

1.1 ..... moves to amend H.F. No. 5295 as follows:

1.2 Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

1.3 "ARTICLE 1  
1.4 APPROPRIATIONS

1.5 Section 1. APPROPRIATIONS.

1.6 The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are added to or, if shown in  
1.7 parentheses, subtracted from the appropriations in Laws 2023, chapter 63, article 9, to the  
1.8 agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the  
1.9 general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for  
1.10 each purpose. The figures "2024" and "2025" used in this article mean that the addition to  
1.11 or subtraction from the appropriation listed under them is available for the fiscal year ending  
1.12 June 30, 2024, or June 30, 2025, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2024. "The  
1.13 second year" is fiscal year 2025. Supplemental appropriations and reductions to  
1.14 appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, are effective the day following final  
1.15 enactment.

1.16		<b><u>APPROPRIATIONS</u></b>	
1.17		<b><u>Available for the Year</u></b>	
1.18		<b><u>Ending June 30</u></b>	
1.19		<b><u>2024</u></b>	<b><u>2025</u></b>

1.20 **Sec. 2. OFFICE OF CANNABIS**  
1.21 **MANAGEMENT**

	<b><u>\$</u></b>	<b><u>-0-</u></b>	<b><u>\$</u></b>	<b><u>2,727,000</u></b>
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1.22 **(a) Enforcement of Temporary Regulations**

1.23 \$1,107,000 in fiscal year 2025 is for regulation  
1.24 of products subject to the requirements of  
1.25 Minnesota Statutes, section 151.72. This is a  
1.26 onetime appropriation.



3.1	<b>Subd. 2. <u>Youth Prevention and Education</u></b>		<b>5,000,000</b>
3.2	<b><u>Program</u></b>	-0-	<b><u>4,363,000</u></b>
3.3	For <u>administration and grants</u> under Minnesota		
3.4	Statutes, section 144.197, subdivision 1. <u>Of</u>		
3.5	<u>the amount appropriated, \$2,863,000 is for</u>		
3.6	<u>program operations and administration and</u>		
3.7	<u>\$1,500,000 is for grants. The base for this</u>		
3.8	<u>appropriation is \$4,534,000 in fiscal year 2026</u>		
3.9	<u>and \$4,470,000 in fiscal year 2027.</u>		
3.10	<b>Subd. 3. <u>Prevention and Education Grants for</u></b>		<b>2,000,000</b>
3.11	<b><u>Pregnant or Breastfeeding Individuals</u></b>	-0-	<b><u>1,788,000</u></b>
3.12	For <del>grants under</del> <u>a coordinated prevention and</u>		
3.13	<u>education program for pregnant and</u>		
3.14	<u>breastfeeding individuals under Minnesota</u>		
3.15	Statutes, section 144.197, subdivision 2. <u>The</u>		
3.16	<u>base for this appropriation is \$1,834,000</u>		
3.17	<u>beginning in fiscal year 2026.</u>		
3.18	<b>Subd. 4. <u>Local and Tribal Health Departments</u></b>	-0-	<b>10,000,000</b>
3.19	For <u>administration and grants</u> under Minnesota		
3.20	Statutes, section 144.197, subdivision 4. <u>Of</u>		
3.21	<u>the amount appropriated, \$1,094,000 is for</u>		
3.22	<u>administration and \$8,906,000 is for grants.</u>		
3.23	<b>Subd. 5. <u>Cannabis Data Collection and Biennial</u></b>		
3.24	<b><u>Reports</u></b>	493,000	493,000
3.25	For reports under Minnesota Statutes, section		
3.26	144.196.		
3.27	<b>Subd. 6. <u>Administration for Expungement</u></b>		
3.28	<b><u>Orders</u></b>	71,000	71,000
3.29	For administration related to orders issued by		
3.30	the Cannabis Expungement Board. The base		
3.31	for this appropriation is \$71,000 in fiscal year		
3.32	2026, \$71,000 in fiscal year 2027, \$71,000 in		
3.33	fiscal year 2028, \$71,000 in fiscal year 2029,		
3.34	and \$0 in fiscal year 2030.		

4.1	<b>Subd. 7. Grants to the Minnesota Poison Control</b>		
4.2	<b>System</b>	910,000	810,000
4.3	For <u>administration and grants under Minnesota</u>		
4.4	<u>Statutes, section 145.93. Of the amount</u>		
4.5	<u>appropriated in fiscal year 2025, \$15,000 is</u>		
4.6	<u>for administration and \$795,000 is for grants.</u>		
4.7	<b>Subd. 8. Temporary Regulation of Edible</b>		
4.8	<b>Products Extracted from Hemp</b>	1,107,000	1,107,000 <u>-0-</u>
4.9	For temporary regulation under the health		
4.10	enforcement consolidation act of edible		
4.11	products extracted from hemp. <u>The</u>		
4.12	<u>commissioner may transfer encumbrances and</u>		
4.13	<u>unobligated amounts to the Office of Cannabis</u>		
4.14	<u>Management for this purpose. This is a</u>		
4.15	onetime appropriation.		
4.16	<b>Subd. 9. Testing:</b>	719,000	771,000 <u>-0-</u>
4.17	For testing of edible cannabinoid products.		
4.18	<del>The base for this appropriation is \$690,000 in</del>		
4.19	<del>fiscal year 2026 and each fiscal year thereafter.</del>		
4.20	<u>The commissioner may transfer encumbrances</u>		
4.21	<u>and unobligated amounts to the Office of</u>		
4.22	<u>Cannabis Management for this purpose.</u>		

4.23 Sec. 6. Laws 2023, chapter 63, article 9, section 19, is amended to read:

4.24 **Sec. 19. APPROPRIATION AND BASE REDUCTIONS.**

4.25 (a) The commissioner of management and budget must reduce general fund appropriations  
 4.26 to the commissioner of corrections by \$165,000 in fiscal year 2024 and \$368,000 in fiscal  
 4.27 year 2025. The commissioner must reduce the base for general fund appropriations to the  
 4.28 commissioner of corrections by \$460,000 in fiscal year 2026 and \$503,000 in fiscal year  
 4.29 2027.

4.30 (b) ~~The commissioner of management and budget must reduce general fund appropriations~~  
 4.31 ~~to the commissioner of health by \$260,000 in fiscal year 2025 for the administration of the~~  
 4.32 ~~medical cannabis program. The commissioner must reduce the base for general fund~~

5.1 ~~appropriations to the commissioner of health by \$781,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each fiscal~~  
5.2 ~~year thereafter.~~

5.3 ~~(c) The commissioner of management and budget must reduce state government special~~  
5.4 ~~revenue fund appropriations to the commissioner of health by \$1,141,000 in fiscal year~~  
5.5 ~~2025 for the administration of the medical cannabis program. The commissioner must reduce~~  
5.6 ~~the base for state government special revenue fund appropriations to the commissioner of~~  
5.7 ~~health by \$3,424,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each fiscal year thereafter.~~

5.8 Sec. 7. Laws 2023, chapter 63, article 9, section 20, is amended to read:

5.9 Sec. 20. **TRANSFERS.**

5.10 ~~(a) \$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2024 and \$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2025 are transferred~~  
5.11 ~~from the general fund to the dual training account in the special revenue fund under~~  
5.12 ~~Minnesota Statutes, section 136A.246, subdivision 10, for grants to employers in the legal~~  
5.13 ~~cannabis industry. The base for this transfer is \$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2026 and each fiscal~~  
5.14 ~~year thereafter. The commissioner may use up to six percent of the amount transferred for~~  
5.15 ~~administrative costs. The commissioner shall give priority to applications from employers~~  
5.16 ~~who are, or who are training employees who are, eligible to be social equity applicants~~  
5.17 ~~under Minnesota Statutes, section 342.17. After June 30, 2025, any unencumbered balance~~  
5.18 ~~from this transfer may be used for grants to any eligible employer under Minnesota Statutes,~~  
5.19 ~~section 136A.246.~~

5.20 ~~(b) \$5,500,000 in fiscal year 2024 and \$5,500,000 in fiscal year 2025 are transferred~~  
5.21 ~~from the general fund to the substance use treatment, recovery, and prevention grant account~~  
5.22 ~~established under Minnesota Statutes, section 342.72. The base for this transfer is \$5,500,000~~  
5.23 ~~in fiscal year 2026 and each fiscal year thereafter.~~

## 5.24 **ARTICLE 2**

### 5.25 **CANNABIS AND HEALTH-RELATED RESPONSIBILITIES**

5.26 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 144.197, is amended to read:

#### 5.27 **144.197 CANNABIS AND SUBSTANCE MISUSE PREVENTION AND** 5.28 **EDUCATION PROGRAMS.**

5.29 Subdivision 1. **Youth prevention and education program.** The commissioner of health,  
5.30 in consultation with the commissioners of human services and education and in collaboration  
5.31 with local health departments and Tribal health departments, shall conduct a long-term,  
5.32 coordinated ~~education~~ program to raise public awareness about ~~and address the top three~~

6.1 substance misuse prevention, treatment options, and recovery options. The program must  
6.2 address adverse health effects, as determined by the commissioner, associated with the use  
6.3 of cannabis flower, cannabis products, lower-potency hemp edibles, or hemp-derived  
6.4 consumer products by persons under age 25. In conducting this education program, the  
6.5 commissioner shall engage and consult with youth around the state on program content and  
6.6 on methods to effectively disseminate program information to youth around the state.

