement immediately thereafter. If
- 21.24 the provider has breached a material term of the agreement and cure is not possible, the
- 21.25 commissioner may immediately terminate the agreement.

213.1 Subd. 2c. Crisis shelters Background study requirements. Secure crisis shelters

- 213.2 for battered women and their children designated by the Minnesota Department of
- 213.3 Corrections are not group residences under this chapter. (a) Effective July 1, 2016, a
- 213.4 provider of group residential housing or supplementary services must initiate background
- 213.5 studies in accordance with chapter 245C of the following individuals:
- 213.6 (1) controlling individuals as defined in section 245A.02;
- 213.7 (2) managerial officials as defined in section 245A.02; and
- 213.8 (3) all employees and volunteers of the establishment who have direct contact
- 213.9 with recipients, or who have unsupervised access to recipients, their personal property,
- 213.10 or their private data.
- 213.11 (b) The provider of group residential housing or supplementary services must
- 213.12 maintain compliance with all requirements established for entities initiating background
- 213.13 studies under chapter 245C.
- 213.14 (c) Effective July 1, 2017, a provider of group residential housing or supplementary
- 213.15 services must demonstrate that all individuals required to have a background study
- 213.16 according to paragraph (a) have a notice stating either that:
- 213.17 (1) the individual is not disqualified under section 245C.14; or
- 213.18 (2) the individual is disqualified, but the individual has been issued a set-aside of
- 213.19 the disqualification for that setting under section 245C.22.
- 213.20 Subd. 2d. Conditions of payment; commissioner's right to suspend or terminate
- 213.21 agreement. (a) Group residential housing or supplementary services must be provided
- 213.22 to the satisfaction of the commissioner, as determined at the sole discretion of the
- 213.23 commissioner's authorized representative, and in accordance with all applicable federal,
- 213.24 state, and local laws, ordinances, rules, and regulations, including business registration
- 213.25 requirements of the Office of the Secretary of State. A provider shall not receive payment
- 213.26 for services or housing found by the commissioner to be performed or provided in
- 213.27 violation of federal, state, or local law, ordinance, rule, or regulation.
- 213.28 (b) The commissioner has the right to suspend or terminate the agreement
- 213.29 immediately when the commissioner determines the health or welfare of the housing or
- 213.30 service recipients is endangered, or when the commissioner has reasonable cause to believe
- 213.31 that the provider has breached a material term of the agreement under subdivision 2b.
- 213.32 (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), if the commissioner learns of a curable material
- 213.33 breach of the agreement by the provider, the commissioner shall provide the provider
- 213.34 with a written notice of the breach and allow ten days to cure the breach. If the provider
- 213.35 does not cure the breach within the time allowed, the provider shall be in default of the
- 213.36 agreement and the commissioner may terminate the agreement immediately thereafter. If
- 214.1 the provider has breached a material term of the agreement and cure is not possible, the
- 214.2 commissioner may immediately terminate the agreement.

- 21.26 Subd. 2e. Providers holding health or human services licenses. (a) Except
- 21.27 for facilities with only a board and lodging license, when group residential housing or
- 21.28 supplementary service staff are also operating under a license issued by the Department of
- 21.29 Health or the Department of Human Services, the minimum staff qualification requirements
- 21.30 for the setting shall be the qualifications listed under the related licensing standards.
- 21.31 (b) A background study completed for the licensed service must also satisfy the
- 21.32 background study requirements under this section, if the provider has established the
- 21.33 background study contact person according to chapter 245C and as directed by the
- 21.34 Department of Human Services.
- 21.35 Subd. 2f. Required services. In licensed and registered settings under subdivision
- 21.36 2a, providers shall ensure that participants have at a minimum:
- 22.1 (1) food preparation and service for three nutritional meals a day on site;
- 22.2 (2) a bed, clothing storage, linen, bedding, laundering, and laundry supplies or
- 22.3 service;
- 22.4 (3) housekeeping, including cleaning and lavatory supplies or service; and
- 22.5 (4) maintenance and operation of the building and grounds, including heat, water,
- 22.6 garbage removal, electricity, telephone for the site, cooling, supplies, and parts and tools
- 22.7 to repair and maintain equipment and facilities.
- 22.8 Subd. 2g. Crisis shelters. Secure crisis shelters for battered women and their
- 22.9 children designated by the Minnesota Department of Corrections are not group residences
- 22.10 under this chapter.
- 22.11 Subd. 3. Moratorium on development of group residential housing beds. (a)
- 22.12 County Agencies shall not enter into agreements for new group residential housing beds
- 22.13 with total rates in excess of the MSA equivalent rate except:
- 22.14 (1) for group residential housing establishments licensed under Minnesota Rules,
- 22.15 parts 9525.0215 to 9525.0355, provided the facility is needed to meet the census reduction
- 22.16 targets for persons with developmental disabilities at regional treatment centers;
- 22.17 (2) up to 80 beds in a single, specialized facility located in Hennepin County that will
- 22.18 provide housing for chronic inebriates who are repetitive users of detoxification centers
- 22.19 and are refused placement in emergency shelters because of their state of intoxication,
- 22.20 and planning for the specialized facility must have been initiated before July 1, 1991,
- 22.21 in anticipation of receiving a grant from the Housing Finance Agency under section
- 22.22 462A.05, subdivision 20a, paragraph (b):

### 214.3 Subd. 2e. Providers holding health or human services licenses. (a) Except

- 214.4 for facilities with only a board and lodging license, when group residential housing or
- 214.5 supplementary service staff are also operating under a license issued by the Department of
- 214.6 Health or the Department of Human Services, the minimum staff qualification requirements
- 214.7 for the setting shall be the qualifications listed under the related licensing standards.
- 214.8 (b) A background study completed for the licensed service must also satisfy the
- 214.9 background study requirements under this section, if the provider has established the
- 214.10 background study contact person according to chapter 245C and as directed by the
- 214.11 Department of Human Services.
- 214.12 Subd. 2f. Required services. In licensed and registered settings under subdivision
- 214.13 2a, providers shall ensure that participants have at a minimum:
- 214.14 (1) food preparation and service for three nutritional meals a day on site;
- 214.15 (2) a bed, clothing storage, linen, bedding, laundering, and laundry supplies or
- 214.16 service;
- 214.17 (3) housekeeping, including cleaning and lavatory supplies or service; and
- 214.18 (4) maintenance and operation of the building and grounds, including heat, water,
- 214.19 garbage removal, electricity, telephone for the site, cooling, supplies, and parts and tools
- 214.20 to repair and maintain equipment and facilities.
- 214.21 Subd. 2g. Crisis shelters. Secure crisis shelters for battered women and their
- 214.22 children designated by the Minnesota Department of Corrections are not group residences
- 214.23 under this chapter.
- 214.24 Subd. 3. Moratorium on development of group residential housing beds. (a)
- 214.25 County Agencies shall not enter into agreements for new group residential housing beds
- 214.26 with total rates in excess of the MSA equivalent rate except:
- 214.27 (1) for group residential housing establishments licensed under Minnesota Rules,
- 214.28 parts 9525.0215 to 9525.0355, provided the facility is needed to meet the census reduction
- 214.29 targets for persons with developmental disabilities at regional treatment centers;
- 214.30 (2) up to 80 beds in a single, specialized facility located in Hennepin County that will
- 214.31 provide housing for chronic inebriates who are repetitive users of detoxification centers
- 214.32 and are refused placement in emergency shelters because of their state of intoxication,
- 214.33 and planning for the specialized facility must have been initiated before July 1, 1991,
- 214.34 in anticipation of receiving a grant from the Housing Finance Agency under section
- 214.35 462A.05, subdivision 20a, paragraph (b);

- 22.23 (3) notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision 2a, for up to 190 supportive 22.24 housing units in Anoka, Dakota, Hennepin, or Ramsey County for homeless adults with a 22.25 mental illness, a history of substance abuse, or human immunodeficiency virus or acquired 22.26 immunodeficiency syndrome. For purposes of this section, "homeless adult" means a 22.27 person who is living on the street or in a shelter or discharged from a regional treatment 22.28 center, community hospital, or residential treatment program and has no appropriate 22.29 housing available and lacks the resources and support necessary to access appropriate 22.30 housing. At least 70 percent of the supportive housing units must serve homeless adults 22.31 with mental illness, substance abuse problems, or human immunodeficiency virus or 22.32 acquired immunodeficiency syndrome who are about to be or, within the previous six 22.33 months, has been discharged from a regional treatment center, or a state-contracted 22.34 psychiatric bed in a community hospital, or a residential mental health or chemical 22.35 dependency treatment program. If a person meets the requirements of subdivision 1, 22.36 paragraph (a), and receives a federal or state housing subsidy, the group residential housing 23.1 rate for that person is limited to the supplementary rate under section 256I.05, subdivision 23.2 1a, and is determined by subtracting the amount of the person's countable income that 23.3 exceeds the MSA equivalent rate from the group residential housing supplementary rate. 23.4 A resident in a demonstration project site who no longer participates in the demonstration 23.5 program shall retain eligibility for a group residential housing payment in an amount 23.6 determined under section 256I.06, subdivision 8, using the MSA equivalent rate. Service 23.7 funding under section 256I.05, subdivision 1a, will end June 30, 1997, if federal matching 23.8 funds are available and the services can be provided through a managed care entity. If 23.9 federal matching funds are not available, then service funding will continue under section 23.10 256I.05, subdivision 1a;
- 23.11 (4) for an additional two beds, resulting in a total of 32 beds, for a facility located in 23.12 Hennepin County providing services for recovering and chemically dependent men that 23.13 has had a group residential housing contract with the county and has been licensed as a 23.14 board and lodge facility with special services since 1980:
- 23.15 (5) for a group residential housing provider located in the city of St. Cloud, or a county 23.16 contiguous to the city of St. Cloud, that operates a 40-bed facility, that received financing 23.17 through the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency Ending Long-Term Homelessness 23.18 Initiative and serves chemically dependent clientele, providing 24-hour-a-day supervision;
- 23.19 (6) for a new 65-bed facility in Crow Wing County that will serve chemically 23.20 dependent persons, operated by a group residential housing provider that currently 23.21 operates a 304-bed facility in Minneapolis, and a 44-bed facility in Duluth;
- 23.22 (7) for a group residential housing provider that operates two ten-bed facilities, one 23.23 located in Hennepin County and one located in Ramsey County, that provide community 23.24 support and 24-hour-a-day supervision to serve the mental health needs of individuals 23.25 who have chronically lived unsheltered; and

# 215.1 (3) notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision 2a, for up to 190 supportive

House Language UES1458-1

215.2 housing units in Anoka, Dakota, Hennepin, or Ramsey County for homeless adults with a 215.3 mental illness, a history of substance abuse, or human immunodeficiency virus or acquired 215.4 immunodeficiency syndrome. For purposes of this section, "homeless adult" means a 215.5 person who is living on the street or in a shelter or discharged from a regional treatment 215.6 center, community hospital, or residential treatment program and has no appropriate 215.7 housing available and lacks the resources and support necessary to access appropriate 215.8 housing. At least 70 percent of the supportive housing units must serve homeless adults 215.9 with mental illness, substance abuse problems, or human immunodeficiency virus or 215.10 acquired immunodeficiency syndrome who are about to be or, within the previous six 215.11 months, has been discharged from a regional treatment center, or a state-contracted 215.12 psychiatric bed in a community hospital, or a residential mental health or chemical 215.13 dependency treatment program. If a person meets the requirements of subdivision 1, 215.14 paragraph (a), and receives a federal or state housing subsidy, the group residential housing 215.15 rate for that person is limited to the supplementary rate under section 256I.05, subdivision 215.16 1a, and is determined by subtracting the amount of the person's countable income that 215.17 exceeds the MSA equivalent rate from the group residential housing supplementary rate. 215.18 A resident in a demonstration project site who no longer participates in the demonstration 215.19 program shall retain eligibility for a group residential housing payment in an amount 215.20 determined under section 256I.06, subdivision 8, using the MSA equivalent rate. Service 215.21 funding under section 256I.05, subdivision 1a, will end June 30, 1997, if federal matching 215.22 funds are available and the services can be provided through a managed care entity. If 215.23 federal matching funds are not available, then service funding will continue under section 215.24 256I.05, subdivision 1a;

215.25 (4) for an additional two beds, resulting in a total of 32 beds, for a facility located in 215.26 Hennepin County providing services for recovering and chemically dependent men that 215.27 has had a group residential housing contract with the county and has been licensed as a 215.28 board and lodge facility with special services since 1980:

215.29 (5) for a group residential housing provider located in the city of St. Cloud, or a county 215.30 contiguous to the city of St. Cloud, that operates a 40-bed facility, that received financing 215.31 through the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency Ending Long-Term Homelessness 215.32 Initiative and serves chemically dependent clientele, providing 24-hour-a-day supervision;

215.33 (6) for a new 65-bed facility in Crow Wing County that will serve chemically 215.34 dependent persons, operated by a group residential housing provider that currently 215.35 operates a 304-bed facility in Minneapolis, and a 44-bed facility in Duluth;

216.1 (7) for a group residential housing provider that operates two ten-bed facilities, one 216.2 located in Hennepin County and one located in Ramsey County, that provide community 216.3 support and 24-hour-a-day supervision to serve the mental health needs of individuals 216.4 who have chronically lived unsheltered; and

- 23.26 (8) for a group residential facility in Hennepin County with a capacity of up to 48 23.27 beds that has been licensed since 1978 as a board and lodging facility and that until August
- 23.28 1, 2007, operated as a licensed chemical dependency treatment program.
- 23.29 (b) A county An agency may enter into a group residential housing agreement for
- 23.30 beds with rates in excess of the MSA equivalent rate in addition to those currently covered
- 23.31 under a group residential housing agreement if the additional beds are only a replacement
- 23.32 of beds with rates in excess of the MSA equivalent rate which have been made available
- 23.33 due to closure of a setting, a change of licensure or certification which removes the beds
- 23.34 from group residential housing payment, or as a result of the downsizing of a group
- 23.35 residential housing setting. The transfer of available beds from one eounty agency to
- 23.36 another can only occur by the agreement of both counties agencies.
- 24.1 Subd. 4. **Rental assistance.** For participants in the Minnesota supportive housing
- 24.2 demonstration program under subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause (5), notwithstanding
- 24.3 the provisions of section 256I.06, subdivision 8, the amount of the group residential
- 24.4 housing payment for room and board must be calculated by subtracting 30 percent of the
- 24.5 recipient's adjusted income as defined by the United States Department of Housing and
- 24.6 Urban Development for the Section 8 program from the fair market rent established for the
- 24.7 recipient's living unit by the federal Department of Housing and Urban Development. This
- 24.8 payment shall be regarded as a state housing subsidy for the purposes of subdivision 3.
- 24.9 Notwithstanding the provisions of section 256I.06, subdivision 6, the recipient's countable
- 24.10 income will only be adjusted when a change of greater than \$100 in a month occurs or
- 24.11 upon annual redetermination of eligibility, whichever is sooner. The commissioner is
- 24.12 directed to study the feasibility of developing a rental assistance program to serve persons
- 24.13 traditionally served in group residential housing settings and report to the legislature by
- 24.14 February 15, 1999.
- 24.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Subdivision 1, paragraph (b), is effective September 1, 2015.
- 24.16 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.05, subdivision 1c, is amended to read:
- 24.17 Subd. 1c. **Rate increases.** A county An agency may not increase the rates
- 24.18 negotiated for group residential housing above those in effect on June 30, 1993, except as
- 24.19 provided in paragraphs (a) to (f).
- 24.20 (a) A county An agency may increase the rates for group residential housing settings
- 24.21 to the MSA equivalent rate for those settings whose current rate is below the MSA
- 24.22 equivalent rate.

216.5 (8) for a group residential facility in Hennepin County with a capacity of up to 48 216.6 beds that has been licensed since 1978 as a board and lodging facility and that until August 216.7 1, 2007, operated as a licensed chemical dependency treatment program.

House Language UES1458-1

216.8 (b) A county An agency may enter into a group residential housing agreement for 216.9 beds with rates in excess of the MSA equivalent rate in addition to those currently covered 216.10 under a group residential housing agreement if the additional beds are only a replacement 216.11 of beds with rates in excess of the MSA equivalent rate which have been made available 216.12 due to closure of a setting, a change of licensure or certification which removes the beds 216.13 from group residential housing payment, or as a result of the downsizing of a group 216.14 residential housing setting. The transfer of available beds from one eounty agency to 216.15 another can only occur by the agreement of both eounties agencies.

216.16 Subd. 4. **Rental assistance.** For participants in the Minnesota supportive housing 216.17 demonstration program under subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause (5), notwithstanding 216.18 the provisions of section 256I.06, subdivision 8, the amount of the group residential 216.19 housing payment for room and board must be calculated by subtracting 30 percent of the 216.20 recipient's adjusted income as defined by the United States Department of Housing and 216.21 Urban Development for the Section 8 program from the fair market rent established for the 216.22 recipient's living unit by the federal Department of Housing and Urban Development. This 216.23 payment shall be regarded as a state housing subsidy for the purposes of subdivision 3. 216.24 Notwithstanding the provisions of section 256I.06, subdivision 6, the recipient's countable 216.25 income will only be adjusted when a change of greater than \$100 in a month occurs or 216.26 upon annual redetermination of eligibility, whichever is sooner. The commissioner is 216.27 directed to study the feasibility of developing a rental assistance program to serve persons 216.28 traditionally served in group residential housing settings and report to the legislature by

- 216.30 EFFECTIVE DATE. Subdivision 1, paragraph (b), is effective September 1, 2015.
- 216.31 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.05, subdivision 1c, is amended to read:
- 216.32 Subd. 1c. Rate increases. A county An agency may not increase the rates
- 216.33 negotiated for group residential housing above those in effect on June 30, 1993, except as 216.34 provided in paragraphs (a) to (f).
- 217.1 (a) A county An agency may increase the rates for group residential housing settings
- 217.2 to the MSA equivalent rate for those settings whose current rate is below the MSA
- 217.3 equivalent rate.

216.29 February 15, 1999.

- 24.23 (b) A county An agency may increase the rates for residents in adult foster care 24.24 whose difficulty of care has increased. The total group residential housing rate for these 24.25 residents must not exceed the maximum rate specified in subdivisions 1 and 1a. County 24.26 Agencies must not include nor increase group residential housing difficulty of care rates 24.27 for adults in foster care whose difficulty of care is eligible for funding by home and 24.28 community-based waiver programs under title XIX of the Social Security Act.
- 24.29 (c) The room and board rates will be increased each year when the MSA equivalent 24.30 rate is adjusted for SSI cost-of-living increases by the amount of the annual SSI increase, 24.31 less the amount of the increase in the medical assistance personal needs allowance under 24.32 section 256B.35.
- 24.33 (d) When a group residential housing rate is used to pay for an individual's room 24.34 and board, or other costs necessary to provide room and board, the rate payable to 24.35 the residence must continue for up to 18 calendar days per incident that the person is 25.1 temporarily absent from the residence, not to exceed 60 days in a calendar year, if the 25.2 absence or absences have received the prior approval of the county agency's social service 25.3 staff. Prior approval is not required for emergency absences due to crisis, illness, or injury.
- 25.4 (e) For facilities meeting substantial change criteria within the prior year. Substantial 25.5 change criteria exists if the group residential housing establishment experiences a 25 25.6 percent increase or decrease in the total number of its beds, if the net cost of capital 25.7 additions or improvements is in excess of 15 percent of the current market value of the 25.8 residence, or if the residence physically moves, or changes its licensure, and incurs a 25.9 resulting increase in operation and property costs.
- 25.10 (f) Until June 30, 1994, a county an agency may increase by up to five percent the 25.11 total rate paid for recipients of assistance under sections 256D.01 to 256D.21 or 256D.33 25.12 to 256D.54 who reside in residences that are licensed by the commissioner of health as 25.13 a boarding care home, but are not certified for the purposes of the medical assistance 25.14 program. However, an increase under this clause must not exceed an amount equivalent to 25.15 65 percent of the 1991 medical assistance reimbursement rate for nursing home resident 25.16 class A, in the geographic grouping in which the facility is located, as established under 25.17 Minnesota Rules, parts 9549.0050 to 9549.0058.
- 25.18 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.05, subdivision 1g, is amended to read:
- 25.19 Subd. 1g. Supplementary service rate for certain facilities. On or after July 1, 25.20 2005, a county An agency may negotiate a supplementary service rate for recipients of 25.21 assistance under section 2561.04, subdivision 1, paragraph (a) or (b), who relocate from a 25.22 homeless shelter licensed and registered prior to December 31, 1996, by the Minnesota 25.23 Department of Health under section 157.17, to have experienced long-term homelessness 25.24 and who live in a supportive housing establishment developed and funded in whole or in 25.25 part with funds provided specifically as part of the plan to end long-term homelessness 25.26 required under Laws 2003, chapter 128, article 15, section 9, not to exceed \$456.75 under 25.27 section 2561.04, subdivision 2a, paragraph (b), clause (2).

- House Language UES1458-1
- 217.4 (b) A county An agency may increase the rates for residents in adult foster care 217.5 whose difficulty of care has increased. The total group residential housing rate for these 217.6 residents must not exceed the maximum rate specified in subdivisions 1 and 1a. County 217.7 Agencies must not include nor increase group residential housing difficulty of care rates 217.8 for adults in foster care whose difficulty of care is eligible for funding by home and 217.9 community-based waiver programs under title XIX of the Social Security Act.
- 217.10 (c) The room and board rates will be increased each year when the MSA equivalent 217.11 rate is adjusted for SSI cost-of-living increases by the amount of the annual SSI increase, 217.12 less the amount of the increase in the medical assistance personal needs allowance under 217.13 section 256B.35.
- 217.14 (d) When a group residential housing rate is used to pay for an individual's room 217.15 and board, or other costs necessary to provide room and board, the rate payable to 217.16 the residence must continue for up to 18 calendar days per incident that the person is 217.17 temporarily absent from the residence, not to exceed 60 days in a calendar year, if the 217.18 absence or absences have received the prior approval of the county agency's social service 217.19 staff. Prior approval is not required for emergency absences due to crisis, illness, or injury.
- 217.20 (e) For facilities meeting substantial change criteria within the prior year. Substantial 217.21 change criteria exists if the group residential housing establishment experiences a 25 217.22 percent increase or decrease in the total number of its beds, if the net cost of capital 217.23 additions or improvements is in excess of 15 percent of the current market value of the 217.24 residence, or if the residence physically moves, or changes its licensure, and incurs a 217.25 resulting increase in operation and property costs.
- 217.26 (f) Until June 30, 1994, a county an agency may increase by up to five percent the 217.27 total rate paid for recipients of assistance under sections 256D.01 to 256D.21 or 256D.33 217.28 to 256D.54 who reside in residences that are licensed by the commissioner of health as 217.29 a boarding care home, but are not certified for the purposes of the medical assistance 217.30 program. However, an increase under this clause must not exceed an amount equivalent to 217.31 65 percent of the 1991 medical assistance reimbursement rate for nursing home resident 217.32 class A, in the geographic grouping in which the facility is located, as established under 217.33 Minnesota Rules, parts 9549.0050 to 9549.0058.
- 217.34 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.05, subdivision 1g, is amended to read:
- 218.1 Subd. 1g. **Supplementary service rate for certain facilities.** On or after July 1, 218.2 2005, a county An agency may negotiate a supplementary service rate for recipients of 218.3 assistance under section 2561.04, subdivision 1, paragraph (a) or (b), who relocate from a 218.4 homeless shelter licensed and registered prior to December 31, 1996, by the Minnesota 218.5 Department of Health under section 157.17, to have experienced long-term homelessness 218.6 and who live in a supportive housing establishment developed and funded in whole or in 218.7 part with funds provided specifically as part of the plan to end long-term homelessness 218.8 required under Laws 2003, chapter 128, article 15, section 9, not to exceed \$456.75 under 218.9 section 2561.04, subdivision 2a, paragraph (b), clause (2).

PAGE R25-A1

- 25.28 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 25.29 Subd. 2. **Time of payment.** A county agency may make payments to a group
- 25.30 residence in advance for an individual whose stay in the group residence is expected
- 25.31 to last beyond the calendar month for which the payment is made and who does not
- 25.32 expect to receive countable earned income during the month for which the payment is
- 25.33 made. Group residential housing payments made by a county agency on behalf of an
- 25.34 individual who is not expected to remain in the group residence beyond the month for
- 26.1 which payment is made must be made subsequent to the individual's departure from the
- 26.2 group residence. Group residential housing payments made by a county agency on behalf
- 26.3 of an individual with countable earned income must be made subsequent to receipt of a
- 26.4 monthly household report form.

#### 26.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective April 1, 2016.

- 26.6 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.06, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- 26.7 Subd. 6. Reports. Recipients must report changes in circumstances that affect
- 26.8 eligibility or group residential housing payment amounts, other than changes in earned
- 26.9 income, within ten days of the change. Recipients with countable earned income must
- 26.10 complete a monthly household report form at least once every six months. If the report
- 26.11 form is not received before the end of the month in which it is due, the county agency
- 26.12 must terminate eligibility for group residential housing payments. The termination shall
- 26.13 be effective on the first day of the month following the month in which the report was due.
- 26.14 If a complete report is received within the month eligibility was terminated, the individual
- 26.15 is considered to have continued an application for group residential housing payment
- 26.16 effective the first day of the month the eligibility was terminated.

#### 26.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective April 1, 2016.

- 26.18 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.06, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- 26.19 Subd. 7. **Determination of rates.** The agency in the county in which a group
- 26.20 residence is located will shall determine the amount of group residential housing rate to
- 26.21 be paid on behalf of an individual in the group residence regardless of the individual's
- 26.22 eounty agency of financial responsibility.
- 26.23 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.06, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

- 218.10 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 218.11 Subd. 2. **Time of payment.** A county agency may make payments to a group

House Language UES1458-1

- 218.12 residence in advance for an individual whose stay in the group residence is expected
- 218.13 to last beyond the calendar month for which the payment is made and who does not
- 218.14 expect to receive countable earned income during the month for which the payment is
- 218.15 made. Group residential housing payments made by a county agency on behalf of an
- 218.16 individual who is not expected to remain in the group residence beyond the month for
- 218.17 which payment is made must be made subsequent to the individual's departure from the
- 218.18 group residence. Group residential housing payments made by a county agency on behalf
- 218.19 of an individual with countable earned income must be made subsequent to receipt of a
- 218.20 monthly household report form.

#### 218.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective April 1, 2016.

- 218.22 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.06, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- 218.23 Subd. 6. Reports. Recipients must report changes in circumstances that affect
- 218.24 eligibility or group residential housing payment amounts, other than changes in earned
- 218.25 income, within ten days of the change. Recipients with countable earned income must
- 218.26 complete a monthly household report form at least once every six months. If the report
- 218.27 form is not received before the end of the month in which it is due, the county agency
- 218.28 must terminate eligibility for group residential housing payments. The termination shall
- 218.29 be effective on the first day of the month following the month in which the report was due.
- 218.30 If a complete report is received within the month eligibility was terminated, the individual
- 218.31 is considered to have continued an application for group residential housing payment
- 218.32 effective the first day of the month the eligibility was terminated.

#### 218.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective April 1, 2016.

- 219.1 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256I.06, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- 219.2 Subd. 7. **Determination of rates.** The agency in the county in which a group
- 219.3 residence is located will shall determine the amount of group residential housing rate to
- 219.4 be paid on behalf of an individual in the group residence regardless of the individual's
- 219.5 eounty agency of financial responsibility.
- 219.6 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 2561.06, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

# Children and Family Services

#### Senate Language S1458-2

- 26.24 Subd. 8. **Amount of group residential housing payment.** (a) The amount of 26.25 a group residential housing payment to be made on behalf of an eligible individual is 26.26 determined by subtracting the individual's countable income under section 256I.04, 26.27 subdivision 1, for a whole calendar month from the group residential housing charge for 26.28 that same month. The group residential housing charge is determined by multiplying the 26.29 group residential housing rate times the period of time the individual was a resident or 26.30 temporarily absent under section 256I.05, subdivision 1c, paragraph (d).
- 26.31 (b) For an individual with earned income under paragraph (a), prospective budgeting
  26.32 must be used to determine the amount of the individual's payment for the following
  27.1 six-month period. An increase in income shall not affect an individual's eligibility or
  27.2 payment amount until the month following the reporting month. A decrease in income shall

27.3 be effective the first day of the month after the month in which the decrease is reported.

# 27.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Paragraph (b) is effective April 1, 2016.

- 27.5 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256J.24, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- 27.6 Subd. 5. **MFIP transitional standard.** (a) The MFIP transitional standard is based 27.7 on the number of persons in the assistance unit eligible for both food and cash assistance. 27.8 The amount of the transitional standard is published annually by the Department of 27.9 Human Services.
- 27.10 (b) The commissioner shall increase the cash assistance portion of the transitional 27.11 standard under paragraph (a) by \$100.

#### 27.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective October 1, 2015.

- 27.13 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256J.24, subdivision 5a, is amended to read:
- 27.14 Subd. 5a. Food portion of MFIP transitional standard. The commissioner shall
- 27.15 adjust the food portion of the MFIP transitional standard as needed to reflect adjustments
- 27.16 to the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program and maintain compliance with federal
- 27.17 waivers related to the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program under the United States
- 27.18 Department of Agriculture. The commissioner shall publish the transitional standard
- 27.19 including a breakdown of the cash and food portions for an assistance unit of sizes one to
- 27.20 ten in the State Register whenever an adjustment is made.
- 27.21 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256K.45, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
- 27.22 Subd. 1a. **Definitions.** (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section.
- 27.23 (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services.

May 03, 2015 02:12 PM

#### House Language UES1458-1

219.7 Subd. 8. **Amount of group residential housing payment.** (a) The amount of 219.8 a group residential housing payment to be made on behalf of an eligible individual is 219.9 determined by subtracting the individual's countable income under section 256I.04, 219.10 subdivision 1, for a whole calendar month from the group residential housing charge for 219.11 that same month. The group residential housing charge is determined by multiplying the 219.12 group residential housing rate times the period of time the individual was a resident or 219.13 temporarily absent under section 256I.05, subdivision 1c, paragraph (d).

219.14 (b) For an individual with earned income under paragraph (a), prospective budgeting
219.15 must be used to determine the amount of the individual's payment for the following
219.16 six-month period. An increase in income shall not affect an individual's eligibility or
219.17 payment amount until the month following the reporting month. A decrease in income shall
219.18 be effective the first day of the month after the month in which the decrease is reported.

219.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Paragraph (b) is effective April 1, 2016.

219.20 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256K.45, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

219.21 Subd. 1a. **Definitions.** (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section.

219.22 (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services.

PAGE R27-A1

#### May 03, 2015 02:12 PM

#### Senate Language S1458-2

- 27.24 (c) "Homeless youth" means a person 21 24 years of age or younger who is
- 27.25 unaccompanied by a parent or guardian and is without shelter where appropriate care and
- 27.26 supervision are available, whose parent or legal guardian is unable or unwilling to provide
- 27.27 shelter and care, or who lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence. The
- 27.28 following are not fixed, regular, or adequate nighttime residences:
- 27.29 (1) a supervised publicly or privately operated shelter designed to provide temporary 27.30 living accommodations:
- 27.31 (2) an institution or a publicly or privately operated shelter designed to provide
- 27.32 temporary living accommodations;
- 28.1 (3) transitional housing;
- 28.2 (4) a temporary placement with a peer, friend, or family member that has not offered
- 28.3 permanent residence, a residential lease, or temporary lodging for more than 30 days; or
- 28.4 (5) a public or private place not designed for, nor ordinarily used as, a regular
- 28.5 sleeping accommodation for human beings.
- 28.6 Homeless youth does not include persons incarcerated or otherwise detained under
- 28.7 federal or state law.
- 28.8 (d) "Youth at risk of homelessness" means a person 21 24 years of age or younger
- 28.9 whose status or circumstances indicate a significant danger of experiencing homelessness
- 28.10 in the near future. Status or circumstances that indicate a significant danger may include:
- 28.11 (1) youth exiting out-of-home placements; (2) youth who previously were homeless; (3)
- 28.12 youth whose parents or primary caregivers are or were previously homeless; (4) youth
- 28.13 who are exposed to abuse and neglect in their homes; (5) youth who experience conflict
- 28.14 with parents due to chemical or alcohol dependency, mental health disabilities, or other
- 28.15 disabilities; and (6) runaways.
- 28.16 (e) "Runaway" means an unmarried child under the age of 18 years who is absent
- 28.17 from the home of a parent or guardian or other lawful placement without the consent of
- 28.18 the parent, guardian, or lawful custodian.
- 28.19 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256K.45, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- 28.20 Subd. 6. Funding. Funds appropriated for this section may be expended on
- 28.21 programs described under subdivisions 3 to 5, technical assistance, and capacity building
- 28.22 to meet the greatest need on a statewide basis. The commissioner will provide outreach,
- 28.23 technical assistance, and program development support to increase capacity to new and
- 28.24 existing service providers to better meet needs statewide, particularly in areas where
- 28.25 services for homeless youth have not been established, especially in greater Minnesota.

# 28.26 Sec. 35. [256M.41] CHILD PROTECTION GRANT ALLOCATION TO

# 28.27 ADDRESS STAFFING.

# House Language UES1458-1

- 219.23 (c) "Homeless youth" means a person 21 24 years of age or younger who is
- 219.24 unaccompanied by a parent or guardian and is without shelter where appropriate care and
- 219.25 supervision are available, whose parent or legal guardian is unable or unwilling to provide
- 219.26 shelter and care, or who lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence. The
- 219.27 following are not fixed, regular, or adequate nighttime residences:
- 219.28 (1) a supervised publicly or privately operated shelter designed to provide temporary
- 219.29 living accommodations;
- 219.30 (2) an institution or a publicly or privately operated shelter designed to provide
- 219.31 temporary living accommodations;
- 219.32 (3) transitional housing;
- 219.33 (4) a temporary placement with a peer, friend, or family member that has not offered
- 219.34 permanent residence, a residential lease, or temporary lodging for more than 30 days; or
- 220.1 (5) a public or private place not designed for, nor ordinarily used as, a regular
- 220.2 sleeping accommodation for human beings.
- 220.3 Homeless youth does not include persons incarcerated or otherwise detained under
- 220.4 federal or state law.
- 220.5 (d) "Youth at risk of homelessness" means a person 21 24 years of age or younger
- 220.6 whose status or circumstances indicate a significant danger of experiencing homelessness
- 220.7 in the near future. Status or circumstances that indicate a significant danger may include:
- 220.8 (1) youth exiting out-of-home placements; (2) youth who previously were homeless; (3)
- 220.9 youth whose parents or primary caregivers are or were previously homeless; (4) youth
- 220.10 who are exposed to abuse and neglect in their homes; (5) youth who experience conflict
- 220.11 with parents due to chemical or alcohol dependency, mental health disabilities, or other
- 220.12 disabilities; and (6) runaways.
- 220.13 (e) "Runaway" means an unmarried child under the age of 18 years who is absent
- 220.14 from the home of a parent or guardian or other lawful placement without the consent of
- 220.15 the parent, guardian, or lawful custodian.

220.16 Sec. 30. [256M.41] CHILD PROTECTION GRANT ALLOCATION.

PAGE R28-A1

REVISOR FULL-TEXT SIDE-BY-SIDE

- 28.28 Subdivision 1. Formula for county staffing funds. (a) The commissioner shall
- 28.29 allocate state funds appropriated under this section to each county board on a calendar
- 28.30 year basis in an amount determined according to the following formula:
- 28.31 (1) 50 percent must be distributed on the basis of the child population residing in the
- 28.32 county as determined by the most recent data of the state demographer;
- 29.1 (2) 25 percent must be distributed on the basis of the number of screened-in
- 29.2 reports of child maltreatment under sections 626.556 and 626.5561, and in the county as
- 29.3 determined by the most recent data of the commissioner; and
- 29.4 (3) 25 percent must be distributed on the basis of the number of open child
- 29.5 protection case management cases in the county as determined by the most recent data of
- 29.6 the commissioner.
- 29.7 (b) Notwithstanding this subdivision, no county shall be awarded an allocation of
- 29.8 less than \$75,000.
- 29.9 Subd. 2. Prohibition on supplanting existing funds. Funds received under this
- 29.10 section must be used to address staffing for child protection or expand child protection
- 29.11 services. Funds must not be used to supplant current county expenditures for these
- 29.12 purposes.
- 29.13 Subd. 3. **Payments based on performance.** (a) The commissioner shall make
- 29.14 payments under this section to each county board on a calendar year basis in an amount
- 29.15 determined under paragraph (b).
- 29.16 (b) Calendar year allocations under subdivision 1 shall be paid to counties in the
- 29.17 following manner:
- 29.18 (1) 80 percent of the allocation as determined in subdivision 1 must be paid to
- 29.19 counties on or before July 10 of each year;
- 29.20 (2) ten percent of the allocation shall be withheld until the commissioner determines
- 29.21 if the county has met the performance outcome threshold of 90 percent based on
- 29.22 face-to-face contact with alleged child victims. In order to receive the performance
- 29.23 allocation, the county child protection workers must have a timely face-to-face contact
- 29.24 with at least 90 percent of all alleged child victims of screened-in maltreatment reports.
- 29.25 The standard requires that each initial face-to-face contact occur consistent with timelines
- 29.26 defined in section 626.556, subdivision 10, paragraph (i). The commissioner shall make
- 29.27 threshold determinations in January of each year and payments to counties meeting the
- 29.28 performance outcome threshold shall occur in February of each year. Any withheld funds
- 29.29 from this appropriation for counties that do not meet this requirement shall be reallocated
- 29.30 by the commissioner to those counties meeting the requirement; and

220.17 Subdivision 1. **Formula for county staffing funds.** The commissioner shall allocate

- 220.18 state funds appropriated under this section to each county board on a calendar year basis
- 220.19 in an amount determined according to the following formula:
- 220.20 (1) 25 percent must be distributed on the basis of the number of screened-out

House Language UES1458-1

- 220.21 reports of child maltreatment under sections 626.556 and 626.5561, and in the county as
- 220.22 determined by the most recent data of the commissioner;
- 220.23 (2) 25 percent must be distributed on the basis of the number of screened-in
- 220.24 reports of child maltreatment under sections 626.556 and 626.5561, and in the county as
- 220.25 determined by the most recent data of the commissioner; and
- 220.26 (3) 50 percent must be distributed on the basis of the number of open child
- 220.27 protection case management cases in the county as determined by the most recent data of
- 220.28 the commissioner.
- 220.29 Subd. 2. **Prohibition on supplanting existing funds.** Funds received under this
- 220.30 section must be used to address staffing for child protection or expand child protection
- 220.31 services. Funds must not be used to supplant current county expenditures for these
- 220.32 purposes.
- 220.33 Subd. 3. Payments based on performance. (a) The commissioner shall make
- 220.34 payments under this section to each county board on a calendar year basis in an amount
- 220.35 determined under paragraph (b).
- 221.1 (b) Calendar year allocations under subdivision 1 shall be paid to counties in the
- 221.2 following manner:
- 221.3 (1) 80 percent of the allocation as determined in subdivision 1 must be paid to
- 221.4 counties on or before July 10 of each year;
- 221.5 (2) ten percent of the allocation shall be withheld until the commissioner determines
- 221.6 if the county has met the performance outcome threshold of 90 percent based on
- 221.7 face-to-face contact with alleged child victims. In order to receive the performance
- 221.8 allocation, the county child protection workers must have a timely face-to-face contact
- 221.9 with at least 90 percent of all alleged child victims of screened-in maltreatment reports.
- 221.10 The standard requires that each initial face-to-face contact occur consistent with timelines
- 221.10 The standard requires that each initial face-to-face contact occur consistent with timeline
- 221.11 defined in section 626.556, subdivision 10, paragraph (i). The commissioner shall make
- 221.12 threshold determinations in January of each year and payments to counties meeting the
- 221.13 performance outcome threshold shall occur in February of each year. Any withheld funds
- 221.14 from this appropriation for counties that do not meet this requirement shall be reallocated
- 221.15 by the commissioner to those counties meeting the requirement; and

PAGE R29-A1

# Children and Family Services

# Senate Language S1458-2

- 29.31 (3) ten percent of the allocation shall be withheld until the commissioner determines
- 29.32 that the county has met the performance outcome threshold of 90 percent based on
- 29.33 face-to-face visits by the case manager. In order to receive the performance allocation, the
- 29.34 total number of visits made by caseworkers on a monthly basis to children in foster care
- 29.35 and children receiving child protection services while residing in their home must be at
- 29.36 least 90 percent of the total number of such visits that would occur if every child were
- 30.1 visited once per month. The commissioner shall make such determinations in January
- 30.2 of each year and payments to counties meeting the performance outcome threshold
- 30.3 shall occur in February of each year. Any withheld funds from this appropriation for
- 30.4 counties that do not meet this requirement shall be reallocated by the commissioner to
- 30.5 those counties meeting the requirement.
- 30.6 (c) The commissioner shall work with stakeholders and the Human Services
- 30.7 Performance Council under section 402A.16 to develop recommendations for specific
- 30.8 outcome measures that counties should meet in order to receive funds withheld under
- 30.9 paragraph (b), and include in those recommendations a determination as to whether
- 30.10 the performance measures under paragraph (b) should be modified or phased out. The
- 30.11 commissioner shall report the recommendations to the legislative committees having
- 30.12 jurisdiction over child protection issues by January 1, 2018.
- 30.13 Sec. 36. [256M.42] CHILD PROTECTION GRANT ALLOCATION FOR
- 30.14 COUNTY SERVICES.
- 30.15 Subdivision 1. **Formula.** (a) The commissioner shall allocate state funds
- 30.16 appropriated under this section to each county board on a calendar year basis in an amount
- 30.17 determined according to the following formula:
- 30.18 (1) 50 percent must be distributed on the basis of the child population residing in the
- 30.19 county as determined by the most recent data of the state demographer;
- 30.20 (2) 25 percent must be distributed on the basis of the number of screened-in
- 30.21 reports of child maltreatment under sections 626.556 and 626.5561, and in the county as
- 30.22 determined by the most recent data of the commissioner; and
- 30.23 (3) 25 percent must be distributed on the basis of the number of open child
- 30.24 protection case management cases in the county as determined by the most recent data of
- 30.25 the commissioner.
- 30.26 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), no county shall be awarded an allocation of
- 30.27 less than \$10.000.
- 30.28 Subd. 2. Supplantation of existing funds. Funds received by counties under this
- 30.29 section must be used for additional child protection services and must not be used to
- 30.30 supplant current county expenditures for these purposes.

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#### House Language UES1458-1

221.16 (3) ten percent of the allocation shall be withheld until the commissioner determines

221.17 that the county has met the performance outcome threshold of 90 percent based on

221.18 face-to-face visits by the case manager. In order to receive the performance allocation, the

221.19 total number of visits made by caseworkers on a monthly basis to children in foster care

221.20 and children receiving child protection services while residing in their home must be at

221.21 least 90 percent of the total number of such visits that would occur if every child were

221.22 visited once per month. The commissioner shall make such determinations in January

221.23 of each year and payments to counties meeting the performance outcome threshold

221.24 shall occur in February of each year. Any withheld funds from this appropriation for

221.25 counties that do not meet this requirement shall be reallocated by the commissioner to

221.26 those counties meeting the requirement.

221.27 (c) The commissioner shall work with stakeholders and the Human Services

221.28 Performance Council under section 402A.16 to develop recommendations for specific

221.29 outcome measures that counties should meet in order to receive funds withheld under

221.30 paragraph (b), and include in those recommendations a determination as to whether

221.31 the performance measures under paragraph (b) should be modified or phased out. The

221.32 commissioner shall report the recommendations to the legislative committees having

221.33 jurisdiction over child protection issues by January 1, 2018.

PAGE R30-A1

- 30.31 Subd. 3. Eligible services. (a) Funds received under this section must be used
- 30.32 for additional child protection services to support children and their families who have
- 30.33 been identified to the child welfare system through the intake process. Examples of
- 30.34 eligible services include, but are not limited to: family-based counseling; family-based
- 30.35 life management; individual counseling; group counseling; family group decision-making;
- 31.1 parent support outreach; family-based crisis; family assessment response; concurrent
- 31.2 permanency planning; social and recreational; home-based support; homemaking; respite
- 31.3 care; legal; court-related; transportation; health-related; mental health screening; and
- 31.4 interpreter services.
- 31.5 (b) Funds may also be used for prioritized services in child care, Head Start, Early
- 31.6 Head Start, or home visiting for children in the child protection system to remove these
- 31.7 children from waiting lists in these programs.
- 31.8 (c) Services provided under this section shall be culturally affirming in access and
- 31.9 delivery for the recipient.
- 31.10 (d) The commissioner shall instruct counties on the eligible services and procedures
- 31.11 for claiming reimbursement.
- 31.12 Subd. 4. American Indian child welfare projects. Of the amount appropriated
- 31.13 under this section, \$75,000 shall be awarded to each tribe authorized under section 256.01,
- 31.14 subdivision 14b, to address child protection staffing and services.
- 31.15 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256N.22, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- 31.16 Subd. 9. Death or incapacity of relative custodian or dissolution modification
- 31.17 of custody. The Northstar kinship assistance agreement ends upon death or dissolution
- 31.18 incapacity of the relative custodian or modification of the order for permanent legal and
- 31.19 physical custody of both relative custodians in the case of assignment of custody to two
- 31.20 individuals, or the sole relative custodian in the case of assignment of custody to one
- 31.21 individual in which legal or physical custody is removed from the relative custodian.
- 31.22 In the case of a relative custodian's death or incapacity, Northstar kinship assistance
- 31.23 eligibility may be continued according to subdivision 10.
- 31.24 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256N.22, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
- 31.25 Subd. 10. Assigning a successor relative custodian for a child's Northstar
- 31.26 kinship assistance to a court-appointed guardian or custodian. (a) Northstar kinship
- 31.27 assistance may be continued with the written consent of the commissioner to In the event
- 31.28 of the death or incapacity of the relative custodian, eligibility for Northstar kinship
- 31.29 assistance and title IV-E assistance, if applicable, is not affected if the relative custodian
- 31.30 is replaced by a successor named in the Northstar kinship assistance benefit agreement.
- 31.31 Northstar kinship assistance shall be paid to a named successor who is not the child's legal
- 31.32 parent, biological parent or stepparent, or other adult living in the home of the legal parent,
- 31.33 biological parent, or stepparent.

- 221.34 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256N.22, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- 222.1 Subd. 9. Death or incapacity of relative custodian or dissolution modification
- 222.2 of custody. The Northstar kinship assistance agreement ends upon death or dissolution
- 222.3 incapacity of the relative custodian or modification of the order for permanent legal and
- 222.4 physical custody of both relative custodians in the case of assignment of custody to two
- 222.5 individuals, or the sole relative custodian in the case of assignment of custody to one
- 222.6 individual in which legal or physical custody is removed from the relative custodian.
- 222.7 In the case of a relative custodian's death or incapacity, Northstar kinship assistance
- 222.8 eligibility may be continued according to subdivision 10.
- 222.9 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256N.22, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
- 222.10 Subd. 10. Assigning a successor relative custodian for a child's Northstar
- 222.11 kinship assistance to a court-appointed guardian or custodian. (a) Northstar kinship
- 222.12 assistance may be continued with the written consent of the commissioner to In the event
- 222.13 of the death or incapacity of the relative custodian, eligibility for Northstar kinship
- 222.14 assistance and title IV-E assistance, if applicable, is not affected if the relative custodian
- 222.15 is replaced by a successor named in the Northstar kinship assistance benefit agreement.
- 222.16 Northstar kinship assistance shall be paid to a named successor who is not the child's
- 222.17 legal parent, biological parent, or stepparent, or other adult living in the home of the
- 222.18 legal parent, biological parent, or stepparent.

