1.1	moves to amend H.F. No. 2437 as follows:
1.2	Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:
1.3	"ARTICLE 1
1.4	INDIVIDUAL INCOME AND CORPORATE FRANCHISE TAXES
1.5	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 10A.02, subdivision 11b, is amended to read:
1.6	Subd. 11b. Data privacy related to electronic reporting system. (a) The board may
1.7	develop and maintain systems to enable treasurers to enter and store electronic records
1.8	online for the purpose of complying with this chapter. Data entered into such systems by
1.9	treasurers or their authorized agents is not government data under chapter 13 and may not
1.10	be accessed or used by the board for any purpose without the treasurer's written consent.
1.11	Data from such systems that has been submitted to the board as a filed report is government
1.12	data under chapter 13.
1.13	(b) For purposes of administering the refund under section 290.06, subdivision 23, the
1.14	board may access or use the following data entered and stored in an electronic reporting
1.15	system and share the data with the commissioner of revenue: (1) the amount of the
1.16	contribution; (2) the name and address of the person requesting the refund; (3) any unique
1.17	identifier for the contribution; (4) the name and campaign identification number of the party
1.18	or candidate that received the contribution; and (5) the date on which the contribution was
1.19	received. Data accessed, used, or maintained by the board under this paragraph is private
1.20	data on individuals, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12.
1.21	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective January 1, 2027.

2.1	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 10A.322, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
2.2	Subd. 4. Refund receipt forms receipts; penalty. (a) The board must make available
2.3	to a political party on request and to any candidate for whom an agreement under this section
2.4	is effective, a supply of official electronic refund receipt forms receipts that state in boldface
2.5	type that:
2.6	(1) a contributor who is given a receipt form is eligible to claim a refund as provided in
2.7	section 290.06, subdivision 23; and
2.8	(2) if the contribution is to a candidate, that the candidate has signed an agreement to
2.9	limit campaign expenditures as provided in this section.
2.10	The forms must provide duplicate copies of the receipt to be attached to the contributor's
2.11	elaim. An electronic receipt must only be issued for a contribution of \$10 or more. Each
2.12	receipt must include a unique receipt validation number that allows the commissioner of
2.13	revenue to verify the information on the receipt with the Campaign Finance Board. A
2.14	political party or candidate may provide a printed copy of the electronic receipt to the
2.15	contributor.
2.16	(b) At least once a week, the board must provide the commissioner of revenue a receipt
2.17	validation report. For each contribution reported to the board during the week, the report
2.18	must include:
2.19	(1) the date and amount of the contribution;
2.20	(2) the name and address of the contributor;
2.21	(3) the name and campaign identification number of the party or candidate that received
2.22	the contribution; and
2.23	(4) the receipt validation number assigned to the contribution.
2.24	(b) (c) The willful issuance of an official refund receipt form or a facsimile of one to
2.25	any of the candidate's contributors by a candidate or treasurer of a candidate who did not
2.26	sign an agreement under this section is subject to a civil penalty of up to \$3,000 imposed
2.27	by the board.
2.28	(c) (d) The willful issuance of an official refund receipt form or a facsimile to an
2.29	individual not eligible to claim a refund under section 290.06, subdivision 23, is subject to
2.30	a civil penalty of up to \$3,000 imposed by the board.
2.31	(d) (e) A violation of paragraph (b) (c) or (c) (d) is a misdemeanor.

05/04/25 REVISOR EAP/NS A25-0075 (f) A receipt validation report and a receipt validation number prepared pursuant to this 3.1 section are private data on individuals, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12. 3.2 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for contributions made after December 3.3 31, 2026. 3.4 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 41B.0391, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 3.5 Subd. 4. Authority duties. (a) The authority shall: 3.6 (1) approve and certify or recertify beginning farmers as eligible for the program under 3.7 this section; 3.8 (2) approve and certify or recertify owners of agricultural assets as eligible for the tax 3.9 credit under subdivision 2 subject to the allocation limits in paragraph (c); 3.10 (3) provide necessary and reasonable assistance and support to beginning farmers for 3.11 qualification and participation in financial management programs approved by the authority; 3.12 (4) refer beginning farmers to agencies and organizations that may provide additional 3.13 pertinent information and assistance; and 3.14 (5) notwithstanding section 41B.211, the Rural Finance Authority must share information 3.15 with the commissioner of revenue to the extent necessary to administer provisions under 3.16 3.17 this subdivision and section 290.06, subdivisions 37 and 38. The Rural Finance Authority must annually notify the commissioner of revenue of approval and certification or 3.18 recertification of beginning farmers and owners of agricultural assets under this section. 3.19 For credits under subdivision 2, the notification must include the amount of credit approved 3.20 by the authority and stated on the credit certificate. 3.21 (b) The certification of a beginning farmer or an owner of agricultural assets under this 3.22 section is valid for the year of the certification and the two following years, after which 3.23 time the beginning farmer or owner of agricultural assets must apply to the authority for 3 24 recertification. 3.25 (c) For credits for owners of agricultural assets allowed under subdivision 2, the authority 3.26 must not allocate more than \$6,500,000 for taxable years beginning after December 31, 3.27 2022, and before January 1, 2024, and \$4,000,000 for each taxable years beginning after 3.28 December 31, 2023 year. The authority must allocate credits on a first-come, first-served 3.29 basis beginning on January 1 of each year, except that recertifications for the second and 3.30 third years of credits under subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2), have first 3.31 priority. Any amount authorized but not allocated for taxable years ending before January 3.32

4.1	1, 2023, is canceled and is not allocated for future taxable years. For taxable years beginning
4.2	after December 31, 2022, Any amount authorized but not allocated in any taxable year does
4.3	not cancel and is added to the allocation for the next taxable year. For each taxable year,
4.4	50 percent of newly allocated credits must be allocated to emerging farmers. Any portion
4.5	of a taxable year's newly allocated credits that is reserved for emerging farmers that is not
4.6	allocated by September 30 May 31 of the taxable year is available for allocation to other
4.7	credit allocations beginning on October June 1.
4.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
4.9	<u>31, 2024.</u>
4.10	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 270C.445, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
4.11	Subd. 3. Standards of conduct. No tax preparer shall:
4.12	(1) without good cause fail to promptly, diligently, and without unreasonable delay
4.13	complete a client's return;
4.14	(2) obtain the signature of a client to a return or authorizing document that contains
4.15	blank spaces to be filled in after it has been signed;
4.16	(3) fail to sign a client's return when compensation for services rendered has been made;
4.17	(4) fail to provide on a client's return the preparer tax identification number when required
4.18	under section 6109(a)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code or section 289A.60, subdivision 28;
4.19	(5) fail or refuse to give a client a copy of any document requiring the client's signature
4.20	within a reasonable time after the client signs the document;
4.21	(6) fail to retain for at least four years a copy of a client's returns;
4.22	(7) fail to maintain a confidential relationship with clients or former clients;
4.23	(8) fail to take commercially reasonable measures to safeguard a client's nonpublic
4.24	personal information;
4.25	(9) make, authorize, publish, disseminate, circulate, or cause to make, either directly or
4.26	indirectly, any false, deceptive, or misleading statement or representation relating to or in
4.27	connection with the offering or provision of tax preparation services;
4.28	(10) require a client to enter into a loan arrangement in order to complete a client's return;
4.29	(11) claim credits or deductions on a client's return for which the tax preparer knows or
4.30	reasonably should know the client does not qualify;

5.1	(12) report a household income on a client's claim filed under chapter 290A that the tax
5.2	preparer knows or reasonably should know is not accurate;
5.3	(13) engage in any conduct that is subject to a penalty under section 289A.60, subdivision
5.4	13, 20, 20a, 26, or 28;
5.5	(14) whether or not acting as a taxpayer representative, fail to conform to the standards
5.6	of conduct required by Minnesota Rules, part 8052.0300, subpart 4;
5.7	(15) whether or not acting as a taxpayer representative, engage in any conduct that is
5.8	incompetent conduct under Minnesota Rules, part 8052.0300, subpart 5;
5.9	(16) whether or not acting as a taxpayer representative, engage in any conduct that is
5.10	disreputable conduct under Minnesota Rules, part 8052.0300, subpart 6;
5.11	(17) charge, offer to accept, or accept a fee based upon a percentage of an anticipated
5.12	refund for tax preparation services;
5.13	(18) under any circumstances, withhold or fail to return to a client a document provided
5.14	by the client for use in preparing the client's return;
5.15	(19) take control or ownership of a client's refund by any means, including:
5.16	(i) directly or indirectly endorsing or otherwise negotiating a check or other refund
5.17	instrument, including an electronic version of a check;
5.18	(ii) directing an electronic or direct deposit of the refund into an account unless the
5.19	client's name is on the account; and
5.20	(iii) establishing or using an account in the preparer's name to receive a client's refund
5.21	through a direct deposit or any other instrument unless the client's name is also on the
5.22	account, except that a taxpayer may assign the portion of a refund representing the Minnesota
5.23	education credit available under section 290.0674 to a bank account without the client's
5.24	name, as provided under section 290.0679;
5.25	(20) fail to act in the best interests of the client;
5.26	(21) fail to safeguard and account for any money handled for the client;
5.27	(22) fail to disclose all material facts of which the preparer has knowledge which might
5.28	reasonably affect the client's rights and interests;
5.29	(23) violate any provision of section 332.37;
5.30	(24) include any of the following in any document provided or signed in connection
5.31	with the provision of tax preparation services:

6.1	(i) a hold harmless clause;
6.2	(ii) a confession of judgment or a power of attorney to confess judgment against the
6.3	client or appear as the client in any judicial proceeding;
6.4	(iii) a waiver of the right to a jury trial, if applicable, in any action brought by or against
6.5	a debtor;
6.6	(iv) an assignment of or an order for payment of wages or other compensation for
6.7	services;
6.8	(v) a provision in which the client agrees not to assert any claim or defense otherwise
6.9	available;
6.10	(vi) a waiver of any provision of this section or a release of any obligation required to
6.11	be performed on the part of the tax preparer; or
6.12	(vii) a waiver of the right to injunctive, declaratory, or other equitable relief or relief on
6.13	a class basis; or
6.14	(25) if making, providing, or facilitating a refund anticipation loan, fail to provide all
6.15	disclosures required by the federal Truth in Lending Act, United States Code, title 15, in a
	form that may be retained by the client.
6.16	form that may be retained by the cheft.
6.16 6.17	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
6.17	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
6.17 6.18 6.19	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2025. Sec. 5. [289A.081] DIRECT FREE FILING OF INDIVIDUAL RETURNS.
<ul><li>6.17</li><li>6.18</li><li>6.19</li><li>6.20</li></ul>	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2025. Sec. 5. [289A.081] DIRECT FREE FILING OF INDIVIDUAL RETURNS. (a) The commissioner must establish an electronic filing system through which taxpayers
<ul><li>6.17</li><li>6.18</li><li>6.19</li></ul>	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2025. Sec. 5. [289A.081] DIRECT FREE FILING OF INDIVIDUAL RETURNS. (a) The commissioner must establish an electronic filing system through which taxpayers may directly file an electronic individual income tax return free of charge. The commissioner
<ul><li>6.17</li><li>6.18</li><li>6.19</li><li>6.20</li><li>6.21</li></ul>	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2025. Sec. 5. [289A.081] DIRECT FREE FILING OF INDIVIDUAL RETURNS. (a) The commissioner must establish an electronic filing system through which taxpayers may directly file an electronic individual income tax return free of charge. The commissioner may contract with a software vendor to develop the filing system required under this section,
<ul> <li>6.17</li> <li>6.18</li> <li>6.19</li> <li>6.20</li> <li>6.21</li> <li>6.22</li> </ul>	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2025. Sec. 5. [289A.081] DIRECT FREE FILING OF INDIVIDUAL RETURNS. (a) The commissioner must establish an electronic filing system through which taxpayers may directly file an electronic individual income tax return free of charge. The commissioner
<ul> <li>6.17</li> <li>6.18</li> <li>6.19</li> <li>6.20</li> <li>6.21</li> <li>6.22</li> <li>6.23</li> </ul>	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2025. Sec. 5. [289A.081] DIRECT FREE FILING OF INDIVIDUAL RETURNS. (a) The commissioner must establish an electronic filing system through which taxpayers may directly file an electronic individual income tax return free of charge. The commissioner may contract with a software vendor to develop the filing system required under this section, but the vendor must not offer paid tax preparation services for Minnesota individual income
<ul> <li>6.17</li> <li>6.18</li> <li>6.19</li> <li>6.20</li> <li>6.21</li> <li>6.22</li> <li>6.23</li> <li>6.24</li> </ul>	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2025. Sec. 5. [289A.081] DIRECT FREE FILING OF INDIVIDUAL RETURNS. (a) The commissioner must establish an electronic filing system through which taxpayers may directly file an electronic individual income tax return free of charge. The commissioner may contract with a software vendor to develop the filing system required under this section, but the vendor must not offer paid tax preparation services for Minnesota individual income taxpayers for tax years that the system is active, and the filing system must be made available
<ul> <li>6.17</li> <li>6.18</li> <li>6.19</li> <li>6.20</li> <li>6.21</li> <li>6.22</li> <li>6.23</li> <li>6.24</li> <li>6.25</li> </ul>	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2025. Sec. 5. [289A.081] DIRECT FREE FILING OF INDIVIDUAL RETURNS. (a) The commissioner must establish an electronic filing system through which taxpayers may directly file an electronic individual income tax return free of charge. The commissioner may contract with a software vendor to develop the filing system required under this section, but the vendor must not offer paid tax preparation services for Minnesota individual income taxpayers for tax years that the system is active, and the filing system must be made available on the Department of Revenue website.
<ul> <li>6.17</li> <li>6.18</li> <li>6.19</li> <li>6.20</li> <li>6.21</li> <li>6.22</li> <li>6.23</li> <li>6.24</li> <li>6.25</li> <li>6.26</li> </ul>	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2025. Sec. 5. [289A.081] DIRECT FREE FILING OF INDIVIDUAL RETURNS. (a) The commissioner must establish an electronic filing system through which taxpayers may directly file an electronic individual income tax return free of charge. The commissioner may contract with a software vendor to develop the filing system required under this section, but the vendor must not offer paid tax preparation services for Minnesota individual income taxpayers for tax years that the system is active, and the filing system must be made available on the Department of Revenue website. (b) To the extent feasible, the commissioner must coordinate the state filing system
<ul> <li>6.17</li> <li>6.18</li> <li>6.19</li> <li>6.20</li> <li>6.21</li> <li>6.22</li> <li>6.23</li> <li>6.24</li> <li>6.25</li> <li>6.26</li> <li>6.27</li> </ul>	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2025. Sec. 5. [289A.081] DIRECT FREE FILING OF INDIVIDUAL RETURNS. (a) The commissioner must establish an electronic filing system through which taxpayers may directly file an electronic individual income tax return free of charge. The commissioner may contract with a software vendor to develop the filing system required under this section, but the vendor must not offer paid tax preparation services for Minnesota individual income taxpayers for tax years that the system is active, and the filing system must be made available on the Department of Revenue website. (b) To the extent feasible, the commissioner must coordinate the state filing system under this section with any direct file systems established for filing federal tax returns.
<ul> <li>6.17</li> <li>6.18</li> <li>6.19</li> <li>6.20</li> <li>6.21</li> <li>6.22</li> <li>6.23</li> <li>6.24</li> <li>6.25</li> <li>6.26</li> <li>6.27</li> <li>6.28</li> </ul>	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2025. Sec. 5. [289A.081] DIRECT FREE FILING OF INDIVIDUAL RETURNS. (a) The commissioner must establish an electronic filing system through which taxpayers may directly file an electronic individual income tax return free of charge. The commissioner may contract with a software vendor to develop the filing system required under this section, but the vendor must not offer paid tax preparation services for Minnesota individual income taxpayers for tax years that the system is active, and the filing system must be made available on the Department of Revenue website. (b) To the extent feasible, the commissioner must coordinate the state filing system under this section with any direct file systems established for filing federal tax returns. (c) The commissioner must make the system required under this section available for

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7.1	(2) the education credit under section 290.0674;
7.2	(3) the child and working family credits under sections 290.0661 and 290.0671;
7.3	(4) the dependent care credit under section 290.067;
7.4	(5) the student loan credit under section 290.0682; and
7.5	(6) the renter's credit under section 290.0693.
7.6	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
7.7 7.8	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 290.0132, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
7.9	Subd. 36. Discharges of indebtedness; coerced debt. The amount of discharge of
7.10	indebtedness awarded to a claimant under section 332.74, subdivision 3, is a subtraction.
7.11	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
7.12	<u>31, 2024.</u>
7.13	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 290.0132, is amended by adding a subdivision
7.14	to read:
7.15	Subd. 37. Student loan education assistance paid by critical access dental clinics. (a)
7.16	The amount of student loan educational assistance payments that is received from a critical
7.17	access dental clinic is a subtraction.
7.18	(b) For the purposes of this subdivision, the following terms have the meanings given.
7.19	(c) "Critical access dental clinic" means a dentist or dental clinic that is designated as a
7.20	critical access dental provider under section 256B.76, subdivision 4.
7.21	(d) "Student loan educational assistance payments" means payments by an employer on
7.22	the education loan of an employee that are included in the definition of educational assistance
7.23	under section 127(c)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, disregarding the expiration of
7.24	that clause. Student loan educational assistance payments are limited to amounts not excluded
7.25	from gross income under section 127(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code.
7.26	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
7.27	<u>31, 2025.</u>

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8.1 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 290.06, subdivision 23, is amended to read:

- 8.2 Subd. 23. **Refund of contributions to political parties and candidates.** (a) A taxpayer 8.3 may claim a refund equal to the amount of the taxpayer's contributions made in the calendar 8.4 year to candidates and to a political party. The maximum total refund per calendar year for 8.5 an individual must not exceed \$75 and for a married couple, filing jointly, must not exceed 8.6 \$150. The commissioner must not issue a refund, whether in one payment or in aggregate, 8.7 to a taxpayer that exceeds the maximum refund amounts specified in this subdivision. A 8.8 refund of a contribution is allowed only if the taxpayer files:
- 8.9 (1) a form required by the commissioner and attaches to the form a copy of an official
  8.10 refund receipt form issued by the candidate or party and signed by the candidate, the treasurer
  8.11 of the candidate's principal campaign committee, or the chair or treasurer of the party unit,
  8.12 after the contribution was received. The receipt forms must be numbered, and the data on
  8.13 the receipt that are not public must be made available to the campaign finance and public
  8.14 disclosure board upon its request; or
- 8.15 (2) a claim using the electronic filing system authorized in paragraph (i).
- 8.16 The form or claim must include one or more unique receipt validation numbers from receipts
  8.17 issued pursuant to section 10A.322, subdivision 4.
- 8.18 (b) A claim must be filed with the commissioner no sooner than January 1 of the calendar
  8.19 year in which the contribution was made and no later than April 15 of the calendar year
  8.20 following the calendar year in which the contribution was made. A taxpayer may file only
  8.21 one claim per calendar year. A claim must be for a minimum of \$10. Amounts paid by the
  8.22 commissioner after June 15 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the
  8.23 contribution was made must include interest at the rate specified in section 270C.405.
- 8.24 (b) (c) No refund is allowed under this subdivision for a contribution to a candidate
  8.25 unless the candidate:
- 8.26 (1) has signed an agreement to limit campaign expenditures as provided in section
  8.27 10A.322;
- 8.28 (2) is seeking an office for which voluntary spending limits are specified in section
  8.29 10A.25; and
- 8.30 (3) has designated a principal campaign committee.

8.31 This subdivision does not limit the campaign expenditures of a candidate who does not
8.32 sign an agreement but accepts a contribution for which the contributor improperly claims
8.33 a refund.

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9.1	(c) (d) For purposes of this subdivision, "political party" means a major political party
9.2	as defined in section 200.02, subdivision 7, or a minor political party qualifying for inclusion
9.3	on the income tax or property tax refund form under section 10A.31, subdivision 3a.
9.4	A "major party" or "minor party" includes the aggregate of that party's organization
9.5	within each house of the legislature, the state party organization, and the party organization
9.6	within congressional districts, counties, legislative districts, municipalities, and precincts.
9.7	"Candidate" means a candidate as defined in section 10A.01, subdivision 10, except a
9.8	candidate for judicial office.
9.9	"Contribution" means a gift of money.
9.10	(d) (e) The commissioner shall make copies of the form available to the public and
9.11	candidates upon request.
9.12	(e) (f) The following data collected or maintained by the commissioner under this
9.13	subdivision are private: the identities of individuals claiming a refund, the identities of
9.14	candidates to whom those individuals have made contributions, and the amount of each
9.15	contribution.
9.16	$\frac{f}{g}$ (g) The commissioner shall report to the campaign finance and public disclosure
9.17	board by each August 1 a summary showing the total number and aggregate amount of
9.18	political contribution refunds made on behalf of each candidate and each political party.
9.19	These data are public.
9.20	(g) (h) The amount necessary to pay claims for the refund provided in this section is
9.21	appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.
9.22	(h) For a taxpayer who files a claim for refund via the Internet or other electronic means,
9.23	the commissioner may accept the number on the official receipt as documentation that a
9.24	contribution was made rather than the actual receipt as required by paragraph (a) (i) The
9.25	commissioner must establish an electronic filing system by which refunds are claimed.
9.26	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for contributions made after December
9.27	<u>31, 2026.</u>
9.28	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 290.0661, is amended by adding a subdivision
9.29	to read:
9.30	Subd. 3a. Baby bonus. (a) The credit amount under subdivision 3 is increased by \$100
9.31	for each qualifying child of the taxpayer that was born during the taxable year.

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(b) The commissioner must disregard credit amounts under this subdivision for the 10.1 purposes of determining a taxpayer's minimum credit amount under subdivision 9. 10.2 10.3 (c) The commissioner may establish a process to allow a taxpayer to request an advance payment of the additional amount under this subdivision. 10.4 10.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2027. 10.6 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 290.0695, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 10.7 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purpose purposes of this section, the following terms 10.8 have the meanings given them. 10.9 (b) "Credit certificate" means the certificate issued by the commissioner of transportation 10.10 under subdivision 3, paragraph (a). 10.11 (b) (c) "Eligible taxpayer" means any railroad that is classified by the United States 10.12 10.13 Surface Transportation Board as a Class II or Class III railroad. 10.14 (c) (d) "Eligible transferee" means any taxpayer subject to tax under this chapter or 10.15 chapter 297I. (d) (e) "Qualified railroad reconstruction or replacement expenditures" means gross 10.16 10.17 expenditures in the taxable year for maintenance, reconstruction, or replacement of railroad infrastructure, including track, roadbed, bridges, industrial leads and sidings, and track-related 10.18 structures owned or leased by a Class II or Class III railroad in Minnesota as of January 1, 10.19 10.20 2021. Qualified railroad reconstruction or replacement expenditures also includes new construction of industrial leads, switches, spurs and sidings and extensions of existing sidings 10.21 10.22 in Minnesota by a Class II or Class III railroad. (f) "Transfer credit certificate" means the certificate issued to a transferee by the 10.23 10.24 commissioner under subdivision 3, paragraph (d). EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 10.25 10.26 31, 2024. Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 290.0695, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 10.27 Subd. 3. Transferability Credit certificates; written agreement required; credit 10.28 certificate transferability. (a) To qualify for a credit under this section, an eligible taxpayer 10.29 must apply to the commissioner of transportation for a credit certificate. The application 10.30 for the credit certificate must be in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner 10.31

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11.1	of transportation, in consultation with the commissioner. If the application is approved, the
11.2	commissioner of transportation must issue the credit certificate to the eligible taxpayer
11.3	within 30 days of receipt of the application. The credit certificate must state the number of
11.4	miles of qualified railroad reconstruction or replacement expenditures in the taxable year
11.5	and the total amount of credit calculated under subdivision 2, paragraph (a). The
11.6	commissioner of transportation must provide a copy of the credit certificate to the
11.7	commissioner of revenue. The commissioner of transportation must not issue more than
11.8	one credit certificate to an eligible taxpayer in a taxable year.
11.9	(b) By written agreement, an eligible taxpayer may transfer the credit allowed under
11.10	this section by written agreement to an eligible transferee. The amount of the transferred
11.11	credit is limited to the unused, remaining portion of the credit. as follows:
11.12	(1) any amount of the credit allowed that is stated in the credit certificate before any of
11.13	the credit is claimed; or
11.14	(2) the entire amount of the credit carryover in each of the five succeeding taxable years.
11.15	(b) (c) The eligible taxpayer and the eligible transferee must jointly file a copy of the
11.16	written transfer agreement with the commissioner within 30 days of the transfer. The written
11.17	agreement must contain the name, address, and taxpayer identification number of the parties
11.18	to the transfer; the taxable year the eligible taxpayer incurred the qualified expenditures;
11.19	the amount of credit being transferred; and the taxable year or years for which the transferred
11.20	credit may be claimed.
11.21	(e) (d) The commissioner must issue a transfer credit certificate to the transferee within
11.22	30 days of the joint filing of a copy of the written transfer agreement with the commissioner.
11.23	(d) In the case of an audit or assessment, the transferee is liable for repayment of credits
11.24	claimed in excess of the allowed amount.
11.25	(e) An eligible taxpayer must not transfer a credit to an eligible transferee more than
11.26	once in a taxable year.
11.27	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
11.28	<u>31, 2024.</u>
11.29	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 290A.03, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
11.30	Subd. 3. Income. (a) "Income" means the sum of the following:
11.31	(1) federal adjusted gross income as defined in the Internal Revenue Code; and

11.32 (2) the sum of the following amounts to the extent not included in clause (1):

Article 1 Sec. 12.

(i) all nontaxable income; 12.1

(ii) the amount of a passive activity loss that is not disallowed as a result of section 469, 12.2

paragraph (i) or (m) of the Internal Revenue Code and the amount of passive activity loss 12.3 carryover allowed under section 469(b) of the Internal Revenue Code; 12.4

12.5 (iii) an amount equal to the total of any discharge of qualified farm indebtedness of a solvent individual excluded from gross income under section 108(g) of the Internal Revenue 12.6 Code: 12.7

(iv) cash public assistance and relief; 12.8

(v) any pension or annuity (including railroad retirement benefits, all payments received 12.9 under the federal Social Security Act, Supplemental Security Income, and veterans benefits), 12.10 which was not exclusively funded by the claimant or spouse, or which was funded exclusively 12.11 by the claimant or spouse and which funding payments were excluded from federal adjusted 12.12 gross income in the years when the payments were made; 12.13

(vi) interest received from the federal or a state government or any instrumentality or 12.14 political subdivision thereof; 12.15

(vii) workers' compensation; 12.16

(viii) nontaxable strike benefits; 12.17

(ix) the gross amounts of payments received in the nature of disability income or sick 12.18 pay as a result of accident, sickness, or other disability, whether funded through insurance 12.19 or otherwise; 12.20

(x) a lump-sum distribution under section 402(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 12.21 1986, as amended through December 31, 1995; 12.22

(xi) contributions made by the claimant to an individual retirement account, including 12.23 12.24 a qualified voluntary employee contribution; simplified employee pension plan;

self-employed retirement plan; cash or deferred arrangement plan under section 401(k) of 12.25 the Internal Revenue Code; or deferred compensation plan under section 457 of the Internal

Revenue Code, to the extent the sum of amounts exceeds the retirement base amount for 12.27 the claimant and spouse; 12.28

12.29 (xii) to the extent not included in federal adjusted gross income, distributions received by the claimant or spouse from a traditional or Roth style retirement account or plan; 12.30

(xiii) nontaxable scholarship or fellowship grants; 12.31

(xiv) alimony received to the extent not included in the recipient's income; 12.32

12.26

- 13.1 (xv) the amount of deduction allowed under section 220 or 223 of the Internal Revenue
  13.2 Code;
- 13.3 (xvi) the amount deducted for tuition expenses under section 222 of the Internal Revenue13.4 Code; and
- 13.5 (xvii) the amount deducted for certain expenses of elementary and secondary school
  13.6 teachers under section 62(a)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- In the case of an individual who files an income tax return on a fiscal year basis, the term "federal adjusted gross income" shall mean federal adjusted gross income reflected in the fiscal year ending in the calendar year. Federal adjusted gross income shall not be reduced by the amount of a net operating loss carryback or carryforward or a capital loss carryback or carryforward allowed for the year.

13.12 (b) "Income" does not include:

13.13 (1) amounts excluded pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, sections 101(a) and 102;

(2) amounts of any pension or annuity which was exclusively funded by the claimant
or spouse and which funding payments were not excluded from federal adjusted gross
income in the years when the payments were made;

(3) to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income, amounts contributed by the
claimant or spouse to a traditional or Roth style retirement account or plan, but not to exceed
the retirement base amount reduced by the amount of contributions excluded from federal
adjusted gross income, but not less than zero;

13.21 (4) surplus food or other relief in kind supplied by a governmental agency;

13.22 (5) relief granted under this chapter;

(6) child support payments received under a temporary or final decree of dissolution orlegal separation;

- (7) restitution payments received by eligible individuals and excludable interest as
  defined in section 803 of the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001,
  Public Law 107-16;
- 13.28 (8) alimony paid; or

13.29 (9) veterans disability compensation paid under title 38 of the United States Code<u>; or</u>

(10) to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income, the amount of discharge of
 indebtedness awarded to the claimant under section 332.74, subdivision 3.

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14.1	(c) The sum of the following amounts may be subtracted from income:
14.2	(1) for the claimant's first dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.4;
14.3	(2) for the claimant's second dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.3;
14.4	(3) for the claimant's third dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.2;
14.5	(4) for the claimant's fourth dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.1;
14.6	(5) for the claimant's fifth dependent, the exemption amount; and
14.7	(6) if the claimant or claimant's spouse had a disability or attained the age of 65 on or
14.8	before December 31 of the year for which the taxes were levied, the exemption amount.
14.9	(d) For purposes of this subdivision, the following terms have the meanings given:
14.10	(1) "exemption amount" means the exemption amount under section 290.0121,
14.11	subdivision 1, paragraph (b), for the taxable year for which the income is reported;
14.12	(2) "retirement base amount" means the deductible amount for the taxable year for the
14.13	claimant and spouse under section 219(b)(5)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted for
14.14	inflation as provided in section 219(b)(5)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code, without regard
14.15	to whether the claimant or spouse claimed a deduction; and
14.16	(3) "traditional or Roth style retirement account or plan" means retirement plans under
14.17	sections 401, 403, 408, 408A, and 457 of the Internal Revenue Code.
14.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with property taxes payable
14.19	<u>in 2026.</u>
14.20	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 462A.39, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
14.21	Subd. 5. Allocation. The amount of a grant or deferred loans may not exceed 50 percent
14.22	of the rental housing development project cost. The commissioner shall not award a grant
14.23	or deferred loans to an eligible project area without certification by the eligible project area

14.25 business, nonprofit organization, or federally recognized Tribe, with \$1 for every \$2 provided

that the amount of the grant or deferred loans shall be matched by a local unit of government,

14.26 in grant or deferred loans funds. If an eligible project area is selected for an award of a grant

14.27 or loan under section 462A.40 and the award is funded by contributions to the Minnesota

14.28 housing tax credit account that are intended for a specific project in the eligible project area,

14.29 the amount of the award may count toward the matching requirement of this subdivision.

14.24

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- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 462A.40, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 15.1 Subd. 2. Use of funds; grant and loan program. (a) The agency may award grants and 15.2 loans to be used for workforce housing and for multifamily and single family developments 15.3 for persons and families of low and moderate income. Allowable use of the funds include: 15.4 gap financing, as defined in section 462A.33, subdivision 1; new construction; acquisition; 15.5 rehabilitation; demolition or removal of existing structures; construction financing; permanent 15.6 financing; interest rate reduction; services enumerated in section 462A.37, subdivision 1, 15.7 paragraph (k), in existing supportive housing as defined in that paragraph; and refinancing. 15.8 (b) The agency may give preference for grants and loans to comparable proposals that 15.9 15.10 include regulatory changes or waivers that result in identifiable cost avoidance or cost reductions, including but not limited to increased density, flexibility in site development 15.11 standards, or zoning code requirements. 15.12 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 462A.40, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 15.13 Subd. 3. Eligible recipients; definitions; restrictions; use of funds. (a) The agency 15.14 may award a grant or a loan to any recipient that qualifies under subdivision 2. The agency 15.15 must not award a grant or a loan to a disqualified individual or disqualified business. 15.16 (b) For the purposes of this subdivision disqualified individual means: 15.17 15.18 (1) an individual who or an individual whose immediate family member made a contribution to the account in the current or prior taxable year and received a credit certificate; 15.19 15.20 (2) an individual who or an individual whose immediate family member owns the housing for which the grant or loan will be used; 15.21 (3) an individual who meets the following criteria: 15.22 (i) the individual is an officer or principal of a business entity; and 15.23 (ii) that business entity made a contribution to the account in the current or previous 15.24 taxable year and received a credit certificate; or 15.25 (4) an individual who meets the following criteria: 15.26 (i) the individual directly owns, controls, or holds the power to vote 20 percent or more 15.27 15.28 of the outstanding securities of a business entity; and (ii) that business entity made a contribution to the account in the current or previous 15.29 15.30 taxable year and received a credit certificate.

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- 16.1 (c) For the purposes of this subdivision disqualified business means a business entity16.2 that:
- 16.3 (1) made a contribution to the account in the current or prior taxable year and received
  16.4 a credit certificate;
- 16.5 (2) has an officer or principal who is an individual who made a contribution to the
  16.6 account in the current or previous taxable year and received a credit certificate; or

16.7 (3) meets the following criteria:

(i) the business entity is directly owned, controlled, or is subject to the power to vote 20
percent or more of the outstanding securities by an individual or business entity; and

(ii) that controlling individual or business entity made a contribution to the account inthe current or previous taxable year and received a credit certificate.

(d) For purposes of this subdivision, "immediate family" means the taxpayer's spouse,
parent or parent's spouse, sibling or sibling's spouse, or child or child's spouse. For a married
couple filing a joint return, the limitations in this subdivision apply collectively to the
taxpayer and spouse.

16.16 (e) For purposes of this subdivision, "officer or principal" excludes an individual serving
 16.17 as a volunteer board member of a nonprofit organization governed by chapter 317A.

(e) (f) Before applying for a grant or loan, all recipients must sign a disclosure that the
 disqualifications under this subdivision do not apply. The Minnesota Housing Finance
 Agency must prescribe the form of the disclosure. The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency
 may rely on the disclosure to determine the eligibility of recipients under paragraph (a).

16.22 (f) (g) The agency may award grants or loans to a city as defined in section 462A.03, subdivision 21; a federally recognized American Indian tribe or subdivision located in 16.23 Minnesota; a tribal housing corporation; a private developer; a nonprofit organization; a 16.24 housing and redevelopment authority under sections 469.001 to 469.047; a public housing 16.25 authority or agency authorized by law to exercise any of the powers granted by sections 16.26 16.27 469.001 to 469.047; or the owner of the housing. The provisions of subdivision 2, and paragraphs (a) to (e) (f) and (g) (h) of this subdivision, regarding the use of funds and eligible 16.28 recipients apply to grants and loans awarded under this paragraph. 16.29

(g) (h) Eligible recipients must use the funds to serve households that meet the income
 limits as provided in section 462A.33, subdivision 5. This requirement does not apply to a
 project meeting the requirements of section 462A.39, subdivision 4, paragraph (a).

Sec. 16. Laws 2023, chapter 64, article 15, section 24, is amended to read: 17.1 Sec. 24. TAX FILING MODERNIZATION. 17.2 Subdivision 1. Account established; appropriation. A tax filing modernization account 17.3 is established in the special revenue fund. All funds in the tax filing modernization account 17.4 are appropriated to the commissioner of revenue for the purposes specified in subdivision 17.5 3. 17.6 Subd. 2. Transfer. \$5,000,000 in fiscal year 2024 is transferred to the tax filing 17.7 modernization account from the general fund. This is a onetime transfer. 17.8 17.9 Subd. 3. Eligible uses. (a) The commissioner of revenue may use funds in the tax filing modernization account to modernize the state process for filing individual income tax returns, 17.10 17.11 including: (1) updating and reviewing changes to individual income tax forms resulting from this 17.12 17.13 act; (2) coordinating the process for filing state individual income tax returns with free filing 17.14 17.15 options for the federal income tax; and (3) for development and implementation of state free filing options for the individual 17.16 income tax, consistent with Minnesota Statutes, section 289A.081. 17.17 (b) Beginning July 1, 2026, the commissioner of revenue may use any unspent funds in 17.18 the tax filing modernization account to make taxpayer assistance grants to eligible 17.19 organizations qualifying under section 7526A(e)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code. 17.20 Subd. 4. Unspent funds. Any unspent funds in the tax filing modernization account 17.21 cancel to the general fund on June 30, <del>2027</del> 2029. 17.22 17.23 Sec. 17. CORRECTION OF ERRORS; CERTAIN RETIREMENT **CONTRIBUTIONS.** 17.24

An annuity contract provider that receives a contribution from an individual to an individual retirement plan on an annuity contract no later than the time prescribed by law under section 219(f)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, must treat the contribution as having been made on account of the preceding taxable year. This section applies only if the annuity contract provider receives notification from the individual indicating the tax year designation for the contribution within three years from the original due date for filing the return for that taxable year.

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18.1	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This provision is effective retroactively for notifications for
18.2	contributions made in 2023 only.
18.3	Sec. 18. STIPEND PAYMENTS TO SEIU HEALTHCARE MINNESOTA & IOWA
18.4	BARGAINING UNIT MEMBERS.
18.5	(a) The commissioner of human services shall issue stipend payments to collective
18.6	bargaining unit members as required by the labor agreement between the state of Minnesota
18.7	and the Service Employees International Union (SEIU) Healthcare Minnesota & Iowa.
18.8	(b) The definitions in Minnesota Statutes, section 290.01, apply to this section.
18.9	(c) For the purposes of this section, "subtraction" has the meaning given in Minnesota
18.10	Statutes, section 290.0132, subdivision 1, and the rules in that subdivision apply to this
18.11	section.
18.12	(d) The amount of stipend payments received by SEIU Healthcare Minnesota & Iowa
18.13	collective bargaining unit members under this section is a subtraction.
18.14	(e) The amount of stipend payments received by SEIU Healthcare Minnesota & Iowa
18.15	collective bargaining unit members under this section is excluded from income as defined
18.16	in Minnesota Statutes, sections 290.0693, subdivision 1, paragraph (i), and 290A.03,
18.17	subdivision 3.
18.18	(f) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, stipend payments under this section must
18.19	not be considered income, assets, or personal property for purposes of determining or
18.20	recertifying eligibility for:
18.21	(1) child care assistance programs under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 142E;
18.22	(2) general assistance, Minnesota supplemental aid, and food support under Minnesota
18.23	Statutes, chapter 256D;
18.24	(3) housing support under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 256I;
18.25	(4) the Minnesota family investment program under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 142G;
18.26	and
18.27	(5) economic assistance programs under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 256P.
18.28	(g) The commissioner of human services must not consider stipend payments under this
18.29	section as income or assets under Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.056, subdivision 1a,
18.30	paragraph (a); 3; or 3c, or for persons with eligibility determined under Minnesota Statutes,
18.31	section 256B.057, subdivision 3, 3a, or 3b.