6.7 Subd. 2. **Prevention and education program for pregnant and breastfeeding**  
6.8 **individuals; and individuals who may become pregnant.** The commissioner of health,  
6.9 in consultation with the commissioners of human services and education, shall conduct a  
6.10 long-term, coordinated prevention program to educate focused on preventing substance use  
6.11 for pregnant individuals, breastfeeding individuals, and individuals who may become  
6.12 pregnant and raising public awareness of the risks of substance use while pregnant or  
6.13 breastfeeding. The program must include education on the adverse health effects of prenatal  
6.14 exposure to cannabis flower, cannabis products, lower-potency hemp edibles, or  
6.15 hemp-derived consumer products and on the adverse health effects experienced by infants  
6.16 and children who are exposed to cannabis flower, cannabis products, lower-potency hemp  
6.17 edibles, or hemp-derived consumer products in breast milk, from secondhand smoke, or by  
6.18 ingesting cannabinoid products. This prevention and education program must also educate  
6.19 individuals on what constitutes a substance use disorder, signs of a substance use disorder,  
6.20 and treatment options for persons with a substance use disorder. This prevention and  
6.21 education program must also provide resources, including training resources, technical  
6.22 assistance, or educational materials for local public health home visiting programs, Tribal  
6.23 home visiting programs, and child welfare workers.

6.24 Subd. 3. ~~**Home visiting programs.** The commissioner of health shall provide training,~~  
6.25 ~~technical assistance, and education materials to local public health home visiting programs~~  
6.26 ~~and Tribal home visiting programs and child welfare workers regarding the safe and unsafe~~  
6.27 ~~use of cannabis flower, cannabis products, lower-potency hemp edibles, or hemp-derived~~  
6.28 ~~consumer products in homes with infants and young children. Training, technical assistance,~~  
6.29 ~~and education materials shall address substance use, the signs of a substance use disorder,~~  
6.30 ~~treatment options for persons with a substance use disorder, the dangers of driving under~~  
6.31 ~~the influence of cannabis flower, cannabis products, lower-potency hemp edibles, or~~  
6.32 ~~hemp-derived consumer products, how to safely consume cannabis flower, cannabis products,~~  
6.33 ~~lower-potency hemp edibles, or hemp-derived consumer products in homes with infants~~  
6.34 ~~and young children, and how to prevent infants and young children from being exposed to~~

7.1 ~~cannabis flower, cannabis products, lower-potency hemp edibles, or hemp-derived consumer~~  
7.2 ~~products by ingesting cannabinoid products or through secondhand smoke.~~

7.3 Subd. 4. **Local and Tribal health departments.** The commissioner of health shall  
7.4 distribute grants to local health departments and Tribal health departments for these  
7.5 departments to create ~~and disseminate educational materials on cannabis flower, cannabis~~  
7.6 ~~products, lower-potency hemp edibles, and hemp-derived consumer products and to provide~~  
7.7 ~~safe use and prevention training, education, technical assistance, and community engagement~~  
7.8 ~~regarding cannabis flower, cannabis products, lower-potency hemp edibles, and hemp-derived~~  
7.9 ~~consumer products.~~ programs focusing on substance misuse prevention, treatment, and  
7.10 recovery. The programs may be created for the uses described in Minnesota Statutes, section  
7.11 342.72, and specific cannabis-related initiatives.

7.12 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 342.15, is amended by adding a  
7.13 subdivision to read:

7.14 Subd. 1a. **Transmission of fees.** A cannabis business background check account is  
7.15 established as a separate account in the special revenue fund. All fees received by the office  
7.16 under subdivision 1 shall be deposited in the account and are appropriated to the office to  
7.17 pay for the criminal records checks conducted by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension and  
7.18 Federal Bureau of Investigation.

7.19 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 342.72, is amended to read:

7.20 **342.72 SUBSTANCE USE TREATMENT, RECOVERY, AND PREVENTION**  
7.21 **GRANTS.**

7.22 Subdivision 1. ~~Account~~ Grant program established; appropriation. A substance use  
7.23 treatment, recovery, and prevention grant ~~account~~ program is ~~created in the special revenue~~  
7.24 ~~fund~~ established and shall be administered by the commissioner of health. Money in the  
7.25 ~~account, including interest earned, is appropriated to the office for the purposes specified~~  
7.26 ~~in this section. Of the amount transferred from the general fund to the account, the office~~  
7.27 ~~may use up to five percent for administrative expenses.~~

7.28 Subd. 2. ~~Acceptance of gifts and grants.~~ Notwithstanding sections 16A.013 to 16A.016,  
7.29 ~~the office may accept money contributed by individuals and may apply for grants from~~  
7.30 ~~charitable foundations to be used for the purposes identified in this section. The money~~  
7.31 ~~accepted under this section must be deposited in the substance use treatment, recovery, and~~  
7.32 ~~prevention grant account created under subdivision 1.~~

8.1 Subd. 3. **Disposition of money; grants.** (a) ~~Money in the~~ Substance use treatment,  
8.2 recovery, and prevention ~~grant account~~ grants must be distributed as follows:

8.3 (1) at least 75 percent of the money is for grants for substance use disorder and mental  
8.4 health recovery and prevention programs. Funds must be used for recovery and prevention  
8.5 activities and supplies that assist individuals and families to initiate, stabilize, and maintain  
8.6 long-term recovery from substance use disorders and co-occurring mental health conditions.  
8.7 Recovery and prevention activities may include prevention education, school-linked  
8.8 behavioral health, school-based peer programs, peer supports, self-care and wellness,  
8.9 culturally specific healing, community public awareness, mutual aid networks, telephone  
8.10 recovery checkups, mental health warmlines, harm reduction, recovery community  
8.11 organization development, first episode psychosis programs, and recovery housing; and

8.12 (2) up to 25 percent of the money is for substance use disorder treatment programs as  
8.13 defined in chapter 245G and may be used to implement, strengthen, or expand supportive  
8.14 services and activities that are not covered by medical assistance under chapter 256B,  
8.15 MinnesotaCare under chapter 256L, or the behavioral health fund under chapter 254B.  
8.16 Services and activities may include adoption or expansion of evidence-based practices;  
8.17 competency-based training; continuing education; culturally specific and culturally responsive  
8.18 services; sober recreational activities; developing referral relationships; family preservation  
8.19 and healing; and start-up or capacity funding for programs that specialize in adolescent,  
8.20 culturally specific, culturally responsive, disability-specific, co-occurring disorder, or family  
8.21 treatment services.

8.22 (b) The ~~office~~ commissioner of health shall consult with the Governor's Advisory Council  
8.23 on Opioids, Substance Use, and Addiction; the commissioner of human services; and ~~the~~  
8.24 ~~commissioner of health~~ the Office of Cannabis Management to develop an appropriate  
8.25 application process, establish grant requirements, determine what organizations are eligible  
8.26 to receive grants, and establish reporting requirements for grant recipients.

8.27 Subd. 4. **Reports to the legislature.** By January 15, ~~2024~~ 2025, and each January 15  
8.28 thereafter, the ~~office~~ commissioner of health must submit a report to the chairs and ranking  
8.29 minority members of the committees of the house of representatives and the senate having  
8.30 jurisdiction over health and human services policy and finance that details ~~grants awarded~~  
8.31 ~~from~~ the substance use treatment, recovery, and prevention ~~grant account~~ grants awarded,  
8.32 including the total amount awarded, total number of recipients, and geographic distribution  
8.33 of those recipients. Notwithstanding section 144.05, subdivision 7, the reporting requirement  
8.34 under this subdivision does not expire.



9.1 Sec. 4. **REPORT BY THE COMMISSIONER OF COMMERCE.**

9.2 By January 30, 2025, the commissioner of commerce must report to the chairs and  
 9.3 ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over commerce,  
 9.4 health, and human services, regarding the balance of the premium security plan account  
 9.5 under Minnesota Statutes, section 62E.25, subdivision 1, the estimated cost to continue the  
 9.6 premium security plan, and the plan's future interactions with public health programs. The  
 9.7 report must include an assessment of potential alternatives that would be available upon  
 9.8 expiration of the current waiver.

9.9 **ARTICLE 3**

9.10 **INSURANCE ASSESSMENTS AND FEES**

9.11 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 45.0135, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

9.12 Subd. 7. **Assessment.** Each insurer authorized to sell insurance in the state of Minnesota,  
 9.13 including surplus lines carriers, and having Minnesota earned premium the previous calendar  
 9.14 year shall remit an assessment to the commissioner for deposit in the insurance fraud  
 9.15 prevention account on or before June 1 of each year. The amount of the assessment shall  
 9.16 be based on the insurer's total assets and on the insurer's total written Minnesota premium,  
 9.17 for the preceding fiscal year, as reported pursuant to section 60A.13. ~~The assessment is~~  
 9.18 ~~calculated to be an amount up to the following~~ Beginning with the payment due on or before  
 9.19 June 1, 2024, the assessment amount is:

	Total Assets	Assessment
9.20		
9.21	Less than \$100,000,000	\$ <del>200</del> <u>400</u>
9.22		<del>750</del>
9.23	\$100,000,000 to \$1,000,000,000	\$ <u>1,500</u>
9.24		<del>2,000</del>
9.25	Over \$1,000,000,000	\$ <u>4,000</u>
9.26	Minnesota Written Premium	Assessment
9.27	Less than \$10,000,000	\$ <del>200</del> <u>400</u>
9.28		<del>750</del>
9.29	\$10,000,000 to \$100,000,000	\$ <u>1,500</u>
9.30		<del>2,000</del>
9.31	Over \$100,000,000	\$ <u>4,000</u>

9.32 For purposes of this subdivision, the following entities are not considered to be insurers  
 9.33 authorized to sell insurance in the state of Minnesota: risk retention groups; or township  
 9.34 mutuals organized under chapter 67A.