PAGE R31-A1

- 31.34 (b) In order to receive Northstar kinship assistance, a named successor must:
- 32.1 (1) meet the background study requirements in subdivision 4;
- 32.2 (2) renegotiate the agreement consistent with section 256N.25, subdivision 2,
- 32.3 including cooperating with an assessment under section 256N.24;
- 32.4 (3) be ordered by the court to be the child's legal relative custodian in a modification
- 32.5 proceeding under section 260C.521, subdivision 2; and
- 32.6 (4) satisfy the requirements in this paragraph within one year of the relative
- 32.7 custodian's death or incapacity unless the commissioner certifies that the named successor
- 32.8 made reasonable attempts to satisfy the requirements within one year and failure to satisfy
- 32.9 the requirements was not the responsibility of the named successor.
- 32.10 (c) Payment of Northstar kinship assistance to the successor guardian may be
- 32.11 temporarily approved through the policies, procedures, requirements, and deadlines under
- 32.12 section 256N.28, subdivision 2. Ongoing payment shall begin in the month when all the
- 32.13 requirements in paragraph (b) are satisfied.
- 32.14 (d) Continued payment of Northstar kinship assistance may occur in the event of the
- 32.15 death or incapacity of the relative custodian when no successor has been named in the
- 32.16 benefit agreement when the commissioner gives written consent to an individual who is a
- 32.17 guardian or custodian appointed by a court for the child upon the death of both relative
- 32.18 custodians in the case of assignment of custody to two individuals, or the sole relative
- 32.19 custodian in the case of assignment of custody to one individual, unless the child is under
- 32.20 the custody of a county, tribal, or child-placing agency.
- 32.21 (b) (e) Temporary assignment of Northstar kinship assistance may be approved
- 32.22 for a maximum of six consecutive months from the death or incapacity of the relative
- 32.23 custodian or custodians as provided in paragraph (a) and must adhere to the policies and,
- 32.24 procedures, requirements, and deadlines under section 256N.28, subdivision 2, that are
- 32.25 prescribed by the commissioner. If a court has not appointed a permanent legal guardian
- 32.26 or custodian within six months, the Northstar kinship assistance must terminate and must
- 32.27 not be resumed.
- 32.28 (e) (f) Upon assignment of assistance payments under this subdivision paragraphs
- 32.29 (d) and (e), assistance must be provided from funds other than title IV-E.
- 32.30 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256N.24, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- 32.31 Subd. 4. Extraordinary levels. (a) The assessment tool established under
- 32.32 subdivision 2 must provide a mechanism through which up to five levels can be added
- 32.33 to the supplemental difficulty of care for a particular child under section 256N.26,
- 32.34 subdivision 4. In establishing the assessment tool, the commissioner must design the tool
- 33.1 so that the levels applicable to the portions of the assessment other than the extraordinary
- 33.2 levels can accommodate the requirements of this subdivision.

222.19 (b) In order to receive Northstar kinship assistance, a named successor must:

- 222.20 (1) meet the background study requirements in subdivision 4;
- 222.21 (2) renegotiate the agreement consistent with section 256N.25, subdivision 2,
- 222.22 including cooperating with an assessment under section 256N.24;
- 222.23 (3) be ordered by the court to be the child's legal relative custodian in a modification
- 222.24 proceeding under section 260C.521, subdivision 2; and
- 222.25 (4) satisfy the requirements in this paragraph within one year of the relative
- 222.26 custodian's death or incapacity unless the commissioner certifies that the named successor
- 222.27 made reasonable attempts to satisfy the requirements within one year and failure to satisfy
- 222.28 the requirements was not the responsibility of the named successor.
- 222.29 (c) Payment of Northstar kinship assistance to the successor guardian may be
- 222.30 temporarily approved through the policies, procedures, requirements, and deadlines under
- 222.31 section 256N.28, subdivision 2. Ongoing payment shall begin in the month when all the
- 222.32 requirements in paragraph (b) are satisfied.
- 222.33 (d) Continued payment of Northstar kinship assistance may occur in the event of the
- 222.34 death or incapacity of the relative custodian when no successor has been named in the
- 222.35 benefit agreement when the commissioner gives written consent to an individual who is a
- 223.1 guardian or custodian appointed by a court for the child upon the death of both relative
- 223.2 custodians in the case of assignment of custody to two individuals, or the sole relative
- 223.3 custodian in the case of assignment of custody to one individual, unless the child is under
- 223.4 the custody of a county, tribal, or child-placing agency.
- 223.5 (b) (e) Temporary assignment of Northstar kinship assistance may be approved
- 223.6 for a maximum of six consecutive months from the death or incapacity of the relative
- 223.7 custodian or custodians as provided in paragraph (a) and must adhere to the policies and,
- 223.8 procedures, requirements, and deadlines under section 256N.28, subdivision 2, that are
- 223.9 prescribed by the commissioner. If a court has not appointed a permanent legal guardian
- 223.10 or custodian within six months, the Northstar kinship assistance must terminate and must
- 223.11 not be resumed.
- 223.12 (e) (f) Upon assignment of assistance payments under this subdivision paragraphs
- 223.13 (d) and (e), assistance must be provided from funds other than title IV-E.
- 223.14 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256N.24, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- 223.15 Subd. 4. Extraordinary levels. (a) The assessment tool established under
- 223.16 subdivision 2 must provide a mechanism through which up to five levels can be added
- 223.17 to the supplemental difficulty of care for a particular child under section 256N.26,
- 223.18 subdivision 4. In establishing the assessment tool, the commissioner must design the tool
- 223.19 so that the levels applicable to the portions of the assessment other than the extraordinary
- 223.20 levels can accommodate the requirements of this subdivision.

#### Senate Language S1458-2

- 33.3 (b) These extraordinary levels are available when all of the following circumstances 33.4 apply:
- 33.5 (1) the child has extraordinary needs as determined by the assessment tool provided
- 33.6 for under subdivision 2, and the child meets other requirements established by the
- 33.7 commissioner, such as a minimum score on the assessment tool;
- 33.8 (2) the child's extraordinary needs require extraordinary care and intense supervision
- 33.9 that is provided by the child's caregiver as part of the parental duties as described in the
- 33.10 supplemental difficulty of care rate, section 256N.02, subdivision 21. This extraordinary
- 33.11 care provided by the caregiver is required so that the child can be safely cared for in the
- 33.12 home and community, and prevents residential placement;
- 33.13 (3) the child is physically living in a foster family setting, as defined in Minnesota
- 33.14 Rules, part 2960.3010, subpart 23, in a foster residence setting, or physically living in the
- 33.15 home with the adoptive parent or relative custodian; and
- 33.16 (4) the child is receiving the services for which the child is eligible through medical
- 33.17 assistance programs or other programs that provide necessary services for children with
- 33.18 disabilities or other medical and behavioral conditions to live with the child's family, but
- 33.19 the agency with caregiver's input has identified a specific support gap that cannot be met
- 33.20 through home and community support waivers or other programs that are designed to
- 33.21 provide support for children with special needs.
- 33.22 (c) The agency completing an assessment, under subdivision 2, that suggests an
- 33.23 extraordinary level must document as part of the assessment, the following:
- 33.24 (1) the assessment tool that determined that the child's needs or disabilities require
- 33.25 extraordinary care and intense supervision;
- 33.26 (2) a summary of the extraordinary care and intense supervision that is provided by
- 33.27 the caregiver as part of the parental duties as described in the supplemental difficulty of
- 33.28 care rate, section 256N.02, subdivision 21:
- 33.29 (3) confirmation that the child is currently physically residing in the foster family
- 33.30 setting or in the home with the adoptive parent or relative custodian;
- 33.31 (4) the efforts of the agency, caregiver, parents, and others to request support services
- 33.32 in the home and community that would ease the degree of parental duties provided by the
- 33.33 caregiver for the care and supervision of the child. This would include documentation of
- 33.34 the services provided for the child's needs or disabilities, and the services that were denied
- 33.35 or not available from the local social service agency, community agency, the local school
- 33.36 district, local public health department, the parent, or child's medical insurance provider;
- 34.1 (5) the specific support gap identified that places the child's safety and well-being at
- 34.2 risk in the home or community and is necessary to prevent residential placement; and

# 223.21 (b) These extraordinary levels are available when all of the following circumstances 223.22 apply:

House Language UES1458-1

- 223.23 (1) the child has extraordinary needs as determined by the assessment tool provided
- 223.24 for under subdivision 2, and the child meets other requirements established by the
- 223.25 commissioner, such as a minimum score on the assessment tool;
- 223.26 (2) the child's extraordinary needs require extraordinary care and intense supervision
- 223.27 that is provided by the child's caregiver as part of the parental duties as described in the
- 223.28 supplemental difficulty of care rate, section 256N.02, subdivision 21. This extraordinary
- 223.29 care provided by the caregiver is required so that the child can be safely cared for in the
- 223.30 home and community, and prevents residential placement;
- 223.31 (3) the child is physically living in a foster family setting, as defined in Minnesota
- 223.32 Rules, part 2960.3010, subpart 23, in a foster residence setting, or physically living in the
- 223.33 home with the adoptive parent or relative custodian; and
- 223.34 (4) the child is receiving the services for which the child is eligible through medical
- 223.35 assistance programs or other programs that provide necessary services for children with
- 224.1 disabilities or other medical and behavioral conditions to live with the child's family, but
- 224.2 the agency with caregiver's input has identified a specific support gap that cannot be met
- 224.3 through home and community support waivers or other programs that are designed to
- 224.4 provide support for children with special needs.
- 224.5 (c) The agency completing an assessment, under subdivision 2, that suggests an
- 224.6 extraordinary level must document as part of the assessment, the following:
- 224.7 (1) the assessment tool that determined that the child's needs or disabilities require 224.8 extraordinary care and intense supervision;
- 224.9 (2) a summary of the extraordinary care and intense supervision that is provided by
- 224.10 the caregiver as part of the parental duties as described in the supplemental difficulty of
- 224.11 care rate, section 256N.02, subdivision 21;
- 224.12 (3) confirmation that the child is currently physically residing in the foster family
- 224.13 setting or in the home with the adoptive parent or relative custodian;
- 224.14 (4) the efforts of the agency, caregiver, parents, and others to request support services
- 224.15 in the home and community that would ease the degree of parental duties provided by the
- 224.16 caregiver for the care and supervision of the child. This would include documentation of
- 224.17 the services provided for the child's needs or disabilities, and the services that were denied
- 224.18 or not available from the local social service agency, community agency, the local school
- 224.19 district, local public health department, the parent, or child's medical insurance provider;
- 224.20 (5) the specific support gap identified that places the child's safety and well-being at
- 224.21 risk in the home or community and is necessary to prevent residential placement; and

PAGE R33-A1

- 34.3 (6) the extraordinary care and intense supervision provided by the foster, adoptive, 34.4 or guardianship caregivers to maintain the child safely in the child's home and prevent 34.5 residential placement that cannot be supported by medical assistance or other programs 34.6 that provide services, necessary care for children with disabilities, or other medical or 34.7 behavioral conditions in the home or community.
- 34.8 (d) An agency completing an assessment under subdivision 2 that suggests 34.9 an extraordinary level is appropriate must forward the assessment and required 34.10 documentation to the commissioner. If the commissioner approves, the extraordinary 34.11 levels must be retroactive to the date the assessment was forwarded.
- 34.12 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256N.25, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 34.13 Subdivision 1. **Agreement; Northstar kinship assistance; adoption assistance.** (a) 34.14 In order to receive Northstar kinship assistance or adoption assistance benefits on behalf 34.15 of an eligible child, a written, binding agreement between the caregiver or caregivers, 34.16 the financially responsible agency, or, if there is no financially responsible agency, the 34.17 agency designated by the commissioner, and the commissioner must be established prior 34.18 to finalization of the adoption or a transfer of permanent legal and physical custody. The 34.19 agreement must be negotiated with the caregiver or caregivers under subdivision 2 and 34.20 renegotiated under subdivision 3, if applicable.
- 34.21 (b) The agreement must be on a form approved by the commissioner and must 34.22 specify the following:
- 34.23 (1) duration of the agreement;
- 34.24 (2) the nature and amount of any payment, services, and assistance to be provided 34.25 under such agreement;
- 34.26 (3) the child's eligibility for Medicaid services;
- 34.27 (4) the terms of the payment, including any child care portion as specified in section 34.28 256N.24, subdivision 3;
- 34.29 (5) eligibility for reimbursement of nonrecurring expenses associated with adopting 34.30 or obtaining permanent legal and physical custody of the child, to the extent that the 34.31 total cost does not exceed \$2,000 per child;
- 34.32 (6) that the agreement must remain in effect regardless of the state of which the 34.33 adoptive parents or relative custodians are residents at any given time;
- 34.34 (7) provisions for modification of the terms of the agreement, including renegotiation 34.35 of the agreement; and
- 35.1 (8) the effective date of the agreement; and

224.22 (6) the extraordinary care and intense supervision provided by the foster, adoptive,

224.23 or guardianship caregivers to maintain the child safely in the child's home and prevent

224.24 residential placement that cannot be supported by medical assistance or other programs

224.25 that provide services, necessary care for children with disabilities, or other medical or

224.26 behavioral conditions in the home or community.

224.27 (d) An agency completing an assessment under subdivision 2 that suggests

- 224.28 an extraordinary level is appropriate must forward the assessment and required
- 224.29 documentation to the commissioner. If the commissioner approves, the extraordinary
- 224.30 levels must be retroactive to the date the assessment was forwarded.
- 224.31 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256N.25, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 224.32 Subdivision 1. Agreement; Northstar kinship assistance; adoption assistance. (a)
- 224.33 In order to receive Northstar kinship assistance or adoption assistance benefits on behalf
- 224.34 of an eligible child, a written, binding agreement between the caregiver or caregivers,
- 224.35 the financially responsible agency, or, if there is no financially responsible agency, the
- 225.1 agency designated by the commissioner, and the commissioner must be established prior
- 225.2 to finalization of the adoption or a transfer of permanent legal and physical custody. The
- 225.3 agreement must be negotiated with the caregiver or caregivers under subdivision 2 and
- 225.4 renegotiated under subdivision 3, if applicable.
- 225.5 (b) The agreement must be on a form approved by the commissioner and must
- 225.6 specify the following:
- 225.7 (1) duration of the agreement;
- 225.8 (2) the nature and amount of any payment, services, and assistance to be provided 225.9 under such agreement;
- 225.10 (3) the child's eligibility for Medicaid services;
- 225.11 (4) the terms of the payment, including any child care portion as specified in section 225.12 256N.24, subdivision 3;
- 225.13 (5) eligibility for reimbursement of nonrecurring expenses associated with adopting
- 225.14 or obtaining permanent legal and physical custody of the child, to the extent that the
- 225.15 total cost does not exceed \$2,000 per child;
- 225.16 (6) that the agreement must remain in effect regardless of the state of which the
- 225.17 adoptive parents or relative custodians are residents at any given time;
- 225.18 (7) provisions for modification of the terms of the agreement, including renegotiation 225.19 of the agreement; and
- 225.20 (8) the effective date of the agreement; and

#### Senate Language S1458-2

- 35.2 (9) the successor relative custodian or custodians for Northstar kinship assistance,
- 35.3 when applicable. The successor relative custodian or custodians may be added or changed
- 35.4 by mutual agreement under subdivision 3.
- 35.5 (c) The caregivers, the commissioner, and the financially responsible agency, or, if
- 35.6 there is no financially responsible agency, the agency designated by the commissioner, must
- 35.7 sign the agreement. A copy of the signed agreement must be given to each party. Once
- 35.8 signed by all parties, the commissioner shall maintain the official record of the agreement.
- 35.9 (d) The effective date of the Northstar kinship assistance agreement must be the date
- 35.10 of the court order that transfers permanent legal and physical custody to the relative. The
- 35.11 effective date of the adoption assistance agreement is the date of the finalized adoption
- 35.12 decree.
- 35.13 (e) Termination or disruption of the preadoptive placement or the foster care
- 35.14 placement prior to assignment of custody makes the agreement with that caregiver void.
- 35.15 Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256N.27, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 35.16 Subd. 2. **State share.** The commissioner shall pay the state share of the maintenance
- 35.17 payments as determined under subdivision 4, and an identical share of the pre-Northstar
- 35.18 Care foster care program under section 260C.4411, subdivision 1, the relative custody
- 35.19 assistance program under section 257.85, and the pre-Northstar Care for Children adoption
- 35.20 assistance program under chapter 259A. The commissioner may transfer funds into the
- 35.21 account if a deficit occurs.
- 35.22 Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 257.0755, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 35.23 Subdivision 1. Creation. Each ombudsperson shall operate independently from but
- 35.24 in collaboration with the community-specific board that appointed the ombudsperson under
- 35.25 section 257.0768: the Indian Affairs Council, the Council on Affairs of Chicano/Latino
- 35.26 people, the Council on Black Minnesotans, and the Council on Asian-Pacific Minnesotans
- 35.27 The Office of Ombudspersons is organized under the Department of Human Services.
- 35.28 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 257.0755, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 35.29 Subd. 2. **Selection**; qualifications. The ombudsperson for each community
- 35.30 shall be selected by the applicable community-specific board established in section
- 35.31 257.0768 appointed by the governor. Each ombudsperson serves in the unclassified
- 35.32 service at the pleasure of the eommunity-specific board governor and may be removed
- 35.33 only for just cause. Each ombudsperson must be selected without regard to political
- 36.1 affiliation, and shall be a person highly competent and qualified to analyze questions of
- 36.2 law, administration, and public policy regarding the protection and placement of children
- 36.3 from families of color. In addition, the ombudsperson must be experienced in dealing with
- 36.4 communities of color and knowledgeable about the needs of those communities. No
- 36.5 individual may serve as ombudsperson while holding any other public office.

225.21 (9) the successor relative custodian or custodians for Northstar kinship assistance,

House Language UES1458-1

- 225.22 when applicable. The successor relative custodian or custodians may be added or changed
- 225.23 by mutual agreement under subdivision 3.
- 225.24 (c) The caregivers, the commissioner, and the financially responsible agency, or, if
- 225.25 there is no financially responsible agency, the agency designated by the commissioner, must
- 225.26 sign the agreement. A copy of the signed agreement must be given to each party. Once
- 225.27 signed by all parties, the commissioner shall maintain the official record of the agreement.
- 225.28 (d) The effective date of the Northstar kinship assistance agreement must be the date
- 225.29 of the court order that transfers permanent legal and physical custody to the relative. The
- 225.30 effective date of the adoption assistance agreement is the date of the finalized adoption
- 225.31 decree.
- 225.32 (e) Termination or disruption of the preadoptive placement or the foster care
- 225.33 placement prior to assignment of custody makes the agreement with that caregiver void.
- 225.34 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 256N.27, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 226.1 Subd. 2. **State share.** The commissioner shall pay the state share of the maintenance
- 226.2 payments as determined under subdivision 4, and an identical share of the pre-Northstar
- 226.3 Care foster care program under section 260C.4411, subdivision 1, the relative custody
- 226.4 assistance program under section 257.85, and the pre-Northstar Care for Children adoption
- 226.5 assistance program under chapter 259A. The commissioner may transfer funds into the
- 226.6 account if a deficit occurs.

PAGE R35-A1

36.6 Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 257.0761, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

36.7 Subdivision 1. Staff; unclassified status; retirement. The ombudsperson for each

36.8 group community of color specified in section 257.0755 257.076 may select, appoint, and

36.9 compensate out of available funds the assistants and employees as deemed necessary to

36.10 discharge responsibilities. All employees, except the secretarial and clerical staff, shall

36.11 serve at the pleasure of the ombudsperson in the unclassified service. The ombudsperson

36.12 and full-time staff shall be members of the Minnesota State Retirement Association.

36.13 Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 257.0766, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

36.14 Subdivision 1. Specific reports. An ombudsperson may send conclusions and

36.15 suggestions concerning any matter reviewed to the governor and shall provide copies of all

36.16 reports to the advisory board and to the groups specified in section 257.0768, subdivision

36.17 4. Before making public a conclusion or recommendation that expressly or implicitly

36.18 criticizes an agency, facility, program, or any person, the ombudsperson shall inform the

36.19 governor and the affected agency, facility, program, or person concerning the conclusion

36.20 or recommendation. When sending a conclusion or recommendation to the governor that

36.21 is adverse to an agency, facility, program, or any person, the ombudsperson shall include

36.22 any statement of reasonable length made by that agency, facility, program, or person in

36.23 defense or mitigation of the ombudsperson's conclusion or recommendation.

36.24 Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 257.0769, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

36.25 Subdivision 1. Appropriations. (a) Money is appropriated from in the special fund

36.26 authorized by section 256.01, subdivision 2, paragraph (o), to the Indian Affairs Council is

36.27 appropriated for the purposes of sections 257.0755 to 257.0768.

36.28 (b) Money is appropriated from the special fund authorized by section 256.01,

36.29 subdivision 2, paragraph (o), to the council on affairs of Chicano/Latino people for the

36.30 purposes of sections 257.0755 to 257.0768.

36.31 (e) Money is appropriated from the special fund authorized by section 256.01,

36.32 subdivision 2, paragraph (o), to the Council of Black Minnesotans for the purposes of

36.33 sections 257.0755 to 257.0768.

37.1 (d) Money is appropriated from the special fund authorized by section 256.01,

37.2 subdivision 2, paragraph (o), to the Council on Asian-Pacific Minnesotans for the purposes

37.3 of sections 257.0755 to 257.0768.

37.4 Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 257.75, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

226.7 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 257.75, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

PAGE R36-A1

- 37.5 Subd. 3. Effect of recognition. (a) Subject to subdivision 2 and section 257.55,
- 37.6 subdivision 1, paragraph (g) or (h), the recognition has the force and effect of a judgment or
- 37.7 order determining the existence of the parent and child relationship under section 257.66. If
- 37.8 the conditions in section 257.55, subdivision 1, paragraph (g) or (h), exist, the recognition
- 37.9 creates only a presumption of paternity for purposes of sections 257.51 to 257.74. Once a
- 37.10 recognition has been properly executed and filed with the state registrar of vital statistics,
- 37.11 if there are no competing presumptions of paternity, a judicial or administrative court may
- 37.12 not allow further action to determine parentage regarding the signator of the recognition.
- 37.13 An action to determine custody and parenting time may be commenced pursuant to
- 37.14 chapter 518 without an adjudication of parentage. Until an a temporary or permanent
- 37.15 order is entered granting custody to another, the mother has sole custody.
- 37.16 (b) Following commencement of an action to determine custody or parenting time
- 37.17 under chapter 518, the court may, pursuant to section 518.131, grant temporary parenting
- 37.18 time rights and temporary custody to either parent.
- 37.19 (c) The recognition is:
- 37.20 (1) a basis for bringing an action for the following:
- 37.21 (i) to award temporary custody or parenting time pursuant to section 518.131;
- 37.22 (ii) to award permanent custody or parenting time to either parent;
- 37.23 (iii) establishing a child support obligation which may include up to the two years
- 37.24 immediately preceding the commencement of the action;
- 37.25 (iv) ordering a contribution by a parent under section 256.87, or;
- 37.26 (v) ordering a contribution to the reasonable expenses of the mother's pregnancy and
- 37.27 confinement, as provided under section 257.66, subdivision  $3_{\overline{5}}$ ; or
- 37.28 (vi) ordering reimbursement for the costs of blood or genetic testing, as provided
- 37.29 under section 257.69, subdivision 2;
- 37.30 (2) determinative for all other purposes related to the existence of the parent and
- 37.31 child relationship; and
- 37.32 (3) entitled to full faith and credit in other jurisdictions.
- 37.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective March 1, 2016.
- 37.34 Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 257.75, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

226.8 Subd. 3. Effect of recognition. (a) Subject to subdivision 2 and section 257.55,

House Language UES1458-1

226.9 subdivision 1, paragraph (g) or (h), the recognition has the force and effect of a judgment or

226.10 order determining the existence of the parent and child relationship under section 257.66. If

226.11 the conditions in section 257.55, subdivision 1, paragraph (g) or (h), exist, the recognition

226.12 creates only a presumption of paternity for purposes of sections 257.51 to 257.74. Once a

226.13 recognition has been properly executed and filed with the state registrar of vital statistics,

226.14 if there are no competing presumptions of paternity, a judicial or administrative court may

226.15 not allow further action to determine parentage regarding the signator of the recognition.

226.16 An action to determine custody and parenting time may be commenced pursuant to

226.17 chapter 518 without an adjudication of parentage. Until an a temporary or permanent

226.18 order is entered granting custody to another, the mother has sole custody.

226.19 (b) Following commencement of an action to determine custody or parenting time

226.20 under chapter 518, the court may, pursuant to section 518.131, grant temporary parenting

226.21 time rights and temporary custody to either parent.

226.22 (c) The recognition is:

226.23 (1) a basis for bringing an action for the following:

226.24 (i) to award temporary custody or parenting time pursuant to section 518.131;

226.25 (ii) to award permanent custody or parenting time to either parent;

226.26 (iii) establishing a child support obligation which may include up to the two years

226.27 immediately preceding the commencement of the action;

226.28 (iv) ordering a contribution by a parent under section 256.87, or;

226.29 (v) ordering a contribution to the reasonable expenses of the mother's pregnancy and

226.30 confinement, as provided under section 257.66, subdivision  $3_{\overline{5}}$ ; or

226.31 (vi) ordering reimbursement for the costs of blood or genetic testing, as provided

226.32 under section 257.69, subdivision 2;

226.33 (2) determinative for all other purposes related to the existence of the parent and

226.34 child relationship; and

226.35 (3) entitled to full faith and credit in other jurisdictions.

227.1 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 257.75, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

- 38.1 Subd. 5. **Recognition form.** (a) The commissioner of human services shall prepare
- 38.2 a form for the recognition of parentage under this section. In preparing the form, the
- 38.3 commissioner shall consult with the individuals specified in subdivision 6. The recognition
- 38.4 form must be drafted so that the force and effect of the recognition, the alternatives to
- 38.5 executing a recognition, and the benefits and responsibilities of establishing paternity, and
- 38.6 the limitations of the recognition of parentage for purposes of exercising and enforcing
- 38.7 custody or parenting time are clear and understandable. The form must include a notice
- 38.8 regarding the finality of a recognition and the revocation procedure under subdivision
- 38.9 2. The form must include a provision for each parent to verify that the parent has read
- 38.10 or viewed the educational materials prepared by the commissioner of human services
- 38.11 describing the recognition of paternity. The individual providing the form to the parents
- 38.12 for execution shall provide oral notice of the rights, responsibilities, and alternatives to
- 38.13 executing the recognition. Notice may be provided by audiotape, videotape, or similar
- 38.14 means. Each parent must receive a copy of the recognition.
- 38.15 (b) The form must include the following:
- 38.16 (1) a notice regarding the finality of a recognition and the revocation procedure
- 38.17 under subdivision 2;
- 38.18 (2) a notice, in large print, that the recognition does not establish an enforceable right
- 38.19 to legal custody, physical custody, or parenting time until such rights are awarded pursuant
- 38.20 to a court action to establish custody and parenting time;
- 38.21 (3) a notice stating that when a court awards custody and parenting time under
- 38.22 chapter 518, there is no presumption for or against joint physical custody, except when
- 38.23 domestic abuse, as defined in section 518B.01, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), has occurred
- 38.24 between the parties;
- 38.25 (4) a notice that the recognition of parentage is a basis for:
- 38.26 (i) bringing a court action to award temporary or permanent custody or parenting time;
- 38.27 (ii) establishing a child support obligation that may include the two years
- 38.28 immediately preceding the commencement of the action;
- 38.29 (iii) ordering a contribution by a parent under section 256.87:
- 38.30 (iv) ordering a contribution to the reasonable expenses of the mother's pregnancy
- 38.31 and confinement, as provided under section 257.66, subdivision 3; and
- 38.32 (v) ordering reimbursement for the costs of blood or genetic testing, as provided
- 38.33 under section 257.69, subdivision 2; and
- 38.34 (5) a provision for each parent to verify that the parent has read or viewed the
- 38.35 educational materials prepared by the commissioner of human services describing the
- 38.36 recognition of paternity.

- 227.2 Subd. 5. **Recognition form.** (a) The commissioner of human services shall prepare
- 227.3 a form for the recognition of parentage under this section. In preparing the form, the
- 227.4 commissioner shall consult with the individuals specified in subdivision 6. The recognition
- 227.5 form must be drafted so that the force and effect of the recognition, the alternatives to
- 227.6 executing a recognition, and the benefits and responsibilities of establishing paternity, and
- 227.7 the limitations of the recognition of parentage for purposes of exercising and enforcing
- 227.8 custody or parenting time are clear and understandable. The form must include a notice
- 227.9 regarding the finality of a recognition and the revocation procedure under subdivision
- 227.10 2. The form must include a provision for each parent to verify that the parent has read
- 227.11 or viewed the educational materials prepared by the commissioner of human services 227.12 describing the recognition of paternity. The individual providing the form to the parents
- 227.13 for execution shall provide oral notice of the rights, responsibilities, and alternatives to
- 227.14 executing the recognition. Notice may be provided by audiotape, videotape, or similar
- 227.15 means. Each parent must receive a copy of the recognition.
- 227.16 (b) The form must include the following:
- 227.17 (1) a notice regarding the finality of a recognition and the revocation procedure
- 227.18 under subdivision 2;
- 227.19 (2) a notice, in large print, that the recognition does not establish an enforceable right
- 227.20 to legal custody, physical custody, or parenting time until such rights are awarded pursuant
- 227.21 to a court action to establish custody and parenting time;
- 227.22 (3) a notice stating that when a court awards custody and parenting time under
- 227.23 chapter 518, there is no presumption for or against joint physical custody, except when
- 227.24 domestic abuse, as defined in section 518B.01, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), has occurred
- 227.25 between the parties;
- 227.26 (4) a notice that the recognition of parentage is a basis for:
- 227.27 (i) bringing a court action to award temporary or permanent custody or parenting time;
- 227.28 (ii) establishing a child support obligation that may include the two years
- 227.29 immediately preceding the commencement of the action;
- 227.30 (iii) ordering a contribution by a parent under section 256.87:
- 227.31 (iv) ordering a contribution to the reasonable expenses of the mother's pregnancy
- 227.32 and confinement, as provided under section 257.66, subdivision 3; and
- 227.33 (v) ordering reimbursement for the costs of blood or genetic testing, as provided
- 227.34 under section 257.69, subdivision 2; and
- 228.1 (5) a provision for each parent to verify that the parent has read or viewed the
- 228.2 educational materials prepared by the commissioner of human services describing the
- 228.3 recognition of paternity.

PAGE R38-A1

- 39.1 (c) The individual providing the form to the parents for execution shall provide oral
- 39.2 notice of the rights, responsibilities, and alternatives to executing the recognition. Notice
- 39.3 may be provided in audio or video format, or by other similar means. Each parent must
- 39.4 receive a copy of the recognition.

#### 39.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective March 1, 2016.

- 39.6 Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 259A.75, is amended to read:
- 39.7 259A.75 REIMBURSEMENT OF CERTAIN AGENCY COSTS: PURCHASE
- 39.8 OF SERVICE CONTRACTS AND TRIBAL CUSTOMARY ADOPTIONS.
- 39.9 Subdivision 1. General information. (a) Subject to the procedures required by
- 39.10 the commissioner and the provisions of this section, a Minnesota county or tribal social
- 39.11 services agency shall receive a reimbursement from the commissioner equal to 100 percent
- 39.12 of the reasonable and appropriate cost for contracted adoption placement services identified
- 39.13 for a specific child that are not reimbursed under other federal or state funding sources.
- 39.14 (b) The commissioner may spend up to \$16,000 for each purchase of service
- 39.15 contract. Only one contract per child per adoptive placement is permitted. Funds
- 39.16 encumbered and obligated under the contract for the child remain available until the terms
- 39 17 of the contract are fulfilled or the contract is terminated
- 39.18 (c) The commissioner shall set aside an amount not to exceed five percent of the
- 39.19 total amount of the fiscal year appropriation from the state for the adoption assistance
- 39.20 program to reimburse a Minnesota county or tribal social services placing agencies agency
- 39.21 for child-specific adoption placement services. When adoption assistance payments for
- 39.22 children's needs exceed 95 percent of the total amount of the fiscal year appropriation from
- 39.23 the state for the adoption assistance program, the amount of reimbursement available to
- 39.24 placing agencies for adoption services is reduced correspondingly.
- 39.25 Subd. 2. Purchase of service contract child eligibility criteria. (a) A child who is
- 39.26 the subject of a purchase of service contract must:
- 39.27 (1) have the goal of adoption, which may include an adoption in accordance with
- 39.28 tribal law;
- 39.29 (2) be under the guardianship of the commissioner of human services or be a ward of
- 39.30 tribal court pursuant to section 260.755, subdivision 20; and
- 39.31 (3) meet all of the special needs criteria according to section 259A.10, subdivision 2.
- 39.32 (b) A child under the guardianship of the commissioner must have an identified
- 39.33 adoptive parent and a fully executed adoption placement agreement according to section
- 39.34 260C.613, subdivision 1, paragraph (a).

228.4 (c) The individual providing the form to the parents for execution shall provide oral

House Language UES1458-1

228.5 notice of the rights, responsibilities, and alternatives to executing the recognition. Notice

228.6 may be provided in audio or video format, or by other similar means. Each parent must

228.7 receive a copy of the recognition.

228.8 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 259A.75, is amended to read:

228.9 259A.75 REIMBURSEMENT OF CERTAIN AGENCY COSTS: PURCHASE 228.10 OF SERVICE CONTRACTS AND TRIBAL CUSTOMARY ADOPTIONS.

228.11 Subdivision 1. General information. (a) Subject to the procedures required by

228.12 the commissioner and the provisions of this section, a Minnesota county or tribal social

228.13 services agency shall receive a reimbursement from the commissioner equal to 100 percent

228.14 of the reasonable and appropriate cost for contracted adoption placement services identified

228.15 for a specific child that are not reimbursed under other federal or state funding sources.

228.16 (b) The commissioner may spend up to \$16,000 for each purchase of service

228.17 contract. Only one contract per child per adoptive placement is permitted. Funds

228.18 encumbered and obligated under the contract for the child remain available until the terms

228 19 of the contract are fulfilled or the contract is terminated

228.20 (c) The commissioner shall set aside an amount not to exceed five percent of the

228.21 total amount of the fiscal year appropriation from the state for the adoption assistance

228.22 program to reimburse a Minnesota county or tribal social services placing agencies agency

228.23 for child-specific adoption placement services. When adoption assistance payments for

228.24 children's needs exceed 95 percent of the total amount of the fiscal year appropriation from

228.25 the state for the adoption assistance program, the amount of reimbursement available to

228.26 placing agencies for adoption services is reduced correspondingly.

228.27 Subd. 2. Purchase of service contract child eligibility criteria. (a) A child who is

228.28 the subject of a purchase of service contract must:

228.29 (1) have the goal of adoption, which may include an adoption in accordance with 228.30 tribal law;

228.31 (2) be under the guardianship of the commissioner of human services or be a ward of

228.32 tribal court pursuant to section 260.755, subdivision 20; and

228.33 (3) meet all of the special needs criteria according to section 259A.10, subdivision 2.

229.1 (b) A child under the guardianship of the commissioner must have an identified

229.2 adoptive parent and a fully executed adoption placement agreement according to section

229.3 260C.613, subdivision 1, paragraph (a).

- 40.1 Subd. 3. Agency eligibility criteria. (a) A Minnesota county or tribal social
- 40.2 services agency shall receive reimbursement for child-specific adoption placement
- 40.3 services for an eligible child that it purchases from a private adoption agency licensed in
- 40.4 Minnesota or any other state or tribal social services agency.
- 40.5 (b) Reimbursement for adoption services is available only for services provided 40.6 prior to the date of the adoption decree.
- 40.7 Subd. 4. Application and eligibility determination. (a) A county or tribal social
- 40.8 services agency may request reimbursement of costs for adoption placement services by
- 40.9 submitting a complete purchase of service application, according to the requirements and
- 40.10 procedures and on forms prescribed by the commissioner.
- 40.11 (b) The commissioner shall determine eligibility for reimbursement of adoption
- 40.12 placement services. If determined eligible, the commissioner of human services shall
- 40.13 sign the purchase of service agreement, making this a fully executed contract. No
- 40.14 reimbursement under this section shall be made to an agency for services provided prior to
- 40.15 the fully executed contract.
- 40.16 (c) Separate purchase of service agreements shall be made, and separate records
- 40.17 maintained, on each child. Only one agreement per child per adoptive placement is
- 40.18 permitted. For siblings who are placed together, services shall be planned and provided to
- 40.19 best maximize efficiency of the contracted hours.
- 40.20 Subd. 5. **Reimbursement process.** (a) The agency providing adoption services is
- 40.21 responsible to track and record all service activity, including billable hours, on a form
- 40.22 prescribed by the commissioner. The agency shall submit this form to the state for
- 40.23 reimbursement after services have been completed.
- 40.24 (b) The commissioner shall make the final determination whether or not the
- 40.25 requested reimbursement costs are reasonable and appropriate and if the services have
- 40.26 been completed according to the terms of the purchase of service agreement.
- 40.27 Subd. 6. Retention of purchase of service records. Agencies entering into
- 40.28 purchase of service contracts shall keep a copy of the agreements, service records, and all
- 40.29 applicable billing and invoicing according to the department's record retention schedule.
- 40.30 Agency records shall be provided upon request by the commissioner.
- 40.31 Subd. 7. Tribal customary adoptions. (a) The commissioner shall enter into
- 40.32 grant contracts with Minnesota tribal social services agencies to provide child-specific
- 40.33 recruitment and adoption placement services for Indian children under the jurisdiction
- 40.34 of tribal court.
- 40.35 (b) Children served under these grant contracts must meet the child eligibility
- 40.36 criteria in subdivision 2.
- 41.1 Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.007, subdivision 27, is amended to read:

- 229.4 Subd. 3. **Agency eligibility criteria.** (a) A Minnesota county <del>or tribal</del> social
- 229.5 services agency shall receive reimbursement for child-specific adoption placement
- 229.6 services for an eligible child that it purchases from a private adoption agency licensed in
- 229.7 Minnesota or any other state or tribal social services agency.
- 229.8 (b) Reimbursement for adoption services is available only for services provided
- 229.9 prior to the date of the adoption decree.
- 229.10 Subd. 4. Application and eligibility determination. (a) A county or tribal social
- 229.11 services agency may request reimbursement of costs for adoption placement services by
- 229.12 submitting a complete purchase of service application, according to the requirements and
- 229.13 procedures and on forms prescribed by the commissioner.
- 229.14 (b) The commissioner shall determine eligibility for reimbursement of adoption
- 229.15 placement services. If determined eligible, the commissioner of human services shall
- 229.16 sign the purchase of service agreement, making this a fully executed contract. No
- 229.17 reimbursement under this section shall be made to an agency for services provided prior to
- 229.18 the fully executed contract.
- 229.19 (c) Separate purchase of service agreements shall be made, and separate records
- 229.20 maintained, on each child. Only one agreement per child per adoptive placement is
- 229.21 permitted. For siblings who are placed together, services shall be planned and provided to
- 229.22 best maximize efficiency of the contracted hours.
- 229.23 Subd. 5. **Reimbursement process.** (a) The agency providing adoption services is
- 229.24 responsible to track and record all service activity, including billable hours, on a form
- 229.25 prescribed by the commissioner. The agency shall submit this form to the state for
- 229.26 reimbursement after services have been completed.
- 229.27 (b) The commissioner shall make the final determination whether or not the
- 229.28 requested reimbursement costs are reasonable and appropriate and if the services have
- 229.29 been completed according to the terms of the purchase of service agreement.
- 229.30 Subd. 6. Retention of purchase of service records. Agencies entering into
- 229.31 purchase of service contracts shall keep a copy of the agreements, service records, and all
- 229.32 applicable billing and invoicing according to the department's record retention schedule.
- 229.33 Agency records shall be provided upon request by the commissioner.
- 229.34 Subd. 7. Tribal customary adoptions. (a) The commissioner shall enter into
- 229.35 grant contracts with Minnesota tribal social services agencies to provide child-specific
- 230.1 recruitment and adoption placement services for Indian children under the jurisdiction
- 230.2 of tribal court.
- 230.3 (b) Children served under these grant contracts must meet the child eligibility
- 230.4 criteria in subdivision 2.
- 230.5 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.007, subdivision 27, is amended to read:

PAGE R40-A1

- 41.2 Subd. 27. Relative. "Relative" means a person related to the child by blood,
- 41.3 marriage, or adoption; the legal parent, guardian, or custodian of the child's siblings; or an
- 41.4 individual who is an important friend with whom the child has resided or had significant
- 41.5 contact. For an Indian child, relative includes members of the extended family as defined
- 41.6 by the law or custom of the Indian child's tribe or, in the absence of law or custom, nieces.
- 41.7 nephews, or first or second cousins, as provided in the Indian Child Welfare Act of 1978,
- 41.8 United States Code, title 25, section 1903.
- 41.9 Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.007, subdivision 32, is amended to read:
- 41.10 Subd. 32. Sibling. "Sibling" means one of two or more individuals who have one or
- 41.11 both parents in common through blood, marriage, or adoption, including. This includes
- 41.12 siblings as defined by the child's tribal code or custom. Sibling also includes an individual
- 41.13 who would have been considered a sibling but for a termination of parental rights of one
- 41.14 or both parents, suspension of parental rights under tribal code, or other disruption of
- 41.15 parental rights such as the death of a parent.
- 41.16 Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.203, is amended to read:
- 41.17 260C.203 ADMINISTRATIVE OR COURT REVIEW OF PLACEMENTS.
- 41.18 (a) Unless the court is conducting the reviews required under section 260C.202,
- 41.19 there shall be an administrative review of the out-of-home placement plan of each child
- 41.20 placed in foster care no later than 180 days after the initial placement of the child in foster
- 41.21 care and at least every six months thereafter if the child is not returned to the home of the
- 41.22 parent or parents within that time. The out-of-home placement plan must be monitored and
- 41.23 updated at each administrative review. The administrative review shall be conducted by
- 41.24 the responsible social services agency using a panel of appropriate persons at least one of
- 41.25 whom is not responsible for the case management of, or the delivery of services to, either
- 41.26 the child or the parents who are the subject of the review. The administrative review shall
- 41.27 be open to participation by the parent or guardian of the child and the child, as appropriate.
- 41.28 (b) As an alternative to the administrative review required in paragraph (a), the court
- 41.29 may, as part of any hearing required under the Minnesota Rules of Juvenile Protection
- 41.30 Procedure, conduct a hearing to monitor and update the out-of-home placement plan
- 41.31 pursuant to the procedure and standard in section 260C.201, subdivision 6, paragraph
- 41.32 (d). The party requesting review of the out-of-home placement plan shall give parties to
- 41.33 the proceeding notice of the request to review and update the out-of-home placement
- 41.34 plan. A court review conducted pursuant to section 260C.141, subdivision 2; 260C.193;
- 42.1 260C.201, subdivision 1; 260C.202; 260C.204; 260C.317; or 260D.06 shall satisfy the
- 42.2 requirement for the review so long as the other requirements of this section are met.
- 42.3 (c) As appropriate to the stage of the proceedings and relevant court orders, the
- 42.4 responsible social services agency or the court shall review:
- 42.5 (1) the safety, permanency needs, and well-being of the child;

230.6 Subd. 27. **Relative.** "Relative" means a person related to the child by blood, 230.7 marriage, or adoption; the legal parent, guardian, or custodian of the child's siblings; or an 230.8 individual who is an important friend with whom the child has resided or had significant 230.9 contact. For an Indian child, relative includes members of the extended family as defined 230.10 by the law or custom of the Indian child's tribe or, in the absence of law or custom, nieces, 230.11 nephews, or first or second cousins, as provided in the Indian Child Welfare Act of 1978, 230.12 United States Code, title 25, section 1903.

230.13 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.007, subdivision 32, is amended to read:

230.14 Subd. 32. **Sibling.** "Sibling" means one of two or more individuals who have one or

230.15 both parents in common through blood, marriage, or adoption, including. This includes

230.16 siblings as defined by the child's tribal code or custom. Sibling also includes an individual

230.17 who would have been considered a sibling but for a termination of parental rights of one

230.18 or both parents, suspension of parental rights under tribal code, or other disruption of

230.19 parental rights such as the death of a parent.

230.20 Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.203, is amended to read:

#### 230.21 260C.203 ADMINISTRATIVE OR COURT REVIEW OF PLACEMENTS.

230.22 (a) Unless the court is conducting the reviews required under section 260C.202,

230.23 there shall be an administrative review of the out-of-home placement plan of each child

230.24 placed in foster care no later than 180 days after the initial placement of the child in foster

230.25 care and at least every six months thereafter if the child is not returned to the home of the

230.26 parent or parents within that time. The out-of-home placement plan must be monitored and

230.27 updated at each administrative review. The administrative review shall be conducted by

230.28 the responsible social services agency using a panel of appropriate persons at least one of

230.29 whom is not responsible for the case management of, or the delivery of services to, either

230.30 the child or the parents who are the subject of the review. The administrative review shall

230.31 be open to participation by the parent or guardian of the child and the child, as appropriate.

230.32 (b) As an alternative to the administrative review required in paragraph (a), the court

230.33 may, as part of any hearing required under the Minnesota Rules of Juvenile Protection

231.1 Procedure, conduct a hearing to monitor and update the out-of-home placement plan

231.2 pursuant to the procedure and standard in section 260C.201, subdivision 6, paragraph

231.3 (d). The party requesting review of the out-of-home placement plan shall give parties to

231.4 the proceeding notice of the request to review and update the out-of-home placement

231.5 plan. A court review conducted pursuant to section 260C.141, subdivision 2; 260C.193;

231.6 260C.201, subdivision 1; 260C.202; 260C.204; 260C.317; or 260D.06 shall satisfy the

231.7 requirement for the review so long as the other requirements of this section are met.

