### 62.4 ARTICLE 7

62.5 TEACHERS
62.6 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 120B.11, as amended by Laws 2015, First 62.7 Special Session chapter 3, article 3, section 5, is amended to read:
62.8 120B.11 SCHOOL DISTRICT PROCESS FOR REVIEWING CURRICULUM, 62.9 INSTRUCTION, AND STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT; STRIVING FOR THE 62.10 WORLD'S BEST WORKFORCE.
62.11 Subdivision 1. Definitions. For the purposes of this section and section 120B.10, 62.12 the following terms have the meanings given them.
62.13 (a) "Instruction" means methods of providing learning experiences that enable 62.14 a student to meet state and district academic standards and graduation requirements 62.15 including applied and experiential learning.
62.16 (b) "Curriculum" means district or school adopted programs and written plans for 62.17 providing students with learning experiences that lead to expected knowledge and skills 62.18 and career and college readiness.
62.19 (c) "World's best workforce" means striving to: meet school readiness goals; have 62.20 all third grade students achieve grade-level literacy; close the academic achievement gap 62.21 among all racial and ethnic groups of students and between students living in poverty 62.22 and students not living in poverty; have all students attain career and college readines 62.23 before graduating from high school; and have all students graduate from high school; and 62.24 provide all enrolled students with equitable access to effective and more diverse teachers, 62.25 including teachers who are members of populations underrepresented among the licensed 62.26 teachers in the district or school, and who reflect the diversity of students under section 62.27 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), enrolled in the district or school.
62.28 (d) "Experiential learning" means learning for students that includes career
62.29 exploration through a specific class or course or through work-based experiences such as 62.30 job shadowing, mentoring, entrepreneurship, service learning, volunteering, internships, 62.30 job shadowing, mentoring, entrepreneurship, service learning, volunteerin
62.31 other cooperative work experience, youth apprenticeship, or employment.
62.32 Subd. 1a. Performance measures. Measures to determine school district and
62.33 school site progress in striving to create the world's best workforce must include at least:
63.1 (1) student performance on the National Assessment of Education Progress where
63.2 applicable;
63.3 (2) the size of the academic achievement gap, rigorous course taking under section
63.4 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (c), clause (2), and enrichment experiences by student 63.5 subgroup;
63.6 (3) student performance on the Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments;
63.7 (4) high school graduation rates; and
63.8 (5) career and college readiness under section 120B.30, subdivision 1 ; and
63.9 (6) the number and percent of teachers who are members of populations
63.10 underrepresented among the licensed teachers in the district or school and who reflect the 63.11 diversity of students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2) 63.12 enrolled in the district or school.
63.13 Subd. 2. Adopting plans and budgets. A school board, at a public meeting, shall 63.14 adopt a comprehensive, long-term strategic plan to support and improve teaching and 63.15 learning that is aligned with creating the world's best workforce and includes
63.16 (1) clearly defined district and school site goals and benchmarks for instruction and
63.17 student achievement for all student subgroups identified in section 120B.35, subdivision 3,
63.18 paragraph (b), clause (2);
63.19 (2) a process for assessing and evaluating each student's progress toward meeting state 63.20 and local academic standards and identifying the strengths and weaknesses of instruction 63.21 in pursuit of student and school success and curriculum affecting students' progress and 63.22 growth toward career and college readiness and leading to the world's best workforce;
63.23 (3) a system to periodically review and evaluate the effectiveness of all instruction
63.24 and curriculum, taking into account strategies and best practices, student outcomes, school 63.25 principal evaluations under section 123B.147, subdivision 3, students' access to effective 63.26 teachers who are members of populations underrepresented among the licensed teachers 63.27 in the district or school and who reflect the diversity of enrolled students under section $63.28 \overline{120 B} 35$, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2) and teacher evaluations under section 6329 122A.40, subdivision 8 , or 122A.41, subdivision 5 ,
63.30 (4) strategies for improving instruction, curriculum, and student achievement,
63.31 including the English and, where practicable, the native language development and the 63.32 academic achievement of English learners;
63.33 (5) education effectiveness practices that integrate high-quality instruction, rigorous
63.34 curriculum, technology, and a collaborative professional culture that develops and
63.35 supports teacher quality, performance, and effectiveness; and
63.36 (6) an annual budget for continuing to implement the district plan
64.1 Subd. 3. District advisory committee. Each school board shall establish an
64.2 advisory committee to ensure active community participation in all phases of planning 64.3 and improving the instruction and curriculum affecting state and district academic
64.4 standards, consistent with subdivision 2. A district advisory committee, to the exten 64.5 possible, shall reflect the diversity of the district and its school sites, include teachers, 64.6 parents, support staff, students, and other community residents, and provide translation 64.7 to the extent appropriate and practicable. The district advisory committee shall pursue 64.8 community support to accelerate the academic and native literacy and achievement of 64.9 English learners with varied needs, from young children to adults, consistent with section 64.10 124D.59, subdivisions 2 and 2a. The district may establish site teams as subcommittees 64.11 of the district advisory committee under subdivision 4 . The district advisory committee 64.12 shall recommend to the school board rigorous academic standards, student achievement 64.13 goals and measures consistent with subdivision 1a and sections 120B.022, subdivisions 1 a 64.14 and 1b, and 120B.35, district assessments, means to improve students' equitable access to 64.15 effective and more diverse teachers, and program evaluations. School sites may expand 64.16 upon district evaluations of instruction, curriculum, assessments, or programs. Whenever 64.17 possible, parents and other community residents shall comprise at least two-thirds of 64.18 advisory committee members.
64.19 Subd. 4. Site team. A school may establish a site team to develop and implement 64.20 strategies and education effectiveness practices to improve instruction, curriculum, 64.21 cultural fluencies and competencies, including cultural awareness and cross-cultural 64.22 communication, and student achievement at the school site, consistent with subdivision 64.23 2. The team advises the board and the advisory committee about developing the 64.24 annual budget and revising an instruction and curriculum improvement plan that aligns 64.25 curriculum, assessment of student progress, and growth in meeting state and district 64.26 academic standards and instruction.
64.27 Subd. 5. Report. Consistent with requirements for school performance reports
64.28 under section 120B.36, subdivision 1, the school board shall publish a report in the local 64.29 newspaper with the largest circulation in the district, by mail, or by electronic means on 64.30 the district Web site. The school board shall hold an annual public meeting to review, and 64.31 revise where appropriate, student achievement goals, local assessment outcomes, plans, 64.32 strategies, and practices for improving curriculum and instruction and cultural competency 64.33 and all students' increased and equitable access to effective and more diverse teachers, and 64.34 to review district success in realizing the previously adopted student achievement goals
64.35 and related benchmarks and the improvement plans leading to the world's best workforce. 65.1 The school board must transmit an electronic summary of its report to the commissioner in 65.2 the form and manner the commissioner determines.
65.3 Subd. 7. Periodic report. Each school district shall periodically survey affected 65.3 Subd. 7. Periodic report. Each school district shall periodically survey affected
65.4 constituencies, in their native languages where appropriate and practicable, about their 65.5 connection to and level of satisfaction with school. The district shall include the results of 65.6 this evaluation in the summary report required under subdivision 5 .
65.7 Subd 9. Annual evaluation. (a) The commissioner must identify effective
65.8 strategies, practices, and use of resources by districts and school sites in striving for the 65.9 world's best workforce. The commissioner must assist districts and sites throughout the 65.10 state in implementing these effective strategies, practices, and use of resources, and in 65.11 providing all enrolled students, including low-income students, American Indian students, 65.12 and students of color with improved and equitable access to effective and more diverse 65.13 teachers
65.14 (b) The commissioner must identify those districts in any consecutive three-year
65.15 period not making sufficient progress toward improving teaching and learning for all 65.16 students, including English learners with varied needs, consistent with section 124D.59, 65.17 subdivisions 2 and 2a, and striving for the world's best workforce. The commissioner, in 5.18 collaboration with the identified district, may require the district to use up to two percen 65.19 of its basic general education revenue per fiscal year during the proximate three school 65.20 years to implement commissioner-specified strategies and practices, consistent with 65.21 paragraph (a), to improve and accelerate its progress in realizing its goals under this 65.22 section. In implementing this section, the commissioner must consider districts' budget 65.23 constraints and legal obligations.
65.24 (c) The commissioner shall report by January 25 of each year to the committees of 65.25 the legislature having jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education the list of 65.26 school districts that have not submitted their report to the commissioner under subdivision 65.275 and the list of school districts not achieving their performance goals established in 65.28 their plan under subdivision 2 .
65.29 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2016-2017 school year and 65.30 later.
65.31 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 120B.11, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
65.32 Subd. 5. Report. (a) Consistent with requirements for school performance reports
65.33 under section 120B.36, subdivision 1, and paragraph (b), the school board shall publish 65.34 a report in the local newspaper with the largest circulation in the district, by mail, or 65.35 by electronic means on the district Web site. The school board shall hold an annual 66.1 public meeting to review, and revise where appropriate, student achievement goals, 66.2 local assessment outcomes, plans, strategies, and practices for improving curriculum 66.3 and instruction and cultural competency, and to review district success in realizing 66.4 the previously adopted student achievement goals and related benchmarks and the 66.5 improvement plans leading to the world's best workforce. The school board must transmi 66.6 an electronic summary of its report to the commissioner in the form and manner the 66.7 commissioner determines.
66.8 (b) Each school board must include in its annual report under paragraph (a) data on:
66.9 (1) the number of licensed teachers employed by the district who self-identify as 66.10 non-Caucasian and who are members of a population underrepresented among licensed 66.11 teachers in the district;
66.12 (2) the number of community experts providing instruction in the district during the 66.13 school year and the subject areas they teach;
66.14 (3) the school year testing schedule for the district showing grade levels and 66.15 assessments and the time allotted for each assessment; and
66.16 (4) the class sizes for the district's prekindergarten through grade 6 classrooms.
66.17 The format for reporting the data must comply with the model data-reporting format 66.18 developed by the commissioner.
66.19 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2016-2017 school year and 66.20 later.
66.21 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 120B.35, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 66.22 Subd. 3. State growth target; other state measures. (a) The state's educational 66.23 assessment system measuring individual students' educational growth is based on 66.24 indicators of achievement growth that show an individual student's prior achievement. 66.25 Indicators of achievement and prior achievement must be based on highly reliable 66.26 statewide or districtwide assessments.
66.27 (b) The commissioner, in consultation with a stakeholder group that includes 66.28 assessment and evaluation directors, district staff, experts in culturally responsive teaching 66.29 and researchers, must implement a model that uses a value-added growth indicator and 66.30 includes criteria for identifying sehools and sehool distriets that demonstrate medium and 66.31 high growth under seetion 120B.299, subdivisions 8 and 9 , and may recommend othe 66.32 value-added measures under section 120B.299, subdivision 3. The model may be used 66.33 to advance educators' professional development and replicate programs that succeed in 67.1 meeting students' diverse learning needs. Data on individual teachers generated under the 67.2 model are personnel data under section 13.43. The model must allow users to
67.3 (1) report student growth consistent with this paragraph; and
67.4 (2) for all student categories, report and compare aggregated and disaggregated state
67.5 growth data using the nine student categories identified under the federal 2001 No Child
67.6 Left Behind Aet and two student gender categories of male and female, respectively
67.7 Elementary and Secondary Education Act, as most recently reauthorized, following
67.8 appropriate reporting practices to protect nonpublic student data.
67.9 The commissioner must report measures of student growth, consistent with this
67.10 paragraph, including the English language development, academic progress, and oral
67.11 academic development of English learners and their native language development if the 67.12 native language is used as a language of instruction.
67.13 (c) When reporting student performance under section 120B.36, subdivision 1 , the 67.14 commissioner annually, beginning July 1, 2011, must report two core measures indicating 67.15 the extent to which current high school graduates are being prepared for postsecondary 67.16 academic and career opportunities:
67.17 (1) a preparation measure indicating the number and percentage of high school
67.18 graduates in the most recent school year who completed course work important to
67.19 preparing them for postsecondary academic and career opportunities, consistent with 67.20 the core academic subjects required for admission to Minnesota's public colleges and 67.21 universities as determined by the Office of Higher Education under chapter 136A; and
67.22 (2) a rigorous coursework measure indicating the number and percentage of high 67.23 school graduates in the most recent school year who successfully completed one or more 67.24 college-level advanced placement, international baccalaureate, postsecondary enrollmen 67.25 options including concurrent enrollment, other rigorous courses of study under section 67.26 120B.021, subdivision 1a, or industry certification courses or programs.
67.27 When reporting the core measures under clauses (1) and (2), the commissioner must also 67.28 analyze and report separate categories of information using the nine student categories
67.29 identified under the federal 2001 No Child Left Behind Act and two student gender
67.30 eategories of male and female, respectively Elementary and Secondary Education Act, as 67.31 most recently reauthorized, following appropriate reporting practices to protect nonpublic 67.32 student data.
67.33 (d) When reporting student performance under section 120B.36, subdivision 1 , the 67.34 commissioner annually, beginning July 1, 2014, must report summary data on school 67.35 safety and students' engagement and connection at school. The summary data under this 67.36 paragraph are separate from and must not be used for any purpose related to measuring 68.1 or evaluating the performance of classroom teachers. The commissioner, in consultation 68.2 with qualified experts on student engagement and connection and classroom teachers, 68.3 must identify highly reliable variables that generate summary data under this paragraph. 68.4 The summary data may be used at school, district, and state levels only. Any data on 68.5 individuals received, collected, or created that are used to generate the summary data 68.6 under this paragraph are nonpublic data under section 13.02, subdivision 9 .
68.7 (e) For purposes of statewide educational accountability, the commissioner must
68.8 identify and report measures that demonstrate the success of learning year program 68.9 providers under sections 123 A .05 and 124D.68, among other such providers, in improving 68.10 students' graduation outcomes. The commissioner, beginning July 1, 2015, must annually 68.11 report summary data on:

### 68.12 (1) the four- and six-year graduation rates of students under this paragraph;

68.13 (2) the percent of students under this paragraph whose progress and performance 68.14 levels are meeting career and college readiness benchmarks under section 120B. 30 68.15 subdivision 1 ; and
68.16 (3) the success that learning year program providers experience in:
68.17 (i) identifying at-risk and off-track student populations by grade;
68.18 (ii) providing successful prevention and intervention strategies for at-risk students;
68.19 (iii) providing successful recuperative and recovery or reenrollment strategies for 68.20 off-track students; and
68.21 (iv) improving the graduation outcomes of at-risk and off-track students.
68.22 The commissioner may include in the annual report summary data on other education
68.23 providers serving a majority of students eligible to participate in a learning year program.
68.24 (f) The commissioner, in consultation with recognized experts with knowledge and
68.25 experience in assessing the language proficiency and academic performance of English
68.26 learners, must identify and report appropriate and effective measures to improve current 68.27 categories of language difficulty and assessments, and monitor and report data on students' 68.28 English proficiency levels, program placement, and academic language development, 68.29 including oral academic language
68.30 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2016-2017 school year and 68.31 later.
66.22 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.07, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
66.23 Subd. 2. Eligibility; board composition. Except for the representatives of higher 66.24 education, school administrators, and the public, to be eligible for appointment to the 66.25 Board of Teaching a person must be a teacher currently teaching in a Minnesota school 66.26 and fully licensed for the position held and have at least five years teaching experience in 66.27 Minnesota, including the two years immediately preceding nomination and appointment. 6628 Each nominee, other than a public nominee, must be selected on the basis of professional 66.29 experience and knowledge of teacher education, accreditation, and licensure. The board 66.30 must be composed of:
66.31 (1) six teachers who are currently teaching in a Minnesota school or who were 66.32 teaching at the time of the appointment and who do not qualify under clause (2) or (3), at 66.33 least four of whom must be teaching in a public school;
67.1 (2) one higher education representative, who must be a faculty member preparing 67.2 teachers;
67.3 (3) one school administrator; and
67.4 (4) three members of the public, two of whom must be present or former members 67.5 of school boards
67.6 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment
67.7 and applies to all board appointments made after that date.
69.1 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.09, as amended by Laws 2015, chapter 69.2 69, article 2, section 3, and Laws 2015, First Special Session chapter 3, article 2, sections 69.39 to 11, is amended to read:

### 69.4 122A. 09 DUTIES.

69.5 Subdivision 1. Code of ethics. The Board of Teaching must develop by rule a code 69.6 of ethics covering standards of professional teaching practices, including areas of ethical 69.7 conduct and professional performance and methods of enforcement.
69.8 Subd. 2. Advise members of profession. The board must act in an advisory 69.9 capacity to members of the profession in matters of interpretation of the code of ethics.
69.10 Subd. 3. Election of chair and officers. The board shall elect a chair and such
69.11 other officers as it may deem necessary.
67.8 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.09, is amended by adding a 67.9 subdivision to read:
67.10 Subd. 3a. Board of Teaching; duties and responsibilities clarified. Consistent
67.11 with sections 15.039 and 16B.37, the Board of Teaching is responsible for licensing
67.12 teachers and issuing special permissions to teach and must perform all licensure-related
67.13 duties and meet all licensure-related responsibilities under this section, among other 67.14 statutory licensure-related requirements. At the direction of the board, the department 67.15 may perform administrative functions related to issuing teacher licenses. To the extent a 67.16 conflict exists between this section and another section governing teacher licensing, the 67.17 provisions of this section prevail.
67.18 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
67.19 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 122A.09, subdivision 4, is 67.20 amended to read:
69.12 Subd. 4. License and rules. (a) The board must adopt rules to license public school 69.13 teachers and interns subject to chapter 14.
69.14 (b) The board must require all candidates for teacher licensure to demonstrate a 69.15 passing score on a board-adopted skills examination in reading, writing, and mathematics, 69.16 as a requirement for an initial teacher licensure professional five-year teaching license, 69.17 except that the board may issue up to four temperary, initial professional one-year teaching 69.18 licenses to an otherwise qualified candidate who has not yet passed the board-adopted 69.19 skills exam. The board must require colleges and universities offering a board-approved 69.19 skills exam. The board must require colleges and universities offering a board-approved 69.20 teacher preparation program to provide remedial assistance to persons who did not achi
69.21 a qualifying score on the board-adopted skills examination, including those for whom 69.21 a qualifying score on the board-adopted skills examination, including those for whom 69.22 Enghish is a second language. The requirement 69.23 and mathematics skills examination does not apply to nonnative English speakers, as 69.24 verified by qualified Minnesota school district personnel or Minnesota higher education 69.25 faculty, who, after meeting the content and pedagogy requirements under this subdivision, 69.26 apply for a teaching license to provide direct instruction in their native language or world 69.27 language instruction under section 120B.022, subdivision 1. The Board of Teaching and 69.28 the entity administering the content, pedagogy, and skills examinations must allow any 69.29 individual who produces documentation of a disability in the form of an evaluation, 504 69.30 plan, or individual education program (IEP) to receive the same testing accommodations 69.31 on the content, pedagogy, and skills examinations that the applicant received during their 69.32 secondary or postsecondary education.
69.33 (c) The board must adopt rules to approve teacher preparation programs. The board, 69.34 upon the request of a postsecondary student preparing for teacher licensure or a licensed 69.35 graduate of a teacher preparation program, shall assist in resolving a dispute between the 69.36 person and a postsecondary institution providing a teacher preparation program when the 70.1 dispute involves an institution's recommendation for licensure affecting the person or the 70.2 person's credentials. At the board's discretion, assistance may include the application 70.3 of chapter 14.
70.4 (d) The board must provide the leadership and adopt rules for the redesign of teacher 70.5 education programs to implement a research based, results-oriented curriculum that 70.6 focuses on the skills teachers need in order to be effective. Among other components, 70.7 teacher preparation programs may use the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities 70.8 program model to provide a school-year-long student teaching program that combines 70.9 clinical opportunities with academic coursework and in-depth student teaching 70.10 experiences to offer students ongoing mentorship, coaching, and assessment, help to 70.11 prepare a professional development plan, and structured learning experiences. The board 70.12 shall implement new systems of teacher preparation program evaluation to assure program 70.13 effectiveness based on proficiency of graduates in demonstrating attainment of program 70.14 outcomes. Teacher preparation programs including alternative teacher preparation
70.15 programs under section 122A.245, among other programs, must include a content-specific, 70.16 board-approved, performance-based assessment that measures teacher candidates in three
67.21 Subd. 4. License and rules. (a) The board must adopt rules to license public school 67.22 teachers and interns subject to chapter 14
67.23 (b) The board must require all candidates for teacher licensure to demonstrate a 67.24 passing score on a board-adopted skills examination in reading, writing, and mathematics, 67.25 as a requirement for initial teacher licensure, except that the board may issue up to four 67.26 temporary, one-year teaching licenses to an otherwise qualified candidate who has not ye 67.27 passed the board-adopted skills exam. The board must require colleges and universities 67.28 offering a board-approved teacher preparation program to provide remedial assistance to 67.29 persons who did not achieve a qualifying score on the board-adopted skills examination, 67.30 including those for whom English is a second language. The requirement to pass a
67.31 board-adopted reading, writing, and mathematics skills examination does not apply to 67.32 nonnative English speakers, as verified by qualified Minnesota school district personnel 67.33 or Minnesota higher education faculty, who, after meeting the content and pedagogy 68.1 requirements under this subdivision, apply for a teaching license to provide direct
68.2 instruction in their native language or world language instruction under section 120B.022, 68.3 subdivision 1 . The Board of Teaching and the entity administering the content, pedagogy, 68.4 and skills examinations must allow any individual who produces documentation of a 68.5 disability in the form of an evaluation, 504 plan, or individual education program (IEP) to 68.6 receive the same testing accommodations on the content, pedagogy, and skills examinations 68.7 that the applicant received during their secondary or postsecondary education.
68.8 (c) The board must adopt rules to approve teacher preparation programs. The board, 68.9 upon the request of a postsecondary student preparing for teacher licensure or a licensed 68.10 graduate of a teacher preparation program, shall assist in resolving a dispute between the 68.11 person and a postsecondary institution providing a teacher preparation program when the 68.12 dispute involves an institution's recommendation for licensure affecting the person or the 68.13 person's credentials. At the board's discretion, assistance may include the application 68.14 of chapter 14
68.15 (d) The board must provide the leadership and adopt rules for the redesign of teacher 68.16 education programs to implement a research based, results-oriented curriculum that 68.17 focuses on the skills teachers need in order to be effective. Among other components, 68.18 teacher preparation programs may use the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities 68.19 program model to provide a school-year-long student teaching program that combines 68.20 clinical opportunities with academic coursework and in-depth student teaching 68.21 experiences to offer students ongoing mentorship, coaching, and assessment, help to 68.22 prepare a professional development plan, and structured learning experiences. The board 68.23 shall implement new systems of teacher preparation program evaluation to assure program 68.24 effectiveness based on proficiency of graduates in demonstrating attainment of program 68.25 outcomes. Teacher preparation programs including alternative teacher preparation
68.26 programs under section 122A.245, among other programs, must include a content-specific, 68.27 board-approved, performance-based assessment that measures teacher candidates in three
70.17 areas: planning for instruction and assessment; engaging students and supporting learning; 70.18 and assessing student learning. The board's redesign rules must include creating flexible, 70.19 specialized teaching licenses, credentials, and other endorsement forms to increase 70.20 students' participation in language immersion programs, world language instruction, 70.21 career development opportunities, work-based learning, early college courses and careers, 70.22 career and technical programs, Montessori schools, and project and place-based learning, 70.23 among other career and college ready learning offerings.
70.24 (e) The board must adopt rules requiring candidates for initial professional
70.25 five-year teaching licenses to pass an examination of general pedagogical knowledge 70.26 and examinations of licensure-specific teaching skills. The rules shall be effective by 70.27 September 1, 2001. The rules under this paragraph also must require candidates for initial 70.27 September 1, 2001. The rules under this paragraph also must require candidates for initial 70.28 licenses to teach prekindergarten or elementary students to pass, as part of the exami
70.29 of licensure-specific teaching skills, test items assessing the candidates' knowledge, 70.29 of licensure-specific teaching skills, test items assessing the candidates knowledge,
70.30 skill, and ability in comprehensive, scientifically based reading instruction under section 70.30 skill, and ability in comprehensive, scientifically based reading instruction under section
70.31 122A.06, subdivision 4, and their knowledge and understanding of the foundations of 70.31 122A.06, subdivision 4, and their knowledge and understanding of the foundations of
70.32 reading development, the development of reading comprehension, and reading assessment 70.33 and instruction, and their ability to integrate that knowledge and understanding
70.34 (f) The board must adopt rules requiring teacher educators to work directly with 70.35 elementary or secondary school teachers in elementary or secondary schools to obtain 70.36 periodic exposure to the elementary or secondary teaching environment.
71.1 (g) The board must grant licenses to interns and to candidates for initial professional 71.2 five-year teaching licenses based on appropriate professional competencies that are 71.3 aligned with the board's licensing system and students' diverse learning needs. All teacher 71.4 candidates must have preparation in English language development and content instruction 71.5 for English learners in order to be able to effectively instruct the English learners in their 11.6 classrooms. The board must include these licenses in a statewide differentiated licensing 71.7 system that creates new leadership roles for successful experienced teachers premised on 71.8 collaborative professional culture dedicated to meeting students' diverse learning need 71.9 in theralse learning need 71.10 including the ability to teach and communicate in culturally competent and aware ways, 71.10 including the ability to teach and communicate in culturally competent and aware ways,
71.11 and formalizes mentoring and induction for newly licensed teachers provided through a 71.11 and formalizes mentoring and
71.12 teacher support framework.
71.13 (h) The board must design and implement an assessment system which requires a 71.14 eandidate for an initial license and first continting license to demonstrate the abilitie 71.15 necessary to perform selected, representative teaching tasks at appropriate levels.
71.16 (i) (h) The board must receive recommendations from local committees as established 71.17 by the board for the renewal of teaching licenses. The board must require a licensed 71.18 teachers teacher who are is renewing a continuing license professional five-year teaching 71.19 license to include in the renewal requirements further preparation in English language 71.20 development and specially designed content instruction in English for English learners.
68.28 areas: planning for instruction and assessment; engaging students and supporting learning; 68.29 and assessing student learning. The board's redesign rules must include creating flexible, 68.30 specialized teaching licenses, credentials, and other endorsement forms to increase 68.31 students' participation in language immersion programs, world language instruction, 68.32 career development opportunities, work-based learning, early college courses and careers, 68.33 career and technical programs, Montessori schools, and project and place-based learning, 68.34 among other career and college ready learning offerings.
68.35 (e) The board must adopt rules requiring candidates for initial licenses to pass an 68.36 examination of general pedagogical knowledge and examinations of licensure-specific 69.1 teaching skills. The rules shall be effective by September 1, 2001. The rules under this 69.2 paragraph also must require candidates for initial licenses to teach prekindergarten or 69.3 elementary students to pass, as part of the examination of licensure-specific teaching 69.4 skills, test items assessing the candidates' knowledge, skill, and ability in comprehensive, 69.5 scientifically based reading instruction under section 122A.06, subdivision 4, and their 69.6 knowledge and understanding of the foundations of reading development, the development 69.7 of reading comprehension, and reading assessment and instruction, and their ability to 69.8 integrate that knowledge and understanding.
69.9 (f) The board must adopt rules requiring teacher educators to work directly with 69.10 elementary or secondary school teachers in elementary or secondary schools to obtain 69.11 periodic exposure to the elementary or secondary teaching environment.
$69.12(\mathrm{~g})$ The board must grant licenses to interns and to candidates for initial licenses 69.13 based on appropriate professional competencies that are aligned with the board's licensing 69.14 system and students' diverse learning needs. All teacher candidates must have preparation 69.15 in English language development and content instruction for English learners in order to be 69.16 able to effectively instruct the English learners in their classrooms. The board must include 69.17 these licenses in a statewide differentiated licensing system that creates new leadership 69.18 roles for successful experienced teachers premised on a collaborative professional culture 69.19 dedicated to meeting students' diverse learning needs in the 21st century, recognizes the 69.20 importance of cultural and linguistic competencies, including the ability to teach and 69.21 communicate in culturally competent and aware ways, and formalizes mentoring and 69.22 induction for newly licensed teachers provided through a teacher support framework
69.23 (h) The board must design and implement an assessment system which requires a 69.24 candidate for an initial license and first continuing license to demonstrate the abilities 69.25 necessary to perform selected, representative teaching tasks at appropriate levels.
69.26 (i) The board must receive recommendations from local committees as established 69.27 by the board for the renewal of teaching licenses. The board must require licensed teachers 69.28 who are renewing a continuing license to include in the renewal requirements further 69.29 preparation in English language development and specially designed content instruction 69.30 in English for English learners.
71.21 (j) (i) The board must grant life lifetime substitute licenses to those who qualify
71.22 according to board requirements established by the beard, and suspend or revoke licenses 71.2 pursuant to under sections 122A. 20 and 214.10. The board must not establish any 71.24 expiration date for application for life lifetime substitute licenses.
$71.25(\mathrm{k})(\mathrm{j})$ The board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers who are renewing 71.26 their continting license professional five-year teaching licenses to include in their renewal 71.27 requirements further preparation in the areas of using positive behavior interventions 71.28 and in accommodating, modifying, and adapting curricula, materials, and strategies to 71.29 appropriately meet the needs of individual students and ensure adequate progress toward 71.30 the state's graduation rule
71.31 (1) (k) In adopting rules to license public school teachers who provide health-related 71.32 services for disabled children, the board shall adopt rules consistent with license or 71.33 registration requirements of the commissioner of health and the health-related boards who 71.34 license personnel who perform similar services outside of the school.
$71.35(\mathrm{~m})(1)$ The board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers who are 71.36 renewing their centinting license professional five-year teaching licenses to include in 72.1 their renewal requirements further reading preparation, consistent with section 122A.06, 72.2 subdivision 4 . The rules do not take effect until they are approved by law. Teachers who 72.3 do not provide direct instruction including, at least, counselors, school psychologists, 72.4 school nurses, school social workers, audiovisual directors and coordinators, and 72.5 recreation personnel are exempt from this section.
$72.6(\mathrm{~m})(\mathrm{m})$ The board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers who are 72.7 renewing their centinuing license professional five-year teaching licenses to include 72.8 in their renewal requirements at least one hour of suicide prevention best practices in 72.9 each licensure renewal period that are based on nationally recognized evidence-based 72.10 programs and practices and further preparation, first, in understanding the key warning 72.11 signs of early-onset mental illness in children and adolescents and then, during 72.12 subsequent licensure renewal periods, preparation may include providing a more in-depth 72.13 understanding of students' mental illness trauma, accommodations for students' mental 72.14 illness, parents' role in addressing students' mental illness, Fetal Alcohol Spectrum 72.15 Disorders, autism, the requirements of section 125A. 0942 governing restrictive 72.16 procedures, and de-escalation methods, among other similar topics.
69.31 (j) The board must grant life licenses to those who qualify according to requirements 69.32 established by the board, and suspend or revoke licenses pursuant to sections 122A. 20 and 69.33 214.10. The board must not establish any expiration date for application for life licenses.
$69.34(\mathrm{k})$ The board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers who are renewing 69.35 their continuing license to include in their renewal requirements further preparation in 69.36 the areas of using positive behavior interventions and in accommodating, modifying, and 70.1 adapting curricula, materials, and strategies to appropriately meet the needs of individual 70.2 students and ensure adequate progress toward the state's graduation rule.
70.3 (1) In adopting rules to license public school teachers who provide health-related 70.4 services for disabled children, the board shall adopt rules consistent with license or 70.5 registration requirements of the commissioner of health and the health-related boards who 70.6 license personnel who perform similar services outside of the school.
$70.7(\mathrm{~m})$ The board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers who are renewing 70.8 their continuing license to include in their renewal requirements further reading 70.9 preparation, consistent with section 122A.06, subdivision 4 . The rules do not take effect 70.10 until they are approved by law. Teachers who do not provide direct instruction including, at 70.11 least, counselors, school psychologists, school nurses, school social workers, audiovisual 70.12 directors and coordinators, and recreation personnel are exempt from this section.
$70.13(\mathrm{n})$ The board must adopt rules that require all licensed teachers who are renewing 70.14 their continuing license to include in their renewal requirements at least one hour of 70.15 suicide prevention best practices in each licensure renewal period that are based on 70.16 nationally recognized evidence-based programs and practices, among the continuing 70.17 education credits required to renew a license under this paragraph, and further preparation, 70.18 first, in understanding the key warning signs of early-onset mental illness in children 70.19 and adolescents and then, during subsequent licensure renewal periods, preparation may 70.20 include providing a more in-depth understanding of students' mental illness trauma, 70.21 accommodations for students' mental illness, parents' role in addressing students' mental 70.22 illness, Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders, autism, the requirements of section 125A. 0942 70.23 governing restrictive procedures, and de-escalation methods, among other similar topics.
$72.17(\mathrm{O})(\mathrm{n})$ The board must adopt rules by January 1, 2016, to license applicants under 72.18 sections 122 A .23 and 122A.245. The rules must permit applicants to demonstrate their 72.19 qualifications through the board's recognition of a teaching license from another state 72.20 in a similar content field, completion of a state-approved teacher preparation program, 72.21 teaching experience as the teacher of record in a similar licensure field, depth of conten 72.22 knowledge, depth of content methods or general pedagogy, subject-specific professional 72.23 development and contribution to the field, or classroom performance as determined b 72.24 documented student growth on normed assessments or documented effectiveness on 72.25 evaluations. The rules must adopt criteria for determining a "similar content field" and 72.26 "similar licensure area."

### 72.27 Subd. 4a. Teacher and administrator preparation and performance data

72.28 report. (a) The Board of Teaching and the Board of School Administrators, in cooperation 72.29 with the Minnesota Association of Colleges of Teacher Education and Minnesota colleges 72.30 and universities offering board-adopted teacher or administrator preparation programs, 72.31 annually must collect and report summary data on teacher and administrator preparation 72.32 and performance outcomes, consistent with this subdivision. The Board of Teaching 72.33 and the Board of School Administrators annually by June 1 must update and post the 72.34 reported summary preparation and performance data on teachers and administrators from 72.35 the preceding school years on a Web site hosted jointly by the boards.
33.1 (b) Publicly reported summary data on teacher preparation programs must include: 73.2 student entrance requirements for each Board of Teaching-approved program, including
73.3 grade point average for enrolling students in the preceding year; the average board-adopted 73.4 skills examination or ACT or SAT scores of students entering the program in the preceding 73.5 year; summary data on faculty qualifications, including at least the content areas of faculty 73.6 undergraduate and graduate degrees and their years of experience either as kindergac 73.7 through grade 12 classom 3.7 through grade 12 classroom teachers or school ading yeators; the average time resident 3.8 and nonresident program graduates in program; 3.9 M 7.11 Minesota teach license, and wre hired 73.11 Minesota 73.12 other credits by undergaduate program that students in the preceding school year needed 73.13 to complete to graduate; students pass rates on skills and subject matter exams required fo 73.14 graduation in each program and licensure area in the preceding school year; survey results 73.15 measuring student and graduate satisfaction with the program in the preceding schoo 73.16 year; a standard measure of the satisfaction of school principals or supervising teachers 73.17 with the student teachers assigned to a school or supervising teacher, and information 73.18 under paragraphs (d) and (e). Program reporting must be consistent with subdivision 11
70.24 (o) The board must adopt rules by January 1, 2016, to license applicants under 70.25 sections 122 A .23 and 122A.245. The rules must permit applicants to demonstrate their 70.26 qualifications through the board's recognition of a teaching license from another state 70.27 in a similar content field, completion of a state-approved teacher preparation program, 70.28 teaching experience as the teacher of record in a similar licensure field, depth of conten 70.29 knowledge, depth of content methods or general pedagogy, subject-specific professiona 70.30 development and contribution to the field, or classroom performance as determined by 70.31 documented student growth on normed assessments or documented effectiveness on 70.32 evaluations. The rules must adopt criteria for determining a "similar content field" and 70.33 "similar licensure area."
70.34 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment 70.35 and applies to teachers renewing their teaching licenses beginning August 1,2017.
73.19 (c) Publicly reported summary data on administrator preparation program
73.20 approved by the Board of School Administrators must include: summary data on faculty 73.21 qualifications, including at least the content areas of faculty undergraduate and graduate 33.22 degrees and their years of experience either as kindergarten through grade 12 classroom 73.23 teachers or school administrators; the average time program graduates in the preceding 73.24 year needed to complete the program; the current number and percent of students who 73.25 graduated, received a standard Minnesota administrator license, and were employed as an 73.26 administrator in a Minnesota school district or school in the preceding year; the number of 73.27 credits by graduate program that students in the preceding school year needed to complete 73.28 to graduate; survey results measuring student, graduate, and employer satisfaction with 73.29 the program in the preceding school year; and information under paragraphs (f) and (g). 73.30 Program reporting must be consistent with section 122A.14, subdivision 10.
73.31 (d) School districts annually by October 1 must report to the Board of Teaching 73.32 the following information for all teachers who finished the probationary period an 3.33 accepted a continuing contract position with the district from September 1 of the previous 73.34 year through August 31 of the current year: the effectiveness category or rating of the 73.35 teacher on the summative evaluation under section 122A.40, subdivision 8 , or 122 A .41 , 73.36 subdivision 5; the licensure area in which the teacher primarily taught during the 74.1 three-year evaluation cycle; and the teacher preparation program preparing the teacher in 74.2 the teacher's primary areas of instruction and licensure.
74.3 (e) School districts annually by October 1 must report to the Board of Teaching the 74.4 following information for all probationary teachers in the district who were released or 74.5 whose contracts were not renewed from September 1 of the previous year through Augus 74.631 of the current year: the licensure areas in which the probationary teacher taught; and 74.7 the teacher preparation program preparing the teacher in the teacher's primary areas of 74.8 instruction and licensure.
74.9 (f) School districts annually by October 1 must report to the Board of School
74.10 Administrators the following information for all school principals and assistant principals 74.11 who finished the probationary period and accepted a continuing contract position with the 74.12 district from September 1 of the previous year through August 31 of the current year: the 74.13 effectiveness category or rating of the principal or assistant principal on the summative 74.14 evaluation under section 123B.147, subdivision 3; and the principal preparation program 74.14 evaluation under section 123 B .147 , subdivision 3; and the p
74.16 (g) School districts annually by October 1 must report to the Board of School
74.17 Administrators all probationary school principals and assistant principals in the district
74.18 who were released or whose contracts were not renewed from September 1 of the previous 74.19 year through August 31 of the current year.
74.20 Subd. 5. Commissioner's representative to comment on proposed rule. Prior
74.21 to the adoption by Before the Board of Teaching of adopts any rule which that must be 74.22 submitted to public hearing, a representative of the commissioner shall appear before the 74.23 Board of Teaching and at the hearing required pursuant to under section 14.14 , subdivision 74.241 , to comment on the cost and educational implications of that proposed rule.
74.25 Subd. 6. Register of persons licensed. The executive secretary of the Board of 74.26 Teaching shall keep a record of the proceedings of and a register of all persons licensed 74.27 pursuant to the provisions of this chapter. The register must show the name, address, 74.28 license number and the renewal of the license. The board must on July 1, of each year 74.29 or as soon thereafter as is practicable, compile a list of such duly licensed teachers and 74.30 transmit a copy of the list to the board. A copy of the register must be available during 74.31 business hours at the office of the board to any interested person.
74.32 Subd. 7. Commissioner's assistance; board money. The commissioner shall
74.33 provide all necessary materials and assistance for the transaction of the business of the 74.34 Board of Teaching and all moneys received by the Board of Teaching shall be paid into 74.35 the state treasury as provided by law. The expenses of administering sections 122A.01, 74.36122 A .05 to $122 \mathrm{~A} .09,122 \mathrm{~A} .15,122 \mathrm{~A} .16,122 \mathrm{~A} .17,122 \mathrm{~A} .18,122 \mathrm{~A} .20,122 \mathrm{~A} .21,122 \mathrm{~A} .22$, 75.1 122A. $23,122 \mathrm{~A} .26,122 \mathrm{~A} .30,122 \mathrm{~A} .40,122 \mathrm{~A} .41,122 \mathrm{~A} .42,122 \mathrm{~A} .45,122 \mathrm{~A} .49,122 \mathrm{~A} .54$, 75.2 122A. $55,122 \mathrm{~A} .56,122 \mathrm{~A} .57$, and 122A. 58 which are incurred by the Board of Teaching 75.3 shall be paid for from appropriations made to the Board of Teaching.
75.4 Subd. 8. Fraud; gross misdemeanor. A person who claims to be a licensed teache 75.5 without a valid existing license issued by the board or any person who employs fraud or 75.6 deception in applying for or securing a license is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
75.7 Subd. 9. Board may adopt rules. The Board of Teaching may adopt rules subject 75.8 to the provisions of chapter 14 to implement sections 122A. 05 to 122A. $09,122 \mathrm{~A} .16$, 75.9 122A.17, 122A.18, 122A.20, 122A.21, and 122A. 23.
75.10 Subd. 10. Varianees Permissions. (a) Notwithstanding subdivision 9 and section 75.114 .05 , subdivision 414.055 , the Board of Teaching may grant a variance waivers to its 75.12 rules upon application by a school district for purposes of implementing experimental 75.13 programs in learning or management
75.14 (b) To enable a school district to meet the needs of students enrolled in an alternative 75.15 education program and to enable licensed teachers instructing those students to satisfy 75.16 content area licensure requirements, the Board of Teaching annually may permit a licensed 75.17 teacher teaching in an alternative education program to instruct students in a content area 75.18 for which the teacher is not licensed, consistent with paragraph (a).
71.1 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.09, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
71.2 Subd. 10. Varianees Permissions. (a) Notwithstanding subdivision 9 and 71.3 section 14.05 , subdivision 4, the Board of Teaching may grant a variance to its rules 71.4 upon application by a school district or a charter school for purposes of implementing 71.5 experimental programs in learning or management.
71.6 (b) To enable a school district or a charter school to meet the needs of students 71.7 enrolled in an alternative education program and to enable licensed teachers instructing 71.8 those students to satisfy content area licensure requirements, the Board of Teaching 71.9 annually may permit a licensed teacher teaching in an alternative education program to 71.10 instruct students in a content area for which the teacher is not licensed, consistent with 71.11 paragraph (a)
75.19 (c) A special education license variance permission issued by the Board of Teaching 75.20 for a primary employer's low-incidence region shall be valid in all low-incidence regions.
75.21 (d) The Board of Teaching may grant a one-year professional license under paragrap 75.22 (a) restricted to allow a person holding a full credential from the American Montesson 75.23 Society, a diploma from Association Montessori Internationale, or a certificate of
75.24 completion from a program accredited by the Montessori Accreditation Council for Teacher 75.25 Education to teach in a Montessori program operated by a school district or charter school.