05/04/25 REVISOR EAP/NS A25-0075 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 19.1 Sec. 19. TRANSFER; DIRECT FREE FILING SYSTEM. 19.2 The commissioner of management and budget must transfer \$2,397,000 in fiscal year 19.3 2028 from the general fund to the tax filing modernization account in the special revenue 19.4 fund for the free filing system under Minnesota Statutes, section 289A.081. This is a onetime 19.5 transfer and the amount to be transferred in fiscal year 2029 and later is \$0. 19.6 19.7 Sec. 20. REPEALER. Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 13.4967, subdivision 2a; and 290.0679, are repealed. 19.8 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for assignments after December 31, 2025. 19.9 **ARTICLE 2** 19.10 SALES AND USE TAXES; EXCISE TAXES; LOCAL SALES TAXES 19.11 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 270C.15, is amended to read: 19.12 270C.15 REVENUE DEPARTMENT SERVICE AND RECOVERY SPECIAL 19.13 **REVENUE FUND.** 19.14 Subdivision 1. Fund established; money appropriated. A Revenue Department service 19.15 19.16 and recovery special revenue fund is created for the purpose of recovering the costs of furnishing government data and related services or products, as well as recovering costs 19.17 associated with collecting local taxes on sales and the retail delivery fee established under 19.18 chapter 168E. All money collected under this section is deposited in the Revenue Department 19.19 service and recovery special revenue fund. Money in the fund is appropriated to the 19.20 19.21 commissioner to reimburse the department for the costs incurred in administering the tax law or providing the data, service, or product. Any money paid to the department as a 19.22 criminal fine for a violation of state revenue law that is designated by the court to fund 19.23 enforcement of state revenue law is appropriated to this fund. 19.24 Subd. 2. Special rules for fiscal years 2028 and 2029. Of the amount in the fund in 19.25 subdivision 1 that represents costs associated with collecting local taxes on sales, \$3,000,000 19.26 in fiscal year 2028 and \$3,000,000 in fiscal year 2029 are transferred to the general fund. 19.27 These are onetime transfers and the amount to be transferred in fiscal year 2030 and later 19.28 is \$0. 19.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 19.30

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 289A.20, subdivision 4, is amended to read: Subd. 4. Sales and use tax. (a) The taxes imposed by chapter 297A are due and payable to the commissioner monthly on or before the 20th day of the month following the month in which the taxable event occurred, or following another reporting period as the commissioner prescribes or as allowed under section 289A.18, subdivision 4, paragraph (f) or (g), except that use taxes due on an annual use tax return as provided under section 289A.11, subdivision 1, are payable by April 15 following the close of the calendar year.

20.8 (b) A vendor having a liability of \$250,000 or more during a fiscal year ending June 30,
 20.9 except a vendor of construction materials as defined in paragraph (e), must remit the June
 20.10 liability for the next year in the following manner:

20.11 (1) Two business days before June 30 of calendar year 2020 and 2021, the vendor must
20.12 remit 87.5 percent of the estimated June liability to the commissioner. Two business days
20.13 before June 30 of calendar year 2022 and thereafter, the vendor must remit 84.5 percent, or
20.14 a reduced percentage as certified by the commissioner under section 16A.152, subdivision
20.15 2, paragraph (a), clause (6), of the estimated June liability to the commissioner.

20.16 (2) On or before August 20 of the year, the vendor must pay any additional amount of
 20.17 tax not remitted in June.

20.18 (c) (b) A vendor having a liability of:

(1) \$10,000 or more, but less than \$250,000, during a fiscal year must remit by electronic
means all <u>net</u> liabilities on returns due for periods beginning in all subsequent calendar years
on or before the 20th day of the month following the month in which the taxable event
occurred, or on or before the 20th day of the month following the month in which the sale
is reported under section 289A.18, subdivision 4; or

(2) \$250,000 or more during a fiscal year must remit by electronic means all <u>net</u> liabilities
in the manner provided in paragraph (a) on returns due for periods beginning in the
subsequent calendar year, except that a vendor subject to the remittance requirements of
paragraph (b) must remit the percentage of the estimated June liability, as provided in
paragraph (b), clause (1), which is due two business days before June 30. The remaining
amount of the June liability is due on August 20.

20.30 (d) (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b) or (c), a person prohibited by the person's religious
 20.31 beliefs from paying electronically shall be allowed to remit the payment by mail. The filer
 20.32 must notify the commissioner of revenue of the intent to pay by mail before doing so on a
 20.33 form prescribed by the commissioner. No extra fee may be charged to a person making

payment by mail under this paragraph. The payment must be postmarked at least two business
days before the due date for making the payment in order to be considered paid on a timely
basis.

- (e) For the purposes of paragraph (b), "vendor of construction materials" means a retailer
   that sells any of the following construction materials, if 50 percent or more of the retailer's
   sales revenue for the fiscal year ending June 30 is from the sale of those materials:
- 21.7 (1) lumber, veneer, plywood, wood siding, wood roofing;
- 21.8 (2) millwork, including wood trim, wood doors, wood windows, wood flooring; or
- 21.9 (3) concrete, cement, and masonry.
- 21.10 (f) Paragraph (b) expires after the percentage of estimated payment is reduced to zero
- 21.11 in accordance with section 16A.152, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (6).
- 21.12 (d) For purposes of this subdivision, "net liability" means liability minus the amount of
   21.13 vendor allowance authorized under section 297A.816.
- 21.14 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June
  21.15 30, 2025.
- 21.16 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 297A.68, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Materials used in providing certain taxable services. (a) Materials stored,
used, or consumed in providing a taxable service listed in section 297A.61, subdivision 3,
paragraph (g), clause (6), intended to be sold ultimately at retail are exempt.

21.20 (b) This exemption includes, but is not limited to:

(1) chemicals, lubricants, packaging materials, seeds, trees, fertilizers, and herbicides,
if these items are used or consumed in providing the taxable service;

21.23 (2) chemicals used to treat waste generated as a result of providing the taxable service;

(3) accessory tools, equipment, and other items that are separate detachable units used
in providing the service and that have an ordinary useful life of less than 12 months; and

(4) fuel, electricity, gas, and steam used or consumed in the production process, except
that electricity, gas, or steam used for space heating, cooling, or lighting is exempt if (i) it
is in excess of average climate control or lighting, and (ii) it is necessary to produce that
particular service.

22.1 (c) This exemption does not include machinery, equipment, implements, tools,

accessories, appliances, contrivances, furniture, and fixtures used in providing the taxableservice.

(d) This exemption does not apply to any accessory tools, equipment, and other items

that are separate detachable units that have an ordinary useful life of less than 12 months
that are used in providing landscaping, gardening, or lawn care services.

22.7 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June
22.8 30, 2025.

22.9 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 297A.68, subdivision 40, is amended to read:

Subd. 40. Land clearing. Tree, bush, shrub, and stump removal are exempt when sold to contractors or subcontractors as part of a land clearing contract. For purposes of this subdivision, "land clearing contract" means a contract for the removal of trees, bushes, and shrubs, including the removal of roots and stumps, to develop:

22.14 (1) a site. This exemption does not apply to land clearing of; or

22.15 (2) a portion of a site to allow for remodeling, improvement, or expansion of an existing
 22.16 structure.

22.17 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June
22.18 30, 2025.

22.19 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 297A.77, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Tax must be remitted. The tax collected by a retailer under this section, except
 for the amount allowed to be retained by a retailer under section 297A.816, must be remitted
 to the commissioner as provided in chapter 289A and this chapter.

22.23 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June
22.24 <u>30, 2025.</u>

#### 22.25 Sec. 6. [297A.816] VENDOR ALLOWANCE.

- 22.26 Subdivision 1. Definitions. For the purposes of this section:
- 22.27 (1) "eligible taxes" means the total amount of sales taxes collected by a retailer at all

22.28 locations in Minnesota, excluding the portion of constitutionally required sales taxes imposed

22.29 under section 297A.62, subdivision 1a;

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23.1	(2) "qualifying retailer" means a retailer with sales tax liability in the previous fiscal
23.2	year that is:
23.3	(i) not less than \$20,000; and
23.4	(ii) not more than \$250,000; and
23.5	(3) "reporting period" means the period applicable to the retailer as determined under
23.6	section 289A.18, subdivision 4.
23.7	Subd. 2. Eligibility. A qualifying retailer may retain a portion of sales tax collected as
23.8	a vendor allowance in compensation for the costs of collecting and administering the tax
23.9	under this chapter. This section applies only if the tax minus the vendor allowance is both
23.10	reported and remitted to the commissioner in a timely manner as required under chapter
23.11	<u>289A.</u>
23.12	Subd. 3. Tax not eligible for allowance. Use taxes paid by the retailer on the retailer's
23.13	own purchases are not included in calculating the vendor allowance under this section. All
23.14	other sales and use taxes collected by a retailer are eligible for the vendor allowance under
23.15	this section.
23.16	Subd. 4. Calculation of allowance. (a) For sales and purchases made after June 30,
23.17	2025, and before July 1, 2027, a qualifying retailer's vendor allowance equals .254 percent
23.18	of eligible taxes paid during the reporting period.
23.19	(b) For sales and purchases made after June 30, 2027, a qualifying retailer's vendor
23.20	allowance equals .159 percent of eligible taxes paid during the reporting period.
23.21	Subd. 5. Effect on collections. To offset the amount retained under this section as a
23.22	vendor allowance, for each eligible tax, the amount deposited in the state treasury or remitted
23.23	to the appropriate jurisdiction is proportionally reduced based on the share of the vendor
23.24	allowance attributable to that tax.
23.25	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June
23.26	<u>30, 2025.</u>
23.27	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 297A.99, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
23.28	Subd. 3a. Temporary moratorium. (a) Notwithstanding subdivisions 1, 2, and 3, until
23.29	after May 31, 2025 June 30, 2026, a political subdivision may not engage in any of the
23.30	following activities in connection with imposing a new local sales and use tax or modifying
23.31	an existing local sales and use tax:
23.32	(1) any activity described in subdivision 1, paragraph (d);

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24.1	(2) adopt a resolution; or
24.2	(3) seek voter approval.
24.3	(b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to new local sales and use taxes or modifications to
24.4	existing local sales and use taxes authorized in May, 2023.
24.5	(c) This subdivision expires June July 1, 2025 2026.
24.6	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
24.7	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 297F.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to
24.8	read:
24.9	Subd. 13b. Premium cigar endorsee. "Premium cigar endorsee" means a licensed
24.10	tobacco products distributor with a license endorsement under section 297F.03, subdivision
24.11	<u>4a.</u>
24.12	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
24.13	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 297F.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to
24.14	read:
24.15	Subd. 4a. License endorsement for premium cigars to be sold outside this state. (a)
24.15 24.16	Subd. 4a. License endorsement for premium cigars to be sold outside this state. (a) A licensed tobacco products distributor may obtain a license endorsement allowing the
24.16	A licensed tobacco products distributor may obtain a license endorsement allowing the
24.16 24.17	A licensed tobacco products distributor may obtain a license endorsement allowing the distributor to bring premium cigars into Minnesota exempt from tax imposed under this
24.16 24.17 24.18	A licensed tobacco products distributor may obtain a license endorsement allowing the distributor to bring premium cigars into Minnesota exempt from tax imposed under this chapter provided the requirements of section 297F.06, subdivision 6, are satisfied.
<ul><li>24.16</li><li>24.17</li><li>24.18</li><li>24.19</li></ul>	<u>A licensed tobacco products distributor may obtain a license endorsement allowing the</u> <u>distributor to bring premium cigars into Minnesota exempt from tax imposed under this</u> <u>chapter provided the requirements of section 297F.06, subdivision 6, are satisfied.</u> (b) Each applicant or premium cigar endorsee must file with the commissioner a bond
<ul><li>24.16</li><li>24.17</li><li>24.18</li><li>24.19</li><li>24.20</li></ul>	A licensed tobacco products distributor may obtain a license endorsement allowing the distributor to bring premium cigars into Minnesota exempt from tax imposed under this chapter provided the requirements of section 297F.06, subdivision 6, are satisfied. (b) Each applicant or premium cigar endorsee must file with the commissioner a bond issued by a corporate surety in good standing and authorized to do business in this state.
<ul> <li>24.16</li> <li>24.17</li> <li>24.18</li> <li>24.19</li> <li>24.20</li> <li>24.21</li> </ul>	A licensed tobacco products distributor may obtain a license endorsement allowing the distributor to bring premium cigars into Minnesota exempt from tax imposed under this chapter provided the requirements of section 297F.06, subdivision 6, are satisfied. (b) Each applicant or premium cigar endorsee must file with the commissioner a bond issued by a corporate surety in good standing and authorized to do business in this state. The bond must:
<ul> <li>24.16</li> <li>24.17</li> <li>24.18</li> <li>24.19</li> <li>24.20</li> <li>24.21</li> <li>24.22</li> </ul>	A licensed tobacco products distributor may obtain a license endorsement allowing the distributor to bring premium cigars into Minnesota exempt from tax imposed under this chapter provided the requirements of section 297F.06, subdivision 6, are satisfied. (b) Each applicant or premium cigar endorsee must file with the commissioner a bond issued by a corporate surety in good standing and authorized to do business in this state. The bond must: (1) be in a form prescribed by the commissioner;
<ul> <li>24.16</li> <li>24.17</li> <li>24.18</li> <li>24.19</li> <li>24.20</li> <li>24.21</li> <li>24.22</li> <li>24.22</li> <li>24.23</li> </ul>	A licensed tobacco products distributor may obtain a license endorsement allowing the distributor to bring premium cigars into Minnesota exempt from tax imposed under this chapter provided the requirements of section 297F.06, subdivision 6, are satisfied. (b) Each applicant or premium cigar endorsee must file with the commissioner a bond issued by a corporate surety in good standing and authorized to do business in this state. The bond must: (1) be in a form prescribed by the commissioner; (2) name the commissioner as the obligee;
<ul> <li>24.16</li> <li>24.17</li> <li>24.18</li> <li>24.19</li> <li>24.20</li> <li>24.21</li> <li>24.22</li> <li>24.23</li> <li>24.24</li> </ul>	A licensed tobacco products distributor may obtain a license endorsement allowing the distributor to bring premium cigars into Minnesota exempt from tax imposed under this chapter provided the requirements of section 297F.06, subdivision 6, are satisfied. (b) Each applicant or premium cigar endorsee must file with the commissioner a bond issued by a corporate surety in good standing and authorized to do business in this state. The bond must: (1) be in a form prescribed by the commissioner; (2) name the commissioner as the obligee; (3) be in the amount of \$50,000, or a greater amount if the commissioner finds a greater
<ul> <li>24.16</li> <li>24.17</li> <li>24.18</li> <li>24.19</li> <li>24.20</li> <li>24.21</li> <li>24.22</li> <li>24.23</li> <li>24.24</li> <li>24.25</li> </ul>	A licensed tobacco products distributor may obtain a license endorsement allowing the distributor to bring premium cigars into Minnesota exempt from tax imposed under this chapter provided the requirements of section 297F.06, subdivision 6, are satisfied. (b) Each applicant or premium cigar endorsee must file with the commissioner a bond issued by a corporate surety in good standing and authorized to do business in this state. The bond must: (1) be in a form prescribed by the commissioner; (2) name the commissioner as the obligee; (3) be in the amount of \$50,000, or a greater amount if the commissioner finds a greater amount is needed to fully protect the state based on an applicant or premium cigar endorsee's
<ul> <li>24.16</li> <li>24.17</li> <li>24.18</li> <li>24.19</li> <li>24.20</li> <li>24.21</li> <li>24.22</li> <li>24.23</li> <li>24.24</li> <li>24.25</li> <li>24.26</li> </ul>	A licensed tobacco products distributor may obtain a license endorsement allowing the distributor to bring premium cigars into Minnesota exempt from tax imposed under this chapter provided the requirements of section 297F.06, subdivision 6, are satisfied. (b) Each applicant or premium cigar endorsee must file with the commissioner a bond issued by a corporate surety in good standing and authorized to do business in this state. The bond must: (1) be in a form prescribed by the commissioner; (2) name the commissioner as the obligee; (3) be in the amount of \$50,000, or a greater amount if the commissioner finds a greater amount is needed to fully protect the state based on an applicant or premium cigar endorsee's past or current tax liabilities or noncompliance with tax laws and regulations;
<ul> <li>24.16</li> <li>24.17</li> <li>24.18</li> <li>24.19</li> <li>24.20</li> <li>24.21</li> <li>24.22</li> <li>24.23</li> <li>24.24</li> <li>24.25</li> <li>24.26</li> <li>24.27</li> </ul>	A licensed tobacco products distributor may obtain a license endorsement allowing the distributor to bring premium cigars into Minnesota exempt from tax imposed under this chapter provided the requirements of section 297F.06, subdivision 6, are satisfied. (b) Each applicant or premium cigar endorsee must file with the commissioner a bond issued by a corporate surety in good standing and authorized to do business in this state. The bond must: (1) be in a form prescribed by the commissioner; (2) name the commissioner as the obligee; (3) be in the amount of \$50,000, or a greater amount if the commissioner finds a greater amount is needed to fully protect the state based on an applicant or premium cigar endorsee's past or current tax liabilities or noncompliance with tax laws and regulations; (4) be payable to the commissioner for any delinquent tax of the premium cigar endorsee

- 25.1 (c) The applicant or premium cigar endorsee must designate and maintain an agent in
  25.2 this state to accept service of process for all purposes of this section.
- 25.3 (d) A separate license endorsement and separate bond is required for each tobacco
- 25.4 products distributor location where products that qualify for this exemption are stored.
- 25.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 25.6 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 297F.04, is amended to read:

## 25.7 297F.04 LICENSE <u>AND ENDORSEMENT</u> SUSPENSION, CANCELLATION, 25.8 NONRENEWAL, OR REVOCATION.

### 25.9 Subdivision 1. **Powers of commissioner.** The commissioner may revoke or suspend the 25.10 license or licenses <u>and any endorsement or endorsements</u> of any distributor or subjobber 25.11 for violation of this chapter, any other act applicable to the sale of cigarettes or tobacco 25.12 products, or any rule promulgated by the commissioner, in furtherance of this chapter.

# Subd. 2. Refusal to issue or renew; revocation. The commissioner must not issue or renew a license or endorsement under this chapter, and may revoke a license or endorsement under this chapter, if the applicant or licensee:

(1) owes \$500 or more in delinquent taxes as defined in section 270C.72, subdivision
25.17 2;

25.18 (2) after demand, has not filed tax returns required by the commissioner;

(3) had a cigarette or tobacco license revoked by the commissioner within the past twoyears;

25.21 (4) had a sales and use tax permit revoked by the commissioner within the past two25.22 years; or

(5) has been convicted of a crime involving cigarettes or tobacco products, including
but not limited to: selling stolen cigarettes or tobacco products, receiving stolen cigarettes
or tobacco products, or involvement in the smuggling of cigarettes or tobacco products; or
(6) is a premium cigar endorsee and fails to comply with requirements under section

25.27 **297F.06**, subdivision 6.

Subd. 2a. Cancellation or nonrenewal. The commissioner may cancel a license and
any endorsement or not renew a license and any endorsement if one of the following
conditions occurs:

- 26.1 (1) the license holder has not filed a cigarette or tobacco products tax return for at least26.2 one year;
- 26.3 (2) the license holder has not reported any cigarette or tobacco products tax liability on
  26.4 the license holder's returns for at least one year; or

26.5 (3) the license holder requests cancellation of the license.

Subd. 3. Notice. No license or endorsement may be revoked or suspended under this chapter, and no application for a license or endorsement may be denied under this chapter, except after 20 days' notice. In that notice the commissioner shall specify the allegations against the licensee, endorsee, or applicant, and provide the licensee, endorsee, or applicant the right to request in writing within 20 days a contested case hearing as provided in chapter 14.

If a written request for a hearing is received by the Department of Revenue within 20 26.12 days of the date of the initial notice, the hearing must be held within 45 days after referral 26.13 to the Office of Administrative Hearings, and no earlier than 20 days after notice to the 26.14 licensee, endorsee, or applicant of the hearing time and place. A license or endorsement is 26.15 revoked or suspended, and an application is denied, when the commissioner serves notice 26.16 of revocation, suspension, or denial after 20 days have passed following the initial notice 26.17 under this paragraph without a request for hearing being made, or if a hearing is held, after 26.18 the commissioner serves an order of revocation, suspension, or denial under section 14.62, 26.19 subdivision 1. All notices under this paragraph may be served personally or by mail. 26.20

#### 26.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

26.22 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 297F.06, is amended by adding a subdivision
26.23 to read:

26.24 <u>Subd. 6.</u> **Premium cigars sold outside this state.** (a) Premium cigars brought into the 26.25 <u>state or caused to be brought into the state by a premium cigar endorsee are exempt from</u> 26.26 tax imposed under this chapter and are not contraband under section 297F.21 if:

26.27 (1) the premium cigars are intended to be sold outside the state by the endorsee;

26.28 (2) the premium cigars are delivered to the place of business covered by the endorsee's
 26.29 tobacco products distributor license and remain in that location until sold outside this state;

26.30 (3) the premium cigars are physically segregated from all other premium cigars, other

- 26.31 tobacco products, and cigarettes possessed by the endorsee and are not accessible to any
- 26.32 retail outlet consumers;

05/04/25 REVISOR EAP/NS A25-0075 (4) the endorsee has a bond as required under section 297F.03, subdivision 4a; 27.1 (5) the endorsee maintains records of all deliveries and shipments associated with the 27.2 premium cigars; and 27.3 (6) the endorsee files all forms and returns required under paragraph (c) and section 27.4 27.5 297F.09, subdivision 2. (b) If a premium cigar endorsee fails to comply with the requirements in paragraph (a), 27.6 27.7 the endorsee's premium cigars no longer qualify for the exemption under this subdivision and become subject to tax imposed under section 297F.05, subdivision 3a. 27.8 (c) All premium cigars sold outside this state and that otherwise qualify for the exemption 27.9 under this subdivision must be listed on a form prescribed by the commissioner showing 27.10 the date of each sale, the number of invoices, the name and address of each purchaser, and 27.11 the distributor's wholesale sales price unless permission is granted by the commissioner to 27.12 furnish the information in some other manner. The form must be filed with the commissioner 27.13 on or before the 18th day of each calendar month following the date on which the premium 27.14 cigar was sold outside this state. 27.15 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for premium cigars brought into this 27.16 state after December 31, 2025. 27.17 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 297F.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 27.18 Subd. 2. Monthly return; tobacco products distributor. (a) On or before the 18th day 27.19 of each calendar month, a distributor with a place of business in this state shall file a return 27.20 with the commissioner showing the quantity and wholesale sales price of each tobacco 27.21 product: 27.22 (1) brought, or caused to be brought, into this state for sale; and 27.23 27.24 (2) made, manufactured, or fabricated in this state for sale in this state, during the preceding calendar month. 27.25 27.26 (b) Every premium cigar endorsee must identify on the return the premium cigars brought into the state that qualify for the exemption under section 297F.06, subdivision 6. The return 27.27 must also show the quantity and wholesale sales price of each premium cigar. 27.28 (c) Every licensed distributor outside this state shall in like manner file a return showing 27.29 the quantity and wholesale sales price of each tobacco product shipped or transported to 27.30 retailers in this state to be sold by those retailers, during the preceding calendar month. 27.31 Returns must be made in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner and must 27.32

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contain any other information required by the commissioner. The return must be accompanied
by a remittance for the full tax liability shown. For distributors subject to the accelerated
tax payment requirements in subdivision 10, the return for the May liability is due two
business days before June 30th of the year and the return for the June liability is due on or
before August 18th of the year.

(d) If a premium cigar endorsee no longer intends to sell a premium cigar outside this 28.6 state as allowed under section 297F.06, subdivision 6, the premium cigar endorsee must 28.7 make a record of the decision, including the decision date, and, on or before the 18th day 28.8 of the following calendar month, file a return with the commissioner showing the quantity 28.9 and wholesale sales price of each premium cigar the endorsee no longer intends to sell 28.10 outside the state. Returns must be made in the form and manner prescribed by the 28.11 commissioner and must contain any other information required by the commissioner. The 28.12 return must be accompanied by a remittance for the full tax liability shown. For distributors 28.13 subject to the accelerated tax payment requirements in subdivision 10, the return for the 28.14 May liability is due two business days before June 30th of the year and the return for the 28.15 June liability is due on or before August 18th of the year. 28.16 (e) If a premium cigar no longer qualifies for an exemption under section 297F.06, 28.17 subdivision 6, for any reason other than that listed in paragraph (d), the premium cigar 28.18

28.19 endorsee must, on or before the 18th day of the following calendar month, file a return with

28.20 the commissioner showing the quantity and wholesale sales price of each premium cigar

28.21 that no longer qualifies for the exemption. Returns must be made in the form and manner

28.22 prescribed by the commissioner and must contain any other information required by the

28.23 <u>commissioner. The return must be accompanied by a remittance for the full tax liability</u>

28.24 shown. For distributors subject to the accelerated tax payment requirements in subdivision

28.25 <u>10, the return for the May liability is due two business days before June 30th of the year</u>

and the return for the June liability is due on or before August 18th of the year.

## 28.27 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for premium cigars brought into this 28.28 state after December 31, 2025.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 297F.09, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
Subd. 10. Accelerated tax payment. (a) A cigarette distributor, tobacco products
distributor, retailer, or out-of-state retailer having a liability of \$250,000 or more during a
fiscal year ending June 30, shall remit the June liability for the next year in the following
manner÷ provided in paragraphs (b) and (c).

(a) Two business days before June 30 of calendar year 2021, the distributor shall remit 29.1 the actual May liability and 87.5 percent of the estimated June liability to the commissioner 29.2 and file the return in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner. (b) Two business 29.3 days before June 30 of calendar year 2022 2025 and each calendar year thereafter 2026, the 29.4 distributor must remit the actual May liability and 84.5 percent of the estimated June liability 29.5 to the commissioner and file the return in the form and manner prescribed by the 29.6 commissioner. Two business days before June 30 of calendar year 2027 and thereafter, the 29.7 taxpayer shall remit the actual May liability and 90 percent of the estimated June liability 29.8

29.9 to the commissioner and file the return in the form and manner prescribed by the

29.10 <u>commissioner.</u>

(b) (c) On or before August 18 of the year, the distributor, retailer, or out-of-state retailer
shall submit a return showing the actual June liability and pay any additional amount of tax
not remitted in June. A penalty is imposed equal to ten percent of the amount of June liability
required to be paid in June, less the amount remitted in June. However, the penalty is not
imposed if the amount remitted in June equals:

(1) for calendar year 2021 2025 and calendar year 2026, the lesser of 87.5 84.5 percent
of the actual June liability for that calendar year or 87.5 84.5 percent of the May liability
for that calendar year; or

(2) for calendar year 2022 2027 and each calendar year thereafter, the lesser of 84.5 90
percent of the actual June liability for that calendar year or 84.5 90 percent of the May
liability for that calendar year.

#### 29.22

#### 22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

29.23 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 297G.09, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. Accelerated tax payment; penalty. (a) A person liable for tax under this
chapter having a liability of \$250,000 or more during a fiscal year ending June 30, shall
remit the June liability for the next year in the following manner: provided in paragraphs
(b) and (c).

(a) Two business days before June 30 of calendar year 2021, the taxpayer shall remit
the actual May liability and 87.5 percent of the estimated June liability to the commissioner
and file the return in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner. (b) Two business
days before June 30 of calendar year 2022 2025 and each calendar year thereafter 2026, the
distributor must remit the actual May liability and 84.5 percent of the estimated June liability
to the commissioner and file the return in the form and manner prescribed by the

30.1 commissioner. Two business days before June 30 of calendar year 2027 and thereafter, the

30.2 taxpayer shall remit the actual May liability and 90 percent of the estimated June liability

30.3 to the commissioner and file the return in the form and manner prescribed by the

30.4 <u>commissioner.</u>

30.5 (b)(c) On or before August 18 of the year, the taxpayer shall submit a return showing 30.6 the actual June liability and pay any additional amount of tax not remitted in June. A penalty 30.7 is imposed equal to ten percent of the amount of June liability required to be paid in June 30.8 less the amount remitted in June. However, the penalty is not imposed if the amount remitted 30.9 in June equals:

30.10 (1) for calendar year 2021 2025 and calendar year 2026, the lesser of 87.5 84.5 percent
30.11 of the actual June liability for that calendar year or 87.5 84.5 percent of the May liability
30.12 for that calendar year; or

30.13 (2) for calendar year 2022 2027 and each calendar year thereafter, the lesser of 84.5 90
30.14 percent of the actual June liability for that calendar year or 84.5 90 percent of the May
30.15 liability for that calendar year.

30.16

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

30.17 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 297G.09, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

30.18 Subd. 10. Quarterly and annual payments and returns. (a) If a manufacturer, wholesaler, brewer, or importer has an average liquor tax liability equal to or less than \$500 30.19 per month in any quarter of a calendar year, and has substantially complied with the state 30.20 tax laws during the preceding four calendar quarters, the manufacturer, wholesaler, brewer, 30.21 or importer may request authorization to file and pay the taxes quarterly in subsequent 30.22 calendar quarters. The authorization remains in effect during the period in which the 30.23 manufacturer's, wholesaler's, brewer's, or importer's quarterly returns reflect liquor tax 30.24 liabilities of less than \$1,500 and there is continued compliance with state tax laws. 30.25

(b) If a manufacturer, wholesaler, brewer, or importer has an average liquor tax liability 30.26 30.27 equal to or less than \$100 per month during a calendar year, and has substantially complied with the state tax laws during that period, the manufacturer, wholesaler, brewer, or importer 30.28 may request authorization to file and pay the taxes annually in subsequent years. The 30.29 authorization remains in effect during the period in which the manufacturer's, wholesaler's, 30.30 brewer's, or importer's annual returns reflect liquor tax liabilities of less than \$1,200 and 30.31 30.32 there is continued compliance with state tax laws. A qualified brewer as defined under section 297G.04, subdivision 2, that meets the same criteria during a calendar year may file 30.33

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31.1	and pay the taxes annually the following calendar year without authorization. A qualified			
31.2	brewer must provide notice of intent to file and pay the taxes annually to the commissioner			
31.3	in a form and manner prescribed by the commissioner.			
31.4	(c) The commissioner may al	so grant quarterly or ann	ual filing and paym	ent
31.5	authorizations to manufacturers,	wholesalers, brewers, or	importers if the con	nmissioner
31.6	concludes that the manufacturer's	s, wholesaler's, brewer's,	or importer's future	tax liabilities
31.7	will be less than the monthly totals identified in paragraphs (a) and (b). An authorization			
31.8	granted under this paragraph is s	ubject to the same condi	tions as an authoriza	ation granted
31.9	under paragraphs (a) and (b).			
31.10	(d) The annual tax return and	payments must be filed a	and paid on or before	e the 18th day
31.11	of January following the calenda	r year. The quarterly ret	urns and payments n	nust be filed
31.12	and paid on or before April 18 fo	or the quarter ending Ma	rch 31, on or before	July 18 for
31.13	the quarter ending June 30, on or	before October 18 for t	he quarter ending Se	eptember 30,
31.14	and on or before January 18 for t	he quarter ending Decer	nber 31.	
31.15	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for calendar year 2025 and thereafter.			
31.16	Sec. 16. CITY OF WOODBU	IDV: SALES AND USE	' TAY FYFMDTIC	N FOR
31.17	CONSTRUCTION MATERIA	·		
31.18	Subdivision 1. Exemption; r	efund (a) Materials and	sumplies used or con	sumed in and
31.19				
31.20	equipment incorporated into the construction, reconstruction, upgrade, expansion, renovation, or remodeling of a water treatment facility and water tower, including water pipeline			
31.21	infrastructure and associated imp	-		
31.22	from sales and use tax under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 297A, provided that the materials,			
31.23	supplies, and equipment are purchased after January 31, 2024, and before December 1,			
31.24	<u>2028.</u>			
31.25	(b) The tax must be imposed and collected as if the rate under Minnesota Statutes, section			
31.26	297A.62, subdivisions 1 and 1a,	applied and then refunde	ed in the same mann	er provided
31.27	for projects under Minnesota Stat	tutes, section 297A.75, su	ubdivision 1, clause	(17). Refunds
31.28	for eligible purchases must not b	e issued until after June	30, 2025.	
31.29	Subd. 2. Appropriation. The	e amount required to pay	the refunds under s	ubdivision 1
31.30	is appropriated from the general	fund to the commissione	er of revenue.	
31.31	EFFECTIVE DATE. This s	ection is effective retroa	ctively for sales and	purchases
31.32	made after January 31, 2024, and	made after January 31, 2024, and before December 1, 2028.		

32.1	Sec. 17. LEGISLATIVE TASK FORCE ON LOCAL SALES TAXES.
32.2	Subdivision 1. Establishment. A legislative task force is established to:
32.3	(1) examine the historical use of local sales taxes in Minnesota;
32.4	(2) compare local sales taxes to other local revenue sources using tax system evaluation
32.5	criteria; and
32.6	(3) make recommendations to the legislature on future policy changes related to local
32.7	sales taxes.
32.8	Subd. 2. Membership. (a) The task force must include the following members:
32.9	(1) four members from the house of representatives, two appointed by the speaker of
32.10	the house and two appointed by the speaker emerita; and
32.11	(2) four members from the senate, two appointed by the majority leader and two appointed
32.12	by the minority leader.
32.13	(b) The speaker of the house and the speaker emerita must each appoint a member to
32.14	act as the house of representatives chair of the task force. The senate majority leader must
32.15	appoint a member to act as the senate chair of the task force. The chair and vice-chair must
32.16	rotate after each meeting between a house of representatives chair and the senate chair. The
32.17	house of representatives chair must rotate between the member appointed by the speaker
32.18	of the house and the member appointed by the speaker emerita. The vice-chair of each
32.19	meeting must be the member who served as the chair in the previous meeting.
32.20	Subd. 3. Meetings. (a) The task force must meet at least twice per month. The meetings
32.21	must take place in the Capitol complex, provided that the chair may direct that a meeting
32.22	be conducted electronically if doing so would facilitate public testimony or would protect
32.23	the health or safety of members of the task force.
32.24	(b) All meetings must be open to the public. The task force must invite input from the
32.25	public.
32.26	(c) The chair designated by the speaker of the house must convene the first meeting of
32.27	the task force no later than August 1, 2025. The senate chair must act as the vice-chair for
32.28	the first meeting of the task force.
32.29	Subd. 4. Duties. (a) The task force must examine the role of local taxes as a revenue
32.30	source for local governments and compare local taxes to other sources of revenue for local
32.31	governments. The comparison must include:

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33.1	(1) an evaluation of the equity, efficiency, administrability, stability, and revenue			
33.2	sufficiency of each revenue source;			
33.3	(2) the historical use of each reven	ue source by local	governments in Minne	esota; and
33.4	(3) recent law changes impacting local governments' ability to raise revenue from each			
33.5	revenue source.			
33.6	(b) The task force must also examine the historical use of local sales taxes in Minnesota,			
33.7	including the number of local governments using local sales taxes as a revenue source and			
33.8	the amount of local sales taxes collected.			
33.9	(c) The task force must also examine the requirement of demonstrating regional			
33.10	significance for local sales tax proposals and what, if any, measures should be in place to			
33.11	define regional significance.			
33.12	(d) The task force must make reco	mmendations to th	ne legislature on future	changes to
33.13	local sales tax policy. These recomme	ndations must be	nade by submitting the	report
33.14	required under subdivision 6.			
33.15	Subd. 5. Administration. The Legislative Coordinating Commission must provide			
33.16	administrative support to the task force	e and must assist i	in creation of the report	under
33.17	subdivision 6.			
33.18	Subd. 6. <b>Report.</b> The task force m	ust create a report	on the results from the	duties
33.19	required under subdivision 4. The rep	ort must be sent to	the legislative commit	tees with
33.20	jurisdiction over local sales taxes no la	ater than January 3	31, 2026. The report ma	ay include
33.21	any additional information the task for	rce deems relevan	<u>t.</u>	
33.22	Subd. 7. Expenses. Legislative me	embers serving on	the task force must rec	eive a per
33.23	diem for each task force meeting atter	nded.		
33.24	Subd. 8. Expiration. The task force	e expires upon the	e submission of the rep	ort under
33.25	subdivision 6.			
33.26	Subd. 9. Appropriation. \$70,000	in fiscal year 2026	5 is appropriated from t	he general
33.27	fund to the Legislative Coordinating C	Commission to car	ry out the purposes of t	his section.

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34.1	ARTICLE 3
34.2	PROPERTY TAXES
34.3	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 272.01, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
34.4	Subd. 2. Exempt property used by private entity for profit. (a) When any real or
34.5	personal property which is exempt from ad valorem taxes, and taxes in lieu thereof, is leased,
34.6	loaned, or otherwise made available and used by a private individual, association, or
34.7	corporation in connection with a business conducted for profit, there shall be imposed a
34.8	tax, for the privilege of so using or possessing such real or personal property, in the same
34.9	amount and to the same extent as though the lessee or user was the owner of such property.
34.10	(b) The tax imposed by this subdivision shall not apply to:
34.11	(1) property leased or used as a concession in or relative to the use in whole or part of
34.12	a public park, market, fairgrounds, port authority, economic development authority
34.13	established under chapter 469, municipal auditorium, municipal parking facility, municipal
34.14	museum, or municipal stadium;
34.15	(2) property of an airport owned by a city, town, county, or group thereof which is:
34.16	(i) leased to or used by any person or entity including a fixed base operator; and
34.17	(ii) used as a hangar for the storage or, repair, or manufacture of aircraft or to provide
34.18	aviation goods, services, or facilities to the airport or general public;
34.19	the exception from taxation provided in this clause does not apply to:
34.20	(i) property located at an airport owned or operated by the Metropolitan Airports
34.21	Commission or by a city of over 50,000 population according to the most recent federal
34.22	census or such a city's airport authority; or
34.23	(ii) hangars leased by a private individual, association, or corporation in connection with
34.24	a business conducted for profit other than an aviation-related business;
34.25	(3) property constituting or used as a public pedestrian ramp or concourse in connection
34.26	with a public airport;
34.27	(4) except as provided in paragraph (f), property constituting or used as a passenger
34.28	check-in area or ticket sale counter, boarding area, or luggage claim area in connection with
34.29	a public airport but not the airports owned or operated by the Metropolitan Airports
34.30	Commission or cities of over 50,000 population or an airport authority therein. Real estate
34.31	owned by a municipality in connection with the operation of a public airport and leased or

34.32 used for agricultural purposes is not exempt;

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(5) property leased, loaned, or otherwise made available to a private individual, corporation, or association under a cooperative farming agreement made pursuant to section

35.3 97A.135; or

35.1

35.2

- 35.4 (6) property leased, loaned, or otherwise made available to a private individual,
- corporation, or association under section 272.68, subdivision 4.
- 35.6 (c) Except as provided in paragraph (f), the exception from taxation provided in paragraph
  35.7 (b), clause (2), does not apply to:
- 35.8 (1) property located at an airport owned or operated by the Metropolitan Airports
   35.9 Commission or by a city of over 50,000 population according to the most recent federal
   35.10 census or such a city's airport authority; or
- 35.11 (2) hangars leased by a private individual, association, or corporation in connection with
   a business conducted for profit other than an aviation-related business.

(c) (d) Taxes imposed by this subdivision are payable as in the case of personal property 35.13 taxes and shall be assessed to the lessees or users of real or personal property in the same 35.14 manner as taxes assessed to owners of real or personal property, except that such taxes shall 35.15 not become a lien against the property. When due, the taxes shall constitute a debt due from 35.16 the lessee or user to the state, township, city, county, and school district for which the taxes 35.17 were assessed and shall be collected in the same manner as personal property taxes. If 35.18 property subject to the tax imposed by this subdivision is leased or used jointly by two or 35.19 more persons, each lessee or user shall be jointly and severally liable for payment of the 35.20 35.21 tax.

35.22 (d) (e) The tax on real property of the federal government, the state or any of its political
35.23 subdivisions that is leased, loaned, or otherwise made available to a private individual,
association, or corporation and becomes taxable under this subdivision or other provision
of law must be assessed and collected as a personal property assessment. The taxes do not
become a lien against the real property.