231.8 (c) As appropriate to the stage of the proceedings and relevant court orders, the

231.9 responsible social services agency or the court shall review:

231.10 (1) the safety, permanency needs, and well-being of the child;

- 42.6 (2) the continuing necessity for and appropriateness of the placement;
- 42.7 (3) the extent of compliance with the out-of-home placement plan;
- 42.8 (4) the extent of progress that has been made toward alleviating or mitigating the
- 42.9 causes necessitating placement in foster care;
- 42.10 (5) the projected date by which the child may be returned to and safely maintained in
- 42.11 the home or placed permanently away from the care of the parent or parents or guardian; and
- 42.12 (6) the appropriateness of the services provided to the child.
- 42.13 (d) When a child is age 46 14 or older, in addition to any administrative review
- 42.14 conducted by the agency, at the in-court review required under section 260C.317,
- 42.15 subdivision 3, clause (3), or 260C.515, subdivision 5 or 6, the court shall review the
- 42.16 independent living plan required under section 260C.212, subdivision 1, paragraph (c),
- 42.17 clause (11) (12), and the provision of services to the child related to the well-being of
- 42.18 the child as the child prepares to leave foster care. The review shall include the actual
- 42.19 plans related to each item in the plan necessary to the child's future safety and well-being 42.20 when the child is no longer in foster care.
- 42.21 (e) At the court review required under paragraph (d) for a child age 16 14 or older,
- 42.22 the following procedures apply:
- 42.23 (1) six months before the child is expected to be discharged from foster care, the
- 42.24 responsible social services agency shall give the written notice required under section
- 42.25 260C.451, subdivision 1, regarding the right to continued access to services for certain
- 42.26 children in foster care past age 18 and of the right to appeal a denial of social services
- 42.27 under section 256.045. The agency shall file a copy of the notice, including the right to
- 42.28 appeal a denial of social services, with the court. If the agency does not file the notice by
- 42.29 the time the child is age 17-1/2, the court shall require the agency to give it;
- 42.30 (2) consistent with the requirements of the independent living plan, the court shall
- 42.31 review progress toward or accomplishment of the following goals:
- 42.32 (i) the child has obtained a high school diploma or its equivalent;
- 42.33 (ii) the child has completed a driver's education course or has demonstrated the
- 42.34 ability to use public transportation in the child's community;
- 42.35 (iii) the child is employed or enrolled in postsecondary education;
- 43.1 (iv) the child has applied for and obtained postsecondary education financial aid for
- 43.2 which the child is eligible;
- 43.3 (v) the child has health care coverage and health care providers to meet the child's
- 43.4 physical and mental health needs;

#### 231.11 (2) the continuing necessity for and appropriateness of the placement;

- 231.12 (3) the extent of compliance with the out-of-home placement plan;
- 231.13 (4) the extent of progress that has been made toward alleviating or mitigating the
- 231.14 causes necessitating placement in foster care;
- 231.15 (5) the projected date by which the child may be returned to and safely maintained in
- 231.16 the home or placed permanently away from the care of the parent or parents or guardian; and
- 231.17 (6) the appropriateness of the services provided to the child.
- 231.18 (d) When a child is age 16 14 or older, in addition to any administrative review
- 231.19 conducted by the agency, at the in-court review required under section 260C.317,
- 231.20 subdivision 3, clause (3), or 260C.515, subdivision 5 or 6, the court shall review the
- 231.21 independent living plan required under section 260C.212, subdivision 1, paragraph (c),
- 231.22 clause (11) (12), and the provision of services to the child related to the well-being of
- 231.23 the child as the child prepares to leave foster care. The review shall include the actual
- 231.24 plans related to each item in the plan necessary to the child's future safety and well-being
- 231.25 when the child is no longer in foster care.
- 231.26 (e) At the court review required under paragraph (d) for a child age 16 14 or older,
- 231.27 the following procedures apply:
- 231.28 (1) six months before the child is expected to be discharged from foster care, the
- 231.29 responsible social services agency shall give the written notice required under section
- 231.30 260C.451, subdivision 1, regarding the right to continued access to services for certain
- 231.31 children in foster care past age 18 and of the right to appeal a denial of social services
- 231.32 under section 256.045. The agency shall file a copy of the notice, including the right to
- 231.33 appeal a denial of social services, with the court. If the agency does not file the notice by
- 231.34 the time the child is age 17-1/2, the court shall require the agency to give it;
- 231.35 (2) consistent with the requirements of the independent living plan, the court shall
- 231.36 review progress toward or accomplishment of the following goals:
- 232.1 (i) the child has obtained a high school diploma or its equivalent;
- 232.2 (ii) the child has completed a driver's education course or has demonstrated the
- 232.3 ability to use public transportation in the child's community;
- 232.4 (iii) the child is employed or enrolled in postsecondary education;
- 232.5 (iv) the child has applied for and obtained postsecondary education financial aid for
- 232.6 which the child is eligible;
- 232.7 (v) the child has health care coverage and health care providers to meet the child's
- 232.8 physical and mental health needs;

- 43.5 (vi) the child has applied for and obtained disability income assistance for which 43.6 the child is eligible;
- 43.7 (vii) the child has obtained affordable housing with necessary supports, which does 43.8 not include a homeless shelter;
- 43.9 (viii) the child has saved sufficient funds to pay for the first month's rent and a 43.10 damage deposit;
- 43.11 (ix) the child has an alternative affordable housing plan, which does not include a
- 43.12 homeless shelter, if the original housing plan is unworkable;
- 43.13 (x) the child, if male, has registered for the Selective Service; and
- 43.14 (xi) the child has a permanent connection to a caring adult; and
- 43.15 (3) the court shall ensure that the responsible agency in conjunction with the
- 43.16 placement provider assists the child in obtaining the following documents prior to the
- 43.17 child's leaving foster care: a Social Security card; the child's birth certificate; a state
- 43.18 identification card or driver's license, tribal enrollment identification card, green card, or
- 43.19 school visa; the child's school, medical, and dental records; a contact list of the child's
- 43.20 medical, dental, and mental health providers; and contact information for the child's
- 43.21 siblings, if the siblings are in foster care.
- 43.22 (f) For a child who will be discharged from foster care at age 18 or older, the
- 43.23 responsible social services agency is required to develop a personalized transition plan as
- 43.24 directed by the youth. The transition plan must be developed during the 90-day period
- 43.25 immediately prior to the expected date of discharge. The transition plan must be as
- 43.26 detailed as the child may elect and include specific options on housing, health insurance,
- 43.27 education, local opportunities for mentors and continuing support services, and work force
- 43.28 supports and employment services. The agency shall ensure that the youth receives, at
- 43.29 no cost to the youth, a copy of the youth's consumer credit report as defined in section
- 43.30 13C.001 and assistance in interpreting and resolving any inaccuracies in the report. The
- 43.31 plan must include information on the importance of designating another individual to
- 43.32 make health care treatment decisions on behalf of the child if the child becomes unable
- 43.33 to participate in these decisions and the child does not have, or does not want, a relative
- 43.34 who would otherwise be authorized to make these decisions. The plan must provide the
- 43.35 child with the option to execute a health care directive as provided under chapter 145C.
- 44.1 The agency shall also provide the youth with appropriate contact information if the youth
- 44.2 needs more information or needs help dealing with a crisis situation through age 21.
- 44.3 Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.212, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 44.4 Subdivision 1. **Out-of-home placement; plan.** (a) An out-of-home placement plan
- 44.5 shall be prepared within 30 days after any child is placed in foster care by court order or a 44.6 voluntary placement agreement between the responsible social services agency and the
- 44.7 child's parent pursuant to section 260C.227 or chapter 260D.

232.9 (vi) the child has applied for and obtained disability income assistance for which 232.10 the child is eligible;

House Language UES1458-1

- 232.11 (vii) the child has obtained affordable housing with necessary supports, which does
- 232.12 not include a homeless shelter;
- 232.13 (viii) the child has saved sufficient funds to pay for the first month's rent and a
- 232.14 damage deposit;
- 232.15 (ix) the child has an alternative affordable housing plan, which does not include a
- 232.16 homeless shelter, if the original housing plan is unworkable;
- 232.17 (x) the child, if male, has registered for the Selective Service; and
- 232.18 (xi) the child has a permanent connection to a caring adult; and
- 232.19 (3) the court shall ensure that the responsible agency in conjunction with the
- 232.20 placement provider assists the child in obtaining the following documents prior to the
- 232.21 child's leaving foster care: a Social Security card; the child's birth certificate; a state
- 232.22 identification card or driver's license, tribal enrollment identification card, green card, or
- 232.23 school visa; the child's school, medical, and dental records; a contact list of the child's
- 232.24 medical, dental, and mental health providers; and contact information for the child's
- 232.25 siblings, if the siblings are in foster care.
- 232.26 (f) For a child who will be discharged from foster care at age 18 or older, the
- 232.27 responsible social services agency is required to develop a personalized transition plan as
- 232.28 directed by the youth. The transition plan must be developed during the 90-day period
- 232.29 immediately prior to the expected date of discharge. The transition plan must be as
- 232.30 detailed as the child may elect and include specific options on housing, health insurance,
- 232.31 education, local opportunities for mentors and continuing support services, and work force
- 232.32 supports and employment services. The agency shall ensure that the youth receives, at
- 232.33 no cost to the youth, a copy of the youth's consumer credit report as defined in section
- 232.34 13C.001 and assistance in interpreting and resolving any inaccuracies in the report. The
- 232.35 plan must include information on the importance of designating another individual to
- 232.36 make health care treatment decisions on behalf of the child if the child becomes unable
- 233.1 to participate in these decisions and the child does not have, or does not want, a relative
- 233.2 who would otherwise be authorized to make these decisions. The plan must provide the
- 233.3 child with the option to execute a health care directive as provided under chapter 145C.
- 233.4 The agency shall also provide the youth with appropriate contact information if the youth
- 233.5 needs more information or needs help dealing with a crisis situation through age 21.
- 233.6 Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.212, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 233.7 Subdivision 1. Out-of-home placement; plan. (a) An out-of-home placement plan
- 233.8 shall be prepared within 30 days after any child is placed in foster care by court order or a
- 233.9 voluntary placement agreement between the responsible social services agency and the
- 233.10 child's parent pursuant to section 260C.227 or chapter 260D.

PAGE R43-A1

- 44.8 (b) An out-of-home placement plan means a written document which is prepared 44.9 by the responsible social services agency jointly with the parent or parents or guardian 44.10 of the child and in consultation with the child's guardian ad litem, the child's tribe, if the 44.11 child is an Indian child, the child's foster parent or representative of the foster care facility, 44.12 and, where appropriate, the child. When a child is age 14 or older, the child may include 44.13 two other individuals on the team preparing the child's out-of-home placement plan. For 44.14 a child in voluntary foster care for treatment under chapter 260D, preparation of the 44.15 out-of-home placement plan shall additionally include the child's mental health treatment 44.16 provider. As appropriate, the plan shall be:
- 44.17 (1) submitted to the court for approval under section 260C.178, subdivision 7;
- 44.18 (2) ordered by the court, either as presented or modified after hearing, under section 44.19 260C.178, subdivision 7, or 260C.201, subdivision 6; and
- 44.20 (3) signed by the parent or parents or guardian of the child, the child's guardian ad 44.21 litem, a representative of the child's tribe, the responsible social services agency, and, if 44.22 possible, the child.
- 44.23 (c) The out-of-home placement plan shall be explained to all persons involved in its 44.24 implementation, including the child who has signed the plan, and shall set forth:
- 44.25 (1) a description of the foster care home or facility selected, including how the 44.26 out-of-home placement plan is designed to achieve a safe placement for the child in the 44.27 least restrictive, most family-like, setting available which is in close proximity to the home 44.28 of the parent or parents or guardian of the child when the case plan goal is reunification, 44.29 and how the placement is consistent with the best interests and special needs of the child 44.30 according to the factors under subdivision 2, paragraph (b);
- 44.31 (2) the specific reasons for the placement of the child in foster care, and when 44.32 reunification is the plan, a description of the problems or conditions in the home of the 44.33 parent or parents which necessitated removal of the child from home and the changes the 44.34 parent or parents must make in order for the child to safely return home;
- 45.1 (3) a description of the services offered and provided to prevent removal of the child 45.2 from the home and to reunify the family including:
- 45.3 (i) the specific actions to be taken by the parent or parents of the child to eliminate 45.4 or correct the problems or conditions identified in clause (2), and the time period during 45.5 which the actions are to be taken; and
- 45.6 (ii) the reasonable efforts, or in the case of an Indian child, active efforts to be made 45.7 to achieve a safe and stable home for the child including social and other supportive 45.8 services to be provided or offered to the parent or parents or guardian of the child, the 45.9 child, and the residential facility during the period the child is in the residential facility;

- 233.11 (b) An out-of-home placement plan means a written document which is prepared 233.12 by the responsible social services agency jointly with the parent or parents or guardian 233.13 of the child and in consultation with the child's guardian ad litem, the child's tribe, if the 233.14 child is an Indian child, the child's foster parent or representative of the foster care facility, 233.15 and, where appropriate, the child. When a child is age 14 or older, the child may include 233.16 two other individuals on the team preparing the child's out-of-home placement plan. For 233.17 a child in voluntary foster care for treatment under chapter 260D, preparation of the 233.18 out-of-home placement plan shall additionally include the child's mental health treatment 233.19 provider. As appropriate, the plan shall be:
- 233.20 (1) submitted to the court for approval under section 260C.178, subdivision 7;
- 233.21 (2) ordered by the court, either as presented or modified after hearing, under section 233.22 260C.178, subdivision 7, or 260C.201, subdivision 6; and
- 233.23 (3) signed by the parent or parents or guardian of the child, the child's guardian ad 233.24 litem, a representative of the child's tribe, the responsible social services agency, and, if 233.25 possible, the child.
- 233.26 (c) The out-of-home placement plan shall be explained to all persons involved in its 233.27 implementation, including the child who has signed the plan, and shall set forth:
- 233.28 (1) a description of the foster care home or facility selected, including how the 233.29 out-of-home placement plan is designed to achieve a safe placement for the child in the 233.30 least restrictive, most family-like, setting available which is in close proximity to the home 233.31 of the parent or parents or guardian of the child when the case plan goal is reunification, 233.32 and how the placement is consistent with the best interests and special needs of the child 233.33 according to the factors under subdivision 2, paragraph (b);
- 233.34 (2) the specific reasons for the placement of the child in foster care, and when 233.35 reunification is the plan, a description of the problems or conditions in the home of the 234.1 parent or parents which necessitated removal of the child from home and the changes the 234.2 parent or parents must make in order for the child to safely return home;
- 234.3 (3) a description of the services offered and provided to prevent removal of the child 234.4 from the home and to reunify the family including:
- 234.5 (i) the specific actions to be taken by the parent or parents of the child to eliminate 234.6 or correct the problems or conditions identified in clause (2), and the time period during 234.7 which the actions are to be taken; and
- 234.8 (ii) the reasonable efforts, or in the case of an Indian child, active efforts to be made 234.9 to achieve a safe and stable home for the child including social and other supportive 234.10 services to be provided or offered to the parent or parents or guardian of the child, the 234.11 child, and the residential facility during the period the child is in the residential facility;

- 45.10 (4) a description of any services or resources that were requested by the child or the
- 45.11 child's parent, guardian, foster parent, or custodian since the date of the child's placement
- 45.12 in the residential facility, and whether those services or resources were provided and if
- 45.13 not, the basis for the denial of the services or resources;
- 45.14 (5) the visitation plan for the parent or parents or guardian, other relatives as defined
- 45.15 in section 260C.007, subdivision 27, and siblings of the child if the siblings are not placed
- 45.16 together in foster care, and whether visitation is consistent with the best interest of the
- 45.17 child, during the period the child is in foster care;
- 45.18 (6) when a child cannot return to or be in the care of either parent, documentation
- 45.19 of steps to finalize adoption as the permanency plan for the child, including: (i) through
- 45.20 reasonable efforts to place the child for adoption. At a minimum, the documentation must
- 45.21 include consideration of whether adoption is in the best interests of the child, child-specific
- 45.22 recruitment efforts such as relative search and the use of state, regional, and national
- 45.23 adoption exchanges to facilitate orderly and timely placements in and outside of the state.
- 45.24 A copy of this documentation shall be provided to the court in the review required under
- 45.25 section 260C.317, subdivision 3, paragraph (b); and
- 45.26 (ii) documentation necessary to support the requirements of the kinship placement
- 45.27 agreement under section 256N.22 when adoption is determined not to be in the child's
- 45.28 best interests; (7) when a child cannot return to or be in the care of either parent,
- 45.29 documentation of steps to finalize the transfer of permanent legal and physical custody
- 45.30 to a relative as the permanency plan for the child. This documentation must support the
- 45.31 requirements of the kinship placement agreement under section 256N.22 and must include
- 45.32 the reasonable efforts used to determine that it is not appropriate for the child to return
- 45.33 home or be adopted, and reasons why permanent placement with a relative through a
- 45.34 Northstar kinship assistance arrangement is in the child's best interest; how the child meets
- 45.35 the eligibility requirements for Northstar kinship assistance payments; agency efforts to
- 45.36 discuss adoption with the child's relative foster parent and reasons why the relative foster
- 46.1 parent chose not to pursue adoption, if applicable; and agency efforts to discuss with the
- 46.2 child's parent or parents the permanent transfer of permanent legal and physical custody or
- 46.3 the reasons why these efforts were not made;
- 46.4 (7) (8) efforts to ensure the child's educational stability while in foster care, including:
- 46.5 (i) efforts to ensure that the child remains in the same school in which the child was
- 46.6 enrolled prior to placement or upon the child's move from one placement to another,
- 46.7 including efforts to work with the local education authorities to ensure the child's
- 46.8 educational stability; or
- 46.9 (ii) if it is not in the child's best interest to remain in the same school that the child
- 46.10 was enrolled in prior to placement or move from one placement to another, efforts to
- 46.11 ensure immediate and appropriate enrollment for the child in a new school;

- 234.12 (4) a description of any services or resources that were requested by the child or the 234.13 child's parent, guardian, foster parent, or custodian since the date of the child's placement
- 234.14 in the residential facility, and whether those services or resources were provided and if
- 234.15 not, the basis for the denial of the services or resources;
- 234.16 (5) the visitation plan for the parent or parents or guardian, other relatives as defined
- 234.17 in section 260C.007, subdivision 27, and siblings of the child if the siblings are not placed
- 234.18 together in foster care, and whether visitation is consistent with the best interest of the
- 234.19 child, during the period the child is in foster care;
- 234.20 (6) when a child cannot return to or be in the care of either parent, documentation
- 234.21 of steps to finalize adoption as the permanency plan for the child, including: (i) through
- 234.22 reasonable efforts to place the child for adoption. At a minimum, the documentation must
- 234.23 include consideration of whether adoption is in the best interests of the child, child-specific
- 234.24 recruitment efforts such as relative search and the use of state, regional, and national
- 234.25 adoption exchanges to facilitate orderly and timely placements in and outside of the state.
- 234.26 A copy of this documentation shall be provided to the court in the review required under
- 234.27 section 260C.317, subdivision 3, paragraph (b); and
- 234.28 (ii) documentation necessary to support the requirements of the kinship placement
- 234.29 agreement under section 256N.22 when adoption is determined not to be in the child's
- 234.30 best interests; (7) when a child cannot return to or be in the care of either parent,
- 234.31 documentation of steps to finalize the transfer of permanent legal and physical custody
- 234.32 to a relative as the permanency plan for the child. This documentation must support the
- 234.33 requirements of the kinship placement agreement under section 256N.22 and must include
- 234.34 the reasonable efforts used to determine that it is not appropriate for the child to return
- 234.35 home or be adopted, and reasons why permanent placement with a relative through a
- 234.36 Northstar kinship assistance arrangement is in the child's best interest; how the child meets
- 235.1 the eligibility requirements for Northstar kinship assistance payments; agency efforts to
- 235.2 discuss adoption with the child's relative foster parent and reasons why the relative foster
- 235.3 parent chose not to pursue adoption, if applicable; and agency efforts to discuss with the
- 235.4 child's parent or parents the permanent transfer of permanent legal and physical custody or
- 235.5 the reasons why these efforts were not made;
- 235.6 (7) (8) efforts to ensure the child's educational stability while in foster care, including:
- 235.7 (i) efforts to ensure that the child remains in the same school in which the child was
- 235.8 enrolled prior to placement or upon the child's move from one placement to another,
- 235.9 including efforts to work with the local education authorities to ensure the child's
- 235.10 educational stability; or
- 235.11 (ii) if it is not in the child's best interest to remain in the same school that the child
- 235.12 was enrolled in prior to placement or move from one placement to another, efforts to
- 235.13 ensure immediate and appropriate enrollment for the child in a new school;

#### May 03, 2015 02:12 PM

#### Senate Language S1458-2

- 46.12 (8) (9) the educational records of the child including the most recent information 46.13 available regarding:
- 46.14 (i) the names and addresses of the child's educational providers;
- 46.15 (ii) the child's grade level performance;
- 46.16 (iii) the child's school record;
- 46.17 (iv) a statement about how the child's placement in foster care takes into account
- 46.18 proximity to the school in which the child is enrolled at the time of placement; and
- 46.19 (v) any other relevant educational information;
- 46.20 (9) (10) the efforts by the local agency to ensure the oversight and continuity of
- 46.21 health care services for the foster child, including:
- 46.22 (i) the plan to schedule the child's initial health screens;
- 46.23 (ii) how the child's known medical problems and identified needs from the screens,
- 46.24 including any known communicable diseases, as defined in section 144.4172, subdivision
- 46.25 2, will be monitored and treated while the child is in foster care;
- 46.26 (iii) how the child's medical information will be updated and shared, including
- 46.27 the child's immunizations;
- 46.28 (iv) who is responsible to coordinate and respond to the child's health care needs,
- 46.29 including the role of the parent, the agency, and the foster parent;
- 46.30 (v) who is responsible for oversight of the child's prescription medications;
- 46.31 (vi) how physicians or other appropriate medical and nonmedical professionals
- 46.32 will be consulted and involved in assessing the health and well-being of the child and
- 46.33 determine the appropriate medical treatment for the child; and
- 46.34 (vii) the responsibility to ensure that the child has access to medical care through
- 46.35 either medical insurance or medical assistance:
- 46.36 (10) (11) the health records of the child including information available regarding:
- 47.1 (i) the names and addresses of the child's health care and dental care providers;
- 47.2 (ii) a record of the child's immunizations;
- 47.3 (iii) the child's known medical problems, including any known communicable
- 47.4 diseases as defined in section 144.4172, subdivision 2;
- 47.5 (iv) the child's medications; and
- 47.6 (v) any other relevant health care information such as the child's eligibility for
- 47.7 medical insurance or medical assistance;

### 235.14 (8) (9) the educational records of the child including the most recent information

- 235.15 available regarding:
- 235.16 (i) the names and addresses of the child's educational providers;
- 235.17 (ii) the child's grade level performance;
- 235.18 (iii) the child's school record;
- 235.19 (iv) a statement about how the child's placement in foster care takes into account
- 235.20 proximity to the school in which the child is enrolled at the time of placement; and
- 235.21 (v) any other relevant educational information;
- 235.22 (9) (10) the efforts by the local agency to ensure the oversight and continuity of
- 235.23 health care services for the foster child, including:
- 235.24 (i) the plan to schedule the child's initial health screens;
- 235.25 (ii) how the child's known medical problems and identified needs from the screens,
- 235.26 including any known communicable diseases, as defined in section 144.4172, subdivision
- 235.27 2, will be monitored and treated while the child is in foster care;
- 235.28 (iii) how the child's medical information will be updated and shared, including
- 235.29 the child's immunizations;
- 235.30 (iv) who is responsible to coordinate and respond to the child's health care needs,
- 235.31 including the role of the parent, the agency, and the foster parent;
- 235.32 (v) who is responsible for oversight of the child's prescription medications;
- 235.33 (vi) how physicians or other appropriate medical and nonmedical professionals
- 235.34 will be consulted and involved in assessing the health and well-being of the child and
- 235.35 determine the appropriate medical treatment for the child; and
- 236.1 (vii) the responsibility to ensure that the child has access to medical care through
- 236.2 either medical insurance or medical assistance:
- 236.3 (10) (11) the health records of the child including information available regarding:
- 236.4 (i) the names and addresses of the child's health care and dental care providers;
- 236.5 (ii) a record of the child's immunizations;
- 236.6 (iii) the child's known medical problems, including any known communicable
- 236.7 diseases as defined in section 144.4172, subdivision 2;
- 236.8 (iv) the child's medications; and
- 236.9 (v) any other relevant health care information such as the child's eligibility for
- 236.10 medical insurance or medical assistance;

- 47.8 (11) (12) an independent living plan for a child age 16 14 or older. The plan should 47.9 include, but not be limited to, the following objectives:
- 47.10 (i) educational, vocational, or employment planning;
- 47.11 (ii) health care planning and medical coverage;
- 47.12 (iii) transportation including, where appropriate, assisting the child in obtaining a 47.13 driver's license;
- 47.14 (iv) money management, including the responsibility of the agency to ensure that
- 47.15 the youth annually receives, at no cost to the youth, a consumer report as defined under
- 47.16 section 13C.001 and assistance in interpreting and resolving any inaccuracies in the report;
- 47.17 (v) planning for housing;
- 47.18 (vi) social and recreational skills; and
- 47.19 (vii) establishing and maintaining connections with the child's family and
- 47.20 community; and
- 47.21 (viii) regular opportunities to engage in age-appropriate or developmentally
- 47.22 appropriate activities typical for the child's age group, taking into consideration the
- 47.23 capacities of the individual child; and
- 47.24 (12) (13) for a child in voluntary foster care for treatment under chapter 260D,
- 47.25 diagnostic and assessment information, specific services relating to meeting the mental
- 47.26 health care needs of the child, and treatment outcomes.
- 47.27 (d) The parent or parents or guardian and the child each shall have the right to legal
- 47.28 counsel in the preparation of the case plan and shall be informed of the right at the time
- 47.29 of placement of the child. The child shall also have the right to a guardian ad litem.
- 47.30 If unable to employ counsel from their own resources, the court shall appoint counsel
- 47.31 upon the request of the parent or parents or the child or the child's legal guardian. The
- 47.32 parent or parents may also receive assistance from any person or social services agency
- 47.33 in preparation of the case plan.
- 47.34 After the plan has been agreed upon by the parties involved or approved or ordered
- 47.35 by the court, the foster parents shall be fully informed of the provisions of the case plan
- 47.36 and shall be provided a copy of the plan.
- 48.1 Upon discharge from foster care, the parent, adoptive parent, or permanent legal and
- 48.2 physical custodian, as appropriate, and the child, if appropriate, must be provided with
- 48.3 a current copy of the child's health and education record.
- 48.4 Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.212, is amended by adding a 48.5 subdivision to read:

- 236.11 (11) (12) an independent living plan for a child age 16 14 or older. The plan should 236.12 include, but not be limited to, the following objectives:
- 236.13 (i) educational, vocational, or employment planning;
- 236.14 (ii) health care planning and medical coverage;
- 236.15 (iii) transportation including, where appropriate, assisting the child in obtaining a 236.16 driver's license;
- 236.17 (iv) money management, including the responsibility of the agency to ensure that
- 236.18 the youth annually receives, at no cost to the youth, a consumer report as defined under
- 236.19 section 13C.001 and assistance in interpreting and resolving any inaccuracies in the report;
- 236.20 (v) planning for housing;
- 236.21 (vi) social and recreational skills; and
- 236.22 (vii) establishing and maintaining connections with the child's family and
- 236.23 community; and
- 236.24 (viii) regular opportunities to engage in age-appropriate or developmentally
- 236.25 appropriate activities typical for the child's age group, taking into consideration the
- 236.26 capacities of the individual child; and
- 236.27 (12) (13) for a child in voluntary foster care for treatment under chapter 260D,
- 236.28 diagnostic and assessment information, specific services relating to meeting the mental
- 236.29 health care needs of the child, and treatment outcomes.
- 236.30 (d) The parent or parents or guardian and the child each shall have the right to legal
- 236.31 counsel in the preparation of the case plan and shall be informed of the right at the time
- 236.32 of placement of the child. The child shall also have the right to a guardian ad litem.
- 236.33 If unable to employ counsel from their own resources, the court shall appoint counsel
- 236.34 upon the request of the parent or parents or the child or the child's legal guardian. The
- 236.35 parent or parents may also receive assistance from any person or social services agency
- 236.36 in preparation of the case plan.
- 237.1 After the plan has been agreed upon by the parties involved or approved or ordered
- 237.2 by the court, the foster parents shall be fully informed of the provisions of the case plan
- 237.3 and shall be provided a copy of the plan.
- 237.4 Upon discharge from foster care, the parent, adoptive parent, or permanent legal and
- 237.5 physical custodian, as appropriate, and the child, if appropriate, must be provided with
- 237.6 a current copy of the child's health and education record.
- 237.7 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.212, is amended by adding a
- 237.8 subdivision to read:

- 48.6 Subd. 13. Protecting missing and runaway children and youth at risk of sex
- 48.7 **trafficking.** (a) The local social services agency shall expeditiously locate any child
- 48.8 missing from foster care.
- 48.9 (b) The local social services agency shall report immediately, but no later than
- 48.10 24 hours, after receiving information on a missing or abducted child to the local law
- 48.11 enforcement agency for entry into the National Crime Information Center (NCIC)
- 48.12 database of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and to the National Center for Missing
- 48.13 and Exploited Children.
- 48.14 (c) The local social services agency shall not discharge a child from foster care or
- 48.15 close the social services case until diligent efforts have been exhausted to locate the child
- 48.16 and the court terminates the agency's jurisdiction.
- 48.17 (d) The local social services agency shall determine the primary factors that
- 48.18 contributed to the child's running away or otherwise being absent from care and, to
- 48.19 the extent possible and appropriate, respond to those factors in current and subsequent
- 48.20 placements.
- 48.21 (e) The local social services agency shall determine what the child experienced
- 48.22 while absent from care, including screening the child to determine if the child is a possible
- 48.23 sex trafficking victim as defined in section 609.321, subdivision 7b.
- 48.24 (f) The local social services agency shall report immediately, but no later than 24
- 48.25 hours, to the local law enforcement agency any reasonable cause to believe a child is, or is
- 48.26 at risk of being, a sex trafficking victim.
- 48.27 (g) The local social services agency shall determine appropriate services as described
- 48.28 in section 145.4717 with respect to any child for whom the local social services agency has
- 48.29 responsibility for placement, care, or supervision when the local social services agency
- 48.30 has reasonable cause to believe the child is, or is at risk of being, a sex trafficking victim.
- 48.31 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.212, is amended by adding a
- 48.32 subdivision to read:
- 48.33 Subd. 14. Support age-appropriate and developmentally appropriate activities
- 48.34 for foster children. Responsible social services agencies and child-placing agencies shall
- 49.1 support a foster child's emotional and developmental growth by permitting the child
- 49.2 to participate in activities or events that are generally accepted as suitable for children
- 49.3 of the same chronological age or are developmentally appropriate for the child. Foster
- 49.4 parents and residential facility staff are permitted to allow foster children to participate in
- 49.5 extracurricular, social, or cultural activities that are typical for the child's age by applying
- 49.6 reasonable and prudent parenting standards. Reasonable and prudent parenting standards
- 49.7 are characterized by careful and sensible parenting decisions that maintain the child's
- 49.8 health and safety, and are made in the child's best interest.

#### 237.9 Subd. 13. Protecting missing and runaway children and youth at risk of sex

House Language UES1458-1

- 237.10 trafficking. (a) The local social services agency shall expeditiously locate any child
- 237.11 missing from foster care.
- 237.12 (b) The local social services agency shall report immediately, but no later than
- 237.13 24 hours, after receiving information on a missing or abducted child to the local law
- 237.14 enforcement agency for entry into the National Crime Information Center (NCIC)
- 237.15 database of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and to the National Center for Missing
- 237.16 and Exploited Children.
- 237.17 (c) The local social services agency shall not discharge a child from foster care or
- 237.18 close the social services case until diligent efforts have been exhausted to locate the child
- 237.19 and the court terminates the agency's jurisdiction.
- 237.20 (d) The local social services agency shall determine the primary factors that
- 237.21 contributed to the child's running away or otherwise being absent from care and, to
- 237.22 the extent possible and appropriate, respond to those factors in current and subsequent
- 237.23 placements.
- 237.24 (e) The local social services agency shall determine what the child experienced
- 237.25 while absent from care, including screening the child to determine if the child is a possible
- 237.26 sex trafficking victim as defined in section 609.321, subdivision 7b.
- 237.27 (f) The local social services agency shall report immediately, but no later than 24
- 237.28 hours, to the local law enforcement agency any reasonable cause to believe a child is, or is
- 237.29 at risk of being, a sex trafficking victim.
- 237.30 (g) The local social services agency shall determine appropriate services as described
- 237.31 in section 145.4717 with respect to any child for whom the local social services agency has
- 237.32 responsibility for placement, care, or supervision when the local social services agency
- 237.33 has reasonable cause to believe the child is, or is at risk of being, a sex trafficking victim.
- 238.1 Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.212, is amended by adding a
- 238.2 subdivision to read:
- 238.3 Subd. 14. Support normalcy for foster children. Responsible social services
- 238.4 agencies and child-placing agencies shall support a foster child's emotional and
- 238.5 developmental growth by permitting the child to participate in activities or events that
- 238.6 are generally accepted as suitable for children of the same chronological age or are
- 238.7 developmentally appropriate for the child. Foster parents and residential facility staff
- 238.8 are permitted to allow foster children to participate in extracurricular, social, or cultural
- 238.9 activities that are typical for the child's age by applying reasonable and prudent parenting
- 238.10 standards. Reasonable and prudent parenting standards are characterized by careful and
- 238.11 sensible parenting decisions that maintain the child's health and safety, and are made in
- 238.12 the child's best interest.

PAGE R48-A1

49.9 Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.221, is amended to read: 49.10 **260C.221 RELATIVE SEARCH.** 

- 49.11 (a) The responsible social services agency shall exercise due diligence to identify 49.12 and notify adult relatives prior to placement or within 30 days after the child's removal 49.13 from the parent. The county agency shall consider placement with a relative under this 49.14 section without delay and whenever the child must move from or be returned to foster 49.15 care. The relative search required by this section shall be comprehensive in scope. After a 49.16 finding that the agency has made reasonable efforts to conduct the relative search under 49.17 this paragraph, the agency has the continuing responsibility to appropriately involve 49.18 relatives, who have responded to the notice required under this paragraph, in planning 49.19 for the child and to continue to consider relatives according to the requirements of 49.20 section 260C.212, subdivision 2. At any time during the course of juvenile protection 49.21 proceedings, the court may order the agency to reopen its search for relatives when it is in 49.22 the child's best interest to do so.
- 49.23 (b) The relative search required by this section shall include both maternal relatives
  49.24 and paternal adult relatives of the child; all adult grandparents; all legal parents, guardians
  49.25 or custodians; the child's siblings; and any other adult relatives suggested by the child's
  49.26 parents, subject to the exceptions due to family violence in paragraph (c). The search shall
  49.27 also include getting information from the child in an age-appropriate manner about who
  49.28 the child considers to be family members and important friends with whom the child has
  49.29 resided or had significant contact. The relative search required under this section must
  49.30 fulfill the agency's duties under the Indian Child Welfare Act regarding active efforts
  49.31 to prevent the breakup of the Indian family under United States Code, title 25, section
  49.32 1912(d), and to meet placement preferences under United States Code, title 25, section
  49.33 1915. The relatives must be notified:
- 50.1 (1) of the need for a foster home for the child, the option to become a placement 50.2 resource for the child, and the possibility of the need for a permanent placement for the 50.3 child;
- 50.4 (2) of their responsibility to keep the responsible social services agency and the court 50.5 informed of their current address in order to receive notice in the event that a permanent 50.6 placement is sought for the child and to receive notice of the permanency progress review 50.7 hearing under section 260C.204. A relative who fails to provide a current address to the 50.8 responsible social services agency and the court forfeits the right to receive notice of the 50.9 possibility of permanent placement and of the permanency progress review hearing under 50.10 section 260C.204. A decision by a relative not to be identified as a potential permanent 50.11 placement resource or participate in planning for the child at the beginning of the case 50.12 shall not affect whether the relative is considered for placement of the child with that 50.13 relative later;

50.14 (3) that the relative may participate in the care and planning for the child, including 50.15 that the opportunity for such participation may be lost by failing to respond to the notice 50.16 sent under this subdivision. "Participate in the care and planning" includes, but is not 50.17 limited to, participation in case planning for the parent and child, identifying the strengths 50.18 and needs of the parent and child, supervising visits, providing respite and vacation visits 50.19 for the child, providing transportation to appointments, suggesting other relatives who 50.20 might be able to help support the case plan, and to the extent possible, helping to maintain 50.21 the child's familiar and regular activities and contact with friends and relatives:

50.22 (4) of the family foster care licensing requirements, including how to complete an 50.23 application and how to request a variance from licensing standards that do not present a 50.24 safety or health risk to the child in the home under section 245A.04 and supports that are 50.25 available for relatives and children who reside in a family foster home; and

50.26 (5) of the relatives' right to ask to be notified of any court proceedings regarding 50.27 the child, to attend the hearings, and of a relative's right or opportunity to be heard by the 50.28 court as required under section 260C.152, subdivision 5.

50.29 (b) (c) A responsible social services agency may disclose private data, as defined 50.30 in sections 13.02 and 626.556, to relatives of the child for the purpose of locating and 50.31 assessing a suitable placement and may use any reasonable means of identifying and 50.32 locating relatives including the Internet or other electronic means of conducting a search. 50.33 The agency shall disclose data that is necessary to facilitate possible placement with 50.34 relatives and to ensure that the relative is informed of the needs of the child so the 50.35 relative can participate in planning for the child and be supportive of services to the child 50.36 and family. If the child's parent refuses to give the responsible social services agency 51.1 information sufficient to identify the maternal and paternal relatives of the child, the 51.2 agency shall ask the juvenile court to order the parent to provide the necessary information. 51.3 If a parent makes an explicit request that a specific relative not be contacted or considered 51.4 for placement due to safety reasons including past family or domestic violence, the agency 51.5 shall bring the parent's request to the attention of the court to determine whether the 51.6 parent's request is consistent with the best interests of the child and the agency shall not 51.7 contact the specific relative when the juvenile court finds that contacting the specific 51.8 relative would endanger the parent, guardian, child, sibling, or any family member.

51.9 (e) (d) At a regularly scheduled hearing not later than three months after the child's 51.10 placement in foster care and as required in section 260C.202, the agency shall report to 51.11 the court:

51.12 (1) its efforts to identify maternal and paternal relatives of the child and to engage 51.13 the relatives in providing support for the child and family, and document that the relatives 51.14 have been provided the notice required under paragraph (a); and

PAGE R50-A1

51.15 (2) its decision regarding placing the child with a relative as required under section

51.16 260C.212, subdivision 2, and to ask relatives to visit or maintain contact with the child in

51.17 order to support family connections for the child, when placement with a relative is not

51.18 possible or appropriate.

51.19 (d) (e) Notwithstanding chapter 13, the agency shall disclose data about particular

51.20 relatives identified, searched for, and contacted for the purposes of the court's review of

51.21 the agency's due diligence.

51.22 (e) (f) When the court is satisfied that the agency has exercised due diligence to

51.23 identify relatives and provide the notice required in paragraph (a), the court may find that

51.24 reasonable efforts have been made to conduct a relative search to identify and provide

51.25 notice to adult relatives as required under section 260.012, paragraph (e), clause (3). If the

51.26 court is not satisfied that the agency has exercised due diligence to identify relatives and

51.27 provide the notice required in paragraph (a), the court may order the agency to continue its

51.28 search and notice efforts and to report back to the court.

51.29 (f) (g) When the placing agency determines that permanent placement proceedings

51.30 are necessary because there is a likelihood that the child will not return to a parent's

51.31 care, the agency must send the notice provided in paragraph (g) (h), may ask the court to

51.32 modify the duty of the agency to send the notice required in paragraph (g) (h), or may

51.33 ask the court to completely relieve the agency of the requirements of paragraph (g) (h).

51.34 The relative notification requirements of paragraph (g) (h) do not apply when the child is

51.35 placed with an appropriate relative or a foster home that has committed to adopting the

51.36 child or taking permanent legal and physical custody of the child and the agency approves

52.1 of that foster home for permanent placement of the child. The actions ordered by the

52.2 court under this section must be consistent with the best interests, safety, permanency,

52.3 and welfare of the child.

52.4 (g) (h) Unless required under the Indian Child Welfare Act or relieved of this duty

52.5 by the court under paragraph (e) (f), when the agency determines that it is necessary to

52.6 prepare for permanent placement determination proceedings, or in anticipation of filing a

52.7 termination of parental rights petition, the agency shall send notice to the relatives, any

52.8 adult with whom the child is currently residing, any adult with whom the child has resided

52.9 for one year or longer in the past, and any adults who have maintained a relationship or

52.10 exercised visitation with the child as identified in the agency case plan. The notice must

52.11 state that a permanent home is sought for the child and that the individuals receiving the

52.12 notice may indicate to the agency their interest in providing a permanent home. The notice

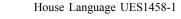
52.13 must state that within 30 days of receipt of the notice an individual receiving the notice must

52.14 indicate to the agency the individual's interest in providing a permanent home for the child

52.15 or that the individual may lose the opportunity to be considered for a permanent placement.

52.16 Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.331, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

52.17 Subdivision 1. **Care, examination, or treatment.** (a) Except where parental rights 52.18 are terminated.



238.13 Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.331, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

238.14 Subdivision 1. **Care, examination, or treatment.** (a) Except where parental rights 238.15 are terminated,

- 52.19 (1) whenever legal custody of a child is transferred by the court to a responsible 52.20 social services agency,
- 52.21 (2) whenever legal custody is transferred to a person other than the responsible social 52.22 services agency, but under the supervision of the responsible social services agency, or
- 52.23 (3) whenever a child is given physical or mental examinations or treatment under 52.24 order of the court, and no provision is otherwise made by law for payment for the care, 52.25 examination, or treatment of the child, these costs are a charge upon the welfare funds of 52.26 the county in which proceedings are held upon certification of the judge of juvenile court.
- 52.27 (b) The court shall order, and the responsible social services agency shall require, 52.28 the parents or custodian of a child, while the child is under the age of 18, to use the 52.29 total income and resources attributable to the child for the period of care, examination, 52.30 or treatment, except for clothing and personal needs allowance as provided in section 52.31 256B.35, to reimburse the county for the cost of care, examination, or treatment. Income 52.32 and resources attributable to the child include, but are not limited to, Social Security 52.33 benefits, Supplemental Security Income (SSI), veterans benefits, railroad retirement 52.34 benefits and child support. When the child is over the age of 18, and continues to receive 52.35 care, examination, or treatment, the court shall order, and the responsible social services 53.1 agency shall require, reimbursement from the child for the cost of care, examination, or 53.2 treatment from the income and resources attributable to the child less the clothing and 53.3 personal needs allowance. Income does not include earnings from a child over the age of 53.4 18 who is working as part of a plan under section 260C.212, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), 53.5 clause (11) (12), to transition from foster care, or the income and resources from sources 53.6 other than Supplemental Security Income and child support that are needed to complete 53.7 the requirements listed in section 260C.203.
- 53.8 (c) If the income and resources attributable to the child are not enough to reimburse 53.9 the county for the full cost of the care, examination, or treatment, the court shall inquire 53.10 into the ability of the parents to support the child and, after giving the parents a reasonable 53.11 opportunity to be heard, the court shall order, and the responsible social services agency 53.12 shall require, the parents to contribute to the cost of care, examination, or treatment of 53.13 the child. When determining the amount to be contributed by the parents, the court shall 53.14 use a fee schedule based upon ability to pay that is established by the responsible social 53.15 services agency and approved by the commissioner of human services. The income of 53.16 a stepparent who has not adopted a child shall be excluded in calculating the parental 53.17 contribution under this section.
- 53.18 (d) The court shall order the amount of reimbursement attributable to the parents 53.19 or custodian, or attributable to the child, or attributable to both sources, withheld under 53.20 chapter 518A from the income of the parents or the custodian of the child. A parent or 53.21 custodian who fails to pay without good reason may be proceeded against for contempt, or 53.22 the court may inform the county attorney, who shall proceed to collect the unpaid sums, 53.23 or both procedures may be used.

238.16 (1) whenever legal custody of a child is transferred by the court to a responsible 238.17 social services agency,

House Language UES1458-1

238.18 (2) whenever legal custody is transferred to a person other than the responsible social 238.19 services agency, but under the supervision of the responsible social services agency, or

238.20 (3) whenever a child is given physical or mental examinations or treatment under 238.21 order of the court, and no provision is otherwise made by law for payment for the care, 238.22 examination, or treatment of the child, these costs are a charge upon the welfare funds of 238.23 the county in which proceedings are held upon certification of the judge of juvenile court.

238.24 (b) The court shall order, and the responsible social services agency shall require, 238.25 the parents or custodian of a child, while the child is under the age of 18, to use the 238.26 total income and resources attributable to the child for the period of care, examination, 238.27 or treatment, except for clothing and personal needs allowance as provided in section 238.28 256B.35, to reimburse the county for the cost of care, examination, or treatment. Income 238.29 and resources attributable to the child include, but are not limited to, Social Security 238.30 benefits, Supplemental Security Income (SSI), veterans benefits, railroad retirement 238.31 benefits and child support. When the child is over the age of 18, and continues to receive 238.32 care, examination, or treatment, the court shall order, and the responsible social services 238.33 agency shall require, reimbursement from the child for the cost of care, examination, or 238.34 treatment from the income and resources attributable to the child less the clothing and 238.35 personal needs allowance. Income does not include earnings from a child over the age of 239.1 18 who is working as part of a plan under section 260C.212, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), 239.2 clause (11) (12), to transition from foster care, or the income and resources from sources 239.3 other than Supplemental Security Income and child support that are needed to complete 239.4 the requirements listed in section 260C.203.

239.5 (c) If the income and resources attributable to the child are not enough to reimburse 239.6 the county for the full cost of the care, examination, or treatment, the court shall inquire 239.7 into the ability of the parents to support the child and, after giving the parents a reasonable 239.8 opportunity to be heard, the court shall order, and the responsible social services agency 239.9 shall require, the parents to contribute to the cost of care, examination, or treatment of 239.10 the child. When determining the amount to be contributed by the parents, the court shall 239.11 use a fee schedule based upon ability to pay that is established by the responsible social 239.12 services agency and approved by the commissioner of human services. The income of 239.13 a stepparent who has not adopted a child shall be excluded in calculating the parental 239.14 contribution under this section.

239.15 (d) The court shall order the amount of reimbursement attributable to the parents 239.16 or custodian, or attributable to the child, or attributable to both sources, withheld under 239.17 chapter 518A from the income of the parents or the custodian of the child. A parent or 239.18 custodian who fails to pay without good reason may be proceeded against for contempt, or 239.19 the court may inform the county attorney, who shall proceed to collect the unpaid sums, 239.20 or both procedures may be used.

239.28 medically necessary services.

53.24 (e) If the court orders a physical or mental examination for a child, the examination 53.25 is a medically necessary service for purposes of determining whether the service is 53.26 covered by a health insurance policy, health maintenance contract, or other health 53.27 coverage plan. Court-ordered treatment shall be subject to policy, contract, or plan 53.28 requirements for medical necessity. Nothing in this paragraph changes or eliminates 53.29 benefit limits, conditions of coverage, co-payments or deductibles, provider restrictions, 53.30 or other requirements in the policy, contract, or plan that relate to coverage of other 53.31 medically necessary services.

53.32 (f) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), (c), or (d), a parent, custodian, or guardian of the 53.33 child is not required to use income and resources attributable to the child to reimburse 53.34 the county for costs of care and is not required to contribute to the cost of care of the 53.35 child during any period of time when the child is returned to the home of that parent, 54.1 custodian, or guardian pursuant to a trial home visit under section 260C.201, subdivision 54.2 1, paragraph (a).

54.3 Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.451, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

54.4 Subd. 2. **Independent living plan.** Upon the request of any child in foster care 54.5 immediately prior to the child's 18th birthday and who is in foster care at the time 54.6 of the request, the responsible social services agency shall, in conjunction with the 54.7 child and other appropriate parties, update the independent living plan required under 54.8 section 260C.212, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clause (11) (12), related to the child's 54.9 employment, vocational, educational, social, or maturational needs. The agency shall 54.10 provide continued services and foster care for the child including those services that are 54.11 necessary to implement the independent living plan.

54.12 Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.451, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

54.13 Subd. 6. Reentering foster care and accessing services after age 18. (a)
54.14 Upon request of an individual between the ages of 18 and 21 who had been under the
54.15 guardianship of the commissioner and who has left foster care without being adopted, the
54.16 responsible social services agency which had been the commissioner's agent for purposes
54.17 of the guardianship shall develop with the individual a plan to increase the individual's
54.18 ability to live safely and independently using the plan requirements of section 260C.212,
54.19 subdivision 1, paragraph (b) (c), clause (H) (12), and to assist the individual to meet
54.20 one or more of the eligibility criteria in subdivision 4 if the individual wants to reenter
54.21 foster care. The agency shall provide foster care as required to implement the plan. The
54.22 agency shall enter into a voluntary placement agreement under section 260C.229 with the
54.23 individual if the plan includes foster care.

239.21 (e) If the court orders a physical or mental examination for a child, the examination 239.22 is a medically necessary service for purposes of determining whether the service is 239.23 covered by a health insurance policy, health maintenance contract, or other health 239.24 coverage plan. Court-ordered treatment shall be subject to policy, contract, or plan 239.25 requirements for medical necessity. Nothing in this paragraph changes or eliminates 239.26 benefit limits, conditions of coverage, co-payments or deductibles, provider restrictions, 239.27 or other requirements in the policy, contract, or plan that relate to coverage of other

House Language UES1458-1

239.29 (f) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), (c), or (d), a parent, custodian, or guardian of the 239.30 child is not required to use income and resources attributable to the child to reimburse 239.31 the county for costs of care and is not required to contribute to the cost of care of the 239.32 child during any period of time when the child is returned to the home of that parent, 239.33 custodian, or guardian pursuant to a trial home visit under section 260C.201, subdivision 239.34 1, paragraph (a).

239.35 Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.451, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

240.1 Subd. 2. **Independent living plan.** Upon the request of any child in foster care 240.2 immediately prior to the child's 18th birthday and who is in foster care at the time 240.3 of the request, the responsible social services agency shall, in conjunction with the 240.4 child and other appropriate parties, update the independent living plan required under 240.5 section 260C.212, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clause (11)\_(12), related to the child's 240.6 employment, vocational, educational, social, or maturational needs. The agency shall 240.7 provide continued services and foster care for the child including those services that are 240.8 necessary to implement the independent living plan.

240.9 Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.451, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

240.10 Subd. 6. Reentering foster care and accessing services after age 18. (a)
240.11 Upon request of an individual between the ages of 18 and 21 who had been under the
240.12 guardianship of the commissioner and who has left foster care without being adopted, the
240.13 responsible social services agency which had been the commissioner's agent for purposes
240.14 of the guardianship shall develop with the individual a plan to increase the individual's
240.15 ability to live safely and independently using the plan requirements of section 260C.212,
240.16 subdivision 1, paragraph (b) (c), clause (11) (12), and to assist the individual to meet
240.17 one or more of the eligibility criteria in subdivision 4 if the individual wants to reenter
240.18 foster care. The agency shall provide foster care as required to implement the plan. The
240.19 agency shall enter into a voluntary placement agreement under section 260C.229 with the
240.20 individual if the plan includes foster care.

