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553.29	ARTICLE 35
553.30	EDUCATION EXCELLENCE

S3086-2

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5 3	Section 1	Minnesota	Statutes 2016	section 120A 23	2. subdivision 7	 is amended to read

Subd. 7. **Education records.** (a) A district, a charter school, or a nonpublic school that receives services or aid under sections 123B.40 to 123B.48 from which a student is transferring must transmit the student's educational records, within ten business days of a request, to the district, the charter school, or the nonpublic school in which the student is enrolling. Districts, charter schools, and nonpublic schools that receive services or aid under sections 123B.40 to 123B.48 must make reasonable efforts to determine the district, the charter school, or the nonpublic school in which a transferring student is next enrolling in order to comply with this subdivision.

- (b) A closed charter school must transfer the student's educational records, within ten business days of the school's closure, to the student's school district of residence where the records must be retained unless the records are otherwise transferred under this subdivision.
- (c) A school district, a charter school, or a nonpublic school that receives services or aid under sections 123B.40 to 123B.48 that transmits a student's educational records to another school district or other educational entity, charter school, or nonpublic school to which the student is transferring must include in the transmitted records information about any formal suspension, expulsion, and exclusion disciplinary action or pupil withdrawal under sections 121A.40 to 121A.56. The transmitted records must include services a pupil needs to prevent the inappropriate behavior from recurring. The district, the charter school, or the nonpublic school that receives services or aid under sections 123B.40 to 123B.48 must provide notice to a student and the student's parent or guardian that formal disciplinary records will be transferred as part of the student's educational record, in accordance with data practices under chapter 13 and the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, United States Code, title 20, section 1232(g).
- (d) Notwithstanding section 138.17, a principal or chief administrative officer must remove from a student's educational record and destroy a probable cause notice received under section 260B.171, subdivision 5, or paragraph (e), if one year has elapsed since the date of the notice and the principal or chief administrative officer has not received a disposition or court order related to the offense described in the notice. This paragraph does not apply if the student no longer attends the school when this one-year period expires.

33.4 ARTICLE 3
33.5 EDUCATION EXCELLENCE

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33	(e) A principal or chief administrative officer who receives a probable cause notice under
34	section 260B.171, subdivision 5, or a disposition or court order, must include a copy of that data in the student's educational records if they are transmitted to another school, unless the
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2	data are required to be destroyed under paragraph (d) or section 121A.75.
3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later.
4	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 120A.22, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
5	Subd. 12. Legitimate exemptions. (a) A parent, guardian, or other person having control
6	of a child may apply to a school district to have the child excused from attendance for the
7	whole or any part of the time school is in session during any school year. Application may
8	be made to any member of the board, a truant officer, a principal, or the superintendent.
9	The school district may state in its school attendance policy that it may ask the student's
10	parent or legal guardian to verify in writing the reason for the child's absence from school.
11	A note from a physician or a licensed mental health professional stating that the child cannot
12	attend school is a valid excuse. The board of the district in which the child resides may
13	approve the application upon the following being demonstrated to the satisfaction of that
14	board:
15 16	(1) that the child's physical or mental health is such as to prevent attendance at school or application to study for the period required, which includes:
17	(i) child illness, medical, dental, orthodontic, or counseling appointments;
18	(ii) family emergencies;
19	(iii) the death or serious illness or funeral of an immediate family member;
20	(iv) active duty in any military branch of the United States;
21	(v) (iv) the child has a condition that requires ongoing treatment for a mental health
22	diagnosis; or
	
23	$\frac{\text{(vi)}}{\text{(v)}}$ other exemptions included in the district's school attendance policy;
24	(2) that the child is in active duty in any branch of the United States armed forces;
25	(2) that the shild is portionating in any satisfic account for the shill to it is a surface of
25	(3) that the child is participating in any activity necessary for the child to join any branch
26	of the United States armed forces and may be excused for up to three days for such purpose;

34.2	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 120A.22, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
34.3 34.4 34.5 34.6 34.7 34.8 34.9 34.10 34.11 34.12	Subd. 12. Legitimate exemptions. (a) A parent, guardian, or other person having control of a child may apply to a school district to have the child excused from attendance for the whole or any part of the time school is in session during any school year. Application may be made to any member of the board, a truant officer, a principal, or the superintendent. The school district may state in its school attendance policy that it may ask the student's parent or legal guardian to verify in writing the reason for the child's absence from school. A note from a physician or a licensed mental health professional stating that the child cannot attend school is a valid excuse. The board of the district in which the child resides may approve the application upon the following being demonstrated to the satisfaction of that board:
34.13 34.14	(1) that the child's physical or mental health is such as to prevent attendance at school or application to study for the period required, which includes:
34.15	(i) child illness, medical, dental, orthodontic, or counseling appointments;
34.16	(ii) family emergencies;
34.17	(iii) the death or serious illness or funeral of an immediate family member;
34.18	(iv) active duty in any military branch of the United States;
34.19	(v) (iv) the child has a condition that requires ongoing treatment for a mental health

(vi) (v) other exemptions included in the district's school attendance policy;

34.24 (3) that the child is participating in any activity necessary for the child to join any branch of the United States armed forces and may be excused for up to three days for such purpose;

34.23 active duty in any branch of the United States armed forces;

(2) that the child's parent, guardian, or other person having control of the child is in

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6.28	graduation from high school; or
6.29 6.30 6.31 7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4 7.5	(3) (5) that it is the wish of the parent, guardian, or other person having control of the child, that the child attend for a period or periods not exceeding in the aggregate three hours in any week, a school for religious instruction conducted and maintained by some church, or association of churches, or any Sunday school association incorporated under the laws of this state, or any auxiliary thereof. This school for religious instruction must be conducted and maintained in a place other than a public school building, and it must not, in whole or in part, be conducted and maintained at public expense. However, a child may be absent from school on such days as the child attends upon instruction according to the ordinances of some church.
7.7 7.8 7.9 7.10	(b) Notwithstanding subdivision 6, paragraph (a), a parent may withdraw a child from an all-day, every day kindergarten program and put their child in a half-day program, if offered, or an alternate-day program without being truant. A school board must excuse a kindergarten child from a part of a school day at the request of the child's parent.
7.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later.
7.12 7.13	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 120B.021, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
7.14 7.15	Subdivision 1. Required academic standards. (a) The following subject areas are required for statewide accountability:
7.16	(1) language arts;
7.17	(2) mathematics;
7.18	(3) science;
7.19 7.20	(4) social studies, including history, geography, economics, and government and citizenship that includes civics consistent with section 120B.02, subdivision 3;
7.21	(5) physical education;
7.22	(6) health, for which locally developed academic standards apply; and
7.23 7.24	(7) the arts, for which statewide or locally developed academic standards apply, as determined by the school district. Public elementary and middle schools must offer at least

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34.26 34.27	(2) (4) that the child has already completed state and district standards required for graduation from high school; or
34.28 34.29 34.30 34.31 35.1 35.2 35.3 35.4 35.5	(3) (5) that it is the wish of the parent, guardian, or other person having control of the child, that the child attend for a period or periods not exceeding in the aggregate three hours in any week, a school for religious instruction conducted and maintained by some church, or association of churches, or any Sunday school association incorporated under the laws of this state, or any auxiliary thereof. This school for religious instruction must be conducted and maintained in a place other than a public school building, and it must not, in whole or in part, be conducted and maintained at public expense. However, a child may be absent from school on such days as the child attends upon instruction according to the ordinances of some church.
35.6 35.7 35.8 35.9	(b) Notwithstanding subdivision 6, paragraph (a), a parent may withdraw a child from an all-day, every day kindergarten program and put their child in a half-day program, if offered, or an alternate-day program without being truant. A school board must excuse a kindergarten child from a part of a school day at the request of the child's parent.
35.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later.
35.11 35.12	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 120B.021, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
35.13 35.14	Subdivision 1. Required academic standards. (a) The following subject areas are required for statewide accountability:
35.15	(1) language arts;
35.16	(2) mathematics;
35.17	(3) science;
35.18 35.19	(4) social studies, including history, geography, economics, and government and citizenship that includes civics consistent with section 120B.02, subdivision 3;
35.20	(5) physical education;
35.21 35.22	(6) health, for which locally developed academic standards apply, consistent with subdivision 1b; and
35.23 35.24	(7) the arts, for which statewide or locally developed academic standards apply, as

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three and require at least two of the following four arts areas: dance; music; theater; and
visual arts. Public high schools must offer at least three and require at least one of the
following five arts areas: media arts; dance; music; theater; and visual arts.

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- (b) For purposes of applicable federal law, the academic standards for language arts, mathematics, and science apply to all public school students, except the very few students with extreme cognitive or physical impairments for whom an individualized education program team has determined that the required academic standards are inappropriate. An individualized education program team that makes this determination must establish alternative standards.
- (c) The department must adopt the most recent SHAPE America (Society of Health and Physical Educators) kindergarten through grade 12 standards and benchmarks for physical education as the required physical education academic standards. The department may modify and adapt the national standards to accommodate state interest. The modification and adaptations must maintain the purpose and integrity of the national standards. The department must make available sample assessments, which school districts may use as an alternative to local assessments, to assess students' mastery of the physical education standards beginning in the 2018-2019 school year.
- (d) A school district may include child sexual abuse and sexual exploitation prevention instruction and consent instruction to prevent and reduce the incidence of sexual assault in a health curriculum, consistent with paragraph (a), clause (6). Child sexual abuse, sexual exploitation prevention, and consent instruction may include age-appropriate instruction on recognizing sexual abuse and, assault, and sexual exploitation; boundary violations; and ways offenders identify, groom, or desensitize victims, as well as strategies to promote disclosure, reduce self-blame, and mobilize bystanders. A school district may consult with other federal, state, or local agencies and community-based organizations to identify research-based tools, curricula, and programs to prevent child sexual abuse and sexual exploitation and develop consent instruction to prevent and reduce the incidence of sexual assault. A school district may provide instruction under this paragraph in a variety of ways. including at an annual assembly or classroom presentation. A school district may also provide parents information on the warning signs of child sexual abuse and sexual exploitation and available resources. Child sexual exploitation prevention instruction must be consistent with the definition of sexually exploited youth under section 260C.007, subdivision 31.
- (e) A school district may include instruction in a health curriculum for students in grades
 5, 6, 8, 10, and 12 on substance misuse prevention, including opioids, controlled substances
 as defined in section 152.01, subdivision 4, prescription and nonprescription medications,
 and illegal drugs. A school district is not required to use a specific methodology or
 curriculum.

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35.25	three and require at least two of the following four arts areas: dance; music; theater; and
35.26	visual arts. Public high schools must offer at least three and require at least one of the
35.27	following five arts areas: media arts; dance; music; theater; and visual arts.
35.28	(b) For purposes of applicable federal law, the academic standards for language arts,
35.29	mathematics, and science apply to all public school students, except the very few students
35.30	with extreme cognitive or physical impairments for whom an individualized education
35.31	program team has determined that the required academic standards are inappropriate. An
36.1	individualized education program team that makes this determination must establish
36.2	alternative standards.
36.3	(c) The department must adopt the most recent SHAPE America (Society of Health and
36.4	Physical Educators) kindergarten through grade 12 standards and benchmarks for physical
36.5	education as the required physical education academic standards. The department may
36.6	modify and adapt the national standards to accommodate state interest. The modification
36.7	and adaptations must maintain the purpose and integrity of the national standards. The
36.8	department must make available sample assessments, which school districts may use as an
36.9	alternative to local assessments, to assess students' mastery of the physical education
36.10	standards beginning in the 2018-2019 school year.
36.11	(d) A school district may include child sexual abuse prevention instruction in a health
36.12	curriculum, consistent with paragraph (a), clause (6). Child sexual abuse prevention
36.13	instruction may include age-appropriate instruction on recognizing sexual abuse and assault,
36.14	boundary violations, and ways offenders groom or desensitize victims, as well as strategies
36.15	to promote disclosure, reduce self-blame, and mobilize bystanders. A school district may
36.16	provide instruction under this paragraph in a variety of ways, including at an annual assembly
36.17	or classroom presentation. A school district may also provide parents information on the
36.18	warning signs of child sexual abuse and available resources.

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3.32	(f) District efforts to develop, implement, or improve instruction or curriculum as a resul
3.33	of the provisions of this section must be consistent with sections 120B.10, 120B.11, and
3.34	120B.20.

9.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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36.19	(e) (d) District efforts to develop, implement, or improve instruction or curriculum as a
36.20	result of the provisions of this section must be consistent with sections 120B.10, 120B.11,
36.21	and 120B.20.
36.22	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 120B.021, is amended by adding a subdivision
36.23	to read:
36.24	Subd. 1b. Health standards. (a) A school district's locally developed health standards
36.25	may include instruction on:
50.25	may morado moradoron.
26.26	(1) child sexual abuse, exploitation, and sexual assault prevention; and
36.26	(1) clind sexual abuse, exploitation, and sexual assault prevention, and
36.27	(2) substance misuse prevention in grades 5 through 12.
36.28	Instruction under this subdivision must be age-appropriate. Nothing in this subdivision
36.29	requires a school district to use a specific methodology or curriculum. A school district may
36.30	provide instruction under this subdivision in a variety of ways, including at an annual
36.31	assembly or classroom presentation.
36.32	(b) Child sexual abuse, exploitation, and sexual assault prevention instruction in a health
36.33	curriculum may include instruction on recognizing sexual abuse, exploitation and assault,
37.1	boundary violations, and ways offenders groom or desensitize victims, as well as strategies
37.2	to promote disclosure, reduce self-blame, and mobilize bystanders. Child sexual exploitation
37.3	prevention instruction must be consistent with the definition of sexually exploited youth
37.4	under section 260C.007, subdivision 31. A school district may provide information to parents
37.5	on the warning signs of child sexual abuse and sexual exploitation and available resources.
37.6	A school district is encouraged to include in sexual assault prevention instruction:
37.7	(1) character education, as defined in section 120B.232;
31.1	(1) character education, as defined in section 1200.232,
27.0	
37.8	(2) age-appropriate strategies and techniques to recognize and report sexual abuse,
37.9	assault, or exploitation; and
37.10	(3) age-appropriate information to deter boundary violations and unwanted forms of
37.11	touching and contact.
37.12	(c) A school district's substance misuse prevention curriculum must be evidence-based.
37.13	Substance misuse prevention must include instruction on opioids and controlled substances

37.14	as defined in section 121A.25, subdivision 2, chemical abuse as defined in section 121A.25,
37.15	subdivision 3, prescription and nonprescription medications, and illegal drugs.
37.16	(d) A school district may consult with other federal, state, or local agencies and
37.17	community-based organizations to identify research-based tools, curricula, and programs
37.18	to develop instruction required under this subdivision. The Department of Education must
37.19	assist districts when requested and may provide resources including information on best
37.20	practices, developing standards, curricula, and programs consistent with this subdivision.
37.21	(e) Instruction under this subdivision is subject to the requirements of section 120B.20.
37.22	(f) The commissioner of education must conduct a survey of school districts and charter
37.23	schools during the 2021-2022 school year on locally adopted health standards to determine
37.24	whether school districts and charter schools have implemented instruction consistent with
37.25	this subdivision. The commissioner must report the findings of the survey to the chairs and
37.26	ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over kindergarten
37.27	through grade 12 education in accordance with section 3.195 no later than January 15, 2023.
37.28	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 120B.024, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
37.29	Subdivision 1. Graduation requirements. Students beginning 9th grade in the
37.30	2011-2012 school year and later must successfully complete the following high school level
37.31	credits for graduation:
38.1	(1) four credits of language arts sufficient to satisfy all of the academic standards in
38.2	English language arts,
38.3	(2) three credits of mathematics, including an algebra II credit or its equivalent, sufficient
38.4	to satisfy all of the academic standards in mathematics;
38.5	(3) an algebra I credit by the end of 8th grade sufficient to satisfy all of the 8th grade
38.6	standards in mathematics;
20.5	
38.7	(4) three credits of science, including at least one credit of biology, one credit of chemistry
38.8	or physics, and one elective credit of science. The combination of credits under this clause
38.9	must be sufficient to satisfy (i) all of the academic standards in either chemistry or physics
38.10	and (ii) all other academic standards in science;
38.11	(5) three and one-half credits of social studies, including credit for a specific course in
38.12	government and citizenship in either 11th or 12th grade for students beginning 9th grade
38 13	in the 2020-2021 school year and later, and a combination of other credits encompassing

38.14 38.15	at least United States history, geography, government and citizenship, world history, and economics sufficient to satisfy all of the academic standards in social studies;
38.16 38.17	(6) one credit of the arts sufficient to satisfy all of the state or local academic standards in the arts; and
38.18	(7) a minimum of seven elective credits.
38.19	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 120B.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
38.20 38.21	Subdivision 1. Definitions. For the purposes of this section and section 120B.10, the following terms have the meanings given them.
38.22 38.23 38.24	(a) "Instruction" means methods of providing learning experiences that enable a student to meet state and district academic standards and graduation requirements including applied and experiential learning.
38.25 38.26 38.27	(b) "Curriculum" means district or school adopted programs and written plans for providing students with learning experiences that lead to expected knowledge and skills and career and college readiness.
38.28 38.29 38.30 38.31 38.32	(c) "World's best workforce" means striving to: meet school readiness goals; have all third grade students achieve grade-level literacy; close the academic achievement gap among all racial and ethnic groups of students and between students living in poverty and students not living in poverty; have all students attain career and college readiness before graduating from high school; and have all students graduate from high school.
39.1 39.2 39.3 39.4	(d) "Experiential learning" means learning for students that includes career exploration through a specific class or course or through work-based experiences such as job shadowing, mentoring, entrepreneurship, service learning, volunteering, internships, other cooperative work experience, youth apprenticeship, or employment.
39.5 39.6 39.7	(e) "State plan" means the plan submitted by the commissioner in accordance with the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, as most recently authorized, and approved by the United States Department of Education, including state goals.
39.8 39.9 39.10	(f) "Ineffective teacher" means a teacher whose most recent summative teacher evaluation resulted in placing or otherwise keeping the teacher on an improvement process pursuant to section 122A.40, subdivision 8, or 122A.41, subdivision 5.

39.11	(g) "Inexperienced teacher" means a licensed teacher who has been employed as a teacher
39.12	for three years or less.
39.13	(h) "Out-of-field teacher" means a licensed teacher who is providing instruction in an
39.14	area in which the teacher is not licensed.
39.15	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 120B.11, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
39.16	Subd. 1a. Performance measures. Measures to determine school district and school
39.17	site progress in striving to create the world's best workforce must include at least:
39.18	(1) the size of the academic achievement gap, as measured on the Minnesota
39.19	Comprehensive Assessments;
39.20	(2) rigorous course taking under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (c), clause
39.21	(2), and enrichment experiences by student subgroup;
39.22	(2) (3) student performance on the Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments in reading
39.23	and mathematics,
39.24	(3) (4) high school graduation rates; and
39.25	(4) (5) career and college readiness under section 120B.30, subdivision 1-, paragraph
39.26	(p), as measured by student performance on the high school Minnesota Comprehensive
39.27 39.28	Assessments in reading and mathematics, and successful completion of rigorous coursework that is part of a well-rounded education, including advanced placement, international
39.29	baccalaureate, or concurrent enrollment coursework, or attainment of a certificate or
39.30	industry-recognized credential; and
39.31	(6) performance measures consistent with the state plan not otherwise required by this
39.32	subdivision.
40.1	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 120B.11, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
40.2	Subd. 2. Adopting plans and budgets. A school board, at a public meeting, shall must
40.3	adopt a comprehensive, long-term strategic plan to support and improve teaching and
40.4	learning that is aligned with creating the world's best workforce and includes:
40.5	(1) clearly defined district and school site goals and benchmarks for toward meeting
40.6	statewide goals for instruction and student achievement for all student subgroups identified
40.7	in section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2);

40.8	(2) a process to assess and evaluate each student's progress toward meeting state and
10.9	local academic standards, assess and identify students to participate in gifted and talented
40.10	programs and accelerate their instruction, and adopt early-admission procedures consistent
40.11	with section 120B.15, and identifying the strengths and weaknesses of instruction in pursuit
40.12	of student and school success and curriculum affecting students' progress and growth toward
40.13	career and college readiness and leading to the world's best workforce;
10.14	(3) a system to periodically review and evaluate the effectiveness of all instruction and
10.15	curriculum, taking into account strategies and best practices, student outcomes, school
40.16	principal evaluations under section 123B.147, subdivision 3, students' access to effective
40.17	teachers who are members of populations underrepresented among the licensed teachers in
40.18	the district or school and who reflect the diversity of enrolled students under section 120B.35,
40.19	subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), and teacher evaluations under section 122A.40,
10.20	subdivision 8, or 122A.41, subdivision 5;
10.20	540417151011 0, 01 12271.71, 540417151011 0,
40.21	(4) strategies for improving instruction, curriculum, and student achievement, including
10.21	the English and, where practicable, the native language development and the academic
10.23	achievement of English learners;
10.23	demovement of English realities,
10.24	(5) a process to examine the equitable distribution of teachers and strategies to ensure
10.24	low-income and minority children are not taught at higher rates than other children by
10.25	inexperienced, ineffective, or out-of-field teachers;
+0.20	inexperienced, ineffective, of out-of-field teachers,
10.27	(6) education effectiveness practices that integrate high-quality instruction, rigorous
10.27	curriculum, technology, and a collaborative professional culture that develops and supports
10.28	teacher quality, performance, and effectiveness; and
10.29	teacher quanty, performance, and effectiveness, and
10.20	(7)
10.30	(7) an annual budget for continuing to implement the district plan.
41.1	C. O. Minner of Charles 2017 and 120P 11 and 11 in the Company of the Charles 11 and 12 in the Charles 11 and 12 in the Charles 12 in the
41.1	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 120B.11, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
11.2	Subd. 5. Report. Consistent with requirements for school performance reports under
41.3	section 120B.36, subdivision 1, the school board shall publish a report in the local newspaper
11.4	with the largest circulation in the district, by mail, or by electronic means on the district
41.5	Web site. (a) The school board shall must hold an annual public meeting to review, and
11.6	revise where appropriate, student achievement goals, local assessment outcomes, plans,
11.7	strategies, and practices for improving curriculum and instruction and cultural competency,
11.8	and efforts to equitably distribute diverse, effective, experienced, and in-field teachers, and
11.9	to review district success in realizing the previously adopted student achievement goals and
41.10	related benchmarks and the improvement plans leading to the world's best workforce. The
41.11 11.12	school board must transmit an electronic summary of its report to the commissioner in the

41.13	(b) The commissioner must annually include in the school performance reports required		
41.14	under section 120B.36, subdivision 1, student performance at each school district and school		
41.15	site using the performance measures in subdivision 1a and other information required under		
41.16	this subdivision. The school board must post a copy of the school performance report for		
41.17	the district and each school site on the district's Web site, or provide a link to the district		
41.18	and school site performance reports on the Department of Education's Web site.		
41.19	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 120B.11, subdivision 9, is amended to read:		
41.20	Subd. 9. Annual evaluation. (a) The commissioner must identify effective strategies,		
41.21	practices, and use of resources by districts and school sites in striving for the world's best		
41.22	workforce. The commissioner must assist districts and sites throughout the state in		
41.23	implementing these effective strategies, practices, and use of resources.		
41.24	(b) The commissioner must use the performance measures in the accountability system		
41.25	of the state plan, including academic achievement in math and reading, graduation rates,		
41.26	and a school quality indicator, to identify those districts in any consecutive three-year period		
41.27	and school sites not making sufficient progress in any consecutive three-year period toward		
41.28	improving teaching and learning for all students, including English learners with varied		
41.29	needs, consistent with section 124D.59, subdivisions 2 and 2a, and striving for the world's		
41.30	best workforce. meeting state goals. The commissioner must implement evaluation timelines		
41.31	and measures consistent with the state plan. The commissioner may identify districts or		
41.32	school sites that do not provide information required for evaluation as failing to make		
41.33	sufficient progress toward meeting state goals. The commissioner may evaluate, designate,		
42.1	and report on school districts and charter schools separately, consistent with the evaluation		
42.2	process under the state plan.		
	<u> </u>		
42.3	(c) The commissioner must review the curricula of a sample of three to five identified		
42.4	school sites to ensure the curricula are aligned with statewide reading and math standards		
42.5	for grades 3, 5, and 8. The sample of school sites must be of varied size and geographic		
42.6	distribution.		
42.7	(d) The commissioner, in collaboration with the identified district, may require the		
42.8	district to use up to two percent of its basic general education revenue per fiscal year during		
42.9	the proximate three school years to implement commissioner-specified evidence-based		
42.10	strategies and best practices, consistent with paragraph (a), to improve and accelerate its		
42.11	progress in realizing its goals under this section. In implementing this section, the		
42.12	commissioner must consider districts' budget constraints and legal obligations.		
42.13	(e) (e) The commissioner shall must report by January 25 of each year to the committees		
42.14	of the legislature having jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education the list		
42.15	of school districts that have not submitted their report to the commissioner under subdivision		
42.16	5 and the list of school districts not achieving their performance goals established in their		

.4	Subd. 2. Identification ; report. (a) Each school district shall <u>must</u> identify before the
.5	end of kindergarten, grade 1, and grade 2 students who are not reading at grade level before
0.6	the end of the current school year and shall must identify students in grade 3 or higher who
.7	demonstrate a reading difficulty to a classroom teacher. A school district must screen for
8.0	dyslexia: (1) all students between the beginning of kindergarten and the beginning of grade
.9	2; and (2) any student in grade 2 or higher who is identified as not reading at grade level.
0.10	(b) Reading assessments in English, and in the predominant languages of district students
0.11	where practicable, must identify and evaluate students' areas of academic need related to
.12	literacy. The district also must monitor the progress and provide reading instruction

appropriate to the specific needs of English learners. The district must use a locally adopted,

(c) The district also must annually report to the commissioner by July 1 a summary of

(1) dyslexia, using screening tools such as those recommended by the department's

developmentally appropriate, and culturally responsive assessment and annually report

summary assessment results to the commissioner by July 1.

the district's efforts to screen and identify students with:

dyslexia and literacy specialist; or

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 120B.12, subdivision 2, is amended

to read:

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9.16

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42.17 42.18	plan under subdivision 2 identified as not making sufficient progress toward meeting world's best workforce goals under paragraph (b).		
42.19 42.20	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 120B.12, as amended by Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 2, sections 5, 6, and 7, is amended to read:		
42.21 42.22	120B.12 READING PROFICIENTLY NO LATER THAN THE END OF GRADE 3.		
42.23 42.24 42.25 42.26 42.27 42.28	above grade level no later than the end of grade 3, including English learners, and that teachers provide comprehensive, scientifically based reading instruction consistent with section 122A.06, subdivision 4. To the extent practicable, a school district must direct its literacy incentive aid received under section 124D.98 toward this goal consistent with its		
42.29 42.30 42.31 42.32 42.33	Subd. 2. Identification ; report. (a) Each school district shall <u>must</u> identify before the end of kindergarten, grade 1, and grade 2 students who are not reading at grade level before the end of the current school year and shall <u>must</u> identify students in grade 3 or higher who demonstrate a reading difficulty to a classroom teacher. <u>A school district must screen for dyslexia</u> :		
43.1 43.2	(1) all students in kindergarten, grade 1, and grade 2 who are not reading at grade level; and		
43.3	(2) any student in grade 3 or higher who demonstrates a reading difficulty.		
43.4 43.5 43.6 43.7 43.8 43.9	(b) Reading assessments in English, and in the predominant languages of district students where practicable, must identify and evaluate students' areas of academic need related to literacy. The district also must monitor the progress and provide reading instruction appropriate to the specific needs of English learners. The district must use a locally adopted, developmentally appropriate, and culturally responsive assessment and annually report summary assessment results to the commissioner by July 1.		
43.10 43.11	(c) The district also must annually report to the commissioner by July 1 a summary of the district's efforts to screen and identify students with:		
43.12 43.13	(1) dyslexia, using screening tools such as those recommended by the department's dyslexia and literacy specialist; or		

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9.21	(b) (d) A student identified under this subdivision must be provided with alternate
0 22	instruction under section 125A 56 subdivision 1

(2) convergence insufficiency disorder.