35.27

(f) Property of an airport that is:

35.28 (1) located at an airport owned or operated by a city of over 50,000 but under 150,000

35.29 in population according to the most recent federal census or such a city's airport authority;

- 35.30 (2) not owned or operated by the Metropolitan Airports Commission; and
- 35.31 (3) used as a hangar for the storage, repair, or manufacture of aircraft or to provide

35.32 aviation goods, services, or facilities to the airport or general public, or used as a passenger

35.33 check-in area or ticket sale counter, boarding area, or luggage claim area, shall have the tax

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36.1	imposed by this subdivision calculated as follows: for property taxes payable in 2026 through			
36.2	2037, the net tax capacity of such	property shall be reduc	ed by 50 percent.	
36.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This see	ction is effective begini	ning with property t	axes payable
36.4	<u>in 2026.</u>			
36.5	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024	, section 272.02, subdiv	vision 7, is amended	l to read:
36.6	Subd. 7. Institutions of public	<b>c charity.</b> (a) Institution	ns of purely public c	harity that are
36.7	exempt from federal income taxati	on under section 501(c	)(3) of the Internal F	Revenue Code
36.8	are exempt if they meet the requir	ements of this subdivis	ion. In determining	whether real
36.9	property is exempt under this subdivision, the following factors must be considered:			
36.10	(1) whether the stated purpose of the undertaking is to be helpful to others without			
36.11	immediate expectation of material	reward;		
36.12	(2) whether the institution of p	ublic charity is support	ed by material dona	tions, gifts, or
36.13	government grants for services to	the public in whole or	in part;	
36.14	(3) whether a material number	of the recipients of the c	harity receive benef	its or services
36.15	at reduced or no cost, or whether th	e organization provides	services to the public	c that alleviate
36.16	burdens or responsibilities that we	ould otherwise be borne	e by the government	;
36.17	(4) whether the income receive	ed, including material g	gifts and donations,	produces a
36.18	profit to the charitable institution that is not distributed to private interests;			
36.19	(5) whether the beneficiaries of the charity are restricted or unrestricted, and, if restricted,			
36.20	whether the class of persons to whom the charity is made available is one having a reasonable			
36.21	relationship to the charitable objectives; and			
36.22	(6) whether dividends, in form	or substance, or assets u	upon dissolution, are	e not available
36.23	to private interests.			
36.24	A charitable organization must	t satisfy the factors in c	lauses (1) to (6) for	its property to
36.25	be exempt under this subdivision,	unless there is a reasor	nable justification fo	or failing to
36.26	meet the factors in clause $(2), (3),$	or (5), and the organiz	ation provides to the	e assessor the
36.27	factual basis for that justification.	If there is reasonable ju	ustification for failir	ng to meet the
36.28	factors in clause $(2)$ , $(3)$ , or $(5)$ , ar	-		-
36.29	subdivision without meeting those			
36.30	this subdivision, it will remain in	effect unless there is a	material change in f	acts.
26.21	(b) For numerous of this subdivi	sion a grant is a written	instrument or alastr	mia da aumant

36.31 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, a grant is a written instrument or electronic document36.32 defining a legal relationship between a granting agency and a grantee when the principal

37.1

purpose of the relationship is to transfer cash or something of value to the grantee to support

37.2	a public purpose authorized by law in a general manner instead of acquiring by professional
37.3	or technical contract, purchase, lease, or barter property or services for the direct benefit or
37.4	use of the granting agency.
37.5	(c) Rental housing property does not qualify for an exemption under this subdivision
37.6	unless: (1) the use of the rental property is in furtherance of the tax-exempt charitable
37.7	purpose of the organization; and (2) the use of the rental property does not further the
37.8	tax-exempt charitable purpose of the organization solely by providing rental housing to
37.9	persons or families on the basis of the income characteristics of those persons or families.
37.10	(c) (d) In determining whether rental housing property qualifies for exemption under
37.11	this subdivision, the following are not gifts or donations to the owner of the rental housing:
37.12	(1) rent assistance provided by the government to or on behalf of tenants; and
37.13	(2) financing assistance or tax credits provided by the government to the owner on
37.14	condition that specific units or a specific quantity of units be set aside for persons or families
37.15	with certain income characteristics.
37.16	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for property taxes payable in 2026 and
37.17	thereafter.
37.18	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 272.02, subdivision 19, is amended to read:
37.19	Subd. 19. Property used to distribute electricity to farmers. Electric power distribution
37.20	
	lines and their attachments and appurtenances systems, not including substations, or
37.21	lines and their attachments and appurtenances systems, not including substations, or transmission or generation equipment, that are used primarily for supplying electricity to
37.21 37.22	
	transmission or generation equipment, that are used primarily for supplying electricity to
37.22	transmission or generation equipment, that are used primarily for supplying electricity to farmers at retail, are exempt.
37.22 37.23	<u>transmission or generation equipment</u> , that are used primarily for supplying electricity to farmers at retail, are exempt. <u>EFFECTIVE DATE.</u> This section is effective for assessment year 2025 and thereafter.
<ul><li>37.22</li><li>37.23</li><li>37.24</li></ul>	<ul> <li>transmission or generation equipment, that are used primarily for supplying electricity to farmers at retail, are exempt.</li> <li>EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for assessment year 2025 and thereafter.</li> <li>Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 272.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to</li> </ul>
<ul><li>37.22</li><li>37.23</li><li>37.24</li><li>37.25</li></ul>	<ul> <li>transmission or generation equipment, that are used primarily for supplying electricity to farmers at retail, are exempt.</li> <li>EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for assessment year 2025 and thereafter.</li> <li>Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 272.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>37.22</li> <li>37.23</li> <li>37.24</li> <li>37.25</li> <li>37.26</li> </ul>	<u>transmission or generation equipment</u> , that are used primarily for supplying electricity to farmers at retail, are exempt. <u>EFFECTIVE DATE.</u> This section is effective for assessment year 2025 and thereafter. Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 272.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: <u>Subd. 106.</u> Certain property owned by an Indian Tribe. (a) Property is exempt that:

37.30 2020 federal census;

38.1	(3) was on January 1, 2024, and is for the current assessment, owned by a federally
38.2	recognized Indian Tribe, or its instrumentality, that is located within the state of Minnesota;
38.3	and
38.4	(4) is used exclusively for Tribal purposes or institutions of purely public charity as
38.5	defined in subdivision 7.
38.6	(b) Property that qualifies for the exemption under this subdivision is limited to one
38.7	parcel that does not exceed 40,000 square feet. Property used for single-family housing,
38.8	market-rate apartments, agriculture, or forestry does not qualify for this exemption.
38.9	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2026.
38.10	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 272.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to
38.11	read:
38.12	Subd. 107. Certain property owned by an Indian Tribe. Property is exempt that:
38.13	(1) was classified as class 2b under section 273.13, subdivision 23, for taxes payable in
38.14	<u>2025;</u>
38.15	(2) is located within a county with a population greater than $5,580$ but less than $5,620$
38.16	according to the 2020 federal census;
38.17	(3) is located in an unorganized territory with a population less than 800 according to
38.18	the 2020 federal census; and
38.19	(4) was on January 2, 2023, and is for the current assessment, owned by a federally
38.20	recognized Indian Tribe, or its instrumentality, that is located within the state of Minnesota.
38.21	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2026.
38.22	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 272.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to
38.23	read:
38.24	Subd. 108. Certain property owned by an Indian Tribe. (a) Property is exempt that:
38.25	(1) is located in a city of the first class with a population greater than 400,000 as of the
38.26	2020 federal census;
38.27	(2) was on January 1, 2025, and is for the current assessment, owned by a federally
38.28	recognized Indian Tribe, or its instrumentality, that is located within the state of Minnesota;
38.29	and

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39.1	(3) contains a mixed-use develop			that includes
39.2	space used exclusively for noncomn	nercial Tribal govern	ment activities.	
39.3	(b) Any portion of the property us	sed for housing, agric	ulture, or forestry do	es not qualify
39.4	for this exemption.			
39.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This secti	on is effective begin	ning with assessmen	t year 2026.
39.6	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, s	ection 273.13, subdi-	vision 25, is amende	d to read:
39.7	Subd. 25. Class 4. (a) Class 4a is	s residential real esta	te containing four or	more units
39.8	and used or held for use by the owner	r or by the tenants or I	lessees of the owner a	as a residence
39.9	for rental periods of 30 days or more	e, excluding property	v qualifying for class	4d. Class 4a
39.10	also includes hospitals licensed under	r sections 144.50 to 1	44.56, other than hos	pitals exempt
39.11	under section 272.02, and contiguou	is property used for h	iospital purposes, wi	thout regard
39.12	to whether the property has been plat	ted or subdivided. Th	e market value of clas	ss 4a property
39.13	has a classification rate of 1.25 perce	ent.		
39.14	(b) Class 4b includes:			
39.15	(1) residential real estate contain	ing less than four un	its, including proper	ty rented as a
39.16	short-term rental property for more t	han 14 days in the pr	eceding year, that do	es not qualify
39.17	as class 4bb, other than seasonal res	idential recreational	property;	
39.18	(2) manufactured homes not class	sified under any othe	er provision;	
39.19	(3) a dwelling, garage, and surro	unding one acre of p	roperty on a nonhom	nestead farm
39.20	classified under subdivision 23, para	agraph (b) containing	g two or three units; a	and
39.21	(4) unimproved property that is c	classified residential	as determined under	subdivision
39.22	33.			
39.23	For the purposes of this paragrap	oh, "short-term rental	property" means no	nhomestead
39.24	residential real estate rented for peri	ods of less than 30 c	onsecutive days.	
39.25	The market value of class 4b pro	perty has a classifica	ation rate of 1.25 per	cent.
39.26	(c) Class 4bb includes:			
39.27	(1) nonhomestead residential rea	l estate containing or	ne unit, other than se	easonal
39.28	residential recreational property;	-		
39.29	(2) a single family dwelling, gara	age, and surrounding	one acre of property	v on a
39.30	nonhomestead farm classified under			,
57.50		, pur	. <u>o</u> r (0), unu	

- 40.1 (3) a condominium-type storage unit having an individual property identification number
  40.2 that is not used for a commercial purpose.
- 40.3 Class 4bb property has the same classification rates as class 1a property under subdivision
  40.4 22.

40.5 Property that has been classified as seasonal residential recreational property at any time
40.6 during which it has been owned by the current owner or spouse of the current owner does
40.7 not qualify for class 4bb.

40.8

(d) Class 4c property includes:

(1) except as provided in subdivision 22, paragraph (c), real and personal property 40.9 devoted to commercial temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes, 40.10 for not more than 250 days in the year preceding the year of assessment. For purposes of 40.11 this clause, property is devoted to a commercial purpose on a specific day if any portion of 40.12 the property is used for residential occupancy, and a fee is charged for residential occupancy. 40.13 Class 4c property under this clause must contain three or more rental units. A "rental unit" 40.14 is defined as a cabin, condominium, townhouse, sleeping room, or individual camping site 40.15 equipped with water and electrical hookups for recreational vehicles. A camping pad offered 40.16 for rent by a property that otherwise qualifies for class 4c under this clause is also class 4c 40.17 under this clause regardless of the term of the rental agreement, as long as the use of the 40.18 camping pad does not exceed 250 days. In order for a property to be classified under this 40.19 clause, either (i) the business located on the property must provide recreational activities, 40.20 at least 40 percent of the annual gross lodging receipts related to the property must be from 40.21 business conducted during 90 consecutive days, and either (A) at least 60 percent of all paid 40.22 bookings by lodging guests during the year must be for periods of at least two consecutive 40.23 nights; or (B) at least 20 percent of the annual gross receipts must be from charges for 40.24 providing recreational activities, or (ii) the business must contain 20 or fewer rental units, 40.25 40.26 and must be located in a township or a city with a population of 2,500 or less located outside the metropolitan area, as defined under section 473.121, subdivision 2, that contains a portion 40.27 of a state trail administered by the Department of Natural Resources. For purposes of item 40.28 (i)(A), a paid booking of five or more nights shall be counted as two bookings. Class 4c 40.29 property also includes commercial use real property used exclusively for recreational 40.30 40.31 purposes in conjunction with other class 4c property classified under this clause and devoted to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreational purposes, up to a total of 40.32 two acres, provided the property is not devoted to commercial recreational use for more 40.33 than 250 days in the year preceding the year of assessment and is located within two miles 40.34 of the class 4c property with which it is used. In order for a property to qualify for 40.35

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classification under this clause, the owner must submit a declaration to the assessor 41.1 designating the cabins or units occupied for 250 days or less in the year preceding the year 41.2 of assessment by January 15 of the assessment year. Those cabins or units and a proportionate 41.3 share of the land on which they are located must be designated class 4c under this clause 41.4 as otherwise provided. The remainder of the cabins or units and a proportionate share of 41.5 the land on which they are located will be designated as class 3a. The owner of property 41.6 desiring designation as class 4c property under this clause must provide guest registers or 41.7 other records demonstrating that the units for which class 4c designation is sought were not 41.8 occupied for more than 250 days in the year preceding the assessment if so requested. The 41.9 portion of a property operated as a (1) restaurant, (2) bar, (3) gift shop, (4) conference center 41.10 or meeting room, and (5) other nonresidential facility operated on a commercial basis not 41.11 directly related to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes 41.12 does not qualify for class 4c. For the purposes of this paragraph, "recreational activities" 41.13 means renting ice fishing houses, boats and motors, snowmobiles, downhill or cross-country 41.14 ski equipment; providing marina services, launch services, or guide services; or selling bait 41.15 and fishing tackle; 41.16

41.17 (2) qualified property used as a golf course if:

(i) it is open to the public on a daily fee basis. It may charge membership fees or dues,
but a membership fee may not be required in order to use the property for golfing, and its
green fees for golfing must be comparable to green fees typically charged by municipal
courses; and

41.22 (ii) it meets the requirements of section 273.112, subdivision 3, paragraph (d).

41.23 A structure used as a clubhouse, restaurant, or place of refreshment in conjunction with
41.24 the golf course is classified as class 3a property;

(3) real property up to a maximum of three acres of land owned and used by a nonprofit
community service oriented organization and not used for residential purposes on either a
temporary or permanent basis, provided that:

41.28 (i) the property is not used for a revenue-producing activity for more than six days in
41.29 the calendar year preceding the year of assessment; or

(ii) the organization makes annual charitable contributions and donations at least equal
to the property's previous year's property taxes and the property is allowed to be used for
public and community meetings or events for no charge, as appropriate to the size of the
facility.

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42.1 For purposes of this clause:

(A) "charitable contributions and donations" has the same meaning as lawful gambling
purposes under section 349.12, subdivision 25, excluding those purposes relating to the
payment of taxes, assessments, fees, auditing costs, and utility payments;

42.5 (B) "property taxes" excludes the state general tax;

42.6 (C) a "nonprofit community service oriented organization" means any corporation,
42.7 society, association, foundation, or institution organized and operated exclusively for
42.8 charitable, religious, fraternal, civic, or educational purposes, and which is exempt from
42.9 federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3), (8), (10), or (19) of the Internal
42.10 Revenue Code; and

42.11 (D) "revenue-producing activities" shall include but not be limited to property or that 42.12 portion of the property that is used as an on-sale intoxicating liquor or 3.2 percent malt 42.13 liquor establishment licensed under chapter 340A, a restaurant open to the public, bowling 42.14 alley, a retail store, gambling conducted by organizations licensed under chapter 349, an 42.15 insurance business, or office or other space leased or rented to a lessee who conducts a 42.16 for-profit enterprise on the premises.

42.17 Any portion of the property not qualifying under either item (i) or (ii) is class 3a. The 42.18 use of the property for social events open exclusively to members and their guests for periods 42.19 of less than 24 hours, when an admission is not charged nor any revenues are received by 42.20 the organization shall not be considered a revenue-producing activity.

The organization shall maintain records of its charitable contributions and donations and of public meetings and events held on the property and make them available upon request any time to the assessor to ensure eligibility. An organization meeting the requirement under item (ii) must file an application by May 1 with the assessor for eligibility for the current year's assessment. The commissioner shall prescribe a uniform application form and instructions;

(4) postsecondary student housing of not more than one acre of land that is owned by a
nonprofit corporation organized under chapter 317A and is used exclusively by a student
cooperative, sorority, or fraternity for on-campus housing or housing located within two
miles of the border of a college campus;

42.31 (5)(i) manufactured home parks as defined in section 327.14, subdivision 3, excluding
42.32 manufactured home parks described in items (ii) and (iii), (ii) manufactured home parks as
42.33 defined in section 327.14, subdivision 3, that are described in section 273.124, subdivision

43.1	3a, and (iii) class I manufactured home parks as defined in section 327C.015, subdivision
43.2	2;
43.3	(6) real property that is actively and exclusively devoted to indoor fitness, health, social,
43.4	recreational, and related uses, is owned and operated by a not-for-profit corporation, and is
43.5	located within the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2;
43.6	(7) a leased or privately owned noncommercial aircraft storage hangar not exempt under
43.7	section 272.01, subdivision 2, and the land on which it is located, provided that:
43.8	(i) the land is on an airport owned or operated by a city, town, county, Metropolitan
43.9	Airports Commission, or group thereof; and
43.10	(ii) the land lease, or any ordinance or signed agreement restricting the use of the leased
43.11	premise, prohibits commercial activity performed at the hangar.
43.12	If a hangar classified under this clause is sold after June 30, 2000, a bill of sale must be
43.13	filed by the new owner with the assessor of the county where the property is located within
43.14	60 days of the sale;
43.15	(8) a privately owned noncommercial aircraft storage hangar not exempt under section
43.16	272.01, subdivision 2, and the land on which it is located, provided that:
43.17	(i) the land abuts a public airport; and
43.17 43.18	<ul><li>(i) the land abuts a public airport; and</li><li>(ii) the owner of the aircraft storage hangar provides the assessor with a signed agreement</li></ul>
43.18	(ii) the owner of the aircraft storage hangar provides the assessor with a signed agreement
43.18 43.19	(ii) the owner of the aircraft storage hangar provides the assessor with a signed agreement restricting the use of the premises, prohibiting commercial use or activity performed at the
43.18 43.19 43.20	(ii) the owner of the aircraft storage hangar provides the assessor with a signed agreement restricting the use of the premises, prohibiting commercial use or activity performed at the hangar; and
<ul><li>43.18</li><li>43.19</li><li>43.20</li><li>43.21</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(ii) the owner of the aircraft storage hangar provides the assessor with a signed agreement restricting the use of the premises, prohibiting commercial use or activity performed at the hangar; and</li> <li>(9) residential real estate, a portion of which is used by the owner for homestead purposes,</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>43.18</li> <li>43.19</li> <li>43.20</li> <li>43.21</li> <li>43.22</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(ii) the owner of the aircraft storage hangar provides the assessor with a signed agreement restricting the use of the premises, prohibiting commercial use or activity performed at the hangar; and</li> <li>(9) residential real estate, a portion of which is used by the owner for homestead purposes, and that is also a place of lodging, if all of the following criteria are met:</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>43.18</li> <li>43.19</li> <li>43.20</li> <li>43.21</li> <li>43.22</li> <li>43.23</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(ii) the owner of the aircraft storage hangar provides the assessor with a signed agreement restricting the use of the premises, prohibiting commercial use or activity performed at the hangar; and</li> <li>(9) residential real estate, a portion of which is used by the owner for homestead purposes, and that is also a place of lodging, if all of the following criteria are met:</li> <li>(i) rooms are provided for rent to transient guests that generally stay for periods of 14</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>43.18</li> <li>43.19</li> <li>43.20</li> <li>43.21</li> <li>43.22</li> <li>43.23</li> <li>43.24</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(ii) the owner of the aircraft storage hangar provides the assessor with a signed agreement restricting the use of the premises, prohibiting commercial use or activity performed at the hangar; and</li> <li>(9) residential real estate, a portion of which is used by the owner for homestead purposes, and that is also a place of lodging, if all of the following criteria are met:</li> <li>(i) rooms are provided for rent to transient guests that generally stay for periods of 14 or fewer days;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>43.18</li> <li>43.19</li> <li>43.20</li> <li>43.21</li> <li>43.22</li> <li>43.23</li> <li>43.24</li> <li>43.25</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(ii) the owner of the aircraft storage hangar provides the assessor with a signed agreement restricting the use of the premises, prohibiting commercial use or activity performed at the hangar; and</li> <li>(9) residential real estate, a portion of which is used by the owner for homestead purposes, and that is also a place of lodging, if all of the following criteria are met:</li> <li>(i) rooms are provided for rent to transient guests that generally stay for periods of 14 or fewer days;</li> <li>(ii) meals are provided to persons who rent rooms, the cost of which is incorporated in</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>43.18</li> <li>43.19</li> <li>43.20</li> <li>43.21</li> <li>43.22</li> <li>43.23</li> <li>43.24</li> <li>43.25</li> <li>43.26</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(ii) the owner of the aircraft storage hangar provides the assessor with a signed agreement restricting the use of the premises, prohibiting commercial use or activity performed at the hangar; and</li> <li>(9) residential real estate, a portion of which is used by the owner for homestead purposes, and that is also a place of lodging, if all of the following criteria are met:</li> <li>(i) rooms are provided for rent to transient guests that generally stay for periods of 14 or fewer days;</li> <li>(ii) meals are provided to persons who rent rooms, the cost of which is incorporated in the basic room rate;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>43.18</li> <li>43.19</li> <li>43.20</li> <li>43.21</li> <li>43.22</li> <li>43.23</li> <li>43.24</li> <li>43.25</li> <li>43.26</li> <li>43.27</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(ii) the owner of the aircraft storage hangar provides the assessor with a signed agreement restricting the use of the premises, prohibiting commercial use or activity performed at the hangar; and</li> <li>(9) residential real estate, a portion of which is used by the owner for homestead purposes, and that is also a place of lodging, if all of the following criteria are met:</li> <li>(i) rooms are provided for rent to transient guests that generally stay for periods of 14 or fewer days;</li> <li>(ii) meals are provided to persons who rent rooms, the cost of which is incorporated in the basic room rate;</li> <li>(iii) meals are not provided to the general public except for special events on fewer than</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>43.18</li> <li>43.19</li> <li>43.20</li> <li>43.21</li> <li>43.22</li> <li>43.23</li> <li>43.23</li> <li>43.24</li> <li>43.25</li> <li>43.26</li> <li>43.27</li> <li>43.28</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(ii) the owner of the aircraft storage hangar provides the assessor with a signed agreement restricting the use of the premises, prohibiting commercial use or activity performed at the hangar; and</li> <li>(9) residential real estate, a portion of which is used by the owner for homestead purposes, and that is also a place of lodging, if all of the following criteria are met:</li> <li>(i) rooms are provided for rent to transient guests that generally stay for periods of 14 or fewer days;</li> <li>(ii) meals are provided to persons who rent rooms, the cost of which is incorporated in the basic room rate;</li> <li>(iii) meals are not provided to the general public except for special events on fewer than seven days in the calendar year preceding the year of the assessment; and</li> </ul>

class 3a. The portion of the property used for purposes of a homestead by the owner must
be classified as class 1a property under subdivision 22;

44.3 (10) real property up to a maximum of three acres and operated as a restaurant as defined under section 157.15, subdivision 12, provided it: (i) is located on a lake as defined under 44.4 section 103G.005, subdivision 15, paragraph (a), clause (3); and (ii) is either devoted to 44.5 commercial purposes for not more than 250 consecutive days, or receives at least 60 percent 44.6 of its annual gross receipts from business conducted during four consecutive months. Gross 44.7 44.8 receipts from the sale of alcoholic beverages must be included in determining the property's qualification under item (ii). The property's primary business must be as a restaurant and 44.9 not as a bar. Gross receipts from gift shop sales located on the premises must be excluded. 44.10 Owners of real property desiring 4c classification under this clause must submit an annual 44.11 declaration to the assessor by February 1 of the current assessment year, based on the 44.12 property's relevant information for the preceding assessment year; 44.13

(11) lakeshore and riparian property and adjacent land, not to exceed six acres, used as 44.14 a marina, as defined in section 86A.20, subdivision 5, which is made accessible to the public 44.15 and devoted to recreational use for marina services. The marina owner must annually provide 44.16 evidence to the assessor that it provides services, including lake or river access to the public 44.17 by means of an access ramp or other facility that is either located on the property of the 44.18 marina or at a publicly owned site that abuts the property of the marina. No more than 800 44.19 feet of lakeshore may be included in this classification. Buildings used in conjunction with 44.20 a marina for marina services, including but not limited to buildings used to provide food 44.21 and beverage services, fuel, boat repairs, or the sale of bait or fishing tackle, are classified 44.22 as class 3a property; and 44.23

44.24 (12) real and personal property devoted to noncommercial temporary and seasonal
44.25 residential occupancy for recreation purposes.

44.26 Class 4c property has a classification rate of 1.5 percent of market value, except that (i) each parcel of noncommercial seasonal residential recreational property under clause (12) 44.27 has the same classification rates as class 4bb property, (ii) manufactured home parks assessed 44.28 under clause (5), item (i), have the same classification rate as class 4b property, the market 44.29 value of manufactured home parks assessed under clause (5), item (ii), have a classification 44.30 rate of 0.75 percent if more than 50 percent of the lots in the park are occupied by 44.31 shareholders in the cooperative corporation or association and a classification rate of one 44.32 percent if 50 percent or less of the lots are so occupied, and class I manufactured home 44.33 parks as defined in section 327C.015, subdivision 2, have a classification rate of 1.0 percent, 44.34 (iii) commercial-use seasonal residential recreational property and marina recreational land 44.35

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as described in clause (11), has a classification rate of one percent for the first \$500,000 of 45.1 market value, and 1.25 percent for the remaining market value, (iv) the market value of 45.2 property described in clause (4) has a classification rate of one percent, (v) the market value 45.3 of property described in clauses (2), (6), and (10) has a classification rate of 1.25 percent, 45.4 (vi) that portion of the market value of property in clause (9) qualifying for class 4c property 45.5 has a classification rate of 1.25 percent, and (vii) property qualifying for classification under 45.6 clause (3) that is owned or operated by a congressionally chartered veterans organization 45.7 has a classification rate of one percent. The commissioner of veterans affairs must provide 45.8 a list of congressionally chartered veterans organizations to the commissioner of revenue 45.9 by June 30, 2017, and by January 1, 2018, and each year thereafter. 45.10

45.11 (e) Class 4d property includes:

(1) qualifying low-income rental housing certified to the assessor by the Housing Finance 45.12 Agency under section 273.128, subdivision 3. If only a portion of the units in the building 45.13 qualify as low-income rental housing units as certified under section 273.128, subdivision 45.14 3, only the proportion of qualifying units to the total number of units in the building qualify 45.15 for class 4d(1). The remaining portion of the building shall be classified by the assessor 45.16 based upon its use. Class 4d(1) also includes the same proportion of land as the qualifying 45.17 low-income rental housing units are to the total units in the building. For all properties 45.18 qualifying as class 4d(1), the market value determined by the assessor must be based on the 45.19 normal approach to value using normal unrestricted rents; and 45.20

(2) a unit that is owned by the occupant and used as a homestead by the occupant, and 45.21 otherwise meets all the requirements for community land trust property under section 273.11, 45.22 subdivision 12, provided that by December 31 of each assessment year, the community land 45.23 trust certifies to the assessor that (i) the community land trust owns the real property on 45.24 which the unit is located, and (ii) the unit owner is a member in good standing of the 45.25 community land trust. For all units qualifying as class 4d(2), the market value determined 45.26 by the assessor must be based on the normal approach to value without regard to any 45.27 restrictions that apply because the unit is a community land trust property. 45.28

(f) Class 4d(1) property has a classification rate of 0.25 percent. Class 4d(2) property
has a classification rate of 0.75 percent.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2025.

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46.1 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 273.13, subdivision 34, is amended to read:

Subd. 34. Homestead of veteran with a disability or family caregiver. (a) All or a 46.2 portion of the market value of property owned by a veteran and serving as the veteran's 46.3 homestead under this section is excluded in determining the property's taxable market value 46.4 if the veteran has a service-connected disability of 70 percent or more as certified by the 46.5 United States Department of Veterans Affairs. To qualify for exclusion under this subdivision, 46.6 the veteran must have been honorably discharged from the United States armed forces, as 46.7 46.8 indicated by United States Government Form DD214 or other official military discharge papers. 46.9

46.10 (b)(1) For a disability rating of 70 percent or more, \$150,000 \$175,000 of market value
46.11 is excluded, except as provided in clause (2); and

46.12 (2) for a total (100 percent) and permanent disability, \$300,000 \$350,000 of market
46.13 value is excluded.

(c) If a veteran with a disability qualifying for a valuation exclusion under paragraph 46.14 (b), clause (2), predeceases the veteran's spouse, and if upon the death of the veteran the 46.15 spouse holds the legal or beneficial title to the homestead and permanently resides there, 46.16 the exclusion shall carry over to the benefit of the veteran's spouse until such time as the 46.17 spouse remarries, or sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the property, except as otherwise 46.18 provided in paragraph (n). Qualification under this paragraph requires an application under 46.19 paragraph (h), and a spouse must notify the assessor if there is a change in the spouse's 46.20 marital status, ownership of the property, or use of the property as a permanent residence. 46.21

(d) If the spouse of a member of any branch or unit of the United States armed forces
who dies due to a service-connected cause while serving honorably in active service, as
indicated on United States Government Form DD1300 or DD2064, holds the legal or
beneficial title to a homestead and permanently resides there, the spouse is entitled to the
benefit described in paragraph (b), clause (2), until such time as the spouse remarries or
sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the property, except as otherwise provided in
paragraph (n).

(e) If a veteran meets the disability criteria of paragraph (a) but does not own property
classified as homestead in the state of Minnesota, then the homestead of the veteran's primary
family caregiver, if any, is eligible for the exclusion that the veteran would otherwise qualify
for under paragraph (b).

47.1 (f) In the case of an agricultural homestead, only the portion of the property consisting
47.2 of the house and garage and immediately surrounding one acre of land qualifies for the
47.3 valuation exclusion under this subdivision.

47.4 (g) A property qualifying for a valuation exclusion under this subdivision is not eligible
47.5 for the market value exclusion under subdivision 35, or classification under subdivision 22,
47.6 paragraph (b).

(h) To qualify for a valuation exclusion under this subdivision a property owner must
apply to the assessor by December 31 of the first assessment year for which the exclusion
is sought. Except as provided in paragraph (c), the owner of a property that has been accepted
for a valuation exclusion must notify the assessor if there is a change in ownership of the
property or in the use of the property as a homestead.

47.12 (i) A first-time application by a qualifying spouse for the market value exclusion under47.13 paragraph (d) must be made any time within two years of the death of the service member.

47.14 (j) For purposes of this subdivision:

47.15 (1) "active service" has the meaning given in section 190.05;

47.16 (2) "own" means that the person's name is present as an owner on the property deed;

(3) "primary family caregiver" means a person who is approved by the secretary of the
United States Department of Veterans Affairs for assistance as the primary provider of
personal care services for an eligible veteran under the Program of Comprehensive Assistance
for Family Caregivers, codified as United States Code, title 38, section 1720G; and

47.21 (4) "veteran" has the meaning given the term in section 197.447.

(k) If a veteran did not apply for or receive the exclusion under paragraph (b), clause
(2), before dying, or the exclusion under paragraph (b), clause (2), did not exist at the time
of the veterans death, the veteran's spouse is entitled to the benefit under paragraph (b),
clause (2), until the spouse remarries or sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the property,
except as otherwise provided in paragraph (n), if:

47.27 (1) the spouse files a first-time application;

47.28 (2) upon the death of the veteran, the spouse holds the legal or beneficial title to the47.29 homestead and permanently resides there;

47.30 (3) the veteran met the honorable discharge requirements of paragraph (a); and

47.31 (4) the United States Department of Veterans Affairs certifies that:

(i) the veteran met the total (100 percent) and permanent disability requirement under 48.1 paragraph (b), clause (2); or 48.2

48.3

(ii) the spouse has been awarded dependency and indemnity compensation.

(1) The purpose of this provision of law providing a level of homestead property tax 48.4 48.5 relief for veterans with a disability, their primary family caregivers, and their surviving spouses is to help ease the burdens of war for those among our state's citizens who bear 48.6 those burdens most heavily. 48.7

(m) By July 1, the county veterans service officer must certify the disability rating and 48.8 permanent address of each veteran receiving the benefit under paragraph (b) to the assessor. 48.9

(n) A spouse who received the benefit in paragraph (c), (d), or (k) but no longer holds 48.10 the legal or beneficial title to the property may continue to receive the exclusion for a 48.11 property other than the property for which the exclusion was initially granted until the spouse 48.12 remarries or sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the property, provided that: 48.13

- (1) the spouse applies under paragraph (h) for the continuation of the exclusion allowed 48.14 under this paragraph; 48.15
- (2) the spouse holds the legal or beneficial title to the property for which the continuation 48.16 of the exclusion is sought under this paragraph, and permanently resides there; 48.17

(3) the estimated market value of the property for which the exclusion is sought under 48.18 this paragraph is less than or equal to the estimated market value of the property that first 48.19 received the exclusion, based on the value of each property on the date of the sale of the 48.20 property that first received the exclusion; and 48.21

(4) the spouse has not previously received the benefit under this paragraph for a property 48.22 other than the property for which the exclusion is sought. 48.23

(o) If a spouse had previously received the exclusion under paragraph (c) or (d) and the 48.24 exclusion expired prior to taxes payable in 2020, the spouse may reapply under this section 48.25 for the exclusion under paragraph (c) or (d). 48.26

48.27

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2025.

48.28 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 273.38, is amended to read:

#### 273.38 PERCENTAGE OF ASSESSMENTS; EXCEPTIONS. 48.29

- The distribution lines and the attachments and appurtenances thereto systems, not 48.30
- including substations, or transmission or generation equipment of cooperative associations 48.31

49.1 organized under the provisions of Laws 1923, chapter 326, and laws amendatory thereof
49.2 and supplemental thereto, and engaged in the electrical heat, light and power business, upon
49.3 a mutual, nonprofit and cooperative plan, shall be assessed and taxed as provided in sections
49.4 273.40 and 273.41.

### 49.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for assessment year 2025 and thereafter.

49.6 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 273.41, is amended to read:

### 49.7 **273.41 AMOUNT OF TAX; DISTRIBUTION.**

There is hereby imposed upon each such cooperative association on December 31 of 49.8 each year a tax of \$10 for each 100 members, or fraction thereof, of such association. The 49.9 tax, when paid, shall be in lieu of all personal property taxes, state, county, or local, upon 49.10 distribution lines and the attachments and appurtenances thereto of such associations that 49.11 part of the association's distribution system, not including substations, or transmission or 49.12 generation equipment, located in rural areas. The tax shall be payable on or before March 49.13 1 of the next succeeding year, to the commissioner of revenue. If the tax, or any portion 49.14 thereof, is not paid within the time herein specified for the payment thereof, there shall be 49.15 added thereto a specific penalty equal to ten percent of the amount so remaining unpaid. 49.16 Such penalty shall be collected as part of said tax, and the amount of said tax not timely 49.17 paid, together with said penalty, shall bear interest at the rate specified in section 270C.40 49.18 from the time such tax should have been paid until paid. The commissioner shall deposit 49.19 49.20 the amount so received in the general fund of the state treasury.

### 49.21

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for assessment year 2025 and thereafter.

49.22 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 290B.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

49.23 Subdivision 1. Program qualifications. The qualifications for the senior citizens'
49.24 property tax deferral program are as follows:

(1) the property must be owned and occupied as a homestead by a person 65 years of
age or older. In the case of a married couple, at least one of the spouses must be at least 65
years old at the time the first property tax deferral is granted, regardless of whether the
property is titled in the name of one spouse or both spouses, or titled in another way that
permits the property to have homestead status, and the other spouse must be at least 62 years
of age;

(2) the total household income of the qualifying homeowners, as defined in section
290A.03, subdivision 5, for the calendar year preceding the year of the initial application
may not exceed \$96,000 \$110,000;

(3) the homestead must have been owned and occupied as the homestead of at least one
of the qualifying homeowners for at least five years prior to the year the initial application
is filed;

50.7 (4) there are no state or federal tax liens or judgment liens on the homesteaded property;

50.8 (5) there are no mortgages or other liens on the property that secure future advances,
50.9 except for those subject to credit limits that result in compliance with clause (6); and

(6) the total unpaid balances of debts secured by mortgages and other liens on the
property, including unpaid and delinquent special assessments and interest and any delinquent
property taxes, penalties, and interest, but not including property taxes payable during the
year or debts secured by a residential PACE lien, as defined in section 216C.435, subdivision
10d, does not exceed 75 percent of the assessor's estimated market value for the year.

## 50.15 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for applications for deferral of taxes 50.16 payable in 2026 and thereafter.

50.17 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 290B.04, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Excess-income certification by taxpayer. A taxpayer whose initial application 50.18 has been approved under subdivision 2 shall notify the commissioner of revenue in writing 50.19 by July 1 if the taxpayer's household income for the preceding calendar year exceeded 50.20 \$96,000 \$110,000. The certification must state the homeowner's total household income 50.21 for the previous calendar year. No property taxes may be deferred under this chapter in any 50.22 year following the year in which a program participant filed or should have filed an 50.23 excess-income certification under this subdivision, unless the participant has filed a 50.24 resumption of eligibility certification as described in subdivision 4. 50.25

## 50.26 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for applications for deferral of taxes 50.27 payable in 2026 and thereafter.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 290B.04, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
Subd. 4. Resumption of eligibility certification by taxpayer. A taxpayer who has
previously filed an excess-income certification under subdivision 3 may resume program
participation if the taxpayer's household income for a subsequent year is \$96,000 \$110,000
or less. If the taxpayer chooses to resume program participation, the taxpayer must notify

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51.1 the commissioner of revenue in writing by July 1 of the year following a calendar year in 51.2 which the taxpayer's household income is \$96,000 \$110,000 or less. The certification must 51.3 state the taxpayer's total household income for the previous calendar year. Once a taxpayer 51.4 resumes participation in the program under this subdivision, participation will continue until 51.5 the taxpayer files a subsequent excess-income certification under subdivision 3 or until 51.6 participation is terminated under section 290B.08, subdivision 1.

#### 51.7

51.8

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for applications for deferral of taxes payable in 2026 and thereafter.

51.9 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 290B.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Determination by commissioner. The commissioner shall determine 51.10 each qualifying homeowner's "annual maximum property tax amount" following approval 51.11 of the homeowner's initial application and following the receipt of a resumption of eligibility 51.12 certification. The "annual maximum property tax amount" equals three percent of the 51.13 homeowner's total household income for the year preceding either the initial application or 51.14 the resumption of eligibility certification, whichever is applicable. Following approval of 51.15 the initial application, the commissioner shall determine the qualifying homeowner's 51.16 "maximum allowable deferral." No tax may be deferred relative to the appropriate assessment 51.17 year for any homeowner whose total household income for the previous year exceeds 51.18 51.19 \$96,000 \$110,000. No tax shall be deferred in any year in which the homeowner does not meet the program qualifications in section 290B.03. The maximum allowable total deferral 51.20 is equal to 75 percent of the assessor's estimated market value for the year, less the balance 51.21 of any mortgage loans and other amounts secured by liens against the property at the time 51.22 of application, including any unpaid and delinquent special assessments and interest and 51.23 any delinquent property taxes, penalties, and interest, but not including property taxes 51.24 payable during the year. 51.25

## 51.26 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for applications for deferral of taxes 51.27 payable in 2026 and thereafter.

