

Chapter 118

2026 Regular Session

Subject Public safety finance and policy; safety and security measures

Bill S.F. 3432

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Overview

Chapter 118 contains public safety supplemental appropriations, various public safety finance and policy provisions, and safety and security measures along with related appropriations.

Article 1: Security Appropriations

This article makes various supplemental appropriations and base adjustments, primarily related to safety and security measures.

Section Description – Article 1: Security Appropriations

- 1 **Judiciary appropriations.**
Sets out the appropriations structure for some subsequent sections and defines terms.
- 2 **Supreme Court.**
Makes appropriations in fiscal year 2027 for judicial security, security personnel, judicial security and stability, and courthouse safety grants.
- 3 **Court of Appeals.**
Makes appropriations in fiscal year 2027 for safety and security measures.
- 4 **District courts.**
Makes appropriations in fiscal year 2027 for safety and security measures.
- 5-7 **Base adjustments.**
Redistributes the appropriations base in fiscal years 2028-29 for the judicial branch.

Section Description – Article 1: Security Appropriations

- 8 **Legislature.**
Increases appropriations in fiscal years 2026-27 for the Senate and House of Representatives.
- 9 **State Patrol.**
Makes appropriations in fiscal years 2026-27 to the Department of Public Safety for Capitol Security operating deficiency, Capitol building screening, Capitol area enhancements, a new Legislative Services Unit, and a task force.
- 10 **Appropriations; Legislature; Legislative security services reimbursements.**
Makes appropriations in fiscal year 2027 to the Senate and House of Representatives for reimbursements related to personal security and protection costs. These are onetime appropriations.
- 11 **Appropriations; constitutional officers; safety and security.**
Makes appropriations in fiscal year 2027 to state constitutional officers for their respective safety and security. These are onetime appropriations.
- 12 **Appropriation; Bureau of Criminal Apprehension.**
Makes an appropriation in fiscal year 2027 to the Department of Public Safety for Bureau of Criminal Apprehension threat assessment and investigation activities.
- 13 **Transfer; Department of Natural Resources.**
Authorizes transfer of fiscal year 2025 or 2026 nongrant operating appropriations to the Department of Natural Resources for the Division of Enforcement, which is made available for nonbudgeted public safety costs.

Article 2: Capitol Security Policy

This article contains policy provisions related to safety and security for legislators and in the Capitol Area complex.

Section Description – Article 2: Capitol Security Policy

- 1 **Emergency contact information data.**
Makes a technical change, to identify a cross reference to a data practices provision being added.

Section Description – Article 2: Capitol Security Policy

- 2 **[Adds § 299A.96] Emergency contact information for elected officials.**
Sets out procedures for elected officials to provide emergency contact information to the Department of Public Safety. Effective July 1, 2026.
- Subd. 1. Definitions.** Defines terms for the statute.
- Subd. 2. Submitting contact information to commissioner.** Directs elected officials to submit and annually verify specified contact information to the Department of Public Safety. Provides for an elected official to opt out.
- Subd. 3. Data classification.** Classifies the emergency contact information as private data on individuals.
- Subd. 4. Using and disclosing information.** Limits emergency contact information access and disclosure, to only allow it for safety and security of the officials or their immediate family.
- 3 **Members, powers, and duties.**
Makes conforming and technical changes. Effective the day after enactment.
- 4 **[Adds § 299E.05] Definitions.**
Defines terms for the chapter of state statutes governing Capitol complex security.
- 5 **Created; director.**
Revises the statutory name for the Capitol Security section within the State Patrol, to align the statute with the current Department of Public Safety organizational structure. Effective May 27, 2026.
- 6 **Responsibilities.**
Broadens the responsibilities of Capitol Security to include legislative security under a new Legislative Services Unit being established elsewhere in the act and requires staffing for the unit. Establishes that Capitol Security is presumed to be the lead law enforcement agency for investigating crimes that occur in the Capitol Area. Requires that state troopers assigned to Capitol Security have training or experience in criminal investigations. Allows for the Capitol Security director to request that another law enforcement agency lead an investigation of a crime covered by this provision. Effective May 27, 2026.
- 7 **Powers and duties transferred.**
Makes technical changes.