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71.12 (c) A special education license variance issued by the Board of Teaching for a
71.13 primary employer's low-incidence region shall be is valid in all low-incidence regions.
71.14 (d) The Board of Teaching may issue a one-year professional license under
71.15 paragraph (a), which the board may renew two times, to allow a person holding a full
71.16 credential from the American Montessori Society, a diploma from Association Montessori
71.17 Internationale, or a certificate of completion from a program accredited by the Montessor
71.18 Accreditation Council for Teacher Education to teach in a Montessori program operated
71.19 by a school district or charter school.
71.20 (e) The Board of Teaching may grant a one-year waiver, renewable two times,
71.21 to allow individuals who hold a bachelor's degree from an accredited postsecondary 71.22 institution, demonstrate occupational competency based on at least three years of full-time 71.23 work experience in business or industry, and enroll and make satisfactory progress in 71.24 an alternative preparation program leading to certification or licensure as a career and 71.25 technical education instructor or teacher to teach career and technical education courses 71.26 offered by a school district or charter school. Consistent with this paragraph and section 71.27 36F.361, the Board of Teaching must strongly encourage teacher preparation program 7.28 institutions throughout Minnesota to develop alternative pathways for ang and
71.2 hicensing high school career and technical education instructors and tears, lowing
71.30 such candidates to meet certification and licensure standards that demonstrate their content
71.31 knowledge, classroom experience, and pedagogical practices and their qualifications
71.32 based on a combination of occupational testing, professional certification or licensure, and 71.33 long-standing work experience.
71.34 EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraphs (d) and (e) are effective for the 2016-2017
71.35 through 2018-2019 school years.
75.26 Subd. 11. Teacher preparation program reporting. By December 31, 2018, and 75.27 annually thereafter, the Board of Teaching shall report and publish on its Web site the 75.28 cumulative summary results of at least three consecutive years of data reported to the board 75.29 under subdivision 4a, paragraph (b). Where the data are sufficient to yield statistically 75.30 reliable information and the results would not reveal personally identifiable information 75.31 about an individual teacher, the board shall report the data by teacher preparation program.
75.32 EFFECTIVE DATE. Subdivision 4, paragraph (m), is effective the day following 75.33 final enactment and applies to teachers renewing their teaching licenses beginning August 75.34 1, 2017. Subdivision 10, paragraph (d), of this section is effective for the 2016-2017 75.35 through 2018-2019 school years.
76.1 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.09, is amended by adding a subdivision 76.2 to read:
76.3 Subd. 12. Endorsement; dual enrollment instruction. The Board of Teaching $76.4 \frac{}{\text { must issue }}$ an endorsement for dual enrollment instruction to a high school teacher 76.5 licensed in a content-specific field who successfully completes the faculty qualification 76.6 requirements established by the Higher Learning Commission. The licensure endorsemen 76.7 must allow the teacher to provide dual enrollment instruction in the teacher's licensure 76.8 field, consistent with board-adopted standards. The board must adopt standards for thi 76.9 endorsement in consultation with eligible public postsecondary institutions participating 76.10 in course agreements under section 124D.09, subdivision 10. The endorsement means a 76.11 change in the teacher's license that allows the teacher to teach postsecondary college in the 76.12 schools dual credit courses under section 124D.09, subdivision 10.
76.13 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment. 76.14 The Board of Teaching must start issuing endorsements by September 1, 2017.
18.3 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.16, is amended to read: 18.4 122A.16 HGHEY QUALIFIED TEACHER DEFINED.
18.5 (a) A qualified teacher is one holding a valid license, under this chapter, to perform 18.6 the particular service for which the teacher is employed in a public school.
18.7 (b) For the purposes of the federal No Child Left Behind Act, a highly qualified 18.8 teacher is one who holds a valid license under this chapter, ineluding under section 18.9 122A.245, among other sections and is determined by local administrators as having
18.10 highly qualified status according to the approved Minnesota highly qualified plan.
18.11 Teachers delivering eore content instruetion must be deemed highly qualified at the loca 18.12 level and reported to the state via the staff automated reporting system.
76.15 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.18, as amended by Laws 2015, First 76.16 Special Session chapter 3, article 2, sections 14 and 15 , is amended to read: 76.17 122A. 18 BOARD TO ISSUE LICENSES.
76.18 Subdivision 1. Authority to license. (a) The Board of Teaching must license 76.19 teachers, as defined in section 122A.15, subdivision 1, except for supervisory personnel 76.20 as defined in section 122A.15, subdivision 2 .
76.21 (b) The Board of School Administrators must license supervisory personnel as 76.22 defined in section 122A.15, subdivision 2, except for athletic coaches.
76.23 (c) Licenses under the jurisdiction of the Board of Teaching, the Board of School 76.24 Administrators, and the commissioner of education must be issued through the licensing 76.25 section of the department
72.1 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2014 , section 122A. 16 is amended to read: 72.2 122A. 16 HIGHEY QUALIFIED TEACHER DEFINED.
72.3 (a) A qualified teacher is one holding a valid license, under this chapter, to perform 72.4 the particular service for which the teacher is employed in a public school.
72.5 (b) For the purposes of the federal No Child Left Behind Act, a highly qualified 72.6 teacher is one who holds a valid license under this chapter, including under section 72.7 122^.245, among other sections and is determined by loeal administrators as having 72.8 highly qualified status according to the approved Minnesota highly qualified plan. 72.9 Teachers delivering core content instruetion must be deemed highly qualified at the loeal 72.10 level and reperted to the state via the staff automated reporting system.
76.26 (d) The Board of Teaching and the Department of Education must enter into a data 76.27 sharing agreement to share educational data at the E-12 level for the limited purpose 76.28 of program approval and improvement for teacher education programs. The program 76.29 approval process must include targeted redesign of teacher preparation programs to 76.30 address identified E-12 student areas of concern.
76.31 (e) The Board of School Administrators and the Department of Education must enter 76.32 into a data sharing agreement to share educational data at the E-12 level for the limited 76.33 purpose of program approval and improvement for education administration programs. 77.1 The program approval process must include targeted redesign of education administration 77.2 preparation programs to address identified E-12 student areas of concern.
77.3 (f) For purposes of the data sharing agreements under paragraphs (d) and (e), the 77.4 Board of Teaching, Board of School Administrators, and Department of Education may 77.5 share private data, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12, on teachers and school 77.6 administrators. The data sharing agreements must not include educational data, as defined 7.7 in section 13.32, subdivision 1, but may include summary data, as defined in section 77.8 13.02, subdivision 19 , derived from educational data.
77.9 Subd. 2. Teacher and support personnel qualifications. (a) The Board of Teaching 77.10 must issue licenses under its jurisdiction to persons the board finds to be qualified and 77.11 competent for their respective positions, including those meeting the standards adopted 77.12 under section 122A. 09 , subdivision 4, paragraph ( 0 ) (n).
77.13 (b) The board must require a candidate for teacher licensure to demonstrate a passing 77.14 score on a board-adopted examination of skills in reading, writing, and mathematics, 77.15 before being granted an initial a professional five-year teaching license to provide direct 77.16 instruction to pupils in prekindergarten, elementary, secondary, or special education 77.17 programs, except that the board may issue up to four temporary, one-year teaching license 77.18 to an otherwise qualified candidate who has not yet passed a board-adopted skills exam. 77.19 At the request of the employing school district or charter school, the Board of Teaching 77.20 may issue a restricted an initial professional one-year teaching license to an otherwise 77.21 qualified teacher not passing or demonstrating a passing score on a board-adopted skills 77.22 examination in reading, writing, and mathematics. For purposes of this section, the 77.23 restricted initial professional one-year teaching license issued by the board is limited to the 77.24 current subject or content matter the teacher is employed to teach and limited to the district 77.25 or charter school requesting the restricted initial professional one-year teaching license. If 77.26 the board denies the request it must provide a detailed response to the school administrator 77.27 as to the reasons for the denial. The board must require colleges and universitiesistrato 77.2 as to the reasons for denia. The bord 77.28 assistance that includes a formal diagnostic component to persons enrolled in their 77.29 assistance that includes a formal diagnostic component to persons enrolled in their 77.31 including those for whom English is a second language. The colleges and universities 77.31 including those for whom English is a second language. The colleges and universities 77.32 must make available assistance in the specific academic areas of candidates deficiency.
77.33 School districts may make available upon request similar, appropriate, and timely remedial
77.34 assistance that includes a formal diagnostic component to those persons employed by the 77.35 district who completed their teacher education program, who did not achieve a qualifying 77.36 score on a board-adopted skills examination, and who received a temperary an initia 78.1 professional one-year teaching license to teach in Minnesota. The Board of Teaching 78.2 shall report annually to the education committees of the legislature on the total number 78.3 of teacher candidates during the most recent school year taking a board-adopted skills 78.4 examination, the number who achieve a qualifying score on the examination, the number 78.5 who do not achieve a qualifying score on the examination, and the candidates who have 78.6 not passed a content or pedagogy exam, disaggregated by categories of race, ethnicity, 78.7 and eligibility for financial aid.
78.8 (c) The Board of Teaching must grant centinting professional five-year teaching
78.9 licenses only to those persons who have met board criteria for granting a continting that 78.10 lise only to those persons who have met board criteria for granting a comtimtimg that 78.11 mathe, which includes passing a board-adopted skills examination in reading, writing, and 78.12 consistatics, and the exceptions in section 122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraph (b), that are 78.13 and mathematics skills examination, does not apply to nonnative English speakers, as 78.14 verified by qualified Minnesota school district personnel or Minnesota higher education 78.15 faculty, who, after meeting the content and pedagogy requirements under this subdivision, 78.16 apply for a professional five-year teaching license to provide direct instruction in their 78.17 native language or world language instruction under section 120B.022, subdivision 1
78.18 (d) All colleges and universities approved by the board of teaching to prepare persons 78.19 for teacher licensure must include in their teacher preparation programs a common core 78.20 of teaching knowledge and skills to be acquired by all persons recommended for teacher 78.21 licensure. Among other requirements, teacher candidates must demonstrate the knowledge 78.22 and skills needed to provide appropriate instruction to English learners to support and 78.23 accelerate their academic literacy, including oral academic language, and achievement in 78.24 content areas in a regular classroom setting. This common core shall meet the standards 78.25 developed by the interstate new teacher assessment and support consortium in its 1992 78.26 "model standards for beginning teacher licensing and development." Amendments to 78.27 standards adopted under this paragraph are covered by chapter 14. The board of teaching 78.28 shall report annually to the education committees of the legislature on the performance 78.29 of teacher candidates on common core assessments of knowledge and skills under this 78.30 paragraph during the most recent school year
78.31 Subd. 2a. Reading strategies. (a) All colleges and universities approved by the 78.32 Board of Teaching to prepare persons for classroom teacher licensure must include in 78.33 their teacher preparation programs research-based best practices in reading, consistent 78.34 with section 122A.06, subdivision 4, that enable the licensure candidate to know how to 78.35 teach reading in the candidate's content areas. Teacher candidates must be instructed 78.36 in using students' native languages as a resource in creating effective differentiated
79.1 instructional strategies for English learners developing literacy skills. These colleges and
79.2 universities also must prepare early childhood and elementary teacher candidates for initial 79.3 professional five-year teaching licenses to teach prekindergarten or elementary students 79.4 for the assessment of reading instruetion portion of the examination of licensure-specifie 79.5 teaching skills under section 122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraph (e), covering assessment 79.6 of reading instruction.
79.7 (b) Board-approved teacher preparation programs for teachers of elementary
79.8 education must require instruction in the application of in applying comprehensive, 79.9 scientifically based, and balanced reading instruction programs that:
79.10 (1) teach students to read using foundational knowledge, practices, and strategies 79.11 consistent with section 122A.06, subdivision 4, so that all students will achieve continuous 79.12 progress in reading; and
79.13 (2) teach specialized instruction in reading strategies, interventions, and remediations 99.14 that enable students of all ages and proficiency levels to become proficient readers
79.15 (c) Nothing in this section limits the authority of a school district to select a school's 79.16 reading program or curriculum
79.17 Subd. 2b. Reading specialist. Not later than July 1, 2002, the Board of Teaching 79.18 must adopt rules providing for the reading teacher licensure of teachers of reading
9.19 Subd. 3. Supervisory and coach qualifications; code of ethics. The commissioner 79.20 of education must issue licenses under its jurisdiction to persons the commissioner find 79.21 to be qualified and competent for their respective positions under the rules it adopts. 79.22 The commissioner of education may develop, by rule, a code of ethics for supervisory 79.23 personnel covering standards of professional practices, including areas of ethical conduc 79.24 and professional performance and methods of enforcement.
79.25 Subd. 3a. Technology strategies. All colleges and universities approved by the
79.26 Board of Teaching to prepare persons for classroom teacher licensure must include in their 79.27 teacher preparation programs the knowledge and skills teacher candidates need to deliver 79.28 digital and blended learning and curriculum and engage students with technology.
79.29 Subd. 4. Expiration and renewal. (a) Each license the Department of Education
79.30 issues through its licensing section must bear the date of issue and the name of the
79.31 state-approved teacher training provider. Licenses must expire and be renewed according 7.32 to the respective rules the Board of Teaching, the Board of School Administrators, or 79.33 commissioner of education adopts. Requirements for renewing a license must include 79.34 showing satisfactory evidence of successful teaching or administrative experience fo 79.35 at least one school year during the period covered by the license in grades or subjects 79.36 for which the license is valid or completing such additional preparation as the Board of 80.1 Teaching prescribes. The Board of School Administrators shall establish requirements for 80.2 renewing the licenses of supervisory personnel except athletic coaches. The State Board 80.3 of Teaching shall establish requirements for renewing the licenses of athletic coaches.
80.4 (b) Relicensture Applicants for license renewal who have been employed as a teacher 80.5 during the renewal period of their expiring license, as a condition of relicensure license 80.6 renewal, must present to their local continuing education and relicensure committee 80.7 or other local relicensure committee evidence of work that demonstrates professional 80.8 reflection and growth in best teaching practices, including among other things, practices in 80.9 meeting the varied needs of English learners, from young children to adults under section 80.10 124D.59, subdivisions 2 and 2 a . The applicant must include a reflective statement of 80.11 professional accomplishment and the applicant's own assessment of professional growth 80.12 showing evidence of:
80.13 (1) support for student learning;
80.14 (2) use of best practices techniques and their applications to student learning;
80.15 (3) collaborative work with colleagues that includes examples of collegiality such as 80.16 attested-to committee work, collaborative staff development programs, and professional 80.17 learning community work; or
80.18 (4) continual professional development that may include (i) job-embedded or other 80.19 ongoing formal professional learning or (ii) for teachers employed for only part of the 80.20 renewal period of their expiring license, other similar professional development efforts 80.21 made during the relicensure period.
80.22 The Board of Teaching must ensure that its teacher relicensing requirements also include 80.23 this paragraph.
80.24 (c) The Board of Teaching shall offer alternative eontinuing relicensure options for 80.25 license renewal for teachers who are accepted into and complete the National Board for 80.26 Professional Teaching Standards certification process, and offer additional continuing 80.27 relicensure options for teachers who earn National Board for Professional Teaching 80.28 Standards certification. Continuing relicensure requirements for teachers who do not 80.29 maintain National Board for Professional Teaching Standards certification are those the 80.30 board prescribes, consistent with this section.
80.31 Subd. 4a. Limited provisional licenses. The board may grant two-year provisional
80.32 licenses to licensure candidates in a field in which they were not previously licensed or in a 80.33 field in which a shortage of licensed teachers exists. A shortage is defined as an inadequate 80.34 supply of licensed persomnel in a given licensure area as determined by the commissioner.
80.35 Subd. 5. Effective date. Nothing contained herein shall be construed as affecting
80.36 the validity of a permanent certificate or license issued prior to July 1,1969 .
81.1 Subd. 6. Human relations. The Board of Teaching and the commissioner of
81.2 education shall accept training programs completed through Peace Corps, VISTA, or
81.3 Teacher Corps in lieu of completion of completing the human relations component of the
81.4 training program for purposes of issuing or renewing a teaching license in education.
81.5 Subd. 7. Limited provisional licenses. The Board of Teaching may grant
81.6 provisional licenses, which shall be valid for two years, in fields in which licenses were not 81.7 issued previously or in fields in which a shortage of licensed teachers exists. A shortage is 81.8 defined as a lack of or an inadequate supply of licensed persennel within a given licensure 81.9 area in a school district that has notified the Beard of Teaching of the shortage and has 81.10 applied to the Board of Teaching for provisional licenses for that district's licensed staff.
81.11 Subd. 7a. Permission to substitute teach. (a) The Board of Teaching may allow a 81.12 person who is enrolled in and making satisfactory progress in a board-approved teacher 81.13 program and who has successfully completed student teaching to be employed as a 81.14 short-call substitute teacher.
81.15 (b) The Board of Teaching may issue a lifetime qualified shert-call substitute 81.16 teaching license to a person who.
81.17 (1) was a qualified teacher under section 122A. 16 while holding a centinuing 81.18 professional five-year teaching license issued by the board, and receives a retirement 81.19 annuity from the Teachers Retirement Association or the St. Paul Teachers Retirement 81.20 Fund Association;
81.21 (2) holds an out-of-state teaching license and receives a retirement annuity as a 81.22 result of the person's teaching experience; or
81.23 (3) held a eontinuing professional five-year teaching license issued by the board, 81.24 taught at least three school years in an accredited nonpublic school in Minnesota, and 81.25 receives a retirement annuity as a result of the person's teaching experience.
81.26 A person holding a lifetime qualified short-call substitute teaching license is not required 81.27 to complete continuing education clock hours. A person holding this license may reapply 81.28 to the board for a centinuing professional five-year teaching license and must again 81.29 complete continuing education clock hours one school year after receiving the eontinuing 81.30 professional five-year teaching license.
81.31 Subd. 7b. Temporary limited licenses Provisional permission; personnel
81.32 variances variance; emergency permission. (a) The Beard of Teaching must accept 81.33 applieations for a temperary limited teaching license beginning July 1 of the seheol year 81.34 for which the license is requested and must issue or deny the temporary limited teaching 81.35 license within 30 days of receiving the complete application The Board of Teaching
81.36 may grant a two-year provisional permission to a licensure candidate in a field in which 82.1 a shortage of licensed teachers exists. A shortage is defined as an inadequate supply of 82.2 licensed personnel in a given licensure area as determined by the commissioner. 82.3 (b) The board may grant a one-year personnel variance to a licensed teacher in a 82.4 field in which they were not previously licensed. The Board of Teaching must accept 82.5 applications for a personnel variance beginning July 1 of the school year for which the 82.6 variance is requested and must issue or deny the personnel variance within 30 days of 82.7 receiving the complete application.
82.8 (c) The board may grant a one-year emergency permission to a nonlicensed applicant 82.9 based on a district's satisfactory demonstration of need. The board must accept an 82.10 application for an emergency permission beginning on July 1 of the school year for which 82.11 the permission is requested and must issue or deny the emergency permission within 30 82.12 days of receiving the complete application.
82.13 Subd. 7c. Temporary military license. The Board of Teaching shall establish 82.14 a temporary license in accordance with section 197.4552 for teaching. The fee for a 82.15 temporary license under this subdivision shall be $\$ 87.90$ for an online application or $82.16 \$ 86.40$ for a paper application.
82.17 Subd. 8. Background checks. (a) The Board of Teaching and the commissioner 82.18 of education must request a criminal history background check from the superintendent 82.19 of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension on all first-time teaching applicants for initial 82.20 licenses under their jurisdiction. An application for a license under this section must be 82.21 accompanied by Applicants must include with their licensure applications:
82.22 (1) an executed criminal history consent form, including fingerprints; and
82.23 (2) a money order or cashier's check payable to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension 82.24 for the fee for conducting the criminal history background check
82.25 (b) The superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall perform the 82.26 background check required under paragraph (a) by retrieving criminal history data a 82.27 defined in section 13.87 and shall also conduct a search of the national criminal records 82.28 repository. The superintendent is authorized to exchange fingerprints with the Federal 82.29 Bureau of Investigation for purposes of the criminal history check. The superintendent 82.30 shall recover the cost to the bureau of a background check through the fee charged to 82.31 the applicant under paragraph (a).
82.32 (c) The Board of Teaching or the commissioner of education may issue a license 82.33 pending completion of a background check under this subdivision, but must notify 82.34 the individual that the individual's license may be revoked based on the result of the 82.35 background check.
84.3 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 122A.23, is amended to read: 84.4 122A. 23 APPLICANTS TRAINED IN OTHER STATES.
84.5 Subdivision 1. Preparation equivalency. When a license to teach is authorized to 84.6 be issued to any holder of a diploma or a degree of a Minnesota state university, or of the 84.7 University of Minnesota, or of a liberal arts university, or a technical training institution, 84.8 such license may also, in the discretion of the Board of Teaching or the commissioner of 84.9 edueation, whichever has jurisdiction, be issued to any holder of a diploma or a degree of a 84.10 teacher training institution of equivalent rank and standing of any other state. The diploma 84.11 or degree must be granted by virtue of completing coursework in teacher preparation as 84.12 preliminary to the granting of a diploma or a degree of the same rank and class. For
84.13 purposes of granting a Minnesota teaching license to a person who receives a diploma or
84.14 degree from a state-accredited, out-of-state teacher training program leading to licensure
84.15 the Board of Teaching must establish criteria and streamlined policies and procedures by 84.16 January 1,2016 , to recognize the experience and professional credentials of the person 84.17 holding the out-of-state dipion or degre and allow that person to demonstrate to . 18 b 84.19 performance measures the board adopts by January 1, 2016, under this section.
84.20 Subd. 2. Applicants licensed in other states. (a) Subject to the requirements
84.21 of sections 122A.18, subdivision 8, and 123B.03, the Board of Teaching must issue a 84.22 professional five-year teaching license or a temperary an initial professional one-year 84.23 teaching license under paragraphs (c) to (f) to an applicant who holds at least a
84.24 baccalaureate degree from a regionally accredited college or university and holds or
84.25 held an out-of-state teaching license that requires the applicant to successfully complete
84.26 a teacher preparation program approved by the issuing state, which includes either (1) 84.27 field-specific teaching methods, student teaching, or equivalent experience, or (2) at least 84.28 two years of teaching experience as the teacher of record in a similar licensure field area.
84.29 (b) The Board of Teaching may issue a standard professional five-year teaching
84.30 license on the basis of teaching experience and examination requirements only.
84.31 (c) The Board of Teaching must issue a professional five-year teaching license to 84.32 an applicant who:
84.33 (1) successfully completed all exams and human relations preparation components 84.34 required by the Board of Teaching; and
85.1 (2) holds or held an out-of-state teaching license to teach a similar content field and 85.2 grade levels if the scope of the out-of-state license is no more than two grade levels less 85.3 than a similar Minnesota license, and either (i) has completed field-specific teaching 85.4 methods, student teaching, or equivalent experience, or (ii) has at least two years of 85.5 teaching experience as the teacher of record in a similar licensure field area
85.6 (d) The Board of Teaching, consistent with board rules and paragraph (i), must
85.7 issue up to four ene-year temporary initial professional one-year teaching licenses to an
85.8 applicant who holds or held an out-of-state teaching license to teach a similar centent field
85.9 licensure area and grade levels, where the scope of the out-of-state license is no more
85.10 than two grade levels less than a similar Minnesota license, but has not successfully
85.11 completed all exams and human relations preparation components required by the Board
85.12 of Teaching. The board must issue a professional five-year teaching license to an applicant 85.13 who successfully completes the requirements under this paragraph.
85.14 (e) The Board of Teaching, consistent with board rules, must issue up to four initial 85.15 professional one-year temperary teaching licenses to an applicant who:
85.16 (1) successfully completed all exams and human relations preparation components 85.17 required by the Board of Teaching; and
85.18 (2) holds or held an out-of-state teaching license to teach a similar eontent field 85.19 licensure area and grade levels, where the scope of the out-of-state license is no more than 85.20 two grade levels less than a similar Minnesota license, but has not completed field-specific 85.21 teaching methods or student teaching or equivalent experience
85.22 The applicant may complete field-specific teaching methods and student teaching 85.23 or equivalent experience by successfully participating in a one-year school district 85.24 mentorship program consistent with board-adopted standards of effective practice and
85.25 Minnesota graduation requirements. If no school district mentorship program is available,
85.26 the applicant must complete field-specific teaching methods coursework while serving
85.27 as a teacher of record and providing classroom instruction in the applicant's field of
85.28 licensure. The board must issue a professional five-year teaching license to an applicant
85.29 who successfully completes the requirements under this paragraph.
85.30 (f) The Beard of Teaching must issue a restricted teaching lieense for only in the
85.31 centent field or grade levels specified in the out-of-state license to an applicant who:
85.32 (1) successfully completed all exams and human relations preparation components
85.33 required by the Beard of Teaching; and
85.34 (2) holds or held an out-of-state teaching license where the out-of-state license is
85.35 more limited in the content field or grade levels than a similar Minnesota license.
86.1 (f) The Board of Teaching must issue to an applicant with an out-of-state teaching
86.2 license up to four initial professional one-year teaching licenses that are restricted in 86.3 content or grade levels specified in the out-of-state license if the applicant's out-of-stat 86.4 teaching license is more limited than a similar Minnesota license in content field or 86.5 grade levels. The Board of Teaching must issue a professional five-year teaching license 86.6 to an applicant who successfully completes all exams and human relations preparation 86.7 components required by the Board of Teaching. Any content or grade level restriction 86.8 placed on a license under this paragraph remains in effect
$86.9(\mathrm{~g})$ The Board of Teaching may issue a two-year limited provisional license
86.10 permission to an applicant under this subdivision to teach in a shortage area, consistent 86.11 with section 122A.18, subdivision 4 a
86.12 (h) The Board of Teaching may issue a license under this subdivision if the applicant 86.13 has attained the additional degrees, credentials, or licenses required in a particular 86.14 licensure field and the applicant can demonstrate competency by obtaining qualifying 86.15 scores on the board-adopted skills examination in reading, writing, and mathematics, an 86.16 on applicable board-adopted rigorous content area and pedagogy examinations under 86.17 section 122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraphs (a) and (e)
86.18 (i) The Board of Teaching must require an applicant for a professional five-yea 86.19 teaching license or a temperary an initial professional one-year teaching license under 86.20 this subdivision to pass a board-adopted skills examination in reading, writing, and 86.21 mathematics before the board issues the license unless, notwithstanding other provisions 86.22 of this subdivision, an applicable board-approved National Association of State Director 86.23 of Teacher Education and Certification interstate reciprocity agreement exists to allow 86.24 fully certified teachers from other states to transfer their certification to Minnesota.
86.25 Subd. 3. Teacher licensure agreements with adjoining states. (a) Notwithstanding 86.26 any other law to the contrary, the Board of Teaching must enter into a National Association 86.27 of State Directors of Teacher Education and Certification (NASDTEC) interstate 86.28 agreement and other interstate agreements for teacher licensure to allow fully certified 86.29 teachers from adjoining states to transfer their certification to Minnesota. The board mus 86.30 enter into these interstate agreements only after determining that the rigor of the teacher 86.31 licensure or certification requirements in the adjoining state is commensurate with the 86.32 rigor of Minnesota's teacher licensure requirements. The board may limit an interstate 86.33 agreement to particular content fields or grade levels based on established priorities or 86.34 identified shortages. This subdivision does not apply to out-of-state applicants holding 86.35 only a provisional teaching license.
87.1 (b) The Board of Teaching must work with designated authorities in adjoining state 87.2 to establish interstate teacher licensure agreements under this section.
87.3 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 122A.23, subdivision 2, is 87.4 amended to read:
87.5 Subd. 2. Applicants licensed in other states. (a) Subject to the requirements
87.6 of sections 122A.18, subdivision 8 , and 123B. 03 , the Board of Teaching must issue a 87.7 teaching license or a temporary teaching license under paragraphs (c) to (f) to an applicant 87.8 who holds at least a baccalaureate degree from a regionally accredited college or university 87.9 and holds or held an out-of-state teaching license that requires the applicant to successfully 87.10 complete a teacher preparation program approved by the issuing state, which includes
87.11 either (1) field-specific teaching methods, student teaching, or equivalent experience, or (2)
87.12 at least two years of teaching experience as the teacher of record in a similar licensure field.
87.13 (b) The Board of Teaching may issue a standard license on the basis of teaching 87.14 experience and examination requirements only.
87.15 (c) The Board of Teaching must issue a teaching license to an applicant who:
87.16 (1) successfully completed all exams and human relations preparation components 87.17 required by the Board of Teaching; and
87.18 (2) holds or held an out-of-state teaching license to teach a similar content field and 87.19 grade levels if the scope of the out-of-state license is no more than two grade levels less 87.20 than a similar Minnesota license, and either (i) has completed field-specific teaching 87.21 methods, student teaching, or equivalent experience, or (ii) has at least two years of 87.22 teaching experience as the teacher of record in a similar licensure field.
87.23 (d) The Board of Teaching must issue a professional five-year teaching license to 87.24 an applicant who:
87.25 (1) successfully completed all exams required by the Board of Teaching;
87.26 (2) holds an out-of-state teaching license to teach in the same content field and
87.27 grade levels as a Minnesota license; and
87.28 (3) has had at least one full school year of teaching experience as a teacher of record 87.29 in the licensure field during the last five years.
87.30 (e) The Board of Teaching, consistent with board rules and paragraph (i), must 87.31 issue up to four one-year temporary teaching licenses to an applicant who holds or held 87.32 an out-of-state teaching license to teach a similar content field and grade levels, where 87.33 the scope of the out-of-state license is no more than two grade levels less than a similar 87.34 Minnesota license, but has not successfully completed all exams and human relations 87.35 preparation components required by the Board of Teaching.
88.1 (e) (f) The Board of Teaching, consistent with board rules, must issue up to four 88.2 one-year temporary teaching licenses to an applicant who
88.3 (1) successfully completed all exams and human relations preparation components 88.4 required by the Board of Teaching; and
88.5 (2) holds or held an out-of-state teaching license to teach a similar content field 88.6 and grade levels, where the scope of the out-of-state license is no more than two grade 88.7 levels less than a similar Minnesota license, but has not completed field-specific teaching 88.8 methods or student teaching or equivalent experience.
88.9 The applicant may complete field-specific teaching methods and student teaching 88.10 or equivalent experience by successfully participating in a one-year school district 88.11 mentorship program consistent with board-adopted standards of effective practice an 88.12 Minnesota graduation requirements.
$88.13(\mathrm{f})(\mathrm{g})$ The Board of Teaching must issue a restricted teaching license for only in the 88.14 content field or grade levels specified in the out-of-state license to an applicant who: 88.15 (1) successfully completed all exams and human relations preparation components 88.16 required by the Board of Teaching; and
88.17 (2) holds or held an out-of-state teaching license where the out-of-state license is 88.18 more limited in the content field or grade levels than a similar Minnesota license.
$88.19(\mathrm{~g})(\mathrm{h})$ The Board of Teaching may issue a two-year limited provisional license to 88.20 an applicant under this subdivision to teach in a shortage area, consistent with section 88.21 122A.18, subdivision 4a
88.22 (h) (i) The Board of Teaching may issue a license under this subdivision if the 88.23 applicant has attained the additional degrees, credentials, or licenses required in a 88.24 particular licensure field and the applicant can demonstrate competency by obtaining 88.25 qualifying scores on the board-adopted skills examination in reading, writing, and 88.26 mathematics, and on applicable board-adopted rigorous content area and pedagogy 88.27 examinations under section 122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraphs (a) and (e).
88.28 (i) (j) The Board of Teaching must require an applicant for a teaching license 88.29 or a temporary teaching license under this subdivision to pass a board-adopted skills 88.30 examination in reading, writing, and mathematics before the board issues the license 88.31 unless, notwithstanding other provisions of this subdivision, an applicable board-approved 88.32 National Association of State Directors of Teacher Education and Certification interstate 88.33 reciprocity agreement exists to allow fully certified teachers from other states to transfer 88.34 their certification to Minnesota.
89.1 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.245, as amended by Laws 2015, First 89.2 Special Session chapter 3, article 2, sections 19 to 21, is amended to read:

### 89.3 22 A.

### 89.4 LIMHED-TERM PRELIMINARY TEACHER LICENSE

89.5 Subdivision 1. Requirements. (a) To improve academic excellence, improve
89.6 ethnic and cultural diversity in the classroom, and close the academic achievement gap, 89.7 the Board of Teaching must approve qualified teacher preparation programs under this 89.8 section that are a means to acquire a two-year limited-term preliminary teacher license, 89.9 which the board may renew one time for an additional one-year term, and to prepare fo 89.10 acquiring a standard professional five-year license. The following entities are eligible 89.11 to participate under this section:
89.12 (1) a school district, charter school, or nonprofit corporation organized under chapter 89.13 317A for an education-related purpose that forms a partnership with a college or university 89.14 that has a board-approved alternative teacher preparation program; or
89.15 (2) a school district or charter school, after consulting with a college or university 89.16 with a board-approved teacher preparation program, that forms a partnership with 89.17 nonprofit corporation organized under chapter 317A for an education-related purpose that 89.18 has a board-approved teacher preparation program.
89.19 (b) Before becoming a teacher of record, a candidate must:
89.20 (1) have a bachelor's degree with a 3.0 or higher grade point average unless the
89.21 board waives the grade point average requirement based on board-adopted criteria adopted 89.22 by January 1, 2016 .
89.23 (2) demonstrate a passing score on a board-adopted reading, writing, and 89.24 mathematics skills examination under section 122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraph (b); and
89.25 (3) obtain qualifying scores on applicable board-approved rigorous content area and 89.26 pedagogy examinations under section 122A.09, subdivision 4, paragraph (e).
89.27 (c) The Board of Teaching must issue a two-year limited-term preliminary teacher 89.28 license to a person who enrolls in an alternative teacher preparation program.
89.29 Subd. 2. Characteristics. An alternative teacher preparation program under this 89.30 section must include:
89.31 (1) a minimum 200-hour instructional phase that provides intensive preparation and 89.32 student teaching before the teacher candidate assumes classroom responsibilities;
89.33 (2) a research-based and results-oriented approach focused on best teaching practices 89.34 to increase student proficiency and growth measured against state academic standards
89.35 (3) strategies to combine pedagogy and best teaching practices to better inform 89.36 teacher candidates' classroom instruction;
90.1 (4) assessment, supervision, and evaluation of teacher candidates to determine 90.2 their specific needs throughout the program and to support their efforts to successfully 90.3 complete the program;
90.4 (5) intensive, ongoing, and multiyear professional learning opportunities that
0.5 accelerate teacher candidates' professional growth, support student learning, and provide 90.6 workplace orientation, professional staff development, and mentoring and peer review 90.7 focused on standards of professional practice and continuous professional growth; and 90.8 (6) a requirement that teacher candidates demonstrate to the local site team under 90.9 subdivision 5 satisfactory progress toward acquiring a standard license professiona 90.10 five-year teaching licenses from the Board of Teaching.
0.11 Subd. 3. Program approval; disapproval. (a) The Board of Teaching must approve 90.12 alternative teacher preparation programs under this section based on board-adopted 90.13 criteria that reflect best practices for alternative teacher preparation programs, consisten 90.14 with this section.
90.15 (b) The board must permit teacher candidates to demonstrate mastery of pedagogy 90.16 and content standards in school-based settings and through other nontraditional means. 90.17 "Nontraditional means" must include a portfolio of previous experiences, teaching 90.18 experience, educator evaluations, certifications marking the completion of education 90.19 training programs, and essentially equivalent demonstrations.
90.20 (c) The board must use nontraditional criteria to determine the qualifications of 90.21 program instructors
90.22 (d) The board may permit instructors to hold a baccalaureate degree only
90.23 (e) If the Board of Teaching determines that a teacher preparation program under this 90.24 section does not meet the requirements of this section, it may revoke its approval of the 90.25 program after it notifies the program provider of any deficiencies and gives the program 90.26 provider an opportunity to remedy the deficiencies.
90.27 Subd. 4. Employment conditions. Where applicable, teacher candidates with 90.28 a limited-term a preliminary teacher license under this section are members of the
90.28 a limited-term a preliminary teacher license under this section are members of the
90.29 local employee organization representing teachers and subject to the terms of the local
90.30 collective bargaining agreement between the exclusive representative of the teachers and
90.31 the school board. A collective bargaining agreement between a school board and the 90.32 exclusive representative of the teachers must not prevent or restrict or otherwise interfere 90.33 with a school district's ability to employ a teacher prepared under this section.
90.34 Subd. 5. Approval for standard professional five-year license. A school board 90.35 or its designee must appoint members to a local site team that includes teachers, school 90.36 administrators, and postsecondary faculty under subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause 91.1 (1), or staff of a participating nonprofit corporation under subdivision 1, paragraph (a) 91.2 clause (2), to evaluate the performance of the teacher candidate. The evaluation must be 91.3 consistent with board-adopted performance measures, use the Minnesota state standards 91.3 consistent with board-adopted performance measures, use the Minnesota state stand
91.5 Minnesota Rules, and include a report to the board recommending whether or not to issu 91.6 the teacher candidate a standard professional five-year teaching license.
91.7 Subd. 6. Applicants trained in other states. A person who successfully completes
91.8 another state's alternative teacher preparation program, consistent with section 122A.23,
91.9 subdivision 1 , may apply to the Board of Teaching for a standard an initial professional 91.10 one-year teaching license under subdivision 7 or a professional five-year teaching license.
91.11 Subd. 7. Standard Professional five-year license. The Board of Teaching must 91.12 issue a standard professional five-year teaching license to an otherwise qualified teacher 91.13 candidate under this section who successfully performs throughout a program under this 91.14 section, obtains qualifying scores on applicable board-adopted rigorous skills, pedagogy, 91.14 section, obtains qualifying scores on applicable board-adopted rigorous skills, pedagogy, 91.16 (e), and is recommended for licensure under subdivision 5 or successfully demonstrates to
91.17 the board qualifications for licensure under subdivision 6 .
91.18 Subd. 8. Highly qualified teacher. A person holding a valid limited-term license 91.19 under this section is a highly qualified teacher and the teacher of record under section 91.20 122A. 16.
91.21 Subd. 9. Exchange of best practices. By July 31 in an even-numbered year, 91.22 a program participant and approved alternative preparation program providers, the 91.23 Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, the University of Minnesota, the Minnesota 91.24 Private College Council, and the Department of Education must exchange information 91.25 about best practices and educational innovations.
91.26 Subd. 10. Reports. The Board of Teaching must submit an interim report on the 91.27 efficacy of this program to the policy and finance committees of the legislature with 91.28 jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education by February 15, 2013, and a 91.29 final report by February 15, 2015.
91.30 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.26, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 91.31 Subd. 2. Exceptions. (a) A person who teaches in a community education program 91.32 which qualifies for aid pursuant to section 124D. 52 shall continue to meet licensure 91.33 requirements as a teacher. A person who teaches in an early childhood and family
91.34 education program which is offered through a community education program and which 91.35 qualifies for community education aid pursuant to section 124D. 20 or early childhood 92.1 and family education aid pursuant to section 124D. 135 shall continue to meet licensure 92.2 requirements as a teacher. A person who teaches in a community education course which 92.3 is offered for credit for graduation to persons under 18 years of age shall continue to
92.4 meet licensure requirements as a teacher.
72.11 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.245, subdivision 8, is amended to read 72.12 Subd. 8. Highly Qualified teacher. A person holding a valid limited-term license 72.13 under this section is a highly qualified teacher and the teacher of record under section 72.14 122A. 16.
92.5 (b) A person who teaches a driver training course which is offered through a 92.6 community education program to persons under 18 years of age shall be licensed by the 92.7 Board of Teaching or be subject to section 171.35. A license which is required for an 92.8 instructor in a community education program pursuant to this subdivision paragraph shal 92.9 not be construed to bring an individual within the definition of a teacher for purposes of 92.10 section 122A.40, subdivision 1, or 122A.41, subdivision 1, clause (a).
92.11 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2016
18.13 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 122A.30, is amended to read: 18.14 122A.30 EXEMPTION FOR TECHNICAL EDUCATION INSTRUCTORS.
18.15 (a) Notwithstanding section 122A.15, subdivision 1, and upon approval of the local 18.16 employer school board, a person who teaches in as a part-time vecational or career and 18.17 technical education program teacher is exempt from a license requirement. Nothing in 18.18 this section shall exclude licensed career and technical educators from the definition of 18.18 this section shall exclude licensed career and technic
18.19 "teacher" in section 122A.40, 122A.41, or 179A. 03 .
18.20 (b) This section expires June 30, 2020.
92.12 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 122A.40, subdivision 8, is 92.13 amended to read:
92.14 Subd. 8. Development, evaluation, and peer coaching for continuing contract
92.15 teachers. (a) To improve student learning and success, a school board and an exclusive 92.16 representative of the teachers in the district, consistent with paragraph (b), may develop 92.17 a teacher evaluation and peer review process for probationary and continuing contract 92.18 teachers through joint agreement. If a school board and the exclusive representative of the 92.19 teachers do not agree to an annual teacher evaluation and peer review process, then the 92.20 school board and the exclusive representative of the teachers must implement the state 92.21 teacher evaluation plan under paragraph (c). The process must include having trained 92.22 observers serve as peer coaches or having teachers participate in professional learning 92.23 communities, consistent with paragraph (b).
92.24 (b) To develop, improve, and support qualified teachers and effective teaching 92.25 practices and, improve student learning and success, and provide all enrolled students 92.26 in a district or school, including low-income students, American Indian students, and 92.27 students of color with improved and equitable access to more diverse teachers, the annual 92.28 evaluation process for teachers
92.29 (1) must, for probationary teachers, provide for all evaluations required under 92.30 subdivision 5;