- 54.24 (b) Individuals who had not been under the guardianship of the commissioner of 54.25 human services prior to age 18 and are between the ages of 18 and 21 may ask to reenter 54.26 foster care after age 18 and, to the extent funds are available, the responsible social 54.27 services agency that had responsibility for planning for the individual before discharge 54.28 from foster care may provide foster care or other services to the individual for the purpose 54.29 of increasing the individual's ability to live safely and independently and to meet the 54.30 eligibility criteria in subdivision 3a, if the individual:
- 54.31 (1) was in foster care for the six consecutive months prior to the person's 18th 54.32 birthday and was not discharged home, adopted, or received into a relative's home under a 54.33 transfer of permanent legal and physical custody under section 260C.515, subdivision 4; or
- 54.34 (2) was discharged from foster care while on runaway status after age 15.
- 55.1 (c) In conjunction with a qualifying and eligible individual under paragraph (b) and 55.2 other appropriate persons, the responsible social services agency shall develop a specific 55.3 plan related to that individual's vocational, educational, social, or maturational needs 55.4 and, to the extent funds are available, provide foster care as required to implement the 55.5 plan. The agency shall enter into a voluntary placement agreement with the individual 55.6 if the plan includes foster care.
- 55.7 (d) Youth who left foster care while under guardianship of the commissioner of 55.8 human services retain eligibility for foster care for placement at any time between the 55.9 ages of 18 and 21.
- 55.10 Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.515, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- 55.11 Subd. 5. **Permanent custody to agency.** The court may order permanent custody to 55.12 the responsible social services agency for continued placement of the child in foster care 55.13 but only if it approves the responsible social services agency's compelling reasons that no 55.14 other permanency disposition order is in the child's best interests and:
- 55.15 (1) the child has reached age 42 16 and has been asked about the child's desired 55.16 permanency outcome;
- 55.17 (2) the child is a sibling of a child described in clause (1) and the siblings have a 55.18 significant positive relationship and are ordered into the same foster home:
- 55.19 (3) (2) the responsible social services agency has made reasonable efforts to locate 55.20 and place the child with an adoptive family or a fit and willing relative who would either 55.21 agree to adopt the child or to a transfer of permanent legal and physical custody of the 55.22 child, but these efforts have not proven successful; and
- 55.23 (4)\_(3) the parent will continue to have visitation or contact with the child and will 55.24 remain involved in planning for the child.
- 55.25 Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.521, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

- 240.21 (b) Individuals who had not been under the guardianship of the commissioner of 240.22 human services prior to age 18 and are between the ages of 18 and 21 may ask to reenter 240.23 foster care after age 18 and, to the extent funds are available, the responsible social 240.24 services agency that had responsibility for planning for the individual before discharge 240.25 from foster care may provide foster care or other services to the individual for the purpose 240.26 of increasing the individual's ability to live safely and independently and to meet the 240.27 eligibility criteria in subdivision 3a, if the individual:
- 240.28 (1) was in foster care for the six consecutive months prior to the person's 18th 240.29 birthday and was not discharged home, adopted, or received into a relative's home under a 240.30 transfer of permanent legal and physical custody under section 260C.515, subdivision 4; or
- 240.31 (2) was discharged from foster care while on runaway status after age 15.
- 240.32 (c) In conjunction with a qualifying and eligible individual under paragraph (b) and 240.33 other appropriate persons, the responsible social services agency shall develop a specific 240.34 plan related to that individual's vocational, educational, social, or maturational needs 240.35 and, to the extent funds are available, provide foster care as required to implement the 241.1 plan. The agency shall enter into a voluntary placement agreement with the individual 241.2 if the plan includes foster care.
- 241.3 (d) Youth who left foster care while under guardianship of the commissioner of 241.4 human services retain eligibility for foster care for placement at any time between the 241.5 ages of 18 and 21.
- 241.6 Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.515, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- 241.7 Subd. 5. **Permanent custody to agency.** The court may order permanent custody to 241.8 the responsible social services agency for continued placement of the child in foster care 241.9 but only if it approves the responsible social services agency's compelling reasons that no 241.10 other permanency disposition order is in the child's best interests and:
- 241.11 (1) the child has reached age 42 16 and has been asked about the child's desired 241.12 permanency outcome;
- 241.13 (2) the child is a sibling of a child described in clause (1) and the siblings have a 241.14 significant positive relationship and are ordered into the same foster home;
- 241.15 (3) the responsible social services agency has made reasonable efforts to locate and 241.16 place the child with an adoptive family or a fit and willing relative who would either agree 241.17 to adopt the child or to a transfer of permanent legal and physical custody of the child, but 241.18 these efforts have not proven successful; and
- 241.19 (4) the parent will continue to have visitation or contact with the child and will 241.20 remain involved in planning for the child.
- 241.21 Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.521, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

- 55.26 Subdivision 1. Child in permanent custody of responsible social services agency.
- 55.27 (a) Court reviews of an order for permanent custody to the responsible social services
- 55.28 agency for placement of the child in foster care must be conducted at least yearly at an
- 55.29 in-court appearance hearing.
- 55.30 (b) The purpose of the review hearing is to ensure:
- 55.31 (1) the order for permanent custody to the responsible social services agency for
- 55.32 placement of the child in foster care continues to be in the best interests of the child and
- 55.33 that no other permanency disposition order is in the best interests of the child;
- 56.1 (2) that the agency is assisting the child to build connections to the child's family
- 56.2 and community; and
- 56.3 (3) that the agency is appropriately planning with the child for development of
- 56.4 independent living skills for the child and, as appropriate, for the orderly and successful
- 56.5 transition to independent living that may occur if the child continues in foster care without
- 56.6 another permanency disposition order.
- 56.7 (c) The court must review the child's out-of-home placement plan and the reasonable
- 56.8 efforts of the agency to finalize an alternative permanent plan for the child including the 56.9 agency's efforts to:
- 56.10 (1) ensure that permanent custody to the agency with placement of the child in
- 56.11 foster care continues to be the most appropriate legal arrangement for meeting the child's
- 56.12 need for permanency and stability or, if not, to identify and attempt to finalize another
- 56.13 permanency disposition order under this chapter that would better serve the child's needs 56.14 and best interests:
- 56.15 (2) identify a specific foster home for the child, if one has not already been identified;
- 56.16 (3) support continued placement of the child in the identified home, if one has been 56.17 identified;
- 56.18 (4) ensure appropriate services are provided to address the physical health, mental
- 56.19 health, and educational needs of the child during the period of foster care and also ensure
- 56.20 appropriate services or assistance to maintain relationships with appropriate family
- 56.21 members and the child's community; and
- 56.22 (5) plan for the child's independence upon the child's leaving foster care living as
- 56.23 required under section 260C.212, subdivision 1.
- 56.24 (d) The court may find that the agency has made reasonable efforts to finalize the
- 56.25 permanent plan for the child when:
- 56.26 (1) the agency has made reasonable efforts to identify a more legally permanent
- 56.27 home for the child than is provided by an order for permanent custody to the agency
- 56.28 for placement in foster care; and

241.22 Subdivision 1. Child in permanent custody of responsible social services agency.

House Language UES1458-1

- 241.23 (a) Court reviews of an order for permanent custody to the responsible social services
- 241.24 agency for placement of the child in foster care must be conducted at least yearly at an
- 241.25 in-court appearance hearing.
- 241.26 (b) The purpose of the review hearing is to ensure:
- 241.27 (1) the order for permanent custody to the responsible social services agency for
- 241.28 placement of the child in foster care continues to be in the best interests of the child and
- 241.29 that no other permanency disposition order is in the best interests of the child;
- 241.30 (2) that the agency is assisting the child to build connections to the child's family
- 241.31 and community; and
- 241.32 (3) that the agency is appropriately planning with the child for development of
- 241.33 independent living skills for the child and, as appropriate, for the orderly and successful
- 242.1 transition to independent living that may occur if the child continues in foster care without
- 242.2 another permanency disposition order.
- 242.3 (c) The court must review the child's out-of-home placement plan and the reasonable
- 242.4 efforts of the agency to finalize an alternative permanent plan for the child including the
- 242.5 agency's efforts to:
- 242.6 (1) ensure that permanent custody to the agency with placement of the child in
- 242.7 foster care continues to be the most appropriate legal arrangement for meeting the child's
- 242.8 need for permanency and stability or, if not, to identify and attempt to finalize another
- 242.9 permanency disposition order under this chapter that would better serve the child's needs 242.10 and best interests:
- 242.11 (2) identify a specific foster home for the child, if one has not already been identified;
- 242.12 (3) support continued placement of the child in the identified home, if one has been 242.13 identified;
- 242.14 (4) ensure appropriate services are provided to address the physical health, mental
- 242.15 health, and educational needs of the child during the period of foster care and also ensure
- 242.16 appropriate services or assistance to maintain relationships with appropriate family
- 242.17 members and the child's community; and
- 242.18 (5) plan for the child's independence upon the child's leaving foster care living as
- 242.19 required under section 260C.212, subdivision 1.
- 242.20 (d) The court may find that the agency has made reasonable efforts to finalize the
- 242.21 permanent plan for the child when:
- 242.22 (1) the agency has made reasonable efforts to identify a more legally permanent
- 242.23 home for the child than is provided by an order for permanent custody to the agency
- 242.24 for placement in foster care; and

PAGE R55-A1

- 56.29 (2) the child has been asked about the child's desired permanency outcome; and
- 56.30 (2) (3) the agency's engagement of the child in planning for independent living is 56.31 reasonable and appropriate.
- 56.32 Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.521, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 56.33 Subd. 2. Modifying order for permanent legal and physical custody to a
- 56.34 **relative.** (a) An order for a relative to have permanent legal and physical custody of a
- 56.35 child may be modified using standards under sections 518.18 and 518.185.
- 57.1 (b) When a child is receiving Northstar kinship assistance under chapter 256N, if
- 57.2 a relative named as permanent legal and physical custodian in an order made under this
- 57.3 <u>chapter becomes incapacitated or dies, a successor custodian named in the Northstar</u>
- 57.4 Care for Children kinship assistance benefit agreement under section 256N.25 may file
- 57.5 a request to modify the order for permanent legal and physical custody to name the
- 57.6 successor custodian as the permanent legal and physical custodian of the child. The court
- 57.7 may modify the order to name the successor custodian as the permanent legal and physical
- 57.8 custodian upon reviewing the background study required under section 245C.33 if the
- 57.9 court finds the modification is in the child's best interests.
- 57.10 (c) The social services agency is a party to the proceeding and must receive notice.
- 57.11 Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.607, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- 57.12 Subd. 4. Content of review. (a) The court shall review:
- 57.13 (1) the agency's reasonable efforts under section 260C.605 to finalize an adoption
- 57.14 for the child as appropriate to the stage of the case; and
- 57.15 (2) the child's current out-of-home placement plan required under section 260C.212,
- 57.16 subdivision 1, to ensure the child is receiving all services and supports required to meet
- 57.17 the child's needs as they relate to the child's:
- 57.18 (i) placement;
- 57.19 (ii) visitation and contact with siblings;
- 57.20 (iii) visitation and contact with relatives;
- 57.21 (iv) medical, mental, and dental health; and
- 57.22 (v) education.
- 57.23 (b) When the child is age 16 14 and older, and as long as the child continues in foster
- 57.24 care, the court shall also review the agency's planning for the child's independent living
- 57.25 after leaving foster care including how the agency is meeting the requirements of section
- 57.26 260C.212, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clause (11) (12). The court shall use the review
- 57.27 requirements of section 260C.203 in any review conducted under this paragraph.

242.25 (2) the child has been asked about the child's desired permanency outcome; and

House Language UES1458-1

- 242.26 (2) (3) the agency's engagement of the child in planning for independent living is
- 242.27 reasonable and appropriate.
- 242.28 Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.521, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 242.29 Subd. 2. Modifying order for permanent legal and physical custody to a
- 242.30 relative. (a) An order for a relative to have permanent legal and physical custody of a
- 242.31 child may be modified using standards under sections 518.18 and 518.185.
- 242.32 (b) If a relative named as permanent legal and physical custodian in an order made
- 242.33 under this chapter becomes incapacitated or dies, a successor custodian named in the
- 242.34 kinship placement agreement under section 256N.22, subdivision 2, may file a request
- 242.35 to modify the order for permanent legal and physical custody to name the successor
- 243.1 custodian as the permanent legal and physical custodian of the child. The court shall
- 243.2 modify the order to name the successor custodian as the permanent legal and physical
- 243.3 custodian upon reviewing the background study required under section 245C.33 if the
- 243.4 court finds the modification is in the child's best interests.
- 243.5 (c) The social services agency is a party to the proceeding and must receive notice.
- 243.6 Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 260C.607, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- 243.7 Subd. 4. Content of review. (a) The court shall review:
- 243.8 (1) the agency's reasonable efforts under section 260C.605 to finalize an adoption
- 243.9 for the child as appropriate to the stage of the case; and
- 243.10 (2) the child's current out-of-home placement plan required under section 260C.212,
- 243.11 subdivision 1, to ensure the child is receiving all services and supports required to meet
- 243.12 the child's needs as they relate to the child's:
- 243.13 (i) placement;
- 243.14 (ii) visitation and contact with siblings;
- 243.15 (iii) visitation and contact with relatives;
- 243.16 (iv) medical, mental, and dental health; and
- 243.17 (v) education.
- 243.18 (b) When the child is age 16 14 and older, and as long as the child continues in foster
- 243.19 care, the court shall also review the agency's planning for the child's independent living
- 243.20 after leaving foster care including how the agency is meeting the requirements of section
- 243.21 260C.212, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clause (11) (12). The court shall use the review
- 243.22 requirements of section 260C.203 in any review conducted under this paragraph.

PAGE R56-A1

- 57.28 Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.0671, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- 57.29 Subd. 6. Appropriation. An amount sufficient to pay the refunds required by
- 57.30 this section is appropriated to the commissioner from the general fund. This amount
- 57.31 includes any amounts appropriated to the commissioner of human services from the
- 57.32 federal Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) block grant funds for transfer
- 57.33 to the commissioner of revenue.
- 57.34 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for fiscal year 2016 and thereafter.
- 58.1 Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.26, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
- 58.2 Subd. 14. **Obligor.** "Obligor" means a person obligated to pay maintenance or
- 58.3 support. A person who has primary physical custody of a child is presumed not to be
- 58.4 an obligor for purposes of a child support order under section 518A.34, unless section
- 58.5 518A.36, subdivision 3, applies or the court makes specific written findings to overcome
- 58.6 this presumption. For purposes of ordering medical support under section 518A.41, a
- 58.7 parent who has primary physical custody of a child may be an obligor subject to a payment
- 58.8 agreement under section 518A.69.
- 58.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective March 1, 2016.
- 58.10 Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.32, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 58.11 Subd. 2. **Methods.** Determination of potential income must be made according
- 58.12 to one of three methods, as appropriate:
- 58.13 (1) the parent's probable earnings level based on employment potential, recent
- 58.14 work history, and occupational qualifications in light of prevailing job opportunities and
- 58.15 earnings levels in the community;
- 58.16 (2) if a parent is receiving unemployment compensation or workers' compensation,
- 58.17 that parent's income may be calculated using the actual amount of the unemployment
- 58.18 compensation or workers' compensation benefit received; or
- 58.19 (3) the amount of income a parent could earn working full time at 150 30 hours per
- 58.20 week at 100 percent of the current federal or state minimum wage, whichever is higher.
- 58.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective March 1, 2016.
- 58.22 Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.39, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

- 243.23 Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.26, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
- 243.24 Subd. 14. **Obligor.** "Obligor" means a person obligated to pay maintenance or

- 243.25 support. A person who has primary physical custody of a child is presumed not to be
- 243.26 an obligor for purposes of a child support order under section 518A.34, unless section
- 243.27 518A.36, subdivision 3, applies or the court makes specific written findings to overcome
- 243.28 this presumption. For purposes of ordering medical support under section 518A.41, a
- 243.29 parent who has primary physical custody of a child may be an obligor subject to a payment
- 243.30 agreement under section 518A.69.
- 243.31 Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.32, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 243.32 Subd. 2. **Methods.** Determination of potential income must be made according
- 243.33 to one of three methods, as appropriate:
- 244.1 (1) the parent's probable earnings level based on employment potential, recent
- 244.2 work history, and occupational qualifications in light of prevailing job opportunities and
- 244.3 earnings levels in the community;
- 244.4 (2) if a parent is receiving unemployment compensation or workers' compensation,
- 244.5 that parent's income may be calculated using the actual amount of the unemployment
- 244.6 compensation or workers' compensation benefit received; or
- 244.7 (3) the amount of income a parent could earn working full time 30 hours per week at
- 244.8 150 100 percent of the current federal or state minimum wage, whichever is higher.

244.9 Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.39, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

- 58.23 Subdivision 1. Authority. After an order under this chapter or chapter 518 for
- 58.24 maintenance or support money, temporary or permanent, or for the appointment of trustees
- 58.25 to receive property awarded as maintenance or support money, the court may from time to
- 58.26 time, on motion of either of the parties, a copy of which is served on the public authority
- 58.27 responsible for child support enforcement if payments are made through it, or on motion
- 58.28 of the public authority responsible for support enforcement, modify the order respecting
- 58.29 the amount of maintenance or support money or medical support, and the payment of it,
- 58.30 and also respecting the appropriation and payment of the principal and income of property
- 58.31 held in trust, and may make an order respecting these matters which it might have made
- 58.32 in the original proceeding, except as herein otherwise provided. A party or the public
- 59.1 authority also may bring a motion for contempt of court if the obligor is in arrears in
- 59.2 support or maintenance payments.

#### 59.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2016.

- 59.4 Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.39, is amended by adding a 59.5 subdivision to read:
- 59.6 Subd. 8. Medical support-only modification. (a) The medical support terms of
- 59.7 a support order and determination of the child dependency tax credit may be modified
- 59.8 without modification of the full order for support or maintenance, if the order has been
- 59.9 established or modified in its entirety within three years from the date of the motion, and
- 59.10 upon a showing of one or more of the following:
- 59.11 (1) a change in the availability of appropriate health care coverage or a substantial
- 59.12 increase or decrease in health care coverage costs;
- 59.13 (2) a change in the eligibility for medical assistance under chapter 256B;
- 59.14 (3) a party's failure to carry court-ordered coverage, or to provide other medical
- 59.15 support as ordered;
- 59.16 (4) the federal child dependency tax credit is not ordered for the same parent who is
- 59.17 ordered to carry health care coverage; or
- 59.18 (5) the federal child dependency tax credit is not addressed in the order and the
- 59.19 noncustodial parent is ordered to carry health care coverage.
- 59.20 (b) For a motion brought under this subdivision, a modification of the medical
- 59.21 support terms of an order may be made retroactive only with respect to any period during
- 59.22 which the petitioning party has pending a motion for modification, but only from the date
- 59.23 of service of notice of the motion on the responding party and on the public authority if
- 59.24 public assistance is being furnished or the county attorney is the attorney of record.
- 59.25 (c) The court need not hold an evidentiary hearing on a motion brought under this
- 59.26 subdivision for modification of medical support only.

House Language UES1458-1

244.10 Subdivision 1. **Authority.** After an order under this chapter or chapter 518 for

244.11 maintenance or support money, temporary or permanent, or for the appointment of trustees

244.12 to receive property awarded as maintenance or support money, the court may from time to

244.13 time, on motion of either of the parties, a copy of which is served on the public authority

244.14 responsible for child support enforcement if payments are made through it, or on motion

244.15 of the public authority responsible for support enforcement, modify the order respecting

244.16 the amount of maintenance or support money or medical support, and the payment of it,

244.17 and also respecting the appropriation and payment of the principal and income of property

244.18 held in trust, and may make an order respecting these matters which it might have made

244.19 in the original proceeding, except as herein otherwise provided. A party or the public

244.20 authority also may bring a motion for contempt of court if the obligor is in arrears in

244.21 support or maintenance payments.

244.22 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.39, is amended by adding a

244.23 subdivision to read:

244.24 Subd. 8. **Medical support-only modification.** (a) The medical support terms of

244.25 a support order and determination of the child dependency tax credit may be modified

244.26 without modification of the full order for support or maintenance, if the order has been

244.27 established or modified in its entirety within three years from the date of the motion, and

244.28 upon a showing of one or more of the following:

244.29 (1) a change in the availability of appropriate health care coverage or a substantial

244.30 increase or decrease in health care coverage costs;

244.31 (2) a change in the eligibility for medical assistance under chapter 256B;

244.32 (3) a party's failure to carry court-ordered coverage, or to provide other medical

244.33 support as ordered;

245.1 (4) the federal child dependency tax credit is not ordered for the same parent who is

245.2 ordered to carry health care coverage; or

245.3 (5) the federal child dependency tax credit is not addressed in the order and the

245.4 noncustodial parent is ordered to carry health care coverage.

245.5 (b) For a motion brought under this subdivision, a modification of the medical

245.6 support terms of an order may be made retroactive only with respect to any period during

245.7 which the petitioning party has pending a motion for modification, but only from the date

245.8 of service of notice of the motion on the responding party and on the public authority if

245.9 public assistance is being furnished or the county attorney is the attorney of record.

245.10 (c) The court need not hold an evidentiary hearing on a motion brought under this

245.11 subdivision for modification of medical support only.

PAGE R58-A1

- 59.27 (d) Sections 518.14 and 518A.735 shall govern the award of attorney fees for
- 59.28 motions brought under this subdivision.
- 59.29 (e) The PICS originally stated in the order being modified shall be used to determine
- 59.30 the modified medical support order under section 518A.41 for motions brought under
- 59.31 this subdivision.

#### 59.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2016.

- 59.33 Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.41, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 60.1 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** The definitions in this subdivision apply to this chapter 60.2 and chapter 518.
- 60.3 (a) "Health care coverage" means medical, dental, or other health care benefits that
- 60.4 are provided by one or more health plans. Health care coverage does not include any
- 60.5 form of public coverage.
- 60.6 (b) "Health carrier" means a carrier as defined in sections 62A.011, subdivision
- 60.7 2, and 62L.02, subdivision 16.
- 60.8 (c) "Health plan" means a plan, other than any form of public coverage, that provides
- 60.9 medical, dental, or other health care benefits and is:
- 60.10 (1) provided on an individual or group basis;
- 60.11 (2) provided by an employer or union;
- 60.12 (3) purchased in the private market; or
- 60.13 (4) available to a person eligible to carry insurance for the joint child, including a
- 60.14 party's spouse or parent.
- 60.15 Health plan includes, but is not limited to, a plan meeting the definition under section
- 60.16 62A.011, subdivision 3, except that the exclusion of coverage designed solely to provide
- 60.17 dental or vision care under section 62A.011, subdivision 3, clause (6), does not apply to
- 60.18 the definition of health plan under this section; a group health plan governed under the
- 60.19 federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA); a self-insured plan
- 60.20 under sections 43A.23 to 43A.317 and 471.617; and a policy, contract, or certificate issued
- 60.21 by a community-integrated service network licensed under chapter 62N.
- 60.22 (d) "Medical support" means providing health care coverage for a joint child by
- 60.23 carrying health care coverage for the joint child or by contributing to the cost of health
- 60.24 care coverage, public coverage, unreimbursed medical expenses, and uninsured medical
- 60.25 expenses of the joint child.

#### 245.12 (d) Sections 518.14 and 518A.735 shall govern the award of attorney fees for

House Language UES1458-1

- 245.13 motions brought under this subdivision.
- 245.14 (e) The PICS originally stated in the order being modified shall be used to determine
- 245.15 the modified medical support order under section 518A.41 for motions brought under
- 245.16 this subdivision.
- 245.17 Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.41, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 245.18 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** The definitions in this subdivision apply to this chapter 245.19 and chapter 518.
- 245.20 (a) "Health care coverage" means medical, dental, or other health care benefits that
- 245.21 are provided by one or more health plans. Health care coverage does not include any
- 245.22 form of public coverage.
- 245.23 (b) "Health carrier" means a carrier as defined in sections 62A.011, subdivision
- 245.24 2, and 62L.02, subdivision 16.
- 245.25 (c) "Health plan" means a plan, other than any form of public coverage, that provides
- 245.26 medical, dental, or other health care benefits and is:
- 245.27 (1) provided on an individual or group basis;
- 245.28 (2) provided by an employer or union;
- 245.29 (3) purchased in the private market; or
- 245.30 (4) available to a person eligible to carry insurance for the joint child, including a
- 245.31 party's spouse or parent.
- 245.32 Health plan includes, but is not limited to, a plan meeting the definition under section
- 245.33 62A.011, subdivision 3, except that the exclusion of coverage designed solely to provide
- 245.34 dental or vision care under section 62A.011, subdivision 3, clause (6), does not apply to
- 245.35 the definition of health plan under this section; a group health plan governed under the
- 246.1 federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA); a self-insured plan
- 246.2 under sections 43A.23 to 43A.317 and 471.617; and a policy, contract, or certificate issued
- 246.3 by a community-integrated service network licensed under chapter 62N.
- 246.4 (d) "Medical support" means providing health care coverage for a joint child by
- 246.5 carrying health care coverage for the joint child or by contributing to the cost of health
- 246.6 care coverage, public coverage, unreimbursed medical expenses, and uninsured medical
- 246.7 expenses of the joint child.

PAGE R59-A1

- 60.26 (e) "National medical support notice" means an administrative notice issued by the 60.27 public authority to enforce health insurance provisions of a support order in accordance 60.28 with Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 303.32, in cases where the public 60.29 authority provides support enforcement services.
- 60.30 (f) "Public coverage" means health care benefits provided by any form of medical 60.31 assistance under chapter 256B or MinnesotaCare under chapter 256L. Public coverage 60.32 does not include MinnesotaCare or health plans subsidized by federal premium tax credits 60.33 or federal cost-sharing reductions.
- 60.34 (g) "Uninsured medical expenses" means a joint child's reasonable and necessary 60.35 health-related expenses if the joint child is not covered by a health plan or public coverage 60.36 when the expenses are incurred.
- 61.1 (h) "Unreimbursed medical expenses" means a joint child's reasonable and necessary 61.2 health-related expenses if a joint child is covered by a health plan or public coverage and 61.3 the plan or coverage does not pay for the total cost of the expenses when the expenses 61.4 are incurred. Unreimbursed medical expenses do not include the cost of premiums. 61.5 Unreimbursed medical expenses include, but are not limited to, deductibles, co-payments, 61.6 and expenses for orthodontia, and prescription eyeglasses and contact lenses, but not 61.7 over-the-counter medications if coverage is under a health plan.
- 61.8 Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.41, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 61.9 Subd. 3. **Determining appropriate health care coverage.** In determining whether 61.10 a parent has appropriate health care coverage for the joint child, the court must consider 61.11 the following factors:
- 61.12 (1) comprehensiveness of health care coverage providing medical benefits.
  61.13 Dependent health care coverage providing medical benefits is presumed comprehensive if
  61.14 it includes medical and hospital coverage and provides for preventive, emergency, acute,
  61.15 and chronic care; or if it meets the minimum essential coverage definition in United States
  61.16 Code, title 26, section 5000A(f). If both parents have health care coverage providing
  61.17 medical benefits that is presumed comprehensive under this paragraph, the court must
  61.18 determine which parent's coverage is more comprehensive by considering what other
- 61.20 (2) accessibility. Dependent health care coverage is accessible if the covered joint 61.21 child can obtain services from a health plan provider with reasonable effort by the parent 61.22 with whom the joint child resides. Health care coverage is presumed accessible if:

61.19 benefits are included in the coverage;

- 61.23 (i) primary care is available within 30 minutes or 30 miles of the joint child's residence 61.24 and specialty care is available within 60 minutes or 60 miles of the joint child's residence;
- 61.25 (ii) the health care coverage is available through an employer and the employee can 61.26 be expected to remain employed for a reasonable amount of time; and

246.8 (e) "National medical support notice" means an administrative notice issued by the 246.9 public authority to enforce health insurance provisions of a support order in accordance 246.10 with Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 303.32, in cases where the public 246.11 authority provides support enforcement services.

House Language UES1458-1

246.12 (f) "Public coverage" means health care benefits provided by any form of medical 246.13 assistance under chapter 256B or MinnesotaCare under chapter 256L. Public coverage 246.14 does not include MinnesotaCare or federally tax-subsidized medical plans.

246.15 (g) "Uninsured medical expenses" means a joint child's reasonable and necessary 246.16 health-related expenses if the joint child is not covered by a health plan or public coverage 246.17 when the expenses are incurred.

246.18 (h) "Unreimbursed medical expenses" means a joint child's reasonable and necessary 246.19 health-related expenses if a joint child is covered by a health plan or public coverage and 246.20 the plan or coverage does not pay for the total cost of the expenses when the expenses 246.21 are incurred. Unreimbursed medical expenses do not include the cost of premiums. 246.22 Unreimbursed medical expenses include, but are not limited to, deductibles, co-payments, 246.23 and expenses for orthodontia, and prescription eyeglasses and contact lenses, but not 246.24 over-the-counter medications if coverage is under a health plan.

246.25 Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.41, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

246.26 Subd. 3. **Determining appropriate health care coverage.** In determining whether 246.27 a parent has appropriate health care coverage for the joint child, the court must consider 246.28 the following factors:

246.29 (1) comprehensiveness of health care coverage providing medical benefits.
246.30 Dependent health care coverage providing medical benefits is presumed comprehensive if
246.31 it includes medical and hospital coverage and provides for preventive, emergency, acute,
246.32 and chronic care; or if it meets the minimum essential coverage definition in United States
246.33 Code, title 26, section 5000A(f). If both parents have health care coverage providing
246.34 medical benefits that is presumed comprehensive under this paragraph, the court must
247.1 determine which parent's coverage is more comprehensive by considering what other
247.2 benefits are included in the coverage;

247.3 (2) accessibility. Dependent health care coverage is accessible if the covered joint 247.4 child can obtain services from a health plan provider with reasonable effort by the parent 247.5 with whom the joint child resides. Health care coverage is presumed accessible if:

247.6 (i) primary care is available within 30 minutes or 30 miles of the joint child's residence 247.7 and specialty care is available within 60 minutes or 60 miles of the joint child's residence;

247.8 (ii) the health care coverage is available through an employer and the employee can 247.9 be expected to remain employed for a reasonable amount of time; and

PAGE R60-A1

- 61.27 (iii) no preexisting conditions exist to unduly delay enrollment in health care 61.28 coverage;
- 61.29 (3) the joint child's special medical needs, if any; and
- 61.30 (4) affordability. Dependent health care coverage is affordable if it is reasonable
- 61.31 in cost. If both parents have health care coverage available for a joint child that is
- 61.32 comparable with regard to comprehensiveness of medical benefits, accessibility, and the
- 61.33 joint child's special needs, the least costly health care coverage is presumed to be the most
- 61.34 appropriate health care coverage for the joint child.
- 62.1 Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.41, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- 62.2 Subd. 4. Ordering health care coverage. (a) If a joint child is presently enrolled
- 62.3 in health care coverage, the court must order that the parent who currently has the joint
- 62.4 child enrolled continue that enrollment unless the parties agree otherwise or a party
- 62.5 requests a change in coverage and the court determines that other health care coverage is
- 62.6 more appropriate.
- 62.7 (b) If a joint child is not presently enrolled in health care coverage providing medical
- 62.8 benefits, upon motion of a parent or the public authority, the court must determine whether
- 62.9 one or both parents have appropriate health care coverage providing medical benefits
- 62.10 for the joint child.
- 62.11 (c) If only one parent has appropriate health care coverage providing medical
- 62.12 benefits available, the court must order that parent to carry the coverage for the joint child.
- 62.13 (d) If both parents have appropriate health care coverage providing medical benefits
- 62.14 available, the court must order the parent with whom the joint child resides to carry the
- 62.15 coverage for the joint child, unless:
- 62.16 (1) a party expresses a preference for health care coverage providing medical
- 62.17 benefits available through the parent with whom the joint child does not reside;
- 62.18 (2) the parent with whom the joint child does not reside is already carrying
- 62.19 dependent health care coverage providing medical benefits for other children and the cost
- 62.20 of contributing to the premiums of the other parent's coverage would cause the parent with
- 62.21 whom the joint child does not reside extreme hardship; or
- 62.22 (3) the parties agree as to which parent will carry health care coverage providing
- 62.23 medical benefits and agree on the allocation of costs.
- 62.24 (e) If the exception in paragraph (d), clause (1) or (2), applies, the court must
- 62.25 determine which parent has the most appropriate coverage providing medical benefits
- 62.26 available and order that parent to carry coverage for the joint child.
- 62.27 (f) If neither parent has appropriate health care coverage available, the court must 62.28 order the parents to:

247.10 (iii) no preexisting conditions exist to unduly delay enrollment in health care 247.11 coverage;

- 247.12 (3) the joint child's special medical needs, if any; and
- 247.13 (4) affordability. Dependent health care coverage is affordable if it is reasonable
- 247.14 in cost. If both parents have health care coverage available for a joint child that is
- 247.15 comparable with regard to comprehensiveness of medical benefits, accessibility, and the
- 247.16 joint child's special needs, the least costly health care coverage is presumed to be the most
- 247.17 appropriate health care coverage for the joint child.
- 247.18 Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.41, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- 247.19 Subd. 4. Ordering health care coverage. (a) If a joint child is presently enrolled
- 247.20 in health care coverage, the court must order that the parent who currently has the joint
- 247.21 child enrolled continue that enrollment unless the parties agree otherwise or a party
- 247.22 requests a change in coverage and the court determines that other health care coverage is
- 247.23 more appropriate.
- 247.24 (b) If a joint child is not presently enrolled in health care coverage providing medical
- 247.25 benefits, upon motion of a parent or the public authority, the court must determine whether
- 247.26 one or both parents have appropriate health care coverage providing medical benefits
- 247.27 for the joint child.
- 247.28 (c) If only one parent has appropriate health care coverage providing medical
- 247.29 benefits available, the court must order that parent to carry the coverage for the joint child.
- 247.30 (d) If both parents have appropriate health care coverage providing medical benefits
- 247.31 available, the court must order the parent with whom the joint child resides to carry the
- 247.32 coverage for the joint child, unless:
- 247.33 (1) a party expresses a preference for health care coverage providing medical
- 247.34 benefits available through the parent with whom the joint child does not reside;
- 248.1 (2) the parent with whom the joint child does not reside is already carrying
- 248.2 dependent health care coverage providing medical benefits for other children and the cost
- 248.3 of contributing to the premiums of the other parent's coverage would cause the parent with
- 248.4 whom the joint child does not reside extreme hardship; or
- 248.5 (3) the parties agree as to which parent will carry health care coverage providing
- 248.6 medical benefits and agree on the allocation of costs.
- 248.7 (e) If the exception in paragraph (d), clause (1) or (2), applies, the court must
- 248.8 determine which parent has the most appropriate coverage providing medical benefits
- 248.9 available and order that parent to carry coverage for the joint child.
- 248.10 (f) If neither parent has appropriate health care coverage available, the court must 248.11 order the parents to:

- 62.29 (1) contribute toward the actual health care costs of the joint children based on 62.30 a pro rata share; or
- 62.31 (2) if the joint child is receiving any form of public coverage, the parent with whom
- 62.32 the joint child does not reside shall contribute a monthly amount toward the actual cost of
- 62.33 public coverage. The amount of the noncustodial parent's contribution is determined by
- 62.34 applying the noncustodial parent's PICS to the premium sehedule for public coverage scale
- 62.35 for MinnesotaCare under section 256L.15, subdivision 2, paragraph (d). If the noncustodial
- 62.36 parent's PICS meets the eligibility requirements for public coverage MinnesotaCare, the
- 63.1 contribution is the amount the noncustodial parent would pay for the child's premium. If
- 63.2 the noncustodial parent's PICS exceeds the eligibility requirements for public coverage, the
- 63.3 contribution is the amount of the premium for the highest eligible income on the appropriate
- 63.4 premium sehedule for public coverage scale for MinnesotaCare under section 256L.15,
- 63.5 subdivision 2, paragraph (d). For purposes of determining the premium amount, the
- 63.6 noncustodial parent's household size is equal to one parent plus the child or children who
- 63.7 are the subject of the child support order. The custodial parent's obligation is determined
- 63.8 under the requirements for public coverage as set forth in chapter 256B or 256L; or
- 63.9 (3) if the noncustodial parent's PICS meet the eligibility requirement for public
- 63.10 coverage under chapter 256B or the noncustodial parent receives public assistance, the
- 63.11 noncustodial parent must not be ordered to contribute toward the cost of public coverage.
- 63.12 (g) If neither parent has appropriate health care coverage available, the court may
- 63.13 order the parent with whom the child resides to apply for public coverage for the child.
- 63.14 (h) The commissioner of human services must publish a table with the premium
- 63.15 schedule for public coverage and update the chart for changes to the schedule by July
- 63.16 1 of each year.
- 63.17 (i) If a joint child is not presently enrolled in health care coverage providing dental
- 63.18 benefits, upon motion of a parent or the public authority, the court must determine whether
- 63.19 one or both parents have appropriate dental health care coverage for the joint child, and the
- 63.20 court may order a parent with appropriate dental health care coverage available to carry
- 63.21 the coverage for the joint child.
- 63.22 (j) If a joint child is not presently enrolled in available health care coverage
- 63.23 providing benefits other than medical benefits or dental benefits, upon motion of a parent
- 63.24 or the public authority, the court may determine whether that other health care coverage
- 63.25 for the joint child is appropriate, and the court may order a parent with that appropriate
- 63.26 health care coverage available to carry the coverage for the joint child.
- 63.27 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2015.
- 63.28 Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.41, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

248.12 (1) contribute toward the actual health care costs of the joint children based on 248.13 a pro rata share; or

248.14 (2) if the joint child is receiving any form of public coverage, the parent with whom

248.15 the joint child does not reside shall contribute a monthly amount toward the actual cost of

248.16 public coverage. The amount of the noncustodial parent's contribution is determined by

248.17 applying the noncustodial parent's PICS to the premium schedule for public coverage scale

248.18 for MinnesotaCare under section 256L.15, subdivision 2, paragraph (c). If the noncustodial

248.19 parent's PICS meets the eligibility requirements for public coverage MinnesotaCare, the

248.20 contribution is the amount the noncustodial parent would pay for the child's premium. If

248.21 the noncustodial parent's PICS exceeds the eligibility requirements for public coverage, the

248.22 contribution is the amount of the premium for the highest eligible income on the appropriate

248.23 premium sehedule for public coverage scale for MinnesotaCare under section 256L.15,

248.24 subdivision 2, paragraph (c). For purposes of determining the premium amount, the

248.25 noncustodial parent's household size is equal to one parent plus the child or children who

248.26 are the subject of the child support order. The custodial parent's obligation is determined

248.27 under the requirements for public coverage as set forth in chapter 256B or 256L.; or

248.28 (3) if the noncustodial parent's PICS meet the eligibility requirement for public

248.29 coverage under chapter 256B or the noncustodial parent receives public assistance, the

248.30 noncustodial parent must not be ordered to contribute toward the cost of public coverage.

248.31 (g) If neither parent has appropriate health care coverage available, the court may

248.32 order the parent with whom the child resides to apply for public coverage for the child.

248.33 (h) The commissioner of human services must publish a table with the premium

248.34 schedule for public coverage and update the chart for changes to the schedule by July 248.35 1 of each year.

249.1 (i) If a joint child is not presently enrolled in health care coverage providing dental

249.2 benefits, upon motion of a parent or the public authority, the court must determine whether

249.3 one or both parents have appropriate dental health care coverage for the joint child, and the

249.4 court may order a parent with appropriate dental health care coverage available to carry

249.5 the coverage for the joint child.

249.6 (j) If a joint child is not presently enrolled in available health care coverage

249.7 providing benefits other than medical benefits or dental benefits, upon motion of a parent

249.8 or the public authority, the court may determine whether that other health care coverage

249.9 for the joint child is appropriate, and the court may order a parent with that appropriate

249.10 health care coverage available to carry the coverage for the joint child.

249.11 Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.41, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

- 63.29 Subd. 14. Child support enforcement services. The public authority must take
- 63.30 necessary steps to establish and enforce, enforce, and modify an order for medical support
- 63.31 if the joint child receives public assistance or a party completes an application for services
- 63.32 from the public authority under section 518A.51.
- 63.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2016.
- 64.1 Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.41, subdivision 15, is amended to read:
- 64.2 Subd. 15. **Enforcement.** (a) Remedies available for collecting and enforcing child
- 64.3 support apply to medical support.
- 64.4 (b) For the purpose of enforcement, the following are additional support:
- 64.5 (1) the costs of individual or group health or hospitalization coverage;
- 64.6 (2) dental coverage;
- 64.7 (3) medical costs ordered by the court to be paid by either party, including health
- 64.8 care coverage premiums paid by the obligee because of the obligor's failure to obtain
- 64.9 coverage as ordered; and
- 64.10 (4) liabilities established under this subdivision.
- 64.11 (c) A party who fails to carry court-ordered dependent health care coverage is liable
- 64.12 for the joint child's uninsured medical expenses unless a court order provides otherwise.
- 64.13 A party's failure to carry court-ordered coverage, or to provide other medical support as
- 64.14 ordered, is a basis for modification of a medical support order under section 518A.39,
- 64.15 subdivision 2 8, unless it meets the presumption in section 518A.39, subdivision 2.
- 64.16 (d) Payments by the health carrier or employer for services rendered to the dependents
- 64.17 that are directed to a party not owed reimbursement must be endorsed over to and forwarded
- 64.18 to the vendor or appropriate party or the public authority. A party retaining insurance
- 64.19 reimbursement not owed to the party is liable for the amount of the reimbursement.
- 64.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2016.
- 64.21 Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.43, is amended by adding a
- 64.22 subdivision to read:
- 64.23 Subd. 1a. **Income disparity between parties.** The court may deviate from the
- 64.24 presumptive child support obligation under section 518A.34 and elect not to order a party
- 64.25 who has between ten and 45 percent parenting time to pay basic support where such a
- 64.26 significant disparity of income exists between the parties that an order directing payment
- 64.27 of basic support would be detrimental to the parties' joint child.

249.12 Subd. 14. Child support enforcement services. The public authority must take

House Language UES1458-1

249.13 necessary steps to establish and enforce, enforce, and modify an order for medical support

249.14 if the joint child receives public assistance or a party completes an application for services

- 249.15 from the public authority under section 518A.51.
- 249.16 Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.41, subdivision 15, is amended to read:
- 249.17 Subd. 15. **Enforcement.** (a) Remedies available for collecting and enforcing child
- 249.18 support apply to medical support.
- 249.19 (b) For the purpose of enforcement, the following are additional support:
- 249.20 (1) the costs of individual or group health or hospitalization coverage;
- 249.21 (2) dental coverage;
- 249.22 (3) medical costs ordered by the court to be paid by either party, including health
- 249.23 care coverage premiums paid by the obligee because of the obligor's failure to obtain
- 249.24 coverage as ordered; and
- 249.25 (4) liabilities established under this subdivision.
- 249.26 (c) A party who fails to carry court-ordered dependent health care coverage is liable
- 249.27 for the joint child's uninsured medical expenses unless a court order provides otherwise.
- 249.28 A party's failure to carry court-ordered coverage, or to provide other medical support as
- 249.29 ordered, is a basis for modification of a medical support order under section 518A.39,
- 249.30 subdivision 2 8, unless it meets the presumption in section 518A.39, subdivision 2.
- 249.31 (d) Payments by the health carrier or employer for services rendered to the dependents
- 249.32 that are directed to a party not owed reimbursement must be endorsed over to and forwarded
- 249.33 to the vendor or appropriate party or the public authority. A party retaining insurance
- 249.34 reimbursement not owed to the party is liable for the amount of the reimbursement.
- 250.1 Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.43, is amended by adding a
- 250.2 subdivision to read:
- 250.3 Subd. 1a. **Income disparity between parties.** The court may deviate from the
- 250.4 presumptive child support obligation under section 518A.34 and elect not to order a party
- 250.5 who has between ten and 45 percent parenting time to pay basic support where such a
- 250.6 significant disparity of income exists between the parties that an order directing payment
- 250.7 of basic support would be detrimental to the parties' joint child.

#### 64.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective March 1, 2016.

- 64.29 Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.46, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 64.30 Subd. 3. Contents of pleadings. (a) In cases involving establishment or
- 64.31 modification of a child support order, the initiating party shall include the following
- 64.32 information, if known, in the pleadings:
- 64.33 (1) names, addresses, and dates of birth of the parties;
- 65.1 (2) Social Security numbers of the parties and the minor children of the parties,
- 65.2 which information shall be considered private information and shall be available only to
- 65.3 the parties, the court, and the public authority;
- 65.4 (3) other support obligations of the obligor;
- 65.5 (4) names and addresses of the parties' employers;
- 65.6 (5) gross income of the parties as calculated in section 518A.29;
- 65.7 (6) amounts and sources of any other earnings and income of the parties;
- 65.8 (7) health insurance coverage of parties;
- 65.9 (8) types and amounts of public assistance received by the parties, including
- 65.10 Minnesota family investment plan, child care assistance, medical assistance,
- 65.11 MinnesotaCare, title IV-E foster care, or other form of assistance as defined in section
- 65.12 256.741, subdivision 1; and
- 65.13 (9) any other information relevant to the computation of the child support obligation
- 65.14 under section 518A.34.
- 65.15 (b) For all matters scheduled in the expedited process, whether or not initiated by
- 65.16 the public authority, the nonattorney employee of the public authority shall file with the
- 65.17 court and serve on the parties the following information:
- 65.18 (1) information pertaining to the income of the parties available to the public
- 65.19 authority from the Department of Employment and Economic Development;
- 65.20 (2) a statement of the monthly amount of child support, medical support, child care,
- 65.21 and arrears currently being charged the obligor on Minnesota IV-D cases;
- 65.22 (3) a statement of the types and amount of any public assistance, as defined in
- 65.23 section 256.741, subdivision 1, received by the parties; and
- 65.24 (4) any other information relevant to the determination of support that is known to
- 65.25 the public authority and that has not been otherwise provided by the parties.

250.8 Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.46, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

250.9 Subd. 3. Contents of pleadings. (a) In cases involving establishment or

House Language UES1458-1

250.10 modification of a child support order, the initiating party shall include the following

250.11 information, if known, in the pleadings:

- 250.12 (1) names, addresses, and dates of birth of the parties;
- 250.13 (2) Social Security numbers of the parties and the minor children of the parties,
- 250.14 which information shall be considered private information and shall be available only to
- 250.15 the parties, the court, and the public authority;
- 250.16 (3) other support obligations of the obligor;
- 250.17 (4) names and addresses of the parties' employers;
- 250.18 (5) gross income of the parties as calculated in section 518A.29;
- 250.19 (6) amounts and sources of any other earnings and income of the parties;
- 250.20 (7) health insurance coverage of parties;
- 250.21 (8) types and amounts of public assistance received by the parties, including
- 250.22 Minnesota family investment plan, child care assistance, medical assistance,
- 250,23 MinnesotaCare, title IV-E foster care, or other form of assistance as defined in section
- 250.24 256.741, subdivision 1; and
- 250.25 (9) any other information relevant to the computation of the child support obligation
- 250.26 under section 518A.34.
- 250.27 (b) For all matters scheduled in the expedited process, whether or not initiated by
- 250.28 the public authority, the nonattorney employee of the public authority shall file with the
- 250.29 court and serve on the parties the following information:
- 250.30 (1) information pertaining to the income of the parties available to the public
- 250.31 authority from the Department of Employment and Economic Development;
- 250.32 (2) a statement of the monthly amount of child support, medical support, child care,
- 250.33 and arrears currently being charged the obligor on Minnesota IV-D cases;
- 250.34 (3) a statement of the types and amount of any public assistance, as defined in
- 250.35 section 256.741, subdivision 1, received by the parties; and
- 251.1 (4) any other information relevant to the determination of support that is known to
- 251.2 the public authority and that has not been otherwise provided by the parties.

