203.1

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137.10	ARTICLE 13
137.11	HOUSING POLICY
137.12	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15.082, is amended to read:
137.13	15.082 OBLIGATIONS OF PUBLIC CORPORATIONS.
137.14	Notwithstanding any other law, the state is not liable for obligations of a public
137.15	corporation created by statute. Upon dissolution of the public corporation, its wholly owned
137.16	assets become state property. Partially owned assets become state property to the extent
137.17	that state money was used to acquire them.
137.18	This section does not apply to a public corporation governed by chapter 119 or section
137.19	469.0121.
137.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2024.

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ARTICLE 12

203.2	HOUSING POLICY
203.3	Section 1. [325E.68] PROPERTY MANAGEMENT.
203.4	Subdivision 1. <b>Definitions.</b> (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section.
203.5	(b) "Person" means an individual, firm, partnership, limited liability company,
203.6	corporation, or association.
203.7	(c) "Property manager" or "property management company" means a person who engages
203.8	in the business of managing real property that is owned by another person.
203.9	(d) "Owner" means a person who has any legal or equitable interest in the real property.
203.10 203.11	37
203.12 203.13	Subd. 2. Interest of property management company in certain firms. No property manager or property management company having an interest directly or indirectly in a
203.14	construction firm, salvage firm, or appraisal firm may hire the directly or indirectly owned
	construction firm, salvage firm, or appraisal firm to perform work on a managed property
203.16	unless the interest has been disclosed in writing to the owner or owners at least three days prior to the execution of a contract for the work. "Firm" includes a corporation, partnership,
203.18	
203.19	Subd. 3. Prohibited practices. No property manager or property management company
203.20	shall request or accept money, rebates, or anything of value from a construction firm, salvage
203.21	firm, or appraisal firm as:
203.22	(1) an inducement to refer business or clients to the firm;
203.23	(2) a condition for awarding a contract to the firm;

203.24	(3) part of a fee specified in a contract; or
203.25	(4) fee splitting for services rendered, unless the other person is also a licensed contractor.
203.26	Subd. 4. Automatic renewal. A contract between a person and a property manager or
203.27	property management company having a term exceeding one year must not contain an
203.28	automatic renewal provision that requires the association to give notice of nonrenewal more
203.29	than 30 days prior to the contract's anniversary date. Any contract with a property manager
203.30	or property management company that is automatically renewed shall be terminable by the
203.31	person for any reason upon 60 days' notice.
204.1	Subd. 5. Certain compensation prohibited. A property manager or property management
204.2	company must not be compensated in whole or in part based on the amount of fines collected
204.3	by the property manager or property management company on behalf of the person and
204.4	shall not collect from the person or owner any fee in connection with its collection of a fine
204.5	imposed by the association.
204.6	Subd. 6. Remedies. If a property manager or property management company violates
204.7	this section, an owner may bring an action against the property manager or property
204.8	management company in a court of competent jurisdiction for damages sustained by the
204.9	owner as a consequence of the property manager's or property management company's
204.10	violation, together with the actual costs of the action, including reasonable attorney fees.
204.11	The remedies in this section are in addition to any other remedies permitted by law.
204.12	Sec. 2. [462.3576] LIMITATION ON AESTHETIC MANDATES FOR CITIES.
204.13	A home rule charter or statutory city must not condition approval of a residential building
204.14	permit, subdivision development, or planned unit development on the use of one or more
204.15	of the following:
204.16	(1) specific materials for aesthetic reasons for property used for a residential purpose as
204.17	defined by the State Building Code;
204.18	(2) residential building or accessory structure to a residential building minimum square
204.19	footage or floor area ratios;
204.20	(3) architectural design elements including, but not limited to, decks, balconies, porches,
204.21	gables, roof pitch, and elevation design standards;
204.22	(4) garage square footage; or
204.23	(5) common space, pools, or any common property necessitating a homeowner's
204.23	
	<del></del>
204.25	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective July 1, 2024.

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137.21	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.02, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
137.22	Subd. 10. Energy conservation decarbonization and climate resilience. It is further
137.23	declared that supplies of conventional energy resources are rapidly depleting in quantity
137.24	and rising in price and that the burden of these occurrences falls heavily upon the citizens
137.25	of Minnesota generally and persons of low and moderate income in particular. These
	conditions are adverse to the health, welfare, and safety of all of the citizens of this state.
	It is further declared that it is a public purpose to ensure the availability of financing to be
	used by all citizens of the state, while giving preference to low and moderate income people,
	to assist in the installation in their dwellings of reasonably priced energy conserving systems
	including the use of alternative energy resources and equipment so that by the improvement
137.31	
138.1	resiliency, and other qualified projects for all housing, the adequacy of the total energy
138.2	supply may be preserved for the benefit of all citizens.
138.3	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to
138.4	read:
138.5	Subd 2a Distressed building "Distressed building" mans an axisting routal bassing
138.6	Subd. 2a. <b>Distressed building.</b> "Distressed building" means an existing rental housing building:
130.0	ounding.
138.7	(1) in which the units are restricted to households at or below 60 percent of the area
138.8	median income; and
138.9	(2) that:
120.10	(:) :- :-
138.10	(i) is in foreclosure proceedings;
138.11	(ii) has two or more years of negative net operating income;
138.12	(iii) has two or more years with a debt service coverage ratio less than one; or
138.13	(iv) has necessary costs of repair, replacement, or maintenance that exceed the project
138.14	reserves available for those purposes.
138.15	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to
138.16	read:
120 17	Subd. 6a. Recapitalization. "Recapitalization" means financing for the physical and
138.17 138.18	financial needs of a distressed building, including restructuring and forgiveness of amortizing
138.19	and deferred debt, principal and interest paydown, interest rate write-down, deferral of debt
138.20	payments, mortgage payment forbearance, deferred maintenance, security services, property
138.21	insurance, reasonably necessary capital improvements, funding of reserves for supportive
138.22	services, and property operations. Recapitalization may include reimbursement to a nonprofit
138.23	sponsor or owner for expenditures that would have otherwise qualified for recapitalization.

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204.26 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.02, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. Energy conservation decarbonization and climate resilience. It is further declared that supplies of conventional energy resources are rapidly depleting in quantity and rising in price and that the burden of these occurrences falls heavily upon the citizens of Minnesota generally and persons of low and moderate income in particular. These conditions are adverse to the health, welfare, and safety of all of the citizens of this state. It is further declared that it is a public purpose to ensure the availability of financing to be used by all citizens of the state, while giving preference to low and moderate income people, to assist in the installation in their dwellings of reasonably priced energy conserving systems including the use of alternative energy resources and equipment so that by the improvement of the energy efficiency of, clean energy, greenhouse gas emissions reduction, climate resiliency, and other qualified projects for all housing, the adequacy of the total energy supply may be preserved for the benefit of all citizens.

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138.24	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.05, subdivision 3b, is amended to read:
138.25 138.26 138.27 138.28 138.29 138.30	Subd. 3b. <b>Refinancing mortgages.</b> The agency may make loans for recapitalization or to refinance the existing indebtedness, of owners of rental property, secured by federally assisted housing for the purpose of obtaining agreement of the owner to participate in the federally assisted rental housing program and to extend any existing low-income affordability restrictions on the housing for the maximum term permitted. For purposes of this subdivision, "federally assisted rental housing" includes housing that is:
139.1 139.2	(1) subject to a project-based housing or rental assistance payment contract funded by the federal government;
139.3 139.4	(2) financed by the Rural Housing Service of the United States Department of Agriculture under section 515 of the Housing Act of 1949, as amended; or
139.5 139.6	(3) financed under section 236; section 221(d)(3) below market interest rate program; section 202; or section 811 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, as amended.
139.7 139.8	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 462A.05, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
139.11 139.12 139.13 139.14 139.15 139.16 139.17 139.18 139.19	in the making, and may enter into commitments for the purchase, making, or participation in the making, of eligible loans for rehabilitation, with terms and conditions as the agency deems advisable, to persons and families of low and moderate income, and to owners of existing residential housing for occupancy by such persons and families, for the rehabilitation of existing residential housing owned by them. Rehabilitation may include the addition or rehabilitation of a detached accessory dwelling unit. The loans may be insured or uninsured and may be made with security, or may be unsecured, as the agency deems advisable. The loans may be in addition to or in combination with long-term eligible mortgage loans under subdivision 3. They may be made in amounts sufficient to refinance existing indebtedness secured by the property, if refinancing is determined by the agency to be necessary to permit
139.21 139.22 139.23 139.24 139.25	the owner to meet the owner's housing cost without expending an unreasonable portion of the owner's income thereon. No loan for rehabilitation shall be made unless the agency determines that the loan will be used primarily to make the housing more desirable to live in, to increase the market value of the housing, for compliance with state, county or municipal building, housing maintenance, fire, health or similar codes and standards applicable to housing, or to accomplish energy conservation related improvements decarbonization,
139.27 139.28 139.29 139.30 139.31	climate resiliency, and other qualified projects. In unincorporated areas and municipalities not having codes and standards, the agency may, solely for the purpose of administering the provisions of this chapter, establish codes and standards. No loan under this subdivision for the rehabilitation of owner-occupied housing shall be denied solely because the loan will not be used for placing the owner-occupied residential housing in full compliance with all state, county, or municipal building, housing maintenance, fire, health, or similar codes
139.32	and standards applicable to housing. Rehabilitation loans shall be made only when the

139.33 agency determines that financing is not otherwise available, in whole or in part, from private

205.8 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 462A.05, subdivision 14, is amended 205.9 to read:

Subd. 14. Rehabilitation loans. It may agree to purchase, make, or otherwise participate 205.10 205.11 in the making, and may enter into commitments for the purchase, making, or participation 205.12 in the making, of eligible loans for rehabilitation, with terms and conditions as the agency 205.13 deems advisable, to persons and families of low and moderate income, and to owners of 205.14 existing residential housing for occupancy by such persons and families, for the rehabilitation 205.15 of existing residential housing owned by them. Rehabilitation may include the addition or 205.16 rehabilitation of a detached accessory dwelling unit. The loans may be insured or uninsured 205.17 and may be made with security, or may be unsecured, as the agency deems advisable. The 205.18 loans may be in addition to or in combination with long-term eligible mortgage loans under 205.19 subdivision 3. They may be made in amounts sufficient to refinance existing indebtedness 205.20 secured by the property, if refinancing is determined by the agency to be necessary to permit the owner to meet the owner's housing cost without expending an unreasonable portion of 205.22 the owner's income thereon. No loan for rehabilitation shall be made unless the agency 205.23 determines that the loan will be used primarily to make the housing more desirable to live 205.24 in, to increase the market value of the housing, for compliance with state, county or municipal 205.25 building, housing maintenance, fire, health or similar codes and standards applicable to 205.26 housing, or to accomplish energy eonservation related improvements decarbonization, 205.27 climate resiliency, and other qualified projects. In unincorporated areas and municipalities 205.28 not having codes and standards, the agency may, solely for the purpose of administering 205.29 the provisions of this chapter, establish codes and standards. No loan under this subdivision 205.30 for the rehabilitation of owner-occupied housing shall be denied solely because the loan 205.31 will not be used for placing the owner-occupied residential housing in full compliance with 205.32 all state, county, or municipal building, housing maintenance, fire, health, or similar codes 205.33 and standards applicable to housing. Rehabilitation loans shall be made only when the 205.34 agency determines that financing is not otherwise available, in whole or in part, from private

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139.34 140.1 140.2	lenders upon equivalent terms and conditions. Accessibility rehabilitation loans authorized under this subdivision may be made to eligible persons and families without limitations relating to the maximum incomes of the borrowers if:
140.3 140.4 140.5	(1) the borrower or a member of the borrower's family requires a level of care provide in a hospital, skilled nursing facility, or intermediate care facility for persons with developmental disabilities;
140.6	(2) home care is appropriate; and
140.7 140.8	(3) the improvement will enable the borrower or a member of the borrower's family to reside in the housing.
	The agency may waive any requirement that the housing units in a residential housing development be rented to persons of low and moderate income if the development consists of four or fewer dwelling units, one of which is occupied by the owner.
140.12	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.05, subdivision 14a, is amended to read:
	Subd. 14a. <b>Rehabilitation loans; existing owner-occupied residential housing.</b> It make loans to persons and families of low and moderate income to rehabilitate or to assist in rehabilitating existing residential housing owned and occupied by those persons or
140.17	families. Rehabilitation may include replacement of manufactured homes. No loan shall be made unless the agency determines that the loan will be used primarily for rehabilitation work necessary for health or safety, essential accessibility improvements, or to improve the
140.19 140.20	energy efficiency of, clean energy, greenhouse gas emissions reductions, climate resiliency and other qualified projects in the dwelling. No loan for rehabilitation of owner-occupied
140.22	residential housing shall be denied solely because the loan will not be used for placing the residential housing in full compliance with all state, county or municipal building, housing maintenance, fire, health or similar codes and standards applicable to housing. The amount
140.24 140.25	of any loan shall not exceed the lesser of (a) a maximum loan amount determined under rules adopted by the agency not to exceed \$37,500, or (b) the actual cost of the work
140.26	performed, or (c) that portion of the cost of rehabilitation which the agency determines

- cannot otherwise be paid by the person or family without the expenditure of an unreasonable portion of the income of the person or family. Loans made in whole or in part with federal funds may exceed the maximum loan amount to the extent necessary to comply with federal
- 140.29 funds may exceed the maximum loan amount to the extent necessary to comply with federal 140.30 lead abatement requirements prescribed by the funding source. In making loans, the agency
- 140.31 shall determine the circumstances under which and the terms and conditions under which
- shall determine the circumstances under which and the terms and conditions under which all or any portion of the loan will be repaid and shall determine the appropriate security for
- 140.32 and or any portion of the loan. Loans pursuant to this subdivision may be made with or without
- 140.34 interest or periodic payments.
- 141.1 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.05, subdivision 14b, is amended to read:
- Subd. 14b. Energy eonservation decarbonization and climate resiliency loans. It may agree to purchase, make, or otherwise participate in the making, and may enter into commitments for the purchase, making, or participating in the making, of loans to persons

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205.35 206.1 206.2	lenders upon equivalent terms and conditions. Accessibility rehabilitation loans authorized under this subdivision may be made to eligible persons and families without limitations relating to the maximum incomes of the borrowers if:
206.3 206.4 206.5	(1) the borrower or a member of the borrower's family requires a level of care provided in a hospital, skilled nursing facility, or intermediate care facility for persons with developmental disabilities;
206.6	(2) home care is appropriate; and
206.7 206.8	(3) the improvement will enable the borrower or a member of the borrower's family to reside in the housing.
206.9 206.10 206.11	The agency may waive any requirement that the housing units in a residential housing development be rented to persons of low and moderate income if the development consists of four or fewer dwelling units, one of which is occupied by the owner.
206.12	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.05, subdivision 14a, is amended to read:
206.15 206.16 206.17 206.18 206.19 206.20 206.21	Subd. 14a. Rehabilitation loans; existing owner-occupied residential housing. It may make loans to persons and families of low and moderate income to rehabilitate or to assist in rehabilitating existing residential housing owned and occupied by those persons or families. Rehabilitation may include replacement of manufactured homes. No loan shall be made unless the agency determines that the loan will be used primarily for rehabilitation work necessary for health or safety, essential accessibility improvements, or to improve the energy efficiency of, clean energy, greenhouse gas emissions reductions, climate resiliency, and other qualified projects in the dwelling. No loan for rehabilitation of owner-occupied residential housing shall be denied solely because the loan will not be used for placing the residential housing in full compliance with all state, county or municipal building, housing maintenance, fire, health or similar codes and standards applicable to housing. The amount of any loan shall not exceed the lesser of (a) a maximum loan amount determined under rules adopted by the agency not to exceed \$37,500, or (b) the actual cost of the work performed, or (c) that portion of the cost of rehabilitation which the agency determines cannot otherwise be paid by the person or family without the expenditure of an unreasonable
	portion of the income of the person or family. Loans made in whole or in part with federal funds may exceed the maximum loan amount to the extent necessary to comply with federal lead abatement requirements prescribed by the funding source. In making loans, the agency
206.32	shall determine the circumstances under which and the terms and conditions under which all or any portion of the loan will be repaid and shall determine the appropriate security for the repayment of the loan. Loans pursuant to this subdivision may be made with or without interest or periodic payments.
200.34	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.05, subdivision 14b, is amended to read:
207.2 207.3 207.4	Subd. 14b. Energy eonservation decarbonization and climate resiliency loans. It may agree to purchase, make, or otherwise participate in the making, and may enter into commitments for the purchase, making, or participating in the making, of loans to persons

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- and families, without limitations relating to the maximum incomes of the borrowers, to
  assist in energy eonservation rehabilitation measures decarbonization, climate resiliency,
  and other qualified projects for existing housing owned by those persons or families
  including, but not limited to: weatherstripping and caulking; chimney construction or
  improvement; furnace or space heater repair, cleaning or replacement; central air conditioner
  installation, repair, maintenance, or replacement; air source or geothermal heat pump
  installation, repair, maintenance, or replacement; insulation; windows and doors; and
  structural or other directly related repairs or installations essential for energy eonservation
  decarbonization, climate resiliency, and other qualified projects. Loans shall be made only
  when the agency determines that financing is not otherwise available, in whole or in part,
  from private lenders upon equivalent terms and conditions. Loans under this subdivision
  or subdivision 14 may:
- 141.17 (1) be integrated with a utility's on-bill repayment program approved under section 141.18 216B.241, subdivision 5d; and
- (2) also be made for the installation of on-site solar energy or energy storage systems.
- 141.20 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.05, subdivision 15, is amended to read:
- Subd. 15. **Rehabilitation grants.** (a) It may make grants to persons and families of low 141.21 141.22 and moderate income to pay or to assist in paying a loan made pursuant to subdivision 14, 141.23 or to rehabilitate or to assist in rehabilitating existing residential housing owned or occupied 141.24 by such persons or families. For the purposes of this section, persons of low and moderate 141.25 income include administrators appointed pursuant to section 504B.425, paragraph (d). No 141.26 grant shall be made unless the agency determines that the grant will be used primarily to 141.27 make the housing more desirable to live in, to increase the market value of the housing or 141.28 for compliance with state, county or municipal building, housing maintenance, fire, health 141.29 or similar codes and standards applicable to housing, or to accomplish energy conservation related improvements decarbonization, climate resiliency, or other qualified projects. In unincorporated areas and municipalities not having codes and standards, the agency may, 141.32 solely for the purpose of administering this provision, establish codes and standards. No grant for rehabilitation of owner occupied residential housing shall be denied solely because 141.34 the grant will not be used for placing the residential housing in full compliance with all state, county or municipal building, housing maintenance, fire, health or similar codes and standards applicable to housing. The amount of any grant shall not exceed the lesser of (a) \$6,000, or (b) the actual cost of the work performed, or (c) that portion of the cost of rehabilitation which the agency determines cannot otherwise be paid by the person or family without spending an unreasonable portion of the income of the person or family thereon. In making grants, the agency shall determine the circumstances under which and the terms and conditions under which all or any portion thereof will be repaid and shall determine the appropriate security should repayment be required.
- (b) The agency may also make grants to rehabilitate or to assist in rehabilitating housing
   under this subdivision to persons of low and moderate income for the purpose of qualifying
   as foster parents.