### 72.15 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 122A.30, is amended to read

 72.16 122A.30 EXEMPTION FOR TECHNICAL EDUCATION INSTRUCTORS.72.17 (a) Notwithstanding section 122A.15, subdivision 1, and upon approval of the local 72.18 employer school board, a person who teaches in as a part-time vocational or career and 72.19 technical education program teacher is exempt from a license requirement. Nothing in 72.20 this section shall exclude licensed career and technical educators from the definition of 72.21 "teacher" in section 122A.40, 122A.41, or 179A.03.
72.22 (b) This section expires June 30, 2020
72.23 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 122A.40, subdivision 8, is 72.24 amended to read:
72.25 Subd. 8. Development, evaluation, and peer coaching for continuing contract 72.26 teachers. (a) To improve student learning and success, a school board and an exclusive 72.27 representative of the teachers in the district, consistent with paragraph (b), may develop 72.28 a teacher evaluation and peer review process for probationary and continuing contract 72.29 teachers through joint agreement. If a school board and the exclusive representative of the 72.30 teachers do not agree to an annual teacher evaluation and peer review process, then the 72.31 school board and the exclusive representative of the teachers must implement the state 72.32 teacher evaluation plan under paragraph (c). The process must include having trained 73.1 observers serve as peer coaches or having teachers participate in professional learning 73.2 communities, consistent with paragraph (b).
73.3 (b) To develop, improve, and support qualified teachers and effective teaching 73.4 practices and, improve student learning and success, and provide all enrolled students in 73.5 a district or school with improved and equitable access to more effective and diverse
73.6 teachers, the annual evaluation process for teachers:
73.7 (1) must, for probationary teachers, provide for all evaluations required under
73.8 subdivision 5;
92.31 (2) must establish a three-year professional review cycle for each teacher that
92.32 includes an individual growth and development plan, a peer review process, and at least 2333 ond 92.34 administrator. For the years when a tenured teacher is not evaluated by a qualified and 92.35 trained evaluator, the teacher must be evaluated by a peer review;
93.1 (3) must be based on professional teaching standards established in rule;
93.2 (4) must coordinate staff development activities, including those that improve 93.3 cultural fluency and competency under sections 122A. 60 and 122A. 61 with this evaluation 93.4 process and teachers' evaluation outcomes;
93.5 (5) may provide time during the school day and school year for peer coaching and 93.6 teacher collaboration;
93.7 (6) may include job-embedded learning opportunities such as professional learning 93.8 communities;
93.9 (7) may include mentoring and induction programs for teachers, including teachers 93.10 who are members of populations underrepresented among the licensed teachers in 93.11 the district or school and who reflect the diversity of students under section 120B.35, 93.12 subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), who are enrolled in the district or school;
93.13 (8) must include an option for teachers to develop and present a portfolio
93.14 demonstrating evidence of reflection and professional growth, consistent with section
93.15 122A.18, subdivision 4, paragraph (b), and include teachers' own performance assessment 93.16 based on student work samples and examples of teachers' work, which may include video 93.17 among other activities for the summative evaluation;
93.18 (9) must use data from valid and reliable assessments aligned to state and local
93.19 academic standards and must use state and local measures of student growth and literacy 93.20 that may include value-added models or student learning goals to determine 35 percent of 93.21 teacher evaluation results
93.22 (10) must use longitudinal data on student engagement and connection, and other 93.23 student outcome measures explicitly aligned with the elements of curriculum, including 93.24 culturally responsive curriculum, for which teachers are responsible, including academic 93.25 literacy, oral academic language, and achievement of content areas of English learners;
93.26 (11) must require qualified and trained evaluators such as school administrators to 93.27 perform summative evaluations and ensure school districts and charter schools provide for 93.28 effective evaluator training specific to teacher development and evaluation;
93.29 (12) must give teachers not meeting professional teaching standards under clauses 93.30 (3) through (11) support to improve through a teacher improvement process that include 93.31 established goals and timelines; and
73.9 (2) must establish a three-year professional review cycle for each teacher that
73.10 includes an individual growth and development plan, a peer review process, and at least 73.11 one summative evaluation performed by a qualified and trained evaluator such as a school 73.12 administrator. For the years when a tenured teacher is not evaluated by a qualified and 73.13 trained evaluator, the teacher must be evaluated by a peer review;
73.14 (3) must be based on professional teaching standards established in rule;
73.15 (4) must coordinate staff development activities under sections 122A. 60 an
73.16 122A. 61 with this evaluation process and teachers' evaluation outcomes;
73.17 (5) may provide time during the school day and school year for peer coaching and 73.18 teacher collaboration
73.19 (6) may include job-embedded learning opportunities such as professional learning 73.20 communities;
73.21 (7) may include mentoring and induction programs for teachers, including teachers 73.22 who are members of populations underrepresented among the licensed teachers in 73.23 the district or school and who reflect the diversity of students under section 120B.35, 73.24 subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), who are enrolled in the district or school;
73.25 (8) must include an option for teachers to develop and present a portfolio
73.26 demonstrating evidence of reflection and professional growth, consistent with section
73.27 122A.18, subdivision 4, paragraph (b), and include teachers' own performance assessment
73.28 based on student work samples and examples of teachers' work, which may include video 73.29 among other activities for the summative evaluation;
73.30 (9) must use data from valid and reliable assessments aligned to state and loca 73.31 academic standards and must use state and local measures of student growth and literacy 73.32 that may include value-added models or student learning goals to determine 35 percent of 73.33 teacher evaluation results;
73.34 (10) must use longitudinal data on student engagement and connection, and other
73.35 student outcome measures explicitly aligned with the elements of curriculum for which
74.1 teachers are responsible, including academic literacy, oral academic language, and 74.2 achievement of content areas of English learners;
74.3 (11) must require qualified and trained evaluators such as school administrators to 74.4 perform summative evaluations and ensure school districts and charter schools provide for 74.5 effective evaluator training specific to teacher development and evaluation;
74.6 (12) must give teachers not meeting professional teaching standards under clauses 74.7 (3) through (11) support to improve through a teacher improvement process that includes 74.8 established goals and timelines; and
93.32 (13) must discipline a teacher for not making adequate progress in the teacher
93.33 improvement process under clause (12) that may include a last chance warning
93.34 termination, discharge, nonrenewal, transfer to a different position, a leave of absence, or 93.35 other discipline a school administrator determines is appropriate-; and
94.1 (14) must include and support cultural competency and the implementation of 94.2 culturally responsive practices through the professional review cycle, staff development, 94.3 and the use of data on student engagement and connection.
94.4 Data on individual teachers generated under this subdivision are personnel data 94.5 under section 13.43. The observation and interview notes of peer coaches may only be 94.6 disclosed to other school officials with the consent of the teacher being coached.
94.7 (c) The department, in consultation with parents who may represent parent
94.8 organizations and teacher and administrator representatives appointed by their respective 94.9 organizations, representing the Board of Teaching, the Minnesota Association of School 94.10 Administrators, the Minnesota School Boards Association, the Minnesota Elementary 94.11 and Secondary Principals Associations, Education Minnesota, and representatives of 94.12 the Minnesota Assessment Group, the Minnesota Business Partnership, the Minnesota 94.13 Chamber of Commerce, and Minnesota postsecondary institutions with research expertise 94.14 in teacher evaluation, must create and publish a teacher evaluation process that complies 94.15 with the requirements in paragraph (b) and applies to all teachers under this section and 94.16 section 122A. 41 for whom no agreement exists under paragraph (a) for an annual teache 94.17 evaluation and peer review process. The teacher evaluation process created under this 94.18 subdivision does not create additional due process rights for probationary teachers under 94.19 subdivision 5.
94.20 (d) Consistent with the measures of teacher effectiveness under this subdivision
94.21 (1) for students in kindergarten through grade 4, a school administrator must not 94.22 place or approve the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the 94.23 improvement process referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative 94.24 evaluation if, in the prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received 94.25 discipline pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school 94.26 teaches that grade; and
94.27 (2) for students in grades 5 through 12, a school administrator must not place 94.28 or approve the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the 94.29 improvement process referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative 94.30 evaluation if, in the prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received 94.31 discipline pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school 94.32 teaches that subject area and grade.
94.33 All data created and used under this paragraph retains its classification under chapter 13
74.9 (13) must discipline a teacher for not making adequate progress in the teacher
74.10 improvement process under clause (12) that may include a last chance warning
74.11 termination, discharge, nonrenewal, transfer to a different position, a leave of absence, or 74.12 other discipline a school administrator determines is appropriate.
74.13 Data on individual teachers generated under this subdivision are personnel data 74.14 under section 13.43. The observation and interview notes of peer coaches may only be 74.15 disclosed to other school officials with the consent of the teacher being coached.
74.16 (c) The department, in consultation with parents who may represent parent
74.17 organizations and teacher and administrator representatives appointed by their respective 74.18 organizations, representing the Board of Teaching, the Minnesota Association of School 74.19 Administrators, the Minnesota School Boards Association, the Minnesota Elementary 74.20 and Secondary Principals Associations, Education Minnesota, and representatives of 74.21 the Minnesota Assessment Group, the Minnesota Business Partnership, the Minnesota 74.22 Chamber of Commerce, and Minnesota postsecondary institutions with research expertise 74.23 in teacher evaluation, must create and publish a teacher evaluation process that complies 74.24 with the requirements in paragraph (b) and applies to all teachers under this section and 74.25 section 122A. 41 for whom no agreement exists under paragraph (a) for an annual teacher 74.26 evaluation and peer review process. The teacher evaluation process created under this 74.27 subdivision does not create additional due process rights for probationary teachers under 74.28 subdivision 5.
74.29 (d) Consistent with the measures of teacher effectiveness under this subdivision:
74.30 (1) for students in kindergarten through grade 4, a school administrator must not 74.31 place or approve the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the 74.32 improvement process referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative 74.33 evaluation if, in the prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who receive 74.34 discipline pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school 74.35 teaches that grade; and
75.1 (2) for students in grades 5 through 12 , a school administrator must not place 75.2 or approve the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the 75.3 improvement process referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative 75.4 evaluation if, in the prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received 75.5 discipline pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school 75.6 teaches that subject area and grade.
75.7 All data created and used under this paragraph retains its classification under chapter 13.
95.1 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 122A.41, subdivision 5, is 95.2 amended to read:
95.3 Subd. 5. Development, evaluation, and peer coaching for continuing contract 95.4 teachers. (a) To improve student learning and success, a school board and an exclusive 95.5 representative of the teachers in the district, consistent with paragraph (b), may develop an 95.6 annual teacher evaluation and peer review process for probationary and nonprobationary 95.7 teachers through joint agreement. If a school board and the exclusive representative of
95.8 the teachers in the district do not agree to an annual teacher evaluation and peer review 95.9 process, then the school board and the exclusive representative of the teachers must 95.10 implement the state teacher evaluation plan developed under paragraph (c). The process 95.11 must include having trained observers serve as peer coaches or having teachers participate 95.12 in professional learning communities, consistent with paragraph (b).
95.13 (b) To develop, improve, and support qualified teachers and effective teaching 95.14 practices and improve student learning and success, and provide all enrolled students 95.15 in a district or school, including low-income students, American Indian students, and 95.16 students of color with improved and equitable access to more diverse teachers, the annual 95.17 evaluation process for teachers:
95.18 (1) must, for probationary teachers, provide for all evaluations required under 95.19 subdivision 2;
75.8 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2016-2017 school year and 75.9 later.
75.10 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.40, subdivision 10 , is amended to read: 75.11 Subd. 10. Negotiated unrequested leave of absence. The school board and the 75.12 exclusive bargaining representative of the teachers may must negotiate a plan providing for 75.13 unrequested leave of absence without pay or fringe benefits for as many teachers as may 75.14 be necessary because of discontinuance of position, lack of pupils, financial limitations, or 75.15 merger of classes caused by consolidation of districts. Failing to suceessfully negotiate such 75.16 a plan, the provisions of subdivision 11 shall apply. The negotiated plan must not inelude 75.17 provisions which would result in the exercise of seniority by a teacher holding a provisional 75.18 license, other than a vocational education license, contrary to the provisions of subdivision $75.19 \mathrm{H1}$, paragraph (e), or the reinstatement of a teacher holding a provisional license, other 75.20 than a vocational education license, contrary to the provisions of subdivision 11 , paragraph 75.21 (e). The provisions of section 179^.16 do not apply for the purposes of this subdivision.
75.22 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2017.
75.23 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 122A.41, subdivision 5, is 75.24 amended to read:
75.25 Subd. 5. Development, evaluation, and peer coaching for continuing contract 75.26 teachers. (a) To improve student learning and success, a school board and an exclusive 75.27 representative of the teachers in the district, consistent with paragraph (b), may develop an 75.28 annual teacher evaluation and peer review process for probationary and nonprobationary 75.29 teachers through joint agreement. If a school board and the exclusive representative of 75.30 the teachers in the district do not agree to an annual teacher evaluation and peer review 75.31 process, then the school board and the exclusive representative of the teachers must 75.32 implement the state teacher evaluation plan developed under paragraph (c). The process 76.1 must include having trained observers serve as peer coaches or having teachers participate 76.2 in professional learning communities, consistent with paragraph (b)
76.3 (b) To develop, improve, and support qualified teachers and effective teaching
76.4 practices and improve student learning and success, and provide all enrolled students in
76.5 a district or school with improved and equitable access to more effective and diverse
76.6 teachers, the annual evaluation process for teachers:
76.7 (1) must, for probationary teachers, provide for all evaluations required under 76.8 subdivision 2;

9520 (2) must establish a three-year professional review cycle for each teacher that
95.21 includes an individual growth and development plan, a peer review process, and at least 95.22 one summative evaluation performed by a qualified and trained evaluator such as a school 95.23 administrator;
95.24 (3) must be based on professional teaching standards established in rule;
95.25 (4) must coordinate staff development activities, including those that improve 95.26 cultural fluency and competency under sections 122A. 60 and 122A. 61 with this evaluation 95.27 process and teachers' evaluation outcomes;
95.28 (5) may provide time during the school day and school year for peer coaching and 95.29 teacher collaboration;
95.30 (6) may include job-embedded learning opportunities such as professional learning 95.31 communities;
95.32 (7) may include mentoring and induction programs for teachers, including teachers 95.33 who are members of populations underrepresented among the licensed teachers in 95.34 the district or school and who reflect the diversity of students under section 120B.35, 95.35 subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), who are enrolled in the district or school;
96.1 (8) must include an option for teachers to develop and present a portfolio
96.2 demonstrating evidence of reflection and professional growth, consistent with section
96.3 122A.18, subdivision 4, paragraph (b), and include teachers' own performance assessmen 96.4 based on student work samples and examples of teachers' work, which may include video 96.5 among other activities for the summative evaluation;
96.6 (9) must use data from valid and reliable assessments aligned to state and local
96.7 academic standards and must use state and local measures of student growth and literacy 96.8 that may include value-added models or student learning goals to determine 35 percent of 96.9 teacher evaluation results
96.10 (10) must use longitudinal data on student engagement and connection and other 96.11 student outcome measures explicitly aligned with the elements of curriculum, including 96.12 culturally responsive curriculum, for which teachers are responsible, including academic 96.13 literacy, oral academic language, and achievement of English learners;
96.14 (11) must require qualified and trained evaluators such as school administrators to 96.15 perform summative evaluations and ensure school districts and charter schools provide for 96.16 effective evaluator training specific to teacher development and evaluation;
96.17 (12) must give teachers not meeting professional teaching standards under clauses 96.18 (3) through (11) support to improve through a teacher improvement process that includes 96.19 established goals and timelines; and
76.9 (2) must establish a three-year professional review cycle for each teacher that 76.10 includes an individual growth and development plan, a peer review process, and at least 76.11 one summative evaluation performed by a qualified and trained evaluator such as a school 76.12 administrator;
76.13 (3) must be based on professional teaching standards established in rule;
76.14 (4) must coordinate staff development activities under sections 122A. 60 and
76.15 122A. 61 with this evaluation process and teachers' evaluation outcomes;
76.16 (5) may provide time during the school day and school year for peer coaching and 76.17 teacher collaboration
76.18 (6) may include job-embedded learning opportunities such as professional learning 76.19 communities;
76.20 (7) may include mentoring and induction programs for teachers, including teachers 76.21 who are members of populations underrepresented among the licensed teachers in 76.22 the district or school and who reflect the diversity of students under section 120B. 35 76.23 subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), who are enrolled in the district or school;
76.24 (8) must include an option for teachers to develop and present a portfolio
76.25 demonstrating evidence of reflection and professional growth, consistent with section 76.26 122A.18, subdivision 4, paragraph (b), and include teachers' own performance assessment 76.27 based on student work samples and examples of teachers' work, which may include video 76.28 among other activities for the summative evaluation;
76.29 (9) must use data from valid and reliable assessments aligned to state and local
76.30 academic standards and must use state and local measures of student growth and literacy 76.31 that may include value-added models or student learning goals to determine 35 percent of 76.32 teacher evaluation results;
76.33 (10) must use longitudinal data on student engagement and connection and other 76.34 student outcome measures explicitly aligned with the elements of curriculum for which 76.35 teachers are responsible, including academic literacy, oral academic language, and 76.36 achievement of English learners;
77.1 (11) must require qualified and trained evaluators such as school administrators to 77.2 perform summative evaluations and ensure school districts and charter schools provide for 77.3 effective evaluator training specific to teacher development and evaluation;
77.4 (12) must give teachers not meeting professional teaching standards under clauses 77.5 (3) through (11) support to improve through a teacher improvement process that includes 77.6 established goals and timelines; and
96.20 (13) must discipline a teacher for not making adequate progress in the teacher 96.21 improvement process under clause (12) that may include a last chance warning, 96.22 termination, discharge, nonrenewal, transfer to a different position, a leave of absence, or 96.23 other discipline a school administrator determines is appropriate-; and
96.24 (14) must include and support cultural competency and the implementation of 96.25 culturally responsive practices through the professional review cycle, staff development, 96.26 and the use of data on student engagement and connection.
96.27 Data on individual teachers generated under this subdivision are personnel data 96.28 under section 13.43. The observation and interview notes of peer coaches may only be 96.29 disclosed to other school officials with the consent of the teacher being coached.
96.30 (c) The department, in consultation with parents who may represent paren 96.31 organizations and teacher and administrator representatives appointed by their respective 96.32 organizations, representing the Board of Teaching, the Minnesota Association of Schoo 96.33 Administrators, the Minnesota School Boards Association, the Minnesota Elementary 96.34 and Secondary Principals Associations, Education Minnesota, and representatives of 96.35 the Minnesota Assessment Group, the Minnesota Business Partnership, the Minnesota 96.36 Chamber of Commerce, and Minnesota postsecondary institutions with research expertise 97.1 in teacher evaluation, must create and publish a teacher evaluation process that complies 97.2 with the requirements in paragraph (b) and applies to all teachers under this section and 97.3 section 122A. 40 for whom no agreement exists under paragraph (a) for an annual teacher 97.4 evaluation and peer review process. The teacher evaluation process created under this 97.5 subdivision does not create additional due process rights for probationary teachers under 97.6 subdivision 2.
97.7 (d) Consistent with the measures of teacher effectiveness under this subdivision:
97.8 (1) for students in kindergarten through grade 4, a school administrator must not 97.9 place or approve the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the 97.10 improvement process referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative 97.11 evaluation if, in the prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received 97.12 discipline pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school 97.13 teaches that grade; and
97.14 (2) for students in grades 5 through 12 , a school administrator must not place 97.15 or approve the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the 97.16 improvement process referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative 97.17 evaluation if, in the prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received 97.18 discipline pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the schoo 97.19 teaches that subject area and grade.
97.20 All data created and used under this paragraph retains its classification under chapter 13
77.7 (13) must discipline a teacher for not making adequate progress in the teacher 77.8 improvement process under clause (12) that may include a last chance warning 77.9 termination, discharge, nonrenewal, transfer to a different position, a leave of absence, or 77.10 other discipline a school administrator determines is appropriate.
77.11 Data on individual teachers generated under this subdivision are personnel data 77.12 under section 13.43. The observation and interview notes of peer coaches may only be 77.13 disclosed to other school officials with the consent of the teacher being coached.
77.14 (c) The department, in consultation with parents who may represent parent 77.15 organizations and teacher and administrator representatives appointed by their respective 77.16 organizations, representing the Board of Teaching, the Minnesota Association of School 77.17 Administrators, the Minnesota School Boards Association, the Minnesota Elementary 77.18 and Secondary Principals Associations, Education Minnesota, and representatives of 77.19 the Minnesota Assessment Group, the Minnesota Business Partnership, the Minnesota 77.20 Chamber of Commerce, and Minnesota postsecondary institutions with research expertise 77.21 in teacher evaluation, must create and publish a teacher evaluation process that complies 77.22 with the requirements in paragraph (b) and applies to all teachers under this section and 77.23 section 122A. 40 for whom no agreement exists under paragraph (a) for an annual teacher 77.24 evaluation and peer review process. The teacher evaluation process created under this 77.25 subdivision does not create additional due process rights for probationary teachers under 77.26 subdivision 2.
77.27 (d) Consistent with the measures of teacher effectiveness under this subdivision: 77.28 (1) for students in kindergarten through grade 4, a school administrator must not 77.29 place or approve the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the 77.30 improvement process referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative 77.31 evaluation if, in the prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who receive 77.32 discipline pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school 77.33 teaches that grade; and
77.34 (2) for students in grades 5 through 12, a school administrator must not place 77.35 or approve the placement of a student in the classroom of a teacher who is in the 77.36 improvement process referenced in paragraph (b), clause (12), or has not had a summative 78.1 evaluation if, in the prior year, that student was in the classroom of a teacher who received 78.2 discipline pursuant to paragraph (b), clause (13), unless no other teacher at the school 78.3 teaches that subject area and grade.
78.4 All data created and used under this paragraph retains its classification under chapter 13

## $97.22 \stackrel{\text { later. }}{ }$

7.21 EFFECTIVE DATE This section is effective for the 2017-2018 school year and
8.21 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 122A.414, subdivision 1 18.22 is amended to read:
18.23 Subdivision 1. Restructured pay system. A restructured alternative teacher
18.24 professional pay system is established under subdivision 2 to provide incentives to
18.25 encourage teachers to improve their knowledge and instructional skills in order to improve 18.26 student learning and for school districts, intermediate school districts, cooperative units, 18.27 as defined in section 123A.24, subdivision 2, and charter schools to recruit and retain 18.28 highly qualified teachers, encourage highly qualified teachers to undertake challenging 18.29 assignments, and support teachers' roles in improving students' educational achievement.
18.30 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 122A.414, subdivision 2 18.31 is amended to read:
19.1 Subd. 2. Alternative teacher professional pay system. (a) To participate in this 19.2 program, a school district, intermediate school district, school site, or charter school must 19.3 have an educational improvement plan under section $122 \Lambda .413$ a world's best workforce 19.4 plan under section 120B. 11 and an alternative teacher professional pay system agreement 19.5 under paragraph (b). A charter school participant also must comply with subdivision 2a.
19.6 (b) The alternative teacher professional pay system agreement must:
19.7 (1) describe how teachers can achieve career advancement and additional 19.8 compensation;
19.9 (2) describe how the school district, intermediate school district, school site, or 19.10 charter school will provide teachers with career advancement options that allow teachers 19.11 to retain primary roles in student instruction and facilitate site-focused professional
19.12 development that helps other teachers improve their skills;
78.5 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2016-2017 school year and 78.6 later.
78.7 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.41, is amended by adding a 78.8 subdivision to read:
78.9 Subd. 14a. Negotiated unrequested leave of absence. The school board and the 78.10 exclusive bargaining representative of the teachers must negotiate a plan providing for
78.11 unrequested leave of absence without pay or fringe benefits for as many teachers as may
78.12 be necessary because of discontinuance of position, lack of pupils, financial limitations, 78.13 or merger of classes caused by consolidation of districts.