- 65.26 The information must be filed with the court or child support magistrate at least
- 65.27 five days before any hearing involving child support, medical support, or child care
- 65.28 reimbursement issues.
- 65.29 Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.46, is amended by adding a
- 65.30 subdivision to read:
- 65.31 Subd. 3a. Contents of pleadings for medical support modifications. (a) In cases
- 65.32 involving modification of only the medical support portion of a child support order
- 65.33 under section 518A.39, subdivision 8, the initiating party shall include the following
- 65.34 information, if known, in the pleadings:
- 65.35 (1) names, addresses, and dates of birth of the parties;
- 66.1 (2) Social Security numbers of the parties and the minor children of the parties,
- 66.2 which shall be considered private information and shall be available only to the parties,
- 66.3 the court, and the public authority;
- 66.4 (3) names and addresses of the parties' employers;
- 66.5 (4) gross income of the parties as stated in the order being modified;
- 66.6 (5) health insurance coverage of the parties; and
- 66.7 (6) any other information relevant to the determination of the medical support
- 66.8 obligation under section 518A.41.
- 66.9 (b) For all matters scheduled in the expedited process, whether or not initiated by
- 66.10 the public authority, the nonattorney employee of the public authority shall file with the
- 66.11 court and serve on the parties the following information:
- 66.12 (1) a statement of the monthly amount of child support, medical support, child care,
- 66.13 and arrears currently being charged the obligor on Minnesota IV-D cases;
- 66.14 (2) a statement of the amount of medical assistance received by the parties; and
- 66.15 (3) any other information relevant to the determination of medical support that is
- 66.16 known to the public authority and that has not been otherwise provided by the parties.
- 66.17 The information must be filed with the court or child support magistrate at least five
- 66.18 days before the hearing on the motion to modify medical support.
- 66.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2016.
- 66.20 Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.51, is amended to read:
- 66.21 518A.51 FEES FOR IV-D SERVICES.

251.3 The information must be filed with the court or child support magistrate at least

House Language UES1458-1

- 251.4 five days before any hearing involving child support, medical support, or child care
- 251.5 reimbursement issues.
- 251.6 Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.46, is amended by adding a
- 251.7 subdivision to read:
- 251.8 Subd. 3a. Contents of pleadings for medical support modifications. (a) In cases
- 251.9 involving modification of only the medical support portion of a child support order
- 251.10 under section 518A.39, subdivision 8, the initiating party shall include the following
- 251.11 information, if known, in the pleadings:
- 251.12 (1) names, addresses, and dates of birth of the parties;
- 251.13 (2) Social Security numbers of the parties and the minor children of the parties,
- 251.14 which shall be considered private information and shall be available only to the parties,
- 251.15 the court, and the public authority;
- 251.16 (3) a copy of the full support order being modified;
- 251.17 (4) names and addresses of the parties' employers;
- 251.18 (5) gross income of the parties as stated in the order being modified;
- 251.19 (6) health insurance coverage of the parties; and
- 251.20 (7) any other information relevant to the determination of the medical support
- 251.21 obligation under section 518A.41.
- 251.22 (b) For all matters scheduled in the expedited process, whether or not initiated by
- 251.23 the public authority, the nonattorney employee of the public authority shall file with the
- 251.24 court and serve on the parties the following information:
- 251.25 (1) a statement of the monthly amount of child support, medical support, child care,
- 251.26 and arrears currently being charged the obligor on Minnesota IV-D cases;
- 251.27 (2) a statement of the amount of medical assistance received by the parties; and
- 251.28 (3) any other information relevant to the determination of medical support that is
- 251.29 known to the public authority and that has not been otherwise provided by the parties.
- 251.30 The information must be filed with the court or child support magistrate at least five
- 251.31 days before the hearing on the motion to modify medical support.
- 251.32 Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.51, is amended to read:
- 251.33 **518A.51 FEES FOR IV-D SERVICES.**

PAGE R65-A1

- 66.22 (a) When a recipient of IV-D services is no longer receiving assistance under the 66.23 state's title IV-A, IV-E foster care, or medical assistance, or MinnesotaCare programs, the 66.24 public authority responsible for child support enforcement must notify the recipient, 66.25 within five working days of the notification of ineligibility, that IV-D services will be 66.26 continued unless the public authority is notified to the contrary by the recipient. The 66.27 notice must include the implications of continuing to receive IV-D services, including the 66.28 available services and fees, cost recovery fees, and distribution policies relating to fees.
- 66.29 (b) An application fee of \$25 shall be paid by the person who applies for child 66.30 support and maintenance collection services, except persons who are receiving public 66.31 assistance as defined in section 256.741 and the diversionary work program under section 66.32 256J.95, persons who transfer from public assistance to nonpublic assistance status, and 66.33 minor parents and parents enrolled in a public secondary school, area learning center, or 66.34 alternative learning program approved by the commissioner of education.
- 67.1 (e) (b) In the case of an individual who has never received assistance under a state 67.2 program funded under title IV-A of the Social Security Act and for whom the public 67.3 authority has collected at least \$500 of support, the public authority must impose an 67.4 annual federal collections fee of \$25 for each case in which services are furnished. This 67.5 fee must be retained by the public authority from support collected on behalf of the 67.6 individual, but not from the first \$500 collected.
- 67.7 (d) (c) When the public authority provides full IV-D services to an obligee who 67.8 has applied for those services, upon written notice to the obligee, the public authority 67.9 must charge a cost recovery fee of two percent of the amount collected. This fee must 67.10 be deducted from the amount of the child support and maintenance collected and not 67.11 assigned under section 256.741 before disbursement to the obligee. This fee does not 67.12 apply to an obligee who:
- 67.13 (1) is currently receiving assistance under the state's title IV-A, IV-E foster care, <u>or</u> 67.14 medical assistance, <u>or MinnesotaCare</u> programs; or
- 67.15 (2) has received assistance under the state's title IV-A or IV-E foster care programs, 67.16 until the person has not received this assistance for 24 consecutive months.
- 67.17 (e) (d) When the public authority provides full IV-D services to an obligor who has 67.18 applied for such services, upon written notice to the obligor, the public authority must 67.19 charge a cost recovery fee of two percent of the monthly court-ordered child support and 67.20 maintenance obligation. The fee may be collected through income withholding, as well 67.21 as by any other enforcement remedy available to the public authority responsible for 67.22 child support enforcement.

- 252.1 (a) When a recipient of IV-D services is no longer receiving assistance under the 252.2 state's title IV-A, IV-E foster care, or medical assistance, or MinnesotaCare programs, the 252.3 public authority responsible for child support enforcement must notify the recipient, 252.4 within five working days of the notification of ineligibility, that IV-D services will be 252.5 continued unless the public authority is notified to the contrary by the recipient. The 252.6 notice must include the implications of continuing to receive IV-D services, including the 252.7 available services and fees, cost recovery fees, and distribution policies relating to fees.
- 252.8 (b) An application fee of \$25 shall be paid by the person who applies for child 252.9 support and maintenance collection services, except persons who are receiving public 252.10 assistance as defined in section 256.741 and the diversionary work program under section 252.11 256J.95, persons who transfer from public assistance to nonpublic assistance status, and 252.12 minor parents and parents enrolled in a public secondary school, area learning center, or 252.13 alternative learning program approved by the commissioner of education.
- 252.14 (e) (b) In the case of an individual who has never received assistance under a state 252.15 program funded under title IV-A of the Social Security Act and for whom the public 252.16 authority has collected at least \$500 of support, the public authority must impose an 252.17 annual federal collections fee of \$25 for each case in which services are furnished. This 252.18 fee must be retained by the public authority from support collected on behalf of the 252.19 individual, but not from the first \$500 collected.
- 252.20 (d) (c) When the public authority provides full IV-D services to an obligee who 252.21 has applied for those services, upon written notice to the obligee, the public authority 252.22 must charge a cost recovery fee of two percent of the amount collected. This fee must 252.23 be deducted from the amount of the child support and maintenance collected and not 252.24 assigned under section 256.741 before disbursement to the obligee. This fee does not 252.25 apply to an obligee who:
- 252.26 (1) is currently receiving assistance under the state's title IV-A, IV-E foster care, <u>or</u> 252.27 medical assistance<del>, or MinnesotaCare</del> programs; or
- 252.28 (2) has received assistance under the state's title IV-A or IV-E foster care programs, 252.29 until the person has not received this assistance for 24 consecutive months.
- 252.30 (e) (d) When the public authority provides full IV-D services to an obligor who has 252.31 applied for such services, upon written notice to the obligor, the public authority must 252.32 charge a cost recovery fee of two percent of the monthly court-ordered child support and 252.33 maintenance obligation. The fee may be collected through income withholding, as well 252.34 as by any other enforcement remedy available to the public authority responsible for 252.35 child support enforcement.

67.23 (f) (e) Fees assessed by state and federal tax agencies for collection of overdue 67.24 support owed to or on behalf of a person not receiving public assistance must be imposed 67.25 on the person for whom these services are provided. The public authority upon written 67.26 notice to the obligee shall assess a fee of \$25 to the person not receiving public assistance 67.27 for each successful federal tax interception. The fee must be withheld prior to the release 67.28 of the funds received from each interception and deposited in the general fund.

67.29 (g) (f) Federal collections fees collected under paragraph (e) (b) and cost recovery 67.30 fees collected under paragraphs (c) and (d) and (e) retained by the commissioner of human 67.31 services shall be considered child support program income according to Code of Federal 67.32 Regulations, title 45, section 304.50, and shall be deposited in the special revenue fund 67.33 account established under paragraph (i) (h). The commissioner of human services must 67.34 elect to recover costs based on either actual or standardized costs.

67.35 (h) (g) The limitations of this section on the assessment of fees shall not apply to 67.36 the extent inconsistent with the requirements of federal law for receiving funds for the 68.1 programs under title IV-A and title IV-D of the Social Security Act, United States Code, 68.2 title 42, sections 601 to 613 and United States Code, title 42, sections 651 to 662.

68.3 (i) (h) The commissioner of human services is authorized to establish a special 68.4 revenue fund account to receive the federal collections fees collected under paragraph (e) 68.5 (b) and cost recovery fees collected under paragraphs (c) and (d) and (e).

68.6 (<del>j)</del> (<u>i)</u> The nonfederal share of the cost recovery fee revenue must be retained by the 68.7 commissioner and distributed as follows:

68.8 (1) one-half of the revenue must be transferred to the child support system special 68.9 revenue account to support the state's administration of the child support enforcement 68.10 program and its federally mandated automated system;

68.11 (2) an additional portion of the revenue must be transferred to the child support 68.12 system special revenue account for expenditures necessary to administer the fees; and

68.13 (3) the remaining portion of the revenue must be distributed to the counties to aid the 68.14 counties in funding their child support enforcement programs.

68.15 (k) (j) The nonfederal share of the federal collections fees must be distributed to the 68.16 counties to aid them in funding their child support enforcement programs.

68.17 (1) (k) The commissioner of human services shall distribute quarterly any of the 68.18 funds dedicated to the counties under paragraphs (i) and (j) and (k) using the methodology 68.19 specified in section 256.979, subdivision 11. The funds received by the counties must be 68.20 reinvested in the child support enforcement program and the counties must not reduce the 68.21 funding of their child support programs by the amount of the funding distributed.

68.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016, except that the 68.23 amendments striking MinnesotaCare are effective July 1, 2015.

#### House Language UES1458-1

253.1 (f) (e) Fees assessed by state and federal tax agencies for collection of overdue 253.2 support owed to or on behalf of a person not receiving public assistance must be imposed 253.3 on the person for whom these services are provided. The public authority upon written 253.4 notice to the obligee shall assess a fee of \$25 to the person not receiving public assistance 253.5 for each successful federal tax interception. The fee must be withheld prior to the release 253.6 of the funds received from each interception and deposited in the general fund.

253.7 (g) (f) Federal collections fees collected under paragraph (e) (b) and cost recovery 253.8 fees collected under paragraphs (c) and (d) and (e) retained by the commissioner of human 253.9 services shall be considered child support program income according to Code of Federal 253.10 Regulations, title 45, section 304.50, and shall be deposited in the special revenue fund 253.11 account established under paragraph (i) (h). The commissioner of human services must 253.12 elect to recover costs based on either actual or standardized costs.

253.13 (h) (g) The limitations of this section on the assessment of fees shall not apply to 253.14 the extent inconsistent with the requirements of federal law for receiving funds for the 253.15 programs under title IV-A and title IV-D of the Social Security Act, United States Code, 253.16 title 42, sections 601 to 613 and United States Code, title 42, sections 651 to 662.

253.17 (i) (h) The commissioner of human services is authorized to establish a special 253.18 revenue fund account to receive the federal collections fees collected under paragraph (e) 253.19 (b) and cost recovery fees collected under paragraphs (c) and (d) and (e).

253.20 (j) (i) The nonfederal share of the cost recovery fee revenue must be retained by the 253.21 commissioner and distributed as follows:

253.22 (1) one-half of the revenue must be transferred to the child support system special 253.23 revenue account to support the state's administration of the child support enforcement 253.24 program and its federally mandated automated system;

253.25 (2) an additional portion of the revenue must be transferred to the child support 253.26 system special revenue account for expenditures necessary to administer the fees; and

253.27 (3) the remaining portion of the revenue must be distributed to the counties to aid the 253.28 counties in funding their child support enforcement programs.

253.29 (k) (j) The nonfederal share of the federal collections fees must be distributed to the 253.30 counties to aid them in funding their child support enforcement programs.

253.31 (<u>+) (k)</u> The commissioner of human services shall distribute quarterly any of the 253.32 funds dedicated to the counties under paragraphs (<u>i</u>) and (<u>j</u>) and (<u>j</u>) and (<u>k</u>) using the methodology 253.33 specified in section 256.979, subdivision 11. The funds received by the counties must be 253.34 reinvested in the child support enforcement program and the counties must not reduce the 253.35 funding of their child support programs by the amount of the funding distributed.

- 68.24 Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.53, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 68.25 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purpose of this section, the following terms
- 68.26 have the meanings provided in this subdivision unless otherwise stated.
- 68.27 (b) "Payor of funds" means any person or entity that provides funds to an obligor,
- 68.28 including an employer as defined under chapter 24 of the Internal Revenue Code,
- 68.29 section 3401(d), an independent contractor, payor of worker's compensation benefits or
- 68.30 unemployment benefits, or a financial institution as defined in section 13B.06.
- 68.31 (c) "Business day" means a day on which state offices are open for regular business.
- 68.32 (d) "Arrears" means amounts owed under a support order that are past due has the
- 68.33 meaning given in section 518A.26, subdivision 3.
- 68.34 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.
- 69.1 Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.53, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- 69.2 Subd. 4. Collection services. (a) The commissioner of human services shall prepare
- 69.3 and make available to the courts a notice of services that explains child support and
- 69.4 maintenance collection services available through the public authority, including income
- 69.5 withholding, and the fees for such services. Upon receiving a petition for dissolution of
- 69.6 marriage or legal separation, the court administrator shall promptly send the notice of
- 69.7 services to the petitioner and respondent at the addresses stated in the petition.
- 69.8 (b) Either the obligee or obligor may at any time apply to the public authority for
- 69.9 either full IV-D services or for income withholding only services.
- 69.10 (c) For those persons applying for income withholding only services, a monthly 69.11 service fee of \$15 must be charged to the obligor. This fee is in addition to the amount of
- 69.12 the support order and shall be withheld through income withholding. The public authority
- 65.12 the support order and shari be withheld through meome withholding. The public authorn
- 69.13 shall explain the service options in this section to the affected parties and encourage the
- 69.14 application for full child support collection services.
- 69.15 (d) If the obligee is not a current recipient of public assistance as defined in section
- 69.16 256.741, the person who applied for services may at any time choose to terminate either
- 69.17 full IV-D services or income withholding only services regardless of whether income
- 69.18 withholding is currently in place. The obligee or obligor may reapply for either full IV-D
- 69.19 services or income withholding only services at any time. <del>Unless the applicant is a</del>
- 69.20 recipient of public assistance as defined in section 256.741, a \$25 application fee shall be
- 69.21 charged at the time of each application.

254.1 Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.53, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

254.2 Subd. 4. Collection services. (a) The commissioner of human services shall prepare

House Language UES1458-1

254.3 and make available to the courts a notice of services that explains child support and

254.4 maintenance collection services available through the public authority, including income

254.5 withholding, and the fees for such services. Upon receiving a petition for dissolution of

254.6 marriage or legal separation, the court administrator shall promptly send the notice of

254.7 services to the petitioner and respondent at the addresses stated in the petition.

254.8 (b) Either the obligee or obligor may at any time apply to the public authority for

254.9 either full IV-D services or for income withholding only services.

254.10 (c) For those persons applying for income withholding only services, a monthly

254.11 service fee of \$15 must be charged to the obligor. This fee is in addition to the amount of

254.12 the support order and shall be withheld through income withholding. The public authority

254.13 shall explain the service options in this section to the affected parties and encourage the

254.14 application for full child support collection services.

254.15 (d) If the obligee is not a current recipient of public assistance as defined in section

254.16 256.741, the person who applied for services may at any time choose to terminate either

254.17 full IV-D services or income withholding only services regardless of whether income

254.18 withholding is currently in place. The obligee or obligor may reapply for either full IV-D

254.19 services or income withholding only services at any time. <del>Unless the applicant is a</del>

254.20 recipient of public assistance as defined in section 256.741, a \$25 application fee shall be

254.21 charged at the time of each application.

PAGE R68-A1

#### Children and Family Services

#### Senate Language S1458-2

69.22 (e) When a person terminates IV-D services, if an arrearage for public assistance as 69.23 defined in section 256.741 exists, the public authority may continue income withholding, 69.24 as well as use any other enforcement remedy for the collection of child support, until all 69.25 public assistance arrears are paid in full. Income withholding shall be in an amount equal 69.26 to 20 percent of the support order in effect at the time the services terminated, unless the 69.27 court has ordered a specific monthly payback amount to be applied toward the arrears. If a 69.28 support order includes a specific monthly payback amount, income withholding shall be 69.29 for the specific monthly payback amount ordered.

#### 69.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

- 69.31 Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.53, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
- 69.32 Subd. 10. **Arrearage order.** (a) This section does not prevent the court from 69.33 ordering the payor of funds to withhold amounts to satisfy the obligor's previous arrearage 69.34 in support order payments. This remedy shall not operate to exclude availability of other 69.35 remedies to enforce judgments. The employer or payor of funds shall withhold from 70.1 the obligor's income an additional amount equal to 20 percent of the monthly child 70.2 support or maintenance obligation until the arrearage is paid, unless the court has ordered 70.3 a specific monthly payback amount toward the arrears. If a support order includes a 70.4 specific monthly payback amount, the employer or payor of funds shall withhold from 70.5 the obligor's income an additional amount equal to the specific monthly payback amount 70.6 ordered until all arrearages are paid.
- 70.7 (b) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, funds from income sources included 70.8 in section 518A.26, subdivision 8, whether periodic or lump sum, are not exempt from 70.9 attachment or execution upon a judgment for child support arrearage.
- 70.10 (c) Absent an order to the contrary, if an arrearage exists at the time a support 70.11 order would otherwise terminate, income withholding shall continue in effect or may be 70.12 implemented in an amount equal to the support order plus an additional 20 percent of the 70.13 monthly child support obligation, until all arrears have been paid in full.

#### 70.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

70.15 Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518A.60, is amended to read: 70.16 **518A.60 COLLECTION; ARREARS ONLY.** 

#### May 03, 2015 02:12 PM

#### House Language UES1458-1

254.22 (e) When a person terminates IV-D services, if an arrearage for public assistance as 254.23 defined in section 256.741 exists, the public authority may continue income withholding, 254.24 as well as use any other enforcement remedy for the collection of child support, until all 254.25 public assistance arrears are paid in full. Income withholding shall be in an amount equal 254.26 to 20 percent of the support order in effect at the time the services terminated.

PAGE R69-A1

70.17 (a) Remedies available for the collection and enforcement of support in this chapter 70.18 and chapters 256, 257, 518, and 518C also apply to cases in which the child or children 70.19 for whom support is owed are emancipated and the obligor owes past support or has an 70.20 accumulated arrearage as of the date of the youngest child's emancipation. Child support 70.21 arrearages under this section include arrearages for child support, medical support, child 70.22 care, pregnancy and birth expenses, and unreimbursed medical expenses as defined in 70.23 section 518A.41, subdivision 1, paragraph (h).

- 70.24 (b) This section applies retroactively to any support arrearage that accrued on or 70.25 before June 3, 1997, and to all arrearages accruing after June 3, 1997.
- 70.26 (c) Past support or pregnancy and confinement expenses ordered for which the 70.27 obligor has specific court ordered terms for repayment may not be enforced using drivers' 70.28 and occupational or professional license suspension, and credit bureau reporting, and 70.29 additional income withholding under section 518A.53, subdivision 10, paragraph (a), 70.30 unless the obligor fails to comply with the terms of the court order for repayment.
- 70.31 (d) If an arrearage exists at the time a support order would otherwise terminate 70.32 and section 518A.53, subdivision 10, paragraph (c), does not apply to this section, the 70.33 arrearage shall be repaid in an amount equal to the current support order until all arrears 70.34 have been paid in full, absent a court order to the contrary.
- 71.1 (e) If an arrearage exists according to a support order which fails to establish a 71.2 monthly support obligation in a specific dollar amount, the public authority, if it provides 71.3 child support services, or the obligee, may establish a payment agreement which shall 71.4 equal what the obligor would pay for current support after application of section 518A.34, 71.5 plus an additional 20 percent of the current support obligation, until all arrears have been 71.6 paid in full. If the obligor fails to enter into or comply with a payment agreement, the 71.7 public authority, if it provides child support services, or the obligee, may move the district 71.8 court or child support magistrate, if section 484.702 applies, for an order establishing 71.9 repayment terms.
- 71.10 (f) If there is no longer a current support order because all of the children of the 71.11 order are emancipated, the public authority may discontinue child support services and 71.12 close its case under title IV-D of the Social Security Act if:
- 71.13 (1) the arrearage is under \$500; or
- 71.14 (2) the arrearage is considered unenforceable by the public authority because there 71.15 have been no collections for three years, and all administrative and legal remedies have 71.16 been attempted or are determined by the public authority to be ineffective because the 71.17 obligor is unable to pay, the obligor has no known income or assets, and there is no 71.18 reasonable prospect that the obligor will be able to pay in the foreseeable future.

### Children and Family Services

#### May 03, 2015 02:12 PM

Senate Language S1458-2

71.19	(g)	Αt	least	60	calendar	days	s before	the	discon	tinuati	on of	ser	vices	under	paragra	Βŀ

- 71.20 (f), the public authority must mail a written notice to the obligee and obligor at the
- 71.21 obligee's and obligor's last known addresses that the public authority intends to close the
- 71.22 child support enforcement case and explaining each party's rights. Seven calendar days
- 71.23 after the first notice is mailed, the public authority must mail a second notice under this
- 71.24 paragraph to the obligee.
- 71.25 (h) The case must be kept open if the obligee responds before case closure and
- 71.26 provides information that could reasonably lead to collection of arrears. If the case is
- 71.27 closed, the obligee may later request that the case be reopened by completing a new
- 71.28 application for services, if there is a change in circumstances that could reasonably lead to 71.29 the collection of arrears.

#### 71.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

### 71.31 Sec. 82. [518A.685] CONSUMER REPORTING AGENCY; REPORTING

- 71.32 **ARREARS.**
- 71.33 (a) If a public authority determines that an obligor has not paid the current monthly
- 71.34 support obligation plus any required arrearage payment for three consecutive months, the
- 71.35 public authority must report this information to a consumer reporting agency.
- 72.1 (b) Before reporting that an obligor is in arrears for court-ordered child support,
- 72.2 the public authority must:
- 72.3 (1) provide written notice to the obligor that the public authority intends to report the
- 72.4 arrears to a consumer agency; and
- 72.5 (2) mail the written notice to the obligor's last known mailing address 30 days before
- 72.6 the public authority reports the arrears to a consumer reporting agency.
- 72.7 (c) The obligor may, within 21 days of receipt of the notice, do the following to
- 72.8 prevent the public authority from reporting the arrears to a consumer reporting agency:
- 72.9 (1) pay the arrears in full; or
- 72.10 (2) request an administrative review. An administrative review is limited to issues
- 72.11 of mistaken identity, a pending legal action involving the arrears, or an incorrect arrears
- 72.12 balance.
- 72.13 (d) If a public authority has reported that an obligor is in arrears for court-ordered
- 72.14 child support and subsequently determines that the obligor has paid the court-ordered
- 72.15 child support arrears in full, or is paying the current monthly support obligation plus any
- 72.16 required arrearage payment, the public authority must report to the consumer reporting
- 72.17 agency that the obligor is currently paying child support as ordered by the court.

# 254.27 Sec. 66. [518A.685] CONSUMER REPORTING AGENCY; REPORTING 254.28 ARREARS.

House Language UES1458-1

- 254.29 (a) If a public authority determines that an obligor has not paid the current monthly
- 254.30 support obligation plus any required arrearage payment for three months, the public
- 254.31 authority must report this information to a consumer reporting agency.
- 254.32 (b) Before reporting that an obligor is in arrears for court-ordered child support,
- 254.33 the public authority must:
- 254.34 (1) provide written notice to the obligor that the public authority intends to report the
- 254.35 arrears to a consumer reporting agency; and
- 255.1 (2) mail the written notice to the obligor's last known mailing address at least 30
- 255.2 days before the public authority reports the arrears to a consumer reporting agency.
- 255.3 (c) The obligor may, within 21 days of receipt of the notice, do the following to
- 255.4 prevent the public authority from reporting the arrears to a consumer reporting agency:
- 255.5 (1) pay the arrears in full; or
- 255.6 (2) request an administrative review. An administrative review is limited to issues
- 255.7 of mistaken identity, a pending legal action involving the arrears, or an incorrect arrears
- 255.8 balance.
- 255.9 (d) If the public authority has reported that an obligor is in arrears for court-ordered
- 255.10 child support and subsequently determines that the obligor has paid the court-ordered
- 255.11 child support arrears in full, or is paying the current monthly support obligation plus any
- 255.12 required arrearage payment, the public authority must report to the consumer reporting
- 255.13 agency that the obligor is currently paying child support as ordered by the court.

PAGE R71-A1

- 72.18 (e) A public authority that reports arrearage information under this section must
- 72.19 make monthly reports to a consumer reporting agency. The monthly report must be
- 72.20 consistent with credit reporting industry standards for child support.
- 72.21 (f) For purposes of this section, "consumer reporting agency" has the meaning given
- 72.22 in section 13C.001, subdivision 4, and United States Code, title 15, section 1681a(f).

#### 72.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

- 72.24 Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518C.802, is amended to read:
- 72.25 518C.802 CONDITIONS OF RENDITION.
- 72.26 (a) Before making demand that the governor of another state surrender an individual
- 72.27 charged criminally in this state with having failed to provide for the support of an obligee,
- 72.28 the governor of this state may require a prosecutor of this state to demonstrate that at least
- 72.29 60 days previously the obligee had initiated proceedings for support pursuant to this
- 72.30 chapter or that the proceeding would be of no avail.
- 72.31 (b) If, under this chapter or a law substantially similar to this chapter, the Uniform
- 72.32 Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement
- 72.33 of Support Act, the governor of another state makes a demand that the governor of
- 72.34 this state surrender an individual charged criminally in that state with having failed to
- 73.1 provide for the support of a child or other individual to whom a duty of support is owed,
- 73.2 the governor may require a prosecutor to investigate the demand and report whether
- 73.3 a proceeding for support has been initiated or would be effective. If it appears that a
- 73.4 proceeding would be effective but has not been initiated, the governor may delay honoring
- 73.5 the demand for a reasonable time to permit the initiation of a proceeding.
- 73.6 (c) If a proceeding for support has been initiated and the individual whose rendition is
- 73.7 demanded prevails, the governor may decline to honor the demand. If the petitioner prevails
- 73.8 and the individual whose rendition is demanded is subject to a support order, the governor
- 73.9 may decline to honor the demand if the individual is complying with the support order.
- 73.10 Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.556, subdivision 1, as amended by Laws 73.11 2015, chapter 4, section 1, is amended to read:
- 73.12 Subdivision 1. **Public policy.** (a) The legislature hereby declares that the public
- 73.13 policy of this state is to protect children whose health or welfare may be jeopardized
- 73.14 through physical abuse, neglect, or sexual abuse. While it is recognized that most parents
- 73.15 want to keep their children safe, sometimes circumstances or conditions interfere with
- 73.16 their ability to do so. When this occurs, the health and safety of the children shall must be
- 73.17 of paramount concern. Intervention and prevention efforts shall must address immediate
- 73.18 concerns for child safety and the ongoing risk of abuse or neglect and should engage the
- 73.19 protective capacities of families. In furtherance of this public policy, it is the intent of the
- 73.20 legislature under this section to:

255.14 (e) A public authority that reports arrearage information under this section must

House Language UES1458-1

255.15 make monthly reports to a consumer reporting agency. The monthly report must be

255.16 consistent with credit reporting industry standards for child support.

255.17 (f) For purposes of this section, "consumer reporting agency" has the meaning given

255.18 in section 13C.001, subdivision 4, and United States Code, title 15, section 1681a(f).

255.19 Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 518C.802, is amended to read:

#### 255.20 518C.802 CONDITIONS OF RENDITION.

255.21 (a) Before making demand that the governor of another state surrender an individual

255.22 charged criminally in this state with having failed to provide for the support of an obligee,

255.23 the governor of this state may require a prosecutor of this state to demonstrate that at least

255.24 60 days previously the obligee had initiated proceedings for support pursuant to this

255.25 chapter or that the proceeding would be of no avail.

255.26 (b) If, under this chapter or a law substantially similar to this chapter, the Uniform

255.27 Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement

255.28 of Support Act, the governor of another state makes a demand that the governor of

255.29 this state surrender an individual charged criminally in that state with having failed to

255.30 provide for the support of a child or other individual to whom a duty of support is owed,

255.31 the governor may require a prosecutor to investigate the demand and report whether

255.32 a proceeding for support has been initiated or would be effective. If it appears that a

255.33 proceeding would be effective but has not been initiated, the governor may delay honoring

255.34 the demand for a reasonable time to permit the initiation of a proceeding.

256.1 (c) If a proceeding for support has been initiated and the individual whose rendition is

256.2 demanded prevails, the governor may decline to honor the demand. If the petitioner prevails

256.3 and the individual whose rendition is demanded is subject to a support order, the governor

256.4 may decline to honor the demand if the individual is complying with the support order.

256.5 Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.556, subdivision 1, as amended by Laws

256.6 2015, chapter 4, section 1, is amended to read:

256.7 Subdivision 1. **Public policy.** (a) The legislature hereby declares that the public

256.8 policy of this state is to protect children whose health or welfare may be jeopardized

256.9 through physical abuse, neglect, or sexual abuse. While it is recognized that most parents

256.10 want to keep their children safe, sometimes circumstances or conditions interfere with

256.11 their ability to do so. When this occurs, the health and safety of the children shall be of

256.12 paramount concern. Intervention and prevention efforts shall address immediate concerns

256.13 for child safety and the ongoing risk of abuse or neglect and should engage the protective

256.14 capacities of families. In furtherance of this public policy, it is the intent of the legislature

256.15 under this section to:

- 73.21 (1) protect children and promote child safety;
- 73.22 (2) strengthen the family;
- 73.23 (3) make the home, school, and community safe for children by promoting
- 73.24 responsible child care in all settings; and
- 73.25 (4) provide, when necessary, a safe temporary or permanent home environment for
- 73.26 physically or sexually abused or neglected children.
- 73.27 (b) In addition, it is the policy of this state to:
- 73.28 (1) require the reporting of neglect or physical or sexual abuse of children in the
- 73.29 home, school, and community settings;
- 73.30 (2) provide for the voluntary reporting of abuse or neglect of children; to require
- 73.31 a family assessment, when appropriate, as the preferred response to reports not alleging
- 73.32 substantial child endangerment;
- 73.33 (3) require an investigation when the report alleges sexual abuse or substantial
- 73.34 child endangerment;
- 74.1 (4) provide a family assessment, if appropriate, when the report does not allege
- 74.2 sexual abuse or substantial child endangerment; and
- 74.3 (4) (5) provide protective, family support, and family preservation services when
- 74.4 needed in appropriate cases.
- 74.5 Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.556, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 74.6 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** As used in this section, the following terms have the meanings
- 74.7 given them unless the specific content indicates otherwise:
- 74.8 (a) "Family assessment" means a comprehensive assessment of child safety, risk of
- 74.9 subsequent child maltreatment, and family strengths and needs that is applied to a child
- 74.10 maltreatment report that does not allege sexual abuse or substantial child endangerment.
- 74.11 Family assessment does not include a determination as to whether child maltreatment
- 74.12 occurred but does determine the need for services to address the safety of family members
- 74.13 and the risk of subsequent maltreatment.
- 74.14 (b) "Investigation" means fact gathering related to the current safety of a child
- 74.15 and the risk of subsequent maltreatment that determines whether child maltreatment
- 74.16 occurred and whether child protective services are needed. An investigation must be used
- 74.17 when reports involve sexual abuse or substantial child endangerment, and for reports of
- 74.18 maltreatment in facilities required to be licensed under chapter 245A or 245D; under
- 74.19 sections 144.50 to 144.58 and 241.021; in a school as defined in sections 120A.05,
- 74.20 subdivisions 9, 11, and 13, and 124D.10; or in a nonlicensed personal care provider
- 74.21 association as defined in section 256B.0625, subdivision 19a.

#### 256.16 (1) protect children and promote child safety;

- 256.17 (2) strengthen the family;
- 256.18 (3) make the home, school, and community safe for children by promoting

House Language UES1458-1

- 256.19 responsible child care in all settings; and
- 256.20 (4) provide, when necessary, a safe temporary or permanent home environment for
- 256.21 physically or sexually abused or neglected children.
- 256.22 (b) In addition, it is the policy of this state to:
- 256.23 (1) require the reporting of neglect or physical or sexual abuse of children in the
- 256.24 home, school, and community settings;
- 256.25 (2) provide for the voluntary reporting of abuse or neglect of children; to require
- 256.26 a family assessment, when appropriate, as the preferred response to reports not alleging
- 256.27 substantial child endangerment;
- 256.28 (3) require an investigation when the report alleges sexual abuse or substantial child
- 256.29 endangerment, as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (c);
- 256.30 (4) provide a family assessment when there is no alleged substantial child
- 256.31 endangerment; and
- 256.32 (4) (5) provide protective, family support, and family preservation services when
- 256.33 needed in appropriate cases.
- 256.34 Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.556, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 257.1 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** As used in this section, the following terms have the meanings
- 257.2 given them unless the specific content indicates otherwise:
- 257.3 (a) "Family assessment" means a comprehensive assessment of child safety, risk
- 257.4 of subsequent child maltreatment, and family strengths and needs that is applied to a
- 257.5 child maltreatment report that does not allege substantial child endangerment. Family
- 257.6 assessment does not include a determination as to whether child maltreatment occurred
- 257.7 but does determine the need for services to address the safety of family members and the
- 257.8 risk of subsequent maltreatment.
- 257.9 (b) "Investigation" means fact gathering related to the current safety of a child
- 257.10 and the risk of subsequent maltreatment that determines whether child maltreatment
- 257.11 occurred and whether child protective services are needed. An investigation must be used
- 257.12 when reports involve substantial child endangerment, and for reports of maltreatment in
- 257.13 facilities required to be licensed under chapter 245A or 245D; under sections 144.50 to
- 257.14 144.58 and 241.021; in a school as defined in sections 120A.05, subdivisions 9, 11, and
- 257.15 13, and 124D.10; or in a nonlicensed personal care provider association as defined in
- 257.16 section 256B.0625, subdivision 19a.

PAGE R73-A1

- 74.22 (c) "Substantial child endangerment" means a person responsible for a child's care,
- 74.23 and in the case of sexual abuse includes a person who has a significant relationship to the
- 74.24 child as defined in section 609.341, or a person in a position of authority as defined in
- 74.25 section 609.341, who by act or omission, commits or attempts to commit an act against a
- 74.26 child under their care that constitutes any of the following:
- 74.27 (1) egregious harm as defined in section 260C.007, subdivision 14;
- 74.28 (2) sexual abuse as defined in paragraph (d);
- 74.29 (3) abandonment under section 260C.301, subdivision 2;
- 74.30 (4) (3) neglect as defined in paragraph (f), clause (2), that substantially endangers
- 74.31 the child's physical or mental health, including a growth delay, which may be referred to
- 74.32 as failure to thrive, that has been diagnosed by a physician and is due to parental neglect;
- 74.33 (5) (4) murder in the first, second, or third degree under section 609.185, 609.19, or 74.34 609.195;
- 74.35 (6) (5) manslaughter in the first or second degree under section 609.20 or 609.205;
- 75.1 (7) (6) assault in the first, second, or third degree under section 609.221, 609.222, or 75.2 609.223;
- 75.3 (8) (7) solicitation, inducement, and promotion of prostitution under section 609.322;
- $75.4 \frac{(9)}{(8)}$  (8) criminal sexual conduct under sections 609.342 to 609.3451;
- 75.5 (10) (9) solicitation of children to engage in sexual conduct under section 609.352;
- 75.6 (11) (10) malicious punishment or neglect or endangerment of a child under section 75.7 609.377 or 609.378:
- 75.8 (12) (11) use of a minor in sexual performance under section 617.246; or
- 75.9 (13) (12) parental behavior, status, or condition which mandates that the county 75.10 attorney file a termination of parental rights petition under section 260C.503, subdivision 2.

- 257.17 (c) "Substantial child endangerment" means a person responsible for a child's care, 257.18 and in the case of sexual abuse includes a person who has a significant relationship to the 257.19 child as defined in section 609.341, or a person in a position of authority as defined in
- 257.20 section 609.341, who by act or omission commits or attempts to commit an act against a
- 257.21 child under their care that constitutes any of the following:
- 257.22 (1) egregious harm as defined in section 260C.007, subdivision 14;
- 257.23 (2) sexual abuse as defined in paragraph (d);
- 257.24 (3) abandonment under section 260C.301, subdivision 2;
- 257.25 (4) neglect as defined in paragraph (f), clause (2), that substantially endangers the
- 257.26 child's physical or mental health, including a growth delay, which may be referred to as 257.27 failure to thrive, that has been diagnosed by a physician and is due to parental neglect;
- 257.28 (5) murder in the first, second, or third degree under section 609.185, 609.19, or 257.29 609.195;
- 257.30 (6) manslaughter in the first or second degree under section 609.20 or 609.205;
- 257.31 (7) assault in the first, second, or third degree under section 609.221, 609.222, or 257.32 609.223;
- 257.33 (8) solicitation, inducement, and promotion of prostitution under section 609.322;
- 257.34 (9) criminal sexual conduct under sections 609.342 to 609.3451;
- 257.35 (10) solicitation of children to engage in sexual conduct under section 609.352;
- 258.1 (11) malicious punishment or neglect or endangerment of a child under section 258.2 609.377 or 609.378:
- 258.3 (12) use of a minor in sexual performance under section 617.246; or
- 258.4 (13) parental behavior, status, or condition which mandates that the county attorney 258.5 file a termination of parental rights petition under section 260C.503, subdivision 2.

258.18 243.166, subdivision 1b, paragraph (a) or (b).

75.11 (d) "Sexual abuse" means the subjection of a child by a person responsible for the 75.12 child's care, by a person who has a significant relationship to the child, as defined in 75.13 section 609.341, or by a person in a position of authority, as defined in section 609.341, 75.14 subdivision 10, to any act which constitutes a violation of section 609.342 (criminal sexual 75.15 conduct in the first degree), 609.343 (criminal sexual conduct in the second degree), 75.16 609.344 (criminal sexual conduct in the third degree), 609.345 (criminal sexual conduct 75.17 in the fourth degree), or 609.3451 (criminal sexual conduct in the fifth degree). Sexual 75.18 abuse also includes any act which involves a minor which constitutes a violation of 75.19 prostitution offenses under sections 609.321 to 609.324 or 617.246. Sexual abuse includes 75.20 threatened sexual abuse which includes the status of a parent or household member 75.21 who has committed a violation which requires registration as an offender under section 75.22 243.166, subdivision 1b, paragraph (a) or (b), or required registration under section 75.23 243.166, subdivision 1b, paragraph (a) or (b).

75.24 (e) "Person responsible for the child's care" means (1) an individual functioning 75.25 within the family unit and having responsibilities for the care of the child such as a 75.26 parent, guardian, or other person having similar care responsibilities, or (2) an individual 75.27 functioning outside the family unit and having responsibilities for the care of the child 75.28 such as a teacher, school administrator, other school employees or agents, or other lawful 75.29 custodian of a child having either full-time or short-term care responsibilities including, 75.30 but not limited to, day care, babysitting whether paid or unpaid, counseling, teaching, 75.31 and coaching.

- 75.32 (f) "Neglect" means the commission or omission of any of the acts specified under 75.33 clauses (1) to (9), other than by accidental means:
- 75.34 (1) failure by a person responsible for a child's care to supply a child with necessary 75.35 food, clothing, shelter, health, medical, or other care required for the child's physical or 75.36 mental health when reasonably able to do so;
- 76.1 (2) failure to protect a child from conditions or actions that seriously endanger the 76.2 child's physical or mental health when reasonably able to do so, including a growth delay, 76.3 which may be referred to as a failure to thrive, that has been diagnosed by a physician and 76.4 is due to parental neglect;
- 76.5 (3) failure to provide for necessary supervision or child care arrangements
  76.6 appropriate for a child after considering factors as the child's age, mental ability, physical
  76.7 condition, length of absence, or environment, when the child is unable to care for the
  76.8 child's own basic needs or safety, or the basic needs or safety of another child in their care;
- 76.9 (4) failure to ensure that the child is educated as defined in sections 120A.22 and 76.10 260C.163, subdivision 11, which does not include a parent's refusal to provide the parent's 76.11 child with sympathomimetic medications, consistent with section 125A.091, subdivision 5;

258.6 (d) "Sexual abuse" means the subjection of a child by a person responsible for the 258.7 child's care, by a person who has a significant relationship to the child, as defined in 258.8 section 609.341, or by a person in a position of authority, as defined in section 609.341, 258.9 subdivision 10, to any act which constitutes a violation of section 609.342 (criminal sexual 258.10 conduct in the first degree), 609.343 (criminal sexual conduct in the second degree), 258.11 609.344 (criminal sexual conduct in the third degree), 609.345 (criminal sexual conduct 258.12 in the fourth degree), or 609.3451 (criminal sexual conduct in the fifth degree). Sexual 258.13 abuse also includes any act which involves a minor which constitutes a violation of 258.14 prostitution offenses under sections 609.321 to 609.324 or 617.246. Sexual abuse includes 258.15 threatened sexual abuse which includes the status of a parent or household member 258.16 who has committed a violation which requires registration as an offender under section

House Language UES1458-1

258.19 (e) "Person responsible for the child's care" means (1) an individual functioning 258.20 within the family unit and having responsibilities for the care of the child such as a 258.21 parent, guardian, or other person having similar care responsibilities, or (2) an individual 258.22 functioning outside the family unit and having responsibilities for the care of the child 258.23 such as a teacher, school administrator, other school employees or agents, or other lawful 258.24 custodian of a child having either full-time or short-term care responsibilities including, 258.25 but not limited to, day care, babysitting whether paid or unpaid, counseling, teaching, 258.26 and coaching.

258.17 243.166, subdivision 1b, paragraph (a) or (b), or required registration under section

- 258.27 (f) "Neglect" means the commission or omission of any of the acts specified under 258.28 clauses (1) to (9), other than by accidental means:
- 258.29 (1) failure by a person responsible for a child's care to supply a child with necessary 258.30 food, clothing, shelter, health, medical, or other care required for the child's physical or 258.31 mental health when reasonably able to do so;
- 258.32 (2) failure to protect a child from conditions or actions that seriously endanger the 258.33 child's physical or mental health when reasonably able to do so, including a growth delay, 258.34 which may be referred to as a failure to thrive, that has been diagnosed by a physician and 258.35 is due to parental neglect;
- 259.1 (3) failure to provide for necessary supervision or child care arrangements 259.2 appropriate for a child after considering factors as the child's age, mental ability, physical 259.3 condition, length of absence, or environment, when the child is unable to care for the 259.4 child's own basic needs or safety, or the basic needs or safety of another child in their care;
- 259.5 (4) failure to ensure that the child is educated as defined in sections 120A.22 and 259.6 260C.163, subdivision 11, which does not include a parent's refusal to provide the parent's 259.7 child with sympathomimetic medications, consistent with section 125A.091, subdivision 5;

76.12 (5) nothing in this section shall be construed to mean that a child is neglected solely 76.13 because the child's parent, guardian, or other person responsible for the child's care in 76.14 good faith selects and depends upon spiritual means or prayer for treatment or care of 76.15 disease or remedial care of the child in lieu of medical care; except that a parent, guardian, 76.16 or caretaker, or a person mandated to report pursuant to subdivision 3, has a duty to report 76.17 if a lack of medical care may cause serious danger to the child's health. This section does 76.18 not impose upon persons, not otherwise legally responsible for providing a child with 76.19 necessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care, a duty to provide that care;

76.20 (6) prenatal exposure to a controlled substance, as defined in section 253B.02, 76.21 subdivision 2, used by the mother for a nonmedical purpose, as evidenced by withdrawal 76.22 symptoms in the child at birth, results of a toxicology test performed on the mother at 76.23 delivery or the child at birth, medical effects or developmental delays during the child's 76.24 first year of life that medically indicate prenatal exposure to a controlled substance, or the 76.25 presence of a fetal alcohol spectrum disorder;

76.26 (7) "medical neglect" as defined in section 260C.007, subdivision 6, clause (5);

76.27 (8) chronic and severe use of alcohol or a controlled substance by a parent or 76.28 person responsible for the care of the child that adversely affects the child's basic needs 76.29 and safety; or

76.30 (9) emotional harm from a pattern of behavior which contributes to impaired 76.31 emotional functioning of the child which may be demonstrated by a substantial and 76.32 observable effect in the child's behavior, emotional response, or cognition that is not 76.33 within the normal range for the child's age and stage of development, with due regard to 76.34 the child's culture.

76.35 (g) "Physical abuse" means any physical injury, mental injury, or threatened injury, 76.36 inflicted by a person responsible for the child's care on a child other than by accidental 77.1 means, or any physical or mental injury that cannot reasonably be explained by the child's 77.2 history of injuries, or any aversive or deprivation procedures, or regulated interventions, 77.3 that have not been authorized under section 125A.0942 or 245.825.

77.4 Abuse does not include reasonable and moderate physical discipline of a child 77.5 administered by a parent or legal guardian which does not result in an injury. Abuse does 77.6 not include the use of reasonable force by a teacher, principal, or school employee as 77.7 allowed by section 121A.582. Actions which are not reasonable and moderate include, 77.8 but are not limited to, any of the following that are done in anger or without regard to the 77.9 safety of the child:

77.10 (1) throwing, kicking, burning, biting, or cutting a child;

77.11 (2) striking a child with a closed fist;

77.12 (3) shaking a child under age three;

#### House Language UES1458-1

259.8 (5) nothing in this section shall be construed to mean that a child is neglected solely 259.9 because the child's parent, guardian, or other person responsible for the child's care in 259.10 good faith selects and depends upon spiritual means or prayer for treatment or care of 259.11 disease or remedial care of the child in lieu of medical care; except that a parent, guardian, 259.12 or caretaker, or a person mandated to report pursuant to subdivision 3, has a duty to report 259.13 if a lack of medical care may cause serious danger to the child's health. This section does 259.14 not impose upon persons, not otherwise legally responsible for providing a child with 259.15 necessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care, a duty to provide that care;

259.16 (6) prenatal exposure to a controlled substance, as defined in section 253B.02, 259.17 subdivision 2, used by the mother for a nonmedical purpose, as evidenced by withdrawal 259.18 symptoms in the child at birth, results of a toxicology test performed on the mother at 259.19 delivery or the child at birth, medical effects or developmental delays during the child's 259.20 first year of life that medically indicate prenatal exposure to a controlled substance, or the 259.21 presence of a fetal alcohol spectrum disorder;

259.22 (7) "medical neglect" as defined in section 260C.007, subdivision 6, clause (5);

259.23 (8) chronic and severe use of alcohol or a controlled substance by a parent or 259.24 person responsible for the care of the child that adversely affects the child's basic needs 259.25 and safety; or

259.26 (9) emotional harm from a pattern of behavior which contributes to impaired 259.27 emotional functioning of the child which may be demonstrated by a substantial and 259.28 observable effect in the child's behavior, emotional response, or cognition that is not 259.29 within the normal range for the child's age and stage of development, with due regard to 259.30 the child's culture.