9.20

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43.14	(2) convergence insufficiency disorder.
43.15	(b) (d) A student identified under this subdivision must be provided with alternate
43.16	instruction under section 125A.56, subdivision 1.
43.17	Subd. 2a. Parent notification and involvement. Schools, at least annually, must give
43.18	the parent of each student who is not reading at or above grade level timely information
43.19	about:
13.20	(1) the student's reading proficiency as measured by a locally adopted assessment;
43.21	(2) reading-related services currently being provided to the student and the student's
13.22	progress; and
13.23	(3) strategies for parents to use at home in helping their student succeed in becoming
13.24	grade-level proficient in reading in English and in their native language.
13.25	A district may not use this section to deny a student's right to a special education
13.26	evaluation.
13.27	Subd. 3. Intervention. (a) For each student identified under subdivision 2, the district
13.28	shall must provide reading intervention to accelerate student growth and reach the goal of
13.29	reading at or above grade level by the end of the current grade and school year. If a student
43.30	does not read at or above grade level by the end of grade 3, the district must continue to
43.31	provide reading intervention until the student reads at grade level. District intervention
13.32	methods shall encourage family engagement and, where possible, collaboration with
14.1	appropriate school and community programs. Intervention methods may include, but are
14.2	not limited to, requiring attendance in summer school, intensified reading instruction that
14.3	may require that the student be removed from the regular classroom for part of the school
14.4	day, extended-day programs, or programs that strengthen students' cultural connections.
14.5	(b) A school district or charter school is strongly encouraged to provide a personal
14.6	learning plan for a student who is unable to demonstrate grade-level proficiency, as measured
14.7	by the statewide reading assessment in grade 3. The district or charter school must determine
14.8	the format of the personal learning plan in collaboration with the student's educators and
14.9	other appropriate professionals. The school must develop the learning plan in consultation
14.10	with the student's parent or guardian. The personal learning plan must address knowledge
14.11	gaps and skill deficiencies through strategies such as specific exercises and practices during
14.12	and outside of the regular school day, periodic assessments, and reasonable timelines. The
14.13	personal learning plan may include grade retention, if it is in the student's best interest. A
14.14	school must maintain and regularly update and modify the personal learning plan until the

44.15 44.16	student reads at grade level. This paragraph does not apply to a student under an individualized education program.
44.17 44.18	Subd. 4. Staff development. (a) Each district shall must use the data under subdivision 2 to identify the staff development needs so that:
44.19 44.20 44.21 44.22 44.23	(1) elementary teachers are able to implement comprehensive, scientifically based reading and oral language instruction in the five reading areas of phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension as defined in section 122A.06, subdivision 4, and other literacy-related areas including writing until the student achieves grade-level reading proficiency,
44.24 44.25 44.26 44.27	(2) elementary teachers have sufficient training to provide comprehensive, scientifically based reading and oral language instruction that meets students' developmental, linguistic, and literacy needs using the intervention methods or programs selected by the district for the identified students;
44.28 44.29 44.30	(3) licensed teachers employed by the district have regular opportunities to improve reading and writing instruction, including screenings, intervention strategies, and accommodations for students showing characteristics associated with dyslexia;
44.31 44.32 44.33 45.1 45.2	(4) licensed teachers recognize students' diverse needs in cross-cultural settings and are able to serve the oral language and linguistic needs of students who are English learners by maximizing strengths in their native languages in order to cultivate students' English language development, including oral academic language development, and build academic literacy; and
45.3 45.4	(5) licensed teachers are well trained in culturally responsive pedagogy that enables students to master content, develop skills to access content, and build relationships.
45.5 45.6	(b) A school district may use its literacy incentive aid under section 124D.98 for the staff development purposes of this subdivision.
45.7 45.8 45.9 45.10	Subd. 4a. Local literacy plan. (a) Consistent with this section, a school district must adopt a local literacy plan to have every child reading at or above grade level no later than the end of grade 3, including English learners. The plan must be consistent with section 122A.06, subdivision 4, and include the following:
45.11 45.12 45.13	(1) a process to assess students' level of reading proficiency and data to support the effectiveness of an assessment used to screen and identify a student's level of reading proficiency;

3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2019.	

45.14	(2) a process to notify and involve parents;
45.15	(3) a description of how schools in the district will determine the proper reading
45.16	intervention strategy for a student and the process for intensifying or modifying the reading
45.17	strategy in order to obtain measurable reading progress;
45.18	(4) evidence-based intervention methods for students who are not reading at or above
45.19	grade level and progress monitoring to provide information on the effectiveness of the
45.20	intervention; and
45.21	(5) identification of staff development needs, including a program to meet those needs.
45.22	(b) The district must post its literacy plan on the official school district Web site.
	1 7-1
45.23	Subd. 5. Commissioner. The commissioner shall must recommend to districts multiple
45.24	assessment tools to assist districts and teachers with identifying students under subdivision
45.25	2. The commissioner shall must also make available examples of nationally recognized and
45.26	research-based instructional methods or programs to districts to provide comprehensive,
45.27	scientifically based reading instruction and intervention under this section.
45.28	EFFECTIVE DATE. Subdivision 2 is effective July 1, 2019. Subdivisions 1 and 3 to
45.28 45.29	EFFECTIVE DATE. Subdivision 2 is effective July 1, 2019. Subdivisions 1 and 3 to 5 are effective for revenue for fiscal year 2019 and later.
45.29	5 are effective for revenue for fiscal year 2019 and later.
45.29 46.1	5 are effective for revenue for fiscal year 2019 and later. Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 120B.122, subdivision 1, is amended
45.29 46.1	5 are effective for revenue for fiscal year 2019 and later. Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 120B.122, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Purpose Duties. (a) The department must employ a dyslexia specialist
45.29 46.1 46.2	5 are effective for revenue for fiscal year 2019 and later. Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 120B.122, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Purpose Duties. (a) The department must employ a dyslexia specialist to provide technical assistance for dyslexia and related disorders and to serve as the primary
45.29 46.1 46.2 46.3	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 120B.122, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Purpose Duties. (a) The department must employ a dyslexia specialist to provide technical assistance for dyslexia and related disorders and to serve as the primary source of information and support for schools in addressing the needs of students with
45.29 46.1 46.2 46.3 46.4	5 are effective for revenue for fiscal year 2019 and later. Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 120B.122, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Purpose Duties. (a) The department must employ a dyslexia specialist to provide technical assistance for dyslexia and related disorders and to serve as the primary
45.29 46.1 46.2 46.3 46.4 46.5 46.6	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 120B.122, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Purpose Duties. (a) The department must employ a dyslexia specialist to provide technical assistance for dyslexia and related disorders and to serve as the primary source of information and support for schools in addressing the needs of students with dyslexia and related disorders.
45.29 46.1 46.2 46.3 46.4 46.5 46.6	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 120B.122, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Purpose Duties. (a) The department must employ a dyslexia specialist to provide technical assistance for dyslexia and related disorders and to serve as the primary source of information and support for schools in addressing the needs of students with dyslexia and related disorders. (b) The dyslexia specialist shall also must act to increase professional awareness and
45.29 46.1 46.2 46.3 46.4 46.5 46.6 46.7	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 120B.122, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Purpose Duties. (a) The department must employ a dyslexia specialist to provide technical assistance for dyslexia and related disorders and to serve as the primary source of information and support for schools in addressing the needs of students with dyslexia and related disorders. (b) The dyslexia specialist shall also must act to increase professional awareness and instructional competencies to meet the educational needs of students with dyslexia or
45.29 46.1 46.2 46.3 46.4 46.5 46.6 46.7 46.8 46.9	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 120B.122, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Purpose Duties. (a) The department must employ a dyslexia specialist to provide technical assistance for dyslexia and related disorders and to serve as the primary source of information and support for schools in addressing the needs of students with dyslexia and related disorders. (b) The dyslexia specialist shall also must act to increase professional awareness and instructional competencies to meet the educational needs of students with dyslexia or identified with risk characteristics associated with dyslexia and shall must develop
45.29 46.1 46.2 46.3 46.4 46.5 46.6 46.7 46.8 46.9 46.10	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 120B.122, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Purpose Duties. (a) The department must employ a dyslexia specialist to provide technical assistance for dyslexia and related disorders and to serve as the primary source of information and support for schools in addressing the needs of students with dyslexia and related disorders. (b) The dyslexia specialist shall also must act to increase professional awareness and instructional competencies to meet the educational needs of students with dyslexia or identified with risk characteristics associated with dyslexia and shall must develop implementation guidance and make recommendations to the commissioner consistent with
45.29 46.1 46.2 46.3 46.4 46.5 46.6 46.7 46.8 46.9 46.10 46.11	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 120B.122, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Purpose Duties. (a) The department must employ a dyslexia specialist to provide technical assistance for dyslexia and related disorders and to serve as the primary source of information and support for schools in addressing the needs of students with dyslexia and related disorders. (b) The dyslexia specialist shall also must act to increase professional awareness and instructional competencies to meet the educational needs of students with dyslexia or identified with risk characteristics associated with dyslexia and shall must develop implementation guidance and make recommendations to the commissioner consistent with section 122A.06, subdivision 4, to be used to assist general education teachers and special
45.29 46.1 46.2 46.3 46.4 46.5 46.6 46.7 46.8 46.9 46.10 46.11 46.12	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 120B.122, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Purpose Duties. (a) The department must employ a dyslexia specialist to provide technical assistance for dyslexia and related disorders and to serve as the primary source of information and support for schools in addressing the needs of students with dyslexia and related disorders. (b) The dyslexia specialist shall also must act to increase professional awareness and instructional competencies to meet the educational needs of students with dyslexia or identified with risk characteristics associated with dyslexia and shall must develop implementation guidance and make recommendations to the commissioner consistent with section 122A.06, subdivision 4, to be used to assist general education teachers and special education teachers to recognize educational needs and to improve literacy outcomes for
45.29 46.1 46.2 46.3 46.4 46.5 46.6 46.7 46.8 46.9 46.10 46.11 46.12 46.13	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 120B.122, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Purpose Duties. (a) The department must employ a dyslexia specialist to provide technical assistance for dyslexia and related disorders and to serve as the primary source of information and support for schools in addressing the needs of students with dyslexia and related disorders. (b) The dyslexia specialist shall also must act to increase professional awareness and instructional competencies to meet the educational needs of students with dyslexia or identified with risk characteristics associated with dyslexia and shall must develop implementation guidance and make recommendations to the commissioner consistent with section 122A.06, subdivision 4, to be used to assist general education teachers and special education teachers to recognize educational needs and to improve literacy outcomes for students with dyslexia or identified with risk characteristics associated with dyslexia,
45.29 46.1 46.2 46.3 46.4 46.5 46.6 46.7 46.8 46.9 46.10 46.11 46.12	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 120B.122, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. Purpose Duties. (a) The department must employ a dyslexia specialist to provide technical assistance for dyslexia and related disorders and to serve as the primary source of information and support for schools in addressing the needs of students with dyslexia and related disorders. (b) The dyslexia specialist shall also must act to increase professional awareness and instructional competencies to meet the educational needs of students with dyslexia or identified with risk characteristics associated with dyslexia and shall must develop implementation guidance and make recommendations to the commissioner consistent with section 122A.06, subdivision 4, to be used to assist general education teachers and special education teachers to recognize educational needs and to improve literacy outcomes for

9.25 9.26 9.27	120B.125 PLANNING FOR STUDENTS' SUCCESSFUL TRANSITION TO POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION AND EMPLOYMENT; PERSONAL LEARNING PLANS.
9.28	(a) Consistent with sections 120B.13, 120B.131, 120B.132, 120B.14, 120B.15, 120B.30
9.29	subdivision 1, paragraph (c), 125A.08, and other related sections, school districts, beginning
9.30	in the 2013-2014 school year, must assist all students by no later than grade 9 to explore
9.31	their educational, college, and career interests, aptitudes, and aspirations and develop a plan
10.1	for a smooth and successful transition to postsecondary education or employment. All
10.2	students' plans must:
10.3	(1) provide a comprehensive plan to prepare for and complete a career and college ready
10.4	curriculum by meeting state and local academic standards and developing career and
10.5	employment-related skills such as team work, collaboration, creativity, communication,
10.6	critical thinking, and good work habits;
10.7	(2) emphasize academic rigor and high expectations and inform the student, and the
10.7	student's parent or guardian if the student is a minor, of the student's achievement level
10.9	score on the Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments that are administered during high
10.10	school;
10.11	(3) help students identify interests, aptitudes, aspirations, and personal learning styles
10.12	that may affect their career and college ready goals and postsecondary education and
10.13	employment choices;
10.14	(4) set appropriate career and college ready goals with timelines that identify effective
10.15	means for achieving those goals;

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 120B.125, is amended to read:

46.16 46.17	(c) The dyslexia specialist must provide guidance to school districts and charter schools on how to:
46.18 46.19	(1) access tools to screen and identify students showing characteristics associated with dyslexia in accordance with section 120B.12, subdivision 2, paragraph (a);
46.20 46.21 46.22	(2) implement screening for characteristics associated with dyslexia in accordance with section 120B.12, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), and in coordination with other early childhood screenings; and
46.23 46.24	(3) participate in professional development opportunities on intervention strategies and accommodations for students with dyslexia or characteristics associated with dyslexia.
46.25	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 120B.125, is amended to read:
46.26 46.27 46.28	120B.125 PLANNING FOR STUDENTS' SUCCESSFUL TRANSITION TO POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION AND EMPLOYMENT; PERSONAL LEARNING PLANS.
46.29 46.30 46.31 46.32 47.1 47.2	(a) Consistent with sections 120B.13, 120B.131, 120B.132, 120B.14, 120B.15, 120B.30, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), 125A.08, and other related sections, school districts, beginning in the 2013-2014 school year, must assist all students by no later than grade 9 to explore their educational, college, and career interests, aptitudes, and aspirations and develop a plan for a smooth and successful transition to postsecondary education or employment. All students' plans must:
47.3 47.4 47.5 47.6	(1) provide a comprehensive plan to prepare for and complete a career and college ready curriculum by meeting state and local academic standards and developing career and employment-related skills such as team work, collaboration, creativity, communication, critical thinking, and good work habits;
47.7 47.8 47.9 47.10	(2) emphasize academic rigor and high expectations and inform the student, and the student's parent or guardian if the student is a minor, of the student's achievement level score on the Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments that are administered during high school;
47.11 47.12 47.13	(3) help students identify interests, aptitudes, aspirations, and personal learning styles that may affect their career and college ready goals and postsecondary education and employment choices;
47.14 47.15	(4) set appropriate career and college ready goals with timelines that identify effective means for achieving those goals;

standardized written plan that meets the plan components of this section, the IEP satisfies

48.15 the requirement and no additional transition plan is needed.

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10.16	(5) help students access education and career options, includ	ing armed forces career
10.17	options;	

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- (6) integrate strong academic content into career-focused courses and applied and 10.18 experiential learning opportunities and integrate relevant career-focused courses and applied and experiential learning opportunities into strong academic content;
- (7) help identify and access appropriate counseling and other supports and assistance 10.21 that enable students to complete required coursework, prepare for postsecondary education and careers, and obtain information about postsecondary education costs and eligibility for financial aid and scholarship;
- (8) help identify collaborative partnerships among prekindergarten through grade 12 10.25 schools, postsecondary institutions, economic development agencies, and local and regional 10.26 employers that support students' transition to postsecondary education and employment and provide students with applied and experiential learning opportunities; and
 - (9) be reviewed and revised at least annually by the student, the student's parent or guardian, and the school or district to ensure that the student's course-taking schedule keeps the student making adequate progress to meet state and local academic standards and high school graduation requirements and with a reasonable chance to succeed with employment or postsecondary education without the need to first complete remedial course work.
 - (b) A school district may develop grade-level curricula or provide instruction that introduces students to various careers, but must not require any curriculum, instruction, or employment-related activity that obligates an elementary or secondary student to involuntarily select or pursue a career, career interest, employment goals, or related job training.
 - (c) Educators must possess the knowledge and skills to effectively teach all English learners in their classrooms. School districts must provide appropriate curriculum, targeted materials, professional development opportunities for educators, and sufficient resources to enable English learners to become career and college ready.
- 11.9 (d) When assisting students in developing a plan for a smooth and successful transition to postsecondary education and employment, districts must recognize the unique possibilities of each student and ensure that the contents of each student's plan reflect the student's unique talents, skills, and abilities as the student grows, develops, and learns.
- (e) If a student with a disability has an individualized education program (IEP) or standardized written plan that meets the plan components of this section, the IEP satisfies the requirement and no additional transition plan is needed.

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11.16 11.17 11.18 11.19 11.20	(f) Students who do not meet or exceed Minnesota academic standards, as measured by the Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments that are administered during high school, shall be informed that admission to a public school is free and available to any resident under 21 years of age or who meets the requirements of section 120A.20, subdivision 1, paragraph (c). A student's plan under this section shall continue while the student is enrolled.
11.21	(g) A school district must provide military recruiters the same access to secondary school
11.22	students as the district provides to institutions of higher education or to prospective employers
11.23	of students.
11.24	(h) School districts are encouraged to sponsor an armed forces career opportunity day
11.25	each school year prior to the third Thursday of November. A school district that sponsors
11.26	an armed forces career opportunity day shall extend invitations to recruiters from each
11.27	branch of the United States armed forces and allow the recruiters to make presentations to
11.28	all interested secondary school students.

11.29 Sec. 6. [120B.219] CHILD ABUSE AWARENESS POSTERS.

- 11.30 (a) The commissioner may, in consultation with local, state, and federal agencies and 11.31 nonprofit organizations, create a poster that notifies children of the appropriate number to call to report child abuse or neglect. The poster shall:
- (1) include a note that directs a child to dial 911 in case of emergency;

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48.16	(f) Students who do not meet or exceed Minnesota academic standards, as measured by
48.17	the Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments that are administered during high school, shall
48.18	be informed that admission to a public school is free and available to any resident under 21
48.19	years of age or who meets the requirements of section 120A.20, subdivision 1, paragraph
48.20	(c). A student's plan under this section shall continue while the student is enrolled.
	•
48.21	(g) A school district must provide military recruiters and representatives of organization
48.22	promoting careers in the skilled trades and manufacturing the same access to secondary
48.23	school students as the district provides to institutions of higher education or to prospective
48.24	employers of students.
48.25	(h) School districts are encouraged to sponsor an armed forces career opportunity day
48.26	each school year prior to the third Thursday of November. A school district that sponsors
48.27	an armed forces career opportunity day must extend invitations to recruiters from each
48.28	branch of the United States armed forces and allow the recruiters to make presentations to
48.29	all interested secondary school students.
48.30	Sec. 14. [120B.215] SUBSTANCE MISUSE PREVENTION.
	
48.31	(a) This section may be cited as "Jake's Law."
	()
48.32	(b) School districts and charter schools are encouraged to provide substance misuse
48.33	prevention instruction for students in grades 5 through 12 integrated into existing programs,
49.1	curriculum, or the general school environment of a district or charter school. The
49.2	commissioner of education, in consultation with the director of the Alcohol and Other Drug
49.3	Abuse Section under section 254A.03 and substance misuse prevention and treatment
49.4	organizations, must, upon request, provide districts and charter schools with:
49.5	(1) information regarding substance misuse prevention services; and
	<u>. ,</u>
49.6	(2) assistance in using Minnesota student survey results to inform prevention programs.
	(-) assessment as a sum of the su

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12.1	(2) include a spot to insert the phone number for the county's child protection services;
12.2	(3) be no smaller than 8-1/2 inches by 11 inches; and
12.3	(4) be produced in as many languages as practicable other than English that are spoken
12.4	in the state as determined by the commissioner.
12.5	(b) If created, the commissioner shall make all versions of the poster available to the
12.6	public on the department's Web site.
12.7	(c) If created, a school district, charter school, and nonpublic school may post the
12.8	commissioner-created poster or a district-created poster that meets the requirements in
12.9	paragraph (a) in an area of the school where students frequently congregate. The district or
12.10	school may post versions of the poster in languages spoken by a significant portion of the
12.11	student body.

49.8 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 120B.232, is amended by adding a subdivision					
49 8 Sec. 15 lyttimesola Statilles 2016 Section 1205 252. Is amended by adding a subdivision	40.0	Can 15 Minnagata	Statutag 2016 goatio	n 120D 222 is amond	d breadding a gub direigion
	49.8	Sec. 13. Willingsola	Statutes 2010, section	11 120D.232. IS amend	ed by adding a subdivision

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to read: 49.9

Subd. 3. Youth membership organization access to schools. (a) "Character development youth member organization" as used in this section means an organization identified in

United States Code, title 36, subtitle II: Patriotic and National Organizations, part B, chapter

49.13 301, 309, 311, 709, or 803.

49.14 (b) Upon receiving notice in accordance with paragraph (c), a school principal may provide a representative of a character development youth member organization the opportunity to speak to students during the school day to provide students information about how the organization supports citizenship, patriotism, and civic involvement. The principal

may limit the opportunity to speak at the school to one school day between September 8

and September 27, and to no more than 30 minutes of instructional time. A representative

of a character development youth member organization who speaks to students at the school

may provide students with written materials about the organization.

49.22 (c) A character development youth member organization that wishes to speak to students at a school must provide written notice to the school principal at least 30 days before the

beginning of the school year. If the school principal approves the request, the principal must

provide the organization with written approval that includes the date and time the organization

will be allowed to address students.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later.

49.27

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554.10

553.31 Section 1. [120B.25] ACADEMIC BALANCE POLICY.

54.1	A school board must adopt a written academic balance policy. At a minimum, the polic
54.2	must prohibit discrimination against students on the basis of political, ideological, or religiou
54.3	beliefs. A student must not be required to publicly identify their personal beliefs, views,
54.4	and values for the purpose of academic credit, classroom, or extracurricular participation.
54.5	The policy must include reporting procedures and appropriate disciplinary actions for policy
54.6	violations. The disciplinary actions must conform with collective bargaining agreements
54.7	and sections 121A.41 to 121A.56. A district must post the policy on the district's Web site
54.8	during the 2018-2019 school year, provide a copy to each district employee, and include
54.9	the policy in subsequent editions of the student handbook.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later.

49.28 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 120B.299, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

49.29 Subd. 10. **Proficiency.** "Proficiency" for purposes of reporting growth on school performance report cards under section 120B.36, subdivision 1, means those students who, 49.31 in the previous school year, scored at or above "meets standards" on the statewide assessments under section 120B.30. Each year, school performance report cards must separately display: (1) the numbers and percentages of students who achieved low growth, medium growth, and high growth and achieved proficiency in the previous school year; and (2) the numbers and percentages of students who achieved low growth, medium growth, and high growth and did not achieve proficiency in the previous school year. 50.4 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 120B.30, subdivision 1, is amended 50.6 to read: Subdivision 1. Statewide testing. (a) The commissioner, with advice from experts with 50.7 appropriate technical qualifications and experience and stakeholders, consistent with subdivision 1a, shall must include in the comprehensive assessment system, for each grade 50.10 level to be tested, state-constructed tests developed as computer-adaptive reading and mathematics assessments for students that are aligned with the state's required academic 50.12 standards under section 120B.021, include multiple choice questions, and are administered annually to all students in grades 3 through 8. State-developed high school tests aligned

with the state's required academic standards under section 120B.021 and administered to all high school students in a subject other than writing must include multiple choice questions.