51.28 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 469.1812, is amended by adding a subdivision
51.29 to read:

51.30 Subd. 2a. Land bank organization. "Land bank organization" means an organization

51.31 that, at least in part, acquires, holds, or manages vacant, blighted, foreclosed, or tax-forfeited

51.32 property for future development, redevelopment, or disposal, and that is either:

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52.1	(1) a nonprofit organization exempt from federal income taxation under section $501(c)(3)$
52.2	of the Internal Revenue Code whose governing board members are elected or appointed by
52.3	the state of Minnesota, any political subdivision of the state of Minnesota, or an agency of
52.4	the state of Minnesota or its political subdivisions, or are elected or appointed officials of
52.5	the state of Minnesota or any of its political subdivisions; or
52.6	(2) a limited liability company of which a nonprofit organization described in clause (1)
52.7	is the sole member.
52.8	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
52.9	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 469.1813, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
52.10	Subdivision 1. Authority. The governing body of a political subdivision may grant a
52.11	current or prospective abatement, by contract or otherwise, of the taxes imposed by the
52.12	political subdivision on a parcel of property, which may include personal property and
52.13	machinery, or defer the payments of the taxes and abate the interest and penalty that otherwise
52.14	would apply, if:
52.15	(1) it expects the benefits to the political subdivision of the proposed abatement agreement
52.16	to at least equal the costs to the political subdivision of the proposed agreement or intends
52.17	the abatement to phase in a property tax increase, as provided in clause (2)(vii); and
52.18	(2) it finds that doing so is in the public interest because it will:
52.19	(i) increase or preserve tax base;
52.20	(ii) provide employment opportunities in the political subdivision;
52.21	(iii) provide or help acquire or construct public facilities;
52.22	(iv) help redevelop or renew blighted areas;
52.23	(v) help provide access to services for residents of the political subdivision;
52.24	(vi) finance or provide public infrastructure;
52.25	(vii) phase in a property tax increase on the parcel resulting from an increase of 50
52.26	percent or more in one year on the estimated market value of the parcel, other than increase
52.27	attributable to improvement of the parcel; or
52.28	(viii) stabilize the tax base through equalization of property tax revenues for a specified
52.29	period of time with respect to a taxpayer whose real and personal property is subject to
52.30	valuation under Minnesota Rules, chapter 8100-;

53.1	(ix) provide for the development of affordable housing to households at or below 80
53.2	percent of area median income as estimated by the United States Department of Housing
53.3	and Urban Development for the political subdivision in which the project is located; or
53.4	(x) allow the property to be held by a land bank organization for future development.
53.5	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 469.1813, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 53.6

Subd. 6. Duration limit. (a) A political subdivision may grant an abatement for a period 53.7 no longer than 15 years, except as provided under paragraph paragraphs (b) and (c). The 53.8 abatement period commences in the first year in which the abatement granted is either paid 53.9 or retained in accordance with section 469.1815, subdivision 2. The subdivision may specify 53.10 in the abatement resolution a shorter duration. If the resolution does not specify a period of 53.11 time, the abatement is for eight years. If an abatement has been granted to a parcel of property 53.12 and the period of the abatement has expired, the political subdivision that granted the 53.13 abatement may not grant another abatement for eight years after the expiration of the first 53.14 abatement. This prohibition does not apply to improvements added after and not subject to 53.15 53.16 the first abatement. Economic abatement agreements for real and personal property subject to valuation under Minnesota Rules, chapter 8100, are not subject to this prohibition and 53.17 may be granted successively. 53.18

(b) A political subdivision proposing to abate taxes for a parcel may request, in writing, 53.19 that the other political subdivisions in which the parcel is located grant an abatement for 53.20 the property. If one of the other political subdivisions declines, in writing, to grant an 53.21 abatement or if 90 days pass after receipt of the request to grant an abatement without a 53.22 written response from one of the political subdivisions, the duration limit for an abatement 53.23 for the parcel by the requesting political subdivision and any other participating political 53.24 subdivision is increased to 20 years. If the political subdivision which declined to grant an 53.25 abatement later grants an abatement for the parcel, the 20-year duration limit is reduced by 53.26 one year for each year that the declining political subdivision grants an abatement for the 53.27 parcel during the period of the abatement granted by the requesting political subdivision. 53.28 The duration limit may not be reduced below the limit under paragraph (a). 53.29

53.30 (c) An abatement under subdivision 1, clause (2), items (ix) and (x), may be granted for a period no longer than five years. This limit also applies if the resolution does not specify 53.31 a period of time. 53.32

05/04/25 REVISOR EAP/NS A25-0075 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for abatement resolutions approved after 54.1 54.2 the day following final enactment. Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 469.1813, is amended by adding a subdivision 54.3 to read: 54.4 Subd. 11. Repayment. A land bank organization receiving an abatement under 54.5 subdivision 1, clause (2), item (ix) or (x), must repay the abatement with interest if the land 54.6 for which the abatement was granted is used for a purpose other than the purpose given by 54.7 the land bank organization prior to redevelopment, as determined by the governing body 54.8 54.9 of the political subdivision that granted the abatement. This subdivision applies immediately after the abatement under this section expires and land is subject to repayment under this 54.10 subdivision for the same number of years that the abatement was granted. Interest under 54.11 this section is payable at the rate determined in section 270C.40, subdivision 5. 54.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 54.13 Sec. 19. EXEMPTION FOR LAND HELD FOR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT. 54.14 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 272.02, subdivision 39, property owned 54.15 by the Port Authority of the city of Bloomington that was acquired by the Port Authority 54.16 in May 2016 and exempt under Minnesota Statutes, section 272.02, subdivision 39, for 54.17 taxes payable in 2017 through 2025, must continue to be exempt pursuant to Minnesota 54.18 Statutes, section 272.02, subdivision 39, for taxes payable in 2026 through 2031 provided 54.19 that the requirements of that subdivision are met. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 54.20 section 272.025, an initial application for the exemption under this section must be filed 54.21 with the assessor by June 30, 2025. 54.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 54.23 city of Bloomington and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota 54.24 54.25 Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 54.26 Sec. 20. PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTION; RED LAKE NATION COLLEGE. (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 272.02, subdivision 38, paragraph (b), 54.27 54.28 and any other law to the contrary, property located in the city of Minneapolis acquired by Red Lake Nation College Without Borders, LLC in either August 2021 or September 2021 54.29

54.30 is exempt from property taxes payable in 2022 and the portion of property taxes payable in

- 54.31 2021 due after the property was acquired. An amount necessary to make a payment to the
- 54.32 county for the property taxes that would be payable but for the exemption is appropriated

05/04/25 REVISOR EAP/NS A25-0075 from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue in fiscal year 2026. All prior year 55.1 55.2 penalties, interest, and costs are canceled. 55.3 (b) By August 1, 2025, the auditor of the county in which the property is located must certify to the commissioner of revenue the amount to be paid by the commissioner of revenue 55.4 55.5 to the county under paragraph (a). The commissioner of revenue must make this payment by August 15, 2025. 55.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 55.7 Sec. 21. REPORT ON STRATEGIES TO REDUCE PROPERTY TAXES. 55.8 No later than February 1, 2026, the commissioner of revenue must submit to the chairs 55.9 and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over taxation 55.10 55.11 a report on reducing property taxes paid by homeowners and renters. The report must describe the advantages and disadvantages of reducing property taxes through different 55.12 55.13 policy approaches, including: (1) homeowner property tax refunds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 290A, and the 55.14 renter's credit under Minnesota Statutes, section 290.0693; 55.15 55.16 (2) property tax market value exclusions; (3) property tax credits; or 55.17 (4) simplification of property tax class rates. 55.18 **ARTICLE 4** 55.19 PROPERTY TAX AIDS 55.20 Section 1. 2023 AID PENALTY FORGIVENESS; CITY OF ALPHA. 55.21 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3, the city of Alpha 55.22 must receive its aid payment for calendar year 2023 under Minnesota Statutes, section 55.23 477A.013, that was withheld under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3, 55.24 provided the state auditor certifies to the commissioner of revenue that the state auditor 55.25 received the annual financial reports for 2022 from the city of Alpha by June 1, 2025. The 55.26 commissioner of revenue must make a payment of \$18,472 to the city of Alpha by June 30, 55.27 2025. An amount sufficient to pay aid under this section is appropriated in fiscal year 2025 55.28 from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue. This is a onetime appropriation. 55.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 55.30

56.1	Sec. 2. BASE YEAR FORMULA AID FOR THE CITY OF BALDWIN.
56.2	For the calculation under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.013, subdivisions 8 and 9,
56.3	for aids payable in 2026, the city of Baldwin's aid for 2025, used in calculating aid payable
56.4	in 2026, is deemed to be equal to \$2.85 multiplied by Baldwin's 2023 population.
56.5	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for aids payable in 2026 only.
56.6	Sec. 3. 2024 AID PENALTY FORGIVENESS; CITY OF ODIN.
56.7	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3, the city of Odin
56.8	must receive its aid payment for calendar year 2024 under Minnesota Statutes, section
56.9	477A.013, that was withheld under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3,
56.10	provided the state auditor certifies to the commissioner of revenue that the state auditor
56.11	received the annual financial reports for 2023 from the city of Odin by June 1, 2025. The
56.12	commissioner of revenue must make a payment of \$30,957 to the city of Odin by June 30,
56.13	<u>2025.</u>
56.14	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
56.15	Sec. 4. 2023 AID PENALTY FORGIVENESS; CITY OF STEWART.
56.16	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3, the city of Stewart
56.17	must receive its aid payment for calendar year 2023 under Minnesota Statutes, section
56.18	477A.013, that was withheld under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3,
56.19	provided that the state auditor certifies to the commissioner of revenue that the state auditor
56.20	received the annual financial reports for 2022 from the city of Stewart by June 1, 2025. The
56.21	commissioner of revenue must make a payment of \$87,501.50 to the city of Stewart by June
56.22	30, 2025. An amount sufficient to pay aid under this section is appropriated in fiscal year
56.23	2025 from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue. This is a onetime appropriation.
56.24	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
56.25	Sec. 5. 2024 AID PENALTY FORGIVENESS; CITY OF TROSKY.
56.26	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3, the city of Trosky
56.27	must receive its aid payment for calendar year 2024 under Minnesota Statutes, section
56.28	477A.013, that was withheld under Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.017, subdivision 3,
56.29	provided the state auditor certifies to the commissioner of revenue that the state auditor
56.30	received the annual financial reports for 2023 from the city of Trosky by June 1, 2025. The

57.1	commissioner of revenue must make a payment of \$16,271 to the city of Trosky by June
57.2	<u>30, 2025.</u>
57.3	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
57.4	ARTICLE 5
57.5	TAX INCREMENT FINANCING
57.6	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 469.174, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
57.7	Subd. 10. Redevelopment district. (a) "Redevelopment district" means a type of tax
57.8	increment financing district consisting of a project, or portions of a project, within which
57.9	the authority finds by resolution that one or more of the following conditions, reasonably
57.10	distributed throughout the district, exists:
57.11	(1) parcels consisting of 70 percent of the area of the district are occupied by buildings,
57.12	streets, utilities, paved or gravel parking lots, or other similar structures and more than 50
57.13	percent of the buildings, not including outbuildings, are structurally substandard to a degree
57.14	requiring substantial renovation or clearance;
57.15	(2) the property consists of vacant, unused, underused, inappropriately used, or
57.16	infrequently used rail yards, rail storage facilities, or excessive or vacated railroad
57.17	rights-of-way;
57.18	(3) tank facilities, or property whose immediately previous use was for tank facilities,
57.19	as defined in section 115C.02, subdivision 15, if the tank facilities:
57.20	(i) have or had a capacity of more than 1,000,000 gallons;
57.21	(ii) are located adjacent to rail facilities; and
57.22	(iii) have been removed or are unused, underused, inappropriately used, or infrequently
57.23	used; <del>or</del>
57.24	(4) a qualifying disaster area, as defined in subdivision 10b-; or
57.25	(5) the property consists of vacant, unused, underused, inappropriately used, or
57.26	infrequently used property intended or recently occupied for commercial or industrial
57.27	purposes, and the property is located within the city of Minneapolis or St. Paul.
57.28	(b) For purposes of this subdivision, "structurally substandard" shall mean containing
57.29	defects in structural elements or a combination of deficiencies in essential utilities and
57.30	facilities, light and ventilation, fire protection including adequate egress, layout and condition

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of interior partitions, or similar factors, which defects or deficiencies are of sufficient total 58.1 significance to justify substantial renovation or clearance. 58.2

(c) A building is not structurally substandard if it is in compliance with the building 58.3 code applicable to new buildings or could be modified to satisfy the building code at a cost 58.4 of less than 15 percent of the cost of constructing a new structure of the same square footage 58.5 and type on the site. The municipality may find that a building is not disqualified as 58.6 structurally substandard under the preceding sentence on the basis of reasonably available 58.7 evidence, such as the size, type, and age of the building, the average cost of plumbing, 58.8 electrical, or structural repairs, or other similar reliable evidence. The municipality may not 58.9 make such a determination without an interior inspection of the property, but need not have 58.10 an independent, expert appraisal prepared of the cost of repair and rehabilitation of the 58.11 building. An interior inspection of the property is not required, if the municipality finds that 58.12 (1) the municipality or authority is unable to gain access to the property after using its best 58.13 efforts to obtain permission from the party that owns or controls the property; and (2) the 58.14 evidence otherwise supports a reasonable conclusion that the building is structurally 58.15 substandard. Items of evidence that support such a conclusion include recent fire or police 58.16 inspections, on-site property tax appraisals or housing inspections, exterior evidence of 58.17 deterioration, or other similar reliable evidence. Written documentation of the findings and 58.18 reasons why an interior inspection was not conducted must be made and retained under 58.19 section 469.175, subdivision 3, clause (1). Failure of a building to be disqualified under the 58.20 provisions of this paragraph is a necessary, but not a sufficient, condition to determining 58.21 that the building is substandard. 58.22

(d) A parcel is deemed to be occupied by a structurally substandard building for purposes 58.23 of the finding under paragraph (a) or by the improvements described in paragraph (e) if all 58.24 of the following conditions are met: 58.25

(1) the parcel was occupied by a substandard building or met the requirements of 58.26 paragraph (e), as the case may be, within three years of the filing of the request for 58.27 certification of the parcel as part of the district with the county auditor; 58.28

(2) the substandard building or the improvements described in paragraph (e) were 58.29 demolished or removed by the authority or the demolition or removal was financed by the 58.30 authority or was done by a developer under a development agreement with the authority; 58.31

(3) the authority found by resolution before the demolition or removal that the parcel 58.32 was occupied by a structurally substandard building or met the requirements of paragraph 58.33

59.1 (e) and that after demolition and clearance the authority intended to include the parcel within59.2 a district; and

(4) upon filing the request for certification of the tax capacity of the parcel as part of a
district, the authority notifies the county auditor that the original tax capacity of the parcel
must be adjusted as provided by section 469.177, subdivision 1, paragraph (f).

(e) For purposes of this subdivision, a parcel is not occupied by buildings, streets, utilities,
paved or gravel parking lots, or other similar structures unless 15 percent of the area of the
parcel contains buildings, streets, utilities, paved or gravel parking lots, or other similar
structures.

(f) For districts consisting of two or more noncontiguous areas, each area must qualify
as a redevelopment district under paragraph (a) to be included in the district, and the entire
area of the district must satisfy paragraph (a).

59.13 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for districts for which the request for
 59.14 certification was made after June 30, 2025.

59.15 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 469.175, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Municipality approval. (a) A county auditor shall not certify the original net 59.16 tax capacity of a tax increment financing district until the tax increment financing plan 59.17 proposed for that district has been approved by the municipality in which the district is 59.18 located. If an authority that proposes to establish a tax increment financing district and the 59.19 municipality are not the same, the authority shall apply to the municipality in which the 59.20 district is proposed to be located and shall obtain the approval of its tax increment financing 59.21 plan by the municipality before the authority may use tax increment financing. The 59.22 municipality shall approve the tax increment financing plan only after a public hearing 59.23 thereon after published notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality at 59.24 least once not less than ten days nor more than 30 days prior to the date of the hearing. The 59.25 published notice must include a map of the area of the district from which increments may 59.26 be collected and, if the project area includes additional area, a map of the project area in 59.27 which the increments may be expended. The hearing may be held before or after the approval 59.28 or creation of the project or it may be held in conjunction with a hearing to approve the 59.29 59.30 project.

(b) Before or at the time of approval of the tax increment financing plan, the municipality
shall make the following findings, and shall set forth in writing the reasons and supporting
facts for each determination:

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(1) that the proposed tax increment financing district is a redevelopment district, a
renewal or renovation district, a housing district, a soils condition district, or an economic
development district; if the proposed district is a redevelopment district or a renewal or
renovation district, the reasons and supporting facts for the determination that the district
meets the criteria of section 469.174, subdivision 10, paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2), or
subdivision 10a, must be documented in writing and retained and made available to the
public by the authority until the district has been terminated;

60.8 (2) that, in the opinion of the municipality:

60.9 (i) the proposed development or redevelopment would not reasonably be expected to60.10 occur solely through private investment within the reasonably foreseeable future; and

(ii) the increased market value of the site that could reasonably be expected to occur
without the use of tax increment financing would be less than the increase in the market
value estimated to result from the proposed development after subtracting the present value
of the projected tax increments for the maximum duration of the district permitted by the
plan. The requirements of this item do not apply if the district is a housing district or if the
district is a redevelopment district determined to meet the criteria of section 469.174,
subdivision 10, paragraph (a), clause (5);

60.18 (3) that the tax increment financing plan conforms to the general plan for the development60.19 or redevelopment of the municipality as a whole;

(4) that the tax increment financing plan will afford maximum opportunity, consistent
with the sound needs of the municipality as a whole, for the development or redevelopment
of the project by private enterprise;

60.23 (5) that the municipality elects the method of tax increment computation set forth in60.24 section 469.177, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), if applicable.

(c) When the municipality and the authority are not the same, the municipality shall
approve or disapprove the tax increment financing plan within 60 days of submission by
the authority. When the municipality and the authority are not the same, the municipality
may not amend or modify a tax increment financing plan except as proposed by the authority
pursuant to subdivision 4. Once approved, the determination of the authority to undertake
the project through the use of tax increment financing and the resolution of the governing
body shall be conclusive of the findings therein and of the public need for the financing.

61.1 (d) For a district that is subject to the requirements of paragraph (b), clause (2), item

61.2 (ii), the municipality's statement of reasons and supporting facts must include all of the61.3 following:

61.4 (1) an estimate of the amount by which the market value of the site will increase without
61.5 the use of tax increment financing;

61.6 (2) an estimate of the increase in the market value that will result from the development
61.7 or redevelopment to be assisted with tax increment financing; and

61.8 (3) the present value of the projected tax increments for the maximum duration of the61.9 district permitted by the tax increment financing plan.

61.10 (e) For purposes of this subdivision, "site" means the parcels on which the development61.11 or redevelopment to be assisted with tax increment financing will be located.

(f) Before or at the time of approval of the tax increment financing plan for a district to
be used to fund a workforce housing project under section 469.176, subdivision 4c, paragraph
(d), the municipality shall make the following findings and set forth in writing the reasons
and supporting facts for each determination:

61.16 (1) the city is located outside of the metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121,
61.17 subdivision 2;

(2) the average vacancy rate for rental housing located in the municipality and in any
statutory or home rule charter city located within 15 miles or less of the boundaries of the
municipality has been three percent or less for at least the immediately preceding two-year
period;

(3) at least one business located in the municipality or within 15 miles of the municipality
that employs a minimum of 20 full-time equivalent employees in aggregate has provided a
written statement to the municipality indicating that the lack of available rental housing has
impeded the ability of the business to recruit and hire employees; and

(4) the municipality and the development authority intend to use increments from the
district for the development of rental housing to serve employees of businesses located in
the municipality or surrounding area.

(g) The county auditor may not certify the original tax capacity of an economic
development tax increment financing district for a workforce housing project if the request
for certification is made after June 30, 2027.

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# 62.1 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for districts for which the request for 62.2 certification was made after June 30, 2025.

62.3 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 469.176, subdivision 4n, is amended to read:

62.4 Subd. 4n. Temporary use of increment authorized. (a) Notwithstanding any other
62.5 provision of this section or any other law to the contrary, except the requirements to pay
62.6 bonds to which increments are pledged, the authority may elect, by resolution, to transfer
62.7 unobligated increment for one or more of the following purposes:

(1) to provide improvements, loans, interest rate subsidies, or assistance in any form to
private development consisting of the construction or substantial rehabilitation of buildings
and ancillary facilities, if doing so will create or retain jobs in the state, including construction
jobs, and the construction commences before December 31, 2025 2026, and would not have
commenced before that date without the assistance; or

(2) to make an equity or similar investment in a corporation, partnership, or limited
liability company that the authority determines is necessary to make construction of a
development that meets the requirement of clause (1) financially feasible.

(b) For each calendar year for which transfers are permitted under this subdivision, the
maximum transfer equals the excess of the district's unobligated increment which includes
any increment not required for payments of obligations due during six months following
the transfer on outstanding bonds, binding contracts, and other outstanding financial
obligations of the district to which the district's increment is pledged.

(c) The authority may transfer increments permitted under this subdivision after creating 62.21 a written spending plan that authorizes the authority to take the action described in paragraph 62.22 (a) and details the use of transferred increment, including the use of interest earned on 62.23 transferred increment. Additionally, the municipality must approve the authority's spending 62.24 plan after holding a public hearing. The municipality must publish notice of the hearing in 62.25 a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality and on the municipality's public 62.26 website at least ten days, but not more than 30 days, prior to the date of the hearing. Prior 62.27 to December 31, 2025, the municipality may amend a written spending plan to extend the 62.28 date by which transferred increment may be used, and to authorize use of interest earned 62.29 62.30 on transferred increment, after holding a public hearing as required in this section. A signed and approved copy of the amended plan must be filed with the state auditor. Interest earned 62.31 on transferred increment may be treated the same as transferred increment regardless of 62.32 whether a municipality amends a spending plan. 62.33

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63.1 (d) Increment that is improperly retained, received, spent, or transferred is not eligible63.2 for transfer under this subdivision.

- 63.3 (e) An authority making a transfer under this subdivision must provide to the Office of63.4 the State Auditor a copy of the spending plan approved and signed by the municipality.
- 63.5 (f) The authority to transfer increments under this subdivision expires on December 31, 2022. All transferred increments must be spent, loaned, invested, or otherwise irrevocably 63.6 committed by December 31, 2025, or by December 31, 2026, if authorized by an amended 63.7 spending plan pursuant to paragraph (c). Increment not spent, loaned, invested, or otherwise 63.8 irrevocably committed by December 31, 2025 the applicable deadline in the preceding 63.9 63.10 sentence, must be returned to the district. The requirement to return increment to the district includes any proceeds, principal, and interest received on loans of transferred increment; 63.11 interest or investment earnings on transferred increment; or other repayments or returns of 63.12 transferred increment defined as tax increment under section 469.174, subdivision 25, that 63.13 remain in the funds or accounts of the authority or municipality on the applicable deadline, 63.14 or that are subsequently received by the authority or municipality. If the district has already 63.15 been decertified when increment is returned under this paragraph, the increment shall be 63.16 treated as excess increment and distributed as provided in subdivision 2, paragraph (c), 63.17
- 63.18 clause (4).

63.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

63.20 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 469.1761, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

63.21 Subdivision 1. Requirement imposed. (a) In order for a tax increment financing district
63.22 to qualify as a housing district:

(1) the income limitations provided in this section must be satisfied if the district is
located in a metropolitan county as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 4; and

63.25 (2) no more than 20 percent of the square footage of buildings that receive assistance
63.26 from tax increments may consist of commercial, retail, or other nonresidential uses.

(b) The requirements imposed by this section apply to property receiving assistance
financed with tax increments, including interest reduction, land transfers at less than the
authority's cost of acquisition, utility service or connections, roads, parking facilities, or
other subsidies. The provisions of this section do not apply to districts located in a targeted
area as defined in section 462C.02, subdivision 9, clause (e).

63.32 (c) For purposes of the requirements of paragraph (a), the authority may elect to treat63.33 an addition to an existing structure as a separate building if:

# 64.1 (1) construction of the addition begins more than three years after construction of the64.2 existing structure was completed; and

64.3 (2) for an addition that does not meet the requirements of paragraph (a), clause (2), if it
64.4 is treated as a separate building, the addition was not contemplated by the tax increment
64.5 financing plan which includes the existing structure.

## 64.6 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for districts for which the request for 64.7 certification was made after June 30, 2025.

64.8 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 469.1761, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

64.9 Subd. 3. **Rental property.** For residential rental property, the property must satisfy the 64.10 income requirements for a qualified residential rental low-income housing project as defined 64.11 in section  $\frac{142(d)}{42(g)}$  of the Internal Revenue Code. The requirements of this subdivision 64.12 apply for the duration of the tax increment financing district.

64.13 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Expenditures outside district. (a) For each tax increment financing district, 64.14 an amount equal to at least 75 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid 64.15 by properties in the district must be expended on activities in the district or to pay bonds, 64.16 to the extent that the proceeds of the bonds were used to finance activities in the district or 64.17 to pay, or secure payment of, debt service on credit enhanced bonds. For districts, other 64.18 than redevelopment districts for which the request for certification was made after June 30, 64.19 1995, the in-district percentage for purposes of the preceding sentence is 80 percent. Not 64.20 more than 25 percent of the total revenue derived from tax increments paid by properties 64.21 in the district may be expended, through a development fund or otherwise, on activities 64.22 outside of the district but within the defined geographic area of the project except to pay, 64.23 or secure payment of, debt service on credit enhanced bonds. For districts, other than 64.24 redevelopment districts for which the request for certification was made after June 30, 1995, 64.25 the pooling percentage for purposes of the preceding sentence is 20 percent. The revenues 64.26 64.27 derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district that are expended on costs under section 469.176, subdivision 4h, may be deducted first before calculating the 64.28 percentages that must be expended within and without the district. 64.29

(b) In the case of a housing district, a housing project, as defined in section 469.174,
subdivision 11, is an activity in the district.

(c) All administrative expenses are considered to be expenditures for activities outside
of the district, except that if the only expenses for activities outside of the district under this
subdivision are for the purposes described in paragraph (d), administrative expenses will
be considered as expenditures for activities in the district.

65.5 (d) The authority may elect, in the tax increment financing plan for the district, to increase by up to ten 15 percentage points the permitted amount of expenditures for activities located 65.6 outside the geographic area of the district under paragraph (a). As permitted by section 65.7 65.8 469.176, subdivision 4k, the expenditures, including the permitted expenditures under paragraph (a), need not be made within the geographic area of the project. Expenditures 65.9 that meet the requirements of this paragraph are legally permitted expenditures of the district, 65.10 notwithstanding section 469.176, subdivisions 4b, 4c, and 4j. To qualify for the increase 65.11 under this paragraph, the expenditures must: 65.12

(1) be used exclusively to assist housing that meets the requirement for a qualified
low-income building, as that term is used in section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code; and

(2) not exceed the qualified basis of the housing, as defined under section 42(c) of the
Internal Revenue Code, less the amount of any credit allowed under section 42 of the Internal
Revenue Code; and

65.18 (3) be used to:

(i) acquire and prepare the site of the housing;

(ii) acquire, construct, or rehabilitate the housing; or

(iii) make public improvements directly related to the housing; or

65.22 (4) be used to develop housing:

(i) if the market value of the housing does not exceed the lesser of:

(A) 150 percent of the average market value of single-family homes in that municipality;
or

(B) \$200,000 for municipalities located in the metropolitan area, as defined in section
473.121, or \$125,000 for all other municipalities; and

(ii) if the expenditures are used to pay the cost of site acquisition, relocation, demolition
of existing structures, site preparation, and pollution abatement on one or more parcels, if
the parcel contains a residence containing one to four family dwelling units that has been
vacant for six or more months and is in foreclosure as defined in section 325N.10, subdivision

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66.1 7, but without regard to whether the residence is the owner's principal residence, and only
66.2 after the redemption period has expired; or

66.3 (5) <u>be used</u> to assist owner-occupied housing that meets the requirements of section
66.4 469.1761, subdivision 2; or

66.5 (6) be used for transfer to a housing trust fund established pursuant to section 462C.16
66.6 for expenditure in accordance with subdivision 7.

(e) The authority under paragraph (d), clause (4), expires on December 31, 2016.
Increments may continue to be expended under this authority after that date, if they are used
to pay bonds or binding contracts that would qualify under subdivision 3, paragraph (a), if
December 31, 2016, is considered to be the last date of the five-year period after certification
under that provision.

(f) For purposes of determining whether the minimum percentage of expenditures for 66.12 activities in the district and maximum percentages of expenditures allowed on activities 66.13 outside the district have been met under this subdivision, any amounts returned to the county 66.14 auditor as excess increment, as returned increment under subdivision 4, paragraph (g), or 66.15 as remedies under section 469.1771, subdivision 2, shall first be subtracted from the total 66.16 revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district. Any other amounts 66.17 returned to the county auditor for purposes other than a remedy under section 469.1771, 66.18 subdivision 3, are considered to be expenditures for activities in the district. 66.19

### 66.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

66.21 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

66.22 Subd. 3. Five-year rule. (a) Revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties
66.23 in the district that are expended on an activity within the district will instead be considered
66.24 to have been expended on an activity outside the district for purposes of subdivision 2 unless:

66.25 (1) before or within five years after certification of the district, the revenues are actually
66.26 paid to a third party with respect to the activity;

66.27 (2) bonds, the proceeds of which must be used to finance the activity, are issued and 66.28 sold to a third party before or within five years after certification of the district, the revenues 66.29 are spent to repay the bonds, and the proceeds of the bonds either are, on the date of issuance, 66.30 reasonably expected to be spent before the end of the later of (i) the five-year period, or (ii) 66.31 a reasonable temporary period within the meaning of the use of that term under section 66.32 148(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, or are deposited in a reasonably required reserve 66.33 or replacement fund;

67.1 (3) binding contracts with a third party are entered into for performance of the activity
67.2 before or within five years after certification of the district and the revenues are spent under
67.3 the contractual obligation;

67.4 (4) costs with respect to the activity are paid before or within five years after certification
67.5 of the district and the revenues are spent to reimburse a party for payment of the costs,
67.6 including interest on unreimbursed costs; or

67.7 (5) revenues are spent for housing purposes as described by subdivision 2, paragraph67.8 (b).

(b) For purposes of this subdivision, bonds include subsequent refunding bonds if theoriginal refunded bonds meet the requirements of paragraph (a), clause (2).

(c) For a redevelopment district or a renewal and renovation district certified after June
30, 2003, and before April 20, 2009, the five-year periods described in paragraph (a) are
extended to ten years after certification of the district. For a redevelopment district certified
after April 20, 2009, and before June 30, 2012, the five-year periods described in paragraph
(a) are extended to eight years after certification of the district. This extension is provided
primarily to accommodate delays in development activities due to unanticipated economic
circumstances.

(d) For a redevelopment district that was certified after December 31, 2017, and before
June 30, 2020, the five-year periods described in paragraph (a) are extended to eight years
after certification of the district.

67.21 (e) For any district certified after June 30, 2025, and not located in a metropolitan county,
67.22 the five-year periods described in paragraph (a) are extended to ten years after certification
67.23 of the district. For purposes of this paragraph, "metropolitan county" has the meaning given
67.24 in section 473.121, subdivision 4.

67.25 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for districts for which the request for
67.26 certification was made after June 30, 2025.

67.27 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 469.1763, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Use of revenues for decertification. (a) Beginning with the sixth year following certification of the district, or beginning with the year following the extended period for districts whose five-year period is extended under subdivision 3, <u>paragraphs paragraph</u> (c) and, (d), or (e), a district must be decertified when the product of the applicable in-district percentage multiplied by the cumulative revenues derived from tax increments paid by

- 68.1 properties in the district that have been collected through the end of the calendar year, equals68.2 or exceeds an amount sufficient to pay the following:
- (1) any costs and obligations described in subdivision 3, paragraphs (a) and (b), excluding
  those under a qualifying pay-as-you-go contract and note;
- 68.5 (2) any accrued interest on the costs and obligations in clause (1), payable in accordance
  68.6 with the terms thereof; and
- (3) any administrative expenses falling within the exception in subdivision 2, paragraph(c).

(b) For districts with an outstanding qualifying pay-as-you-go contract and note, the 68.9 required decertification under paragraph (a) is deferred until the end of the remaining term 68.10 of the last outstanding qualifying pay-as-you-go contract and note, and the applicable 68.11 in-district percentage of cumulative revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties 68.12 in the district are sufficient to pay the obligations identified in subdivision 3, paragraphs 68.13 (a) and (b), provided that the deferral shall not exceed the district's duration limit under 68.14 section 469.176. During the deferral, beginning at the time paragraph (a) would otherwise 68.15 require decertification, the authority must annually either: 68.16

(1) remove from the district, by the end of the year, all parcels that will no longer have
their tax increment revenue pledged or subject to a qualifying pay-as-you-go contract and
note or other costs and obligations described in subdivision 3, paragraphs (a) and (b), after
the end of the year; or

(2) use the applicable in-district percentage of revenues derived from tax increments
paid by those parcels to prepay an outstanding qualifying pay-as-you-go contract and note
of the district or other costs and obligations described in subdivision 3, paragraphs (a) and
(b), or to accumulate and use revenues derived from tax increments paid by those parcels
as permitted under paragraph (i).

The authority must remove any parcels as required by this paragraph by modification of the tax increment financing plan and notify the county auditor of the removed parcels by the end of the same calendar year. Notwithstanding section 469.175, subdivision 4, paragraphs (b), clause (1), and (e), the notice, discussion, public hearing, and findings required for approval of the original plan are not required for such a modification.

(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) or (b), if tax increment was pledged prior to August
1, 2023, to a bond other than a pay-as-you-go contract and note or interfund loan, and the
proceeds of the bond were used solely or in part to pay authorized costs for activities outside

69.1 the district, the requirement to decertify under paragraph (a) or remove parcels under69.2 paragraph (b) shall not apply prior to the bond being fully paid or defeased.

69.3 (d) For purposes of this subdivision, "applicable in-district percentage" means the
69.4 percentage of tax increment revenue that is restricted for expenditures within the district,
69.5 as determined under subdivision 2, paragraphs (a) and (d), for the district.

(e) For purposes of this subdivision, "qualifying pay-as-you-go contract and note" means
a pay-as-you-go contract and note that is considered to be for activities within the district
under subdivision 3, paragraph (a).

(f) For purposes of this subdivision, the reference in paragraph (a) to cumulative revenues
derived from tax increments paid by properties in the district through the end of the calendar
year shall include any final settlement distributions made in the following January. For
purposes of the calculation in paragraph (a), any amounts returned to the county auditor as
excess increment or as remedies under section 469.1771, subdivision 2, shall first be
subtracted from the cumulative revenues derived from tax increments paid by properties in
the district.

(g) The timing and implementation of a decertification pursuant to paragraphs (a) and(b) shall be subject to the following:

(1) when a decertification is required under paragraph (a) and not deferred under
paragraph (b), the authority must, as soon as practical and no later than the final settlement
distribution date of January 25 as identified in section 276.111 for the property taxes payable
in the calendar year identified in paragraph (a), make the decertification by resolution
effective for the end of the calendar year identified in paragraph (a), and communicate the
decertification to the county auditor;

(2) when a decertification is deferred under paragraph (b), the authority must, by
December 31 of the year in which the last qualifying pay-as-you-go contract and note reaches
termination, make the decertification by resolution effective for the end of that calendar
year and communicate the decertification to the county auditor;

(3) if the county auditor is unable to prevent tax increments from being calculated for
taxes payable in the year following the year for which the decertification is made effective,
the county auditor may redistribute the tax increments in the same manner as excess
increments under section 469.176, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), clause (4), without first
distributing them to the authority; and

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- (4) if tax increments are distributed to an authority for a taxes payable year after the year
  for which the decertification was required to be effective, the authority must return the
  amount of the distributions to the county auditor for redistribution in the same manner as
  excess increments under section 469.176, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), clause (4).
  - 70.5 (h) The provisions of this subdivision do not apply to a housing district.

(i) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in paragraph (a) or (b), if an authority has 70.6 made the election in the tax increment financing plan for the district under subdivision 2, 70.7 paragraph (d), then the requirement to decertify under paragraph (a) or remove parcels under 70.8 paragraph (b) shall not apply prior to such time that the accumulated revenues derived from 70.9 70.10 tax increments paid by properties in the district that are eligible to be expended for housing purposes described under subdivision 2, paragraph (d), equals the lesser of the amount the 70.11 authority is permitted to expend for housing purposes described under subdivision 2, 70.12 paragraph (d), or the amount authorized for such purposes in the tax increment financing 70.13 plan. Increment revenues collected after the district would have decertified under paragraph 70.14 (a) or from parcels which otherwise would be subject to removal under paragraph (b), absent 70.15 the exception of this paragraph, shall be used solely for housing purposes as described in 70.16 subdivision 2, paragraph (d). 70.17

70.18 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for districts for which the request for
 70.19 certification was made after June 30, 2025.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 469.1763, is amended by adding a subdivision
to read:

70.22Subd. 7. Increment transferred to a housing trust fund. (a) A city making a transfer70.23under subdivision 2, paragraph (d), clause (6), must allocate the transferred increment in70.24conformity with the city's ordinance or policy establishing the division of funds for rental70.25and homeownership distributions. Funds distributed under this subdivision must follow the70.26following income requirements:

- 70.27 (1) for funds used for rental housing purposes, the funds must benefit households at or
   70.28 below 60 percent of area median income; and
- (2) for funds used for homeownership housing purposes, the funds must benefit
   households at or below 120 percent of area median income.
- (b) Any increment transferred for use pursuant to this subdivision is no longer considered
   increment within the meaning of section 469.174, subdivision 25, and is not subject to the
- annual reporting requirements imposed by section 469.175.

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### **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

71.2 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 469.177, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Original net tax capacity. (a) Upon or after adoption of a tax increment 71.3 financing plan, the auditor of any county in which the district is situated shall, upon request 71.4 of the authority, certify the original net tax capacity of the tax increment financing district 71.5 and that portion of the district overlying any subdistrict as described in the tax increment 71.6 71.7 financing plan and shall certify in each year thereafter the amount by which the original net tax capacity has increased or decreased as a result of a change in tax exempt status of 71.8 property within the district and any subdistrict, reduction or enlargement of the district or 71.9 changes pursuant to subdivision 4. The auditor shall certify the amount within 30 days after 71.10 receipt of the request and sufficient information to identify the parcels included in the district. 71.11 The certification relates to the taxes payable year as provided in subdivision 6. 71.12

(b) If the classification under section 273.13 of property located in a district changes to
a classification that has a different assessment ratio, the original net tax capacity of that
property must be redetermined at the time when its use is changed as if the property had
originally been classified in the same class in which it is classified after its use is changed.

(c) The amount to be added to the original net tax capacity of the district as a result of 71.17 previously tax exempt real property within the district becoming taxable equals the net tax 71.18 capacity of the real property as most recently assessed pursuant to information reported to 71.19 the commissioner under section 270C.85, subdivision 2, clause (4), or, if that assessment 71.20 71.21 was made more than one year prior to the date of title transfer rendering the property taxable, the net tax capacity assessed by the assessor at the time of the transfer. If improvements are 71.22 made to tax exempt property after the municipality approves the district and before the 71.23 parcel becomes taxable, the assessor shall, at the request of the authority, separately assess 71.24 the estimated market value of the improvements. If the property becomes taxable, the county 71.25 auditor shall add to original net tax capacity, the net tax capacity of the parcel, excluding 71.26 the separately assessed improvements. If substantial taxable improvements were made to 71.27 71.28 a parcel after certification of the district and if the property later becomes tax exempt, in whole or part, as a result of the authority acquiring the property through foreclosure or 71.29 exercise of remedies under a lease or other revenue agreement or as a result of tax forfeiture, 71.30 the amount to be added to the original net tax capacity of the district as a result of the 71.31 property again becoming taxable is the amount of the parcel's value that was included in 71.32 original net tax capacity when the parcel was first certified. The amount to be added to the 71.33 original net tax capacity of the district as a result of enlargements equals the net tax capacity 71.34

of the added real property as most recently certified by the commissioner of revenue as of
the date of modification of the tax increment financing plan pursuant to section 469.175,
subdivision 4.