### 78.14 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2017.

78.15 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 122A.414, subdivision 1, 78.16 is amended to read:
78.17 Subdivision 1. Restructured pay system. A restructured alternative teacher
78.18 professional pay system is established under subdivision 2 to provide incentives to 78.19 encourage teachers to improve their knowledge and instructional skills in order to improve 78.20 student learning and for school districts, intermediate school districts, cooperative units, 78.21 as defined in section 123A.24, subdivision 2, and charter schools to recruit and retain 78.22 highly qualified teachers, encourage highly qualified teachers to undertake challenging 78.23 assignments, and support teachers' roles in improving students' educational achievement.
78.24 Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 122A.414, subdivision 2, 78.25 is amended to read:
78.26 Subd. 2. Alternative teacher professional pay system. (a) To participate in this 78.27 program, a school district, intermediate school district, school site, or charter school must 78.28 have an educational improvement plan under section 122A.413 a world's best workforce 78.29 plan under section 120B. 11 and an alternative teacher professional pay system agreement 78.30 under paragraph (b). A charter school participant also must comply with subdivision 2a.
78.31 (b) The alternative teacher professional pay system agreement must:
79.1 (1) describe how teachers can achieve career advancement and additional 79.2 compensation;
79.3 (2) describe how the school district, intermediate school district, school site, or 79.4 charter school will provide teachers with career advancement options that allow teacher 79.5 to retain primary roles in student instruction and facilitate site-focused professional 79.6 development that helps other teachers improve their skills;
19.13 (3) reform the "steps and lanes" salary schedule, prevent any teacher's compensation
19.14 paid before implementing the pay system from being reduced as a result of participating in 19.15 this system, base at least 60 percent of any compensation increase on teacher performance 19.16 using
19.17 (i) schoolwide student achievement gains under section 120B. 35 or locally selected 19.18 standardized assessment outcomes, or both;
19.19 (ii) measures of student growth and literacy that may include value-added models 19.20 or student learning goals, consistent with section 122A.40, subdivision 8, paragraph 19.21 (b), clause (9), or 122A.41, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), clause (9), and other measures 19.22 that include the academic literacy, oral academic language, and achievement of English 19.23 learners under section 122A.40, subdivision 8, paragraph (b), clause (10), or 122A.41, 19.24 subdivision 5, paragraph (b), clause (10); and
19.25 (iii) an objective evaluation program under section 122A.40, subdivision 8 , 19.25 (iil) an objective evaluation program under section 122A.40, subdivision 8,
19.26 paragraph (b), clause (2), or 122A.41, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), clause (2); 19.27 (4) provide for participation in job-embedded learning opportunities such as 19.28 professional learning communities to improve instructional skills and learning that are 19.28 professional learning communities to improve instructional skills and learning that are 19.30 development plan under section 122A. 60 and led during the school day by trained teacher 19.31 leaders such as master or mentor teachers;
19.32 (5) allow any teacher in a participating school district, intermediate school district,
19.33 school site, or charter school that implements an alternative pay system to participate in 19.34 that system without any quota or other limit; and
19.35 (6) encourage collaboration rather than competition among teachers.
19.36 (c) The alternative teacher professional pay system may:
20.1 (1) include a hiring bonus or other added compensation for teachers who are
20.2 identified as effective or highly effective under the local teacher professional review 20.3 cycle and work in a hard-to-fill position or in a hard-to-staff school such as a school with 20.4 a majority of students whose families meet federal poverty guidelines, a geographically 20.5 isolated school, or a school identified by the state as eligible for targeted programs or 20.6 services for its students; and
20.7 (2) include incentives for teachers to obtain a master's degree or other advanced 20.8 certification in their content field of licensure, pursue the training or education necessary 20.9 to obtain an additional licensure in shortage areas identified by the district or charter 20.10 school, or help fund a "grow your own" new teacher initiative.
20.11 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 122A.414, subdivision $2 b$, 20.12 is amended to read:
79.7 (3) reform the "steps and lanes" salary schedule, prevent any teacher's compensation 79.8 paid before implementing the pay system from being reduced as a result of participating in 79.9 this system, base at least 60 percent of any compensation increase on teacher performance 79.10 using:
79.11 (i) schoolwide student achievement gains under section 120B. 35 or locally selected 79.12 standardized assessment outcomes, or both;
79.13 (ii) measures of student growth and literacy that may include value-added models 79.14 or student learning goals, consistent with section 122A.40, subdivision 8, paragraph 79.15 (b), clause (9), or 122A.41, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), clause (9), and other measure 79.16 that include the academic literacy, oral academic language, and achievement of English 79.17 learners under section 122A.40, subdivision 8, paragraph (b), clause (10), or 122A.41, 79.18 subdivision 5, paragraph (b), clause (10); and
79.19 (iii) an objective evaluation program under section 122A.40, subdivision 8 , 79.20 paragraph (b), clause (2), or 122A.41, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), clause (2); 79.21 (4) provide for participation in job-embedded learning opportunities such as 79.22 professional learning communities to improve instructional skills and learning that are 79.23 aligned with student needs under section 122 A.413 120B.11, consistent with the staff 79.24 development plan under section 122A. 60 and led during the school day by trained teacher 79.25 leaders such as master or mentor teachers;
79.26 (5) allow any teacher in a participating school district, intermediate school district, 79.27 school site, or charter school that implements an alternative pay system to participate in 79.28 that system without any quota or other limit; and
79.29 (6) encourage collaboration rather than competition among teachers.
79.30 (c) The alternative teacher professional pay system may:
79.31 (1) include a hiring bonus or other added compensation for teachers who are 79.32 identified as effective or highly effective under the local teacher professional review 79.33 cycle and work in a hard-to-fill position or in a hard-to-staff school such as a school with 79.34 a majority of students whose families meet federal poverty guidelines, a geographically 79.35 isolated school, or a school identified by the state as eligible for targeted programs or 79.36 services for its students; and
80.1 (2) include incentives for teachers to obtain a master's degree or other advanced 80.2 certification in their content field of licensure, pursue the training or education necessary 80.3 to obtain an additional licensure in shortage areas identified by the district or charter 80.4 school, or help fund a "grow your own" new teacher initiative.
80.5 Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 122A.414, subdivision 2 b , 80.6 is amended to read:
20.13 Subd. 2b. Approval process. (a) Consistent with the requirements of this section 20.14 and seetions 122A.413 and section 122A.415, the department must prepare and transmi 20.15 to interested school districts, intermediate school districts, cooperatives, school sites, 20.16 and charter schools a standard form for applying to participate in the alternative teacher 20.17 professional pay system. The commissioner annually must establish three dates as 20.18 deadlines by which interested applicants must submit an application to the commissioner 20.19 under this section. An interested school district, intermediate school district, cooperative 20.20 school site, or charter school must submit to the commissioner a completed application 20.21 executed by the district superintendent and the exclusive bargaining representative of the 20.22 teachers if the applicant is a school district, intermediate school district, or school site, o 20.23 executed by the charter school board of directors if the applicant is a charter school or 20.24 executed by the governing board if the applicant is a cooperative unit. The application 20.25 must include the proposed alternative teacher professional pay system agreement under 20.26 subdivision 2 . The department must review a completed application within 30 days of 20.27 the most recent application deadline and recommend to the commissioner whether to 20.28 approve or disapprove the application. The commissioner must approve applications 20.29 on a first-come, first-served basis. The applicant's alternative teacher professional pay 20.30 system agreement must be legally binding on the applicant and the collective bargaining 0.31 representative before the applicant receives alternative compensation revenue. The 0.32 commissioner must approve or disapprove an application based on the require. The 0.32 commissioner must approve or disapprove an application based on the requirements 20.33 under subdivisions 2 and 2a.
20.34 (b) If the commissioner disapproves an application, the commissioner must give the 20.35 applicant timely notice of the specific reasons in detail for disapproving the application. 21.1 The applicant may revise and resubmit its application and related documents to the 21.2 commissioner within 30 days of receiving notice of the commissioner's disapproval and 21.3 the commissioner must approve or disapprove the revised application, consistent with this 21.4 subdivision. Applications that are revised and then approved are considered submitted on 21.5 the date the applicant initially submitted the application.
21.6 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 122A.414, subdivision 3,
21.7 is amended to read:
21.8 Subd. 3. Report; continued funding. (a) Participating districts, intermediate school 21.9 districts, cooperatives, school sites, and charter schools must report on the implementation 21.10 and effectiveness of the alternative teacher professional pay system, particularly 21.11 addressing each requirement under subdivision 2 and make annual recommendations by 21.12 June 15 to their school boards. The sehool board, board of direetors, or governing board 21.13 shall transmit a copy of the report with a summary of the findings and recommendations 21.14 of the district, intermediate sehool district, cooperative, sehool site, or charter sehool to 21.15 the commissioner in the form and manner determined by the commissioner.
80.7 Subd. 2b. Approval process. (a) Consistent with the requirements of this section 80.8 and sections $122 \wedge .413$ and section 122A.415, the department must prepare and transmit 80.9 to interested school districts, intermediate school districts, cooperatives, school sites, 80.10 and charter schools a standard form for applying to participate in the alternative teache 80.11 professional pay system. The commissioner annually must establish three dates as
80.12 deadlines by which interested applicants must submit an application to the commissioner 80.13 under this section. An interested school district, intermediate school district, cooperative, 80.14 school site, or charter school must submit to the commissioner a completed application 80.15 executed by the district superintendent and the exclusive bargaining representative of the 80.16 teachers if the applicant is a school district, intermediate school district, or school site, or 80.17 executed by the charter school board of directors if the applicant is a charter school or 80.18 executed by the governing board if the applicant is a cooperative unit. The application 80.19 must include the proposed alternative teacher professional pay system agreement under 80.20 subdivision 2 . The department must review a completed application within 30 days of 80.21 the most recent application deadline and recommend to the commissioner whether to 80.22 approve or disapprove the application. The commissioner must approve applications 80.23 on a first-come, first-served basis. The applicant's alternative teacher professional pay 80.24 system agreement must be legally binding on the applicant and the collective bargaining 80.25 representative before the applicant receives alternative compensation revenue. The 80.26 commissioner must approve or disapprove an application based on the requirements 80.27 under subdivisions 2 and 2a.
80.28 (b) If the commissioner disapproves an application, the commissioner must give the 80.29 applicant timely notice of the specific reasons in detail for disapproving the application. 80.30 The applicant may revise and resubmit its application and related documents to the 80.31 commissioner within 30 days of receiving notice of the commissioner's disapproval and 80.32 the commissioner must approve or disapprove the revised application, consistent with this 80.33 subdivision. Applications that are revised and then approved are considered submitted on 80.34 the date the applicant initially submitted the application.
21.16 (b) If the commissioner determines that a sehool distriet, intermediate sehool district, 21.17 eooperative, school site, or charter sehool that receives alternative teacher compensation 21.18 revenue is not complying with the requirements of this section, the commissioner 21.19 may withhold funding from that participant. Before making the determination, the 21.20 commissioner must notify the participant of any deficiencies and provide the participant 21.21 an opportunity to comply. A district must include the report required under paragraph (a) 21.22 as part of the world's best workforce report under section 120B.11, subdivision 5.

### 21.23 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.4144, is amended to read:

 21.24 122A.4144 SUPPLEMENTAL AGREEMENTS; ALTERNATIVE TEACHER 21.25 PAY.21.26 Notwithstanding section 179A. 20 or other law to the contrary, a school board and 21.27 the exclusive representative of the teachers may agree to reopen a collective bargaining 21.28 agreement for the purpose of entering into an alternative teacher professional pay system 21.29 agreement under sections 122A.413, 122A.414, and 122A.415. Negotiations for a contract 21.30 reopened under this section must be limited to issues related to the alternative teacher 21.31 professional pay system.
81.1 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.4144, is amended to read:
81.2 122A. 4144 SUPPLEMENTAL AGREEMENTS; ALTERNATIVE TEACHER 81.3 PAY.
81.4 Notwithstanding section 179A. 20 or other law to the contrary, a school board and 81.5 the exclusive representative of the teachers may agree to reopen a collective bargaining 81.6 agreement for the purpose of entering into an alternative teacher professional pay system 81.7 agreement under sections 122A.413, 122A.414, and 122A.415. Negotiations for a contract 81.8 reopened under this section must be limited to issues related to the alternative teacher 81.9 professional pay system.
175.14 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 122A.415, subdivision 3, is 175.15 amended to read:
175.16 Subd. 3. Revenue timing. (a) Districts, intermediate school districts, cooperatives, 175.17 school sites, or charter schools with approved applications must receive alternative 175.18 compensation revenue for each school year that the district, intermediate school district, 175.18 compensation revenue for each school year that the district, intermediate school district,
175.19 cooperative, school site, or charter school implements an alternative teacher professional 175.20 pay system under this subdivision and section 122A.414. A qualifying district, intermediate 175.21 school district, cooperative, school site, or charter school that received alternative teacher 175.22 compensation aid for the previous fiscal year must receive at least an amount of alternative 175.23 teacher compensation revenue equal to the lesser of the amount it received for the previous 175.24 fiscal year or the amount it qualifies for under subdivision 1 for the current fiscal year if 175.25 the district, intermediate school district, cooperative, school site, or charter school submits 175.26 a timely application and the commissioner determines that the district, intermediate school 175.27 district, cooperative, school site, or charter school continues to implement an alternative 175.28 teacher professional pay system, consistent with its application under this section.
175.29 (b) The commissioner shall approve applications that comply with subdivision 1 ,
175.30 and section 122A.414, subdivisions 2, paragraph (b), and 2a, if the applicant is a charter 175.31 school or cooperative, in the order in which they are received, select applicants that 175.32 qualify for this program, notify school districts, intermediate school districts, cooperatives, 176.1 school sites, and charter schools about the program, develop and disseminate application 176.2 materials, and carry out other activities needed to implement this section.
176.3 (c) A school district, intermediate school district, cooperative, school site, or charter
176.4 school with an approved application and a written notice from the commissioner that the 176.5 district qualifies for its first year of alternative compensation revenue must receive revenue 176.6 for that year according to section 127A.41, subdivision 2.
176.7 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2016 176.8 and later.

## UEH2749-1

286.11 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 122A.415, subdivision 4, 286.12 is amended to read:
286.13 Subd. 4. Basic alternative teacher compensation aid. (a) The basic alternative 286.14 teacher compensation aid for a school with a plan approved under section 122A.414, 286.15 subdivision 2 b , equals 65 percent of the alternative teacher compensation revenue unde 286.16 subdivision 1. The basic alternative teacher compensation aid for a charter school with 286.17 plan approved under section 122A.414, subdivisions $2 a$ and $2 b$, equals $\$ 260$ times the 286.18 number of pupils enrolled in the school on October 1 of the previous year, or on October 286.191 of the current year for a charter school in the first year of operation, times the ratio of 286.20 the sum of the alternative teacher compensation aid and alternative teacher compensation 286.21 levy for all participating school districts to the maximum alternative teacher compensation 286.22 revenue for those districts under subdivision 1.
286.23 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) and subdivision 1, the state total basic alternative 286.24 teacher compensation aid entitlement must not exceed $\$ 88,118,000$ for fiscal year 2017 286.25 and later. The commissioner must limit the amount of alternative teacher compensation 286.26 aid approved under this section so as not to exceed these limits $\$ 75,840,000$ for fiscal year 286.27 2016. Basic alternative teacher compensation aid for an intermediate district or other 286.28 cooperative unit equals $\$ 3,000$ times the number of licensed teachers employed by the 286.29 intermediate district or cooperative unit on October 1 of the previous school year.
286.30 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

## S2744-2

2.1 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.416, is amended to read:
2.2 122A.416 ALTERNATIVE TEACHER COMPENSATION REVENUE
22.3 FOR PERPICH CENTER FOR ARTS EDUCATION AND MULTIDISTRICT
22.4 INTEGRATION COLLABORATIVES.
81.10 Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.416, is amended to read:
81.11 122A.416 ALTERNATIVE TEACHER COMPENSATION REVENUE
81.12 FOR PERPICH CENTER FOR ARTS EDUCATION AND MULTIDISTRICT
81.13 INTEGRATION COLLABORATIVES.
22.5 Notwithstanding sections 122 A .413 , 122A. 414 . 122A. 415 , and 126C. 10
22.6 multidistrict integration collaboratives and the Perpich Center for Arts Education are 22.7 eligible to receive alternative teacher compensation revenue as if they were intermediate 22.8 school districts. To qualify for alternative teacher compensation revenue, a multidistrict 22.9 integration collaborative or the Perpich Center for Arts Education must meet all of the 22.10 requirements of sections $122 \mathrm{~A} .413,122 \mathrm{~A} .414$, and 122A.415 that apply to intermediate 22.11 school districts, must report its enrollment as of October 1 of each year to the department, 22.12 and must annually report its expenditures for the alternative teacher professional pay 22.13 system consistent with the uniform financial accounting and reporting standards to the 22.14 department by November 30 of each year.

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81.14 Notwithstanding sections $122 \mathrm{~A} .413,122 \mathrm{~A} .414,122 \mathrm{~A} .415$, and 126 C .10 ,
81.15 multidistrict integration collaboratives and the Perpich Center for Arts Education are 81.16 eligible to receive alternative teacher compensation revenue as if they were intermediate 81.17 school districts. To qualify for alternative teacher compensation revenue, a multidistrict 81.18 integration collaborative or the Perpich Center for Arts Education must meet all of the
81.19 requirements of sections 122A.413, 122A.414, and 122A.415 that apply to intermediate
81.20 school districts, must report its enrollment as of October 1 of each year to the department
81.21 and must annually report its expenditures for the alternative teacher professional pay
81.22 system consistent with the uniform financial accounting and reporting standards to the
81.23 department by November 30 of each year
81.24 Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.42, is amended to read 81.25 122A.42 GENERAL CONTROL OF SCHOOLS
81.26 (a) The teacher of record shall have the general control and government of the 81.27 school and classroom. When more than one teacher is employed in any district, one of the 81.28 teachers may be designated by the board as principal and shall have the general control 81.29 and supervision of the schools of the district, subject to the general supervisory control 81.30 of the board and other officers.
81.31 (b) Consistent with paragraph (a), the teacher may remove students from class under
81.32 section 121A.61, subdivision 2, for violent or disruptive conduct or other misconduct.
82.1 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2016-2017 school year and
82.2 later.
82.3 Sec. 46. [122A.421] SCHOOL CLIMATE AND SAFETY
82.4 Beginning with agreements effective July 1, 2017, and thereafter, all collective
82.5 bargaining agreements for teachers under chapter 179A may include school climate
82.6 and student and staff safety provisions related to establishing and maintaining safe and
82.7 supportive classrooms and school sites and a districtwide educational climate that is
82.8 conducive to student learning and a supportive working environment for teachers and
82.9 other staff.
82.10 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2017.
97.23 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 122A.60, subdivision 1, is 97.24 amended to read:
97.25 Subdivision 1. Staff development committee. (a) A school board must use the 97.26 revenue authorized in section 122A. 61 for:
97.27 (1) teacher development and evaluation plans under section 122A.40, subdivision 8 ,
97.28 or 122A.41, subdivision 5 , and at the request of a teacher and their mentor or peer coach,
97.29 activities relating to the teacher's individual growth plan or recommendations resulting 97.30 from the peer review process;
97.31 (2) principal development and evaluation under section 123B.147, subdivision 3;
97.32 (3) in-service education programs under section 120B.22, subdivision 2; and
97.33 (4) other staff development needs.
98.1 (b) The board must establish an advisory staff development committee to develop 98.2 the plan, assist site professional development teams in developing a site plan consistent 98.3 with the goals of the plan, and evaluate staff development efforts at the site level. A 98.4 majority of the advisory committee and the site professional development team must be 98.5 teachers representing various grade levels, subject areas, and special education. The 98.6 advisory committee must also include nonteaching staff, parents, and administrators
98.7 (c) "Teacher" under this section includes all individuals classified as teachers under 98.8 section 179A. 03 or section 122A. 61.

### 98.9 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2016-2017 school year and

 98.10 later.22.15 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 122A.60, subdivision 4, is 22.16 amended to read:
22.17 Subd. 4. Staff development report. (a) By Oetober 15 of each year, The district 22.18 and site staff development committees shall write and submit a report of staff development 22.19 activities and expenditures for the previous year, in the form and manner determined by 22.20 the commissioner. The report, signed by the district superintendent and staff development 22.21 chair, must include assessment and evaluation data indicating progress toward district and 22.22 site staff development goals based on teaching and learning outcomes, including the 22.23 percentage of teachers and other staff involved in instruction who participate in effective 22.24 staff development activities under subdivision 3 as part of the district's world's best 22.25 workforce report under section 120B.11, subdivision 5.
22.26 (b) The report must break down expenditures for:
22.27 (1) curriculum development and curriculum training programs; and
22.28 (2) staff development training models, workshops, and conferences, and the cost of 22.29 releasing teachers or providing substitute teachers for staff development purposes.

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22.30 The report also must indicate whether the expenditures were incurred at the district 22.31 level or the school site level, and whether the school site expenditures were made possible 22.32 by grants to school sites that demonstrate exemplary use of allocated staff development 22.33 revenue. These expenditures must be reported using the uniform financial and accounting 22.34 and reporting standards.
23.1 (e) The commissioner shall report the staff development progress and expenditure 23.2 data to the house of representatives and senate committees having jurisdiction over 23.3 education by February 15 each year.

## UEH2749-1

286.31 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 122A.61, subdivision 1, is 286.32 amended to read:
287.1 Subdivision 1. Staff development revenue for school districts. A district is 287.2 required to reserve an amount equal to at least two percent of the basic revenue under 287.3 section 126C.10, subdivision 2 , for:
287.4 (1) teacher development and evaluation under section 122A.40, subdivision 8 , or 287.5 122A.41, subdivision 5;
287.6 (2) principal development and evaluation under section 123B.147, subdivision 3;
287.7 (3) professional development under section 122A.60; and
287.8 (4) in-service education for programs under section 120B.22, subdivision 2.
287.9 To the extent extra funds remain, staff development revenue may be used for 287.10 staff development plans, including plans for challenging instructional activities and 287.11 experiences under section 122A.60, and for curriculum development and programs, other 287.12 in-service education, teachers' mentoring under section 122A. 70 and evaluation, teachers' 287.13 workshops, teacher conferences, the cost of substitute teachers for staff development 287.14 purposes, preservice and in-service education for special education professionals and 287.15 paraprofessionals, and other related costs for staff development efforts. A district may 287.16 annually waive the requirement to reserve their basic revenue under this section if a 287.17 majority vote of the licensed teachers in the district and a majority vote of the school boa 287.18 agree to a resolution to waive the requirement. A district in statutory operating debt is 287.19 exempt from reserving basic revenue according to this section. Districts may expend an 287.20 additional amount of unreserved revenue for staff development based on their needs.
287.21 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2017 287.22 and later.

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82.26 The report also must indicate whether the expenditures were incurred at the district 82.27 level or the school site level, and whether the school site expenditures were made possibl 82.28 by grants to school sites that demonstrate exemplary use of allocated staff development 82.29 revenue. These expenditures must be reported using the uniform financial and accounting 82.30 and reporting standards
82.31 (e) The commissioner shall report the staff development progress and expenditure 82.32 data to the house of representatives and senate committees having jurisdiction over 82.33 edueation by February 15 each year.
287.23 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.61, is amended by adding 287.24 subdivision to read
287.25 Subd. 1a. Staff development aid for intermediate school districts and other 287.26 cooperative units. (a) An intermediate school district or other cooperative unit providing 287.27 instruction to students in federal instructional settings of level 4 or higher qualifies for 287.29 instructional staff, related services staff, and nonlicensed classroom aides employed by the 287.30 intermediate school district or other cooperative unit during the previous fiscal year.
287.31 (b) Staff development aid received under this subdivision must be used for activities 287.32 related to enhancing services to students who may have challenging behaviors or mental 287.33 health issues or be suffering from trauma. Specific qualifying staff development activities 287.34 include but are not limited to:
287.35 (1) proactive behavior management
288.1 (2) personal safety training;
288.2 (3) de-escalation techniques,
288.3 (4) adaptation of published curriculum and pedagogy for students with complex 288.4 learning and behavioral needs; and
288.5 (5) other staff development activities specific to the population in this paragraph.
288.6 (c) The aid received under this subdivision must be reserved and spent only on 288.7 the activities specified in this subdivision.

### 288.8 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2017 288.9 and later.

288.10 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.63, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 288.11 Subdivision 1. Establishment. (a) A grant program is established to assist American 288.12 Indian people to become teachers and to provide additional education for American Indian 288.13 teachers. The commissioner may award a joint grant to each of the following:
288.14 (1) the Duluth campus of the University of Minnesota and Independent School 288.15 District No. 709, Duluth;
288.16 (2) Bemidji State University and Independent School District No. 38, Red Lake; 288.17 (3) Moorhead State University and one of the school districts located within the 288.18 White Earth Reservation; and
117.19 Sec 82. STAFF DEVELOPMENT GRANTS FOR INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL 117.20 DISTRICTS AND OTHER COOPERATIVE UNITS.
117.21 (a) For fiscal years 2017, 2018, and 2019 only, an intermediate school district or 117.22 other cooperative unit providing instruction to students in federal instructional settings 117.23 of level 4 or higher qualifies for staff development grants equal to $\$ 1,000$ times the 117.24 full-time equivalent number of licensed instructional staff and nonlicensed classroom 117.25 aides employed by the intermediate school district or other cooperative unit during the 117.26 previous fiscal year
117.27 (b) Staff development grants received under this section must be used for activities
117.28 related to enhancing services to students who may have challenging behaviors or mental
117.29 health issues or be suffering from trauma. Specific qualifying staff development activities 117.30 include but are not limited to:
117.31 (1) proactive behavior management;
117.32 (2) personal safety training;
117.33 (3) de-escalation techniques; and
117.34 (4) adaptation of published curriculum and pedagogy for students with complex 117.35 learning and behavioral needs.
118.1 (c) The grants received under this section must be reserved and spent only on the
118.2 activities specified in this section. If funding for purposes of this section is insufficient,
118.3 the commissioner must prorate the grants.
118.4 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for revenue for fiscal year 2017 118.5 and later.
288.19 (4) Augsburg College, Independent School District No. 625, St. Paul, and Specia 288.20 School District No. 1, Minneapolis.
288.21 (b) If additional funds are available, the commissioner may award additional joint 288.22 grants to other postsecondary institutions and school districts.

