

Building Assets, Reducing Risks (BARR) is a strengths-based, K-12, highly researched educational model that provides schools with a systemic approach to meeting the academic, social, and emotional needs of all students. BARR was built on the belief that students are talented, families are engaged, educators are skilled, and that growth is possible and within reach of every school.

The BARR model is established as one of the most-proven. system-wide school improvement models within K-12 education ensuring that schools that invest will see results.

20 years of research and

development

78 schools

Involved in randomized control trial research (most rigorous possible) IOM

Invested in research before going to market 19 areas

Areas of statistically significant outcomes

Most researched. Most proven.







of BARR students





Reading and Math Improvement

Dearms Lebow, Thank YOU FOR all that support in 2nd grade. I must thank you for what you did mild schooling With the reading Even thousan backthen I dident Like it

-Ronin

Met the Evidence for ESSA requirements for "strong evidence" four times in reading and math

STUDENTS MEETING PROJECTED GROWTH (%) of BARR students met projected reading growth compared to 67.3% of non-BARR met projected math growth compared to 71.7% of non-BARR students.



BARR NON-BARR

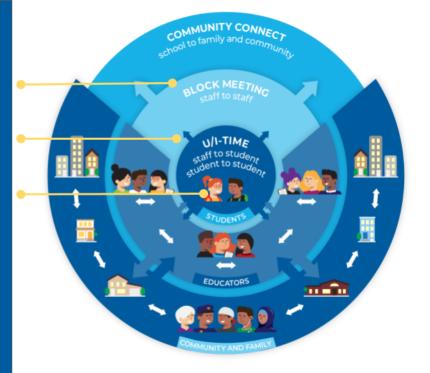




Partner with family and community

Empower teachers to do their best work

Support students academically and with mental health

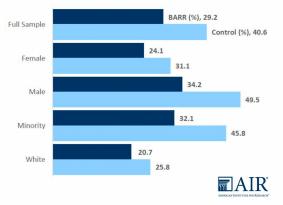


On average, large urban schools see a

40% reduction in failure rate

after one year of BARR while smaller rural schools see a 29% reduction

STUDENTS FAILING AT LEAST ONE CORE COURSE IN NINTH GRADE



BARR Outcomes

- Academic improvement
 - Literacy and Numeracy
- Closes the opportunity gap
- Improves student experience
- Supports teacher effectiveness
- Addresses mental health
- Builds relationships among students, families and staff
- Creates healthy and resilient students
- Provides post-secondary readiness

43 Minnesota Schools

AAfton-Lakeland Elementary School*
Brooklyn Center Middle & High School
Central Middle School, WBL*
Chanhassen High School*
Denfeld High School
Detroit Lakes High School*
Harvest Best Academy Lower School*
Harvest Best Academy Upper School*
Hopkins High School*
Hopkins North Junior High School*
Hopkins West Junior High School*
Horizon Middle School*
Integrated Arts Academy*
Kaposia Education Center*
Lake Elmo Elementary School*

Lakeaires Elementary School* Lincoln Center Elementary* Marshall High School*

McGregor High School*
Moorhead High School*
North Branch Area High School* North
High School, North St. Paul* Park
Center IB World Center* Patrick Henry
High School*
Peter Hobart Elementary* Plymouth

Middle School*

Prior Lake High School*

River Grove Marine Area Community School*

Robbinsdale Armstrong High School*
Robbinsdale Cooper High School*

High School, Minneapolis* South St.
Paul High School*
South St. Paul Middle School*
St. Anthony Village High School St.
Cloud Apollo High School*
St. Cloud Tech High School*
St. Louis Park High School* Stillwater
Area High School* Sunrise Park Middle
School* Tartan High School*
Two Harbors High School Vadnais
Heights Elementary School* White
Bear Lake Area High School -

Robbinsdale Middle School* South

*currently receiving coaching services

North Campus (9-10)*















March 15, 2022

RE: Committee Hearing – 3/17/2022 - HF 4300

Representative Davnie, Chair, House Education Finance Committee Members of the House Education Finance Committee

Chair Davnie & Members,

Career & Technical Education (CTE) and Career Pathways programs in Minnesota include students engaged in agriculture, health sciences, business & marketing, family & consumer sciences, construction, manufacturing, transportation, work-based learning/youth apprenticeship, communication technology, law enforcement, cosmetology, and a variety of other careers areas.