- and families, without limitations relating to the maximum incomes of the borrowers, to assist in energy conservation rehabilitation measures decarbonization, climate resiliency, and other qualified projects for existing housing owned by those persons or families including, but not limited to: weatherstripping and caulking; chimney construction or improvement; furnace or space heater repair, cleaning or replacement; central air conditioner installation, repair, maintenance, or replacement; air source or geothermal heat pump installation, repair, maintenance, or replacement; insulation; windows and doors; and 207.12 structural or other directly related repairs or installations essential for energy conservation decarbonization, climate resiliency, and other qualified projects. Loans shall be made only when the agency determines that financing is not otherwise available, in whole or in part, 207.15 from private lenders upon equivalent terms and conditions. Loans under this subdivision 207.16 or subdivision 14 may: (1) be integrated with a utility's on-bill repayment program approved under section 207.18 216B.241, subdivision 5d; and 207.19 (2) also be made for the installation of on-site solar energy or energy storage systems. Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.05, subdivision 15, is amended to read: 207.20 Subd. 15. **Rehabilitation grants.** (a) It may make grants to persons and families of low 207.21
- 207.22 and moderate income to pay or to assist in paying a loan made pursuant to subdivision 14, 207.23 or to rehabilitate or to assist in rehabilitating existing residential housing owned or occupied 207.24 by such persons or families. For the purposes of this section, persons of low and moderate 207.25 income include administrators appointed pursuant to section 504B.425, paragraph (d). No 207.26 grant shall be made unless the agency determines that the grant will be used primarily to 207.27 make the housing more desirable to live in, to increase the market value of the housing or 207.28 for compliance with state, county or municipal building, housing maintenance, fire, health 207.29 or similar codes and standards applicable to housing, or to accomplish energy conservation related improvements decarbonization, climate resiliency, or other qualified projects. In 207.31 unincorporated areas and municipalities not having codes and standards, the agency may, 207.32 solely for the purpose of administering this provision, establish codes and standards. No grant for rehabilitation of owner occupied residential housing shall be denied solely because 207.34 the grant will not be used for placing the residential housing in full compliance with all state, county or municipal building, housing maintenance, fire, health or similar codes and standards applicable to housing. The amount of any grant shall not exceed the lesser of (a) \$6,000, or (b) the actual cost of the work performed, or (c) that portion of the cost of rehabilitation which the agency determines cannot otherwise be paid by the person or family without spending an unreasonable portion of the income of the person or family thereon. In making grants, the agency shall determine the circumstances under which and the terms and conditions under which all or any portion thereof will be repaid and shall determine the appropriate security should repayment be required.
- 208.9 (b) The agency may also make grants to rehabilitate or to assist in rehabilitating housing 208.10 under this subdivision to persons of low and moderate income for the purpose of qualifying 208.11 as foster parents.

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- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.05, subdivision 15b, is amended to read:
- 142.13 Subd. 15b. Energy conservation decarbonization and climate resiliency grants. (a)
- 142.14 It may make grants to assist in energy conservation rehabilitation measures decarbonization,
- 142.15 climate resiliency, and other qualified projects for existing owner occupied housing including,
- 142.16 but not limited to: insulation, storm windows and doors, furnace or space heater repair,
- 142.17 cleaning or replacement, chimney construction or improvement, weatherstripping and
- 142.18 caulking, and structural or other directly related repairs, or installations essential for energy
- 142.19 conservation decarbonization, climate resiliency, and other qualified projects. The grant to
- 142.20 any household shall not exceed \$2.000.
- (b) To be eligible for an emergency energy <del>conservation</del> decarbonization and climate 142.21 resiliency grant, a household must be certified as eligible to receive emergency residential
- heating assistance under either the federal or the state program, and either (1) have had a
- 142.24 heating cost for the preceding heating season that exceeded 120 percent of the regional
- 142.25 average for the preceding heating season for that energy source as determined by the
- 142.26 commissioner of employment and economic development, or (2) be eligible to receive a
- 142.27 federal energy conservation grant, but be precluded from receiving the grant because of a
- 142.28 need for directly related repairs that cannot be paid for under the federal program. The
- 142.29 Housing Finance Agency shall make a reasonable effort to determine whether other state
- 142.30 or federal loan and grant programs are available and adequate to finance the intended
- 142.31 improvements. An emergency energy conservation grant may be made in conjunction with
- 142.32 grants or loans from other state or federal programs that finance other needed rehabilitation
- 142.33 work. The receipt of a grant pursuant to this section shall not affect the applicant's eligibility
- 142.34 for other Housing Finance Agency loan or grant programs.
- 143.1 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.05, subdivision 21, is amended to read:
- Subd. 21. Rental property loans. The agency may make or purchase loans to owners 143.2
- of rental property that is occupied or intended for occupancy primarily by low- and
- moderate-income tenants and which does not comply with the standards established in
- section 326B.106, subdivision 1, for the purpose of energy improvements decarbonization,
- climate resiliency, and other qualified projects necessary to bring the property into full or
- partial compliance with these standards. For property which meets the other requirements
- of this subdivision, a loan may also be used for moderate rehabilitation of the property. The
- authority granted in this subdivision is in addition to and not in limitation of any other
- 143.10 authority granted to the agency in this chapter. The limitations on eligible mortgagors
- contained in section 462A.03, subdivision 13, do not apply to loans under this subdivision.
- 143.12 Loans for the improvement of rental property pursuant to this subdivision may contain
- 143.13 provisions that repayment is not required in whole or in part subject to terms and conditions
- 143.14 determined by the agency to be necessary and desirable to encourage owners to maximize
- 143.15 rehabilitation of properties.

- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.05, subdivision 15b, is amended to read:
- 208.13 Subd. 15b. Energy eonservation decarbonization and climate resiliency grants. (a)
- 208.14 It may make grants to assist in energy conservation rehabilitation measures decarbonization,
- 208.15 climate resiliency, and other qualified projects for existing owner occupied housing including,
- 208.16 but not limited to: insulation, storm windows and doors, furnace or space heater repair,
- 208.17 cleaning or replacement, chimney construction or improvement, weatherstripping and
- 208.18 caulking, and structural or other directly related repairs, or installations essential for energy
- 208.19 conservation decarbonization, climate resiliency, and other qualified projects. The grant to
- 208.20 any household shall not exceed \$2.000.
- (b) To be eligible for an emergency energy eonservation decarbonization and climate 208.21
- 208.22 resiliency grant, a household must be certified as eligible to receive emergency residential 208.23 heating assistance under either the federal or the state program, and either (1) have had a
- 208.24 heating cost for the preceding heating season that exceeded 120 percent of the regional
- 208.25 average for the preceding heating season for that energy source as determined by the
- 208.26 commissioner of employment and economic development, or (2) be eligible to receive a
- 208.27 federal energy conservation grant, but be precluded from receiving the grant because of a
- 208.28 need for directly related repairs that cannot be paid for under the federal program. The
- 208.29 Housing Finance Agency shall make a reasonable effort to determine whether other state
- 208.30 or federal loan and grant programs are available and adequate to finance the intended
- 208.31 improvements. An emergency energy conservation grant may be made in conjunction with 208.32 grants or loans from other state or federal programs that finance other needed rehabilitation
- 208.33 work. The receipt of a grant pursuant to this section shall not affect the applicant's eligibility 208.34 for other Housing Finance Agency loan or grant programs.
- 209.1 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.05, subdivision 21, is amended to read:
- Subd. 21. **Rental property loans.** The agency may make or purchase loans to owners 209.2
- 209.3 of rental property that is occupied or intended for occupancy primarily by low- and
- moderate-income tenants and which does not comply with the standards established in
- section 326B.106, subdivision 1, for the purpose of energy improvements decarbonization,
- climate resiliency, and other qualified projects necessary to bring the property into full or
- partial compliance with these standards. For property which meets the other requirements
- of this subdivision, a loan may also be used for moderate rehabilitation of the property. The
- authority granted in this subdivision is in addition to and not in limitation of any other
- 209.10 authority granted to the agency in this chapter. The limitations on eligible mortgagors
- contained in section 462A.03, subdivision 13, do not apply to loans under this subdivision.
- 209.12 Loans for the improvement of rental property pursuant to this subdivision may contain
- 209.13 provisions that repayment is not required in whole or in part subject to terms and conditions
- 209.14 determined by the agency to be necessary and desirable to encourage owners to maximize
- 209.15 rehabilitation of properties.

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143.16	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.05, subdivision 23, is amended to read:
143.19 143.20 143.21 143.22 143.23 143.24 143.25	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.05, subdivision 23, is amended to read:  Subd. 23. <b>Insuring financial institution loans.</b> The agency may participate in loans or establish a fund to insure loans, or portions of loans, that are made by any banking institution, savings association, or other lender approved by the agency, organized under the laws of this or any other state or of the United States having an office in this state, to owners of renter-occupied homes or apartments that do not comply with standards set forth in section 326B.106, subdivision 1, without limitations relating to the maximum incomes of the owners or tenants. The proceeds of the insured portion of the loan must be used to pay the costs of improvements, including all related structural and other improvements, that will reduce energy consumption, that will decarbonize, and that will ensure the climate resiliency of housing.  Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 462A.05, subdivision 45, is amended
143.28	to read:
143.29 143.30 143.31 143.32	Subd. 45. <b>Indian Tribes.</b> Notwithstanding any other provision in this chapter, at its discretion the agency may make any federally recognized Indian Tribe in Minnesota, or their associated Tribally Designated Housing Entity (TDHE) as defined by United States Code, title 25, section 4103(22), eligible for <u>agency funding authorized under this chapter</u> .
144.1 144.2	Sec. 14. [462A.051] WAGE THEFT PREVENTION AND USE OF RESPONSIBLE CONTRACTORS.
144.3	Subdivision 1. Application. This section applies to all forms of financial assistance
144.4	provided by the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, as well as the allocation of federal
144.5	low-income housing credits, for the development, construction, rehabilitation, renovation,
144.6	or retrofitting of multiunit residential housing, including loans, grants, tax credits, loan
144.7	guarantees, loan insurance, and other financial assistance.
144.8	Subd. 2. Disclosures. An applicant for financial assistance under this chapter shall
144.9	disclose in the application any conviction, court judgment, agency determination, legal
144.10	settlement, ongoing criminal or civil investigation, or lawsuit involving alleged violations
144.11	of sections 177.24, 177.25, 177.32, 177.41 to 177.44, 181.03, 181.101, 181.13, 181.14,
144.12	181.722, 181.723, 181A.01 to 181A.12, or 609.52, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (19),
144.13	or United States Code, title 29, sections 201 to 219, or title 40, sections 3141 to 3148, arising
144.14	or occurring within the preceding five years on a construction project owned or managed
144.15	by the developer or owner of the proposed project, the intended general contractor for the
144.16	proposed project, or any of their respective parent companies, subsidiaries, or other affiliated
144.17	companies. An applicant for financial assistance shall make the disclosures required by this
144.18	subdivision available within 14 calendar days to any member of the public who submits a
144.19	request by mail or electronic correspondence. The applicant shall designate a public
144.20	information officer who will serve as a point of contact for public inquiries.
144.21	Subd. 3. Responsible contractors required. As a condition of receiving financial

assistance, the applicant shall verify that every contractor or subcontractor of any tier

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209.17	Subd. 23. Insuring financial institution loans. The agency may participate in loans or
209.18	establish a fund to insure loans, or portions of loans, that are made by any banking institution,
209.19	savings association, or other lender approved by the agency, organized under the laws of
209.20	this or any other state or of the United States having an office in this state, to owners of
209.21	renter-occupied homes or apartments that do not comply with standards set forth in section
209.22	326B.106, subdivision 1, without limitations relating to the maximum incomes of the owners
209.23	or tenants. The proceeds of the insured portion of the loan must be used to pay the costs of
209.24	improvements, including all related structural and other improvements, that will reduce
209.25	energy consumption, that will decarbonize, and that will ensure the climate resiliency of
209.26	housing.
209.27	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 462A.05, subdivision 45, is amended

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.05, subdivision 23, is amended to read:

Subd. 45. **Indian Tribes.** Notwithstanding any other provision in this chapter, at its discretion the agency may make any federally recognized Indian Tribe in Minnesota, or their associated Tribally Designated Housing Entity (TDHE) as defined by United States Code, title 25, section 4103(22), eligible for agency funding authorized under this chapter.

209.28 to read:

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144.23	performing work on the proposed project meets the minimum criteria to be a responsible	
144.24	contractor under section 16C.285, subdivision 3. This verification must meet the criteria	
144.25	defined in section 16C.285, subdivision 4.	
144.23	defined in section 16C.285, Subdivision 4.	
144.26	Subd. 4. Certified contractor lists. As a condition of receiving financial assistance, the	
144.27	applicant shall have available at the development site main office a list of every contractor	
144.28	and subcontractor of any tier that performs work or is expected to perform work on the	
144.29	proposed project, as described in section 16C.285, subdivision 5, including the following	
144.30	information for each contractor and subcontractor: business name, scope of work, Department	
144.31	of Labor and Industry registration number, business name of the entity contracting its	
144.32	services, business telephone number and email address, and actual or anticipated number	
144.33	of workers on the project. The applicant shall establish the initial contractor list 30 days	
144.34	before the start of construction and shall update the list each month thereafter until	
144.35	construction is complete. The applicant shall post the contractor list in a conspicuous location	
145.1	at the project site and make the contractor list available to members of the public upon	
145.2	request.	
145.3	Subd. 5. Wage theft remedy. If any contractor or subcontractor of any tier is found to	
145.4	have failed to pay statutorily required wages under section 609.52, subdivision 1, clause	
145.5	(13), on a project receiving financial assistance or an allocation of federal low-income	
145.6	housing tax credits from or through the agency, the recipient is responsible for correcting	
145.7	the violation.	
145./	the violation.	
145.8	Subd. 6. Wage theft prevention plans; disqualification. (a) If any contractor or	
145.8 145.9	Subd. 6. Wage theft prevention plans; disqualification. (a) If any contractor or subcontractor of any tier fails to pay statutorily required wages on a project receiving	
145.9 145.10	Subd. 6. Wage theft prevention plans; disqualification. (a) If any contractor or subcontractor of any tier fails to pay statutorily required wages on a project receiving financial assistance from or through the agency as determined by an enforcement entity,	
145.9	Subd. 6. Wage theft prevention plans; disqualification. (a) If any contractor or subcontractor of any tier fails to pay statutorily required wages on a project receiving	
145.9 145.10 145.11 145.12	Subd. 6. Wage theft prevention plans; disqualification. (a) If any contractor or subcontractor of any tier fails to pay statutorily required wages on a project receiving financial assistance from or through the agency as determined by an enforcement entity, the recipient must have a wage theft prevention plan to be eligible for further financial assistance from the agency. The project developer's wage theft prevention plan must describe	
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145.9 145.10 145.11 145.12 145.13 145.14 145.15 145.16 145.17	Subd. 6. Wage theft prevention plans; disqualification. (a) If any contractor or subcontractor of any tier fails to pay statutorily required wages on a project receiving financial assistance from or through the agency as determined by an enforcement entity, the recipient must have a wage theft prevention plan to be eligible for further financial assistance from the agency. The project developer's wage theft prevention plan must describe detailed measures that the project developer and its general contractor have taken and are committed to take to prevent wage theft on the project, including provisions in any construction contracts and subcontracts on the project. The plan must be submitted to the	
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145.9 145.10 145.11 145.12 145.13 145.14 145.15 145.16 145.17	Subd. 6. Wage theft prevention plans; disqualification. (a) If any contractor or subcontractor of any tier fails to pay statutorily required wages on a project receiving financial assistance from or through the agency as determined by an enforcement entity, the recipient must have a wage theft prevention plan to be eligible for further financial assistance from the agency. The project developer's wage theft prevention plan must describe detailed measures that the project developer and its general contractor have taken and are committed to take to prevent wage theft on the project, including provisions in any construction contracts and subcontracts on the project. The plan must be submitted to the Department of Labor and Industry who will review the plan. The Department of Labor and Industry may require the project developer to amend the plan or adopt policies or protocols	
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145.9 145.10 145.11 145.12 145.13 145.14 145.15 145.16 145.17 145.18	Subd. 6. Wage theft prevention plans; disqualification. (a) If any contractor or subcontractor of any tier fails to pay statutorily required wages on a project receiving financial assistance from or through the agency as determined by an enforcement entity, the recipient must have a wage theft prevention plan to be eligible for further financial assistance from the agency. The project developer's wage theft prevention plan must describe detailed measures that the project developer and its general contractor have taken and are committed to take to prevent wage theft on the project, including provisions in any construction contracts and subcontracts on the project. The plan must be submitted to the Department of Labor and Industry who will review the plan. The Department of Labor and Industry may require the project developer to amend the plan or adopt policies or protocols in the plan. Once approved by the Department of Labor and Industry, the wage theft prevention plan must be submitted by the project developer to the agency with any subsequent	
145.9 145.10 145.11 145.12 145.13 145.14 145.15 145.16 145.17 145.18 145.19	Subd. 6. Wage theft prevention plans; disqualification. (a) If any contractor or subcontractor of any tier fails to pay statutorily required wages on a project receiving financial assistance from or through the agency as determined by an enforcement entity, the recipient must have a wage theft prevention plan to be eligible for further financial assistance from the agency. The project developer's wage theft prevention plan must describe detailed measures that the project developer and its general contractor have taken and are committed to take to prevent wage theft on the project, including provisions in any construction contracts and subcontracts on the project. The plan must be submitted to the Department of Labor and Industry who will review the plan. The Department of Labor and Industry may require the project developer to amend the plan or adopt policies or protocols in the plan. Once approved by the Department of Labor and Industry, the wage theft prevention plan must be submitted by the project developer to the agency with any subsequent application for financial assistance from the agency. Such wage theft prevention plans shall be made available to members of the public by the agency upon request.	
145.9 145.10 145.11 145.12 145.13 145.14 145.15 145.16 145.17 145.18 145.20 145.21	Subd. 6. Wage theft prevention plans; disqualification. (a) If any contractor or subcontractor of any tier fails to pay statutorily required wages on a project receiving financial assistance from or through the agency as determined by an enforcement entity, the recipient must have a wage theft prevention plan to be eligible for further financial assistance from the agency. The project developer's wage theft prevention plan must describe detailed measures that the project developer and its general contractor have taken and are committed to take to prevent wage theft on the project, including provisions in any construction contracts and subcontracts on the project. The plan must be submitted to the Department of Labor and Industry who will review the plan. The Department of Labor and Industry may require the project developer to amend the plan or adopt policies or protocols in the plan. Once approved by the Department of Labor and Industry, the wage theft prevention plan must be submitted by the project developer to the agency with any subsequent application for financial assistance from the agency. Such wage theft prevention plans shall be made available to members of the public by the agency upon request.  (b) A developer is disqualified from receiving financial assistance from or through the	
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145.9 145.10 145.11 145.12 145.13 145.14 145.15 145.16 145.17 145.18 145.20 145.21 145.21	Subd. 6. Wage theft prevention plans; disqualification. (a) If any contractor or subcontractor of any tier fails to pay statutorily required wages on a project receiving financial assistance from or through the agency as determined by an enforcement entity, the recipient must have a wage theft prevention plan to be eligible for further financial assistance from the agency. The project developer's wage theft prevention plan must describe detailed measures that the project developer and its general contractor have taken and are committed to take to prevent wage theft on the project, including provisions in any construction contracts and subcontracts on the project. The plan must be submitted to the Department of Labor and Industry who will review the plan. The Department of Labor and Industry may require the project developer to amend the plan or adopt policies or protocols in the plan. Once approved by the Department of Labor and Industry, the wage theft prevention plan must be submitted by the project developer to the agency with any subsequent application for financial assistance from the agency. Such wage theft prevention plans shall be made available to members of the public by the agency upon request.  (b) A developer is disqualified from receiving financial assistance from or through the agency for three years if any of the developer's contractors or subcontractors of any tier are found by an enforcement agency to have, within three years after entering into a wage theft	
145.9 145.10 145.11 145.12 145.13 145.14 145.15 145.16 145.17 145.18 145.20 145.21 145.21 145.22 145.23	Subd. 6. Wage theft prevention plans; disqualification. (a) If any contractor or subcontractor of any tier fails to pay statutorily required wages on a project receiving financial assistance from or through the agency as determined by an enforcement entity, the recipient must have a wage theft prevention plan to be eligible for further financial assistance from the agency. The project developer's wage theft prevention plan must describe detailed measures that the project developer and its general contractor have taken and are committed to take to prevent wage theft on the project, including provisions in any construction contracts and subcontracts on the project. The plan must be submitted to the Department of Labor and Industry who will review the plan. The Department of Labor and Industry may require the project developer to amend the plan or adopt policies or protocols in the plan. Once approved by the Department of Labor and Industry, the wage theft prevention plan must be submitted by the project developer to the agency with any subsequent application for financial assistance from the agency. Such wage theft prevention plans shall be made available to members of the public by the agency upon request.  (b) A developer is disqualified from receiving financial assistance from or through the agency for three years if any of the developer's contractors or subcontractors of any tier are found by an enforcement agency to have, within three years after entering into a wage theft prevention plan under paragraph (a), failed to pay statutorily required wages on a project	
145.9 145.10 145.11 145.12 145.13 145.14 145.15 145.16 145.17 145.18 145.20 145.21 145.21	Subd. 6. Wage theft prevention plans; disqualification. (a) If any contractor or subcontractor of any tier fails to pay statutorily required wages on a project receiving financial assistance from or through the agency as determined by an enforcement entity, the recipient must have a wage theft prevention plan to be eligible for further financial assistance from the agency. The project developer's wage theft prevention plan must describe detailed measures that the project developer and its general contractor have taken and are committed to take to prevent wage theft on the project, including provisions in any construction contracts and subcontracts on the project. The plan must be submitted to the Department of Labor and Industry who will review the plan. The Department of Labor and Industry may require the project developer to amend the plan or adopt policies or protocols in the plan. Once approved by the Department of Labor and Industry, the wage theft prevention plan must be submitted by the project developer to the agency with any subsequent application for financial assistance from the agency. Such wage theft prevention plans shall be made available to members of the public by the agency upon request.  (b) A developer is disqualified from receiving financial assistance from or through the agency for three years if any of the developer's contractors or subcontractors of any tier are found by an enforcement agency to have, within three years after entering into a wage theft	