(d) If the net tax capacity of a property increases because the property no longer qualifies 72.4 under the Minnesota Agricultural Property Tax Law, section 273.111; the Minnesota Open 72.5 Space Property Tax Law, section 273.112; or the Metropolitan Agricultural Preserves Act, 72.6 chapter 473H, the Rural Preserve Property Tax Program under section 273.114, or because 72.7 72.8 platted, unimproved property is improved or market value is increased after approval of the plat under section 273.11, subdivision 14a or 14b, the increase in net tax capacity must be 72.9 added to the original net tax capacity. If the net tax capacity of a property increases because 72.10 the property no longer qualifies for the homestead market value exclusion under section 72.11 273.13, subdivision 35, the increase in net tax capacity must be added to original net tax 72.12 capacity if the original construction of the affected home was completed before the date the 72.13 assessor certified the original net tax capacity of the district. 72.14

(e) The amount to be subtracted from the original net tax capacity of the district as a 72.15 result of previously taxable real property within the district becoming tax exempt or 72.16 qualifying in whole or part for an exclusion from taxable market value, or a reduction in 72.17 the geographic area of the district, shall be the amount of original net tax capacity initially 72.18 attributed to the property becoming tax exempt, being excluded from taxable market value, 72.19 or being removed from the district. If the net tax capacity of property located within the tax 72.20 increment financing district is reduced by reason of a court-ordered abatement, stipulation 72.21 agreement, voluntary abatement made by the assessor or auditor or by order of the 72.22 commissioner of revenue, the reduction shall be applied to the original net tax capacity of 72.23 the district when the property upon which the abatement is made has not been improved 72.24 since the date of certification of the district and to the captured net tax capacity of the district 72.25 in each year thereafter when the abatement relates to improvements made after the date of 72.26 certification. The county auditor may specify reasonable form and content of the request 72.27 for certification of the authority and any modification thereof pursuant to section 469.175, 72.28 72.29 subdivision 4.

(f) If a parcel of property contained a substandard building or improvements described
in section 469.174, subdivision 10, paragraph (e), that were demolished or removed and if
the authority elects to treat the parcel as occupied by a substandard building under section
469.174, subdivision 10, paragraph (b), or by improvements under section 469.174,
subdivision 10, paragraph (e), the auditor shall certify the original net tax capacity of the
parcel using the greater of (1) the current net tax capacity of the parcel, or (2) the estimated

73.2 demolished or removed, but applying the classification rates for the current year.

- 73.3 (g) For a redevelopment district qualifying under section 469.174, subdivision 10,
- paragraph (a), clause (4), as a qualified disaster area, the auditor shall certify the value of
  the land as the original tax capacity for any parcel in the district that contains a building
- that suffered substantial damage as a result of the disaster or emergency.
- 73.7 (h) For a redevelopment district qualifying under section 469.174, subdivision 10,
- 73.8 paragraph (a), clause (5), as a property with vacant or underused commercial or industrial

<sup>73.9</sup> buildings, the auditor shall certify the value of the land as the original tax capacity for any

73.10 parcel in the district that contains a commercial or industrial building determined to be

73.11 vacant or underused.

# 73.12 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for districts for which the request for 73.13 certification was made after June 30, 2025.

73.14 Sec. 11. Laws 2010, chapter 389, article 7, section 22, as amended by Laws 2011, chapter
73.15 112, article 11, section 16, is amended to read:

# 73.16 Sec. 22. CITY OF RAMSEY; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT; 73.17 SPECIAL RULES.

(a) If the city of Ramsey or an authority of the city elects upon the adoption of a tax 73.18 increment financing plan for a district, the rules under this section apply to a redevelopment 73.19 tax increment financing district established by the city or an authority of the city. The 73.20 redevelopment tax increment district includes parcels within the area bounded on the east 73.21 by Ramsey Boulevard, on the north by Bunker Lake Boulevard as extended west to Llama 73.22 Street, on the west by Llama Street, and on the south by a line running parallel to and 600 73.23 feet south of the southerly right-of-way for U.S. Highway 10, but including Parcels 73.24 28-32-25-43-0007 and 28-32-25-34-0002 in their entirety, and excluding the Anoka County 73.25 Regional Park property in its entirety. A parcel within this area that is included in a tax 73.26 73.27 increment financing district that was certified before the date of enactment of this act may be included in the district created under this act if the initial district is decertified. 73.28

(b) The requirements for qualifying a redevelopment tax increment district under
Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174, subdivision 10, do not apply to the parcels located
within the district.

(c) Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4j, does not apply to the district. 74.1 Eligible expenditures within the district include but are not limited to (1) the city's share of 74.2 the costs necessary to provide for the construction of the Northstar Transit Station and 74.3 related infrastructure, including structured parking, a pedestrian overpass, and roadway 74.4 improvements, (2) the cost of land acquired by the city or the housing and redevelopment 74.5 authority in and for the city of Ramsey within the district prior to the establishment of the 74.6 district, and (3) the cost of public improvements installed within the tax increment financing 74.7 74.8 district prior to the establishment of the district.

(d) The requirement of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, that activities
must be undertaken within a five-year period from the date of certification of a tax increment
financing district, is considered to be met for the district if the activities were undertaken
within ten years from the date of certification of the district.

(e) Except for administrative expenses, the in-district percentage for purposes of the
restriction on pooling under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 2, for this
district is 100 percent.

(f) The requirement of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.177, subdivision 4, does not
apply to Parcels 28-32-25-42-0021 and 28-32-25-41-0014, where development occurred
after enactment of Laws 2010, chapter 389, article 7, section 22, and prior to adoption of
the tax increment financing plan for the district.

74.20 (g) The requirement of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.178, subdivision 7, paragraph

74.21 (b), is considered to be met for the district if the city adopts interfund loan resolutions

reflecting the terms and conditions required by Minnesota Statutes, section 469.178,

<sup>74.23</sup> subdivision 7, paragraph (d), by December 31, 2025.

74.24 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the city of Ramsey and its
 74.25 chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
 74.26 subdivisions 2 and 3.

74.27 Sec. 12. Laws 2013, chapter 143, article 9, section 21, is amended to read:

# 74.28 Sec. 21. CITY OF MAPLEWOOD; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT; 74.29 SPECIAL RULES.

(a) If the city of Maplewood elects, upon the adoption of a tax increment financing plan
for a district, the rules under this section apply to one or more redevelopment tax increment
financing districts established by the city or the economic development authority of the city.

The area within which the redevelopment tax increment districts may be created is parcel
362922240002 (the "parcel") or any replatted parcels constituting a part of the parcel and

the adjacent rights-of-way. For purposes of this section, the parcel is the "3M Renovation
and Retention Project Area" or "project area."

(b) The requirements for qualifying redevelopment tax increment districts under
Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174, subdivision 10, do not apply to the parcel, which is
deemed eligible for inclusion in a redevelopment tax increment district.

(c) The 90 percent rule under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4j, does
not apply to the parcel.

(d) The expenditures outside district rule under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763,
subdivision 2, does not apply; The five-year rule under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763,
subdivision 3, is extended to ten years; and expenditures must only be made within the
project area or the area bounded by State Highway 61 to the West, Interstate Highway 694
to the North, McKnight Road to the East, and a line extending from Frost Avenue through
to McKnight Road to the South.

(e) If, after one year from the date of certification of the original net tax capacity of the 75.16 tax increment district, no demolition, rehabilitation, or renovation of property has been 75.17 commenced on a parcel located within the tax increment district, no additional tax increment 75.18 may be taken from that parcel, and the original net tax capacity of the parcel shall be excluded 75.19 from the original net tax capacity of the tax increment district. If 3M Company subsequently 75.20 commences demolition, rehabilitation, or renovation, the authority shall certify to the county 75.21 auditor that the activity has commenced, and the county auditor shall certify the net tax 75.22 capacity thereof as most recently certified by the commissioner of revenue and add it to the 75.23 original net tax capacity of the tax increment district. The authority must submit to the 75.24 county auditor evidence that the required activity has taken place for each parcel in the 75.25 75.26 district.

(f) The authority to approve a tax increment financing plan and to establish a tax
increment financing district under this section expires December 31, 2018.

# 75.29 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the city of Maplewood and 75.30 its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, 75.31 subdivisions 2 and 3.

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Sec. 13. Laws 2014, chapter 308, article 6, section 9, as amended by Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 1, article 6, section 12, is amended to read:

76.3

# Sec. 9. CITY OF MAPLE GROVE; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT.

Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
the meanings given them.

76.6 (b) "City" means the city of Maple Grove.

(c) "Project area" means all or a portion of the area in the city commencing at a point 76.7 130 feet East and 120 feet North of the southwest corner of the Southeast Quarter of Section 76.8 23, Township 119, Range 22, Hennepin County, said point being on the easterly right-of-way 76.9 line of Hemlock Lane; thence northerly along said easterly right-of-way line of Hemlock 76.10 Lane to a point on the west line of the east one-half of the Southeast Quarter of section 23, 76.11 thence south along said west line a distance of 1,200 feet; thence easterly to the east line of 76.12 Section 23, 1,030 feet North from the southeast corner thereof; thence South 74 degrees 76.13 East 1,285 feet; thence East a distance of 1,000 feet; thence North 59 degrees West a distance 76.14 of 650 feet; thence northerly to a point on the northerly right-of-way line of 81st Avenue 76.15 76.16 North, 650 feet westerly measured at right angles, from the east line of the Northwest Quarter of Section 24; thence North 13 degrees West a distance of 795 feet; thence West to the west 76.17 line of the Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter of Section 24; thence North 55 76.18 degrees West to the south line of the Northwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter of Section 76.19 24; thence West along said south line to the east right-of-way line of Zachary Lane; thence 76.20 North along the east right-of-way line of Zachary Lane to the southwest corner of Lot 1, 76.21 Block 1, Metropolitan Industrial Park 5th Addition; thence East along the south line of said 76.22 Lot 1 to the northeast corner of Outlot A, Metropolitan Industrial Park 5th Addition; thence 76.23 South along the east line of said Outlot A and its southerly extension to the south right-of-way 76.24 line of County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 109; thence easterly along the south right-of-way 76.25 line of CSAH 109 to the east line of the Northwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter of 76.26 Section 24; thence South along said east line to the north line of the South Half of the 76.27 76.28 Northeast Quarter of Section 24; thence East along said north line to the westerly right-of-way line of Jefferson Highway North; thence southerly along the westerly right-of-way line of 76.29 Jefferson Highway to the centerline of CSAH 130; thence continuing South along the west 76.30 right-of-way line of Pilgrim Lane North to the westerly extension of the north line of Outlot 76.31 A, Park North Fourth Addition; thence easterly along the north line of Outlot A, Park North 76.32 76.33 Fourth Addition to the northeast corner of said Outlot A; thence southerly along the east line of said Outlot A to the southeast corner of said Outlot A; thence easterly along the south 76.34

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line of Lot 1, Block 1, Park North Fourth Addition to the westerly right-of-way line of State 77.1 Highway 169; thence southerly, southwesterly, westerly, and northwesterly along the 77.2 westerly right-of-way line of State Highway 169 and the northerly right-of-way line of 77.3 Interstate 694 to its intersection with the southerly extension of the easterly right-of-way 77.4 line of Zachary Lane North; thence northerly along the easterly right-of-way line of Zachary 77.5 Lane North and its northerly extension to the north right-of-way line of CSAH 130; thence 77.6 westerly, southerly, northerly, southwesterly, and northwesterly to the point of beginning 77.7 and there terminating, provided that the project area includes the rights-of-way for all present 77.8 and future highway interchanges abutting the area described in this paragraph, and may 77.9 include any additional property necessary to cause the property included in the tax increment 77.10 financing district to consist of complete parcels. 77.11

(d) "Soil deficiency district" means a type of tax increment financing district consisting
of a portion of the project area in which the city finds by resolution that the following
conditions exist:

(1) unusual terrain or soil deficiencies that occurred over 80 percent of the acreage in
the district require substantial filling, grading, or other physical preparation for use; and

(2) the estimated cost of the physical preparation under clause (1), but excluding costs
directly related to roads as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 160.01, and local
improvements as described in Minnesota Statutes, sections 429.021, subdivision 1, clauses
(1) to (7), (11), and (12), and 430.01, exceeds the fair market value of the land before
completion of the preparation.

Subd. 2. Special rules. (a) If the city elects, upon the adoption of the tax increment
financing plan for a district, the rules under this section apply to a redevelopment district,
renewal and renovation district, soil condition district, or soil deficiency district established
by the city or a development authority of the city in the project area.

(b) Prior to or upon the adoption of the first tax increment plan subject to the special
rules under this subdivision, the city must find by resolution that parcels consisting of at
least 80 percent of the acreage of the project area, excluding street and railroad rights-of-way,
are characterized by one or more of the following conditions:

(1) peat or other soils with geotechnical deficiencies that impair development of
 commercial buildings or infrastructure;

(2) soils or terrain that require substantial filling in order to permit the development ofcommercial buildings or infrastructure;

78.1 (3) landfills, dumps, or similar deposits of municipal or private waste;

78.2 (4) quarries or similar resource extraction sites;

78.3 (5) floodway; and

(6) substandard buildings, within the meaning of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174,
subdivision 10.

(c) For the purposes of paragraph (b), clauses (1) to (5), a parcel is characterized by the
relevant condition if at least 70 percent of the area of the parcel contains the relevant
condition. For the purposes of paragraph (b), clause (6), a parcel is characterized by
substandard buildings if substandard buildings occupy at least 30 percent of the area of the
parcel.

(d) The five-year rule under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is
extended to eight 13 years for any district, and Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763,
subdivision 4, does not apply to any district.

(e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763,
subdivision 2, paragraph (a), not more than 40 percent of the total revenue derived from tax
increments paid by properties in any district, measured over the life of the district, may be
expended on activities outside the district but within the project area.

78.18 (f) For a soil deficiency district:

(1) increments may be collected through 20 25 years after the receipt by the authority of the first increment from the district;

78.21 (2) increments may be used only to:

(i) acquire parcels on which the improvements described in item (ii) will occur;

(ii) pay for the cost of correcting the unusual terrain or soil deficiencies and the additional
cost of installing public improvements directly caused by the deficiencies; and

78.25 (iii) pay for the administrative expenses of the authority allocable to the district; and

(3) any parcel acquired with increments from the district must be sold at no less thantheir fair market value.

(g) Increments spent for any infrastructure costs, whether inside a district or outside a
district but within the project area, are deemed to satisfy the requirements of Minnesota
Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4j.

05/04/25 REVISOR EAP/NS A25-0075 (h) The authority to approve tax increment financing plans to establish tax increment 79.1 financing districts under this section expires June 30, 2020. 79.2 (i) Notwithstanding the restrictions in paragraph (f), clause (2), the city may use 79.3 increments from a soil deficiency district to acquire parcels and for other infrastructure costs 79.4 either inside or outside of the district, but within the project area, if the acquisition or 79.5 infrastructure is for a qualified development. For purposes of this paragraph, a development 79.6 is a qualified development only if all of the following requirements are satisfied: 79.7 (1) the city finds, by resolution, that the land acquisition and infrastructure are undertaken 79.8 primarily to serve the development; 79.9 (2) the city has a binding, written commitment and adequate financial assurances from 79.10 the developer that the development will be constructed; and 79.11 (3) the development does not consist of retail trade or housing improvements. 79.12 EFFECTIVE DATE. (a) The amendment to subdivision 2, paragraph (f), is effective 79.13 upon compliance by the city of Maple Grove, Hennepin County, and Independent School 79.14 District No. 279 with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1782, subdivision 79.15 2. 79.16 (b) The amendment to subdivision 2, paragraph (d), is effective the day after the 79.17 governing body of the city of Maple Grove and its chief clerical officer comply with the 79.18 requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 79.19 Sec. 14. Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 1, article 6, section 22, is amended to 79.20 read: 79.21 Sec. 22. CITY OF ST. PAUL; FORD SITE REDEVELOPMENT TIF DISTRICT. 79.22 (a) For purposes of computing the duration limits under Minnesota Statutes, section 79.23 469.176, subdivision 1b, the housing and redevelopment authority of the city of St. Paul 79.24 may waive receipt of increment for the Ford Site Redevelopment Tax Increment Financing 79.25 District. This authority is limited to the first four years of increment or increments derived 79.26 from taxes payable in 2023, whichever occurs first. 79.27

(b) If the city elects to waive receipt of increment under paragraph (a), for purposes of
applying any limits based on when the district was certified under Minnesota Statutes,
section 469.176, subdivision 6, or 469.1763, the date of certification for the district is deemed
to be January 2 of the property tax assessment year for which increment is first received
under the waiver.

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- REVISOR EAP/NS A25-0075 (c) The five-year period under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is extended to ten years and the period under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 4, relating to the use of increment after the expiration of the five-year period, is extended to 11 years for the Ford Site Redevelopment Tax Increment Financing District in the city of St. Paul. EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the city of St. Paul and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. Sec. 15. CITY OF BROOKLYN CENTER; TIF AUTHORITY. Subdivision 1. Establishment. Under the special rules established in subdivision 2, the economic development authority of the city of Brooklyn Center or the city of Brooklyn Center may establish not more than two redevelopment tax increment financing districts located wholly within the area in the city identified as the "Opportunity Site," which includes the area bounded by Shingle Creek Parkway from Hennepin County State-Aid Highway 10 to Summit Drive North; Summit Drive North from Shingle Creek Parkway to marked Trunk Highway 100; marked Trunk Highway 100 from Summit Drive North to Hennepin County State-Aid Highway 10; and Hennepin County State-Aid Highway 10 from marked Trunk Highway 100 to Shingle Creek Parkway, together with internal and adjacent roads and rights of way. Subd. 2. Special rules. If the city or the authority establishes a tax increment financing district under this section, the following special rules apply: (1) the district is deemed to meet all the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174, subdivision 10; and
- (2) Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4j, does not apply to the district. 80.24
- Subd. 3. Expiration. The authority to approve a tax increment financing plan to establish 80.25 a tax increment financing district under this section expires on December 31, 2030. 80.26

#### 80.27 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the

- city of Brooklyn Center and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of 80.28
- 80.29 Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

#### Sec. 16. CITY OF BROOKLYN PARK; TIF AUTHORITY; 610/ZANE AREA. 80.30

- Subdivision 1. Establishment of districts. Under the special rules established in 80.31
- subdivision 2, the economic development authority of the city of Brooklyn Park or the city 80.32

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81.1	of Brooklyn Park may establish not more than two redevelopment districts located wholly					
81.2	within the area of the city of Brooklyn Park. The districts may be comprised of the following					
81.3	parcels identified by their current parcel identification numbers together with adjacent and					
81.4	internal roads and rights-of-way:					
81.5	0811921410009	0811921140050	0811921140051	0911921120005	0911921210007	
81.6	0911921230008	0911921230049	0911921240006	0911921240009	0911921310004	
81.7	0911921320018	0911921330009	0911921430006	0911921430014	0911921430015	
81.8	0911921430019	0911921430020	0911921430028	0911921430030	0911921430033	
81.9	0911921430037	0911921430038	0911921430040	0911921430048	0911921430054	
81.10	0911921430055	0911921430059	0911921430069	0911921430071	0911921430072	
81.11	0911921430076	0911921430080	0911921430081	0911921430082	0911921430083	
81.12	0911921430086	0911921430087	0911921430088	0911921430094	0911921430095	
81.13	0911921430099	0911921430104	0911921430114	0911921210005	0911921210095	
81.14	0911921220070	0911921220071	0911921230009	0911921230010	0911921230011	
81.15	0911921230012	0911921230013	0911921240005	0911921240008	0911921310007	
81.16	0911921310009	0911921320023	0911921330008	0911921330011	0911921340008	
81.17	0911921340014	0911921340017	0911921430018	0911921430024	0911921430025	
81.18	0911921430029	0911921430034	0911921430035	0911921430039	0911921430044	
81.19	0911921430045	0911921430049	0911921430058	0911921430060	0911921430061	
81.20	0911921430062	0911921430063	0911921430067	0911921430068	0911921430090	
81.21	0911921430093	0911921430097	0911921430098	0911921430102	0911921430103	
81.22	0911921430112	0911921430113	0911921430120	0811921440008	0911921210006	
81.23	0911921210096	0911921210100	0911921210101	0911921220008	0911921220017	
81.24	0911921230014	0911921230015	0911921240004	0911921240007	0911921310010	
81.25	0911921310011	0911921310012	0911921330010	0911921330012	0911921340009	
81.26	0911921430013	0911921430017	0911921430021	0911921430022	0911921430026	
81.27	0911921430031	0911921430032	0911921430036	0911921430041	0911921430042	
81.28	0911921430046	0911921430053	0911921430057	0911921430064	0911921430065	
81.29	0911921430073	0911921430077	0911921430078	0911921430100	0911921430105	
81.30	0911921430107	0911921430108	0911921430110	0911921430115	0911921430117	
81.31	0911921430118	0911921210097	0911921210099	0911921220014	0911921220015	
81.32	0911921220068	0911921230005	0911921320016	0911921320021	0911921320024	
81.33	0911921330006	0911921340015	0911921340016	0911921430009	0911921430010	
81.34	0911921430011	0911921430012	0911921430016	0911921430023	0911921430027	
81.35	0911921430043	0911921430047	0911921430050	0911921430051	0911921430052	
81.36	0911921430056	0911921430066	0911921430070	0911921430074	0911921430075	
81.37	0911921430079	0911921430084	0911921430085	0911921430089	0911921430091	

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82.1	<u>0911921430092</u> <u>0911921430096</u> <u>0911921430101</u> <u>0911921430106</u> <u>0911921430109</u>					
82.2 82.3	<u>0911921430111</u> <u>0911921430116</u> <u>0911921430119</u> <u>0611921440003</u> <u>Unplatted</u> <u>0611921</u>					
82.4	Subd. 2. Special rules. If the city or the authority establishes any tax increment financing					
82.5	district under subdivision 1, the following special rules apply:					
82.6	(1) the districts are deemed to meet all the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section					
82.7	469.174, subdivision 10; and					
82.8	(2) Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4j, does not apply to the district.					
82.9	Subd. 3. Expiration. The authority to request certification of any district under this					
82.10	section expires on December 31, 2030.					
82.11	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day after the governing body of the					
82.12	city of Brooklyn Park and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota					
82.13	Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.					
82.14	Sec. 17. CITY OF BROOKLYN PARK; TIF AUTHORITY; BIOTECH AREA.					
82.15	Subdivision 1. Establishment. Under the special rules established in subdivision 2, the					
82.16	economic development authority of the city of Brooklyn Park or the city of Brooklyn Park					
82.17	may establish not more than two redevelopment districts located wholly within the area of					
82.18	the city of Brooklyn Park. The districts may be comprised of the following parcels identified					
82.19	by their current parcel identification numbers together with adjacent and internal roads and					
82.20	rights-of-way:					
82.21	<u>0711921110007</u> <u>0711921140001</u> <u>0711921140002</u> <u>0711921140007</u> <u>0711921240002</u>					
82.22	<u>0711921240004</u> <u>0711921110005</u> <u>0711921120009</u> <u>0711921220003</u> <u>0711921230001</u>					
82.23	<u>0711921230002</u> <u>0811921230004</u> <u>0711921110004</u> <u>0711921110006</u> <u>0711921110008</u>					
82.24	<u>0711921120005</u> <u>0711921130005</u> <u>0711921140005</u> <u>0711921140006</u> <u>0711921210003</u>					
82.25	<u>0711921110003</u> <u>0711921120006</u> <u>0811921230002</u> <u>0811921220002</u>					
82.26	Subd. 2. Special rules. If the city or the authority establishes any tax increment financing					
82.27	district under subdivision 1, the following special rules apply:					
82.28	(1) the districts are deemed to meet all the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section					
82.29	469.174, subdivision 10; and					
82.30	(2) Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4j, does not apply to the district.					
82.31	Subd. 3. Expiration. The authority to request certification of any district under this					
82.32	section expires on December 31, 2030.					

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
 city of Brooklyn Park and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota
 Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.

# 83.4 Sec. 18. <u>CITY OF BROOKLYN PARK; TIF AUTHORITY; VILLAGE CREEK</u>

83.5 **AREA.** 

Subdivision 1. Establishment of districts. Upon the termination of Tax Increment
Financing District No. 20 within the city of Brooklyn Park, under the special rules established
in subdivision 2, the economic development authority of the city of Brooklyn Park or city
of Brooklyn Park may establish not more than two redevelopment tax increment financing
districts located wholly within the area of the city of Brooklyn Park. The districts may be
comprised of the following parcels identified by their current parcel identification numbers:

83.12	2011921430101	2011921440088	2011921430092	2011921430099	2111921330104
83.13	2111921340003	2111921340005	2111921340006	2111921340019	2111921340021
83.14	2111921330066	2111921330068	2111921340017	2111921340018	2811921130004
83.15	2811921130005	2811921140007	2811921210003	2811921220002	2811921220007
83.16	2811921240004	2811921240009	2811921240010	2811921240107	2811921310001
83.17	2811921340010	2911921120032	2811921130014	2811921130015	2811921130024
83.18	2811921140012	2811921210014	2811921210020	2811921210023	2811921210103
83.19	2811921220001	2811921220003	2811921220005	2811921240007	2811921340006
83.20	2911921120001	2911921120004	2011921440089	2111921330067	2111921340002
83.21	2111921340004	2111921340027	2111921340113	2811921120001	2811921130001
83.22	2811921130017	2811921130023	2811921210001	2811921210016	2811921210033
83.23	2811921210060	2811921210101	2811921240006	2811921240017	2911921110004
83.24	2911921120005	2011921430093	2011921430100	2011921430102	2011921430103
83.25	2111921330102	2111921330103	2111921340001	2111921340007	2111921340020
83.26	2111921340022	2811921120002	2811921120104	2811921130002	2811921130020
83.27	2811921130021	2811921210022	2811921210034	2811921210099	2811921210102
83.28	2811921220006	2811921240003	2811921240012	2811921340005	2811921340009
83.29	2911921110118	2911921120006	2911921120043	3311921210001	

# together with adjacent and internal roads and rights-of-way, and the following roadways within the city of Brooklyn Park: Zane Avenue North (from and including the intersection at 78th Avenue North to and including the intersection at Highway 94), Brooklyn Boulevard (from and including the intersection at the border of Brooklyn Center to and including the intersection at Kentucky Avenue North), Brookdale Drive North (from and including the intersection at Zane Avenue North to and including the intersection at Welcome Avenue

84.1	North), Village Creek Parkway North, 77th Avenue North (from and including the
84.2	intersection at Village Creek Parkway North to and including the intersection at Brookdale
84.3	Drive North), 73rd Avenue North/Regent Avenue (from and including the intersection at
84.4	Zane Avenue North to and including the intersection at Brooklyn Boulevard).
84.5	Subd. 2. Special rules. If the city or the authority establishes any tax increment financing
84.6	district under subdivision 1, the following special rules apply:
84.7	(1) the districts are deemed to meet all the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section
84.8	469.174, subdivision 10; and
84.9	(2) Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4j, does not apply to the district.
84.10	Subd. 3. Expiration. The authority to request certification of any district under this
84.11	section expires on December 31, 2030.
84.12	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
84.13	city of Brooklyn Park and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota
84.14	Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
84.15	Sec. 19. <u>CITY OF EDEN PRAIRIE; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING AUTHORITY;</u>
84.16	EDEN PRAIRIE CENTER.
84.16 84.17	EDEN PRAIRIE CENTER. Subdivision 1. Establishment. Pursuant to the special rules established in subdivision
84.17	Subdivision 1. Establishment. Pursuant to the special rules established in subdivision
84.17 84.18	Subdivision 1. Establishment. Pursuant to the special rules established in subdivision 2, the economic development authority of the city of Eden Prairie or the city of Eden Prairie
84.17 84.18 84.19	Subdivision 1. Establishment. Pursuant to the special rules established in subdivision 2, the economic development authority of the city of Eden Prairie or the city of Eden Prairie may establish not more than two redevelopment districts located within the area of the city
<ul><li>84.17</li><li>84.18</li><li>84.19</li><li>84.20</li></ul>	Subdivision 1. Establishment. Pursuant to the special rules established in subdivision 2, the economic development authority of the city of Eden Prairie or the city of Eden Prairie may establish not more than two redevelopment districts located within the area of the city of Eden Prairie consisting of parcels, together with adjacent roads and rights-of-way, within
<ul><li>84.17</li><li>84.18</li><li>84.19</li><li>84.20</li><li>84.21</li></ul>	Subdivision 1. Establishment. Pursuant to the special rules established in subdivision 2, the economic development authority of the city of Eden Prairie or the city of Eden Prairie may establish not more than two redevelopment districts located within the area of the city of Eden Prairie consisting of parcels, together with adjacent roads and rights-of-way, within the area surrounded by Flying Cloud Drive, West 78th Street, and Prairie Center Drive.
<ul> <li>84.17</li> <li>84.18</li> <li>84.19</li> <li>84.20</li> <li>84.21</li> <li>84.22</li> </ul>	<u>Subdivision 1.</u> Establishment. Pursuant to the special rules established in subdivision 2, the economic development authority of the city of Eden Prairie or the city of Eden Prairie may establish not more than two redevelopment districts located within the area of the city of Eden Prairie consisting of parcels, together with adjacent roads and rights-of-way, within the area surrounded by Flying Cloud Drive, West 78th Street, and Prairie Center Drive. <u>Subd. 2.</u> Special rules. If the city or authority establishes a tax increment financing
<ul> <li>84.17</li> <li>84.18</li> <li>84.19</li> <li>84.20</li> <li>84.21</li> <li>84.22</li> <li>84.23</li> </ul>	<u>Subdivision 1.</u> Establishment. Pursuant to the special rules established in subdivision 2, the economic development authority of the city of Eden Prairie or the city of Eden Prairie may establish not more than two redevelopment districts located within the area of the city of Eden Prairie consisting of parcels, together with adjacent roads and rights-of-way, within the area surrounded by Flying Cloud Drive, West 78th Street, and Prairie Center Drive. <u>Subd. 2.</u> Special rules. If the city or authority establishes a tax increment financing district under this section, the following special rules apply:
<ul> <li>84.17</li> <li>84.18</li> <li>84.19</li> <li>84.20</li> <li>84.21</li> <li>84.22</li> <li>84.23</li> <li>84.24</li> </ul>	Subdivision 1. Establishment. Pursuant to the special rules established in subdivision 2, the economic development authority of the city of Eden Prairie or the city of Eden Prairie may establish not more than two redevelopment districts located within the area of the city of Eden Prairie consisting of parcels, together with adjacent roads and rights-of-way, within the area surrounded by Flying Cloud Drive, West 78th Street, and Prairie Center Drive. Subd. 2. Special rules. If the city or authority establishes a tax increment financing district under this section, the following special rules apply: (1) the districts are deemed to meet the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section
<ul> <li>84.17</li> <li>84.18</li> <li>84.19</li> <li>84.20</li> <li>84.21</li> <li>84.22</li> <li>84.23</li> <li>84.24</li> <li>84.25</li> </ul>	Subdivision 1. Establishment. Pursuant to the special rules established in subdivision 2, the economic development authority of the city of Eden Prairie or the city of Eden Prairie may establish not more than two redevelopment districts located within the area of the city of Eden Prairie consisting of parcels, together with adjacent roads and rights-of-way, within the area surrounded by Flying Cloud Drive, West 78th Street, and Prairie Center Drive. Subd. 2. Special rules. If the city or authority establishes a tax increment financing district under this section, the following special rules apply: (1) the districts are deemed to meet the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174, subdivision 10; and
<ul> <li>84.17</li> <li>84.18</li> <li>84.19</li> <li>84.20</li> <li>84.21</li> <li>84.22</li> <li>84.23</li> <li>84.24</li> <li>84.25</li> <li>84.26</li> </ul>	Subdivision 1. Establishment. Pursuant to the special rules established in subdivision         2, the economic development authority of the city of Eden Prairie or the city of Eden Prairie         may establish not more than two redevelopment districts located within the area of the city         of Eden Prairie consisting of parcels, together with adjacent roads and rights-of-way, within         the area surrounded by Flying Cloud Drive, West 78th Street, and Prairie Center Drive.         Subd. 2. Special rules. If the city or authority establishes a tax increment financing         district under this section, the following special rules apply:         (1) the districts are deemed to meet the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section         469.174, subdivision 10; and         (2) Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4j, does not apply to the district.
<ul> <li>84.17</li> <li>84.18</li> <li>84.19</li> <li>84.20</li> <li>84.21</li> <li>84.22</li> <li>84.23</li> <li>84.24</li> <li>84.25</li> <li>84.26</li> <li>84.27</li> </ul>	Subdivision 1.       Establishment.       Pursuant to the special rules established in subdivision         2, the economic development authority of the city of Eden Prairie or the city of Eden Prairie       may establish not more than two redevelopment districts located within the area of the city         of Eden Prairie consisting of parcels, together with adjacent roads and rights-of-way, within       the area surrounded by Flying Cloud Drive, West 78th Street, and Prairie Center Drive.         Subd. 2.       Special rules.       If the city or authority establishes a tax increment financing         district under this section, the following special rules apply:       (1) the districts are deemed to meet the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section         469.174, subdivision 10; and       (2) Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4j, does not apply to the district.         Subd. 3.       Expiration.       The authority to approve a tax increment financing plan to establish
<ul> <li>84.17</li> <li>84.18</li> <li>84.19</li> <li>84.20</li> <li>84.21</li> <li>84.22</li> <li>84.23</li> <li>84.24</li> <li>84.25</li> <li>84.26</li> <li>84.27</li> <li>84.28</li> </ul>	Subdivision 1. Establishment. Pursuant to the special rules established in subdivision 2, the economic development authority of the city of Eden Prairie or the city of Eden Prairie may establish not more than two redevelopment districts located within the area of the city of Eden Prairie consisting of parcels, together with adjacent roads and rights-of-way, within the area surrounded by Flying Cloud Drive, West 78th Street, and Prairie Center Drive. Subd. 2. Special rules. If the city or authority establishes a tax increment financing district under this section, the following special rules apply: (1) the districts are deemed to meet the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174, subdivision 10; and (2) Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4j, does not apply to the district. Subd. 3. Expiration. The authority to approve a tax increment financing plan to establish a tax increment financing district under this section expires December 31, 2025.

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## Sec. 20. CITY OF EDINA; 70TH AND FRANCE TIF DISTRICT; FIVE-YEAR 85.1 85.2 **RULE EXTENSION; DURATION EXTENSION.** 85.3 (a) The five-year period under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is extended to ten years and the period under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 85.4

85.5 4, relating to the use of increment after the expiration of the five-year period, is extended

- to 11 years for Tax Increment Financing District 70th and France in the city of Edina. 85.6
- (b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivisions 1b and 1d, the 85.7
- city of Edina or its housing and redevelopment authority may elect to extend the duration 85.8
- of the district by ten years for Tax Increment Financing District 70th and France. 85.9
- EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraph (a) is effective the day after the governing body of the 85.10
- city of Edina and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota 85.11
- 85.12 Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. Paragraph (b) is effective upon compliance
- by the city of Edina, Hennepin County, and Independent School District No. 273 with the 85.13
- requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1782, subdivision 2. 85.14

#### 85.15 Sec. 21. CITY OF EDINA; 72ND AND FRANCE 2 TIF DISTRICT; FIVE-YEAR 85.16 **RULE EXTENSION; DURATION EXTENSION.**

- (a) The five-year period under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is 85.17 85.18 extended to ten years and the period under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 4, relating to the use of increment after the expiration of the five-year period, is extended 85.19 to 11 years for Tax Increment Financing District 72nd and France 2 in the city of Edina. 85.20
- (b) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivisions 1b and 1d, the 85.21 city of Edina or its housing and redevelopment authority may elect to extend the duration 85.22
- of the district by five years for Tax Increment Financing District 72nd and France 2. 85.23

## **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Paragraph (a) is effective the day after the governing body of the 85.24

city of Edina and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota 85.25

Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. Paragraph (b) is effective upon compliance 85.26

85.27 by the city of Edina, Hennepin County, and Independent School District No. 273 with the

requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1782, subdivision 2. 85.28

#### 85.29 Sec. 22. CITY OF MARSHALL; TEMPORARY USE OF INCREMENT;

#### **EXTENSION.** 85.30

## 85.31 (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4n, paragraph (f),

the city of Marshall may elect to spend, loan, or invest transferred increment authorized 85.32

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- under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4n, through December 31, 2027, 86.1 provided that the transferred increment was collected from TIF District No. 1-1, TIF District 86.2 86.3 No. 1-7, or TIF District No. 2-1, in the city of Marshall, and the use of the transferred increment is detailed in the city's written spending plan adopted pursuant to Minnesota 86.4 Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4n, paragraph (c). 86.5 (b) Increment not spent, loaned, or invested by December 31, 2027, must be returned 86.6 to the district. The requirement to return increment to the district includes any proceeds, 86.7 principal, and interest received on loans of transferred increment; interest or investment 86.8 earnings on transferred increment; or other repayments or returns of transferred increment 86.9 defined as tax increment under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174, subdivision 25, that 86.10 remain in the funds or accounts of the authority or municipality on December 31, 2027, or 86.11 86.12 that are subsequently received by the authority or municipality. **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 86.13 city of Marshall and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota 86.14 Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 86.15 Sec. 23. CITY OF MINNETONKA; OPUS TIF DISTRICT; FIVE-YEAR RULE 86.16 **EXTENSION.** 86.17 (a) The five-year period under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is 86.18 extended to ten years and the period under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 86.19 4, relating to the use of increment after the expiration of the five-year period, is extended 86.20 to 11 years for the Opus tax increment financing district established in 2021 by the economic 86.21 development authority in the city of Minnetonka. 86.22 (b) Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4j, does not apply to the district. 86.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day after the governing body of the 86.24 city of Minnetonka and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota 86.25 Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3. 86.26 Sec. 24. CITY OF MOORHEAD; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT 86.27 NO. 31; FIVE-YEAR RULE EXTENSION. 86.28 The five-year period under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is 86.29 extended to ten years and the period under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 86.30 4, relating to the use of increment after the expiration of the five-year period, is extended 86.31
- 86.32 to 11 years for Tax Increment Financing District No. 31 in the city of Moorhead.