50.16 The commissioner shall must establish one or more months during which schools shall 50.17 administer the tests to students a testing period as late as possible each school year during

50.18	which schools must administer the Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments to students. The
50.19	commissioner must publish the testing schedule at least two years before the beginning of
50.20	the testing period except for a year in which revised standards are implemented.
50.21	(1) Students enrolled in grade 8 through the 2009-2010 school year are eligible to be
50.22	assessed under (i) the graduation-required assessment for diploma in reading, mathematics,
50.23	or writing under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 120B.30, subdivision 1, paragraphs (c),
50.24	clauses (1) and (2), and (d), (ii) the WorkKeys job skills assessment, (iii) the Compass
50.25	college placement test, (iv) the ACT assessment for college admission, (v) a nationally
50.26	recognized armed services vocational aptitude test.
50.27	(2) Students enrolled in grade 8 in the 2010-2011 or 2011-2012 school year are eligible
50.28	to be assessed under (i) the graduation-required assessment for diploma in reading,
50.29	mathematics, or writing under Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 120B.30, subdivision 1,
50.30	paragraph (e), clauses (1) and (2), (ii) the WorkKeys job skills assessment, (iii) the Compass
50.31	college placement test, (iv) the ACT assessment for college admission, (v) a nationally
50.32	recognized armed services vocational aptitude test.
50.22	(2) For students under clouds (1) or (2) a school district may substitute a scare from an
50.33 50.34	(3) For students under clause (1) or (2), a school district may substitute a score from an
50.54	alternative, equivalent assessment to satisfy the requirements of this paragraph.
51.1	(b) The state assessment system must be aligned to the most recent revision of academic
51.2	standards as described in section 120B.023 in the following manner:
51.3	(1) mathematics;
51.4	(i) grades 3 through 8 beginning in the 2010-2011 school year; and
51.5	(ii) high school level beginning in the 2013-2014 school year;
51.6	(2) science; grades 5 and 8 and at the high school level beginning in the 2011-2012
51.7	school year; and
51.8	(3) language arts and reading; grades 3 through 8 and high school level beginning in the
51.9	2012-2013 school year.
£1.10	(a) For students entelled in grade 9 in the 2012 2012 saheel year and letter students
51.10	(c) For students enrolled in grade 8 in the 2012-2013 school year and later, students'
51.11	state graduation requirements, based on a longitudinal, systematic approach to student
51.12	education and career planning, assessment, instructional support, and evaluation, include
51.13	the following:

51.14	(1) achievement and career and college readiness in mathematics, reading, and writing,
51.15	consistent with paragraph (k) and to the extent available, to monitor students' continuous
51.16	development of and growth in requisite knowledge and skills; analyze students' progress
51.17	and performance levels, identifying students' academic strengths and diagnosing areas where
51.18	students require curriculum or instructional adjustments, targeted interventions, or
51.19	remediation; and, based on analysis of students' progress and performance data, determine
51.20	students' learning and instructional needs and the instructional tools and best practices that
51.21	support academic rigor for the student; and
51.22	(2) consistent with this paragraph and section 120B.125, age-appropriate exploration
51.23	and planning activities and career assessments to encourage students to identify personally
51.24	relevant career interests and aptitudes and help students and their families develop a regularly
51.25	reexamined transition plan for postsecondary education or employment without need for
51.26	postsecondary remediation.
51.27	Based on appropriate state guidelines, students with an individualized education program
51.28	may satisfy state graduation requirements by achieving an individual score on the
51.29	state-identified alternative assessments.
51.30	(d) Expectations of schools, districts, and the state for career or college readiness under
51.31	this subdivision must be comparable in rigor, clarity of purpose, and rates of student
51.32	completion.
52.1	A student under paragraph (c), clause (1), must receive targeted, relevant, academically
52.2	rigorous, and resourced instruction, which may include a targeted instruction and intervention
52.3	plan focused on improving the student's knowledge and skills in core subjects so that the
52.4	student has a reasonable chance to succeed in a career or college without need for
52.5	postsecondary remediation. Consistent with sections 120B.13, 124D.09, 124D.091, 124D.49,
52.6	and related sections, an enrolling school or district must actively encourage a student in
52.7	grade 11 or 12 who is identified as academically ready for a career or college to participate
52.8	in courses and programs awarding college credit to high school students. Students are not
52.9	required to achieve a specified score or level of proficiency on an assessment under this
52.10	subdivision to graduate from high school.
52.11	
52.12	(e) I hough not a high school graduation requirement, students are encouraged to
	(e) Though not a high school graduation requirement, students are encouraged to participate in a nationally recognized college entrance exam. To the extent state funding
52.13	participate in a nationally recognized college entrance exam. To the extent state funding
52.13 52.14	participate in a nationally recognized college entrance exam. To the extent state funding for college entrance exam fees is available, a district must pay the cost, one time, for an
52.14	participate in a nationally recognized college entrance exam. To the extent state funding for college entrance exam fees is available, a district must pay the cost, one time, for an interested student in grade 11 or 12 who is eligible for a free or reduced-price meal, to take
52.14 52.15	participate in a nationally recognized college entrance exam. To the extent state funding for college entrance exam fees is available, a district must pay the cost, one time, for an interested student in grade 11 or 12 who is eligible for a free or reduced-price meal, to take a nationally recognized college entrance exam before graduating. A student must be able
52.14 52.15 52.16	participate in a nationally recognized college entrance exam. To the extent state funding for college entrance exam fees is available, a district must pay the cost, one time, for an interested student in grade 11 or 12 who is eligible for a free or reduced-price meal, to take a nationally recognized college entrance exam before graduating. A student must be able to take the exam under this paragraph at the student's high school during the school day and
52.14 52.15	participate in a nationally recognized college entrance exam. To the extent state funding for college entrance exam fees is available, a district must pay the cost, one time, for an interested student in grade 11 or 12 who is eligible for a free or reduced-price meal, to take a nationally recognized college entrance exam before graduating. A student must be able

student opts not to take that test and chooses instead to take the other of the two tests, the student may take the other test at a different time or location and remains eligible for the examination fee reimbursement. Notwithstanding sections 123B.34 to 123B.39, a school district may require a student that is not eligible for a free or reduced-price meal to pay the cost of taking a nationally recognized college entrance exam. The district must waive the cost for a student unable to pay. (f) The commissioner and the chancellor of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities 52.26 must collaborate in aligning instruction and assessments for adult basic education students and English learners to provide the students with diagnostic information about any targeted interventions, accommodations, modifications, and supports they need so that assessments and other performance measures are accessible to them and they may seek postsecondary education or employment without need for postsecondary remediation. When administering formative or summative assessments used to measure the academic progress, including the oral academic development, of English learners and inform their instruction, schools must ensure that the assessments are accessible to the students and students have the modifications and supports they need to sufficiently understand the assessments. (g) Districts and schools, on an annual basis, must use career exploration elements to 53.1 help students, beginning no later than grade 9, and their families explore and plan for postsecondary education or careers based on the students' interests, aptitudes, and aspirations. Districts and schools must use timely regional labor market information and partnerships, among other resources, to help students and their families successfully develop, pursue. review, and revise an individualized plan for postsecondary education or a career. This process must help increase students' engagement in and connection to school, improve students' knowledge and skills, and deepen students' understanding of career pathways as a sequence of academic and career courses that lead to an industry-recognized credential, an associate's degree, or a bachelor's degree and are available to all students, whatever their interests and career goals. 53.12 (h) A student who demonstrates attainment of required state academic standards, which include career and college readiness benchmarks, on high school assessments under subdivision 1a is academically ready for a career or college and is encouraged to participate in courses awarding college credit to high school students. Such courses and programs may include sequential courses of study within broad career areas and technical skill assessments that extend beyond course grades. 53.18 (i) As appropriate, students through grade 12 must continue to participate in targeted instruction, intervention, or remediation and be encouraged to participate in courses awarding college credit to high school students. 53.21 (j) In developing, supporting, and improving students' academic readiness for a career 53.22 or college, schools, districts, and the state must have a continuum of empirically derived,

53.23	clearly defined benchmarks focused on students' attainment of knowledge and skills so that
53.24	students, their parents, and teachers know how well students must perform to have a
53.25	reasonable chance to succeed in a career or college without need for postsecondary
53.26	remediation. The commissioner, in consultation with local school officials and educators,
53.27	and Minnesota's public postsecondary institutions must ensure that the foundational
53.28	knowledge and skills for students' successful performance in postsecondary employment
53.29	or education and an articulated series of possible targeted interventions are clearly identified
53.30	and satisfy Minnesota's postsecondary admissions requirements.
53.31	(k) For students in grade 8 in the 2012-2013 school year and later, a school, district, or
53.32	charter school must record on the high school transcript a student's progress toward career
53.33	and college readiness, and for other students as soon as practicable.
54.1	(l) The school board granting students their diplomas may formally decide to include a
54.2	notation of high achievement on the high school diplomas of those graduating seniors who,
54.3	according to established school board criteria, demonstrate exemplary academic achievement
54.4	during high school.
54.5	(m) The 3rd through 8th grade computer-adaptive assessment results and high school
54.6	test results shall be available to districts for diagnostic purposes affecting student learning
54.7	and district instruction and curriculum, and for establishing educational accountability. The
54.8	commissioner must establish empirically derived benchmarks on adaptive assessments in
54.9	grades 3 through 8. The commissioner, in consultation with the chancellor of the Minnesota
54.10	State Colleges and Universities, must establish empirically derived benchmarks on the high
54.11	school tests that reveal a trajectory toward career and college readiness consistent with
54.12	section 136F.302, subdivision 1a. The commissioner must disseminate to the public the
54.13	computer-adaptive assessments and high school test results upon receiving those results.
54.14	(n) The grades 3 through 8 computer-adaptive assessments and high school tests must
54.15	be aligned with state academic standards. The commissioner shall must determine the testing
54.16	process and the order of administration. The statewide results shall must be aggregated at
54.17	the site and district level, consistent with subdivision 1a.
54.18	(o) The commissioner shall must include the following components in the statewide
54.19	public reporting system:
54.20	(1) uniform statewide computer-adaptive assessments of all students in grades 3 through
54.21	8 and testing at the high school levels that provides appropriate, technically sound
54.22	accommodations or alternate assessments;

54.23	(2) educational indicators that can be aggregated and compared across school districts
54.24	and across time on a statewide basis, including average daily attendance, high school
54.25	graduation rates, and high school drop-out rates by age and grade level;
54.26	(3) state results on the American College Test; and
54.27	(4) state results from participation in the National Assessment of Educational Progress
54.28	so that the state can benchmark its performance against the nation and other states, and,
54.29	where possible, against other countries, and contribute to the national effort to monitor
54.30	achievement.
54.31	(p) For purposes of statewide accountability, "career and college ready" means a high
54.32	school graduate has the knowledge, skills, and competencies to successfully pursue a career
54.33	pathway, including postsecondary credit leading to a degree, diploma, certificate, or
55.1	industry-recognized credential and employment. Students who are career and college ready
55.2	are able to successfully complete credit-bearing coursework at a two- or four-year college
55.3	or university or other credit-bearing postsecondary program without need for remediation.
55.4	(q) For purposes of statewide accountability, "cultural competence," "cultural
55.5	competency," or "culturally competent" means the ability of families and educators to
55.6	interact effectively with people of different cultures, native languages, and socioeconomic
55.7	backgrounds.
55.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for testing calendars in the 2020-2021
55.9	school year and later.
55.10	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 120B.30, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
55.11	Subd. 1a. Statewide and local assessments; results. (a) For purposes of this section,
55.12	the following definitions have the meanings given them.
55.13	(1) "Computer-adaptive assessments" means fully adaptive assessments.
	(-)
55.14	(2) "Fully adaptive assessments" include test items that are on-grade level and items that
55.15	may be above or below a student's grade level.
33.13	may be above of below a stadent's grade level.
55.16	(3) "On-grade level" test items contain subject area content that is aligned to state
55.17	academic standards for the grade level of the student taking the assessment.
33.17	academic standards for the grade level of the student taking the assessment.
55.18	(4) "Above-grade level" test items contain subject area content that is above the grade
55.19	level of the student taking the assessment and is considered aligned with state academic
55.20	standards to the extent it is aligned with content represented in state academic standards
55.20	bulliant to the extent it is unglied with content represented in state academic standards

55.21	above the grade level of the student taking the assessment. Notwithstanding the student's
55.22	grade level, administering above-grade level test items to a student does not violate the
55.23	requirement that state assessments must be aligned with state standards.
55.24	(5) "Below-grade level" test items contain subject area content that is below the grade
55.25	level of the student taking the test and is considered aligned with state academic standards
55.26	to the extent it is aligned with content represented in state academic standards below the
55.27	student's current grade level. Notwithstanding the student's grade level, administering
55.28	below-grade level test items to a student does not violate the requirement that state
55.29	assessments must be aligned with state standards.
55.30	(b) The commissioner must use fully adaptive mathematics and reading assessments for
55.31	grades 3 through 8.
56.1	(e) (a) For purposes of conforming with existing federal educational accountability
56.2	requirements, the commissioner must develop and implement computer-adaptive reading
56.3	and mathematics assessments for grades 3 through 8, state-developed high school reading
56.4	and mathematics tests aligned with state academic standards, a high school writing test
56.5	aligned with state standards when it becomes available, and science assessments under
56.6	clause (2) that districts and sites must use to monitor student growth toward achieving those
56.7	standards. The commissioner must not develop statewide assessments for academic standard
56.8	in social studies, health and physical education, and the arts. The commissioner must require
56.9	(1) annual computer-adaptive reading and mathematics assessments in grades 3 through
56.10	8, and high school reading, writing, and mathematics tests; and
	, , ,
56.11	(2) annual science assessments in one grade in the grades 3 through 5 span, the grades
56.12	6 through 8 span, and a life sciences assessment in the grades 9 through 12 span, and the
56.13	commissioner must not require students to achieve a passing score on high school science
56.14	assessments as a condition of receiving a high school diploma.
56.15	(d) (b) The commissioner must ensure that for annual computer-adaptive assessments:
	(+) <u>(-)</u>
56.16	(1) individual student performance data and achievement reports are available to school
56.17	districts and teachers within three school days of when students take an assessment except
56.18	in a year when an assessment reflects new performance standards;
20.10	in a jean men an appendiction for performance summands,
56.19	(2) growth information is available for each student from the student's first assessment
56.20	to each proximate assessment using a constant measurement scale;
20.20	to each proximate assessment using a constant measurement scare,

56.21 56.22	(3) parents, teachers, and school administrators are able to use elementary and middle school student performance data to project students' secondary and postsecondary
56.23	achievement; and
56.24	(4) useful diagnostic information about areas of students' academic strengths and
56.25	weaknesses is available to teachers and school administrators for improving student
56.26	instruction and indicating the specific skills and concepts that should be introduced and
56.27 56.28	developed for students at given performance levels, organized by strands within subject areas, and aligned to state academic standards.
30.20	areas, and anglied to state academic standards.
56.29	(e) (c) The commissioner must ensure that all state tests administered to elementary and
56.30	secondary students measure students' academic knowledge and skills and not students'
56.31	values, attitudes, and beliefs.
56.32	(f) (d) Reporting of state assessment results must:
57.1	(1) provide timely, useful, and understandable information on the performance of
57.2	individual students, schools, school districts, and the state;
57.3	(2) include a growth indicator of student achievement; and
57.4	(3) determine whether students have met the state's academic standards.
57.5	(g) (e) Consistent with applicable federal law, the commissioner must include appropriate,
57.6 57.7	technically sound accommodations or alternative assessments for the very few students with disabilities for whom statewide assessments are inappropriate and for English learners.
31.1	disabilities for whom statewide assessments are mappropriate and for English learners,
57.8	(h) (f) A school, school district, and charter school must administer statewide assessments
57.9	under this section, as the assessments become available, to evaluate student progress toward
57.10	career and college readiness in the context of the state's academic standards. A school,
57.11	school district, or charter school may use a student's performance on a statewide assessment
57.12	as one of multiple criteria to determine grade promotion or retention. A school, school
57.13	district, or charter school may use a high school student's performance on a statewide
57.14 57.15	assessment as a percentage of the student's final grade in a course, or place a student's assessment score on the student's transcript.
37.13	assessment score on the student's transcript.
57.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later.
57.17	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 120B.30, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
57.18	Subd. 3. Reporting. (a) The commissioner shall must report test results publicly and to
57.19	stakeholders, including the performance achievement levels developed from students'

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12.12	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 120B.35, subdivision 3, is amende
12.13	to read:

12.14	Subd. 3. State growth target; other state measures. (a)(1) The state's educational
12.15	assessment system measuring individual students' educational growth is based on indicators
12.16	of achievement growth that show an individual student's prior achievement. Indicators of
12.17	achievement and prior achievement must be based on highly reliable statewide or districtwice
12.18	assessments.

unweighted test scores in each tested subject and a listing of demographic factors that strongly correlate with student performance, including student homelessness, as data are available, among other factors. The test results must not include personally identifiable information as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, section 99.3. The commissioner shall must also report data that compares performance results among school sites, school districts, Minnesota and other states, and Minnesota and other nations. 57.26 (b) The commissioner shall must disseminate to schools and school districts a more comprehensive report containing testing information that meets local needs for evaluating instruction and curriculum. The commissioner shall must disseminate to charter school authorizers a more comprehensive report containing testing information that contains anonymized data where cell count data are sufficient to protect student identity and that meets the authorizer's needs in fulfilling its obligations under chapter 124E. (c) A school district must disseminate the individual student performance data and 57.32 achievement report required under section 120B.30, subdivision 1a, paragraph (d), clause 57.33 (1), to the parent and teacher of each student no more than 30 days after the district has administered the test to a student. The district must notify the parent and teacher that the data and report are preliminary and subject to validation. 58.3 (d) A school district must disseminate a testing report to the teacher and to the parent 58.4 of each student before the beginning of the following school year. The testing report must: 58.5 (1) identify the student's achievement level in each content area; and 58.6 (2) track the student's performance history. 58.7 58.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) are effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later. Paragraph (d) is effective for the 2019-2020 school year and later. 58.10 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 120B.35, subdivision 3, is amended 58.11 to read: 58.12 Subd. 3. State growth target; other state measures. (a)(1) The state's educational

assessment system measuring individual students' educational growth is based on indicators of achievement growth that show an individual student's prior achievement. Indicators of achievement and prior achievement must be based on highly reliable statewide or districtwide

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58.16 assessments.

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about an individual student.

addition to "other" for each race and ethnicity, and the Karen community, seven of the most populous Asian and Pacific Islander groups, three of the most populous Native groups, seven of the most populous Hispanic/Latino groups, and five of the most populous Black and African Heritage groups as determined by the total Minnesota population based on the most recent American Community Survey; English learners under section 124D.59; home language; free or reduced-price lunch; and all students enrolled in a Minnesota public school who are currently or were previously in foster care, except that such disaggregation and cross tabulation is not required if the number of students in a category is insufficient to yield statistically reliable information or the results would reveal personally identifiable information

(b) The commissioner, in consultation with a stakeholder group that includes assessment 58.30 and evaluation directors, district staff, experts in culturally responsive teaching, and researchers, must implement a model that uses a value-added growth indicator and includes eriteria for identifying schools and school districts that demonstrate medium and high growth under section 120B.299, subdivisions 8 and 9, and may recommend other value-added measures under section 120B.299, subdivision 3. The model may be used to advance educators' professional development and replicate programs that succeed in meeting students' diverse learning needs. Data on individual teachers generated under the model are personnel data under section 13.43. The model must allow users to:

- 59.6 (1) report student the academic growth consistent with this paragraph rates, as defined 59.7 in the state plan; and
- (2) for all student categories, report and compare aggregated and disaggregated state student growth and, under section 120B.11, subdivision 2, clause (2), student learning and outcome data using the student categories identified under the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act, as most recently reauthorized, and other student categories under 59.12 paragraph (a), clause (2).

59.13 The commissioner must report measures of student growth and, under section 120B.11, subdivision 2, clause (2), student learning and outcome data, consistent with this paragraph. including the English language development, academic progress, and oral academic development of English learners and their native language development if the native language is used as a language of instruction, and include data on all pupils enrolled in a Minnesota public school course or program who are currently or were previously counted as an English learner under section 124D.59. 59 19

(c) When reporting student performance under section 120B.36, subdivision 1, the commissioner annually, beginning July 1, 2011, must report two core measures indicating

(2) For purposes of paragraphs (b), (c), and (d), the commissioner must analyze and report separate categories of information using the student categories identified under the
federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act, as most recently reauthorized, and, in
addition to "other" for each race and ethnicity, and the Karen community, seven of the most
populous Asian and Pacific Islander groups, three of the most populous Native groups,
seven of the most populous Hispanic/Latino groups, and five of the most populous Black
and African Heritage groups as determined by the total Minnesota population based on the
most recent American Community Survey in consultation with the state demographer;
English learners under section 124D.59; home language; free or reduced-price lunch; and
all students enrolled in a Minnesota public school who are currently or were previously in
foster care, except that such disaggregation and cross tabulation is not required if the number
of students in a category is insufficient to yield statistically reliable information or the results
would reveal personally identifiable information about an individual student.

- (b) The commissioner, in consultation with a stakeholder group that includes assessment and evaluation directors, district staff, experts in culturally responsive teaching, and researchers, must implement a model that uses a value-added growth indicator and includes criteria for identifying schools and school districts that demonstrate medium and high growth under section 120B,299, subdivisions 8 and 9, and may recommend other value-added measures under section 120B.299, subdivision 3. The model may be used to advance educators' professional development and replicate programs that succeed in meeting students' diverse learning needs. Data on individual teachers generated under the model are personnel data under section 13.43. The model must allow users to:
 - (1) report student growth consistent with this paragraph; and

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(2) for all student categories, report and compare aggregated and disaggregated state student growth and, under section 120B.11, subdivision 2, clause (2), student learning and outcome data using the student categories identified under the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act, as most recently reauthorized, and other student categories under 13.13 paragraph (a), clause (2).

13.14 The commissioner must report measures of student growth and, under section 120B.11, subdivision 2, clause (2), student learning and outcome data, consistent with this paragraph, including the English language development, academic progress, and oral academic development of English learners and their native language development if the native language is used as a language of instruction, and include data on all pupils enrolled in a Minnesota public school course or program who are currently or were previously counted as an English learner under section 124D.59. 13 20

(c) When reporting student performance under section 120B.36, subdivision 1, the commissioner annually, beginning July 1, 2011, must report two core measures indicating

the extent to which current high school graduates are being prepared for postsecondary

13.23 13.24	the extent to which current high school graduates are being prepared for postsecondary academic and career opportunities:
13.25	(1) a preparation measure indicating the number and percentage of high school graduates
13.26 13.27	in the most recent school year who completed course work important to preparing them for postsecondary academic and career opportunities, consistent with the core academic subjects
13.28	required for admission to Minnesota's public colleges and universities as determined by the
13.29	Office of Higher Education under chapter 136A; and
13.30	(2) a rigorous coursework measure indicating the number and percentage of high school
13.31	graduates in the most recent school year who successfully completed one or more
13.32	college-level advanced placement, international baccalaureate, postsecondary enrollment
13.33	options including concurrent enrollment, other rigorous courses of study under section
13.34	120B.021, subdivision 1a, or industry certification courses or programs.
14.1	When reporting the core measures under clauses (1) and (2), the commissioner must also
14.2	analyze and report separate categories of information using the student categories identified
14.3	under the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act, as most recently reauthorized,
14.4	and other student categories under paragraph (a), clause (2).
14.5	(d) When reporting student performance under section 120B.36, subdivision 1, the
14.6	commissioner annually, beginning July 1, 2014, must report summary data on school safety
14.7	and students' engagement and connection at school, consistent with the student categories
14.8 14.9	identified under paragraph (a), clause (2). The summary data under this paragraph are separate from and must not be used for any purpose related to measuring or evaluating the
14.10	performance of classroom teachers. The commissioner, in consultation with qualified experts
14.11	on student engagement and connection and classroom teachers, must identify highly reliable
14.12	variables that generate summary data under this paragraph. The summary data may be used
14.13	at school, district, and state levels only. Any data on individuals received, collected, or
14.14	created that are used to generate the summary data under this paragraph are nonpublic data
14.15	under section 13.02, subdivision 9.
14.16	(e) For purposes of statewide educational accountability, the commissioner must identify
14.17	and report measures that demonstrate the success of learning year program providers under
14.18	sections 123A.05 and 124D.68, among other such providers, in improving students'
14.19	graduation outcomes. The commissioner, beginning July 1, 2015, must annually report
14.20	summary data on:
14.21	(1) the four- and six-year graduation rates of students under this paragraph;

academic and career opportunities: 59.24 (1) a preparation measure indicating the number and percentage of high school graduates in the most recent school year who completed course work important to preparing them for postsecondary academic and career opportunities, consistent with the core academic subjects required for admission to Minnesota's public colleges and universities as determined by the Office of Higher Education under chapter 136A; and (2) a rigorous coursework measure indicating the number and percentage of high school 59.29 graduates in the most recent school year who successfully completed one or more college-level advanced placement, international baccalaureate, postsecondary enrollment options including concurrent enrollment, other rigorous courses of study under section 120B.021, subdivision 1a, or industry certification courses or programs. When reporting the core measures under clauses (1) and (2), the commissioner must also analyze and report separate categories of information using the student categories identified under the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act, as most recently reauthorized, and other student categories under paragraph (a), clause (2). 60.4 (d) When reporting student performance under section 120B.36, subdivision 1, the 60.5 commissioner annually, beginning July 1, 2014, must report summary data on school safety and students' engagement and connection at school, consistent with the student categories identified under paragraph (a), clause (2). The summary data under this paragraph are separate from and must not be used for any purpose related to measuring or evaluating the performance of classroom teachers. The commissioner, in consultation with qualified experts on student engagement and connection and classroom teachers, must identify highly reliable variables that generate summary data under this paragraph. The summary data may be used at school, district, and state levels only. Any data on individuals received, collected, or created that are used to generate the summary data under this paragraph are nonpublic data under section 13.02, subdivision 9. (e) For purposes of statewide educational accountability, the commissioner must identify 60.16 and report measures that demonstrate the success of learning year program providers under sections 123A.05 and 124D.68, among other such providers, in improving students' graduation outcomes. The commissioner, beginning July 1, 2015, must annually report summary data on: 60.20

(1) the four- and six-year graduation rates of students under this paragraph;

60.21

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14.22 14.23 14.24	(2) the percent of students under this paragraph whose progress and performance levels are meeting career and college readiness benchmarks under section 120B.30, subdivision 1; and
14.25	(3) the success that learning year program providers experience in:
14.26	(i) identifying at-risk and off-track student populations by grade;
14.27	(ii) providing successful prevention and intervention strategies for at-risk students;
14.28 14.29	(iii) providing successful recuperative and recovery or reenrollment strategies for off-track students; and $$
14.30	(iv) improving the graduation outcomes of at-risk and off-track students.
14.31	The commissioner may include in the annual report summary data on other education
14.32	providers serving a majority of students eligible to participate in a learning year program.
15.1	(f) The commissioner, in consultation with recognized experts with knowledge and
15.2	experience in assessing the language proficiency and academic performance of all English
15.3	learners enrolled in a Minnesota public school course or program who are currently or were
15.4	previously counted as an English learner under section 124D.59, must identify and report
15.5 15.6	appropriate and effective measures to improve current categories of language difficulty and assessments, and monitor and report data on students' English proficiency levels, program
15.7	placement, and academic language development, including oral academic language.
15.8	(g) When reporting four- and six year graduation rates, including four-year graduation
15.9	rates, the commissioner or school district must disaggregate the data by student categories
15.10	according to paragraph (a), clause (2).
15.11	(h) A school district must inform parents and guardians that volunteering information
15.12	on student categories not required by the most recent reauthorization of the Elementary and
15.13	Secondary Education Act is optional and will not violate the privacy of students or their
15.14 15.15	families, parents, or guardians. The notice must state the purpose for collecting the student data.