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145.28 Subd. 7. **Enforcement.** The agency may deny an application for financial assistance 145.29 that does not comply with this section or if the applicant refuses to enter into the agreements 145.30 required by this section. The agency may withhold financial assistance that has been previously approved if the agency determines that the applicant has engaged in unacceptable practices by failing to comply with this section until the violation is cured. 146.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for financial assistance provided after August 1, 2024, except Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.051, subdivision 2, does not apply 146.2 to requests for proposals that were initiated prior to August 1, 2024. 146.3 146.4 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.07, is amended by adding a subdivision 146.5 to read: 146.6 Subd. 18. Rent and income limits. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, to promote 146.7 efficiency in program administration, underwriting, and compliance, the commissioner may adjust income or rent limits for any multifamily capital funding program authorized under state law to align with federal rent or income limits in sections 42 and 142 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Adjustments made under this subdivision are exempt from the rulemaking requirements of chapter 14. Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.07, is amended by adding a subdivision 146.13 to read: 146.14 Subd. 19. Eligibility for agency programs. The agency may determine that a household 146.15 or project unit meets the rent or income requirements for a program if the household or unit 146.16 receives or participates in income-based state or federal public assistance benefits, including but not limited to: 146.17 (1) child care assistance programs under chapter 119B; 146.18 (2) general assistance, Minnesota supplemental aid, or food support under chapter 256D; 146.19 146.20 (3) housing support under chapter 256I; 146.21 (4) Minnesota family investment program and diversionary work program under chapter 146.22 256J; and 146.23 (5) economic assistance programs under chapter 256P. Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.202, subdivision 3a, is amended to read: 146.24 146.25 Subd. 3a. Permanent rental housing. The agency may make loans, with or without 146.26 interest, to cities and counties to finance the construction, acquisition, or rehabilitation of

affordable, permanent, publicly owned rental housing, including housing owned by a public

corporation created pursuant to section 469.0121. Loans made under this subdivision are subject to the restrictions of subdivision 7. In making loans under this subdivision, the agency shall give priority to projects that increase the supply of affordable family housing.

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210.1	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.07, is amended by adding a subdivision
210.2	to read:
210.3	Subd. 19. Eligibility for agency programs. The agency may determine that a household
210.4	or project unit meets the rent or income requirements for a program if the household or unit
210.5	receives or participates in income-based state or federal public assistance benefits, including
210.6	but not limited to:
210.7	(1) child care assistance programs under chapter 119B;
210.8	(2) general assistance, Minnesota supplemental aid, or food support under chapter 256D;
210.9	(3) housing support under chapter 256I;
210.10 210.11	(4) Minnesota family investment program and diversionary work program under chapter $\underline{256J;and}$

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(5) economic assistance programs under chapter 256P.

210.12

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147.2	ASSISTANCE NEEDS.
147.3	The agency must develop a projection of emergency rental assistance needs in
147.4	consultation with the commissioner of human services and representatives from county and
147.5	Tribal housing administrators and housing nonprofit agencies. The projection must identify
147.6	the amount of funding required to meet all emergency rental assistance needs, including
147.7	the family homelessness prevention and assistance program, the emergency assistance
147.8	program, and emergency general assistance. By January 15 each year, the commissioner
147.9	must submit a report on the projected need for emergency rental assistance to the chairs and
147.10	ranking minority members of the legislative committees having jurisdiction over housing
147.11	and human services finance and policy.
147.12	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.21, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
147.13	Subd. 7. Energy efficiency loans. The agency may make loans to low and moderate
147.14	income persons who own existing residential housing for the purpose of improving the
	efficient energy utilization decarbonization and climate resiliency of the housing. Permitted
	improvements shall include installation or upgrading of ceiling, wall, floor and duct
147.17	insulation, storm windows and doors, and caulking and weatherstripping. The improvements
	shall not be inconsistent with the energy standards as promulgated as part of the State
	Building Code; provided that the improvements need not bring the housing into full
	compliance with the energy standards. Any loan for such purpose shall be made only upon
	determination by the agency that such loan is not otherwise available, wholly or in part,
	from private lenders upon equivalent terms and conditions. The agency may promulgate
	rules as necessary to implement and make specific the provisions of this subdivision. The
	rules shall be designed to permit the state, to the extent not inconsistent with this chapter,
	to seek federal grants or loans for energy purposes decarbonization, climate resiliency, and
147.26	other qualified projects.
147.27	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.21, subdivision 8b, is amended to read:
147.28	Subd. 8b. Family rental housing. It may establish a family rental housing assistance
147.29	program to provide loans or direct rental subsidies for housing for families with incomes
147.30	of up to 80 percent of state median income, or to provide grants for the operating cost of
147.31	public housing. Priority must be given to those developments with resident families with
147.32	the lowest income. The development may be financed by the agency or other public or
147.33	private lenders. Direct rental subsidies must be administered by the agency for the benefit
148.1	of eligible families. Financial assistance provided under this subdivision to recipients of aid
148.2	to families with dependent children must be in the form of vendor payments whenever
148.3	possible. Loans, grants, and direct rental subsidies under this subdivision may be made only
148.4	with specific appropriations by the legislature. The limitations on eligible mortgagors

contained in section 462A.03, subdivision 13, do not apply to loans for the recapitalization

or rehabilitation of existing housing under this subdivision.

Sec. 18. [462A.2096] ANNUAL PROJECTION OF EMERGENCY RENTAL

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235.14	Section 1. [462A.2096] ANNUAL PROJECTION OF EMERGENCY RENTAL
235.15	ASSISTANCE NEEDS.
235.16	The agency must develop a projection of emergency rental assistance needs in
235.17	consultation with the commissioner of human services and representatives from county and
235.17	Tribal housing administrators and housing nonprofit agencies. The projection must identify
	the amount of funding required to meet all emergency rental assistance needs, including
	the family homelessness prevention and assistance program, the emergency assistance
	program, and emergency general assistance. By January 15 each year, the commissioner
	must submit a report on the projected need for emergency rental assistance to the chairs and
	ranking minority members of the legislative committees having jurisdiction over housing
	and human services finance and policy.
210.13	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.21, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
210.14	Subd. 7. Energy efficiency loans. The agency may make loans to low and moderate
	income persons who own existing residential housing for the purpose of improving the
	efficient energy utilization decarbonization and climate resiliency of the housing. Permitted
	improvements shall include installation or upgrading of ceiling, wall, floor and duct
	insulation, storm windows and doors, and caulking and weatherstripping. The improvements
	shall not be inconsistent with the energy standards as promulgated as part of the State
	Building Code; provided that the improvements need not bring the housing into full
	compliance with the energy standards. Any loan for such purpose shall be made only upon
	determination by the agency that such loan is not otherwise available, wholly or in part,
210.23	from private lenders upon equivalent terms and conditions. The agency may promulgate
	rules as necessary to implement and make specific the provisions of this subdivision. The
	rules shall be designed to permit the state, to the extent not inconsistent with this chapter,
210.26	to seek federal grants or loans for energy purposes decarbonization, climate resiliency, and
210.27	other qualified projects.

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148.7 148.8	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 462A.22, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
148.9 148.10 148.11 148.12	Subdivision 1. <b>Debt ceiling.</b> The aggregate principal amount of general obligation bonds and notes which are outstanding at any time, excluding the principal amount of any bonds and notes refunded by the issuance of new bonds or notes, shall not exceed the sum of \$5,000,000,000 \cdot 7,000,000,000.
148.13 148.14	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.222, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
148.15 148.16 148.17 148.18 148.19	Subd. 5. Limitation on rental increases. (a) This subdivision applies to any project that is restricted to seniors, as defined by section 462A.37, subdivision 1, paragraph (h), and that receives low-income housing tax credits provided under section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The rent in a project may not increase in any 12-month period by a percentage more than the greater of:
148.20 148.21 148.22	(1) the percentage that benefit amounts for Social Security or Supplemental Security Income recipients were increased pursuant to United States Code, title 42, sections 415(i) and 1382f, in the preceding 12-month period; or
148.23	(2) zero percent.
148.24 148.25	(b) This subdivision does not apply to projects owned by a nonprofit entity or to a unit occupied by an individual receiving ongoing government-subsidized rental assistance.
148.26	Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.35, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
148.27 148.28 148.29 148.30 148.31 149.1 149.2	Subd. 2. <b>Expending funds.</b> The agency may expend the money in the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund to the extent necessary to carry out the objectives of section 327C.095, subdivision 13, by making payments to manufactured home owners, or other parties approved by the third-party neutral, under subdivision 13, paragraphs (a) and (e), and to pay the costs of administering the fund. Money in the fund is appropriated to the agency for these purposes and to the commissioner of management and budget to pay costs incurred by the commissioner of management and budget to administer the fund.
149.3 149.4	Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 462A.37, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
149.5 149.6 149.7 149.8 149.9 149.10	Subd. 2. <b>Authorization.</b> (a) The agency may issue up to \$30,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of housing infrastructure bonds in one or more series to which the payment made under this section may be pledged. The housing infrastructure bonds authorized in this subdivision may be issued to fund loans, or grants for the purposes of clauses (4) and (7), on terms and conditions the agency deems appropriate, made for one or more of the following purposes:

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210.29 to read:
210.30 Subdivision 1. **Debt ceiling.** The aggregate principal amount of general obligation bonds
210.31 and notes which are outstanding at any time, excluding the principal amount of any bonds

and notes refunded by the issuance of new bonds or notes, shall not exceed the sum of

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 462A.22, subdivision 1, is amended

211.2 \$5,000,000,000 \$7,000,000,000.

- 211.3 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.35, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Expending funds.** The agency may expend the money in the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund to the extent necessary to carry out the objectives of section 327C.095, subdivision 13, by making payments to manufactured home owners, or other parties approved by the third-party neutral, under subdivision 13, paragraphs (a) and (e), and to pay the costs of administering the fund. Money in the fund is appropriated to the agency for these purposes and to the commissioner of management and budget the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency to pay costs incurred by the commissioner of management and budget the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency to administer the fund.
- 211.12 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 462A.37, subdivision 2, is amended 211.13 to read:
- Subd. 2. **Authorization.** (a) The agency may issue up to \$30,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of housing infrastructure bonds in one or more series to which the payment
- 211.16 made under this section may be pledged. The housing infrastructure bonds authorized in
- 211.17 this subdivision may be issued to fund loans, or grants for the purposes of clauses (4) and
- 211.18 (7), on terms and conditions the agency deems appropriate, made for one or more of the
- 211.19 following purposes:

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	(1) to finance the costs of the construction, acquisition, recapitalization, and rehabilitation of supportive housing where at least 50 percent of units are set aside for individuals and families who are without a permanent residence;
149.16	(2) to finance the costs of the acquisition and rehabilitation of foreclosed or abandoned housing to be used for affordable rental housing or for affordable home ownership and the costs of new construction of rental housing on abandoned or foreclosed property where the existing structures will be demolished or removed;
149.18 149.19	(3) to finance that portion of the costs of acquisition of property that is attributable to the land to be leased by community land trusts to low- and moderate-income home buyers;
149.20 149.21	(4) to finance the acquisition, improvement, and infrastructure of manufactured home parks under section 462A.2035, subdivision 1b;
149.22 149.23	(5) to finance the costs of acquisition, rehabilitation, adaptive reuse, <u>recapitalization</u> , or new construction of senior housing;
149.26 149.27	(6) to finance the costs of acquisition, rehabilitation, recapitalization, and replacement of federally assisted rental housing and for the refinancing of costs of the construction, acquisition, and rehabilitation of federally assisted rental housing, including providing funds to refund, in whole or in part, outstanding bonds previously issued by the agency or another government unit to finance or refinance such costs;
149.29 149.30	$(7)$ to finance the costs of acquisition, rehabilitation, adaptive reuse, or new construction of single-family housing; $\frac{1}{2}$
149.31 149.32 150.1 150.2	(8) to finance the costs of construction, acquisition, recapitalization, and rehabilitation of permanent housing that is affordable to households with incomes at or below 50 percent of the area median income for the applicable county or metropolitan area as published by the Department of Housing and Urban Development, as adjusted for household size:
150.3	(9) to finance the recapitalization of a distressed building; and
150.4 150.5 150.6	(10) to finance the costs of construction, acquisition, recapitalization, rehabilitation, conversion, and development of cooperatively owned housing created under chapter 308A or 308B that is affordable to low- and moderate-income households.
150.7 150.8 150.9	(b) Among comparable proposals for permanent supportive housing, preference shall be given to permanent supportive housing for veterans and other individuals or families who:
150.10 150.11	(1) either have been without a permanent residence for at least 12 months or at least four times in the last three years; or
150.12	(2) are at significant risk of lacking a permanent residence for 12 months or at least four

150.13 times in the last three years.

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211.20 211.21	(1) to finance the costs of the construction, acquisition, and rehabilitation of supportive housing for individuals and families who are without a permanent residence;
211.24	(2) to finance the costs of the acquisition and rehabilitation of foreclosed or abandoned housing to be used for affordable rental housing and the costs of new construction of rental housing on abandoned or foreclosed property where the existing structures will be demolished or removed;
211.26 211.27	(3) to finance that portion of the costs of acquisition of property that is attributable to the land to be leased by community land trusts to low- and moderate-income home buyers;
211.28 211.29	(4) to finance the acquisition, improvement, and infrastructure of manufactured home parks under section 462A.2035, subdivision 1b;
211.30 211.31	(5) to finance the costs of acquisition, rehabilitation, adaptive reuse, or new construction of senior housing;
212.1 212.2 212.3 212.4 212.5	(6) to finance the costs of acquisition, rehabilitation, and replacement of federally assisted rental housing and for the refinancing of costs of the construction, acquisition, and rehabilitation of federally assisted rental housing, including providing funds to refund, in whole or in part, outstanding bonds previously issued by the agency or another government unit to finance or refinance such costs;
212.6 212.7	(7) to finance the costs of acquisition, rehabilitation, adaptive reuse, or new construction of single-family housing; and
	(8) to finance the costs of construction, acquisition, and rehabilitation of permanent housing that is affordable to households with incomes at or below 50 percent of the area median income for the applicable county or metropolitan area as published by the Department of Housing and Urban Development, as adjusted for household size.
212.12 212.13 212.14	(b) Among comparable proposals for permanent supportive housing, preference shall be given to permanent supportive housing for veterans and other individuals or families who:
212.15 212.16	(1) either have been without a permanent residence for at least 12 months or at least four times in the last three years; or

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212.18 times in the last three years.

(2) are at significant risk of lacking a permanent residence for 12 months or at least four

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150.14 150.15	(c) Among comparable proposals for senior housing, the agency must give priority to requests for projects that:
150.16 150.17	(1) demonstrate a commitment to maintaining the housing financed as affordable to senior households;
150.18 150.19	(2) leverage other sources of funding to finance the project, including the use of low-income housing tax credits;
150.20 150.21 150.22	(3) provide access to services to residents and demonstrate the ability to increase physical supports and support services as residents age and experience increasing levels of disability; and
150.23 150.24	(4) include households with incomes that do not exceed 30 percent of the median household income for the metropolitan area.
150.27 150.28 150.29	(d) To the extent practicable, the agency shall balance the loans made between projects in the metropolitan area and projects outside the metropolitan area. Of the loans made to projects outside the metropolitan area, the agency shall, to the extent practicable, balance the loans made between projects in counties or cities with a population of 20,000 or less, as established by the most recent decennial census, and projects in counties or cities with populations in excess of 20,000.
151.1 151.2 151.3	(e) Among comparable proposals for permanent housing, the agency must give preference to projects that will provide housing that is affordable to households at or below 30 percent of the area median income.
151.4 151.5 151.6	(f) If a loan recipient uses the loan for new construction or substantial rehabilitation as defined by the agency on a building containing more than four units, the loan recipient must construct, convert, or otherwise adapt the building to include:
151.7 151.8 151.9 151.10 151.11	(1) the greater of: (i) at least one unit; or (ii) at least five percent of units that are accessible units, as defined by section 1002 of the current State Building Code Accessibility Provisions for Dwelling Units in Minnesota, and include at least one roll-in shower in at least one accessible unit as defined by section 1002 of the current State Building Code Accessibility Provisions for Dwelling Units in Minnesota; and
151.12 151.13	(2) the greater of: (i) at least one unit; or (ii) at least five percent of units that are sensory-accessible units that include:
151.14	(A) soundproofing between shared walls for first and second floor units;
151.15	(B) no florescent lighting in units and common areas;
151.16	(C) low-fume paint;
151.17	(D) low-chemical carpet; and
151.18	(E) low-chemical carpet glue in units and common areas.