Section Description – Article 2: Capitol Security Policy

- 8 **Capitol complex.**
Makes technical changes.
- 9 **[Adds § 299E.015] Capitol complex security; reports.**
Requires two annual legislative reports on Capitol Security to the legislature, with a public report that contains general security information and a confidential report that contains security sensitive information. Specifies contents required for each report. Makes the public report due beginning in 2028. Effective July 1, 2026.
- 10 **[Adds § 299E.10] Legislative services.**
Establishes a Legislative Services Unit, sets out its duties, and provides for agreements with local law enforcement. Effective May 27, 2026.
- Subd. 1. Unit created.** Establishes the unit within Capitol Security.
- Subd. 2. Staffing.** Requires unit management by a peace officer in the State Patrol.
- Subd. 3. Threat assessment, mitigation, and response.** Specifies requirements for identification, evaluation, and mitigation of threats to legislators, including establishing a threat assessment prioritization structure, identifying information to be relayed to the subject of a threat in some circumstances, and requiring reimbursements from the legislature for personal security protection of legislators.
- Subd. 4. Responsibilities.** Specifies activities of the unit, including to:
- coordinate security services for legislators;
 - develop a plan on the security services;
 - develop protocols or procedures on security-related communications;
 - develop protocols on potential threats to legislators; and
 - offer legislator training.
- Establishes that the unit duties do not include personal protective activities.
- Subd. 5. Agreement with local law enforcement; reimbursement.** Authorizes agreements with local law enforcement agencies on security and protection activities and provides for cost reimbursement.
- 11 **Security services task force.**
Establishes a task force on security and protective services provided to legislators. Effective July 1, 2026.

Section Description – Article 2: Capitol Security Policy

Subd. 1. Definitions. Defines terms.

Subd. 2. Establishment. Creates the task force.

Subd. 3. Members. Specifies task force membership and appointing authorities. Requires appointments by August 15, 2026. Limits who serves as task force chair or co-chair.

Subd. 4. Meetings. Sets requirements on task force meetings, which includes requiring the first meeting by September 15, 2026, and clarifying that the task force is subject to the Open Meeting Law.

Subd. 5. Duties. Specifies task force duties and sets requirements on votes to adopt findings and recommendations. Duties include:

- reviewing national best practices;
- advising on the new Legislative Services Unit;
- assisting in development of communication protocols;
- analyzing information technology for security services communications; and
- evaluating methods of security services to the legislature and personal protection to legislators.

Subd. 6. Administration. Provides for task force administration, including staffing support by the Department of Public Safety. Prevents member compensation from the task force.

Subd. 7. Report. Requires a legislative report on the task force by February 1, 2027. Specifies required report contents.

Subd. 8. Expiration. Makes the task force expire on June 30, 2027.

12 **Legislative Services Unit implementation.**

Directs commencement of Legislative Services Unit implementation steps and requires a legislative report by December 15, 2027, on unit implementation activities. Specifies report contents. Effective May 27, 2026.

Article 3: Public Safety Appropriations

This article appropriates money to the Department of Public Safety and the Department of Corrections, transfers money into the Minnesota victims of crime account, increases the

appropriation for the Philando Castile Memorial Training Fund, and adjusts the deadline to use money appropriated in 2025.

Section Description – Article 3: Public Safety Appropriations

- 1 **Appropriations.**
Establishes the parameters for appropriations made in this article.

- 2 **Public safety.**
Appropriates \$1,314,000 in fiscal year 2027 to the commissioner of public safety for a clearance grant program, Task Force on Improving Responses to Domestic Violence Crimes, a grant to prevent the trafficking and sexual exploitation of youth, and a grant to support reentry services for young adults released from juvenile detention or prison.

- 3 **Corrections.**
Appropriates \$13,000 in fiscal year 2027 to the commissioner of corrections for increased incarceration and prerelease services due to increased penalties.
Establishes a base appropriation of \$61,000 in fiscal year 2028 and \$98,000 in fiscal year 2029.

- 4 **Minnesota victims of crime account; transfer.**
Transfers \$12,000,000 in fiscal year 2027 from the general fund to the Minnesota victims of crime account.

- 5 **Peace Officer Standards and Training (POST) Board.**
Appropriates an additional \$1,058,000 in fiscal years 2026 and 2027 to the Peace Officer Standards and Training Board for the Philando Castile Memorial Training Fund. This increases the total appropriation to \$6,000,000 each year.

Article 4: Public Safety Policy

This article makes changes to public safety policy including expanding the ability of the attorney general to issue administrative subpoenas in certain cases involving fraud, allowing certain victim statements to be treated as confidential, creating a task force on improving responses to domestic violence crimes, and creating a grant program to increase the rate of solving crimes involving nonfatal shootings.

Section Description – Article 4: Public Safety Policy

1 Authority.

Amends the authority for the attorney general to issue administrative subpoenas to include information related to a law enforcement investigation of financial crimes and fraud, including fraud involving state-funded or administered programs or services and insurance fraud. Limits the use of administrative subpoenas to situations in which there is probable cause to believe that a crime was committed. Specifies that the limitation does not apply to investigative authority that the attorney general has under other statutes.

2 Applicant appearance; third-party statements.

Authorizes the Clemency Review Commission to treat a victim's written statement as confidential at the request of a victim.