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60.22 60.23	(2) the percent of students under this paragraph whose progress and performance levels are meeting career and college readiness benchmarks under section 120B.30, subdivision
60.24	1; and
60.25	(3) the success that learning year program providers experience in:
60.26	(i) identifying at-risk and off-track student populations by grade;
60.27	(ii) providing successful prevention and intervention strategies for at-risk students;
60.28 60.29	(iii) providing successful recuperative and recovery or reenrollment strategies for off-track students; and
60.30	(iv) improving the graduation outcomes of at-risk and off-track students.
60.31 60.32	The commissioner may include in the annual report summary data on other education providers serving a majority of students eligible to participate in a learning year program.
61.1 61.2 61.3 61.4 61.5 61.6	(f) The commissioner, in consultation with recognized experts with knowledge and experience in assessing the language proficiency and academic performance of all English learners enrolled in a Minnesota public school course or program who are currently or were previously counted as an English learner under section 124D.59, must identify and report appropriate and effective measures to improve current categories of language difficulty and assessments, and monitor and report data on students' English proficiency levels, program placement, and academic language development, including oral academic language.
61.8 61.9 61.10	(g) When reporting four- and six-year graduation rates, the commissioner or school district must disaggregate the data by student categories according to paragraph (a), clause (2).
61.11 61.12 61.13 61.14 61.15	(h) A school district must inform parents and guardians that volunteering information on student categories not required by the most recent reauthorization of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act is optional and will not violate the privacy of students or their families, parents, or guardians. The notice must state the purpose for collecting the student data.
61.16	Sec. 21. [120B.355] ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT RATING SYSTEM.
61.17 61.18	Subdivision 1. Rating system. (a) The commissioner of education must develop an academic achievement rating system consistent with this section to provide parents and

61.19 61.20	students with a brief overview of student performance and growth in districts, school sites, and charter schools across the state.
61.21 61.22	(b) Each district, school site, and charter school must be assigned a summative rating based on a score on a scale of zero to 100.
61.23 61.24 61.25 61.26 61.27	(c) The summative rating must be based on the accountability indicators used in the state plan to identify schools for support and improvement. "State plan" as used in this section means the plan submitted by the commissioner in accordance with the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, as most recently authorized, and approved by the United States Department of Education, including state goals.
61.28 61.29 61.30 61.31	(d) The summative rating and score of each district, school site, and charter school must be reported on the Department of Education's Web site as part of the commissioner's school performance reports pursuant to section 120B.36 by September 1, 2020, and annually thereafter.
61.32 61.33 62.1 62.2	(e) The commissioner must examine how revisions to statewide assessments under section 120B.30 impact school and district ratings under this section. The commissioner may adjust district, school site, and charter school ratings accordingly to maintain consistency in reporting.
62.3 62.4 62.5 62.6	Subd. 2. Report. The commissioner must report on progress toward developing the rating system required under subdivision 1 to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education in accordance with section 3.195 no later than February 1, 2020.
62.7 62.8	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 120B.36, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
62.9 62.10	Subdivision 1. School performance reports and public reporting. (a) The commissions shall <u>must</u> report:
62.11	(1) student academic performance data under section 120B.35, subdivisions 2 and 3;
62.12	(2) district, school site, and charter school ratings under section 120B.355;
62.13 62.14	(3) the percentages of students showing low, medium, and high academic growth rates under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b) the state plan;
62.15 62.16	(4) school safety and student engagement and connection under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (d);

62.17	(5) rigorous coursework under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (c);
62.18 62.19 62.20 62.21	(6) the percentage of students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), whose progress and performance levels are meeting career and college readiness benchmarks under sections 120B.30, subdivision 1, and 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (e);
62.22 62.23	(7) longitudinal data on the progress of eligible districts in reducing disparities in students' academic achievement and realizing racial and economic integration under section 124D.861;
62.24 62.25 62.26 62.27	(8) the acquisition of English, and where practicable, native language academic literacy, including oral academic language, and the academic progress of all English learners enrolled in a Minnesota public school course or program who are currently or were previously counted as English learners under section 124D.59;
62.28 62.29 62.30	(9) the percentage of students who graduated in the previous school year and correctly answered at least 30 of 50 civics test questions in accordance with section 120B.02, subdivision 3;
63.1 63.2	(10) two separate student-to-teacher ratios that clearly indicate the definition of teacher consistent with sections 122A.06 and 122A.15 for purposes of determining these ratios;
63.3	(11) staff characteristics excluding salaries;
63.4	(12) student enrollment demographics;
63.5 63.6 63.7	(13) foster care status, including all students enrolled in a Minnesota public school course or program who are currently or were previously in foster care, student homelessness, and district mobility; and
63.8	(14) extracurricular activities.
63.9 63.10	(b) The school performance report for a school site and a school district, school site, or charter school must include:
63.11 63.12 63.13	(1) school performance reporting information and calculate proficiency, including a prominent display of both the district's, school site's, or charter school's summative rating and score assigned by the commissioner under section 120B.355;
63.14 63.15	(2) academic achievement rates as required by the most recently reauthorized Elementary and Secondary Education Act. state plan as defined under section 120B.355; and

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15.16 Sec. 8. **[121A.12] NATIONAL MOTTO.**

15.17 (a) To the extent funds or in-kind contributions are available under paragraph (b), a school board may prominently display in a conspicuous place in each school an easily

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3.16 3.17	(3) progress toward statewide goals under the state plan as defined under section 120B.355.
13.17	120B.555.
3.18	(c) The commissioner shall must develop, annually update, and post on the department
3.19	Web site school performance reports consistent with paragraph (a) and section 120B.11.
3.20	(d) The commissioner must make available performance reports by the beginning of
3.21	each school year.
3.22	(e) A school or district may appeal its results in a form and manner determined by the
3.23	commissioner and consistent with federal law. The commissioner's decision to uphold or
3.24	deny an appeal is final.
2.25	(6 Cabaal and amazara data and amazarahli adata and an adata 12 02 and division 0 and i
3.25 3.26	(f) School performance data are nonpublic data under section 13.02, subdivision 9, until the commissioner publicly releases the data. The commissioner shall must annually post
3.20	school performance reports to the department's public Web site no later than September 1,
3.28	except that in years when the reports reflect new performance standards, the commissioner
3.29	shall must post the school performance reports no later than October 1.
4.1	Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 120B.36, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
4.2	Subd. 2. Student progress and other data. (a) All data the department receives, collects
4.3	or creates under section 120B.11, governing the world's best workforce, or uses to determine
4.4	federal and set goals for expectations under the most recently reauthorized Elementary and
4.5	Secondary Education Act, set state growth targets, and to determine student academic
4.6 4.7	growth, learning, and outcomes under section 120B.35 are nonpublic data under section 13.02, subdivision 9, until the commissioner publicly releases the data.
14./	13.02, Subdivision 9, until the commissioner publicly releases the data.
4.8	(b) Districts must provide parents sufficiently detailed summary data to permit parents
4.9	to appeal under the most recently reauthorized federal Elementary and Secondary Education
4.10	Act. The commissioner shall must annually post federal expectations state goals and state
4.11	student growth, learning, and outcome data to the department's public Web site no later than
4.12	September 1, except that in years when data or federal expectations state goals reflect new
4.13	performance standards, the commissioner shall must post data on federal expectations state
4.14	goals and state student growth data no later than October 1.

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readable durable poster, framed copy, or mounted plaque of the national motto of the United States, "In God We Trust." 15.20 (b) A school board may accept nonpublic funds or in-kind contributions to implement 15.21 15.22 this section. Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 121A.22, subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. **Applicability.** (a) This section applies only: 15.24 15.25 (1) when the parent of a pupil requests school personnel to administer drugs or medicine 15.26 to the pupil; or 15.27 (2) when administration is allowed by the individualized education program of a child 15.28 with a disability. 15.29 The request of a parent may be oral or in writing. An oral request must be reduced to writing within two school days, provided that the district may rely on an oral request until a written request is received. (b) If the administration of a drug or medication described in paragraph (a) requires the 16.1 school to store the drugs or medication, the parent or legal guardian must inform the school 16.2 if the drug or medication is a controlled substance. For drugs or medications that are not 16.3 controlled substances, the request must include a provision designating the school district 16.4 as an authorized entity to transport the drug or medication for the purpose of destruction if any unused drug or medication is left in the possession of school personnel. For drugs or 16.6 medications that are controlled substances, the request must specify that the parent or legal 16.7 guardian is required to retrieve the drug when requested by the school. Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 121A.22, is amended by adding a subdivision 16.10 to read: 16.11 Subd. 4a. Unclaimed drugs or medications. (a) Each school district shall adopt a

procedure for the collection and transport of any unclaimed or abandoned prescription drugs or over-the-counter medications left in the possession of school personnel in accordance with this subdivision. The procedure must ensure that before the transportation of any prescription drug under this subdivision, the school district shall make a reasonable attempt to return the unused prescription drug to the student's parent or legal guardian. The procedure

over-the-counter medications occur at least annually, or more frequently as determined by

must provide that transportation of unclaimed or unused prescription drugs or

16.18 16.19

the school district.

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16.21	defined under section 152.01, subdivision 4, or is an over-the-counter medication, the school
16.22	district may designate an individual who shall be responsible for transporting these drugs
16.23	or medications to a designated drop-off box or collection bin or may request a law
16.24	enforcement agency to transport the drugs or medications to a drop-off box or collection
16.25	bin on behalf of the school district.
16.26	(c) If the unclaimed or abandoned prescription drug is a controlled substance as defined
16.27	in section 152.01, subdivision 4, a school district or school personnel is prohibited from
16.28	transporting the prescription drug to a drop-off box or collection site for prescription drugs
16.29	identified under this paragraph. The school district must request a law enforcement agency
16.30	to transport the prescription drug or medication to a collection bin that complies with Drug
16.31	Enforcement Agency regulations, or if a bin is not available, under the agency's procedure
16.32	for transporting drugs.

(b) If the unclaimed or abandoned prescription drug is not a controlled substance as

- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 121A.39, is amended to read:
 - 121A.39 SCHOOL COUNSELORS.

16.20

17.9

- 17.10 (a) A school district is strongly encouraged to have an adequate student-to-counselor ratio for its students beginning in the 2015-2016 school year and later.
- (b) A school counselor shall assist a student in meeting the requirements for high school 17.12 graduation, college and career exploration, and selection, college affordability planning, and successful transitions into postsecondary education or training. As part of college and career exploration, a counselor is encouraged to present and explain the career opportunities and benefits offered by the United States armed forces and share information provided to the counselor by armed forces recruiters. In discussing military service with a student or a student's parent, a school counselor is encouraged to provide the student or parent information concerning the military enlistment test.

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NOTE: FROM TEACHERS ARTICLE 4, SECTION 1

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 121A.39, is amended to read:

121A.39 SCHOOL COUNSELORS. 77.31

(a) A school district is strongly encouraged to have an adequate student-to-counselor 77.32 77.33 ratio for its students beginning in the 2015-2016 school year and later.

(b) A school counselor shall must assist a student in meeting the requirements for high 78.1 school graduation, college and career exploration, and selection, college affordability planning, and successful transitions into postsecondary education or training. As part of college and career exploration, a counselor is encouraged to present and explain the career opportunities and benefits offered by the United States armed forces and share information provided to the counselor by armed forces recruiters. In discussing military service with a student or a student's parent or guardian, a school counselor is encouraged to provide the student, parent, or guardian information concerning the military enlistment test. A counselor may consult with the Department of Labor and Industry to identify resources for students interested in exploring career opportunities in high-wage, high-demand occupations in the skilled trades and manufacturing.

78.12 (c) A school counselor must not discourage or otherwise interfere with a student's enlistment, or intention to enlist, in the armed forces.

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17.20	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 121A.41, is amended by adding a subdivision
17.21	to read:
17.22 17.23 17.24 17.25 17.26 17.27 17.28 17.29 17.30	Subd. 12. Nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices; alternatives to pupil removal and dismissal. "Nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices" means policies and practices that are alternatives to removing a pupil from class or dismissing a pupil from school, including, but not limited to, positive behavioral interventions and supports and alternative education services, that require school officials to intervene in, redirect, and support a pupil's behavior before removing a pupil from class or beginning dismissal proceedings. Nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices include but are not limited to the policies and practices under sections 121A.031, subdivision 4, paragraph (a), clause (1); 121A.575, clauses (1) and (2); and 121A.61, subdivision 3, paragraph (q).
17.31	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later.
18.1 18.2	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 121A.41, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
18.3 18.4 18.5 18.6 18.7	Subd. 13. Pupil withdrawal agreements. "Pupil withdrawal agreements" means a verba or written agreement between a school or district administrator and a pupil's parent or guardian to withdraw a student from the school district to avoid expulsion or exclusion dismissal proceedings. The duration of the withdrawal agreement may be no longer than 12 months.
18.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later.
18.9 18.10	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 121A.42, is amended to read: 121A.42 POLICY.
18.11 18.12 18.13	(a) No public school shall deny due process or equal protection of the law to any public school pupil involved in a dismissal proceeding which may result in suspension, exclusion, or expulsion.
18.14 18.15	(b) School officials are encouraged to use nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices before beginning dismissal proceedings.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later.

18.16

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14.22

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NOTE: FROM SCHOOL SAFETY ARTICLE 2, SECTION 2

14.11	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 121A.41, is amended by adding a subdivision to
14.12	read:
14.13	Subd. 12. Nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices; alternatives to pupil
14.14	dismissal. "Nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices" means policies and practices
14.15	that require school officials to intervene in, redirect, and support a pupil's behavior before
14.16	dismissing a pupil from school. Nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices include
14.17	evidence-based positive behavioral interventions and supports, social and emotional learning.
14.18	character education consistent with section 120B.232, school-linked mental health services,
14.19	counseling services, social work services, referrals for special education or 504 evaluations,
14.20	academic screening for Title I services or reading interventions, and alternative education
14.21	services.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later.

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8.18	121A.45 GROUNDS FOR DISMISSAL.
8.19	Subdivision 1. Provision of alternative programs. No school shall dismiss any pupil
8.20	without attempting to provide alternative educational services or use nonexclusionary
8.21	disciplinary policies and practices before dismissal proceedings, except where it appears
8.22	that the pupil will create an immediate and substantial danger to self or to surrounding
8.23	persons or property.
8.24	Subd. 2. Grounds for dismissal. A pupil may be dismissed on any of the following
8.25	grounds for:
8.26	(a) (1) willful violation of any reasonable school board regulation. Such regulation must
8.27	be that is specific and sufficiently clear and definite to provide notice to pupils that they
8.28	must conform their conduct to its requirements;
8.29	(b) (2) willful conduct that significantly disrupts the rights of others to an education, or
8.30	the ability of school personnel to perform their duties, or school sponsored extracurricular
8.31	activities; or
9.1	(e) (3) willful conduct that endangers the pupil or other pupils, or surrounding persons,
9.2	including school district employees, or property of the school.
9.3	Subd. 3. Parent notification and meeting. If a pupil's total days of removal from school
9.4	exceeds ten cumulative days in a school year, the school district shall make reasonable
9.5	attempts to convene a meeting with the pupil and the pupil's parent or guardian before
9.6	subsequently removing the pupil from school and, with the permission of the parent or
9.7	guardian, arrange for a mental health screening for the pupil. The district is not required to
9.8	pay for the mental health screening. The purpose of this meeting is to attempt to determine
9.9	the pupil's need for assessment or other services or whether the parent or guardian should
9.10	have the pupil assessed or diagnosed to determine whether the pupil needs treatment for a
9.11	mental health disorder.
9.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later.
9.13	Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 121A.46, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
9.14	Subd. 2. Administrator notifies pupil of grounds for suspension. At the informal
9.15	administrative conference, a school administrator shall notify the pupil of the grounds for

the suspension, provide an explanation of and explain the evidence the authorities have,

18.17 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 121A.45, is amended to read:

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NOTE: FROM SCHOOL SAFETY ARTICLE 2, SECTION 4

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 121A.45, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Provision of alternative programs.** No school shall dismiss any pupil without attempting to provide alternative educational services Schools must consider, where

appropriate, using nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices before dismissal proceedings, except where it appears that the pupil will create an immediate and substantial

danger to self or to surrounding persons or property.

15.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later.

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and the pupil may present the pupil's version of the facts. The pupil may present the pupil's version of the facts and ask questions but is not required to do so. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later. 19.19 19.20 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 121A.46, subdivision 3, is amended to read: Subd. 3. Written notice of grounds for suspension. A written notice containing of 19.21 grounds for suspension shall be personally served upon the pupil at or before the time the suspension is to take effect and served upon the pupil's parent or guardian electronically or by mail within 48 hours of the conference. A written notice required under this section must 19.25 contain: 19.26 (1) the grounds for suspension; 19.27 (2) a brief statement of the facts; 19.28 (3) a description of the testimony; 19.29 (4) documents indicating the nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices initially 19.30 used with the pupil, if applicable; 19.31 (5) the length of the suspension; (6) a readmission plan, that includes the pupil's date of return to school; 20.1 20.2 (7) a request for a meeting with the pupil's parent or guardian consistent with subdivision 3a; and 20.3 20.4 (8) a copy of sections 121A.40 to 121A.56, shall be personally served upon the pupil at or before the time the suspension is to take effect, and upon the pupil's parent or guardian 20.5 by mail within 48 hours of the conference. The district shall make reasonable efforts to notify the parents of the suspension by telephone 20.7 or electronically as soon as possible following the suspension. In the event a pupil is suspended without an informal administrative conference on the grounds that the pupil will 20.10 create an immediate and substantial danger to surrounding persons or property, the written notice shall be served upon the pupil and the pupil's parent or guardian within 48 hours of the suspension. Service by mail is complete upon mailing. 20.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later.

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20.14	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 121A.46, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
20.15	to read.
20.16	Subd. 3a. Parent notification and meeting; suspension; mental health screening. (a)
20.17	After suspending a pupil from school, a school official must make reasonable attempts to
20.18	convene a meeting with the pupil and the pupil's parent or guardian within 30 calendar days
20.19	of the dismissal. The purpose of the meeting is to engage the pupil's parent or guardian in
20.20	developing a plan to help the pupil succeed in school by addressing the behavior that led
20.21	to the dismissal.
20.22	(b) If a pupil's total days of removal from school exceeds ten cumulative days in a school
20.23	year, the school district shall make reasonable attempts to convene a meeting with the pupil
20.24	and the pupil's parent or guardian before subsequently removing the pupil from school and,
20.25	with the permission of the parent or guardian, arrange for a mental health screening for the
20.26	pupil. The district is not required to pay for the mental health screening. The purpose of
20.27	this meeting is to attempt to determine the pupil's need for assessment or other services or
20.28	whether the parent or guardian should have the pupil assessed or diagnosed to determine
20.29	whether the pupil needs treatment for a mental health disorder.
20.30	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later.
21.1	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 121A.46, is amended by adding a subdivision
21.2	to read:
21.3	Subd. 5. Minimum education services. School officials must give a suspended pupil
21.4	a reasonable opportunity to complete all school work assigned during the pupil's suspension
21.5	and to receive full credit for satisfactorily completing the assignments. The school principal
21.6	or other person having administrative control of the school building or program is encouraged
21.7	to designate a district or school employee as a liaison to work with the pupil's teachers to
21.8	allow the suspended pupil to (1) receive timely course materials and other information, and
21.9	(2) complete daily and weekly assignments and receive teachers' feedback.
21.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later.
21.11	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 121A.47, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
21.12	Subd. 2. Written notice. Written notice of intent to take action shall:

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NOTE: FROM SCHOOL SAFETY ARTICLE 2, SECTION 6

15.14	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 121A.46, is amended by adding a subdivision to
15 15	read:

15.16	Subd. 6. Minimum education services. School officials must give a suspended pupil
15.17	the opportunity to complete all school work assigned during the pupil's suspension and to
15.18	receive full credit for satisfactorily completing the assignments. The school principal or
15.19	other person having administrative control of the school building or program is encouraged
15.20	to designate a district or school employee as a liaison to work with the pupil's teachers to
15.21	allow the suspended pupil to: (1) receive timely course materials and other information,
15.22	and (2) complete daily and weekly assignments and receive teachers' feedback.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later.

NOTE: FROM SCHOOL SAFETY ARTICLE 2, SECTION 7

15.24 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 121A.47, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Written notice. Written notice of intent to take action shall must: 15.25

15.23

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1.13	$\frac{a}{1}$ be served upon the pupil and the pupil's parent or guardian personally or by mail
1.14	(b) (2) contain a complete statement of the facts, a list of the witnesses and a description of their testimony;
1.16 1.17	(e) (3) explain the grounds for expelling the pupil instead of imposing nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices under section 121A.41, subdivision 12;
1.18	(4) state the date, time, and place of the hearing;
1.19	(d) (5) be accompanied by a copy of sections 121A.40 to 121A.56;
1.20	(e) (6) describe alternative educational services accorded the pupil in an attempt to avoit the exclusion or expulsion proceedings; and
1.22	$\frac{f}{f}$ (7) inform the pupil and parent or guardian of the right to:
1.23 1.24 1.25 1.26	(1) (i) have a representative of the pupil's own choosing, including legal counsel, at the hearing. The district shall must advise the pupil's parent or guardian that free or low-cost legal assistance may be available and that a legal assistance resource list is available from the Department of Education;
1.27	(2) (ii) examine the pupil's records before the hearing;
1.28	(3) (iii) present evidence; and
1.29	(4) (iv) confront and cross-examine witnesses.
1.30	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later.
2.1	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 121A.53, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6	Subdivision 1. Exclusions and expulsions; physical assaults. Consistent with subdivision 2, the school board must report through use the department electronic reporting system to report to the commissioner each exclusion or expulsion and, each physical assault of a district employee by a student pupil, and each pupil withdrawal agreement within 30 days of the effective date of the dismissal action or assault to the commissioner of education
7	This report must include a statement of alternative adventional services, or other senation

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15.26	$\frac{\text{(a)}(1)}{\text{(b)}}$ be served upon the pupil and the pupil's parent or guardian personally or by mail;
15.27 15.28	$\frac{\text{(b)}}{\text{(2)}}$ contain a complete statement of the facts, a list of the witnesses and a description of their testimony;
15.29 15.30	(3) explain the grounds for expelling the pupil instead of imposing nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices under section 121A.41, subdivision 12;
16.1	(e) (4) state the date, time, and place of the hearing;
16.2	(d) (5) be accompanied by a copy of sections 121A.40 to 121A.56;
16.3 16.4	(e) (6) describe alternative educational services the nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices accorded the pupil in an attempt to avoid the expulsion proceedings; and
16.5	$\frac{(f)}{(f)}$ inform the pupil and parent or guardian of the right to:
16.6 16.7 16.8 16.9	(1) (i) have a representative of the pupil's own choosing, including legal counsel, at the hearing. The district shall must advise the pupil's parent or guardian that free or low-cost legal assistance may be available and that a legal assistance resource list is available from the Department of Education and is posted on the department's Web site;
16.10	(2) (ii) examine the pupil's records before the hearing;
16.11	(3) (iii) present evidence; and
16.12	(4) (iv) confront and cross-examine witnesses.
16.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later.
	NOTE: FROM SCHOOL SAFETY ARTICLE 2, SECTION 9
17.5	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 121A.53, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
17.6 17.7 17.8 17.9 17.10 17.11 17.12	Subdivision 1. Exclusions and expulsions; physical assaults. Consistent with subdivision 2, the school board must report through the department electronic reporting system each exclusion or expulsion and each physical assault of a district employee by a student pupil within 30 days of the effective date of the dismissal action or assault to the commissioner of education. This report must include a statement of alternative educational services nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices, or other sanction, intervention, or resolution in response to the assault given the pupil and the reason for, the effective date,

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22.8	intervention, or resolution in response to the assault given the pupil and the reason for, identify:
22.10	(1) the pupil's behavior leading to the discipline;
2.11	(2) the nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices used, if applicable;
22.12	(3) any attempts to provide the pupil with alternative education services before excluding or expelling the pupil;
2.14	(4) the effective date, and of the disciplinary action; and
2.15	(5) the duration of the exclusion or expulsion or other sanction, intervention, or resolution.
22.16	The report must also include the student's <u>pupil's</u> age, grade, gender, race, and special education status.
22.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later.
2.19	Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 121A.55, is amended to read:
22.20	121A.55 POLICIES TO BE ESTABLISHED.
22.21 22.22 22.23 22.24 22.25	(a) The commissioner of education shall promulgate guidelines to assist each school board. Each school board shall establish uniform criteria for dismissal and adopt written policies and rules to effectuate the purposes of sections 121A.40 to 121A.56. The policies shall emphasize preventing dismissals through early detection of problems and shall be designed to address students' pupils' inappropriate behavior from recurring.
22.26 22.27 22.28 22.29 22.30	(b) The policies shall recognize the continuing responsibility of the school for the education of the pupil during the dismissal period. The alternative educational services, if the pupil wishes to take advantage of them, must be adequate to allow the pupil to make progress towards meeting the graduation standards adopted under section 120B.02 and help prepare the pupil for readmission, and are consistent with section 121A.46, subdivision 5.

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17.13 17.14 17.15	and the duration of the exclusion or expulsion or other sanction, intervention, or resolution. The report must also include the student's pupil's age, grade, gender, race, and special education status.
17.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later.
	NOTE: FROM SCHOOL SAFETY ARTICLE 2, SECTION 10
17.17	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 121A.55, is amended to read:
17.18	121A.55 POLICIES TO BE ESTABLISHED.
17.19 17.20 17.21 17.22 17.23 17.24 17.25	(a) The commissioner of education shall promulgate guidelines to assist each school board. Each school board shall must establish uniform criteria for dismissal and adopt written policies and rules to effectuate the purposes of sections 121A.40 to 121A.56. The policies shall must include nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices consistent with section 121A.41, subdivision 12, and emphasize preventing dismissals through early detection of problems and shall. The policies must be designed to address students' inappropriate behavior from recurring.
17.26 17.27 17.28 17.29 17.30 17.31	(b) The policies shall recognize the continuing responsibility of the school for the education of the pupil during the dismissal period. The school is responsible for ensuring that the alternative educational services, if to be provided to the pupil wishes to take advantage of them, must be are adequate to allow the pupil to make progress towards meeting the graduation standards adopted under section 120B.02 and, help prepare the pupil for readmission, and are consistent with section 121A.46, subdivision 6.