9.35 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

10.1 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 62Q.73, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

10.2 Subd. 3. **Right to external review.** (a) Any enrollee or anyone acting on behalf of an  
 10.3 enrollee who has received an adverse determination may submit a written request for an  
 10.4 external review of the adverse determination, if applicable under section 62Q.68, subdivision  
 10.5 1, or 62M.06, to the commissioner of health if the request involves a health plan company  
 10.6 regulated by that commissioner or to the commissioner of commerce if the request involves  
 10.7 a health plan company regulated by that commissioner. Notification of the enrollee's right  
 10.8 to external review must accompany the denial issued by the insurer. ~~The written request~~  
 10.9 ~~must be accompanied by a filing fee of \$25. The fee may be waived by the commissioner~~  
 10.10 ~~of health or commerce in cases of financial hardship and must be refunded if the adverse~~  
 10.11 ~~determination is completely reversed. No enrollee may be subject to filing fees totaling~~  
 10.12 ~~more than \$75 during a plan year for group coverage or policy year for individual coverage.~~

10.13 (b) Nothing in this section requires the commissioner of health or commerce to  
 10.14 independently investigate an adverse determination referred for independent external review.

10.15 (c) If an enrollee requests an external review, the health plan company must participate  
 10.16 in the external review. The cost of the external review ~~in excess of the filing fee described~~  
 10.17 ~~in paragraph (a) shall~~ must be borne by the health plan company.

10.18 (d) The enrollee must request external review within six months from the date of the  
 10.19 adverse determination.

## 10.20 ARTICLE 4

### 10.21 CONSUMER DATA PRIVACY

10.22 Section 1. [13.6505] ATTORNEY GENERAL DATA CODED ELSEWHERE.

10.23 Subdivision 1. Scope. The sections referred to in this section are codified outside this  
 10.24 chapter. Those sections classify attorney general data as other than public, place restrictions  
 10.25 on access to government data, or involve data sharing.

10.26 Subd. 2. Data privacy and protection assessments. A data privacy and protection  
 10.27 assessment collected or maintained by the attorney general is classified under section  
 10.28 3250.08.

10.29 Sec. 2. [3250.01] CITATION.

10.30 This chapter may be cited as the "Minnesota Consumer Data Privacy Act."

11.1 Sec. 3. [325O.02] DEFINITIONS.

11.2 (a) For purposes of this chapter, the following terms have the meanings given.

11.3 (b) "Affiliate" means a legal entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under common  
11.4 control with, another legal entity. For these purposes, "control" or "controlled" means:  
11.5 ownership of, or the power to vote, more than 50 percent of the outstanding shares of any  
11.6 class of voting security of a company; control in any manner over the election of a majority  
11.7 of the directors or of individuals exercising similar functions; or the power to exercise a  
11.8 controlling influence over the management of a company.

11.9 (c) "Authenticate" means to use reasonable means to determine that a request to exercise  
11.10 any of the rights in section 325O.05, subdivision 1, paragraphs (b) to (h), is being made by  
11.11 or rightfully on behalf of the consumer who is entitled to exercise such rights with respect  
11.12 to the personal data at issue.

11.13 (d) "Biometric data" means data generated by automatic measurements of an individual's  
11.14 biological characteristics, including a fingerprint, a voiceprint, eye retinas, irises, or other  
11.15 unique biological patterns or characteristics that are used to identify a specific individual.  
11.16 Biometric data does not include:

11.17 (1) a digital or physical photograph;

11.18 (2) an audio or video recording; or

11.19 (3) any data generated from a digital or physical photograph, or an audio or video  
11.20 recording, unless such data is generated to identify a specific individual.

11.21 (e) "Child" has the meaning given in United States Code, title 15, section 6501.

11.22 (f) "Consent" means any freely given, specific, informed, and unambiguous indication  
11.23 of the consumer's wishes by which the consumer signifies agreement to the processing of  
11.24 personal data relating to the consumer. Acceptance of a general or broad terms of use or  
11.25 similar document that contains descriptions of personal data processing along with other,  
11.26 unrelated information does not constitute consent. Hovering over, muting, pausing, or closing  
11.27 a given piece of content does not constitute consent. A consent is not valid when the  
11.28 consumer's indication has been obtained by a dark pattern. A consumer may revoke consent  
11.29 previously given, consistent with this chapter.

11.30 (g) "Consumer" means a natural person who is a Minnesota resident acting only in an  
11.31 individual or household context. It does not include a natural person acting in a commercial  
11.32 or employment context.

12.1 (h) "Controller" means the natural or legal person which, alone or jointly with others,  
12.2 determines the purposes and means of the processing of personal data.

12.3 (i) "Decisions that produce legal or similarly significant effects concerning the consumer"  
12.4 means decisions made by the controller that result in the provision or denial by the controller  
12.5 of financial or lending services, housing, insurance, education enrollment or opportunity,  
12.6 criminal justice, employment opportunities, health care services, or access to essential goods  
12.7 or services.

12.8 (j) "Dark pattern" means a user interface designed or manipulated with the substantial  
12.9 effect of subverting or impairing user autonomy, decision making, or choice.

12.10 (k) "Deidentified data" means data that cannot reasonably be used to infer information  
12.11 about, or otherwise be linked to, an identified or identifiable natural person, or a device  
12.12 linked to such person, provided that the controller that possesses the data:

12.13 (1) takes reasonable measures to ensure that the data cannot be associated with a natural  
12.14 person;

12.15 (2) publicly commits to process the data only in a deidentified fashion and not attempt  
12.16 to reidentify the data; and

12.17 (3) contractually obligates any recipients of the information to comply with all provisions  
12.18 of this paragraph.

12.19 (l) "Delete" means to remove or destroy information such that it is not maintained in  
12.20 human- or machine-readable form and cannot be retrieved or utilized in the ordinary course  
12.21 of business.

12.22 (m) "Genetic information" has the meaning given in section 13.386, subdivision 1.

12.23 (n) "Identified or identifiable natural person" means a person who can be readily  
12.24 identified, directly or indirectly.

12.25 (o) "Known child" means a person under circumstances where a controller has actual  
12.26 knowledge of, or willfully disregards, that the person is under 13 years of age.

12.27 (p) "Personal data" means any information that is linked or reasonably linkable to an  
12.28 identified or identifiable natural person. Personal data does not include deidentified data or  
12.29 publicly available information. For purposes of this paragraph, "publicly available  
12.30 information" means information that (1) is lawfully made available from federal, state, or  
12.31 local government records or widely distributed media, or (2) a controller has a reasonable  
12.32 basis to believe has lawfully been made available to the general public.

13.1 (q) "Process" or "processing" means any operation or set of operations that are performed  
13.2 on personal data or on sets of personal data, whether or not by automated means, such as  
13.3 the collection, use, storage, disclosure, analysis, deletion, or modification of personal data.

13.4 (r) "Processor" means a natural or legal person who processes personal data on behalf  
13.5 of a controller.

13.6 (s) "Profiling" means any form of automated processing of personal data to evaluate,  
13.7 analyze, or predict personal aspects related to an identified or identifiable natural person's  
13.8 economic situation, health, personal preferences, interests, reliability, behavior, location,  
13.9 or movements.

13.10 (t) "Pseudonymous data" means personal data that cannot be attributed to a specific  
13.11 natural person without the use of additional information, provided that such additional  
13.12 information is kept separately and is subject to appropriate technical and organizational  
13.13 measures to ensure that the personal data are not attributed to an identified or identifiable  
13.14 natural person.

13.15 (u) "Sale," "sell," or "sold" means the exchange of personal data for monetary or other  
13.16 valuable consideration by the controller to a third party. Sale does not include the following:

13.17 (1) the disclosure of personal data to a processor who processes the personal data on  
13.18 behalf of the controller;

13.19 (2) the disclosure of personal data to a third party for purposes of providing a product  
13.20 or service requested by the consumer;

13.21 (3) the disclosure or transfer of personal data to an affiliate of the controller;

13.22 (4) the disclosure of information that the consumer intentionally made available to the  
13.23 general public via a channel of mass media, and did not restrict to a specific audience;

13.24 (5) the disclosure or transfer of personal data to a third party as an asset that is part of a  
13.25 completed or proposed merger, acquisition, bankruptcy, or other transaction in which the  
13.26 third party assumes control of all or part of the controller's assets; or

13.27 (6) the exchange of personal data between the producer of a good or service and  
13.28 authorized agents of the producer who sell and service those goods and services, to enable  
13.29 the cooperative provisioning of goods and services by both the producer and its agents.

13.30 (v) Sensitive data is a form of personal data. "Sensitive data" means:

13.31 (1) personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, religious beliefs, mental or physical  
13.32 health condition or diagnosis, sexual orientation, or citizenship or immigration status;

14.1 (2) the processing of biometric data or genetic information for the purpose of uniquely  
14.2 identifying an individual;

14.3 (3) the personal data of a known child; or

14.4 (4) specific geolocation data.

14.5 (w) "Specific geolocation data" means information derived from technology, including,  
14.6 but not limited to, global positioning system level latitude and longitude coordinates or  
14.7 other mechanisms, that directly identifies the geographic coordinates of a consumer or a  
14.8 device linked to a consumer with an accuracy of more than three decimal degrees of latitude  
14.9 and longitude or the equivalent in an alternative geographic coordinate system, or a street  
14.10 address derived from these coordinates. Specific geolocation data does not include the  
14.11 content of communications, the contents of databases containing street address information  
14.12 which are accessible to the public as authorized by law, or any data generated by or connected  
14.13 to advanced utility metering infrastructure systems or other equipment for use by a public  
14.14 utility.