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(c) Among comparable proposals for senior housing, the agency must give priority to

212.20	requests for projects that:
212.21	(1) demonstrate a commitment to maintaining the housing financed as affordable to senior households;
212.23 212.24	(2) leverage other sources of funding to finance the project, including the use of low-income housing tax credits;
212.25 212.26 212.27	(3) provide access to services to residents and demonstrate the ability to increase physical supports and support services as residents age and experience increasing levels of disability; and
212.28 212.29	(4) include households with incomes that do not exceed 30 percent of the median household income for the metropolitan area.
212.30 212.31 212.32 213.1 213.2 213.3	(d) To the extent practicable, the agency shall balance the loans made between projects in the metropolitan area and projects outside the metropolitan area. Of the loans made to projects outside the metropolitan area, the agency shall, to the extent practicable, balance the loans made between projects in counties or cities with a population of 20,000 or less, as established by the most recent decennial census, and projects in counties or cities with populations in excess of 20,000.
213.4 213.5 213.6	(e) Among comparable proposals for permanent housing, the agency must give preference to projects that will provide housing that is affordable to households at or below 30 percent of the area median income.
213.7 213.8 213.9	(f) If a loan recipient uses the loan for new construction or substantial rehabilitation as defined by the agency on a building containing more than four units, the loan recipient must construct, convert, or otherwise adapt the building to include:
213.10 213.11 213.12 213.13 213.14	(1) the greater of: (i) at least one unit; or (ii) at least five percent of units that are accessible units, as defined by section 1002 of the current State Building Code Accessibility Provisions for Dwelling Units in Minnesota, and include at least one roll-in shower in at least one accessible unit as defined by section 1002 of the current State Building Code Accessibility Provisions for Dwelling Units in Minnesota; and
213.15 213.16	(2) the greater of: (i) at least one unit; or (ii) at least five percent of units that are sensory-accessible units that include:
213.17	(A) soundproofing between shared walls for first and second floor units;
213.18	(B) no florescent lighting in units and common areas;
213.19	(C) low-fume paint;
213.20	(D) low-chemical carpet; and
213.21	(E) low-chemical carpet glue in units and common areas.

212.19

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- 151.19 Nothing in this paragraph relieves a project funded by the agency from meeting other 151.20 applicable accessibility requirements.
- Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.37, is amended by adding a subdivision
- 151.22 to read:
- 151.23 Subd. 2j. Additional authorization. In addition to the amount authorized in subdivisions
- 151.24 2 to 2i, the agency may issue up to \$50,000,000.
- Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 462A.37, subdivision 5, is amended 151.26 to read:
- 151.27 Subd. 5. Additional appropriation. (a) The agency must certify annually to the 151.28 commissioner of management and budget the actual amount of annual debt service on each
- series of bonds issued under this section.
- 152.1 (b) Each July 15, beginning in 2015 and through 2037, if any housing infrastructure bonds issued under subdivision 2a, or housing infrastructure bonds issued to refund those bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33,
- the amount certified under paragraph (a), not to exceed \$6,400,000 annually. The amounts
- necessary to make the transfers are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner
- of management and budget.
- (c) Each July 15, beginning in 2017 and through 2038, if any housing infrastructure 152.8 bonds issued under subdivision 2b, or housing infrastructure bonds issued to refund those 152.10 bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to 152.11 the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33, 152.12 the amount certified under paragraph (a), not to exceed \$800,000 annually. The amounts
- 152.13 necessary to make the transfers are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner 152.14 of management and budget.
- (d) Each July 15, beginning in 2019 and through 2040, if any housing infrastructure 152.16 bonds issued under subdivision 2c, or housing infrastructure bonds issued to refund those 152.17 bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to 152.18 the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33, 152.19 the amount certified under paragraph (a), not to exceed \$2,800,000 annually. The amounts 152.20 necessary to make the transfers are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner
- 152.21 of management and budget. (e) Each July 15, beginning in 2020 and through 2041, if any housing infrastructure 152.23 bonds issued under subdivision 2d, or housing infrastructure bonds issued to refund those 152.24 bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to 152.25 the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33, 152.26 the amount certified under paragraph (a). The amounts necessary to make the transfers are

152.27 appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of management and budget.

- 213.22 Nothing in this paragraph relieves a project funded by the agency from meeting other
- 213.23 applicable accessibility requirements.
- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.37, is amended by adding a subdivision
- 213.25 to read:
- Subd. 2j. Additional authorization. In addition to the amount authorized in subdivisions 213.26
- 213.27 2 to 2i, the agency may issue up to \$50,000,000 in one or more series to which the payments
- under this section may be pledged.
- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 462A.37, subdivision 5, is amended
- 214.2 to read:
- 214.3 Subd. 5. Additional appropriation. (a) The agency must certify annually to the
- 214.4 commissioner of management and budget the actual amount of annual debt service on each
- series of bonds issued under this section.
- 214.6 (b) Each July 15, beginning in 2015 and through 2037, if any housing infrastructure
- bonds issued under subdivision 2a, or housing infrastructure bonds issued to refund those
- bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to
- the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33,
- 214.10 the amount certified under paragraph (a), not to exceed \$6,400,000 annually. The amounts
- 214.11 necessary to make the transfers are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner
- 214.12 of management and budget.
- (c) Each July 15, beginning in 2017 and through 2038, if any housing infrastructure 214.13
- 214.14 bonds issued under subdivision 2b, or housing infrastructure bonds issued to refund those
- 214.15 bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to
- 214.16 the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33,
- 214.17 the amount certified under paragraph (a), not to exceed \$800,000 annually. The amounts
- 214.18 necessary to make the transfers are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner
- 214.19 of management and budget.
- (d) Each July 15, beginning in 2019 and through 2040, if any housing infrastructure
- 214.21 bonds issued under subdivision 2c, or housing infrastructure bonds issued to refund those
- 214.22 bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to
- 214.23 the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33,
- 214.24 the amount certified under paragraph (a), not to exceed \$2,800,000 annually. The amounts
- 214.25 necessary to make the transfers are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner
- 214.26 of management and budget.
- (e) Each July 15, beginning in 2020 and through 2041, if any housing infrastructure 214.27
- 214.28 bonds issued under subdivision 2d, or housing infrastructure bonds issued to refund those
- 214.29 bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to
- 214.30 the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33,
- 214.31 the amount certified under paragraph (a). The amounts necessary to make the transfers are
- 214.32 appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of management and budget.

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152.30 152.31 152.32	(f) Each July 15, beginning in 2020 and through 2041, if any housing infrastructure bonds issued under subdivision 2e, or housing infrastructure bonds issued to refund those bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33, the amount certified under paragraph (a). The amounts necessary to make the transfers are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of management and budget.
153.1 153.2 153.3 153.4 153.5 153.6	(g) Each July 15, beginning in 2022 and through 2043, if any housing infrastructure bonds issued under subdivision 2f, or housing infrastructure bonds issued to refund those bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33, the amount certified under paragraph (a). The amounts necessary to make the transfers are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of management and budget.
153.7 153.8 153.9 153.10 153.11 153.12	the amount certified under paragraph (a). The amounts necessary to make the transfers are
153.15 153.16 153.17	(i) Each July 15, beginning in 2023 and through 2044, if any housing infrastructure bonds issued under subdivision 2h, or housing infrastructure bonds issued to refund those bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33, the amount certified under paragraph (a). The amounts necessary to make the transfers are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of management and budget.
153.19 153.20 153.21 153.22 153.23 153.24	(j) Each July 15, beginning in 2026 and through 2047, if any housing infrastructure bonds issued under subdivision 2j, or housing infrastructure bonds issued to refund those bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33, the amount certified under paragraph (a). The amounts necessary to make the transfers are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of management and budget.
153.25 153.26	$\frac{f}{f}$ The agency may pledge to the payment of the housing infrastructure bonds the payments to be made by the state under this section.
153.27 153.28	Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section $462A.39$ , subdivision 2, is amended to read:
153.29 153.30	Subd. 2. <b>Definitions.</b> (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.
	(b) "Eligible project area" means a home rule charter or statutory city located outside of a metropolitan county as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 4, with a population exceeding 500; a community that has a combined population of 1,500 residents located

214.33 214.34 215.1 215.2 215.3 215.4	(t) Each July 15, beginning in 2020 and through 2041, if any housing infrastructure bonds issued under subdivision 2e, or housing infrastructure bonds issued to refund those bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33, the amount certified under paragraph (a). The amounts necessary to make the transfers are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of management and budget.
215.5 215.6 215.7 215.8 215.9 215.10	(g) Each July 15, beginning in 2022 and through 2043, if any housing infrastructure bonds issued under subdivision 2f, or housing infrastructure bonds issued to refund those bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33, the amount certified under paragraph (a). The amounts necessary to make the transfers are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of management and budget.
215.13 215.14 215.15	(h) Each July 15, beginning in 2022 and through 2043, if any housing infrastructure bonds issued under subdivision 2g, or housing infrastructure bonds issued to refund those bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33, the amount certified under paragraph (a). The amounts necessary to make the transfers are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of management and budget.
215.19 215.20 215.21	(i) Each July 15, beginning in 2023 and through 2044, if any housing infrastructure bonds issued under subdivision 2h, or housing infrastructure bonds issued to refund those bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33, the amount certified under paragraph (a). The amounts necessary to make the transfers are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of management and budget.
215.23 215.24 215.25 215.26 215.27 215.28	bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33,
215.29 215.30	$\frac{f}{f}$ (k) The agency may pledge to the payment of the housing infrastructure bonds the payments to be made by the state under this section.
216.1 216.2	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 462A.39, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
216.3 216.4	Subd. 2. <b>Definitions.</b> (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.
216.5 216.6 216.7	(b) "Eligible project area" means a home rule charter or statutory city located outside of a metropolitan county as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 4, with a population exceeding 500; a community that has a combined population of 1,500 residents located

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54.2 54.3	as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 4; federally recognized Tribal reservations; or an area served by a joint county-city economic development authority.
54.4	(c) "Joint county-city economic development authority" means an economic development
54.5	authority formed under Laws 1988, chapter 516, section 1, as a joint partnership between
54.6	a city and county and excluding those established by the county only.
54.7	(d) "Market rate residential rental properties" means properties that are rented at market
54.8	value, including new modular homes, new manufactured homes, and new manufactured
54.9	homes on leased land or in a manufactured home park, and may include rental developments
54.10	that have a portion of income-restricted units.
54.11	(e) "Qualified expenditure" means expenditures for market rate residential rental
54.12	properties including acquisition of property; construction of improvements; and provisions
54.13	of loans or subsidies, grants, interest rate subsidies, public infrastructure, and related financing
	costs

154.1 within 15 miles of a home rule charter or statutory city located outside a metropolitan county

216.8 216.9 216.10	within 15 miles of a home rule charter or statutory city located outside a metropolitan county as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 4; federally recognized Tribal reservations; or an area served by a joint county-city economic development authority.
216.11 216.12 216.13	
216.16	(d) "Market rate residential rental properties" means properties that are rented at market value, including new modular homes, new manufactured homes, and new manufactured homes on leased land or in a manufactured home park, and may include rental developments that have a portion of income-restricted units.
	(e) "Qualified expenditure" means expenditures for market rate residential rental properties including acquisition of property; construction of improvements; and provisions of loans or subsidies, grants, interest rate subsidies, public infrastructure, and related financing costs.
216.22	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 462A.395, is amended to read:
216.23 216.24	462A.395 GREATER MINNESOTA HOUSING INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT PROGRAM.
216.25 216.26 216.27 216.28 216.29 216.30 216.31 216.32	capital costs of public infrastructure necessary for an eligible workforce housing development project. The commissioner may make a grant award only after determining that nonstate resources are committed to complete the project. The nonstate contribution may be cash, other committed grant funds, or in kind. In-kind contributions may include the value of the site, whether the site is prepared before or after the law appropriating money for the grant
217.1 217.2	Subd. 2. <b>Definitions.</b> (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.
217.3 217.4	(b) "City" means a statutory or home rule charter city located outside the metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2.
217.5 217.6 217.7 217.8	(c) "Housing infrastructure" means publicly owned physical infrastructure necessary to support housing development projects, including but not limited to sewers, water supply systems, utility extensions, streets, wastewater treatment systems, stormwater management systems, and facilities for pretreatment of wastewater to remove phosphorus.
217.9 217.10 217.11 217.12	Subd. 3. <b>Eligible projects.</b> Housing projects eligible for a grant under this section may be a single-family or multifamily housing development, and either owner-occupied or rental. Housing projects eligible for a grant under this section may also be a manufactured home development qualifying for homestead treatment under section 273.124, subdivision 3a.

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154.16	Subd. 2. Use of funds; grant and loan program. (a) The agency may award grants an
154.17	loans to be used for multifamily and single family developments for persons and families
154.18	of low and moderate income. Allowable use of the funds include: gap financing, as defined
154.19	in section 462A.33, subdivision 1; new construction; acquisition; rehabilitation; demolition
154.20	or removal of existing structures; construction financing; permanent financing; interest rate
154.21	reduction; and refinancing.
	(1) (7)
154.22	(b) The agency may give preference for grants and loans to comparable proposals that
154.23	include regulatory changes or waivers that result in identifiable cost avoidance or cost
154.24	reductions, including but not limited to increased density, flexibility in site development
154.25	standards, or zoning code requirements.
154.26	(e) The agency shall separately set aside:
154.27	(1) at least ten percent of the financing under this section for housing units located in a
154.28	township or city with a population of 2,500 or less that is located outside the metropolitan
154.29	area, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2;
154.30	(2) at least 35 percent of the financing under this section for housing for persons and
	(2) at least 35 percent of the financing after this section for housing for persons and
154.31	tamilies whose income is 50 percent or less of the area median income for the applicable
154.32	county or metropolitan area as published by the Department of Housing and Urban

154.15 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.40, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

217.13	Subd. 4. Application. (a) The commissioner must develop forms and procedures for
217.14	soliciting and reviewing applications for grants under this section. At a minimum, a city or
217.15	county must include in its application a resolution of the county board or city council
217.16	certifying that the required nonstate match is available. The commissioner must evaluate
217.17	complete applications for funding for eligible projects to determine that:
217.18 217.19	(1) the project is necessary to increase sites available for housing development that will provide adequate housing stock for the current or future workforce; and
217.20 217.21	(2) the increase in workforce housing will result in substantial public and private capital investment in the county or city in which the project would be located.
217.22	(b) The determination of whether to make a grant for a site is within the discretion of
217.23	the commissioner, subject to this section. The commissioner's decisions and application of
217.24	the criteria are not subject to judicial review, except for abuse of discretion.
217.25	Subd. 5. Maximum grant amount. A county or city may receive no more than \$30,000
217.26	\$40,000 per lot for single-family, duplex, triplex, or fourplex housing developed, no more
217.27	than \$60,000 per manufactured housing lot, and no more than \$180,000 per lot for
217.28	multifamily housing with more than four units per building. A county or city may receive
217.29	no more than \$500,000 in two years for one or more housing developments. The \$500,000
217.30	limitation does not apply to use on manufactured housing developments.

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155.1	(3) at least 25 percent of the financing under this section for single-family housing.
155.2 155.3 155.4	(d) If by September 1 of each year the agency does not receive requests to use all of the amounts set aside under paragraph (e), the agency may use any remaining financing for other projects eligible under this section.
155.5	Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.40, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
155.6 155.7 155.8	Subd. 3. <b>Eligible recipients; definitions; restrictions; use of funds.</b> (a) The agency may award <u>a grant or</u> a loan to any recipient that qualifies under subdivision 2. The agency must not award a grant <u>or a loan</u> to a disqualified individual or disqualified business.
155.9	(b) For the purposes of this subdivision disqualified individual means an individual who:
155.10 155.11	(1) an individual who or an individual whose immediate family member made a contribution to the account in the current or prior taxable year and received a credit certificate;
155.12 155.13	(2) an individual who or an individual whose immediate family member owns the housing for which the grant or loan will be used and is using that housing as their domicile;
155.14	(3) <u>an individual who</u> meets the following criteria:
155.15	(i) the individual is an officer or principal of a business entity; and
155.16 155.17	(ii) that business entity made a contribution to the account in the current or previous taxable year and received a credit certificate; or
155.18	(4) <u>an individual who</u> meets the following criteria:
155.19 155.20	(i) the individual <u>directly</u> owns, controls, or holds the power to vote 20 percent or more of the outstanding securities of a business entity; and
155.21 155.22	(ii) that business entity made a contribution to the account in the current or previous taxable year and received a credit certificate.
155.23 155.24	(c) For the purposes of this subdivision disqualified business means a business entity that:
155.25 155.26	(1) made a contribution to the account in the current or prior taxable year and received a credit certificate;
155.27 155.28	(2) has an officer or principal who is an individual who made a contribution to the account in the current or previous taxable year and received a credit certificate; or
155.29	(3) meets the following criteria:
156.1 156.2	(i) the business entity is <u>directly</u> owned, controlled, or is subject to the power to vote 20 percent or more of the outstanding securities by an individual or business entity; and
156.3 156.4	(ii) that controlling individual or business entity made a contribution to the account in the current or previous taxable year and received a credit certificate.