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23.1	(c) For expulsion and exclusion dismissals, as well as pupil withdrawal agreements as
23.2	defined in section 121A.41, subdivision 13:
23.3	(1) if school-linked mental health services are provided in the district under section
23.4	245.4889, pupils continue to be eligible for those services until they are enrolled in a new
23.5	district; and
23.6	(2) the district must provide to the pupil's parent or guardian a list of mental health and
23.7	counseling services available to the pupil after expulsion. The list must also be posted on
23.8	the district's Web site.
23.9	(b) (d) An area learning center under section 123A.05 may not prohibit an expelled or
23.10	excluded pupil from enrolling solely because a district expelled or excluded the pupil. The
23.10	board of the area learning center may use the provisions of the Pupil Fair Dismissal Act to
23.11	exclude a pupil or to require an admission plan.
23.12	exclude a pupil of to require an admission plan.
23.13	(e) Each school district shall develop a policy and report it to the commissioner on
23.14	the appropriate use of peace and school resource officers and crisis teams to remove students
23.15	pupils who have an individualized education program from school grounds.
23.16	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later.
23.17	Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 121A.61, is amended to read:
23.18	121A.61 DISCIPLINE AND REMOVAL OF STUDENTS PUPILS FROM CLASS.
23.19	Subdivision 1. Required policy. Each school board must adopt a written districtwide
23.20	school discipline policy which includes written rules of conduct for students pupils, minimum
23.21	potential consequences for violations of the rules, parental notification requirements, and
23.22	grounds and procedures for removal of a student pupil from class. The board must develop
23.23	the policy must be developed in consultation with administrators, teachers, employees,
23.24	pupils, parents, community members, law enforcement agencies, county attorney offices,
23.25	social service agencies, and such other individuals or organizations as the board determines
23.26	appropriate. A school site council may adopt additional provisions to the policy subject to
23.27	the approval of the school board.

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17.32

17.32	(c) For expulsion and exclusion dismissals:
18.1	(1) the school district's continuing responsibility includes reviewing the numil's school
18.1	(1) the school district's continuing responsibility includes reviewing the pupil's school work and grades on a quarterly basis to ensure the pupil is on track for readmission with
18.3	the pupil's peers until the student enrolls in a new district. School districts must communicate
18.4	on a regular basis with the pupil's parent or guardian to ensure the pupil is completing the
18.5	work assigned through the alternative educational services;
18.6	(2) a pupil remains eligible for school-linked mental health services under section
18.7	245.4889 in the manner determined by the district until the pupil is enrolled in a new district;
18.8	<u>and</u>
18.9	(2) the school district must provide to the numil's parent or quardien a list of community
18.10	(3) the school district must provide to the pupil's parent or guardian a list of community mental health programs after expulsion.
10.10	inches frograms are expansion.
18.11	(b) (d) An area learning center under section 123A.05 may not prohibit an expelled or
18.12	excluded pupil from enrolling solely because a district expelled or excluded the pupil. The
18.13	board of the area learning center may use the provisions of the Pupil Fair Dismissal Act to
18.14	exclude a pupil or to require an admission plan.
10.15	
18.15 18.16	(e) (e) Each school district shall develop a policy and report it to the commissioner on the appropriate use of peace officers and crisis teams to remove students who have an
18.17	individualized education program from school grounds.
10.1/	marviduanzed education program from school grounds.
18.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later.

NOTE: FROM SCHOOL SAFETY ARTICLE 2, SECTION 11

18.19	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 121A.61, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
18.20 18.21	Subd. 2. Grounds for removal from class. The policy must establish the various grounds for which a student pupil may be removed from a class in the district for a period of time
18.22	under the procedures specified in the policy. The policy must include a procedure for
18.23	notifying and meeting with a student's pupil's parent or guardian to discuss the problem that
18.24	is causing the student pupil to be removed from class after the student pupil has been removed
18.25	from class more than ten five times in one school year. The grounds in the policy must
18.26	include at least the following provisions as well as other grounds determined appropriate
18.27	by the board:
18.28	(a) (1) willful conduct that significantly disrupts the rights of others to an education,
18.29	including conduct that interferes with a teacher's ability to teach or communicate effectively
18.30	with students pupils in a class or with the ability of other students pupils to learn;
18.31	(b) (2) willful conduct that endangers surrounding persons, including school district
18.32	employees, the student pupil, or other students pupils, or the property of the school; and
19.1	(e) (3) willful violation of any rule of conduct specified in the discipline policy adopted
19.1	by the board.
17.2	by the board.

23.31 23.32 23.33 24.1 24.2	notifying and meeting with a student's pupil's parent or guardian to discuss the problem that is causing the student pupil to be removed from class after the student pupil has been removed from class more than ten five times in one school year. The grounds in the policy must include at least the following provisions as well as other grounds determined appropriate by the board:
24.3 24.4 24.5	(a) willful conduct that significantly disrupts the rights of others to an education, including conduct that interferes with a teacher's ability to teach or communicate effectively with students pupils in a class or with the ability of other students pupils to learn;
24.6 24.7	(b) willful conduct that endangers surrounding persons, including school district employees, the student pupil, or other students pupils, or the property of the school; and
24.8 24.9	(c) willful violation of any rule of conduct specified in the discipline policy adopted by the board.
24.10	Subd. 3. Policy components. The policy must include at least the following components:
24.11 24.12	(a) rules governing student pupil conduct and procedures for informing students pupils of the rules;
24.13	(b) the grounds for removal of a student pupil from a class;
24.14 24.15	(c) the authority of the classroom teacher to remove students pupils from the classroom pursuant to procedures and rules established in the district's policy;
24.16 24.17	(d) the procedures for removal of a student <u>pupil</u> from a class by a teacher, school administrator, or other school district employee;
24.18 24.19	(e) the period of time for which a student <u>pupil</u> may be removed from a class, which may not exceed five class periods for a violation of a rule of conduct;

Subd. 2. **Grounds for removal from class.** The policy must establish the various grounds

for which a student pupil may be removed from a class in the district for a period of time under the procedures specified in the policy. The policy must include a procedure for

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24.20	(f) provisions relating to the responsibility for and custody of a student pupil removed
24.21	from a class;
24.22	(g) the procedures for return of a student pupil to the specified class from which the
24.23	student pupil has been removed;
24.24	(h) the procedures for notifying a student pupil and the student's pupil's parents or
24.25	guardian of violations of the rules of conduct and of resulting disciplinary actions;
24.26	(i) any procedures determined appropriate for encouraging early involvement of parents
24.27	or guardians in attempts to improve a student's pupil's behavior;
24.28	(j) any procedures determined appropriate for encouraging early detection of behavioral
24.29	problems;
24.30	(k) any procedures determined appropriate for referring a student pupil in need of special
24.31	education services to those services;
25.1	(1) the procedures for consideration of whether there is a need for a further assessment
25.2	or of whether there is a need for a review of the adequacy of a current individualized
25.3	education program of a student pupil with a disability who is removed from class;
25.4	(m) procedures for detecting and addressing chemical abuse problems of a student pupil
25.5	while on the school premises;
25.6	(n) the minimum potential consequences for violations of the code of conduct;
25.7	(o) procedures for immediate and appropriate interventions tied to violations of the code;
25.8	(p) a provision that states that a teacher, school employee, school bus driver, or other
25.9	agent of a district may use reasonable force in compliance with section 121A.582 and other
25.10	laws;
25.11	(q) an agreement regarding procedures to coordinate crisis services to the extent funds
25.12	are available with the county board responsible for implementing sections 245.487 to
25.13	245.4889 for students pupils with a serious emotional disturbance or other students pupils
25.14	who have an individualized education program whose behavior may be addressed by crisis
25.15	intervention; and
25.16	(r) a provision that states a student pupil must be removed from class immediately if the
25.17	student pupil engages in assault or violent behavior. For purposes of this paragraph, "assault"

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25.18 25.19	has the meaning given it in section 609.02, subdivision 10. The removal shall be for a period of time deemed appropriate by the principal, in consultation with the teacher.
25.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later
25.21 25.22	Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 121A.67, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
25.23 25.24 25.25 25.26 25.27	Subd. 3. Parent notification. A school administrator must make and document efforts to immediately contact the parent or guardian of a pupil removed from a school building or school grounds by a peace or school resource officer unless such notice is specifically prohibited by law. If a pupil is secluded, a school administrator must make reasonable effort to notify the pupil's parent or guardian of the seclusion by the end of the same school day.
25.28	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later
26.1 26.2	Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 122A.09, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
26.3 26.4 26.5 26.6	Subd. 4b. Essential data. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board maintain a list of essential data elements which must be recorded and stored about each licensed and nonlicensed staff member. Each school district must provide the essential data to the board in the form and manner prescribed by the board.
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554.11	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.63, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
554.12 554.13 554.14	Subdivision 1. Establishment. (a) A grant program is established to assist American Indian people to become teachers and to provide additional education for American Indian teachers. The commissioner may award a joint grant to each of the following:
554.15 554.16	(1) the Duluth campus of the University of Minnesota and Independent School District No. 709, Duluth;
554.17	(2) Bemidji State University and Independent School District No. 38, Red Lake;
554.18 554.19	(3) Moorhead State University and one of the school districts located within the White Earth Reservation; and

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NOTE: FROM SCHOOL SAFETY ARTICLE 2, SECTION 12

19.3 19.4	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 121A.67, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
19.5 19.6 19.7	Subd. 3. Parent notification. A school administrator must make and document efforts to immediately contact the parent or guardian of a pupil removed from a school building or school grounds by a peace officer unless such notice is specifically prohibited by law.
19.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later
64.15 64.16	Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 122A.09, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
64.17 64.18 64.19 64.20	Subd. 4b. Essential data. The Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board must maintain a list of essential data elements which must be recorded and stored about each licensed and nonlicensed staff member. Each school district must provide the essential data to the board in the form and manner prescribed by the board

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554.20 554.21	(4) Augsburg College, Independent School District No. 625, St. Paul, and Special School District No. 1, Minneapolis.
	,,,,
554.22	(b) If additional funds are available, the commissioner may award additional joint grants
554.23	to other postsecondary institutions and school districts.
554.24	(c) Grantees may enter into contracts with tribal, technical, and community colleges and
554.25	four-year postsecondary institutions to identify and provide grants to students at those
554.26	institutions interested in the field of education. Each grantee is eligible to and may contract
554.27	with partner institutions to provide professional development and supplemental services to
554.28	a tribal, technical, or community college or four-year postsecondary institution, including
554.29	identification of prospective students, provision of instructional supplies and materials, and
554.30	provision of grant money to students. A contract with a tribal, technical, or community
554.31	college or four-year postsecondary institution includes coordination of student identification,
554.32	professional development, and mentorship services.
555.1	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.63, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
555.2	Subd. 4. Grant amount. The commissioner may award a joint grant in the amount it
555.3	determines to be appropriate. The grant shall include money for the postsecondary institution,
555.4	school district, and student scholarships, and student loans grants.
555.5	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.63, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
555.6	Subd. 5. Information to student applicants. At the time a student applies for a
555.7	seholarship and loan grant, the student shall be provided information about the fields of
555.8	licensure needed by school districts in the part of the state within which the district receiving
555.9	the joint grant is located. The information shall be acquired and periodically updated by the
555.10 555.11	recipients of the joint grant and their contracted partner institutions. Information provided to students shall clearly state that scholarship and loan decisions are not based upon the
555.11	field of licensure selected by the student.
333.12	field of ficefistic selected by the student.
555.13	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.63, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
555.14	Subd. 6. Eligibility for scholarships and loans student grants. The following Indian
555.15	people are eligible for scholarships student grants:
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
555.16	(1) a student having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and
555.17	maintaining cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition;
555.18	(1) (2) a student, including a teacher aide employed by a district receiving a joint grant
555.19	or their contracted partner school, who intends to become a teacher or who is interested in

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	the field of education and who is enrolled in a postsecondary institution or their contracted partner institutions receiving a joint grant;
555.22 555.23	(2) (3) a licensed employee of a district receiving a joint grant or a contracted partner school, who is enrolled in a master of education program; and
555.24 555.25 555.26 555.27	(3) (4) a student who, after applying for federal and state financial aid and an Indian scholarship according to section 136A.126, has financial needs that remain unmet. Financial need shall be determined according to the congressional methodology for needs determination or as otherwise set in federal law.
555.28 555.29 555.30 555.31 556.1 556.2	A person who has actual living expenses in addition to those addressed by the congressional methodology for needs determination, or as otherwise set in federal law, may receive a loan according to criteria established by the commissioner. A contract shall be executed between the state and the student for the amount and terms of the loan. Priority shall be given to a student who is tribally enrolled and then to first- and second-generation descendants.
556.3 556.4	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.63, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
556.5 556.6 556.7 556.8	Subd. 9. Eligible programming. (a) The grantee institutions and the contracted partner institutions may provide grants to students progressing toward educational goals in any area of teacher licensure, including an associate of arts, bachelor's, master's, or doctoral degree in the following:
556.9	(1) any educational certification necessary for employment;
556.10	(2) early childhood family education or prekindergarten licensure;
556.11	(3) elementary and secondary education;
556.12	(4) school administration; or
556.13 556.14	(5) any educational program that provides services to American Indian students in prekindergarten through grade 12.
556.15 556.16 556.17 556.18	The grantee institutions and the contracted partner institutions must give priority to grants for students progressing towards an associate of arts or a bachelor's degree. Students progressing towards a master's or doctoral degree may be awarded a grant if they were enrolled in the degree granting program before May 1, 2018.

556.19	(b) For purposes of recruitment, the grantees or their partner contracted institutions shall
556.20	agree to work with their respective organizations to hire an American Indian work-study
556.21	student or other American Indian staff to conduct initial information queries and to contact
556.22	persons working in schools to provide programming regarding education professions to a
556.23	high school student who may be interested in education as a profession.
	<u> </u>
556.24	(c) At least 80 percent of the grants awarded under this section must be used for student
556.25	grants. No more than 20 percent of the grants awarded under this section may be used for
556.26	recruitment or administration of the student grants.
000.20	grand.
556.27	Sec. 7. [123B.022] PROHIBITING SCHOOL EMPLOYEES FROM USING PUBLIC
556.28	RESOURCES FOR ADVOCACY; ENDORSING TIMELY AND CURRENT
556.29	
556.30	(a) A school board must adopt and implement a districtwide policy that prohibits district
556.30 556.31	
	(a) A school board must adopt and implement a districtwide policy that prohibits district employees from using district funds or other publicly funded district resources, including time, materials, equipment, facilities, social media, and communication technologies, among
556.31	employees from using district funds or other publicly funded district resources, including
556.31 557.1	employees from using district funds or other publicly funded district resources, including time, materials, equipment, facilities, social media, and communication technologies, among other resources, to advocate for electing or defeating a candidate, or passing or defeating a
556.31 557.1 557.2	employees from using district funds or other publicly funded district resources, including time, materials, equipment, facilities, social media, and communication technologies, among
556.31 557.1 557.2 557.3	employees from using district funds or other publicly funded district resources, including time, materials, equipment, facilities, social media, and communication technologies, among other resources, to advocate for electing or defeating a candidate, or passing or defeating a ballot question. The policy must apply when the employee performs the duties assigned to
556.31 557.1 557.2 557.3 557.4	employees from using district funds or other publicly funded district resources, including time, materials, equipment, facilities, social media, and communication technologies, among other resources, to advocate for electing or defeating a candidate, or passing or defeating a ballot question. The policy must apply when the employee performs the duties assigned to the employee under the employee's employment contract with the district, and includes the
556.31 557.1 557.2 557.3 557.4 557.5	employees from using district funds or other publicly funded district resources, including time, materials, equipment, facilities, social media, and communication technologies, among other resources, to advocate for electing or defeating a candidate, or passing or defeating a ballot question. The policy must apply when the employee performs the duties assigned to the employee under the employee's employment contract with the district, and includes the periods when the employee represents the district in an official capacity, among other duties.
556.31 557.1 557.2 557.3 557.4 557.5 557.6	employees from using district funds or other publicly funded district resources, including time, materials, equipment, facilities, social media, and communication technologies, among other resources, to advocate for electing or defeating a candidate, or passing or defeating a ballot question. The policy must apply when the employee performs the duties assigned to the employee under the employee's employment contract with the district, and includes the periods when the employee represents the district in an official capacity, among other duties. The policy must not apply when an employee disseminates factual information consistent
556.31 557.1 557.2 557.3 557.4 557.5 557.6	employees from using district funds or other publicly funded district resources, including time, materials, equipment, facilities, social media, and communication technologies, among other resources, to advocate for electing or defeating a candidate, or passing or defeating a ballot question. The policy must apply when the employee performs the duties assigned to the employee under the employee's employment contract with the district, and includes the periods when the employee represents the district in an official capacity, among other duties. The policy must not apply when an employee disseminates factual information consistent with the employee's contractual duties.
556.31 557.1 557.2 557.3 557.4 557.5 557.6 557.7	employees from using district funds or other publicly funded district resources, including time, materials, equipment, facilities, social media, and communication technologies, among other resources, to advocate for electing or defeating a candidate, or passing or defeating a ballot question. The policy must apply when the employee performs the duties assigned to the employee under the employee's employment contract with the district, and includes the periods when the employee represents the district in an official capacity, among other duties. The policy must not apply when an employee disseminates factual information consistent
556.31 557.1 557.2 557.3 557.4 557.5 557.6 557.7	employees from using district funds or other publicly funded district resources, including time, materials, equipment, facilities, social media, and communication technologies, among other resources, to advocate for electing or defeating a candidate, or passing or defeating a ballot question. The policy must apply when the employee performs the duties assigned to the employee under the employee's employment contract with the district, and includes the periods when the employee represents the district in an official capacity, among other duties. The policy must not apply when an employee disseminates factual information consistent with the employee's contractual duties. (b) The school board must provide the district's electorate with timely factual information

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Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 123B.14, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Clerk records.** The clerk **shall** keep a record of all meetings of the district and the board in books provided by the district for that purpose. The clerk **shall**, within three days after an election, notify all persons elected of their election. By September 15 of each year the clerk **shall** file with the board a report of the revenues, expenditures and balances in each fund for the preceding fiscal year. The report together with vouchers and supporting documents **shall** subsequently be examined by a public accountant or the state auditor, either of whom **shall** be paid by the district, as provided in section 123B.77, subdivision 3. The board **shall** by resolution approve the report or require a further or amended report. By

64.21 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 123B.14, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Clerk records.** The clerk shall must keep a record of all meetings of the district and the board in books provided by the district for that purpose. The clerk shall must, within three days after an election, notify all persons elected of their election. By September 15 of each year the clerk shall must file with the board a report of the revenues, expenditures and balances in each fund for the preceding fiscal year. The report together with vouchers and supporting documents shall must subsequently be examined by a public accountant or the state auditor, either of whom shall must be paid by the district, as provided in section 123B.77, subdivision 3. The board shall must by resolution approve the report or require a

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26.16 26.17	September 15 of each year, the clerk shall make and transmit to the commissioner certified reports, showing:
26.18 26.19	(1) the revenues and expenditures in detail, and such other financial information required by law, rule, or as may be called for by the commissioner;
26.20	(2) the length of school term and the enrollment and attendance by grades; and
26.21	(3) such other items of information as may be called for by the commissioner.
26.22 26.23 26.24 26.25 26.26 26.27 26.28 26.29 26.30 26.31 26.32 26.33	The clerk shall enter in the clerk's record book copies of all reports and of the teachers' term reports, as they appear in the registers, and of the proceedings of any meeting as furnished by the clerk pro tem, and keep an itemized account of all the expenses of the district. The clerk shall furnish to the auditor of the proper county, by September 30 of each year, an attested copy of the clerk's record, showing the amount of proposed property tax voted by the district or the board for school purposes; draw and sign all orders upon the treasurer for the payment of money for bills allowed by the board for salaries of officers and for teachers' wages and all claims, to be countersigned by the chair. Such orders must state the consideration, payee, and the fund and the clerk shall take a receipt therefor. Teachers' wages shall have preference in the order in which they become due, and no money applicable for teachers' wages shall be used for any other purpose, nor shall teachers' wages be paid from any fund except that raised or apportioned for that purpose.
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557.11 557.12	Sec. 8. [124D.5222] ADULT BASIC EDUCATION AID FOR COMMUNITY-BASED PROVIDERS.
557.13 557.14 557.15	(a) The International Education Center, the American Indian Opportunities Industrialization Center, and the Minnesota Office of Communication Service for the Deaf are eligible for additional adult basic education aid for fiscal year 2019 only.
557.16 557.17 557.18	(b) The additional aid for each eligible organization equals \$400,000 times the ratio of (1) the number of students served for the previous fiscal year by the organization to (2) the sum of the number of students served for the previous fiscal year by all eligible organizations
557.19 557.20	(c) The additional aid under this section must be paid in the same form and manner as the aid under section 124D.531.
557.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for fiscal year 2019 only.

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64.30 64.31	further or amended report. By September 15 of each year, the clerk shall make and transmit to the commissioner certified reports, showing:
64.32 64.33	(1) the revenues and expenditures in detail, and such other financial information required by law, rule, or as may be called for by the commissioner;
65.1	(2) the length of school term and the enrollment and attendance by grades; and
65.2	(3) such other items of information as may be called for by the commissioner.
65.3	The clerk shall must enter in the clerk's record book copies of all reports and of the
65.4	teachers' term reports, as they appear in the registers, and of the proceedings of any meeting
65.5	as furnished by the clerk pro tem, and keep an itemized account of all the expenses of the
65.6	district. The clerk shall must furnish to the auditor of the proper county, by September 30
65.7	of each year, an attested copy of the clerk's record, showing the amount of proposed property
65.8	tax voted by the district or the board for school purposes; draw and sign all orders upon the
65.9	treasurer for the payment of money for bills allowed by the board for salaries of officers
65.10	and for teachers' wages and all claims, to be countersigned by the chair. Such orders must
65.11	state the consideration, payee, and the fund and the clerk shall take a receipt therefor.
65.12	Teachers' wages shall have preference in the order in which they become due, and no money
65.13	applicable for teachers' wages shall be used for any other purpose, nor shall teachers' wages
65.14	be paid from any fund except that raised or apportioned for that purpose.

to read:

66.13 derived by:

66.10

S3086-2

27.1	Sec 28	Minnecota S	tatutes 2016	section	124D 78	cubdivicion	2 ic	amended	1 to read	A

27.2	Subd. 2. Resolution of concurrence. Prior to March 1, the school board or American
27.3	Indian school must submit to the department a copy of a resolution adopted by the American
27.4	Indian education parent advisory committee. The copy must be signed by the chair of the
27.5	committee and must state whether the committee concurs with the educational programs
27.6	for American Indian students offered by the school board or American Indian school. If the
27.7	committee does not concur with the educational programs, the reasons for nonconcurrence
27.8	and recommendations shall be submitted directly to the school board with the resolution.
27.9	By resolution, the board must respond in writing within 60 days, in cases of nonconcurrence,
27.10	to each recommendation made by the committee and state its reasons for not implementing
27.11	the recommendations.

65.15	Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 124D.78, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
65.16	Subd. 2. Resolution of concurrence. Prior to March 1, the school board or American
65.17	Indian school must submit to the department a copy of a resolution adopted by the American
65.18	Indian education parent advisory committee. The copy must be signed by the chair of the
65.19	committee and must state whether the committee concurs with the educational programs
65.20	for American Indian students offered by the school board or American Indian school. If the
65.21	committee does not concur with the educational programs, the reasons for nonconcurrence
65.22	and recommendations shall must be submitted directly to the school board with the resolution.
65.23	By resolution, the board must respond in writing within 60 days, in cases of nonconcurrence,
65.24	to each recommendation made by the committee and state its reasons for not implementing
65.25	the recommendations.
65.26	Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 124D.83, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
65.27	Subdivision 1. Authorization. (a) Each year each American Indian-controlled tribal
65.28	contract or grant school authorized by the United States Code, title 25, section 450f, that is
65.29	located on a reservation within the state is eligible to receive tribal contract or grant school
65.30	aid subject to the requirements in paragraphs (b) to (d).
65.31	(b) The school must plan, conduct, and administer an education program that complies
65.32	with the requirements of either this chapter and chapters 120A, 120B, 121A, 122A, 123A,
66.1	123B, 125A, 125B, 126C, 127A, 129, and 268A or and Code of Federal Regulations, title
66.2	25, sections 31.0 to 45.80.
66.3	(c) The school must comply with all other state statutes governing independent school
66.4	districts or their equivalent in the Code of Federal Regulations, title 25.
66.5	(d) The state tribal contract or grant school aid must be used to supplement, and not to
66.6	replace, the money for American Indian education programs provided by the federal
66.7	government.
66.8	Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 124D.83, subdivision 2, is amended

Subd. 2. Revenue amount. An American Indian-controlled tribal contract or grant school

that is located on a reservation within the state and that complies with the requirements in subdivision 1 is eligible to receive tribal contract or grant school aid. The amount of aid is

66.14	(1) multiplying the formula allowance under section 126C.10, subdivision 2, less \$170,
66.15	times the difference between (i) the resident pupil units as defined in section 126C.05,
66.16	subdivision 6, in average daily membership, excluding section 126C.05, subdivision 13,
66.17	and (ii) the number of pupils for the current school year, weighted according to section
66.18	126C.05, subdivision 1, receiving benefits under section 123B.42 or 123B.44 or for which
66.19	the school is receiving reimbursement under section 124D.69;
66.20	(2) adding to the result in clause (1) an amount equal to the product of the formula
66.21	allowance under section 126C.10, subdivision 2, less \$300 times the tribal contract
66.22	compensation revenue pupil units;
66.23	(3) subtracting from the result in clause (2) the amount of money allotted to the school
66.24	by the federal government through Indian School Equalization Program of the Bureau of
66.25	Indian Affairs, according to Code of Federal Regulations, title 25, part 39, subparts A to E,
66.26	for the basic program as defined by section 39.11, paragraph (b), for the base rate as applied
66.27	to kindergarten through twelfth grade, excluding small school adjustments and additional
66.28	weighting, but not money allotted through subparts F to L for contingency funds, school
66.29	board training, student training, interim maintenance and minor repair, interim administration
66.30	cost, prekindergarten, and operation and maintenance, and the amount of money that is
66.31	received according to section 124D.69;
67.1	(4) dividing the result in clause (3) by the sum of the resident pupil units in average daily
67.2	membership, excluding section 126C.05, subdivision 13, plus the tribal contract compensation
67.3	revenue pupil units; and
67.4	(5) multiplying the sum of the resident pupil units, including section 126C.05, subdivision
67.5	13, in average daily membership plus the tribal contract compensation revenue pupil units
67.6	by the lesser of \$3,230 for fiscal years 2016 to 2019 and \$1,500 for fiscal year 2020 and
67.7	later or the result in clause (4).
67.8	Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 124D.98, is amended to read:
67.9	124D.98 LITERACY INCENTIVE AID.
67.10	Subdivision 1. Literacy incentive aid. A district's literacy incentive aid equals the sum
67.11	of the proficiency aid under subdivision 2, and the growth aid under subdivision 3.
-	
67.12	Subd. 2. Proficiency aid. The proficiency aid for each school in a district that has
67.13	submitted to the commissioner its local literacy plan under section 120B.12, subdivision
67.14	4a, is equal to the product of the school's proficiency allowance times the number of third
67.15	grade pupils at the school on October 1 of the previous fiscal year. A school's proficiency
67.16	allowance is equal to the percentage of students in each building that meet or exceed

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557.22	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2017 S	supplement, section	124E.03,	subdivision 2,	is amended
557.23	to read:	**			

- Subd. 2. **Certain federal, state, and local requirements.** (a) A charter school shall meet all federal, state, and local health and safety requirements applicable to school districts.
- (b) A school must comply with statewide accountability requirements governing standards and assessments in chapter 120B.