259.31 (g) "Physical abuse" means any physical injury, mental injury, or threatened injury, 259.32 inflicted by a person responsible for the child's care on a child other than by accidental 259.33 means, or any physical or mental injury that cannot reasonably be explained by the child's 259.34 history of injuries, or any aversive or deprivation procedures, or regulated interventions, 259.35 that have not been authorized under section 125A.0942 or 245.825.

260.1 Abuse does not include reasonable and moderate physical discipline of a child 260.2 administered by a parent or legal guardian which does not result in an injury. Abuse does 260.3 not include the use of reasonable force by a teacher, principal, or school employee as 260.4 allowed by section 121A.582. Actions which are not reasonable and moderate include, 260.5 but are not limited to, any of the following that are done in anger or without regard to the 260.6 safety of the child:

260.7 (1) throwing, kicking, burning, biting, or cutting a child;

260.8 (2) striking a child with a closed fist;

260.9 (3) shaking a child under age three;

- 77.13 (4) striking or other actions which result in any nonaccidental injury to a child 77.14 under 18 months of age;
- 77.15 (5) unreasonable interference with a child's breathing;
- 77.16 (6) threatening a child with a weapon, as defined in section 609.02, subdivision 6;
- 77.17 (7) striking a child under age one four on the face or head;
- 77.18 (8) purposely giving a child poison, alcohol, or dangerous, harmful, or controlled
- 77.19 substances which were not prescribed for the child by a practitioner, in order to control or
- 77.20 punish the child; or other substances that substantially affect the child's behavior, motor
- 77.21 coordination, or judgment or that results in sickness or internal injury, or subjects the
- 77.22 child to medical procedures that would be unnecessary if the child were not exposed
- 77.23 to the substances;
- 77.24 (9) unreasonable physical confinement or restraint not permitted under section
- 77.25 609.379, including but not limited to tying, caging, or chaining; or
- 77.26 (10) in a school facility or school zone, an act by a person responsible for the child's
- 77.27 care that is a violation under section 121A.58.
- 77.28 (h) "Report" means any report communication received by the local welfare agency,
- 77.29 police department, county sheriff, or agency responsible for assessing or investigating
- 77.30 maltreatment child protection pursuant to this section that describes neglect or physical or
- 77.31 sexual abuse of a child and contains sufficient content to identify the child and any person
- 77.32 believed to be responsible for the neglect or abuse, if known.
- 77.33 (i) "Facility" means:
- 77.34 (1) a licensed or unlicensed day care facility, residential facility, agency, hospital,
- 77.35 sanitarium, or other facility or institution required to be licensed under sections 144.50 to 77.36 144.58, 241.021, or 245A.01 to 245A.16, or chapter 245D;
- 78.1 (2) a school as defined in sections 120A.05, subdivisions 9, 11, and 13; and 78.2 124D.10; or
- 78.3 (3) a nonlicensed personal care provider organization as defined in section 78.4 256B.0625, subdivision 19a.
- 78.5 (j) "Operator" means an operator or agency as defined in section 245A.02.
- 78.6 (k) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services.
- 78.7 (1) "Practice of social services," for the purposes of subdivision 3, includes but is 78.8 not limited to employee assistance counseling and the provision of guardian ad litem and 78.9 parenting time expeditor services.

260.10 (4) striking or other actions which result in any nonaccidental injury to a child 260.11 under 18 months of age;

House Language UES1458-1

- 260.12 (5) unreasonable interference with a child's breathing;
- 260.13 (6) threatening a child with a weapon, as defined in section 609.02, subdivision 6;
- 260.14 (7) striking a child under age one on the face or head;
- 260.15 (8) purposely giving a child poison, alcohol, or dangerous, harmful, or controlled
- 260.16 substances which were not prescribed for the child by a practitioner, in order to control or
- 260.17 punish the child; or other substances that substantially affect the child's behavior, motor
- 260.18 coordination, or judgment or that results in sickness or internal injury, or subjects the
- 260.19 child to medical procedures that would be unnecessary if the child were not exposed
- 260.20 to the substances;
- 260.21 (9) unreasonable physical confinement or restraint not permitted under section
- 260.22 609.379, including but not limited to tying, caging, or chaining; or
- 260.23 (10) in a school facility or school zone, an act by a person responsible for the child's
- 260.24 care that is a violation under section 121A.58.
- 260.25 (h) "Report" means any report received by the local welfare agency, police
- 260.26 department, county sheriff, or agency responsible for assessing or investigating
- 260.27 maltreatment pursuant to this section.
- 260.28 (i) "Facility" means:
- 260.29 (1) a licensed or unlicensed day care facility, residential facility, agency, hospital,
- 260.30 sanitarium, or other facility or institution required to be licensed under sections 144.50 to
- 260.31 144.58, 241.021, or 245A.01 to 245A.16, or chapter 245D;
- 260.32 (2) a school as defined in sections 120A.05, subdivisions 9, 11, and 13; and
- 260.33 124D.10; or
- 260.34 (3) a nonlicensed personal care provider organization as defined in section
- 260.35 256B.0625, subdivision 19a.
- 260.36 (j) "Operator" means an operator or agency as defined in section 245A.02.
- 261.1 (k) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services.
- 261.2 (1) "Practice of social services," for the purposes of subdivision 3, includes but is
- 261.3 not limited to employee assistance counseling and the provision of guardian ad litem and
- 261.4 parenting time expeditor services.

PAGE R77-A1

- 78.10 (m) "Mental injury" means an injury to the psychological capacity or emotional 78.11 stability of a child as evidenced by an observable or substantial impairment in the child's 78.12 ability to function within a normal range of performance and behavior with due regard to 78.13 the child's culture.
- 78.14 (n) "Threatened injury" means a statement, overt act, condition, or status that 78.15 represents a substantial risk of physical or sexual abuse or mental injury. Threatened 78.16 injury includes, but is not limited to, exposing a child to a person responsible for the 78.17 child's care, as defined in paragraph (e), clause (1), who has:
- 78.18 (1) subjected a child to, or failed to protect a child from, an overt act or condition 78.19 that constitutes egregious harm, as defined in section 260C.007, subdivision 14, or a 78.20 similar law of another jurisdiction;
- 78.21 (2) been found to be palpably unfit under section 260C.301, subdivision 1, paragraph 78.22 (b), clause (4), or a similar law of another jurisdiction;
- 78.23 (3) committed an act that has resulted in an involuntary termination of parental rights 78.24 under section 260C.301, or a similar law of another jurisdiction; or
- 78.25 (4) committed an act that has resulted in the involuntary transfer of permanent 78.26 legal and physical custody of a child to a relative under Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 78.27 260C.201, subdivision 11, paragraph (d), clause (1), section 260C.515, subdivision 4, or a 78.28 similar law of another jurisdiction.
- 78.29 A child is the subject of a report of threatened injury when the responsible social 78.30 services agency receives birth match data under paragraph (o) from the Department of 78.31 Human Services.
- 78.32 (o) Upon receiving data under section 144.225, subdivision 2b, contained in a 78.33 birth record or recognition of parentage identifying a child who is subject to threatened 78.34 injury under paragraph (n), the Department of Human Services shall send the data to the 78.35 responsible social services agency. The data is known as "birth match" data. Unless the 78.36 responsible social services agency has already begun an investigation or assessment of the 79.1 report due to the birth of the child or execution of the recognition of parentage and the 79.2 parent's previous history with child protection, the agency shall accept the birth match 79.3 data as a report under this section. The agency may use either a family assessment or 79.4 investigation to determine whether the child is safe. All of the provisions of this section 79.5 apply. If the child is determined to be safe, the agency shall consult with the county 79.6 attorney to determine the appropriateness of filing a petition alleging the child is in need 79.7 of protection or services under section 260C.007, subdivision 6, clause (16), in order to 79.8 deliver needed services. If the child is determined not to be safe, the agency and the county 79.9 attorney shall take appropriate action as required under section 260C.503, subdivision 2.

- 261.5 (m) "Mental injury" means an injury to the psychological capacity or emotional 261.6 stability of a child as evidenced by an observable or substantial impairment in the child's 261.7 ability to function within a normal range of performance and behavior with due regard to 261.8 the child's culture.
- 261.9 (n) "Threatened injury" means a statement, overt act, condition, or status that 261.10 represents a substantial risk of physical or sexual abuse or mental injury. Threatened 261.11 injury includes, but is not limited to, exposing a child to a person responsible for the 261.12 child's care, as defined in paragraph (e), clause (1), who has:
- 261.13 (1) subjected a child to, or failed to protect a child from, an overt act or condition 261.14 that constitutes egregious harm, as defined in section 260C.007, subdivision 14, or a 261.15 similar law of another jurisdiction;
- 261.16 (2) been found to be palpably unfit under section 260C.301, subdivision 1, paragraph 261.17 (b), clause (4), or a similar law of another jurisdiction;
- 261.18 (3) committed an act that has resulted in an involuntary termination of parental rights 261.19 under section 260C.301, or a similar law of another jurisdiction; or
- 261.20 (4) committed an act that has resulted in the involuntary transfer of permanent 261.21 legal and physical custody of a child to a relative under Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 261.22 260C.201, subdivision 11, paragraph (d), clause (1), section 260C.515, subdivision 4, or a 261.23 similar law of another jurisdiction.
- 261.24 A child is the subject of a report of threatened injury when the responsible social 261.25 services agency receives birth match data under paragraph (o) from the Department of 261.26 Human Services.
- 261.27 (o) Upon receiving data under section 144.225, subdivision 2b, contained in a 261.28 birth record or recognition of parentage identifying a child who is subject to threatened 261.29 injury under paragraph (n), the Department of Human Services shall send the data to the 261.30 responsible social services agency. The data is known as "birth match" data. Unless the 261.31 responsible social services agency has already begun an investigation or assessment of the 261.32 report due to the birth of the child or execution of the recognition of parentage and the 261.33 parent's previous history with child protection, the agency shall accept the birth match 261.34 data as a report under this section. The agency may use either a family assessment or 261.35 investigation to determine whether the child is safe. All of the provisions of this section 261.36 apply. If the child is determined to be safe, the agency shall consult with the county 262.1 attorney to determine the appropriateness of filing a petition alleging the child is in need 262.2 of protection or services under section 260C.007, subdivision 6, clause (16), in order to 262.3 deliver needed services. If the child is determined not to be safe, the agency and the county 262.4 attorney shall take appropriate action as required under section 260C.503, subdivision 2.

- 79.10 (p) Persons who conduct assessments or investigations under this section shall take
- 79.11 into account accepted child-rearing practices of the culture in which a child participates
- 79.12 and accepted teacher discipline practices, which are not injurious to the child's health,
- 79.13 welfare, and safety.
- 79.14 (q) "Accidental" means a sudden, not reasonably foreseeable, and unexpected
- 79.15 occurrence or event which:
- 79.16 (1) is not likely to occur and could not have been prevented by exercise of due
- 79.17 care; and
- 79.18 (2) if occurring while a child is receiving services from a facility, happens when the
- 79.19 facility and the employee or person providing services in the facility are in compliance
- 79.20 with the laws and rules relevant to the occurrence or event.
- 79.21 (r) "Nonmaltreatment mistake" means:
- 79.22 (1) at the time of the incident, the individual was performing duties identified in the
- 79.23 center's child care program plan required under Minnesota Rules, part 9503.0045;
- 79.24 (2) the individual has not been determined responsible for a similar incident that
- 79.25 resulted in a finding of maltreatment for at least seven years;
- 79.26 (3) the individual has not been determined to have committed a similar
- 79.27 nonmaltreatment mistake under this paragraph for at least four years;
- 79.28 (4) any injury to a child resulting from the incident, if treated, is treated only with
- 79.29 remedies that are available over the counter, whether ordered by a medical professional or 79.30 not; and
- 79.31 (5) except for the period when the incident occurred, the facility and the individual
- 79.32 providing services were both in compliance with all licensing requirements relevant to the
- 79.33 incident.
- 79.34 This definition only applies to child care centers licensed under Minnesota
- 79.35 Rules, chapter 9503. If clauses (1) to (5) apply, rather than making a determination of
- 80.1 substantiated maltreatment by the individual, the commissioner of human services shall
- 80.2 determine that a nonmaltreatment mistake was made by the individual.
- 80.3 Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.556, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 80.4 Subd. 3. Persons mandated to report; persons voluntarily reporting. (a) A
- 80.5 person who knows or has reason to believe a child is being neglected or physically or
- 80.6 sexually abused, as defined in subdivision 2, or has been neglected or physically or
- 80.7 sexually abused within the preceding three years, shall immediately report the information
- 80.8 to the local welfare agency, agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report,
- 80.9 police department, or the county sheriff if the person is:

262.5 (p) Persons who conduct assessments or investigations under this section shall take

House Language UES1458-1

- 262.6 into account accepted child-rearing practices of the culture in which a child participates
- 262.7 and accepted teacher discipline practices, which are not injurious to the child's health,
- 262.8 welfare, and safety.
- 262.9 (q) "Accidental" means a sudden, not reasonably foreseeable, and unexpected
- 262.10 occurrence or event which:
- 262.11 (1) is not likely to occur and could not have been prevented by exercise of due
- 262.12 care; and
- 262.13 (2) if occurring while a child is receiving services from a facility, happens when the
- 262.14 facility and the employee or person providing services in the facility are in compliance
- 262.15 with the laws and rules relevant to the occurrence or event.
- 262.16 (r) "Nonmaltreatment mistake" means:
- 262.17 (1) at the time of the incident, the individual was performing duties identified in the
- 262.18 center's child care program plan required under Minnesota Rules, part 9503.0045;
- 262.19 (2) the individual has not been determined responsible for a similar incident that
- 262.20 resulted in a finding of maltreatment for at least seven years;
- 262.21 (3) the individual has not been determined to have committed a similar
- 262.22 nonmaltreatment mistake under this paragraph for at least four years;
- 262.23 (4) any injury to a child resulting from the incident, if treated, is treated only with
- 262.24 remedies that are available over the counter, whether ordered by a medical professional or
- 262.25 not; and
- 262.26 (5) except for the period when the incident occurred, the facility and the individual
- 262.27 providing services were both in compliance with all licensing requirements relevant to the
- 262.28 incident.
- 262.29 This definition only applies to child care centers licensed under Minnesota
- 262.30 Rules, chapter 9503. If clauses (1) to (5) apply, rather than making a determination of
- 262.31 substantiated maltreatment by the individual, the commissioner of human services shall
- 262.32 determine that a nonmaltreatment mistake was made by the individual.
- 262.33 Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.556, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 262.34 Subd. 3. **Persons mandated to report.** (a) A person who knows or has reason
- 262.35 to believe a child is being neglected or physically or sexually abused, as defined in
- 263.1 subdivision 2, or has been neglected or physically or sexually abused within the preceding
- 263.2 three years, shall immediately report the information to the local welfare agency, agency
- 263.3 responsible for assessing or investigating the report, police department, or the county
- 263.4 sheriff if the person is:

PAGE R79-A1

- 80.10 (1) a professional or professional's delegate who is engaged in the practice of
- 80.11 the healing arts, social services, hospital administration, psychological or psychiatric
- 80.12 treatment, child care, education, correctional supervision, probation and correctional
- 80.13 services, or law enforcement; or
- 80.14 (2) employed as a member of the clergy and received the information while
- 80.15 engaged in ministerial duties, provided that a member of the clergy is not required by
- 80.16 this subdivision to report information that is otherwise privileged under section 595.02,
- 80.17 subdivision 1, paragraph (c).
- 80.18 The police department or the county sheriff, upon receiving a report, shall
- 80.19 immediately notify the local welfare agency or agency responsible for assessing or
- 80.20 investigating the report, orally and in writing. The local welfare agency, or agency
- 80.21 responsible for assessing or investigating the report, upon receiving a report, shall
- 80.22 immediately notify the local police department or the county sheriff or ally and in writing.
- 80.23 The county sheriff and the head of every local welfare agency, agency responsible
- 80.24 for assessing or investigating reports, and police department shall each designate a
- 80.25 person within their agency, department, or office who is responsible for ensuring that
- 80.26 the notification duties of this paragraph and paragraph (b) are carried out. Nothing in
- 80.27 this subdivision shall be construed to require more than one report from any institution.
- 80.28 facility, school, or agency.
- 80.29 (b) Any person may voluntarily report to the local welfare agency, agency responsible
- 80.30 for assessing or investigating the report, police department, or the county sheriff if the
- 80.31 person knows, has reason to believe, or suspects a child is being or has been neglected or
- 80.32 subjected to physical or sexual abuse. The police department or the county sheriff, upon
- 80.33 receiving a report, shall immediately notify the local welfare agency or agency responsible
- 80.34 for assessing or investigating the report, orally and in writing. The local welfare agency or
- 81.1 agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report, upon receiving a report, shall
- 81.2 immediately notify the local police department or the county sheriff or ally and in writing.
- 81.3 (c) A person mandated to report physical or sexual child abuse or neglect occurring
- 81.4 within a licensed facility shall report the information to the agency responsible for
- 81.5 licensing the facility under sections 144.50 to 144.58; 241.021; 245A.01 to 245A.16; or
- 81.6 chapter 245D; or a nonlicensed personal care provider organization as defined in section
- 81.7 256B.0625, subdivision 19. A health or corrections agency receiving a report may request
- 81.8 the local welfare agency to provide assistance pursuant to subdivisions 10, 10a, and 10b. A
- 81.9 board or other entity whose licensees perform work within a school facility, upon receiving
- 81.10 a complaint of alleged maltreatment, shall provide information about the circumstances of
- 81.11 the alleged maltreatment to the commissioner of education. Section 13.03, subdivision 4,
- 81.12 applies to data received by the commissioner of education from a licensing entity.

## House Language UES1458-1

- 263.5 (1) a professional or professional's delegate who is engaged in the practice of 263.6 the healing arts, social services, hospital administration, psychological or psychiatric
- 263.7 treatment, child care, education, correctional supervision, probation and correctional
- 263.8 services, or law enforcement; or
- 263.9 (2) employed as a member of the clergy and received the information while
- 263.10 engaged in ministerial duties, provided that a member of the clergy is not required by
- 263.11 this subdivision to report information that is otherwise privileged under section 595.02,
- 263.12 subdivision 1, paragraph (c).
- 263.13 The police department or the county sheriff, upon receiving a report, shall
- 263.14 immediately notify the local welfare agency or agency responsible for assessing or
- 263.15 investigating the report, orally and in writing. The local welfare agency, or agency
- 263.16 responsible for assessing or investigating the report, <del>upon receiving a report,</del> shall
- 263.17 immediately notify the local police department or the county sheriff or ally and in writing
- 263.18 when a report is received, including reports that are not accepted for investigation or
- 263.19 assessment. The county sheriff and the head of every local welfare agency, agency
- 263.20 responsible for assessing or investigating reports, and police department shall each
- 263.21 designate a person within their agency, department, or office who is responsible for
- 263.22 ensuring that the notification duties of this paragraph and paragraph (b) are carried out.
- 263.23 Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to require more than one report from any
- 263.24 institution, facility, school, or agency.
- 263.25 (b) Any person may voluntarily report to the local welfare agency, agency
- 263.26 responsible for assessing or investigating the report, police department, or the county
- 263.27 sheriff if the person knows, has reason to believe, or suspects a child is being or has been
- 263.28 neglected or subjected to physical or sexual abuse. The police department or the county
- 263.29 sheriff, upon receiving a report, shall immediately notify the local welfare agency or
- 263.30 agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report, orally and in writing. The
- 263.31 local welfare agency or agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report<del>, upon</del>
- 263.32 receiving a report, shall immediately notify the local police department or the county
- 263.33 sheriff orally and in writing when a report is received, including reports that are not
- 263.34 accepted for investigation or assessment.
- 263.35 (c) A person mandated to report physical or sexual child abuse or neglect occurring
- 263.36 within a licensed facility shall report the information to the agency responsible for
- 264.1 licensing the facility under sections 144.50 to 144.58; 241.021; 245A.01 to 245A.16; or
- 264.2 chapter 245D; or a nonlicensed personal care provider organization as defined in section
- 264.3 256B.0625, subdivision 19. A health or corrections agency receiving a report may request
- 264.4 the local welfare agency to provide assistance pursuant to subdivisions 10, 10a, and 10b. A
- 264.5 board or other entity whose licensees perform work within a school facility, upon receiving
- 264.6 a complaint of alleged maltreatment, shall provide information about the circumstances of
- 264.7 the alleged maltreatment to the commissioner of education. Section 13.03, subdivision 4,
- 264.8 applies to data received by the commissioner of education from a licensing entity.

PAGE R80-A1

- 81.13 (d) Any person mandated to report shall receive a summary of the disposition of
- 81.14 any report made by that reporter, including whether the case has been opened for child
- 81.15 protection or other services, or if a referral has been made to a community organization,
- 81.16 unless release would be detrimental to the best interests of the child. Any person who is
- 81.17 not mandated to report shall, upon request to the local welfare agency, receive a concise
- 81.18 summary of the disposition of any report made by that reporter, unless release would be
- 81.19 detrimental to the best interests of the child. Notification requirements under subdivision
- 81.20 10 apply to all reports received under this section.
- 81.21 (e) For purposes of this section, "immediately" means as soon as possible but in
- 81.22 no event longer than 24 hours.
- 81.23 Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.556, subdivision 6a, is amended to read:
- 81.24 Subd. 6a. Failure to notify. If a local welfare agency receives a report under
- 81.25 subdivision 3, paragraph (a) or (b), and fails to notify the local police department or county
- 81.26 sheriff as required by subdivision 3, paragraph (a) or (b) 10, the person within the agency
- 81.27 who is responsible for ensuring that notification is made shall be subject to disciplinary
- 81.28 action in keeping with the agency's existing policy or collective bargaining agreement on
- 81.29 discipline of employees. If a local police department or a county sheriff receives a report
- 81.30 under subdivision 3, paragraph (a) or (b), and fails to notify the local welfare agency as
- 81.31 required by subdivision 3, paragraph (a) or (b) 10, the person within the police department
- 81.32 or county sheriff's office who is responsible for ensuring that notification is made shall be
- 81.33 subject to disciplinary action in keeping with the agency's existing policy or collective
- 81.34 bargaining agreement on discipline of employees.
- 82.1 Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.556, subdivision 7, as amended by Laws
- 82.2 2015, chapter 4, section 2, is amended to read:
- 82.3 Subd. 7. **Report; information provided to parent; reporter.** (a) An oral report
- 82.4 shall be made immediately by telephone or otherwise. An oral report made by a person
- 82.5 required under subdivision 3 to report shall be followed within 72 hours, exclusive
- 82.6 of weekends and holidays, by a report in writing to the appropriate police department,
- 82.7 the county sheriff, the agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report, or
- 82.8 the local welfare agency.
- 82.9 (b) The local welfare agency shall determine if the report is accepted for an
- 82.10 assessment or investigation to be screened in or out as soon as possible but in no event
- 82.11 longer than 24 hours after the report is received. When determining whether a report will
- 82.12 be screened in or out, the agency receiving the report must consider, when relevant, all
- 82.13 previous history, including reports that were screened out. The agency may communicate
- 82.14 with treating professionals and individuals specified under subdivision 10, paragraph
- 82.15 (i), clause (3), item (iii).

### House Language UES1458-1

264.9 (d) Any person mandated to report shall receive a summary of the disposition of 264.10 any report made by that reporter, including whether the case has been opened for child 264.11 protection or other services, or if a referral has been made to a community organization, 264.12 unless release would be detrimental to the best interests of the child. Any person who is 264.13 not mandated to report shall, upon request to the local welfare agency, receive a concise 264.14 summary of the disposition of any report made by that reporter, unless release would be 264.15 detrimental to the best interests of the child.

264.16 (e) For purposes of this section, "immediately" means as soon as possible but in 264.17 no event longer than 24 hours.

264.18 Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.556, subdivision 6a, is amended to read:

264.19 Subd. 6a. **Failure to notify.** If a local welfare agency receives a report under 264.20 subdivision 3\_10, paragraph (a) or (b), and fails to notify the local police department or 264.21 county sheriff as required by subdivision 3\_10, paragraph (a) or (b), the person within 264.22 the agency who is responsible for ensuring that notification is made shall be subject to 264.23 disciplinary action in keeping with the agency's existing policy or collective bargaining 264.24 agreement on discipline of employees. If a local police department or a county sheriff 264.25 receives a report under subdivision 3, paragraph (a) or (b), and fails to notify the local 264.26 welfare agency as required by subdivision 3, paragraph (a) or (b), the person within

264.27 the police department or county sheriff's office who is responsible for ensuring that 264.28 notification is made shall be subject to disciplinary action in keeping with the agency's 264.29 existing policy or collective bargaining agreement on discipline of employees.

264.30 Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.556, subdivision 7, as amended by Laws 264.31 2015, chapter 4, section 2, is amended to read:

264.32 Subd. 7. **Report; information provided to parent.** (a) An oral report shall be 264.33 made immediately by telephone or otherwise. An oral report made by a person required 264.34 under subdivision 3 to report shall be followed within 72 hours, exclusive of weekends 265.1 and holidays, by a report in writing to the appropriate police department, the county 265.2 sheriff, the agency responsible for assessing or investigating or assessing the report, or 265.3 the local welfare agency.

265.4 (b) The local welfare agency shall immediately notify local law enforcement when a 265.5 report is received, including reports that are not accepted for investigation or assessment.

265.6 (c) The local welfare agency shall determine if the report is accepted for an 265.7 assessment or investigation or assessment as soon as possible but in no event longer 265.8 than 24 hours after the report is received.

PAGE R81-A1

82.16 (b) (c) Any report shall be of sufficient content to identify the child, any person 82.17 believed to be responsible for the abuse or neglect of the child if the person is known, the 82.18 nature and extent of the abuse or neglect and the name and address of the reporter. The 82.19 local welfare agency or agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report shall 82.20 accept a report made under subdivision 3 notwithstanding refusal by a reporter to provide 82.21 the reporter's name or address as long as the report is otherwise sufficient under this 82.22 paragraph. Written reports received by a police department or the county sheriff shall be 82.23 forwarded immediately to the local welfare agency or the agency responsible for assessing 82.24 or investigating the report. The police department or the county sheriff may keep copies of 82.25 reports received by them. Copies of written reports received by a local welfare department 82.26 or the agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report shall be forwarded 82.27 immediately to the local police department or the county sheriff.

82.28 (e) (d) When requested, the agency responsible for assessing or investigating a
82.29 report shall inform the reporter within ten days after the report was made, either orally or
82.30 in writing, whether the report was accepted or not. If the responsible agency determines
82.31 the report does not constitute a report under this section, the agency shall advise the
82.32 reporter the report was screened out. Any person mandated to report shall receive a
82.33 summary of the disposition of any report made by that reporter, including whether the case
82.34 has been opened for child protection or other services, or if a referral has been made to a
82.35 community organization, unless release would be detrimental to the best interests of the
82.36 child. Any person who is not mandated to report shall, upon request to the local welfare
83.1 agency, receive a concise summary of the disposition of any report made by that reporter,
83.2 unless release would be detrimental to the best interests of the child.

83.3 (e) Reports that are not screened in must be maintained in accordance with 83.4 subdivision 11c, paragraph (a).

83.5 (d) (f) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the commissioner of education must inform 83.6 the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the child who is the subject of a report of 83.7 alleged maltreatment in a school facility within ten days of receiving the report, either 83.8 orally or in writing, whether the commissioner is assessing or investigating the report 83.9 of alleged maltreatment.

83.10 (e) (g) Regardless of whether a report is made under this subdivision, as soon as 83.11 practicable after a school receives information regarding an incident that may constitute 83.12 maltreatment of a child in a school facility, the school shall inform the parent, legal 83.13 guardian, or custodian of the child that an incident has occurred that may constitute 83.14 maltreatment of the child, when the incident occurred, and the nature of the conduct 83.15 that may constitute maltreatment.

265.9 (b) (d) Any report shall be of sufficient content to identify the child, any person 265.10 believed to be responsible for the abuse or neglect of the child if the person is known, the 265.11 nature and extent of the abuse or neglect and the name and address of the reporter. The 265.12 local welfare agency or agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report shall 265.13 accept a report made under subdivision 3 notwithstanding refusal by a reporter to provide 265.14 the reporter's name or address as long as the report is otherwise sufficient under this 265.15 paragraph. Written reports received by a police department or the county sheriff shall be 265.16 forwarded immediately to the local welfare agency or the agency responsible for assessing 265.17 or investigating the report. The police department or the county sheriff may keep copies of 265.18 reports received by them. Copies of written reports received by a local welfare department 265.19 or the agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report shall be forwarded

House Language UES1458-1

265.20 immediately to the local police department or the county sheriff.

265.21 (e) (e) When requested, the agency responsible for assessing or investigating a 265.22 report shall inform the reporter within ten days after the report was made, either orally or 265.23 in writing, whether the report was accepted or not. If the responsible agency determines 265.24 the report does not constitute a report under this section, the agency shall advise the 265.25 reporter the report was screened out.

265.26 (f) A local welfare agency or agency responsible for investigating or assessing a
265.27 report may use a screened-out report for making an offer of social services to the subjects
265.28 of the screened-out report. A local welfare agency or agency responsible for evaluating a
265.29 report alleging maltreatment of a child shall consider prior reports, including screened-out
265.30 reports, to determine whether an investigation or family assessment must be conducted. A
265.31 screened-out report must be maintained in accordance with subdivision 11c, paragraph (a).

265.32 (d) (g) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the commissioner of education must inform 265.33 the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the child who is the subject of a report of 265.34 alleged maltreatment in a school facility within ten days of receiving the report, either 265.35 orally or in writing, whether the commissioner is assessing or investigating the report 265.36 of alleged maltreatment.

266.1 (e) (h) Regardless of whether a report is made under this subdivision, as soon as 266.2 practicable after a school receives information regarding an incident that may constitute 266.3 maltreatment of a child in a school facility, the school shall inform the parent, legal 266.4 guardian, or custodian of the child that an incident has occurred that may constitute 266.5 maltreatment of the child, when the incident occurred, and the nature of the conduct 266.6 that may constitute maltreatment.

- 83.16 (f) (h) A written copy of a report maintained by personnel of agencies, other than
- 83.17 welfare or law enforcement agencies, which are subject to chapter 13 shall be confidential.
- 83.18 An individual subject of the report may obtain access to the original report as provided 83.19 by subdivision 11.
- 83.20 Sec. 89. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.556, is amended by adding a subdivision 83.21 to read:
- 83.22 Subd. 7a. Mandatory guidance for screening reports. (a) Child protection intake
- 83.23 workers, supervisors, and others involved with child protection screening shall, at a
- 83.24 minimum, follow the guidance provided in the Minnesota Child Maltreatment Screening
- 83.25 Guidelines when screening reports and, when notified by the commissioner of human
- 83.26 services, shall immediately implement updated procedures and protocols.
- 83.27 (b) Any modifications to the screening guidelines by the county agency must be
- 83.28 preapproved by the commissioner of human services and must not be less protective of
- 83.29 children than is mandated by statute. The guidelines may provide additional protections
- 83.30 for children but must not limit reports that are screened in or provide additional limits on
- 83.31 consideration of reports that were screened out in making screening determinations.
- 83.32 Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.556, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
- 83.33 Subd. 10. Duties of local welfare agency and local law enforcement agency upon
- 83.34 receipt of report; mandatory notification between police or sheriff and agency. (a)
- 84.1 The police department or the county sheriff shall immediately notify the local welfare
- 84.2 agency or agency responsible for child protection reports under this section orally and
- 84.3 in writing when a report is received. The local welfare agency or agency responsible for
- 84.4 child protection reports shall immediately notify the local police department or the county
- 84.5 sheriff or ally and in writing when a report is received. The county sheriff and the head of
- 84.6 every local welfare agency, agency responsible for child protection reports, and police
- 84.7 department shall each designate a person within their agency, department, or office who is
- 84.8 responsible for ensuring that the notification duties of this paragraph are carried out.
- 84.9 (b) Upon receipt of a report, the local welfare agency shall determine whether to
- 84.10 conduct a family assessment or an investigation as appropriate to prevent or provide a
- 84.11 remedy for child maltreatment. The local welfare agency:
- 84.12 (1) shall conduct an investigation on reports involving  $\underline{\text{sexual abuse or}}$  substantial
- 84.13 child endangerment;
- 84.14 (2) shall begin an immediate investigation if, at any time when it is using a family
- 84.15 assessment response, it determines that there is reason to believe that sexual abuse or
- 84.16 substantial child endangerment or a serious threat to the child's safety exists;

266.7 (f) (i) A written copy of a report maintained by personnel of agencies, other than 266.8 welfare or law enforcement agencies, which are subject to chapter 13 shall be confidential. 266.9 An individual subject of the report may obtain access to the original report as provided 266.10 by subdivision 11.

House Language UES1458-1

- 266.11 Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.556, is amended by adding a subdivision 266.12 to read:
- 266.13 Subd. 7a. Guidance for screening reports. (a) Child protection staff, supervisors,
- 266.14 and others involved in child protection screening shall follow the guidance provided
- 266.15 in the child maltreatment screening guidelines issued by the commissioner of human
- 266.16 services and, when notified by the commissioner, shall immediately implement updated
- 266.17 procedures and protocols.
- 266.18 (b) In consultation with the county attorney, the county social service agency may
- 266.19 elect to adopt a standard consistent with state law that permits the county to accept reports
- 266.20 that are not required to be screened in under the child maltreatment screening guidelines.
- 266.21 Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.556, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
- 266.22 Subd. 10. Duties of local welfare agency and local law enforcement agency upon
- 266.23 **receipt of report.** (a) Upon receipt of a report, the local welfare agency shall determine
- 266.24 whether to conduct a family assessment or an investigation as appropriate to prevent or
- 266.25 provide a remedy for child maltreatment. The local welfare agency must notify local
- 266.26 law enforcement when a report is received, including reports that are not accepted for
- 266.27 investigation or assessment. The local welfare agency:

266.28 (1) shall conduct an investigation on reports involving <u>sexual abuse or</u> substantial 266.29 child endangerment;

266.30 (2) shall begin an immediate investigation if, at any time when it is using a family 266.31 assessment response, it determines that there is reason to believe that substantial child

266.32 endangerment or a serious threat to the child's safety exists;

84.17 (3) may conduct a family assessment for reports that do not allege <u>sexual abuse or</u> 84.18 substantial child endangerment. In determining that a family assessment is appropriate, 84.19 the local welfare agency may consider issues of child safety, parental cooperation, and 84.20 the need for an immediate response; and

84.21 (4) may conduct a family assessment on a report that was initially screened and 84.22 assigned for an investigation. In determining that a complete investigation is not required, 84.23 the local welfare agency must document the reason for terminating the investigation and 84.24 notify the local law enforcement agency if the local law enforcement agency is conducting 84.25 a joint investigation.

84.26 If the report alleges neglect, physical abuse, or sexual abuse by a parent, guardian, 84.27 or individual functioning within the family unit as a person responsible for the child's 84.28 care, or sexual abuse by a person with a significant relationship to the child when that 84.29 person resides in the child's household or by a sibling, the local welfare agency shall 84.30 immediately conduct a family assessment or investigation as identified in clauses (1) 84.31 to (4). In conducting a family assessment or investigation, the local welfare agency 84.32 shall gather information on the existence of substance abuse and domestic violence and 84.33 offer services for purposes of preventing future child maltreatment, safeguarding and 84.34 enhancing the welfare of the abused or neglected minor, and supporting and preserving 84.35 family life whenever possible. If the report alleges a violation of a criminal statute 84.36 involving sexual abuse, physical abuse, or neglect or endangerment, under section 85.1 609.378, the local law enforcement agency and local welfare agency shall coordinate the 85.2 planning and execution of their respective investigation and assessment efforts to avoid a 85.3 duplication of fact-finding efforts and multiple interviews. Each agency shall prepare a 85.4 separate report of the results of its investigation or assessment. In cases of alleged child 85.5 maltreatment resulting in death, the local agency may rely on the fact-finding efforts of a 85.6 law enforcement investigation to make a determination of whether or not maltreatment 85.7 occurred. When necessary the local welfare agency shall seek authority to remove the 85.8 child from the custody of a parent, guardian, or adult with whom the child is living. In 85.9 performing any of these duties, the local welfare agency shall maintain appropriate records.

85.10 If the family assessment or investigation indicates there is a potential for abuse of 85.11 alcohol or other drugs by the parent, guardian, or person responsible for the child's care, 85.12 the local welfare agency shall conduct a chemical use assessment pursuant to Minnesota 85.13 Rules, part 9530.6615.

85.14 (b) (c) When a local agency receives a report or otherwise has information indicating 85.15 that a child who is a client, as defined in section 245.91, has been the subject of physical 85.16 abuse, sexual abuse, or neglect at an agency, facility, or program as defined in section 85.17 245.91, it shall, in addition to its other duties under this section, immediately inform the 85.18 ombudsman established under sections 245.91 to 245.97. The commissioner of education 85.19 shall inform the ombudsman established under sections 245.91 to 245.97 of reports 85.20 regarding a child defined as a client in section 245.91 that maltreatment occurred at a 85.21 school as defined in sections 120A.05, subdivisions 9, 11, and 13, and 124D.10.

266.33 (3) may conduct a family assessment for reports that do not allege substantial child 266.34 endangerment. In determining that a family assessment is appropriate, the local welfare 267.1 agency may consider issues of child safety, parental cooperation, and the need for an 267.2 immediate response; and

House Language UES1458-1

267.3 (4) may conduct a family assessment on a report that was initially screened and 267.4 assigned for an investigation. In determining that a complete investigation is not required, 267.5 the local welfare agency must document the reason for terminating the investigation and 267.6 notify the local law enforcement agency if the local law enforcement agency is conducting 267.7 a joint investigation.

267.8 If the report alleges neglect, physical abuse, or sexual abuse by a parent, guardian, 267.9 or individual functioning within the family unit as a person responsible for the child's 267.10 care, or sexual abuse by a person with a significant relationship to the child when that 267.11 person resides in the child's household or by a sibling, the local welfare agency shall 267.12 immediately conduct a family assessment or investigation as identified in clauses (1) to 267.13 (4). In conducting a family assessment or investigation, the local welfare agency shall 267.14 gather information on the existence of substance abuse and domestic violence and offer 267.15 services for purposes of preventing future child maltreatment, safeguarding and enhancing 267.16 the welfare of the abused or neglected minor, and supporting and preserving family 267.17 life whenever possible. If the report alleges a violation of a criminal statute involving 267.18 sexual abuse, physical abuse, or neglect or endangerment, under section 609.378, the 267.19 local law enforcement agency and local welfare agency shall coordinate the planning and 267.20 execution of their respective investigation and assessment efforts to avoid a duplication of 267.21 fact-finding efforts and multiple interviews. Each agency shall prepare a separate report of 267.22 the results of its investigation. In cases of alleged child maltreatment resulting in death, 267.23 the local agency may rely on the fact-finding efforts of a law enforcement investigation 267.24 to make a determination of whether or not maltreatment occurred. When necessary the 267.25 local welfare agency shall seek authority to remove the child from the custody of a parent, 267.26 guardian, or adult with whom the child is living. In performing any of these duties, the 267.27 local welfare agency shall maintain appropriate records.

267.28 If the family assessment or investigation indicates there is a potential for abuse of 267.29 alcohol or other drugs by the parent, guardian, or person responsible for the child's care, 267.30 the local welfare agency shall conduct a chemical use assessment pursuant to Minnesota 267.31 Rules, part 9530.6615.

267.32 (b) When a local agency receives a report or otherwise has information indicating 267.33 that a child who is a client, as defined in section 245.91, has been the subject of physical 267.34 abuse, sexual abuse, or neglect at an agency, facility, or program as defined in section 267.35 245.91, it shall, in addition to its other duties under this section, immediately inform the 267.36 ombudsman established under sections 245.91 to 245.97. The commissioner of education 268.1 shall inform the ombudsman established under sections 245.91 to 245.97 of reports 268.2 regarding a child defined as a client in section 245.91 that maltreatment occurred at a 268.3 school as defined in sections 120A.05, subdivisions 9, 11, and 13, and 124D.10.

Children and Family Services

#### House Language UES1458-1

85.22 (e) (d) Authority of the local welfare agency responsible for assessing or 85.23 investigating the child abuse or neglect report, the agency responsible for assessing or 85.24 investigating the report, and of the local law enforcement agency for investigating the 85.25 alleged abuse or neglect includes, but is not limited to, authority to interview, without 85.26 parental consent, the alleged victim and any other minors who currently reside with or 85.27 who have resided with the alleged offender. The interview may take place at school or at 85.28 any facility or other place where the alleged victim or other minors might be found or the 85.29 child may be transported to, and the interview conducted at, a place appropriate for the 85.30 interview of a child designated by the local welfare agency or law enforcement agency. 85.31 The interview may take place outside the presence of the alleged offender or parent, legal 85.32 custodian, guardian, or school official. For family assessments, it is the preferred practice 85.33 to request a parent or guardian's permission to interview the child prior to conducting the 85.34 child interview, unless doing so would compromise the safety assessment. Except as 85.35 provided in this paragraph, the parent, legal custodian, or guardian shall be notified by 85.36 the responsible local welfare or law enforcement agency no later than the conclusion of 86.1 the investigation or assessment that this interview has occurred. Notwithstanding rule 32 86.2 of the Minnesota Rules of Procedure for Juvenile Courts, the juvenile court may, after 86.3 hearing on an ex parte motion by the local welfare agency, order that, where reasonable 86.4 cause exists, the agency withhold notification of this interview from the parent, legal 86.5 custodian, or guardian. If the interview took place or is to take place on school property, 86.6 the order shall specify that school officials may not disclose to the parent, legal custodian, 86.7 or guardian the contents of the notification of intent to interview the child on school 86.8 property, as provided under this paragraph, and any other related information regarding 86.9 the interview that may be a part of the child's school record. A copy of the order shall be 86.10 sent by the local welfare or law enforcement agency to the appropriate school official.

86.11 (d) (e) When the local welfare, local law enforcement agency, or the agency 86.12 responsible for assessing or investigating a report of maltreatment determines that an 86.13 interview should take place on school property, written notification of intent to interview 86.14 the child on school property must be received by school officials prior to the interview. 86.15 The notification shall include the name of the child to be interviewed, the purpose of the 86.16 interview, and a reference to the statutory authority to conduct an interview on school 86.17 property. For interviews conducted by the local welfare agency, the notification shall 86.18 be signed by the chair of the local social services agency or the chair's designee. The 86.19 notification shall be private data on individuals subject to the provisions of this paragraph. 86.20 School officials may not disclose to the parent, legal custodian, or guardian the contents 86.21 of the notification or any other related information regarding the interview until notified 86.22 in writing by the local welfare or law enforcement agency that the investigation or 86.23 assessment has been concluded, unless a school employee or agent is alleged to have 86.24 maltreated the child. Until that time, the local welfare or law enforcement agency or the 86.25 agency responsible for assessing or investigating a report of maltreatment shall be solely 86.26 responsible for any disclosures regarding the nature of the assessment or investigation.

268.4 (c) Authority of the local welfare agency responsible for assessing or investigating 268.5 the child abuse or neglect report, the agency responsible for assessing or investigating 268.6 the report, and of the local law enforcement agency for investigating the alleged abuse or 268.7 neglect includes, but is not limited to, authority to interview, without parental consent, 268.8 the alleged victim and any other minors who currently reside with or who have resided 268.9 with the alleged offender. The interview may take place at school or at any facility or 268.10 other place where the alleged victim or other minors might be found or the child may be 268.11 transported to, and the interview conducted at, a place appropriate for the interview of a 268.12 child designated by the local welfare agency or law enforcement agency. The interview 268.13 may take place outside the presence of the alleged offender or parent, legal custodian, 268.14 guardian, or school official. For family assessments, it is the preferred practice to request 268.15 a parent or guardian's permission to interview the child prior to conducting the child 268.16 interview, unless doing so would compromise the safety assessment. Except as provided in 268.17 this paragraph, the parent, legal custodian, or guardian shall be notified by the responsible 268.18 local welfare or law enforcement agency no later than the conclusion of the investigation 268.19 or assessment that this interview has occurred. Notwithstanding rule 32 of the Minnesota 268.20 Rules of Procedure for Juvenile Courts, the juvenile court may, after hearing on an ex parte 268.21 motion by the local welfare agency, order that, where reasonable cause exists, the agency 268.22 withhold notification of this interview from the parent, legal custodian, or guardian. If the 268.23 interview took place or is to take place on school property, the order shall specify that 268.24 school officials may not disclose to the parent, legal custodian, or guardian the contents 268.25 of the notification of intent to interview the child on school property, as provided under 268.26 this paragraph, and any other related information regarding the interview that may be a 268.27 part of the child's school record. A copy of the order shall be sent by the local welfare or 268.28 law enforcement agency to the appropriate school official.

268.29 (d) When the local welfare, local law enforcement agency, or the agency responsible 268.30 for assessing or investigating a report of maltreatment determines that an interview should 268.31 take place on school property, written notification of intent to interview the child on school 268.32 property must be received by school officials prior to the interview. The notification 268.33 shall include the name of the child to be interviewed, the purpose of the interview, and 268.34 a reference to the statutory authority to conduct an interview on school property. For 268.35 interviews conducted by the local welfare agency, the notification shall be signed by the 268.36 chair of the local social services agency or the chair's designee. The notification shall be 269.1 private data on individuals subject to the provisions of this paragraph. School officials 269.2 may not disclose to the parent, legal custodian, or guardian the contents of the notification 269.3 or any other related information regarding the interview until notified in writing by the 269.4 local welfare or law enforcement agency that the investigation or assessment has been 269.5 concluded, unless a school employee or agent is alleged to have maltreated the child. 269.6 Until that time, the local welfare or law enforcement agency or the agency responsible 269.7 for assessing or investigating a report of maltreatment shall be solely responsible for any 269.8 disclosures regarding the nature of the assessment or investigation.

86.27 Except where the alleged offender is believed to be a school official or employee, 86.28 the time and place, and manner of the interview on school premises shall be within the 86.29 discretion of school officials, but the local welfare or law enforcement agency shall have 86.30 the exclusive authority to determine who may attend the interview. The conditions as to 86.31 time, place, and manner of the interview set by the school officials shall be reasonable and 86.32 the interview shall be conducted not more than 24 hours after the receipt of the notification 86.33 unless another time is considered necessary by agreement between the school officials and 86.34 the local welfare or law enforcement agency. Where the school fails to comply with the 86.35 provisions of this paragraph, the juvenile court may order the school to comply. Every 87.1 effort must be made to reduce the disruption of the educational program of the child, other 87.2 students, or school staff when an interview is conducted on school premises.

87.3 (e) (f) Where the alleged offender or a person responsible for the care of the alleged 87.4 victim or other minor prevents access to the victim or other minor by the local welfare 87.5 agency, the juvenile court may order the parents, legal custodian, or guardian to produce 87.6 the alleged victim or other minor for questioning by the local welfare agency or the local 87.7 law enforcement agency outside the presence of the alleged offender or any person 87.8 responsible for the child's care at reasonable places and times as specified by court order.

87.9 (f) (g) Before making an order under paragraph (e) (f), the court shall issue an order 87.10 to show cause, either upon its own motion or upon a verified petition, specifying the basis 87.11 for the requested interviews and fixing the time and place of the hearing. The order to 87.12 show cause shall be served personally and shall be heard in the same manner as provided 87.13 in other cases in the juvenile court. The court shall consider the need for appointment of a 87.14 guardian ad litem to protect the best interests of the child. If appointed, the guardian ad 87.15 litem shall be present at the hearing on the order to show cause.

87.16 (g) (h) The commissioner of human services, the ombudsman for mental health and 87.17 developmental disabilities, the local welfare agencies responsible for investigating reports, 87.18 the commissioner of education, and the local law enforcement agencies have the right to 87.19 enter facilities as defined in subdivision 2 and to inspect and copy the facility's records, 87.20 including medical records, as part of the investigation. Notwithstanding the provisions of 87.21 chapter 13, they also have the right to inform the facility under investigation that they are 87.22 conducting an investigation, to disclose to the facility the names of the individuals under 87.23 investigation for abusing or neglecting a child, and to provide the facility with a copy of 87.24 the report and the investigative findings.