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87.1	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
87.2	city of Moorhead and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota
87.3	Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
87.4	Sec. 25. CITY OF OAKDALE; TEMPORARY USE OF INCREMENT; EXTENSION.
87.5	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4n, paragraph (f),
87.6	the city of Oakdale may elect to spend, loan, or invest transferred increment authorized
87.7	under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4n, through December 31, 2027,
87.8	provided that the transferred increment was collected from TIF District No. 1-4 or TIF
87.9	District No. 1-6, in the city of Oakdale, and the use of the transferred increment is detailed
87.10	in the city's written spending plan adopted pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176,
87.11	subdivision 4n, paragraph (c).
87.12	(b) Increment not spent, loaned, or invested by December 31, 2027, must be returned
87.13	to the district. The requirement to return increment to the district includes any proceeds,
87.14	principal, and interest received on loans of transferred increment; interest or invest earnings
87.15	on transferred increment; or other repayments or returns of transferred increment defined
87.16	as tax increment under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174, subdivision 25, that remain in
87.17	the funds or accounts of the authority or municipality on December 31, 2027, or that are
87.18	subsequently received by the authority or municipality.
87.19	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
87.20	city of Oakdale and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota
87.21	Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
87.22	Sec. 26. CITY OF PLYMOUTH; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING;
87.23	ESTABLISHMENT.
87.24	Subdivision 1. Establishment. Under the special rules established in subdivision 2, the
87.25	city of Plymouth may establish not more than two redevelopment districts located wholly
87.26	within the city of Plymouth, Hennepin County, Minnesota, limited to the area identified as
87.27	the city center district in the Plymouth, Minnesota Zoning Map in effect on January 1, 2024,
87.28	and adopted pursuant to section 21000.12 of the Plymouth Zoning Code of Ordinances.
87.29	Subd. 2. Special rules. If the city establishes a tax increment financing district under
87.30	this section, the following special rules apply:
87.31	(1) the district is deemed to meet the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.174,
87.32	subdivision 10;

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88.1	(2) Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4j, does not apply to the district;
88.2	and
88.3	(3) the five-year period under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, is
88.4	extended to ten years, and the period under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision
88.5	4, relating to the use of increment after the expiration of the five-year period, is extended
88.6	to 11 years.
88.7	Subd. 3. Expiration. The authority to approve a tax increment financing plan to establish
88.8	a tax increment financing district under this section expires December 31, 2030.
88.9	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
88.10	city of Plymouth and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota
88.11	Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
88.12	Sec. 27. CITY OF ST. CLOUD; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING;
88.13	ESTABLISHMENT.
88.14	Subdivision 1. Establishment. Under the special rules established in subdivision 2, the
88.15	economic development authority of the city of St. Cloud or the city of St. Cloud may establish
88.16	not more than two redevelopment districts adjacent to the Division Street corridor or within
88.17	the Central Business District or Fringe Central District, limited to the following parcels
88.18	identified by tax identification numbers, together with the adjacent roads and rights-of-way:
88.19	(1) in Stearns County: 82517020000 (Lady Slipper Catalyst Site); 82515440001 (North
88.20	Riverfront Catalyst Site); 82515470000; 82515480000 (Empire Catalyst Site); 82518760015
88.21	(Swan Lot Catalyst Site); 82528850020 (Riverboat Lot Catalyst Site); and 82528850001
88.22	(Former Herberger's); and
88.23	(2) in Benton County: 170037810 (Transit Oriented Development Catalyst Site);
88.24	170058101 (Ace Block Catalyst Site); 170042000; 170041600; 170041100; 170041601;
88.25	170041200; 170041800; 170059600 (Star Bank Catalyst Site); 170059300 (Riverfront South
88.26	Catalyst Site); 170058300; 170059200; 170058600; 170058800; 170059100; and 170058900.
88.27	Subd. 2. Special rules. If the city or authority establishes a tax increment financing
88.28	district under this section, the following special rules apply:
88.29	(1) the districts are deemed to meet all the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section
88.30	<u>469.174, subdivision 10;</u>
88.31	(2) Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, subdivision 4j, does not apply to the district;
88.32	and

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89.1	(3) increments generated from the districts may be expended for the reconstruction,
89.2	expansion, or new construction of adjacent public infrastructure, including but not limited
89.3	to public parking, streets, and utilities necessary to serve the development, and all
89.4	expenditures under this clause are deemed expended on activities within the district for
89.5	purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.1763.
89.6	Subd. 3. Expiration. The authority to approve a tax increment financing plan to establish
89.7	a tax increment financing district under this section expires on December 31, 2030.
89.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day after the city of St. Cloud and
89.9	its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021,
89.10	subdivisions 2 and 3.
89.11	Sec. 28. CITY OF ST. CLOUD; COOPER AVENUE REDEVELOPMENT TAX
89.12	INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT; FIVE-YEAR RULE EXTENSION.
07.12	
89.13	The following special rule applies for the Cooper Avenue Redevelopment Tax Increment
89.14	Financing District administered by the city of St. Cloud. The requirement of Minnesota
89.15	Statutes, section 469.1763, subdivision 3, that activities must be undertaken within a five-year
89.16	period from the date of certification of a tax increment financing district, is extended by a
89.17	five-year period to April 30, 2031.
89.18	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day after the governing body of the
89.19	city of St. Cloud and its chief clerical officer comply with the requirements of Minnesota
89.20	Statutes, section 645.021, subdivisions 2 and 3.
89.21	ARTICLE 6
89.22	PUBLIC FINANCE
89.23	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 373.40, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
89.24	Subd. 2. Application of election requirement. (a) Bonds issued by a county to finance
89.25	capital improvements under an approved capital improvement plan are not subject to the
89.26	election requirements of section 375.18 or 475.58. The bonds must be approved by vote of
89.27	at least three-fifths of the members of the county board. In the case of a metropolitan county,
89.28	the bonds must be approved by vote of at least two-thirds of the members of the county
89.29	board.
89.30	(b) Before issuance of bonds qualifying under this section, the county must publish a
89.31	notice of its intention to issue the bonds and the date and time of a hearing to obtain public

89.32 comment on the matter. The notice must be published in the official newspaper of the county

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90.1	or in a newspaper of general circula	ation in the county. Th	e notice must be put	olished at least
90.2	<u>14_ten</u> , but not more than 28, days	before the date of the	hearing.	
90.3	(c) A county may issue the bon	ds only upon obtainin	g the approval of a r	najority of the
90.4	voters voting on the question of iss	suing the obligations,	if a petition requesti	ng a vote on
90.5	the issuance is signed by voters eq	ual to five percent of	the votes cast in the	county in the
90.6	last county general election and is	filed with the county	auditor within 30 da	ys after the
90.7	public hearing. If the county elects	not to submit the ques	stion to the voters, th	e county shall
90.8	not propose the issuance of bonds	under this section for	the same purpose ar	nd in the same
90.9	amount for a period of 365 days fr	om the date of receipt	of the petition. If th	e question of
90.10	issuing the bonds is submitted and	not approved by the v	voters, the provision	s of section
90.11	475.58, subdivision 1a, shall apply	7.		
90.12	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024,	section 446A.086, su	bdivision 1, is amen	ided to read:
90.13	Subdivision 1. <b>Definitions.</b> (a)	As used in this sectio	n, the following terr	ns have the
90.14	meanings given.			
90.15	(b) "Authority" means the Min	nesota Public Facilitie	es Authority.	
90.16	(c) "Commissioner" means the	commissioner of man	agement and budge	t.
90.17	(d) "Debt obligation" means:			
90.18	(1) a general obligation bond o	r note issued by a cou	nty, a bond or note t	o which the
90.19	general obligation of a county is p	ledged under section 4	169.034, subdivision	12, or a bond
90.20	or note payable from a county leas	e obligation under sec	tion 641.24, to prov	vide funds for
90.21	the construction of:			
90.22	(i) jails;			
90.23	(ii) correctional facilities;			
90.24	(iii) law enforcement facilities;			
90.25	(iv) a courthouse or justice cen	ter, if connected to a j	ail, correctional faci	lity, or other

- 90.26 <u>law enforcement facility;</u>
- 90.27 (iv) (v) social services and human services facilities;
- 90.28 (v) (vi) solid waste facilities; or
- 90.29 (vi) (vii) qualified housing development projects as defined in section 469.034,
- 90.30 subdivision 2; or

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91.1 (2) a general obligation bond or note issued by a governmental unit to provide funds for91.2 the construction, improvement, or rehabilitation of:

91.3 (i) wastewater facilities;

91.4 (ii) drinking water facilities;

91.5 (iii) stormwater facilities; or

91.6 (iv) any publicly owned building or infrastructure improvement that has received partial
91.7 funding from grants awarded by the commissioner of employment and economic development
91.8 related to redevelopment, contaminated site cleanup, bioscience, small cities development
91.9 programs, and rural business infrastructure programs, for which bonds are issued by the
91.10 authority under section 446A.087.

91.11 (e) "Governmental unit" means a county or a statutory or home rule charter city.

91.12 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 446A.086, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

91.13 Subd. 2. Application. (a) This section provides a state guarantee of the payment of
91.14 principal and interest on debt obligations if:

91.15 (1) the obligations are issued for new projects or the refunding at a net present value

91.16 savings of debt service costs of obligations that are currently guaranteed pursuant to this

91.17 <u>section</u> and are not issued for the purposes of refunding previous obligations <u>other than as</u>
91.18 described in this sentence;

91.19 (2) application to the Public Facilities Authority is made before issuance; and

91.20 (3) the obligations are covered by an agreement meeting the requirements of subdivision91.21 3.

(b) Applications to be covered by the provisions of this section must be made in a form
and contain the information prescribed by the authority. Applications are subject to either
a fee of \$500 for each bond issue requested by a county or governmental unit or the applicable
fees under section 446A.087.

91.26 (c) Application fees paid under this section must be deposited in a separate credit
91.27 enhancement bond guarantee account in the special revenue fund. Money in the credit
91.28 enhancement bond guarantee account is appropriated to the authority for purposes of
91.29 administering this section.

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92.1 (d) Neither the authority nor the commissioner is required to promulgate administrative
92.2 rules under this section and the procedures and requirements established by the authority
92.3 or commissioner under this section are not subject to chapter 14.

92.4 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 462C.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

92.5 Subd. 2. **Program review.** A public hearing shall be held on each program after one 92.6 publication of notice in a newspaper circulating generally in the city, at least <u>15 ten</u> days 92.7 before the hearing. On or before the day on which notice of the public hearing is published, 92.8 the city shall submit the program to the Metropolitan Council, if the city is located in the 92.9 metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2, or to the regional development 92.10 commission for the area in which the city is located, if any, for review and comment. The 92.11 appropriate reviewing agency shall comment on:

(a) whether the program furthers local and regional housing policies and is consistent
with the Metropolitan Development Guide, if the city is located in the metropolitan area,
or adopted policies of the regional development commission; and

92.15 (b) the compatibility of the program with the housing portion of the comprehensive plan92.16 of the city, if any.

92.17 Review of the program may be conducted either by the board of the reviewing agency
92.18 or by the staff of the agency. Any comment submitted by the reviewing agency to the city
92.19 must be presented to the body considering the proposed program at the public hearing held
92.20 on the program.

A member or employee of the reviewing agency shall be permitted to present the 92.21 comments of the reviewing agency at the public hearing. After conducting the public hearing, 92.22 the program may be adopted with or without amendment, provided that any amendments 92.23 must not be inconsistent with the comments, if any, of the reviewing agency and must not 92.24 92.25 contain any material changes from the program submitted to the reviewing agency other than changes in the financial aspects of any proposed issue of bonds or obligations. If any 92.26 material change other than a change in the financial aspects of a proposed issue of bonds 92.27 or obligations, or any change which is inconsistent with the comments of the reviewing 92.28 agency is adopted, the amended program shall be resubmitted to the appropriate reviewing 92.29 92.30 agency for review and comment, and a public hearing shall be held on the amended program after one publication of notice in a newspaper circulating generally in the city at least 15 92.31 ten days before the hearing. The amended program shall be considered after the public 92.32 hearing in the same manner as consideration of the initial program. 92.33

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93.1

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 469.104, is amended to read:

# 93.2 **469.104 SECTIONS THAT APPLY IF FEDERAL LIMIT APPLIES.**

93.3 Sections 474A.01 to 474A.21 apply to obligations issued under sections 469.090 to

93.4 469.108 that are <u>limited required</u> by federal tax law as defined in section 474A.02,

93.5 subdivision 8, to obtain an allocation of volume cap.

93.6 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 469.154, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Hearing. Prior to submitting an application to the department requesting 93.7 approval of a project pursuant to subdivision 3, the governing body or a committee of the 93.8 governing body of the municipality or redevelopment agency shall conduct a public hearing 93.9 on the proposal to undertake and finance the project. Notice of the time and place of hearing, 93.10 and stating the general nature of the project and an estimate of the principal amount of bonds 93.11 or other obligations to be issued to finance the project, shall be published at least once not 93.12 less than 14 ten days nor more than 30 days prior to the date fixed for the hearing, in the 93.13 official newspaper and a newspaper of general circulation of the municipality or 93.14 redevelopment agency. The notice shall state that a draft copy of the proposed application 93.15 to the department, together with all attachments and exhibits, shall be available for public 93.16 inspection following the publication of the notice and shall specify the place and times 93.17 where and when it will be so available. The governing body of the municipality or the 93.18 93.19 redevelopment agency shall give all parties who appear at the hearing an opportunity to 93.20 express their views with respect to the proposal to undertake and finance the project. Following the completion of the public hearing, the governing body of the municipality or 93.21 redevelopment agency shall adopt a resolution determining whether or not to proceed with 93.22 the project and its financing; it may thereafter apply to the department for approval of the 93.23 project. 93.24

93.25 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 474A.091, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

93.26 Subd. 2. Application for residential rental projects. (a) Issuers may apply for an
93.27 allocation for residential rental bonds under this section by submitting to the department an
93.28 application on forms provided by the department accompanied by:

93.29 (1) a preliminary resolution;

93.30 (2) a statement of bond counsel that the proposed issue of obligations requires an93.31 allocation under this chapter and the Internal Revenue Code;

93.32 (3) an application deposit in the amount of two percent of the requested allocation;

94.1 (4) a sworn statement from the applicant identifying the project as a preservation project,
94.2 30 percent AMI residential rental project, 50 percent AMI residential rental project, 100
94.3 percent LIHTC project, 20 percent LIHTC project, or any other residential rental project;
94.4 and

94.5 (5) a certification from the applicant or its accountant stating that the requested allocation
94.6 does not exceed the aggregate bond limitation.

94.7 The issuer must pay the application deposit to the Department of Management and Budget. 94.8 An entitlement issuer may not apply for an allocation for residential rental project bonds 94.9 under this section unless it has either permanently issued bonds equal to the amount of its 94.10 entitlement allocation for the current year plus any amount carried forward from previous 94.11 years or returned for reallocation all of its unused entitlement allocation. For purposes of 94.12 this subdivision, its entitlement allocation includes an amount obtained under section 94.13 474A.04, subdivision 6.

(b) An issuer that receives an allocation under this subdivision must permanently issue
obligations equal to all or a portion of the allocation received on or before the earlier of:
(1) 180 days of the allocation; or (2) the last business day of December. If an issuer that
receives an allocation under this subdivision does not permanently issue obligations equal
to all or a portion of the allocation received within the time period provided in this paragraph
or returns the allocation to the commissioner, the amount of the allocation is canceled and
returned for reallocation through the unified pool.

94.21 (c) The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency may apply for and receive an allocation94.22 under this section without submitting an application deposit.

94.23 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 474A.091, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. Application for all other types of qualified bonds. (a) Issuers may apply
for an allocation for all types of qualified bonds other than residential rental bonds under
this section by submitting to the department an application on forms provided by the
department accompanied by:

94.28 (1) a preliminary resolution;

94.29 (2) a statement of bond counsel that the proposed issue of obligations requires an94.30 allocation under this chapter and the Internal Revenue Code;

94.31 (3) the type of qualified bonds to be issued;

94.32 (4) an application deposit in the amount of two percent of the requested allocation; and

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95.1 (5) a public purpose scoring worksheet for manufacturing and enterprise zone95.2 applications.

The issuer must pay the application deposit to the Department of Management and Budget. An entitlement issuer may not apply for an allocation for public facility bonds or mortgage bonds under this section unless it has either permanently issued bonds equal to the amount of its entitlement allocation for the current year plus any amount carried forward from previous years or returned for reallocation all of its unused entitlement allocation. For purposes of this subdivision, an entitlement allocation includes an amount obtained under section 474A.04, subdivision 6.

(b) An issuer that receives an allocation under this subdivision must permanently issue obligations equal to all or a portion of the allocation received on or before the earlier of: (1) 120 days of the allocation; or (2) the last business day of December. If an issuer that receives an allocation under this subdivision does not permanently issue obligations equal to all or a portion of the allocation received within the time period provided in this paragraph or returns the allocation to the commissioner, the amount of the allocation is canceled and returned for reallocation through the unified pool.

95.17 (c) Notwithstanding the restrictions imposed on entitlement issuers under this subdivision,
95.18 the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency may not receive an allocation for mortgage bonds
95.19 under this section prior to the first Monday in October, but may be awarded allocations for
95.20 mortgage bonds from the unified pool on or after the first Monday in October. The Minnesota
95.21 Housing Finance Agency, the Minnesota Office of Higher Education, and the Minnesota
95.22 Rural Finance Authority may apply for and receive an allocation under this section without
95.23 submitting an application deposit.

95.24 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 475.521, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Election requirement. (a) Bonds issued by a municipality to finance capital
improvements under an approved capital improvements plan are not subject to the election
requirements of section 475.58. The bonds must be approved by an affirmative vote of
three-fifths of the members of a five-member governing body. In the case of a governing
body having more or less than five members, the bonds must be approved by a vote of at
least two-thirds of the members of the governing body.

(b) Before the issuance of bonds qualifying under this section, the municipality must
publish a notice of its intention to issue the bonds and the date and time of the hearing to
obtain public comment on the matter. The notice must be published in the official newspaper
of the municipality or in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality. Additionally,

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the notice may be posted on the official website, if any, of the municipality. The notice must be published at least 14 ten but not more than 28 days before the date of the hearing. 96.2

(c) A municipality may issue the bonds only after obtaining the approval of a majority 96.3 of the voters voting on the question of issuing the obligations, if a petition requesting a vote 96.4 on the issuance is signed by voters equal to five percent of the votes cast in the municipality 96.5 in the last municipal general election and is filed with the clerk within 30 days after the 96.6 public hearing. If the municipality elects not to submit the question to the voters, the 96.7 96.8 municipality shall not propose the issuance of bonds under this section for the same purpose and in the same amount for a period of 365 days from the date of receipt of the petition. If 96.9 the question of issuing the bonds is submitted and not approved by the voters, the provisions 96.10 of section 475.58, subdivision 1a, shall apply. 96.11

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 641.23, is amended to read: 96.12

#### 641.23 FUNDS; HOW PROVIDED. 96.13

Before any contract is made for the erection of a county jail, sheriff's residence, or both 96.14 sheriff's offices, law enforcement center, or courthouse or justice center attached to a county 96.15 jail, the county board shall either levy a sufficient tax to provide the necessary funds, or 96.16 issue county bonds therefor in accordance with the provisions of chapter 475, provided that 96.17 no election is required if the amount of all bonds issued for this purpose and interest on 96.18 them which are due and payable in any year does not exceed an amount equal to 0.09671 96.19 96.20 percent of estimated market value of taxable property within the county, as last determined before the bonds are issued. 96.21

96.22

96.23

# **ARTICLE 7 MISCELLANEOUS TAX PROVISIONS**

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.192, is amended to read: 96.24

#### 3.192 REQUIREMENTS FOR NEW OR RENEWED TAX EXPENDITURES. 96.25

(a) Any Within 60 days after final enactment of a bill that creates, renews, or continues 96.26 a tax expenditure must include a statement of intent, the chairs of the house of representatives 96.27 and senate committees with primary jurisdiction over taxes must submit to the Tax 96.28

Expenditure Review Commission a statement of objective that clearly provides the purpose 96.29

96.30 of the tax expenditure and a standard or goal against which its effectiveness may be measured.

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97.1	(b) For purposes of this section, "tax expenditure" has the meaning given in section
97.2	270C.11, subdivision 6, and "Tax Expenditure Review Commission" means the commission
97.3	established under section 3.8855.
97.4	(c) Any bill that creates a new tax expenditure or continues an expiring tax expenditure
97.5	must include an expiration date for the tax expenditure that is no more than eight years from
97.6	the day the provision takes effect.
97.7	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment for
97.8	tax expenditures authorized in this act.
97.9	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.8855, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
97.10	Subd. 2. <b>Definitions.</b> For the purposes of this section,:
97.11	(1) "commissioner" means the commissioner of revenue; and
97.12	(2) "significant tax expenditure," "tax," and "tax expenditure" have the meanings given
97.13	in section 270C.11, subdivision 6.
97.14	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
97.15	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.8855, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
97.16	Subd. 3. Membership. (a) The commission consists of:
97.17	(1) two senators appointed by the senate majority leader;
97.18	(2) two senators appointed by the senate minority leader;
97.19	(3) two representatives appointed by the speaker of the house;
97.20	(4) two representatives appointed by the minority leader of the house of representatives;
97.21	and
97.22	(5) the commissioner of revenue or the commissioner's designee.
97.23	(b) Each appointing authority must make appointments by January 31 of the regular
97.24	legislative session in the odd-numbered year.
97.25	(c) If the chair of the house or senate committee with primary jurisdiction over taxes is
97.26	not an appointed member, the chair is an ex officio, nonvoting member of the commission.
97.27	(d) The commissioner may designate another individual to represent the commissioner
97.28	or the commissioner's designee at any meeting of the commission.
97.29	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.

98.1 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.8855, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **Duties.** (a) For not more than three years after the commission is established, the commission must complete an initial review of the state's tax expenditures. The initial review must identify the <u>purpose objective</u> of each of the state's tax expenditures<del>,</del> if none was <u>identified in the enacting legislation submitted to the commission</u> in accordance with section 3.192. The commission may also identify metrics for evaluating the effectiveness of an expenditure.

(b) The commission must review and evaluate Minnesota's tax expenditures on a regular, 98.8 rotating basis. The commission must establish a review schedule that ensures each tax 98.9 98.10 expenditure will be reviewed by the commission at least once every ten years. The commission may review expenditures affecting similar constituencies or policy areas in the 98.11 same year, but the commission must review a subset of the tax expenditures within each 98.12 tax type each year. To the extent possible, the commission must review a similar number 98.13 of tax expenditures within each tax type each year. The commission may decide not to 98.14 review a tax expenditure that is adopted by reference to federal law. 98.15

98.16 (c) Before <u>December February</u> 1 of the year a tax expenditure is included in a commission
98.17 report, the commission must hold a public hearing on the expenditure, including but not
98.18 limited to a presentation of the review components in subdivision 5.

## 98.19

# **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

98.20 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.8855, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

98.21 Subd. 5. Components of review. (a) When reviewing a tax expenditure, the commission
98.22 must at a minimum:

98.23 (1) provide an estimate of the annual revenue lost as a result of the expenditure;

98.24 (2) identify the <u>purpose objective</u> of the tax expenditure if none was <del>identified in the</del>

- 98.25 enacting legislation submitted to the commission in accordance with section 3.192;
- 98.26 (3) estimate the measurable impacts and efficiency of the tax expenditure in
  98.27 accomplishing the purpose objective of the expenditure;
- 98.28 (4) compare the effectiveness of the tax expenditure and a direct expenditure with the
  98.29 same <u>purpose\_objective;</u>

98.30 (5) identify potential modifications to the tax expenditure to increase its efficiency or98.31 effectiveness;

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99.3 (7) if the tax expenditure is a significant tax expenditure, estimate the incidence of the
99.4 tax expenditure and the effect of the expenditure on the incidence of the state's tax system;

99.5 (8) consider the cumulative fiscal impacts of other state and federal taxes providing
99.6 benefits to taxpayers for similar activities; and

99.7 (9) recommend whether the expenditure be continued, repealed, or modified.

(b) The commission may omit a component in paragraph (a) if the commission determines
it is not feasible due to the lack of available data, third-party research, staff resources, or
lack of a majority support for a recommendation.

99.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

99.12 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.8855, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

99.13 Subd. 7. Report to legislature. (a) By December February 15 of each year, the
99.14 commission must submit a written report to the legislative committees with jurisdiction
99.15 over tax policy. The report must detail the results of the commission's review of tax
99.16 expenditures for the year, including the review components detailed in subdivision 5.

99.17 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), during the period of initial review under subdivision
99.18 4, the report may be limited to the <u>purpose objective</u> statements and metrics for evaluating
99.19 the effectiveness of expenditures, as identified by the commission. The report may also
99.20 include relevant publicly available data on an expenditure.

99.21 (c) The report may include any additional information the commission deems relevant99.22 to the review of an expenditure.

99.23 (d) The legislative committees with jurisdiction over tax policy must hold a public
99.24 hearing on the report during the regular legislative session in the year following the year in
99.25 which the report was submitted.

## 99.26

# **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

99.27 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 3.8855, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
99.28 Subd. 8. Terms; vacancies; meetings. (a) Members of the commission serve a term
99.29 beginning upon appointment and ending at the beginning of the regular legislative session
99.30 in the next odd-numbered year. The appropriate appointing authority must fill a vacancy

for a seat of a current legislator for the remainder of the unexpired term. Members may beremoved or replaced at the pleasure of the appointing authority.

(b) If a commission member ceases to be a member of the legislative body from whichthe member was appointed, the member vacates membership on the commission.

(c) The commissioner of revenue must convene the first meeting of each year required
 under subdivision 4, paragraph (c).

100.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

100.8 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 37.31, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Bonding authority. The society may issue negotiable bonds in a principal 100.9 amount that the society determines necessary to provide sufficient money for achieving its 100.10 purposes, including the payment of interest on bonds of the society, the establishment of 100.11 reserves to secure its bonds, the payment of fees to a third party providing credit 100.12 100.13 enhancement, and the payment of all other expenditures of the society incident to and necessary or convenient to carry out its corporate purposes and powers. Bonds of the society 100.14 may be issued as bonds or notes or in any other form authorized by law. The principal 100.15 amount of bonds issued and outstanding under this section at any time may not exceed 100.16 \$30,000,000 \$50,000,000, excluding bonds for which refunding bonds or crossover refunding 100.17 100.18 bonds have been issued.

# 100.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2025.

100.20 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 270C.11, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

100.21 Subd. 4. Contents. (a) The report shall detail for each tax expenditure item:

100.22 (1) the amount of tax revenue forgone;

100.23 (2) a citation of the statutory or other legal authority for the expenditure;

100.24 (3) the year in which it was enacted or the tax year in which it became effective;

(4) the <u>purpose\_objective</u> of the expenditure, as <u>identified in the enacting legislation</u>
 <u>submitted to the commission</u> in accordance with section 3.192 or <u>identified</u> by the Tax
 Expenditure Review Commission;

(5) the incidence of the expenditure, if it is a significant sales or income tax expenditure;and

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101.1 (6) the revenue-neutral amount by which the relevant tax rate could be reduced if the101.2 expenditure were repealed.

(b) The report may contain additional information which the commissioner considers
relevant to the legislature's consideration and review of individual tax expenditure items.
This may include but is not limited to analysis of whether the expenditure is achieving that
objective and the effect of the expenditure on the administration of the tax system.

# 101.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

101.8 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 289A.60, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. Penalties relating to property tax refunds <u>and certificates of rent paid</u>. (a)
If it is determined that a property tax refund claim is excessive and was negligently prepared,
a claimant is liable for a penalty of ten percent of the disallowed claim. If the claim has
been paid, the amount disallowed must be recovered by assessment and collection.

(b) An owner who without reasonable cause fails to give a certificate of rent paid to a
renter, as required by sections 290.0693, subdivision 4, paragraph (a), and 290A.19,
paragraph (a), is liable to the commissioner for a penalty of \$100 \$50 for each failure. The
commissioner may abate the penalty using the abatement authority in section 270C.34.

101.17 (c) An owner who fails to file a certificate of rent paid with the commissioner, as required
 101.18 by sections 290.0693, subdivision 4, paragraph (b), and 290A.19, paragraph (b), is liable
 101.19 to the commissioner for a penalty of \$50 for each failure. The commissioner may abate the
 101.20 penalty using the abatement authority in section 270C.34.

101.21 (e) (d) If the owner or managing agent knowingly gives rent certificates that report total 101.22 rent constituting property taxes in excess of the amount of actual rent constituting property 101.23 taxes paid on the rented part of a property, the owner or managing agent is liable for a 101.24 penalty equal to the greater of (1) \$100 or (2) 50 percent of the excess that is reported. An 101.25 overstatement of rent constituting property taxes is presumed to be knowingly made if it 101.26 exceeds by ten percent or more the actual rent constituting property taxes.

### 101.27

27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for rent paid after December 31, 2025.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 290.0693, subdivision 4, is amended to read: Subd. 4. **Owner or managing agent to furnish rent certificate.** (a) The owner or managing agent of any property for which rent is paid for occupancy as a homestead must furnish a certificate of rent paid to a person who is a renter on December 31, in the form prescribed by the commissioner. If the renter moves before December 31, the owner or REVISOR

managing agent may give the certificate to the renter at the time of moving, or mail the certificate to the forwarding address if an address has been provided by the renter. The certificate must be made available to the renter before February 1 of the year following the year in which the rent was paid. The owner or managing agent must retain a duplicate of each certificate or an equivalent record showing the same information for a period of four years. The duplicate or other record must be made available to the commissioner upon request.

102.8 (b) The commissioner may require the owner or managing agent, through a simple process, to must furnish to the commissioner on or before January 31 a copy of each 102.9 certificate of rent paid furnished to a renter for rent paid in the prior year. The commissioner 102.10 shall prescribe the content, format, and manner of the form pursuant to section 270C.30. 102.11 The commissioner may require the Social Security number, individual taxpayer identification 102.12 number, federal employer identification number, or Minnesota taxpayer identification 102.13 number of the owner or managing agent who is required to furnish a certificate of rent paid 102.14 under this paragraph. Before implementation, the commissioner, after consulting with 102.15 representatives of owners or managing agents, shall develop an implementation and 102.16 administration plan for the requirements of this paragraph that attempts to minimize financial 102.17 burdens, administration and compliance costs, and takes into consideration existing systems 102.18 of owners and managing agents. 102.19

(c) An owner who fails to furnish the certificate of rent paid to the renter or to the
 commissioner, as required under this section, is subject to the penalty imposed under section
 289A.60, subdivision 12.

102.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for rent paid after December 31, 2025.

102.24 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 290A.19, is amended to read:

# 102.25 **290A.19 PARK OWNER TO FURNISH RENT CERTIFICATE.**

(a) The park owner of a property for which rent is paid for occupancy as a homestead 102.26 must furnish a certificate of rent paid to a person who is a renter on December 31, in the 102.27 form prescribed by the commissioner. If the renter moves before December 31, the park 102.28 owner may give the certificate to the renter at the time of moving, or mail the certificate to 102.29 the forwarding address if an address has been provided by the renter. The certificate must 102.30 be made available to the renter before February 1 of the year following the year in which 102.31 the rent was paid. The park owner must retain a duplicate of each certificate or an equivalent 102.32 record showing the same information for a period of three years. The duplicate or other 102.33 record must be made available to the commissioner upon request. 102.34

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(b) The commissioner may require the park owner, through a simple process, to must 103.1 furnish to the commissioner on or before March 1 a copy of each certificate of rent paid 103.2 furnished to a renter for rent paid in the prior year. The commissioner shall prescribe the 103.3 content, format, and manner of the form pursuant to section 270C.30. The commissioner 103.4 may require the Social Security number, individual taxpayer identification number, federal 103.5 employer identification number, or Minnesota taxpayer identification number of the park 103.6 owner who is required to furnish a certificate of rent paid under this paragraph. Prior to 103.7 103.8 implementation, the commissioner, after consulting with representatives of park owners, shall develop an implementation and administration plan for the requirements of this 103.9 paragraph that attempts to minimize financial burdens, administration and compliance costs, 103.10 and takes into consideration existing systems of park owners. 103.11

(c) For the purposes of this section, "park owner" means a park owner as defined under
section 327C.015, subdivision 9, and "property" includes a lot as defined under section
327C.015, subdivision 6.

103.15 (d) An owner who fails to furnish the certificate of rent paid to the renter or to the
 103.16 commissioner, as required under this section, is subject to the penalty imposed under section
 103.17 289A.60, subdivision 12.

103.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for rent paid after December 31, 2025.

103.19 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 290C.07, is amended to read:

# 103.20 **290C.07 CALCULATION OF INCENTIVE PAYMENT.**

(a) An approved claimant under the sustainable forest incentive program is eligible to 103.21 receive an annual payment for each acre of enrolled land, excluding any acre improved with 103.22 a paved trail under easement, lease, or terminable license to the state of Minnesota or a 103.23 political subdivision. The payment shall equal a percentage of the property tax that would 103.24 be paid on the land determined by using the previous year's statewide average total tax rate 103.25 for all taxes levied within townships and unorganized territories, the estimated market value 103.26 per acre as calculated in section 290C.06, and a class rate of one percent as follows: (1) for 103.27 claimants enrolling land that is subject to a conservation easement funded under section 103.28 97A.056 or a comparable permanent easement conveyed to a governmental or nonprofit 103.29 entity before May 31, 2013, 25 percent; (2) for claimants enrolling land that is not subject 103.30 to a conservation easement under an eight-year covenant, 65 percent; (3) for claimants 103.31 enrolling land that is not subject to a conservation easement under a 20-year covenant, 90 103.32 percent; and (4) for claimants enrolling land that is not subject to a conservation easement 103.33 under a 50-year covenant, 115 percent. 103.34

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(b) The calculated payment must not increase or decrease by more than ten percent
relative to the payment received for the previous year. In no case may the payment be less
than the amount paid to the claimant for the land enrolled in the program in 2017. If an
eligible claimant elects to change the length of the covenant on enrolled land on or before
May 15, 2019, the limits under this paragraph do not apply and the claimant must receive
payment in the amount corresponding to the new covenant length as calculated under
paragraph (a).

(c) In addition to the payments provided under this section, a claimant enrolling more
than 1,920 acres shall be allowed an additional payment per acre equal to the amount
prescribed in paragraph (a), clause (1), for all acres of enrolled land on which public access
is allowed, as required under section 290C.03, paragraph (a), clause (6), excluding any land
subject to a conservation easement funded under section 97A.056, or a permanent easement
conveyed to a governmental or nonprofit entity that is required to allow for public access
under section 290C.03, paragraph (a), clause (6).

104.15 (d) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) to (c), for fiscal years 2026 through 2029 only,

104.16 payments calculated under this section, inclusive of an additional amount under paragraph104.17 (c), must not exceed 100 percent of the property tax that would be paid on the land, as

104.18 determined under paragraph (a). This paragraph expires after fiscal year 2029.

(e) If the total amount of payments under paragraph (d) exceeds the threshold amount 104.19 under this paragraph in any fiscal year, each recipient's payment amount must be 104.20 proportionally reduced so that the total amount of payments in that fiscal year equals the 104.21 threshold amount for that fiscal year. If the total amount of payments under paragraph (d) 104.22 is less than the threshold amount under this paragraph in any fiscal year, each recipient's 104.23 payment amount must be proportionally increased so that the total amount of payments in 104.24 that fiscal year equals the threshold amount for that fiscal year. The threshold amounts are 104.25 \$8,340,000 for fiscal year 2026, \$9,180,000 for fiscal year 2027, \$15,370,000 for fiscal 104.26 year 2028, and \$16,290,000 for fiscal year 2029. This paragraph expires after fiscal year 104.27

104.28 <u>2029.</u>

# 104.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

104.30 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 295.53, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:

Subd. 4a. **Credit for research.** (a) In addition to the exemptions allowed under subdivision 1, a hospital or health care provider may claim an annual credit against the total amount of tax, if any, the hospital or health care provider owes for that calendar year under sections 295.50 to 295.57. The credit shall equal  $2.5 \ 0.5$  percent of revenues for patient

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services used to fund expenditures for qualifying research conducted by an allowable research
program. The amount of the credit shall not exceed the tax liability of the hospital or health

105.3 care provider under sections 295.50 to 295.57.

105.4 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, the following requirements apply:

105.5 (1) expenditures must be for program costs of qualifying research conducted by an105.6 allowable research program;

(2) an allowable research program must be a formal program of medical and health care
research conducted by an entity which is exempt under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal
Revenue Code as defined in section 289A.02, subdivision 7, or is owned and operated under
authority of a governmental unit;

105.11 (3) qualifying research must:

(A) be approved in writing by the governing body of the hospital or health care providerwhich is taking the deduction under this subdivision;

(B) have as its purpose the development of new knowledge in basic or applied sciencerelating to the diagnosis and treatment of conditions affecting the human body;

105.16 (C) be subject to review by individuals with expertise in the subject matter of the proposed 105.17 study but who have no financial interest in the proposed study and are not involved in the 105.18 conduct of the proposed study; and

(D) be subject to review and supervision by an institutional review board operating in 105.19 conformity with federal regulations if the research involves human subjects or an institutional 105.20 animal care and use committee operating in conformity with federal regulations if the 105.21 research involves animal subjects. Research expenses are not exempt if the study is a routine 105.22 evaluation of health care methods or products used in a particular setting conducted for the 105.23 purpose of making a management decision. Costs of clinical research activities paid directly 105.24 for the benefit of an individual patient are excluded from this exemption. Basic research in 105.25 fields including biochemistry, molecular biology, and physiology are also included if such 105.26 programs are subject to a peer review process. 105.27

(c) No credit shall be allowed under this subdivision for any revenue received by the
hospital or health care provider in the form of a grant, gift, or otherwise, whether from a
government or nongovernment source, on which the tax liability under section 295.52 is
not imposed.

(d) The taxpayer shall apply for the credit under this section on the annual return undersection 295.55, subdivision 5.

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(e) Beginning September 1, 2001, if the actual or estimated amount paid under this
 section for the calendar year exceeds \$2,500,000, the commissioner of management and
 budget shall determine the rate of the research credit for the following calendar year to the
 nearest one-half percent so that refunds paid under this section will most closely equal
 \$2,500,000. The commissioner of management and budget shall publish in the State Register
 by October 1 of each year the rate of the credit for the following calendar year. A
 determination under this section is not subject to the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14.

# 106.8

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

106.9 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 295.54, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Pharmacy refund. (a) A pharmacy may claim an annual a quarterly refund 106.10 against the total amount of tax, if any, the pharmacy owes during that calendar year under 106.11 section 295.52, subdivision 4. The refund shall equal to the amount paid by the pharmacy 106.12 to a wholesale drug distributor subject to tax under section 295.52, subdivision 3, for legend 106.13 106.14 drugs delivered by the pharmacy outside of Minnesota, multiplied by the tax percentage specified in section 295.52, subdivision 3. If the amount of the refund exceeds the tax 106.15 106.16 liability of the pharmacy under section 295.52, subdivision 4, the commissioner shall provide 106.17 the pharmacy with a refund equal to the excess amount.

(b) Each qualifying pharmacy must apply for the refund on the <u>annual quarterly</u> return
 as prescribed by the commissioner, on or before March 15 of the year following the calendar
 year the legend drugs were delivered outside Minnesota. as required under the following
 schedule:

(1) for legend drugs delivered by the pharmacy outside of Minnesota between January
 106.23 <u>1 and March 31, a pharmacy may file its refund request on or after July 1 of the calendar</u>
 106.24 year in which the legend drugs are delivered by the pharmacy outside of Minnesota;

(2) for legend drugs delivered by the pharmacy outside of Minnesota between April 1
 and June 30, a pharmacy may file its refund request on or after July 1 of the calendar year
 in which the legend drugs are delivered by the pharmacy outside of Minnesota;

(3) for legend drugs delivered by the pharmacy outside of Minnesota between July 1
 and September 30, a pharmacy may file its refund request on or after October 1 of the
 calendar year in which the legend drugs are delivered by the pharmacy outside of Minnesota;
 and

106.32 (4) for legend drugs delivered by the pharmacy outside of Minnesota between October
 106.33 1 and December 31, a pharmacy may file its refund request on or after January 1 of the

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107.1	calendar year immediately following the	e calendar year in wh	ich the legend drug	s are
107.2	delivered by the pharmacy outside of M	innesota.		
107.3	The refund shall not be (c) No refund	<u>d is</u> allowed if the <del>ini</del>	tial claim for refund	l is filed
107.4	more than one year after the original due	e date of the return er	nd of the quarter in	which the
107.5	legend drugs were delivered by the pharm	nacy outside of Minn	esota. Interest on ref	unds paid
107.6	under this subdivision will begin begins	to accrue 60 days aft	er the date a claim	for refund
107.7	is filed. For purposes of this subdivision,	the date a claim is fil	ed is the due date of	the return
107.8	if a return is due or the date of the actua	l claim for refund, w	nichever is later.	
107.9	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section i	s effective for legend	drugs delivered ou	tside of
107.10	Minnesota after December 31, 2025.			
107.11	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2024, sect	ion 295.81, subdivisi	on 10, is amended	to read:
107.12	Subd. 10. Deposit of revenues; accou	ınt established. <del>(a)</del> T	he commissioner mu	ıst deposit

107.12 is studied. To: Deposit of revenues, account established. (a) The commissioner must deposit
107.13 the revenues, including penalties and interest, derived from the tax imposed by this section
107.14 as follows:

107.15 (1) 80 percent to in the general fund; and.