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67.17	proficiency on the third grade reading Minnesota Comprehensive Assessment, averaged
67.18	across the previous three test administrations, times \$530.
	•
67.19	Subd. 3. Growth aid. The growth aid for each school in a district that has submitted to
67.20	the commissioner its local literacy plan under section 120B.12, subdivision 4a, is equal to
67.21	the product of the school's growth allowance times the number of fourth grade pupils enrolled
67.22	at the school on October 1 of the previous fiscal year. A school's growth allowance is equal
67.23	to the percentage of students at that school making medium or high growth, under section
67.24	120B.299, scoring at least one-half standard deviation below the state expected scores on
67.25	the fourth grade reading Minnesota Comprehensive Assessment, averaged across the previous
67.26	three test administrations, times \$530. The state expected scores are based on the average
67.27	assessment scores for students with similar third grade assessment scores on the Minnesota
67.28	Comprehensive Assessment.
	·
67.29	Subd. 4. Revenue uses. (a) A school district or charter school's year-to-year change in
67.30	its proficiency rate equals its three-year average third grade proficiency rate for the most
67.31	recent period to the three-year third grade proficiency rate for the previous period, as
67.32	calculated under subdivision 2.
68.1	(b) A school district or charter school must reserve its literacy incentive aid under this
68.2	section and spend its literacy incentive aid only for the purposes of section 120B.12 if its
68.3	year-to-year change in its proficiency rate is less than one.
	<u> </u>
68.4	(c) A school district or charter school with a year-to-year change in its proficiency rate
68.5	of one or greater may direct its literacy incentive aid received under this section toward the
68.6	goals of its local literacy plan.
00.0	godio of its local interacy plan.
(0.7	EFFECTIVE DATE This section is effective from the first 2010 and
68.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue for fiscal years 2019 and
68.8	later.

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557.28 557.29	(c) A charter school must comply with the Minnesota Public School Fee Law, sections 123B.34 to 123B.39.
557.30	(d) A charter school is a district for the purposes of tort liability under chapter 466.
558.1 558.2	(e) A charter school must comply with the Pledge of Allegiance requirement under section 121A.11, subdivision 3.
558.3 558.4	(f) A charter school and charter school board of directors must comply with chapter 181 governing requirements for employment.
558.5 558.6	(g) A charter school must comply with continuing truant notification under section 260A.03.
558.7 558.8 558.9 558.10 558.11	(h) A charter school must develop and implement a teacher evaluation and peer review process under section 122A.40, subdivision 8, paragraph (b), clauses (2) to (13), and place students in classrooms in accordance with section 122A.40, subdivision 8, paragraph (d). The teacher evaluation process in this paragraph does not create any additional employment rights for teachers.
558.12 558.13 558.14	(i) A charter school must adopt a policy, plan, budget, and process, consistent with section 120B.11, to review curriculum, instruction, and student achievement and strive for the world's best workforce.
558.15 558.16	(j) A charter school is subject to and must comply with the Pupil Fair Dismissal Act, sections 121A.40 to 121A.56.
558.17	(k) A charter school must adopt an academic balance policy under section 120B.25.
558.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2018-2019 school year and later.
	S3086-2
27.12 27.13	Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 124E.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
27.14	Subd. 2. Certain federal, state, and local requirements. (a) A charter school shall

meet all federal, state, and local health and safety requirements applicable to school districts.

27.16

27.17 and assessments in chapter 120B.

(b) A school must comply with statewide accountability requirements governing standards

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27.18 27.19	(c) A charter school must comply with the Minnesota Public School Fee Law, sections 123B.34 to 123B.39.
27.20	(d) A charter school is a district for the purposes of tort liability under chapter 466.
27.21 27.22	(e) A charter school must comply with the Pledge of Allegiance requirement under section 121A.11, subdivision 3.
27.23 27.24	(f) A charter school and charter school board of directors must comply with chapter 18 governing requirements for employment.
27.25 27.26	(g) A charter school must comply with continuing truant notification under section 260A.03.
27.27 27.28 27.29 27.30 27.31	(h) A charter school must develop and implement a teacher evaluation and peer review process under section 122A.40, subdivision 8, paragraph (b), clauses (2) to (13), and place students in classrooms in accordance with section 122A.40, subdivision 8, paragraph (d). The teacher evaluation process in this paragraph does not create any additional employment rights for teachers.
28.1 28.2 28.3	(i) A charter school must adopt a policy, plan, budget, and process, consistent with section 120B.11, to review curriculum, instruction, and student achievement and strive for the world's best workforce.
28.4 28.5	(j) A charter school is subject to and must comply with the Pupil Fair Dismissal Act, sections 121A.40 to 121A.56.
28.6 28.7	(k) A charter school must comply with the national motto requirement under section 121A.12.

68.9	Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 124E.11, is amended to read:
68.10	124E.11 ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS AND ENROLLMENT.
68.11	Subdivision 1. Limits on enrollment. (a) A charter school, including its preschool or
68.12	prekindergarten program established under section 124E.06, subdivision 3, paragraph (b),
68.13	may limit admission to:

(1) pupils within an age group or grade level;

68.14

68.15	(2) pupils who are eligible to participate in the graduation incentives program under
68.16	section 124D.68; or
68.17	(3) residents of a specific geographic area in which the school is located when the
68.18	majority of students served by the school are members of underserved populations.
68.19	Subd. 2. Timely application; lottery; enrollment preference. (b) A charter school,
68.20	including its preschool or prekindergarten program established under section 124E.06,
68.21	subdivision 3, paragraph (b), shall must enroll an eligible pupil who submits a timely
68.22 68.23	application, unless the number of applications exceeds the capacity of a program, class, grade level, or building. In this case, pupils must be accepted by lot. The charter school
68.24	must develop and publish, including on its Web site, a lottery policy and process that it must
68.25	use when accepting pupils by lot.
00.23	use when accepting pupils by lot.
68.26	Subd. 3. Lottery exceptions. (e) (a) A charter school shall must give enrollment
68.27	preference to a sibling of an enrolled pupil and to a foster child of that pupil's parents and
68.28	may give preference for enrolling children of the school's staff before accepting other pupils
68.29	by lot.
68.30	(b) A charter school may give enrollment preference to children currently enrolled in
68.31	the school's free preschool or prekindergarten program under section 124E.06, subdivision
68.32	3, paragraph (b), who are eligible to enroll in kindergarten in the next school year.
(0.1	(a) A shorten should be to be set of in Dubah township in St. I aris County on in the site of
69.1	(c) A charter school that is located in Duluth township in St. Louis County or in the city
69.2	of Nerstrand in Rice County, and admits students in kindergarten through grade 6 must give
69.3 69.4	enrollment preference to students residing within a five-mile radius of the school and to the siblings of enrolled children.
09.4	siblings of enforce children.
69.5	A charter school may give enrollment preference to children currently enrolled in the
69.6	school's free preschool or prekindergarten program under section 124E.06, subdivision 3,
69.7	paragraph (a), who are eligible to enroll in kindergarten in the next school year.
69.8	(d) A charter school that is located in Castle Rock Township in Dakota County must
69.9	give enrollment preference to students residing within a two-mile radius of the school and
69.10	to the siblings of enrolled children.
<i>.</i>	
69.11	Subd. 4. Age of enrollment. (d) A person shall must not be admitted to a charter school
69.12 69.13	(1) as a kindergarten pupil, unless the pupil is at least five years of age on September 1 of the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences;
69.13	or (2) as a first grade student, unless the pupil is at least six years of age on September 1 of
69.14	the calendar year in which the school year for which the pupil seeks admission commences
69.15	or has completed kindergarten; except that a charter school may establish and publish on

28.8	Sec. 30.	Minnesota S	Statutes 2016	section 1	l25B.07,	subdivision 6	, is amend	led to rea	ıd:

28.9	Subd. 6. Essential data. The department shall maintain a list of essential data elements
28.10	which must be recorded and stored about each pupil, licensed and nonlicensed staff member
28.11	and educational program. Each school district must provide the essential data to the
28.12	department in the form and format prescribed by the department.

28.13 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 126C.15, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

8.14	Subd. 5. Annual expenditure report. Each year a district that receives basic skills
8.15	revenue must submit a report identifying the expenditures it incurred to meet the needs of
8.16	eligible learners under subdivision 1. The report must conform to uniform financial and
8.17	reporting standards established for this purpose. Using valid and reliable data and

its Web site a policy for admission of selected pupils at an earlier age, consistent with the enrollment process in paragraphs (b) and (e) subdivisions 2 and 3. 69.19 Subd. 5. Admission limits not allowed. (e) Except as permitted in paragraph (d) 69.20 subdivision 4, a charter school, including its preschool or prekindergarten program established under section 124E.06, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), may not limit admission to pupils on the basis of intellectual ability, measures of achievement or aptitude, or athletic ability and may not establish any criteria or requirements for admission that are inconsistent with this 69.24 69.25 Subd. 6. **Enrollment incentives prohibited.** (f) The charter school shall not distribute any services or goods of value to students, parents, or guardians as an inducement, term, or condition of enrolling a student in a charter school. 69.28 Subd. 7. Enrollment continues. (g) Once a student is enrolled in the school, the student is considered enrolled in the school until the student formally withdraws or is expelled under the Pupil Fair Dismissal Act in sections 121A.40 to 121A.56. Subd. 8. Prekindergarten pupils. (h) A charter school with at least 90 percent of enrolled 69.31 69.32 students who are eligible for special education services and have a primary disability of deaf or hard-of-hearing may enroll prekindergarten pupils with a disability under section 69.34 126C.05, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), and must comply with the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act under Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, section 300.324, subsection (2), clause (iv). **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for enrollment decisions made on or 70.3 70.4 after July 1, 2018. Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 125B.07, subdivision 6, is amended to read: Subd. 6. Essential data. The department shall must maintain a list of essential data 70.6 elements which must be recorded and stored about each pupil, licensed and nonlicensed staff member, and educational program. Each school district must provide the essential data to the department in the form and format prescribed by the department. NOTE: FROM GENERAL EDUCATION ARTICLE 1, SECTION 5

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 126C.15, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

it incurred to meet the needs of eligible learners under subdivision 1.

Subd. 5. **Annual expenditure report.** (a) Each year, a district that receives basic skills revenue must submit a report to the commissioner of education identifying the expenditures

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4.29

8.20	Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 609A.03, subdivision 7a, is amended
8.21	to read:
8.22	Subd. 7a. Limitations of order effective January 1, 2015, and later. (a) Upon issuance
8.23	of an expungement order related to a charge supported by probable cause, the DNA samples
8.24	and DNA records held by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension and collected under authority
8.25	other than section 299C.105 shall not be sealed, returned to the subject of the record, or
8.26	destroyed.
8.27	(b) Notwithstanding the issuance of an expungement order:
8.28	(1) except as provided in clause (2), an expunged record may be opened, used, or
8.29	exchanged between criminal justice agencies without a court order for the purposes of
8.30	initiating, furthering, or completing a criminal investigation or prosecution or for sentencing
8.31	purposes or providing probation or other correctional services;
9.1	(2) when a criminal justice agency seeks access to a record that was sealed under section
9.2	609A.02, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause (1), after an acquittal or a court order dismissing
9.3	for lack of probable cause, for purposes of a criminal investigation, prosecution, or
9.4	sentencing, the requesting agency must obtain an ex parte court order after stating a
9.5	good-faith basis to believe that opening the record may lead to relevant information;
9.6	(3) an expunged record of a conviction may be opened for purposes of evaluating a
9.7	prospective employee in a criminal justice agency without a court order;
9.8	(4) an expunged record of a conviction may be opened for purposes of a background
9.9	study under section 245C.08 unless the commissioner had been properly served with notice
9.10	of the petition for expungement and the court order for expungement is directed specifically
9.11	to the commissioner of human services;

measurement criteria, the <u>a report also must determine</u> that determines whether increased expenditures raised student achievement levels must be reported under section 120B.11.

4.32	(b) The report must:
5.1	(1) conform to uniform financial and reporting standards established for this purpose;
5.2	(2) categorize expenditures by each of the permitted uses authorized in subdivision 1,
5.3	in the form and manner specified by the commissioner; and
5.4	(3) report under section 120B.11, using valid and reliable data and measurement criteria,
5.5	the report also must determine whether increased expenditures raised student achievement levels.
5.6	levels.
5.7	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for reports issued after July 1, 2018.
	NOTE: FROM TEACHERS ARTICLE 4, SECTION 22
101.7	11 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
101.8	to read:
101.9	Subd. 7a. Limitations of order effective January 1, 2015, and later. (a) Upon issuance
	0 of an expungement order related to a charge supported by probable cause, the DNA samples
	1 and DNA records held by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension and collected under authority 2 other than section 299C.105 shall not be sealed, returned to the subject of the record, or
	destroyed.
101.1	4 (b) Notwithstanding the issuance of an expungement order:
101.1	5 (1) except as provided in clause (2), an expunged record may be opened, used, or
	6 exchanged between criminal justice agencies without a court order for the purposes of
	7 initiating, furthering, or completing a criminal investigation or prosecution or for sentencing
101.1	8 purposes or providing probation or other correctional services;
101.1	9 (2) when a criminal justice agency seeks access to a record that was sealed under section
101.2	0 609A.02, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause (1), after an acquittal or a court order dismissing
	1 for lack of probable cause, for purposes of a criminal investigation, prosecution, or 2 sentencing, the requesting agency must obtain an ex parte court order after stating a
	good-faith basis to believe that opening the record may lead to relevant information;
101.2	(-) F O F F F F O
101.2	5 prospective employee in a criminal justice agency without a court order;
101.2	6 (4) an expunged record of a conviction may be opened for purposes of a background
101.2	7 study under section 245C.08 unless the commissioner had been properly served with notice

101.28 of the petition for expungement and the court order for expungement is directed specifically

101.29 to the commissioner of human services;

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9.12	check required under section 122A.18, subdivision 8, unless the court order for expungement
9.13	is directed specifically to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board or the
9.14	licensing division of the Department of Education; and
.9.13	neclising division of the Department of Education, and
9.16	(6) the court may order an expunded record appeal upon request by the victim of the
9.16	(6) the court may order an expunged record opened upon request by the victim of the underlying offense if the court determines that the record is substantially related to a matter
9.17	for which the victim is before the court.
9.18	for which the victim is before the court.
9.19	(a) A - a
9.19	(c) An agency or jurisdiction subject to an expungement order shall maintain the record in a manner that provides access to the record by a criminal justice agency under paragraph
9.20	(b), clause (1) or (2), but notifies the recipient that the record has been sealed. The Bureau
9.21	of Criminal Apprehension shall notify the commissioner of human services; and the
9.22	Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board, or the licensing division of the
9.23	Department of Education of the existence of a sealed record and of the right to obtain access
9.24	under paragraph (b), clause (4) or (5). Upon request, the agency or jurisdiction subject to
9.25	the expungement order shall provide access to the record to the commissioner of human
.9.20 .9.27	services, the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board, or the licensing division
9.27	of the Department of Education under paragraph (b), clause (4) or (5).
9.28	of the Department of Education under paragraph (b), clause (4) of (5).
9.29	(d) An armunged record that is amoned or archanged under this subdivision remains
9.29	(d) An expunged record that is opened or exchanged under this subdivision remains subject to the expungement order in the hands of the person receiving the record.
9.30	subject to the expangement order in the names of the person receiving the record.
9.31	(e) A criminal justice agency that receives an expunged record under paragraph (b),
9.31	clause (1) or (2), must maintain and store the record in a manner that restricts the use of the
9.32	record to the investigation, prosecution, or sentencing for which it was obtained.
.9.33	record to the investigation, prosecution, of senteneing for which it was obtained.
0.1	(f) For purposes of this section, a "criminal justice agency" means a court or government
0.1 0.2	agency that performs the administration of criminal justice under statutory authority.
0.2	agency that performs the administration of criminal justice under statutory authority.
0.2	(a) This and division and its to assume any and are analysis to the limitations and afficient
0.3	(g) This subdivision applies to expungement orders subject to its limitations and effective
0.4	on or after January 1, 2015.
0.5	Co. 22 Minuscote Statutes 2017 Superlament anation (2)(55) and division 2 in superland
0.5	Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 626.556, subdivision 2, is amended
0.6	to read:
0.7	Subd. 2. Definitions. As used in this section, the following terms have the meanings
8.08	given them unless the specific content indicates otherwise:

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101.30 101.31 102.1	(5) an expunged record of a conviction may be opened for purposes of a background check required under section 122A.18, subdivision 8, unless the court order for expungement is directed specifically to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board or the
102.2	licensing division of the Department of Education; and
102.3	(6) the court may order an expunged record opened upon request by the victim of the
102.4	underlying offense if the court determines that the record is substantially related to a matter
102.5	for which the victim is before the court.
102.6	(c) An agency or jurisdiction subject to an expungement order shall maintain the record
102.7	in a manner that provides access to the record by a criminal justice agency under paragraph
102.8	(b), clause (1) or (2), but notifies the recipient that the record has been sealed. The Bureau
102.9	of Criminal Apprehension shall notify the commissioner of human services, and the
102.10	Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board, or the licensing division of the
102.11	Department of Education of the existence of a sealed record and of the right to obtain access under paragraph (b), clause (4) or (5). Upon request, the agency or jurisdiction subject to
102.12	the expungement order shall provide access to the record to the commissioner of human
	services, the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board, or the licensing division
	of the Department of Education under paragraph (b), clause (4) or (5).
102.16	(d) An expunged record that is opened or exchanged under this subdivision remains
102.17	subject to the expungement order in the hands of the person receiving the record.
102.18	(e) A criminal justice agency that receives an expunged record under paragraph (b),
102.19	clause (1) or (2), must maintain and store the record in a manner that restricts the use of the
102.20	record to the investigation, prosecution, or sentencing for which it was obtained.
102.21	(f) For purposes of this section, a "criminal justice agency" means a court or government
102.22	agency that performs the administration of criminal justice under statutory authority.
102.23	(g) This subdivision applies to expungement orders subject to its limitations and effective
102.24	on or after January 1, 2015.
	NOTE: FROM TEACHERS ARTICLE 4, SECTION 23

- 102.25 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2017 Supplement, section 626.556, subdivision 2, is amended 102.26 to read:
- Subd. 2. **Definitions.** As used in this section, the following terms have the meanings given them unless the specific content indicates otherwise:

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30.9 30.10	(a) "Accidental" means a sudden, not reasonably foreseeable, and unexpected occurrence or event which:
30.11	(1) is not likely to occur and could not have been prevented by exercise of due care; and
30.12 30.13 30.14	(2) if occurring while a child is receiving services from a facility, happens when the facility and the employee or person providing services in the facility are in compliance with the laws and rules relevant to the occurrence or event.
30.15	(b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services.
30.16	(c) "Facility" means:
30.17 30.18 30.19 30.20	(1) a licensed or unlicensed day care facility, certified license-exempt child care center, residential facility, agency, hospital, sanitarium, or other facility or institution required to be licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.58, 241.021, or 245A.01 to 245A.16, or chapter 144H, 245D, or 245H;
30.21 30.22	(2) a school as defined in section 120A.05, subdivisions 9, 11, and 13; and chapter 124E; or
30.23 30.24	(3) a nonlicensed personal care provider organization as defined in section 256B.0625, subdivision 19a.
30.25 30.26 30.27 30.28 30.29 30.30	(d) "Family assessment" means a comprehensive assessment of child safety, risk of subsequent child maltreatment, and family strengths and needs that is applied to a child maltreatment report that does not allege sexual abuse or substantial child endangerment. Family assessment does not include a determination as to whether child maltreatment occurred but does determine the need for services to address the safety of family members and the risk of subsequent maltreatment.
31.1 31.2 31.3 31.4 31.5 31.6 31.7 31.8	(e) "Investigation" means fact gathering related to the current safety of a child and the risk of subsequent maltreatment that determines whether child maltreatment occurred and whether child protective services are needed. An investigation must be used when reports involve sexual abuse or substantial child endangerment, and for reports of maltreatment in facilities required to be licensed or certified under chapter 245A, 245D, or 245H; under sections 144.50 to 144.58 and 241.021; in a school as defined in section 120A.05, subdivisions 9, 11, and 13, and chapter 124E; or in a nonlicensed personal care provider association as defined in section 256B.0625, subdivision 19a.
31.9 31.10	(f) "Mental injury" means an injury to the psychological capacity or emotional stability of a child as evidenced by an observable or substantial impairment in the child's ability to

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02.29	(a) "Accidental" means a sudden, not reasonably foreseeable, and unexpected occurrence or event which:
02.31	(1) is not likely to occur and could not have been prevented by exercise of due care; and
03.1 03.2 03.3	(2) if occurring while a child is receiving services from a facility, happens when the facility and the employee or person providing services in the facility are in compliance with the laws and rules relevant to the occurrence or event.
03.4	(b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services.
03.5	(c) "Facility" means:
03.6 03.7 03.8 03.9	(1) a licensed or unlicensed day care facility, certified license-exempt child care center, residential facility, agency, hospital, sanitarium, or other facility or institution required to be licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.58, 241.021, or 245A.01 to 245A.16, or chapter 144H, 245D, or 245H;
03.10 03.11	(2) a school as defined in section 120A.05, subdivisions 9, 11, and 13; and chapter 124E; or
03.12 03.13	(3) a nonlicensed personal care provider organization as defined in section 256B.0625, subdivision 19a.
03.16 03.17 03.18	(d) "Family assessment" means a comprehensive assessment of child safety, risk of subsequent child maltreatment, and family strengths and needs that is applied to a child maltreatment report that does not allege sexual abuse or substantial child endangerment. Family assessment does not include a determination as to whether child maltreatment occurred but does determine the need for services to address the safety of family members and the risk of subsequent maltreatment.
03.22 03.23 03.24 03.25 03.26	(e) "Investigation" means fact gathering related to the current safety of a child and the risk of subsequent maltreatment that determines whether child maltreatment occurred and whether child protective services are needed. An investigation must be used when reports involve sexual abuse or substantial child endangerment, and for reports of maltreatment in facilities required to be licensed or certified under chapter 245A, 245D, or 245H; under sections 144.50 to 144.58 and 241.021; in a school as defined in section 120A.05, subdivisions 9, 11, and 13, and chapter 124E; or in a nonlicensed personal care provider association as defined in section 256B.0625, subdivision 19a.
03.28 03.29	(f) "Mental injury" means an injury to the psychological capacity or emotional stability of a child as evidenced by an observable or substantial impairment in the child's ability to

1.11	function within a normal range of performance and behavior with due regard to the child's culture.
1.13	(g) "Neglect" means the commission or omission of any of the acts specified under clauses (1) to (9), other than by accidental means:
31.15 31.16 31.17	(1) failure by a person responsible for a child's care to supply a child with necessary food, clothing, shelter, health, medical, or other care required for the child's physical or mental health when reasonably able to do so;
31.18 31.19 31.20 31.21	(2) failure to protect a child from conditions or actions that seriously endanger the child's physical or mental health when reasonably able to do so, including a growth delay, which may be referred to as a failure to thrive, that has been diagnosed by a physician and is due to parental neglect;
\$1.22 \$1.23 \$1.24 \$1.25	(3) failure to provide for necessary supervision or child care arrangements appropriate for a child after considering factors as the child's age, mental ability, physical condition, length of absence, or environment, when the child is unable to care for the child's own basic needs or safety, or the basic needs or safety of another child in their care;
\$1.26 \$1.27 \$1.28 \$1.29	(4) failure to ensure that the child is educated as defined in sections 120A.22 and 260C.163, subdivision 11, which does not include a parent's refusal to provide the parent's child with sympathomimetic medications, consistent with section 125A.091, subdivision 5;
\$1.30 \$1.31 \$1.32 \$1.33 \$1.34 \$2.1 \$2.2 \$2.3	(5) nothing in this section shall be construed to mean that a child is neglected solely because the child's parent, guardian, or other person responsible for the child's care in good faith selects and depends upon spiritual means or prayer for treatment or care of disease or remedial care of the child in lieu of medical care; except that a parent, guardian, or caretaker, or a person mandated to report pursuant to subdivision 3, has a duty to report if a lack of medical care may cause serious danger to the child's health. This section does not impose upon persons, not otherwise legally responsible for providing a child with necessary food, clothing, shelter, education, or medical care, a duty to provide that care;
32.4 32.5 32.6 32.7 32.8 32.9	(6) prenatal exposure to a controlled substance, as defined in section 253B.02, subdivision 2, used by the mother for a nonmedical purpose, as evidenced by withdrawal symptoms in the child at birth, results of a toxicology test performed on the mother at delivery or the child at birth, medical effects or developmental delays during the child's first year of life that medically indicate prenatal exposure to a controlled substance, or the presence of a fetal alcohol spectrum disorder;

(7) "medical neglect" as defined in section 260C.007, subdivision 6, clause (5);

32.10

103.30 function within a normal range of performance and behavior with due regard to the child's 103.31 culture. 103.32 (g) "Neglect" means the commission or omission of any of the acts specified under 103.33 clauses (1) to (9), other than by accidental means: (1) failure by a person responsible for a child's care to supply a child with necessary 104.1 104.2 food, clothing, shelter, health, medical, or other care required for the child's physical or mental health when reasonably able to do so: (2) failure to protect a child from conditions or actions that seriously endanger the child's 104.4 physical or mental health when reasonably able to do so, including a growth delay, which may be referred to as a failure to thrive, that has been diagnosed by a physician and is due to parental neglect; (3) failure to provide for necessary supervision or child care arrangements appropriate 104.8 for a child after considering factors as the child's age, mental ability, physical condition, 104.10 length of absence, or environment, when the child is unable to care for the child's own basic 104.11 needs or safety, or the basic needs or safety of another child in their care; (4) failure to ensure that the child is educated as defined in sections 120A.22 and 104.12 104.13 260C.163, subdivision 11, which does not include a parent's refusal to provide the parent's 104.14 child with sympathomimetic medications, consistent with section 125A.091, subdivision 104.15 5; 104.16 (5) nothing in this section shall be construed to mean that a child is neglected solely 104.17 because the child's parent, guardian, or other person responsible for the child's care in good 104.18 faith selects and depends upon spiritual means or prayer for treatment or care of disease or 104.19 remedial care of the child in lieu of medical care; except that a parent, guardian, or caretaker, 104.20 or a person mandated to report pursuant to subdivision 3, has a duty to report if a lack of 104.21 medical care may cause serious danger to the child's health. This section does not impose 104.22 upon persons, not otherwise legally responsible for providing a child with necessary food, 104.23 clothing, shelter, education, or medical care, a duty to provide that care; (6) prenatal exposure to a controlled substance, as defined in section 253B.02, subdivision 104.24 104.25 2, used by the mother for a nonmedical purpose, as evidenced by withdrawal symptoms in 104.26 the child at birth, results of a toxicology test performed on the mother at delivery or the 104.27 child at birth, medical effects or developmental delays during the child's first year of life 104.28 that medically indicate prenatal exposure to a controlled substance, or the presence of a 104.29 fetal alcohol spectrum disorder; 104.30 (7) "medical neglect" as defined in section 260C.007, subdivision 6, clause (5);

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32.11 32.12 32.13	(8) chronic and severe use of alcohol or a controlled substance by a parent or person responsible for the care of the child that adversely affects the child's basic needs and safety; or
32.14 32.15 32.16 32.17	(9) emotional harm from a pattern of behavior which contributes to impaired emotional functioning of the child which may be demonstrated by a substantial and observable effect in the child's behavior, emotional response, or cognition that is not within the normal range for the child's age and stage of development, with due regard to the child's culture.
32.18	(h) "Nonmaltreatment mistake" means:
32.19 32.20	(1) at the time of the incident, the individual was performing duties identified in the center's child care program plan required under Minnesota Rules, part 9503.0045;
32.21 32.22	(2) the individual has not been determined responsible for a similar incident that resulted in a finding of maltreatment for at least seven years;
32.23 32.24	(3) the individual has not been determined to have committed a similar nonmaltreatment mistake under this paragraph for at least four years;
32.25 32.26 32.27	(4) any injury to a child resulting from the incident, if treated, is treated only with remedies that are available over the counter, whether ordered by a medical professional or not; and
32.28 32.29 32.30	(5) except for the period when the incident occurred, the facility and the individual providing services were both in compliance with all licensing requirements relevant to the incident.
32.31 32.32 33.1 33.2	This definition only applies to child care centers licensed under Minnesota Rules, chapter 9503. If clauses (1) to (5) apply, rather than making a determination of substantiated maltreatment by the individual, the commissioner of human services shall determine that a nonmaltreatment mistake was made by the individual.
33.3	(i) "Operator" means an operator or agency as defined in section 245A.02.
33.4 33.5 33.6 33.7 33.8 33.9 33.10	(j) "Person responsible for the child's care" means (1) an individual functioning within the family unit and having responsibilities for the care of the child such as a parent, guardian, or other person having similar care responsibilities, or (2) an individual functioning outside the family unit and having responsibilities for the care of the child such as a teacher, school administrator, other school employees or agents, or other lawful custodian of a child having either full-time or short-term care responsibilities including, but not limited to, day care, babysitting whether paid or unpaid, counseling, teaching, and coaching.