14.15 (x) "Targeted advertising" means displaying advertisements to a consumer where the  
14.16 advertisement is selected based on personal data obtained or inferred from the consumer's  
14.17 activities over time and across nonaffiliated websites or online applications to predict the  
14.18 consumer's preferences or interests. It does not include:

14.19 (1) advertising based on activities within a controller's own websites or online  
14.20 applications;

14.21 (2) advertising based on the context of a consumer's current search query or visit to a  
14.22 website or online application;

14.23 (3) advertising to a consumer in response to the consumer's request for information or  
14.24 feedback; or

14.25 (4) processing personal data solely for measuring or reporting advertising performance,  
14.26 reach, or frequency.

14.27 (y) "Third party" means a natural or legal person, public authority, agency, or body other  
14.28 than the consumer, controller, processor, or an affiliate of the processor or the controller.

14.29 (z) "Trade secret" has the meaning given in section 325C.01, subdivision 5.

15.1 Sec. 4. [3250.03] SCOPE; EXCLUSIONS.

15.2 Subdivision 1. Scope. (a) This chapter applies to legal entities that conduct business in  
15.3 Minnesota or produce products or services that are targeted to residents of Minnesota, and  
15.4 that satisfy one or more of the following thresholds:

15.5 (1) during a calendar year, controls or processes personal data of 100,000 consumers or  
15.6 more, excluding personal data controlled or processed solely for the purpose of completing  
15.7 a payment transaction; or

15.8 (2) derives over 25 percent of gross revenue from the sale of personal data and processes  
15.9 or controls personal data of 25,000 consumers or more.

15.10 (b) A controller or processor acting as a technology provider under section 13.32 shall  
15.11 comply with both this chapter and section 13.32, except that, when the provisions of section  
15.12 13.32 conflict with this chapter, section 13.32 prevails.

15.13 Subd. 2. Exclusions. (a) This chapter does not apply to the following entities, activities,  
15.14 or types of information:

15.15 (1) a government entity, as defined by section 13.02, subdivision 7a;

15.16 (2) a federally recognized Indian tribe;

15.17 (3) information that meets the definition of:

15.18 (i) protected health information as defined by and for purposes of the Health Insurance  
15.19 Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, and related regulations;

15.20 (ii) health records, as defined in section 144.291, subdivision 2;

15.21 (iii) patient identifying information for purposes of Code of Federal Regulations, title  
15.22 42, part 2, established pursuant to United States Code, title 42, section 290dd-2;

15.23 (iv) identifiable private information for purposes of the federal policy for the protection  
15.24 of human subjects, Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, part 46; identifiable private  
15.25 information that is otherwise information collected as part of human subjects research  
15.26 pursuant to the good clinical practice guidelines issued by the International Council for  
15.27 Harmonisation; the protection of human subjects under Code of Federal Regulations, title  
15.28 21, parts 50 and 56; or personal data used or shared in research conducted in accordance  
15.29 with one or more of the requirements set forth in this paragraph;

15.30 (v) information and documents created for purposes of the federal Health Care Quality  
15.31 Improvement Act of 1986, Public Law 99-660, and related regulations; or

16.1 (vi) patient safety work product for purposes of Code of Federal Regulations, title 42,  
16.2 part 3, established pursuant to United States Code, title 42, sections 299b-21 to 299b-26;

16.3 (4) information that is derived from any of the health care-related information listed in  
16.4 clause (3), but that has been deidentified in accordance with the requirements for  
16.5 deidentification set forth in Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, part 164;

16.6 (5) information originating from, and intermingled to be indistinguishable with, any of  
16.7 the health care-related information listed in clause (3) that is maintained by:

16.8 (i) a covered entity or business associate as defined by the Health Insurance Portability  
16.9 and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, and related regulations;

16.10 (ii) a health care provider, as defined in section 144.291, subdivision 2; or

16.11 (iii) a program or a qualified service organization as defined by Code of Federal  
16.12 Regulations, title 42, part 2, established pursuant to United States Code, title 42, section  
16.13 290dd-2;

16.14 (6) information that is:

16.15 (i) maintained by an entity that meets the definition of health care provider at Code of  
16.16 Federal Regulations, title 45, section 160.103, to the extent that the entity maintains the  
16.17 information in the manner required of covered entities with respect to protected health  
16.18 information for purposes of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of  
16.19 1996, Public Law 104-191, and related regulations;

16.20 (ii) included in a limited data set as described at Code of Federal Regulations, title 45,  
16.21 section 164.514, paragraph (e), to the extent that the information is used, disclosed, and  
16.22 maintained in the manner specified by that paragraph;

16.23 (iii) maintained by, or maintained to comply with the rules or orders of, a self-regulatory  
16.24 organization as defined by United States Code, title 15, section 78c(a)(26); or

16.25 (iv) originated from, or intermingled with, information described in clause (9) of this  
16.26 paragraph and that a licensed residential mortgage originator or residential mortgage servicer  
16.27 as defined by chapter 58, collects, processes, uses, or maintains in the same manner as  
16.28 required under the laws and regulations specified in clause (9) of this paragraph;

16.29 (7) information used only for public health activities and purposes as described in Code  
16.30 of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 164.512;

16.31 (8) an activity involving the collection, maintenance, disclosure, sale, communication,  
16.32 or use of any personal data bearing on a consumer's credit worthiness, credit standing, credit



17.1 capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics, or mode of living by a  
17.2 consumer reporting agency, as defined in United States Code, title 15, section 1681a(f), by  
17.3 a furnisher of information, as set forth in United States Code, title 15, section 1681s-2, who  
17.4 provides information for use in a consumer report, as defined in United States Code, title  
17.5 15, section 1681a(d), and by a user of a consumer report, as set forth in United States Code,  
17.6 title 15, section 1681b, except that information is only excluded under this paragraph to the  
17.7 extent that such activity involving the collection, maintenance, disclosure, sale,  
17.8 communication, or use of such information by that agency, furnisher, or user is subject to  
17.9 regulation under the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act, United States Code, title 15, sections  
17.10 1681 to 1681x, and the information is not collected, maintained, used, communicated,  
17.11 disclosed, or sold except as authorized by the Fair Credit Reporting Act;

17.12 (9) personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed pursuant to the federal  
17.13 Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, Public Law 106-102, and implementing regulations, if the  
17.14 collection, processing, sale, or disclosure is in compliance with that law;

17.15 (10) personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed pursuant to the federal Driver's  
17.16 Privacy Protection Act of 1994, United States Code, title 18, sections 2721 to 2725, if the  
17.17 collection, processing, sale, or disclosure is in compliance with that law;

17.18 (11) personal data regulated by the federal Family Educations Rights and Privacy Act,  
17.19 United States Code, title 20, section 1232g, and its implementing regulations;

17.20 (12) personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed pursuant to the federal Farm  
17.21 Credit Act of 1971, as amended, United States Code, title 12, sections 2001 to 2279cc, and  
17.22 its implementing regulations, Code of Federal Regulations, title 12, part 600, if the collection,  
17.23 processing, sale, or disclosure is in compliance with that law;

17.24 (13) data collected or maintained:

17.25 (i) in the course of an individual acting as a job applicant to or an employee, owner,  
17.26 director, officer, medical staff member, or contractor of that business if it is collected and  
17.27 used solely within the context of that role;

17.28 (ii) as the emergency contact information of an individual under item (i) if used solely  
17.29 for emergency contact purposes; or

17.30 (iii) that is necessary for the business to retain to administer benefits for another individual  
17.31 relating to the individual under item (i) if used solely for the purposes of administering those  
17.32 benefits;

18.1 (14) personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed pursuant to the Minnesota  
18.2 Insurance Fair Information Reporting Act in sections 72A.49 to 72A.505;

18.3 (15) data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed as part of a payment-only credit, check,  
18.4 or cash transaction where no data about consumers, as defined in section 325O.02, are  
18.5 retained;

18.6 (16) a state or federally chartered bank or credit union, or an affiliate or subsidiary that  
18.7 is principally engaged in financial activities, as described in United States Code, title 12,  
18.8 section 1843(k);

18.9 (17) information that originates from, or is intermingled so as to be indistinguishable  
18.10 from, information described in clause (8) of this paragraph and that a person licensed under  
18.11 chapter 56 collects, processes, uses, or maintains in the same manner as is required under  
18.12 the laws and regulations specified in clause (8) of this paragraph;

18.13 (18) an insurance company, as defined in section 60A.02, subdivision 4, an insurance  
18.14 producer, as defined in section 60K.31, subdivision 6, a third-party administrator of  
18.15 self-insurance, or an affiliate or subsidiary of any of the foregoing that is principally engaged  
18.16 in financial activities, as described in United States Code, title 12, section 1843(k), except  
18.17 that this clause does not apply to a person that, alone or in combination with another person,  
18.18 establishes and maintains a self-insurance program that does not otherwise engage in the  
18.19 business of entering into policies of insurance;

18.20 (19) a small business as defined by the United States Small Business Administration  
18.21 under Code of Federal Regulations, title 13, part 121, except that such a small business is  
18.22 subject to section 325O.075;

18.23 (20) a nonprofit organization that is established to detect and prevent fraudulent acts in  
18.24 connection with insurance; and

18.25 (21) an air carrier subject to the federal Airline Deregulation Act, Public Law 95-504,  
18.26 only to the extent that an air carrier collects personal data related to prices, routes, or services  
18.27 and only to the extent that the provisions of the Airline Deregulation Act preempt the  
18.28 requirements of this chapter.