107.16 (2) 20 percent to the local government cannabis aid account in the special revenue fund.

107.17 (b) The local government cannabis aid account is established in the special revenue fund.

107.18 EFFECTIVE DATE. The amendment to paragraph (a) is effective July 1, 2025. The
 107.19 amendment to paragraph (b) is effective January 2, 2026.

107.20 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 297H.01, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

107.21 Subd. 8. **Residential generator.** "Residential generator" means any of the following:

107.22 (1) a detached single family residence that generates mixed municipal solid waste or107.23 nonmixed municipal solid waste;

(2) a person residing in a building or site containing multiple residences that generates
mixed municipal solid waste, including apartment buildings, common interest communities,
or manufactured home parks, where each residence is separately billed by the waste service
provider;

(3) an owner of a building or site containing multiple residences or an association
representing residences that generate mixed municipal solid waste or nonmixed municipal
solid waste, including apartment buildings, condominiums, manufactured home parks, or
townhomes where no residence is separately billed for such service by the waste management

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108.1	service provider and the owner or asso	ociation is billed di	rectly for the waste	management
108.2	services. A residential generator does	not include a self-h	nauler <del>.</del> ; or	
108.3	(4) an organization exempt under s	ection 501(c)(3) of	f the Internal Reven	ue Code that
108.4	receives donations for resale from an e			
108.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section	is effective July 1	<u>, 2025.</u>	
108.6	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2024, se	ection 297H.13, sub	odivision 2, is amen	ded to read:
108.7	Subd. 2. Allocation of revenues. (	a) Of the amounts	remitted under this o	chapter, 70
108.8	percent must be credited to the environ	nmental fund estab	lished in section 16	A.531,
108.9	subdivision 1.			
108.10	(b) In addition to the amounts cred	ited to the environ	mental fund in parag	graph (a), in
108.11	fiscal year 2024 and later, three percen	t of the amounts re	mitted under this ch	apter shall be
108.12	deposited into the resource management	nt account in the er	vironmental fund. <u>F</u>	For fiscal year
108.13	2028 only, an additional \$1,493,000 m	ust be deposited in	the resource manage	ment account
108.14	in the environmental fund. For fiscal y	ear 2026 only, an a	additional \$354,000	must be
108.15	deposited in the resource management	account in the env	vironmental fund.	
108.16	(c) The remainder must be deposite	ed into the general	fund.	
108.17	(d) Beginning in fiscal year 2024 a	nd annually therea	fter, the money depo	osited in the
108.18	resource management account in the en	vironmental fund u	nder paragraph (b) is	s appropriated
108.19	to the commissioner of the Pollution C	Control Agency for	distribution to coun	ties under
108.20	section 115A.557, subdivision 2, parag	graph (a), clauses (	1) to (7) and (9) to (	(11).
108.21	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section	is effective the da	y following final en	actment.
108.22	Sec. 19. [428A.30] DEFINITIONS;	; EXPIRATION.		
108.23	Subdivision 1. Scope. For purpose	s of sections 428A	.30 to 428A.34, the	terms defined
108.24	in this section have the meanings given	n them, unless the	context indicates otl	herwise.
108.25	Subd. 2. City. "City" means the cit	y of Minneapolis a	and the city of St. Pa	ul.
108.26	Subd. 3. District. "District" means a	a land-value taxatio	n district established	under section
108.27	<u>428A.31.</u>			

 108.28
 Subd. 4. Ordinance. "Ordinance" means the ordinance establishing a land-value taxation

 108.29
 district under section 428A.31.

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109.1	Subd. 5. Expiration. A district established by a city under sections 428A.30 to 428A.34
109.2	expires after the district has been in effect for ten taxes payable years, or on December 31,
109.3	2037, whichever is earlier.
109.4	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective beginning with property taxes payable
109.5	<u>in 2026.</u>
109.6	Sec. 20. [428A.31] ESTABLISHMENT OF LAND-VALUE TAXATION DISTRICT.
109.7	Subdivision 1. Ordinance. (a) The governing body of a city may adopt an ordinance
109.8	establishing a land-value taxation district. Prior to adopting the ordinance, a city must consult
109.9	with the county auditor and develop a plan for administering taxation within the district.
109.10	The ordinance must describe:
109.11	(1) the parcels of property constituting the district, either by specific identification of
109.12	each parcel, or by defining a geographic area or areas within the city, and then within that
109.13	area or those areas, identifying the specific types of property, as defined under section
109.14	273.13, to be included in the district; and
109.15	(2) the procedure for reallocating the collective property tax of all parcels within the
109.16	district.
109.17	(b) In addition, the ordinance must provide an evaluation of the economic effects of the
109.17	district, including the impact on redevelopment of and investment in the district, within a
109.10	specified period of time, but not less than 15 years after the date the district becomes
109.20	effective.
109.20	
109.21	Subd. 2. Hearing; notice. Before adopting an ordinance, the governing body of the city
109.22	must hold a public hearing on the question. Notice of the hearing must include the time and
109.23	place of the hearing, a description of the parcels to be included in the district, a description
109.24	of the procedure for reallocating the tax burden among the parcels, and the duration of the
109.25	district. Each person owning property in the proposed district must be given the opportunity
109.26	to be heard at the hearing. The governing body must publish notice of the hearing on the
109.27	city's website and in at least two issues of the official newspaper of the city. The two
109.28	publications must be two weeks apart and the hearing must be held at least three days after
109.29	the last publication. Not less than ten days before the hearing, the governing body must mail
109.30	notice to the owner of each parcel proposed to be included in the district. For the purpose
109.31	of the mailed notice, owners are those shown on the records of the county auditor. Other
109.32	records may be used to supply the necessary information. At the public hearing, a person
109.33	affected by the proposed district may testify on any issues relevant to the proposed district.

- The governing body may adjourn the hearing from time to time and may adopt the ordinance establishing the district at any time within six months after the date of the conclusion of the hearing by a vote of the majority of the governing body of the city. Within 30 days after adoption of the ordinance, the governing body shall send a copy of the ordinance to the commissioner of revenue.
- 110.6 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with property taxes payable
  110.7 in 2026.

### 110.8 Sec. 21. [428A.32] RESTRICTIONS ON TAX REALLOCATION PROCEDURE.

- 110.9 <u>A tax reallocation procedure under section 428A.31, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause</u>
- 110.10 (2), must distribute taxes on taxable properties in the district by applying uniform rates to
- 110.11 <u>one or more of the following tax bases:</u>
- 110.12 (1) the net tax capacity, as defined under section 273.13, subdivision 21b;
- 110.13 (2) the referendum market value, as defined under section 126C.01, subdivision 3;
- 110.14 (3) a tax base consisting of each property's estimated market value excluding the market
- 110.15 value attributable to improvements; or
- 110.16 (4) a tax base consisting of each property's estimated market value excluding the market
- 110.17 value attributable to improvements made after a date specified in the ordinance.
- 110.18 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with property taxes payable
  110.19 in 2026.

## 110.20 Sec. 22. [428A.33] TAXATION WITHIN DISTRICT.

110.21 Subdivision 1. Initial taxation within district. For each property taxes payable year, a

110.22 city must compile the total property taxes imposed upon all properties within the district

- 110.23 for each taxing jurisdiction after final property tax statements are issued under section
- 110.24 276.04. For the purposes of this section, the areawide taxes under chapters 276A and 473F,
- and the state general levy under section 275.025, are considered to be taxing jurisdictions.
- 110.26 Subd. 2. Final taxation within district. A city must allocate the tax, as determined
- 110.27 <u>under subdivision 1, among all properties in the district according to the terms of the</u>
- 110.28 ordinance so the entire amount of tax payable to each taxing jurisdiction under subdivision
- 110.29 1 is allocated among the properties constituting the district. The city must report the revised
- 110.30 property tax amounts for each parcel of property to the county treasurer by April 30 of the
- <sup>110.31</sup> year the tax is payable. The city must mail revised property tax statements to all properties

111.1 within the district by April 30 of the year the tax is payable. Taxpayers must make payments

111.2 according to the dates specified in section 279.01 as if the property tax statements were

111.3 mailed 21 days prior to May 15 of the year the taxes are payable.

111.4 Subd. 3. Report to commissioner of revenue. By September 1 of each year, the county

treasurer must report the initial and final distribution of the net tax for each parcel of property
 in the district to the commissioner of revenue on a form prescribed by the commissioner of

111.7 <u>revenue.</u>

111.8 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with property taxes payable
111.9 in 2026.

111.10 Sec. 23. [428A.34] APPEAL OF LAND VALUE.

111.11 The owner of any property included in a land-value taxation district under section

111.12 428A.31 may appeal the valuation attributable to land separately from the valuation

attributable to improvements upon the land under sections 274.01 and 274.13 or chapter
271.

## 111.15 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with property taxes payable 111.16 in 2026.

111.17 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 609.902, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Criminal act. "Criminal act" means conduct constituting, or a conspiracy or 111.18 attempt to commit, a felony violation of chapter 152, or a felony violation of section 297D.09; 111.19 299F.79; 299F.80; 299F.82; 609.185; 609.19; 609.195; 609.20; 609.205; 609.221; 609.222; 111.20 609.223; 609.2231; 609.228; 609.235; 609.245; 609.25; 609.27; 609.322; 609.342; 609.343; 111.21 609.344; 609.345; 609.42; 609.48; 609.485; 609.495; 609.496; 609.497; 609.498; 609.52, 111.22 subdivision 2, if the offense is punishable under subdivision 3, clause (1), if the property is 111.23 111.24 a firearm, clause (3)(b), or clause (3)(d)(v); section 609.52, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (1) or (4); 609.527, if the crime is punishable under subdivision 3, clause (4); 609.528, 111.25 if the crime is punishable under subdivision 3, clause (4); 609.53; 609.561; 609.562; 609.582, 111.26 subdivision 1 or 2; 609.668, subdivision 6, paragraph (a); 609.67; 609.687; 609.713; 609.86; 111.27 609.894, subdivision 3 or 4; 609.895; 624.713; 624.7191; or 626A.02, subdivision 1, if the 111.28 offense is punishable under section 626A.02, subdivision 4, paragraph (a). "Criminal act" 111.29 also includes conduct constituting, or a conspiracy or attempt to commit, a felony violation 111.30 of section 609.52, subdivision 2, clause (3), (4), (15), or (16), if the violation involves an 111.31 111.32 insurance company as defined in section 60A.02, subdivision 4, a nonprofit health service

- 112.1 plan corporation regulated under chapter 62C, a health maintenance organization regulated
- under chapter 62D, or a fraternal benefit society regulated under chapter 64B.
- 112.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2025.

### 112.4 Sec. 25. <u>APPROPRIATION; EXTENSION OF</u> AVAILABILITY.

- 112.5 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.28, the appropriation in Laws 2023,
- 112.6 chapter 64, article 15, section 30, is available until June 30, 2027.

## 112.7 Sec. 26. <u>CANCELLATION OF AMOUNTS IN LOCAL GOVERNMENT CANNABIS</u> 112.8 AID ACCOUNT.

## 112.9 On January 2, 2026, any balance within the local government cannabis aid account in

- 112.10 the special revenue fund is canceled to the general fund.
- 112.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

## 112.12 Sec. 27. <u>TAXPAYER ASSISTANCE GRANTS AND TAX CREDIT OUTREACH</u> 112.13 GRANTS.

### (a) The fiscal year 2029 base for taxpayer assistance grants under Minnesota Statutes,

112.15 section 270C.21, subdivision 3, is increased by \$1,200,000. This increase is in addition to

112.16 any other base established in law.

(b) The fiscal year 2029 base for tax credit outreach grants under Minnesota Statutes,

112.18 section 270C.21, subdivision 4, is increased by \$1,200,000. This increase is in addition to

112.19 any other base established in law.

## 112.20 Sec. 28. APPROPRIATION; BROWERVILLE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

- 112.21 \$520,000 in fiscal year 2026 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner
- 112.22 of revenue for a grant to Independent School District No. 787, Browerville, to remediate
- 112.23 the effects of a school building roof collapse that occurred in 2023. The grant recipient must
- 112.24 use the money appropriated under this section for materials and supplies used in and
- 112.25 equipment incorporated into renovations to the prekindergarten through grade 12 school
- 112.26 building, and construction of a new gymnasium, classrooms, locker rooms, a wrestling and
- <sup>112.27</sup> weight room, offices, and a stage. The grant must be paid by July 15, 2025. This is a onetime
- 112.28 appropriation. The grant under this section is not subject to retention of administrative costs
- 112.29 under Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.98, subdivision 14.

### 112.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2025.

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113.1	Sec. 29. CITY OF MINNEAPOLIS; EMERALD ASH BORER FINANCIAL
113.2	ASSISTANCE; APPROPRIATION.
113.3	Subdivision 1. Definitions. For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
113.4	the meanings given:
113.5	(1) "eligible costs" means costs incurred in 2020 or later for treating or removing a tree
113.6	on owner-occupied residential property that has been required by state law or by municipal
113.7	ordinance to be treated or removed due to infestation or possible infestation by the emerald
113.8	ash borer, including but not limited to costs incurred by the city and assessed to a property
113.9	owner;
113.10	(2) "eligible homeowner" means a homeowner who experienced eligible costs related
113.11	to a tree on the homeowner's property in an eligible region and whose income is below 200
113.12	percent of the official federal poverty guideline;
113.13	(3) "eligible region" means a census block group in Minneapolis with a supplemental
113.14	demographic index score in the 70th percentile or higher within the state of Minnesota; and
113.15	(4) "supplemental demographic index" means an index in the Environmental Justice
113.16	Screening and Mapping Tool developed by the United States Environmental Protection
113.17	Agency that is based on socioeconomic indicators, including low income, unemployment,
113.18	less than high school education, limited English speaking, and low life expectancy.
113.19	Subd. 2. Eligible uses; prioritization. (a) The city of Minneapolis must use the full
113.20	amount of the aid under this section to pay eligible homeowners for their eligible costs.
113.21	(b) After receiving an application for a payment from an eligible homeowner, the city
113.22	must use funds received under this section to directly reduce the remaining balance of an
113.23	eligible homeowner's special assessment related to eligible costs. If the original balance of
113.24	the special assessment is greater than the remaining balance, the city must reimburse the
113.25	eligible homeowner for the difference.
113.26	(c) If the amount of funds available is insufficient to reimburse all eligible homeowners
113.27	for the full amount of their eligible costs, the city must prioritize reimbursing a subset of
113.28	eligible homeowners for the full amount of their eligible costs.
113.29	(d) After December 31, 2026, the city may use any remaining funds to reimburse other
113.30	eligible homeowners who incurred eligible costs but did not have a special assessment
113.31	applied to their properties.

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114.1	(e) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), after June 30, 2027, the city may use any remaining		
114.2	funds to offset the eligible costs of resident homeowners whose properties are not in an		
114.3	eligible region but who otherwise meet the definition of an eligible homeowner.		
114.4	(f) The city must administer the funding under this section within existing city resources		
114.5	and not with money appropriated in this section.		
114.6	Subd. 3. Outreach. The city of Minneapolis must promote the availability of financial		
114.7	assistance under this section in eligible regions. As part of its outreach efforts, the city		
114.8	department administering the program under this section must consult with Hope Community,		
114.9	Metro Blooms, Harrison Neighborhood Association, the Center for Urban and Regional		
114.10	Affairs at the University of Minnesota, and the public health department of the city.		
114.11	Subd. 4. Reporting. On July 1, 2026, and July 1, 2027, the city must report to the		
114.12	commissioner of revenue on its use of money under this section. By income level and		
114.13	neighborhood, the report must detail the number of eligible homeowners reimbursed and		
114.14	the amount of money distributed.		
114.15	Subd. 5. Appropriation. \$400,000 in fiscal year 2026 is appropriated from the general		
114.16	fund to the commissioner of revenue for an aid to the city of Minneapolis. This is a onetime		
114.17	appropriation. The aid must be paid on July 1, 2025. The aid under this section is not subject		
114.18	to retention of administrative costs under Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.98, subdivision		
114.19	<u>14.</u>		
114.00	Sec 20 DEDEALED		
114.20	Sec. 30. <u>REPEALER.</u>		
114.21	(a) Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 13.4967, subdivision 5; 297D.01; 297D.02;		
114.22	<u>297D.03; 297D.04; 297D.05; 297D.06; 297D.07; 297D.08; 297D.08; 297D.09, subdivisions</u>		
114.23	1, 1a, and 2; 297D.10; 297D.11; 297D.12; and 297D.13, are repealed.		
114.24	(b) Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 477A.32, is repealed.		
114.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. Paragraph (a) is effective August 1, 2025. Paragraph (b) is effective		
114.26	for aids payable in 2026 and thereafter.		
114.27	ARTICLE 8		
114.28	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE: INDIVIDUAL INCOME AND CORPORATE		
114.29	FRANCHISE TAXES		
114.30	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 116U.27, subdivision 2, is amended to read:		
114.31	Subd. 2. Credit allowed. A taxpayer is eligible for a credit up to 25 percent of eligible		
114.32	production costs paid in a taxable year any consecutive 12-month period as described in		
	Article 8 Section 1. 114		

subdivision 1, paragraph (h). A taxpayer may only claim a credit if the taxpayer was issued
a credit certificate under subdivision 4.

## 115.3 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning 115.4 after December 31, 2022.

115.5 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 290.01, subdivision 19, is amended to read:

Subd. 19. Net income. (a) For a trust or estate taxable under section 290.03, and a corporation taxable under section 290.02, the term "net income" means the federal taxable income, as defined in section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through the date named in this subdivision, incorporating the federal effective dates of changes to the Internal Revenue Code and any elections made by the taxpayer in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code in determining federal taxable income for federal income tax purposes, and with the modifications provided in sections 290.0131 to 290.0136.

(b) For an individual, the term "net income" means federal adjusted gross income with
the modifications provided in sections 290.0131, 290.0132, and 290.0135 to 290.0137.

(c) In the case of a regulated investment company or a fund thereof, as defined in section
851(a) or 851(g) of the Internal Revenue Code, federal taxable income means investment
company taxable income as defined in section 852(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
except that:

(1) the exclusion of net capital gain provided in section 852(b)(2)(A) of the InternalRevenue Code does not apply;

(2) the deduction for dividends paid under section 852(b)(2)(D) of the Internal Revenue
Code must be applied by allowing a deduction for capital gain dividends and exempt-interest
dividends as defined in sections 852(b)(3)(C) and 852(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code;
and

(3) the deduction for dividends paid must also be applied in the amount of any
undistributed capital gains which the regulated investment company elects to have treated
as provided in section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(d) The net income of a real estate investment trust as defined and limited by section
856(a), (b), and (c) of the Internal Revenue Code means the real estate investment trust
taxable income as defined in section 857(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(e) The net income of a designated settlement fund as defined in section 468B(d) of the
Internal Revenue Code means the gross income as defined in section 468B(b) of the Internal
Revenue Code.

(f) The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through May 1, 2023, applies for
taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996.

(g) Except as otherwise provided, references to the Internal Revenue Code in this
subdivision and sections 290.0131 to 290.0136 mean the code in effect for purposes of
determining net income for the applicable year.

(h) In the case of a partnership electing to file a composite return under section 289A.08, 116.9 subdivision 7, "net income" means the partner's share of federal adjusted gross income from 116.10 the partnership modified by the additions provided in section 290.0131, subdivisions 8 to 116.11 116.12 10, 16, and 17, and the subtractions provided in: (1) section 290.0132, subdivisions 9, 27, and 28, and 31, to the extent the amount is assignable or allocable to Minnesota under section 116.13 290.17; and (2) section 290.0132, subdivision 14. The subtraction allowed under section 116.14 290.0132, subdivision 9, is only allowed on the composite tax computation to the extent 116.15 the electing partner would have been allowed the subtraction. 116.16

(i) In the case of a qualifying entity electing to pay the pass-through entity tax under 116.17 section 289A.08, subdivision 7a, "net income" means the qualifying owner's share of federal 116.18 adjusted gross income from the qualifying entity modified by the additions provided in 116.19 section 290.0131, subdivisions 5, 8 to 10, 16, and 17, and the subtractions provided in: (1) 116.20 section 290.0132, subdivisions 3, 9, 27, and 28, and 31, to the extent the amount is assignable 116.21 or allocable to Minnesota under section 290.17; and (2) section 290.0132, subdivision 14. 116.22 The subtraction allowed under section 290.0132, subdivision 9, is only allowed on the 116.23 pass-through entity tax computation to the extent the qualifying owners would have been 116.24 allowed the subtraction. The income of both a resident and nonresident qualifying owner 116.25 is allocated and assigned to this state as provided for nonresident partners and shareholders 116.26 under sections 290.17, 290.191, and 290.20. 116.27

## 116.28 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning 116.29 after December 31, 2022.

116.30 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 290.0132, subdivision 26, is amended to read:

Subd. 26. Social Security benefits. (a) A taxpayer is allowed a subtraction equal to the
greater of the simplified subtraction allowed under paragraph (b) or the alternate subtraction
determined under paragraph (e).

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(b) A taxpayer's simplified subtraction equals the amount of taxable social securitybenefits, as reduced under paragraphs (c) and (d).

(c) For a taxpayer other than a married taxpayer filing a separate return with adjusted
gross income above the phaseout threshold, the simplified subtraction is reduced by ten
percent for each \$4,000 of adjusted gross income, or fraction thereof, in excess of the
phaseout threshold. The phaseout threshold equals:

117.7 (1) \$100,000 for a married taxpayer filing a joint return or surviving spouse;

117.8 (2) \$78,000 for a single or head of household taxpayer; and

(3) for a married taxpayer filing a separate return, half the amount for a married taxpayerfiling a joint return.

(d) For a married taxpayer filing a separate return, the simplified subtraction is reduced
by ten percent for each \$2,000 of adjusted gross income, or fraction thereof, in excess of
the phaseout threshold.

(e) A taxpayer's alternate subtraction equals the lesser of taxable Social Security benefits
or a maximum subtraction subject to the limits under paragraphs (f), (g), and (h).

(f) For married taxpayers filing a joint return and surviving spouses, the maximum
subtraction under paragraph (c) (e) equals \$5,840. The maximum subtraction is reduced by
20 percent of provisional income over \$88,630. In no case is the subtraction less than zero.

(g) For single or head-of-household taxpayers, the maximum subtraction under paragraph (c)(e) equals \$4,560. The maximum subtraction is reduced by 20 percent of provisional

117.21 income over \$69,250. In no case is the subtraction less than zero.

(h) For married taxpayers filing separate returns, the maximum subtraction under

117.23 paragraph (e) (e) equals one-half the maximum subtraction for joint returns under paragraph

(f). The maximum subtraction is reduced by 20 percent of provisional income over one-halfthe threshold amount specified in paragraph (d). In no case is the subtraction less than zero.

(i) For purposes of this subdivision, "provisional income" means modified adjusted gross
income as defined in section 86(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus one-half of the
taxable Social Security benefits received during the taxable year, and "Social Security
benefits" has the meaning given in section 86(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(j) The commissioner shall adjust the phaseout threshold amounts in paragraphs paragraph
(c) and (d), clauses (1) and (2), as provided in section 270C.22. The statutory year is taxable
year 2023. The maximum subtraction and threshold amounts as adjusted must be rounded

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18.1	to the nearest \$10 amount. If the amo	ount ends in \$5, the a	mount is rounded up	p to the nearest
18.2	\$10 amount.			
18.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section	ion is effective retroa	ctively for taxable y	ears beginning
18.4	after December 31, 2022.			
10 5	See 4 Minuseets Statutes 2024	anting 200 0122 mil	h division 24 is sure	
18.5	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, s			
18.6	Subd. 34. Qualified retirement	<b>benefits.</b> (a) The an	nount of qualified pu	ublic pension
18.7	income is a subtraction. The subtraction	ction in this section i	s limited to:	
18.8	(1) \$25,000 for a married taxpay	yer filing a joint retur	n or surviving spou	se; or
18.9	(2) \$12,500 for all other filers.			
18.10	(b) For a taxpayer with adjusted	gross income above	the phaseout thresh	old, the
18.11	subtraction is reduced by ten percer	nt for each \$2,000 of	adjusted gross incom	me, or fraction
18.12	thereof, in excess of the threshold.	The phaseout thresho	old equals:	
18.13	(1) \$100,000 for a married taxpa	ayer filing a joint ret	ırn or surviving spo	use;
18.14	(2) \$78,000 for a single or head	of household taxpay	er; or	
18.15	(3) for a married taxpayer filing a	a separate return, half	f the amount for a ma	arried taxpayer
18.16	filing a joint return.			
18.17	(c) For the purposes of this sectio	on, "qualified public p	ension income" mea	ns any amount
18.18	received:			
18.19	(1) by a former basic member of	r the survivor of a for	rmer basic member,	as an annuity
18.20	or survivor benefit, from a pension	plan governed by ch	apter 353, 353E, 354	4, or 354A,
18.21	provided that the annuity or benefit	is based on service f	for which the memb	er or survivor
18.22	is not also receiving did not earn So	ocial Security benefit	s;	
18.23	(2) as an annuity or survivor bene	efit from the legislate	ors plan under chapte	er 3A, the State
18.24	Patrol retirement plan under chapter	r 352B, or the public	employees police a	nd fire plan
18.25	under sections 353.63 to 353.666, p	provided that the annu	uity or benefit is bas	sed on service
18.26	for which the member or survivor is	not also receiving di	<u>d not earn</u> Social Sec	curity benefits;
18.27	(3) from any retirement system a	administered by the f	ederal government t	hat is based on
18.28	service for which the recipient or th	e recipient's survivo	r <del>is not also receivin</del>	r <u>e</u> did not earn
18.29	Social Security benefits; or			

(4) from a public retirement system of or created by another state or any of its political
subdivisions, or the District of Columbia, if the income tax laws of the other state or district

119.1 permit a similar deduction or exemption or a reciprocal deduction or exemption of a

retirement or pension benefit received from a public retirement system of or created by thisstate or any political subdivision of this state.

(d) The commissioner must annually adjust the subtraction limits in paragraph (a) and
the phaseout thresholds in paragraph (b), as provided in section 270C.22. The statutory year
is taxable year 2023.

### 119.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 290.0134, subdivision 20, is amended to read:

119.9 Subd. 20. Delayed business interest. (a) For each taxable year an addition is required under section 290.0131, subdivision 19 290.0133, subdivision 15, the amount of the addition, 119.10 less the sum of all amounts subtracted under this paragraph in all prior taxable years, that 119.11 does not exceed the limitation on business interest in section 163(j) of the Internal Revenue 119.12 Code of 1986, as amended through December 15, 2022, notwithstanding the special rule in 119.13 119.14 section 163(j)(10) of the Internal Revenue Code, is a subtraction. Any excess is a delayed business interest carryforward, the entire amount of which must be carried to the earliest 119.15 119.16 taxable year. No subtraction is allowed under this paragraph for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022. 119.17

(b) For each of the five taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022, there is allowed
a subtraction equal to one-fifth of the sum of all carryforward amounts that remain after the
expiration of paragraph (a).

(c) Entities that are part of a combined reporting group under the unitary rules of section
290.17, subdivision 4, must compute deductions and additions as required under section
290.34, subdivision 5.

## 119.24 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning 119.25 after December 31, 2019.

119.26 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 290.0693, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms havethe meanings given.

(b) "Dependent" means any individual who is considered a dependent under sections
119.30 151 and 152 of the Internal Revenue Code and was claimed by the taxpayer as a dependent.

(c) "Disability" has the meaning given in section 290A.03, subdivision 10.

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(d) "Exemption amount" means the exemption amount under section 290.0121, 120.1 subdivision 1, paragraph (b). 120.2 (e) "Gross rent" means rent paid for the right of occupancy, at arm's length, of a 120.3 homestead, exclusive of charges for any medical services furnished by the landlord as a 120.4 part of the rental agreement, whether expressly set out in the rental agreement or not. The 120.5 gross rent of a resident of a nursing home or intermediate care facility is \$600 per month. 120.6 The gross rent of a resident of an adult foster care home is \$930 per month. The commissioner 120.7 120.8 shall annually adjust the amounts in this paragraph as provided in section 270C.22. The statutory year is 2023. If the landlord and tenant have not dealt with each other at arm's 120.9 length and the commissioner determines that the gross rent charged was excessive, the 120.10 commissioner may adjust the gross rent to a reasonable amount for purposes of this section. 120.11 (f) "Homestead" has the meaning given in section 290A.03, subdivision 6. 120.12 (g) "Household" has the meaning given in section 290A.03, subdivision 4. 120.13 (h) "Household income" means all income received by all persons of a household in a 120.14 taxable year while members of the household, other than income of a dependent. 120.15 (i) "Income" means adjusted gross income, minus: 120.16 (1) for the taxpayer's first dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.4; 120.17 (2) for the taxpayer's second dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.3; 120.18 (3) for the taxpayer's third dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.2; 120.19

(4) for the taxpayer's fourth dependent, the exemption amount multiplied by 1.1;

120.21 (5) for the taxpayer's fifth dependent, the exemption amount; and

(6) if the taxpayer or taxpayer's spouse had a disability or attained the age of 65 on orbefore the close of the taxable year, the exemption amount.

(j) "Rent constituting property taxes" means 17 percent of the gross rent actually paid 120.24 in cash, or its equivalent, or the portion of rent paid in lieu of property taxes, in any taxable 120.25 year by a claimant for the right of occupancy of the claimant's Minnesota homestead in the 120.26 taxable year, and which rent constitutes the basis, in the succeeding taxable year of a claim 120.27 for a credit under this section by the claimant. If an individual occupies a homestead with 120.28 another person or persons not related to the individual as the individual's spouse or as 120.29 dependents, and the other person or persons are residing at the homestead under a rental or 120.30 lease agreement with the individual, the amount of rent constituting property tax for the 120.31 individual equals that portion not covered by the rental agreement. 120.32

# 121.1 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 121.2 <u>31, 2024.</u>

121.3 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 290.0693, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Residents of nursing homes, intermediate care facilities, long-term care 121.4 facilities, or facilities accepting housing support payments. (a) A taxpayer must not claim 121.5 a credit under this section if the taxpayer is a resident of a nursing home, intermediate care 121.6 121.7 facility, long-term residential facility, or a facility that accepts housing support payments whose rent constituting property taxes is paid pursuant to the Supplemental Security Income 121.8 program under title XVI of the Social Security Act, the Minnesota supplemental aid program 121.9 under sections 256D.35 to 256D.54, the medical assistance program pursuant to title XIX 121.10 of the Social Security Act, or the housing support program under chapter 256I. 121.11

(b) If only a portion of the rent constituting property taxes is paid by these programs, the resident is eligible for a credit, but the credit calculated must be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is adjusted gross income, <del>reduced by the total amount of income</del> from the above sources other than vendor payments under the medical assistance program and the denominator of which is adjusted gross income, plus vendor payments under the medical assistance program, to determine the allowable credit.

(c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b), if the taxpayer was a resident of the nursing 121.18 home, intermediate care facility, long-term residential facility, or facility for which the rent 121.19 was paid for the claimant by the housing support program for only a portion of the taxable 121.20 year covered by the claim, the taxpayer may compute rent constituting property taxes by 121.21 disregarding the rent constituting property taxes from the nursing home or facility and may 121.22 use only that amount of rent constituting property taxes or property taxes payable relating 121.23 to that portion of the year when the taxpayer was not in the facility. The taxpayer's household 121.24 income is the income for the entire taxable year covered by the claim. 121.25

121.26 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
 121.27 31, 2024.

121.28 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 290.0693, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. One claimant per household. Only one taxpayer per household per year is entitled to claim a credit under this section. In the case of a married couple filing a joint return, the couple may claim a credit under this section based on the total amount of both spouses' gross rent. In the case of a married taxpayer filing a separate return, only one spouse may claim the credit under this section. The credit amount for the spouse that claims the

credit must be calculated based on household income and both spouses' share of the gross 122.1 rent and not solely on the income of the spouse. 122.2 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December 122.3 31, 2024. 122.4 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 290.0695, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 122.5 Subd. 2. Credit allowed; limitation; carryover. (a) An eligible taxpayer is allowed a 122.6 credit against tax due under this chapter equal to 50 percent of eligible expenses, not to 122.7 exceed \$3,000 per mile, multiplied by the number of miles of railroad track owned or leased 122.8 within the state by the eligible taxpayer for which the taxpayer made the qualified railroad 122.9 reconstruction or replacement expenditures as of the close of the taxable year for which the 122.10 eredit is elaimed made by an eligible taxpayer within this state during the taxable year for 122.11 which the credit is claimed. 122.12 (b) The credit allowed under paragraph (a) for any taxable year must not exceed the 122.13 product of: 122.14 (1) \$3,000, multiplied by; 122.15 (2) the number of miles of railroad track owned or leased by the eligible taxpayer within 122.16 this state as of the close of the taxable year for which the taxpayer made qualified railroad 122.17 reconstruction or replacement expenditures for which the credit is claimed. 122.18 (b) (c) If the amount of the credit determined under this section for any taxable year 122.19 exceeds the liability for tax under this chapter, the excess is a credit carryover to each of 122.20 the five succeeding taxable years. The entire amount of the excess unused credit for the 122.21 taxable year must be carried first to the earliest of the taxable years to which the credit may 122.22 be carried and then to each successive year to which the credit may be carried. The amount 122.23 of the unused credit that may be added under this paragraph must not exceed the taxpayer's 122.24 liability for tax less the credit for the taxable year. 122.25 (c) (d) An eligible taxpayer claiming a credit under this section may not also claim the 122.26 credit under section 297I.20, subdivision 6, for the same qualified railroad reconstruction 122.27 or replacement expenditures. 122.28 122.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022. 122.30

123.1 Sec. 10. Laws 2023, chapter 1, section 22, is amended to read:

## 123.2 Sec. 22. TEMPORARY ADDITIONS AND SUBTRACTIONS; INDIVIDUALS, 123.3 ESTATES, AND TRUSTS.

123.4 (a) For the purposes of this section:

123.5 (1) "subtraction" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 290.0132,

123.6 subdivision 1, and the rules in that subdivision apply to this section;

123.7 (2) "addition" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 290.0131, subdivision

123.8 1, and the rules in that subdivision apply to this section; and

123.9 (3) the definitions in Minnesota Statutes, section 290.01, apply to this section.

(b) The following amounts are subtractions:

(1) the amount of wages used for the calculation of the employee retention credit for
employers affected by qualified disasters, to the extent not deducted from income, under
Public Law 116-94, division Q, section 203, or Public Law 116-260, division EE, section
303;

(2) the amount of wages used for the calculation of the payroll credit for required paid
sick leave, to the extent not deducted from income, under Public Law 116-127, section
7001, as amended by section 9641 of Public Law 117-2;

(3) the amount of wages or expenses used for the calculation of the payroll credit for
required paid family leave, to the extent not deducted from income, under Public Law
116-127, section 7003, as amended by section 9641 of Public Law 117-2;

(4) the amount of wages used for the calculation of the employee retention credit for
employers subject to closure due to COVID-19, to the extent not deducted from income,
under Public Law 116-136, section 2301, as amended by Public Law 116-260, division EE,
section 207, and Public Law 117-2, section 9651; and

(5) the amount required to be added to gross income to claim the credit in section 6432of the Internal Revenue Code.

123.27 (c) The following amounts are additions:

(1) the amount subtracted for qualified tuition expenses under section 222 of the Internal
Revenue Code, as amended by Public Law 116-94, division Q, section 104;

(2) the amount of above the line charitable contributions deducted under section 2204
of Public Law 116-136;

124.1 (3) the amount of meal expenses in excess of the 50 percent limitation under section

124.2 274(n)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code allowed under subsection (n), paragraph (2),

124.3 subparagraph (D), of that section; and

(4) the amount of charitable contributions deducted from federal taxable income by a
trust for taxable year 2020 under Public Law 116-136, section 2205(a).

(d) The commissioner of revenue must apply the subtractions in paragraph (b) and theadditions in paragraph (c), when calculating the following:

(1) the percentage under Minnesota Statutes, section 290.06, subdivision 2c, paragraph(e);

(2) a taxpayer's alternative minimum taxable income under Minnesota Statutes, section290.091; and

124.12 (3) "income" as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 289A.08, subdivision 7, paragraph

124.13 (j), for the purposes of determining the tax for composite filers and the pass-through entity

124.14 tax, means the partner's share of federal adjusted gross income from the partnership modified

124.15 by the additions provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 290.0131, subdivisions 8 to 10,

124.16 16, 17, and 19, and the subtractions provided in (i) Minnesota Statutes, section 290.0132,

124.17 subdivisions 9, 27, and 28, to the extent the amount is assignable or allocable to Minnesota

124.18 under Minnesota Statutes, section 290.17; and (ii) Minnesota Statutes, section 290.0132,

124.19 subdivision 14. The subtraction allowed under Minnesota Statutes, section 290.0132,

124.20 subdivision 9, is only allowed on the composite tax computation to the extent the electing

124.21 partner would have been allowed the subtraction.

(e) For the purpose of calculating property tax refunds under Minnesota Statutes, chapter
290A, any amounts allowed as a subtraction in paragraph (b) are excluded from "income,"
as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 290A.03, subdivision 3.

124.25 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively at the same time the changes
 124.26 in Laws 2023, chapter 1, section 22, were effective for federal purposes.

124.27

124.28

## ARTICLE 9 DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE: SALES AND USE TAXES

124.29 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 297A.71, subdivision 54, is amended to read:

124.30 Subd. 54. Sustainable aviation fuel facilities. (a) Materials and supplies used or

124.31 consumed in and equipment incorporated into the construction, reconstruction, or

124.32 improvement of a facility located in Minnesota that produces or blends sustainable aviation

fuel, as defined in section 41A.30, subdivision 1, is if materials, supplies, and equipment
are purchased after June 30, 2027, and before July 1, 2034, are exempt.

(b) The tax must be imposed and collected as if the rate under section 297A.62,

subdivision 1, applied and then refunded in the manner as provided for projects under section
297A.75, subdivision 1, clause (1).

(c) For a project, a portion of which is not used to produce or blend sustainable aviation
fuel, the amount of purchases that are exempt under this subdivision must be determined
by multiplying the total purchases, as specified in paragraph (a), by the ratio of:

(1) the capacity to generate sustainable aviation fuel either through production orblending; and

125.11 (2) the capacity to generate all fuels.

(d) This subdivision expires July 1, 2034. The expiration does not affect refunds due forsales and purchases made prior to July 1, 2034.

#### 125.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

125.15 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 297A.75, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Tax collected.** The tax on the gross receipts from the sale of the following exempt items must be imposed and collected as if the sale were taxable and the rate under section 297A.62, subdivision 1, applied. The exempt items include:

(1) building materials for an agricultural processing facility exempt under section297A.71, subdivision 13;

(2) building materials for mineral production facilities exempt under section 297A.71,
subdivision 14;

(3) building materials for correctional facilities under section 297A.71, subdivision 3;

(4) building materials used in a residence for veterans with a disability exempt undersection 297A.71, subdivision 11;

(5) elevators and building materials exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision 12;

(6) materials and supplies for qualified low-income housing under section 297A.71,
subdivision 23;

(7) materials, supplies, and equipment for municipal electric utility facilities under
section 297A.71, subdivision 35;

(8) equipment and materials used for the generation, transmission, and distribution of
electrical energy and an aerial camera package exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision
37;

(9) commuter rail vehicle and repair parts under section 297A.70, subdivision 3, paragraph(a), clause (10);

(10) materials, supplies, and equipment for construction or improvement of projects and
facilities under section 297A.71, subdivision 40;

(11) enterprise information technology equipment and computer software for use in a
qualified data center exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision 42;

(12) materials, supplies, and equipment for qualifying capital projects under section
297A.71, subdivision 44, paragraph (a), clause (1), and paragraph (b);

(13) items purchased for use in providing critical access dental services exempt under
section 297A.70, subdivision 7, paragraph (c);

(14) items and services purchased under a business subsidy agreement for use or
consumption primarily in greater Minnesota exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision
44;

(15) building materials, equipment, and supplies for constructing or replacing real
property exempt under section 297A.71, subdivisions 49; 50, paragraph (b); and 51;

(16) building materials, equipment, and supplies for qualifying capital projects under
section 297A.71, subdivision 52; and

(17) building materials, equipment, and supplies for constructing, remodeling, expanding,
or improving a fire station, police station, or related facilities exempt under section 297A.71,
subdivision 53-; and

(18) building materials, equipment, and supplies for constructing, remodeling, or
 improving a sustainable aviation fuel facility exempt under section 297A.71, subdivision
 54.