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23.4 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.72, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 23.5 Subd. 5. Center functions. (a) A teacher center shall perform functions according 23.6 to this subdivision. The center shall assist teachers, diagnose learning needs, experiment 23.7 with the use of multiple instructional approaches, assess pupil outcomes, assess staff 23.8 development needs and plans, and teach school personnel about effective pedagogical 23.8 approaches. The center shall develop and produce curricula and curricular materials 23.10 designed to meet the educational needs of pupils being served, by applying educational 23.11 research and new and improved methods, practices, and techniques. The center shall 23.12 provide programs to improve the skills of teachers to meet the special educational needs of 23.13 pupils. The center shall provide programs to familiarize teachers with developments in 23.14 curriculum formulation and educational research, including how research can be used to 23.15 improve teaching skills. The center shall facilitate sharing of resources, ideas, methods, 23.16 and approaches directly related to classroom instruction and improve teachers' familiarity 23.17 with current teaching materials and products for use in their classrooms. The center shall 23.18 provide in-service programs.
23.19 (b) Each teacher center must provide a professional development program to train 23.20 interested and highly qualified elementary, middle, and secondary teachers, selected by the 23.21 employing school district, to assist other teachers in that district with mathematics and 23.22 science curriculum, standards, and instruction so that all teachers have access to:
23.23 (1) high quality professional development programs in mathematics and science that 23.24 address curriculum, instructional methods, alignment of standards, and performance 23.25 measurements, enhance teacher and student learning, and support state mathematics and 23.25 measurements, enhance
23.27 (2) research-based mathematics and science programs and instructional models 23.28 premised on best practices that inspire teachers and students and have practical classroom 23.29 application.
23.30 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.74, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
23.31 Subdivision 1. Establishment. (a) The commissioner of education may contract
23.32 with the Minnesota State University Mankato or the regents of the University of Minnesota 23.33 to establish a Principals' Leadership Institute to provide professional development to 23.34 school principals by:
83.1 Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 122A.72, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 83.2 Subd. 5. Center functions. (a) A teacher center shall perform functions according 83.3 to this subdivision. The center shall assist teachers, diagnose learning needs, experiment 83.4 with the use of multiple instructional approaches, assess pupil outcomes, assess staff 83.5 development needs and plans, and teach school personnel about effective pedagogica 83.6 approaches. The center shall develop and produce curricula and curricular materials 83.7 designed to meet the educational needs of pupils being served, by applying educational 83.8 research and new and improved methods, practices, and techniques. The center shall 83.9 provide programs to improve the skills of teachers to meet the special educational needs of 83.10 pupils. The center shall provide programs to familiarize teachers with developments in 83.11 curriculum formulation and educational research, including how research can be used to 83.12 improve teaching skills. The center shall facilitate sharing of resources, ideas, methods 83.13 and approaches directly related to classroom instruction and improve teachers' familiarity 83.14 with current teaching materials and products for use in their classrooms. The center shall 83.15 provide in-service programs.
83.16 (b) Each teacher center must provide a professional development program to train
83.17 interested and highly qualified elementary, middle, and secondary teachers, selected by the 83.18 employing school district, to assist other teachers in that district with mathematics and 83.19 science curriculum, standards, and instruction so that all teachers have access to:
83.20 (1) high quality professional development programs in mathematics and science that 83.21 address curriculum, instructional methods, alignment of standards, and performance 83.22 measurements, enhance teacher and student learning, and support state mathematics and 83.23 science standards; and
83.24 (2) research-based mathematics and science programs and instructional models 83.25 premised on best practices that inspire teachers and students and have practical classroom 83.26 application.
24.1 (1) creating a network of leaders in the educational and business communities to 24.2 communicate current and future trends in leadership techniques;
24.3 (2) helping to create a vision for the school that is aligned with the community 24.4 and district priorities;
24.5 (3) developing strategies to retain highly qualified teachers and ensure that diverse 24.6 student populations, including at-risk students, children with disabilities, English learners, 24.7 and gifted students, among others, have equal access to these highly qualified teachers; and
24.8 (4) providing training to analyze data using culturally competent tools.
24.9 (b) The University of Minnesota must cooperate with participating members of the 24.10 business community to provide funding and content for the institute.
24.11 (c) Participants must agree to attend the Principals' Leadership Institute for four 24.12 weeks during the academic summer.
24.13 (d) The Principals' Leadership Institute must incorporate program elements offered 24.14 by leadership programs at the University of Minnesota and program elements used by 24.15 the participating members of the business community to enhance leadership within thei 24.16 businesses.
98.11 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 123B.147, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
98.12 Subd. 3. Duties; evaluation. (a) The principal shall provide administrative,
98.13 supervisory, and instructional leadership services, under the supervision of the
98.14 superintendent of schools of the district and according to the policies, rules, and
98.15 regulations of the school board, for the planning, management, operation, and evaluation 98.16 of the education program of the building or buildings to which the principal is assigned.
98.17 (b) To enhance a principal's leadership skills and support and improve teaching
98.18 practices, school performance, and student achievement for diverse student populations, 98.19 including at-risk students, children with disabilities, English learners, and gifted students 98.20 among others, a district must develop and implement a performance-based system for 98.21 annually evaluating school principals assigned to supervise a school building within the 98.22 district. The evaluation must be designed to improve teaching and learning by supporting 98.23 the principal in shaping the school's professional environment and developing teacher 98.24 quality, performance, and effectiveness, and cultural fluency and competency. The annual 98.25 evaluation must:
98.26 (1) support and improve a principal's instructional leadership, organizationa 98.27 management, and professional development, and strengthen the principal's capacity in the 98.28 areas of instruction, supervision, evaluation, and teacher development by, among other 98.29 things, hiring, supporting, and retaining a diverse teaching staff that reflects the diversity 98.30 of students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), who are 98.31 enrolled in the district or school;
83.27 Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 123B.147, subdivision 3, is amended to read
83.28 Subd. 3. Duties; evaluation. (a) The principal shall provide administrative,
83.29 supervisory, and instructional leadership services, under the supervision of the
83.30 superintendent of schools of the district and according to the policies, rules, and
83.31 regulations of the school board, for the planning, management, operation, and evaluation 83.32 of the education program of the building or buildings to which the principal is assigned. 83.33 (b) To enhance a principal's leadership skills and support and improve teaching 83.34 practices, school performance, and student achievement for diverse student populations, 83.35 including at-risk students, children with disabilities, English learners, and gifted students, 84.1 among others, a district must develop and implement a performance-based system for 84.2 annually evaluating school principals assigned to supervise a school building within the 84.3 district. The evaluation must be designed to improve teaching and learning by supporting 84.4 the principal in shaping the schoor's professional environment and developing teacher 84.5 quality, performance, and effectiveness. The annual evaluation must:
84.6 (1) support and improve a principal's instructional leadership, organizational
84.7 management, and professional development, and strengthen the principal's capacity in the
84.8 areas of instruction, supervision, evaluation, and teacher development by, among other 84.9 things, hiring, supporting, and retaining a diverse teaching staff that reflects the diversity 84.10 of students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), who are 84.11 enrolled in the district or school;
98.32 (2) include formative and summative evaluations based on multiple measures of 98.33 student progress toward career and college readiness;
98.34 (3) be consistent with a principal's job description, a district's long-term plans and 98.35 goals, and the principal's own professional multiyear growth plans and goals, all of which
99.1 must support the principal's leadership behaviors and practices, rigorous curriculum,
99.2 school performance, students' improved and equitable access to effective and more diverse 99.3 teachers, and high-quality instruction;
99.4 (4) include on-the-job observations and previous evaluations;
99.5 (5) allow surveys to help identify a principal's effectiveness, leadership skills and 99.6 processes, and strengths and weaknesses in exercising leadership in pursuit of school 99.7 success;
99.8 (6) use longitudinal data on student academic growth as 35 percent of the evaluation 99.9 and incorporate district achievement goals and targets;
99.10 (7) be linked to professional development that emphasizes improved teaching and 99.11 learning, curriculum and instruction, student learning, and a collaborative professiona 99.12 culture, and students' increased and equitable access to effective and more diverse 99.13 teachers, consistent with attaining the world's best workforce under section 120B.11, 99.14 subdivision 1, paragraph (c); and
99.15 (8) for principals not meeting standards of professional practice or other criteria 99.16 under this subdivision, implement a plan to improve the principal's performance and 99.17 specify the procedure and consequence if the principal's performance is not improved 99.18 The provisions of this paragraph are intended to provide districts with sufficient 99.19 flexibility to accommodate district needs and goals related to developing, supporting, 99.20 and evaluating principals.
99.21 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2016-2017 school year and 99.22 later.

## UEH2749-1

288.23 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 123B.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 288.24 Subd. 2. Agreement. (a) The school board and a school site may enter into an 288.25 agreement under this section solely to develop and implement an individualized learning 288.26 and achievement contract under subdivision 4.
84.12 (2) include formative and summative evaluations based on multiple measures of 84.13 student progress toward career and college readiness;
84.14 (3) be consistent with a principal's job description, a district's long-term plans and 84.15 goals, and the principal's own professional multiyear growth plans and goals, all of which
84.16 must support the principal's leadership behaviors and practices, rigorous curriculum,
84.17 school performance, students' improved and equitable access to effective and more divers 84.18 teachers, and high-quality instruction;
84.19 (4) include on-the-job observations and previous evaluations;
84.20 (5) allow surveys to help identify a principal's effectiveness, leadership skills and 84.21 processes, and strengths and weaknesses in exercising leadership in pursuit of school 84.22 success;
84.23 (6) use longitudinal data on student academic growth as 35 percent of the evaluation 84.24 and incorporate district achievement goals and targets;
84.25 (7) be linked to professional development that emphasizes improved teaching and 84.26 learning, curriculum and instruction, student learning, and a collaborative professional 84.27 culture, and students' increased and equitable access to effective and more diverse 84.28 teachers, consistent with attaining the world's best workforce under section 120B.11, 84.29 subdivision 1, paragraph (c); and
84.30 (8) for principals not meeting standards of professional practice or other criteria 84.31 under this subdivision, implement a plan to improve the principal's performance and 84.32 specify the procedure and consequence if the principal's performance is not improved. 84.33 The provisions of this paragraph are intended to provide districts with sufficient 84.34 flexibility to accommodate district needs and goals related to developing, supporting, 84.35 and evaluating principals.
85.1 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2016-2017 school year and 85.2 later.
288.27 (b) Upon the request of 60 percent of the licensed employees of a site or a schoo 288.28 site decision-making team, the school board shall enter into discussions to reach an 288.29 agreement concerning the governance, management, or control of the school. A school 288.30 site decision-making team may include the school principal, teachers in the school or their 288.31 designee, other employees in the school, representatives of pupils in the school, or other 288.32 members in the community. A school site decision-making team must include at least one 288.33 parent of a pupil in the school. For purposes of formation of a new site, a school site 288.34 decision-making team may be a team of teachers that is recognized by the board as a site. 289.1 The school site decision-making team shall include the school principal or other person 289.2 having general control and supervision of the school. The site decision-making team 289.3 must reflect the diversity of the education site. At least one-half of the members shall be 289.4 employees of the district, unless an employee is the parent of a student enrolled in the school 289.5 site, in which case the employee may elect to serve as a parent member of the site team.
289.6 (c) School site decision-making agreements must delegate powers, duties, and 289.7 broad management responsibilities to site teams and involve staff members, students as 289.8 appropriate, and parents in decision making.
289.9 (d) An agreement shall include a statement of powers, duties, responsibilities, and 289.10 authority to be delegated to and within the site
289.11 (e) An agreement may include:
289.12 (1) an achievement contract according to subdivision 4
289.13 (2) a mechanism to allow principals, a site leadership team, or other persons having 289.14 general control and supervision of the school, to make decisions regarding how financial 289.15 and personnel resources are best allocated at the site and from whom goods or services 289.16 are purchased;
289.17 (3) a mechanism to implement parental involvement programs under section 289.18 124D. 895 and to provide for effective parental communication and feedback on this 289.19 involvement at the site level;
289.20 (4) a provision that would allow the team to determine who is hired into licensed 289.21 and nonlicensed positions;
289.22 (5) a provision that would allow teachers to choose the principal or other person 289.23 having general control;
289.24 (6) an amount of revenue allocated to the site under subdivision 3; and
289.25 (7) any other powers and duties determined appropriate by the board.
289.26 An agreement may assign such powers, duties, and management responsibilities to
289.27 the licensed teachers at a school site to create teacher-governed schools and qualify the
289.28 district and site for a grant under subdivision 2a.
289.29 The school board of the district remains the legal employer under clauses (4) and (5) 289.30 (f) Any powers or duties not delegated to the school site management team in the 289.31 school site management agreement shall remain with the school board
289.32 (g) Approved agreements shall be filed with the commissioner. If a school board 289.33 denies a request or the school site and school board fail to reach an agreement to enter 289.34 into a school site management agreement, the school board shall provide a copy of the 289.35 request and the reasons for its denial to the commissioner.
290.1 (h) A site decision-making grant program is established, consistent with this 290.2 subdivision, to allow sites to implement an agreement that at least:
290.3 (1) notwithstanding subdivision 3, allocates to the site all revenue that is attributable 290.4 to the students at that site;
290.5 (2) includes a provision, consistent with current law and the collective bargaining 290.6 agreement in effect, that allows the site team to decide who is selected from within the 290.7 district for licensed and nonlicensed positions at the site and to make staff assignments 290.8 in the site; and
290.9 (3) includes a completed performance agreement under subdivision 4.
290.10 The commissioner shall establish the form and manner of the application for a grant 290.11 and annually, at the end of each fiscal year, report to the house of representatives and 290.12 senate committees having jurisdiction over education on the progress of the program
290.13 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for fiscal year 2017 and later.
290.14 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 123B.04, is amended by adding a 290.15 subdivision to read:
290.16 Subd. 2a. Teacher-governed schools. (a) Consistent with subdivision 2 allowing 290.17 a school board to agree to assign powers, duties, and management responsibilities to a 290.18 school site, and subject to an agreement between the interested school board and the 290.19 exclusive representative of the teachers, a grant program is established to encourage 290.20 licensed teachers employed at a school site to explore and develop organizational models 290.21 for teaching and learning provide curriculum and corresponding formative, interim and

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29.23 . e, assert aunomy and leadership, and 290.25 pursue other such policies, strategies, and activities for creating teacher-governed schools
290.26 (b) The commissioner, after receiving the approved agreement filed by the
290.27 parties under subdivision 2, paragraph (g), shall award planning and start-up grants 290.28 on a first-come, first-served basis until appropriated funds are expended, distributing 290.29 the grants throughout Minnesota to the extent practicable and consistent with this 290.30 subdivision. Subject to the content and projected expenditures of the parties' agreement 290.31 the commissioner shall award grants to eligible districts as follows:
290.32 (1) a planning grant of up to $\$ 20,000$ during the first year of the parties' agreement; and 290.33 (2) an implementation grant of up to $\$ 100,000$ during each of the next two years 290.34 of the parties agreement
291.1 A grant recipient that terminates an agreement before the end of a school year must return 291.2 a pro rata portion of the grant to the commissioner, the amount of which the commissioner 291.3 must determine based upon the number of school days remaining in the school year after 291.4 the agreement is terminated. Grant recipients are encouraged to seek matching funds or 291.5 in-kind contributions from nonstate sources to supplement the grant awards.
291.6 (c) A school district receiving a grant must transmit to the commissioner in an
291.7 electronic format and post on its Web site by the end of the school year readily accessible 291.8 information about recommended best practices based on its experience and progress under 291.9 this section. The commissioner must make information about these recommended best 291.10 practices readily available to interested districts and schools throughout Minnesota.
291.11 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for fiscal year 2017 and later.

## S2744-2

99.23 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.09, subdivision 10, is amended to read: 99.24 Subd. 10. Courses according to agreements. (a) An eligible pupil, according 99.25 to subdivision 5 , may enroll in a nonsectarian course taught by a secondary teacher or 99.26 a postsecondary faculty member and offered at a secondary school, or another location, 99.27 according to an agreement between a public school board and the governing body of an 99.28 eligible public postsecondary system or an eligible private postsecondary institution, 99.29 as defined in subdivision 3 . All provisions of this section shall apply to a pupil, public 99.30 school board, district, and the governing body of a postsecondary institution, except as 99.31 otherwise provided.
99.32 (b) To encourage American Indian students under section 124D. 72 and other
99.33 students to consider teaching as a profession, participating public school boards and 99.34 the governing boards of eligible public postsecondary systems and eligible private 100.1 postsecondary institutions may develop and offer an "introduction to teaching" course 100.2 under this subdivision
100.3 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment
100.4 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.861, as amended by Laws 2015,
100.5 chapter 21 , article 1 , section 20 , is amended to read:

### 00.6 124D. 861 ACHIEVEMENT AND INTEGRATION FOR MINNESOTA.

100.7 Subdivision 1. Program to close the academic achievement and opportunity gap; 100.8 revenue uses. (a) The "Achievement and Integration for Minnesota" program is establishe 100.9 to pursue racial and economic integration and increase student academic achievement, 100.10 create equitable educational opportunities, and reduce academic disparities based on 100.11 students' diverse racial, ethnic, and economic backgrounds in Minnesota public schools. 100.12 (b) For purposes of this section and section 124D.862, "eligible district" means a 100.13 district required to submit a plan to the commissioner under Minnesota Rules governing 100.14 school desegregation and integration, or be a member of a multidistrict integration 100.15 collaborative that files a plan with the commissioner.
100.16 (c) Eligible districts must use the revenue under section 124D. 862 to pursue 100.17 academic achievement and racial and economic integration through:
100.18 (1) integrated learning environments that give students improved and equitable 100.19 access to effective and more diverse teachers, prepare all students to be effective citizens 100.20 and enhance social cohesion;
100.21 (2) policies and curricula and trained, culturally fluent and competent instructors, 100.22 administrators, school counselors, and other advocates to support and enhance integrated 100.23 learning environments under this section, including through magnet schools, innovative, 100.24 research-based instruction, differentiated instruction, improved and equitable access to 100.25 effective and diverse teachers, and targeted interventions to improve achievement; and 100.26 (3) rigorous career and college readiness programs and effective and more diverse 100.27 instructors for underserved student populations, consistent with section 120B.30, 100.28 subdivision 1 ; integrated learning environments to increase student academic achievement 100.29 cultural fluency, competency, and interaction; graduation and educational attainment rates; 100.30 and parent involvement.
91.15 Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 124D.861, as amended by Laws 2015 ,
91.16 chapter 21 , article 1 , section 20 , is amended to read:

### 91.17 124D. 861 ACHIEVEMENT AND INTEGRATION FOR MINNESOTA

### 91.18 Subdivision 1. Program to close the academic achievement and opportunity gap;

91.19 revenue uses. (a) The "Achievement and Integration for Minnesota" program is established
91.20 to pursue racial and economic integration and increase student academic achievement,
91.21 create equitable educational opportunities, and reduce academic disparities based on
91.22 students' diverse racial, ethnic, and economic backgrounds in Minnesota public schools.
91.23 (b) For purposes of this section and section 124D.862, "eligible district" means a 91.24 district required to submit a plan to the commissioner under Minnesota Rules governing 91.25 school desegregation and integration, or be a member of a multidistrict integration 91.26 collaborative that files a plan with the commissioner.
91.27 (c) Eligible districts must use the revenue under section 124D. 862 to pursue 91.28 academic achievement and racial and economic integration through:
91.29 (1) integrated learning environments that give students improved and equitable 91.30 access to effective and more diverse teachers, prepare all students to be effective citizens, 91.31 and enhance social cohesion;
91.32 (2) policies and curricula and trained instructors, administrators, school counselors, 91.32 (2) policies and curricula and trained instructors, administrators, school counselors, 91.34 this section, including through magnet schools, innovative, research-based instruction, 92.1 differentiated instruction, improved and equitable access to effective and diverse teachers, 92.2 and targeted interventions to improve achievement; and
92.3 (3) rigorous career and college readiness programs and effective and more diverse 92.4 instructors for underserved student populations, consistent with section 120B.30, 92.5 subdivision 1 ; integrated learning environments to increase student academic achievement 92.6 cultural fluency, competency, and interaction; graduation and educational attainment rates; 92.7 and parent involvement.
92.8 (d) Consistent with paragraph (c), eligible districts may adopt policies to increase the 92.9 diversity of district teachers and administrators using the revenue under section 124D. 862 92.10 for recruitment, retention, and hiring incentives or additional compensation.
100.31 Subd. 2. Plan implementation; components. (a) The school board of each eligibl 100.32 district must formally develop and implement a long-term plan under this section. The plan 100.33 must be incorporated into the district's comprehensive strategic plan under section 120B.11. 100.34 Plan components may include: innovative and integrated prekindergarten through grade 12 101.1 learning environments that offer students school enrollment choices; family engagement 101.2 initiatives that involve families in their students' academic life and success; professional 101.3 development opportunities for teachers and administrators focused on improving the 101.4 academic achievement of all students, including teachers and administrators who are 101.5 members of populations underrepresented among the licensed teachers or administrators 101.6 in the district or school and who reflect the diversity of students under section 120B.35, 101.7 subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), who are enrolled in the district or school; 101.8 increased programmatic opportunities and effective and more diverse instructors focused 101.9 on rigor and college and career readiness for underserved students, including students 101.10 enrolled in alternative learning centers under section 123A.05, public alternative programs 101.11 under section 126C. 05 , subdivision 15 , and contract alternative programs under section 101.12 124D.69, among other underserved students; or recruitment and retention of teachers and 101.13 administrators with diverse racial and ethnic backgrounds. The plan must contain goals for:
101.14 (1) reducing the disparities in academic achievement among all students and specific 101.15 categories of students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), excluding the 101.16 student categories of gender, disability, and English learners; and
01.17 (2) increasing racial and economic diversity and integration in schools and districts-; 01.18 and
101.19 (3) providing students with equitable access to effective and more diverse teachers.
101.20 (b) Among other requirements, an eligible district must implement effective, 101.21 research-based interventions that include formative assessment practices to reduce the 101.22 disparities in student academic performance among the specific categories of students as 101.23 measured by student progress and growth on state reading and math assessments and 101.24 as aligned with section 120B.11
101.25 (c) Eligible districts must create efficiencies and eliminate duplicative programs 101.26 and services under this section, which may include forming collaborations or a single, 101.27 seven-county metropolitan areawide partnership of eligible districts for this purpose.
101.28 Subd. 3. Public engagement; progress report and budget process. (a) To 101.29 receive revenue under section 124D.862, the school board of an eligible district must 101.30 incorporate school and district plan components under section 120B. 11 into the district's 101.31 comprehensive integration plan.
92.11 Subd. 2. Plan implementation; components. (a) The school board of each eligible 92.12 district must formally develop and implement a long-term plan under this section. The plan 92.13 must be incorporated into the district's comprehensive strategic plan under section 120B.11. 92.14 Plan components may include: innovative and integrated prekindergarten through grade 12 92.15 learning environments that offer students school enrollment choices; family engagemen 92.16 initiatives that involve families in their students' academic life and success; professiona
92.17 development opportunities for teachers and administrators focused on improving the 92.18 academic achievement of all students, including teachers and administrators who are 92.19 members of populations underrepresented among the licensed teachers or administrators 92.20 in the district or school and who reflect the diversity of students under section 120B.35, 92.21 subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), who are enrolled in the district or school, 92.22 increased programmatic opportunities and effective and more diverse instructors focused 92.23 on rigor and college and career readiness for underserved students, including students 92.24 enrolled in alternative learning centers under section 123A. 05 , public alternative programs 92.25 under section 126 C .05 , subdivision 15 , and contract alternative programs under section 92.26 124D.69, among other underserved students; or recruitment and retention of teachers and 92.27 administrators with diverse racial and ethnic backgrounds. The plan must contain goals for:
92.28 (1) reducing the disparities in academic achievement and in equitable access to 92.29 effective and more diverse teachers among all students and specific categories of students 92.30 under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), excluding the student categories of 92.31 gender, disability, and English learners; and
92.32 (2) increasing racial and economic diversity and integration in schools and districts.
92.33 (b) Among other requirements, an eligible district must implement effective, 92.34 research-based interventions that include formative assessment practices to reduce the 92.35 disparities in student academic performance among the specific categories of students as 93.1 measured by student progress and growth on state reading and math assessments and 93.2 as aligned with section 120B.11.
93.3 (c) Eligible districts must create efficiencies and eliminate duplicative programs 93.4 and services under this section, which may include forming collaborations or a single, 93.5 seven-county metropolitan areawide partnership of eligible districts for this purpose.
93.6 Subd. 3. Public engagement; progress report and budget process. (a) To
93.7 receive revenue under section 124D.862, the school board of an eligible district must 93.8 incorporate school and district plan components under section 120B. 11 into the district's 93.9 comprehensive integration plan.
101.32 (b) A school board must hold at least one formal annual hearing to publicly report 101.33 its progress in realizing the goals identified in its plan. At the hearing, the board must 101.34 provide the public with longitudinal data demonstrating district and school progress in 101.35 reducing the disparities in student academic performance among the specified categories 101.36 of students, in improving students' equitable access to effective and more diverse teachers 102.1 and in realizing racial and economic diversity and integration, consistent with the district 102.2 plan and the measures in paragraph (a). At least 30 days before the formal hearing unde 102.3 this paragraph, the board must post its plan, its preliminary analysis, relevant student 102.4 performance data, and other longitudinal data on the district's Web site. A district must 102.5 hold one hearing to meet the hearing requirements of both this section and section 120B. 11
102.6 (c) The district must submit a detailed budget to the commissioner by March 15 in 102.7 the year before it implements its plan. The commissioner must review, and approve or 102.8 disapprove the district's budget by June 1 of that year.
102.9 (d) The longitudinal data required under paragraph (b) must be based on student 02.10 growth and progress in reading and mathematics, as defined under section 120B. 30 102.11 subdivision 1 , and student performance data and achievement reports from fully adaptive 102.12 reading and mathematics assessments for grades 3 through 7 beginning in the 2015-2016 102.13 school year under section 120B.30, subdivision 1a, and either (i) school enrollment 102.14 choices, (ii) the number of world language proficiency or high achievement certificates 102.15 awarded under section 120B.022, subdivision 1a, or the number of state bilingual and 102.16 multilingual seals issued under section 120B.022, subdivision 1 b , or (iii) school safety 102.17 and students' engagement and connection at school under section 120B.35, subdivision 3 , 102.18 paragraph (d). Additional longitudinal data may be based on: students' progress toward 102.19 career and college readiness under section 120B.30, subdivision 1 ; or rigorous coursework 102.20 completed under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (c), clause (2).
102.21 Subd. 4. Timeline and implementation. A board must approve its plan and submit 102.22 it to the department by March 15. If a district that is part of a multidistrict council applies 102.23 for revenue for a plan, the individual district shall not receive revenue unless it ratifies 102.24 the plan adopted by the multidistrict council. Each plan has a term of three years. For 102.25 the 2014-2015 school year, an eligible district under this section must submit its plan to 102.26 the commissioner for review by March 15, 2014. For the 2013-2014 school year only, 102.27 an eligible district may continue to implement its current plan until the commissioner 102.28 approves a new plan under this section.
102.29 Subd. 5. Evaluation. The commissioner must evaluate the efficacy of district 102.30 plans in reducing the disparities in student academic performance among the specified 102.31 categories of students within the district, improving students' equitable access to effective 102.32 and diverse teachers, and in realizing racial and economic diversity and integration. 102.33 The commissioner shall report evaluation results to the kindergarten through grade 12 102.34 education committees of the legislature by February 1 of every odd-numbered year.
93.10 (b) A school board must hold at least one formal annual hearing to publicly report
93.11 its progress in realizing the goals identified in its plan. At the hearing, the board must 93.12 provide the public with longitudinal data demonstrating district and school progress in 93.13 reducing the disparities in student academic performance among the specified categories 93.14 of students, in improving students' equitable access to effective and more diverse teachers, 93.15 and in realizing racial and economic diversity and integration, consistent with the district 93.16 plan and the measures in paragraph (a). At least 30 days before the formal hearing under 93.17 this paragraph, the board must post its plan, its preliminary analysis, relevant student 93.18 performance data, and other longitudinal data on the district's Web site. A district must 93.19 hold one hearing to meet the hearing requirements of both this section and section 120B.11.
93.20 (c) The district must submit a detailed budget to the commissioner by March 15 in 93.21 the year before it implements its plan. The commissioner must review, and approve or 93.22 disapprove the district's budget by June 1 of that year.
93.23 (d) The longitudinal data required under paragraph (b) must be based on student 93.24 growth and progress in reading and mathematics, as defined under section 120B 30 93.25 subdivision 1 , and student performance data and achievement reports from fully adaptive 93.26 reading and mathematics assessments for grades 3 through 7 beginning in the 2015-2016 93.27 school year under section 120B.30, subdivision 1a, and either (i) school enrollment 93.28 choices, (ii) the number of world language proficiency or high achievement certificates 93.29 awarded under section 120B.022, subdivision 1a, or the number of state bilingual and 93.30 multilingual seals issued under section 120B.022, subdivision 1b, or (iii) school safety 93.31 and students' engagement and connection at school under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, 93.32 paragraph (d). Additional longitudinal data may be based on: students' progress toward 93.33 career and college readiness under section 120B.30, subdivision 1; or rigorous coursework 93.34 completed under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (c), clause (2).
93.35 Subd. 4. Timeline and implementation. A board must approve its plan and submit 93.36 it to the department by March 15. If a district that is part of a multidistrict council applies 94.1 for revenue for a plan, the individual district shall not receive revenue unless it ratifies 94.2 the plan adopted by the multidistrict council. Each plan has a term of three years. For 94.3 the 2014-2015 school year, an eligible district under this section must submit its plan to 94.4 the commissioner for review by March 15, 2014. For the 2013-2014 school year only, 94.5 an eligible district may continue to implement its current plan until the commissioner 94.6 approves a new plan under this section.
94.7 Subd. 5. Evaluation. The commissioner must evaluate the efficacy of district
94.8 plans in reducing the disparities in student academic performance among the specified 94.9 categories of students within the district, improving students' equitable access to effective 94.10 and diverse teachers, and in realizing racial and economic diversity and integration. 94.11 The commissioner shall report evaluation results to the kindergarten through grade 12 94.12 education committees of the legislature by February 1 of every odd-numbered year.
102.35 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2016-2017 school year and 102.36 later.
103.1 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 127A.05, subdivision 6, is 103.2 amended to read:
103.3 Subd. 6. Survey of districts. The commissioner of education shall survey the state's 103.4 school districts and teacher preparation programs and report to the education committees 103.5 of the legislature by February 1 of each odd-numbered year on the status of teacher early 103.6 retirement patterns, access to effective and more diverse teachers who reflect the students 103.7 under section 120B. 35 , subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), enrolled in a district or 103.8 school, the teacher shortage, and the substitute teacher shortage, including teacher hiring 103.9 and retention patterns and shortages in by subject areas and the economic development 103.10 regions of the state. The report must also include: aggregate data on teachers' self-reported 103.11 race and ethnicity; data on how districts are making progress in hiring and providing 103.12 enrolled students with improved and equitable access to effective and more diverse teachers 103.13 and substitutes in the areas of shortage; and a five-year projection of teacher demand 103.14 for each district, taking into account the students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, 103.15 paragraph (b), clause (2), expected to enroll in the district during that five-year period.
103.16 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2016-2017 school year and 103.17 later.
103.18 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 136A.1791, subdivision 1, 103.19 is amended to read:
103.20 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) The terms used in this section have the meanings 103.21 given them in this subdivision.
103.22 (b) "Qualified educational loan" means a government, commercial, or foundation 103.23 loan for actual costs paid for tuition and reasonable educational and living expenses 103.24 related to a teacher's preparation or further education.
103.25 (c) "School district" means an independent school district, special school district, 103.26 intermediate district, education district, special education cooperative, service cooperative 103.27 a cooperative center for vocational education, or a charter school located in Minnesota.
103.28 (d) "Teacher" means an individual holding a teaching license issued by the licensing 103.29 division in the Department of Education on behalf of the Board of Teaching who is 103.30 employed by a school district to provide classroom instruction in a teacher shortage area.
94.13 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2016-2017 school year and 94.14 later.
101.25 Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 127A.05, subdivision 6, is 101.26 amended to read:
101.27 Subd. 6. Survey of districts. The commissioner of education shall survey the state's 101.28 school districts and teacher preparation programs and report to the education committees 101.29 of the legislature by February 1 of each odd-numbered year on the status of teacher early 101.30 retirement patterns, the access to effective and more diverse teachers who reflect the 101.31 students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), enrolled in 101.32 a district or school, the teacher shortage, and the substitute teacher shortage, including 101.33 patterns and shortages in subject areas and the economic development regions of the state. 101.34 The report must also include: aggregate data on teachers' self-reported race and ethnicity; 101.35 data on how districts are making progress in hiring teachers and substitutes in the areas 102.1 of shortage; and a five-year projection of teacher demand for each district, taking into 102.2 account the students under section 120B.35, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), clause (2), 102.3 expected to enroll in the district during that five-year period.
103.31 (e) "Teacher shortage area" means the licensure fields and economic development
103.32 regions reported by the commissioner of education as experiencing a teacher shortage or 03.33 the school districts where minority populations are underrepresented among licensed 03.34 teachers, consistent with section 127A 05 subdivision 6 and applicable federal law.
04.1 (f) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Office of Higher Education 04.2 unless indicated otherwise.
104.3 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
04.4 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2015 Supplement, section 136A.1791, subdivision 3 1045 is amended to read:
04.6 Subd. 3. Use of report on teacher shortage areas. The commissioner of education 104.7 shall use the teacher supply and demand report to the legislature to identify the licensure 104.8 fields and economic development regions in Minnesota experiencing a teacher shortage 104.9 and the school districts where minority populations are underrepresented among licensed 104.10 teachers, consistent with section 127A.05, subdivision 6, and applicable federal law.
104.11 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment
106.1 Sec . 67. [136F.361] CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION 106.2 CERTIFICATION AND LICENSURE.
106.3 The Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities System, 106.4 consistent with section 122A.09, subdivision 10, paragraph (e), must provide an 106.5 alternative preparation program allowing individuals to be certified or licensed as a career 106.6 and technical education instructor or teacher able to teach career and technical education 1067 courses offered by a school district or charter school The Board of Trustees may locate 106.8 the first program in the seven county metropolitan are
106.9 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2016-2017 academic year 106.10 and later.
104.12 Sec. 21. CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATOR LICENSING ADVISORY 104.13 TASK FORCE.
104.14 Subdivision 1. Creation. The Career and Technical Educator Licensing Advisory 104.15 Task Force consists of the following members, appointed by the commissioner of 104.16 education, unless otherwise specified:
104.17 (1) one person who is a member of the Board of Teaching;
104.18 (2) one person representing colleges and universities offering a board-approved 104.19 teacher preparation program;
104.20 (3) one person representing science, technology, engineering, and math programs, 104.21 such as Project Lead the Way;
104.22 (4) one person designated by the Board of the Minnesota Association for Career and 104.23 Technical Administrators;
104.24 (5) one person designated by the Board of the Minnesota Association for Career 104.25 and Technical Education;
104.26 (6) three people who are secondary school administrators, including superintendents, 104.27 principals, and assistant principals; and
104.28 (7) two people who are members of other interested groups, as determined by the 104.29 commissioner of education
104.30 The commissioner and designating authorities must make their initial appointments 104.31 and designations by July 1,2016 . The commissioner and designating authorities, to the 104.32 extent practicable, should make appointments balanced as to gender and reflecting the 104.33 ethnic diversity of the state population
105.1 Subd. 2. Duties; report. The task force must review the current status of career and 105.2 technical educator licenses and provide recommendations on changes, if any are deemed 105.3 necessary, to the licensure requirements and methods to increase access for school districts 105.4 to licensed career and technical educators. The task force must report its findings and 105.5 recommendations, with draft legislation if needed to implement the recommendations 105.5 recommendations, with draft legislation if needed to implement the recommendations, to 105.7 over kindergarten through grade 12 education and higher education by January 15, 2017
05.8 Subd. 3. First meeting. The commissioner of education or the commissioner's 05.9 designee must convene the first meeting of the task force by September 1, 2016.
105.10 Subd. 4. Administrative support. The commissioner of education must provide 105.11 meeting space and administrative services for the task force.
105.12 Subd. 5. Chair. The commissioner of education or the commissioner's designee 105.13 shall serve as chair of the task force.
105.14 Subd. 6. Compensation. The public members of the task force serve without 105.15 compensation or payment of expenses.
105.16 Subd. 7. Expiration. The task force expires January 16, 2017, or upon submission 105.17 of the report required in subdivision 2, whichever is earlier.
105.18 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment
05.20 (a) A 12-member legislative task force on teacher licensure is created to review the 05.212016 report prepared by the Office of the Legislative Auditor on the Minnesota teacher 05.22 licensure program and submit a written report by February 1, 2017, to the legislature 05.23 recommending how to restructure Minnesota's teacher licensure system by consolidating 105.24 all teacher licensure activities into a single state entity to ensure transparency and 105.25 consistency or, at a minimum, clarify existing teacher licensure responsibilities to provide 105.26 transparency and consistency. In developing its recommendations, the task force must 105.27 consider the tiered licensure system recommended in the legislative auditor's report, 105.28 among other recommendations. The task force must identify and include in its report any 105.29 statutory changes needed to implement the task force recommendations.

### 105.30 (b) The legislative task force on teacher licensure includes

05.31 (1) six duly elected and currently serving senators, three appointed by the senate 05.32 majority leader and three appointed by the senate minority leader; and
05.33 (2) six duly elected and currently serving members of the house of representatives, 05.34 three appointed by the speaker and three appointed by the house minority leader.
06.1 Only duly elected and currently serving members of the senate or house of representatives 106.2 may be task force members.
106.3 (c) The appointments must be made by June 1, 2016, and expire February 2, 2017. If 106.4 a vacancy occurs, the leader of the caucus in the house or senate to which the vacatin 06.5 task force member belonged must fill the vacancy. A senate member appointed by the 06.6 senate majority leader shall convene the first meeting of the task force. The task force 06.7 shall elect a chair or cochairs from among the members at the first meeting. The task force 106.8 must meet periodically. The Legislative Coordinating Commission shall provide technical 06.9 and administrative assistance upon request
113.31 (a) A 12-member legislative study group on educator licensure is created to review 113.32 the 2016 Minnesota Teacher Licensure report prepared by the Office of the Legislative 113.33 Auditor on teacher licensing and submit a written report by February 1, 2017, to the 113.34 legislature recommending how to restructure Minnesota's teacher licensure system by 114.1 consolidating all teacher licensure activities into a single state entity to ensure transparency 114.2 and consistency or, at a minimum, by clarifying existing teacher licensure responsibilities 114.3 to provide transparency and consistency. In developing its recommendations, the study 114.4 group is encouraged to consider the tiered licensure system recommended in the legislative 114.5 auditor's report, among other recommendations. The study group is encouraged to begin
114.6 its work by consulting with teachers currently teaching in Minnesota school districts,
114.7 charter schools, and nonpublic schools and with out-of-state teachers currently licensed or
114.8 seeking a license in Minnesota. The study group is encouraged to identify and include in
114.9 its report any statutory changes needed to implement the study group recommendations.
114.10 (b) The legislative study group on educator licensure includes:
114.11 (1) six duly elected and currently serving members of the house of representatives, 114.12 three appointed by the speaker of the house and three appointed by the house minority 114.13 leader, and one of whom must be the current chair of the house of representatives 114.14 Education Innovation Policy Committee; and
114.15 (2) six duly elected and currently serving senators, three appointed by the senate 114.16 majority leader and three appointed by the senate minority leader, one of whom must be 114.17 the current chair of the senate Education Committee.
114.18 Only duly elected and currently serving members of the house of representatives or senate 114.19 may be study group members.
114.20 (c) The appointments must be made by June 1, 2016, and expire February 2, 2017.
114.21 If a vacancy occurs, the leader of the caucus in the house of representatives or senate to 114.22 which the vacating study group member belonged must fill the vacancy. The chair of the 114.23 house Education Innovation Policy Committee shall convene the first meeting of the study 114.24 group. The study group shall elect a chair or cochairs from among the members at the 114.25 first meeting. The study group must meet periodically. The Legislative Coordinating 114.26 Commission shall provide technical and administrative assistance upon request.
06.10 (d) In reviewing the legislative auditor's report and developing its recommendations, 06.11 the task force must consult with interested and affected stakeholders, including 06.12 representatives of the Board of Teaching, Minnesota Department of Education, Education 06.13 Minnesota, MinnCAN, Minnesota Business Partnership, Minnesota Rural Education 106.14 Association, Association of Metropolitan School Districts, Minnesota Association of 106.15 Colleges for Teacher Education, College of Education and Human Development at 106.16 the University of Minnesota, Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, Minnesota 106.17 Private College Council, Minnesota School Boards Association, Minnesota Elementary 106.18 School Principals' Association, Minnesota Association of Secondary School Principals, 06.19 Minnesota Association of School Administrators, Minnesota Indian Affairs Council, th 06.20 Council on Asian Pacific Minnesotans, Council for Minnesotans of African Heritage, 06.21 Minnesota Council on Latino Affairs, Minnesota Association of Educators, and Minnesota 06.22 Teach For America, among other stakeholders
106.23 (e) The task force expires February 2, 2017, unless extended by law.
06.24 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment

### 06.25 Sec. 23. EARLY CHILDHOOD FAMILY EDUCATION TEACHERS; ADULT 06.26 BASIC EDUCATION TEACHERS.

106.27 For the 2017-2018 and 2018-2019 school years, notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 06.28 section 122A.40, subdivision 11, paragraph (b), for the purposes of unrequested leave of 06.29 absence and reinstatement, a person teaching in an early childhood family education 106.30 program or an adult basic education program may exercise seniority based on fields in 106.31 which they are licensed, if the district and the exclusive representative of the teachers 06.32 agree to allow these teachers to do so. In the absence of this agreement, such teachers are 106.33 entitled to exercise seniority based on teaching assignment within the district.
07.1 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for the 2017-2018 and 2018-2019
107.2 school years only.

11427 (d) In reviewing the legislative auditor's report and developing its recommendations, 114.28 the study group must consult with the Board of Teaching, the licensing division of the 114.29 Department of Education, the Minnesota Board of School Administrators, and interested 114.30 and affected stakeholders.
114.31 (e) The study group expires on February 2, 2017, unless extended by law.
114.32 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

### 114.33 Sec .79 . BOARD OF TEACHING REPORT.

115.1 The Board of Teaching must prepare and submit a written report to the committees
115.2 of the legislature with jurisdiction over kindergarten through grade 12 education by 115.3 February 1,2017 , listing all the statutory and rule requirements on teacher preparation,
115.4 examinations, and training applicable to candidates for teacher licensure by type of license
115.5 and all the statutory and rule requirements on continuing education applicable to teachers
115.6 seeking to renew a full professional teaching license.
115.7 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
115.8 Sec. 80. TEACHER LICENSING; PROCESS AND PROCEDURES.
115.9 (a) The Board of Teaching must maintain an easily accessible, user-friendly online 115.10 teacher licensure application system to enable all teacher licensure candidates to upload 115.11 their teacher licensure applications electronically and to select the field and grade level for 115.12 which they seek to be licensed. The online application system must list all types of teacher 115.13 licenses and special permissions available, outline the specific requirements for each type 115.14 of license and special permission, allow candidates to submit applications for all type
115.15 of licenses and special permissions, and be clear and complete. The online application
115.16 form must accommodate Minnesota and out-of-state candidates who completed a teacher 115.17 preparation and training program at either an accredited college or university or a 115.18 nontraditional teacher preparation and training program.
115.19 (b) When completely or partially denying a candidate a teaching license by issuing 115.20 a license that is more limited than the license the candidate seeks, including a restricted 115.21 license, the Board of Teaching, after consulting with the Department of Education if 115.22 appropriate, must notify the candidate in writing clearly explaining: the reason for denying 115.23 or partially denying the candidate a teaching license, including the specific deficiencies 115.24 identified in the candidate's preparation or qualifications; the options available to the 115.25 candidate to pursue the license the candidate seeks; and the candidate's right to appeal a 115.26 denial. Under the two-step appeal process, a candidate may appeal a licensure decision 115.27 to the Board of Teaching for review and, if the board does not find for the candidate, 115.28 the candidate may submit a second appeal, requesting a contested case hearing under 115.29 Minnesota Statutes, chapter 14
115.30 (c) The Board of Teaching must grant a one-year full professional teaching license 115.31 to otherwise qualified teacher licensure candidates who have satisfactorily completed 115.32 a board-approved teacher preparation program in Minnesota, an accredited teacher 115.33 preparation program in another state, or all the licensure-specific coursework and other 115.34 requirements of a Board of Teaching-approved alternative teacher preparation and training 115.35 program but have not yet successfully completed the content, pedagogy, and skills exams 116.1 required for licensure. The board may renew a candidate's one-year full professiona 116.2 teaching license under this paragraph up to three times. Teacher candidates who receiv 116.3 a one-year full professional teaching license under this paragraph, while holding this 116.4 license, must continue to work to complete or pass the content, pedagogy, or skills exam 116.5 requirements they have not yet met.
116.6 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