18.29 (b) Controllers that are in compliance with the Children's Online Privacy Protection Act,  
18.30 United States Code, title 15, sections 6501 to 6506, and its implementing regulations, shall  
18.31 be deemed compliant with any obligation to obtain parental consent under this chapter.

19.1 **Sec. 5. [325O.04] RESPONSIBILITY ACCORDING TO ROLE.**

19.2 (a) Controllers and processors are responsible for meeting their respective obligations  
19.3 established under this chapter.

19.4 (b) Processors are responsible under this chapter for adhering to the instructions of the  
19.5 controller and assisting the controller to meet its obligations under this chapter. Such  
19.6 assistance shall include the following:

19.7 (1) taking into account the nature of the processing, the processor shall assist the controller  
19.8 by appropriate technical and organizational measures, insofar as this is possible, for the  
19.9 fulfillment of the controller's obligation to respond to consumer requests to exercise their  
19.10 rights pursuant to section 325O.05; and

19.11 (2) taking into account the nature of processing and the information available to the  
19.12 processor, the processor shall assist the controller in meeting the controller's obligations in  
19.13 relation to the security of processing the personal data and in relation to the notification of  
19.14 a breach of the security of the system pursuant to section 325E.61, and shall provide  
19.15 information to the controller necessary to enable the controller to conduct and document  
19.16 any data privacy and protection assessments required by section 325O.08.

19.17 (c) A contract between a controller and a processor shall govern the processor's data  
19.18 processing procedures with respect to processing performed on behalf of the controller. The  
19.19 contract shall be binding and clearly set forth instructions for processing data, the nature  
19.20 and purpose of processing, the type of data subject to processing, the duration of processing,  
19.21 and the rights and obligations of both parties. The contract shall also require that the  
19.22 processor:

19.23 (1) ensure that each person processing the personal data is subject to a duty of  
19.24 confidentiality with respect to the data; and

19.25 (2) engage a subcontractor only (i) after providing the controller with an opportunity to  
19.26 object, and (ii) pursuant to a written contract in accordance with paragraph (e) that requires  
19.27 the subcontractor to meet the obligations of the processor with respect to the personal data.

19.28 (d) Taking into account the context of processing, the controller and the processor shall  
19.29 implement appropriate technical and organizational measures to ensure a level of security  
19.30 appropriate to the risk and establish a clear allocation of the responsibilities between the  
19.31 controller and the processor to implement such measures.

19.32 (e) Processing by a processor shall be governed by a contract between the controller and  
19.33 the processor that is binding on both parties and that sets out the processing instructions to

20.1 which the processor is bound, including the nature and purpose of the processing, the type  
20.2 of personal data subject to the processing, the duration of the processing, and the obligations  
20.3 and rights of both parties. In addition, the contract shall include the requirements imposed  
20.4 by this paragraph, paragraphs (c) and (d), as well as the following requirements:

20.5 (1) at the choice of the controller, the processor shall delete or return all personal data  
20.6 to the controller as requested at the end of the provision of services, unless retention of the  
20.7 personal data is required by law;

20.8 (2) upon a reasonable request from the controller, the processor shall make available to  
20.9 the controller all information necessary to demonstrate compliance with the obligations in  
20.10 this chapter; and

20.11 (3) the processor shall allow for, and contribute to, reasonable assessments and inspections  
20.12 by the controller or the controller's designated assessor. Alternatively, the processor may  
20.13 arrange for a qualified and independent assessor to conduct, at least annually and at the  
20.14 processor's expense, an assessment of the processor's policies and technical and organizational  
20.15 measures in support of the obligations under this chapter. The assessor must use an  
20.16 appropriate and accepted control standard or framework and assessment procedure for such  
20.17 assessments as applicable, and shall provide a report of such assessment to the controller  
20.18 upon request.

20.19 (f) In no event shall any contract relieve a controller or a processor from the liabilities  
20.20 imposed on them by virtue of their roles in the processing relationship under this chapter.

20.21 (g) Determining whether a person is acting as a controller or processor with respect to  
20.22 a specific processing of data is a fact-based determination that depends upon the context in  
20.23 which personal data are to be processed. A person that is not limited in the person's processing  
20.24 of personal data pursuant to a controller's instructions, or that fails to adhere to such  
20.25 instructions, is a controller and not a processor with respect to a specific processing of data.  
20.26 A processor that continues to adhere to a controller's instructions with respect to a specific  
20.27 processing of personal data remains a processor. If a processor begins, alone or jointly with  
20.28 others, determining the purposes and means of the processing of personal data, it is a  
20.29 controller with respect to such processing.

20.30 **Sec. 6. [3250.05] CONSUMER PERSONAL DATA RIGHTS.**

20.31 Subdivision 1. **Consumer rights provided.** (a) Except as provided in this chapter, a  
20.32 controller must comply with a request to exercise the consumer rights provided in this  
20.33 subdivision.

21.1 (b) A consumer has the right to confirm whether or not a controller is processing personal  
21.2 data concerning the consumer and access the categories of personal data the controller is  
21.3 processing.

21.4 (c) A consumer has the right to correct inaccurate personal data concerning the consumer,  
21.5 taking into account the nature of the personal data and the purposes of the processing of the  
21.6 personal data.

21.7 (d) A consumer has the right to delete personal data concerning the consumer.

21.8 (e) A consumer has the right to obtain personal data concerning the consumer, which  
21.9 the consumer previously provided to the controller, in a portable and, to the extent technically  
21.10 feasible, readily usable format that allows the consumer to transmit the data to another  
21.11 controller without hindrance, where the processing is carried out by automated means.

21.12 (f) A consumer has the right to opt out of the processing of personal data concerning  
21.13 the consumer for purposes of targeted advertising, the sale of personal data, or profiling in  
21.14 furtherance of automated decisions that produce legal effects concerning a consumer or  
21.15 similarly significant effects concerning a consumer.

21.16 (g) If a consumer's personal data is profiled in furtherance of decisions that produce  
21.17 legal effects concerning a consumer or similarly significant effects concerning a consumer,  
21.18 the consumer has the right to question the result of such profiling, to be informed of the  
21.19 reason that the profiling resulted in the decision, and, if feasible, to be informed of what  
21.20 actions the consumer might have taken to secure a different decision and the actions that  
21.21 the consumer might take to secure a different decision in the future. The consumer has the  
21.22 right to review the consumer's personal data used in the profiling. If the decision is  
21.23 determined to have been based upon inaccurate personal data, taking into account the nature  
21.24 of the personal data and the purposes of the processing of the personal data, the consumer  
21.25 has the right to have the data corrected and the profiling decision reevaluated based upon  
21.26 the corrected data.

21.27 (h) A consumer has a right to obtain a list of the specific third parties to which the  
21.28 controller has disclosed the consumer's personal data. If the controller does not maintain  
21.29 this information in a format specific to the consumer, a list of specific third parties to whom  
21.30 the controller has disclosed any consumers' personal data may be provided instead.

21.31 Subd. 2. **Exercising consumer rights.** (a) A consumer may exercise the rights set forth  
21.32 in this section by submitting a request, at any time, to a controller specifying which rights  
21.33 the consumer wishes to exercise.

22.1 (b) In the case of processing personal data concerning a known child, the parent or legal  
22.2 guardian of the known child may exercise the rights of this chapter on the child's behalf.

22.3 (c) In the case of processing personal data concerning a consumer legally subject to  
22.4 guardianship or conservatorship under sections 524.5-101 to 524.5-502, the guardian or the  
22.5 conservator of the consumer may exercise the rights of this chapter on the consumer's behalf.

22.6 (d) A consumer may designate another person as the consumer's authorized agent to  
22.7 exercise the consumer's right to opt out of the processing of the consumer's personal data  
22.8 for purposes of targeted advertising and sale under subdivision 1, paragraph (f), on the  
22.9 consumer's behalf. A consumer may designate an authorized agent by way of, among other  
22.10 things, a technology, including, but not limited to, an Internet link or a browser setting,  
22.11 browser extension, or global device setting, indicating such consumer's intent to opt out of  
22.12 such processing. A controller shall comply with an opt-out request received from an  
22.13 authorized agent if the controller is able to verify, with commercially reasonable effort, the  
22.14 identity of the consumer and the authorized agent's authority to act on the consumer's behalf.

22.15 Subd. 3. **Universal opt-out mechanisms.** (a) A controller must allow a consumer to opt  
22.16 out of any processing of the consumer's personal data for the purposes of targeted advertising,  
22.17 or any sale of such personal data through an opt-out preference signal sent, with such  
22.18 consumer's consent, by a platform, technology, or mechanism to the controller indicating  
22.19 such consumer's intent to opt out of any such processing or sale. The platform, technology,  
22.20 or mechanism must:

22.21 (1) not unfairly disadvantage another controller;

22.22 (2) not make use of a default setting, but require the consumer to make an affirmative,  
22.23 freely given, and unambiguous choice to opt out of any such processing of the consumer's  
22.24 personal data;

22.25 (3) be consumer-friendly and easy to use by the average consumer;

22.26 (4) be as consistent as possible with any other similar platform, technology, or mechanism  
22.27 required by any federal or state law or regulation; and

22.28 (5) enable the controller to accurately determine whether the consumer is a Minnesota  
22.29 resident and whether the consumer has made a legitimate request to opt out of any sale of  
22.30 such consumer's personal data or targeted advertising. For purposes of this paragraph, the  
22.31 use of an Internet protocol address to estimate the consumer's location is sufficient to  
22.32 determine the consumer's residence.