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04.31 04.32	(8) chronic and severe use of alcohol or a controlled substance by a parent or person responsible for the care of the child that adversely affects the child's basic needs and safety;
04.33	or
05.1	(9) emotional harm from a pattern of behavior which contributes to impaired emotional
05.2	functioning of the child which may be demonstrated by a substantial and observable effect
05.3	in the child's behavior, emotional response, or cognition that is not within the normal range
05.4	for the child's age and stage of development, with due regard to the child's culture.
05.5	(h) "Nonmaltreatment mistake" means:
05.6	(1) at the time of the incident, the individual was performing duties identified in the
05.7	center's child care program plan required under Minnesota Rules, part 9503.0045;
05.8	(2) the individual has not been determined responsible for a similar incident that resulted
05.9	in a finding of maltreatment for at least seven years;
05.10	(3) the individual has not been determined to have committed a similar nonmaltreatment
	mistake under this paragraph for at least four years;
05.12	(4) any injury to a child resulting from the incident, if treated, is treated only with
	remedies that are available over the counter, whether ordered by a medical professional or
	not; and
05.15	(5) except for the period when the incident occurred, the facility and the individual
	providing services were both in compliance with all licensing requirements relevant to the
	incident.
05.18	This definition only applies to child care centers licensed under Minnesota Rules, chapter
05.19	9503. If clauses (1) to (5) apply, rather than making a determination of substantiated
05.20	maltreatment by the individual, the commissioner of human services shall determine that a
05.21	nonmaltreatment mistake was made by the individual.
05.22	(i) "Operator" means an operator or agency as defined in section 245A.02.
05.23	(j) "Person responsible for the child's care" means (1) an individual functioning within
	the family unit and having responsibilities for the care of the child such as a parent, guardian,
05.25	
05.26	the family unit and having responsibilities for the care of the child such as a teacher, school
05.27	administrator, other school employees or agents, or other lawful custodian of a child having
05.28	either full-time or short-term care responsibilities including, but not limited to, day care,
	babysitting whether paid or unpaid, counseling, teaching, and coaching.

33.11	(k) "Physical abuse" means any physical injury, mental injury, or threatened injury,
33.12	inflicted by a person responsible for the child's care on a child other than by accidental
33.13	means, or any physical or mental injury that cannot reasonably be explained by the child's
33.14	history of injuries, or any aversive or deprivation procedures, or regulated interventions,
33.15	that have not been authorized under section 125A.0942 or 245.825.
33.16	Abuse does not include reasonable and moderate physical discipline of a child
33.17	administered by a parent or legal guardian which does not result in an injury. Abuse does
33.18	not include the use of reasonable force by a teacher, principal, or school employee as allowed
33.19	by section 121A.582. Actions which are not reasonable and moderate include, but are not
33.20	limited to, any of the following:
33.21	(1) throwing, kicking, burning, biting, or cutting a child;
33.22	(2) striking a child with a closed fist;
33.23	(3) shaking a child under age three;
33.24	(4) striking or other actions which result in any nonaccidental injury to a child under 18
33.25	months of age;
33.26	(5) unreasonable interference with a child's breathing;
33.27	(6) threatening a child with a weapon, as defined in section 609.02, subdivision 6;
33.28	(7) striking a child under age one on the face or head;
33.29	(8) striking a child who is at least age one but under age four on the face or head, which
33.30	results in an injury;
33.31	(9) purposely giving a child poison, alcohol, or dangerous, harmful, or controlled
33.32	substances which were not prescribed for the child by a practitioner, in order to control or
34.1	punish the child; or other substances that substantially affect the child's behavior, motor
34.2	coordination, or judgment or that results in sickness or internal injury, or subjects the child
34.3	to medical procedures that would be unnecessary if the child were not exposed to the
34.4	substances;
34.5	(10) unreasonable physical confinement or restraint not permitted under section 609.379
34.6	including but not limited to tying, caging, or chaining; or
34.7	(11) in a school facility or school zone, an act by a person responsible for the child's
34.8	care that is a violation under section 121A.58.

	(k) "Physical abuse" means any physical injury, mental injury, or threatened injury, inflicted by a person responsible for the child's care on a child other than by accidental means, or any physical or mental injury that cannot reasonably be explained by the child's history of injuries, or any aversive or deprivation procedures, or regulated interventions, that have not been authorized under section 125A.0942 or 245.825.
106.3 106.4 106.5 106.6 106.7	Abuse does not include reasonable and moderate physical discipline of a child administered by a parent or legal guardian which does not result in an injury. Abuse does not include the use of reasonable force by a teacher, principal, or school employee as allowed by section 121A.582. Actions which are not reasonable and moderate include, but are not limited to, any of the following:
106.8	(1) throwing, kicking, burning, biting, or cutting a child;
106.9	(2) striking a child with a closed fist;
106.10	(3) shaking a child under age three;
106.11 106.12	(4) striking or other actions which result in any nonaccidental injury to a child under 18 months of age;
106.13	(5) unreasonable interference with a child's breathing;
106.14	(6) threatening a child with a weapon, as defined in section 609.02, subdivision 6;
106.15	(7) striking a child under age one on the face or head;
106.16 106.17	(8) striking a child who is at least age one but under age four on the face or head, which results in an injury;
106.20 106.21 106.22	(9) purposely giving a child poison, alcohol, or dangerous, harmful, or controlled substances which were not prescribed for the child by a practitioner, in order to control or punish the child; or other substances that substantially affect the child's behavior, motor coordination, or judgment or that results in sickness or internal injury, or subjects the child to medical procedures that would be unnecessary if the child were not exposed to the substances;
106.24 106.25	(10) unreasonable physical confinement or restraint not permitted under section 609.379, including but not limited to tying, caging, or chaining; or
106.26 106.27	(11) in a school facility or school zone, an act by a person responsible for the child's care that is a violation under section 121A.58.

34.9	(1) "Practice of social services," for the purposes of subdivision 3, includes but is not
34.10	limited to employee assistance counseling and the provision of guardian ad litem and
34.11	parenting time expeditor services.
34.12	(m) "Report" means any communication received by the local welfare agency, police
34.13	department, county sheriff, or agency responsible for child protection pursuant to this section
34.14	that describes neglect or physical or sexual abuse of a child and contains sufficient content
34.15	to identify the child and any person believed to be responsible for the neglect or abuse, if
34.16	known.
34.17	(n) "Sexual abuse" means the subjection of a child by a person responsible for the child's
34.18	care, by a person who has a significant relationship to the child, as defined in section 609.341,
34.19	or by a person in a position of authority, as defined in section 609.341, subdivision 10, to
34.20	any act which constitutes a violation of section 609.342 (criminal sexual conduct in the first
34.21	degree), 609.343 (criminal sexual conduct in the second degree), 609.344 (criminal sexual
34.22	conduct in the third degree), 609.345 (criminal sexual conduct in the fourth degree), or
34.23	609.3451 (criminal sexual conduct in the fifth degree), or 609.352 (solicitation of children
34.24	to engage in sexual conduct; communication of sexually explicit materials to children).
34.25	Sexual abuse also includes any act which involves a minor which constitutes a violation of
34.26	prostitution offenses under sections 609.321 to 609.324 or 617.246. Effective May 29, 2017,
34.27	sexual abuse includes all reports of known or suspected child sex trafficking involving a
34.28	child who is identified as a victim of sex trafficking. Sexual abuse includes child sex
34.29	trafficking as defined in section 609.321, subdivisions 7a and 7b. Sexual abuse includes
34.30	threatened sexual abuse which includes the status of a parent or household member who
34.31	has committed a violation which requires registration as an offender under section 243.166,
34.32	subdivision 1b, paragraph (a) or (b), or required registration under section 243.166,
34.33	subdivision 1b, paragraph (a) or (b).
35.1	(o) "Substantial child endangerment" means a person responsible for a child's care, by
35.2	act or omission, commits or attempts to commit an act against a child under their care that
35.3	constitutes any of the following:
35.4	(1) egregious harm as defined in section 260C.007, subdivision 14;
35.5	(2) abandonment under section 260C.301, subdivision 2;
35.6	(3) neglect as defined in paragraph (g), clause (2), that substantially endangers the child's
35.7	physical or mental health, including a growth delay, which may be referred to as failure to
35.8	thrive, that has been diagnosed by a physician and is due to parental neglect;

(4) murder in the first, second, or third degree under section 609.185, 609.19, or 609.195;

35.9

106.28 106.29	(l) "Practice of social services," for the purposes of subdivision 3, includes but is not limited to employee assistance counseling and the provision of guardian ad litem and
	parenting time expeditor services.
100.50	parenting time expeditor services.
107.1	(m) "Report" means any communication received by the local welfare agency, police
107.2	department, county sheriff, or agency responsible for child protection pursuant to this section
107.3	that describes neglect or physical or sexual abuse of a child and contains sufficient content
107.4	to identify the child and any person believed to be responsible for the neglect or abuse, if
107.5	known.
107.6	(n) "Sexual abuse" means the subjection of a child by a person responsible for the child's
107.7	care, by a person who has a significant relationship to the child, as defined in section 609.341,
107.8	or by a person in a position of authority, as defined in section 609.341, subdivision 10, to
107.9	any act which constitutes a violation of section 609.342 (criminal sexual conduct in the first
	degree), 609.343 (criminal sexual conduct in the second degree), 609.344 (criminal sexual
	conduct in the third degree), 609.345 (criminal sexual conduct in the fourth degree), or
	609.3451 (criminal sexual conduct in the fifth degree), or 609.352 (solicitation of children
	to engage in sexual conduct; communication of sexually explicit materials to children).
	Sexual abuse also includes any act which involves a minor which constitutes a violation of
	prostitution offenses under sections 609.321 to 609.324 or 617.246. Effective May 29, 2017,
	sexual abuse includes all reports of known or suspected child sex trafficking involving a
	child who is identified as a victim of sex trafficking. Sexual abuse includes child sex
	trafficking as defined in section 609.321, subdivisions 7a and 7b. Sexual abuse includes
	threatened sexual abuse which includes the status of a parent or household member who
	has committed a violation which requires registration as an offender under section 243.166,
	subdivision 1b, paragraph (a) or (b), or required registration under section 243.166,
107.22	subdivision 1b, paragraph (a) or (b).
107.22	(a) 110 chatactic lability and an armount 11 armount 21 armount 12
107.23	(o) "Substantial child endangerment" means a person responsible for a child's care, by
	act or omission, commits or attempts to commit an act against a child under their care that
107.25	constitutes any of the following:
107.26	(1) egregious harm as defined in section 260C.007, subdivision 14;
107.20	(1) egregious narm as defined in section 2000.007, subdivision 14,
107.27	(2) abandonment under section 260C.301, subdivision 2;
	()
107.28	(3) neglect as defined in paragraph (g), clause (2), that substantially endangers the child's
107.29	1 0 1 10/1
	thrive, that has been diagnosed by a physician and is due to parental neglect;
107.50	anive, that has even diagnosed by a physician and is due to parental neglect,
107.31	(4) murder in the first, second, or third degree under section 609.185, 609.19, or 609.195;

35.10	(5) manslaughter in the first or second degree under section 609.20 or 609.205;
35.11	(6) assault in the first, second, or third degree under section 609.221, 609.222, or 609.223
35.12	(7) solicitation, inducement, and promotion of prostitution under section 609.322;
35.13	(8) criminal sexual conduct under sections 609.342 to 609.3451;
35.14	(9) solicitation of children to engage in sexual conduct under section 609.352;
35.15 35.16	(10) malicious punishment or neglect or endangerment of a child under section 609.377 or 609.378;
35.17	(11) use of a minor in sexual performance under section 617.246; or
35.18 35.19	(12) parental behavior, status, or condition which mandates that the county attorney file a termination of parental rights petition under section 260C.503, subdivision 2.
35.20 35.21 35.22 35.23	(p) "Threatened injury" means a statement, overt act, condition, or status that represents a substantial risk of physical or sexual abuse or mental injury. Threatened injury includes, but is not limited to, exposing a child to a person responsible for the child's care, as defined in paragraph (j), clause (1), who has:
35.24 35.25 35.26	(1) subjected a child to, or failed to protect a child from, an overt act or condition that constitutes egregious harm, as defined in section 260C.007, subdivision 14, or a similar law of another jurisdiction;
35.27 35.28	(2) been found to be palpably unfit under section 260C.301, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), clause (4), or a similar law of another jurisdiction;
35.29 35.30	(3) committed an act that has resulted in an involuntary termination of parental rights under section 260C.301, or a similar law of another jurisdiction; or
36.1 36.2 36.3 36.4	(4) committed an act that has resulted in the involuntary transfer of permanent legal and physical custody of a child to a relative under Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 260C.201, subdivision 11, paragraph (d), clause (1), section 260C.515, subdivision 4, or a similar law of another jurisdiction.
36.5 36.6 36.7	A child is the subject of a report of threatened injury when the responsible social services agency receives birth match data under paragraph (q) from the Department of Human Services.

107.3	2 (5) manslaughter in the first or second degree under section 609.20 or 609.205;
107.3	(6) assault in the first, second, or third degree under section 609.221, 609.222, or 609.223
108.1	(7) solicitation, inducement, and promotion of prostitution under section 609.322;
108.2	(8) criminal sexual conduct under sections 609.342 to 609.3451;
108.3	(9) solicitation of children to engage in sexual conduct under section 609.352;
108.4 108.5	(')
108.6	(11) use of a minor in sexual performance under section 617.246; or
108.7 108.8	
108.1	(p) "Threatened injury" means a statement, overt act, condition, or status that represents a substantial risk of physical or sexual abuse or mental injury. Threatened injury includes, but is not limited to, exposing a child to a person responsible for the child's care, as defined in paragraph (j), clause (1), who has:
	(1) subjected a child to, or failed to protect a child from, an overt act or condition that constitutes egregious harm, as defined in section 260C.007, subdivision 14, or a similar law of another jurisdiction;
108.1 108.1	(2) been found to be palpably unfit under section 260C.301, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), clause (4), or a similar law of another jurisdiction;
108.1 108.1	(3) committed an act that has resulted in an involuntary termination of parental rights under section 260C.301, or a similar law of another jurisdiction; or
108.2	(4) committed an act that has resulted in the involuntary transfer of permanent legal and physical custody of a child to a relative under Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 260C.201, subdivision 11, paragraph (d), clause (1), section 260C.515, subdivision 4, or a similar law of another jurisdiction.
108.2 108.2 108.2	5 agency receives birth match data under paragraph (q) from the Department of Human

36.8

36.9

36.22

36.25

(r) Persons who conduct assessments or investigations under this section shall take into account accepted child-rearing practices of the culture in which a child participates and accepted teacher discipline practices, which are not injurious to the child's health, welfare, and safety. (q) Upon receiving data under section 144.225, subdivision 2b, contained in a birth record or recognition of parentage identifying a child who is subject to threatened injury under paragraph (p), the Department of Human Services shall send the data to the responsible social services agency. The data is known as "birth match" data. Unless the responsible social services agency has already begun an investigation or assessment of the report due to the birth of the child or execution of the recognition of parentage and the parent's previous

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109.1 history with child protection, the agency shall accept the birth match data as a report under

109.2 this section. The agency may use either a family assessment or investigation to determine

whether the child is safe. All of the provisions of this section apply. If the child is determined

109.4 to be safe, the agency shall consult with the county attorney to determine the appropriateness

109.5 of filling a petition alleging the child is in need of protection or services under section

109.6 260C.007, subdivision 6, clause (16), in order to deliver needed services. If the child is determined not to be safe, the agency and the county attorney shall take appropriate action

as required under section 260C.503, subdivision 2.

109.9 (r) Persons who conduct assessments or investigations under this section shall take into 109.10 account accepted child-rearing practices of the culture in which a child participates and 109.11 accepted teacher discipline practices, which are not injurious to the child's health, welfare, 109.12 and safety.

109.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

70.10 Sec. 32. Laws 2016, chapter 189, article 25, section 61, is amended to read:

70.11 Sec. 61. **CERTIFICATION INCENTIVE REVENUE.**

Subdivision 1. **Qualifying certificates.** As soon as practicable, the commissioner of education, in consultation with the Governor's Workforce Development Council established under Minnesota Statutes, section 116L.665, and the P-20 education partnership operating under Minnesota Statutes, section 127A.70, must establish the list of qualifying career and technical certificates and post the names of those certificates on the Department of

70.17 Education's Web site. The certificates must be in fields where occupational opportunities

70.18 exist.

Subd. 2. **School district participation.** (a) A school board may adopt a policy authorizing its students in grades 9 through 12, including its students enrolled in postsecondary enrollment options courses under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.09, the opportunity to complete a qualifying certificate. The certificate may be completed as part of a regularly scheduled course.

70.24 (b) A school district may register a student for any assessment necessary to complete a 70.25 qualifying certificate and pay any associated registration fees for its students.

70.26	Subd. 3. Incentive funding. (a) A school district's career and technical certification aid					
70.27	equals \$500 times the district's number of students enrolled during the current fiscal year					
70.28	who have obtained one or more qualifying certificates during the current fiscal year.					
70.29	(b) The statewide total certificate revenue must not exceed \$1,000,000 \$400,000 for the					
70.30	2016-2017, 2017-2018, and 2018-2019 school years. The commissioner must proportionately					
70.31	reduce the initial aid provided under this subdivision so that the statewide aid cap is not					
70.32	exceeded.					
71.1	Subd. 4. Reports to the legislature. (a) The commissioner of education must report to					
71.2	the committees of the legislature with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12					
71.3	education and higher education by February 1, 2017, on the number and types of certificates					
71.4	authorized for the 2016-2017 school year. The commissioner must also recommend whether					
71.5	the pilot program should be continued.					
71.6	(b) By February 1, of 2018, 2019, and 2020, the commissioner of education must report					
71.7	to the committees of the legislature with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12					
71.8	education and higher education about the number and types of certificates earned by					
71.9	Minnesota's students during the 2016-2017 prior school year.					
71.10	Sec. 33. Laws 2016, chapter 189, article 25, section 62, subdivision 15, is amended to					
71.11	read:					
71.12	Subd. 15. Certificate incentive funding. (a) For the certificate incentive program:					
71.13	1,000,000					
71.14	\$ $400,000$ 2017					
71.15	(b) \$600,000 of the \$1,000,000 appropriation in Laws 2016, chapter 189, article 25,					
71.16	section 62, subdivision 15, is canceled to the general fund. This is a onetime appropriation.					
71.17	This appropriation is available until June 30, 2019.					
71.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.					

²⁰²⁰ Subd 2 Everentians from laws and rel

Subd. 2. **Exemptions from laws and rules.** (a) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, an innovation zone partner with an approved plan is exempt from each of the following state education laws and rules specifically identified in its plan:

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36.31 36.32	(1) any law or rule from which a district-created, site-governed school under Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.045, is exempt;
37.1	(2) any statute or rule from which the commissioner has exempted another district or
37.2	charter school, as identified in the list published on the Department of Education's Web site
37.3	under subdivision 4, paragraph (b);
37.4	(3) online learning program approval under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.095,
37.5	subdivision 7, if the school district or charter school offers a course or program online
37.6	combined with direct access to a teacher for a portion of that course or program;
37.7	(4) restrictions on extended time revenue under Minnesota Statutes, section 126C.10,
37.8	subdivision 2a, for a student who meets the criteria of Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.68,
37.9	subdivision 2; and
37.10	(5) any required hours of instruction in any class or subject area for a student who is
37.11	meeting all competencies consistent with the graduation standards described in the innovation
37.12	zone plan.
37.13	(b) The exemptions under this subdivision must not be construed as exempting an
37.14	innovation zone partner from the Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments, except that the
37.15	commissioner may authorize an innovation zone partner to substitute the high school
37.16 37.17	Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments required for graduation with a nationally normed college entrance exam that is (1) aligned with the state academic standards and (2) includes
37.17	career and college readiness benchmarks.
37.10	career and conege readiness ochemicals.
37.19	Sec. 35. Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 2, section 56, is amended to
37.20 37.21	read: Sec. 56. INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL DISTRICT MENTAL HEALTH
37.21	INNOVATION GRANT PROGRAM; APPROPRIATION.
37.23	(a) \$2,450,000 in fiscal year 2018 and \$2,450,000 in fiscal year 2019 are appropriated
37.24	from the general fund to the commissioner of human services for a grant program to fund
37.25	innovative projects to improve mental health outcomes for youth attending a qualifying
37.26	school unit.
37.27	(b) A "qualifying school unit" means an intermediate district organized under Minnesota
37.28	Statutes, section 136D.01, or a service cooperative organized under Minnesota Statutes,
37.29	section 123A.21, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (2), that provides instruction to student
37.30	in a setting of federal instructional level 4 or higher. Grants under paragraph (a) must be

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NOTE: FROM SCHOOL SAFETY ARTICLE 2, SECTION 16

	28.12	Sec. 16.	Laws 2017.	. First S	pecial	Session cha	apter 5.	article 2	section 56.	. is amended t	O
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- 28.13 read:
- 28.14 Sec. 56. INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL DISTRICT MENTAL HEALTH
- 28.15 INNOVATION GRANT PROGRAM; APPROPRIATION.
- 28.16 (a) \$2,450,000 in fiscal year 2018 and \$2,450,000 in fiscal year 2019 are appropriated
- 28.17 from the general fund to the commissioner of human services for a grant program to fund
- innovative projects to improve mental health outcomes for youth attending a qualifying
- 28.19 school unit.
- 28.20 (b) A "qualifying school unit" means an intermediate district organized under Minnesota
- 28.21 Statutes, section 136D.01, or a service cooperative organized under Minnesota Statutes,
- section 123A.21, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (2), that provides instruction to students
- 28.23 in a setting of federal instructional level 4 or higher. Grants under paragraph (a) must be

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37.31 37.32 37.33 38.1 38.2 38.3	awarded to eligible applicants such that the services are proportionately provided among qualifying school units. The commissioner shall calculate the share of the appropriation to be used in each qualifying school unit by dividing the qualifying school unit's average daily membership in a setting of federal instructional level 4 or higher for fiscal year 2016 by the total average daily membership in a setting of federal instructional level 4 or higher for the same year for all qualifying school units.
38.4 38.5	(c) An eligible applicant is an entity that has demonstrated capacity to serve the youth identified in paragraph (a) and that is:
38.6	(1) certified under Minnesota Rules, parts 9520.0750 to 9520.0870;
38.7 38.8	(2) a community mental health center under Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.0625, subdivision 5;
38.9 38.10	(3) an Indian health service facility or facility owned and operated by a tribe or tribal organization operating under United States Code, title 25, section 5321; or
38.11 38.12	(4) a provider of children's therapeutic services and supports as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.0943-; or
38.13 38.14 38.15 38.16 38.17	(5) enrolled in medical assistance as a mental health or substance use disorder provider agency and must employ at least two full-time equivalent mental health professionals as defined in section 245.4871, subdivision 27, clauses (1) to (6), or alcohol and drug counselors licensed or exempt from licensure under chapter 148F who are qualified to provide clinical services to children and families.
38.18 38.19 38.20	(d) An eligible applicant must employ or contract with at least two licensed mental health professionals as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 245.4871, subdivision 27, clauses (1) to (6), who have formal training in evidence-based practices.
38.21 38.22 38.23 38.24 38.25 38.26 38.27	(e) A qualifying school unit must submit an application to the commissioner in the form and manner specified by the commissioner. The commissioner may approve an application that describes models for innovative projects to serve the needs of the schools and students. The commissioner may provide technical assistance to the qualifying school unit. The commissioner shall then solicit grant project proposals and award grant funding to the eligible applicants whose project proposals best meet the requirements of this section and most closely adhere to the models created by the intermediate districts and service

38.28 cooperatives.