218.1	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.40, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
218.2 218.3 218.4	Subd. 3. <b>Eligible recipients; definitions; restrictions; use of funds.</b> (a) The agency may award <u>a grant or a loan to any recipient that qualifies under subdivision 2. The agency must not award a grant <u>or a loan</u> to a disqualified individual or disqualified business.</u>
218.5	(b) For the purposes of this subdivision disqualified individual means an individual who:
218.6 218.7	(1) <u>an individual who or an individual whose immediate family member made a contribution to the account in the current or prior taxable year and received a credit certificate;</u>
218.8 218.9	(2) an individual who or an individual whose immediate family member owns the housing for which the grant or loan will be used and is using that housing as their domicile;
218.10	(3) an individual who meets the following criteria:
218.11	(i) the individual is an officer or principal of a business entity; and
218.12 218.13	(ii) that business entity made a contribution to the account in the current or previous taxable year and received a credit certificate; or
218.14	(4) <u>an individual who</u> meets the following criteria:
218.15 218.16	(i) the individual <u>directly</u> owns, controls, or holds the power to vote 20 percent or more of the outstanding securities of a business entity; and
218.17 218.18	(ii) that business entity made a contribution to the account in the current or previous taxable year and received a credit certificate.
218.19 218.20	(c) For the purposes of this subdivision disqualified business means a business entity that:
218.21 218.22	(1) made a contribution to the account in the current or prior taxable year and received a credit certificate;
218.23 218.24	(2) has an officer or principal who is an individual who made a contribution to the account in the current or previous taxable year and received a credit certificate; or
218.25	(3) meets the following criteria:
218.26 218.27	(i) the business entity is <u>directly</u> owned, controlled, or is subject to the power to vote 20 percent or more of the outstanding securities by an individual or business entity; and
218.28	(ii) that controlling individual or business entity made a contribution to the account in

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156.5	(d) The disqualifications in paragraphs (b) and (c) apply if the taxpayer would be
156.6	disqualified either individually or in combination with one or more members of the taxpayer's
156.7	family, as defined in the Internal Revenue Code, section 267(e)(4). For purposes of this
156.8	subdivision, "immediate family" means the taxpayer's spouse, parent or parent's spouse,
156.9	sibling or sibling's spouse, or child or child's spouse. For a married couple filing a joint
156.10	return, the limitations in this paragraph subdivision apply collectively to the taxpayer and
156.11	spouse. For purposes of determining the ownership interest of a taxpayer under paragraph
156.12	(a), clause (4), the rules under sections 267(c) and 267(e) of the Internal Revenue Code
156.13	apply.
156.14	(e) Before applying for a grant or loan, all recipients must sign a disclosure that the
156.15	disqualifications under this subdivision do not apply. The Minnesota Housing Finance
	Agency must prescribe the form of the disclosure. The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency
	may rely on the disclosure to determine the eligibility of recipients under paragraph (a).
156.18	(f) The agency may award grants or loans to a city as defined in section 462A.03,
	subdivision 21; a federally recognized American Indian tribe or subdivision located in
	Minnesota; a tribal housing corporation; a private developer; a nonprofit organization; a
	housing and redevelopment authority under sections 469.001 to 469.047; a public housing
	authority or agency authorized by law to exercise any of the powers granted by sections
	469.001 to 469.047; or the owner of the housing. The provisions of subdivision 2, and
	paragraphs (a) to (e) and (g) of this subdivision, regarding the use of funds and eligible
	recipients apply to grants and loans awarded under this paragraph.
156.26	(g) Except for the set-aside provided in subdivision 2, paragraph (d), Eligible recipients
156.27	must use the funds to serve households that meet the income limits as provided in section
	462A.33, subdivision 5.
156.29	Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462C.02, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
156.30	Subd. 6. City. "City" means any statutory or home rule charter city, a county housing
156.31	and redevelopment authority created by special law or authorized by its county to exercise
156.32	its powers pursuant to section 469.004, or any public body which (a) is the housing and
156.33	redevelopment authority in and for a statutory or home rule charter city, the port authority
157.1	of a statutory or home rule charter city, or an economic development authority of a city
157.2	established under sections 469.090 to 469.108, or a public corporation created pursuant to
157.3	section 469.0121, and (b) is authorized by ordinance to exercise, on behalf of a statutory or
157.4	home rule charter city, the powers conferred by sections 462C.01 to 462C.10.
157.5	Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 469.012, subdivision 2j, is amended to read:
157.6	Subd. 2j. May be in LLP, LLC, or corporation; bound as if HRA. (a) An authority
157.7	may become a member or shareholder in and enter into or form limited partnerships, limited
157.8	liability companies, or corporations for the purpose of developing, constructing, rehabilitating,
157.9	managing, supporting, or preserving housing projects and housing development projects,
157.10	including low-income housing tax credit projects. These limited partnerships, limited liability

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219.1	(d) The disqualifications in paragraphs (b) and (c) apply if the taxpayer would be
219.2	disqualified either individually or in combination with one or more members of the taxpayer's
219.3	family, as defined in the Internal Revenue Code, section 267(e)(4). For purposes of this
219.4	subdivision, "immediate family" means the taxpayer's spouse, parent or parent's spouse,
219.5	sibling or sibling's spouse, or child or child's spouse. For a married couple filing a joint
219.6	return, the limitations in this paragraph subdivision apply collectively to the taxpayer and
219.7	spouse. For purposes of determining the ownership interest of a taxpayer under paragraph
219.8	(a), clause (4), the rules under sections 267(c) and 267(e) of the Internal Revenue Code
219.9	apply.
219.10	(e) Before applying for a grant or loan, all recipients must sign a disclosure that the
219.11	disqualifications under this subdivision do not apply. The Minnesota Housing Finance
219.12	Agency must prescribe the form of the disclosure. The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency
219.13	may rely on the disclosure to determine the eligibility of recipients under paragraph (a).
210.14	(A) The exercise many arrand amonts an locate to a city as defined in section 462A 02
219.14	(f) The agency may award grants or loans to a city as defined in section 462A.03,
219.15	, ,
	Minnesota; a tribal housing corporation; a private developer; a nonprofit organization; a
	housing and redevelopment authority under sections 469.001 to 469.047; a public housing
	authority or agency authorized by law to exercise any of the powers granted by sections
219.19	8 1
	paragraphs (a) to (e) and (g) of this subdivision, regarding the use of funds and eligible
219.21	recipients apply to grants and loans awarded under this paragraph.
219.22	(g) Except for the set aside provided in subdivision 2, paragraph (d), Eligible recipients
219.23	must use the funds to serve households that meet the income limits as provided in section

219.24 462A.33, subdivision 5.

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3/.11	companies, of corporations are subject to an of the provisions of sections 409.001 to 409.0
57.12	and other laws that apply to housing and redevelopment authorities, as if the limited
57.13	partnership, limited liability company, or corporation were a housing and redevelopment
57.14	authority.
57.15	(b) An authority may create a public corporation in accordance with section 469.012
57.16	for the purpose of purchasing, owning, and operating real property converted through the
57.17	federal Rental Assistance Demonstration program under Public Law 112-55, as amended.
57.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2024.

157.20	DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.
157.21 157.22	Subdivision 1. <b>Definitions.</b> (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the magniness given
137.22	the meanings given.
157.23	(b) "Authority" has the meaning given under section 469.002, subdivision 2.
157.24	(c) "Board" means the board of directors of a corporation created under this section.
157.25	(d) "Corporation" means a public corporation created under this section.
157.26	(e) "RAD" means the federal Rental Assistance Demonstration program under Public
157.27	Law 112-55, as amended.
157.28	Subd. 2. Public corporation created. An authority may create a public corporation to
157.29	purchase, own, and operate real property that has been converted through RAD to preserve

157.19 Sec. 32. [469.0121] PUBLIC CORPORATION; RENTAL ASSISTANCE

219.25	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 469.012, is amended by adding a subdivision
219.26	to read:
219.27	Subd. 14. Assistance to preserve naturally occurring affordable housing. An authority
219.28	may provide financial assistance of any kind, including but not limited to grants, loans,
219.29	forgivable loans, payment of interest, interest rate reduction, issuance of bonds and the
219.30	spending of the proceeds of the bonds, to assist with the capital repair or replacement of an
219.31	asset or category of assets with a regular life span in excess of 25 years and with a project
219.32	cost in excess of \$5,000,000, where: (1) the capital repair project is in a multifamily housing
219.33	building, whether owner-occupied or rental; (2) at least 25 percent of the units were sold
219.34	or are rented to households meeting low-income requirements set by the United States
220.1	Department of Housing and Urban Development; and (3) more than 25 years has elapsed
220.2	since the asset or category of assets has been repaired or replaced. In the case of a common
220.3	interest community, the assistance authorized herein may be provided whether or not the
220.4	assets being repaired or replaced are owned by the individual unit owners or by the common
220.5	interest community of which the individual unit owners are part of the membership, and
220.6	may be provided to the common interest community or to individual unit owners, or both.

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157.30 157.31	and improve public housing properties. A public corporation created under this section is also a political subdivision of the state and is limited to the powers in this section.
158.1	Subd. 3. Corporation powers. (a) The corporation has the following general powers:
158.2	(1) to have succession until dissolved by law;
158.3	(2) to sue and be sued in its corporate name;
158.4	(3) to adopt, alter, and use a corporate seal which shall be judicially noticed;
158.5 158.6	(4) to accept, hold, and administer gifts and bequests of money, securities, or other personal property of whatsoever character, absolutely or in trust, for the purposes for which
158.7	the corporation is created. Unless otherwise restricted by the terms of the gift or bequest,
158.8	the corporation is authorized to sell, exchange, or otherwise dispose of and to invest or
158.9	reinvest in such investments as it may determine from time to time the money, securities,
158.10	or other property given or bequeathed to it. The principal of such corporate funds and the
158.11	income therefrom, and all other revenues received by it from any source whatsoever shall
158.12	be placed in such depositories as the board of directors shall determine and shall be subject
158.13	to expenditure for corporate purposes;
158.14	(5) to enter into contracts generally and to execute all instruments necessary or appropriate
158.15	to carry out its corporate purposes;
158.16	(6) to appoint and prescribe the duties of officers, agents, and employees as may be
158.17	necessary to carry out its work and to compensate them;
158.18	(7) to purchase all supplies and materials necessary for carrying out its purposes;
158.19	(8) to accept from the United States or the state of Minnesota, or any of their agencies,
158.20	money or other assistance whether by gift, loan, or otherwise to carry out its corporate
158.21	purposes, and enter into such contracts with the United States or the state of Minnesota, or
158.22	any of the agencies of either, or with any of the political subdivisions of the state, as it may
158.23	deem proper and consistent with the purposes of this section;
158.24	(9) to contract and make cooperative agreements with federal, state, and municipal
158.25	departments and agencies and private corporations, associations, and individuals for the use
158.26	of the corporation property, including but not limited to rental agreements; and
158.27	(10) to acquire real or personal property or any interest therein in any manner authorized
158.28	under section 469.012, subdivision 1g, including by the exercise of eminent domain.
158.29	(b) A corporation may acquire properties converted under RAD, subject to restrictions
158.30	and conditions compatible with funding acquisitions of and improvements to real property
158.31	with state general obligation bond proceeds. The commissioner of management and budget
158.32	must determine the necessary restrictions and conditions under this paragraph.

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159.1 159.2	<u>Subd. 4.</u> <b>Board of directors.</b> (a) A corporation is governed by a board of directors as <u>follows:</u>
159.3 159.4	(1) a member of the city council from the city in which the corporation is incorporated; and
159.5	(2) a commissioner of the authority that created the corporation.
159.6 159.7	(b) The term of a director is six years. Two members of the initial board of directors must be appointed for terms of four years, and one for a term of two years.
159.8	(c) Vacancies on the board must be filled by the authority.
159.9 159.10 159.11	(d) Board members must not be compensated for their service as board members other than to be reimbursed for reasonable expenses incurred in connection with their duties as board members. Reimbursement shall be reviewed each year by the state auditor.
159.12 159.13	(e) The board must annually elect from among its members a chair and other officers necessary for the performance of its duties.
159.14 159.15 159.16 159.17	<u>Subd. 5.</u> <b>Bylaws.</b> The board of directors must adopt bylaws and rules as it deems necessary for the administration of its functions and the accomplishment of its purpose, including among other matters the establishment of a business office and the rules, the use of the project-based rental assistance properties, and the administration of corporation funds.
159.18 159.19	Subd. 6. Place of business. The board must locate and maintain the corporation's place of business in the city in which the authority that created the corporation is located.
159.20 159.21 159.22 159.23	Subd. 7. Open meetings; data practices. Meetings of the board are subject to chapter 13D and meetings of the board conducted by interactive technology are subject to section 13D.02. The board is subject to chapter 13, the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act, and shall protect from unlawful disclosure data classified as not public.
159.24 159.25 159.26	<u>Subd. 8.</u> <u>Compliance.</u> The corporation must comply with all federal, state, and local laws, rules, ordinances, and other regulations required to own and operate properties as project-based rental assistance properties.
159.27 159.28	Subd. 9. <b>Dissolution.</b> Upon dissolution of the corporation for any reason, its wholly owned assets become property of the authority that created the corporation.
159.29	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective July 1, 2024.
160.1 160.2	Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 477A.35, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
160.3 160.4 160.5 160.6	Subdivision 1. <b>Purpose.</b> The purpose of this section is to help metropolitan local governments to develop and preserve affordable housing and supportive services for residents within their jurisdictions in order to keep families from losing housing and to help those experiencing homelessness find housing.

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160.7 160.8	Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 477A.35, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
160.9 160.10	Subd. 2. <b>Definitions.</b> (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given:
160.11 160.12 160.13 160.14 160.15	(1) (b) "City distribution factor" means the number of households in a tier I city that are cost-burdened divided by the total number of households that are cost-burdened in tier I cities. The number of cost-burdened households shall be determined using the most recent estimates or experimental estimates provided by the American Community Survey of the United States Census Bureau as of May 1 of the aid calculation year.
160.16 160.17 160.18	(2) (c) "Cost-burdened household" means a household in which gross rent is 30 percent or more of household income or in which homeownership costs are 30 percent or more of household income;
160.19 160.20 160.21 160.22 160.23	(3) (d) "County distribution factor" means the number of households in a county that are cost-burdened divided by the total number of households in metropolitan counties that are cost-burdened. The number of cost-burdened households shall be determined using the most recent estimates or experimental estimates provided by the American Community Survey of the United States Census Bureau as of May 1 of the aid calculation year.
160.24 160.25 160.26	(e) "Locally funded housing expenditures" means expenditures of the aid recipient, including expenditures by a public corporation or legal entity created by the aid recipient, that are:
160.27 160.28 160.29	(1) funded from the recipient's general fund, a property tax levy of the recipient or its housing and redevelopment authority, or unrestricted money available to the recipient, but not including tax increments; and
160.30	(2) expended on one of the following qualifying activities:
160.31 160.32	(i) financial assistance to residents in arrears on rent, mortgage, utilities, or property tax payments;
161.1 161.2	(ii) support services, case management services, and legal services for residents in arrears on rent, mortgage, utilities, or property tax payments;
161.3	(iii) down payment assistance or homeownership education, counseling, and training;
161.4 161.5	(iv) acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, adaptive reuse, improvement, financing, and infrastructure of residential dwellings;
161.6 161.7 161.8	(v) costs of operating emergency shelter, transitional housing, supportive housing, or publicly owned housing, including costs of providing case management services and support services; and
161.9	(vi) rental assistance.

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161.10	(4) (f) "Metropolitan area" has the meaning given in section 473.121, subdivision 2;
161.11	(5) (g) "Metropolitan county" has the meaning given in section 473.121, subdivision 4;
161.12	(6) (h) "Population" has the meaning given in section 477A.011, subdivision 3; and
161.13 161.14	$\frac{7}{(i)}$ "Tier I city" means a statutory or home rule charter city that is a city of the first, second, or third class and is located in a metropolitan county.
161.15 161.16	Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 477A.35, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
161.17	Subd. 4. Qualifying projects. (a) Qualifying projects shall include:
161.18 161.19 161.20	(1) emergency rental assistance for households earning less than 80 percent of area median income as determined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development;
161.21 161.22	(2) financial support to nonprofit affordable housing providers in their mission to provide safe, dignified, affordable and supportive housing; and
161.23 161.24 161.25 161.26 161.27 161.28 161.29 161.30 161.31 162.1 162.2	(3) projects designed for the purpose of construction, acquisition, rehabilitation, demolition or removal of existing structures, construction financing, permanent financing, interest rate reduction, refinancing, and gap financing of housing to provide affordable housing to households that have incomes which do not exceed, for homeownership projects, 115 percent of the greater of state or area median income as determined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, and for rental housing projects, 80 percent of the greater of state or area median income as determined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, except that the housing developed or rehabilitated with funds under this section must be affordable to the local work force:  (4) financing the operations and management of financially distressed residential properties;
162.4 162.5 162.6	housing as defined by section 462A.37, subdivision 1. Financial support to nonprofit housing providers to finance supportive housing operations may be awarded as a capitalized reserve or as an award of ongoing funding; and
162.7 162.8	(6) costs of operating emergency shelter facilities, including the costs of providing services.
162.9 162.10 162.11 162.12 162.13 162.14	Projects shall be prioritized (b) Recipients must prioritize projects that provide affordable housing to households that have incomes which do not exceed, for homeownership projects, 80 percent of the greater of state or area median income as determined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, and for rental housing projects, 50 percent of the greater of state or area median income as determined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development. Priority may be given to projects that: reduce disparities

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162.16	in home ownership; reduce housing cost burden, housing instability, or homelessness; improve the habitability of homes; create accessible housing; or create more energy- or water-efficient homes.
162.18	(b) (c) Gap financing is either:
162.19 162.20	(1) the difference between the costs of the property, including acquisition, demolition, rehabilitation, and construction, and the market value of the property upon sale; or
162.21 162.22	(2) the difference between the cost of the property and the amount the targeted household can afford for housing, based on industry standards and practices.
162.23 162.24 162.25	(e) (d) If aid under this section is used for demolition or removal of existing structures, the cleared land must be used for the construction of housing to be owned or rented by persons who meet the income limits of paragraph (a).
162.26 162.27 162.28	(d) (e) If an aid recipient uses the aid on new construction or substantial rehabilitation of a building containing more than four units, the loan recipient must construct, convert, or otherwise adapt the building to include:
162.29 162.30 162.31	(1) the greater of: (i) at least one unit; or (ii) at least five percent of units that are accessible units, as defined by section 1002 of the current State Building Code Accessibility Provisions for Dwelling Units in Minnesota, and include at least one roll-in shower; and
162.32 162.33	(2) the greater of: (i) at least one unit; or (ii) at least five percent of units that are sensory-accessible units that include:
163.1	(A) soundproofing between shared walls for first and second floor units;
163.2	(B) no florescent lighting in units and common areas;
163.3	(C) low-fume paint;
163.4	(D) low-chemical carpet; and
163.5	(E) low-chemical carpet glue in units and common areas.
163.6 163.7	Nothing in this paragraph relieves a project funded by this section from meeting other applicable accessibility requirements.
163.8 163.9	Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 477A.35, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
163.10 163.11	Subd. 5. Use of proceeds. (a) Any funds distributed under this section must be spent on a qualifying project. Funds are considered spent on a qualifying project if:
163.12 163.13 163.14	(1) a tier I city or county demonstrates to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency that the city or county cannot expend funds on a qualifying project by the deadline imposed by paragraph (b) due to factors outside the control of the city or county; and
163.15	(2) the funds are transferred to a local housing trust fund.

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163.25	(c) An aid recipient may not use aid money to reimburse itself for prior expenditures.
163.26 163.27	, in the second
163.28 163.29 164.1 164.2	
164.3 164.4 164.5 164.6 164.7 164.8 164.9	(b) In the annual report required under subdivision 6, a recipient must certify its compliance with this subdivision, including an accounting of locally funded housing expenditures in the prior fiscal year. In a tier I city's or county's first report to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, it must document its locally funded housing expenditures in the two prior fiscal years. If a recipient reduces one of its locally funded housing expenditures, the recipient must detail the expenditure, the amount of the reduction, and the reason for the reduction. The certification required under this paragraph must be made available publicly on the website of the recipient.
164.11 164.12	
164.13 164.14 164.15 164.16 164.13	of aid payable to each tier I city and county under this section. By August 1 of each year, the commissioner must certify the distribution factors of each tier I city and county to be used in the following year. The commissioner must pay local affordable housing aid annually at the times provided in section 477A.015, distributing the amounts available on the immediately preceding June 1 under the accounts established in section 477A.37, subdivision
164.20 164.22 164.23 164.23	than December 1 of each year, to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency. The report must include documentation of the location of any unspent funds distributed under this section and of qualifying projects completed or planned with funds under this section. If a tier I

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	the timeline imposed under subdivision 5, paragraph (b), or if a tier I city or county uses
64.26	funds for a project that does not qualify under this section, or if a tier I city or county fails
64.27	to meet its requirements of subdivision 5a, the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency shall
64.28	notify the Department of Revenue and the cities and counties that must repay funds under
64.29	paragraph (c) by February 15 of the following year.
64.30	(c) By May 15, after receiving notice from the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, a
64.31	tier I city or county must pay to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency funds the city or
64.32	county received under this section if the city or county:
04.32	county received under this section if the city of county.
64.33	(1) fails to spend the funds within the time allowed under subdivision 5, paragraph (b);
65.1	(2) spends the funds on anything other than a qualifying project; or
65.2	(3) fails to submit a report documenting use of the funds: or
65.3	(4) fails to meet the requirements of subdivision 5a.
65.4	(d) The commissioner of revenue must stop distributing funds to a tier I city or county
65.5	that requests in writing that the commissioner stop payment or that, in three consecutive
65.6	years, the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency has reported, pursuant to paragraph (b), to
65.7	have failed to use funds, misused funds, or failed to report on its use of funds.
65.8	(e) The commissioner may resume distributing funds to a tier I city or county to which
65.9	the commissioner has stopped payments in the year following the August 1 after the
65.10	Minnesota Housing Finance Agency certifies that the city or county has submitted
65.11	documentation of plans for a qualifying project. The commissioner may resume distributing
65.12	funds to a tier I city or county to which the commissioner has stopped payments at the
65.13	request of the city or county in the year following the August 1 after the Minnesota Housing
65.14	Finance Agency certifies that the city or county has submitted documentation of plans for
65.15	a qualifying project.
65.16	(f) By June 1, any funds paid to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency under paragraph
65.17	(c) must be deposited in the housing development fund. Funds deposited under this paragraph
65.18	are appropriated to the commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency for use
65.19	on the family homeless prevention and assistance program under section 462A.204, the
65.20	economic development and housing challenge program under section 462A.33, and the
65.21	workforce and affordable homeownership development program under section 462A.38.