### 126.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

126.28 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 297A.75, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Refund; eligible persons. Upon application on forms prescribed by the
commissioner, a refund equal to the tax paid on the gross receipts of the exempt items must
be paid to the applicant. Only the following persons may apply for the refund:

127.1

127.2

127.3

127.4

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(1) for subdivision 1, clauses (1), (2), and (13), the applicant must be the purchaser;
(2) for subdivision 1, clause (3), the applicant must be the governmental subdivision;
(3) for subdivision 1, clause (4), the applicant must be the recipient of the benefits provided in United States Code, title 38, chapter 21;
(4) for subdivision 1, clause (5), the applicant must be the owner of the homestead

(4) for subdivision 1, clause (5), the applicant must be the owner of thproperty;

127.7 (5) for subdivision 1, clause (6), the owner of the qualified low-income housing project;

(6) for subdivision 1, clause (7), the applicant must be a municipal electric utility or ajoint venture of municipal electric utilities;

127.10 (7) for subdivision 1, clauses (8), (11), and (14), the owner of the qualifying business;

127.11 (8) for subdivision 1, clauses (9), (10), (12), (16), and (17), the applicant must be the 127.12 governmental entity that owns or contracts for the project or facility; <del>and</del>

(9) for subdivision 1, clause (15), the applicant must be the owner or developer of the
building or project-; and

(10) for subdivision 1, clause (18), the applicant must be the owner or developer of the
sustainable aviation fuel facility.

127.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

127.18 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 297A.75, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Application.** (a) The application must include sufficient information to permit the commissioner to verify the tax paid. If the tax was paid by a contractor, subcontractor, or builder, under subdivision 1, clauses (3) to (12) or (14) to (17) (18), the contractor,

subcontractor, or builder must furnish to the refund applicant a statement including the cost
of the exempt items and the taxes paid on the items unless otherwise specifically provided
by this subdivision. The provisions of sections 289A.40 and 289A.50 apply to refunds under
this section.

(b) An applicant may not file more than two applications per calendar year for refunds
for taxes paid on capital equipment exempt under section 297A.68, subdivision 5.

## 127.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 297A.94, is amended to read: 128.1

#### 297A.94 DEPOSIT OF REVENUES. 128.2

(a) Except as provided in this section, the commissioner shall deposit the revenues, 128.3

including interest and penalties, derived from the taxes imposed by this chapter in the state 128.4 treasury and credit them to the general fund. 128.5

(b) The commissioner shall deposit taxes in the Minnesota agricultural and economic 128.6 account in the special revenue fund if: 128.7

(1) the taxes are derived from sales and use of property and services purchased for the 128.8 construction and operation of an agricultural resource project; and 128.9

(2) the purchase was made on or after the date on which a conditional commitment was 128.10 made for a loan guaranty for the project under section 41A.04, subdivision 3. 128.11

The commissioner of management and budget shall certify to the commissioner the date on 128.12 which the project received the conditional commitment. The amount deposited in the loan 128.13 guaranty account must be reduced by any refunds and by the costs incurred by the Department 128.14 of Revenue to administer and enforce the assessment and collection of the taxes. 128.15

(c) The commissioner shall deposit the revenues, including interest and penalties, derived 128.16 from the taxes imposed on sales and purchases included in section 297A.61, subdivision 3, 128.17 paragraph (g), clauses (1) and (4), in the state treasury, and credit them as follows: 128.18

128.19 (1) first to the general obligation special tax bond debt service account in each fiscal year the amount required by section 16A.661, subdivision 3, paragraph (b); and 128.20

(2) after the requirements of clause (1) have been met, the balance to the general fund. 128.21

(d) Beginning with sales taxes remitted after July 1, 2017, the commissioner shall deposit 128.22 in the state treasury the revenues collected under section 297A.64, subdivision 1, including 128.23 interest and penalties and minus refunds, and credit them to the highway user tax distribution 128.24 fund. 128.25

(e) The commissioner shall deposit the revenues, including interest and penalties, 128.26

collected under section 297A.64, subdivision 5, in the state treasury and credit them to the 128.27 general fund. By July 15 of each year the commissioner shall transfer to the highway user 128.28 tax distribution fund an amount equal to the excess fees collected under section 297A.64, 128.29 subdivision 5, for the previous calendar year. 128.30

(f) Beginning with sales taxes remitted after July 1, 2017, in conjunction with the deposit 128.31 of revenues under paragraph (d), the commissioner shall deposit into the state treasury and 128.32

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credit to the highway user tax distribution fund an amount equal to the estimated revenues derived from the tax rate imposed under section 297A.62, subdivision 1, on the lease or rental for not more than 28 days of rental motor vehicles subject to section 297A.64. The commissioner shall estimate the amount of sales tax revenue deposited under this paragraph based on the amount of revenue deposited under paragraph (d).

(g) <u>Each month</u> the commissioner must deposit the an amount equal to the estimated
revenues derived from the taxes imposed under section 297A.62, subdivision 1, on the sale
and purchase of motor vehicle repair and replacement parts in the state treasury and credit:

(1) 43.5 percent in each fiscal year to the highway user tax distribution fund;

(2) a percentage to the transportation advancement account under section 174.49 asfollows:

(i) 3.5 percent in fiscal year 2024;

129.13 (ii) 4.5 percent in fiscal year 2025;

(iii) 5.5 percent in fiscal year 2026;

129.15 (iv) 7.5 percent in fiscal year 2027;

129.16 (v) 14.5 percent in fiscal year 2028;

129.17 (vi) 21.5 percent in fiscal year 2029;

129.18 (vii) 28.5 percent in fiscal year 2030;

(viii) 36.5 percent in fiscal year 2031;

129.20 (ix) 44.5 percent in fiscal year 2032; and

129.21 (x) 56.5 percent in fiscal year 2033 and thereafter; and

129.22 (3) the remainder in each fiscal year to the general fund.

129.23 After each February forecast, and prior to the following April 15, the commissioner shall

129.24 estimate the monthly deposit amount for use in the following fiscal year based on the estimate

129.25 of average revenue derived from the taxes imposed under section 297A.62, subdivision 1,

129.26 on the sale and purchase of motor vehicle repair and replacement parts from the department's

129.27 three most recent consumption tax models. For purposes of this paragraph, "motor vehicle"

129.28 has the meaning given in section 297B.01, subdivision 11, and "motor vehicle repair and

129.29 replacement parts" includes (i) all parts, tires, accessories, and equipment incorporated into

129.30 or affixed to the motor vehicle as part of the motor vehicle maintenance and repair, and (ii)

129.31 paint, oil, and other fluids that remain on or in the motor vehicle as part of the motor vehicle

maintenance or repair. For purposes of this paragraph, "tire" means any tire of the type used
on highway vehicles, if wholly or partially made of rubber and if marked according to
federal regulations for highway use.

(h) 81.56 percent of the revenues, including interest and penalties, transmitted to the
commissioner under section 297A.65, must be deposited by the commissioner in the state
treasury as follows:

(1) 47.5 percent of the receipts must be deposited in the heritage enhancement account
in the game and fish fund, and may be spent only on activities that improve, enhance, or
protect fish and wildlife resources, including conservation, restoration, and enhancement
of land, water, and other natural resources of the state;

(2) 22.5 percent of the receipts must be deposited in the natural resources fund, and may
be spent only for state parks and trails;

(3) 22.5 percent of the receipts must be deposited in the natural resources fund, and may
be spent only on metropolitan park and trail grants;

(4) three percent of the receipts must be deposited in the natural resources fund, andmay be spent only on local trail grants;

(5) two percent of the receipts must be deposited in the natural resources fund, and may
be spent only for the Minnesota Zoological Garden, the Como Park Zoo and Conservatory,
and the Duluth Zoo; and

(6) 2.5 percent of the receipts must be deposited in the pollinator account established insection 103B.101, subdivision 19.

(i) 1.5 percent of the revenues, including interest and penalties, transmitted to the
commissioner under section 297A.65 must be deposited in a regional parks and trails account
in the natural resources fund and may only be spent for parks and trails of regional
significance outside of the seven-county metropolitan area under section 85.535, based on
recommendations from the Greater Minnesota Regional Parks and Trails Commission under
section 85.536.

(j) 1.5 percent of the revenues, including interest and penalties, transmitted to the
commissioner under section 297A.65 must be deposited in an outdoor recreational
opportunities for underserved communities account in the natural resources fund and may
only be spent on projects and activities that connect diverse and underserved Minnesotans
through expanding cultural environmental experiences, exploration of their environment,
and outdoor recreational activities.

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(k) The revenue dedicated under paragraph (h) may not be used as a substitute for 131.1 traditional sources of funding for the purposes specified, but the dedicated revenue shall 131.2 supplement traditional sources of funding for those purposes. Land acquired with money 131.3 deposited in the game and fish fund under paragraph (h) must be open to public hunting 131.4 and fishing during the open season, except that in aquatic management areas or on lands 131.5 where angling easements have been acquired, fishing may be prohibited during certain times 131.6 of the year and hunting may be prohibited. At least 87 percent of the money deposited in 131.7 131.8 the game and fish fund for improvement, enhancement, or protection of fish and wildlife resources under paragraph (h) must be allocated for field operations. 131.9

(1) The commissioner must deposit the revenues, including interest and penalties minus
any refunds, derived from the sale of items regulated under section 624.20, subdivision 1,
that may be sold to persons 18 years old or older and that are not prohibited from use by
the general public under section 624.21, in the state treasury and credit:

131.14 (1) 25 percent to the volunteer fire assistance grant account established under section131.15 88.068;

(2) 25 percent to the fire safety account established under section 297I.06, subdivision3; and

131.18 (3) the remainder to the general fund.

For purposes of this paragraph, the percentage of total sales and use tax revenue derived from the sale of items regulated under section 624.20, subdivision 1, that are allowed to be sold to persons 18 years old or older and are not prohibited from use by the general public under section 624.21, is a set percentage of the total sales and use tax revenues collected in the state, with the percentage determined under Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 1, article 3, section 39.

(m) The revenues deposited under paragraphs (a) to (l) do not include the revenues,
including interest and penalties, generated by the sales tax imposed under section 297A.62,
subdivision 1a, which must be deposited as provided under the Minnesota Constitution,
article XI, section 15.

### 131.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

131.30 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 297A.99, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

131.31 Subd. 10. Use of zip code in determining location of sale. (a) The lowest combined 131.32 tax rate imposed in the zip code area applies if the area includes more than one tax rate in 131.33 any level of taxing jurisdictions. (b) If a nine-digit zip code designation is not available for a street address or if a seller
is unable to determine the nine-digit zip code designation of a purchaser after exercising
due diligence to determine the designation, the seller may apply the rate for the five-digit
zip code area.

132.5 (c) For the purposes of this subdivision, there is a rebuttable presumption that a seller has exercised due diligence for a sale that requires a full street address to be completed if 132.6 the seller has attempted to determine the nine-digit zip code designation by utilizing (1) the 132.7 132.8 look-up application form the United States Postal Service; (2) software certified by the Coding Accuracy Support System; or (3) other software approved by the governing board 132.9 that makes this designation from the street address and the five-digit zip code of the 132.10 purchaser. For a sale that does not require a full street address to be completed, a seller has 132.11 not exercised due diligence unless the seller has obtained or requested from the purchaser 132.12 (1) the complete street address, including the five-digit zip code; or (2) the nine-digit zip 132.13 code. A seller that has not exercised due diligence is not relieved from any additional liability 132.14 that may be due as a result of incorrect sourcing. 132.15

132.16 (d) Notwithstanding subdivision 13, this subdivision applies to all local sales taxes 132.17 without regard to the date of authorization. This subdivision does not apply when the 132.18 purchased product is received by the purchaser at the business location of the seller.

132.19 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June
 132.20 <u>30</u>, 2025.

132.21 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 297A.995, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

132.22 Subd. 2. **Definitions.** As used in this section:

132.23 (a) "Agreement" means the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement.

(b) "Certified automated system" means software certified jointly by the states that are
signatories to the agreement to calculate the tax imposed by each jurisdiction on a transaction,
determine the amount of tax to remit to the appropriate state, and maintain a record of the
transaction.

(c) "Certified service provider" means an agent certified jointly by the states that are
signatories to the agreement to perform all of the seller's sales tax functions under the
Agreement to perform the seller's sales and use tax functions as outlined in the contract
between the Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board and the certified service providers,

132.32 except that sellers retain the obligation to remit tax on their own purchases.

# EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June <u>30, 2025.</u>

133.3 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 297A.995, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. **Relief from certain liability.** (a) Notwithstanding subdivision 9, sellers and certified service providers are relieved from liability to the state for having charged and collected the incorrect amount of sales or use tax resulting from the seller or certified service provider (1) relying on erroneous data provided by the commissioner in the database files on tax rates, boundaries, or taxing jurisdiction assignments, or (2) relying on erroneous data provided by the state in its taxability matrix concerning the taxability of products and services.

(b) Notwithstanding subdivision 9, sellers and certified service providers are relieved 133.11 from liability to the state for having charged and collected the incorrect amount of sales or 133.12 use tax resulting from the seller or certified service provider relying on the certification by 133.13 the commissioner as to the accuracy of a certified automated system as to the taxability of 133.14 product categories. The relief from liability provided by this paragraph does not apply when 133.15 the sellers or certified service providers have incorrectly classified an item or transaction 133.16 into a product category, unless the item or transaction within a product category was approved 133.17 by the commissioner or approved jointly by the states that are signatories to the agreement. 133.18 The sellers and certified service providers must revise a classification within ten days after 133.19 receipt of notice from the commissioner that an item or transaction within a product category 133.20 is incorrectly classified as to its taxability, or they are not relieved from liability for the 133.21 incorrect classification following the notification. 133.22

(c) Notwithstanding subdivision 9, if there are not at least 30 days between the enactment 133.23 of a new tax rate and the effective date of the new rate, sellers and certified service providers 133.24 shall be relieved from liability for failing to collect tax at the new rate during the first 30 133.25 days of the rate change, beginning on the day after the date of enactment of the rate change, 133.26 provided the seller or certified service provider continued to impose and collect the tax at 133.27 133.28 the immediately preceding tax rate during this period. Relief from liability provided by this paragraph shall not apply if the failure to collect at the newly effective rate extends beyond 133.29 30 days after the enactment of the new rate. The relief provided by this paragraph shall not 133.30 apply if the commissioner determines that the seller or certified service provider fraudulently 133.31 failed to collect at the new rate or that the seller or certified service provider solicited 133.32 133.33 purchasers based on the immediately preceding tax rate.

134.1	(d) Certified service providers are relieved from liability to the state when a seller fails
134.2	to remit all or a portion of the seller's taxes prior to the due date of the remittance if the
134.3	certified service provider has provided notification as outlined in the contract between the
134.4	Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board and the certified service provider.
134.5	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June
134.6	<u>30, 2025.</u>
134.7	ARTICLE 10 DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE: MISCELLANEOUS
134.8	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE: MISCELLANEOUS
134.9	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 270C.445, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
134.10	Subd. 3. Standards of conduct. No tax preparer shall:
134.11	(1) without good cause fail to promptly, diligently, and without unreasonable delay
134.12	complete a client's return;
134.13	(2) obtain the signature of a client to a return or authorizing document that contains
134.14	blank spaces to be filled in after it has been signed;
134.15	(3) fail to sign a client's return when compensation for services rendered has been made;
134.16	(4) fail to provide on a client's return the preparer tax identification number when required
134.17	under section 6109(a)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code or section 289A.60, subdivision 28;
134.18	(5) fail or refuse to give a client a copy of any document requiring the client's signature
134.19	within a reasonable time after the client signs the document;
134.20	(6) fail to retain for at least four years a copy of a client's returns;
134.21	(7) fail to maintain a confidential relationship with clients or former clients;
134.22	(8) fail to take commercially reasonable measures to safeguard a client's nonpublic
134.23	personal information;
134.24	(9) make, authorize, publish, disseminate, circulate, or cause to make, either directly or
134.25	indirectly, any false, deceptive, or misleading statement or representation relating to or in
134.26	connection with the offering or provision of tax preparation services;
134.27	(10) require a client to enter into a loan arrangement in order to complete a client's return;
134.28	(11) claim credits or deductions on a client's return for which the tax preparer knows or
134.29	reasonably should know the client does not qualify;

(12) report a household income on a client's claim filed under chapter 290A that the tax
preparer knows or reasonably should know is not accurate;

(13) engage in any conduct that is subject to a penalty under section 289A.60, subdivision
135.4 13, 20, 20a, 26, or 28;

(14) whether or not acting as a taxpayer representative, fail to conform to the standards
of conduct required by Minnesota Rules, part 8052.0300, subpart 4;

(15) whether or not acting as a taxpayer representative, engage in any conduct that is
incompetent conduct under Minnesota Rules, part 8052.0300, subpart 5;

(16) whether or not acting as a taxpayer representative, engage in any conduct that is
disreputable conduct under Minnesota Rules, part 8052.0300, subpart 6;

(17) charge, offer to accept, or accept a fee based upon a percentage of an anticipatedrefund for tax preparation services;

(18) under any circumstances, withhold or fail to return to a client a document providedby the client for use in preparing the client's return;

(19) take control or ownership of a client's refund or department payment by any means,
including:

(i) directly or indirectly endorsing or otherwise negotiating a check or other refundinstrument, including an electronic version of a check;

(ii) directing an electronic or direct deposit of the refund or department payment into an
account unless the client's name is on the account; and

(iii) establishing or using an account in the preparer's name to receive a client's refund
or department payment through a direct deposit or any other instrument unless the client's
name is also on the account, except that a taxpayer may assign the portion of a refund
representing the Minnesota education credit available under section 290.0674 to a bank
account without the client's name, as provided under section 290.0679;

135.26 (20) fail to act in the best interests of the client;

135.27 (21) fail to safeguard and account for any money handled for the client;

(22) fail to disclose all material facts of which the preparer has knowledge which might
reasonably affect the client's rights and interests;

135.30 (23) violate any provision of section 332.37;

(24) include any of the following in any document provided or signed in connectionwith the provision of tax preparation services:

136.3 (i) a hold harmless clause;

(ii) a confession of judgment or a power of attorney to confess judgment against theclient or appear as the client in any judicial proceeding;

(iii) a waiver of the right to a jury trial, if applicable, in any action brought by or againsta debtor;

(iv) an assignment of or an order for payment of wages or other compensation forservices;

(v) a provision in which the client agrees not to assert any claim or defense otherwiseavailable;

(vi) a waiver of any provision of this section or a release of any obligation required tobe performed on the part of the tax preparer; or

(vii) a waiver of the right to injunctive, declaratory, or other equitable relief or relief on
a class basis; or

(25) if making, providing, or facilitating a refund anticipation loan, fail to provide all
disclosures required by the federal Truth in Lending Act, United States Code, title 15, in a
form that may be retained by the client.

136.19 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for taxable years beginning after December
 136.20 31, 2024.

136.21 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 270C.445, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Enforcement; administrative order; penalties; cease and desist. (a) The 136.22 commissioner may impose an administrative penalty of not more than \$1,000 per violation 136.23 of subdivision 3 or 5, or section 270C.4451, provided that a penalty may not be imposed 136.24 for any conduct for which a tax preparer penalty is imposed under section 289A.60, 136.25 subdivision 13. The commissioner may terminate a tax preparer's authority to transmit 136.26 returns electronically to the state, if the commissioner determines the tax preparer engaged 136.27 in a pattern and practice of violating this section. Imposition of a penalty under this paragraph 136.28 is subject to the contested case procedure under chapter 14. The commissioner shall collect 136.29 the penalty in the same manner as the income tax. There is no right to make a claim for 136.30 refund under section 289A.50 of the penalty imposed under this paragraph. Penalties imposed 136.31 under this paragraph are public data. 136.32

(b) In addition to the penalty under paragraph (a), if the commissioner determines that

a tax preparer has violated subdivision 3 or 5, or section 270C.4451, the commissioner may

137.3 issue an administrative order to the tax preparer requiring the tax preparer to cease and

desist from committing the violation. The administrative order may include an administrativepenalty provided in paragraph (a).

(c) If the commissioner issues an administrative order under paragraph (b), the
commissioner must send the order to the tax preparer addressed to the last known address
of the tax preparer.

137.9 (d) A cease and desist order under paragraph (b) must:

(1) describe the act, conduct, or practice committed and include a reference to the lawthat the act, conduct, or practice violates; and

(2) provide notice that the tax preparer may request a hearing as provided in thissubdivision.

(e) Within 30 days after the commissioner issues an administrative order under paragraph
(b), the tax preparer may request a hearing to review the commissioner's action. The request
for hearing must be made in writing and must be served on the commissioner at the address
specified in the order. The hearing request must specifically state the reasons for seeking
review of the order. The date on which a request for hearing is served by mail is the postmark
date on the envelope in which the request for hearing is mailed.

(f) If a tax preparer does not timely request a hearing regarding an administrative order
issued under paragraph (b), the order becomes a final order of the commissioner and is not
subject to review by any court or agency.

(g) If a tax preparer timely requests a hearing regarding an administrative order issued
under paragraph (b), the hearing must be commenced by the issuance of a notice of and
<u>order for hearing by the commissioner within ten 30</u> days after the commissioner receives
the request for a hearing.

(h) A hearing timely requested under paragraph (e) is subject to the contested case
procedure under chapter 14, as modified by this subdivision. The administrative law judge
must issue a report containing findings of fact, conclusions of law, and a recommended
order within ten <u>30</u> days after the completion of the hearing, the receipt of late-filed exhibits,
or the submission of written arguments, whichever is later.

(i) Within five 15 days of the date of the administrative law judge's report issued under
paragraph (h), any party aggrieved by the administrative law judge's report may submit

written exceptions and arguments to the commissioner. Within <u>15</u> <u>45</u> days after receiving
the administrative law judge's report, the commissioner must issue an order vacating,
modifying, or making final the administrative order.

(j) The commissioner and the tax preparer requesting a hearing may by agreementlengthen any time periods prescribed in paragraphs (g) to (i).

(k) An administrative order issued under paragraph (b) is in effect until it is modified
or vacated by the commissioner or an appellate court. The administrative hearing provided
by paragraphs (e) to (i) and any appellate judicial review as provided in chapter 14 constitute
the exclusive remedy for a tax preparer aggrieved by the order.

(1) The commissioner may impose an administrative penalty, in addition to the penalty 138.10 under paragraph (a), up to \$5,000 per violation of a cease and desist order issued under 138.11 paragraph (b). Imposition of a penalty under this paragraph is subject to the contested case 138.12 procedure under chapter 14. Within 30 days after the commissioner imposes a penalty under 138.13 this paragraph, the tax preparer assessed the penalty may request a hearing to review the 138.14 penalty order. The request for hearing must be made in writing and must be served on the 138.15 commissioner at the address specified in the order. The hearing request must specifically 138.16 state the reasons for seeking review of the order. The cease and desist order issued under 138.17 paragraph (b) is not subject to review in a proceeding to challenge the penalty order under 138.18 this paragraph. The date on which a request for hearing is served by mail is the postmark 138.19 date on the envelope in which the request for hearing is mailed. If the tax preparer does not 138.20 timely request a hearing, the penalty order becomes a final order of the commissioner and 138.21 is not subject to review by any court or agency. A penalty imposed by the commissioner 138.22 under this paragraph may be collected and enforced by the commissioner as an income tax 138.23 liability. There is no right to make a claim for refund under section 289A.50 of the penalty 138.24 imposed under this paragraph. A penalty imposed under this paragraph is public data. 138.25

(m) If a tax preparer violates a cease and desist order issued under paragraph (b), the
commissioner may terminate the tax preparer's authority to transmit returns electronically
to the state. Termination under this paragraph is public data.

(n) A cease and desist order issued under paragraph (b) is public data when it is a finalorder.

(o) Notwithstanding any other law, the commissioner may impose a penalty or take other
action under this subdivision against a tax preparer, with respect to a return, within the
period to assess tax on that return as provided by sections 289A.38 to 289A.382.

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the commissioner within five years of the violation of statute. 139.3

#### EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for penalties assessed and orders issued 139.4 139.5 after the day following final enactment.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 273.13, subdivision 22, is amended to read: 139.6

Subd. 22. Class 1. (a) Except as provided in subdivision 23 and in paragraphs (b) and 139.7 (c), real estate which is residential and used for homestead purposes is class 1a. In the case 139.8 of a duplex or triplex in which one of the units is used for homestead purposes, the entire 139.9 property is deemed to be used for homestead purposes. The market value of class 1a property 139.10 must be determined based upon the value of the house, garage, and land. 139.11

The first \$500,000 of market value of class 1a property has a net classification rate of 139.12 one percent of its market value; and the market value of class 1a property that exceeds 139.13 \$500,000 has a classification rate of 1.25 percent of its market value. 139.14

139.15 (b) Class 1b property includes homestead real estate or homestead manufactured homes used for the purposes of a homestead by: 139.16

139.17 (1) any person who is blind as defined in section 256D.35, or the person who is blind and the spouse of the person who is blind; 139.18

(2) any person who is permanently and totally disabled or by the person with a disability 139.19 and the spouse of the person with a disability; or 139.20

(3) the surviving spouse of a veteran who was permanently and totally disabled 139.21 homesteading a property classified under this paragraph for taxes payable in 2008. 139.22

Property is classified and assessed under clause (2) only if the government agency or 139.23 income-providing source certifies, upon the request of the homestead occupant, that the 139.24 homestead occupant satisfies the disability requirements of this paragraph, and that the 139.25 property is not eligible for the valuation exclusion under subdivision 34. 139.26

Property is classified and assessed under paragraph (b) only if the commissioner of 139.27 revenue or the county assessor certifies that the homestead occupant satisfies the requirements 139.28 of this paragraph. 139.29

139.30 Permanently and totally disabled for the purpose of this subdivision means a condition which is permanent in nature and totally incapacitates the person from working at an 139.31 occupation which brings the person an income. The first \$50,000 market value of class 1b 139.32

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property has a net classification rate of  $.45 \underline{0.45}$  percent of its market value. The remaining market value of class 1b property is classified as class 1a property, or class 2a property, or class 4d(2) property, whichever is appropriate.

(c) Class 1c property is commercial use real and personal property that abuts public 140.4 water as defined in section 103G.005, subdivision 15, or abuts a state trail administered by 140.5 the Department of Natural Resources, and is devoted to temporary and seasonal residential 140.6 occupancy for recreational purposes but not devoted to commercial purposes for more than 140.7 140.8 250 days in the year preceding the year of assessment, and that includes a portion used as a homestead by the owner, which includes a dwelling occupied as a homestead by a 140.9 shareholder of a corporation that owns the resort, a partner in a partnership that owns the 140.10 resort, or a member of a limited liability company that owns the resort even if the title to 140.11 the homestead is held by the corporation, partnership, or limited liability company. For 140.12 purposes of this paragraph, property is devoted to a commercial purpose on a specific day 140.13 if any portion of the property, excluding the portion used exclusively as a homestead, is 140.14 used for residential occupancy and a fee is charged for residential occupancy. Class 1c 140.15 property must contain three or more rental units. A "rental unit" is defined as a cabin, 140.16 condominium, townhouse, sleeping room, or individual camping site equipped with water 140.17 and electrical hookups for recreational vehicles. Class 1c property must provide recreational 140.18 activities such as the rental of ice fishing houses, boats and motors, snowmobiles, downhill 140.19 or cross-country ski equipment; provide marina services, launch services, or guide services; 140.20 or sell bait and fishing tackle. Any unit in which the right to use the property is transferred 140.21 to an individual or entity by deeded interest, or the sale of shares or stock, no longer qualifies 140.22 for class 1c even though it may remain available for rent. A camping pad offered for rent 140.23 by a property that otherwise qualifies for class 1c is also class 1c, regardless of the term of 140.24 the rental agreement, as long as the use of the camping pad does not exceed 250 days. If 140.25 the same owner owns two separate parcels that are located in the same township, and one 140.26 of those properties is classified as a class 1c property and the other would be eligible to be 140.27 classified as a class 1c property if it was used as the homestead of the owner, both properties 140.28 will be assessed as a single class 1c property; for purposes of this sentence, properties are 140.29 deemed to be owned by the same owner if each of them is owned by a limited liability 140.30 company, and both limited liability companies have the same membership. The portion of 140.31 the property used as a homestead is class 1a property under paragraph (a). The remainder 140.32 of the property is classified as follows: the first \$600,000 of market value is tier I, the next 140.33 \$1,700,000 of market value is tier II, and any remaining market value is tier III. The 140.34 classification rates for class 1c are: tier I, 0.50 percent; tier II, 1.0 percent; and tier III, 1.25 140.35 percent. Owners of real and personal property devoted to temporary and seasonal residential 140.36

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occupancy for recreation purposes in which all or a portion of the property was devoted to 141.1 commercial purposes for not more than 250 days in the year preceding the year of assessment 141.2 desiring classification as class 1c, must submit a declaration to the assessor designating the 141.3 cabins or units occupied for 250 days or less in the year preceding the year of assessment 141.4 by January 15 of the assessment year. Those cabins or units and a proportionate share of 141.5 the land on which they are located must be designated as class 1c as otherwise provided. 141.6 The remainder of the cabins or units and a proportionate share of the land on which they 141.7 141.8 are located must be designated as class 3a commercial. The owner of property desiring designation as class 1c property must provide guest registers or other records demonstrating 141.9 that the units for which class 1c designation is sought were not occupied for more than 250 141.10 days in the year preceding the assessment if so requested. The portion of a property operated 141.11 as a (1) restaurant, (2) bar, (3) gift shop, (4) conference center or meeting room, and (5) 141.12 other nonresidential facility operated on a commercial basis not directly related to temporary 141.13 and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes does not qualify for class 1c. 141.14

141.15 (d) Class 1d property includes structures that meet all of the following criteria:

(1) the structure is located on property that is classified as agricultural property under
section 273.13, subdivision 23;

(2) the structure is occupied exclusively by seasonal farm workers during the time when
they work on that farm, and the occupants are not charged rent for the privilege of occupying
the property, provided that use of the structure for storage of farm equipment and produce
does not disqualify the property from classification under this paragraph;

(3) the structure meets all applicable health and safety requirements for the appropriateseason; and

(4) the structure is not salable as residential property because it does not comply with
local ordinances relating to location in relation to streets or roads.

141.26 The market value of class 1d property has the same classification rates as class 1a property141.27 under paragraph (a).

## 141.28 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective beginning with assessment year 2025 141.29 and thereafter.

141.30 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 289A.12, subdivision 18, is amended to read:

141.31 Subd. 18. <u>Returns Return</u> by qualified heirs. A qualified heir, as defined in section

141.32 291.03, subdivision 8, paragraph (c), must file two returns a return with the commissioner

141.33 attesting that no disposition or cessation as provided by section 291.03, subdivision 11,

than 26 months after the decedent's death. The second return must be filed no earlier than
36 months and no later than 39 months after the decedent's death.

### 142.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

142.5 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 297E.06, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Annual audit, and certified inventory, and cash count. (a) An organization 142.6 licensed under chapter 349 with gross receipts from lawful gambling of more than \$750,000 142.7 in any year must have an annual financial audit of its lawful gambling activities and funds 142.8 for that year. For the purposes of this subdivision, "gross receipts" does not include a licensed 142.9 organization's receipts from electronic pull-tabs regulated under chapter 349 provided the 142.10 electronic pull-tab manufacturer has completed an annual system and organization controls 142.11 audit, containing standards that must incorporate and be consistent with standards prescribed 142.12 by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. 142.13

(b) The commissioner may require a financial audit of the lawful gambling activities
and funds of an organization licensed under chapter 349, with gross receipts less than
\$750,000 annually, when an organization has:

142.17 (1) failed to timely file required gambling tax returns;

142.18 (2) failed to timely pay the gambling tax or regulatory fee;

142.19 (3) filed fraudulent gambling tax returns;

142.20 (4) failed to take corrective actions required by the commissioner; or

142.21 (5) failed to otherwise comply with this chapter.

(c) Audits under this subdivision must be performed by an independent accountant firm
licensed in accordance with chapter 326A.

(d) An organization licensed under chapter 349 must perform an annual certified inventory
and cash count report at the end of its fiscal year and submit the report to the commissioner
within 30 days after the end of its fiscal year. The report shall be on a form prescribed by
the commissioner.

(e) The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe standards for the audits<u>, and certified</u>
inventory, and eash count reports report required under this subdivision. The standards may
vary based on the gross receipts of the organization. The standards must incorporate and
be consistent with standards prescribed by the American Institute of Certified Public

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Accountants. A complete, true, and correct copy of the audits, certified inventory, and cash
count report must be filed as prescribed by the commissioner.

### 143.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2025.

143.4 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2024, section 297I.20, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

143.5 Subd. 4. Film production credit. (a) A taxpayer may claim a credit against the premiums tax imposed under this chapter equal to the amount indicated on the credit certificate 143.6 statement issued to the company under section 116U.27. If the amount of the credit exceeds 143.7 the taxpayer's liability for tax under this chapter, the excess is a credit carryover to each of 143.8 the five succeeding taxable years. The entire amount of the excess unused credit for the 143.9 taxable year must be carried first to the earliest of the taxable years to which the credit may 143.10 be carried and then to each successive year to which the credit may be carried. This credit 143.11 does not affect the calculation of fire state aid under section 477B.03 and police state aid 143.12 under section 477C.03. 143.13

(b) This subdivision expires January 1, 2025 2031, for taxable years beginning after and
premiums received after December 31, 2024 2030.

143.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

143.17 Sec. 7. Laws 2023, chapter 1, section 28, is amended to read:

### 143.18 Sec. 28. EXTENSION OF STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.

(a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a taxpayer whose tax liability changes as
a result of this act may file an amended return by December 31, 2023. The commissioner
may review and assess the return of a taxpayer covered by this provision for the later of:

(1) the periods under Minnesota Statutes, sections 289A.38; <u>289.39</u> <u>289A.39</u>, subdivision
3; and 289A.40; or

(2) one year from the time the amended return is filed as a result of a change in taxliability under this section.

(b) Interest on any additional liabilities as a result of any provision in this act accruebeginning on January 1, 2024.

143.28 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively at the same time the changes
 143.29 incorporated in Laws 2023, chapter 1, were effective for federal purposes."

143.30 Delete the title and insert:

144.1

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relating to taxation; modifying individual income taxes, corporate franchise taxes, 144.2sales and use taxes, excise taxes, local sales and use taxes, property taxes, local 144.3 government aids, tax increment financing, and other miscellaneous taxes and 144.4 tax-related provisions; modifying the political contribution refund; modifying 144.5 144.6 subtractions; providing for direct free filing; modifying credits, assignments, and transfers; modifying and providing for sales and use tax exemptions; modifying 144.7 excise taxes for sales of premium cigars outside of Minnesota; providing for license 144.8 endorsements for premium cigars; modifying accelerated payments for liquor 144.9 excise and tobacco excise taxes; modifying and providing for property tax 144.10 exemptions; modifying property tax classifications; providing for land bank 144.11 organizations; providing local government aid penalty forgiveness; modifying 144.12 aids; providing for special tax increment financing; modifying tax increment 144.13 financing provisions; modifying provisions related to public finance; modifying 144.14 144.15 provisions related to the Tax Expenditure Review Commission; increasing debt issue limits; modifying penalties relating to property tax refunds and certificates 144.16 144.17 of rent paid; modifying payments for the Sustainable Forest Incentive Act; modifying gross revenues and gross receipts taxes; modifying solid waste 144.18 management tax dedications and definitions; providing for land-value taxation 144.19 districts; repealing the tax on illegal cannabis and controlled substances; creating 144.20 a legislative task force on local sales and use taxes; providing transfers of money; 144.21 appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 3.192; 3.8855, 144.22 subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8; 10A.02, subdivision 11b; 10A.322, subdivision 4; 144.23 37.31, subdivision 1; 41B.0391, subdivision 4; 116U.27, subdivision 2; 270C.11, 144.24 subdivision 4; 270C.15; 270C.445, subdivisions 3, 6; 272.01, subdivision 2; 272.02, 144.25 subdivisions 7, 19, by adding subdivisions; 273.13, subdivisions 22, 25, 34; 273.38; 144.26 273.41; 289A.12, subdivision 18; 289A.20, subdivision 4; 289A.60, subdivision 144.27 12; 290.01, subdivision 19; 290.0132, subdivisions 26, 34, by adding subdivisions; 144.28 290.0134, subdivision 20; 290.06, subdivision 23; 290.0661, by adding a 144.29 subdivision; 290.0693, subdivisions 1, 4, 6, 8; 290.0695, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 144.30 290A.03, subdivision 3; 290A.19; 290B.03, subdivision 1; 290B.04, subdivisions 144.31 3, 4; 290B.05, subdivision 1; 290C.07; 295.53, subdivision 4a; 295.54, subdivision 144.32 2; 295.81, subdivision 10; 297A.68, subdivisions 3, 40; 297A.71, subdivision 54; 144.33 297A.75, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 297A.77, subdivision 3; 297A.94; 297A.99, 144.34 subdivisions 3a, 10; 297A.995, subdivisions 2, 10; 297E.06, subdivision 4; 297F.01, 144.35 by adding a subdivision; 297F.03, by adding a subdivision; 297F.04; 297F.06, by 144.36 adding a subdivision; 297F.09, subdivisions 2, 10; 297G.09, subdivisions 9, 10; 144.37 297H.01, subdivision 8; 297H.13, subdivision 2; 297I.20, subdivision 4; 373.40, 144.38 subdivision 2; 446A.086, subdivisions 1, 2; 462A.39, subdivision 5; 462A.40, 144.39 subdivisions 2, 3; 462C.04, subdivision 2; 469.104; 469.154, subdivision 4; 144.40 469.174, subdivision 10; 469.175, subdivision 3; 469.176, subdivision 4n; 469.1761, 144.41 subdivisions 1, 3; 469.1763, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, by adding a subdivision; 469.177, 144.42 subdivision 1; 469.1812, by adding a subdivision; 469.1813, subdivisions 1, 6, by 144.43 adding a subdivision; 474A.091, subdivisions 2, 2a; 475.521, subdivision 2; 144.44 609.902, subdivision 4; 641.23; Laws 2010, chapter 389, article 7, section 22, as 144.45 amended; Laws 2013, chapter 143, article 9, section 21; Laws 2014, chapter 308, 144.46 article 6, section 9, as amended; Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 1, article 144.47 6, section 22; Laws 2023, chapter 1, sections 22; 28; Laws 2023, chapter 64, article 144.48 15, section 24; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 144.49 289A; 297A; 428A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2024, sections 13.4967, 144.50 subdivisions 2a, 5; 290.0679; 297D.01; 297D.02; 297D.03; 297D.04; 297D.05; 144.51 297D.06; 297D.07; 297D.08; 297D.085; 297D.09, subdivisions 1, 1a, 2; 297D.10; 144.52 297D.11; 297D.12; 297D.13; 477A.32." 144.53