23.1 (b) If a consumer's opt-out request is exercised through the platform, technology, or  
23.2 mechanism required under paragraph (a), and the request conflicts with the consumer's  
23.3 existing controller-specific privacy setting or voluntary participation in a controller's bona  
23.4 fide loyalty, rewards, premium features, discounts, or club card program, the controller  
23.5 must comply with the consumer's opt-out preference signal but may also notify the consumer  
23.6 of the conflict and provide the consumer a choice to confirm the controller-specific privacy  
23.7 setting or participation in such program.

23.8 (c) The platform, technology, or mechanism required under paragraph (a) is subject to  
23.9 the requirements of subdivision 4.

23.10 (d) A controller that recognizes opt-out preference signals that have been approved by  
23.11 other state laws or regulations is in compliance with this subdivision.

23.12 Subd. 4. **Controller response to consumer requests.** (a) Except as provided in this  
23.13 chapter, a controller must comply with a request to exercise the rights pursuant to subdivision  
23.14 1.

23.15 (b) A controller must provide one or more secure and reliable means for consumers to  
23.16 submit a request to exercise their rights under this section. These means must take into  
23.17 account the ways in which consumers interact with the controller and the need for secure  
23.18 and reliable communication of the requests.

23.19 (c) A controller may not require a consumer to create a new account in order to exercise  
23.20 a right, but a controller may require a consumer to use an existing account to exercise the  
23.21 consumer's rights under this section.

23.22 (d) A controller must comply with a request to exercise the right in subdivision 1,  
23.23 paragraph (f), as soon as feasibly possible, but no later than 45 days of receipt of the request.

23.24 (e) A controller must inform a consumer of any action taken on a request under  
23.25 subdivision 1 without undue delay and in any event within 45 days of receipt of the request.  
23.26 That period may be extended once by 45 additional days where reasonably necessary, taking  
23.27 into account the complexity and number of the requests. The controller must inform the  
23.28 consumer of any such extension within 45 days of receipt of the request, together with the  
23.29 reasons for the delay.

23.30 (f) If a controller does not take action on a consumer's request, the controller must inform  
23.31 the consumer without undue delay and at the latest within 45 days of receipt of the request  
23.32 of the reasons for not taking action and instructions for how to appeal the decision with the  
23.33 controller as described in subdivision 5.

24.1 (g) Information provided under this section must be provided by the controller free of  
24.2 charge, up to twice annually to the consumer. Where requests from a consumer are manifestly  
24.3 unfounded or excessive, in particular because of their repetitive character, the controller  
24.4 may either charge a reasonable fee to cover the administrative costs of complying with the  
24.5 request, or refuse to act on the request. The controller bears the burden of demonstrating  
24.6 the manifestly unfounded or excessive character of the request.

24.7 (h) A controller is not required to comply with a request to exercise any of the rights  
24.8 under subdivision 1, paragraphs (b) to (h), if the controller is unable to authenticate the  
24.9 request using commercially reasonable efforts. In such cases, the controller may request  
24.10 the provision of additional information reasonably necessary to authenticate the request. A  
24.11 controller is not required to authenticate an opt-out request, but a controller may deny an  
24.12 opt-out request if the controller has a good faith, reasonable, and documented belief that  
24.13 such request is fraudulent. If a controller denies an opt-out request because the controller  
24.14 believes such request is fraudulent, the controller must notify the person who made the  
24.15 request that the request was denied due to the controller's belief that the request was  
24.16 fraudulent and state the controller's basis for that belief.

24.17 (i) In response to a consumer request under subdivision 1, a controller must not disclose  
24.18 the following information about a consumer, but must instead inform the consumer with  
24.19 sufficient particularity that it has collected that type of information:

24.20 (1) Social Security number;

24.21 (2) driver's license number or other government-issued identification number;

24.22 (3) financial account number;

24.23 (4) health insurance account number or medical identification number;

24.24 (5) account password, security questions, or answers; or

24.25 (6) biometric data.

24.26 (j) In response to a consumer request under subdivision 1, a controller is not required  
24.27 to reveal any trade secret.

24.28 (k) A controller that has obtained personal data about a consumer from a source other  
24.29 than the consumer may comply with a consumer's request to delete such data pursuant to  
24.30 subdivision 1, paragraph (d), by either:

24.31 (1) retaining a record of the deletion request, retaining the minimum data necessary for  
24.32 the purpose of ensuring the consumer's personal data remains deleted from the business's



25.1 records, and not using the retained data for any other purpose pursuant to the provisions of  
25.2 this chapter; or

25.3 (2) opting the consumer out of the processing of such personal data for any purpose  
25.4 except for those exempted pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.

25.5 Subd. 5. **Appeal process required.** (a) A controller must establish an internal process  
25.6 whereby a consumer may appeal a refusal to take action on a request to exercise any of the  
25.7 rights under subdivision 1 within a reasonable period of time after the consumer's receipt  
25.8 of the notice sent by the controller under subdivision 4, paragraph (f).

25.9 (b) The appeal process must be conspicuously available. The process must include the  
25.10 ease of use provisions in subdivision 3 applicable to submitting requests.

25.11 (c) Within 45 days of receipt of an appeal, a controller must inform the consumer of any  
25.12 action taken or not taken in response to the appeal, along with a written explanation of the  
25.13 reasons in support thereof. That period may be extended by 60 additional days where  
25.14 reasonably necessary, taking into account the complexity and number of the requests serving  
25.15 as the basis for the appeal. The controller must inform the consumer of any such extension  
25.16 within 45 days of receipt of the appeal, together with the reasons for the delay.

25.17 (d) When informing a consumer of any action taken or not taken in response to an appeal  
25.18 pursuant to paragraph (c), the controller must provide a written explanation of the reasons  
25.19 for the controller's decision and clearly and prominently provide the consumer with  
25.20 information about how to file a complaint with the Office of the Attorney General. The  
25.21 controller must maintain records of all such appeals and the controller's responses for at  
25.22 least 24 months and shall, upon written request by the attorney general as part of an  
25.23 investigation, compile and provide a copy of the records to the attorney general.

25.24 Sec. 7. **[3250.06] PROCESSING DEIDENTIFIED DATA OR PSEUDONYMOUS**  
25.25 **DATA.**

25.26 (a) This chapter does not require a controller or processor to do any of the following  
25.27 solely for purposes of complying with this chapter:

25.28 (1) reidentify deidentified data;

25.29 (2) maintain data in identifiable form, or collect, obtain, retain, or access any data or  
25.30 technology, in order to be capable of associating an authenticated consumer request with  
25.31 personal data; or

26.1 (3) comply with an authenticated consumer request to access, correct, delete, or port  
26.2 personal data pursuant to section 325O.05, subdivision 1, if all of the following are true:

26.3 (i) the controller is not reasonably capable of associating the request with the personal  
26.4 data, or it would be unreasonably burdensome for the controller to associate the request  
26.5 with the personal data;

26.6 (ii) the controller does not use the personal data to recognize or respond to the specific  
26.7 consumer who is the subject of the personal data, or associate the personal data with other  
26.8 personal data about the same specific consumer; and

26.9 (iii) the controller does not sell the personal data to any third party or otherwise  
26.10 voluntarily disclose the personal data to any third party other than a processor, except as  
26.11 otherwise permitted in this section.

26.12 (b) The rights contained in section 325O.05, subdivision 1, paragraphs (b) to (h), do not  
26.13 apply to pseudonymous data in cases where the controller is able to demonstrate any  
26.14 information necessary to identify the consumer is kept separately and is subject to effective  
26.15 technical and organizational controls that prevent the controller from accessing such  
26.16 information.

26.17 (c) A controller that uses pseudonymous data or deidentified data must exercise reasonable  
26.18 oversight to monitor compliance with any contractual commitments to which the  
26.19 pseudonymous data or deidentified data are subject, and must take appropriate steps to  
26.20 address any breaches of contractual commitments.

26.21 (d) A processor or third party must not attempt to identify the subjects of deidentified  
26.22 or pseudonymous data without the express authority of the controller that caused the data  
26.23 to be deidentified or pseudonymized.

26.24 (e) A controller, processor, or third party must not attempt to identify the subjects of  
26.25 data that has been collected with only pseudonymous identifiers.

26.26 **Sec. 8. [325O.07] RESPONSIBILITIES OF CONTROLLERS.**

26.27 Subdivision 1. **Transparency obligations.** (a) Controllers must provide consumers with  
26.28 a reasonably accessible, clear, and meaningful privacy notice that includes:

26.29 (1) the categories of personal data processed by the controller;

26.30 (2) the purposes for which the categories of personal data are processed;

27.1 (3) an explanation of the rights contained in section 325O.05 and how and where  
27.2 consumers may exercise those rights, including how a consumer may appeal a controller's  
27.3 action with regard to the consumer's request;

27.4 (4) the categories of personal data that the controller sells to or shares with third parties,  
27.5 if any;

27.6 (5) the categories of third parties, if any, with whom the controller sells or shares personal  
27.7 data;

27.8 (6) the controller's contact information, including an active email address or other online  
27.9 mechanism that the consumer may use to contact the controller;

27.10 (7) a description of the controller's retention policies for personal data;

27.11 (8) the date the privacy notice was last updated.

27.12 (b) If a controller sells personal data to third parties, processes personal data for targeted  
27.13 advertising, or engages in profiling in furtherance of decisions that produce legal effects  
27.14 concerning a consumer or similarly significant effects concerning a consumer, it must  
27.15 disclose such processing in the privacy notice and provide access to a clear and conspicuous  
27.16 method outside the privacy notice for a consumer to opt out of the sale, processing, or  
27.17 profiling in furtherance of such decisions that produce legal effects concerning a consumer  
27.18 or similarly significant effects concerning a consumer. This method may include but is not  
27.19 limited to an internet hyperlink clearly labeled "Your Opt-Out Rights" or "Your Privacy  
27.20 Rights" that directly effectuates the opt-out request or takes consumers to a web page where  
27.21 the consumer can make the opt-out request.