20.7	Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 500.215, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
20.8	Subdivision 1. General rule. (a) Any provision of any deed restriction, subdivision
20.9	regulation, restrictive covenant, local ordinance, contract, rental agreement or regulation,
20.10	or homeowners association document that limits the right of an owner or tenant of residential
20.11	property to display the flag of the United States and, the flag of the State of Minnesota, or
20.12	the POW/MIA flag is void and unenforceable.

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220.15 220.16	( ) ( ) ( ) ( )
220.17 220.18	,
220.19	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
220.20	Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 515B.3-102, is amended to read:
220.21	515B.3-102 POWERS OF UNIT OWNERS' ASSOCIATION.
220.22 220.23	
220.24 220.25 220.26 220.27 220.28 220.30 220.31 220.32 221.1 221.2	incorporation, bylaws and declaration, as follows: (i) regulating the use of the common elements; (ii) regulating the use of the units, and conduct of unit occupants, which may jeopardize the health, safety or welfare of other occupants, which involves noise or other disturbing activity, or which may damage the common elements or other units; (iii) regulating or prohibiting animals; (iv) regulating changes in the appearance of the common elements and conduct which may damage the common interest community; (v) regulating the exterior appearance of the common interest community, including, for example, balconies and patios, window treatments, and signs and other displays, regardless of whether inside a unit; (vi) implementing the articles of incorporation, declaration and bylaws, and exercising the powers granted by this section; and (vii) otherwise facilitating the operation of the common interest community;
221.4 221.5	(2) adopt and amend budgets for revenues, expenditures and reserves, and levy and collect assessments for common expenses from unit owners;
221.6 221.7	(3) hire and discharge managing agents and other employees, agents, and independent contractors;
221.8 221.9 221.10 221.11	5 / ( )
221.12	(5) make contracts and incur liabilities;
221.13 221.14	
221.15 221.16	

221.17	(8) acquire, hold, encumber, and convey in its own name any right, title, or interest to
221.18	real estate or personal property, but (i) common elements in a condominium or planned
221.19	community may be conveyed or subjected to a security interest only pursuant to section
221.20	515B.3-112, or (ii) part of a cooperative may be conveyed, or all or part of a cooperative
221.21	may be subjected to a security interest, only pursuant to section 515B.3-112;
221.22	(9) grant or amend easements for public utilities, public rights-of-way or other public
221.23	purposes, and cable television or other communications, through, over or under the common
221.24	elements; grant or amend easements, leases, or licenses to unit owners for purposes authorized
221.25	by the declaration; and, subject to approval by a vote of unit owners other than declarant
221.26	or its affiliates, grant or amend other easements, leases, and licenses through, over or under
221.27	the common elements;
221.28	(10) impose and receive any payments, fees, or charges for the use, rental, or operation
221.29	of the common elements, other than limited common elements, and for services provided
221.30	to unit owners;
221.31	(11) impose interest and late charges for late payment of assessments and, after notice
221.32	and an opportunity to be heard before the board or a committee appointed by it, levy
221.33	reasonable fines for violations of the declaration, bylaws, and rules and regulations of the
222.1	association, provided that attorney fees and costs must not be charged or collected from a
222.2	unit owner who disputes a fine or assessment and, if after the homeowner requests a hearing
222.3	and a hearing is held by the board or a committee of the board, the board does not adopt a
222.4	resolution levying the fine or upholding the assessment against the unit owner or owner's
222.5	unit;
222.6	(12) impose reasonable charges for the review, preparation and recordation of
222.7	amendments to the declaration, resale certificates required by section 515B.4-107, statements
222.8	of unpaid assessments, or furnishing copies of association records;
222.9	(13) provide for the indemnification of its officers and directors, and maintain directors'
222.10	and officers' liability insurance;
	•
222.11	(14) provide for reasonable procedures governing the conduct of meetings and election
222.12	of directors;
222.13	(15) exercise any other powers conferred by law, or by the declaration, articles of
222.14	incorporation or bylaws; and
222.15	(16) exercise any other powers necessary and proper for the governance and operation
222.16	of the association.
222.17	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) the declaration or bylaws may not impose limitations
222.17	on the power of the association to deal with the declarant which are more restrictive than
222.19	the limitations imposed on the power of the association to deal with other persons.
222.20	(c) A fine levied pursuant to subsection (a)(11), must not exceed \$100 for a single violation, and when combined with additional fines for an ongoing violation, late fees, and
222.21	violation, and which combined with additional lines for an ongoing violation, late fees, and

222.22	other allowable charges, must not exceed \$2,500 in total for the violation. An association
222.23	that levies a fine pursuant to subsection (a)(11), or an assessment pursuant to section
222.24	515B.3-115(g), or 515B.3-1151(g), must provide a dated, written notice to a unit owner
222.25	that:
222.26	(1) states the amount and reason for the fine or assessment;
222.27	(2) for fines levied under section 515B.3-102(a)(11), specifies: (i) the violation for which
222.28	a fine is being levied and the date of the levy; and (ii) the specific section of the declaration,
222.29	bylaws, rules, or regulations allegedly violated;
222.30	(3) for assessments levied under section 515B.3-115(g) or 515B.3-1151(g), identifies:
222.31	(i) the damage caused; and (ii) the act or omission alleged to have caused the damage;
223.1	(4) states that all unpaid fines and assessments are liens which, if not satisfied, could
223.2	lead to foreclosure of the lien against the owner's unit;
223.3	(5) describes the unit owner's right to be heard by the board or a committee appointed
223.4	by the board;
223.5	(6) states that if the assessment, fine, late fees, and other allowable charges are not paid,
223.6	the amount may increase as a result of the imposition of attorney fees and other collection
223.7	costs; and
223.8	(7) informs the unit owner that homeownership assistance is available from the Minnesot
223.9	Homeownership Center.
222 10	(4) N-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4
223.10 223.11	(d) Notwithstanding subsection (a), powers exercised under this section must comply with sections 500.215 and 500.216.
223.11	with sections 500.215 and 500.216.
223.12	(e) Notwithstanding subsection (a)(4) or any other provision of this chapter, the
223.13	association, before instituting litigation or arbitration involving construction defect claims
223.14	against a development party, shall:
223.15	(1) mail or deliver written notice of the anticipated commencement of the action to each
223.16	unit owner at the addresses, if any, established for notices to owners in the declaration and,
223.17	if the declaration does not state how notices are to be given to owners, to the owner's last
223.18	known address. The notice shall specify the nature of the construction defect claims to be
223.19	alleged, the relief sought, and the manner in which the association proposes to fund the cost
223.20	of pursuing the construction defect claims; and
223.21	(2) obtain the approval of owners of units to which a majority of the total votes in the
223.21	association are allocated. Votes allocated to units owned by the declarant, an affiliate of the
223.22	declarant, or a mortgagee who obtained ownership of the unit through a foreclosure sale
223.24	are excluded. The association may obtain the required approval by a vote at an annual or
223.25	special meeting of the members or, if authorized by the statute under which the association
223.26	is created and taken in compliance with that statute, by a vote of the members taken by
223.20	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

223.28	means or mailed ballots is authorized by that statute, the association shall also provide for
223.29	voting by those methods. Section 515B.3-110(c) applies to votes taken by electronic means
223.30	or mailed ballots, except that the votes must be used in combination with the vote taken at
223.31	a meeting and are not in lieu of holding a meeting, if a meeting is held, and are considered
223.32	for purposes of determining whether a quorum was present. Proxies may not be used for a
223.33	vote taken under this paragraph unless the unit owner executes the proxy after receipt of
223.34	the notice required under subsection (e)(1) and the proxy expressly references this notice.
224.1	(f) The association may intervene in a litigation or arbitration involving a construction
224.1	defect claim or assert a construction defect claim as a counterclaim, crossclaim, or third-party
224.3	claim before complying with subsections (e)(1) and (e)(2) but the association's complaint
224.4	in an intervention, counterclaim, crossclaim, or third-party claim shall be dismissed without
224.5	prejudice unless the association has complied with the requirements of subsection (e) within
224.6	90 days of the association's commencement of the complaint in an intervention or the
224.7	assertion of the counterclaim, crossclaim, or third-party claim.
227.7	• •
224.8	Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 515B.3-107, is amended to read:
224.9	515B.3-107 UPKEEP OF COMMON INTEREST COMMUNITY.
224.10	(a) Except to the extent provided by the declaration, this subsection or section
224.11	515B.3-113, the association is responsible for the maintenance, repair and replacement of
224.12	
224.13	•
224.14	
224.15	
224.16	or replacement, is the responsibility of the unit owner or association responsible for causing
224.17	
224.18	(b) The association's board of directors shall prepare and approve a written preventative
224.19	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
224.19	The association shall follow the approved preventative maintenance plan. The association's
224.21	board may amend, modify, or replace an approved preventative maintenance plan or an
224.22	approved maintenance schedule from time to time. The association must provide all unit
224.23	owners with a paper copy, electronic copy, or electronic access to the preventative
224.24	
224.25	• •
224.26	• •
224.27	•
224.28	
227.20	
224.29	(c) The association shall have access through and into each unit for purposes of
224.30	
224.31	The association and any public safety personnel shall also have access for purposes of
224.32	
224.33	ordinance or regulation, which may cause material damage to or jeopardize the safety of

the common interest community, or which may constitute a health or safety hazard for occupants of units. (d) In exercising any authority granted to it under the declaration to approve or disapprove 225.3 proposed changes to a unit or limited common element, the association's board shall provide a fair, reasonable, and expeditious procedure for making its decision. The procedure shall be set forth in the association's governing documents. The procedures shall state the maximum time for issuance of any decision on a proposal or a request for reconsideration. At a minimum, a decision shall be made within 90 days after the initial submission of the proposal or submission of any additional information or changes to the proposal requested 225.10 by the association's board in response to the initial submission. A decision shall be in writing, shall be made in good faith, and may not be unreasonable, arbitrary, or capricious. If the proposal is disapproved, the decision shall include both an explanation of why the proposal 225.13 is disapproved and a description of the procedure for reconsideration of the decision by the 225.14 association's board. (d) (e) Neither the association, nor any unit owner other than the declarant or its affiliates, 225.15 225.16 is subject to a claim for payment of expenses incurred in connection with any additional 225.17 real estate. 225.18 (f) Unless expressly provided for in the declaration, the association must not enforce 225.19 any restriction on parking of a personal vehicle on a public street or public road for which the state or local government has assumed responsibility for maintenance and repairs, unless 225.21 the authority to regulate such parking has been expressly delegated to the association by 225.22 the state or local government under terms prescribing the manner in which the association may exercise that authority. Any such delegation shall be valid for a period not to exceed 225.24 five years, at which time the association must reapply to the delegating entity. As used in 225.25 this subdivision, "personal vehicle" means an automobile with a gross weight of less than 225.26 26,001 pounds that is used for personal pleasure, travel, or commuting to and from a place 225.27 of work, and does not include a motor home or self-propelled recreational vehicle, or an 225.28 automobile that is otherwise used primarily in connection with any commercial endeavor 225.29 or business. Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 515B.3-116, is amended to read: 225.30 515B.3-116 LIEN FOR ASSESSMENTS. 225.31 225.32 (a) The association has a lien on a unit for any assessment levied against that unit from 225.33 the time the assessment becomes due. If an assessment is payable in installments, the full 225.34 amount of the assessment is a lien from the time the first installment thereof becomes due. Unless the declaration otherwise provides, fees, charges, late charges, fines and interest charges pursuant to section 515B.3-102(a)(10), (11) and (12) are liens, and are enforceable as assessments, under this section. Fines and fine-related charges are not liens, and are not enforceable as assessments under this section. Recording of the declaration constitutes record notice and perfection of any assessment lien under this section, and no further recording of any notice of or claim for the lien is required.

26.7	(b) Subject to subsection (c), a lien under this section is prior to all other liens and
26.8	encumbrances on a unit except (i) liens and encumbrances recorded before the declaration
26.9	and, in a cooperative, liens and encumbrances which the association creates, assumes, or
26.10	takes subject to, (ii) any first mortgage encumbering the fee simple interest in the unit, or,
26.11	in a cooperative, any first security interest encumbering only the unit owner's interest in the
26.12	unit, (iii) liens for real estate taxes and other governmental assessments or charges against
26.13	the unit, and (iv) a master association lien under section 515B.2-121(h). This subsection
26.14	shall not affect the priority of mechanic's liens.
26.15	(c) If a first mortgage on a unit is foreclosed, the first mortgage was recorded after June
26.16	1, 1994, and no owner or person who acquires the owner's interest in the unit redeems
26.17	pursuant to chapter 580, 581, or 582, the holder of the sheriff's certificate of sale from the
26.18	foreclosure of the first mortgage or any person who acquires title to the unit by redemption
26.19	as a junior creditor shall take title to the unit subject to a lien in favor of the association for
26.20	unpaid assessments for common expenses levied pursuant to section 515B.3-115(a), (e)(1)
26.21	to (3), (f), and (i) which became due, without acceleration, during the six months immediately
26.22	preceding the end of the owner's period of redemption. The common expenses shall be
26.23	based upon the association's then current annual budget, notwithstanding the use of an
26.24	alternate common expense plan under section 515B.3-115(a)(2). If a first security interest
26.25	encumbering a unit owner's interest in a cooperative unit which is personal property is
26.26	foreclosed, the secured party or the purchaser at the sale shall take title to the unit subject
26.27	to unpaid assessments for common expenses levied pursuant to section 515B.3-115(a),
26.28	(e)(1) to (3), (f), and (i) which became due, without acceleration, during the six months
26.29	immediately preceding the first day following either the disposition date pursuant to section
26.30	336.9-610 or the date on which the obligation of the unit owner is discharged pursuant to
26.31	section 336.9-622.
26.32	(d) Proceedings to enforce an assessment lien shall be instituted within three years after
26.33	the last installment of the assessment becomes payable, or shall be barred.
	• •
27.1	(e) The unit owner of a unit at the time an assessment is due shall be personally liable
27.2	to the association for payment of the assessment levied against the unit. If there are multiple
27.3	owners of the unit, they shall be jointly and severally liable.
27.4	(f) This section does not prohibit actions to recover sums for which subsection (a) creates
27.5	a lien nor prohibit an association from taking a deed in lieu of foreclosure.
27.6	(g) The association shall furnish to a unit owner or the owner's authorized agent upon
27.7	written request of the unit owner or the authorized agent a statement setting forth the amount
27.8	of unpaid assessments currently levied against the owner's unit. If the unit owner's interest
27.9	is real estate, the statement shall be in recordable form. The statement shall be furnished
27.10	within ten business days after receipt of the request and is binding on the association and
27.11	every unit owner.
27.12	(h) The association's lien may be foreclosed as provided in this subsection. In no case
27.12	may an association's lien be foreclosed unless unpaid fees, charges, late charges, and interest

227.14 227.15	
227.16	(1) In a condominium or planned community, the association's lien may be foreclosed
227.17	in a like manner as a mortgage containing a power of sale pursuant to chapter 580, or by
227.18	action pursuant to chapter 581. The association shall have a power of sale to foreclose the
227.19	lien pursuant to chapter 580, except that any portion of the assessment that represents
227.20	attorney fees or costs shall not be included in the amount a unit owner must pay to reinstate
227.21	under section 580.30 or chapter 581.
227.22	(2) In a cooperative whose unit owners' interests are real estate, the association's lien
227.23	shall be foreclosed in a like manner as a mortgage on real estate as provided in paragraph
227.24	(1).
227.25	(3) In a cooperative whose unit owners' interests in the units are personal property, the
227.26	association's lien shall be foreclosed in a like manner as a security interest under article 9
227.27	of chapter 336. In any disposition pursuant to section 336.9-610 or retention pursuant to
227.28	sections 336.9-620 to 336.9-622, the rights of the parties shall be the same as those provided
227.29	by law, except (i) notice of sale, disposition, or retention shall be served on the unit owner
227.30	90 days prior to sale, disposition, or retention, (ii) the association shall be entitled to its
227.31	reasonable costs and attorney fees not exceeding the amount provided by section 582.01,
227.32	subdivision 1a, (iii) the amount of the association's lien shall be deemed to be adequate
227.33	consideration for the unit subject to disposition or retention, notwithstanding the value of
228.1	the unit, and (iv) the notice of sale, disposition, or retention shall contain the following
228.2	statement in capital letters with the name of the association or secured party filled in:
228.3	"THIS IS TO INFORM YOU THAT BY THIS NOTICE (fill in name of association or
228.4	secured party) HAS BEGUN PROCEEDINGS UNDER MINNESOTA STATUTES,
228.5	CHAPTER 515B, TO FORECLOSE ON YOUR INTEREST IN YOUR UNIT FOR THE
228.6	REASON SPECIFIED IN THIS NOTICE. YOUR INTEREST IN YOUR UNIT WILL
228.7	TERMINATE 90 DAYS AFTER SERVICE OF THIS NOTICE ON YOU UNLESS
228.8	BEFORE THEN:
228.9	(a) THE PERSON AUTHORIZED BY (fill in the name of association or secured party)
228.10	AND DESCRIBED IN THIS NOTICE TO RECEIVE PAYMENTS RECEIVES FROM
228.11	YOU:
228.12	(1) THE AMOUNT THIS NOTICE SAYS YOU OWE; PLUS
228.13	(2) THE COSTS INCURRED TO SERVE THIS NOTICE ON YOU; PLUS
228.14	(3) \$500 TO APPLY TO ATTORNEY FEES ACTUALLY EXPENDED OR
228.15	INCURRED; PLUS
228.16	(4) ANY ADDITIONAL AMOUNTS FOR YOUR UNIT BECOMING DUE TO (fill
228.17	in name of association or secured party) AFTER THE DATE OF THIS NOTICE; OR