# House Language UES1458-1

269.10 the time and place, and manner of the interview on school premises shall be within the 269.11 discretion of school officials, but the local welfare or law enforcement agency shall have 269.12 the exclusive authority to determine who may attend the interview. The conditions as to 269.13 time, place, and manner of the interview set by the school officials shall be reasonable and 269.14 the interview shall be conducted not more than 24 hours after the receipt of the notification 269.15 unless another time is considered necessary by agreement between the school officials and 269.16 the local welfare or law enforcement agency. Where the school fails to comply with the 269.17 provisions of this paragraph, the juvenile court may order the school to comply. Every 269.18 effort must be made to reduce the disruption of the educational program of the child, other 269.19 students, or school staff when an interview is conducted on school premises.

269.20 (e) Where the alleged offender or a person responsible for the care of the alleged 269.21 victim or other minor prevents access to the victim or other minor by the local welfare 269.22 agency, the juvenile court may order the parents, legal custodian, or guardian to produce 269.23 the alleged victim or other minor for questioning by the local welfare agency or the local 269.24 law enforcement agency outside the presence of the alleged offender or any person 269.25 responsible for the child's care at reasonable places and times as specified by court order.

269.26 (f) Before making an order under paragraph (e), the court shall issue an order to 269.27 show cause, either upon its own motion or upon a verified petition, specifying the basis for 269.28 the requested interviews and fixing the time and place of the hearing. The order to show 269.29 cause shall be served personally and shall be heard in the same manner as provided in 269.30 other cases in the juvenile court. The court shall consider the need for appointment of a 269.31 guardian ad litem to protect the best interests of the child. If appointed, the guardian ad 269.32 litem shall be present at the hearing on the order to show cause.

269.33 (g) The commissioner of human services, the ombudsman for mental health and 269.34 developmental disabilities, the local welfare agencies responsible for investigating reports, 269.35 the commissioner of education, and the local law enforcement agencies have the right to 269.36 enter facilities as defined in subdivision 2 and to inspect and copy the facility's records, 270.1 including medical records, as part of the investigation. Notwithstanding the provisions of 270.2 chapter 13, they also have the right to inform the facility under investigation that they are 270.3 conducting an investigation, to disclose to the facility the names of the individuals under 270.4 investigation for abusing or neglecting a child, and to provide the facility with a copy of 270.5 the report and the investigative findings.

87.25 (h) (i) The local welfare agency responsible for conducting a family assessment or 87.26 investigation shall collect available and relevant information to determine child safety, 87.27 risk of subsequent child maltreatment, and family strengths and needs and share not public 87.28 information with an Indian's tribal social services agency without violating any law of the 87.29 state that may otherwise impose duties of confidentiality on the local welfare agency in 87.30 order to implement the tribal state agreement. The local welfare agency or the agency 87.31 responsible for investigating the report shall collect available and relevant information 87.32 to ascertain whether maltreatment occurred and whether protective services are needed. 87.33 Information collected includes, when relevant, information with regard to the person 87.34 reporting the alleged maltreatment, including the nature of the reporter's relationship to the 87.35 child and to the alleged offender, and the basis of the reporter's knowledge for the report; 87.36 the child allegedly being maltreated; the alleged offender; the child's caretaker; and other 88.1 collateral sources having relevant information related to the alleged maltreatment. The 88.2 local welfare agency or the agency responsible for investigating the report may make a 88.3 determination of no maltreatment early in an investigation, and close the case and retain 88.4 immunity, if the collected information shows no basis for a full investigation.

88.5 Information relevant to the assessment or investigation must be asked for, and 88.6 may include:

88.7 (1) the child's sex and age, prior reports of maltreatment, information relating 88.8 to developmental functioning, credibility of the child's statement, and whether the 88.9 information provided under this clause is consistent with other information collected 88.10 during the course of the assessment or investigation;

88.11 (2) the alleged offender's age, a record check for prior reports of maltreatment, and 88.12 criminal charges and convictions. The local welfare agency or the agency responsible for 88.13 assessing or investigating the report must provide the alleged offender with an opportunity 88.14 to make a statement. The alleged offender may submit supporting documentation relevant 88.15 to the assessment or investigation;

88.16 (3) collateral source information regarding the alleged maltreatment and care of the 88.17 child. Collateral information includes, when relevant: (i) a medical examination of the 88.18 child; (ii) prior medical records relating to the alleged maltreatment or the care of the 88.19 child maintained by any facility, clinic, or health care professional and an interview with 88.20 the treating professionals; and (iii) interviews with the child's caretakers, including the 88.21 child's parent, guardian, foster parent, child care provider, teachers, counselors, family 88.22 members, relatives, and other persons who may have knowledge regarding the alleged 88.23 maltreatment and the care of the child; and

88.24 (4) information on the existence of domestic abuse and violence in the home of 88.25 the child, and substance abuse.

270.6 (h) The local welfare agency responsible for conducting a family assessment or 270.7 investigation shall collect available and relevant information to determine child safety, 270.8 risk of subsequent child maltreatment, and family strengths and needs and share not public 270.9 information with an Indian's tribal social services agency without violating any law of the 270.10 state that may otherwise impose duties of confidentiality on the local welfare agency in 270.11 order to implement the tribal state agreement. The local welfare agency or the agency 270.12 responsible for investigating the report shall collect available and relevant information 270.13 to ascertain whether maltreatment occurred and whether protective services are needed. 270.14 Information collected includes, when relevant, information with regard to the person 270.15 reporting the alleged maltreatment, including the nature of the reporter's relationship to the 270.16 child and to the alleged offender, and the basis of the reporter's knowledge for the report; 270.17 the child allegedly being maltreated; the alleged offender; the child's caretaker; and other 270.18 collateral sources having relevant information related to the alleged maltreatment. The 270.19 local welfare agency or the agency responsible for investigating the report may make a

House Language UES1458-1

270.22 Information relevant to the assessment or investigation must be asked for, and 270.23 may include:

270.21 immunity, if the collected information shows no basis for a full investigation.

270.24 (1) the child's sex and age; prior reports of maltreatment, including any 270.25 maltreatment reports that were screened out and not accepted for assessment or 270.26 investigation; information relating to developmental functioning; credibility of the child's 270.27 statement; and whether the information provided under this clause is consistent with other 270.28 information collected during the course of the assessment or investigation;

270.20 determination of no maltreatment early in an investigation, and close the case and retain

270.29 (2) the alleged offender's age, a record check for prior reports of maltreatment, and 270.30 criminal charges and convictions. The local welfare agency or the agency responsible for 270.31 assessing or investigating the report must provide the alleged offender with an opportunity 270.32 to make a statement. The alleged offender may submit supporting documentation relevant 270.33 to the assessment or investigation:

270.34 (3) collateral source information regarding the alleged maltreatment and care of the 270.35 child. Collateral information includes, when relevant: (i) a medical examination of the 270.36 child; (ii) prior medical records relating to the alleged maltreatment or the care of the 271.1 child maintained by any facility, clinic, or health care professional and an interview with 271.2 the treating professionals; and (iii) interviews with the child's caretakers, including the 271.3 child's parent, guardian, foster parent, child care provider, teachers, counselors, family 271.4 members, relatives, and other persons who may have knowledge regarding the alleged 271.5 maltreatment and the care of the child: and

271.6 (4) information on the existence of domestic abuse and violence in the home of 271.7 the child, and substance abuse.

88.26 Nothing in this paragraph precludes the local welfare agency, the local law
88.27 enforcement agency, or the agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report
88.28 from collecting other relevant information necessary to conduct the assessment or
88.29 investigation. Notwithstanding sections 13.384 or 144.291 to 144.298, the local welfare
88.30 agency has access to medical data and records for purposes of clause (3). Notwithstanding
88.31 the data's classification in the possession of any other agency, data acquired by the
88.32 local welfare agency or the agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report
88.33 during the course of the assessment or investigation are private data on individuals and
88.34 must be maintained in accordance with subdivision 11. Data of the commissioner of
88.35 education collected or maintained during and for the purpose of an investigation of
89.1 alleged maltreatment in a school are governed by this section, notwithstanding the data's
89.2 classification as educational, licensing, or personnel data under chapter 13.

89.3 In conducting an assessment or investigation involving a school facility as defined 89.4 in subdivision 2, paragraph (i), the commissioner of education shall collect investigative 89.5 reports and data that are relevant to a report of maltreatment and are from local law 89.6 enforcement and the school facility.

89.7 (i) (j) Upon receipt of a report, the local welfare agency shall conduct a face-to-face 89.8 contact with the child reported to be maltreated and with the child's primary caregiver 89.9 sufficient to complete a safety assessment and ensure the immediate safety of the child. 89.10 The face-to-face contact with the child and primary caregiver shall occur immediately 89.11 if sexual abuse or substantial child endangerment is alleged and within five calendar 89.12 days for all other reports. If the alleged offender was not already interviewed as the 89.13 primary caregiver, the local welfare agency shall also conduct a face-to-face interview 89.14 with the alleged offender in the early stages of the assessment or investigation. At the 89.15 initial contact, the local child welfare agency or the agency responsible for assessing or 89.16 investigating the report must inform the alleged offender of the complaints or allegations 89.17 made against the individual in a manner consistent with laws protecting the rights of the 89.18 person who made the report. The interview with the alleged offender may be postponed if 89.19 it would jeopardize an active law enforcement investigation.

89.20 (j) (k) When conducting an investigation, the local welfare agency shall use a 89.21 question and answer interviewing format with questioning as nondirective as possible to 89.22 elicit spontaneous responses. For investigations only, the following interviewing methods 89.23 and procedures must be used whenever possible when collecting information:

89.24 (1) audio recordings of all interviews with witnesses and collateral sources; and

89.25 (2) in cases of alleged sexual abuse, audio-video recordings of each interview with 89.26 the alleged victim and child witnesses.

## House Language UES1458-1

271.8 Nothing in this paragraph precludes the local welfare agency, the local law
271.9 enforcement agency, or the agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report
271.10 from collecting other relevant information necessary to conduct the assessment or
271.11 investigation. Notwithstanding sections 13.384 or 144.291 to 144.298, the local welfare
271.12 agency has access to medical data and records for purposes of clause (3). Notwithstanding
271.13 the data's classification in the possession of any other agency, data acquired by the
271.14 local welfare agency or the agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report
271.15 during the course of the assessment or investigation are private data on individuals and
271.16 must be maintained in accordance with subdivision 11. Data of the commissioner of
271.17 education collected or maintained during and for the purpose of an investigation of
271.18 alleged maltreatment in a school are governed by this section, notwithstanding the data's
271.19 classification as educational, licensing, or personnel data under chapter 13.

271.20 In conducting an assessment or investigation involving a school facility as defined 271.21 in subdivision 2, paragraph (i), the commissioner of education shall collect investigative 271.22 reports and data that are relevant to a report of maltreatment and are from local law 271.23 enforcement and the school facility.

271.24 (i) Upon receipt of a report, the local welfare agency shall conduct a face-to-face 271.25 contact with the child reported to be maltreated and with the child's primary caregiver 271.26 sufficient to complete a safety assessment and ensure the immediate safety of the child. 271.27 The face-to-face contact with the child and primary caregiver shall occur immediately 271.28 if substantial child endangerment is alleged and within five calendar days for all other 271.29 reports. If the alleged offender was not already interviewed as the primary caregiver, the 271.30 local welfare agency shall also conduct a face-to-face interview with the alleged offender 271.31 in the early stages of the assessment or investigation. At the initial contact, the local child 271.32 welfare agency or the agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report must 271.33 inform the alleged offender of the complaints or allegations made against the individual in 271.34 a manner consistent with laws protecting the rights of the person who made the report. 271.35 The interview with the alleged offender may be postponed if it would jeopardize an active 271.36 law enforcement investigation.

272.1 (j) When conducting an investigation, the local welfare agency shall use a question 272.2 and answer interviewing format with questioning as nondirective as possible to elicit 272.3 spontaneous responses. For investigations only, the following interviewing methods and 272.4 procedures must be used whenever possible when collecting information:

 $272.5\ (1)$  audio recordings of all interviews with witnesses and collateral sources; and

272.6 (2) in cases of alleged sexual abuse, audio-video recordings of each interview with 272.7 the alleged victim and child witnesses.

89.27 (k) (l) In conducting an assessment or investigation involving a school facility 89.28 as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (i), the commissioner of education shall collect 89.29 available and relevant information and use the procedures in paragraphs (i) (j), (k), and 89.30 subdivision 3d, except that the requirement for face-to-face observation of the child 89.31 and face-to-face interview of the alleged offender is to occur in the initial stages of the 89.32 assessment or investigation provided that the commissioner may also base the assessment 89.33 or investigation on investigative reports and data received from the school facility and 89.34 local law enforcement, to the extent those investigations satisfy the requirements of 89.35 paragraphs (i) and (j), (k), and subdivision 3d.

- 90.1 Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.556, subdivision 10e, is amended to read:
- 90.2 Subd. 10e. **Determinations.** (a) The local welfare agency shall conclude the family 90.3 assessment or the investigation within 45 days of the receipt of a report. The conclusion of 90.4 the assessment or investigation may be extended to permit the completion of a criminal 90.5 investigation or the receipt of expert information requested within 45 days of the receipt 90.6 of the report.
- 90.7 (b) After conducting a family assessment, the local welfare agency shall determine 90.8 whether services are needed to address the safety of the child and other family members 90.9 and the risk of subsequent maltreatment.
- 90.10 (c) After conducting an investigation, the local welfare agency shall make two 90.11 determinations: first, whether maltreatment has occurred; and second, whether child 90.12 protective services are needed. No determination of maltreatment shall be made when the 90.13 alleged perpetrator is a child under the age of ten.
- 90.14 (d) If the commissioner of education conducts an assessment or investigation,
  90.15 the commissioner shall determine whether maltreatment occurred and what corrective
  90.16 or protective action was taken by the school facility. If a determination is made that
  90.17 maltreatment has occurred, the commissioner shall report to the employer, the school
  90.18 board, and any appropriate licensing entity the determination that maltreatment occurred
  90.19 and what corrective or protective action was taken by the school facility. In all other cases,
  90.20 the commissioner shall inform the school board or employer that a report was received,
  90.21 the subject of the report, the date of the initial report, the category of maltreatment alleged
  90.22 as defined in paragraph (f), the fact that maltreatment was not determined, and a summary
  90.23 of the specific reasons for the determination.
- 90.24 (e) When maltreatment is determined in an investigation involving a facility, 90.25 the investigating agency shall also determine whether the facility or individual was 90.26 responsible, or whether both the facility and the individual were responsible for the 90.27 maltreatment using the mitigating factors in paragraph (i). Determinations under this 90.28 subdivision must be made based on a preponderance of the evidence and are private data 90.29 on individuals or nonpublic data as maintained by the commissioner of education.

## House Language UES1458-1

272.8 (k) In conducting an assessment or investigation involving a school facility as 272.9 defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (i), the commissioner of education shall collect 272.10 available and relevant information and use the procedures in paragraphs (i), (k), and 272.11 subdivision 3d, except that the requirement for face-to-face observation of the child 272.12 and face-to-face interview of the alleged offender is to occur in the initial stages of the 272.13 assessment or investigation provided that the commissioner may also base the assessment 272.14 or investigation on investigative reports and data received from the school facility and 272.15 local law enforcement, to the extent those investigations satisfy the requirements of 272.16 paragraphs (i) and (k), and subdivision 3d.

- 272.17 Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.556, subdivision 10e, is amended to read:
- 272.18 Subd. 10e. **Determinations.** (a) The local welfare agency shall conclude the family 272.19 assessment or the investigation within 45 days of the receipt of a report. The conclusion of 272.20 the assessment or investigation may be extended to permit the completion of a criminal 272.21 investigation or the receipt of expert information requested within 45 days of the receipt 272.22 of the report.
- 272.23 (b) After conducting a family assessment, the local welfare agency shall determine 272.24 whether services are needed to address the safety of the child and other family members 272.25 and the risk of subsequent maltreatment.
- 272.26 (c) After conducting an investigation, the local welfare agency shall make two 272.27 determinations: first, whether maltreatment has occurred; and second, whether child 272.28 protective services are needed. No determination of maltreatment shall be made when the 272.29 alleged perpetrator is a child under the age of ten.
- 272.30 (d) If the commissioner of education conducts an assessment or investigation, 272.31 the commissioner shall determine whether maltreatment occurred and what corrective 272.32 or protective action was taken by the school facility. If a determination is made that 272.33 maltreatment has occurred, the commissioner shall report to the employer, the school 272.34 board, and any appropriate licensing entity the determination that maltreatment occurred 272.35 and what corrective or protective action was taken by the school facility. In all other cases, 273.1 the commissioner shall inform the school board or employer that a report was received, 273.2 the subject of the report, the date of the initial report, the category of maltreatment alleged 273.3 as defined in paragraph (f), the fact that maltreatment was not determined, and a summary 273.4 of the specific reasons for the determination.
- 273.5 (e) When maltreatment is determined in an investigation involving a facility, 273.6 the investigating agency shall also determine whether the facility or individual was 273.7 responsible, or whether both the facility and the individual were responsible for the 273.8 maltreatment using the mitigating factors in paragraph (i). Determinations under this 273.9 subdivision must be made based on a preponderance of the evidence and are private data 273.10 on individuals or nonpublic data as maintained by the commissioner of education.

#### May 03, 2015 02:12 PM

#### Senate Language S1458-2

- 90.30 (f) For the purposes of this subdivision, "maltreatment" means any of the following 90.31 acts or omissions:
- 90.32 (1) physical abuse as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (g);
- 90.33 (2) neglect as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (f);
- 90.34 (3) sexual abuse as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (d);
- 90.35 (4) mental injury as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (m); or
- 90.36 (5) maltreatment of a child in a facility as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (i).
- 91.1 (g) For the purposes of this subdivision, a determination that child protective
- 91.2 services are needed means that the local welfare agency has documented conditions
- 91.3 during the assessment or investigation sufficient to cause a child protection worker, as
- 91.4 defined in section 626.559, subdivision 1, to conclude that a child is at significant risk of
- 91.5 maltreatment if protective intervention is not provided and that the individuals responsible
- 91.6 for the child's care have not taken or are not likely to take actions to protect the child
- 91.7 from maltreatment or risk of maltreatment.
- 91.8 (h) This subdivision does not mean that maltreatment has occurred solely because
- 91.9 the child's parent, guardian, or other person responsible for the child's care in good faith
- 91.10 selects and depends upon spiritual means or prayer for treatment or care of disease
- 91.11 or remedial care of the child, in lieu of medical care. However, if lack of medical care
- 91.12 may result in serious danger to the child's health, the local welfare agency may ensure
- 91.13 that necessary medical services are provided to the child.
- 91.14 (i) When determining whether the facility or individual is the responsible party, or
- 91.15 whether both the facility and the individual are responsible for determined maltreatment in
- 91.16 a facility, the investigating agency shall consider at least the following mitigating factors:
- 91.17 (1) whether the actions of the facility or the individual caregivers were according to,
- 91.18 and followed the terms of, an erroneous physician order, prescription, individual care plan,
- 91.19 or directive; however, this is not a mitigating factor when the facility or caregiver was
- 91.20 responsible for the issuance of the erroneous order, prescription, individual care plan, or
- 91.21 directive or knew or should have known of the errors and took no reasonable measures to
- 91.22 correct the defect before administering care;
- 91.23 (2) comparative responsibility between the facility, other caregivers, and
- 91.24 requirements placed upon an employee, including the facility's compliance with related
- 91.25 regulatory standards and the adequacy of facility policies and procedures, facility training,
- 91.26 an individual's participation in the training, the caregiver's supervision, and facility staffing
- 91.27 levels and the scope of the individual employee's authority and discretion; and
- 91.28 (3) whether the facility or individual followed professional standards in exercising
- 91.29 professional judgment.

- 273.11 (f) For the purposes of this subdivision, "maltreatment" means any of the following 273.12 acts or omissions:
- 273.13 (1) physical abuse as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (g);
- 273.14 (2) neglect as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (f);
- 273.15 (3) sexual abuse as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (d);
- 273.16 (4) mental injury as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (m); or
- 273.17 (5) maltreatment of a child in a facility as defined in subdivision 2, paragraph (i).
- 273.18 (g) For the purposes of this subdivision, a determination that child protective
- 273.19 services are needed means that the local welfare agency has documented conditions
- 273.20 during the assessment or investigation sufficient to cause a child protection worker, as
- 273.21 defined in section 626.559, subdivision 1, to conclude that a child is at significant risk of
- 273.22 maltreatment if protective intervention is not provided and that the individuals responsible
- 273.23 for the child's care have not taken or are not likely to take actions to protect the child
- 273.24 from maltreatment or risk of maltreatment.
- 273.25 (h) This subdivision does not mean that maltreatment has occurred solely because
- 273.26 the child's parent, guardian, or other person responsible for the child's care in good faith
- 273.27 selects and depends upon spiritual means or prayer for treatment or care of disease
- 273.28 or remedial care of the child, in lieu of medical care. However, if lack of medical care
- 273.29 may result in serious danger to the child's health, the local welfare agency may ensure
- 273.30 that necessary medical services are provided to the child.
- 273.31 (i) When determining whether the facility or individual is the responsible party, or
- 273.32 whether both the facility and the individual are responsible for determined maltreatment in
- 273.33 a facility, the investigating agency shall consider at least the following mitigating factors:
- 273.34 (1) whether the actions of the facility or the individual caregivers were according to,
- 273.35 and followed the terms of, an erroneous physician order, prescription, individual care plan,
- 273.36 or directive; however, this is not a mitigating factor when the facility or caregiver was
- 274.1 responsible for the issuance of the erroneous order, prescription, individual care plan, or
- 274.2 directive or knew or should have known of the errors and took no reasonable measures to
- 274.3 correct the defect before administering care;
- 274.4 (2) comparative responsibility between the facility, other caregivers, and
- 274.5 requirements placed upon an employee, including the facility's compliance with related
- 274.6 regulatory standards and the adequacy of facility policies and procedures, facility training,
- 274.7 an individual's participation in the training, the caregiver's supervision, and facility staffing
- 274.8 levels and the scope of the individual employee's authority and discretion; and
- 274.9 (3) whether the facility or individual followed professional standards in exercising 274.10 professional judgment.

- 91.30 The evaluation of the facility's responsibility under clause (2) must not be based on the
- 91.31 completeness of the risk assessment or risk reduction plan required under section 245A.66,
- 91.32 but must be based on the facility's compliance with the regulatory standards for policies and
- 91.33 procedures, training, and supervision as cited in Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules.
- 91.34 (j) Notwithstanding paragraph (i), when maltreatment is determined to have been
- 91.35 committed by an individual who is also the facility license holder, both the individual and
- 91.36 the facility must be determined responsible for the maltreatment, and both the background
- 92.1 study disqualification standards under section 245C.15, subdivision 4, and the licensing
- 92.2 actions under sections 245A.06 or 245A.07 apply.
- 92.3 (k) Individual counties may implement more detailed definitions or criteria that
- 92.4 indicate which allegations to investigate, as long as a county's policies are consistent
- 92.5 with the definitions in the statutes and rules and are approved by the county board. Each
- 92.6 local welfare agency shall periodically inform mandated reporters under subdivision 3
- 92.7 who work in the county of the definitions of maltreatment in the statutes and rules and any
- 92.8 additional definitions or criteria that have been approved by the county board.
- 92.9 Sec. 92. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.556, subdivision 10j, is amended to read:
- 92.10 Subd. 10j. Release of data to mandated reporters. (a) A local social services or
- 92.11 child protection agency, or the agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report
- 92.12 of maltreatment, may shall provide relevant private data on individuals obtained under
- 92.13 this section to a mandated reporters reporter who made the report and who have has an
- 92.14 ongoing responsibility for the health, education, or welfare of a child affected by the data,
- 92.15 unless the agency determines that providing the data would not be in the best interests
- 92.16 of the child. The agency may provide the data to other mandated reporters with ongoing
- 92.17 responsibility for the health, education, or welfare of the child. Mandated reporters with
- 92.18 ongoing responsibility for the health, education, or welfare of a child affected by the data
- 92.19 include the child's teachers or other appropriate school personnel, foster parents, health
- 92.20 care providers, respite care workers, therapists, social workers, child care providers,
- 92.21 residential care staff, crisis nursery staff, probation officers, and court services personnel.
- 92.22 Under this section, a mandated reporter need not have made the report to be considered a
- 92.23 person with ongoing responsibility for the health, education, or welfare of a child affected
- 92.24 by the data. Data provided under this section must be limited to data pertinent to the
- 92.25 individual's responsibility for caring for the child.
- 92.26 (b) A reporter who receives private data on individuals under this subdivision must
- 92.27 treat the data according to that classification, regardless of whether the reporter is an
- 92.28 employee of a government entity. The remedies and penalties under sections 13.08 and
- 92.29 13.09 apply if a reporter releases data in violation of this section or other law.
- 92.30 Sec. 93. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.556, subdivision 10m, is amended to 92.31 read:

- 274.11 The evaluation of the facility's responsibility under clause (2) must not be based on the
- 274.12 completeness of the risk assessment or risk reduction plan required under section 245A.66,
- 274.13 but must be based on the facility's compliance with the regulatory standards for policies and
- 274.14 procedures, training, and supervision as cited in Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules.
- 274.15 (j) Notwithstanding paragraph (i), when maltreatment is determined to have been
- 274.16 committed by an individual who is also the facility license holder, both the individual and
- 274.17 the facility must be determined responsible for the maltreatment, and both the background
- 274.18 study disqualification standards under section 245C.15, subdivision 4, and the licensing
- 274.19 actions under sections 245A.06 or 245A.07 apply.
- 274.20 (k) Individual counties may implement more detailed definitions or criteria that
- 274.21 indicate which allegations to investigate, as long as a county's policies are consistent
- 274.22 with the definitions in the statutes and rules and are approved by the county board. Each
- 274.23 local welfare agency shall periodically inform mandated reporters under subdivision 3
- 274.24 who work in the county of the definitions of maltreatment in the statutes and rules and any
- 274.25 additional definitions or criteria that have been approved by the county board.

- 92.32 Subd. 10m. Provision of child protective services; consultation with county
- 92.33 attorney. (a) The local welfare agency shall create a written plan, in collaboration with
- 92.34 the family whenever possible, within 30 days of the determination that child protective
- 93.1 services are needed or upon joint agreement of the local welfare agency and the family
- 93.2 that family support and preservation services are needed. Child protective services for a
- 93.3 family are voluntary unless ordered by the court.
- 93.4 (b) The local welfare agency shall consult with the county attorney to determine the
- 93.5 appropriateness of filing a petition alleging the child is in need of protection or services
- 93.6 under section 260C.007, subdivision 6, if:
- 93.7 (1) the family does not accept or comply with a plan for child protective services;
- 93.8 (2) voluntary child protective services may not provide sufficient protection for the 93.9 child; or
- 93.10 (3) the family is not cooperating with an investigation.
- 93.11 If the agency responsible for child protection under this section is an Indian tribe
- 93.12 social service agency, the agency shall consult with the tribal authority that would be
- 93.13 responsible for filing a petition.
- 93.14 Sec. 94. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.556, subdivision 11c, is amended to read:
- 93.15 Subd. 11c. Welfare, court services agency, and school records maintained;
- 93.16 **county duty to maintain reports.** Notwithstanding sections 138.163 and 138.17,
- 93.17 records maintained or records derived from reports of abuse by local welfare agencies,
- 93.18 agencies responsible for assessing or investigating the report, court services agencies, or
- 93.19 schools under this section shall be destroyed as provided in paragraphs (a) to (d) (e) by
- 93.20 the responsible authority.
- 93.21 (a) For reports that were not screened in, family assessment cases, and cases
- 93.22 where an investigation results in no determination of maltreatment or the need for child
- 93.23 protective services, the assessment or investigation records must be maintained by the
- 93.24 local welfare agency for a period of four five years after the date of the final entry in the
- 93.25 case record. Records under this paragraph may not be used for employment, background
- 93.26 checks, or purposes other than to assist in future risk and safety assessments.
- 93.27 (b) All records relating to reports which, upon investigation, indicate either
- 93.28 maltreatment or a need for child protective services shall be maintained for ten years after
- 93.29 the date of the final entry in the case record.

274.26 Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.556, subdivision 11c, is amended to read:

274.27 Subd. 11c. Welfare, court services agency, and school records maintained.

House Language UES1458-1

274.28 Notwithstanding sections 138.163 and 138.17, records maintained or records derived

274.29 from reports of abuse by local welfare agencies, agencies responsible for assessing or

274.30 investigating the report, court services agencies, or schools under this section shall be

274.31 destroyed as provided in paragraphs (a) to (d) by the responsible authority.

274.32 (a) For reports alleging child maltreatment that were not accepted for assessment

274.33 or investigation, family assessment cases, and cases where an investigation results in no

274.34 determination of maltreatment or the need for child protective services, the assessment or

274.35 investigation records must be maintained for a period of four five years after the date the

275.1 report was not accepted for assessment or investigation or of the final entry in the case

275.2 record. Records of reports that were not accepted must contain sufficient information to

275.3 identify the subjects of the report, the nature of the alleged maltreatment, and the reasons

275.4 as to why the report was not accepted. Records under this paragraph may not be used for

275.5 employment, background checks, or purposes other than to assist in future screening

275.6 decisions and risk and safety assessments.

275.7 (b) All records relating to reports which, upon investigation, indicate either

275.8 maltreatment or a need for child protective services shall be maintained for ten years after

275.9 the date of the final entry in the case record.

PAGE R92-A1

#### May 03, 2015 02:12 PM

#### Senate Language S1458-2

- 93.30 (c) All records regarding a report of maltreatment, including any notification of
- 93.31 intent to interview which was received by a school under subdivision 10, paragraph (d)
- 93.32 (e), shall be destroyed by the school when ordered to do so by the agency conducting the
- 93.33 assessment or investigation. The agency shall order the destruction of the notification
- 93.34 when other records relating to the report under investigation or assessment are destroyed
- 93 35 under this subdivision
- 94.1 (d) Private or confidential data released to a court services agency under subdivision
- 94.2 10h must be destroyed by the court services agency when ordered to do so by the local
- 94.3 welfare agency that released the data. The local welfare agency or agency responsible for
- 94.4 assessing or investigating the report shall order destruction of the data when other records
- 94.5 relating to the assessment or investigation are destroyed under this subdivision.
- 94.6 (e) For reports alleging child maltreatment that were not accepted for assessment
- 94.7 or investigation, counties shall:
- 94.8 (1) maintain sufficient information to identify repeat reports alleging maltreatment
- 94.9 of the same child or children for 365 days five years from the date the report was screened
- 94.10 out, and the commissioner of human services shall specify to the counties the minimum
- 94.11 information needed to accomplish this purpose. Counties shall:
- 94.12 (2) document the reason as to why the report was not accepted for assessment or
- 94.13 investigation; and
- 94.14 (3) enter this the data under clauses (1) and (2) into the state social services
- 94.15 information system.
- 94.16 Sec. 95. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.556, is amended by adding a subdivision
- 94.17 to read:
- 94.18 Subd. 16. Commissioner's duty to provide oversight; quality assurance reviews;
- 94.19 annual summary results of reviews. (a) The commissioner shall develop a plan to
- 94.20 perform quality assurance reviews of county agency screening practices and decisions.
- 94.21 The commissioner shall, during quality assurance reviews of county agency screening
- 94.22 practices, assess for evidence that the screening practices and decisions have followed the
- 94.23 guidelines for cultural competence issued by the Department of Human Services. The
- 94.24 commissioner shall provide oversight and guidance to counties to ensure the consistent
- 94.25 application of screening guidelines, thorough and appropriate screening decisions, and
- 94.26 correct documentation and maintenance of reports.
- 94.27 (b) The commissioner shall produce an annual report of the summary results of
- 94.28 the reviews. The report is public information and must be provided to the chairs and
- 94.29 ranking minority members of the legislative committees having jurisdiction over child
- 94.30 protection issues.

# House Language UES1458-1

- 275.10 (c) All records regarding a report of maltreatment, including any notification of intent
- 275.11 to interview which was received by a school under subdivision 10, paragraph (d), shall be
- 275.12 destroyed by the school when ordered to do so by the agency conducting the assessment or
- 275.13 investigation. The agency shall order the destruction of the notification when other records
- 275.14 relating to the report under investigation or assessment are destroyed under this subdivision.
- 275.15 (d) Private or confidential data released to a court services agency under subdivision
- 275.16 10h must be destroyed by the court services agency when ordered to do so by the local
- 275.17 welfare agency that released the data. The local welfare agency or agency responsible for
- 275.18 assessing or investigating the report shall order destruction of the data when other records
- 275.19 relating to the assessment or investigation are destroyed under this subdivision.
- 275.20 (e) For reports alleging child maltreatment that were not accepted for assessment
- 275.21 or investigation, counties shall maintain sufficient information to identify repeat reports
- 275.22 alleging maltreatment of the same child or children for 365 days from the date the report
- 275.23 was screened out. The commissioner of human services shall specify to the counties the
- 275.24 minimum information needed to accomplish this purpose. Counties shall enter this data
- 275.25 into the state social services information system.

- 275.26 Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.556, is amended by adding a subdivision 275.27 to read:
- 275.28 Subd. 16. Commissioner's duty to provide oversight; quality assurance reviews;
- 275.29 **annual summary of reviews.** (a) The commissioner shall develop a plan to perform
- 275.30 quality assurance reviews of local welfare agency screening practices and decisions.
- 275.31 The commissioner shall provide oversight and guidance to counties to ensure consistent
- 275.32 application of screening guidelines, thorough and appropriate screening decisions, and
- 275.33 correct documentation and maintenance of reports. Quality assurance reviews must begin
- 275.34 no later than September 30, 2015.
- 276.1 (b) The commissioner shall produce an annual report of the summary results of the
- 276.2 reviews. The report must only contain aggregate data and may not include any data that
- 276.3 could be used to personally identify any subject whose data is included in the report. The
- 276.4 report is public information and must be provided to the chairs and ranking minority
- 276.5 members of the legislative committees having jurisdiction over child protection issues.

PAGE R93-A1

- 94.31 Sec. 96. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 5, is amended to read:
- 94.32 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.201, is amended to read:

#### 94.33 518C.201 BASES FOR JURISDICTION OVER NONRESIDENT.

- 95.1 (a) In a proceeding to establish, or enforce, or modify a support order or to determine
- 95.2 parentage of a child, a tribunal of this state may exercise personal jurisdiction over a
- 95.3 nonresident individual or the individual's guardian or conservator if:
- 95.4 (1) the individual is personally served with a summons or comparable document 95.5 within this state:
- 95.6 (2) the individual submits to the jurisdiction of this state by consent, by entering a
- 95.7 general appearance, or by filing a responsive document having the effect of waiving any 95.8 contest to personal jurisdiction;
- 95.9 (3) the individual resided with the child in this state;
- 95.10 (4) the individual resided in this state and provided prenatal expenses or support 95.11 for the child:
- 95.12 (5) the child resides in this state as a result of the acts or directives of the individual;
- 95.13 (6) the individual engaged in sexual intercourse in this state and the child may have
- 95.14 been conceived by that act of intercourse;
- 95.15 (7) the individual asserted parentage of a child under sections 257.51 to 257.75; or
- 95.16 (8) there is any other basis consistent with the constitutions of this state and the
- 95.17 United States for the exercise of personal jurisdiction.
- 95.18 (b) The bases of personal jurisdiction in paragraph (a) or in any other law of this state
- 95.19 may not be used to acquire personal jurisdiction for a tribunal of this state to modify a child
- 95.20 support order of another state unless the requirements of section 518C.611 are met, or, in
- 95.21 the case of a foreign support order, unless the requirements of section 518C.615 are met.

276.6 Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 626.559, is amended by adding a subdivision 276.7 to read:

- 276.8 Subd. 1b. Background studies. (a) Effective July 1, 2016, all newly employed
- 276.9 county employees who have responsibility for child protective duties are required to
- 276.10 undergo a background study according to the requirements of chapter 245C.

- 276.11 (b) No later than August 31, 2016, all county employees who have responsibility
- 276.12 for child protective duties and who were employed prior to July 1, 2016, must undergo a
- 276.13 background study according to the requirements of chapter 245C.
- 276.14 Sec. 79. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 5, is amended to read:
- 276.15 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.201, is amended to read:
- 276.16 518C.201 BASES FOR JURISDICTION OVER NONRESIDENT.
- 276.17 (a) In a proceeding to establish, or enforce, or modify a support order or to determine
- 276.18 parentage of a child, a tribunal of this state may exercise personal jurisdiction over a
- 276.19 nonresident individual or the individual's guardian or conservator if:
- 276.20 (1) the individual is personally served with a summons or comparable document 276.21 within this state:
- 276.22 (2) the individual submits to the jurisdiction of this state by consent, by entering a
- 276.23 general appearance, or by filing a responsive document having the effect of waiving any
- 276.24 contest to personal jurisdiction;
- 276.25 (3) the individual resided with the child in this state;
- 276.26 (4) the individual resided in this state and provided prenatal expenses or support 276.27 for the child:
- 276.28 (5) the child resides in this state as a result of the acts or directives of the individual;
- 276.29 (6) the individual engaged in sexual intercourse in this state and the child may have 276.30 been conceived by that act of intercourse;
- 276.31 (7) the individual asserted parentage of a child under sections 257.51 to 257.75; or
- 276.32 (8) there is any other basis consistent with the constitutions of this state and the
- 276.33 United States for the exercise of personal jurisdiction.
- 277.1 (b) The bases of personal jurisdiction in paragraph (a) or in any other law of this state
- 277.2 may not be used to acquire personal jurisdiction for a tribunal of this state to modify a child
- 277.3 support order of another state unless the requirements of section 518C.611 are met, or, in
- 277.4 the case of a foreign support order, unless the requirements of section 518C.615 are met.

- 95.22 Sec. 97. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 10, is amended to read:
- 95.23 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.206, is amended to read:
- 95.24 518C.206 ENFORCEMENT AND MODIFICATION OF SUPPORT ORDER
- 95.25 BY TRIBUNAL HAVING CONTINUING JURISDICTION TO ENFORCE CHILD
- 95.26 SUPPORT ORDER.
- 95.27 (a) A tribunal of this state that has issued a child support order consistent with the
- 95.28 law of this state may serve as an initiating tribunal to request a tribunal of another state
- 95.29 to enforce:
- 95.30 (1) the order if the order is the controlling order and has not been modified by
- 95.31 a tribunal of another state that assumed jurisdiction pursuant to this chapter or a law
- 95.32 substantially similar to this chapter the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act; or
- 95.33 (2) a money judgment for arrears of support and interest on the order accrued before
- 95.34 a determination that an order of a tribunal of another state is the controlling order.
- 96.1 (b) A tribunal of this state having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a support 96.2 order may act as a responding tribunal to enforce the order.
- 96.3 Sec. 98. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 11, is amended to read:
- 96.4 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.207, is amended to read:
- 96.5 518C.207 RECOGNITION DETERMINATION OF CONTROLLING CHILD 96.6 **SUPPORT ORDER.**
- 96.7 (a) If a proceeding is brought under this chapter and only one tribunal has issued a 96.8 child support order, the order of that tribunal is controlling controls and must be recognized.
- 96.9 (b) If a proceeding is brought under this chapter, and two or more child support
- 96.10 orders have been issued by tribunals of this state, another state, or a foreign country with
- 96.11 regard to the same obligor and child, a tribunal of this state having personal jurisdiction
- 96.12 over both the obligor and the individual obligee shall apply the following rules and by
- 96.13 order shall determine which order controls and must be recognized:
- 96.14 (1) If only one of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under
- 96.15 this chapter, the order of that tribunal is controlling controls.
- 96.16 (2) If more than one of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction 96.17 under this chapter:
- 96.18 (i) an order issued by a tribunal in the current home state of the child controls; or
- 96.19 (ii) if an order has not been issued in the current home state of the child, the order 96.20 most recently issued controls.
- 96.21 (3) If none of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under this 96.22 chapter, the tribunal of this state shall issue a child support order, which controls.

- 277.5 Sec. 80. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 10, is amended to read:
- 277.6 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.206, is amended to read:

- 277.7 518C.206 ENFORCEMENT AND MODIFICATION OF SUPPORT ORDER
- 277.8 BY TRIBUNAL HAVING CONTINUING JURISDICTION TO ENFORCE CHILD
- 277.9 SUPPORT ORDER.
- 277.10 (a) A tribunal of this state that has issued a child support order consistent with the
- 277.11 law of this state may serve as an initiating tribunal to request a tribunal of another state
- 277.12 to enforce:
- 277.13 (1) the order if the order is the controlling order and has not been modified by
- 277.14 a tribunal of another state that assumed jurisdiction pursuant to this chapter or a law
- 277.15 substantially similar to this chapter the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act; or
- 277.16 (2) a money judgment for arrears of support and interest on the order accrued before
- 277.17 a determination that an order of a tribunal of another state is the controlling order.
- 277.18 (b) A tribunal of this state having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a support 277.19 order may act as a responding tribunal to enforce the order.
- 277.20 Sec. 81. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 11, is amended to read:
- 277.21 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.207, is amended to read:
- 277.22 518C.207 RECOGNITION DETERMINATION OF CONTROLLING CHILD
- 277.23 SUPPORT ORDER.
- 277.24 (a) If a proceeding is brought under this chapter and only one tribunal has issued a
- 277.25 child support order, the order of that tribunal is controlling controls and must be recognized.
- 277.26 (b) If a proceeding is brought under this chapter, and two or more child support
- 277.27 orders have been issued by tribunals of this state, another state, or a foreign country with
- 277.28 regard to the same obligor and child, a tribunal of this state having personal jurisdiction
- 277.29 over both the obligor and the individual obligee shall apply the following rules and by
- 277.30 order shall determine which order controls and must be recognized:
- 277.31 (1) If only one of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under
- 277.32 this chapter, the order of that tribunal is controlling controls.
- 277.33 (2) If more than one of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction
- 277.34 under this chapter:
- 278.1 (i) an order issued by a tribunal in the current home state of the child controls; or
- 278.2 (ii) if an order has not been issued in the current home state of the child, the order 278.3 most recently issued controls.
- 278.4 (3) If none of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under this
- 278.5 chapter, the tribunal of this state shall issue a child support order, which controls.

- 96.23 (c) If two or more child support orders have been issued for the same obligor and 96.24 child, upon request of a party who is an individual or that is a support enforcement agency, 96.25 a tribunal of this state having personal jurisdiction over both the obligor and the obligee 96.26 who is an individual shall determine which order controls under paragraph (b). The 96.27 request may be filed with a registration for enforcement or registration for modification 96.28 pursuant to sections 518C.601 to 518C.616, or may be filed as a separate proceeding.
- 96.29 (d) A request to determine which is the controlling order must be accompanied 96.30 by a copy of every child support order in effect and the applicable record of payments. 96.31 The requesting party shall give notice of the request to each party whose rights may 96.32 be affected by the determination.
- 96.33 (e) The tribunal that issued the controlling order under paragraph (a), (b), or (c) has 96.34 continuing jurisdiction to the extent provided in section 518C.205, or 518C.206.
- 97.1 (f) A tribunal of this state which determines by order which is the controlling order 97.2 under paragraph (b), clause (1) or (2), or paragraph (c), or which issues a new controlling 97.3 child support order under paragraph (b), clause (3), shall state in that order:
- 97.4 (1) the basis upon which the tribunal made its determination;
- 97.5 (2) the amount of prospective support, if any; and
- 97.6 (3) the total amount of consolidated arrears and accrued interest, if any, under all of 97.7 the orders after all payments made are credited as provided by section 518C.209.
- 97.8 (g) Within 30 days after issuance of the order determining which is the controlling 97.9 order, the party obtaining that order shall file a certified copy of it with each tribunal that 97.10 issued or registered an earlier order of child support. A party or support enforcement 97.11 agency obtaining the order that fails to file a certified copy is subject to appropriate 97.12 sanctions by a tribunal in which the issue of failure to file arises. The failure to file does 97.13 not affect the validity or enforceability of the controlling order.
- 97.14 (h) An order that has been determined to be the controlling order, or a judgment for 97.15 consolidated arrears of support and interest, if any, made pursuant to this section must be 97.16 recognized in proceedings under this chapter.
- 97.17 Sec. 99. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 16, is amended to read: 97.18 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.301, is amended to read:
- 97.19 518C.301 PROCEEDINGS UNDER THIS CHAPTER.
- 97.20 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, sections 518C.301 to 518C.319 97.21 apply to all proceedings under this chapter.
- 97.22 (b) This chapter provides for the following proceedings:
- 97.23 (1) establishment of an order for spousal support or child support pursuant to 97.24 section 518C.401:

# 278.6 (c) If two or more child support orders have been issued for the same obligor and 278.7 child, upon request of a party who is an individual or that is a support enforcement agency, 278.8 a tribunal of this state having personal jurisdiction over both the obligor and the obligee

House Language UES1458-1

278.9 who is an individual shall determine which order controls under paragraph (b). The 278.10 request may be filed with a registration for enforcement or registration for modification

278.11 pursuant to sections 518C.601 to 518C.616, or may be filed as a separate proceeding.

278.12 (d) A request to determine which is the controlling order must be accompanied

278.13 by a copy of every child support order in effect and the applicable record of payments.

278.14 The requesting party shall give notice of the request to each party whose rights may

278.15 be affected by the determination.

- 278.16 (e) The tribunal that issued the controlling order under paragraph (a), (b), or (c) has 278.17 continuing jurisdiction to the extent provided in section 518C.205, or 518C.206.
- 278.18 (f) A tribunal of this state which determines by order which is the controlling order 278.19 under paragraph (b), clause (1) or (2), or paragraph (c), or which issues a new controlling 278.20 child support order under paragraph (b), clause (3), shall state in that order:
- 278.21 (1) the basis upon which the tribunal made its determination;
- 278.22 (2) the amount of prospective support, if any; and
- 278.23 (3) the total amount of consolidated arrears and accrued interest, if any, under all of 278.24 the orders after all payments made are credited as provided by section 518C.209.
- 278.25 (g) Within 30 days after issuance of the order determining which is the controlling 278.26 order, the party obtaining that order shall file a certified copy of it with each tribunal that 278.27 issued or registered an earlier order of child support. A party or support enforcement 278.28 agency obtaining the order that fails to file a certified copy is subject to appropriate 278.29 sanctions by a tribunal in which the issue of failure to file arises. The failure to file does 278.30 not affect the validity or enforceability of the controlling order.
- 278.31 (h) An order that has been determined to be the controlling order, or a judgment for 278.32 consolidated arrears of support and interest, if any, made pursuant to this section must be 278.33 recognized in proceedings under this chapter.
- 278.34 Sec. 82. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 16, is amended to read: 279.1 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.301, is amended to read:
- 279.2 518C.301 PROCEEDINGS UNDER THIS CHAPTER.
- 279.3 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, sections 518C.301 to 518C.319 279.4 apply to all proceedings under this chapter.
- 279.5 (b) This chapter provides for the following proceedings:
- 279.6 (1) establishment of an order for spousal support or child support pursuant to 279.7 section 518C.401;

PAGE R96-A1

- 97.25 (2) enforcement of a support order and income-withholding order of another state or 97.26 a foreign country without registration pursuant to sections 518C.501 and 518C.502;
- 97.27 (3) registration of an order for spousal support or child support of another state or a
- 97.28 foreign country for enforcement pursuant to sections 518C.601 to 518C.612;
- 97.29 (4) modification of an order for child support or spousal support issued by a tribunal
- 97.30 of this state pursuant to sections 518C.203 to 518C.206;
- 97.31 (5) registration of an order for child support of another state or a foreign country for
- 97.32 modification pursuant to sections 518C.601 to 518C.612;
- 97.33 (6) determination of parentage of a child pursuant to section 518C.701; and
- 97.34 (7) assertion of jurisdiction over nonresidents pursuant to sections 518C.201 and 97.35 518C.202.
- 98.1 (e) (b) An individual petitioner or a support enforcement agency may commence
- 98.2 a proceeding authorized under this chapter by filing a petition in an initiating tribunal
- 98.3 for forwarding to a responding tribunal or by filing a petition or a comparable pleading
- 98.4 directly in a tribunal of another state or a foreign country which has or can obtain personal
- 98.5 jurisdiction over the respondent.
- 98.6 Sec. 100. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 17, is amended to read:
- 98.7 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.303, is amended to read:
- 98.8 518C.303 APPLICATION OF LAW OF THIS STATE.
- 98.9 Except as otherwise provided by this chapter, a responding tribunal of this state shall:
- 98.10 (1) apply the procedural and substantive law, including the rules on choice of law,
- 98.11 generally applicable to similar proceedings originating in this state and may exercise all
- 98.12 powers and provide all remedies available in those proceedings; and
- 98.13 (2) determine the duty of support and the amount payable in accordance with the
- 98.14 law and support guidelines of this state.
- 98.15 Sec. 101. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 18, is amended to read:
- 98.16 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.304, is amended to read:
- 98.17 518C.304 DUTIES OF INITIATING TRIBUNAL.
- 98.18 (a) Upon the filing of a petition authorized by this chapter, an initiating tribunal of
- 98.19 this state shall forward the petition and its accompanying documents:
- 98.20 (1) to the responding tribunal or appropriate support enforcement agency in the 98.21 responding state; or
- 96.21 responding state, or
- 98.22 (2) if the identity of the responding tribunal is unknown, to the state information
- 98.23 agency of the responding state with a request that they be forwarded to the appropriate
- 98.24 tribunal and that receipt be acknowledged.