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28.24 28.25 28.26 28.27 28.28 28.29	awarded to eligible applicants such that the services are proportionately provided among qualifying school units. The commissioner shall calculate the share of the appropriation to be used in each qualifying school unit by dividing the qualifying school unit's average daily membership in a setting of federal instructional level 4 or higher for fiscal year 2016 by the total average daily membership in a setting of federal instructional level 4 or higher for the same year for all qualifying school units.
28.30 28.31	(c) An eligible applicant is an entity that has demonstrated capacity to serve the youth identified in paragraph (a) and that is:
28.32	(1) certified under Minnesota Rules, parts 9520.0750 to 9520.0870;
29.1 29.2	(2) a community mental health center under Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.0625, subdivision 5;
29.3 29.4	(3) an Indian health service facility or facility owned and operated by a tribe or tribal organization operating under United States Code, title 25, section 5321; or
29.5 29.6	(4) a provider of children's therapeutic services and supports as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.0943-; or
29.7 29.8 29.9 29.10 29.11	(5) enrolled in medical assistance as a mental health or substance use disorder provider agency and must employ at least two full-time equivalent mental health professionals as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 245.4871, subdivision 27, clauses (1) to (6), or alcohol and drug counselors licensed or exempt from licensure under chapter 148F who are qualified to provide clinical services to children and families.
29.12 29.13 29.14	(d) An eligible applicant must employ or contract with at least two licensed mental health professionals as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 245.4871, subdivision 27, clauses (1) to (6), who have formal training in evidence-based practices.
29.15 29.16 29.17 29.18 29.19 29.20 29.21 29.22	(e) A qualifying school unit must submit an application to the commissioner in the form and manner specified by the commissioner. The commissioner may approve an application that describes models for innovative projects to serve the needs of the schools and students. The commissioner may provide technical assistance to the qualifying school unit. The commissioner shall then solicit grant project proposals and award grant funding to the eligible applicants whose project proposals best meet the requirements of this section and most closely adhere to the models created by the intermediate districts and service cooperatives.
	*

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38.29 (f) To receive grant funding, an eligible applicant must obtain a letter of support for the applicant's grant project proposal from each qualifying school unit the eligible applicant is 38.30 proposing to serve. An eligible applicant must also demonstrate the following: (1) the ability to seek third-party reimbursement for services; 38.32 (2) the ability to report data and outcomes as required by the commissioner; and 39.1 39.2 (3) the existence of partnerships with counties, tribes, substance use disorder providers, and mental health service providers, including providers of mobile crisis services. 39.3 39.4 (g) Grantees shall obtain all available third-party reimbursement sources as a condition of receiving grant funds. For purposes of this grant program, a third-party reimbursement source does not include a public school as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 120A.20, subdivision 1. 39.7 (h) The base budget for this program is \$0. This appropriation is available until June 30, 39.8 39.9 2020. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 39.10 S3656-2 558.19 Sec. 10. Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 2, section 57, subdivision 12, 558.20 is amended to read: 558.21 Subd. 12. Museums and education centers. For grants to museums and education 558.22 centers: 558.23 \$ 460,000 2018 558.24 \$ 507,000 2019 558.25 558.26 (a) \$319,000 each year is for the Minnesota Children's Museum. Of the amount in this 558.27 paragraph, \$50,000 in each year is for the Minnesota Children's Museum, Rochester. (b) \$50,000 each year is for the Duluth Children's Museum.

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29.23 29.24 29.25	(f) To receive grant funding, an eligible applicant must obtain a letter of support for the applicant's grant project proposal from each qualifying school unit the eligible applicant is proposing to serve. An eligible applicant must also demonstrate the following:						
29.26	(1) the ability to seek third-party reimbursement for services;						
29.27	(2) the ability to report data and outcomes as required by the commissioner; and						
29.28 29.29	(3) the existence of partnerships with counties, tribes, substance use disorder providers, and mental health service providers, including providers of mobile crisis services.						
29.30 29.31 29.32 29.33	(g) Grantees shall obtain all available third-party reimbursement sources as a condition of receiving grant funds. For purposes of this grant program, a third-party reimbursement source does not include a public school as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 120A.20, subdivision 1.						
30.1 30.2	(h) The base budget for this program is \$0. This appropriation is available until June 30 2020.						
30.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.						
71.19 71.20	Sec. 34. Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 2, section 57, subdivision 12, is amended to read:						
71.21 71.22	Subd. 12. Museums and education centers. For grants to museums and education centers:						
71.23	\$ 460,000 2018						
71.24 71.25	\$ \frac{460,000}{510,000} \dots 2019						
71.26 71.27	(a) \$319,000 each year is for the Minnesota Children's Museum. Of the amount in this paragraph, \$50,000 in each year is for the Minnesota Children's Museum, Rochester.						
71.28	(b) \$50,000 each year is for the Duluth Children's Museum.						

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558.29	(c) \$41,000 each year is for the Minnesota Academy of Science.
558.30	(d) \$50,000 each year is for the Headwaters Science Center.
559.1 559.2	(e) \$47,000 in fiscal year 2019 only is for the Judy Garland Museum for the Children's Discovery Museum of Grand Rapids.
559.3	Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.
559.4	The base in fiscal year 2020 is \$460,000.
559.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.

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71.29	(c) \$41,000 each year is for the Minnesota Academy of Science.					
71.30	(d) \$50,000 each year is for the Headwaters Science Center.					
71.31	(e) \$50,000 in fiscal year 2019 is for the Grand Rapids Children's Museum.					
72.1	(f) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.					
72.2	(g) The base for fiscal year 2020 and later is \$460,000.					
72.3 72.4	Sec. 35. Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 2, section 57, subdivision 14, is amended to read:					
,						
72.5	Subd. 14. Singing-based pilot program to improve student reading. (a) For a grant					
72.6	to pilot a research-supported, computer-based educational program that uses singing to					
72.7	improve the reading ability of students in grades 2 through 5:					
72 0	Φ 500,000 2010					
72.8	\$ 500,000 2018					
72.9	\$ 0 2019					
72.10	(b) The commissioner of education shall award a grant to the Rock 'n' Read Project to					
72.11	implement a research-supported, computer-based educational program that uses singing to					
72.12	improve the reading ability of students in grades 2 through 5. The grantee shall be responsible					
72.13	for selecting participating school sites; providing any required hardware and software,					
72.14 72.15	including software licenses, for the duration of the grant period; providing technical support, training, and staff to install required project hardware and software; providing on-site					
72.15	professional development and instructional monitoring and support for school staff and					
72.10						
72.18	the impact of the intervention; and other project management services as required. To the					
72.19	extent practicable, the grantee must select participating schools in urban, suburban, and					
72.20	greater Minnesota, and give priority to schools in which a high proportion of students do					
72.21	not read proficiently at grade level and are eligible for free or reduced-price lunch.					
70.0 5	() D. E. L					
72.22	(c) By February 15, 2019, the grantee must submit a report detailing expenditures and					
72.23	outcomes of the grant to the commissioner of education and the chairs and ranking minority					

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559.6 Sec. 11. Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 2, section 57, subdivision 22, is amended to read: Subd. 22. Race 2 Reduce. (a) For grants to support expanded Race 2 Reduce water 559.8 conservation programming in Minnesota schools: 559.9 \$ 559.10 2018 559.11 559.12 \$ 100,000 2019 (b) For fiscal year 2018, \$143,000 is for H2O for Life; \$98,000 is for Independent School 559.14 District No. 624, White Bear Lake; and \$66,000 is for Independent School District No. 832, 559.15 Mahtomedi. (c) For fiscal year 2019, \$57,000 is for H2O for Life, and \$43,000 is for Independent 559.16 559.17 School District No. 624, White Bear Lake. The appropriation is available until June 30, 2019. (d) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year. The base for fiscal year 2020 is \$0. S3086-2 39.11 Sec. 36. Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 2, section 57, subdivision 23, 39.12 is amended to read:

Subd. 23. Paraprofessional pathway to teacher licensure. (a) For grants to school

39.14 districts for Grow Your Own new teacher programs:

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72.24	members of the legislative committees with primary jurisdiction over kindergarten throug
72.25	grade 12 education policy and finance.
72.26	(d) This is a onetime appropriation.
72.20	(a) This is a offermic appropriation.
72.27	(a) Any halance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year
72.27	(e) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.
72 28	EFFECTIVE DATE This section is effective the day following final enactment

- 72.29 Sec. 36. Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 2, section 57, subdivision 23,
- 72.30 is amended to read:
- 72.31 Subd. 23. **Paraprofessional pathway to teacher licensure.** (a) For grants to school
- 72.32 districts for Grow Your Own new teacher programs:

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39.13	Þ	1,300,000	••••	2016
39.16	\$	1,500,000		2019
39.17	(b) The	grants are for sch	ool dis	stricts and charter schools with more than 30 percent
39.18				ching-approved Professional Educator Licensing and
39.19				entional teacher residency pilot program. The program
39.20				stipends to enable school district and charter school
39.21				ffiliated with a school district or charter school who
39.22				te in a nonconventional teacher preparation program.
39.23				hat receive funds under this subdivision are strongly
39.24				olor and American Indian candidates to participate in
39.25				grams. Districts or schools providing financial support
39.26	may require a	a commitment as	determ	nined by the district to teach in the district or school
39.27	for a reasonal	ble amount of tim	e that	does not exceed five years.
39.28	(c) Scho	ool districts and ch	arter c	schools may also apply for grants to develop innovative
39.28				that encourage secondary school students to pursue
39.30				ffering dual-credit postsecondary course options in
39.31				g" or "Introduction to Education" courses consistent
39.32				D.09, subdivision 10.
37.32	with winnest	sta statutes, seeth)II 12 I	D.07, Subdivision To.
40.1	(d) Prog	rams must annual	ly repo	ort to the commissioner by the date determined by the
40.2				er this section, including the number of participants,
40.3				re of color or who are American Indian, and an
40.4				including participant feedback, areas for improvement,
40.5				uing to pursue teacher licensure, and the number of
40.6	participants h	nired in the school	or dis	trict as teachers after completing preparation programs.

..... 2018

1.500.000

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and administer the grant program.

40.7

40.9

39.15

559.20 Sec. 12. Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 2, section 57, subdivision 23, 559.21 is amended to read:

Subd. 23. Paraprofessional pathway Grow Your Own Pathways to teacher licensure.
559.23 (a) For grants to school districts for Grow Your Own new teacher programs:

(e) The department may retain up to three percent of the appropriation amount to monitor

(f) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

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73.1	\$ 1,500,000	•••••	2018
73.2	\$ 1,500,000		2019

- (b) The grants are for school districts <u>and charter schools</u> with more than 30 percent minority students for a Board of Teaching-approved Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board-approved nonconventional teacher residency pilot program. The program must provide tuition scholarships or stipends to enable school district <u>and charter school</u> employees or community members affiliated with a school district <u>or charter school</u> who seek an education license to participate in a nonconventional teacher preparation program. School districts <u>and charter schools</u> that receive funds under this subdivision are strongly encouraged to recruit candidates of color and American Indian candidates to participate in the Grow Your Own new teacher programs. Districts or schools providing financial support may require a commitment as determined by the district to teach in the district or school for a reasonable amount of time that does not exceed five years.
- (c) School districts and charter schools may also apply for grants to develop innovative
 expanded Grow Your Own programs that encourage secondary school students to pursue
 teaching, including developing and offering dual-credit postsecondary course options in
 schools for "Introduction to Teaching" or "Introduction to Education" courses consistent
 with Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.09, subdivision 10.
- (d) Programs must annually report to the commissioner by the date determined by the
 commissioner on their activities under this section, including the number of participants,
 the percentage of participants who are of color or who are American Indian, and an
 assessment of program effectiveness, including participant feedback, areas for improvement,
 the percentage of participants continuing to pursue teacher licensure, and the number of
 participants hired in the school or district as teachers after completing preparation programs.
- 73.25 (e) The department may retain up to three percent of the appropriation amount to monitor 73.26 and administer the grant program.
- 73.27 (f) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

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559.24	\$	1,500,000		2018
559.25	\$	1,500,000		2019
559.26	(b) The	orants in naraorar	nh (a) a	are for school districts with more than 30 percent minority
559.27				percent of the school district's or charter school's
559.28				or American Indian students.
559.29	(a) \$000	0 000 of the figural	woor 2	019 appropriation is for a Board of Teaching approved
559.30				l Educator Licensing and Standards Board-approved
559.31				lot program programs. The program must provide
560.1				able school district and charter school employees or
560.2				a school district or charter school who seek an education
560.3				tional teacher preparation program. School districts
560.4				s under this subdivision are strongly encouraged to
560.5				ican Indian candidates to participate in the Grow Your
560.6				or schools providing financial support may require a
560.7		-		strict to teach in the district or school for a reasonable
560.8	amount of til	me that does not e	xceed 1	five years.
560.9	(c) Sch	ool districts and ol	arter s	schools may also apply for grants to develop (d) \$600,000
560.10				is for grants to provide financial assistance, mentoring,
560.11				no are of color or who are American Indian, and who
560.12				to become teachers. Districts or schools providing
560.13				nitment as determined by the district or school to teach
560.14				ole amount of time that does not exceed five years.
560.15	Grants may 1	be used for:		•
	(1)			
560.16				ds to eligible teaching assistants, cultural liaisons, or
560.17 560.18				e of color or who are American Indian and who are rogram approved by the Professional Educator Licensing
560.19	and Standard		mon pi	togram approved by the Professional Educator Licensing
300.19	and Standard	is Board,		
560.20	(2) supp	oorting the develo	pment (of innovative residency programs for persons of color
560.21	and America	in Indians seeking	an edu	ication license through a school-based, board-approved
560.22	program; and	d		_
560.23	(3) deve	eloping innovative	expan	nded Grow Your Own programs that:
560.24				students to pursue teaching, including developing and
560.25	offering dual	l-credit postsecond	dary co	ourse options in schools for "Introduction to Teaching"

50.26	or "Introduction to Education" courses consistent with Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.09,
50.27	subdivision 10; and
50.28	(ii) support future teacher clubs involving middle and high school students who are of
50.29	color or who are American Indian to provide experiential learning, support the success of
50.30	younger students, and pursue teaching careers.
50.31	(e) A school district must apply for grants under this subdivision in the form and manner
50.32	specified by the commissioner. Each year, the commissioner must review all grant
50.33	applications by September 15 and notify grant recipients of the amount of their grant by
50.34	September 30.
51.1	(d) (f) Programs must annually report to the commissioner by the date determined by
51.2	the commissioner on their activities under this section, including the number of participants,
51.3	the percentage of participants who are of color or who are American Indian, and an
51.4	assessment of program effectiveness, including participant feedback, areas for improvement
51.5	the percentage of participants continuing to pursue teacher licensure, and the number of
51.6	participants hired in the school or district as teachers after completing preparation programs.
51.7	(e) (g) The department may retain up to three percent of the appropriation amount to
51.8	monitor and administer the grant program.
51.9	(f) (h) Any balance in the first fiscal year 2018 does not cancel but is available in the
51.10	second fiscal year 2019.
51.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective June 30, 2018.

73.28	Sec. 37. Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 2, section 57, subdivision 24,
73.29	is amended to read:

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73.32 $ 10,892,000 .... 2018
73.33 $ 10,892,000 .... 2019
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74.1 (b) Any balance in the first year does not cancel but is available in the second year.

Subd. 24. **Statewide testing and reporting system.** (a) For the statewide testing and reporting system under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.30:

Senate Language S3656-2

561.12	Sec. 13. APPROPRIATIONS.
561.13 561.14 561.15	
561.16 561.17	Subd. 2. Online access to music education. (a) For a grant to the MacPhail Center for Music to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota:
561.18	<u>\$</u> <u>125,000</u> <u></u> <u>2019</u>
561.19 561.20	(b) The MacPhail Center must use the grant under paragraph (a) to broaden access to music education in rural Minnesota. The program must supplement and enhance an existing
	program and may provide individual instruction, sectional ensembles, and other group
561.21 561.22	activities, workshops, and early childhood music activities. The MacPhail Center must
561.23	design its program in consultation with music educators who teach in rural Minnesota. The
561.24	grants may be used by the MacPhail Center for employee costs and for any related travel
561.25	costs.
301.23	COSIS.
561.26	(c) Upon request from a school's music educator, the MacPhail Center may enter into
561.27	an agreement with the school to provide a program according to paragraph (b). In an early
561.28	childhood setting, the MacPhail Center may provide a program upon a request initiated by
561.29	an early childhood educator.
561.30	(d) By January 15, 2020, the MacPhail Center shall prepare and submit a report to the
561.31	legislature describing the online programs offered, program outcomes, the students served,
562.1	an estimate of the unmet need for music education, and a detailed list of expenditures for
562.2	the previous fiscal year.
562.3	(e) This is a onetime appropriation.
562.4	Subd. 3. Academic balance policy review. (a) For the commissioner of education to
562.5	conduct a review of academic balance policies under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.25.

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74.2	(c) For fiscal years 2020 and 2021, the base budget for this program must be adjusted
74.3	by multiplying the fiscal year 2019 appropriation by the ratio of the estimated total number
74.4	of Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments taken by students in the current fiscal year to
74.5	the total number of Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments taken by students in fiscal year
74.6	2017. This is estimated to reduce the base appropriation by \$245,000 in fiscal year 2020
74.7	and fiscal year 2021.
74.8	Sec. 38. <u>APPROPRIATIONS.</u>
74.9	Subdivision 1. Commissioner of education. The sums indicated in this section are
74.10	appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of education in the fiscal year
74.11	designated.

House Language H4328-3

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562.6	<u>\$</u>	25,000		2019
562.7	(h) The com	missioner mu	ct ravia	ew a sample of policies adopted by school districts and
562.8				he requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.25,
562.9	and may make re	commendation	ns to the	ne legislative committees having jurisdiction over early
562.10	childhood throug	th grade 12 ed	ucation	n by January 18, 2019, regarding any necessary statutory
562.11	changes.			
562.12	(c) This is a	onetime appro	opriatio	on.

74.12	Subd. 2. Mounds View early college aid. (a) For Independent School District No. 621,
74.13	founds View:
74 14	9 250,000 2010
74.14	<u>\$ 250,000 2019</u>
74.15	(b) The amount awarded under this subdivision must be used to provide scholarships
74.16	or teachers who teach secondary school courses for postsecondary credit through the
74.17	istrict's early college program to enroll in up to 18 graduate credits in an applicable subject
74.18	rea. The district and the State Partnership are encouraged to collaborate to avoid duplication
74.19	f service and, to the extent practicable, provide district teachers access to the State
74.20	artnership's continuing education program established in accordance with Laws 2017, First
74.21	pecial Session chapter 5, article 2, section 48.
	<u> </u>
74.22	(c) This is a onetime appropriation.
77.22	(c) This is a offerme appropriation.
74.23	(d) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, the fiscal year 2019
	\(\)
74.24	ppropriation is available until June 30, 2022. Any remaining balance is canceled to the
74.25	eneral fund.
74.26	Subd. 3. Vocational enrichment revenue. (a) For vocational enrichment grants to school
74.27	istricts, including Independent School District No. 2752, Fairmont, for career and technical
74.28	ducation in extended week and summer school programs:
74.20	© 250,000 2010
74.29	<u>\$ 250,000 2019</u>

74.30	(b) A school district must apply for a grant in the form and manner specified by the
74.31	commissioner. The maximum amount of a vocational enrichment grant equals the product
74.32	of:
75.1	(1) \$5,117;
75.2	<u>(2) 1.2;</u>
75.3	(3) the number of students participating in the program; and
75.4	(4) the ratio of the actual hours of service provided to each student to 1,020.
75.5	(c) If applications for funding exceed the amount appropriated for the program, the
75.6	commissioner must prioritize grants to programs in the following pathways: welding;
75.7	construction trades; automotive technology; household electrical skills; heating, ventilation,
75.8	and air conditioning; plumbing; culinary arts; and agriculture.
75.9	(d) This is a onetime appropriation.
75.10	(e) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, the fiscal year 2019
75.11	appropriation is available until June 30, 2021.
,	<u> </u>
75.12	Subd. 4. Vocational postsecondary enrollment options. (a) For a grant to Independent
75.12	School District No. 110, Waconia, to establish a career and technical education dual credit
75.14	pilot program in partnership with Hennepin County Technical College and Ridgewater
75.15	College offering courses in manufacturing and construction:
75.15	conogo onormig courses in manatacearing and construction.
75.16	<u>\$ 150,000 2019</u>
75.17	(b) A dual credit course offered under the pilot program must be taught by a qualified
75.18	school district teacher or college faculty member. A student that completes a course offered
75.19	by the career and technical education dual credit pilot program must receive both a secondary
75.20	credit and postsecondary credit. A student may also receive an industry-recognized certificate,
75.21	if appropriate.
10.41	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
75.22	(c) A dual credit course offered under the pilot program is not subject to the requirements
75.23	of Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.09. A student enrolled in a dual credit course is included
75.24	in the school district's average daily membership in accordance with Minnesota Statutes,
75.25	section 126C.05, during the hours of participation in the course.

562.13 Sec. 14. **REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.**

The revisor of statutes shall codify Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 2, section 57, subdivision 23, as amended, in the next publication of Minnesota Statutes.

75.26	(d) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, the fiscal year 2019
75.27	appropriation is available until June 30, 2021.
75.28	(e) This is a onetime appropriation.
75.29	Subd. 5. Mind Foundry Learning Foundation. (a) For a grant to the Mind Foundry
75.30	Learning Foundation to run after-school STEM programming to inspire and educate
75.31 75.32	underserved youth in St. Paul about the value of STEM fields in 21st century work and learning.
13.32	cumis.
76.1	<u>\$</u> <u>200,000</u> <u></u> <u>2019</u>
76.2	(b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, the fiscal year 2019
76.3	appropriation is available until June 30, 2021.
76.4	(c) This is a onetime appropriation.
76.5	Subd. 6. Full-service community schools. For fiscal year 2020 and later, the annual
76.6	base budget for full-service community schools is \$2,000,000. This amount must be
76.7 76.8	designated and used for school support staff providing services to students attending full-service community schools under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.231. For purposes
76.9	of this subdivision, school support staff include mental health professionals, licensed school
76.10	counselors, licensed school psychologists, licensed school nurses, and licensed alcohol and
76.11	chemical dependency counselors.
76.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2018.
76.13	Sec. 39. REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.
76.14	(a) The revisor of statutes shall renumber the provisions of Minnesota Statutes listed in

Column B

76.15 column A to the references listed in column B.

76.16 **Column A**

76.17	136D.01	123C.01
76.18	136D.21	123C.21
76.19	136D.22	123C.22
76.20	136D.23	123C.23
76.21	136D.24	123C.24
76.22	136D.25	123C.25
76.23	136D.26	123C.26
76.24	136D.281	123C.27
76.25	136D.29	123C.28
76.26	<u>136D.31</u>	123C.29
76.27	<u>136D.41</u>	123C.41
76.28	<u>136D.42</u>	123C.42
76.29	<u>136D.43</u>	123C.43
76.30	<u>136D.44</u>	123C.44
76.31	<u>136D.45</u>	123C.45
76.32	<u>136D.46</u>	123C.46
76.33	<u>136D.47</u>	123C.47
76.34	<u>136D.48</u>	123C.48
77.1	<u>136D.49</u>	123C.49
77.2	<u>136D.71</u>	123C.71
77.3	<u>136D.72</u>	123C.72
77.4	<u>136D.73</u>	123C.73
77.5	<u>136D.74</u>	123C.74
77.6	<u>136D.741</u>	123C.75
	76.18 76.19 76.20 76.21 76.22 76.23 76.24 76.25 76.26 76.27 76.28 76.30 76.31 76.32 76.33 76.34 77.1 77.2 77.3 77.4 77.5	76.18 136D.21 76.19 136D.22 76.20 136D.23 76.21 136D.24 76.22 136D.25 76.23 136D.26 76.24 136D.281 76.25 136D.29 76.26 136D.41 76.28 136D.42 76.29 136D.43 76.30 136D.44 76.31 136D.45 76.32 136D.46 76.33 136D.47 76.34 136D.48 77.1 136D.49 77.2 136D.71 77.3 136D.72 77.4 136D.73 77.5 136D.74

77.7	136D.76	123C.76
77.8	136D.81	123C.81
77.9	136D.82	123C.82
77.10	136D.83	123C.83
77.11	136D.84	123C.84
77.12	136D.85	123C.85
77.13	136D.86	123C.86
77.14	136D.88	123C.87
77.15	136D.90	123C.88
77.16	136D.92	123C.89
77.17	136D.93	123C.90
77.18	136D.94	123C.91

77.19 (b) The revisor of statutes shall make necessary cross-reference changes in Minnesota 77.20 Statutes and Minnesota Rules consistent with renumbering of Minnesota Statutes, chapter

77.21 136D in this act, and if Minnesota Statutes, chapter 136D, is further amended in the 2018

legislative session, shall codify the amendments in a manner consistent with this act. The

revisor may make necessary changes to sentence structure to preserve the meaning of the

77.24 text.

77.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

77.26 Sec. 40. **REPEALER.**

562.17 (a) Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 122A.63, subdivisions 7 and 8, are repealed.

562.18 (b) Laws 2016, chapter 189, article 25, section 62, subdivision 16, is repealed.

562.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Paragraph (a) is effective July 1, 2018. Paragraph (b) is effective

562.20 June 30, 2018.

77.27

Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 120B.299, subdivisions 7, 8, 9, and 11, are repealed.

S3086-2

- 40.10 Sec. 37. **REPEALER.**
- 40.11 Minnesota Statutes 2016, section 120B.35, subdivisions 4 and 5, are repealed.