

A constitutional amendment may be initiated by petition of registered voters equal to 8 percent of the vote in each of three-quarters of the congressional districts at the last election for governor and in the state as a whole.

Prohibits both the legislature and the voters from amending or repealing an initiated law or reinstating a repealed law until the second general election after it was voted on.

Prohibits the governor from vetoing an initiative.

Provides for legislative referral of up to three laws per general election to a vote of the people. Provides for the legislature to enact procedures for this.

Requires a proposal under this section to follow the single subject rule.

Authorizes legislation to implement the constitutional provision.

2 Ballot question. Provides the wording of the ballot question to be presented to the voters at the 2000 election.

3 Citation. Cites the act as the initiative and referendum implementation act.

4 Definitions. Defines words used in the act. "Sponsor" means a political committee as defined by chapter 10A (i.e., two or more persons promoting a proposal).

5 Preparation for petitioning. Requires sponsors to file a declaration with the secretary of state (secretary) before circulating the petition. January 1 in odd years is the earliest date for filing a declaration for a proposal at the next general election. Sets forth procedures for filing a declaration.

A declaration must include the intent of the proposal, a short title, and contact persons for the proposal.

The secretary will provide a declaration form. The filing fee is \$100.

6 Advice by revisor of statutes. Sets forth the procedural requirements for the Revisor's Office to prepare a final draft of an initiative. Requires revisor to advise the sponsors on the measure's form and constitutionality. In case of disagreements, the sponsors prevail.

Requires that an initiative cover only one subject.

Provides for the secretary of state to choose the ballot question wording. The question must be "a true and impartial statement" of the proposal and similar to a constitutional amendment question prepared by the legislature.

7 Petitions for initiative. Outlines requirements the initiative petition must meet. A petition form must include the ballot question prepared by the secretary of state, the sponsor's name, a revisor's summary of the proposal, a statement that the language of the proposal is available at the secretary and county auditor's offices, and space for voters to sign and indicate they are registered.

The secretary of state must prepare the petition form. The secretary must send a copy of an approved initiative to each county auditor within seven days after approval.

8 Time and place of circulation of petitions; voluntary abandonment. Sets forth requirements of petition circulation.

Prohibits circulating petitions in, or within 100 feet of, a polling place during a primary or election.

Provides for abandonment of petition drive. Abandonment does not prevent other sponsors from beginning a similar petition drive, but they cannot use old signatures.

Petitions found insufficient are void after the year filed and cannot be used later.

- 9 **Filing of petition.** Sets out a filing date of not later than July 1 of the even-numbered year.
- 10 **Verification of petitions.** Requires the secretary to determine the number of valid signatures on the petition and notify the sponsors within 30 days after a petition is filed, but no later than July 31. A valid signature is one that is voluntary and identifiable and belongs to a registered voter. Allows a 14 day circulation extension after notification if not enough names were gathered. Sets forth the procedural requirements for verification of validity of signatures. Sets forth the procedural requirements for a voter to contest the validity of the signatures. Requires the secretary to determine the contest.
- 11 **Random sampling method of signature verification.** Sets forth procedures for verifying validity of petition signatures. Requires testing a random sample of 5 percent of signatures.
- 12 **Certification by secretary of state.** If the minimum signatures are obtained, the secretary of state must certify that to the sponsor and the county auditors. The question must be placed on the general election ballot.
- 13 **Placement of law on ballot.** Authorizes the legislature to place a law on the ballot as a referendum that would be similar to an initiative proposed on the same ballot.
- 14 **Numbering of ballot measures.** Authorizes secretary of state to decide the order of initiative ballot questions. Requires numbering in a single sequence throughout the years (rather than renumbering beginning with number one each election).
- 15 **Ballots, voting, canvassing.** Requires ballot preparation, voting, canvass, and election conduct to follow the Minnesota election law.
- 16 **Time of election.** States that voting upon an initiative and referendum shall be held only at a state general election.
- 17 **Simultaneous petitions for initiative.** Allows simultaneous multiple petition drives for identical initiatives. Requires, however, abandonment of all identical initiatives after certification of the first petition to satisfy requirements.
- 18 **Resolution of conflicts between measures.** Sets forth procedures relating to ballot initiatives that conflict. Makes the one with the highest vote effective. In case of a tie, neither takes effect and both appear on the ballot at the next general election. Provides for the secretary of state to determine whether two measures conflict.
- 19 **Publication.** Requires the revisor to publish and codify all initiatives or referendums adopted in the same manner as legislative statutes.
- 20 **Organizing guide.** Requires the secretary to prepare a guide to organizing a petition drive.
- 21 **Literature must include names.** Makes it a misdemeanor if any person or committee, other than a newspaper, does not display their names and address on literature used to influence people on the initiative.
- 22 **Paid advertisements in news.** Requires media to refuse to publish or air any paid initiative advertisement that does not indicate it is paid advertisement. Prohibits media from charging fees exceeding charges made for any other comparable purpose.
- 23 **Disclosure to campaign finance and public disclosure board.** Includes in definition of "political committee" under the ethics in government act, (1) an association organized to promote or defeat a ballot question and (2) any association that consents for other persons to receive contributions or make expenditures to promote or defeat a measure.
- 24 **Prohibitions.** Makes it a misdemeanor to commit any of the following: be paid for a petition signature, wilfully refuse to file an initiative expense report, publish initiative literature without identification, publish advertising without identification, or file an initiative petition with the secretary without the sponsor's written authorization.

Makes it a gross misdemeanor to do the following: knowingly publish false information for the purpose of influencing passage of a proposal, using fraud or force to obtain an initiative petition signature, pay compensation to sign an initiative petition, intentionally sign an initiative petition more than once, or sign a petition with a false name.

- 25 Action by and notification to sponsors.** Provides that only sponsors or those authorized by them may file required documents or statements regarding initiative position.
- 26 Physical delivery of documents.** Requires that if a document must be filed under this law, physical deposit must be made on time. Postmark is not adequate to meet deadline.
- 27 Judicial review.** Gives the district court jurisdiction of a suit on petition signatures, conflicts between questions, or constitutionality of adopted measures. Suit must be brought in Ramsey County.
- 28 Copies.** Requires the secretary of state to provide county election officials with copies of proposed initiatives and referenda for public information.
- Conforming amendments.** Makes various conforming amendments to current election laws to
- 382938** reflect the existence of initiative and referendum. Creates a violet ballot for use in paper ballot precincts.
- 39 Effective date.** Implementing law takes effect the day after voter approval of the constitutional amendments in section 1.