1.2	Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:
1.3	"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 299A.642, subdivision 15, is
1.4	amended to read:
1.5	Subd. 15. Required reports. (a) By February 1 of each year, the commissioner of public
1.6	safety shall submit the following reports to the chairs and ranking minority members of the
1.7	senate and house of representatives committees and divisions having jurisdiction over
1.8	criminal justice policy and funding:
1.9	(1) a report containing a summary of all audits conducted on multijurisdictional entities
1.10	under subdivision 4;
1.11	(2) a report on the results of audits conducted on data submitted to the criminal gang
1.12	investigative data system under section 299C.091;
1.13	(3) a report on the activities and goals of the coordinating council; and
1.14	(4) a report on how funds appropriated for violent crime reduction strategies were used
1.15	(b) The report submitted under paragraph (a), clause (4), must include the following
1.16	information regarding actions taken by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension and Violent
1.17	Crime Enforcement Teams receiving funding under this section:
1.18	(1) the number of firearms seized;
1.19	(2) the number of gun trafficking investigations conducted; and
1.20	(3) a summary of the types of investigations conducted.

..... moves to amend H.F. No. 2609, the first engrossment, as follows:

1.1

Section 1.

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Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 609.67, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) "Machine gun" means any firearm designed to discharge, or capable of discharging automatically more than once by a single function of the trigger.
- (b) "Shotgun" means a weapon designed, redesigned, made or remade which is intended to be fired from the shoulder and uses the energy of the explosive in a fixed shotgun shell to fire through a smooth bore either a number of ball shot or a single projectile for each single pull of the trigger.
- (c) "Short-barreled shotgun" means a shotgun having one or more barrels less than 18 inches in length and any weapon made from a shotgun if such weapon as modified has an overall length less than 26 inches.
 - (d) "Trigger activator" means:

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- (1) a removable manual or power driven trigger activating device constructed and designed so that, when attached to a firearm, the rate at which the trigger may be pulled increases and the rate of fire of the firearm increases to that of a machine gun; or
 - (2) a device that allows a semiautomatic firearm to shoot more than one shot with a single pull of the trigger or by harnessing the recoil of energy of the semiautomatic firearm to which it is affixed so that the trigger resets and continues firing without additional physical manipulation of the trigger-; or
- (3) a device that allows a firearm to shoot one shot on the pull of the trigger and a second shot on the release of the trigger without requiring a subsequent pull of the trigger.
- (e) "Machine gun conversion kit" means any part or combination of parts designed and intended for use in converting a weapon into a machine gun, and any combination of parts from which a machine gun can be assembled, but does not include a spare or replacement part for a machine gun that is possessed lawfully under section 609.67, subdivision 3.
 - **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2025.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 624.7141, is amended to read:
 - 624.7141 TRANSFER TO INELIGIBLE PERSON.
- 2.29 Subdivision 1. **Transfer prohibited.** (a) A person is guilty of a gross misdemeanor who
 2.30 felony and may be sentenced to imprisonment for up to two years and to payment of a fine
 2.31 of not more than \$10,000 if the person intentionally transfers a pistol or semiautomatic

Sec. 3. 2

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military-style assault weapon firearm to another if and the person knows or reasonably 3.1 should know that the transferee: 3.2 (1) has been denied a permit to carry under section 624.714 because the transferee is 3.3 not eligible under section 624.713 to possess a pistol or semiautomatic military-style assault 3.4 weapon or any other firearm; 3.5 (2) has been found ineligible to possess a pistol or semiautomatic military-style assault 3.6 weapon by a chief of police or sheriff as a result of an application for a transferee permit 3.7 or a transfer report; or 3.8 (3) is disqualified under section 624.713 from possessing a pistol or semiautomatic 3.9 military-style assault weapon or any other firearm. 3.10 (b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to the transfer of a firearm other than a pistol or 3.11 semiautomatic military-style assault weapon to a person under the age of 18 who is not 3.12 disqualified from possessing any other firearm. 3.13 Subd. 2. Felony Aggravated offense. A violation of this section is a felony person who 3.14 violates this section may be sentenced to imprisonment for up to five years and to payment 3.15 of a fine of not more than \$20,000 if the transferee possesses or uses the weapon within one 3.16 year after the transfer in furtherance of a felony crime of violence. 3.17 Subd. 3. Subsequent eligibility. This section is not applicable to a transfer to a person 3.18 who became eligible to possess a pistol or semiautomatic military-style assault weapon 3.19 under section 624.713 after the transfer occurred but before the transferee used or possessed 3.20 the weapon in furtherance of any crime. 3.21 Subd. 4. Affirmative defense. (a) As used in this subdivision, "family or household 3.22 member" has the meaning given in section 518B.01, subdivision 2, paragraph (b). 3.23 (b) If proven by clear and convincing evidence, it is an affirmative defense to a violation 3.24 of this section that the defendant was a family or household member of the transferee and 3.25 committed the violation only under compulsion by the transferee who, by explicit or implicit 3.26 3.27 threats or other acts, created a reasonable apprehension in the mind of the defendant that the refusal of the defendant to participate in the violation would result in the transferee 3.28 inflicting substantial bodily harm or death on the defendant or a family or household member 3.29 of the defendant. 3.30 (c) The fact finder may consider any evidence of past acts that would constitute domestic 3.31 abuse, domestic or nondomestic assault, criminal sexual conduct, sexual extortion, sex 3.32 trafficking, labor trafficking, harassment or stalking, or any other crime that is a crime of 3.33

Sec. 3. 3

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4.1	violence as defined in section 624.712, subdivision 5, or threats to commit any of these
4.2	crimes by the transferee toward the defendant or another when determining if the defendant
4.3	has proven the affirmative defense. Past prosecution is not required for the fact finder to
4.4	consider evidence of these acts. Nothing in this paragraph limits the ability of the fact finder
4.5	to consider other relevant evidence when determining if the defendant has proven the
4.6	affirmative defense.

- 4.7 <u>EFFECTIVE DATE.</u> This section is effective August 1, 2024, and applies to crimes

 4.8 <u>committed on or after that date."</u>
- 4.9 Amend the title accordingly

Sec. 3. 4