HOW LEAD HARMS CHILDREN

There is no safe level of lead in a child's body. Studies continue to document significant harms at lower and lower levels.

Blood-lead levels¹ and their impact:



70+

Severe neurological problems, including seizures, coma and even death.



45+

Chelation therapy recommended with medication that causes lead to be excreted in the urine.



Less than 10

Delayed puberty, decreased IQ, decreased hearing



5

Action level set by CDC in 2012.



Less than 5

Decreased academic achievement and IQ; and increased attention-related and other problem behaviors.

1 – Blood test results measured in micrograms of lead per deciliter of blood.

SOURCES: CDC, National Toxicology Program,

LISA TODAY research

Frank Pompa, USA TODAY