3 Task force on Improving Responses to Domestic Violence Crimes.

Establishes a Task Force on Improving Responses to Domestic Violence Crimes to review current responses to those offenses and make policy and funding recommendations. Establishes that the commissioner of public safety must invite representatives from law enforcement, prosecution offices, the Board of Public Defense, the Minnesota Association of Criminal Defense Lawyers, Tribal governments, the Office for Missing and Murdered Indigenous Relatives, the Office for Missing and Murdered Black Women and Girls, and other interested parties to participate in the task force. Establishes that the first responsibility for the task force is to develop a model policy on the use of lethality assessments by peace officers. Establishes other duties for the task force including reviewing current practices, identifying barriers to investigating and prosecuting domestic violence offenses, and making recommendations for policy changes and funding levels. Requires the task force to submit reports.

4 Minnesota clearance grant program.

Establishes a grant program within the Department of Public Safety to issue grants to law enforcement agencies. Money must be used to increase the solve rate of crimes that involve a nonfatal shooting. Directs the commissioner of public safety to prioritize applicants with a plan to work with other entities to improve the clearance rate, and a detailed process for evaluating the use of grant funds. Half of the funds must be reserved for applicants from outside the metropolitan area. Requires grant recipients to report on the use of funds and the impact of the program.

5 Repealer.

Repeals the changes to Minnesota Statutes, section 8.16, subdivision 1 that passed in S.F. 4760. Section 1 of this article replaces those changes.

Article 5: General Criminal Provisions

This article contains provisions related to criminal penalties. It expands the crime of fourth-degree assault to include certain assaults on security personnel providing services at hospitals and clinics, increases the penalty for theft from a vulnerable adult, and expands the authority of law enforcement and prosecutors to investigate and charge cases involving child sexual abuse material (CSAM).

Section Description – Article 5: General Criminal Provisions

- 1 **Firefighters and medical personnel.**
Increases the penalty for assaulting security officers providing services in a hospital or clinic. Establishes a gross misdemeanor penalty for a physical assault and a felony penalty with a maximum sentence of imprisonment of three years for an assault that inflicts demonstrable bodily harm.

- 1 **Enhanced penalties; risk of harm; vulnerable adult.**
Establishes enhanced penalties for theft when the offender knows or has reason to know that the victim is a vulnerable adult. Establishes that a misdemeanor offense becomes a gross misdemeanor, a gross misdemeanor offense becomes a felony with a maximum sentence of two years of imprisonment, and the maximum penalty for a felony offense must increase by 25 percent.

- 2 **Venue.**
Modifies section 617.246 (use of minors in sexual performance) to provide flexibility to prosecutors on which counties charges can be filed in for violations of this section of law.

- 3 **Venue.**
Modifies section 617.247 (possession of CSAM) to provide flexibility to prosecutors on which counties charges can be filed in for violations of this section of law.

- 4 **Child sexual abuse material; on-scene digital evidence preview.**
Authorizes CSAM investigators to preview digital evidence seized under a valid search warrant at the location where the warrant is executed.

Article 6: Prediction Markets

This article limits the ability of prediction markets to offer wagers on certain events, including sporting events, war, and elections. It prohibits advertising prediction markets and authorizes the Department of Alcohol and Gambling Enforcement to issue cease-and-desist letters. This article replaces a complete ban on prediction markets that passed in S.F. 4760 (Laws 2026, chapter 97).

Section Description – Article 6: Prediction Markets

1 Cease and desist orders.

Authorizes the Division of Alcohol and Gambling Enforcement to issue cease and desist orders to businesses violating the limits on prediction markets.

2 What are not bets.

Specifies that shares in a prediction market are not the type of security or commodity excluded from the definition of a “bet.” This means that those shares would be treated as a form of illegal gambling. Clarifies the types of futures contracts, such as securities or commodities, that are not bets subject to the limitation on prediction markets.

3 Prediction markets.

Defines terms including “athletic event,” “esports event,” “game of skill,” “prediction market,” and “public property” as used in this new section. Specifies that a prediction market is a system that allows consumers to place a wager on the outcome of certain future events that are not determined by the performance of the parties and lists the types events that are prohibited. The list includes sporting events, war and other human-made disasters, events happening to a natural person, elections, legal actions, and the death of an individual or group. Establishes a felony penalty for an entity that creates, operates, or otherwise facilitates the operation of a prediction market that facilitates wagers on any prohibited event. Establishes a felony for advertising prediction markets. Contains an exception stating that the limit related to sporting events does not apply to acts that are not bets as defined in law or to insurance contracts.

4 Repealer.

Repeals the prohibition on prediction markets that passed in S.F. 4760. This article replaces those changes.



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