27.22 (c) The privacy notice must be made available to the public in each language in which  
27.23 the controller provides a product or service that is subject to the privacy notice or carries  
27.24 out activities related to such product or service.

27.25 (d) The controller must provide the privacy notice in a manner that is reasonably  
27.26 accessible to and usable by individuals with disabilities.

27.27 (e) Whenever a controller makes a material change to its privacy notice or practices, the  
27.28 controller must notify consumers affected by the material change with respect to any  
27.29 prospectively collected personal data and provide a reasonable opportunity for consumers  
27.30 to withdraw consent to any further materially different collection, processing, or transfer  
27.31 of previously collected personal data under the changed policy. The controller shall take  
27.32 all reasonable electronic measures to provide notification regarding material changes to

28.1 affected consumers, taking into account available technology and the nature of the  
28.2 relationship.

28.3 (f) A controller is not required to provide a separate Minnesota-specific privacy notice  
28.4 or section of a privacy notice if the controller's general privacy notice contains all the  
28.5 information required by this section.

28.6 (g) The privacy notice must be posted online through a conspicuous hyperlink using the  
28.7 word "privacy" on the controller's website home page or on a mobile application's app store  
28.8 page or download page. A controller that maintains an application on a mobile or other  
28.9 device shall also include a hyperlink to the privacy notice in the application's settings menu  
28.10 or in a similarly conspicuous and accessible location. A controller that does not operate a  
28.11 website shall make the privacy notice conspicuously available to consumers through a  
28.12 medium regularly used by the controller to interact with consumers, including but not limited  
28.13 to mail.

28.14 Subd. 2. Use of data. (a) A controller must limit the collection of personal data to what  
28.15 is adequate, relevant, and reasonably necessary in relation to the purposes for which such  
28.16 data are processed, which must be disclosed to the consumer.

28.17 (b) Except as provided in this chapter, a controller may not process personal data for  
28.18 purposes that are not reasonably necessary to, or compatible with, the purposes for which  
28.19 such personal data are processed, as disclosed to the consumer, unless the controller obtains  
28.20 the consumer's consent.

28.21 (c) A controller shall establish, implement, and maintain reasonable administrative,  
28.22 technical, and physical data security practices to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and  
28.23 accessibility of personal data, including the maintenance of an inventory of the data that  
28.24 must be managed to exercise these responsibilities. Such data security practices shall be  
28.25 appropriate to the volume and nature of the personal data at issue.

28.26 (d) Except as otherwise provided in this act, a controller may not process sensitive data  
28.27 concerning a consumer without obtaining the consumer's consent, or, in the case of the  
28.28 processing of personal data concerning a known child, without obtaining consent from the  
28.29 child's parent or lawful guardian, in accordance with the requirement of the Children's  
28.30 Online Privacy Protection Act, United States Code, title 15, sections 6501 to 6506, and its  
28.31 implementing regulations, rules, and exemptions.

28.32 (e) A controller shall provide an effective mechanism for a consumer, or, in the case of  
28.33 the processing of personal data concerning a known child, the child's parent or lawful  
28.34 guardian, to revoke previously given consent under this subdivision. The mechanism provided

29.1 shall be at least as easy as the mechanism by which the consent was previously given. Upon  
29.2 revocation of consent, a controller shall cease to process the applicable data as soon as  
29.3 practicable, but not later than 15 days after the receipt of such request.

29.4 (f) A controller may not process the personal data of a consumer for purposes of targeted  
29.5 advertising, or sell the consumer's personal data, without the consumer's consent, under  
29.6 circumstances where the controller knows that the consumer is between the ages of 13 and  
29.7 16.

29.8 (g) A controller may not retain personal data that is no longer relevant and reasonably  
29.9 necessary in relation to the purposes for which such data were collected and processed,  
29.10 unless retention of the data is otherwise required by law or permitted under section 325O.09.

29.11 Subd. 3. **Nondiscrimination.** (a) A controller shall not process personal data on the  
29.12 basis of a consumer's or a class of consumers' actual or perceived race, color, ethnicity,  
29.13 religion, national origin, sex, gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, familial status,  
29.14 lawful source of income, or disability in a manner that unlawfully discriminates against the  
29.15 consumer or class of consumers with respect to the offering or provision of: housing,  
29.16 employment, credit, or education; or the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages,  
29.17 or accommodations of any place of public accommodation.

29.18 (b) A controller may not discriminate against a consumer for exercising any of the rights  
29.19 contained in this chapter, including denying goods or services to the consumer, charging  
29.20 different prices or rates for goods or services, and providing a different level of quality of  
29.21 goods and services to the consumer. This subdivision does not: (1) require a controller to  
29.22 provide a good or service that requires the consumer's personal data that the controller does  
29.23 not collect or maintain; or (2) prohibit a controller from offering a different price, rate, level,  
29.24 quality, or selection of goods or services to a consumer, including offering goods or services  
29.25 for no fee, if the offering is in connection with a consumer's voluntary participation in a  
29.26 bona fide loyalty, rewards, premium features, discounts, or club card program.

29.27 (c) A controller may not sell personal data to a third-party controller as part of a bona  
29.28 fide loyalty, rewards, premium features, discounts, or club card program under paragraph  
29.29 (b) unless:

29.30 (1) the sale is reasonably necessary to enable the third party to provide a benefit to which  
29.31 the consumer is entitled;

29.32 (2) the sale of personal data to third parties is clearly disclosed in the terms of the  
29.33 program; and

30.1 (3) the third party uses the personal data only for purposes of facilitating such a benefit  
30.2 to which the consumer is entitled and does not retain or otherwise use or disclose the personal  
30.3 data for any other purpose.

30.4 Subd. 4. **Waiver of rights unenforceable.** Any provision of a contract or agreement of  
30.5 any kind that purports to waive or limit in any way a consumer's rights under this chapter  
30.6 shall be deemed contrary to public policy and shall be void and unenforceable.

30.7 **Sec. 9. [3250.075] REQUIREMENTS FOR SMALL BUSINESSES.**

30.8 (a) A small business, as defined by the United States Small Business Administration  
30.9 under Code of Federal Regulations, title 13, part 121, that conducts business in Minnesota  
30.10 or produces products or services that are targeted to residents of Minnesota, must not sell  
30.11 a consumer's sensitive data without the consumer's prior consent.

30.12 (b) Penalties and attorney general enforcement procedures under section 3250.10 apply  
30.13 to a small business that violates this section.

30.14 **Sec. 10. [3250.08] DATA PRIVACY POLICIES AND DATA PRIVACY AND**  
30.15 **PROTECTION ASSESSMENTS.**

30.16 (a) A controller must document and maintain a description of the policies and procedures  
30.17 it has adopted to comply with this chapter. The description must include, where applicable:

30.18 (1) the name and contact information for the controller's chief privacy officer or other  
30.19 individual with primary responsibility for directing the policies and procedures implemented  
30.20 to comply with the provisions of this chapter; and

30.21 (2) a description of the controller's data privacy policies and procedures which reflect  
30.22 the requirements in section 3250.07, and any policies and procedures designed to:

30.23 (i) reflect the requirements of this act in the design of its systems;

30.24 (ii) identify and provide personal data to a consumer as required by this act;

30.25 (iii) establish, implement, and maintain reasonable administrative, technical, and physical  
30.26 data security practices to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and accessibility of personal  
30.27 data, including the maintenance of an inventory of the data that must be managed to exercise  
30.28 these responsibilities;

30.29 (iv) limit the collection of personal data to what is adequate, relevant, and reasonably  
30.30 necessary in relation to the purposes for which such data are processed;

31.1 (v) prevent the retention of personal data that is no longer relevant and reasonably  
31.2 necessary in relation to the purposes for which such data were collected and processed,  
31.3 unless retention of the data is otherwise required by law or permitted under section 325O.09;  
31.4 and

31.5 (vi) identify and remediate violations of this act.

31.6 (b) A controller must conduct and document a data privacy and protection assessment  
31.7 for each of the following processing activities involving personal data:

31.8 (1) the processing of personal data for purposes of targeted advertising;

31.9 (2) the sale of personal data;

31.10 (3) the processing of sensitive data;

31.11 (4) any processing activities involving personal data that present a heightened risk of  
31.12 harm to consumers; and

31.13 (5) the processing of personal data for purposes of profiling, where such profiling presents  
31.14 a reasonably foreseeable risk of:

31.15 (i) unfair or deceptive treatment of, or disparate impact on, consumers;

31.16 (ii) financial, physical, or reputational injury to consumers;

31.17 (iii) a physical or other intrusion upon the solitude or seclusion, or the private affairs or  
31.18 concerns, of consumers, where such intrusion would be offensive to a reasonable person;

31.19 or

31.20 (iv) other substantial injury to consumers.

31.21 (c) A data privacy and protection assessment must take into account the type of personal  
31.22 data to be processed by the controller, including the extent to which the personal data are  
31.23 sensitive data, and the context in which the personal data are to be processed.

31.24 (d) A data privacy and protection assessment must identify and weigh the benefits that  
31.25 may flow directly and indirectly from the processing to the controller, consumer, other  
31.26 stakeholders, and the public against the potential risks to the rights of the consumer associated  
31.27 with such processing, as mitigated by safeguards that can be employed by the controller to  
31.28 reduce such risks. The use of deidentified data and the reasonable expectations of consumers,  
31.29 as well as the context of the processing and the relationship between the controller and the  
31.30 consumer whose personal data will be processed, must be factored into this assessment by  
31.31 the controller.