228.18	(b) YOU SECURE FROM A DISTRICT COURT AN ORDER THAT THE
228.19	
228.20	
228.21	SETTLEMENT. YOUR ACTION MUST SPECIFICALLY STATE THOSE FACTS AND
228.22	GROUNDS THAT DEMONSTRATE YOUR CLAIMS OR DEFENSES.
	TE VIOLEDO NOTEDO ONE OD TRUE OTRUED OF THE LEDOUE TUDIOS NUTRIUN
228.23	IF YOU DO NOT DO ONE OR THE OTHER OF THE ABOVE THINGS WITHIN
228.24	,
228.25	,
228.26	
	RIGHT TO POSSESSION OF YOUR UNIT, YOU MAY LOSE YOUR RIGHT TO
228.28	,
228.29	,
228.30	AN ATTORNEY IMMEDIATELY."
228.31	(4) In any foreclosure pursuant to chapter 580, 581, or 582, the rights of the parties shall
228.32	be the same as those provided by law, except (i) the period of redemption for unit owners
228.33	shall be six months from the date of sale or a lesser period authorized by law, (ii) in a
229.1	foreclosure by advertisement under chapter 580, the foreclosing party shall be entitled to
229.2	costs and disbursements of foreclosure and attorney fees authorized by the declaration or
229.3	bylaws, notwithstanding the provisions of section 582.01, subdivisions 1 and 1a, (iii) in a
229.4	foreclosure by action under chapter 581, the foreclosing party shall be entitled to costs and
229.5	disbursements of foreclosure and attorney fees as the court shall determine, and (iv) the
229.6	amount of the association's lien shall be deemed to be adequate consideration for the unit
229.7	subject to foreclosure, notwithstanding the value of the unit.
229.8	(i) If a haldon of a shariff a contificate of sale minutes the assignation of the named of
229.8	(i) If a holder of a sheriff's certificate of sale, prior to the expiration of the period of
229.9	redemption, pays any past due or current assessments, or any other charges lienable as assessments, with respect to the unit described in the sheriff's certificate, then the amount
229.10	paid shall be a part of the sum required to be paid to redeem under section 582.03.
229.11	paid shall be a part of the sum required to be paid to redeem under section 382.03.
229.12	(j) In a cooperative, if the unit owner fails to redeem before the expiration of the
229.13	redemption period in a foreclosure of the association's assessment lien, the association may
229.14	bring an action for eviction against the unit owner and any persons in possession of the unit,
229.15	and in that case section 504B.291 shall not apply.
229.16	(k) An association may assign its lien rights in the same manner as any other secured
229.17	
227.17	purty.
229.18	Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 515B.4-116, is amended to read:
229.19	515B.4-116 RIGHTS OF ACTION; RETALIATION PROHIBITED; ATTORNEY'S
	FEES.
229.21	(a) In addition to any other rights to recover damages, attorney's fees, costs or expenses,
229.22	whether authorized by this chapter or otherwise, if a declarant, an association, or any other
229.23	person violates any provision of this chapter, or any provision of the declaration, bylaws,

229.24	or rules and regulations any person or class of persons adversely affected by the failure to
229.25	comply has a claim for appropriate relief. Subject to the requirements of section 515B.3-102,
229.26	the association shall have standing to pursue claims on behalf of the unit owners of two or
229.27	more units.
229.28	(b) An association may not retaliate against an owner for asserting any right the owner
229.29	has under this chapter or other law. For purposes of this paragraph, asserting rights includes
229.29	but is not limited to filing an action in district court to enforce a right or remedy provided
229.30	by this chapter or other law; by the declaration, bylaws, or rules and regulations of the
229.31	association; or by filing a complaint with local authorities regarding a violation of a health,
229.32	safety, housing, or building code or ordinance. An association may not decrease services
230.1 230.2	or impose a fine or other penalty or charge legal fees to the owner, nor may the association
	make the resumption of services or removal of the fine, penalty, or legal fees contingent on
230.3	the owner dropping the owner's action in district court or complaint with local authorities.
230.4	(b) (c) The court may award reasonable attorney's fees and costs of litigation to the
230.5	prevailing party. Punitive damages may be awarded for a willful failure to comply.
230.6	$\frac{(e)}{(d)}$ As a condition precedent to any construction defect claim, the parties to the claim
230.7	must submit the matter to mediation before a mutually agreeable neutral third party. For
230.8	the purposes of this section, mediation has the meaning given under the General Rules of
230.9	Practice, rule 114.02 (7). If the parties are not able to agree on a neutral third-party mediator
230.10	from the roster maintained by the Minnesota Supreme Court, the parties may petition the
230.11	district court in the jurisdiction in which the common interest community is located to
230.12	appoint a mediator. The applicable statute of limitations and statute of repose for an action
230.13	based on breach of a warranty imposed by this section, or any other action in contract, tort,
230.14	or other law for any injury to real or personal property or bodily injury or wrongful death
230.15	arising out of the alleged construction defect, is tolled from the date that any party makes
230.16	a written demand for mediation under this section until the latest of the following:
230.17	(1) five business days after mediation is completed; or
230.18	(2) 180 days.
230.19	Notwithstanding the foregoing, mediation shall not be required prior to commencement
230.19	of a construction defect claim if the parties have completed home warranty dispute resolution
230.20	under section 327A.051.
230.21	under section 32/A.031.
230.22	(d) (e) The remedies provided for under this chapter are not exclusive and do not abrogate
230.23	any remedies under other statutes or the common law, notwithstanding whether those
230.24	remedies are referred to in this chapter.
230.25	Sec. 28. Laws 2023, chapter 37, article 1, section 2, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
230.26	Subd. 2. <b>Challenge Program</b> 60,425,000 60,425,000

165.22 Sec. 39. Laws 2023, chapter 37, article 1, section 2, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

165.23 Subd. 2. Challenge Program

60,425,000

60,425,000

Senate Language UEH5242-1

House Language H5242-3

165.24	
165.25	development and housing challenge program
165.26	under Minnesota Statutes, sections 462A.33
165.27	and 462A.07, subdivision 14.
165.28	(b) Of this amount, \$6,425,000 each year shall
165.29	be made available during the first 11 months
165.30	of the fiscal year exclusively for housing
165.31	projects for American Indians. Any funds not
165.32	committed to housing projects for American
165.33	Indians within the annual consolidated request
166.1	for funding processes may be available for
166.2	any eligible activity under Minnesota Statutes,
166.3	sections 462A.33 and 462A.07, subdivision
166.4	14.
	( ) O.C.1
166.5	(c) Of the amount in the first year, \$5,000,000
166.6	is for a grant to Urban Homeworks to expand
166.7	initiatives pertaining to deeply affordable
166.8 166.9	homeownership in Minneapolis neighborhoods
166.10	with over 40 percent of residents identifying as Black, Indigenous, or People of Color and
	at least 40 percent of residents making less
166.11 166.12	than 50 percent of the area median income.
166.13	The grant is to be used for acquisition,
166.14	
166.15	rehabilitation, gap financing as defined in section 462A.33, subdivision 1, and
166.16	construction of homes to be sold to households
166.17	with incomes of 50 to at or below 60 percent
166.18	of the area median income. This is a onetime
166.19	appropriation, and is available until June 30,
166.20	2027. By December 15 each year until 2027,
166.21	Urban Homeworks must submit a report to
166.22	the chairs and ranking minority members of
166.23	the legislative committees having jurisdiction
166.24	over housing finance and policy. The report
166.25	must include the amount used for (1)
166.26	acquisition, (2) rehabilitation, and (3)
166.27	construction of housing units, along with the
166.28	number of housing units acquired,
166.29	rehabilitated, or constructed, and the amount
166.30	of the appropriation that has been spent. If any
166.31	home was sold or transferred within the year
166.32	covered by the report, Urban Homeworks must
	,

230.27 230.28 230.29 230.30	(a) This appropriation is for the economic development and housing challenge program under Minnesota Statutes, sections 462A.33 and 462A.07, subdivision 14.
230.31 230.32 231.1 231.2 231.3 231.4 231.5 231.6 231.7 231.8	(b) Of this amount, \$6,425,000 each year shall be made available during the first 11 months of the fiscal year exclusively for housing projects for American Indians. Any funds not committed to housing projects for American Indians within the annual consolidated request for funding processes may be available for any eligible activity under Minnesota Statutes, sections 462A.33 and 462A.07, subdivision 14.
231.9 231.10	(c) Of the amount in the first year, \$5,000,000 is for a grant to Urban Homework, \$5 explain the depth of foods have the state of the s
231.11	initiatives pertaining to deeply affordable
231.12	homeownership in Minneapolis neighborhoods
231.13	with over 40 percent of residents identifying
231.14	as Black, Indigenous, or People of Color and
231.15	at least 40 percent of residents making less
231.16	than 50 percent of the area median income.
231.17	The grant is to be used for acquisition,
231.18	rehabilitation, gap financing as defined in
231.19	Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.33,
231.20	subdivision 1, and construction of homes to be sold to households with incomes of 50 to
231.21	obe sold to nouseholds with incomes of 30 to
231.22	at or below 60 percent of the area median
231.23	income. This is a onetime appropriation, and is available until June 30, 2027. By December
231.24	15 each year <del>until 2027</del> , Urban Homeworks
231.25 231.26	must submit a report to the chairs and ranking
231.20	minority members of the legislative
231.27	committees having jurisdiction over housing
231.29	finance and policy. The report must include
231.29	the amount used for (1) acquisition, (2)
231.30	rehabilitation, and (3) construction of housing
231.31	units, along with the number of housing units
231.32	acquired, rehabilitated, or constructed, and the
231.33	amount of the appropriation that has been
231.34	spent. If any home was sold or transferred
231.36	within the year covered by the report, Urban
431.30	within the year covered by the report, Orban

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166.34	include the price at which the home was sold, as well as how much was spent to complete the project before sale.
167.1 167.2 167.3	(d) Of the amount in the first year, \$2,000,000 is for a grant to Rondo Community Land Trust. This is a onetime appropriation.
167.4 167.5	(e) The base for this program in fiscal year 2026 and beyond is \$12,925,000.
167.6	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
167.7	Sec. 40. Laws 2023, chapter 37, article 1, section 2, subdivision 32, is amended to read:
167.8	Subd. 32. Northland Foundation 1,000,000
167.11 167.12 167.13 167.14 167.15 167.16 167.17 167.18 167.19	This appropriation is for a grant to Northland Foundation for use on expenditures authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section 462C.16, subdivision 3, to assist and support communities in providing housing locally, and on for assisting local governments to establish local or regional housing trust funds. Northland Foundation may award grants and loans to other entities to expend on authorized expenditures under this section. This appropriation is onetime and available until June 30, 2025.
167.21	Sec. 41. Laws 2023, chapter 37, article 2, section 12, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
167.22 167.23	Subd. 2. <b>Eligible homebuyer.</b> For the purposes of this section, an "eligible homebuyer" means an individual:
167.24	(1) whose income is at or below 130 percent of area median income;
	(2) who resides in a census tract where at least 60 percent of occupied housing units are renter-occupied, based on the most recent estimates or experimental estimates provided by the American Community Survey of the United States Census Bureau;
167.28 167.29	$\frac{(3)}{2}$ who is financing the purchase of an eligible property with an interest-free, fee-based mortgage; and
167.30 167.31	(4) (3) who is a first-time homebuyer as defined by Code of Federal Regulations, title 24, section 92.2.

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232.1 232.2 232.3	Homeworks must include the price at which the home was sold, as well as how much was spent to complete the project before sale.
232.4 232.5 232.6	(d) Of the amount in the first year, \$2,000,000 is for a grant to Rondo Community Land Trust. This is a onetime appropriation.
232.7 232.8	(e) The base for this program in fiscal year 2026 and beyond is \$12,925,000.
232.9	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
232.10	Sec. 29. Laws 2023, chapter 37, article 1, section 2, subdivision 32, is amended to read:
232.11	Subd. 32. Northland Foundation 1,000,000
232.13 232.14 232.15 232.16 232.17 232.18 232.19 232.20 232.21 232.22	This appropriation is for a grant to Northland Foundation for use on expenditures authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section 462C.16, subdivision 3, to assist and support communities in providing housing locally, and on for assisting local governments to establish local or regional housing trust funds.  Northland Foundation may award grants and loans to other entities to expend on authorized expenditures under this section. This appropriation is onetime and available until June 30, 2025.
232.24	Sec. 30. Laws 2023, chapter 37, article 2, section 12, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
232.25 232.26	Subd. 2. <b>Eligible homebuyer.</b> For the purposes of this section, an "eligible homebuyer" means an individual:
232.27	(1) whose income is at or below 130 percent of area median income;
232.28	(2) who resides in a census tract where at least 60 percent of occupied housing units are
232.29 232.30	renter-occupied, based on the most recent estimates or experimental estimates provided by the American Community Survey of the United States Census Bureau;
233.1 233.2	$\frac{(3)}{(2)}$ who is financing the purchase of an eligible property with an interest-free, fee-based mortgage; and
233.3 233.4	(4) (3) who is a first-time homebuyer as defined by Code of Federal Regulations, title 24, section 92.2.

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168.1	Sec. 42. TASK FORCE ON LONG-TERM SUSTAINABILITY OF AFFORDABLE
168.2	HOUSING.
168.3	Subdivision 1. Establishment. A task force is established to study the financial health
168.4	and stability of affordable housing providers and to provide recommendations to the
168.5 168.6	Minnesota legislature to promote long-term sustainability of affordable housing providers, prevent loss of affordable units, and promote housing security for renters.
168.7	Subd. 2. <b>Duties.</b> (a) The task force must assess underlying financial challenges for
168.8	affordable housing providers in their pursuit of developing and preserving safe, affordable,
168.9	and dignified housing, including examining:
168.10	(1) factors that are leading to increasing costs, including but not limited to insurance
168.11	rates, security costs, and rehabilitation needs;
168.12	(2) factors that are leading to declining revenues for affordable housing providers,
168.13	including but not limited to loss of rent and vacancy issues;
168.14	(3) the significant financial needs across the entire sector of affordable housing providers;
168.15	and
168.16	(4) the potential impact of loss of housing units under current conditions.
168.17	(b) The task force must evaluate the current financing and administrative tools that are
168.18	being deployed to support housing providers and their effectiveness, including examining:
168.19	(1) current funding needs, financing programs, and the availability of funding to assess
168.20	the level of funding as it relates to overall needs;
168.21	(2) administrative tools utilized by the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency to support
168.22	affordable housing providers; and
168.23	(3) the effectiveness of current funding programs and tools.
168.24	(c) The task force must evaluate potential solutions to address identified financial
168.25	challenges for affordable housing providers, including:
168.26	(1) additional funding for existing programs and tools;
168.27	(2) new financial tools, including new uses of housing infrastructure bonds;
168.28	(3) mechanisms to fund supportive services in the development process for new affordable
168.29	housing projects;
168.30	(4) underwriting practices at the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency; and
169.1	(5) recommendations for changes to financial or management practices for affordable
169.2	housing providers.
169.3	Subd. 3. Meetings and report. The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency shall convene
169.4	the first meeting of the task force no later than August 31, 2024, and shall provide accessible

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169.5	physical or virtual meeting space as necessary for the task force to conduct its work. The
169.6	task force must submit final recommendations to the house of representatives and senate
169.7	housing committees and for the commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency
169.8	no later than February 1, 2025.
107.0	no later than 1 cordary 1, 2023.
169.9	Subd. 4. Membership. The task force shall consist of 13 members representing a cross
169.10	section of the affordable housing industry and relevant agency staff. The chair of the house
169.11	of representatives committee with jurisdiction over housing finance shall appoint four
169.12	members. The chair of the senate committee with jurisdiction over housing finance shall
169.13	appoint four members. The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency shall
169.14	appoint five members. Members must be appointed no later than July 1, 2024.
169.15	Subd. 5. <b>Expiration.</b> The task force expires upon submission of the final
169.16	recommendations required under subdivision 4.
107.10	recommendations required under subdivision 1.
169.17	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.
169.18	Sec. 43. DIRECTION TO COMMISSIONERS OF HUMAN SERVICES AND THE
169.19	MINNESOTA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY; EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE
169.20	PROGRAM MODIFICATIONS.
1.00.21	(-) The commission of the Missessee Hermite Figure A in complete with
169.21	(a) The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, in consultation with
169.22	the commissioner of human services, shall develop program recommendations for emergency
169.23	rental assistance that have the flexibility to provide relief for crises within a time frame that
169.24	corresponds to the emergency and that are simple enough for applicants to understand across
169.25	all emergency rental assistance programs. In the development of these recommendations,
169.26	the commissioners must:
1.60.07	
169.27	(1) recognize differences between administrative and legislative authority and propose
169.28	legislative changes to the definition of emergency general assistance;
169.29	(2) adopt policies and practices that prioritize easy-to-understand eligibility criteria and
169.30	definitions that prioritize accessible, culturally responsive, and trauma-informed approaches
169.31	when assisting persons through a crisis; and
109.51	when assisting persons through a crisis, and
169.32	(3) develop guidance to emergency rental assistance program administrators that
169.33	encourage the program administrators to be flexible with the required forms of documentation
170.1	for the program and to avoid establishing documentation requirements that are likely to be
170.1	barriers to participation in emergency rental assistance for eligible households.
1/0.2	barriers to participation in emergency remai assistance for engine nouseholds.
170.3	(b) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given:
-, -,-	
170.4	(1) "culturally responsive" means agencies, programs, and providers of services respond
170.5	respectfully and effectively to people of all cultures, languages, classes, races, ethnic
170.6	backgrounds, disabilities, religions, genders, sexual orientations, and other identities in a
170.7	manner that recognizes, values, and affirms differences and eliminates barriers to access;
170.8	and
1 / 0.0	<u>uno</u>

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170.9	(2) "trauma-informed" means to recognize that many people have experienced trauma
170.10	in their lifetime and that programs must be designed to respond to people with respect and
170.11	accommodate the needs of people who have or are currently experiencing trauma.
170.12	Sec. 44. E-SIGNATURE OPTIONS FOR RENTAL ASSISTANCE.
170.13	The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency and the commissioner of
170.14	human services are encouraged to develop uniform e-signature options to be used in
170.15	applications for emergency general assistance, emergency assistance, and family homeless
170.16	prevention and assistance program assistance. The commissioner must notify the chairs and
170.17	ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over housing and
170.18	human services when the e-signature options are implemented. A copy of this notification
170.19	must also be filed with the Legislative Reference Library in compliance with Minnesota
170.20	Statutes, section 3.195.
170.21	Sec. 45. LANGUAGE ACCESS IN APPLICATIONS FOR RENTAL ASSISTANCE.
170.22	The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency and the commissioner of
170.23	human services shall research state and federal laws and regulations to determine language
170.24	access standards applying to the organizations' emergency general assistance, emergency
170.25	assistance, and family homelessness prevention and assistance programs and shall ensure
170.26	compliance with all applicable language access requirements. The commissioners are
170.27	encouraged to identify specific languages into which program materials could be translated
170.28	to improve access to emergency general assistance, emergency assistance, and family
170.29	homeless prevention and assistance program assistance and shall translate the materials into
170.30	the identified languages. The commissioners are encouraged to develop and implement a
170.31	plan to translate any website applications for emergency general assistance, emergency
170.32	assistance, and family homeless prevention and assistance program assistance into
170.33	multilingual website applications.
171.1	Sec. 46. <u>VERIFICATION PROCEDURES FOR RENTAL ASSISTANCE.</u>
171.2	(a) The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, in consultation with
171.3	the commissioner of human services, is encouraged to consult with local officials to develop
171.4	recommendations aimed at simplifying the process of verifying the information in
171.5	applications for emergency general assistance, emergency assistance, and family homeless
171.6	prevention and assistance program assistance. In developing recommendations, the
171.7	commissioners must consider:
171.8	(1) allowing self-attestation of emergencies, assets, and income;
171.9	(2) allowing verbal authorization by applicants to allow emergency rental assistance
171.10	administrators to communicate with landlords and utility providers regarding applications
171.11	for assistance; and

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236.9	Sec. 3. E-SIGNATURE OPTIONS FOR RENTAL ASSISTANCE.
236.10	The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, working with the
236.11	commissioner of human services, shall develop uniform e-signature options to be used in
236.12	applications for the family homelessness prevention and assistance program. No later than
236.13	June 30, 2026, the commissioner shall require administrators of the family homelessness
236.14	
236.15	options. The commissioner must notify the chairs and ranking minority members of the
	legislative committees with jurisdiction over housing of the date when the e-signature options
	are implemented. A copy of this notification must also be filed with the Legislative Reference
236.18	Library in compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 3.195.
236.19	Sec. 4. VERIFICATION PROCEDURES FOR RENTAL ASSISTANCE.