On behalf of the boards of the Minnesota Association for Career & Technical Administrators (MACTA); a statewide association of professional educators that administer CTE programs across Minnesota, and the Minnesota Association of Career and Technical Education (MnACTE); a statewide organization of CTE teachers and other CTE professionals, we write to you in full support of the provisions under Article 1 of HF 4300 related to the revision of MS §124D.4531 on career and technical revenue.

It is no secret that career and technical education programs simply cost more money to operate simply for the fact that most require multiple classroom spaces, highly technical (and expensive) equipment, and oftentimes smaller class sizes due to safety concerns. CTE programs are also clearly the lifeblood of a strong and successful workforce – a vital component of Minnesota's current and future economy. The ability to increase the revenue reimbursement amount from 35% to 50% for districts would not only strengthen current programs, but also create a significantly less burdensome pathway for growth in future career and technical programs across the entirety of Minnesota.

Please thoughtfully consider these two provisions as you consider the entire bill as the inclusion of these would be highly beneficial for the future of career and technical education students, and ultimately the future workforce of Minnesota. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact us at thaugen@lcsc.org.

Sincerely.

Troy M. Haugen

President

Minnesota Association for Career & Technical Administrators

Jessica Daherkow

Jessica Daberkow

President

Minnesota Association for Career & Technical Education



March 15, 2022

Dear Members of the Education Finance Committee:

NAMI Minnesota is writing to comment on HF4300, the education bill. Children with mental illnesses look to schools to provide education in a supportive and effective manner. Since children spend so many hours in school it's also important for school to identify the early signs of a student struggling with their mental health. When students have good mental health, they can better engage and learn.

While we support the early identification of poor mental health in our schools, we are struggling with the language related to creating a statewide school-based mental health screening program. Schools should use evidence-based or validated screening tools. Many screening tools are administered by people who are not mental health professionals. With our state facing a severe workforce shortage of mental health professionals, we want to reserve them for the work that only they can do – diagnosing and treating. We also do not believe that schools are set up to bill private insurance for screening or treatment. It might be better for schools that have a school-linked mental health program to carry out this activity for students.

The increased funds for school-linked mental health are extremely important. It does no use to screen students if we cannot help them. Identification without a response isn't acceptable. We appreciate the additional funding for the Intermediate Districts' mental health innovation grants and the school-linked mental health grants. This type of collaboration between schools and community mental health providers delivers excellent outcomes and is a model for the country.

School support personnel are also important in supporting our students' success. Since school support personnel help with a number of issues – not just academic – we would recommend on line 38.22 that instead of mentioning school safety and school climate to refer to improving the health and mental health of students.

We also appreciate the funding to train paraprofessionals. These individuals work very closely with students and it's important for them to understand the disability or illness of the student and best ways to support them.

Lastly, we want to lend our support for adding children who have an incarcerated parent for an early learning scholarship since this is considered an adverse childhood experience along with additional funds for early childhood mental health consultation in the schools.

We know that the committee has hard choices to make in the future. We ask that you take into consideration the negative impact of the pandemic on students' mental health and focus on addressing the incredible mental health needs of our children where they are – in schools. Poor mental health creates barriers to learning. If we address their mental health, they have a greater opportunity to be successful.

Sincerely,

Sue Abderholden, MPH

Executive Director







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DATE: March 16, 2022

TO: Rep. Jim Davnie, Chair

Members of the Education Finance Committee

Joe Gothard, Superintendent Je Johns FROM:

Governor's Budget Recommendations, HF4300 RE:

On behalf of the St. Paul Board and Education, our staff and St. Paul Public School community, I want to thank the Governor for the substantial investments included in HF4300, including the 2% formula increase, reducing the special education and English Language learner cross subsidy and funding for our early learners.

The provision in the bill to provide our students with an array of mental health services along with additional opportunities for more career and tech, extended day and year and community enrichment programs is also critical given the impact of Covid on our community.

Finally, given our current work force shortage, the additional tools included in this bill for both teachers and paraprofessionals to train, recruit, mentor and increase the number of teachers of color through our grown your own programs, are very important.

The State budget surplus provides a unique opportunity to provide long-term investments to stabilize funding, especially for English Language learners and special education students.