279.8 (2) enforcement of a support order and income-withholding order of another state or 279.9 a foreign country without registration pursuant to sections 518C.501 and 518C.502;

- 279.10 (3) registration of an order for spousal support or child support of another state or a
- 279.11 foreign country for enforcement pursuant to sections 518C.601 to 518C.612;

House Language UES1458-1

- 279.12 (4) modification of an order for child support or spousal support issued by a tribunal
- 279.13 of this state pursuant to sections 518C.203 to 518C.206;
- 279.14 (5) registration of an order for child support of another state or a foreign country for
- 279.15 modification pursuant to sections 518C.601 to 518C.612;
- 279.16 (6) determination of parentage of a child pursuant to section 518C.701; and
- 279.17 (7) assertion of jurisdiction over nonresidents pursuant to sections 518C.201 and 279.18 518C.202.
- 279.19 (e) (b) An individual petitioner or a support enforcement agency may commence
- 279.20 a proceeding authorized under this chapter by filing a petition in an initiating tribunal
- 279.21 for forwarding to a responding tribunal or by filing a petition or a comparable pleading
- 279.22 directly in a tribunal of another state or a foreign country which has or can obtain personal
- 279.23 jurisdiction over the respondent.
- 279.24 Sec. 83. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 17, is amended to read:
- 279.25 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.303, is amended to read:
- 279.26 518C.303 APPLICATION OF LAW OF THIS STATE.
- 279.27 Except as otherwise provided by this chapter, a responding tribunal of this state shall:
- 279.28 (1) apply the procedural and substantive law, including the rules on choice of law,
- 279.29 generally applicable to similar proceedings originating in this state and may exercise all
- 279.30 powers and provide all remedies available in those proceedings; and
- 279.31 (2) determine the duty of support and the amount payable in accordance with the
- 279.32 law and support guidelines of this state.
- 279.33 Sec. 84. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 18, is amended to read:
- 280.1 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.304, is amended to read:
- 280.2 518C.304 DUTIES OF INITIATING TRIBUNAL.
- 280.3 (a) Upon the filing of a petition authorized by this chapter, an initiating tribunal of
- 280.4 this state shall forward the petition and its accompanying documents:
- 280.5 (1) to the responding tribunal or appropriate support enforcement agency in the 280.6 responding state; or
- 280.7 (2) if the identity of the responding tribunal is unknown, to the state information
- 280.8 agency of the responding state with a request that they be forwarded to the appropriate
- 280.9 tribunal and that receipt be acknowledged.

PAGE R97-A1

- 98.25 (b) If requested by the responding tribunal, a tribunal of this state shall issue a 98.26 certificate or other documents and make findings required by the law of the responding 98.27 state. If the responding tribunal is in a foreign country, <u>upon request</u> the tribunal of this 98.28 state shall specify the amount of support sought, convert that amount into the equivalent 98.29 amount in the foreign currency under applicable official or market exchange rate as 98.30 publicly reported, and provide other documents necessary to satisfy the requirements of 98.31 the responding foreign tribunal.
- 98.32 Sec. 102. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 19, is amended to read:
- 99.1 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.305, is amended to read:
- 99.2 518C.305 DUTIES AND POWERS OF RESPONDING TRIBUNAL.
- 99.3 (a) When a responding tribunal of this state receives a petition or comparable 99.4 pleading from an initiating tribunal or directly pursuant to section 518C.301, paragraph (e) 99.5 (b), it shall cause the petition or pleading to be filed and notify the petitioner where and 99.6 when it was filed.
- 99.7 (b) A responding tribunal of this state, to the extent otherwise authorized by <u>not</u> 99.8 prohibited by other law, may do one or more of the following:
- 99.9 (1) establish or enforce a support order, modify a child support order, determine the 99.10 controlling child support order, or to determine parentage of a child;
- 99.11 (2) order an obligor to comply with a support order, specifying the amount and 99.12 the manner of compliance;
- 99.13 (3) order income withholding;
- 99.14 (4) determine the amount of any arrearages, and specify a method of payment;
- 99.15 (5) enforce orders by civil or criminal contempt, or both;
- 99.16 (6) set aside property for satisfaction of the support order;
- 99.17 (7) place liens and order execution on the obligor's property;
- 99.18 (8) order an obligor to keep the tribunal informed of the obligor's current residential 99.19 address, electronic mail address, telephone number, employer, address of employment, 99.20 and telephone number at the place of employment;
- 99.21 (9) issue a bench warrant for an obligor who has failed after proper notice to appear 99.22 at a hearing ordered by the tribunal and enter the bench warrant in any local and state 99.23 computer systems for criminal warrants;
- 99.24 (10) order the obligor to seek appropriate employment by specified methods;
- 99.25 (11) award reasonable attorney's fees and other fees and costs; and
- 99.26 (12) grant any other available remedy.

- 280.10 (b) If requested by the responding tribunal, a tribunal of this state shall issue a 280.11 certificate or other documents and make findings required by the law of the responding 280.12 state. If the responding tribunal is in a foreign country, <u>upon request</u> the tribunal of this 280.13 state shall specify the amount of support sought, convert that amount into the equivalent 280.14 amount in the foreign currency under applicable official or market exchange rate as 280.15 publicly reported, and provide other documents necessary to satisfy the requirements of 280.16 the responding foreign tribunal.
- 280.17 Sec. 85. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 19, is amended to read:
- 280.18 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.305, is amended to read:

House Language UES1458-1

- 280.19 518C.305 DUTIES AND POWERS OF RESPONDING TRIBUNAL.
- 280.20 (a) When a responding tribunal of this state receives a petition or comparable
- 280.21 pleading from an initiating tribunal or directly pursuant to section 518C.301, paragraph (e)
- 280.22 (b), it shall cause the petition or pleading to be filed and notify the petitioner where and
- 280.23 when it was filed.
- 280.24 (b) A responding tribunal of this state, to the extent otherwise authorized by <u>not</u> 280.25 prohibited by other law, may do one or more of the following:
- 280.26 (1) establish or enforce a support order, modify a child support order, determine the
- 280.27 controlling child support order, or to determine parentage of a child;
- 280.28 (2) order an obligor to comply with a support order, specifying the amount and 280.29 the manner of compliance:
- 280.30 (3) order income withholding;
- 280.31 (4) determine the amount of any arrearages, and specify a method of payment;
- 280.32 (5) enforce orders by civil or criminal contempt, or both;
- 280.33 (6) set aside property for satisfaction of the support order;
- 280.34 (7) place liens and order execution on the obligor's property;
- 281.1 (8) order an obligor to keep the tribunal informed of the obligor's current residential
- 281.2 address, electronic mail address, telephone number, employer, address of employment,
- 281.3 and telephone number at the place of employment;
- 281.4 (9) issue a bench warrant for an obligor who has failed after proper notice to appear
- 281.5 at a hearing ordered by the tribunal and enter the bench warrant in any local and state
- 281.6 computer systems for criminal warrants;
- 281.7 (10) order the obligor to seek appropriate employment by specified methods;
- 281.8 (11) award reasonable attorney's fees and other fees and costs; and
- 281.9 (12) grant any other available remedy.

PAGE R98-A1

- 99.27 (c) A responding tribunal of this state shall include in a support order issued under 99.28 this chapter, or in the documents accompanying the order, the calculations on which
- 99.29 the support order is based.
- 99.30 (d) A responding tribunal of this state may not condition the payment of a support 99.31 order issued under this chapter upon compliance by a party with provisions for visitation.
- 99.32 (e) If a responding tribunal of this state issues an order under this chapter, the
- 99.33 tribunal shall send a copy of the order to the petitioner and the respondent and to the
- 99.34 initiating tribunal, if any.
- 99.35 (f) If requested to enforce a support order, arrears, or judgment or modify a support
- 99.36 order stated in a foreign currency, a responding tribunal of this state shall convert the
- 100.1 amount stated in the foreign currency to the equivalent amount in dollars under the
- 100.2 applicable official or market exchange rate as publicly reported.
- 100.3 Sec. 103. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 23, is amended to read:
- 100.4 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.310, is amended to read:
- 100.5 518C.310 DUTIES OF STATE INFORMATION AGENCY.
- 100.6 (a) The unit within the Department of Human Services that receives and disseminates
- 100.7 incoming interstate actions under title IV-D of the Social Security Act is the State
- 100.8 Information Agency under this chapter.
- 100.9 (b) The State Information Agency shall:
- 100.10 (1) compile and maintain a current list, including addresses, of the tribunals in this
- 100.11 state which have jurisdiction under this chapter and any support enforcement agencies in
- 100.12 this state and transmit a copy to the state information agency of every other state;
- 100.13 (2) maintain a register of <u>names and addresses of tribunals</u> and support enforcement 100.14 agencies received from other states;
- 100.15 (3) forward to the appropriate tribunal in the place in this state in which the
- 100.16 individual obligee or the obligor resides, or in which the obligor's property is believed
- 100.17 to be located, all documents concerning a proceeding under this chapter received from
- 100.18 another state or a foreign country; and
- 100.19 (4) obtain information concerning the location of the obligor and the obligor's
- 100.20 property within this state not exempt from execution, by such means as postal verification
- 100.21 and federal or state locator services, examination of telephone directories, requests for the
- 100.22 obligor's address from employers, and examination of governmental records, including, to
- 100.23 the extent not prohibited by other law, those relating to real property, vital statistics, law
- 100.24 enforcement, taxation, motor vehicles, driver's licenses, and Social Security.
- 100.25 Sec. 104. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 24, is amended to read:
- 100.26 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.311, is amended to read:
- 100.27 518C.311 PLEADINGS AND ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS.

281.10 (c) A responding tribunal of this state shall include in a support order issued under

House Language UES1458-1

- 281.11 this chapter, or in the documents accompanying the order, the calculations on which
- 281.12 the support order is based.
- 281.13 (d) A responding tribunal of this state may not condition the payment of a support
- 281.14 order issued under this chapter upon compliance by a party with provisions for visitation.
- 281.15 (e) If a responding tribunal of this state issues an order under this chapter, the
- 281.16 tribunal shall send a copy of the order to the petitioner and the respondent and to the
- 281.17 initiating tribunal, if any.
- 281.18 (f) If requested to enforce a support order, arrears, or judgment or modify a support
- 281.19 order stated in a foreign currency, a responding tribunal of this state shall convert the
- 281.20 amount stated in the foreign currency to the equivalent amount in dollars under the
- 281.21 applicable official or market exchange rate as publicly reported.
- 281.22 Sec. 86. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 23, is amended to read:
- 281.23 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.310, is amended to read:
- 281.24 518C.310 DUTIES OF STATE INFORMATION AGENCY.
- 281.25 (a) The unit within the Department of Human Services that receives and disseminates
- 281.26 incoming interstate actions under title IV-D of the Social Security Act is the State
- 281.27 Information Agency under this chapter.
- 281.28 (b) The State Information Agency shall:
- 281.29 (1) compile and maintain a current list, including addresses, of the tribunals in this
- 281.30 state which have jurisdiction under this chapter and any support enforcement agencies in
- 281.31 this state and transmit a copy to the state information agency of every other state;
- 281.32 (2) maintain a register of names and addresses of tribunals and support enforcement
- 281.33 agencies received from other states;
- 281.34 (3) forward to the appropriate tribunal in the place in this state in which the
- 281.35 individual obligee or the obligor resides, or in which the obligor's property is believed
- 282.1 to be located, all documents concerning a proceeding under this chapter received from
- 282.2 another state or a foreign country; and
- 282.3 (4) obtain information concerning the location of the obligor and the obligor's
- 282.4 property within this state not exempt from execution, by such means as postal verification
- 282.5 and federal or state locator services, examination of telephone directories, requests for the
- 282.6 obligor's address from employers, and examination of governmental records, including, to
- 282.7 the extent not prohibited by other law, those relating to real property, vital statistics, law
- 282.8 enforcement, taxation, motor vehicles, driver's licenses, and Social Security.
- 282.9 Sec. 87. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 24, is amended to read:
- 282.10 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.311, is amended to read:
- 282.11 518C.311 PLEADINGS AND ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS.

PAGE R99-A1

- 100.28 (a) A petitioner seeking to establish or modify a support order, determine parentage
- 100.29 of a child, or register and modify a support order of a tribunal of another state or a foreign 100.30 country, in a proceeding under this chapter must file a petition. Unless otherwise ordered
- 100.30 Country, in a proceeding under this chapter must me a petition. Offices otherwise ordered
- $100.31\ under\ section\ 518C.312,$  the petition or accompanying documents must provide, so far
- 100.32 as known, the name, residential address, and Social Security numbers of the obligor and
- 100.33 the obligee or parent and alleged parent, and the name, sex, residential address, Social
- 100.34 Security number, and date of birth of each child for whom support is sought or whose
- 101.1 parenthood parentage is to be determined. Unless filed at the time of registration, the
- 101.2 petition must be accompanied by a <u>eertified</u> copy of any support order <u>in effect known</u>
- 101.3 to have been issued by another tribunal. The petition may include any other information
- 101.4 that may assist in locating or identifying the respondent.
- 101.5 (b) The petition must specify the relief sought. The petition and accompanying
- 101.6 documents must conform substantially with the requirements imposed by the forms
- 101.7 mandated by federal law for use in cases filed by a support enforcement agency.
- 101.8 Sec. 105. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 27, is amended to read:
- 101.9 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.314, is amended to read:
- 101 10 518C.314 LIMITED IMMUNITY OF PETITIONER.
- 101.11 (a) Participation by a petitioner in a proceeding under this chapter before a
- 101.12 responding tribunal, whether in person, by private attorney, or through services provided
- 101.13 by the support enforcement agency, does not confer personal jurisdiction over the
- 101.14 petitioner in another proceeding.
- 101.15 (b) A petitioner is not amenable to service of civil process while physically present
- 101.16 in this state to participate in a proceeding under this chapter.
- 101.17 (c) The immunity granted by this section does not extend to civil litigation based on
- 101.18 acts unrelated to a proceeding under this chapter committed by a party while physically
- 101.19 present in this state to participate in the proceeding.
- 101.20 Sec. 106. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 28, is amended to read:
- 101.21 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.316, is amended to read:
- 101.22 518C.316 SPECIAL RULES OF EVIDENCE AND PROCEDURE.
- 101.23 (a) The physical presence of the petitioner a nonresident party who is an individual
- 101.24 in a responding tribunal of this state is not required for the establishment, enforcement,
- 101.25 or modification of a support order or the rendition of a judgment determining parentage 101.26 of a child.
- 101.27 (b) A verified petition, An affidavit, a document substantially complying with
- 101.28 federally mandated forms, and or a document incorporated by reference in any of them,
- 101.29 not excluded under the hearsay rule if given in person, is admissible in evidence if given
- 101.30 under oath penalty of perjury by a party or witness residing outside this state.

House Language UES1458-1

- 282.12 (a) A petitioner seeking to establish or modify a support order, determine parentage
- 282.13 of a child, or register and modify a support order of a tribunal of another state or a foreign
- 282.14 country, in a proceeding under this chapter must file a petition. Unless otherwise ordered
- 282.15 under section 518C.312, the petition or accompanying documents must provide, so far
- 282.16 as known, the name, residential address, and Social Security numbers of the obligor and
- $282.17 \ the \ obligee \underline{or \ parent \ and \ alleged \ parent}, \ and \ the \ name, \ sex, \ residential \ address, \ Social$
- 282.18 Security number, and date of birth of each child for whom support is sought or whose
- 282.19 <u>parenthood parentage</u> is to be determined. <u>Unless filed at the time of registration</u>, the 282.20 petition must be accompanied by a <u>eertified copy of any support order in effect known</u>
- 282.21 to have been issued by another tribunal. The petition may include any other information
- 282.22 that may assist in locating or identifying the respondent.
- 282.23 (b) The petition must specify the relief sought. The petition and accompanying
- 282.24 documents must conform substantially with the requirements imposed by the forms
- 282.25 mandated by federal law for use in cases filed by a support enforcement agency.
- 282.26 Sec. 88. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 27, is amended to read:
- 282.27 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.314, is amended to read:
- 282.28 518C.314 LIMITED IMMUNITY OF PETITIONER.
- 282.29 (a) Participation by a petitioner in a proceeding under this chapter before a
- 282.30 responding tribunal, whether in person, by private attorney, or through services provided
- 282.31 by the support enforcement agency, does not confer personal jurisdiction over the
- 282.32 petitioner in another proceeding.
- 282.33 (b) A petitioner is not amenable to service of civil process while physically present
- 282.34 in this state to participate in a proceeding under this chapter.
- 283.1 (c) The immunity granted by this section does not extend to civil litigation based on
- 283.2 acts unrelated to a proceeding under this chapter committed by a party while physically
- 283.3 present in this state to participate in the proceeding.
- 283.4 Sec. 89. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 28, is amended to read:
- 283.5 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.316, is amended to read:
- 283.6 518C.316 SPECIAL RULES OF EVIDENCE AND PROCEDURE.
- 283.7 (a) The physical presence of the petitioner a nonresident party who is an individual
- 283.8 in a responding tribunal of this state is not required for the establishment, enforcement,
- 283.9 or modification of a support order or the rendition of a judgment determining parentage 283.10 of a child.
- 283.11 (b) A verified petition, An affidavit, a document substantially complying with
- 283.12 federally mandated forms, and or a document incorporated by reference in any of them,
- 283.13 not excluded under the hearsay rule if given in person, is admissible in evidence if given
- 283.14 under oath penalty of perjury by a party or witness residing outside this state.

PAGE R100-A1

- 101.31 (c) A copy of the record of child support payments certified as a true copy of the
- 101.32 original by the custodian of the record may be forwarded to a responding tribunal. The copy
- 101.33 is evidence of facts asserted in it, and is admissible to show whether payments were made.
- 102.1 (d) Copies of bills for testing for parentage of a child, and for prenatal and postnatal
- 102.2 health care of the mother and child, furnished to the adverse party at least ten days before
- 102.3 trial, are admissible in evidence to prove the amount of the charges billed and that the
- 102.4 charges were reasonable, necessary, and customary.
- 102.5 (e) Documentary evidence transmitted from outside this state to a tribunal of this state
- 102.6 by telephone, telecopier, or other electronic means that do not provide an original record
- 102.7 may not be excluded from evidence on an objection based on the means of transmission.
- 102.8 (f) In a proceeding under this chapter, a tribunal of this state shall permit a party
- 102.9 or witness residing outside this state to be deposed or to testify under penalty of perjury
- 102.10 by telephone, audiovisual means, or other electronic means at a designated tribunal or
- 102.11 other location. A tribunal of this state shall cooperate with other tribunals in designating
- 102.12 an appropriate location for the deposition or testimony.
- 102.13 (g) If a party called to testify at a civil hearing refuses to answer on the ground that
- 102.14 the testimony may be self-incriminating, the trier of fact may draw an adverse inference
- 102.15 from the refusal.
- 102.16 (h) A privilege against disclosure of communications between spouses does not 102.17 apply in a proceeding under this chapter.
- 102.17 apply in a proceeding under this chapter.
- 102.18 (i) The defense of immunity based on the relationship of husband and wife or parent
- 102.19 and child does not apply in a proceeding under this chapter.
- 102.20 (j) A voluntary acknowledgment of paternity, certified as a true copy, is admissible
- 102.21 to establish parentage of a child.
- 102.22 Sec. 107. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 29, is amended to read:
- 102.23 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.317, is amended to read:
- 102.24 518C.317 COMMUNICATIONS BETWEEN TRIBUNALS.
- 102.25 A tribunal of this state may communicate with a tribunal outside this state in
- 102.26 writing, by e-mail, or a record, or by telephone, electronic mail, or other means, to obtain
- 102.27 information concerning the laws of that state, the legal effect of a judgment, decree, or
- 102.28 order of that tribunal, and the status of a proceeding. A tribunal of this state may furnish
- 102.29 similar information by similar means to a tribunal outside this state.
- 102.30 Sec. 108. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 31, is amended to read:
- 102.31 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.319, is amended to read:
- 102.32 518C.319 RECEIPT AND DISBURSEMENT OF PAYMENTS.

- 283.15 (c) A copy of the record of child support payments certified as a true copy of the
- 283.16 original by the custodian of the record may be forwarded to a responding tribunal. The copy
- 283.17 is evidence of facts asserted in it, and is admissible to show whether payments were made.
- 283.18 (d) Copies of bills for testing for parentage of a child, and for prenatal and postnatal
- 283.19 health care of the mother and child, furnished to the adverse party at least ten days before
- 283.20 trial, are admissible in evidence to prove the amount of the charges billed and that the
- 283.21 charges were reasonable, necessary, and customary.
- 283.22 (e) Documentary evidence transmitted from outside this state to a tribunal of this state
- 283.23 by telephone, telecopier, or other electronic means that do not provide an original record
- 283.24 may not be excluded from evidence on an objection based on the means of transmission.
- 283.25 (f) In a proceeding under this chapter, a tribunal of this state shall permit a party
- 283.26 or witness residing outside this state to be deposed or to testify under penalty of perjury
- 283.27 by telephone, audiovisual means, or other electronic means at a designated tribunal or
- 283.28 other location. A tribunal of this state shall cooperate with other tribunals in designating
- 283.29 an appropriate location for the deposition or testimony.
- 283.30 (g) If a party called to testify at a civil hearing refuses to answer on the ground that
- 283.31 the testimony may be self-incriminating, the trier of fact may draw an adverse inference
- 283.32 from the refusal.
- 283.33 (h) A privilege against disclosure of communications between spouses does not
- 283.34 apply in a proceeding under this chapter.
- 284.1 (i) The defense of immunity based on the relationship of husband and wife or parent
- 284.2 and child does not apply in a proceeding under this chapter.
- 284.3 (j) A voluntary acknowledgment of paternity, certified as a true copy, is admissible
- 284.4 to establish parentage of a child.
- 284.5 Sec. 90. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 29, is amended to read:
- 284.6 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.317, is amended to read:
- 284.7 518C.317 COMMUNICATIONS BETWEEN TRIBUNALS.
- 284.8 A tribunal of this state may communicate with a tribunal outside this state in
- 284.9 writing, by e-mail, or a record, or by telephone, electronic mail, or other means, to obtain
- 284.10 information concerning the laws of that state, the legal effect of a judgment, decree, or
- 284.11 order of that tribunal, and the status of a proceeding. A tribunal of this state may furnish
- $284.12\ similar$  information by similar means to a tribunal outside this state.
- 284.13 Sec. 91. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 31, is amended to read:
- 284.14 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.319, is amended to read:
- 284.15 518C.319 RECEIPT AND DISBURSEMENT OF PAYMENTS.

- 102.33 (a) A support enforcement agency or tribunal of this state shall disburse promptly
- 102.34 any amounts received pursuant to a support order, as directed by the order. The agency
- 103.1 or tribunal shall furnish to a requesting party or tribunal of another state or a foreign
- 103.2 country a certified statement by the custodian of the record of the amounts and dates
- 103.3 of all payments received.
- 103.4 (b) If neither the obligor, not nor the obligee who is an individual, nor the child
- 103.5 resides in this state, upon request from the support enforcement agency of this state or
- 103.6 another state, the support enforcement agency of this state or a tribunal of this state shall:
- 103.7 (1) direct that the support payment be made to the support enforcement agency in
- 103.8 the state in which the obligee is receiving services; and
- 103.9 (2) issue and send to the obligor's employer a conforming income-withholding order
- 103.10 or an administrative notice of change of payee, reflecting the redirected payments.
- 103.11 (c) The support enforcement agency of this state receiving redirected payments from 103.12 another state pursuant to a law similar to paragraph (b) shall furnish to a requesting party
- 103.13 or tribunal of the other state a certified statement by the custodian of the record of the
- 103.14 amount and dates of all payments received.
- 103.15 Sec. 109. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 43, is amended to read:
- 103.16 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.604, is amended to read:
- 103.17 **518C.604 CHOICE OF LAW.**
- 103.18 (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (d), the law of the issuing state or
- 103.19 foreign country governs:
- 103.20 (1) the nature, extent, amount, and duration of current payments under a registered
- 103.21 support order;
- 103.22 (2) the computation and payment of arrearages and accrual of interest on the
- 103.23 arrearages under the support order; and
- 103.24 (3) the existence and satisfaction of other obligations under the support order.
- 103.25 (b) In a proceeding for arrearages under a registered support order, the statute of
- 103.26 limitation under the laws of this state or of the issuing state or foreign country, whichever
- 103.27 is longer, applies.
- 103.28 (c) A responding tribunal of this state shall apply the procedures and remedies of
- 103.29 this state to enforce current support and collect arrears and interest due on a support order
- 103.30 of another state or a foreign country registered in this state.

284.16 (a) A support enforcement agency or tribunal of this state shall disburse promptly

House Language UES1458-1

284.17 any amounts received pursuant to a support order, as directed by the order. The agency

284.18 or tribunal shall furnish to a requesting party or tribunal of another state or a foreign

284.19 country a certified statement by the custodian of the record of the amounts and dates

284.20 of all payments received.

284.21 (b) If neither the obligor, not nor the obligee who is an individual, nor the child

284.22 resides in this state, upon request from the support enforcement agency of this state or

284.23 another state, the support enforcement agency of this state or a tribunal of this state shall:

284.24 (1) direct that the support payment be made to the support enforcement agency in

284.25 the state in which the obligee is receiving services; and

284.26 (2) issue and send to the obligor's employer a conforming income-withholding order

284.27 or an administrative notice of change of payee, reflecting the redirected payments.

284.28 (c) The support enforcement agency of this state receiving redirected payments from

284.29 another state pursuant to a law similar to paragraph (b) shall furnish to a requesting party

284.30 or tribunal of the other state a certified statement by the custodian of the record of the

284.31 amount and dates of all payments received.

284.32 Sec. 92. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 43, is amended to read:

285.1 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.604, is amended to read:

285.2 **518C.604** CHOICE OF LAW.

285.3 (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (d), the law of the issuing state or

285.4 foreign country governs:

285.5 (1) the nature, extent, amount, and duration of current payments under a registered

285.6 support order;

285.7 (2) the computation and payment of arrearages and accrual of interest on the

285.8 arrearages under the support order; and

285.9 (3) the existence and satisfaction of other obligations under the support order.

285.10 (b) In a proceeding for arrearages under a registered support order, the statute of

285.11 limitation under the laws of this state or of the issuing state or foreign country, whichever

285.12 is longer, applies.

285.13 (c) A responding tribunal of this state shall apply the procedures and remedies of

285.14 this state to enforce current support and collect arrears and interest due on a support order

285.15 of another state or a foreign country registered in this state.

- 103.31 (d) After a tribunal of this state or another state determines which is the controlling
- 103.32 order and issues an order consolidating arrears, if any, a tribunal of this state shall
- 103.33 prospectively apply the law of the state or foreign country issuing the controlling order,
- 103.34 including its law on interest on arrears, on current and future support, and on consolidated 103.35 arrears.
- 104.1 Sec. 110. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 50, is amended to read:
- 104.2 Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.611, is amended to read:
- 104.3 518C.611 MODIFICATION OF CHILD SUPPORT ORDER OF ANOTHER 104.4 **STATE.**
- 104.5 (a) If section 518C.613 does not apply, upon petition a tribunal of this state may
- 104.6 modify a child support order issued in another state that is registered in this state if, after
- 104.7 notice and hearing, it finds that:
- 104.8 (1) the following requirements are met:
- 104.9 (i) neither the child, nor the obligee who is an individual, nor the obligor resides 104.10 in the issuing state;
- 104.11 (ii) a petitioner who is a nonresident of this state seeks modification; and
- 104.12 (iii) the respondent is subject to the personal jurisdiction of the tribunal of this state; or
- 104.13 (2) this state is the residence of the child, or a party who is an individual is subject to
- 104.14 the personal jurisdiction of the tribunal of this state and all of the parties who are individuals
- 104.15 have filed written consents in a record in the issuing tribunal for a tribunal of this state to
- 104.16 modify the support order and assume continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over the order.
- 104.17 (b) Modification of a registered child support order is subject to the same
- 104.18 requirements, procedures, and defenses that apply to the modification of an order issued
- 104.19 by a tribunal of this state and the order may be enforced and satisfied in the same manner.
- 104.20 (c) A tribunal of this state may not modify any aspect of a child support order that
- 104.21 may not be modified under the law of the issuing state, including the duration of the
- 104.22 obligation of support. If two or more tribunals have issued child support orders for the
- 104.23 same obligor and child, the order that controls and must be recognized under section
- 104.24 518C.207 establishes the aspects of the support order which are nonmodifiable.
- 104.25 (d) In a proceeding to modify a child support order, the law of the state that is
- 104.26 determined to have issued the initial controlling order governs the duration of the
- 104.27 obligation of support. The obligor's fulfillment of the duty of support established by that
- 104.28 order precludes imposition of a further obligation of support by a tribunal of this state.
- 104.29 (e) On issuance of an order by a tribunal of this state modifying a child support order
- 104.30 issued in another state, a tribunal of this state becomes the tribunal having continuing,
- 104.31 exclusive jurisdiction.

285.16 (d) After a tribunal of this state or another state determines which is the controlling

285.17 order and issues an order consolidating arrears, if any, a tribunal of this state shall

- 285.18 prospectively apply the law of the state or foreign country issuing the controlling order,
- 285.19 including its law on interest on arrears, on current and future support, and on consolidated 285.20 arrears.
- 285.21 Sec. 93. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 50, is amended to read:
- 285.22 Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.611, is amended to read:
- 285.23 518C.611 MODIFICATION OF CHILD SUPPORT ORDER OF ANOTHER 285.24 **STATE.**
- 285.25 (a) If section 518C.613 does not apply, upon petition a tribunal of this state may
- 285.26 modify a child support order issued in another state that is registered in this state if, after
- 285.27 notice and hearing, it finds that:
- 285.28 (1) the following requirements are met:
- 285.29 (i) neither the child, nor the obligee who is an individual, nor the obligor resides
- 285.30 in the issuing state;
- 285.31 (ii) a petitioner who is a nonresident of this state seeks modification; and
- 285.32 (iii) the respondent is subject to the personal jurisdiction of the tribunal of this state; or
- 285.33 (2) this state is the residence of the child, or a party who is an individual is subject to
- 285.34 the personal jurisdiction of the tribunal of this state and all of the parties who are individuals
- 286.1 have filed written consents in a record in the issuing tribunal for a tribunal of this state to
- 286.2 modify the support order and assume continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over the order.
- 286.3 (b) Modification of a registered child support order is subject to the same
- 286.4 requirements, procedures, and defenses that apply to the modification of an order issued
- 286.5 by a tribunal of this state and the order may be enforced and satisfied in the same manner.
- 286.6 (c) A tribunal of this state may not modify any aspect of a child support order that
- 286.7 may not be modified under the law of the issuing state, including the duration of the
- 286.8 obligation of support. If two or more tribunals have issued child support orders for the
- 286.9 same obligor and child, the order that controls and must be recognized under section
- 286.10 518C.207 establishes the aspects of the support order which are nonmodifiable.
- 286.11 (d) In a proceeding to modify a child support order, the law of the state that is
- 286.12 determined to have issued the initial controlling order governs the duration of the
- 286.13 obligation of support. The obligor's fulfillment of the duty of support established by that
- 286.14 order precludes imposition of a further obligation of support by a tribunal of this state.
- 286.15 (e) On issuance of an order by a tribunal of this state modifying a child support order
- 286.16 issued in another state, a tribunal of this state becomes the tribunal having continuing,
- 286.17 exclusive jurisdiction.

#### May 03, 2015 02:12 PM

#### Senate Language S1458-2

- 104.32 (f) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) to (d) (e) and section 518C.201, paragraph (b),
- 104.33 a tribunal of this state retains jurisdiction to modify an order issued by a tribunal of this 104.34 state if:
- 104.35 (1) one party resides in another state; and
- 104.36 (2) the other party resides outside the United States.
- 105.1 Sec. 111. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 51, is amended to read:
- 105.2 Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.612, is amended to read:
- 105.3 518C.612 RECOGNITION OF ORDER MODIFIED IN ANOTHER STATE.
- 105.4 If a child support order issued by a tribunal of this state is modified by a tribunal of
- 105.5 another state which assumed jurisdiction according to this chapter or a law substantially
- 105.6 similar to this chapter pursuant to the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, a tribunal of
- 105.7 this state:
- 105.8 (1) may enforce its order that was modified only as to arrears and interest accruing
- 105.9 before the modification;
- 105.10 (2) may provide appropriate relief for violations of its order which occurred before
- 105.11 the effective date of the modification; and
- 105.12 (3) shall recognize the modifying order of the other state, upon registration, for the
- 105.13 purpose of enforcement.
- 105.14 Sec. 112. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 73, is amended to read:
- 105.15 Sec. 73. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 105.16 This act becomes is effective on the date that the United States deposits the
- 105.17 instrument of ratification for the Hague Convention on the International Recovery of Child
- 105.18 Support and Other Forms of Family Maintenance with the Hague Conference on Private
- 105.19 International Law July 1, 2015.
- 105.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2015.
- 105.21 Sec. 113. GROUP RESIDENTIAL HOUSING REPORT ON PROGRAM
- 105.22 IMPROVEMENTS.
- 105.23 (a) The commissioner shall, in coordination with stakeholders and advocates, build
- 105.24 on the group residential housing (GRH) reforms made in the 2015 legislative session
- 105.25 related to program integrity and uniformity, by restructuring the payment rates, exploring
- 105.26 assessment tools, and proposing any other necessary modifications that will result in a
- 105.27 more cost-effective program, and report to the members of the legislative committees
- 105.28 having jurisdiction over GRH issues by December 15, 2015.

- 286.18 (f) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) to (d) (e) and section 518C.201, paragraph (b), 286.19 a tribunal of this state retains jurisdiction to modify an order issued by a tribunal of this 286.20 state if:
- 286.21 (1) one party resides in another state; and
- 286.22 (2) the other party resides outside the United States.
- 286.23 Sec. 94. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 51, is amended to read:
- 286.24 Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 518C.612, is amended to read:
- 286.25 **518C.612** RECOGNITION OF ORDER MODIFIED IN ANOTHER STATE.
- 286.26 If a child support order issued by a tribunal of this state is modified by a tribunal of
- 286.27 another state which assumed jurisdiction according to this chapter or a law substantially
- 286.28 similar to this chapter pursuant to the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, a tribunal of
- 286.29 this state:
- 286.30 (1) may enforce its order that was modified only as to arrears and interest accruing
- 286.31 before the modification;
- 286.32 (2) may provide appropriate relief for violations of its order which occurred before
- 286.33 the effective date of the modification; and
- 286.34 (3) shall recognize the modifying order of the other state, upon registration, for the
- 286.35 purpose of enforcement.
- 287.1 Sec. 95. Laws 2014, chapter 189, section 73, is amended to read:
- 287.2 Sec. 73. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 287.3 This act becomes is effective on the date that the United States deposits the
- 287.4 instrument of ratification for the Hague Convention on the International Recovery of Child
- 287.5 Support and Other Forms of Family Maintenance with the Hague Conference on Private
- 287.6 International Law July 1, 2015.
- 287.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2015.

- 105.29 (b) The working group, consisting of the commissioner, stakeholders, and advocates,
- 105.30 shall examine the feasibility and fiscal implications of restructuring service rates by
- 105.31 eliminating the supplemental service rates, and developing a plan to fund only those
- 105.32 services, based on individual need, that are not covered by medical assistance, other
- 105.33 insurance, or other programs. In addition, the working group shall analyze the payment
- 106.1 structure, and explore different options, including tiered rates for services, and provide the
- 106.2 plan and analysis under this paragraph in the report under paragraph (a).
- 106.3 (c) To determine individual need, the working group shall explore assessment tools,
- 106.4 and determine the appropriate assessment tool for the different populations served by the
- 106.5 GRH program, which include homeless individuals, individuals with mental illness, and
- 106.6 individuals who are chemically dependent. The working group shall coordinate efforts
- 106.7 with agency staff who have expertise related to these populations, and use relevant
- 106.8 information and data that is available, to determine the most appropriate and effective
- 106.9 assessment tool or tools, and provide the analysis and an assessment recommendation in
- 106.10 the report under paragraph (a).

#### 106.11 Sec. 114. PARENTING EXPENSE ADJUSTMENT REVIEW.

- 106.12 The commissioner of human services shall review the parenting expense adjustment
- 106.13 in Minnesota Statutes, section 518A.36, and identify and recommend changes to the
- 106.14 parenting expense adjustment. The commissioner is authorized to retain the services of
- 106.15 an economist to help create an equitable parenting expense adjustment formula. The
- 106.16 commissioner may hire an economist by use of a sole-source contract.

#### 287.8 Sec. 96. CHILD SUPPORT WORK GROUP.

287.9 (a) A child support work group is established to review the parenting expense

House Language UES1458-1

- 287.10 adjustment in Minnesota Statutes, section 518A.36, and to identify and recommend
- 287.11 changes to the parenting expense adjustment.
- 287.32 (c) The work group shall be authorized to retain the services of an economist to help
- 287.33 create an equitable parenting expense adjustment formula. The work group may hire an
- 287.34 economist by use of a sole-source contract.
- 287.12 (b) Members of the work group shall include:
- 287.13 (1) two members of the house of representatives, one appointed by the speaker of the
- 287.14 house and one appointed by the minority leader;
- 287.15 (2) two members of the senate, one appointed by the majority leader and one
- 287.16 appointed by the minority leader;
- 287.17 (3) the commissioner of human services or a designee;
- 287.18 (4) one staff member from the Child Support Division of the Department of Human
- 287.19 Services, appointed by the commissioner;
- 287.20 (5) one representative of the Minnesota State Bar Association, Family Law section,
- 287.21 appointed by the section;
- 287.22 (6) one representative of the Minnesota County Attorney's Association, appointed
- 287.23 by the association;
- 287.24 (7) one representative of the Minnesota Legal Services Coalition, appointed by
- 287.25 the coalition;

PAGE R105-A1

# 106.17 Sec. 115. INSTRUCTIONS TO THE COMMISSIONER; CHILD 106.18 MALTREATMENT SCREENING GUIDELINES.

106.19 (a) No later than August 1, 2015, the commissioner of human services shall update the
106.20 child maltreatment screening guidelines to require agencies to consider prior reports that
106.21 were not screened in when determining whether a new report will or will not be screened
106.22 in. The updated guidelines must emphasize that intervention and prevention efforts are to
106.23 focus on child safety and the ongoing risk of child abuse or neglect, and that the health and
106.24 safety of children are of paramount concern. The commissioner shall work with a diverse
106.25 group of community representatives who are experts on limiting cultural and ethnic bias
106.26 when developing the updated guidelines. The guidelines must be developed with special
106.27 sensitivity to reducing system bias with regard to screening and assessment tools.

287.26 (8) one representative of the Minnesota Family Support and Recovery Council, 287.27 appointed by the council; and

House Language UES1458-1

- appended of the country, and
- 287.28 (9) two representatives from parent advocacy groups, one representing custodial
- 287.29 parents and one representing noncustodial parents, appointed by the commissioner of
- 287.30 human services.
- 287.31 The commissioner, or the commissioner's designee, shall appoint the work group chair.
- 288.1 (d) The work group shall issue a report to the chairs and ranking minority members
- 288.2 of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over civil law, judiciary, and health and
- 288.3 human services by January 15, 2016. The report must include recommendations for
- 288.4 changes to the computation of child support and recommendations on the composition
- 288.5 of a permanent child support task force.
- 288.6 (e) Terms, compensation, and removal of members and the filling of vacancies are
- 288.7 governed by Minnesota Statutes, section 15.059.
- 288.8 (f) The work group expires January 16, 2016.

#### 288.9 Sec. 97. INSTRUCTIONS TO COMMISSIONER; SCREENING GUIDELINES.

- 288.10 (a) No later than August 1, 2015, the commissioner of human services shall
- 288.11 update the child maltreatment screening guidelines to require agencies to consider prior
- 288.12 screened-out reports when determining whether a new report will be screened out or will
- 288.13 be accepted for investigation or assessment. The updated guidelines must emphasize that
- 288.14 intervention and prevention efforts are to focus on child safety and the ongoing risk of child
- 288.15 abuse or neglect and that the health and safety of children are of paramount concern. The
- 288.16 commissioner must consult with county attorneys while developing the updated guidelines.
- 288.17 (b) No later than September 30, 2015, the commissioner shall publish and distribute
- 288.18 the updated guidelines and ensure that all agency staff have received training on the
- 288.19 updated guidelines.
- 288.20 (c) Agency staff must implement the guidelines on October 1, 2015.
- 288.21 Sec. 98. INSTRUCTIONS TO THE COMMISSIONER; CHILD
- 288.22 MALTREATMENT SCREENING GUIDELINES.
- 288.23 (a) No later than August 1, 2015, the commissioner of human services shall update the
- 288.24 child maltreatment screening guidelines to require agencies to consider prior reports that
- 288.25 were not screened in when determining whether a new report will or will not be screened
- 288.26 in. The updated guidelines must emphasize that intervention and prevention efforts are to
- 288.27 focus on child safety and the ongoing risk of child abuse or neglect, and that the health and
- 288.28 safety of children are of paramount concern. The commissioner shall work with a diverse
- 288.29 group of community representatives who are experts on limiting cultural and ethnic bias
- 288.30 when developing the updated guidelines. The guidelines must be developed with special
- 288.31 sensitivity to reducing system bias with regard to screening and assessment tools.

Children and Family Services

## May 03, 2015 02:12 PM

#### Senate Language S1458-2

- 106.28 (b) No later than September 30, 2015, the commissioner shall publish and distribute
- 106.29 the updated guidelines and ensure that all agency staff have received training on the 106.30 updated guidelines.
- 106.31 (c) Agency staff must implement the guidelines by October 1, 2015.

#### 106.32 Sec. 116. COMMISSIONER'S DUTY TO PROVIDE TRAINING TO CHILD

#### 106.33 PROTECTION SUPERVISORS.

- 107.1 The commissioner shall establish requirements for competency-based initial training,
- 107.2 support, and continuing education for child protection supervisors. This would include
- 107.3 developing a set of competencies specific to child protection supervisor knowledge, skills,
- 107.4 and attitudes based on the Minnesota Child Welfare Practice Model. Competency-based
- 107.5 training of supervisors must advance continuous emphasis and improvement in skills that
- 107.6 promote the use of the client's culture as a resource and the ability to integrate the client's
- 107.7 traditions, customs, values, and faith into service delivery.

#### 107.8 Sec. 117. CHILD PROTECTION UPDATED FORMULA.

- 107.9 The commissioner of human services shall evaluate the formulas in Minnesota
- 107.10 Statutes, sections 256M.41 and 256M.42, and recommend an updated equitable
- 107.11 distribution formula beginning in fiscal year 2018, for funding child protection services
- 107.12 and staffing to counties and tribes, taking into consideration any relief to counties and
- 107.13 tribes for child welfare and foster care costs, additional tribes delivering social services,
- 107.14 and any other relevant information that should be considered in developing a new
- 107.15 distribution formula. The commissioner shall report to the legislative committees having
- 107.16 jurisdiction over child protection issues by December 15, 2016.

#### 107.17 Sec. 118. TRANSFER.

- 107.18 Minnesota Statutes, section 15.039, applies to the transfer from the Office of
- 107.19 Ombudspersons for Families to the Department of Human Services.

#### 107.20 Sec. 119. REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.

- 107.21 The revisor shall alphabetize the definitions in Minnesota Statutes, section 626.556,
- 107.22 subdivision 2, and correct related cross-references.
- 107.23 Sec. 120. REPEALER.
- 107.24 (a) Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 290.0671, subdivision 6a, is repealed.
- 107.25 (b) Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 257.0768, is repealed.
- 107.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for fiscal year 2016 and thereafter.

#### 288.32 (b) No later than September 30, 2015, the commissioner shall publish and distribute

House Language UES1458-1

- 288.33 the updated guidelines and ensure that all agency staff have received training on the updated guidelines.
- 289.1 (c) Agency staff must implement the guidelines by October 1, 2015.

# 289.2 Sec. 99. COMMISSIONER'S DUTY TO PROVIDE TRAINING TO CHILD 289.3 PROTECTION SUPERVISORS.

- 289.4 The commissioner shall establish requirements for competency-based initial
- 289.5 training, support, and continuing education for child protection supervisors. This includes
- 289.6 developing a set of competencies specific to child protection supervisor knowledge, skills,
- 289.7 and attitudes based on the Minnesota Child Welfare Practice Model. Competency-based
- 289.8 training of supervisors must advance continuous emphasis and improvement in skills that
- 289.9 promote the use of the client's culture as a resource and the ability to integrate the client's
- 289.10 traditions, customs, values, and faith into service delivery.

#### 289.11 Sec. 100. CHILD PROTECTION UPDATED FORMULA.

- 289.12 The commissioner of human services shall evaluate the formulas in Minnesota
- 289.13 Statutes, section 256M.41, and recommend an updated equitable distribution formula
- 289.14 beginning in fiscal year 2018, for funding child protection staffing and expanded services
- 289.15 to counties and tribes, taking into consideration any relief to counties and tribes for child
- 289.16 welfare and foster care costs, additional tribes delivering social services, and any other
- 289.17 relevant information that should be considered in developing a new distribution formula.
- 289.18 The commissioner shall report to the legislative committees having jurisdiction over child
- 289.19 protection issues by December 15, 2016.

PAGE R107-A1

#### House Language UES1458-1

#### 289.20 Sec. 101. LEGISLATIVE TASK FORCE; CHILD PROTECTION.

- 289.21 (a) A legislative task force is created to:
- 289.22 (1) review the efforts being made to implement the recommendations of the
- 289.23 Governor's Task Force on the Protection of Children;
- 289.24 (2) expand the efforts into related areas of the child welfare system;
- 289.25 (3) work with the commissioner and community partners to establish and evaluate
- 289.26 child protection grants to address disparities in child welfare pursuant to Minnesota
- 289.27 Statutes, section 256E.28; and
- 289.28 (4) identify additional areas within the child welfare system that need to be addressed
- 289.29 by the legislature.
- 289.30 (b) The four legislative members of the governor's task force shall be the members
- 289.31 of the legislative task force. They may appoint up to eight legislators as ex officio
- 289.32 members of the task force.
- 289.33 (c) The task force may provide oversight and monitoring of:
- 290.1 (1) the efforts by the Department of Human Services, counties, and tribes to
- 290.2 implement laws related to child protection;
- 290.3 (2) efforts by the Department of Human Services, counties, and tribes to implement
- 290.4 the recommendations of the Governor's Task Force on the Protection of Children;
- 290.5 (3) efforts by agencies, including but not limited to the Minnesota Department
- 290.6 of Education, the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, the Minnesota Department of
- 290.7 Corrections, and the Minnesota Department of Public Safety, to work with the Department
- 290.8 of Human Services to assure safety and well-being for children at risk of harm or children
- 290.9 in the child welfare system;
- 290.10 (4) efforts by the Department of Human Services, other agencies, counties, and
- 290.11 tribes to implement best practices to ensure every child is protected from maltreatment
- 290.12 and neglect and to ensure every child has the opportunity for healthy development.
- 290.13 (d) The task force, in cooperation with the commissioner of human services, shall
- 290.14 issue a report to the legislature and governor February 1, 2016, and February 1, 2017.
- 290.15 The report must contain information on the progress toward implementation of changes
- 290.16 to the child protection system; recommendations for additional legislative changes and
- 290.17 procedures affecting child protection and child welfare; and funding needs to implement
- 290.18 recommended changes.
- 290.19 (e) The task force shall convene upon enactment of this act and shall continue until
- 290.20 the last day of the 2017 legislative session.