236.24	(1) allowing self-attestation of emergencies, assets, and income;
236.25	(2) allowing verbal authorization by applicants to allow emergency rental assistance
236.26	administrators to communicate with landlords and utility providers regarding applications
236.27	for assistance; and

236.21 administrators, must develop recommendations to simplify the process of verifying information in applications for the family homelessness prevention and assistance program.

236.23 In developing recommendations, the commissioner must consider:

(a) The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, working with program

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171.12	(3) allowing landlords to apply for emergency rental assistance on tenants' behalf.
171.13	(b) The commissioners are encouraged to:
171.14	(1) prepare recommendations by January 1, 2025; and
171.15	(2) report those recommendations to the chairs and ranking minority members of the
171.13	legislative committees having jurisdiction over housing.
171.17	(c) If recommendations are developed, the commissioners must report by January 13,
171.18	2025, to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with
171.19	jurisdiction over housing and human services detailing the proposed recommendations
171.20	developed pursuant to this section. If recommendations are implemented, the commissioners must report by July 7, 2025, to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative
171.21	
171.23	adopted pursuant to this section.
171.24	Sec. 47. HOUSING AFFORDABILITY PRESERVATION INVESTMENT.
171.24 171.25	Sec. 47. HOUSING AFFORDABILITY PRESERVATION INVESTMENT.  Subdivision 1. Establishment. The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance
171.25 171.26	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency must establish and administer a grant program to support recapitalization of distressed
171.25	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance
171.25 171.26	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency must establish and administer a grant program to support recapitalization of distressed
171.25 171.26 171.27	Subdivision 1. <b>Establishment.</b> The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency must establish and administer a grant program to support recapitalization of distressed buildings.
171.25 171.26 171.27 171.28	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency must establish and administer a grant program to support recapitalization of distressed buildings.  Subd. 2. Definitions. For purposes of this section:  (1) "distressed building" means an existing rental housing building in which the units
171.25 171.26 171.27 171.28 171.29	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency must establish and administer a grant program to support recapitalization of distressed buildings.  Subd. 2. Definitions. For purposes of this section:  (1) "distressed building" means an existing rental housing building in which the units
171.25 171.26 171.27 171.28 171.29 171.30	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency must establish and administer a grant program to support recapitalization of distressed buildings.  Subd. 2. Definitions. For purposes of this section:  (1) "distressed building" means an existing rental housing building in which the units are restricted to households at or below 60 percent of the area median income, and that:
171.25 171.26 171.27 171.28 171.29 171.30 171.31	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency must establish and administer a grant program to support recapitalization of distressed buildings.  Subd. 2. Definitions. For purposes of this section:  (1) "distressed building" means an existing rental housing building in which the units are restricted to households at or below 60 percent of the area median income, and that:  (i) is in foreclosure proceedings;
171.25 171.26 171.27 171.28 171.29 171.30 171.31 172.1 172.2	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency must establish and administer a grant program to support recapitalization of distressed buildings.  Subd. 2. Definitions. For purposes of this section:  (1) "distressed building" means an existing rental housing building in which the units are restricted to households at or below 60 percent of the area median income, and that:  (i) is in foreclosure proceedings;  (ii) has two or more years of negative net operating income;  (iii) has two or more years with a debt service coverage ratio of less than one; or
171.25 171.26 171.27 171.28 171.29 171.30 171.31	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency must establish and administer a grant program to support recapitalization of distressed buildings.  Subd. 2. Definitions. For purposes of this section:  (1) "distressed building" means an existing rental housing building in which the units are restricted to households at or below 60 percent of the area median income, and that:  (i) is in foreclosure proceedings;  (ii) has two or more years of negative net operating income;
171.25 171.26 171.27 171.28 171.29 171.30 171.31 172.1 172.2	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency must establish and administer a grant program to support recapitalization of distressed buildings.  Subd. 2. Definitions. For purposes of this section:  (1) "distressed building" means an existing rental housing building in which the units are restricted to households at or below 60 percent of the area median income, and that:  (i) is in foreclosure proceedings;  (ii) has two or more years of negative net operating income;  (iii) has two or more years with a debt service coverage ratio of less than one; or  (iv) has necessary costs of repair, replacement, or maintenance that exceed the project
171.25 171.26 171.27 171.28 171.29 171.30 171.31 172.1 172.2 172.3 172.4	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency must establish and administer a grant program to support recapitalization of distressed buildings.  Subd. 2. Definitions. For purposes of this section:  (1) "distressed building" means an existing rental housing building in which the units are restricted to households at or below 60 percent of the area median income, and that:  (i) is in foreclosure proceedings;  (ii) has two or more years of negative net operating income;  (iii) has two or more years with a debt service coverage ratio of less than one; or  (iv) has necessary costs of repair, replacement, or maintenance that exceed the project reserves available for those purposes; and

236.28	(3) allowing landlords to apply for emergency rental assistance on tenants' behalf.
236.29	(b) The commissioner must:
236.30 236.31 236.32	(1) prepare recommendations and submit them to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees having jurisdiction over housing finance and policy by January 1, 2025;
237.1	(2) adopt any recommendations that have become law; and
237.2 237.3	(3) provide technical assistance to counties, Tribes, and other emergency rental assistance administrators to implement these recommendations.
237.4	(c) By January 13, 2025, the commissioner must report to the chairs and ranking minority
237.5 237.6	members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over housing detailing the proposed recommendations required by this section. By July 7, 2025, the commissioner must report
237.7	to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction
237.8	over housing detailing the recommendations adopted as required by this section.
233.5	Sec. 31. HOUSING AFFORDABILITY PRESERVATION INVESTMENT.
233.6	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance
233.7	Agency must establish and administer a grant program to support recapitalization of distressed
233.8	buildings.
233.9	Subd. 2. Definitions. For purposes of this section:
233.10	(1) "distressed building" means an existing rental housing building in which the units
233.11	are restricted to households at or below 60 percent of the area median income, and:
233.12	(i) is in foreclosure proceedings;
233.13	(ii) has two or more years of negative net operating income;
233.14	(iii) has two or more years with a debt service coverage ratio of less than one; or
233.15	(iv) has necessary costs of repair, replacement, or maintenance that exceed the project
233.16	reserves available for those purposes; and
233.17	(2) "recapitalization" means financing for the physical and financial needs of a distressed
233.18	building, including restructuring and forgiveness of amortizing and deferred debt, principal
233.19	and interest paydown, interest rate write-down, deferral of debt payments, mortgage payment

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172.8 172.9	forbearance, deferred maintenance, security services, property insurance, capital improvements, funding of reserves for supportive services, and property operations.
172.10	Subd. 3. <b>Grant program.</b> The commissioner must use a request for proposal process
172.11	to consider funding requests and award grants to finance recapitalization of distressed
172.12	buildings. In awarding grants, the commissioner must give priority to distressed buildings
172.13	most at risk of losing affordable housing.
172.14	Subd. 4. Report. By February 1, 2025, and November 30, 2025, the commissioner shall
172.15	submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees
172.16	having jurisdiction over housing and homelessness. The report must detail the number of
172.17	applications received, the amount of funding requested, the grants awarded, and the number
172.18	of affordable housing units preserved through awards under this section.

33.20	forbearance, deferred maintenance, security services, property insurance, capital
33.21	improvements, funding of reserves for supportive services, and property operations.
33.22	Subd. 3. <b>Grant program.</b> The commissioner must use a request for proposal process
33.23	to consider funding requests and award grants to finance recapitalization of distressed
33.24	buildings. In awarding grants, the commissioner must give priority to distressed buildings
33.25	most at risk of losing affordable housing, to the extent practicable.
33.23	most at risk of rooms affordable housing, to the extent practicable.
33.26	Subd. 4. Report. By February 1, 2025, and November 30, 2025, the commissioner shall
33.27	submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees
33.28	having jurisdiction over housing and homelessness. The report must detail the number of
33.29	applications received, the amount of funding requested, the grants awarded, and the number
33.30	of affordable housing units preserved through awards under this section.
34.1	Sec. 32. REPORT ON RENTAL HOUSING PROGRAMS.
34.2	The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency must review the financial
34.3	impacts of the low-income rental property tax classification in Minnesota Statutes, section
34.4	273.128, and the low-income housing tax credit program under section 42 of the Internal
34.5	Revenue Code, including the extent of rent increases and housing related expenses. By
34.6	December 15, 2024, the commissioner must report on the findings and recommendations
34.7	for legislative changes to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative
34.8	committees with jurisdiction over human services, housing finance, and taxes. The
34.9	commissioner must use existing financial resources for this review and report.
34.10	Sec. 33. SINGLE-EXIT STAIRWAY APARTMENT BUILDING REPORT.
34.11	The commissioner of labor and industry must evaluate conditions under which single-exit
34.12	stairway apartment buildings above three stories up to 75 feet would achieve life safety
34.13	outcomes equal to or superior to currently adopted codes, including those for multifamily
34.14	buildings with very large footprints and single-family houses. The commissioner must use
34.15	research techniques that include smoke modeling, egress modeling, an analysis of fire loss
34.16	history in jurisdictions that have already adopted similar provisions, and interviews with
34.17	fire services regarding fire suppression and rescue techniques in such buildings. The
34.18	commissioner shall consult with relevant stakeholders, including but not limited to the
34.19	Minnesota Fire Chiefs Association, Minnesota Professional Firefighters Association,
34.20	Association of Minnesota Building Officials, Housing First Minnesota, Center for Building
34.21	in North America, and faculty from the relevant department of a university which grants
34.22	degrees in fire protection engineering. The commissioner may contract with external experts
34.23	or an independent third party to develop the report and perform other functions required of
34.24	the commissioner under this section. By December 31, 2025, the commissioner must report
34.25	on the findings to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees
34.26	with jurisdiction over housing and state building codes.

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172.19	Sec. 48. <u>REPORT TO THE LEGISLATURE.</u>
172.20 172.21 172.22	(a) By January 15 each year, the commissioner must submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees having jurisdiction over housing finance and policy containing the following information:
172.23	(1) the total number of applications for funding;
172.24	(2) the amount of funding requested;
172.25	(3) the amounts of funding awarded; and
172.26 172.27	(4) the number of housing units that are affected by funding awards, including the number of:
172.28	(i) newly constructed owner-occupied units;
172.29	(ii) renovated owner-occupied units;
172.30	(iii) newly constructed rental units; and
172.31	(iv) renovated rental units.
173.1 173.2 173.3	(b) This reporting requirement applies to appropriations to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency under this act, to appropriations to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency in Laws 2023, and to future appropriations to the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency.
173.4	Sec. 49. REVISOR INSTRUCTION.
173.5 173.6 173.7 173.8	(a) If H.F. 3800 or another substantively similar bill that establishes a new cooperative chapter coded as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 308C, is enacted during the 2024 legislative session, the revisor of statutes must add "308C" to the list of chapters referenced in Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.37, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (10), as amended in this act.
173.9 173.10 173.11	(b) The revisor of statutes shall renumber Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.37, subdivision 2i, as Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.37, subdivision 3a. The revisor shall also make necessary cross-reference changes in Minnesota Statutes.
173.14	Section 1. [504B.505] DISCRIMINATION; HOUSING ASSISTANCE.
173.15	(a) A landlord must not discriminate against a tenant based on the tenant's use of federal,
173.16	state, or local government rental assistance; a housing choice voucher program; or another
173.17	form of public assistance that helps a tenant pay rent; or refuse to rent to a tenant because
173.18	the landlord may be responsible for meeting the terms and conditions of a public assistance
173.19	program. A landlord must not deny a tenant or prospective tenant a viewing or application
173.20	for a rental unit, deny them the opportunity to rent a unit, or discriminate against a tenant
173.21	or prospective tenant who uses rental assistance or a housing choice voucher. A landlord
173.22	cannot advertise that they will not rent to a tenant who uses rental assistance or a housing
173.23	choice voucher program.

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234.27	Sec. 34. REPORT TO THE LEGISLATURE.
234.28	By January 15 each year, the commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency
234.29	must submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees
234.30	having jurisdiction over housing finance and policy containing the following information:
234.31	(1) the total number of applications for funding;
234.32	(2) the amount of funding requested;
235.1	(3) the amounts of funding awarded; and
235.2	(4) the number of housing units that are affected by funding awards, including the number
235.3	of:
235.4	(i) newly constructed owner-occupied units;
235.5	(ii) renovated owner-occupied units;
235.6	(iii) newly constructed rental units; and
235.7	(iv) renovated rental units.
235.8	Sec. 35. REVISOR INSTRUCTION.
235.9	The revisor of statutes shall renumber Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.37, subdivision

235.10 2i, as Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.37, subdivision 3a. The revisor shall also make necessary cross-reference changes in Minnesota Statutes.

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173.24 173.25	(b) A violation of this section is an unfair discriminatory practice under section 363A.09, and an individual has all the rights and remedies available under chapter 363A.
173.26 173.27	Sec. 2. Laws 2023, chapter 52, article 19, section 120, is amended to read: Sec. 120. <b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b>
173.28 173.29	Sections 117 to and 119 are effective January 1, 2024. Section 118 is effective January 1, 2024, and applies to cases filed before, on, or after that date.
173.30	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from January 1, 2024.
174.1 174.2	Sec. 3. WORKING GROUP ON COMMON INTEREST COMMUNITIES AND HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATIONS.
174.3 174.4 174.5 174.6	Subdivision 1. Creation; duties. (a) A working group is created to study the prevalence and impact of common interest communities (CICs) and homeowners associations (HOAs) in Minnesota and how the existing laws regulating CICs and HOAs help homeowners and tenants access safe and affordable housing. The working group shall study:
174.7 174.8	(1) how many CICs and HOAs exist, how many people may reside in those housing units, and where they are located in the state;
174.9 174.10 174.11	(2) the governing documents commonly used by CICs and HOAs and whether the governing documents or common practices create barriers for participation by homeowners in the board of directors for CICs or HOAs;
174.12 174.13 174.14	(3) the fees and costs commonly associated with CICs and HOAs and how those fees have increased, including the cost of outside management, accounting, and attorney fees that are assessed to owners and residents;
174.15 174.16	(4) whether there should be uniform, statutory standards regarding fees, fines, and costs assessed to residents;
174.17 174.18	(5) how the organization and management of CICs and HOAs, including boards and management companies, impact the affordability of CICs and HOAs;
174.19	(6) the impact of CICs and HOAs on the housing market and housing costs;
174.20	(7) the racial disparity in homeownership as it relates to CICs and HOAs;
174.21	(8) the accessibility and affordability of CICs and HOAs for Minnesotans with disabilities;
174.22 174.23	(9) how other states regulate CICs and HOAs and best practices related to board transparency, dispute resolution, and foreclosures; and
174.24 174.25	(10) how the current laws governing CICs and HOAs may be consolidated and reformed for clarity and to improve the experience of homeowners and residents in CICs and HOAs.

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174.26	(b) The focus and duties of the working group shall be to recommend legislative reforms
174.27	or other methods to regulate CICs and HOAs, including the consolidation or recodification
174.28	of existing chapters regulating CICs and HOAs.
174.29	Subd. 2. Membership. The working group shall consist of the following:
174.30	(1) two members of the house of representatives, one appointed by the speaker of the
174.31	house and one appointed by the minority leader;
175.1	(2) two members of the senate, one appointed by the senate majority leader and one
175.2	appointed by the senate minority leader;
175.3	(3) one member from the Minnesota Homeownership Center;
175.4	(4) one member from the Community Associations Institute;
175.5	(5) one member from a business association that supports, educates, or provides services
175.6	to CICs and HOAs in Minnesota designated by the commissioner of commerce;
175.7	(6) one member from a legal aid association familiar with housing laws and representing
175.8	low-income clients;
175.9	(7) one member from the Minnesota Association of Realtors;
175.10	(8) one member who is an attorney who regularly works advising homeowners or
175.11	residents in CICs and HOAs and is familiar with the state foreclosure laws designed by the
175.12	State Bar Association;
175.13	(9) one member who is an attorney who regularly works advising CIC and HOA boards
175.14	designated by the State Bar Association;
175.15	(10) one member from a metropolitan area government who is familiar with issues
175.16	homeowners and tenants face while living in CICs and HOAs in the metropolitan area;
175.17	(11) the commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency or the commissioner's
175.18	designee;
175.19	(12) one member from the attorney general's office designated by the attorney general;
175.20	(13) two members who are currently, or have within the last five years, served on a CIC
175.21	or HOA board and have knowledge about the management of CIC and HOA boards; and
175.22	(14) four members who are current or recent owners of a residence that is part of a CIC
175.23	or HOA.
175.24	Subd. 3. Facilitation; organization; meetings. (a) The Management Analysis Division
175.25	of Minnesota Management and Budget shall facilitate the working group, provide
175.26	administrative assistance, and convene the first meeting by July 15, 2024. Members of the

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175.28	by Minnesota Statutes, section 15.059, subdivision 3.
175.29	(b) The working group must meet at regular intervals as often as necessary to accomplish
175.30	the goals enumerated under subdivision 1. Meetings of the working group are subject to the
175.31	Minnesota Open Meeting Law under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 13D.
176.1	Subd. 4. External consultation. The working group shall consult with other individuals
176.2	and organizations that have expertise and experience that may assist the working group in
176.3	fulfilling its responsibilities, including entities engaging in additional external stakeholder
176.4	input from those with experience living in CICs and HOAs as well as working with the
176.5	board of directors for CICs and HOAs.
176.6 176.7	Subd. 5. Report required. The working group shall submit a final report by February 1, 2025, to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with
176.8	jurisdiction over housing finance and policy, commerce, and real property. The report shall
176.9	include recommendations and draft legislation based on the duties and focus for the working
176.10	group provided in subdivision 1.
176.11	Subd. 6. <b>Expiration.</b> The working group expires upon submission of the final report in
176.12	subdivision 5, or February 28, 2025, whichever is later.
176.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and
176 14	evnires March 1, 2025

175.27 working group may receive compensation and reimbursement for expenses as authorized

235.25	Sec. 2. DATA COLLECTION TO MEASURE TIMELINESS OF RENTAL
235.26	ASSISTANCE.

235.27	The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency must work with the
235.28	commissioner of human services to develop criteria for measuring the timeliness of
235.29	processing applications for rental assistance. The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing
235.30	Finance Agency must collect data to monitor application speeds of the family homelessness
236.1	prevention and assistance program and use the collected data to inform improvements to
236.2	application processing systems. By January 15, 2027, the commissioner of the Minnesota
236.3	Housing Finance Agency must submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members
236.4	of the legislative committees having jurisdiction over housing finance and policy. The report
236.5	must include analysis of the data collected and whether goals have been met to (1) process
236.6	an emergency rental assistance application within two weeks of the receipt of a complete
236.7	application, and (2) if approved, make payment to a landlord within 30 days of the receipt
236.8	of a complete application.