32.1 (e) A data privacy and protection assessment must include the description of policies  
32.2 and procedures required by paragraph (a).

32.3 (f) As part of a civil investigative demand, the attorney general may request, in writing,  
32.4 that a controller disclose any data privacy and protection assessment that is relevant to an  
32.5 investigation conducted by the attorney general. The controller must make a data privacy  
32.6 and protection assessment available to the attorney general upon such a request. The attorney  
32.7 general may evaluate the data privacy and protection assessments for compliance with this  
32.8 chapter . Data privacy and protection assessments are classified as nonpublic data, as defined  
32.9 by section 13.02, subdivision 9. The disclosure of a data privacy and protection assessment  
32.10 pursuant to a request from the attorney general under this paragraph does not constitute a  
32.11 waiver of the attorney-client privilege or work product protection with respect to the  
32.12 assessment and any information contained in the assessment.

32.13 (g) Data privacy and protection assessments or risk assessments conducted by a controller  
32.14 for the purpose of compliance with other laws or regulations may qualify under this section  
32.15 if they have a similar scope and effect.

32.16 (h) A single data protection assessment may address multiple sets of comparable  
32.17 processing operations that include similar activities.

32.18 Sec. 11. **[3250.09] LIMITATIONS AND APPLICABILITY.**

32.19 (a) The obligations imposed on controllers or processors under this chapter do not restrict  
32.20 a controller's or a processor's ability to:

32.21 (1) comply with federal, state, or local laws, rules, or regulations, including but not  
32.22 limited to data retention requirements in state or federal law notwithstanding a consumer's  
32.23 request to delete personal data;

32.24 (2) comply with a civil, criminal, or regulatory inquiry, investigation, subpoena, or  
32.25 summons by federal, state, local, or other governmental authorities;

32.26 (3) cooperate with law enforcement agencies concerning conduct or activity that the  
32.27 controller or processor reasonably and in good faith believes may violate federal, state, or  
32.28 local laws, rules, or regulations;

32.29 (4) investigate, establish, exercise, prepare for, or defend legal claims;

32.30 (5) provide a product or service specifically requested by a consumer, perform a contract  
32.31 to which the consumer is a party, including fulfilling the terms of a written warranty, or  
32.32 take steps at the request of the consumer prior to entering into a contract;



33.1 (6) take immediate steps to protect an interest that is essential for the life or physical  
33.2 safety of the consumer or of another natural person, and where the processing cannot be  
33.3 manifestly based on another legal basis;

33.4 (7) prevent, detect, protect against, or respond to security incidents, identity theft, fraud,  
33.5 harassment, malicious or deceptive activities, or any illegal activity; preserve the integrity  
33.6 or security of systems; or investigate, report, or prosecute those responsible for any such  
33.7 action;

33.8 (8) assist another controller, processor, or third party with any of the obligations under  
33.9 this paragraph;

33.10 (9) engage in public or peer-reviewed scientific, historical, or statistical research in the  
33.11 public interest that adheres to all other applicable ethics and privacy laws and is approved,  
33.12 monitored, and governed by an institutional review board, human subjects research ethics  
33.13 review board, or a similar independent oversight entity which has determined that:

33.14 (i) the research is likely to provide substantial benefits that do not exclusively accrue to  
33.15 the controller;

33.16 (ii) the expected benefits of the research outweigh the privacy risks; and

33.17 (iii) the controller has implemented reasonable safeguards to mitigate privacy risks  
33.18 associated with research, including any risks associated with reidentification; or

33.19 (10) process personal data for the benefit of the public in the areas of public health,  
33.20 community health, or population health, but only to the extent that such processing is:

33.21 (i) subject to suitable and specific measures to safeguard the rights of the consumer  
33.22 whose personal data is being processed; and

33.23 (ii) under the responsibility of a professional individual who is subject to confidentiality  
33.24 obligations under federal, state, or local law.

33.25 (b) The obligations imposed on controllers or processors under this chapter do not restrict  
33.26 a controller's or processor's ability to collect, use, or retain data to:

33.27 (1) effectuate a product recall or identify and repair technical errors that impair existing  
33.28 or intended functionality;

33.29 (2) perform internal operations that are reasonably aligned with the expectations of the  
33.30 consumer based on the consumer's existing relationship with the controller, or are otherwise  
33.31 compatible with processing in furtherance of the provision of a product or service specifically

34.1 requested by a consumer or the performance of a contract to which the consumer is a party  
34.2 ; or

34.3 (3) conduct internal research to develop, improve, or repair products, services, or  
34.4 technology.

34.5 (c) The obligations imposed on controllers or processors under this chapter do not apply  
34.6 where compliance by the controller or processor with this chapter would violate an  
34.7 evidentiary privilege under Minnesota law and do not prevent a controller or processor from  
34.8 providing personal data concerning a consumer to a person covered by an evidentiary  
34.9 privilege under Minnesota law as part of a privileged communication.

34.10 (d) A controller or processor that discloses personal data to a third-party controller or  
34.11 processor in compliance with the requirements of this chapter is not in violation of this  
34.12 chapter if the recipient processes such personal data in violation of this chapter, provided  
34.13 that, at the time of disclosing the personal data, the disclosing controller or processor did  
34.14 not have actual knowledge that the recipient intended to commit a violation. A third-party  
34.15 controller or processor receiving personal data from a controller or processor in compliance  
34.16 with the requirements of this chapter is likewise not in violation of this chapter for the  
34.17 obligations of the controller or processor from which it receives such personal data.

34.18 (e) Obligations imposed on controllers and processors under this chapter shall not:

34.19 (1) adversely affect the rights or freedoms of any persons, such as exercising the right  
34.20 of free speech pursuant to the First Amendment of the United States Constitution; or

34.21 (2) apply to the processing of personal data by a natural person in the course of a purely  
34.22 personal or household activity.

34.23 (f) Personal data that are processed by a controller pursuant to this section may be  
34.24 processed solely to the extent that such processing is:

34.25 (1) necessary, reasonable, and proportionate to the purposes listed in this section;

34.26 (2) adequate, relevant, and limited to what is necessary in relation to the specific purpose  
34.27 or purposes listed in this section; and

34.28 (3) insofar as possible, taking into account the nature and purpose of processing the  
34.29 personal data, subjected to reasonable administrative, technical, and physical measures to  
34.30 protect the confidentiality, integrity, and accessibility of the personal data, and to reduce  
34.31 reasonably foreseeable risks of harm to consumers.

35.1 (g) If a controller processes personal data pursuant to an exemption in this section, the  
35.2 controller bears the burden of demonstrating that such processing qualifies for the exemption  
35.3 and complies with the requirements in paragraph (f).

35.4 (h) Processing personal data solely for the purposes expressly identified in paragraph  
35.5 (a), clauses (1) to (7), does not, by itself, make an entity a controller with respect to such  
35.6 processing.

35.7 **Sec. 12. [3250.10] ATTORNEY GENERAL ENFORCEMENT.**

35.8 (a) In the event that a controller or processor violates this chapter, the attorney general,  
35.9 prior to filing an enforcement action under paragraph (b), must provide the controller or  
35.10 processor with a warning letter identifying the specific provisions of this chapter the attorney  
35.11 general alleges have been or are being violated. If, after 30 days of issuance of the warning  
35.12 letter, the attorney general believes the controller or processor has failed to cure any alleged  
35.13 violation, the attorney general may bring an enforcement action under paragraph (b). This  
35.14 paragraph expires January 31, 2026.

35.15 (b) The attorney general may bring a civil action against a controller or processor to  
35.16 enforce a provision of this chapter in accordance with section 8.31. If the state prevails in  
35.17 an action to enforce this chapter, the state may, in addition to penalties provided by paragraph  
35.18 (c) or other remedies provided by law, be allowed an amount determined by the court to be  
35.19 the reasonable value of all or part of the state's litigation expenses incurred.

35.20 (c) Any controller or processor that violates this chapter is subject to an injunction and  
35.21 liable for a civil penalty of not more than \$7,500 for each violation.

35.22 (d) Nothing in this chapter establishes a private right of action, including under section  
35.23 8.31, subdivision 3a, for a violation of this chapter or any other law.

35.24 **Sec. 13. [3250.11] PREEMPTION OF LOCAL LAW; SEVERABILITY.**

35.25 (a) This chapter supersedes and preempts laws, ordinances, regulations, or the equivalent  
35.26 adopted by any local government regarding the processing of personal data by controllers  
35.27 or processors.

35.28 (b) If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held  
35.29 invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or  
35.30 circumstances is not affected.

36.1 Sec. 14. EFFECTIVE DATE.

36.2 This act is effective July 31, 2025, except that postsecondary institutions regulated by  
36.3 the Office of Higher Education are not required to comply with this act until July 31, 2029."

36.4 Delete the title and insert:

36.5 "A bill for an act  
36.6 relating to commerce; state government; consumer rights; modifying fees assessed  
36.7 by the Department of Commerce; modifying appropriations to the Office of  
36.8 Cannabis Management; giving various rights to consumers regarding personal  
36.9 data; placing obligations on certain businesses regarding consumer data; providing  
36.10 for enforcement by the attorney general; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022,  
36.11 sections 45.0135, subdivision 7; 62Q.73, subdivision 3; Minnesota Statutes 2023  
36.12 Supplement, sections 144.197; 342.15, by adding a subdivision; 342.72; Laws  
36.13 2023, chapter 63, article 9, sections 10; 19; 20; proposing coding for new law in  
36.14 Minnesota Statutes, chapter 13; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota  
36.15 Statutes, chapter 325O."